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## WORKS

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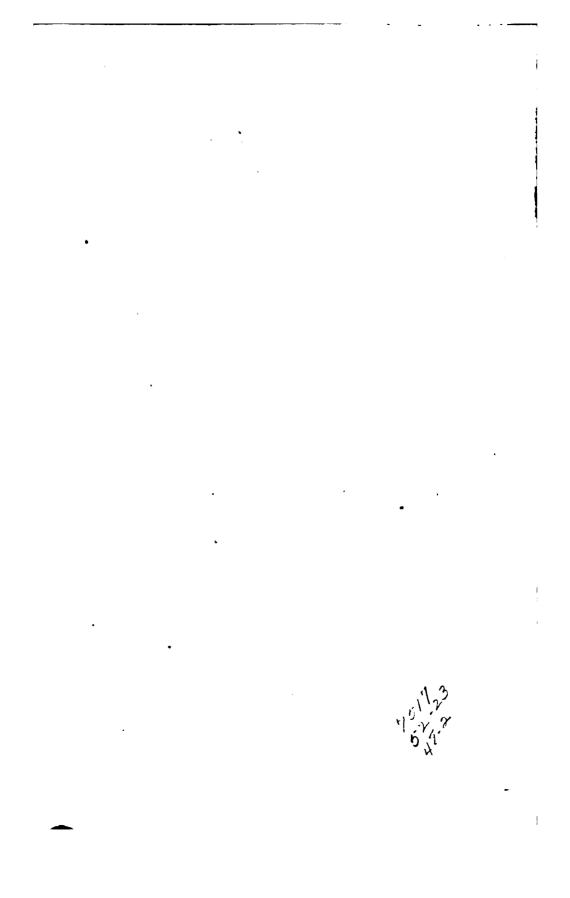


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# WAVERLEY NOVELS,

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THE AUTHOR'S

### LAST CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS

### COMPLETE IN FIVE VOLUMES.

## VOL. I.

PHILADELPHIA: CAREY & HART. 1846.

19425,8(2) JUL 12 1910 CAMBRIDGE, MASS From the winter of

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ROB ROY,

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#### ORDER OF ARRANGEMENT

OF THE

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### ADVERTISEMENT.

It has been the occasional occupation of the Author of Waverley, for several years past, to revise and correct the voluminous series of Novels which pass under that name; in order that, if they should ever appear as his avowed productions, he might render them in some degree deserving of a continuance of the public favour with which they have been honoured ever since their first appearance. For a long period, however, it seemed likely that the improved and illustrated edition which he meditated would be a posthumous publication. But the course of the events which occasioned the disclosure of the Author's name, having, in a great measure, restored to him a sort of parental control over these works, he is naturally induced to give them to the press in a corrected, and, he hopes, an improved form, while life and health permit the task of revising and illustrating them. Such being his purpose, it is necessary to say a few words on the plan of the proposed Edition.

In stating it to be revised and corrected, it is not to be inferred that any attempt is made to alter the tenor of the stories, the character of the actors. or the spirit of the dialogue. There is no doubt ample room for emendation in all these points,—but where the tree falls it must lie. Any attempt to obviate criticism, however just, by altering a work already in the hands of the public, is generally unsuccessful. In the most improbable fiction, the reader still desires some air of *vraisemblance*, and does not relish that the incidents of a tale familiar to him should be altered to suit the taste of critics, or the caprice of the author himself. This process of feeling is so natural, that it may be observed even in children, who cannot endure that a nursery story should be repeated to them differently from the manner in which it was first told.

But without altering, in the slightest degree, either the story or the mode of telling it, the Author has taken this opportunity to correct errors of the press and slips of the pen. That such should exist cannot be wondered at, when it is considered that the Publishers found it their interest to hurry through the press a succession of the early editions of the various Novels, and that the Author had not the usual opportunity of

#### ADVERTISEMENT.

revision. It is hoped that the present edition will be found free from errors of that accidental kind.

The General Preface to the new Edition, and the Introductory Notices to each separate work, will contain an account of such circumstances attending the first publication of the Novels and Tales, as may appear interesting in themselves, or proper to be communicated to the public. The Author also proposes to publish, on this occasion, the various legends, family traditions, or obscure historical facts, which have formed the ground-work of these Novels, and to give some account of the places where the scenes are laid, when these are altogether, or in part, real; as well as a statement of particular incidents founded on fact; together with a more copious "Glossary, and Notes explanatory of the ancient customs, and popular superstitions, reterred to in the Romances.

Upon the whole, it is to be hoped that the Waverley Novels, in their new dress, will not be found to have lost any part of their attractions in consequence of receiving :llustrations by the Author, and undergoing his careful revision.

ABBOTSFORD, January, 1829.

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### GENERAL PREFACE.

#### d mont I ravel My waaved-up follins ? Mahand II. Ant IV.

on to give an Intr mt of the HATDER B tempositions which are here aftered to the public, with Nota and Illustrations, the atthor, under whose tame they are now for the first time collected, feels that he has the delicate task For the first time collected, feels that he has the delicate task of speaking more of himself and his personal concerns, than may perhaps bb either graveful or predent. In this perticular, he reas the risk of presenting himself to the public in the rela-loss that the datab with in the jest-book held to her hubband, when, having spent half of his fortune to obtain the cure of her Amperfuction, he was willing to have bestowed the other half to restare her to her former condition. But this is a risk insepara-ble from the task which the author has undertaken, and he can wely promise to be as little of an egotist as the situation will merwit. It is perturne an indifferent size of a disposition to keep d, that having introduced himself in the third perso ie won lar, he proceeds in the second paragraph to make use of But it appears to him that the seeming modesty con-with the former mode of writing, is overbalanced by the d with the form use of stiffness and affectation which attends it during a marnetive of some length, and which may be observed less or more in every work in which the third person is used, from the tins of Caser, to the Antobiography of Alexander the meclor.

I must refer to a very early period of my life, were I to poin out my first achievements as a tale-taller-but I believe some o my old schoolfellows can still bear witness that I had a distinhed character for that talent, at a time when the applaum of my companions was my recompense for the diagraces and punishmeets which the future romance writer incurred for being idle himself, and keeping others idle, during hours that should have been employed on our tasks. The chief enjoy-ment of my holidays was to secape with a chosen friend, who hed the same taste with myself, and alternately to recits to each other such wild adventures as we were able to devise. We told, ach in turn, interminable takes of knight-errantry and battles and enchantments, which were continued from one day to ano-ther, as opportunity offered, without our ever thinking of bringn to a conclusion. As we observed a strict secrecy on ar th the subject of this intercourse, it acquired all the character of a aled pleasure, and we used to select, for the scenes of our indulgence, long walks through the solitary and romantic environs of Arthur's Seat, Salisbury Crags, Braid Hills, and similar places in the vicinity of Edinburgh ; and the recollection of those holidays still forms an easis in the pilgrimage which I have to look back upon. I have only to add, that my friend still lives, a prosperous gentleman, but too much occupied with graver busicess, to thank me for indicating him more pigning as onfident of my childish mystery.

When boyhood advancing into youth required more seriou studies and graver cares, a long illness threw me back on the kingdom of flation, as if it were by a species of fatality. My indisposition aroud, in part at least, from my having broken a blood vessel ; and motion and speech ware for a long time pronounced positively dangerous. For several weeks I was con-fined strictly to my bed, during which time I was not allowed to speak-above a whisper, to eat more than a spoonful or two of d rice, or to have more covering than one thin counter pane ana. When the reader is informed that I was at this time a rowing yoath, with the spirits, appetite, and impatience of growing youth, with the spirits, appears, and appeared of filese, and suffered, of course, greatly under this severe register, which the repeated return of my disorder rendered indisie, he will not be surprised that I was abandoned to my own discretion, so far as reading (my almost sole amu ent) corned, and still less so, that I abused the indulgence which left my time so much at my own disposal

There was at this time a circulating library in Edinburgh, Sounded, I believe, by the celebrated Allan Ramsay, which, be sides containing a most respectable collection of books of every description, was, as might have been expected, peculiarly rich for works of faction. It exhibited specimens of every kind, from the remainders of obivalry, and the ponderous folios of Cyrus and

andra, down to the most approved works of later tis d into this great ocean of read l was pli I was plunged into this great o or pilot ; and unless when son ne with e one had the charity to play at m with me, I was allowed to do nothing save read, fro coming to night. I was, in kinds ass and pity, which was po haps erromeous, however natural, permitted to select shy subjects of study at my own pleasure, upon the same principle that sours of children are indulged to keep them out of misthe b chief. As my taste and appetite were statified in nothing else. bindemnified myself by becoming a glutton of books. Accor ingly, peligve I read almost all the romances, old plays, and epic petry, in that formidable collection, and no doubt was ly amassing materials for the task in which it has been my lot to be so much employed.

At the same time i did not is all respects abuse the license permitted me. Familiar acquaintance with the specious mira-cles of fiction brought with it source degree of antisty, and i began, by degrees, to seek in histories, memoirs, voyages, a travels, and the like, events nearly as wooderful as those which were the work of imagination, with the additional advantage, that they ware at least in a great measure true. The lapse of nearly two yours, during which I was left to the exercise of my own free will, was followed by a temporary residence in the country, where I was again very lonely but for the ar-assessmit which I derived from a good, though old-farliopet library. The vague and wild use which I made of this strantage I can not describe better than by referring my resist to the dendtor ultors studies of Waverley in a similar situation the passages con-cerning whose course of reading were 's stated from recollections of my own. It must be understy r's that the res extends no farther.

Time, as it glided on, brought t'+> blessings of confirmed health and personal strength, to a *d'ere* which had never been expected or hoped for. The sever *d*udies necessary to rendes me fit for my profession uccupier the greater part of my time; and the society of my friends an/ companions who were ab to enter life along with me, filled up the interval, with the us amusement of young men. I was in a situation which rende serious labour indispensable ; for, neither possessing, on the or hand, any of those peculiar advantages which are supposed to favour a hasty advance in the profession of the law, nor being, on the other hand, exposed to unusual obstacles to interrupt my pro-gress, 1 might reasonably expect to succeed according to that greater or less degree of trushle which I should take to qualify myself as a plead

It makes no part of the present Story to detail how the success of a few ballads had the effect of changing all the purposes and tenor of my life, and of converting a paine taking lawyer of son years' standing into a follower of literature. It is enough to my, that I had assumed the latter character for several years before I seriously thought of attempting a work of imagination in prose, although one or two of my poetical attempts did no differ from romances, otherwise than by being written in w But yet, I may observe, that about this time (new, alas! thirty years since) I had nourished the ambitious desire of composing a tale of chivalry, which was to be in the style of the Castle of Otrahio, with plenty of Border characters, and supernatural in-cident. Having found unexpectedly a chapter of this intended work among some old papers, I have subjoined it to this introductory easy, thinking some readers may account as curious the first attempts at romantic composition by an author, who has since written so much in that department." And those who complain, not unreasonably, of the profusion of the Tales which have followed Waverley, may bless their stars at the narrow escape they have made, by the commencement of the int dation which had so nearly taken place in the first year of the century, being postponed for fifteen years later, This particular subject was never resumed, but I did not abase

don the idea of fictitious composition in prose, though I deter

mined to give another turn to the style of the work. My early recollections of the Highland scenery and custo m called the Lady made so favourable an impression in the poem called the La of the Lake, that I was induced to think of attempting so

. See the Fragment alleded to, in the Appendix, Re. 1. . 1.

thing of the same kind in prose. I had been a good deal in the Pastimes of the People of England." had rendered him familiar Highlands at a time when they were much less accessible, and much less visited, than they have been of late years, and was acquainted with many of the old warriors of 1745, who were like most veterans, easily induced to fight their battles over again, for the benefit of a willing listoner like myself. It naturally occurred to me, that the angient traditions and high spirit of a people, who, living in e civilized age and country, retained so strong a tincture of manners belonging to an early period of society, must afford a subject favourable for romance, if it should not prove a curious tale marred in the telling.

It was with some idea of this kind, that, about the year 1995 I threw together about one third part of the first volume of Wa-verley. It was advertised to be published by the late Mr. John Ballantyne, bookseller in Edinburgh, under the name of "Wa veriey ; or, 'tis Fifty Years since,"-a title afterwards altered to "'Tis Sixty Years sifice," that the actual date of publication might be made to correspond with the period in which the scene was laid. Having proceeded as far, I think, as the seventh chapter. I showed my work to a critical friend, whose opinion was unfavourable : and having then some poetical aco tion. I was unwilling to risk the loss of it by attempting a new style of composition. I therefore threw aside the work I had com menced, withou's sither reluctance or remonstrance. I ought to add, that though my ingenious friend's sentence was afterwards rsed, on an appeal to the public, it cannot be considered as any imputation on his good tasts; for the specimen subjected to his critician did not extand beyond the denarture of the bero for Scotlaud, and, consequently, had not entered upon the part of the story which was finally found most interesting.

Be that as it may, this portion of the manuscript was laid eside in the drawers of an old writing desk, which, on my first coming to reside at Abbotsford, in 1611, was placed in a lumber garret, and entirely forgotten. Thus, though I sometimes among other literary avocations, turned my thoughts to the con ation of the romance which I had commenced, yet as I 21 could not find what I had already written, after searching such repositories as were within my reach, and was too indolent to attempt to write it anew from memory, I as often laid ande al thoughts of that nature.

Two circumstances, in particular, rocalled my recollection of the mislaid manuscript. The first was the extended and well-merited fame of Miss Edgeworth, whose Irish characters have sone so far to make the English familiar with the character of their say and kind-hearted neighbours of Ireland, that she may be truly said to have done more towards comploting the Union than perhaps all the legislative enactments by which it has been followed up.

Without being so presumptuous as to hope to emulate the rich humour, pathetic tenderness, and admirable tact, which avade the works of my accomplished friend, I felt that some thing might be attempted for my own country, of the same kind with that which Miss Edgeworth so fortunately achieved for freland-something which might introduce her nativas to those of the sister kingdom, in a more favourable light than they had been placed hitherto, and tend to procure sympathy for their virtues, and indulgence for their foibles. I thought also, that much of what I wanted in talent might be made up by the intimate acquaintance with the subject which I could lay claim to possess, as having travelled through most parts of Scotland both Highland and Lowland; having been familiar with the elder, as well as more modern race; and having had from my infancy free and unrestrained communication with all ranks of my countrymen, from the Scottish peer to the Scottish plough man. Such ideas often occurted to me, and constituted an ampitious branch of my theory, however far short I may have fallen of it in practice.

But it was not only the triumphs of Miss Edgeworth which worked in me emulation, and disturbed my indolence. I chanced actually to engage in a work which formed a sort of easay piece, and gave me hope that I might in time become free of the craft of romance-waiting, and be esteemed a tolerable workman.

In the year 1867-6, I undertook, at the request of John Mur ray, Esq. of Albemarle street, to arrange for publication some posthumous productions of the late Mr. Joseph Strutt distinguished as an artist and an antiquary, amongst which was an unfuished romance, entitled, " Queen-Hoo-Hall." The scene of the tale was laid in the raign of Henry VL, and the work was written to illustrate the manners, customs, and language of the people of England during that period. The extensive acquaint ance which Mr. Strutt had acquired with such subjects in com piling his laborious "Hords Angel Cynnan," his "Royal and Scorestastical Antiquities," and his "Essay on the Sports and

with all the antiquarian lore necessary for the purpose of com nosing the projected romance ; and although the manuscript bore the marks of hurry and incoherence natural to the first rough draught of the author, it evinced (in my opinion) considerable powers of imagination.

As the work was unfinished, I deemed it my duty, as Editor, to supply such a hasty and inartificial conclusion as could be shaped out from the story, of which Mr. Strutt had laid the foundation. This concluding chapter' is also added to the preneut Introduction, for the reason already mentioned regarding the preceding fragment. It was a step in my advance towards romantic composition; and to preserve the traces of these is in a great measure the object of this Econy.

Queen-Hoo-Hall was not, however, very suc ful. I thought I was aware of the reason, and supposed that, by readering his language too ancient, and displaying his antiquarian knowledge iniguage to ancient, and displaying in a inequation involves too liberally, the ingenious author had raised up an obstacle to his own success. Every work designed for mere answement must be expressed in language easily comprehended; and when, as is somotimes the case in Queen-Hoo-Hall, the author addresses himself exclusively to the Antiquary, he must be con tent to be dismissed by the general reader with the criticism of Mungo, in the Padlock, on the Mauritanian music, " What signifies me hear, if me no understand.

conceived it possible to avoid this error; and by rendering Fmilar work more light and obvious to general comprehension, to escape the rock on which my predecessor was shipwrecked. But I was, on the other hand, so far discouraged by the indifferent recention of Mr. Strutt's romance, as to becom satisfied that the menners of the middle ages did not posse the interest which I had conceived ; and was led to form the opinion, that a romance, founded on a Highland story, and more modern events, would have a better chance of popularity than a tale of chivalry. My thoughts, therefore, returned more than once to the tale which I had actually cons anani.and accident at length throw the lost sheets in my way.

I happened to want some fishing tackle for the use of a guest. when it occurred to me to search the old writing desk already mentioned, in which I used to keep articles of that mature. I got access to it with some difficulty ; and, in looking for lines and flies, the long-lost manuscript presented itself. I immediately set to work to complete it, according to my original pa And here I must frankly confess, that the mode in which I conducted the story scarcely deserved the success which the romance afterwards attained. The tale of Waverley was put together with so little care, that I cannot boast of having sketched any distinct plan of the work. The whole adventures of Waveloy, in his movements ap and down the country with the Highland cateran Bean Lean, are managed without much skill. It suited best, however, the road I wanted to travel, and permitted me to introduce some descriptions of scenery and manners, to which the reality gave an interest which the powers of the author might have otherwise failed to attain for them And though I have been in other instances a sinner in this sort, I do not recollect any of these novels, in which I have trans

gressed so which y as in the first of the series. Among other unfounded reports, it has been said, that the copyright of Waverley was, during the book's progress through the press, offered for sale to various booksellers in London at a very inconsiderable price. This was not the case. Me Constable and Cadell, who published the work, were the only persons acquainted with the contents of the publication, and they offered a large sum for it while in the course of printing, which, however, was declined, the author not shoosing to part with the convright.

The origin of the story of Waverley, and the particular facts on which it is founded, are given in the separate introduction prefixed to that romance in this edition, and require no notice in this place.

Waverley was published in 1814. and as the title-page was without the name of the author, the work was left to win its way in the world without any of the usual recommendations. Its progress was for some time slow; but after the first two or three months, its popularity had increased in a degree which must have satisfied the expectations of the author, had these con far more sanguine than he ever entertained.

Great anxiety was expressed to learn the name of the author. but on this no authentic information could be attained. My original motive for publishing the work anonymously, was the consciousness that it was an experiment on the public taste which might very probably fail, and therefore there was so on-

\* See Appendix, No. IL.

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su to take on myself the personal risk of discomfiture. For | ablest down to that of fools. This risk was in st this purpose considerable precautions were used to preserve se My old friend and schoolfellow, Mr. James Ballantyne TOCY. who printed these novels, had the exclusive task of correspondwith the author, who thus had not only the advantage of his professional telents, but also of his critical abilities. The orig inal manuscript, or, as it is technically called, copy, was transcribed under Mr. Ballantyne's eye by confidential pers nor was there an instance of treachery during the many years in which these precautions were resorted to, although various individuale were employed at different times. Double proofets were regularly printed off. One was forwarded to the author by Mr. Ballantyne, and the alterations which it received were, by his own hand, copied upon the other proof-sheet for the use of the printers, so that even the corrected proofs of the athor were never even in the printing-office ; and thus the curiosity of such eager inquirers as made the most minute investigation, was entirely at fault.

But although the cause of concealing the author's name m the first instance, when the moception of Waverley was doubtful, was natural enough, it is more difficult, it may be thought, to account for the same desire for secrecy during the subsequent ons, to the amount of betwirt eleven and twelve tho s, which followed each other close, and proved the suc copi s of the work. I am sorry I can give little satisfaction to series on this subject. I have already stated elsewhere, that I can render little better reason for choosing to remain anonymous, than by saying with Shylock, that such was my humos It will be observed, that I had not the usual stimulus for desi ring personal reputation, the desire, namely, to flor: amidst the aversation of men. Of literary fune, whether merited or unwed. I had already as much as might have contented a mind more ambitious than mine ; and in entering into this new st for reputation. I might be said rather to endanger what had, than to have any considerable chance of acquiring more. I was affected, too, by none of those motives which, at an earlier period of life, would doubtless have operated upon me. My friendships were formed, my place in society fixed, my life had attained its middle course. My condition in society was higher perhaps than I deserved, certainly as high as I wished, ad there was scarce any degree of literary success which wild have greatly altered or improved my personal con s which

I was not, therefore, touched by the spur of ambition, usually stimulating on such occasions ; and yet I ought to stand exculpated from the charge of ungracious or unbecoming indifference to public applause. I did not the less feel gratitude for the pub lie favour, although I did not proclaim it,-as the lover who wears his mistress' favour in his bosom, is as proud, though not so vain of possessing it, as another who displays the token of or grace upon his bonnet. Par from such an ungracious state of mind, I have seldom felt more satisfaction than when, reming from a pleasure voyage, I found Waverley in the zenith of popularity, and public curiosity in full cry after the name of the exthor. The knowledge that I had the public approbation, was like having the property of a hidden treasure, not less gratifying to the owner than if all the world knew that it was his own. Another advantage was connected with the secrecy which I observed. I could appear, or retreat from the stage at are, without attracting any personal notice or attention, other than what might be founded on suspicion only. In my ows person also, as a succe essful author in another depart of literature, I might have been charged with too frequent intrasions on the public patience; but the Author of Waverley was in this respect as impassable to the critic as the Ghost of Hamlet to the partian of Marcellus. Perhaps the enviority of the public, irritated by the existence of a secret, and kept after by the discussions which took place on the subject from time to time, wont a good way to maintain an unabated interest in th frequent publications. There was a mystery concerning the anthor, which each new novel was expected to assist in unravelling, although it might in other respects rank lower than its

I may perhaps be thought guilty of affectation, should I allege as one reason of my silence, a secret dislike to enter on personal discussions concerning my own literary labours. It is in every case a dangerous intercourse for an author to be dwelling continuarly among those who make his writings a frequent and faaliar subject of conversation, but who must necessarily be partial judges of works composed in their own society. The habits of self-importance, which are thus acquired by authors, are highly injurious to a well-regulated mind ; for the cup of flat-

vented by the mask which I wore; and my own stores of soif conceit were left to their natural course, without being enhanced by the partiality of friends, or adulation of flatterers.

If I am asked further reasons for the conduct I have long ob erved, I can only report to the explanation supplied by a critic as friendly as he is intelligent ; namely, that the mental organization of the Novelist must be characterized, to speak craniolegically, by an extraordinary development of th e namion for delitescency ! I the rather suspect some natural disposition of this kind ; for, from the instant I perceived the extreme curiosi ty manifested on the subject, I felt a secret satisfaction in baf fling it, for which, when its unimportance is considered, I do not well know how to account.

My desire to remain concealed, in the character of the anthor of these novels, subjected me occasionally to awkward embarentil, as it sometimes happened that those who were suf-73.6810 ficiently intimate with me, would put the question in direct In this case, only one of three courses could be followed. Either 1 must have surrendered my secret,-or have returned to equivocating disever,--or, finally, must have stoutly and boldly denied the fact. The first was a sacrifice which I conceive no one had a right to force from me, since I alone wa concerned in the matter. The alternative of rendering a doubtful answer must have left me open to the degrading suspicion that I was not unwilling to assume the merit (if there was any) which I dared not absolutely lay claim to ; or those who migh think more justly of me, must have received such an equivoral answer as an indirect avowal. I therefore considered myself entitled, like an accused person put upon trial, to refuse giving my own evidence to my own conviction, and fatly to dony all that could not be proved against me. At the same time, usually qualified my denial by stating, that, had I been the author of these works. I would have felt myself quite entitled en it to protect my secret by refusing my own evidence, wh was asked for to accomplish a discovery of what I desired to

The real truth is, that I never expected or hoped to disguise my connexion with these novels from any one who lived on terms of intimacy with me. The number of coincidences which necessarily existed between narratives recounted, modes of ex pression, and opinions broached in these Tales, and such as we a used by their author in the intercourse of private life, must have been far too great to permit any of my familiar as quaintances to doubt the identity betwixt their friend and the Author of Waverley; and I believe, they were all morally con vinced of it. But while I was myself silent, their belief could not weigh much more with the world than that of others ; their opinions and reasoning were liable to be taxed with partiality, or confronted with opposing arguments and opinions ; and the question was not so much, whether I should be generally ao knowledged to be the author, in spite of my own denial, whether even my own avowal of the works, if such should be nade, would be sufficient to put me in undisputed possession of that character.

I have been often asked concerning supposed cases, in which I was said to have been placed on the verse of discovery ; but as I maintained my point with the composure of a lawyer of thirty years' standing, I never recollect being in pain or coals sion on the subject. In Captain Medwyn's Conversations of Lord Byron, the reporter states himself to have asked my noble and highly-gifted friend, " If he was certain about these novels being Sir Walter Scott's ?" To which Lord Byron replied, "Scott as much as owned himself the Author of Waverley to me in Murray's shop. 'I was talking to him about that novel, and lamented that its author had not carried back the story nearer to the time of the Revolution-Scott, entirely of his guard, replied, 'Ay, I might have done so; but-' there has stopped. It was in vain to attempt to correct himself; he looked confused, and relieved his embarrassment by a precipitate retreat." I have no recollection whatever of this scene taking place, and I should have thought that I was more likely to have laughed than to appear confused, for I certainly never hoped to impose upon Lord Byron in a case of the kind; and from the manner in which he uniformly expressed himself, I knew his opinion was entirely formed, and that any disclamations of mine would only have savouted of affectation. I do not mear to insinuate that the incident did not happen, but only that it could hardly have occurred exactly under the aircumstances narrated, without my recollecting semething positive on the subject. In another part of the same volume, Lord Byron is re-ported to have expressed a supposition that the cause of my net bry, if it does not, like that of Ciros, reduce mon to the level of a vowing mysolf the Author of Waverloy, may have been some benate, is sure, if eagorly draimed, to bring the best and the surmise that the reigning family would have been displaced

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with the work. I can only sty, it is the last appealension I should have entertained, as indeed the inscription to these volumes sufficiently proves." The sufferers of that melaneholy period have, during the last and present reign, been honoured both with the sympathy and protection of the reigning family, whose magnanimity can well pardon a sigh from others, and bestew one themselves, to the memory of brave opponents, who did nothing is hats, but all is honour.

While these who were in habitual inforcourse with the real author had little hesitation in assigning the literary property io him, others, and these critics of no mean rank, supployed themsalves in investigating with persevering patience any characleristic features which might seem to betray the origin of these novels. Amongst these, one groutperson, equally remarkable for the kind and liberal tone of his criticism, the actenees of his reasoning, and the very gentlemanlike manner in which he conducted his inquiries, divplayed not only powers of atomate inwestigation, but a temper of mind deserving to be employed on a subject of much grader importance ; and I have no doubt made converts to his opinion of almost all who thought the point worthy of consideration.<sup>+</sup> Of these letters, angother athus incognito was endangered. He had challenged the public to a game at bo-peep, and if he was dircovered in his "hidingbole." he must submit to the shame of destection.

Various reports were of course circulated in various ways; enns founded on an inaccurate reheared of what may have been partly real, some on circumstances having no concern whatever with the subject, and others on the invention of some importunate porsons, who might perhaps imagine, that the reading the suthor to disclose lemes(), was to samin some disionourships and discreditable cause for his islence.

It may be easily supposed that this sort of inquisition was treated with contempt by the person whom it paincipally regarded; as, among all the runours that were current, there was only one, and that as unfounded as the others, which had nevertheless some alliance to probability, and indeed might have proved in some dagree true.

I allude to a report which ascribed a great part, or the whole of these novels, to the late Thomas Scott, Esq., of the 70th Re gimont, then stationed in Canada. Those who remember that genthman will readily grant, that, with general talents at least equal to those of his elder brother, he added a power of social humour, and a deep insight into human character, which rendered him an universally delightful member of society, and that the habit of composition alone was wanting to render him equally successful as a writer. The Author of Waverley was so persuaded of the truth of this, that he warmaly pressed his brother to make such an experiment, and willingly undertook all the trouble of correcting and superintending the press. Mr. Thomas Scott seemed at first very well disposed to embrate the proposal, and had even fixed on a subject and a hero. The latter was a person well known to both of us in our boyish years, from having displayed some strong traits of character. Mr. T. Scott had determined to represent his youthful acquaintance as emi grating to America, and encountering the dangers and hardshine of the New World, with the same dauntless spirit which he had displayed when a boy in his native country. Mr. Scott would probably have been highly successful, being familiarly acquainted with the manners of the native Indians, of the old French settlers in Canada, and of the Brulés or Woodsmen, and having the power of observing with accuracy what, I have no doubt, he could have sketched with force and expression. In shor the author believes his brother would have made himself distinguished in that striking field, in which, since that period, Mr. Cooper has achieved so many triumphs. But Mr. T. Scott was already affected by bad health, which wholly unfitted him for literary labour, even if he could have reconciled his patience

• The following is the dedication alluded to :--'' To the King's Most Grasious Majesty. Bire-The Author of this Collection of Works of Fiotion would not have presumed to solicit for them your Majesty's august patronage, were it not that the perusal has been supposed, in some instances, to have rescaeded in amazing hours of relatation, or relaving these of languor, pain, or anxiety ; and therefore must have so far alded the warmest wish of your Majesty's heart, by sontributing, in however small a degree, to the happiness of your people. They are therefore hearby dedicated to your Majesty, agreeably to your gracions permission, by your Majesty's duality subject, Walter Scott. Abboaford, het Sanyary, 1920."

1 Lotier on the Anthor of Waverley ; Bodwell & Martin, London, 1812.

to the task. He never, I believe, wrote a single line of the prejected work; and I only have the melancholy pleasure of preserving in the Appendix." The simple associate on which he proposed to found it.

To this I may add, I can easily concerve that there may have been circumstances which gave a colour to the general report of my brother being interested in these works; and in particular that it might derive strength from my having occasion to remit to him, in consequence of certain family transactions, some considerable sums of money about that period. To which it is to be added, that if any person chanced to evince particular curiosity on such a subject, my brother was likely enough to divert himself with practising on their credulity. It may be mentioned, that while the paternity of these novels

It may be mestioned, that while the paternity of these novels was from time to time warmly disputed in Britkin, the foreign bookscilers expressed no besitation on the matter, but afficed my name to the whele of the novels, and to some besides to which I had no claim.

The volumes, therefore, to which the present pages form a Preface, are entirely the composition of the author by whose they are now acknowledged, with the exception, always, of avowed quotations, and such unpreameditated and involutary plagiarisms as can scarce be guarded against by any one whe has read and written a great deal. The original manuscripte are all in existence, the estirely written (*horresce referrat*) in the author's own hand, excepting during the years 1018 and 1819, when, being affected with severe illness, he was obliged to employ the sesistence of a friendly amanuensis.

The number of persons to whom the secret was necessarily intrusted, or communicated by chance, amousted, I storid think, to twenty at least, to whom I am greatly obliged for the fidelity with which they observed their trast, until the derangement of the affairs of any publishers, Mesers. Constable and Ca, and the exposure of their accompt books, which was the necessary consequence, rendered secrecy no longer possible. The particulars attending lie avoural have been laid before the public in the introduction to the Chronicles of the Canongate.

The preliminary advertisement has given a sketch of the par e of this edition. I have some reason to fear, that the notes which accompany the tales, as now published, may be thought top miscellaneous and too egotistical. It may be some apology for this, that the publication was intended to be posthu and still more, that old men may be permitted to speak long. they cannot in the course of nature have long time e to speak. In preparing the present edition, I have a ione all that I can do to explain the nature of my materials, and the use I have made of them; nor is it probable that I shall again revise or en read these takes. I was therefore desirous rather to exceed in the portion of new and explanatory matter which is added to this edition, than that the reader should have reason to con plain that the information communicated was of a general and by nominal character. It remains to be tried whether the public (like a child to whom a watch is shown) will, after having been satiated with looking at the outside, acquire som new interest in the object when it is opened, and the internal achinery displayed to them.

That Waverley and its successors have had their day of favour and popularity must be admitted with sincere gratitude; and the author has studied (with the prudence of a beauty whose reign has been rather long) to supply, by the assistance of art, the charms which novelty no longer affords. The publishers have endeavoured to gratify the honourable partiality of the public for the encouragement of British art, by illustrating this edition with designs by the most ensined living artists.

To my distinguished countryman, David Wilkie, to Edwin Landsser, who has exercised his talents so much on Scottish subjects and scenory, to Messra. Lesis and Newton, my thanks are due, from a friend as well as an author. Nor an I less obliged to Messra. Cooper, Kidd, and other sriits of distinction, to whom I am less personally known, for the ready zeel with which they have devoted their talents to the same perpose.

Farther explanation respecting the edition. is the business of the publishers, not of the author; and have, therefore, the latter has accomplished his task of Introduction and explanation. If like a spoiled child, he has sometimes abused or trified with the indulgence of the public, he feels 1 maelf entitled to full belief, when he exculpates himself from the charge of having been at any time insensible of their kindness. Amoursprone, 1st Jasuary, 1889.

. . Bes Appendix, No. III.

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### APPENDIX TO THE GENERAL PREFACE.

#### NO. L

### OF A BOHANCE WHICE WAS TO MAYE S BUTIFLED

#### THOMAS THE RHYMER.

#### CHAPTER L

CHAPTER 1. This sum was nearly set behind the distant mountains of Lid-desdale, when a few of the scattered and terrified inhabitants of the village of Hersildonse, which had four days before been persod by a predatory band of English Borderers, were now busied in repairing their ruised dwellings. One high tower in the centre of the village alone exhibited no appearance of de-vantation. It was surrounded with court walls, and the outer gate was barred and bolted. The bushes and brambles which here around, and had even insinuated their branches beneath the gate, plainly showed that it must have been many years smooting ruins, this pile, desorted and desolate as it seemed to be had auffred nothing from the violence of the invaders; and the wretched beings who were endeavouring to repair their immersible huits against ingiftfil, sormed to neglisci the preferable sluter which it might have afforded them, without the acces-sity of labout.

ibe wreizhed beings who were andeavouring to repair their miserable buts against ingitfall, seemed to neglect the preferable shelter which it might have afforded them, without the accessing of labour. Before the day had quite goes down, a knight, richly armed, and mounted upon an ambling hackney, rode slowly into the villars. His attendants were a lady, apparently young and beastiful, who rode by his side upon a despiele pairty in the hore, a noble steed, richly capraisoned. A page and four yeemen, bearing hows and quivers, short swords, and targets of a span breasting, who carried his helmest and lance, and led his battlehors, a noble steed, richly capraisoned. A page and four yeemen, bearing hows and quivers, short swords, and targets of a span breasting how and quivers, short swords, and targets of a span breakth, completed his equipage, which, though small, denoted him to be a man of high rank. He stoud of his voice, and still more on parceiving the 8k George's Cross in the caps of his followers, they field, with a loud cry, "that the Southrons were returned." The knight endeavoured to expostnike with the furtives, who were chieffy aged mea, womea, and children is but their dread of the English name accelerated their flight, and in a few minutes, excepting the knight and his attendant, the place we doek a shelter for the night. And one in the inaccensible tower, or the plundered hut of the pessantry, he directed his course to by all. He abode of a mass considerably above the common rank. After amach knowling, the proprietor at length showed himself at the window, and speaking in the English dialect, with greating to foo spread their buisted, where he wite a many intraking. "Wat flag and may be the control that the wast twaiting, the proprietor at length showed himself at the window, and speaking in the English dialect, with greating of down and and unbarred his foorm." Fardon my hesitation, apperently is for any heat station, only further of the show and dialect is thought. "What the acces of own of the

By my neighbours, and even as you see, by our jorsport from "I rejoice to hear it, and accept your hospitality.-Isabella, my love, our worthy host will provide you abed. My daughter, good Franklin, is ill at ease. We will occupy your house till the Scottish King shall return from his northan arpedition-meanwhile call me Lord Lacy of Chester." "The attendants of the Baroa, assisted by the Franklin, ware now busied in disposing of the horses, and arranging the table for some refrashment for Lord Lacy and his fair companion. While they said down to it, they ware attended by their host and his daughter, whom custom did not permit to eat in their pre-sence, and who afterwards withdrew to an outer charaber, where the squire and page (both young men of foble birth) partook of supper, and were accommodated with beds. The yoomen, after doing honour to the rustic cheer of Queen Margaret's bailid", writhdrew to the fatigues of their journey.

• It is not to be supposed that these fragments are given as p ny intrinsic value of themselves; but there may be some timeled to them, as to the first exchings of a plate, which are a unresting by these who have, is any degree, been interested in indeed works of the artist. ouriad

Early on the following morning, the travellers were remained by a thundering knocking at the door of the bouse, accompanied with more dramadic install admission, in the roughest team were about to ally out to charter, the bounder, then the old host, after looking out at private casement, constrived for the old host, after looking out at private casement, constrived for the old host, after looking out at private casement, constrived for team noistring his visiters, estreated them, with grant signs of terror to be quite, if they did not mean that all in the house should b murdered. He them between the statestics of the statestic statestic statestics and the statestics of the statestics of

He then hastened to the apartment of Lord Lacy,

weakbolt to mail yout to chantes these minuters, when use see host, fire iooking out to chantes these minuters, when hese not prevents, if they did not mean that all is the house should "He these hastened to the apartment of Lord Lacy, when he met dreased is a long furned gown and the knightly cop called a warrier, irritated at the noise, and domanding to know the ad bloody of the Scottish Border riders is at hand—be is sever soon," added he, fultering with terror, "so far from the hills, the domain of the scottish Border riders is at hand—be is sever soon," added he, fultering with terror, "so far from the hills, the hold yourself to your guard, for". A load crash here annotineed that the door was broken down, and the knight just descended the star is time to prevent blood in due to course of his life to hare been flucturing and periods the do to a tack or overlap sech there, and the form a cost of mail, which mail justes of iron of a lozenge form wure sitched, in such a maneer as to overlap sech bitter, and form a cost of mail, which swayed with every motion of the waser's body. This defaustive armour covered a double of corase gray cloth, and the Borderer had a few half rusted plates of steel os hits insoulders, a two-edged word, with a dager ignaring beside it in a buff belt— their a law or of unean to its or series of the star insteed of a lack or overlap sech biter, and form a cost of mail, which swayed with every motion of the waser's body. This defauste has appointments, "The looks of the star insteed of a lack or overlap sech biter, on the star isoulders, a two-edged word, with a dager ignalies beside it in a buff belt— their how ever sought some danger to op-pee, some plunder to seize, or rome insult to reverse. The later seemed to be his present object, for, regardless of the day, "The defaust and its are in smpty meance, had not the entrance instead of wort his are in smpty meance, had not the entrance instead or wort as rare that law or the stare. The later seemed to be his present object, f

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No more of the proposed tale was ever written ; but the av-

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Conductor entered the hill side by a passage or cavern, of which he himself, though well acquatinted with the spot, had never seen or heard. "You may still return," said his guide, looking ominously back throw hims is but Dick scorned to show the white feather, and on they went. They entered a very long range of stables; in every stall stood a coal-black horse; by every horse lay a knight in coal-black armour, with a drawn sword in his hand, but all were as silent, loof and imb, saif they had been cut out of marbie. A great sumber of turcher kent a gloony lustry to the half, which, like those of the Calipli Vathek, was of large dimensions. At the upper end, however, they at lengt marived, where a sword and hor lay on an antique table. "He that shall sound that how and that was the famous Thomas of Hereildowne, "shall, if his hoart fail limin not, be king even all broad Britain. So speaks the tongue that cannot lie, But all depends on gourage, and much on your taking the sword, or the horn first." Dick was much disposed to take the sword, but his bold spirit was qualied by the superatural terrors of the hall, and he statude to hige its instrument, and reture doing the torugh the immerson hall; horse and ment statude to life; the stevels surfard, and frinder rolled in bits, and toged on high their samped, and grinded their swords but his bold spirit was qualied by iten setword, that the warriors sprung to their feet, clashed their armour, find brandished their sword, and ment and been so lately silent as the grave, in uproer, and about to rule has been so lately silent as the grave, in uproer, and about to rule har feetbe note, but the stawing reals through the immerso hall; horse and ment stated to life; the steved snutch stamped, and grinded their sword, where we she feetbe attempt to exist ment as the grave, in uproer, and about to rule in him. He dropped the horn, and ment state by the sume more sing the whole same moment a voice were were the exchanged the here same moment a voice were store the coward, t

"Wo to the coward, that ever he was born, Who did not draw the sword before he blew the horn!"

At the same time a whirtwind of irresistible fury howled through the long hall, hore the unfortunate none-jockey clear out of the mouth of the cavorn, and precipitated him over a steep bank of loops stones, where the s.eeplerd's found him the mest moming, with just breath sufficient to tell his fearful tale, after concluding which the expired. This legend, with seyrest variations, is found in many parts of Scotland and England—the scone is sometimes laid in some favourite gies of the Highlands, sometimes in the deep coal-mines of Northumberland and Cumberland, which run so far book on Witcheraft, which was written in the 16th century. It would be in vain to ask what was the original of the tradi-ciuto. The choice between the horn and sword may, perhaps, include are moral, that its fool-land y to awaken dangor before we have arms in our hands to resist it.

Although admitting of much poetical ornament, it is clear that thus legend would have formed but an unhappy foundation for a processory, and must have degenerated into a mere fairy rate. Dr. John Legen has beautifully introduced the tradition in his Scenes of Infancy:

Secres of Infancy: Mysterious Rhymer, doom'd by fate's docroe, Still to revisit Elidon's fated tree; Where oft the swain, at dawn of Hallow-day, Hears thy fact barb with wild impatience noigh; Say who is he, with summons long and high, Shall bid the charmed sloep of ages fly. Roll the long sound through Elidon's caverns vas, Roll the long sound through Elidon's caverns vas, While sach dark warrior kindles at the blast: The horn, the faichion group with michtly hand, Ann peal poud Arthur's march from Feirri-land? Scenes of Infancy, Part L.

In the same cabinet with the proceeding fragment, the follow-ing occurred among other discass membra. It seems to be an attempt at a tale of a different description from the last, but was almost instantly abandoned. The introduction points out the time of the composition to have been about the end of the 18th century.

#### THE LORD OF ENNERDALE.

IN A FRAGMENT OF A LETTER FROM JOHN B-----, E6Q. OF THAT LLK, TO WILLIAM O-----, F. R. S. E.

"FILL a bumper," said the Knight; "the ladies may spare us a little longor-Fill a bumper to the Archiduko Charles." The company did due honour to the toast of their landlord "The success of the Archduko," said the muddy Vicar, "will tend to further our negotiation at Paris; and if" "Pardon the interruption, Doctor," quoth a thin emaciated figure, with somewhat of a foreign accent; "but why should you connect those events unless to hope that the bavery and vic-tories of our allies may supersede the necessity of a degrading treat?"

In the second se

"I thought so, from his accept and his manners," said the Vicar.

"I thought so, from his accent and his manners," said the Vicez. It may be here observed, that the northern English retains rather more of the ancient hereditary aversion to their magh-bours than their countrymen of the Bouth. The interformers of other disputants, each of whom urged his opinion with all the vehomence of wine and politics, rendered the summons to the drawing-room agreeoble to the more solar part of the company. The company dispersed by degives, and at length the Vicer and the young Scotchman alone runniced, besides the Baroset, his lady, daughters, and myself. The elergyman had not, if would scem, forgot the observation which raifed him with the faise prophets of Dembar, for he addressed Mr. Maxwell upon the fing opertunity. "Hent ! think, sir, you mentioned something about the c will ware of last contury ? You must be deeply skilled in them is deed, if you can draw any parallel betwirt these and the present ware of hast contury? You must be deeply skilled in them is deed, if you can draw any parallel betwirt these and the present sole of the dynamics we enjoy over our ansettors. Partison sole of the dynamics we enjoy over our ansettors. Partison sole of the advantages we enjoy over our ansettors. Partison which flow from he guilt of civil bloodanded and from all the evil a which flow from ht. Our foce, sir, are not those of our own household; and while we contine united ass frag, frees the

#### APPENDIX TO THE GENERAL PREFACE.

an read to you the anecodotes in the modern shape into which I fan read to you the anecodotes in the modern shape into which I far we been endeavouring to throw them, and you can then judge of the value of the originals." There was something in this proposal, arreable to all partless. Fir Henry had family pride, which prepared him to take an in-ferse time what were related to his ancestors. The ladies had dip-ped deerly into the fashionable redaing of the present day. Lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, sine deerly into the fashionable redaing of the present day. Lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, sine deerly into the fashionable redaing of the present day. Lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, sine deerly into the fashionable redaing of the present day. Lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady Ratcliff and her fair daughters had climbod every pass, lady critics, as well as admirers, Besides all this, they had whore ship mounted en crows behind the ghorthy horeman of Prage, through all his even translators, and followed the foot-taps of Noor through the forst of Bellemia. Moreover, it was work had teen seen, by a prying eye, in the right hand drawer of the indian cabinet of Lady Ratcliff and her argument due well the inter round a large blaining wood far, and argument due and partly by the inclemency of the sea work and partly that no clemate to the table. To that fire I also ap-proaches, moderate here historion form yrationstry, which was avakened by what had any reference to the fate of, such athiff holewars of to testify his disrespect for the marration with the obobtacle to the

#### " Journal of Jan Von Eulen.

"Journal of Jan Von Eulen. "On the 6th November, 1615, I, Jan Von Eulen, merchant in Betterdam, embarked with my only daushter on board of the good vessel Vryheid of Amsterdam, in order to pass into the basic and the second second second second second second brack gale-daughter sec sick-awyer! analote to complete the calculation which I have bogun, of the inheritance loft by Jane Lawsche of Carlise, uny late dear wile's asiter, the collection of which is the object of my vorsage. Sell November, wind still formy and adverse-a, horrid disaster nearly happened-my deer child washed overbard as the vossel lurched to leeward.-Memorandum, to reward the young sailor who saved her, out of the first moneys which I can recover from the inheritance of form N. N. W. I talked with the captain about the inheritance of for sint can albe the other of the second second second for a site of the laws based larched as the rease of my sister in law, Jane Lansache.- He syshe k knows the principal subject, which will not exceed L 1000 in value. N. B le le a cousin to a family of Petersons, which was the name of the husband of my sister in-law; so there is room to hope it my be worth more than he report.- oth November, 10 A. M. "Bay God pardon all our size-An English frisatc, bearing the Parliament fag, has specard in the office, and gain have smort parlished as the second se

venel prepares to clear for action. — May God again have mercy upon us "
"Here," said Maxwell, "the journal with which I have opecod the narration ends somewhat abraptly."
"I am glad of it," said Lady Ratchild."
Bat, Mr. Maxwell," said young Frank, Sir Henry's grand-child, "stall we not here how the battle ended?" I do net know, cousin, whether I have not formerly made you acquainted with the abilities of Frank Ratchild. "There is not a battle fought between the troops of the Prince and of the Go-give an account. It is true, I have taken particular pains to fix the events of this important period upon his measury by frequent repetition. repetition.

The events of this important period upon his memory by frequent repatition. "No, my dear," said Maxwell, in answer to young Frank Ratcliff -- No, my dear, I cannot tell you the exact particulars of the engragement, but its consequences appear from the follow-ing letter, dispatched by Garbone's You Eulen, dearhter of our journalist, to a relation in England, from whom site implored disistance. After some general account of the purpose of the 'orare, and of the engragements har narrative proceeds thus :-"The noise of the some general account of the purpose of the 'orare, and of the engragement har narrative proceeds thus :-"The noise of the tent hard in considering the board our vessel, informed me that the captors has board our vessel, informed me that the captors has board w, and taken possession of our vessel. I want to dock, where, the first spoctacio that met my eyes was a young nun, mate of w vessel, which disfigured and covered with bload, was baded with irons, and whom they were forcing over the side

APPENDIX TO THE 'GENERAL PREFACE. It states of a foreign enomy, however artial, or however invete-means, we have, I hope, little to dread." "Have you found any thing curious, Mr. Maxwell, among the dust paper?" and Sir Henry, who seemed to dread a re-viral of political discussion. "My investigation annogst them led to reflections which have pust now hurled," and Maxwell; " and I think they are pretty strong revemplied by a story which I have been near al unform. 'Yarely : yarely : y

CONCLUSION OF MR. STRUTT'S ROMANCE OF

#### QUEEN-HOO-HALL.

#### BY THE AUTHOR OF WAVERLEY.

#### CHAPTER IV.

#### A HUNTING PARTY-AN ADVENTURS-A DELIVERANCE.

CHAPTER IV. A RUNTING PARTY—AN ADVENTURE—A DELIVERANCE. THE next morning the bugies were sounded by day-break we the court of Lord Boteler's mannion. Lo call the initiatis from their slembers, to assist in a splendid chase, with which the Baron had resolved to entertain his in cirkburg. Fitzsilen, and his noble visitor, St. Clerc. Peter Lanaret, the falconer, was se tendance, with falcens for the knights, and beircelute for the ladies, if they should choose to vary their sport from hawking to hawkine. Fire stould choose to vary their aport from hawking to hawkine. Fire stould choose to vary their sport from hawking to hawkine. Fire stould sport from hawking to hawkine. Fire stould sport from hawking to hawkine. Fire stould and quarter stiffs in their hands, led the slow-hounds or brachets, by which the of which was fit to plack down, singly, the talleat red deer, were led in lossive by as many of Lord Bouter's foresters. The more, squires, and other attendants of feudial splendour, well their ber best havening, rem, upon horesback of food, ab-cording to their ant, my waiting. A numerous train of yeomen, called, in the lannare of the in casocks of blue, bearing upon lower ache a spear-d in casocks of blue, bearing upon lower acher at spear-d in casocks of blue, bearing upon lower acher and a small penkion for their attendance on such spleme occasions, and a small in casocks of blue, bearing upon liver arms the cognances of the house of Boleier, as a hadge of their addressers. They were the tallest men of their hands that the neightbaring yil lars, could supply, will every man his cod buckler on his shouldar, and a bright burnished broadsword dangling from his sould supply, will every man his god buckler on his shouldar, and a bright burnished broadsword dangling from his sould supply, will every man his food buckler on his attendance. "What, '' quoth lee, '' shall the house of the strander in what the original the splendid handing including most of our pla causing the game.

The other own woods a word, till thy skin is as motter as thy doublet." To this stem injunction, Gregory made no reply, any mom than to the courteness offer of old Albert Drawslot, this chief park-keeper, who propered to blow viseger us his nose, to sharpen his with, as he had done that blessed morming to Brar-rer, the old hound, whose scent was failing. There was indeed little time for reply, for the burgles, after a lively fournal, were pow silent, and l'oretro, with his two attendant minstrels, stop-ping beneath the windews of the strangers' quartments, joined in the following roundelay, the deep voices of the rangers and falconers making up a chorus that caused the very battisments to ring again :--

Waken, lords and ledics gay, On the mountain dawns the day; All the jolly class is here, With lawk and horse, and hunting spoar-Hounds are in their couples yelling, Hawks are whistling, horns are knelling Merrily, merily, muste they, "Waken, lords and ladies gay."

Waken, lords and ladies gay. The mist has left the mountain gray fyringlets in the dawn are streaming. Diamonds on the brake are gleannin and firmsteen have husy been. To track the buck in thicket grown New we come to class due to the stream New we come to class due to the stream Waken. lords and ladies gay."

#### APPENDIX TO THE GENERAL PREFACE.

Wakes, lotts and ladies gay, To the green wool hasts away; We can show you where he liss, Flost of foot, and tail of size; We can show the marks he made, When 'gainst the oak his anders frayed; You shall see him brought to bay, 'Wakon, kords and ladies gay.'

Louder, louder chant the lay, Waken, lords and ladies gay Toti lhem, youth, and mith, and gles, Run a course as well as we. Time, stern huntengn ! who can baulk, Stanch as hound, and fleet as hawk } Think of this, and rise with day, Gentle lords and ladies gay.

By the time this lary was finalled, Lord Boteler, with his daughter and kinsman. Pitzallen of Marden, and other noble guests, had mounted their palfreys, and the hunt set forward in dwo order. The huntamen, laving carefully observed the innecs of a large stag on the preceding serening, were able, without best of time, to conduct the company, by the marks which they had mixe upon file frees, to the side of the thicket, in which, by the report of Drawhot, be had harboured all night. The horseman spreading themselves along the side of the cover, waited mult the kooper eitered, leading his ban-dog, a lerge oftood hound tiod in a learn or band, from which he takes his same.

horsomen spreading thermielves along the side of the covor verticed until the kooper entered, leading his ban-dog a large tradient of the second period of the second year, which was in the sinks other with the proper object of their pursuit, chanced be be unharboured first, and broke cover very near which was in the sinks other with the proper object of their pursuit, chanced in the sinks other with the proper object of their pursuit, chanced be be unharboured first, and broke cover very near which was in the sinks other with the proper object of their pursuit, chanced in the sinks other with the proper object of their pursuit, chanced in the sinks other with which the proper object of their pursuits with a softhe arout. For which he ind the hearty sumes of the hundman, as well as of the Baron, who entered the the print of the classe with all the juvenils ardour of twenty in the at the four ind, show end is soft the Baron, who entered the the print of the classe with all the juvenils ardour of twenty in the at the four ind, show end is a of the Baron, who entered the the print of the classe with all the provenils and the base the soft in the print of the classe with all the provenils and the soft is bare of the function and the hashollowed the hounds upon a velvel-based knowled and on the theorem of the soft is pate with a softhe and number of housids." The composition of housids." Th

and in good time :- But now, hoys, don'your bonnets, and sound the mort." The sportsmon then sounded a treble mort, and set up a gene-ma whoop, which, mingied with the replang of the doger, mate Use welk in ting again. The huntsman then offered his knife to cond Boteler, that be might take the say of the doger, but the Baron coustcould insisted upon Fitzallen going through that ceremony. Tho Lady Matilda was now come up, with most of the attendants; and the isterest of the chase being ended, it excited sound the recteat in thous the St. Cleve, so distinguished for erriced sound the recteat in thous to the the sound they war, should have been more forward in the class." "I trow," maid Peter Lanaret, "I know the reason of the noble, or's absence, if any when that moon-calf, Gregory, halloode the dogs upon the knobbler, and galloped like a green hilding, as he dogs upon the knobbler, and galloped like a green hilding, as the two which, if any the Lady Ennue's paling follow space and there, by the rood, is Gregory to answer for himself."

Thilliers-hore, in modern phrase, Tally-he I

At this moment Gregory entered the circle which had burg formed found the deer out of breath, and his face coverse will blood. He kept for some time ultering inarticulate crees of "Harrow !" and "Wellaway !" and other escianations of dis trass and terror, pointing all the while to a thicket at some dis-tance from the spot where the deer had been killed. "By my hondur," said the Baron, "I would glady know who has dared to array the poor knave thus: and I trust he should dearly abye his outreculdance, were he the best, save one, is England."

has dared to array the poor knave thus: and i truic he should deary abye has outrecuidance, were he the best, save one, is England." Gregory, who had now found more breath, cried, "Help and ye be meu! Rave Lady Emma and Jer brother, whôn they are mardering in Brockenhourst thicket." "This put all in motion. Lord Boteler hastily commanded a smail party of his men to abide for the defence of the ladies, while he himself. Fitzallen, and the rest, made what speed they could towards the thicket, guided by Gregory, who for that purpose was mounted behind Fabian. Pushing through a nar-now path, the finst object they encountared was a man of small stature lying on the ground, mastered and almost strangled by two dogs, which were instatily recornized to be those that had accompanied Gregory. 'A little farther was an open space, where lay three bodies of dead or wougded men; beside these was Lady, Emma, apparently littless, her brother and a young forester bending over and engaevoining to recover het. By em-ploying the usual remedies, this was non accomplaised : while Lord Boteler, astonished at such a scene, anisotisty inquired at St. Clere the meening of what he saw, and whether more dangs was to be expected. "For the present, I trust not," said the young warrior, whe had rescued from the dorg and Henry, with disgust, shames, mat astonishment, recognized bis winsman, Gaston St. Clore. This discovery he communicated in a whisper to Lord Boteler, who the sward." The attendants now brought forward the person whom they had rescued from the dorg and Henry, with disgust, shames, mats stolishment, recognized bis winsman, Gaston St. Clore. This discovery he communicated in a whisper to Lord Boteler, who did it han to introduce to you one, without whose aid that o the seach would have some too be conveyed it, Queen hoo Hall, and closely guyrded : meantwhile he anxiously inquired of youn '''. A strateh, a trifte!" "tried Henry i'' I am in less hasts to bind it than to introduce to you one. Without whose aid that o the there ho

bind it thinks in introduct to tool one with the art where is there is the vector would have so inc. Where is he' where is the vector would here one (are your, which are is the source of the vector would here one him." "Here, most noble for would here on him." "Tuly, friend Gregory, il answered the young warrior, "those which your bouthy would here on him." "Tuly, friend Gregory, il answered the young warrior, "those manily for aid without which, it hink verily, we had not re-tered to the frequency of the transformed to the young warrior, "those the source of the transformed to the source when the the source when the transformed to the transformed to the source when the the transformed to the source when the transformed to the source when the the transformed to the source of the sou

#### CHAPTER V.

INVESTIGATION OF THE ADVENTURE OF THE HUNTING-A DIS-COVERY-OREGORY'S MANHOOD-FATE OF GASTON ST. CLERE-COVERY-GRI CONCLUSION.

CONCLUSION. Bo sooh as they arrived at the princely mansion of Böbeler, the Lady Emma craved permission to retire the her chamber, that she might compose her spirits after the terror she had un-dergone. Henry St. Ciere, in a few words, proceeded to explain the adventure to the curious audience. "I had no soons mean my sister's paliney, in spite of her endeavours to the contrary, emtering with spirit into the chase set on foot by the worthipfud Gregory, than I rode after to give her assistance. So long was the chase, that when the greyhounds pulled down the knobbler, we were odt of hearing of your bugies; and having rewardsed and coupled the dors, I gave them to be led by the jester, and we wandered in quest of our company, whom it would seen the sport had led in a different direction. At length, passing through the thicket wherf you found us. I was surprised by cross-bow bolt whizzing past mine head. I drive my word and rushed into the thicket, but was instantly passied by two

where ior our sakes, and we will all bowne ourselves for the bannet." When the hour of dimer approtched, the Lady Matilda and her coust withed the chamber of the fair Darcy. They found her in a composed, but mellancholy posture. She turned the discourse upon the misortunes of her life, and hinted, that having recovered her bother, and seeing him look forward to the society of one who would amply repay to him the lose of her's, sho had thoughts of dedicating her remaining life to preaven, by whose providential interference it had been so often Matilda columned desired to the society of the society of

Heaven, by whose providential interference it had been so often preserved. Matilda coloured deeply at something in this speech, and her consin inwighed loady against Emma's resolution. "An, my dear Lady Eleanor, "replied she, "I have to day witnessed what I cannot but judge a supernatural visitation, and to what end can it call me bat to give any presific a health? That persent who guided me to Baddow through the Park of Danbury, the same who appeared before me at different times, and in different forms, during that eventful journey, that youth, whose features are imprinted on my memory, is the very individual forester who this day reaceed us in the forest. L cannot be mistaken; and, connecting these marrellous appearances with the spectre which I saw while at Gay Bowers, I cannot resist the conviction that Heaven has posmitted my guardian angel to assume mortal shape for my relief and protection." The fair socution, and end on the spectre which and finally prevailed upon her to accompany them to the ban-questing-hall. Here the first person they encountered was the area fit of whom the Lady Emma changed colour, and ex-diming-hall. Here the first person they encountered was the area fit of whom the Lady Emma changed colour, and ex-claming, " it is the same!" sunk senseless into the arms of Mestida. "She is hewidered by the terrors of the day," gid Eleanor :

Martida. ""When a series a sum sension mide the arms of ""She is bewildered by the terrors of the day," said Eleanor; "and we have done ill in obliging her to descend." "And I," said Fizzeborne, "have done madly in presenting effore her one, whose presence must recall moments the most larming in her life." While the ladies supported Emma from the hall, Lord Boteler and C. Gree requision an explanation from Fizzeborne of the ""Then a service and a supported to the fizzeborne of the ""The service services a support of the fizzeborne of the ""The service services a support of the fizzeborne of the

While the ladies supported Emms from the hall, Lord Boteler and St. Chere requested an explanation from Fitzosborne of the words he had used. "Tust me, gentla lords," said the Baron of Diggswell, "ye shall have what yethemand, when I learn that Lady Exams Derry has not suffered from sy imprudence." At this moment Lady Matilda returning, said, that her fair friend, on her recovery, had calmly and deliberately insided that she had seen Fitzosborne before, in the most dangerdus crisis of her fitz. "I dread," said she, "her disordered mind connects all that her gre babolds with the terribits pasagres that she has witnessed." "Hy," said Fitzosborne. "If noble St. Chere can pardon the mentherized insterst which, with the purest and most honour-able intentions, I have taken in his sister's fate, it is casy for me to estimate in the mysterious impression." He proceeded to say, that, happening to be'in the hostelry revised interst which, with the purest and most honour-able for Griffin, near Eaddow, while spon a jour.ney in that berry, who, being just expelled from Gay Bowert, was in the beight of her grief and indignation, and made lead and public improviews to the basity of her foster-child, as well as from the spent of chivalry, Fitzosborne overs. From the description she gave of the beauty of her foster-child, as well as from the the farth, he procured a view of the Lady Eamma, as he walked part the castle of Gay Bowars. The aged churl refused to give him access to the costle ; yet dropped south hits, as if he thought the lady in danger, and wished and worke will out of it. His master, he mid, had heard she had a bother in life, and since that deprived him of all chance of gaining her domains by ared. "If any injur," guoth he. "should happen to the dam, so that deprived him of all chance of gaining her domains by eicher, and variang her, as if he y voice from the dead, to settrat, from thence ; but the giglet is wilful, and is running upon for sighting Gamit, although covetous and ommunicative, toon sighting Gamit

etreat from there; but the right is willing, and is running upon ber inte." <sup>My</sup> dear current calling, there was once a king, and he wed-ber inte." <sup>My</sup> dear current calling, there was once a king, and he wed-ber inte." <sup>My</sup> dear current calling, and he wed-ded a young old queen, and she had a child; and this child was existing a servant to his wicked master to take any active stop bestending which he got from the vicked master to take any active stop bestending which he got from the vicked master to take any active stop by the hocf. Hereof speaks the worthy Dr. Radigundus Pota-bestending which he got from the vicked master bestending which he got from the vicked master be to serve the hor and haid to rid himself to old Urso-by the hocf. Hereof speaks the worthy Dr. Radigundus Pota-bestending of Exama's situation, he charged Ursely to conceel from great, and doubd to effect in her diverses, reloving to watch or you he apple withind parting?" <sup>My</sup> and inserts the took in her diverses, reloving to watch or you he apple withind parting?" <sup>My</sup> the angle within here was never far distant; and served up in the kave never far distant; and served up in the kave never far distant; and served up in the kave never far distant; and served up in the kave never far distant; and served up in the kave never far distant; and served up of the above never in a nanelesse for many four shout yoomen within hear provide in safety of the shade alwore also the master of the fille served served the apple within hear or solected from a mosk dis-genore show the course of which he was never far distant; served serve the apple with a distant on compliance with a similar to the set the lodge, it was filzedormed is intention to have provide his takes. It was introdoed in compliance with the lodge, it was filzedormed is infertion the protection; but jazama is prosonated by the Fool is by Dawit Lindges 's splites of kars. Vot. H.

Vor. H.

GENERAL PREFACE. 19
Constitution, who is a classification of the second structure of second structure of the second structure of second struct

he list yourd: n are sure ledge." "It is false 1," said Gregory; "Colbrand the Dane was a dwarf "It is false 1," said Gregory; "Colbrand the Dane was a dwarf to him," "It is as true," returned Fabian, " as that the Tasker is to be married, on Tuesday, to preity Margery. Gregory, thy sheet hath brought them between a pair of blankols." "I care no more for auch a giffill," said the Jester, " than I de for thy leasings. Marry, thou hop-o' my thumb, happy wouldst thou be could thy head reach the captive Baron's gifde." "By the mass," said Peter Lanary, "I will have one peep at this bury gaitant: "and, leaving the buttery, he wont to the guard-room where Gaston St. Clere was confined. A man-si-sarme, who kept sentine! on the strong sudded door of the spars-ment, said, he believed he slept; for that, after raging, stamp-ment, said, he believed he slept; for that, after raging, stamp-ment, said, he believed he slept; for that, after raging, stamp-ment, said, he believed he slept; door, could look in upoh his prisoner. From this aperture he beheld the wretched Gaston supended by the need, by his own girdle, to an iron ring in the slob on which his food had beer placed; and, in the agories of shame, and disspointed malice, had slopted this wrede of rid-ing himself of a wretched life. He was found yet warn, but totally lifeless. A proper account of the mannet of his feath-chapted of the casts, out of rapect to his high birtli; and the chapted of the sate, out of rapect to his high birtli; and the chapted of Marden, who said the service upon the cost and, reacting of Marden, who said the service upon the cost and, reacted the sub-fundita, who said the service upon the cost and, reacted the sub-fundita, who is alto be the service transcribed.— Here the manuscript, from which we have painfully reases; here the menuscript, from which we have painfully reases; here the manuscript, from which we have painfully reases; here the service the set the service there have the set the manuscri

Transcribed [Hare the manuscript, from which we have painfully transcribed, and frequently, as it were, translated this tale, for the renderity, as it were, translated this tale, for the renderity as it were, translated this tale, for the renderity is an industriant and defaced, that, cancering certain howbein, nathlesses, loy et a do. we can pick out thills that is intelligible, saving that avarice is defined "a likeourish-ness of heart after earthly thing." A little further, there esems to have been a gay account of Margery's wedding with Halph the Tasker; it her numing at the quintain, and ether runt lamma practised on the eccasion. There are also fragments of a moch sermon preached by Greepory per hat a child; and this child was estimated to Solomon the Sage, praying he would give it to solomon the Sage, praying he would give it the same beasing which he got from the witch of Endor when a he bit him by the hool. Hereof speaks the worthy Dr. Radiguncus Potarior; why should not mas be said for all the cranstud shoe souls served up in the king's dish on Saturday; for true it s, that SU, read, and doubtful question, 'Adam, why cated'at the give "This timed of guesting with a line arms be added and on the day of the apple without partiag?'".

#### APPENDIX TO THE GENERAL PREFACE.

hay of the l them

Upenmand the castling of the stocking, is also omnified, from its obscurity. This following song, which has been since borrowed by the worshipfiel author of the famous "History of Fyrar Bacco," has been with difficulty decipilered. It seems to have been sung on soccasion of carrying home the briefe.

There was no'er a lad in all the parish, That would go to the plough that day; But on his fore-horse his wench he carries, And away to Towin, gwag, away i

The buller was quick, and the ale he did tap, The maidens did make the chamber fail gay; The servents did give me a fuddling cup, And I did carry's away, away.

The amith of the town in a liquor so took, That he was persuaded that the ground look'd blew; And I dare boldly be sworn on a book, Such worths as he there's but a few.

A posset was made, and the women did sip, And simpering said, they could est no more; Full many a maiden was laid on the lip,-I'll ay no more, but give o'er, (give o'er.)

Fill any no more, but give o'er, (give o'er.) But what our fair readers will chiefly regret, is the loss of given declarations of love; the farst by St. Cleve to Matilda, which with the lady's neavor, occupies fifteen closely writteh pages of manuscript. That of Fitzoshorme to Emma is not much shorter; but the amours of Fitzalen and Eleenor, being of a less romantic cast, are closed in three pages only. The three noble couples were married in Queen-hoo-Hall upon the same day, being the twentieth Sunday after Easter. There is a profix account of the matriage-feast, of which we can pick out the names of a few dishes, such as peterei, crane, stargeon, awan, dc. dc. with a profession of wild-fowl and venizon. We also see, that a suitable song was produced by Peretto or the eccasion; and that the bishop, who blessed the bfidal befs which received the happy couples, was no siggard of his holy water, bestowing half a gallon upon each of the reader in detail, but we hope to expose these curiosities to the reader in detail, but we hope to these our osities of the ingennose arist who readered that sorvice to Mr. Ireland's Shakaparae MSS. And so, (being unable to lay and the style to which are more MSS

#### NO. III.

#### ANECDOTE OF SCHOOL DAYS, UPON WHICH MR. THOMAS SCOTT PROPOSED TO FOUND & TALE OF FICTION.

or Piortos. It is well known in the South that there is little or no boxing at the Scottish schools. About forty or fifty years ago, how-ever, a far more dangerous mode of fighting, in parties or fac-tions, was permitted in the struets of Edinburgh, to the great diagrace of the police, and danger of the parties concerned. These parties were generally formed from the quarter of the town in which the combatants resided, those of a particular square or district flatting against those of an adjointing one. Hence it happened that the children of the higher classes were oftep pitted against those of the lower, each taking their side according to the maidence of like if riends. So far as I receiled, however, it was unmingled either with feelings of democrary wards the opposite party. In fact, it was only a rough mode of play. Such contests were, however, maintained with great vigour with stones, and sticks, and fasticuffs, when one party mark to charge, and the other stood their ground. Of compes machief sometimes happened; how are said to have been Thrae Estas. The nemenes and vulgar bulkeness of the hards.

BlackHei sonseilabes ikappenews; soys are serie to nave ocen Thrae Estates. The nonsense and vulgat burleaque of that composition Rutarias the ground of Sir Andrew Aguesheek's sulary on the exploits of the jastes in Twelfth Night, who, reserving his sharper jest for Sir Toby, had doubter as anough of the jargon of this calling to explicate the imbe-cility of his urofher knight, who is made to exclaim—'' In sooth, thon west in very gracious footing last night, when then speciate of Pigrogre-prius, and of the vapours passing the equisocitate of Quechus; 't ware wery good, 'finit 1'', it is entertaining to find commentators accking to denover soms insaning in the professional jargon of such a passage as this.

APPENDIX TO THE GENERAL PREFACE.
With much goody gibberish to the same effect: which disk of dreavery neady with out only threw the whole company on the points. And make such an improvement of the points of the same effect: which disk of dreavery neady with out only threw the whole company on the points. And make such an improvement of the points of the same to be private the whole company on the points. The scramble which e control of the points of the scramble which e control of the points. The scramble which e control of th

Crosecauseway. He was too formidable to us not to have a common and like that of a knight of old, it was taken from the most remarkable part of lis dress, being a pair of old greem Breeka, awe called him, always caltered the battle with hare array legs, and feet. It fell, that once upon a time, when the combal was at the fixed the intervent of the control of the

# WAVERLEY;

## 'TIS SIXTY YEARS SINCE.

OR,

Under which King, Bezonian? speak, or die! Henry IV. Part II.

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### **TRODUCTION**

inen inner an einer: An an aine an an an of TAVERLAY IS They have been e altinuty gives, to the outlin, by pronted friend, Will si, tafa - 6 wents Lord 1 7 its of My Laudlord for the r.) arhen reviewi. he portioulars re derived by the erly Review, in 1817 they wer eritic from the su tice. Af blished in the prof on to the C minimum of the Canor man at in th eper place. Id by Waverley and Talbot to They are new i

he mutual protection a ich other, upon which the which plot depunds, is founded pon one of those anonhous which soften the features even of civil war; and as it is equally honourable to the memory of both parties, we have no hesithtion to give their a at length. hen the Highland ers, on the morning of the battle of Freston. e their men able att ek on Sir John Cope's ara;y, a 1745, mad and was showned and carried by the arts of Appine. The late Alexander ttery of four-field pieces w as and the St lewart of invernahyle was ese of the foremost in the charge, and observing an officer of the King's forces, who, scorning to bin the flight of all ground, remained with his sword in his hand, as if determined to the very last to defend the post asmind him to sur igned to him, the Highland gooth agnet, and neesived for ruply a threat, which he caught in his agret. The efflort was new defaustes, and the battle are of gigantic Highlander (the miller of Invernahyle's mill) was upthe decode of the brains out, when Mr. Stewart with difficulty wailed on him to yield. 'He teak clauge of his enemy's pro-rty, protocted his person, and finally obeliand him liberty on perty, protected his percen, and finally obtained him liberty on n ais parole. The efficient proved to be Calenni Whitefoord, ah Armhire gondeman of high abspecture and influence, and warmly attached to the Heam of Hanevery per such was the confidence existing between these two konpurable men, though of different political principles, that while the civil way was raging, and strengthy officers from first Highland army were encounted without more, Thurmahyle headiated next to pay his in a minimum a visit, at he nextman in the Highland to raise te captive a visit, as he telement to the Highlands to raise the secret is a series of the secret of the secret is the secret is the secret is a secret is a secret is the secr

After the battle of Calleden had ruined the hopes of Chales Award, and dispersed his preserviced adheemin, it was Colonel Fhitefoord's tem to simily way anyo to simila Mr. Stewart's Whitefoord's term to strai ain Mr. Stewart's ardon. He went to the Lord A ties Cleft, to the Lord Advecsio, and to all the officers of states, and each application was asswered by the production of a list, in which have nahyle (as the good old gentleman was what to express it) appeared arked with the sign of the beast !" as a subject unfit for far or pardon

At length Colonel Whitehand applied to the Dake of Cum-eriand in person. From him, she, he residued a positive refu-al. He then impited his uppart, for the present, to a pretec-ion for Stawarty heaten, with, children, and preserty. This reaches the state of the state of the present. as for Stewart's house, with, children, and property. This as also refused by the Duke ; us which Colonel.Whitefoord, king his commission from his bosom, laid it on the table be his Royal Highness, with much enstion, and asked per ion to retire from i . urvice of a term ich who did not - 0 d a 780 ow.to a ..... ۳. thwas struck. even affected. Six bade the Gel take up his commis , and granted the protect a.bo m ÷. it was j st in time to save the h , and cattle at Invernahyle a the troops, who were engaged in laying waste what it was the faction to cell." the e inter of the a ar." A small en ment of soldiers was formed on Invernehyle's property, ting the bountry sround, and they ipared while pland ing in every direction fo wite los ders of the insurrection rt in eletioni e. He was a -# them that pected ; for, hidden in a care, (like the Baron of Brad De lay for many days on ear the English seatines, that Other illustrations of Waverlay will be fo been dimir emeater self cuiltal. Size float was brought the foot of the pages to which they being.

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Pall in With 6 -

of th in a sail set the had t and in the hetel n. the is بأبيد خط طملطات تت d ware antravated by a dily pain. After the soldiers had removed their tháp 9 arizable eeo dinin.

As he name to new ventered to his own house at night, and left it king, he was expled during the dawn by a party of the 4 **6 6 6** . B. 11 ry, who fired et and pursued him. The fugitive being f git to mcape their search, they returned ho.'se, end sharged the family with hart ar one of the pr 00 6f min action 1 motion. An old wa a had stee of small to scale/vie dist the man they had seen was the shepherd Why dia he not stop when we called to him?" said the so "E+ w as dt if, poor min, as a peat-stack," and andrew the " domestic..." Let him be sent for dire . he ready-a "th." Nom atte The real shop/wr'- accordingly was brought from the hill, a we was a. . to tator him by the way, he was as t w th when he a ado his ajspearance, as was nee ry to s character. laver. a. y. a was afterwards parsioned maity. Act of lade

The author know i're well, and has often beard th controllinges from this civil mouth. He was a soble specimen of the eld Hightmider, fur descended, galiant, courteous, an brave, even to obiveiry. He had been sut, I before, in 1716 an 1745, was an active particker in all the p d m-the Highlands, betwist these m ther in all the stirring scen s whiel eniorable cras; and I we beard, was remarkable, along other exploits, for havis nghis's dust with the broadsword with the celebrated Re Camerica de Roy MacGregor, at the Clachan of Balquidder.

Invernative chanced to be in Etinburgh when Paul Jou him is again, and heard him exult, to use his own words; in the prospect of " drawing his slaymore cace more before it In fact, on that n norable occasion, when the capital of Soothand was menaced by three trifling sloops or brigs, scar or contained was methods by times triining moops of org, control fit to have mached a fishing village, he was the only man who seemed to propose a phone of remistance . He offered to the all-gistraton, if broadswords and tirks could be obtained, to find an many Highlanders among the lower classes, as would cut el any boat's crew who might be sent into a town, full of narro and winding passages, in which they were like to disp at of plunder. I know not if his plan was attend sather think it second too harardous to the constituted auth , who might nut, even at that time, denise to e Highle ad hands. A statis and powerful west wind sattled natter, by sweeping Paul Jones and his vesible out of the Frith

If these is something degrading in this recollection, it is no seare it with these of the last war when Edunpleas<del>diù 10 40</del> inburgh, besides regular forces and militia, famished a volum teer brigade of cave iry, infantry, and artillery, to the am nt of and unwards, which was in madi nix thous ini ha a to m repel a force of a far more formidable description, moded by the adventurous American. Time an and co d circ es cliange the chasacter of sections, and the fate of cities ; and it is some pride to a Bostohmast to reflect, that the ind pendent and manly character of a country, willing to intrust ite own protoction to the erms of its children, after having be obscured for half a sentury, has, during the source of his ow

lifetime, recovered its lustre. Other illustrations of Waverley will be found in the N9tes of 29

### PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDINBURGH EDITION.

To this slight attempt at a sketch of ancient Soutish a mers, the public have been more favourable than the Author durst have hoped or expected. He has heard, with a mixture of satisfaction and humility, his work ascribed to more than one ctable name. Considerations, which seem weighty in his . 600 particular situation, prevent his releasing those gentles suspicion, by placing his own name in the title-page ; so that, for the present at least, it must remain uncertain, whether WA WERLEY be the work of a poet or a critic, a lawyer or a clargyman, or whother the writer, to use Mrs. Malaprey's phrase, be, "like Cerberus-three gentlemen at once." The Author, as he is unconscious of any thing in the work itself (succept perhaps its (rivolity) which prevents its finding an acknewledged father, leaves it to the candour of the public to choose among the many sircumstances peculiar to different situations in life, such as ay induce him to suppress his name on the pres nt occasi He may be a writer new to publication, and unwilling to ava character to which he is unaccustomed; or he may be a hackneyed althor, who is ashamed of too frequent appearance, and employs this mystery, as the heroine of the old comedy d hes mask, to attract the attention of those to whe on her see had become too familiar. He may be a men of a grave referrion, to whom the reputation of being a novel-writer profession, to whom the reputation or many a seven the same and the seven the same of fashion, to whom saight be projudicial; or he may be a man of fashion, to whom saight be projudicial; writing of any kind might appear pedentic. He may be too young to assume the character of an author, or so old as to

Writing of the character of as summer, and the character of as summer, and the character of as summer, and the character of Waveley has beard it objected to this novel, that, in the character of Callum Bag, and is the account given by the Baron of Bradwardine of the petty tampanes of the High-anders upon trifling articles of property, he has bene hard, and the summer of Callum Character. Mething could be the summer of Callum Statements of Callum farther from his wish or intention. The character of Call eg is that of a spirit naturally turned to daring evil, and de He is that of a spirit naturally initially find the spirit of a particular sensitied, by the circunstances of his situation, to a particular species of mischief. Those who have perged the carlows Let-tem from the Highlands, published about 1739, will find in-stances of such atrockous characters, which full under the wrir's own observation, though it would be most unjust to con-der such villains as representatives of the Highlanders of that d, any more than the murderers of Marr and Willia geried, any more than the murarers of perer and withermore can be supposed to represent the English of the present day. As for the plunder supposed to have been picked up by sense of the insurgents in 1745, it must be remembered, that although the sway of that unfortunate little army was neither marked by dematation nor bloodshed, but, on the contery, was ederly and mist in a most wonderful degree, yet so army marches through untry in a hostile manner, without cos matting so . 4 dations, and several, to the extent, and of the matne, jocularly amputed to them by the Baroo, were really laid to the charge re, jocularly of the Highland insurgents; for which many traditions, and particularly one respecting the Knight of the Minner, may be queted as good evidence.\*

a sumsty metrical neurative of the events of the period, which con-value some striking perticulars, find is still a great favourite with the lower classes, gives a very correct statement of the bahaviers of the memorialsons respecting this same striking license ; and as the same

THE AUTHOR'S ADDRESS TO ALL IN CONTRAL

Now, gentle readers, I have let you kee My very thoughts, from heart and pen, Tis peolines for to conten Or yet controule.

For there's not a word o't I can men' So ye must thole.

For on both sides, some were not goo I saw them murd'ring in cold blood, Not the gentlemen, but wild and rade The baser sort. Who to the wounded had no mood But murd'ring sport t

E'en both at Preston and Falkirk, That fatal night ere it grew mirk. Piercing the wounded with their curk,

any cryl ch pity's shown from savage a As peace to dia. ad Tutt,

A wo he to meh hot zeal. To maite the wounded on the fail : It's just they got such groats in kall, Who do the sam

ches crusitys real It only ter To them again

I've seen the men call'd Highland Rog With Lowiand man make stangs a brog Sup kail and bross, and fling the cogs Out at the door, Take cooks, hens, sheep, and hogs, And pay pought for.

I saw a Highlander, 'twas right drole, With a string of paddings hung qwa pole, Whip'd o'er his shoulder, skipped like a fo Caus'd Maggy ban Lep o'er the midden and midden-hole,

And aff he ma

en check'd for this, they'd often tell yo-where cannot a ror this, may a cover new yew Indeed notately's a turne belly ; You'll no gie't wanting bought, nor sell ms :-Herail will has't;

Go tell King Shorge, and Shordy's Willie, I'll has a meet.

I saw the soldiers at Liston-brig, e maa.was not a Wh Of ment and drink leave not a skip, Within his door ; and his very hat and wig, They b And thunno'd him some

And through the Highlands they we As lowe them neither clothes no Then burnt their houses to conc r food a to conclude ; Twee tit for tal.

How can her neissell e'et be g

And after all, O, shame and grieft To use some worse than murd'ring this Their very gentlemen and chief, Unhumenty I Like Pop h tortures, I beli

Buch amelia.

E'on what was act on open stage At Carlisis, in the hotiest reg When mercy was clapt in a cage And pity dead, ah crusity approved by every aga, shook my head.

So many to caree, so few to pray, And some aloud husse did ery ; They curved the Robel Scott that d As they'd been nev rought up for slaughter, as that way Too many rowt.

Therefore, alas ! donr count O never do the like again, a in w To thirst for vengeance, never l Your gun nor pa', But with the English e'en borrow and len', Let anger fa.'

Their boasts and bullying, not worth a louse As our King's the best about the house. Tis ay good to be sober and douce To live in poster ; For many, I see, for being o'er crous : Gets broken face.



## WAVERLEY;

#### OR

#### TIS SIXTY YEARS SINCE.

CHICTER I. INTRODUCTOR. The graves and solid deliberation, which matters of the same lines my our intimate characters the same long of my predecessora. I had only to sais upon the most sounding and suphonic surname that the accampte of my predecessora. I had only to sais upon the most sounding and suphonic surname that the charactery or topography afford, and elect it is donote as the title of my work, and the name of my before this y and solid elibergy of from the solfer and more sentimicatal sounds of Belmour, Belville, Bel these on my here, Wavenure, an uncontaminated matters of my own merit to place it in unnecessary opposi-ing what the reader shall hereafter be pleased to stati for my here, Wavenure, an uncontaminated matters for my here, Wavenure, an uncontaminated matters the context shall hereafter be pleased to ask for the reader shall hereafter be pleased to ask for the sound of laying his sound in my thronis in the source solutions of how any the context shall hereafter be pleased to ask for the source of much more difficult election, since that for example, annooned in my fronissioe. Waver ing, a Tale of other Days, must not of this any prediction of these scores which are pleased to ask for the source of much more difficult election, since that for example, annooned in my fronissioe. Waver is what the reader shall hereafter be pleased to ask for the source of much more difficult election, since that for example, annooned in my fronissioe. Waver is work the reader shall hereafter be pleased to ask for the state of other Days, must not work the solider and the context shall hereafter be pleased to ask for the state of other Days, must not be preduced by the focularity the torker, were adding and before the service of the serve the solider of the service of a sub score the solider and hereafter atter of much m next, or general denomination, was the result of no common research or selection, although, scoording to the example of my predecessors. I had only to seize upon the most sounding and suphonic sumame that English history or topography affords, and elect it at once as the title of my work, and the name of my hero. But, alast what could my readers have expect-ed from the chivalrous epithets of Howard, Mor-daunt, Mortimer, or Stanley, or from the softer and more sentimental sounds of Beimour, Belville, Bel-field, and Belgrave, but pages of inanity, similar to those which have been so christened for half a cen-tary pest? I must modesity admit I am too diffident of my own merit to place it in unnecessary opposi-tion to preconceived associations; I have, therefore, like a maiden knight with his white sineld, assumed for my hero, Wavezaw, an uncontaminated name, bearing with its sound little of good or evil, etcept-ing what the reader shall hereafter be pleased to af-fix to it. But my second or supplemental title was a matter of much more difficult election, since that, short as it is, may be held as pledging the author to some special mode of laying his accene, drawing his characters, and managing his adventures. Had I, for example, announced in my frontispices, "Waver-reader have anticipated a castle scarce less than that of Udolpho, of which the seatern wing had long bean munihabited, and the keys either loct, or consigned to the cars of some aged butler or housekeeper, whose-trembling stops, about the middle of the second vo-tumne, were doomed to guide the hero, or heroine, to the rainous precincts? Would not the owl have arrative of the heroine's fill-dechambre, whose reation house the produced by the jocularity of a clownish but faithful valet, or the garnulous nar-rative of the heroine's fill-dechambre, when re-fmersing the stories of blood and horor which she had heard in the servants' hall? Again, had my ti-the horne, "Waverley, a Romance from the German," what head so obtuse as not to image fort had heard in the servants' hall? Again, had my ti-the borne, "Waverley, a Romance from the German," what head so obuse as not to image forth a profi-gate abbot, an oppressive duke, a secret and myster-ous association of Rosycrucians and Illuminati, with all their properties of black cowls, caverns, degrers, electrical machines, trap-doors, and dark-lanterns? Or if I had rather chosen to call my work a "Senti-mental Tale," would it not have been a sufficient pressage of a heroine with a profusion of auburn hair, and a harp, the soft solace of her solitary hours, which she fortunately finds always the means of transporting from castle to cottage, although she her-self he sometimes obliged to jump out of a two-pairself be sometimes obliged to jump out of a two-pair-of-stairs window, and is more than once bewildered of-stairs window, and is more than once bewildered throbbed under the steel corsist of the fifteenth cen on her journey, alone and on foot, without any guide but a blowzy person stain, if my Waverley had been entitled "A Tale of the Times," woulds thou not, ge file reader, have demanded from me a dashing sketch of the fashionable world, a few anecdotes of hereabouts is now as antiquated as the Author of Waverley had to the fashionable world, a few anecdotes of hereabouts is now as antiquated as the Author of Waverley had to the fashionable world, a few anecdotes of hereabouts is now as antiquated as the Author of Waverley had to the become sume that period 1. The reader of fashion with pense to fill up the continue with an unbroidered wascout ed, so much the better? a heroine from Grosvener of our leview to raik, and a coat of winter of our le places.

ration. Considering the disadvantages inseparable from this part of my subject. I must be understood to have resolved to avoid them as much as possible, by throwing the force of my narrative upon the charac-ters and passions of the actors;—those passions common to men in all stages of society, and which have alike agitated the human heart, whether it throbbed under the steel corslet of the fifteenth cen tury, the brocaded coat of the eighteenth, or the blue frock and white dimity waistcoat of the present day.• Upon these passions it is no doubt true that the state

of manners and laws casts a necessary colouring : speedy marriage was a report which regularly amused but the bearings, to use the language of heraldry, re-the neighboarhoad snoe a year. His younger brother main the same, though the tincture may be not only different, but opposed in strong contradistinction. relying upon his own exertions, and adopting a poli-The wrath of our ancestors, for example, was co-lical creed more consonant both to reason and his loured *gules*; it broke forth in acts of open and san-guinary violence against the objects of its fury. Our malignant feelings, which must seek gratification through more indirect chasnels, and undermine the obstacles which they cannot openly bear down, may be rather said to be tinctured *soble*. But the deep: The winistry of George the First's time were pru-ruling impulse is the same in both cases; and the dently anxious to diminist the planary of opposition. constances which they cannot openly beer down, may be rather said to be tinctured sable. But the deep-ruling impulse is the same in both cases; and the proud peer, who can now only ruin his neighbour ac-cording to law, by protracted suits, is the genuine de-scendant of the baron, who wrapped the castle of his competitor in finames, and knocked him on the head as he endeavoused to accept from the canflagration. It is from the great book of Nature, the same through a thousand editions, whether of black-letter or wire-wove and hot-presed, that I have venturously easary-ed to read a chapter to the public. Some favourable copportunities of contrast here been afforded me, by the state of society in the northern part of the island at the period of my history, and may serve at once to wary and to illustrate the most important pert of my plant; athough I am semable how short these will fall of their aim, if I shall be found unable to mix them with amastment, -- task not quite so easy in succ."

#### CHAPTER II.

#### WAVERLEY-HONOUR .--- A EFFECEPECT.

Ir is, then, sixty years since Rdward Waverley, the hero of the following pages, took leave of his family, to join the regiment of dragoons in which he had lately obtained a commission. It was a melancholy

Javing obtained a commission. It was a melancholy day at Waverley-Honour when the young officer part-ed with Sir Everard, the affectionate old uncle to whose title and estate he was presumptive heir. A difference in political opinions had early separa-ted the Baronet from his younger brother Richard Waverley, the father of our hero. Sir Everard had imherited from his sires the whole train of Tory or High-church predilections and preduces, which had distinguished the house of Waverley since the Great Civil War. Richard, on the contrary, who was ten years younger, beheld himself born to the fortune of a second brother, and anticipated neither dignity nor contactionment in sustaining the character of Will Wimble. He saw early, that, to succeed in the race of life, it was necessary he should carry as hitle expressing the existence of compound passions in the vengnt as possible. Panters talk of the difficulty of expressing the existence of compound passions in the same features at the same moment: it would be no less difficult for the moralist to analyze the mixed natives which units to form the impulse of our sc-tions. Bichard Waverley read and estimated himself from history and sound argument, that, in the words of the old song,

### Passive obedience was a jest, And pahaw I was non-resistance :

yea a seen would have probably been unable to com-bat a 1d remove hereditary prejudice, could Richard have anticipated that his elder brother, Sir Everard, have anticipated that his older brother, Sir Everard, taking to heart an early disappointment, would have rems ned a bachelor at sevenity-two. The prospect of a creasion, however remote, might in that case have led him to endure dragging through the greater part is his life as "Master Richard at the Hall, the baro set's brother," in the hope that ere its conclusion he sl ould be distinguished as Sir Richard Waverley, of V averiey-Honour, successor to a princely estate, and to extended political connexions as head of the county interest in the shire where it is. But this was a consummation of things not to be expected at Richard's catest, when Sir Everard was in the prime of life, and certain to be an acceptable suitor in al-most any finnily, whether wealth or beauty should be the object of his parasit, and when, indeed, has

relying upon his own exertions, and adopting a poli-tical creed more consonant both to reason and his own interest than the hereditary faith of Sir Everard in High-church and in the house of Stewart. He therefore read his recantation at the beginning of his career, and entered life as an avowed Whig, and friend of the Hanover succession. The ministry of George the First's time were pru-dently anxious to diminish the phalanx of opposition. The Tory nobility, depending for their reflected kastse upon the sunshme of a court, had for some time been gradually reconciling thematives to the new dynasty. But the wealthy coustry guideneen of England, a rank which retained, with much of ancient manners and primitive integrity, a great proportion of obsti-nate and unyielding prejusice, stood sloof in haughty. The accession of the near relation of one of those steady and inflexible opponents was considered as a means of bringing over more converts, and there fore Richard Waverley met with a share of minimeter that he had respectable talents for public business, and that importance. It was, however, discovered that he had respectable talents for public business, and the first admittance to the minister's leves being negotiated, his success became repid. Sir Everyto and the first admittance to the minister's leves being negotiated, his success became rapid. Sir Everand learned from the public News-letter, first, that Richard Waverley, Esquire, was returned for the ministerial borough of Barterfaith; next, that Rich-ard Waverley, Kaquire, had taken a distinguished part in the debate upon the Excise bill in the sup-port of government; and, lastly, that Richard Wa-verley, Esquire, had been honoured with a seat at one of thoses boards, where the pleasure of serving the country is combined with other important gratifica-tions, which, to render them the more acceptable occur regularly once a quarter.

tions, which, to render them the more acceptable occer regularly once a quarter. Although these events followed each other so close-ly that the sagacity of the editor of a modern news paper would have presaged the two last even while he announced the first, yet they came upon Sir Eve rard gradually, and drop by drop, as it were, distilled through the cool and procrastinating alembte of Dy-er's Weekly Letter.<sup>4</sup> For it may be observed in pase-ing, that instead of those mail-coaches, by means of which every mechanic at his six-penny club may mightly learn from twenty contadictory channels the yosterday's news of the capital, a weekly post brought, in those days, to Waverley-Homour, a Weekly pard's cruicely, his sister's, and that of his aged bat-ler, was regularly transferred from the Hall to the Rectory, from the Bectory to Squire Stubb's at the Grange, from the Squire to the Baronet's steward at his neat while house on the heath, from the steward to the bailift, and from him through a longe circle of honest dames and gaffers, by whose hard and horary hands it was generally worn to pieces in aboat a month after its arrivel.

This slow succession of intelligence was of son advantage to Richard Waverley in the case before a advantage to Richard Waverley in the case before us; for, had the sum total of his enormities reached the ears of Sir Everand at once, there can be no doult that the new commissioner would have had little reason to pique himself on the success of his politics. The Barronet, although the middet of human beings, was not without sensitive points in his character; his brother's conduct had wounded these deeply; the Waverley seate was fettered by no entail, (for it had never entered into the head of any of its former pos sensors, that some of their progeny could be guilty eff

• Where the Chevalier Skint George, or, as he was terms the Old Pretender, held his exited-court, as his stantion as pelled him to shift his place of residence. • Long the oracic of the country performer of the high T party. The ancient News-Letter was written in manuscript endied by clerks, who addreamed the copies to the subscript The politicitan by whom they were compiled to the subscript the politicitan by whom they were compiled to the subscript utiligence at Coffice bounce, and often pleaded for as addicting pravity, in consideration of the entra expense attached to a remaining case please of Bandwards event.

#### na IC

He examined the tree of his genealogy, which, em-agoned with many an emblematic mark of honour ad heroic achievement, hung upon the well-varnishand heroic achievement, hung upon the well-varnish-ed wainscot of his hall. The nearest descendants of Bir Hildebrand Waverley, failing those of his eldent as Wilfred, of whom Sir Everard and his brother were the only representatives, were, as this honoured register informed him, (and, indeed, as he himself well know,) the Waverleys of Highlay Park, com. Hisnis; with whom the main branch, or rather stock, of the house had renounced all connexion, since the sure level. at law-suit in 1679.

i the house had renounced all committee a farther of-mat law-suit in 1676. This degenerate scion had committed a farther of-mes against the head and source of their gentitity, whe intermarrings of their representative with Ju-ich, hereas of Oliver Bredshawe, of Highley Park, here arms, the same with those of Bredshawe the pixels, they had quartered with the sancient cost of averies. These offences, however, had vanished as Sir Evennd's secellection in the heat of his re-intenent; and had Lawyer Clippurse, for when his none was dispetchesi express, arrived but an hour a we estimment of the lordship and manor of Waves--Honour, with all its dependencies. But an hour each reflection is a great matter, when employed in making the comparative evil of two measures, to shar of which we are internally partial. Lawyer inspins the was too respectful to distarh, otherwise an by producing his paper and leathern mk-case, as papered to minute his homour's commands. Even is alkent manouver was embarraseing to Sir Evalight managerers was embarraseing to Sir Eve-, who felt it as a repreach to his indecision. He ad at the attorney with some desire to issue his t, when the sun, emerging from behind a cloud, med at once its chequered light through the stain-window of the gloomy cabinet in which they were which at once its chemical institution which they were maked. The Beromet's eye, as beraised it to the plendour, fail right upon the central acutcheon, im-seesed with the same device which his ancestor was mid to have borne in the field of Hastings; three mines passant, argent, in a field asure, which his a paperais motio, same lacks. "May our name rather work," exclaimed Sir Everard, "than that ancient and loyal symbol should be blended with the disho-leaved insignia of a traitorous Roundhead !" All this was the effect of the glimpes of a sumbam, at sufficient to light Lawyer Clippurse to mend his m. The pen was mended in vain. The attorney and issues on the first summons.

a apparison of Lawyer Clipperse at the Hall oc-need much speculation in that portion of the world hich Waverley-Houser formed the centre : but more judicious politicians of this microcosm an-ad yet wome consequences to Richard Waverley d yet worse consequences to Richard Waverley a movement which shortly followed his aposta This was no less than an excursion of the Baro na his ceach-and-six, with four attendants in lighting, to make a visit of some duration to a I not was no see that an extension of the page-ing his casch-and-ext, with four attendants in h leverise, to make a visit of some duration to a ble pear on the confines of the shire, of untainted creat, steady Tory principles, and the happy father in unmarried and accomplished daughters.

The second state second in this family was, as it by be samly conceived, sufficiently favourable; but the six young belies, his taste unfortunately deter-ned him in favour of Lady Karily, the younged. he received his attentions with an embarranment hich showed, at once, that she durat not decline ten, and that they afforded her any thing but ples

We have and could not but perceive something un-mmon in the restrained emotions which the young dy tastified at the advances he havarded; but, as-and by the prodent Counters that they were the na-mid effects of a returned education, the scendles might we been assurption, as deshifts has happened in

e specifice his he Dyur's Letter to the door of many similar instances, had it not been for the con-inchest), and if it had, the marriage of the propertor regp of an elder sister, who revealed to the wealthy ight have been fath to a collatoral hoir. These very suitor that Lady Emily's affections were fixed upon assidess floated through the brain of Sir Everard, athout, however, producing any determined con-Sir Everard manifested great emotion on receiving SUE Everand manifested great emotion on receiving this intelligence, which was confirmed to him, in a private interview, by the young lady herself, although under the most dreadful apprehensions of her father indignation.

indignation. Honour and generosity were heneditary attribute of the house of Waverley. With a grace and delice cy worthy the hero of a romance. Sir Everard with drew his chain to the hand of Lady Emily. He has even, before leaving Blandeville Castle, the address to extort from her father a consent to her union will the object of her choice. What arguments he used or this point cannot eractly be known, for Sir Everany was never supposed strong in the powers of persus ston; but the young officer, immediately after this transaction, rose in the army with a repidity far sur passing the usual pace of unpatronised professions merit, although to outward amogenance, that was a er this nesting the usual pace of unpatronised profession nesis, although, to outward appearance, that was

passing the usual page of unpaironised professional merit, although, to outward appearance, that was all he had to depend upon. The shock which Sir Everard encountered upon this occasion, although diminished by the conscious-ness of having acted virtuously and generously, had its effect upon his fature life. His resolution of many-riage had been adopted in a fit of indignation; the is-bour of courtship did not quite suit the dignified inde-lence of his habits; he had but just escaped the risk, of manyrying a woman who could never love him, and his pride could not be greatly fisitered by the termi-nation of his amour, even if his heart had not suffer-ed. The result of the whole matter was his return to Waverley-Honour without any transfer of his af-fections, notwithstanding the sights and languish-ments of the fair tell-tals, who had revealed, in mete-sisterly affection, the escret of Lady Emily's attach-ment, and in despite of the nods, winks, and inues-dess of the officious lady mother, and the grave calo-gians which the Earl pronounced successively on the prulence, and good sense, and admirable dispositions, of his first, second, third, fourth, and fifth daughters. The memory of his unsuccessful amour was with Sir Everard, as with many more of his temper, at once they proved asyncitys and indeget is becom arging The memory of his unsylccessful amount was with Sir Everard, as with many more of his temper, at once shy, proud, sensitive, and indolent, a beacon against exposing himself to similar mortification, pain, and fruitless exertion, for the time tr come. His contine-ed to live at Waverley-Honour in the style of an old English gentleman, of an ancient descent and opu-lent fortune. His sister, Miss Rachel Waverley, pro-sided at his table; and they became, by degrees, an old bachelor and an ancient maiden lady, the gentlest and kindest of the votaries of celibacy. The vehamence of Sir Everard's resentment against his brother was but abort-lived; yet his dislike to the Whig and the placeman, though unable to stimulate him to, resume any active measures predudicial to

Whig and the placeman, though unable to stimulate him to resume any active measures predudicial to Richard's interest, in the succession to the family es-tate, continued to maintain the coldness between them. Richard knew enough of the world, and ef his brother's temper, to believe that by any ill-consi-dered or precipitate advances on his part, he might turn passive dislike into a more active principle. It was accident, therefore, which at length occasioned a renewal of their intercourse. Richard had married a young woman of rank, by whose family interest and private fortune he hoped to advance his career. In her right, he became possessed of a manor of some value, at the distance of a few miles from Waverley-Honour. Honour.

Little Edward, the hero of our tale, then in his fifth year, was their only child. It chances that the im ant with its maid had strayed one morning to a mile's distance from the avenue of Brere-wood I mile's distance from the avenue of Brere-wood Lodgs, his father's seat. Their attention was attracted by a carriage drawn by six stately long-tailed black norses, and with as much carving and gilding as would have-done honour to my lord mayor's. It was waiting for the owner, whe was at a little distance inspecting the progress of a haif-built farm-house. I know not whether the boy's nurse had been a Welsh or a Scotch worsan, or in what manner he associated a shield amblemoned with three ensures with the idea

of personal property, but he no sconer beheld this cipline, occasionad such a relaxation of authority, the family emblem, than he stoutly determined on vindi-the youth was permitted, in a great measure, to learn cating his right to the splendid vehicle on which it as he pleased, what he pleased, and when he pleased, was displayed. The Baronet arrived while the boy's This slackness of rule might have been ruinous to a maid was in vain endcavouring to make him desist from his determination to appropriate the gilded coach and six. The reacontre was at a happy moment for Edward, as his uncle has been just even wistfully, with something of a feeling like envy, the chubby boys of the stout yooman whose mansion was buildboys of the stout yeoman whose mansion was build-ing by his direction. In the round-faced rosy cherub before him, bearing his eye and his name, and vindi-cating a hereditary title to his family, affection, and patronage, by means of a tie which Sir Everard held as sacred as either Garter or Blue-mantle, Providence seemed to have granted to him the very object best calculated to fill up the void in his hopes and affec-tions. Sir Everard returned to Waverley-Hall upon a led horse, which was kept in readiness for him, while the child and his attendant were sent home in the carriage to Bure-wood Lodes, with such a meathe carriage to Brere-wood Lodge, with such a mee-sage as opened to Richard Waverley a door of recon-

The characteristic of the second the second and opinions.

and opinions. Thus, by a sort of tacit compromise, little Edward was permitted to pass the greater part of the year at the Hall, and appeared to stand in the same intin.ate relation to both families, although their mutual inter-course was otherwise limited to formal messages, and more formal visits. The education of the youth was regulated alternately by the taste and opinions of his uncle and of his father. But more of this in a subse-ment charter. quent chapter.

#### CHAPTER III.

#### EDUCATION.

This education of our hero, Edward Waverley, was of a nature somewhat desultory. In infancy, his health suffered, or was supposed to suffer, (which is quite the same thing.) by the air of London. As soon, therefore, as official duties, attendance on Parliament, or the prosecution of any of his plans of interest or ambition, called his father to town, which was his neual residence for eight months in the year, Edward was transferred to Waverley-Honour, and experienced a total change of instructors and of lessons, as well as of residence. This might have been remedied, had his father placed him under the superintendence of a permanent tutor. But he considered that one of his docous would probably have been unacceptable at Waverley-Honour, and that such a selection as Sir Everard might have burdened him with a disagreeable immate, if not a political spy, in his family. Ha man of tasts and accompliahments, to bestow an hour or two on Edward's education while at Brere-wood Lodge, and left his uncle answerable for his improve-

Lodge, and left his uncle answerable for his improve-iment in literature while an inmate at the Hall. This was in some degree respectably provided for. forded him anuscement, the indulgence of his tutors Sir Everard's chaplain, an Oxonian, who had lost his was attended with evil consequences, which long followship for declining to take the oaths at the ac-cossion of George I., was not only an excellent clas-integer of an indulgent, and the recurring interregnum, dent, were so far from affording a remedy free from his dis-culture which Edward was entirely freed from his dis-ture although the transmission of dent and the recurring interregnum.

This slackness of rule might have been ruinous to a boy of slew understanding, who, feeling labour in the acquisition of knowledge, would have altogether neglected it, save for the command of a task-master and it might have proved equally dangerous to a youth whose animal spirits were more powerful than his imagination or his feelings, and whom the irre-sistible influence of Alma would have engaged in field-sports from norming till night. But the character of Edward Waverley was remote from either of these. Idward Waverley was remote from either of these. His powers of apprehension were so uncommonly quick, as almost to resemble intuition, and the chief care of his preceptor was to prevent him, as a sports-man would phrase it, from overrunning his rame, that is, from acquiring his knowledge in a slight, filmsy, and inadequate manner. And here the inflimsy, and inadequate manner. And here the in-structor had to combat another propensity too often united with brilliancy of fancy and vivacity of talent, —that indolence, namely, of disposition, which can only be stirred by some strong motive of gratification and which renounces study as soon as ourosity is gratified, the pleasure of conquering the first difficul-ties exhibited, and the novelty of pursuit at an end. Edward would throw himself with spirit upon any classical author of which his preceptor proposed the perusal, make himself matter of the style so far as to understand the story, and, if that pleased or interest-ed him, he finished the volume. But it was in vain to atternot fixing his attention on critical distinciona ed him, he finished the volume. But it was in vain to attempt fixing his attention on critical distinctions of philology, upon the difference of idiom, the beauty of islicitous expression, or the artificial combinations of syntax. "I can read and understand a Latin au-thor," said young Edward, with the self-confidence and resh reasoning of fifteen, " and Scaliger or Ben-ley could not do much more." Alsa: while he was thus permitted to read only for the gratification of his amusement, he foresaw not that he was losing for ever the comportunity of acquiring habits of firm and ever the opportunity of acquiring habits of firm and assiduous application, of gaining the art of controlling, directing, and concentrating the powers of his min

directing, and concentrating the powers of his mind for earnest investigation, —an art far more essential than even that intimate acquaintance with classical learning which is the primary object of study. I am aware I may be here reminded of the necessi-ty of rendering instruction agreeable to youth, and of Tasso's infusion of honey into the medicine prepared for a child; but an age in which children are taught the driest doctrines by the insinuating method of in-structive games, has little reason to dread the conse-quences of study being rendered to a serious or severa The history of England is now reduced to a game at cards, —the problems of mathematics to puzzles and riddles, —and the doctrines of arithmetic may, we are assured, be sufficiently acquired, by spending a few hours a week at a new and complicated edition of the Royal Game of the Goose. There wants but one Royal Game of the Goose. There wants but one step further, and the Creed and Ten Commandments may be taught in the same manner, without the ne-cessity of the grave face, deliberate tone of recital, and dervout attention, hinerto exacted from the well-go-verned childhood of this realm. It may, in the meantime, be subject of serious consideration, whether those who are accustomed only to acquire instruction those who are accustomed only to acquire instruction through the medium of amusement, may not be brought to reject that which approaches under the aspect of study; whether those who learn history by the cards, may not be led to prefer the means to the end; and whether, were we to teach religion in the way of sport, our pupils may not thereby be gradual-ly induced to make sport of their religion. To our young hero, who was permitted to seek his instruc-tion only according to the bent of his own mind, and who, of consequence, only sought it so long as it af-

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violence. The library at Waverley-Honom, a large ance he know little of what adds dignity to men, at Gothic room, with double arches and a gallery, con-qualifies him to support and adorn an elevated site tained such a miscellaneous and extensive collection of volumes as had been assembled together, during the course of two hundred years, by a family which deed have been of service, to prevent the dissipati-had been always wealthy, and inclined, of course, as of mind incidental to such a desultory course of res a mark of splendour, to furnish their shelves with the ing. But his mother died in the seventh year af current literature of the day, without much arcnuty, the reconstitution between the bothers, and Richs or nicety of discrimination. Throughout this ample Waverley himself, who, after this event, resided me current literature of the day, without much acrutuy, or nicety of discrimination. Throughout this ample realm Edward was permitted to roam at large. His tutor had his own studies; and church politics and controversial divinity, together with a love of learned ease, though they did not withdraw his attention at stated times from the progress of his patron's pre-semptive beir, induced him readily to grasp at any goology for not extending a strict and regulated sur-vey towards his general studies. Sir Everard had never been himself a student, and, like his aister, Miss Rachel Waverley, held the common doctrine, that islances is incompatible with reading of any kind, and that the mere track the alphabetical characters with the eyes, is in itself auseful and meritorious task, without scrupulously considering what ideas or doc-tiones they may happen to convey. With a desire of trines they may happen to convey. With a desire of trines they may happen to convey. With a desire of anusement, therefore, which better discipline might soon have converted into a thirst for knowledge, young Waverley drove through the sea of books, like a vessel without a pilot or a rudder. Nothing perhaps increases by indulgence more than a desultory habit of reading, especially under such opportunities of gra-tifying it. I believe one reason why such numerous matances of erudition occur among the lower ranks is, that, with the same powers of mind, the poor su-dent is limited to a narrow circle for indulging his persion for books, and must necessarily make him-self master of the few he possesses ere he can acquire more. Edward, on the contrary, like the epicure who more. Edward, on the contrary, like the epicure who only deigned to take a single morsel from the sunny only deigned to take a single morsel from the sunny side of a peach, read no volume a moment after it ceased to excite his curiceity or interest; and it no-ceased to excite his curiceity or interest; and it no-cease and the set of the set of the set of the set of the cease of the set of the set of the set of the set of the cease of the set of the set of the set of the set of the cease of the set of th

Ere he attained this indifference, however, he had aread, and stored in a memory of uncommon tenacity, much curious, though ill-arranged and miscellaneous information. In English literature he was master of Shakapeare and Milton, of our carlier dramatic authors, of many picturesque and interesting passages from our old historical chronicles, and was particularly well acquainted with Spenser, Drayton, and other poets, who have exercised themselves on romantic fiction, of all themes the most facing who have supurfail Who have exercised themselves on romantic fiction, of all themes the most fascinating to a youthful ima-gination, before the passions have roused themselves, and demand poetry of a more sentimental description. In this respect his acquaintance with Italian opened him yet a wider range. He had perused the numer-ous romantic poems, which, from the days of Pulci, have been a favourie exercise of the wits of Italy, and had sought gratification in the numerous collec-tions of nexelle which was bronght forth by the sentions of novelle, which were brought forth by the ge-name of that elegant though luxurious nation, in emu-lation of the Decameron. In classical literature, Waverley had made the usual progress, and read the usual authors; and the French had afforded him an almost exhaustless collection of memoirs, scarcely more faithful than romances, and of romances so well written as hardly to be distinguished from me-moirs. The splendid pages of Froissart, with his heart-stirring and eye-dazzling descriptions of war tions of novelle, which were brought forth by the geand of tournaments, were among his chief favourites; and from those of Brantome and De la Noue he learnand from those of Brantome and De la Noue he learn-d to compare the wild and loose, yet superstitious d to compare the wild and loose, yet superstitious d to compare the wild and loose, yet superstitious d to compare the wild and loose, yet superstitious d to compare the wild and loose, yet superstitious d to compare the moles of the League, with the stern, rigid, and sometimes turbulent disposition of the Hu-guenot party. The Spanish had contributed to his pleasure. Stock of chivalrous and romantic lore. The earlier iterature of the northern nations did not escape the study of one who read rather to awiken the imagina-rative old age. Yet even there his imagination, the rative old age. Yet even there his imagination, the rative old age. Yet even there his imagination, the rative old age. Yet even there his imagination, the roted minant faculty of is mind, was frequently dr-indominant faculty of sufficient and generally dr-cited. Family tradition and generalized history.

tion in society. The occasional attention of his parents might in-deed have been of service, to prevent the dissipation, of mind incidental to such a desultory course of read-ing. But his mother died in the seventh year after the reconciliation between the brothers, and Richard Waverley himself, who, after this event, resided more constantly in London, was too much interested in his own plane of wealth and ambition, to notice more respecting Edward, than that he was of a very bookish have discovered and analyzed his on's waking dreams, he would have formed a very different conclusion.

# · CHAPTER IV.

### GARTLE-BUILDO

CASTLE-BUILDING. I RAVE already hinted, that the dainty, suscemble, and fastidious to be acquired by a surfait of idle read-ing, had not only rendered our hero unfit for serious and sober study, but had even discussed him in some-degree with that in which he had hitherto indulged. He was in his surteenth year, when his habits of abstraction and love of solitude became so much marked, as to excite Sir Everard's affectionate ap-prehension. He tried to counterbalance these pro-pensities, by engraging his nephow in field-sports, which had been the chief pleasure of his own youth-ful days. But although Edward engry carried the gun for one season, yet when practice had given him some dexterity, the pastime ceased to allord hime amusement

In the succeeding spring, the perusal of old Isaac Walton's fascinating volume determined Edward to become "a brother of the angle." But of all diver-sions which ingenuity ever devised for the relief of idleness, fishing is the worst qualified to amuse a man who is a tonce indolent and impatient; and our hero's rod was speedily flung aside. Society and example, which, more than any other motives, master and sway the natural bent of our pussions, might have had their usual effect upon the youth'ul visionary. But the neighbourhood was thinly inhabited, and tha home-bred young squires whom it afforded, wore not of a class fit to form Edward's usual companions far less to excite him to emulation in the practice of those pastimes which composed the serious business of their lives. In the succeeding spring, the perusal of old Isaac

pasumes which composed the serious business of their lives. There were a few other youths of better education, and a more liberal character, but from their society also our hero was in some degree excluded. Sir Kye-rard had, upon the death of Queen Anne, resigned his seet in Parliament, and, as his age increased, and the number of his contemporarise diminished, had gradu-ally withdrawn himself from society; so that when, upon any particular occasion, Edward mingled with accomplished and well-educated young men of his own rank and expectations, he felt an inferiority in their company, not so much from deficiency of infor-mation, as from the want of the skill to command, and to arrange that which he possessed. A deep and increasing semability added to this dislike of society. The idea of having committed the slightest solecism in politeness, whether real or imaginary, was agony to him; for perhaps even guilt itself does not impose upon some minds so keen a sense of shame and re-morse, as a modest, senaitive, and inexperianced morse, as a modest, sensitive, and inexperianced, youth feels from the consciousness of having neglect-ed etiquette, or excited ridicule. Where we are not at youth teels from the consciousness of naving neglect-ed etiquetta, or excited ridicule. Where we are not at ease, we cannot be happy; and therefore it is not sur-prising; that Edward Waverley supposed that he dis-liked and was unfitted for society, merely because he had not yet acquired the habit of living in it with ease and comfort, and of reciprocally giving and receiving

Givery revenue of amber, which, itself a valuable betwee, usually includes flice, straws, and other fee; whereas these studies, being themselves very ignificant and training, do nevertheless serve to per-nate a serve these dest insignificant and trifing, do nevertheless serve to per-pistuate a great deal of what is rare and valuable in ancient manners, and to record many curious and minute facts which could have been preserved and conveyed through no other medium. If, therefore, Rdward Waveley yawned at imme over the dry de-duction of his line of ancestors, with their various in-termartiages, and inwardly deprecated the remore-less and protracted accuracy with which the worth-Sir Bverard rehearsed the various degrees of propin-gatify between the house of Waverley-Honour and the doughty harons, knights, and squires, to whom they stood allied; if (notwithstanding his obligations to the three emines passant) he sometimes cursed in the hore the interval spool anised; it (notwitakahang ins congrations to the three ermines gaseant) he somatimes cursed in his heart the jargon of heraldry, its griffins, its mold-warps, its wyverns, and its dragons, with all the bit-terness of Hotspur himself, there were momenta-when these communications interested his fancy and warded his attenti 5

teness of Fromper innered, users were incommended when these communications interested his fancy and rewarded his steamtion. The deeds of Wilbert of Waverley in the Holy Laud, his kong sheence and perilous adventures, his supposed death, and his return on the overning when the betrothed of his heavy had wedded the hero who had protected her from insult and oppression during his absence; the generosity with which the Crussder relinguished his channe, and sought in a neighbour-ing cloister that peace which pesseth not away; s--to these and similar tales he would hearken till his heart about and his eye glistened. Nor was he less af-ficted, when his aunt, Mrs. Rachel, nartated the suf-firings and fortinde of Lady Alice Waverley during the Great Civil War. The benevolent features of the waverable spinster kindled into more majestic expres-sion, as she told how Charles had, after the field of Worcester, found a day's refuge at Waverley-Honour, and how, when a troop of cavalry were approaching to search the mansion, Lady Alice dismissed her youngest son with a handful of domestics, charging them to make good with their lives an hour's diver-sion, that the king might have that space for escape "And, God help her," would Mrs. Rachel continue, firing her eyes upon the heroine's portrait as she spoke, "full dearly did she purchase the safety of her prince with the life of her darling child. They brought him here a prisoner, mortally wounded; and you may trace the drops of his blood from the great hall door along the little gallery, and up to the saloon, where they laid him down to die at his mother's feet. But there was comfort exchanged between them; for he knew, from the glance of his mother's eye, that the along the little gallery, and up to the seloon, where they laid him down to die at his mother's feet. But there was comfort exchanged between them; for he have, from the glance of his mother's eye, that the purpose of his desperate defence was attained. Ah! I remember," she continued, "I remember well to have seen one that knew and loved him. Miss Lucy St. Anbin lived and died a maid for his sake, though one of the most beautiful and wealthy matches in this country; all the world ran after her, but she world widows mourning all her life for poor William, for they were betrothed though not married, and died in —I cannot think of the date; but I remember, who were betrothed though not married, and died in herest is inking, and desired to be brought to Waverley-Honour once more, and visited all the places where abe had been with my grand-uncle, and caused the carpets to be raised that she might trace the impres-sion of his blood, and if tents could have washed it gut, it had not been there now; for there was not a dry gve in the house. You would have thought, Ed-wind, that the very trees mourned for her, for their even dropt around her without a gust of wind; and, maren again." From such lagends our hero would steal away to indelse the facture the received in the aconver we the

From such legends our hero would steal away to adulge the fancies they excited. In the corner of the

moily legend to this purpor uelonging to the data window. Ti e Germ to this perpensions, because we see fin, the preprinters of Hangh-hall, been told, the event is recorded an I & German' hallad of the Noble iar topic. But undoubtedly many in place, where, the distance being U U e, wi łr (

there and souther livery, why we other light fire was afforded by the decaying brands on its pondercus and ample hearth, he would enercise for hears that internal sortery, by which past or imaginary greats are presented in action, as it were, to the eye of the mustr. Then arose in long and fair array the splen-dour of the bridal feast at Waverley-Jastle; the tail and emaciated form of its real lord, as he stood in his illering under a transformed monitors of the drifting dour of the bridal feast at Waverley-Janke; the talk and emaciated form of its real lord, as he stood in his pilgrim's weeds, an unnoticed spectrator of the festivi-tices of his supposed heir and intended bride; the elec-trical shock occasioned by the discovery; the spring-ing of the vasuals to arms; the assoniahment of the bridegroom; the terror and confusion of the bride; the agony with which Wilhert observed, that her heart as well as consent was in these nupritals; the-air of dignity, yet of deep feeling, with which he finng down the half-drawn sword, and turned away for swer from the house of his anosators: Then would the change the scene, and fincty would at his wish represent Aunt Rachel's tragedy. He saw the Lady Waverley sented in her bower, her ear strained to swery sound, her heart throughing with double agony, now listening to the decaying echo of the bools of the bools of the remote skirmish. A distant sound is line's horse, and when that had died away, hearing in overy breaze that shock the trees of the park, the noise of the remote skirmish. A distant sound is line of the terms and shorts of men, with attragging pistol-shots between, rolling forwards to the hall. The lady starts up-a terrified menial rushes in-but why pursue such a description 1 As living in this ideal world became daily more de-lectable to our hero, interruption was disagreeable in proportion. The extensive domain that serrounder

As trying in this ideal world became daily more de-lectable to our hero, interruption was disagreeable in proportion. The extensive domain that serrounded the Hall, which, far exceeding the dimensions of a park, was usually termed Waverley-Chase, had or park, was usually termed Waverley-Chase, had or park, was usually termed waverley though brokes by extensive glades, in which the young deer were sporting, retained its pristine and savage character It was traversed by hond avernes in many wave sporting, retained its pristine and savage character. It was traversed by broad avenues, in many places of former days used to take their stand to see the stage coursed with greyhounds, or to gein an aim at him with the cross-bow. In one spot, distinguished by a moss-grown Gothic monument, which retained the name of Queen's Standing, Ekizabeth herself was said, to have pierced seven bucks with her own ar-rows. This was a very favourite haunt of Waverley. At other times, with his gun and his spaniel, which served as an apology to others, and with a book in his pocket, which perhaps served as an apology to him self, he used to pursue one of these long avenues, which, after an ascending sweep of four miles, gradually ally narrowed into a rude and contracted path through the cliffy and woody pass called Mirkwood Dingles, any parrowed into a rude and contracted path throug the cliffy and woody pass called Mirkwood Dingb and opened suddenly upon a deep, dark, and sma lake, named, from the same cause. Mirkwood-Mew There stood, in former times, a solitary tower upon rock almost surrounded by the water, which had as This should be the third of the solid of the solid of the sequence of the Strength of Waverley, because, in perilous times, it had often been the refuge of the family. There, in the wars of York and Lancaster, the last adherents of the Red Rose who dard to maintain her cause, carried on a harssing and produc-tory warfare, till the strong-hold was reduced by the celebrated Richard of Gloucester. Here, too, a party of cavaliers long maintained themselves under Naged Maverley, elder brother of that William whose face Aunt Rachel commemorated. Through these sceness it was that Edward loved to "chew the cud of super-culled and arranged, from the splendid yet useless and stored, visions as brilliant and as fading as those of an evening sky. The effect of this indulgence upon has temper and character will appear in the next chapter.

### CHAPTER V.

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Fson the minuteness with which I have to

swoidably communicated to his imagination, the reader may perhaps anticipate, in the following tale, an imitation of the romance of Cervanten. But he will do my prudence injustice in the supposition. My intention is not to follow the steps of that inimitable author, in describing such total perversion of intellect as misconstrues the objects actually presented to the ensee, but that more common aberration from sound udgment, which apprehends occurrences indeed in heir reality, but communicates to them a tincture of Letr reality, but communicates to them a througe of its own romantic tone and colouring. So far was Edward Waverley from expecting general sympathy with his own feelings, or concluding that the present state of things was calculated to exhibit the reality of those visions in which he loved to indulge, that he dreaded nothing more than the detection of such sen-iments as were dictated by his musings. He neither and nor wished to have a confident, with whom to communicate his reverse; and so eansible was he of the ridicule attached to them, that, had he been to obcose between any gunishment short of ignorminy, and the necessity of giving a cold and compased ac-count of the ideal world in which he lived the better part of his days, I think he would not have hesitated to prefer the former infliction. This servery became doubly precious, as he f.it in advancing life the influ-ences of the swakening passions. Female forms of empirist grace and beauty began to mingle in his men-tra adsentings are also factual life. The list of the beauties whe displayed their heldo-madal flowy at the parish chard of Waverley was mainther numerous nor select. By far the most passa-ble was Miss Sinsly, or, as he rather chose to be fould. Miss Cecilia Stubbe, daugther of Squire Stubbe with Grange. I know not whether it was by the immedia lips, does not always acclude mainty of tasts, that lips Cecilia more than once crossed Edward in his forourite walks through Waverley-Chase. He had not as yet assumed courage to accost her on these oo-caming, but the mesting was not without its effect. A zomantic lover is a strange idolater, who some is own romantic tone and colouring. So far was Bdward Waverley from expecting general sympathy

not as yet assumed courage to access her on these oc-casions; but the mesting was not without its effect. A zonantic lover is a strange idolater, who some-times cause not out of what log he frames the object of his advantien; at least if nature has given that ob-ject any passable proportion of personal charms, he can easily play the Jeweller and Dervise in the Ori-ental tale,<sup>6</sup> and supply her richly, out of the stores of his own imagination, with supersympt heauty, and

which that;" and suppy nor richly, out of the stores of his own imagination, with supernatural beauty, and all the properties of intellectual wealth. But ove the charms of Miss Cecilia Stabbe had exected her into a positive goddess, or elevated her at least to a level with the saint her namesha, Mirs. Rachel Waverley geined some intimation which deintrined her to prevent the approaching apotheosis. Even the most ample and unsuspicious of the female sex have (God bless them!) as instinctive sharpness ser have (Got bless them i) an memorivo marpuess of perception in such matters, which sometimes goes in length of observing pertialities that never existed, bat surely misses to detect such as pass actually under their observation. Mrs. Rachel applied herself with the surely misses that the suba Construction. Mrs. raiched applied nerseit with At prucinces, not to combat, but to chude, the ap-acting danger, and suggested to her brother the sensity that the heir of his house should see some-og more of the world than was consistent with meant residence at Waverley-Honour.

A was a little bookish, he admitted ; but youth, he Ways haved, was the season for learning, and, no starting the season for learning, and, no stally stocked with knowledge, his sephew would to field-gorts and country business. He had he had not sports then in and where he had not sport then in and where he had not sport. 5. Setshin, himself regretted that he had not spent a time in study during his youth : he would nei-have shot nor hunted with less skill, and he might made the roof of St. Supher's echo to longer has than were comprised in those zealous Noss, which, when a meanber of the House during Go-him's edministration, he encountered every mea-him's edministration, he encountered every mea-him's edministration. -

See Hoppner's tale of the Seven Lovers Vot. 11 -- D

RLEY. Aust Bachel's anniety, newswa, hast her address to carry her point. Every representative of their house had visuted foreign parts, or served his country in the army, before he settled for life at Waverley. Honour, and and appealed for the truth of her asser-tio. to the genealogical pedigree; an authority which Sir Everard was made to Mr. Richard Waverley, that a proposal was made to Mr. Richard Waverley, that his son should travel, under the direction of her pre-sent tutor, Mr. Pembroke, with a suitable allowance from the Baronet's liberality. The father himself asw no objection to this overture; but upon mentioning is casually at the table of the minister, the great map blocked grave. The reason was explained in private. The unhappy turn of Sir Everard's politica, the mix-nister observed, was such as would render it highly improper that a young suntheman of such hopedia pres-pects should travel on the Continent with a more doubtless of his uncle's choosing, and directing him occurse by his instructions. What might Mr. Edward Waverkey's society be at Paris, what at Rome, where all manner of marce were points for Mr. Richard Waverley to onsider. This be could himself asy, that he knew worky's ment, that if his son adopted the army for a form Flanders. A hint thus conveyed and enforced was not to be magneted with impunity; and Richard Waverley to promiser. And the turk and accepting the com-mission thus offered him for his son. The trath is, he calculated much, and ustly, upon Sir Everard's ford-ness for Edward, which made him unlikely to reseat any step that he might take in due submission to pa-rential authority. Two letters announced this detar-mination to the Baronet and his nephew. The latter barely communicated the fact, and pointed out the necessary proparation was more diffuse and circuitous. He coincided with him, in the most flattering man-ner, in the propriety of his on's seein a little more of the workin, and was even humble in expressions of protein de the his none diffuse and cincuito

of the word, and was even number in expressions or gratitude for his proceed assistance; was, however, deeply concerned that it was now, unfortunately, not in Edward's power exactly to comply with the plan which had been chalked out by his best friesd and benefactor. He himself had thought with psin on benefactor. He himself had thought with pain on the boy's mactivity, at an age when all his ancestors had borne arms; even Royalty itself had deigned to inquire whether young Waverley was not now in Flanders, at an age when his grandfather was already bleeding for his king in the Great Civil War. Thus was accompanied by an offer of a troop of house. What could he do? There was no time to consuls his brother's inclinations, even if he could have con-ceived there might be objections on his part to his nephew's following the giorious career of his presi-cessors. And, in short, that Edward was now (the intermediate steps of cornet and lieutemant being over-Represent and in short, that Edward was now (the intermediate steps of cornet and lieutenant being over least with great agility) Captain Waverley, of Gardi ner's regiment of dragoona, which he must join is their quarters at Dundes in Sootland, in the course of a month.

Sir Everard Waverley received this intimation with a mixture of feelings. At the period of the Hanove-rian succession he had withdrawn from Parliamene, and his conduct, in the memorable year 1715, had not and his conduct, in the memorable year 1715, had not been altogether unsuspected. There were reports of private masters of tenants and horses in Waverley. Chase by moonlight, and of cases of carbines and pistols purchased in Holland, and addressed to the Baronet, but intercepted by the vigilance of a riding officer of the excise, who was afterwards tossed in a blanket on a moonless night, by an association of stout yeomen, for his officionances. Nay, it was even said, that at the arrest of Sir William Wyndham, the leader of the Tory party, a lettor from Sir Everard was found in the pocket of his night-gown. But thore was no overt act which an attainder could be founded en, and covernment, contanted with suppressing the insurrection of 1718, fait it neither predent nor safe 13

**S** WAVE push their vengeance farther than against those un-fortunate gentlemen who actually took up arms. Nor did Sir Everard's apprehensions of personal consequences seem to correspond with the reports pread among his Whig neighbours. It was well known that he had supplied with money several of the distressed Northumbrians and Scotchmen, who, after being made prisoners at Preston in Lancashire, were imprisoned in Newgate and the Marshalses, and it was his solicitor and ordinary counsel who con-ducted the defence of some of these unfortunate gen-temen at their trial. It was generally supposed, however, that, had ministers possessed any real proof of Sir Everard's accession to the rebellion, he either would not have ventured thus to brave the existing government, or at least would not have done so with impunity. The feelings which then dictated his pro-ceedings, were those of a young man, and at an ag-taing period. Since that time, Sir Everard's isoob-isting period. Since that time, Sir Everard's isoob-isting period. Since that time, Sir Everard's isoob-sing hard been gradually decaying, like a fire which there on for want of fuel. His Tory and High-shurch principles were kept up by some coccasional services at elections and quarter-sessions; but those respecting heroditary right were fallen into a sort of absyance. Yet it jarred severely upon his feelings, that his nephew should go into the army under the Funswick dynasty; and the more so, as, independent of his high and conscientious idess of paternal autho-rity, it was impossible, or at least highly imprudent, to interfere authoritatively to prevent it. This sup-proceed to the account of an inceptient fit of gout, until, having sent for the Army List, the working Baronet consoled himself with reckoning the descendants of the houses of genuine loyalty, Mor-dunat, Granniller, and Stanleys, whose names were to be found in that military record; and, calling up all his feelings of family grandeur and warlike efory, be concluded, with logic something l That when war was at hand, although it were sname to be on any side but one, it were worse shame to be idle than to be on the worst side, though blacker than usurpation could make it. As for Aunt Rachel, her scheme had not exactly terminated according to her wishes, but she was under the necessity of submit-ting to circumstances; and her mortification was di-

wishes, but she was under the necessity of submit-ting to circumstances; and her mortification was di-verted by the employment she found in fitting out her nephew for the campaign, and greatly consoled by the prospect of beholding him biaze in complete uniform. Edward Waverley himself received with animated and undefined suprise this most unexpected intelli-gence. It was, as a fine old poem expresses it. "like a first to heather set." that covers a solitary hill with smoke, and illumines it at the same time with dusky fire. His tutor, or, I should say, Mr. Pembroke, for he scarce assumed the name of tutor, picked up about Edward's room some fragments of irregular verse, which he appeared to have composed under the influ-ence of the agitating feelings occasioned by this sud-den page being turned up to him in the book of life. The doctor, who was a believer in all postry which was composed by his friends, and written out in fair straight lines, with a capital at the beginning of each, communicated this trassure to Aunt Rachel, who with her spectacles dimmed with tears, transferred them to her common-place book, among choice re-tempt and jacobilical, which she had carolled in her younger days, from whence her nephew's poetical *tan-tamins* were extracted when the volume itself, with other authentic records of the Waverley family, were supposed to the inspection of the unworthy editor of this memorable history. If they afford the reader no higher amusement, they will serve, at least, better than surraive of any kind, to acquaint him with the wild and irregular spiri. of our hero :---

Late, when the Antumn evening fell (In Mirkwood-More's romanic dell, The lake return'd, in chasten'd gleam The purple cloud, the golden beam: Reforetoi in the crystal pool, Hendishi and bank lay fair and cool ; The weather timbed rock and tower, Each drooping troe, each fairy flower,

So ires, so soft, the mirner gave, As if there isy beneath the wave, Bourse from frouble, toil, and care, A world than earthly world more flar. But distant winds began to wake, And donu'd the Genjus of the Lake i lie hoard the tronning of the cak, And donu'd at ouce his suble cloak, As warnor, at the battle-cry, Investe him with his penoply: Then as the whirit wind bearer prese'd. He 'gan to shake his formy creat O'er furrow'd how and blacker'd check. And bode his surge in thunder speak. La wild and broken eddies whiri'd Flitted that food ideal w rid. And to the shore in thundit speak. The realms of farry blies were lost. They as the a stard delight and strange, I aw with a pirit-stirring change. As wart'd the wind with wave and wood. Upon the rain'd tower I stood. As with a pirit-stirring change. A wart'd the wind with wave and wood. Upon the rain'd tower I stood. As of fir my heart more strongly bound. Responsive to the lofty sound. While, joying in the mighty roor. I mourn'd that tranquil scene no more. Bo, on the idle drams of youth. Beaks the loud trumpet-call of truth, Bide each fair vision gens aver, Like landscepe on the lake thai lay, As fair, as flitting, and as fining. As flitting, and as fining. As that which fied the autamn gle-Per owe ded to fancy's tree Be each gay form that glidol by. While dreams of love and loafy'e changes ive pince to booner and to arms '

In sober prose, as perhaps these verses in timate less decidedly, the transient idee of Miss Cecilia Stubbs passed from Captain Waverley's heart amid the tur-moil which his new destinies excited. She appeared, indeed, in full splendour in her father's pew upon the Sunday when he attended service for the last time at the old parish church, upon which occasion, at the request of his uncle and Aunt Rachel, he was induced (nothing loth, if the truth must be told) to present himself in fall uniform.

himself in fall uniform. There is no better antidote against entertaining too high an opinion of others, than having an excellent one of ourselves at the very same time. Miss Stubbe had indeed summoned up every assistance which art could afford to beauty; but, alas! hoop, patches, friz-zled locks, and a new mantua of genuine French silk, were lost upon a young officer of dragoons, who wore, for the first time, his gold-laced hat, jack-boots, and breadsword. I know not whether, like the champion of an old ballad,

His heart was all on honour bent, He could not stoop to love; No lady in the land had power His frozen heart to move;

or whether the deep and flaming bars of embroidered gold, which now fenced his breast, defied the artillery of Cecilia's eyes; but every arrow was launched at him in vain.

Yet did I mark where Cupid's shaft did light; It lighted not on little western flower. But on hold yeoman, flower of all the west, Hight Jonas Calbertheid, the steward's son.

But on hold recease, flower of all the west, Hight Jonse Calberthold, the stoward's con. Craving pardon for my heroics, (which I am unable in certain cases to resist giving way to,) it is a melan-choly fact, that my history must here take leave of the fair Cecilia, who, like many a daughter of Eve, after the departure of Edward, and the dissipation of effe-tain idle visions which she had adopted, quietly con-tented herself with a *pis-aller*, and gave her hand, at the distance of six months, to the aloresaid Jonas, son of the Baronet's steward, and heir (no unfertile pros-pect) to a steward's fortune; besides the saug proba-bility of succeeding to his father's office. All there advantages moved Squire Stubbe, as much as the ruddy brow and manly form of the suitor influenced his daughter, to shate somewhat in the article of their scentry; and so the match was concluded. None seemed more gratified than Aunt Rachel, who had bitherto looked rather askance upon the presumptaous damsei, (as much so, peradventure, as her nature would permit.) but who, on the first appearance of the rector, the curate, the clerk, and the whole congrega-tion of the united parishes of Waverley cura

sarily arose iron the iterings, pictures, into prices, of the times. I do not invite my fair readers, whose sex and impatience give them the greatest right to complain of these circumstances, into a flying cha-riot drawn by hippogriffs, or moved by enchantment. Mine is an humble English post-chaise, drawn upon four wheels, and keeping his majesty's highway. Such as dislike the vehicle may leave it at the next halt, and wait for the conveyrance of Prince Hassein's taposity, or Malek the Weaver's flying sentry-box. Those who are contented to remain with me will be socaaionally apposed hils, sloughs, and other terrestrial retardstions; but, with tolerable horses and a civil driver, (as the advertisements have it.) I carage to get as soon as possible into a more pictureque and somantic country, if my passengers incline to have some patience with me during my first stages.\*

# CHAPTER VI.

### THE ADJEUS OF WAVERLEY.

THE ADIENTS OF WAVERLEY. It was upon the evening of this memorable Sunday that Six Everard entered the library, where he nar-rowly missed surprising our young hero as he went through the guards of the broadsword with the an-cient weapon of old Sir Hildebrand, which, being preserved as an heir-loom, usually hung over the chimney m the library, beneath a picture of the knight and his horse, where the features were almost entirely hidden by the knight's profusion of curled hair, and the Bucephalus which he bestrode concealed by the voluminous robes of the Bath with which he was decorated. Sir Everard entered, and after a glance at the picture and nother at his nephew, be-gan a little speech, which, however, soon dropt into the natural simplicity of his common manner, agi-tated upon the present occasion by no common feelinter upon the present occasion by no common feel-ing. "Nephew," he said ; and then, as mending his phrase, "My dear Edward, it is God's will, and also ing. "Nephew," he said ; and then, as mending his phrase, "My dear Edward, it is God's will, and also the will of your father, whom, under God, it is your duty to obey, that you should leave us to take up the profession of arms, in which so many of your ances-tors have been distinguished. I have made such ar-rangements as will enable you to take the field as their descendant, and as the probable beir of the house of Waverley; and, sir, in the field of battle you will remember what name you bear. And, Rdward, my dear boy, remember also that you are the last of that rhoe, and the only hope of its revival depends upon you; therefore, as far as duty and honour will per-mit, avoid danger-I man unneccessary danger-and you; therefore, as far as duty and honour will per-mit, avoid danger—I mean unnecessary danger—and keep no company with rakes, gamblers, and Whigs, of whom, it is to be feared, there are but too many in the service into which you are going. Your colonel, as I am informed, is an excellent man—for a Presby-terian; but you will remember your duty to God, the Church of England, and the"——(this breach ought to have been supplied, according to the rubrick, with the word king; but as, unfortunately, that word con-veyed a double and embarrassing sense, one meaning de facto, and the other de jure, the knight filled up the blank otherwise)—" the Church of England, and all constituted authorities." Then, not trusting him self with any further oratory, be carried his neobew self with any further oratory, he carried his nephew to his stables to see the horses destined for his campagen. Two were black, (the regimental colour,) su-perb chargers both; the other three were sout active hacks, designed for the road, or for his domestics, of whom two were to attend him from the Hall; an ad-

ese Introductory Chapters have been a good deal e a tedious and unnecessary. Yet there are circumstan id in them, which the author has not been able to p simulat to mannet or cannot. d as te

Sir Everard had done his best to correct this unat tural disposition of the times; for he had brightene the chain of attachment between the recruits an Ine chain of sitechment between the recruits and their young captain, not only by a copious repeat of beef and ale, by way of parting feast, but by such a pecuniary donation to each individual, as tended ra-ther to improve the conviviaity than the discipline of their march. After inspecting the cavalry, Sir Eve-rard again conducted his nephew to the library, where he produced a latter, carefully folded, surrounded by a little stripe of flox-aik, according to ancient form, and again with an eccurate impression of the Waa little stripe of flox-aik, according to ancient form, and sealed with an accurate impression of the Wa-verley cost-of-arms. It was addressed, with great formality, "To Cosmo Comyne Bradwardine, Esc. of Bradwardine, at his principal mansion of Tully-Veolan, in Pertheshire, North Britain. These-By the ha.ds of Captain Edward Waverley, nephew of Sir Evenard Waverley, of Waverley-Honour, Bart." The senilarman to whom this enormous greating

Sir Everard Waverley, of Waverley-Honour, Bart." The gentleman to whom this enormous greeting was addressed, of whom we shall have more to say in the sequel, had been in arms for the exiled family of Stewart in the year 1715, and was made prisoner at Preston in Lancashire. He was of a very ancient family, and somewhat embarrassed fortune; a scho-lar, according to the scholarship of Scotchmen, that is, his learning was more diffuse than accurate, and he was rather a reader than a grammarian. Of his zeal for the classic authors he is said to have given an uncommon instance. On the road between Pres-ton and London he made his secape from his guards; but being afterwards found loitering near the place where they had lodged the former night, he was re-cognised, and again arrested. His companions, and bet being atterwards tound toltering near the place where they had lodged the former night, he was re-cognised, and again arrested. His companions, and even his escort, were surprised at his infatuation, and could not help inquiring, why, being once at li-berty, he had not made the best of his way to a place of safety; to which he replied, that he had intended to do so, but, in good faith, he had returned to seek his Titus Livius, t which he had intended to do so, but, in good faith, he had returned to seek his Titus Livius, t which he had forgot in the hurry of his escape. The simplicity of this aneodots struck the gentleman, who, as we before observed, had managed the defence of some of those unfortunate persons, at the expense of Sir Everard, and perhaps some others of the party. He was, besides, himself a special admirer of the old Patavinian, and though probably his own zeal might not have carried him such extravagant lengths, even to recover the edition of Sweynheim and Pannariz, (supposed to be the princeps,) he did not the less estimate the devotion of the North Briton, and in consequence exerted him-self to so much purpose to remove and soften eviof the North Briton, and in consequence exerted him-self to so much purpose to remove and soften evi-dence, detect legal flaws, *et cetera*, that he accom-plished the final discharge and deliverance of Cosme Comyne Bradwardine from certain very awkward consequences of a plea before our sovereign lord the king in Westminater. The Baron of Bradwardine, for he was generally so called in Scotland, (although his intimates, from his place of residence, used to denominate him Tully-Veolan, or, more familiarly, Tully, ho sooner stood rectus in curia, than he posted down to pay his re-

<sup>4</sup> The attachment to this classic was, it is said, actually daplayed, in the manner mentioned in the taxt, by an unfortunable Jacobite in that unhappy period. He escaped from the juil is which he was confined for a hasty trial and the place in which he has been imprisoned as the harowed around give no necker reson than the hope of recovering his favourily the attacker was found to form has the simplicity of such a character was found to form he space in which he has been an entry of such a character was found to form he applicity for his guilt as a more that the simplicity of such a character was found to form he applety for his guilt as a more, and that an was conducated and cancely for his guilt as a more, and that an entry of such a character was found to form he applety for his guilt as a more.

his friendship with Sir Everard, notwithstanding the difference of their habits and studies in other parti-cellars; and, having spent several weeks at Waverley-Honour, the Baron departed with Lasny expressions of regard, warmly pressing the Baronet to return his visit, and partake of the diversion of grouse-shooting upon his moors in Perthabine next season. Shortly after, Mr. Bradwardine remitted from Scotland at sum in reimburgement of expenses incurred in the sum in reimburgement of expenses incurred in the sum in reimburgement of expenses incurred in the King's High Court of Westminster, which, although not quite so formidable when reduced to the English denomination, had, in its original form of Scotch pausda, shillings, and pence, such a formideble effect upon the frame of Dancan Macwheeble, the Isird's emaildential factor, baren-balle, and man of resource, that, he had a fit of the choics which lasted for five days, accasioned, he said, solely and uttarty by be-emaing the unhappy instrument of conveying such a serieus sum of money out of his native coustry into the hands of the false English. But patriotism, as it is the faiset, so it is often the most supprison mask we sands of the false English. But patriotism, as it is the faisest, so it is often the most suspicious mask of other feelings; and many who know Bailie Mac-whechle, concluded that his prefessions of regret were set altogether disinterested, and that he would have guidged the moneys paid to the *lease* at Westminster much less had they not come from Bradwastine es-tate, a fand which he considered as more particularly he ewa. But the Bailie protested he was absolutely disinterested—

#### "Wo, wo, for Scotland, not a whit for me!"

The laird was only rejoiced that his worthy friend, a Everard Waverley of Waverley-Honoar, was re-bursed of the expenditure which he had outlaid on ansumed of the house of Bradwardine. It concerned, session to the house of Bradwardine. It concerned, he said, the credit of his own family, and of the king-hese of Scotland at large, that these disbursements hould be repaid forthwith, and, if delayed, it would be a matter of national reproach. Sir Everard, security of the larger sums with indiffersees received the remittance of 2942.13s. 6d., without bung aware that the payment was an international bencern, and, indeed, would prohably have forgot the circumstance altogether, if Bailie Macwheeble had thought of comforting his cholic by intercepting the unbaidy. A yearly intercourse took place, of a short istter, and a namper or a cask or two, between Wa-werky-Honour and Tully-Veolan, the English exports community of mighty cheeses and mighter ale, pheas-ments, and venison, and the Scottiah returns being wased in grouse, white harps, pickled salmon, and respected in grouse, white harps, pickled salmon, and re-served, as pledges of constant friendship and amity between two important houses. It followed as a matter of course, that the heir-apparent of Waverley-Hamour could not with propriety visit Scotland with-ent bairs finnished with credentials to the Baron of Bradwardine. e, received the remittance of 2941. 13e. 6d., without radwardine.

When this matter was explained and settled, Mr. When this matter was explained and settled, Mr. Pembroke expressed his wish to take a private and particular leave of his dear pupil. The good man's exhertations to Edward to preserve an unblemished his and morals, to hold fast the principles of the Christian religion, and to eschew the profane com-pary of ecofiers and latitudinarian, too much abound-ing in the army, were not unmingled with his politi-ent preduces. It had pleased Heaven, he said, to phere Scotland (doubtless for the mis of their ance-two in 1642) in a more deplorable state of darkness these even this unbapty kingdon of England. Here, st least, although the candiestick of the Church of England had been in some degree removed from its piece, it yet afforded a glintmering light; there was a hisrarchy 'hough schiematical, and fallen from the principles maintained by those great fathers of the charch, Sancroff and his brethren ; there was a li-tempy, hough wofally perverted in some of the prin-cipal petitonar. But in Scotland it was utter darkness; and, ascepting a sorrowful, scattered, and persecated paranast, the pulpits were abandoned to Prebyterians, and, he leared, to sectaries of every description. It en this matter was explained and settled, Mr.

should be his duty to fortify his dues pupil to resist such unhallowed and permicious doctrines in church and state, as must necessarily be forced at times upon his unwilling cars.

and state, as must necessarily be forced at times upon his unwilling cars. Here he produced two immense folded packets, which appeared each to contain a whole ream of closely written manuscript. They had been the la-bour of the worthy man's whole life; and never were labour and zeal more absurdly wasted. He had at one time gone to London, with the intention of giving them to the world, by the medium of a bookseller in Little Britain, well known to deal in such commodi-ties, and to whom he was instructed to address him-self in a perticular phrase, and with a certain sign, which, it seems, passed at that time current among the initiated Jacobites. The moment Mr. Pembroke had attered the Shibbolets, with the approprizts ge-ture, the bibliogolist greeted him, motwithstanding every disclamation, by the tile of doctor, and convey-ing him into his back shop, after impecting every possible and impossible place of concessment, he commence: "En doctor - Well-al under the rease to rest of hide in. And, what-ah 1 any good neve four our friends over the water ?--and how does the wer-thy King of France ?-- Or perhaps you are more late--- what, cautious ? I like you the better; but no fear." - Went, cautious ? I like you the better; but no fear."

use cnurch must light its candle at the old lamp.—En —what, cautious ? I like you the better; but no fear." Here Mr. Pembrake with some difficulty stopt a torrent of interrogations, eked out with signs, nods, and winks; and having at length convinced the bookseller that he did him too much honour in sup-plosing him an emissary of exiled royalty, he ex-plained his actual business.

ained his actual business. The man of books with a much more composed the managements. The tipe planned his actual business. The man of books with a much more composed air proceeded to examine the manascripts. The title of the first was, "A Dissent from Descenters, or the Comprehension confuted; showing the Impossibility of any Composition between the Church and Puri-tans, Presbyterians, or Sectaries of any Description; illustrated from the Scriptures, the Fathers of the Church, and the soundest Controversial Divines." To this work the bookseller positively demured, the time had gone by. Printed on small-pics it would run to eight hundred pages, and could never pay, Begged therefore to be excused—Loved and honomed the true church from his soul, and, had it been a sermon on the martyrdom, or any twelve-penny touch-why I would venture something for the honour of the cloth—But come, let's see the othes. 'Right Hereditary righted ?—Ah! there's some sense in this. Hum-hum-pages so many, paper so-mach, letter-press—Ah.—Fill tell you, though, doctor, you must knock out some of the Latin and Greek parts the say manched we writer an explicited for the heavy, doctor, damn'd heavy — (beg your pardon)—and if you throw in a few grains more pepper—I an heavy that never menched we writer an explicited for heavy, doctor, damn'd heavy—(beg your pardon)—am if you throw in a few grains more pepper—I are is that never peached my author—I have published for Drake and Charlwood Lawton, and poor Amhaust-Ah, Caleb ! Caleb ! Well, it was a shame to let peos Caleb starve, and so many fat rectors and squire among us. I gave him a dinner once a-week; bu Lord love you, what's once a-week, when a man dee not know where to go the other six days ?--Well, he I must show the mannacript to little Tom Alila th solicitor, who manages all my law affairs—must heap on the windy side—the mob were very uncivit th last time I mounted in Old Palace Yard—ali Whig and Roundheads, every man of them, Williamites an Hanover rats."

\* Nichelas Amharst, a goted political writer, who conduct for many years a payer called the Craftanan, ander the amount name of Caleb D'Alvers. He was devoted to the Tory inlaws and seconded, with much ability, the stitutes of Tulmary Sir Robert Walpole. He died in 1748, neglected by his ge-patrons, and in the most misenble circumstances. "Anhurst survived the downfall of Walpole's power, a had reason to aspect a reward for his ishours. If we exar Bolingbroke, who had only neved the shipwreek of his fotune we shall be at a new to justify Painessy, whe couldwrith as have given this man a considerable income. The stunet of disard 1 He died, it is supposed, of a known heart; and we busied at the charge of his house prister, Richard Frankis (Lord Chesterfield' Character Basines, s. 6.) t of hi

The sust day He. Penaheoks upin called on the Misher, but found Tom Alibi's service had deter-ined him exainst and rtaking the work. "Not but mined has against and artisking the work. "Not but what I would go to -(what was I going to say 7) to the Plantations for the church with pleasure-but, dear doctor, I have a wife and family; but, to show any seal, I'll recommend the job to my neighbour Trimmel he is a bachelor, and leaving off business, as a worger in a western barge would not inconve-nience aim." But Mr. Trimmel was also obdurate. suence him." But Mr. Trimmel was also obdurate, and Mr. Pembroke, fortunately perchance for himself, was compelled to return to Waverley-Homour with his treatise in vindication of the real fundamental principles of church and state safely packed in his ĩ 441.

principles of, Chilf'Ch and state sates paraset in ma-saddle-bags. As the public wars thus likely to be deprived of the benefit arising from his lucubrations by the selfish gewardices of the trade, ML. Pembroke resolved to make two copies of these tremendous manuscripts for the use of his pupil. He felt that he had been indo-lent as a tutor, and, besides, his conscience checked him for complying with the request of Mr. Richard Wisverlay, that he would impress no sentiments upon Edward's mind inconsistant with the present settle-ment in church and state.—But now, thought ha, I forger under my tution, afford the youth the means of judging for himself, and have only to dread his re-prosches for so long concealing the light which the perusal will flash upon his mind.—While he thus indulged the reverse of an author and a politician, his daring proselyte, seeing nothing very inviting in the title of the tracts, and appalled by the bulk and com-tos corner of his travelling trunk.

to a corner of his transformer, quady consents them Aunt Rachel's farewell was brief and affection-ate. She only cautioned her dear Edward, whom she probably deemed somewhat susceptible, against the facinations of Scottish beauty. She allowed that the fascinations of Scottish beauty. Spe allowed that the borthern part of the island contained some ancient families, but they were all Whigs and Presbyterians except the Highlanders; and respecting them also must needs say, there could be no great delicacy among the ladies, where the genilemen's usual attire was, as she had been assured, to say the least, very singular, and not at all decorous. She concluded her farewell with a kind and moving banediction, and fare the young officer as a plotte of her rearrd a gave the young officer, as a pledge of hor regard, a valuable diamond ring, (often worn by the male sex at that time,) and a purse of broad gold pieces, which also were more common Sixty Years since than they e been of late.

# CHAPTER VII.

# LI-QUARTER IN SCOTLAND

The next morning, amid varied feelings, the chief of which was a predominant, anxious, and even so-ferm impression, that he was now in a great measure abandoned to his own guidance and direction. Edward Waverley departed from the Hall amid the blessings and tears of all the old domestics and the inhabitants of the village, mingled with some sly petitions for exjeantcies and corporal-ships, and so forth, on the part of shoes who professed that "they never those to soldiers, save to attend his honour, as in duty bound." Edward, as in duty bound, extincated himself from the supplicants with the pledge of fewer promises than might have been expected from a young maso fittle accustomed to the world. After a short visit to Bitle accustomed to the world. After a short visit to London, he proceeded on horseback, then the general mode of travelling, to Edinburgh, and from thence to Dandos, a seaport on the eastern coast of Angue-

Dandes, a sesport on the eastern coast of Angus-third, where his regiment was then quartered. He now entered upon a new world, where, for a time, all was beautiful because all was new. Colonel Gardinez, the commanding officer of the regiment, was himfel' a study for a romantic, and at the same time an inquisitive, youth. In person he was tall, insidering, and active, though somewhat advanced in tize. In his seriy years, he had been what is called, by manner of palliative, a very gay young maa, and

stange station were exceleted about his we version from doubt, if not infidelity, to a se en enthusiastic turn of mind. even enthuseastic turn of mind. It was wang that a supernatural communication, of a nature vious, even to the exterior senses, had produced wonderful change; and though some mentiones proselyte as an enthusiast, none hinted at his be hypocrite. This singular and mystical circumse gave Colonel Gerdinet a peculiar and solemn int in the syse of the young soldier.<sup>6</sup> It may be imagined that the officers of a regiment, comme has a market by a promoted a context.

imagined that the officers of a regiment, comment by so respectable a person, composed a society m sedate and orderly than a military mess always hibits; and that Waverley escaped some temptatis to which he might otherwise have been exposed. Meanwhile his military education proceeded. ready a good horseman, he was now initiated in the arts of the maners, which, when carried to p faction, almost realize the fable of the Centaux, guidance of the horse appearing to proceed from rider's mere volition, rather than from the use of a systemal and amagent sized of motion. He week external and apparent signal of motion. He rea also instructions in his field duty; but I must that where his first ardour was past, his prograshort in the latter particular of what he was expected. The duty of an officer, the most in of all others to the inexperienced mind, bega companied with so much outward pomp and circus stance, is in its essence a very dry and abstract ta depending chiefly upon arithmetical combination requiring much attantion, and a cool and reasons head to bring them into action. Our hero was hab to fits of absence, in which his blunders excited son mirth, and called down some reproof. This circus stance impressed him with a painful sense of inf riority in those qualities which appeared most deserve and obtain regard in his new profession. I asked himself in vain, why his sys could not jud of distance or space so well as those of his comp nuons; why his head was not always successful companied with so much outward pomp and cir

of distance or space so well as those of his compa-nions; why his head was not always successful as . I have now given in the text, the full mame of this reflact and scellent man, and proceed to cony the account of the re-markable conversion, as related by Dr. Doddridgs. "This memorable event," asys the picus writer, "happened wennig (and, if unistake not, it was the Sabath) in some gay company, and had an unkapp assignation with a married way broke up about eleven; and not judging it convenient to onthe indicate the middle of July, 1718. The major had spent the company, and had an unkapp assignation with a married way broke up about eleven; and not judging it convenient to onthe indicate the metapointed, he went into his chamber to kill the address how, which his good moties or aunt had, without his figure the time appointed, he went into his chamber to kill the indicate how, which his good moties or aunt had, without his way. But it ever accidentally happened, thut he fock as a fi-ing the black, which his good moties or aunt had, without his remember the tills eractly. The Christian Boldier, or Hexves might afford him some diversion, he resolved to dip into it, while this book was in his hand, an impression war reach graw the most inportant and happy consequences. How while the area call, which he as first imagined might happened that how the was in his hand, an impression war reach graw while the area call incomplete but lifting up ha erso, he do presended to his extreme anazement, list there was bolde the ford Jasua Christ mon the circle, surrounded or all attem with a first appoind in the circle, surrounded or all attem which for these and are 16 to vorce, but fills upon the book with a first the cander is but lifting up ha erso. He do presented to his extreme anazement, list there was bolden the Lord Jasua Christ mon the circle, surrounded or all attem with a first the cander is the worke, once, and the sur-many and happenition was certainly reach or heard and the experition aso of the sense to proces

ntangling the various partial movements need ary to execute a particular evolution ; and why his semory, so alert upon most occasions, did not cormodest, and therefore did not fall into the egregious mistake of supposing such minuter rules of military mistake of supposing such minuter rules of minutery duty beneath his notice, or conceiting himself to be born ageneral, because he made an indifferent subal-tern. The truth was, that the vague and unsatisfactory course of reading which he had pursued, working wpon a temper naturally retired and abstracted, had given him that wavering and unsettled habit of mind, which is most averse to study and riveted attention. which is most averse to study and riveted attention. Time, in the meanwhile, hung heavy on his hands. The gentry of the neighbourhood were disaffected, and showed little hospitality to the military guests; and the people of the town, chiefly engaged in mercantile pursuits, were not such as Waverley chose to asso-ciste with. The arrival of summer, and a curiosity to know something more of Scotland than he could see in a ride from his quarters, determined lim to re-olucit a flow weeks. He resolved quest leave of absence for a few weeks. He resolved first to visit his uncle's ancient friend and correspondand to visit in a unce s ancient inend and correspond-ent, with the purpose of extending or abortening the time of his residence according to circumstances. He travelled of course on horseback, and with a single standard, and passed his first night at a miserable inn, where the landlady had neither shoes nor stockinth, where the landlady had neutrer snoes nor stoca-ings, and the landlord, who called himself a gentle-man, was disposed to be rude to his guest, because he had not bespoke the pleasure of his society to supper. had not bespoke the pleasure of his society to supper." The next day, traversing an open and uninclosed country, Edward gradually approached the Highlands of Perthshire, which at first had appeared a blue out-line in the horizon, but now swelled into huge gigantic masses, which frowned defines over the more level country that lay beneath them. Near the bottom of this stupendous barrier, but still in the Lowland coun-try, dwelt Cosmo Comyne Bradwardine of Bradwar-dine; and, if gray-haired eld can be in aught believed, there had dwelt his ancestors, with all their heritage, since the days of the gracious King Duncan.

# CHAPTER VIII.

#### A SCOTTISH MANOR-HOUSE SIXTY YEARS SINCE.

A SOUTTION MANOR-HOUSE SIXTY YRARS SINCE. It was about noon when Captain Waverley entered the stragging village, or rather hamlet, of Tully-Ve-clan, close to which was situated the mansion of the proprietor. The houses seemed miserable in the ex-treme, especially to an eye accustomed to the smiling meatness of English cottages. They stood, without any respect for regularity, on each side of a stragging kind of unpaved atreet, where chikleren, almost in a primitive state of nakedness, lay sprawling, as if to be crushed by the hoofs of the first passing horse. Occasionally, indeed, when such a consummation seemed inevitable, a watchful old grandam, with her close cap, distaff, and spindle, rushed like a sybil in frenzy out of one of these miserable cells, dashed into the middle of the path, and snatching up her own charge from among the sun-burnt lotterers, saluted

charge from among the sun-burnt loiterers, saluted \* The courtery of an invitation to partake a traveller's meal, we as least that of being invited to ahars whatever liger ine sums are the sum of the sum of sum

- him with a sound call, and transported him back to is his dungeon, the little white headed variet screaming - all the while from the very top of his lungs, a shrilly all the while from the very top of his lungs, a shrilly treble to the growling remonstrances of the enraged matron. Another part in this concert was sustained by the increasent yeiping of a score of all useless curs, which followed, snarling, barking, howling, and snapping at the horses' heels; a uuisance at that time so common in Scotland, that a French tourise, who, like other travellers, longed to find a good and rational reason for every thing he saw, has recorded, as one of the memorabils of Caledonia, that the state maintained in section of the state o as one of the memorabilia of Caledonia, that the state maintained in each village a relay of curs, called col-fices, whose duty if was to chase the chercaux de posts (too starved and exhausted to move without such a stimulus) from one hamlet to another, till their an-noying convoy drove them to the end of their stage. The evil and remedy (such as it is) still exist: But this is remote from our present purpose, and is only thrown out for consideration of the collectors under Mr. Dent's dog-bill. As Waverley moved on, here and there an old men

Inis is remote from our present purpose, and is only thrown out for consideration of the collectors under Mr. Dent's dog-bill. As Waverley moved on, here and there an old man, bent as much by toil as years, his eyes bleared with age and smoke, tottered to the door of his hut, to gaze on the dross of the stranger, and the form and motions of the horses, and then assembled, with his neigh-bours, in a little group at the smithy, to discuss the probabilities of whence the stranger came, and where he might be going. Three or four village girls, re-turning from the well or brook with pitchers and pails upon their heads, formed more pleasing objects, and, with their thin short-gowns and single petti-coats bare arms, less, and feet, uncovered heads and braided hair, somewhat resembled Italian forms of landscape. Nor could a lover of the picturesque have challenged either the elegance of their costume, or the symmetry of their shape; although, to say the truth, a mere Englishman, in search of the com/orta-ble, a word peculiar to his native tongue, might have wished the clothes less scanty, the feet and legs some-what protected from the sun, or perhaps might even have thought the whole person and dress considera-bly improved, by a plentiful application of spring water, with a quantum sufficie of song. The whole scene was depressing; for it argued, at the first glance, at least a stagnation of industry, and perhaps of intellect. Even curiosity, the busiest pession of the idle, seemed of a listless cast in the village of Tully-Veelan: the curs aforesaid alone showed any part of its activity: with the villagers it was passive. They stood and gazed at the handsome young officer and his attendant, but without any of those quick motions and eager looks, that indicate the earnest-ness with which those who live in monotonous ease at home, look out for amusement abroad. Yet the physiognomy of the people, when more closely arness with which those who live in monotonous case at home, look out for amusement abroad. Yet the physiognomy of the people, when more closely az-amined, was far from exhibiting the indifference of stupidity; their features were rough, but remarkably intelligent; grave, but the very reverse of stupid; and from among the young women, an artist nught have chosen more than one model, whose features and form resembled those of Minerva. The children also, whose skins were burnt black, and whose hair was

Irequent companion, were comoting to depress the netural genius and acquired information of a hardy, intelligent, and reflecting peasantry. Some such thoughts crossed Waverley's mind as he paced his horse slowly through the rugged and finity street of Tully. Veolan, interrupted only in his meditations by the occasional caproles which his charger exhibited at the reiterated assaults of those canine Cossacks, the coltice before mentioned. The village was more than half a mile long, the cottages being irregularly divided from each other by gardens, or yards, as the inhabitants called them, of different sizes, where (for it is Sixty Years since) the now universal potatoe was unknown, but which were stored with groves of nettles, and exhibited here and there a huge hemlock, or the national thiste, ovar-shadowing a quarter of the petty enclosure. The broken ground on which the village was built had never been levelled; so that these enclosures present-ed declivities of every degree, here rising like terraces never been levelled; so that these enclosures present-ed declivities of every degree, here rising like terraces, there sinking like tan-pits. The dry-stone walls which fenced, or seemed to fence, (for they were sorely breached.) these hanging gardens of Tully-Veolan, were intersected by a narrow lane leading to the com-mon field, where the joint labour of the villagers cul-tivated alternate ridges and patches of rye, oats, bar-ley, and pease, each of such minute extent, that at a little distance the unprofitable variety of the surface voured instances, there appeared behind the cottages a miserable wigwarh, compiled of earth, lose stones, and turk, where the wealthy might perhaps shelter a

a miserable wigwarh, compiled of earth, loose stones, and turf, where the wealthy might perhaps shelter a starved cow or sorely galled horse. But almost every hut was fenced in front by a huge black stack of turf on one side of the door, while on the other the family dunghil ascended in noble emulation. About a bowshot from the end of the village ap-yeared the enclosures, proudly denominated the Parks of Tully-Veolan, being certain square fields, surround-ed and divided by stone walls five feet in height. In the control of the exterior heriter was the uncer cate

ed and divided by stone walls five foet in height. In the centre of the exterior barrier was the upper gate of the avenue, opening under an archway, battlement-ed on the top, and adorned with two large weather-steaten mutilated meases of upright stone, which, if the tradition of the hamlet could be trusted, had once represented, at least had been once designed to repre-sent, two rampent Bears, the supporters of the family of Bradwardine. This avenue was straight, and of moderate length, running between a double row of wery ancient horse-chestnuts, planted alternately with sycamores, which rose to such huge height, and flou-rished so luxuriantly, that their boughs completely over-arched the broad road beneath. Beyond these wenerable ranks, and running parallel to them, were two high walls, of apparently the like antiquity, over-grown with ivy, honey-suckle, and other climbing plants. The avenue seemed very little trodden, and chieffy by foot-passengers; so that being very broad, and enjoying a constant shade, it was clothed with grass of a deep and rich verdure, excepting where a foot-path, worm by occasional passengers, tracked with a natural sweep the way from the upper to the lower gate. This nether portal, like the former, opened in front of a wall ornamented with some rude sculp-ture, with battlements on the top, over which were the centre of the exterior barrier was the upper gate In front of a wall ornamented with some rude scup-ture, with battlements on the top, over which were seen, half-hidden by the trees of the avenue, the high steep roofs and narrow gables of the mansion, with lince indented into steps, and corners decorated with small turrets. One of the folding leaves of the lower gate was open, and as the sum shone full into the court behind, a long line of brilliancy was flung upon the aperture up the dark and gloomy avenue. It was one of these affects which a nainter lowes to reprethe aperture up the dark and gloomy avenue. It was "the one of those effects which a painter loves to ropre-those after the set of the struggling light which found its way between the boughs of the shady arch that valled the broad green alley. Keith, The solitude and ropose of the whole scene seemed almost monastic; and Waverley, who had given his bores to his servant on entering the first gate, walked slowly down the avenue, enjoying the grateful and above.

**CRAP. IX.]** WAVERLEY. **Solution** visit from the Caterans of the neighbouring High-lands. Stables and other offices occupied another side of the equare. The former were low vaults, with narrow slits instead of windows, resembling, as Ed-ward's groom observed, "rather a prison for mur-derers, and larceners, and such like as are tried at 'sizes, than a place for any Christian cattle." Above these dangeon-boking stables were granaries, called girnels, and other offices, to which there was acceas by outside stairs of heavy masonry. Two battle-mented walls, one of which faced the avenue, and the other divided the court from the garden, completed the encloaure. the enclosure

the enclosure. Nor was the court without its ornaments. In one corner was a tun-bellied pigeon-house, of great size and rotundity, resembling in figure and proportion the curious edifice called Arthur's Oven, which would have turned the brains of all the antiqueries in **Eng**-land, had not the worthy proprietor pulled it down for the purpose of mending a neighbouring dam-dyks. This dovecot, or columbarium, as the owner called it, was no small resource to a Scottish laird of that period whose scanty rents were aded out by the scatter and the downer called it.

I has doveco, or cottimearium, as the owner called it, was no small resource to a Scottish laird of that period, whose scanty rents were eked out by the con-tributions levied upon the farms by these light fora-gers, and the conscriptions exacted from the latter for the benefit of the table. " Another corner of the court displayed a fountain, where a huge beer, carved in stone, predominated over a large stone-basin, into which he discorged the water. This work of art was the wonder of the country ten miles round. It must not be forgotten, that all sorts of bears, small and large, demi or in full proportion, were carved over the windows, upon the ends of the gables, terminated the spouts, and sup-ported the turrets, with the ancient family motio, "Schart the Sist," cut under each hyperborean form. The court was spacious, well paved, and perfactly clean, there being probably another entrance behind the stables for removing the litter. Every thing around appeared solitary, and would have been sileat, but for the continued plashing of the fountain; and the whole sceme still maintained the monastic illusion which the fancy of Waverley had conjured up.---And here we beg permission to close a chapter of still life.\*

#### CHAPTER IX.

#### MORE OF THE MANOR-HOUSE AND ITS ENVIRONS.

Arrza having satisfied his curiosity by gazing around him for a few minutes, Waverley applied himself to the massive knocker of the hall-door, the architrave of which bore the date 1594. But no an swer was returned, though the peal resounded through a number of apartments, and was echoed from tha

\* There is no partitients, and was ecnoed notif the \* There is no particular mansion described under the name of Tully-Veolan; but the peculiarities of the description occur m variens old Scottish Scots. The House of Warrender upon Burntsfield Links, and that of Old Ravelston, belonging, the former to Sir George Warrender, the latter to Sir Alexander Keith, have both contributed several bints to the description in the lost. The House of Dean, near Edinburgh, has also sum points of resemblance with Tully-Veolan. The, author sing blowers been informed, that the House of Grandthily leaser-bles that of the Baron of Bradwardine still more than any of the abova.

which had therming answeren the distant vinage cue, which had retired to sleep upon their respective dung-liks. Thread of the din which he created, and the un-wofitable responses which it excited, Waverley began to think that he had reached the castle of Orgoglio, as entered by the victorious Prince Arthur, Ailla.

There reign d a scheme silence over all, even "There reign d a scheme silence over all, "There reign d a scheme silence over all, "The veloc was beard, are wight use seen in bower so hall. "Filled almost with expectation of beholding some "eld, old man, with beard as white as snow," whom as might question concerning this deserted mansion. ... Sur here turned to a little oaken wicket-door, well cleached with iron nails, which opened in the court-yard wall at its angle with the hrouse. It was only "stohed, notwithstanding its fortified appearance, and, when opened, admitted him into the garden, which presented a pleasant scene." The southern side of the house, clothed with fruit-trees, and having many everygreens trained upon its walls, extended its irre-gular yet veserable front, slong a terrace, party paved wartly gravelled, partly bordered with flowers and shoice shrube. This elevation descended by three several fights of steps, placed in its centre and at the extremitios, into what might be called the garden proper, and was fenced along the top by a sione para-pet with huge grotesque figures of animals set-ed upon their haunches, among which the favourite bear was repeatedly introduced. Placed in the raid-die of the terrace, between a sashed-door opening from the house and the central fight of steps, slace ani-mal of the same species supported on his head and fore-paws a sun-dial of large circumference, inscribed with more diagrams than Edward's mathematice enabled him to descipher. "T. garden, which seemed to be kept with great accorracy, abounded in fruit-trees, and exhibited a

fore-paws a sun-dial of large circumference, inscribed with more diagrams than Edward's mathematics emabled him to decipher. The garden, which seemed to be kept with great accoracy, abconded in fruit-trees, and exhibited a profusion of howers and evergreens, cut into grotesque forms. It was laid out in terraces, which descended much by rank from the western wall to a large brock, which had a tranquil and smooth appearance, where it served as a boundary to the garden; but, near the sattemity, leapt in tumult over a strong dam, or wear-head, the cause of its temporary tranquillity, and there formine a cascade, was overlooked by an octangular summer-house, with a gilded bear on the top by way of rand. After this feat, the brock, assuming its na-qual and stores of a strong dram, or wear-formine a cascade, was overlooked by an octangular summer-house, with a gilded bear on the top by way of rand. After this feat, the brock, assuming its na-quard argid and fieres character, escaped from the eye form a deep and wooded dell, from the copse of which arose a massive, but ruinous tower, the former habi-stion of the Barons of Bradwardine. The margin of the brook, opposite to the gurden, displayed a uar-row meadow, or haugh, ss it was called, which formed gesmall washing-steen; the bank, which retired be-bind it, was covered by ancient trees. The scene, though pleasing, was not quite equal to the grant afforesit two bar-legged damsels, each standing in a spacious tub, performed with their feet the office of a patent washing-machine. These did up however, like the maidens of Armida, remain to great with their harmony the approaching guest, but, alarmed at the appearance of a handeome stranger on the esposite side, dropped their gamments (I abeuld say, garment, to be quite correct) over their limbs, which their occupation exposed somewhat too freely, and, with a shrill exclamation of "Eth, sirs!" uitered with an accent between modesty and coquetry, sprung eff like deer in different directions. Waverley began to despair

At Revolution may be seen such a garden, which the task We proprietor, the author's friend and kineman, Bir Alexan Kella, Knight Marsochal, has jadiciously processived. Tha well as the house, is, however, cf enabler dimensions the Barge of Studiensister schafes and garden ary present Alexan 1. That was than

WAVERLEY. We will a similar of the provided and the provided and the sense in order to meast himse think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio think that he had reached the castle of Orgonio the sum as the loady it formagh the beast to sail. Filed almost with expectation of beholding some remethed with iron nails, which opened in the court-remethed with iron nails, which opened in the court-remethed a pleasant scenes. The southern side of the opened, admitted him into the graden, which he opened, admitted him into the graden, which the opened is pleasent scenes. The southern side of the opened is of steps, placed in its order and at the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites, into what might be called the graden the termites of steps, placed in ithe sout

• False love, and hast thou play'd and it in furmer among the flowers? . I will repet they back again In winter, among the showers. Unless gain, again, wy love, Unless gain, again, wy love, Unless for the other main of the shower As you with other main. If smile on other man.

Here lifting up his eyes, which had hithere been fixed in observing how his feet kept time to the tune, he beheld Waverley, and instanily doff d his cap, with many grotespue signals of supprise, respect, and salutation. Edward, though with little hope of resalutation. Leaward, though with little hope of the ceiving an answer to any constant queetion, repuet ed to know whether Mr. Bradwardine were st home Jr where he could find any of the domestics. The questioned party replied—and, like the witch of The laba, "still his speech was song,"—

The Knight a to the momental His burge to wind : The Lady to Dreenwood Her garant to bind. The bower of Berd Elea. Has moso on the downia Be silent and serve.

That the step of Lord William Be silent and serve. This conveyed no information, and Edward, re-peating his queries, received a rapid answer, in which from the haste and peculiarity of the dialect, the word "butler" was alone intelligible. Waverley then we quested to see the butler; upon which the fellow, with a knowing look and nod of intelligence, made a signal to Edward to follow, and began to dance and caper down the alley up which he had made his ap-proaches.—A strange guide this, thought Edward, and not much unlike one of Shakspeare's roynish clowns. I am not over prudent to truet to his pilot-age; but wiser men have been led by fools.—Fy this time he reached the bottom of the alley, where, tur-ing short on a little parterre of flowers, shrouded from the east and north by a close yew bedge, he found an old man at work without his coat, whose spearance former; his red nose and ruffied ahirt belonging to the former profession; his hale and sun-bunt visuga. Old Adam's liteness, set to drass this gatten...

Old Adam's likeness, set to drass this gard

The major domo, for such he was, and indiportably the second officer of state in the barony, (nay, and chief minister of the interior, superior even to Barban Macwheeble, in his own department of the kitchen \* This is a genu unt fram

the under these tail denve his op a cost in haste, and with a wreat and a stranger while he was engage **12**3 - Ché ti bia cos the sard's suide, pre borious, and, as he might suppose it, degrading requested to know the gentiousur's commands. informed that he wished to pay his respects to user, that his name was Waverley, and so forth man's constants. rand that he wished to pay his respects to Tully Volan; that his name was Waverley, and so forth, cheers were gr n's countenance assumed a great doni of respectable so importance. "He could take it upon his capable of sud it a say his honeur would be assumed to be added and the second take the say his honeur would be assumed to be added to be added and the say the say here and the say here and the say here and the say here a informed that he wi aful importance. "He could take it upon his capable or se-cance to say, his honour would have exceeding that the shour re in seeing him. Would not Mr. Weverley's pplause, and a some refreshment after his journey? His breins had c r was with the folk who were esting doon the even these, is are was with the folk who were getting doon the has; the twa gardeser lads (an emphasis on the d toos) had been ordered to attend him; and he been just annuing himself in the mean time with sing Miss Rose's flower-bed, that he might be r to receive his honour's orders, if need were : he very flow of a garden, but had bitle time for such risements.

le cana get it wrought in abune twa days in wesk at no rate whatever," said Edward's fan-conductor.

and conductor. A grain facts from the bother chestised his interfo-ros, and he commanded him, by the name of Davie during, in a some which admitted no discussion, to the fee has because at the dark has, and well him there is a gentleman from the south had arrived at the

# n fhis peer fillow deliver a letter 🕈 ashed Kil

With all fiddity, six, to any one when he respects, with all fiddity, six, to any one when he respects, suth—though he is more knews than fool." average delivered his credentials to Bir. Gellatley, seemed to confirm the buffer's last observation, wisting his features at him, when he was look-mather way, into the resemblance of the proteque on the bole of a German tobacco-pipe; after h, with an ode cough to Wavenky, he danced of scharge his erand.

He is an imposent, sir," said the buffer; "there are anch in almost every town in the country, but is is brought far ben. He mad to work a day's a weed encedy; but he behead Miss Rose when she s flownit with the Laird of Killancureit's new Kng-ball and size that size are said him There as fismit with the Land of Killancureit's new Eng-is sull, and since that time we ca' him Davie Do-file; indeed we might ca' him Davie Do-naething, a since he got that gay clothing, to please his ho-we and my young mittrees, (great folks will have surfancies,) be has done naething but dance up and we about the *toun*, without doing a single turn, filese trimming the laind's fishing wand, or busking a files, or may be catching a dish of trouts at an ra-time. But here comes Miss Rose, who I take when upon me for her, will be especial glad to see so of the bouse of Waverley at her father's mansion Tuity-Veolan.

Tully-Veolan." But Rose Bradwardine deserves better of her un-orthy historian, than to be introduced at the end of

a chapter. In the meanwhile it may be noticed, that Waverley learned two things from this colloquy; that in Scot-land a single house was called a town, and a natural fool an *innocent.*\*

### CHAPTER X.

#### BORB BRADWARDING AND REE FATHER.

BRADWARDINE was but seventeen; yet, st races of the county town of -

#### mo was Diskis 7 1011

m subsisted till late in the is merved the drass of one of the merved with many bells. It f the jasters, ve It is not abo ay bells. in a chara rank in S on, till the carries

Laird of Business d by his croupier of th ne to th e picige in a pi but, ere pouring torth ( divinity n it w e of mich inuse, and that oso, fallen sa 17 4 and weitering -1 -1 -1 uttered divers i 8. ent to f

. ich anan but by acknowl ed it, but els not only dee more rational persons t could have m Le She we the Scote h a hair of pel own mountain pediad or pend ia ita i ve cart e as well as her temper, he complexion, though not fin mid. w transperent, and the sligh under the common size, was re her motions light, easy, and came from another part of ey, and se er pert came from another part of Captain Waverley, with a n tween bashfulness and court int of 4

erned from t The first greetings past, Edwar that the dark hag, which had son inanii 4 in the bytler's account, of his may had nothing to do either with a black 4.00<sup>4</sup>8 9 stick, but was simply a portion of o was to be felled that day. The offered k ç succe, but was empiry a portion of our come wards was to be felled that day. Muc offered, with efficient civrinty, to show the stranger the way to the epot, which, it ecome, was not far distant; but they were prevented by the appearance of the Bauss of Brad-wardine in person, who, summoad by David Gellet-ley, now appeared, "on haspitable thoughts intent," clearing the ground at a prodigious rate with swift and long strides, which reminded Waverley of the seven-longue boots of the nursery fitchs. He was a tall, thin, athletic figure, old indeet and gray-haired, but with every macke rendered as tough as winp-cord by comstant exercise. He was a reason candened, but with every macke rendered as tough as winp-cord by constant exercise. He was a reason candened, but with every macke rendered as tough as winp-cord by constant exercise. He was a reason candened, but with every macke rendered as tough as winp-cord by constant exercise. He was a forguidance of the period, while, from his hard features and perpen-diceler rigidity of stature, he bare some resemblance time at Paris, and caught the ceasume, but not the case or mamor, of its inhabitants. The truth was, his external appearance.

that his insuage and habits were as heterogeneous as his external appearance. Owing to his natural disposition to study, or per-haps to a very general Scottish fashion of giving young men of rank a legal education, he had been bred with a view to the bar. But the politics of his family precluding the hope of his rising in that pre-fession. Mr. Bradwardine travelled with high repufamily processing and the travelled with high repu-tation for several years, and made some campaigns in foreign service. After his domelies with the law of high treason in 1715, he had lived in retinement, con-versing almost entirely with those of his own princi-ples in the vicinage. The pedantry of the lawyer, superinduced upon the military price of the soldier, when induced upon the mining price of the solution with remind a modern of the days of the solution velanteer service, when the bar-gown of our pleaders was often flumg over a blazing uniform. To this must be added the projections of ancient birth and Jacobias policies, greatly strengthened by habits of softeny and socluded anthority, which, then as a soften y within the bounds of his half-outlivest strike, was there indisputable and undisputed. For, as he used up observe. The leads of Encircular, Tury Testan, " the lands of Br 1 into 6 ... 

habandi curias at justicias, can faces at furds (un the great dining parlow, wainscotted with black can, part and gallows) at sake at each, at the at these, at in-hatbarand." The peculiar meaning of all these-caba-listical words, few or none could explain; but they im-plied, upon the whole, that the Baron of Bradwardine might, in case of delinquency, imprison, try, and ex-ecute his vassels at his pleasure. Like James the First, however, the present possessor of this authority was more pleased in talking about nerrorative than in

plied, upon the whole, that the Baron of Bradwardine mucht, in case of delinquency, imprison, try, and ex-coute his vassals at his pleasure. Like James the First, however, the present possessor of this authority was more pleasavil in talking about prevorsive than in exercising it; and excepting that he imprisoned two poschers in the dangeon of the old tower of Tully-Veolan, where they were sorely firstneed by ghosts, and almost eaten by rats, and that he set an old wo-man in the jouge (or Scottish pillory) for saving "there were mair fules in the laird's he' house than Davie Gellatley," I do not learn that he was accused of abusing his high powers. Still, however, the con-scious pride of possessing them gave additional im-portance to his language and deportment. At his first address to Wayerley, it would seem that the hearty pleasure he felt to behold the nephew of his friend had somewhat discomposed the stiff and upright dignity of the Baron of Bradwardine's de-meanour, for the tears stood in the old genileman's de-meanour, for the tears stood in the old genileman's de-meanour, for the tears stood in the old genileman's de-mantity of Scotch snuff which his scoolade commu-incated, called corresponding drops of moisture to the syse when, having first shakene Edward heartily by the hand in the Knglish fashion, he embraced him nicated, called corresponding drops of moisture to the syse of his guest. "Upon the honour of a gentleman," he said, "but it makes me young again to see you here, Mr. Wa-verkey 1 A worthy scion of the old stock of Waverley-Honour-epse altera, as Maro hath it-and you have the look of the old line. Captain Waverley, not so perily yet as my old firend Sir Everand-mais celos of more sace le tens, as my Dutch acquart each see on sours. -And so ye have mounted the cockade 7 Right, right; though I could have wished the colour different, and so I would ha' deemed might. Sir Eve-rand the fair Mrs. Rachel 1--Ah, yelangh, young man I in toot hew was the fair Mrs. Rachel in the year of gene

Waverley-Honour-I say opule rather than prandi-sum, because the latter phrase is popular; Epules ad senatum, prondium pero ad populum attinat, says Sustonius Tranquillus. But I trust ye will applaud my Bourdeaux; dest des deux oreilles, as Captain yinseuf used to any-Vinum prime sole, the Princi-pal of St. Andrews denominated it. And, once more, Captain Waverley, right glad am I that ye are here to drink the best my cellar can make forthcoming." This speech, with the necessary interjectional an-swers, continued from the lower alley where they met, up to the door of the house, where four or five servants in old-fashioned liveries, headed by Alexan-der Saunderson, the buffer, who now bore no token of the sable stains of the garden, received them in grand costums,

arand costume

In an old hall hung round with pikes and with bows, With old bucklers and comiets that had borne man

With much coremony, and still more real kind he Baron, without stopping in any intermo partment, conducted his guest through several list ral into

and an old-fashioned beautet displayed all the ancient and main and the second beautet displayed all the ancient and main wheard at the head of the avenue; for an old man, who acted as porter upon gala days, had caucht the alarm given by Waverley's arrival, and, repainag to his post, announced the arrival of other guests. These, as the Baron assured his young friend, were very estimable persons. "There was the young Laird of Balmawhapple, a Falconer by surname, of the bordse of Glenfarquhar, given right much to field-oports-*guedet* equits et canibus—but a very discreter young gentleman. Then there was the Laird of Kil-lancurcit, who had devoted his leisure untill tillage of a bull of matchless merit, brought from the county of Dovon (the Damnonia of the Romans, if we can tract Robert of Cirencester). He is, as you may well suppose from such a tendency, but of yooman ex-between ourselves, his grandsire was from the wrong side of the Border—one Bullegg, who came hithez as a sterward, or bailif, or ground-officer, or some-thing in that department, to the last Girnigo of Kil-lancureit, who died of an atrophy. After his master's death, air, -ye would hardly believe such a grandal,-but this Bullegg, being portly and comely of aspect, which devolved on this unhappy woman by a settle-ment of her unwhile husband, in direct on travenlitt his Bullseg, being portly and comely of aspect, intermarried with the lady dowager, who was young and amorous, and possessed himself of the setas, which devolved on this unhappy woman by a settle-ment of her unwhile hushand, in direct contraves-tion of an unrecorded taillie, and to the prejudice of the disponer's own fiesh and blood, in the person of his natural heir and seventh cousin, Girnigo of Ty-perhewic, whose family was so reduced by the ensm-ing law-suit, that his representative is now serving as a private gentleman. Mr. Bullseg of Killan-curcit that now is, has good blood in his veins by the mother and grandmother, who were both of the fa-mily of Pickketilim, and he is well liked and looked upon, and knows his own place. And God forbid, Captain Waverley, that we of irreproachable lineage abould exult over him, when it may be, that in the sighth, ninth, or tenth generation, his progeny may renk, in a manner, with the old gentry of the coun-try. Rank and ancestry, sir, should be the last words in the mouths of us of unblemished race wir so no-fra vece, as Naso south. —There is, besides, a clergy-man of the true (though suffaring) Episcopal church of Scotland. He was a confessor in her cause after bottles of brandy.\* My Baron-Bailie and doer, Mr. Duncan Macwheeble, is the fourth on our list. There is a question, owing to the incertitude of ancient er-bottles of brandy.\* My Baron-Bailie and doer, Mr. Duncan Macwheeble, is the fourth on our list. There is a question, owing to the incertitude of ancient er-de or of Quibble, but both have,produced persons eminent in the law."— As use he described them by person and same. They enter'd, and dinner was served as they cause.

As such he described them by person and name. They enter'd, and dinner was served as they can

#### CHAPTER XI.

#### THE BANQUET.

The entertainment was ample, and handsome, ge-cording to the Scotch ideas of the period, and the guests did great honour to it. The Baron eat like a famished soldier, the Laird of Balmawhapple like a sportsman, Bullsegg of Killencureit like a farmer, Waverley himself like a traveller, and Bailie Mac-

Weverley humsell like a traveller, and Balle \* After the Ecvolution of 1650, and on some occasion the spirit of the Presbytarians had been unusually a against their opponents, the Episcopal clergrams, wi chiefly non-jurons, were exposed to be mobiled, as we now any, or reblicd, as the phrase these went, to stepis political besenses. But notwithstranding that the Presby had the parsecution in Charles II., and his brother's i reassurang them, there was little mischief dame beyond if of petty violence meationed in the text.

wheeble like all four together; though, either out of by the command of St. Duthac, Abbot of Abenbre-mote respect, or in order to preserve that proper de-thock, for behoof of another baron of the house of chination of person which showed a sense that he Bradwardine, who had valiantly defended the patrithe table and achieved a communication with his Bradwardine, (though old Dr. Doubleit used joccasly plate by projecting his person towards it in a line to call it Ursa Major.) and was supposed, in old and which obliqued from the bottom of his spine, so that (Catholic times, to be invested with the person who sat opposite to him could achieved action of the spine so that the person who sat opposite to him could achieved action of the spine so that the person who sat opposite to him could achieved action of the spine so that the person who has the person who h

This stooping position might nave been inconve-theen estermed a solenn standard cup and heiricom nient to another person; but long habit made it, of our house; nor is it ever used but upon seasons of whether seated or walking, perfectly easy to the high festival, and such I hold to be the arrival of the worthy Bailie. In the latter posture, it occasioned, their of Sir Everard under my roof; and I devote this no doubt, an unseemly projection of the person to-draught to the health and prosperity of the ancient wards those who happened to walk behind; but those and highly-to-be-honoured house of Waverley." being at all times has inferiors, (for Mr. Macwheeble). During this long harangue, he carefully decanted a owing at all numes not interiors, (for Mr. Macwheeble) During this long harangue, he carefully decanted a was very scrupilous in giving place to all others, he, cobwebbed bottle of clarst into the coblet, which held cared very little what inference of contempt or slight nearly an English pint; and, at the conclusion, do-regard they might derive from the circumstance. livering the bottle to the butter, to be held carefully Hence, when he waddled across the court to and in the same angle with the horizon, he devouly from his old gray pony, he somewhat resembled a quaffed off the contents of the Blessed Bear of Brad-targagit walking upon its hind legs.

from his old gray pony, he somewhat resembled a turnspit walking upon its hind legs. The nonjuring clersyman was a ponsive and inte-resting old man, with much the air of a sufferer for conscience sake. He was one of those,

## Who, underrived, their benefice formalt.

oonscience sake. He was one of those, Who, undeprived, their benefice formook. For this whim, when the Baron was out of hearing, the Bailie used sometimes gently to rally Mr. Rubrick, upbraiding him with the nicety of his scruples. In-deed, it must be owned, that he himself, though at heart a teen partisen of the exiled family, had kept pretty fair with all the different turns of state in his time; so that Davie Gollatley once described him as a particularly good man, who had a very quiet and pesceful concence, that never did him arry harm. When the dimes was removed, the Baron announ-ced the health of the King, politely leaving to the con-mented in the times was removed, the Baron announ-ced the health of the King, politely leaving to the con-mented in the dimes was removed, the Baron announ-ced the health of the King, politely leaving to the con-mented in the state grace and amplicity, retired, and was goon followed by the clergyman. Among the rest of the party, the wine, which fully justified the encomi-gens of the landlori, flowed freely round, althougt Waverley, with some difficulty, obtained the privilage of sometimes neglecting the glass. At length, as the overning grew more late, the Baron made a private signal to Mr. Saunderson, or, as he face-tious form. The Baron, drawing out a private key, unlocked the casket, raised the lid, and, produced a solden goblet of a singular and antique appearance, moulded into the shape of a rampent bear, which the owner regarded with a look of mingled reverence, pride, and delight, that irresistibly reminated his chief ca-rueus relie of the olden time. "It represents," he said, " the chosen crest of our family, a bear, as ye observe,

a good heraid will depict every animal in its noblest posture; as a borse satient, a greyhound currant, and, as may be inferred, a ravenous animal in actu fero-clori, or in a voracious lacerating, and devouring posture. Now, sir, we hold this most honourable achievement by the wappen-brief, or concession of arms, of Frederick Red-beard, Emperor of Germany, to my predecessor, Godmund Bradwardine, it being the creat of a signatic Dane, whom he slew in the lists in the liter 1 and on a smarth tauching the chesting in the Holy Land, on a quarrel touching the chastiy of the emperor's spouse or daughter, tradition saith not precisely which, and thus, as Virgilius hath it-Mutemus clypeos, Danaumque insignia nobis

Antenue

Then for the cup, Captain Waverley it was wrought

the person who sat opposite to him could only see of a mystical and supernatural quality. And though the forctop of his riding perivis. This stooping position might have been inconveribeen esteemed a solenna standard cup and heirloom

Edward, with horror and alarm, beheld the animal Roward, with norror and sizm, occieto the animal making his rounds, and thought with great anxiety upon the appropriate motto, "Beware the Bear;" but, at the same time, plainly foresaw, that, as none of the guests scrupled to do him this extraordinary ho-nour, a refusal on his part to pledge their courtesy would be axtremely ill received. Resolving, therefore, would be extremely ill received. Resolving, therefore, to submit to this last piece of tyranny, and then to quit the table, if possible, and confiding in the strength of his constitution, he did justice to the company in the contents of the Blessed Bear, and felt less incon-venience from the draught than he could possibly have expected. The others, whose time had been more actively employed, began to show symptoms of innovation,—"the good wire did its good office."s The front of etiquette, and pride of birth, began to give way before the gond wire did its good office."s constellation, and the formal appellatives with, which the three dignitaries had hitherto addressed each other, were now familiarly abbreviated into Tully, Bally, and Kiellie. When a few rounds had passed, the two latter, after whispering together, craved par

being, were now taimingly above the into 1 and Bally, and Killic. When a few rounds had passed, the two latter, after whispering together, craved par-mission (a joyful hearing for Edward) to ask the grace-cup. This, after some delay, was at length produced, and Waverley concluded the orgies of Bac-chus were terminated for the evening. He was never more mistaken in his life. As the guests had left their horses at the small inn, or change-house, as it was called, of the village, the Baron could not, in politeness, avoid walking with then up the avenue, and Waverley, from the same motive, and to enjoy, after this feverish revel, the cool summer evening, attended the party. But when they arrived at Luckie Macleary's, the Lairds of Bal-mawhapple and Killancureit declared their determi-nation to acknowledge their sense of the hospitality nation to acknowledge their sense of the hospitality of Tully-Voian, by partaking, with their entertainer and his guest Captain Waverley, what they techni-cally called *deoch on doruis*, a surrup-cup, to the bo-nogr of the Baron's roof-tree.<sup>+</sup>

Note to the second s

Vinge, in wome of avern." Their entertainer a ways accome panied them to take the stirrup-cup, which often occasioned a long and late revel. The Pocular Pointorium of the valiant Baron, his blessed Bear, has a prototype at the fue old Castle of Glammis, so rich in me-moriale of ancient times; it is a runsive leaker of silver, double zitt, moulded into the shape of a lion, and holding affect a long into d wines. The form siludes to the family meno Strathmore, which is Lyon, and, when estublied, the family meno strathmore, which is Lyon, and, when estublied, the toor ought perhaps to be ashamed of recording that the has hacollection of of swallowing the contents of the Lion; and the frame in the family not the feat served to suggest the story of the Bear for the should warding the feat served to suggest the story of the Bear for the should rest, but the place of the same name in Roxburg help in the family of Each guest was obliged to empty this at his doubly importive streast's an ewas Boott, the necessity was in streast. Not a draw the laddord of an inn prostnet, or the stirrup-cup, the ar sortid, that is, the draw the reckoning. On this point a

It must be noticed, that the Bailie, knowing by tened to beseech their attention "ento a military experience that the day's jourality, which had been hitherto sustained at the expense of his patron, might terminate partly at the expense of his patron, might buc de Berwick;" then, imitating, as well as here terminate partly at his own, had mounted his set, the manner and tone of a French mangetaire, b tion gray pony, and, between guiety of heart, and alarm for being hooked into a reckoning, spurred him into a hobbling canter, (a trot was out of the quee-tion,) and had already cleared the village. The others tion,) and had already cleared the village. The others entered the change-house, leading Edward in unre-sisting submission; for his landlord whispered him (that to demur to such an overture would be construed into a high misdementour against the *leges const-viales*, or regulations of genial composition. Widow Macleary seemed to have expected this visit, as well she might, for it was the usual consummation of other gentlemen's houses in Scotland, Sixty Years since. The guests thereby at once acquitted them-selves of their burden of gratitude for their entertain-er's kindness, encouraged the trade of his change-house, did honour to the place which alforded hatbour, to their horses, and indemnified themselves for the geneding, what Falstaff calls the sweet of the night, in the genial license of a tavern.

provinces restrants imposes by private accurate, or in the genuin is, what Habitafi calls the sweet of the night, in the genuin license of a tavern. Accordingly, in full expectation of these distin-ginished guests, Luckie Macheary had sweet her house for the first time this fortnight, tempered her turf-first its such a heat is the season required in her damp hovel even at Midsummer, set forth her deal table newly washed, propped its lame foot with a fragment of turf, arranged four or five stools of huge and chunsy form upon the sites which best suited the inegualities of her city floor; and having moreover, put on her clean tor, rokelay, and scarlet plaid, gravely awaited the arrival of the company, in full hope of castom and profit. When they were sented under the secty ratters of Luckie Macleary's only apartment, thickly ispectried with cobwebs, their hostess, who had al-popered with a huge powter measuring-pot, contain-

ready taken her one from the Laird of Bakmawhapple, appeared with a huge powter measuring-pot, contain-ing at least three English quarts, familiarly denomi-nated a Tappit Hen, and which, in the language of the hostess, reamed, (i. a maniled) with excellent claret just drawn from the cask. It was soon plain that what crumbs of reason the Bear had not devoured, were to be picked up by the Hen; but the confusion which appeared to prevail favoured Edward's resolution to evade the gaily cir-cling glass. The others began to tak thick and at once, each performing his own part in the conversa-tion, without the least respect to his neighbour. The Beron of Bradwardinesung French denomes-boire. tion, without the least respect to his neighbour. The Beron of Bradwardinesung French chansons-3-boirs, and spouted pieces of Latin; Killandureit talked, in a steady unaiterable dull key, of top-dressing and bottom-dressing,\* and year-olds, and gimmers, and dinmonts, and stots, and runts, and kyloes, and a proposed turnpike-act; while Balmawhapple, in notes estalted above both, estolled his horse, his hawks, and a greyhound called Whistler. In the middle of this din, the Baroh repeatedly implored silence; and when at length the instinct of pointe discipline so far prevailed, that for a moment he obtained it, he has-

learned Bailie of the town of Forfar pronounced a very

learnert Bailie of the town of Forfar pronounced a very sound indegment; A an die-write in Forfar, had brewed her "peck of mail," and set the liquor out of doors to cool ; the cew of B, a neighbour of A, chanced to come by, and seeing the good betrerage, was alured to taste it, and finally to drink it up. "When A cause to the server in her liquor, she found her tub enpity, and from the cover easily divined the mode in which her "brewst" had disappeared. To take ungeance of Crummics the with a brick, was her first effort. The maring of the cow brought B, her master, who re-there in the server of the server between the disappeared. The take the provide the server be with a brick, was her first effort. The maring of the cow brought B, her master, who re-demend for the plantry neighbodr, and received in rooty a demend for the plantry neighbodr, and received in rooty a thing Ma the server be and the case pediently and then de-manded of the plantriff A, whether the cow had at down the senter to taken it standing. The plantiff answered, sho and the ale while standing on her feet : adding, that had she who ale wille standing on her feet : adding, that had alw the baster is a strand on a san comparison to be approved. The senter is a stranding on her feet : adding, that had alw the baster of the standing the mack her use thom to be comparison. The senter is a strand on a san ancertronism i and it must be a maker as the too is the standing the street how had at down the senter is stration as the is the street is adding that bad alw a maker as the vibilating the ancer hop taken is observed. The street best committed as an ancertronism i and it must be a maker as the street is a street of the stand is a street of the street of the and it must be and the street of the street of the street of the and it must be and the street of the street of the street of the and it must be the asset of the street of the str

litary e mediately commenced.

Mon coour volage, dit elle, N'est par pour vous, gate Est pour un homme de gas Qui à barbe au menton. Lon, Lon. I n, Lon, Lari

mi port chapses à pla Boulier à rouge talon, ai joue de la finte, . . L

Behmawhapple could held no longer, but be with what he called a d-d good song, compe Gibby Gaothrough wi't, the part of Ouper; and out wasting more time, stituck up,-

It's up Glenberchan's bisse I good, And o'er the beat of Killichund, And mony a weary end I made, To cuitie the moor-fivel's tail."

The Baron, whose voice was drewned in the issue and more obstroperous strains of Bahrawhapple, no dropped the competition, but continued to bum, Lee Lon, Laridon, and to regard the successful consider for the attention of the company with an end of di dain, while Bahrawhapple proceeded,—

If up a bonny black-cock should ppring. To whistle him down wi's alor in his wing. And strap him on to my innis string, Right coldom would i fail.

After an inaffectual attempt to years verse, he sume the first over again; su tion of his triumph, declared these wa in that than in all the dery dongse Fifsshire to the boot of it." The Bare , in a nge of I In mat than mult the dervy-dougs of Frakes Fifsshire to the boot of it." The Buren only an ed with a long pinch of smill, and a glance of an contempt. But these noble allies, the Boar an Ham, had emancipated the yourg lain't from the bitual reverence in which he held Bradwardin other times. He prenounced the chart shift, demanded braidy with great vociferation. It brought; and now the Domen of Politics savid the harmony arising from this Dath consert, an because there was not a wrathful suce in the sta compound of sounds which it produced. Inspire her, the Laird of Balmawhaple, now superior a roots and winks with which the Baran of Brad dine, in delicacy to Edward, had hitherts chacks entering upon political discussion, demanded a L ger, with the lungs of a Stantor, "to the little ga man in black veivet, who did such service in and may the which horse break his neak own a m of his making !" of his making!

and may the white horse break his next ever a instance of his making !" Edward was not at that moment clear-headed enough to remember that King William's fall, which occasioned his death, was said to be owing to his horse stambling at a mole-hill; yet falt inclined to take umbrage at a toast, which seened, from the glance of Balmawhapple's eye, to have a peculiar and uncivil reference to the Government which he sawed. But, ere he could interfere, the Baron of Bradwardine had taken up the quarrel. "Sir," he said, "whatsver my sentiments, tanquem privatus, may be in such matters, I shall pot tamely endure your saying any thing that may impinge upon the honourable feelings of a gentleman under my root. Sir, if you have no respect for the laws of urbanity, do ye not-respect, the military oath, the shcramentum militare, by which every officer is bound to the standards under which he is enrolled ? Look at Titus Livius, what he says of those Roman soldiers who were so unhappy as cruce sacromenty, more ye on an logionary toath; but you are ignorant, sir, alke of ancient his tory and medern courtary."

\* Sum exign. This match of a balled was compo-hadrew MacDonald, the ingenious and unfortunate an

### Cons. XIL1

we'the rate of Hanover." In an instant both rapiers were brandished, and some desperate passes exchanged. Balmawhapple was young, stoat, and active; but the Baron, infi-mitely more master of his weapon, would, like Sir Toby Belch, have tickled his opponent other sates than he did, had he not been under the influence of

Una Major. Edward rushed forward to interfere between the combatanta, but the prostrate bulk of the Laird of Killancureit, over which he stumbled, intercepted his passage. How Killancureit happened to be in this passage. How a manufert rappenent to be in this recumbent posture at so interesting a moment, was never accurately known. Some thought he was about to esconce himself under the table; he himself alleged that he stumbled in the act of lifting a jointabout to esconce himself under the table; he himself alleged that he stumbled in the act of lifting a joint-stool, to prevent mischief, by knocking down Balma-whapple. Be that as it may, if readier aid than either his or Waverley's had not interposed, there would ertainly have been bloodshed. But the well-known elash of swords, which was no stranger to her dwell-ing, aroused Luckie Macleary as she sat quietly be-yond the hallan, or earthen partition of the cottage, with eyes employed on Boston's Crook of the Lot, while her ideas were engaged in summing up the reckoning. She boldly rushed in, with the shrill ex-postulation, "Wad their honours slay ane another there, and bring discredit on an honest widow-wo-man's house, when there was a' the lee-land in the seconded by finging her plaid with great detrivity over the weapons of the combatants. The servants by the time rushed in, and heing, by great chance, tolerably, sober, separated the incensed opponents, with the assistance of Edwand and Killancureit. The latter led off Balmawhapple, cursing, swearing, and fanatic in England and Scotland, from John-o'-Groat's to the Land's End, and with difficulty got him to horse. Our hero, with the assistance of Sun-dian Standerson, secorted the Baron of Bradwardine to his swin dwelling, but could not prevail upon him its mire to bed until he had made a long and learned apology for the events of the evening, of which, how-ever, they wan the Centaura and the Lapither.

# CHAPTER XII.

Vor II.

# WAVERLEY.

**Case. XII.**] WAVERLEY. the former calling out, "Be silent, sir I ye not only before a stranger and an Englishman;" and Waver-ter, at the same moment, entreading Mr. Bradwardine to permit him to reply to an affront which seemed lisvelled at him personally. But the Baron was ex-alted by wine, wrath, and scorn, above .ll sublunary enniderations. "I crave you to be hushed, Captain Waverley; you are elsewhere, persdventure, sis juris, --ioris-familia-ted, that is, and entited, it may be, to think end re-ment for yourself; but in my domain, in this poor Barony of Bradwardine, and under this root, which is quasi mine, being held by tacit relocation by the are sof Balmawhapple, I warn ye, let me seo are of Balmawhapple, I warn ye, let me seo or or aberrations from the paths of good manners." "And I tell you, Mr. Coamo Comyne Bradwardine, af Bradwardine and Tully-Veolan," retorted the soprimment, in huge disdain, "that I'll make a moo-cock of the man that refuses my toast, whether it to are one who deserts his ain friends to claw favoar. "An an instant both rapiers were brandished, and ome dewarts the same infreeds to claw favoar." Than in instant both rapiers were brandished, and ome dewarts the same infreeds to claw favoar. Market and water the series my toast, whether it to are portamen, in huge disdain, "that I'll make a moo-wer Johnson himself to extol the luxry of a Sc breakfast above that of all other countries. And the other delicacies which in war Johnson himself to extol the luxry of a Sc breakfast above that of all other countries. And the other delicacies which in the start at sole and and the presses and himself to extol the luxry of a Sc breakfast above that of all other countries. And bound the reases a exchanged. Bahawhapple, and all the other delicacies which in the start at sole and and the spece and bahabad, and of antme and power that of all other countries. An and me deward to passe a exchanged. Bahawhapple, and all the other delicacies which in the and even Johnson humself to extol the luxury of a Sc breakfast above that of all other countries. A, of catmeal porridge, flanked by a silver jug, w held an equal mixture of cream and butter-milk, placed for the Baron's share of this repart; but observed he had walked out early in the morm after giving orders that his guest should not be ( turbed.

after giving orders that this guest should not be t turbed. Waverley sat down almost in silence, and with air of absence and abstraction, which could not g Miss Bradwardine a favourable opinion of his tale for conversation. He answered at random one two observations which ahe ventured to make up ordinary topics; so that feeling herself almost repul in her efforts at entertaining him, and secretly wi-dering that a scarlet coat should cover no better bre-ing, she left him to his mental amusement of curs Dr. Doubleit's favourite constellation of Ursa Maj as the cause of all the mischief which had alres happened, and was likely to ensue. At once he sis ed, and his colour heightened, as, looking toward i window, he beheld the Baron and young Baln whapple pass arm in arm, spearently in deep conv sation; and he hastly asked. "Did Mr. Falcon sleep here isst night?" Rose, not much pleased w the abruptness of the first question which the you stranger had addressed to her, answered dryly in negative, and the conversation sgain sunk into silen At this mornent Mr. Saunderson appeared, will message from his master, requesting to speak w Venetion is used in the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had subress of the first question which the you stranger had

negative, and the conversation again sufficient of elem-At this moment Mr. Saunderson appeared, will message from his master, requesting to speak w Captain Waverley in snother apartment. With heart which beat a little quicker, not indeed from fe-but from uncertainty and anxiety, Edward obeyed summons. He found the two gendemen standi dogether, an air of complacent dignity on the brow the Baron, while something like sullenness or shar or both, blanked the bold visage of Balmawhapy The former slipped his arm through that of the latt and thus seeming to walk with him, while in real he led him, advanced to meet Waverley, and, stu-ping in the midst of the apartment, made in 'gr state the, following oration: "Captain Waverley my young and esteemed friend, Mr. Falconer of B mawhapple, has craved of my age and experience, of one not wholly upskilled in the dependencies a punctlikos of the duelo or monomachia, to be his int locator in empressing to you the regret with which calls to remembrance certain passages of our symp sion last night, which could not but be highly d pleasing to you, as serving for the time under ti present existing government. He craves you, Sir. CHAPTER XII. BEFERENCE AND A RECORPCILATION. WAVELUY Was unaccustomed to the use of wine, accepting with great temperance. He slept therefore against the laws of politeness, as being what firs b soundly till late in the succeeding morning, and then awakened to a painful recollection of the scene of the front,—lie, a gentleman, a soldier, and a Waverley. If the person who offered it was not, at the time of sense also of your poculiar ment, could have extored su which matter had allotted him; true also, in resenting Voz. II.

been, tune out of mind, Mavortia pectora, as Bucha-man saith, a bold and warlike sept, or people." Edward immediately, and with natural politeness, accepted the hand which Balmawhapple, or rather the Baron in his character of mediator, extended to a soft and the face, or, in the the Baron in his character of mediator, extended to a soft and the face, or, in the targes of Flacus, recepted of mind. "It was impossible," he said, "for him to remember what a gentleman expressed his wish he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what helieved that he was neither interrupted by diment, believed that he was neither interrupted by diment, helieved hat he was neither interrupted by diment.

been, tune out of mind, Mavortia pectora, as Bucha-man saith, a bold and warlike sept, or people." Edward immediately, and with natural politeness, accepted the hand which Balmawhapple, or rather the Baron in his character of mediator, extended to-wards him. "It was impossible," he said, "for him to remember what a gentleman expressed his wish he had not uttered; and he willingly imputed what had passed to the exuberant festivity of the day." "That is very handsomely said," answered the Ba-ron; "for undoubtedly, if a man be ebrius, or intox-icated, an incident which on solerm and festive oc-casions may and will take place in the life of a man of honour; and if the same gentleman, being fresh and sober, recants the contumelies which he hath spoken in his liquor, it must be held vinum locutum est; the words cease to be his own. Yet would I not find this exculpation relevant in the case of one who was ebriosus, or an habitual drunkard; because, if such a person choose to pass the greater part of his time in the predicament of intoxication, he hath no tille to be excerned from the obligations of the code of politeness, but should learn to deport himself peace-ably and courteously when under influence of the vi-nous stimulus — And now it ture proceed to heaft fast

of politeness, but should learn to deport himself peace-ably and courteously when under influence of the vi-nous stimulus.—And now let us proceed to breakfast, and think no more of this daft business." I must confess, whatever inference may be drawn from the circumstance, that Edward, after so satis-factory an explanation, did much greater honour to the delicacies of Miss Bradwardine's breakfast-table than his commencement had promised. Balma-whapple, on the contrary, seemed embarrassed and de-jected; and Waverley now, for the first time, observed that his arm was in a sling, which seemed to account for the awkward and embarrassed manner with which he had presented his hand. To a question from Miss for the awkward and embarrassed manner with which he had presented his hand. To a question from Miss Bradwardine, he muttered, in answer, something about his horse having fallen; and, seeming desirous to escape both from the subject and the company, he arose as soon as breakfast was over, made his bow to the party, and, declining the Baron's invitation to tarry till after dinner, mounted his horse and re-turned to his own home.

to the party, and, deciming the Baron's invitation to tarry till after dinner, mounted his horse and re-turned to his own home. Waverley now announced his purpose of leaving Tully-Veolen early enough after dinner to gain the stage at which he meant to sleep; but the unaffected and affectionate old gentleman heard the proposal, quite deprived him of courage to persist in it. No sconer had he guined Waverley's consent: to lengthen his visit for a few days than he laboured to remove the grounds upon which he conceived he had medi-tated a more early retreat. "I would not have you opine, Captain Waverley, that I am by practice or precept an advocate of ebriety, though it may be that, not perchance altogether ebrii, or drunken, were, to say the least, cbrioli, by which the ancients designed those who were fudded, or, as your English yenga-cular and metaphorical phrase goes, half-scas-over. Not that I would so institute respecting you, Cap-tain Waverley, tho, like a prudent youth, did rather abatian from potation; nor can it be truly said of mythin wavency, who, nike a procent youth, or rainer abstain from potation; nor can it be truly said of my-self, who, having assisted at the tables of many great generals and marcehals at their solemn caro isals, have the art to carry my wine discretely, and did not, during the whole evening, as ye must have doubtless observed, exceed the bounds of a modest hildrity."

There was no refusing assent to a proposition so decidedly laid down by him, who undoubtedly was the best judge; although, had Edward formed his opinion from his own recollections, he would have pronounced that the Baron was not only christian, but pronounced that the Baron was not only coriolus, but verging to become corries; or, in plain English, was incomparably the most drunk of the party, except incomparably the most drunk of the party, except perhaps his antagonist the Laird of Balmawhapple. However, having received the expected, or rather the and Davies voice singing to the two large deer grey-required, complianent on his sobriety, the Baron pro-ceeder<sup>1-</sup> "No, sir, though I am myself of a strong temperament, I abhor ebriety, and detest those who evallow wine guize causa, for the oblectation of the swallow wine guize causa, for the oblectation of the swallow wine guize causa, for the oblectation of the and er tho influence of *Liber Pater*; nor would I ut-

believed that he was neither interformers and nor any expression of incredulity. He then invited his guest to a morning ride, and ordered that Davie Gellatley should meet them at the ordered that Davie Gellatley should meet them at the ordered that Davie Gellatley should meet them at the derst path with Ban and Buscar. "For, until the shooting season commence, I would willing; meet with a roe. The roe, Captain Waverley, may be hunted at all times alike; for never being in what is called pride of grease, he is also never out of season, though it be a truth that his venison is not equal to that of either the rod or fallow deer." But he will serve is show how my dogs run; and therefore they shall at-tend us with David Gellatley." Waverley expressed his surprise that his friend Da-vie was capable of such trust; but the Baron save him to understand that this poor simpleton was nes-

him to understand that this poor simpleton was a him to understand that this poor simpleton was mei-ther fatuous, nee naturaliter idiota, as is expressed in the brieves of furiosity, but simply a crack-brained knave, who could execute very wall any commission which jumped with his own humour, and made his folly a plea for avoiding every other. "He has made an interest with us," continued the Baron, "by saving Rose from a great danger with his own proper paril; and the roguish loon must therefore est of our bread and drink of our cup, and do what he can, or what he will; which, if the suspicious of Saunderson and the Baillie are well founded, may perchance in his case be commensurate terms."

the Baillie are well founded, may perchance in his case be commensurate terms." Miss Bradwardine then gave Wavcrley to under-stand, that this poor simpleton was dotingly fond of music, deeply affected by that which was melancholy, and transported into extravagant gayety by ight and lively airs. He had in this respect a prodigious me-mory, stored with miscellaneous smatches and frag-ments of all tunes and songs, which he sometimes applied, with considerable address, as the vehicles of termonstrance, explanation, or satire. Davie was much attached to the few who showed him kind-ness; and both aware of any slight or ill usage which he happened to receive, and sufficiently apt, where he saw opportunity, to revenge it. The common peoplc, who often judge hardly of each other, as well as of their betters, although they had expressed great compassion for the poor innocent while suffered to wander in rags about the village, no sconer beheld him decently clothed, provided for, and even a sort of favourite, than they called up all the instances of sharpness and ingenuity, in action and repartee, which his annals afforded, and charitably bottomed there-upon an hypothesis, that David Gellatley was no far-ther fool than was necessary to avoid hard labour. This opinion was not better founded than that of the Negroes, who, from the acute and mischievous pranks of the monkeys, suppose that they have the cift of This opinion was not better founded than that of the Negroes, who, from the acute and mischievous pranks of the monkeys, suppose that they have the gift of speech, and only suppress their powers of elecution to escape being set to work. But the hypothesis was entirely imaginary; David Gellalley was in good earnest the half-crazed simpleton which he appeared, and was incapable of any constant and steady exce tion. He had just so much solidity as kept on the windy side of insanity; so much wild wit as saved him from the imputation of idiocy; some dexterity in field-sports, (in which we have known as great fools excel) great kindness and humanity in the treatment of animals intrasted to him, warm affec-tiona, a proligious memory, and an ear for music. The stamping of horses was now here in the court. and Davie's voice singing to the two large deer grey-

and Davie's voice singing to the two large deer grey-

Where the lady-form grows strid Where the morning dew lies lor Where the black-cock sweetaad Where the black-cock sweetaad Where the black shows a striden see His to hauns right soldom see Lovely, lonescost, cool and gree Over bank and over bras, His away, his away.

Give the serves he sings," asked Waverley, "belong the old Scottish poetry, Miss Bradwardine ?" "I believe not," also replied. "This poor creature had a brother, and Heaven, as if to compensate to the family Davie's deficiencies, had given him what the hamlet thought uncommon talents. An uncle contrived to educate him for the Scottish kirk, but as could not get preferment because he came from our ground. He returned from college hopelees and broken-hearted, and fell into a decline. My father supported him till his death, which happened before he was minsteen. He played beautifully on the fute, and was supposed to have a great turn for poetry. He was affectionate and compassionate to his bro-ther, who followed him like his shadow, and we think that from him Davie gathered many fragments of a songs and music unlike those of this country. But if we ask him where he got such a fragment as he is new singing, he either answers with wild and long fits of laughter, or else breaks into tears of lamenta-tion; but was never heard to give any explanation, or to mention his brother's name since his death." "Surgly," said Edward, who was readily interested by a tale bordering on the romantic, "surely more singth be learned by more particular inquiry." "Perhaps so," answered Rose; "but my father will so to bert." By this time the Baron, with the help of Mr. Saund

subject." By this time the Baron, with the help of Mr. Ssum-derson, had indued a pair of jack-boots of large di-mensions, and now invited our here to follow him as he stalked clattering down the ample stair case, tao-ping each here balastrade as he passed with the but of his massive horse-whip, and humming, with the sir of a changeur of Louis Quatorze,

Pour la chasse ordonade il faut proparer tout, He la he i Vite i vite dabout.

#### CHAPTER XIII

A MORE BATIONAL DAY THAN THE LAST!

A MORE BATIONAL DAY THAN THE LAST: The Baren of Bradwardine, mounted on an active and well-managed horse, and seated on a demi-pique suddle, with deep housings to agree with his livery, was no hed representative of the old school. His light-coloured embroidered cost, and superby berred waitcost, his brigadier wig, surmounted by a small sudd-laced cocked-hat, completed his personal cos-tume; but he was attended by two well-mounted wastrong on horseback, armed with holster-pixels. In this guise he ambled forth over hill and valley, the admiration of every farm-yard which they passed in their progress; ill, 'low down in a grassy vale,'' they found David Gellater leading two very tall deer greyhounds, and presiding over half a dogen cura, and about as many bare-lagged and bare-headed boys, who, to procure the chosen distinction of attending or atheories in the character of daf Davis. But this is no annonmon strain of fattery to persons in office, por altogether confined to the bare-legged villagers of Thally-Volan; it was in fashion Sixty Years since, is mow, and will be six hundred years hence, if this edmirable compound of foly and knavery, called the everthed, shall be then in existence. Theme gillis-mat-folds, as they ware called, were

These silie-wet-foots,\* as they were called, were destined to best the bushes, which they performed with so much success, that, after half an hour's search, a ros was started, coursed, and killed : the Baron fol-owing on his white horse, like Karl Percy of yore, and magnanimously flaying and embowelling the heim animal (which, he observed, was called by the

A here-footed Highland ladis called a gillie-wet-fo

French chassesure, fairs is curie) with his own be ronial contout de chasse. After this ceremony, he conducted his guest homeward by a pleasant and cir cuitous rous, commanding an extensive prospect of different villages and houses, to each of which Mr. Bradwardine attached some anecdote of history or senealogy, told in language whumsical from prejudice

Bradwardune anaconsul some snoutow on meany or genealogy, toki in language whirmsical from prejudice and pedantry, but often respectable for the good sense and honourable feelings which his narrativedisplayed, and almost always curious, if not valuable, for the information they contained. The truth is, the ride seemed agreeable to both sgentlemen, because they found anusement in each tother's conversation, although their characters and habits of thinking were in many respects.totally op-posite. Edward, we have informed the reader, was warm in his feelings, wild and romantic in his ideas and in his tests of reading, wigh a strong disposition towards poetry. Mr. Bradwardine was the reverse of all this, and piqued himself upon stalking through the very model of old Hardyknute— Stating very in the ward.

# Stately stopp'd he east the wa', And stately stopp'd he west.

the very model of old Hardyknute-Bistey stoppid he seat the wa', As for literature, he read the classic poets, to be sure, and the Epithalamium of Georgius Buchanan, and Arthur Johnstone's Pasims, of a Sunday; and the Delicise Poetarum Scotorum, and Sir David Lind-say's Works, and Barbour's Bruce, and Blind Harry's Wallace, and the Gentic Shepherd, and the Cherry and he Slae. But though he thus far sacrificed his spoken, have been much better pleased had the pious or aspient apotherms, as well as the historical nar-ratives, which these various works contained, been a presented to him in the form of simple prose. And he sometimes could not refrain from expressing contempt of the "vain and unprofitable art of poem-making." in which, he said, "the only one who had excelled in his time was Allan Ramsay, the perivis-maker." But although Edward and he differed toto cosio, as the Baron would have said, upon this subject, yet cold, dry, hard cutlines which history delineates. Edward, on the contrary, loved to fill up and round the tastes as opposite, they contributed greatly to each other's anusement. Mr. Bradwardine's minute nar-ratives and opened to him a new mine of incident and speakers in the drama of past ages. Yet with tastes as opposite, they contributed greatly to each other's anusement. Mr. Bradwardine's minute nar-ratives and opened to him a new mine of incident and speakers. And he repaid the pleasure these communicated, by an earnest attention, valuable to all story-tellers, more especially to the Baron, whe first habits of self-respect flattered by it; and sometimes also by reciprocal communications, which interseted Mr. Bradwardine, as confirming or illus-trating his own frequent states to tell of the generals under whom he had served, and the actions he had witnessed. Both partice returned to Tully-Veolan in great good-humour with esch other, Waverley desirous of study-me and witnessed.

Both parties returned to Tully-Veolan in great good-humour with each other; Waverley desirous of study-ing more attentively what he considered as a singular Ing more attentively what he considered as a singular and interesting character, gifted with a memory con-taining a curious register of ancient and modera anecdotes; and Bradwardine disposed to regard Bd-ward as puer (or rather juvenis) bong specief magne indolis, a youth devoid of that petulant volatility, which is impatent of, or vilipends, the conversation and advice of his seniors, from which he predicted great things of his future success and deportment in a first the basic members the the iorons attet The Baron sucht to have remembered that the joyous Alk hiterally draw his blood from the house of the noble East, who

Daihousis of an old descent, My stoup, my pride, my ornan

(Conse. X) These was no other quest except Mr. Rubrich, different kinds, which she had taken under her a pass information. A projecting turnet gave access a scholar, harmonized very well with that of the this Gother balance, which commanded a me pon and his quest.

Shortly after dinner, the Baron, as if to show the ia t has temperance was not entirely mearetical, proposed or visit to Rose's separtment, or, as he termed it, her Treisience Etage. Waverley was accordingly con-ducted through one or two of those long awkward paragees with which ancient architects studied to puzzle the inhabitants of the houses which they planand, at the end of which Mr. Bradwardine began to search, by two stops at once, a very steep, narrow, ad winding stair, leaving Mr. Rubrick and Waver-

assand, by two stops at once, a very steep, narrow, and winding stair, leaving Mr. Rubrick and Waver-lay to follow at more leisure, while he should an-mounce their approach to his daughter. After having climbed this perpendicular corkscrew world their hrans wern almost giddy, they arrived in bids matted lebby, which served as an anteroom to lices's constant sentences, and through which they estend by perform, and through which independently appendix of the south, and hing wift ta-peary; stormed besides with two pectures, one of her mother, in the dress of a shepherdess, with a ball-hoop; the other of the Baron, in his tenth year, in a blue coat, embroineed waistoet, laced hat, and bag-wig, with a bow in his hand. Edward could not bein smilling at the courth, and at the old resen-ting visage in the portrait, and the gaunt, bearded, ballow ayed, swarthy features, which travelling fa-teres of yes, and advanced are, has bestowed on the omether's; (a daughter of the Laird of Tulbellum, Ouption Weyerley; Tindicated the house to you when you wing a the top of the Shinnyheuch; it was burnt by the other site top of the Shinnyheuch; it was burnt by the bursh wantharisers brought in by the Government in string wing wanth is not be boy of the the shinnyheuch; it was burnt by the bursh sinthlarisers brought in by the Government in string in the two set for my portraicture but once

the Dutch ensiliaries brought in by the Government: 37589, I never sate for my portraicture but once-ace that was painted, and it was at the special and iterated respect of the Marechal Duke of Berwick." The good eld gentleman did not menation what Mr. here has the special to be supported by the bad me has the honour en account of his being the state mount the breach of a fort in Savoy during e memorable campaign of 1709, and his having are defended himself with his half-pike for nearly n memorable campaign of from the bad by the for the breach and the bad by the breach of a fort in Savoy during are defended himself with his half-pike for nearly n memore before any support seached him. To do justice, although sufficiently prone to dwell even to exaggestate his family dignity and pance, he was too much a man of real con-er to allade to such personal acts of merit as hanself manifested.

where the second state of the second and any activation. Her father had sugart the med only only a start of a father had sugart her oh and italian, and a few of the ordinary au-ian those languages ornamented, her shelves, and endeswourd also to be her preceptor in e; but as he began with the more abstrue doc-of the science, and was not perhaps matter of he i but as he began with the more absiring doc-ues of the science, and was not perhaps matter of m hemself, she had made no proficiency farther a to be able to accompany har voice with the microsity but even this was not very common in flansi at that pend. To make amends, she sung h great that and feeling, and with a respect to sense of what she uttered that might be proposed ense of what she uitered that might be proposed mught so-ladies of much superior munical takent, ansural good sense taught her, that if, as we are not by high authority, music be "married to im-al vense," they are very often divorced by the enser in a most shameful manner. It was per-curage to this sensibility to poetry, and power sublement is supersoin with those of the muni-ness, that her singing give more pleasure to all allowed in munic and area to more of the 3. a mease, that her singing gave more pleasure to all the unicerned in music, and even to many of the arried, than could have been communicated by a weak finer woice and more brilliant execution, un-time by the same delicacy of feeling. (a) burname, or pacenting gallery, before the win-two of her parlour, served to illustrate another of see's pursue; for if was crowdee with flowers of

Rose's pure

this Gothie balancy, which commanded a most beautiful prospect. The formal garden, with its high bounding walls, lay below, contracted, as it seemed to a mere parterre; while the view extended beyond them down a wooded gless, where the small river was sometimes vasible, sometimes hidden in come. The eye might be delayed by a desire to rest on the rocks, which here and there rose from the dell with massive or spiry fronts, or it might dwell on the no intensive or spiry fronts, or it might dwell on the no-ble, though ruined tower, which was here beheld in all its dignity, frowning from a promontory over the river. To the left were seen two or three cottages a part of the village; the brow of the hill concessed the others. The gien, or dell, was terminated by a sheet of water, called Loch Veolau, into which the brook discharged itself, and which now glistened in the watern sum. The distant country second open and varied in surface, though not wooded; and there was nothing to intermut the view until the scene was was nothing to interrupt the view until the scene was bounded by a ridge of distant and blue hills, which formed the southern boundary of the strath or valley. To this pleasant station Miss Bradwardine had or-dered coffee.

derest coffice. The view of the old tower, or fortalice, introduced some family anecdotes and tales of Scottish chival-ry, which the Baron told with great enthusians. The projecting peak of an impending crag which ross near it, had acquired the name of St. Swithin's Chair. It was the scene of a peculiar superstition, of which Mr. Rubrick mentioned some curious parti-culars, which meninded Waverley of a rhyme quoted by Edgar in King Lear; and Rose was called upon to sing a little legend, in which they had been inter-woven by some village poet. When publics as the next from which he pruse.

Whe, notsless as the race from which he aprung Savel others' names, but fort his own unwarg.

The sweetness of her voice, and the simple beauty of her music, gave all the advantage which the min-stact could have deaired, and which his poetry so much wanted. I almost doubt if it can be read with patience, destitute of these advantages; though I conjecture the following copy to have been somewhat corrected by Waverley, to sait the taste of those who might not relish pure antiquity.

### ST. AWICHING CHAR

On Hellow-Mass Eve, ere ye bound se to Ever beware that your coach be blow? ; War is with erces, and man it with band Sing the Ave, and say the Creed. For on Hallow-Mass Eve the Night-Hag will rid And all her nise-fold sweeping on by his side, Whether the wind sing lowity at least, alle in The Ludy one mat in St. Swithin's Chair, The daw of the night has damp'd her hair : Her cheek was pale bit resolved and high Was the word of her hip and the glands of Wise network of net ip and the generous Ris nuttor'd the sell of Swithin Bold, When his saked finitured the midnigh When he stopp's the Hag as she rode th And bade her descend, and her pression He that dare sit op St. Swithin's Chair, When the Night-Ray wings the troubjed Guestides three, when he epsiles the doe he have sub-Wher Bards have been with stime. When There have been yours in builde and nices : News are there some of his went or his wey And fails the hudy his fate wont of his wey. And fain the fair his new woosermow. She should be and stope as the charm should be the smooth own that his observations for is it these each , betwick implies and as the yokes of the Decome who having the fair The generary of the wind suck silent and low, And the rearing format has cound to flow The calm was invite decoded it that meriage White the work gauge mini-brought the generawhite the str

"I am porty to disappoint the company, espec Captain Waverley, who listens with such land gravity; it is but a fragment, although I think a are other venues, describing the rourn of the B for the wars and how he lady was found "an cald upon the grounsil ledge." " "It is one of these figments," observed Mr. Bus muning, "with which the early history of dist

minhod families une deformed in the times of sever-tition; as that of Rome, and other ancient nations, had their prodicies, sir, the which you may read in ancient histories, or in the little work compiled by Juins Obsequens, and inacribed by the learned Scheffer, the editor, to his patron, Benedictus Skytte, Baron of Dudershoff."

"By father has a strange defiance of the marvel-bus, Captain Waverley," observed Rome, " and once stood firm when a whole synod of Presbyterian drivnes were pat to the roat by a sudden apparition of the foul fiend."

drimes were put to the roat by a sudden apparition of the foul field." Waverlay looked as if desirous to hear more. "Must I tell my story as well as sing my song?— Well—Once upon a time there lived an old weman, called Janet Gallatley, who was suspected to be a witch, on the infallible grounds that she was very eld, very ugly, very poor, and had two sons, one of whom was a post, and the other a fool, which visi-tation, all the neighbourhood agreed, had come upon the for the sin of witchcraft. And she was impri-sened for a week in the steeple of the parish church, and sparely supplied with food, and not permitted to aller, until she herself became as much persuaded of her being a witch as her accusers; and in this licid and hepps state of mind wes brought forth to make a clean breast, that is, to make open confession of her sorceries, before all the Whig gentry and ministers in the vicinity, who were ho conjury and ministers. My father went to see fair, play between the witch and the clargy; for the witch was confessing that the Riemy appeared, and made his addromes to her where. And while the witch was confessing that the Enemy appeared, and made his addresses to her as a handsome bleek man, -which, if you could have sum poor old blear-syst Janet, reflected little. ho-neur on Apollyon's taste, - and while the auditors lis-funed with astomished ears, and the cherk recorded with a trembling hand, she, all of a sudden, changed whe how mumbling tone with which she spoke into a shrift yell, and exclaimed, 'Look to yourselves! look to yourselves! I see the Evil One sitting in the midde of the 'In survise was seneral, and terror and yes. The supprise was general, and the noise gene its manestate consequences. Happy were tobe who were next the door; and many were the issues that befall hat, bands, cuffs, and wing, be-we they could get out of the church, where they left

a deep could get out of the charch, where they lett obspinate prelisits to sottle matters with the ob and her admirer, at his own peril or pleasure." Alone soloundur tabute: " said the Baron; " when recovered their pance trepidation, they were too he ashance to bring any wakening of the process inst Janet Gullader."

ete ledi into a long dineur ion of

All these idle thoughts and fantasies. Devices, dreams, opinious wissend,

Devices, dreams, opennous van Reams, visides, southenys, as soball that migned, is, as least

tales, and luns

th such conversation, and the remaining he is introduced, chosed our here's second of hearts of Tally-Veolan.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

WANERLEY BECOMES DOSERTICATED AS TRUMP-VBOLAN.

na he neuros busicares, adult in houses and, its vicinity wind th ne i annalt en st of the d rt in fr Davie wis t ei One quick glance of i c observed him, he b dist:

the will have then processorry the list is leve too longest rinore fide in the bird sing? A will lost **i** :

ry last cold was said to have happened in the site is the source of the gown have The content of the second of the second seco the gown has the cruci fat ....

Vos H---

steel is the old ma title red-hot stee

and and a second dung men will brewl at the even and ye as merry the little bend sing 7 he old man will draw at the dawn be you Hears -1

But the old w

Waverley could not avoid observing that Davis laid something like a satirical emphasis on the lines. He therefore approached, and endeavoured by sundry queries, to elicit from him what the im-endo might mean; bot Davie had no mind to explain, and had wit enough to make his folly cloak his kne-very. Edward could collect nothing from him, ex-cerving that the Laird of Balmawharmle had enough to make the same has a same had a same had a same very. Edward could collect nothing from him, exvery haward could conter nothing from him, ex-cepting that the Laird of Balmawhapple had gon home yesterday morning, "wi his boots ft' o' blind." In the garden, however, he met the old butler, what no longer attempted to conceal, that, having been bred in the nursery line with Sumack & Co. of Newbred in the nursery line with Shimack & Co. of New-castle, he sometimes wrought a turn in the flower-borders to oblige the Laird and Miss Rose. By a series of queries, Fdward at length discovered, with a painful feeling of surprise and shame, that **Halma**-whapple's submission and apology had been the con-sequence of a rencontre with the Baron before his guest had quitted his pillow, in which the younger combatant had been disarmed and wounded in the word arm.

sword arm. Greatly mortified at this information, Edward sought out his friendly host, and anxiously exposu-lated with him upor the injustice he had done him in anticipating his meeting with Mr. Falconer, a cir-cumistance which, considering his youth and the pro-fession of arms which he had just adopted, was ca-pable of being represented much to his prejudice. The mean trained at more than I choose pable of being represented much to his prejudice. The Baron justified himself at greater length than I choose to repeat. He urgod, that the quarret was common to them, and that Balmawhapple could not, by the code of honour, crite giving satisfaction to both, which he had done in his case by an honourable meeting, and in that of Edward by such a patimods as rendered the use of the sword unnecessary, and which, being made and accepted, must hecessarily significant the second commentation.

With this excuse; or explanation, Waverley was silenced, if not satisfied; but he could not help testi-With this excuse; or explanation, Waverley was eilenced, if not satisfied; but he could not help tests, fying some displeasure against the Blessed Bean, which had given rise to the querrel, nor refrain from hinting, that the senctified epithet was hardly appro-priate. The Baron observed, he could not deny that "the Bear; though allowed by heraids as a most ho-nourable ordinary, had, nevertheless, somewhat flores, eherlish, and morose in his disposition, (as might be read in Archibaid Simson, pestor of Dalkeith's His-reglyphics Animalium.) and had thus been the type of news quarrels and dissensions which had occurred in the house of Bradwardine; of which," he could nues, "I might commemorate mire own unfortunate dissension with my third equain by the mother's side. Sir Hew Halbert, who was so unthinking as to do-ride my fumily name, as if it had been quasi Bour-issues that the founder of our house occupied such a mean simultion as to be a custoffier of wild beants a charge which, ye must have observed, is colly in resensed to infer that our cost-armsure had not been ashieved by homeurable actions in we, but beatward by way of parametranse, er pun, was near than the theorem and how the phoneurabele actions in we, but beatward by way of parametranse, ar punk way of parametranse when a more the four base and not been pailation---a and to four open-armser had not been antimeter by commencers or para, upon our fu by way of parametrasia, or para, upon our fu polation, -- a sort of beautag which the Fre arranices periandes; the Latian error as pellation,--a sort of bearing which the Ffench a armainer perfanter; the Latian arms condend and your English authoritics, canning herehry; i ing indeed a species of emplanoning more belive rantees, gaberiah is favrade upon pleying uper 4 word, than the neble, homourable, and useful accer of herealdry, which assigns armonial bearings as 1 reward of noble and generous actions, and not tickle the ear with vain quodibets, such as arofen in jest-books." I of his quarrel with Sir Hew be an ' Attanest santing bearing to the senter of the senter ' attanest santing bearing to the senter of the senter ' attanest santing bearing to the senter of th

a) cell-buoks, i Uf has quarter wath bit are \* Although canting heraldry is genorally reprobated; it ag-gerethcies to have been adopted in the arms and matto any honourable families. Thus he motto of the Vernoms, or samper viser, is a particular and so is that of the Onio basing ions. The Fertises of particular of the Amirathee

nothing more, than that it was settled in a fitung fnanner.

Having been so minute with respect to the diver-sions of Tully-Veolan, on the first days of Edward's arrival, for the purpose of introducing its immates to the reader's acquintance, it becomes less necessary to trace the progress of his intercourse with the same accuracy. It is probable that a young man, accus-tomed to more cheerful society, would have tired of the conversation of so violent an assertor of the "boast of heraldry" as the Baron; but Edward found an agreeable variety in that of Miss Bradwardine, who listened with eagernees to his remarks upon literature, and showed great justness of taste in her answors. The sweetness of her disposition had made her submit with complexency, and even pleasure, to the course of reading prescribed by her father, al-though it not only comprehended several heavy folios of history, but certain gigantic tomes in high-church though it not only comprehended several heavy folice of history, but certain gigantic tomes in high-church polemics. In heraldry he was fortunately contented to give her only such a slight tincture as might be acquired by perusal of the two folio volumes of Nis-bet. Rose was indeed the very apple of her father's eye. Her constant liveliness, her attention to all those little observances most gratifying to those who would never think of exacting them, her beauty, in which he recalled the features of his beloved wife, her unfaigned piety, and the noble generosity of her disposition, would have justified the affection of the most doing father.

most doing miner. His anziety on her behalf did not, however, seem to extend itself in that quarter, where, according to the general opinion, it is most efficiently displayed; in la-bouring, namely, to establish her in life, either by a large dowry or a wealthy marriage. By an old settle-ment, almost all the landed estates of the Baron went; of a bit doubt to a distant settion and it was arm. Large downy or a weating marriage. By an old settle-ment, almost all the landed estates of the Baron went, after his death, to a distant relation; and it was sup-posed that Miss Bradwardine would remain but slen-derly provided for, as the good gentleman's cash mat-ters had been too long under the exclusive charge of Bailie Macwheeble, to admit of any great expectations from his personal succession. It is true, the said Bailie loved his patron and his patron's daughter ment (though at an incomparable distance) to him-self. He thought it was possible to set aside the set-tlement on the male line, and had actually procured a fea) from an eminent Scottiah counsel, under whose potice he contrived to bring the point while consult-ing him regularly on some other business. But the Baron would not listen to such a proposal for an in-stant. On the contrary, he used to have a perverse plessure in boasting that the barony of Bradwardine was a male fiel, the first charter having been given at that early period when women were not deemed capable to hold a feudal grant; because, according to *Lee coustumess de Normachie, c'est Phoneme K* is e best et his enseille; or, as is yet more ungallantly ememed by admit and baron procession of the some bast et ki sonseille; or, as is yet more ungallantly expressed by other authorities, all of whose barbarous names he delighted to quote at full length, because a woman could not acres the authorities. hannes he delighted to quote at run length, pocause a woman could not serve the superior, or feudal lord, in war, on account of the decorum of her sex, nor as-ast him with advice, because of her limited intellect, aor keep his counsel, owing to the infirmity of her dispositon. He would triumphantly ask, how it would become a female, and that female a Bradwarwould become a temployed in service cruend; seu detrahendi, caligue regis post battaliam? that is, in pulling off the king's boots after an engagement, which was the feudal service by which he held the barony of Bradwardine. "No," he said, "beyond heparony of Brauwardina. No, "he said, beyond he-gitation, prosul dubic, many females, as worthy as **Bose, had** been excluded, in order to make way for any own succession, and Heaven forbid that I should do anght that might contravene the destination of any forefathers, or impinge upon the right of my kina-man, Malcolm Bradwardine of Inchgrabbit, an ho-nourable, though decayed branch of my own family."

Table to a similar objection. One of that ancient race, fluding that an antagonist, with whom he had fixed a friendly meeting, was determined to take the opportunity of assassinating him, prevented the hazard by dashing out his brains with a battle-son. Two sturdy arms, brandinking such a weapon, form the numel creat of the family, with the above motion—Perdasen si per-tissue—(I had died, unless I had gone through with it.)

The Bailie, as prime minister, having received that decisive communication from his sovereign, duras not press his own opinion any farther, but contented himself with deploying, on all smitable occasions, po himself with deploring, on all suitable occasions, to Saunderson, the minister of the interior, the Laird's self-willedness, and with laying plans for uniting Rose with the young Laird of Baimawhapple, who had a fine estate, only moderately burdened, and was a faultess young gentleman, being as sober as a saint—if you keep brandy from him, and him from brandy—and who, in brief, had no imperfection best that of keeping light company at a time; such as Jinker, the horse-couper, and Gibby Gaethri whw't, theopiper o' Cupar; "o' whilk follies, Mr. Saunderses, be'll mend, he'll mend,"—pronounced the Bailie. "Like sour ale in simmer," added Davie Gellatley who happened to be nearer the conclave than they

were aware of.

were aware of. Miss Bradwardine, such as we have described her, with all the simplicity and curiosity of a recluse, attached herself to the opportunities of increasing her store of likerature which Edward's visit afforded her. He sent for some of his books from his quarters, and they opened to her sources of delight of which abe had hitherto had no idea. The best English posts, of every description, and other works on belles lettres, made a part of this precious cargo. Her music, even her flowers, but began to mutiny against the labour for which he now scarce received thanks. These her flowers, were neglected, and Saunders not only mourned over, but began to mutiny against the labour for which he now scarce received thanks. These new pleasures became gradually enhanced by sharing them with one of a kindred taste. Edward's read-neese to comment, to recite, to explain difficult pas-sages, rendered his assistance invaluable; and the wild romance of his spirit delighted a character toe young and inexperienced to observe its deficiencies. Upon subjects which interested him, and when quite at ease, he possessed that flow of natural, and some-what florid eloquence, which has been supposed as powerful even as figure, fashion, fame, or fortune, in winning the female heart. There was, therefore, an increasing danger, in this constant intercourse, to poor Rose's peace of mind, which was the more im-minent, as her father was greatly too much abstrac-din his studies, and wrapped up in his own diraity, to dream of his daughter's incurring it. The daugh-ters of the house of Bradwardine were, in his might obfuscate the intellects of meaner females; they moved in another sphere, were governed by other feelings, and amenable to other rules, than those of idle and fantastic affection. In short, he shut his eyes o resolutely to the natural consequences of Edward's intimacy with Miss Bradwardine, thest the whole neighbourhood concluded that he had osened them to the advantages of a match between of Edward's intimacy with Miss Bradwardine, the the whole neighbourhood concluded that he has opened them to the advantages of a match betwee his daughter and the wealthy young Englishman and pronounced him much less a fool than he has generally shown himself in cases where his sev interest was concerned. If the Baron, however, had really meditated see an alliance, the indifference of Waverley would hav been an insuperable bar to his project. Our hew since miring more freely with the world, had kerned

been an insuperable bar to his project. Our he since mixing more freely with the world, had learn to think with great shame and confusion uppa mental legend of Saint Cecilia, and the version these reflections was likely, for some time the to connectinal ance the naturel meentibility of ion ( these reflections was likely, for some time at least, the counterbalance the natural susceptibility of his disposition. Besides, Rose Bradwardine, besuttink and amiable as we have described her, had not pro-scisely the sort of beauty or merit, which captivates is romantic imagination in early youth. She, was too frank, too confiding, too kind; amiable qualities, undoubtedly, but destructive of the marvellous, with which a youth of imagination delights to dress the empress of his affections. Was it possible to bow, to tremble, and to adore, before the timid, yet playfink little girl, who now asked Edward to mend her pan, now to construe a stanza in Tasso, and now how the spell a very—very long word in her version of it ? All these incidents have their fascination on the mind at a certain period of life, but not when a youth is entering it, and rather looking out for some object CALLEY. whose affection may dightly him in his own eyes, than stooping to one who looks up to him for such distinction. Hence, though there can be no rule in so capricious a passion, early love is frequently an-bitious in choosing its object; or, which comes to the same selects her (as in the case of Saint Cecilia a corscaid) from a situation that gives fair scope for is rolent passion for a pretty woman, whose talents a volent passion for a pretty woman, whose talents a opportunity of conversing with Miss Stubbs, Auntitachel's precaution would have been unnecessa-an opportunity of conversing with Miss Stubbs, Auntitachel's precaution would have been unnecessa-a very different character, it seems probable that the a very different character, it seems probable that the pressing for her other sentiments than those of a brody ther for her other sentim a very different character, it seems probable that the very intimacy of their intercourse prevented his feeling for her other sentiments than those of a brother for an amiable and accomplished aster; while the sentiments of poor Rose were gradually, and without her being conscious, assuming a shade of warmer affection.

I ought to have said that Edward, when he sent to Dundee for the books before mentioned, had applied for, and received permission, extending his eave of absence. But the letter of his command-Seare of absence. But the letter of his command-ing-officer contained a friendly recommendation to him, not to spend his time exclusively, with persons, who, estimable as they might be in a general sense, could not be supposed well affected to a government, which they declined to acknowledge by taking the oath of allegiance. The letter further insinuated, though with great delicacy, that although some family connexions might be supposed to render it the-cessary for Capitain Waverley to communicate with

family connexions might be supposed to render it the cessary for Castain Waverley to communicate with gentlemen who were in this unpleasant state of sus-picion, yet his father's situation and wishes ought to prevent his prolonging those attentions into exclusive intimacy. And it was intimated, that while his political principles were endangered by communica-ting with laymen of this description, he might also preceive erroneous impressions in religion from the prelatic clergy, who so perversely laboured to set up the royal precedulty in things sacred. This last insinuation probably induced Waverley to set both down to the prejudices of his commanding officer. He was sensible that Mr. Bradwardine had acted with the most scrupulous delicacy, in never entering upon any discussion that had the most re-mote tendency to bias his mind in political opinions, although he was himself not only a decided partizan of the anled family, but had been trusted at different times with important commissions for their service. Sensible, therefore, that there was no risk of his being perverted from his allegianch. Edward felt as if he should do his uncle's old friend injustice in re-moving from a house where he gave and received pleasure and anusement, merely to gratify a preju-diced an ill-budged supprison. He therefore wrote pleasure and amusement, merely to gave and received diced and ill-judged suspicion. He therefore wrote a very general answer, assuring his commanding officer that his loyalty was not in the most distant danger of contamination, and conginued an honour-ed guest and inmate of the house of Tally-Veolan.

#### CHAPTER XV.

# A CREASH. \* AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.

WHEN Edward had been a guest at Tully-Veolan nearly six weeks, he descried, one morning, as he took his usual walk before the breakfast-hour, signs of uncommon perturbation in the family. Four barelegged dairy-maids, with each an empty milk-pail in her hand, ran about with frantic costures, and utter-ing load exclamations of suprise, grief, and resentment. From their appearance, a pagan might have conceived them a detachment of the celebrated Belides, just come from their baleing penance. As nothing was to be got from this distracted ciforus,

A creast was an ison vion for plunder, fermed on the Bor

"Our rear" a sane," until, happening to pass too near the Bailie, he re-ceived an admonitory hint from his horse-whap, which converted his songs into lamentation.\_\_\_\_

which sonverted his songs into lamentation. Passing from thence towards the garden, Waves-ley beheld the Baron in person, measuring and re-measuring, with swift and tremendous strides, the length of the terrace; his countenance clouded with offended pride and indignation, and the whole of his demeanour such as seemed to indicate, that any inquiry concerning the cause of his discomposure would give pain at least, if not offence. Waverley therefore glided into the house, without addressing him, and took his way to the breakfast-parlour, where he found his young friend Rose, who, though she neither exhibited the resentment of her father, the turbid importance of Ballie Macwheeble, nor the despair of the handmaidens, scomed vexed and thoughtful. A single word explained the mystery. "Your breakfast will be a disturbed one, Captain Wa-verley. A party of Caterans have come down upon verley. A party of Caterans have come down upon us last night, and have driven off all our milch cows."

us last night, and have driven on all our much cows. "A party of Caterans?" "Yes; robbers from the neighbouring Highlands, We used to be quite free from them while we paid black-mail to Fergus Mac-Ivor Vich Ian Vohr; but my father thought it unworthy of his rank and birth to pay it any longer, and so this disaster has hap-pened. It is not the value of the cattle, Captain Wa-verlar what were me, but wy father is so much hart to pay it any ionger, and so this disaster new mappened. It is not the value of the cattle, Captain Wa-verley, that vexes me; but my father is so much hurt at the affront, and is so bold and hot, that I fear he will try to recover them by the strong hand; and if he is not hurt himself, he will hurt some of these wild people, and then there will be no peace between them and us perhaps for our life-time; and we cannot de-fend ourselves as in old times, for the government have taken all our arms; and my dear father is so resh.—O what will become of us!".—Here poor Bose lost heart altogether, and birst into a flood of tears. The Baron entered at this moment, and rebuked her with more asperity than Waverley had ever heard. "that she should exhibit herealf before any geniteman in such a light, as if she shed tears for a drove of hormed noits and milch kine, like the daughter of a Cheshire yeornan!—Captain Waverley, I must request your favourable construction of her grief, which may,

your favourable construction of her grief, which may, or ought to proceed, solely from seeing her father estate exposed to spulzie and depredation from com-mon thieves and sornars, t while we are not allowed to keep half a score of muskets, whether for defence OF TORCHE

Bailie Macwheeble entered immediately afterwards and by his report of arms and ammunition confirmed this statement, informing the Baron, in a melancholy voice, that though the people would certainly obey his honour's orders, yet there was no chance of their foi-lowing the sear to ony guid purpose, in respect there were only his honour's body servants who had swords and pistols, and the depredators were twelve High. landers, completely armed after the manner of their

\* Seracrs may be translated sturdy begtars, more especial indicating these unwelcome visitors who exact lodgings and ivictuals by force, or something approaching to it.

gentry.—Having delivered this dolctul annunciation, he assumed a posture of silent dejection, statking his head alowly with the motion of a pendulum when it to ceasing to vibrate, and then remained istionary, his

is ceasing to vibrate, and then remained stationary, his bady stooping at a more acute angle than usual, and the latter part of his person projecting in proportion. The Baron, meanwhile, paced the room in silent indignation, and at length fixing his eye upon an old portrait, whose person was clad in armour, and whose features glared grimly out of a huge bush of hair, part of which descended from his head to his shoulders, and part from his chin and opper-lip to his breast-plate.—"That gentleman, Captain Waverley, my grandsire," he said, "with two hundred hores, whom he levied within his own bounds, discomfited and put to, the rout more than five lundred of these Highland to the rout more than five hundred of these Highland reivers, who have been ever lapis offensionis, et petra *beauclalt*, a stumbling-block and a rock of offence to the Lowland vicinage—he disconfited them, I say, when they had the temerity to descend to barry this country, in the time of the civil dissensions, in the year of grace, sixteen hundred forty and two. And raww, sir, I, his grandson, am thus used at such un-worthy hands?"

year of grace, sixteen hundred forty and two. And naw, sir, I, his grandson, am thus used at such un-worthy hands!" Here there was an awful pause; after which all the company, as is usual in cases of difficulty, began to give separate and inconsistent counsel. Alexander an Alexandro proposed they should and some one to compound with the Caterana, who would readily, he said, give up their prey for a dollar a-head. The Bailie spined that this transaction would amount to theft-hoot, or composition of felony; and he recommended that some carny hand should be sent up to the glans to make the best bargain he could, as it were for him-melf, so that the Laird might not be seen in such a transaction. Edward proposed to send off to the merest garrison for a party of solders and a magis-trate's warrant; and Rose, as far as she dared, en-dawoured to institute the course of paying the arrears of the catle, if he were properly propitated. Mone of these proposals met the Baron's approba-tian. The idea of composition, direct' or implied, was absolutely ignominous; that of Waverley only show-ed that catle, if he said, "to procure restitution in integrum of every stirk and stor that the chief, his franking matters as they did with Fergus Mac-tvor Web. Ian Vohr, the Baron would make no concession to him, were it, he said, "to procure restitution in integrum of every stirk and stor that the chief, his franction Cannore." In fact, his voice was still for ware and he proposed to send expresses to Balmawhapple, Killancurution in integrum of every stirk and stor that the chief, his franction Cannore." In fact, his voice was still for ware seposed to similar depredations, inviting them to jein in the pur-mit; " and then, sir, shall these nobulones negasi-tion, as Lealshue calls them, be brought to the fact of their predecessor Cacus. "Else costs, et scorm species gotts.""

#### - et sicona sa mine mitter.

The Bailie, who by no means raished these war-like counsels, here pulled forth an immense watch, sh the colour, and nearly of the size, of a pewter seming-pas, and observed it was now past noon, and that the Caterans had been seen in the pass of Hallybrough soon after sun-rise; so that before the silied, forces could assemble, they and their prey would be far beyond the reach of the most active pursuit, and sheltered in those sathless descris, where it was neither advisable to follow, nor indeed possible in two them te trace them.

This propusition was undeniable. The council sectore broke up without coming to any conclusion. as has occurred to councils of more importance; only it, was determined that the Bailie should send his own three milk cowe down to the Mains for the use of the Baron's family, and brew small ale, as a substitute Baron's family, and brew small ale, as a substitute for milk, in his own. To this arrangement, which was sensed, both from habitual deference to the family, and an internal consciousness that his courtesy would, in same mode or other, be repaid tenfold.

**ELET.** (Char. 23.) The Baron having also resired to give some neces-sary directions. Waverley seized the opportunity to sak, whether this Fergus, with the unpronounceable name, was the chief thist taker of the district ? "Thief-taker!" answered Rose, laughing; " he is a gentleman of great honour and consequence; the chieftain of an independent branch of a powerfal Highland clan, and is much respected, both for his own power, and that of his kith, kin, and allies." "And what has he to do with the thieves, then? I he a magistrate, or in the commission of the peace?" asked Waverley. "The commission of war rather, if there be such a thing," said Rose; "for he is a very unquiet neigh-bour to his un-frienda, and keeps a greater following on foot than many that have thrice his estate. As to his connaxion with tha thieves, that I cannot well explain; but the boldest of them will never steal a hoof from any one that pays black-mail to Vich Ian Voh." Vohr.

And what is black-mail?"

"A sort of protection-money that Low-country gentlemen and beritors, lying near the Highlands pay to some Highland chief, that he may neither de them harm himself, nor suffer it to be done to them them harm himself, nor suffer it to be done to them by others; and then if your cattle are stolen, you have only to send him word, and he will recover thems or it may be, he will drive away bows from some dis-tant place, where he has a quarrel, and give them to you to make up your loss." "And is this sort of Highland Jonathan Wild as mitted into society, and called a gentleman ?" "So much so," said Rose, "that the quarrel be-tween my father and Fergus Mac-Ivor began at a county meeting." where he wanted to take proce-

tween my father and Fergus Maclivor began at a county meeting, where he wanted to take prese-dence of all the Lowland gentlemen then present, only my father would not suffer it. And then he up braided my father that he was under his banner, and paid him tribute; and my father was in a towering passion, for Bailie Macwheeble, who manages such things his own way, had contrived to keep this black-mail a secret from him, and passed it in his account for ceas-money. And they would have fought; bed Fergus Mac-Ivor aaid, very gallantly, he would never raise his hand against a gray head that was so much respected as my father s.—O I wish, I wish they bed continued friends!"

respected as my father s.--D I wish, I wish they shall continued friends?" "And did you ever see this Mr. Mac-Ivon, if that be his name, Miss Bradwardine?" "No, that is not his name; and he weald consi-der master as a sort of affront, only that you are an Englishman, and know no better. But the Lowland-ers call him, like other gentlemen, by the name of his setate, Glennaquoich; and the Highlanders call him Vich Ian Vohr, that is, the son of John the Great; and we upon the brass here call him by both names indifferently." "I am afraid I shall never bring my English tongue to call him by either one or other." "But he is a very polite, handsome man," conti-pued Rose; " and his sizer Flora is one of the most beautiful and accompliabed young ladies in this country: she was bred in a convent in France, and was a great friend of mine before this unkappy dis-pute. Dear Cappain Wavarley, try your infinence with my father to make matters up. I am sure the is but the beginning of our troubles; for Tully-Veo-lan has never been a safe or quiet residence when we lan has never been a safe or quiet residence when have been at fend with the Highlanders. Whe When nave been at fead with the Highlanders. When was a girl about ten, there was a skirmish fon between a party of twenty of them, and my fat and his servants, behind the Mains; and the ball broke several panes in the north windows, they wa so near. Three of the Highlanders were killed, a they brought them in wrapped in their plaids, a laid thom on the stone floor of the hall: and m morning, their wives and daughters came. clapm their hands, and crying the commach and cher their hands, and crying the coronach, and shrin ing, and carried away the dead bodies, with the pine playing before them. I could not seen for six weeks without starting, and thinking I heard these terrible cries and saw the bodies lying on the steps, all show and swathed up in their bloody tartans. But since that time there cames party from the garrison. as

isling, with a warrant from the Lord Justice Cle some such great man, and took away all our arr where some prost man, and wook sway all dir arms ; all now, how are we to protect curselves if they mee down in any strength?" Waverley could not help starting at a story which we so much meemblance to one of his own day.

have so much macmblance to one of his own day-dreams. Here was a girl scarce seventeen, the gen-tlest of her sex, both in temper and appearance, who bed winnessed with her own sycs such a mone as he had used to conjure up in his imagination, as only encouring in ancient times, and speke of it coolly, as ence very likely to recur. He felt at ones the imagilas of curiosity, and that slight sense of danger which only serves to heighten its interest. He might have said with Malvolb, "I do not new fool mynelf, to be imagination fade me? I am actually in the land of millitary and somentic adventures, and it only remains to be seen what will be any own share in them." them.

The whole circumstances now detailed con The whole encausions in a section conversion fiberets of the security, essented speally novel and ex-traordinary. He had indeed often heard of Highland fiberes, but had no idea of the systematic mode in which their depredictions were conducted; and that in alwhich their depredations were conducted; and that the practice was connived at, and even succurraged, by many of the Highland chieffains, who not ealy found the creaghs, or forays, unsful for the purpose of training individuals of their elem to the prastice of arms, but also of maintaining a wholesome terres among their 'Lowland neighbours, and levying, as we have seen, a tribute from them, under calder of entertime money.

survey there inverses and segmeouses, and isoving, as we have seen, a tribute from these, under colour of grotection-monge. Baile Maxwheeble, who seen afterwards entered, appendiated still more at length upon the sense topic; This honost gonliamen's conversation was so formed upon his professional practice, that Davis Gellatlay once said his discourne was like a "denues of horn-ing." He assured our hero, that "from the maist ancient times of record, the lawless thieves, liminers, and broken men of the Highlands, had been in fol-lowship together by reache of their surnames, for the quantiting of divers thefts, reifs, and harships, upon the houses men of the Low Country, when they not easly intromited with their whole goeds and gear, even, cattle, horse, noit, sheep, outagit and imight gismeling, at their whole goeds and gear, even, cattle, horse, when diverse protect and inverse garts of the Statute Book, both by the set one thon-end five hundred and sixty-seven, and verious others; the whilk statutes, with all that had followed and might follow thereupon, were shamefully broken and with therewe have an ensemed in the tentors and prime borewe the seven, and verious and might follow thereupon, were shamefully broken and with therewe bas and seven. an spit follow thereapon, were shangefully broken d vikpended by the said sormars, immere, and ken men, associated into followships, for the repaid parposes of theft, significant for raising, und m

sforesaid purposes of theft, stouthreef, fire-raising, marther vertice multicrum, or forcible abduction of wormen, and such like as dream to Waverley that these decide of violence should be familiar to men's minds, and currently talked of, as falling within the com-mediate vicinity, without his having transed the seas, and while he was yet in the otherwise well-extered shand of Great Britain.\*

# CHAPTER XVL

#### AN UNEXPECTED ALLY APPEARS.

Tun Bason seturned at the dinner-hour, and had in at p He not only confirmed the stories which mour. He not only confirmed and marine ware ward had heard from Ross and Ballio Macwhee but added many anecdotes from his own expe

so-Demails of Barrisdale, one of the very hast Highland gort a ho carried on the plundering system to any great ex-me a subolar and a well-bred geatingen. He engraved be addwerds the well-known line-

io tibi erunt artes -pacinyne unpruera u neere autonotis, et deboliare superhee.

I, the levying of black mail was, before the 174 more chiefe of very high rank, who, in Boing

risnes, constrainty the state of the Highli their inhabitants. The chiefs, he pronoun in general, gandisuon of great honour and b our and high p gree, who e word was accounted as a law by gree, whose word was accounted as a use op, those of their own cept; or clan. "It did not indeed he said," become them, as had occurred in late is atenoch, to propose their prosopia, a lineage what rested for the most part on the vain and fond rhyms rested for the most part on the vain and fond rhym of their Scannachine or Bhairds as sequiponders with the ovidence of ancient charters and rog grants of antiquity, conferred upon distinguish houses in the Low Coantry by divers Scottish m narcha; novertheless, such was their outreuiden and presemption, as to undervalue those who ge acted arch evidents, as if they hold their lends an along to shin."

and presemption, as to undervaine those who per-messed such evidents, as if they hold their lands as a shear's shin." This, by the way, pestry well explained the cause of quarmal between the Baron and his Highland ally. But he went on a seture as many curone particulars concerning the manners, customs, and holds of the patrimechal race, that Edward's curiesty because highly interested, and be inquired whether it was per-sible to make with asticy an ecoursion into the neigh-bouring Highlands, whose dusky harrise of moentame had already excited his wish to penetrate beyond them. The Baron assured his grast that nothing would be more say, providing this quartel wave fast made up, since he could himself give him letterste-many of the distinguished Chiefs, who would receive him with the shoet coursay and hesitality. While they were an this topic, the door suddening opened, and, usheed by Samders Gaunderson, a Highlander, fully armed and equipped, entered the apartment. Had it met been that Saunders estal apparition, without appearing to deviate from his new Edward the instrumion hostile. As it was, he started atthe agreent with the had not yet happear-it say, a momentamer in his full national cectume. The individual Gasl was a stati, dark, young, man, do be appearance of strength which his person er-hibited. The short kill, or petitoost, showed his innew, and cleal, was a stati, dark, young, man, do has appearance of strength which his person er-hibited. The short kill, or petitoost, showed his innew, and cleal was a statik and stead-wrought patol, hung before him; his bonnet had a short famind by the usual defines, wirk and stead-wrought patol, hung before him; his bonnet had a short leaker, which indicated his claim to be treated as a prime showed, or sort of genterson; a broadsword hands. Whit he other hand he pulled off his bon-receiving an embassy, "Welcome, Evan 'Dhu Mac-tonin's, what news from Fergue Mac-Ivor Vich In Vohr?"

"Fergus Mac-Ivor Vich Ian Vohr," said the ana-baseador, in good English, "greets you well, Baron of Bradwardine and Tully-Veolan, and is sorry there has been a thick cloud interposed between you and him, which has kept you from seeing and consider-ing the friendship and alliances that have been be-tween your houses and forebears of old; and he prays you that the cloud may pass away, and that things may be as they have been heretofore between the clan Ivor and the house of Bradwardine, whon there was an egg between them for a fint, and a knife for a sword. And he expects you will also say, you are sorry for the cloud, and no man shall hereafter ask whether it descended from the hill; for they never strack 'rose from the valley to the hill; for they never strack

rose from the valley to the hill; for they never strucks arms and swords, and affording a protection which could not be obtained from the magniture; in the disturbed statu of the coun-try. The author has seen a Memoir of Mac-Phenson of Cleng protection-money to a very large agricult, which was willingly protection-money to a very large agricult, which was willingly protection-money to a very large agricult, which was willingly protection-money to a very large agricult, which was willingly protection-money to a very large agricult, which was willingly protection-money to a very large agricult with the song roga is on the source of his most powerful neighbours. A gentle-man of this class hearing a clergyman hold forth to his congrega it on on the crime of their, insterupted the processive to Gamy Mass. Phenson, enters for the enforcement of such doctrines to Clany Mass-than all the semmens of all documents of the **Grane**.

with the scabbard who did not receive with the sword, and wo to him who would lose his friend for the stermy cloud of a spring morning." To this the Baron of Bradwardine 'answered with suitable dignity, that he knew the chief of clan 10," to be a well-wisher to the King, and he was sorry there should have been a cloud between him and folks are banding together, feeble is he who hath no folks are banding together, feeble is he who hath no brother." brother.

brother." This appearing perfectly satisfactory, that the peace between these august persons might be duly solem-nized, the Baron ordered a stoup of usquebaugh, and, filling a glass, drank to the health and prosperity of Mac-Ivor of Glenhaquoich; upon which the Cettic ambassador, to requite his politeness, turned down a mighty bumper of the same generous liquor, seasoned with his good wishes to the house of Bradwardine. Having thus ratified the preliminaries of the gene-ral treaty of pacification, the envoy ratired to adjust

with Mr. Macwheeble some subordinate articles with with Mr. Macwheeble some subordinate articles with which it was not thought necessary to trouble the Baron. These probably referred to the discontinu-ance of the subsidy, and apparently the Bailie found means to satisfy their ally, without suffering his master to suppose that his dignity was compromised. At least, it is certain, that after the plenipotentiaries had drunk a bottle of brandy in single drams, which seemed to have no more effect upon such seasoned vessels, than if it had been poured upon the two bears at the top of the avenue. Evan Dhu Maccombich having possessed himself of all the information which he could procure respecting the robbery of the prece-ding night, declared his intention to set off immedi-ately in pursuit of the cattle, which he gronounced to and input, durantee in the attle, which he pronounced to be "no that far off;--they have broken the bone," he ebserved," but they have had no time to suck the marrow.

Our hero, who had attended Evan Dhu during his

marrow." Our hero, who had attended Evan Dhu during his perquisitions, was much struck with the ingenuity which he displayed in collecting information, and the precise and pointed conclusions which he drew from it. Evan Dhu, on his pert, was obviously flattered with the attention of Waverley, the interest he seem-ed to take in his inquiries, and his curiosity about the customs and scenery of the Highlands. Without much caremony he invited Edward to accompany laim on a short walk of ten or fifteen miles into the mountains, and see the place where the cattle were conveyed to : adding, 'I it be as I suppose, you never saw such a place in your life, nor ever will, unless you go with me, or the like of me." Our hero, feeling his curiosity considerably excited by the idea of visiting the den of a Highland Cacus, took, however, the precaution to inquire if his guide might be trusted. He was assured, that the invita-tion would on no account have been given had there been the least danger, and that all he had to appre-hend was a little fatigue; and as Evan proposed he should pass a day at his Chieftain's house in return-ing, where he would be sure of good accommodation and an excellant welcome, there seemed nothing very formidable in the task he undertook. Rose, indeed, turned pale when she heard of it; but her father, who loved the spirited curiosity of his young friend, did not attempt to damp it by an alarm of danger which really did not exist, and a knapseck, with a faw nenot attempt to damp it by an alarm of danger which really did not exist, and a knapeack, with a few ne-gessaries, being bound on the shoulders of a sort of deputy gamakeeper, our hero set forth with a fowling-piece in his hand, accompanied by his new friend, Kvan Dhu, and followed by the gamakeeper afore-said, and by two wild Highlanders, the attendants of Evan, one of whom had upon his shoulder a hatchet at the end of a pole, called a Lochaber-axe, and the other a long ducking-gun. Eyan, upon Edward's in-gury, gave him to understand that this martial es-cort was by no means necessary as a guard, but mere ..., as he said, drawing up and adjusting his plaid with

The Town-guard of Edinburgh were, till a late period, armed with this weapon when on their police-duty. There was a hook at the back of the aze, which the ancient Highlanders used to assist them to olimb over walls, fixing the hook upon it, and missing themselves by the bandle. The aze, which was also much used by the natives, is supposed to have been introduced into both countries from Biendharder.

"Yes-that is with all his usual followers, when he visits those of the same rank. There is," he con-tinued, stopping and drawing himself proudly up, while he counted upon his fingers the several officers of his chief's retures; "there is his hanchman, or right-hand man; then his bard, or poet; then his bladier, or orator, to make harangues to the great folks whom he visits; then his gilly-more, or armour bearer, to carry his sword, and target, and his guily then his gilly-casfiuch, who carries him on his back through the sikes and brooks; then his gilly-corn strian, to lead his horse by the bridle in steep and difficult paths; then his gilly-trushharnish, to carry his knapsack; and the piper and the piper's man, as this knapsack; and the piper and the piper's man, and it may be a dozen young lads beside, that have ne business, but are just boys of the belt, to follow the laird, and do his bonour's bidding."

laird, and do his bonour's bidding." "And does your Chief regularly maintain all these men?" demanded Waverley. "All these?" replied Evan; "ay, and many a fair head beside, that would not ken where to lay itself, but for the mickle barn at Ghanaquoich." With similar takes of the grandeur of the Chief is pence and war, Evan Dhu beguided the way till they resonanded more closely those huce mountains which and more closely those huce mountains which which more the set of the grandeur is the set of the approached more closely those huge mountains which Kdward had hitherto only seen at a distance. It was approached more closely those huge mountains which Edward had hitherto only even at a distance. It was towards evening as they entered one of the tremen-dous passes which afford communication between the high and low country; the path, which was ex-tremely steep and rugged, winded up a chasm be-tween two tremendous rocks, following the passage which a forming stream, that brawled fab below, ap-peared to have worn for itself in the course of ages. A few slanting beams of the sun, which was now setting, reached the water in its danksome bed, and showed it partially, chafed by a hundred rocks, and broken by a hundred falls. The descent from the and there a projecting fragment of granite, or a scalabed tree, which had warped its twisted roots into the fis-sures of the rock. On the right hand, the mount tain rose above the path with almost equal inaccessibility; but the hill on the opposite side displayed a shroud of oppewood, with which some pince were intermin-side.

oppeword, with ward even provide a set of Bally-Brough, "This," said Evan, " is the pase of Bally-Brough, which was kept in former times by ten of the clan Donnochie against a hundred of the Low Country Donnochie against a hundred of the Low Country

which was kept in former times by ten of the clam Donnochie against a hundred of the Low Country Carles. The graves of the slain are still to be seen in that little corri, or bottom, on the opposite side of the burn—if your eyes are good, you may see the green specks among the heather—See, there is an earn, which you Southrons call an eagle—you have no such birds as that in England—he is going to fetch his supper from the Laird of Bradwardine's brace, but I'll send a slug after him." He fired his piece accordingly, but missed the su-per's monarch of the feathered uribes, who, withest noticing the attempt to annoy him, continued his ma-jestic flight to the southward. A thousand birds of prey, hawka, kites, carrion-crows, and ravens, dis-turbed from the lodgings which they had just taken up for the evening, rose at the report of the gun, and mingled their hoarse and discordant notes with the echoes which replied to it, and with the roar of the mountain cataracts. Evan, a little disconcerted at having missed his mark, when he meant to have dis-played pocular dexterity, covered his confusion by whistling part of a pibroch as he reloaded his *tices*, and proceeded in silence up the pass. It issued in a aarrow gien, between two mountains, both very lofty, and covered with heath. The broak

Whisting part of a percent as no restored at percent and proceeded in silence up the pass. It issued in a asrow gien, between two mountains, both very lofty, and covered with heath. The brock continued to be their companion, and they advanced up its mazes, crossing them now and then, on which occasions Evan Dhu uniformly offered the assistance of his attendants to carry over Kdward; but or here, whis had been gives a tolerable pedestrian, declined

# CHAR XVILI

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traveflers half walked, half waded, was rough, bro-ken, and in many places quaggy and unsound. Some-times the ground was so completely unsafe, that it was necessary to spring from one hillock to another, the space between being incapable of bearing the hu-man weight. This was an easy matter to the High-landers, who wore thin-soled brogues fit for the pur-pose, and movel with a peculiar springing step; but Edward began to find the exercise, to which he was unaccustomed, more fatiguing than he expected. The lingering twilight served to show them through this Serbonian hog hut descrid them almost totally at lingering twilight served to show them through this Serbonian bog, but deserted them almost totally at the bottom of a steep and very stong hill, which it was the traveller's next toilsome task to ascend. The night, however, was pleasant, and not dark; and Waverley, calling up mental energy to support personal fatigue, held on his march gallantly, though envying in his heart his Highland attendants, who continued, without a symptom of abated vigour, the rapid and swinging pace, or rather not, which, ac-conding to his computation, had already brought them of them miles upon them thereas

rapid and swinging piece, or rather trot, which, ac-cording to his componinton, had already brought them fifteen miles upon ther journey. After crossing this mountain, and descending on the other side towards a thick wood, Evan Dhu held some conference with his Highland attendanta, in consequence of which Edward's baggare was shifted from the shoulders of the gamekeeper to those of one of the gillies, and the former was sent off with the other mountaineer in a direction different from that ef the three remaining travellers. On asking the meaning of this separation, Waverley was told that the Lowlander must go to a hamlet about three miles eff for the night; for allees it was some very particu-lar friend, Donald Bean Lean, the worthy person whom they supposed to be possessed of the cattle, did not much approve of strangers approaching his retreat. This seemed reasonable, and silenced a mind, when he saw himself, at su h a place and such an hour, deprived of his only Lowland companion. And Evan immediately afterwards added, "that in-deed he himself had better get forward, and announce their approach to Denald Bean Lean, as the arrival of a scier roy (red soldier) might otherwise be a disa-greeable supprise." And without waiting for an an-swer, in jockey phrase, he trotted out, and putting histest to a very round pace, was out of sight in an instant. nstant.

Instant. Waverley was now left to his own meditationa, for his attendant with the battle-axe spoke very little English. They were traversing a thick, and, as it seemed, an endless wood of pines, and consequently the path was altogether indiscernible in the murky darkness which surrounded them. The Highlander, however, seemed to trace it by instinct, without the hesiation of a moment, and Edward followed his footsteps as close as he could. After journeying a considerable time in silence, he could not help asking, "Was it far to the end of their journey?"

journey ?

"Ta cove was tree, four mile; but as Duinhé-was-sel was a wee taiglit, Donald could, tat is, might-would-should send ta curragh." This conveyed no information. The curragh which was promised might be a man, a horse, a cart, or chaise; and no more could be got from the man with the battle-are, but a repetition of "Aich ay! ta curregh.

curragn." But in a short time Edward began to conceive his c meaning, when, issuing from the wood, he found him-self on the banks of a large river or lake, where his p conductor gave him to understand they must sitts

the seconnecdation, and obviously rome in his gride's down for a little while. The moon, which now be-opinion, by showing that he did not fear wetting his gent. Iddeed he was anxious, so far ashe could with-out affectation, to remove the opinion which Evan seemed to entertain of the efferininecy of the Low-be surrounded. The cool, and yet mild air of the summer night, refreshed Waverley after his rapid and to a black beg, of tramendous extent, full of large pit holes, which they traversed with great difficulty and some danger, by tracks which no one but a High-ther the portion of more solid ground on which the ther the portion of more solid ground on which the ten, and in many places quagy and unsound. Some-viet to the den of some renowned outlaw, a second which spread before then, and the suppless and in distinct forms of mountains with which it seemed to be surrounded. The cool, and yet mild air of the summer night, refreshed Waverley after his rapid and toilsome walk; and the perfume which it wafted from the birch trees, bathed in the evening dew, was

He had now time to give himself up to the full ro-mance of his situation. Here he sate on the banks of 2n unknown lake, under the guidance of a wild native, whose language was unknown to him, on a visit to the den of some renowned outlaw, a second Robin Hood, perhaps, or Adam o'Gordon, and that at deep midnight, through scenes of difficulty and toil, separated from his attendant, left by his guide :-What a variety of incidents for the exercise of a ro-mantic imagination, and all enhanced by the solemn feeling of uncertainty, at least, if not of danger! The only circumstance which assorted ill with the rest, was the cause of his journey-the Baron's milk cows1 this degrading in cident he kept in the back ground. While wrapt is these dreams of imagination, his companion gently touched him, and, pointing in a di-rection nearly straight across the lake, said. "Yon's ta cove." A small point of light was seen to twinkle in the direction in which he pointed, and gradually increasing in size and lustre, seened to flicker like a meteor upon the verge of the horizon. While Ed-ward wetched this phenomene, the distant dash of oars was heard. The measured sound approached near and more near, and presently a loud whistle mark attendant, was immediately assisted into the signal, and a boat, manned with four of five Highlanders, puphed for a little inlet, near which Edward was sitting. He advanced to meet into the boat by the officious attention of two stout mountaineers, and had no sooner seated himself than lake with great rapidity.

#### CHAPTER XVIL

#### THE HOLD OF A HIGHLAND BOBBER.

THE HOLD OF A HIGHLAND BOSSER. The monotonous and marmed chant of a Gaelic song, sung in a kind of low recitative by the steers-man, and by the dash of the oars, which the notes seemed to regulate, as they dipped to them in cadence. The light, which they now approached more nearly, assumed a broader, redder, and more irregular splan-dour. It appeared plainly to be a large fire, but whe-ther kindled upon an island or the main land. Edward could not determine. As he saw it, the red glaring orb seemed to rest on the very surface of the lake it-self, and resembled the fiery vehicle in which the fire sufficed to show that it was kindled at the bot-tiom of a huge dark crae or rock, rising sbruptly from the sumced to show that it was kindled at the ob-tom of a huge dark crag or rock, rising abruptly from the very edge of the water; its front, changed by the reflection to dusky red, formed a strange, and even awful contrast to the banks sround, which were from time to time faintly and partially illuminated by pal-lid encodicate id moonlight.

The boat now neared the shore, and Edward could The boat now neared the shore, and Edward could discover that this large fire, amply supplied with branches of pine-wood by two figures, who, in the red reflection of its light, appeared like demons, was kindled in the jaws of a lofty cavern, into which an inlet from the lake seemed to advance; and he con-jectured, which was indeed true, that the fire hast been lighted as a beacon to the boatmen on their re turn. They rowed right for the mouth of the cave, and then, shipping their oars, permitted the boat to enter in obedience to the inpulse which it had re-ceived. The skiff passed the little point or platform

\* It is not the weeping birch, the most common apoctes in the Highlands, but the woolly leaved Lowland birch, that is distin-guished by this fragrance.

? rock, on which the fire was Maxing, and runnen but two bosts' length farther, stopped where th wern (for it was already arched overhead) accande the water by five or six broad ledges of real sy and regular that they might be termed wat of mate so casy and regular that they might be termed mata-and steps. At this phoment a quantity of water was suddenly fung upon the free, which sumk with a hise-ing noise, and with it disappeared the light it had hitherto afforded. Four or five active arms influd Waverley out of the boat, placed him on his first, and almost carried him into the reconset of the cave. His et, and the carried nim into the recorders of the cave. Is a few paces in darkness, guided in this man advancing to work the second ier : nd advancing towards shum of voices, which seem d to sound from the centre of the reck, at an acut are Donald Bosn Lean and his whole catabilithmer

way before his eyes. The interior of the cave, which have resevery high, was illuminated by torches made of pine-tree, which smitted a bright and biokering light, stiended by a strong, though not, unpleasant shour. Their light Cheir light groon fire. a senisted by the red glare of a large charcoal fre, and which were sented five or six armed Highland-a, while others were indistinctly seen couched on rplaids, in the more remote rece es of the cavern surpraises, in the more remote recesses of the cavern. , one large experture, which the robber fractionary field his evence, (or pantry.) there hung by the basis e consecses of a sheep, or even, and two cows lately sightered. The principal inhabitant of this singular answin, attended by Evan Dha as master of the co-monion come formed to mark his constant. men, around by syan Dut as master of the co-onies, came forward to must his gass, totally want in appearance and manner from what his gination had anticipated. The profession which of owed—the wilderness in which he dwelt—the forent in appearance and manner from what are asgination had anticiparted. The probasion which is followed—the wilderness in which he dwelt—the ild warrior forms that anreunded him, were all louisted to imagine torror. From such accompani-onts, Waveley propered himself to meet a storn-ganic, ferocieus figure, such as Salvator would we chosen to be the central object of a group of litti.

Donaid Bean Lean was the very severably all these. He was thin in person and low in stature, with light sendy-coloured hair, and small pale features, from which he derived his agnomen of Mean or white; and which he derived his agnomen of *Hearn* wwire; and although his form was light, well-proportioned, and active, he appeared, on the whole, rather a diminutive and insignificant figure. He had served in some in-ferior capacity in the French army, and in order to receive his English visitor in great form, and probably meaning, in his way, to pay him a compliment, he had had aside the Highland dress for the time, to part and an english way had been and be been bet a an old blue and red uniform, and a feathered hat on an old bins and red uniform, and a feathered hat, in which he was far from showing to advantage, and indeed looked so, incongraous, compared with all anound him, that Waverley would have been tempted to laugh, had laughter been either civil or safe. The robber received Captain Waverley with a profusion of Prench politeness and Scottish hospitality, seemed serfectly to know his name and connexions, and to be particularly acquainted with his unele's political principles. On these he bestowed great applause, to which Waverley Judged it prudent to make a very sameral reby.

seneral reply. Being placed at a convenient distance from the obarcoal fire, the heat of which the season rendered oppressive, a strapping Highland damsel placed be-

oppressive, a strapping Highland dames placed be-\* An adventure, very similar to what is here stated, actually brief the here Mr. Abercromby of Tallibody, grandfather of the when the gentleman, who lived to a very advanced period of the first settled in Stirlingalire, his cattle were repeatedly driven and the activities of the settleman and the settleman brief the settled in Stirlingalire, his cattle were repeatedly driven at the taxt. Rub received him with much courtary, and make many apologies for the accident, which must have happened be add, through some mistake. Mr. Abercromby was resailed with collops from two of his own cattle, which were hung up by the levels in the caxt, and was dismissed in perfect safety, after having agreed to pay in futuria amal sum of black mail, in con-tideration of which Rob Koy not only undertook to brober his berds in future, bat to replace any that should be stolen from him y other resoboters. Mr. Abercromby as affected to consider him as a friend to the Jacobite interont, and a sincers meany to the unon. Nother of these circumstances were true; bat the is the rest of bringing on a political dispute in signal at the taxt. The resolute is provide the set of signation of the set of the se

dr 100 nt of a particitr t nd has اطمعما of a ley, w ty with w be had been of He we ce was with th at, like m some animals ally gifted wi tine it were t s to good ; plenty in their w r way. 'n # drank it co a little wit wing mi

having raised a little with value, due peletable as to invite him to report Their host bewailed himself enced could offer him no wine: "Had he he and-twenty hours before, he would he had it been within the circle of farty mill But no gentlemen could do more to sho the honour of a visit from mether, the the bast where his house afferded. W no bushes there can be no muts, and the service with it that you raputs follow? ent to r 1 ...... on live with is that you must follow." He want on regretting to liven Bhu the d

righ, or Dan formold, the

He want on regretting to Hwan Bhu th an algod man, Donnacha un Amrigh, or D the Cap. "A grifted seet," whose foresteld, th second night, visitors of every description s ed their dwelling, whether as friends or the "Is not his son Distocht Scienter, (a we ed person) ?" asked Evan. "Nothing' equal to his father," repli Beam. "He told us the other day we we great gentionan rising on a here, and nebody that whole day but Sheeme her harper, with his dog. Another time he at harper, with his dog. Another time he at nebody that whole day but Shearas Mag, the bit happer, with his dog. Another time he soverised of a working, and behed it pocowd a Smeani; and, the creagh, when he foretold to us we should bri-home a hundred head of harned cattle, we grapp mothing but a fat balls of Pesth." From this discourse he passed to the pointical an inditary state of the country; and Waveley was tonished, and even alarmed, to find a person of th description so acourstely acquainted with the stapp of the verious garrisons and merimentariant the

met accomption so accurately acquaints with the display of the verices particular and regiments quartered north of the Tay. He even mentioned the exact number of requits who had joined Waverley's troop from he uncle's estate, and observed they were protivy mon meaning, not handsome, but shout warhier failous He put Waverley in mind of one or two minute car curates a photh had howered at a second cumstances which had happened at a general res of the regiment, which satisfied him that the ro and been an eye-witness of it ; and Evan Dau h by this time retired from the conversation, and we ped himself up in his plaid to take some repose, Do-nald asked Edward, in a very significant manner, whether he had nothing perticular to say to him.

hain asked kaward, in a very signmeant signifi-whethar he had nothing perticular to say to him. Waverley, surprised and somewhat startled at this question from such a character, answead he had so motive in visiting him but curiasity to see his estra-ordinary place of residence. Donaid Bean Lean looked him steadily in the face for an instant, and then said, with a significant nod. "You might as well have confided in me; I am as much worthy of irust as either the Baron of Bradwardine, or Vich law Vohr :--But you are equally welcome to my house." Waverley felt an involuntary shudder creep over him at the mysterious language held by this outlawed and lawless bandit, which, in despite of his attempts-to master it, deprived him of the power so ask the imaning of his insinuations. A heath pailot, with the flowers stuck upperment, had been prepared for him in a success of the cave, and have, covered with such spare plaids as could be mustered, he lay for some time watching the motions of the other inhisti-ant of the cavers. Small parties of two or threacen-"This was the regale pressweth Rob Roy to the Laird of

This was the regale presented by Rob Roy to the Laird of

**Since Sciller**. **Since Sciller**. **Spect of left the place without any other commony** than a few words in Gradic to the principal outlaw, and, when he fall select, to a tell Highlander who acted as his licutenant, and seemed to keep watch thering his repose. Those who entered, seemed to fave returned from some excursion of which they reported the success, and went without farther cere-mony to the larder, where cutting with their dirks their rations from the carcasses which were there suspended, they proceeded to broil and eat them at their own pleasure and leisure. The liquor was under strict regulation, being served out either by Donald himself, his licutenant or the strapping Highland girl aforesaid, who was the only female that uppeared. The allowance of whisky, however, would have ap-peared prodigal to any but Highlanders, who, living entirely in the open an, and in a very moist climate, can consume great quantities of ardent spirits with-out the usual banefal effects either upon the brain or constitution.

out the usual banenia energy enter upon the orain or constitution. At length the fluctuating groups began to swim be-fore the eyes of our here as they gradually closed; nor did he re-open them till the morning sun was high on the lake without, though there was but a faint and glimmering (wilight in the receases of Uaimh an Ri, or the King's Cavern, as the abode of Donald Bean Lean was proudly denominated.

# CHAPTER XVIIL

# WAVERLEY PROCEEDS ON HIS JOURNEY.

WAYBRLEY PROCEEDS ON HIS JOURNEY. Warss Edward had collected his scattered recol-lection, he was surprised to observe the cavern to-tally deserted. Having arisen and put his dress in some order, he looked more accurately round him; but all was still solitary. If it had not been for the decayed brands of the fire, now sunk into gray ashes, and the remnants of the fastival, consisting of bones half burnt and half gnawed, and an empty keg or two, there remained no traces of Dönald and his band. When Waveley sallied forth to the entrance of the cave, he perceived that the point of rock, on which remained the marks of last night's beacon, was eccessible by a small path, either natural, or roughly hewn in the rock, along the little inlet of water which ran a few yards up into the cavern, where, as in a wet-dock, the skiff which brought him the reached the small projecting platform on which the beacon had been established, be would have be-liewed his farther progress by land impossible, only that it was scance probable but what the inhabitants of the cavern had some mode of issuing from it other-ware then by the lake. Accordingty, he soon ob-source then by the lake. Accordingty he soon obof the cavern had some mode of issuing from it other-wage than by the lake. Accordingly, he soon ob-served three or four shelving steps, or ledges of rock, at the very entremity of the little platform; end, making use of them as a staircase, he clambered by their means round the projecting shoulder of the cras on which the cavern opened, and, descending with some difficulty on the other side, he gained the voild and precipitous shores of a highland loch, about four smiles in length, and a mile and a half across, surrounded by heathy and savage mountains, on the crass of which the morning mist was still sleeping. Looking back to the place from which he came,

WAVEELEY.

Much nearer to the mouth of the cave he heard the Much nearer to the mouth of the cave he heard the notes of a lively Gaelic song, guided by which, in a sunny recess, shaded by a glittering birch-tree, and carpeted with a bank of firm white sand, he format the dameel of the cavern, whose lay had already reached him, busy, to the best of her power, in ar-ranging to advantage a morning repast of milk, agga, barley-bread, fresh butter, and honey-comb. The poor girl had already made a circuit of four miles that boron in a search of the area of the meal which poor girl had aiready made a circuit of jour miles that morning in search of the eggs, of the meal which baked her cakes, and of the other materials of the breakfast, being all delicacies which she had to beg or borrow from distant cottagers. The followers of Donald Bean Lean used little food except the fieth Donald Bean Lean used little food except the field of the animals which they drove away from the Lowlands; bread itself was a delicacy seldon thought of, because hard to be obtained, and all the domestic accommodations of milk, poultry, butter, **6cc.**, were, out of the question in this Scythian camp. Yet it must not be omitted, that although Alice had occu-pied a part of the morning in providing those accom-modations for her guest which the cavern did not afford ab had accurd time also to avance her arm afford, she had secured time also to arrange her own person in her best trim. Her finery was very simple. A short russet coloured jacket, and a petticoat, of scanty longitude, was her whole dress; but these pie. A short russet-coloured jacket, and a peticoat, of scanty longitude, was her whole dress; but these ware clean, and neatly arranged. A piece of scarlet embroidered cloth, called the snood, confined her hair, which fell over it in a profusion of rich dark curls. The scarlet plaid, which formed part of her dress, was laid aside, that it might uot impede her activity in attending the stranger. I should forget Alice's proudest ornament, were I to omit mention-ing a pair of gold ear-rings, and a golden rosary, which her father (for she was the daughter of Dongid Bean Lean) had brought from France, the plander, probably, of some battle or storm. Her form, though rather large for her years, was very well proportioned, and her demeanour had a na-tural and rustic grace, with nothing of the sheeplab-ing eyes, with which, in dumb show, she gave Wa-verley that morning groeting which she wanted Eng-lish words to express might have been interpreted by a coxcomb, or perhaps by a young soldier, who, with-out being such, was conscious of a handsome person, as meant to convey more than the courtes of an the there of the the of the start is a start to the same here the

out being such, was conscious of a handsome person, as meant to convey more than the courtes of an hostess. Nor do I take it upon me to say, that the little wild mountaineer would have well enced any staid old gentleman advanced in life, the samo of Bradwardine, for example, with the che all pains which she bestowed upon Edvard's nece amodation. She seemed eager to place him by the meal which she had so sedulor v arranged, and to which she now added a few i a ches of craft berries, gathered in an adjacent more same and the satisfaction and seeing him seature at the satisfaction and an adjacent more set is the satisfaction of seeing him elatted at a latter shows, she placed heread demurely upon a the sat a few yards distance, and appeared to watch, with great, complacency for some

surrounded by nearly and savage mountains, on the seeing him seated at the two state of which the merning mist was still sleeping. Looking back to the place from which he came, adopted a retreat of such seclusion and scorecy. The adopted a retreat of such seclusion and scorecy. The rock, round the shoulder of which he had turned by a few imperceptible nothing that barely afforded place for the foot, seemed, in looking back upon it, a luge appeared to watch, with grat complacency for some procisic, which barred all farther passage by the shores of the lake an that direction. There could be shore from the other semed, in looking back upon it, a luge appeared to watch, with grat complacency for some the back, the latter bearing a large salmon trout, the procisic, which barred all farther passage by the shores of the lake an that direction. There could be spot where Waverloy was so agreeably employed at go possibility, the breadth of the lake considered, of the breakfast-table. After morning streeting a large salmon trout, the spot where Waverloy was so agreeably employed at go possibility, the breadth of the lake considered, of the breakfast-table. After morning streetings had descrying the entrance of the narrow and low-browed gave from the other side; so that, unleas the retreat on as long an they were supplied with prov-it might be a safe and sceret residence to its plexion well embrowned by use and the south descrying the south of the lake on the outent at the fish should be prepared in might he a right have become of Dor na'i Bear at and has pary, where made of life To crown the repast, Evan produced from the pocket would G

of his short terkin, a large scallop shell, and from shall be, if he have the good fortune to be hanged) insert the folds of his plaid, a ram's horn full of whis with set to folds of his plaid, a ram's horn full of whis liteady taken his *morning* with Donald Bean Lean, before his departure; he offered the same cordial to blinked over Ben-Lawers this moraing; and they'll Alice and to Edward, which they both declined. With be in the pase of Bally-Brough by this time, in their the bounteous air of a lord, Evan then profiered the wat set to be asked a second time, drank it off ut writh great gusto. Evan then prepared to move to writh great gusto. Evan then prepared to move to writh set hought worth removing, and finging her what she thought worth removing, and finging her la around her, she advanced up to Edward, and with the utmost simplicity, taking hold of his hand, with the check to his salute, dropping, at the same "And are we far from Gleanaquoich?" The provided of the provided and provided an cure a similar favour; but Alice, snatching up her bas-ket, escaped up the rocky bank as flectly as a roe, and, turning round and laughing, called something out to him in Gaelic, which he answered in the same tone and language; then, waving her hand to Edward, she resumed her road, and was soon lost among the thick-eta, though they continued for some time to hear her lively carol, as she proceeded gayly on her solitary journey.

Journey. They now again entered the gorge of the cavern, and stepping into the boat, the Highlander pushed off, and, taking advantage of the morning breeze, hoisted a clumsy sort of sail, while Evan assumed the helm, directing their course, as it appeared to Waverley, ra-ther higher up the lake than towards the place of his the higher up the lake than towards the place of his embarkation on the preceding night. As they glidd along the silver mirror, Evan opened the conversation with a panegyric upon Alice, who, he said, was both canny and *fendy*; and was, to the boot of all that, the best dancer of a strathypey in the whole strath. Ed-mand cannot to he provide a for a b understood pest cancer ot a stratuppy in the whole strath. Ed-ward assented to her praises so far as he understood them, set could not help regretting that she was con-degraned to such a perilous and dismal life. "Oich for that," said Evan, "there is nothing in Perthehre that she need want, if she ask her father to fetch it, unless it be too hot or too heavy." "But to be the daughter of a cattle-stealer—a com-mon thief!"

mon thief!"
"Common thief!—No such thing: Donald Bean
Lean never lifted less than a drove in his life."
"Do you call him an uncommon thief, then?"
"No—he that steals a cow from a poor widow, or
a stirk from a Seasenach leird, is a gentleman-drover. And,
besides, to take a tree from the forest, a salmon from
the river, a deer from the bill, or a cow from a Low-land strath, is what no Highlander need ever think
shame upon."

"But what can this end in, were he taken in such

"But what can this end in, were he taken in such an appropriation ?" "To be sure he would *die for the law*, as many a pretty mas has done before him." "Die for the lew!" "Ay: that is, with the law, or by the law; be strap-ped up on the *kind* gallows of Crieff.\* where his fa-ther died, and his goodsire died, and where I hope be'll live to die himsell, if he's not shot, or slashed, in a creagh." "You hope such a death for your friend, Evan ?" "And that do I e'en; would you have me wish him te die on a bundle of wet straw in yon den of his, like a many tyke?"

"But what becomes of Alice, then ?" "But what becomes of Alice, then ?" "Troth, if such an accident were to happen, as her father would not need her help ony langer, I ken nought to hinder me to marry her mysell." "Gallantly resolved," said Edward ;- "but, in the meanwhile, Evan, what has your father-in-law (that

mean while, bryan, what has your latter-in-law (that • This celebraid gibbet was, in the memory of the last gene-ration, still standing at the weetern co lot the town of Grief, in Perthehine. Why it was called the last galows, we are unable to inform the reader with certainty; but it is alleged that the this standard and the last standard and the standard and this standard and the standard the standard and the standard the standard and the standard and the standard the standard the standard and the standard and the standard the standard the standard the standard the standard and the standard the standard

"And are we far from Glennaquoich ?" "But five bits of miles; and Vich Ian Vohr will meet us.

meet us." In about half an hour they reached the upper end of the lake, where, after landing Waverley, the two Highlanders drew the boat into a little creek among thick flags and reeds, where it lay perfectly concealed. The oars they put in another place of concealment, both for the use of Donald Bean Lean probably, when his occasions should next bring him to that place. The travellers followed for some time a delightful opening into the hills, down which a little brook found its way to the lake. When they had pursued their walk a short distance, Waverley renewed his questions about their host of the cavern. "Does he always reside in that cave?" "Out, not it's past the skill of man to tell where

"Does he always reade in that cave?" "Out, no! it's past the skill of man to tell where he's to be found at a times; there's not a dern nogk, or cove, or corri, in the whole country, that he's not acquainted with."

"And do others beside your master ahelter him f" "My master ?--My master is in Heaven," answer-ed Evan, haughtily; and then immediately assum-ing his usual civility of manner, "but you mean my Chief;--no, he does not shelter Donald Bean Lean, nor any that are like him; he only allows him (with a smile) wood and water." a smile) wood and water." "No great boon, I should think, Evan, when both

"No great boon, I should think, Evan, when both seem to be very plenty." "Ah! but ye dinna see through it. When I say wood and water, I mean the loch and the land; and I fancy Donald would be put till' if if the lard were to look for him wi' threescore men in the wood of Kai-lychat yonder; and If our boats, with a score or twa mair, were to come down the loch to Usinh an Ri headed by mysell, or ony other pretty man."

"But suppose a strong party came against him from the Low Country, would not your Chief defend him 7

"Na, he would not ware the spark of a thirt for him if they came with the law." "And what must Donald do, then?" "He behoved to rid this country of himsell, and fail

"And if he were pursued to that place?" "And if he were pursued to that place?" "I'se warrant he would go to his cousin's at Rap ach." back, it may be, over the mount upon Letter Scriven

"Well, but if they followed him to Rannoch " "That," quoth Evan, "is beyond all belief; and indeed, to tell you the truth, there durnt not a Low-lander in all Scouland follow the fray a gun-shot be-yond Bally-Brough, unless he had the help of the Sidiar Dhu."

Skdier Dhu." "Whon do you call so ?" "The Skdier Dhu ? the black soldier; that is what they call the independent companies that were raised to keep peace and law in the Highlands. Wich Ian Vohr commanded one of them for five years, and I was sergeant myself, I shall warrant ye. They call them Sidier Dhu, because they wear the tartans, so they call your mea-King George's men, -Sidier Roy, or red soldiers." "Well, but when you were in King George's pay, Evan, you were surely King George's soldiers ?" "Troth, and you must ask Vich Ian Vohr about that; for we are for his king, and care not much which o' them it is. At ony rate, nobody can say we are King George's men now, when we have not seen his pay this twelvemonth."

ishing is combrous to carry, and not easy to put away for siller in this country." "But does he carry off men and women ?" "Out, ay. Did not ye hear him speak o' the Perth baille? It cost that body five hundred merks are he got to the south of Bally-Brough.—And ance Donald played a pretty sport.\* There was to be a blythe bri-dal between the Lady Cramfezzr, in the howe o' the Mearns, (ahe was the auld laird's widow, and no sae young as she had been hersell,) and young Gillie-whackit, who had spent his heirship and movables, like a gentleman, at cock-matches, buil-baitings, horse-races, and the like. Now, Donald Been Lean, being aware that the bridegroom was in request, and wanting to cleik the cunzie (that is, to hook the siller,) he cannily carried off Gilliewhackit ae night when he was riding dorering hame, (wi' the mait rather abune the meal,) and with the help of his gillies he gat him into the hills with the speed of light, and the first place he wakened in was the cove of Uainh an E. So there was old to do about ransoming the bridegroom; for Donald would not lower a farthing of a thousand punds"— "The devil " "Punds Soottish, ye shall understand. And the

"'The devil." "Punds Scottish, ye shall understand. And the lady had not the siller if she had pawned her gown; and they applied to the governor o' Stirling castle, and to the major o' the Black Watch; and the go-vernor said, it was ower far to the northward, and the distinct and the major said his men were vernor said, it was ower far to the northward, and out of his district; and the major said, his men were gane hame to the shearing, and he would not call them out before the victual was got in for all the Cramfezzers in Christendom, let alane the Mearna, for that it would prejudice the country. And in the meanwhile yell no hinder Gilliewhackit to take the meallyno. These was not the decire in Perth or menal-post. There was not the doctor in Perth or Stirling would look near the poor lad; and I cannot blame them, for Donald had been misguggled by ane of these doctors about Paris, and he swore he would fing the first into the loch that he catched beyond the Pace. fing the first into the loch that he carched beyond the Pass. However, some calliache, (that is, old women.) that were about Donald's hand, nursed Gil-liewhackit sae weel, that between the free open air in the cover may be as weel as if he had been closed in a shazed chamber and a bed with curtains, and fed with recover may be as weel as it he had been closed in a gazed chamber and a bed with curtains, and fed with wed wine and white meat. And Donald was sae verse about it, that when he was stout and weel, he greans each him free home, and said he would be pleased with eny thing they would like to gie him for the plague and trouble which he had about Gillis-whackit to an unkenn'd degree. And I cannot tell you precisely how they sorted; but they agreed sae right that Donald was invited to dance at the wed-ding in his Highland trews, and they said that there was never as meikle siller clinked in his purse either before or since. And to the boot of all that, Gillis-whackit said, that, be the evidence what it liked, if he had the luck to be on Donald's inquest, he would bring him in guilty of nothing whatever, unless it were with are had and disjointed chat Evan went on allnestrating the axisting state of the Highlands, more to the anosement of Waverley than that of "The stoy of the bridegroom earled off by Caterans, on his

perhaps to the anuscement of Waverley than that of • The story of the bridgroom carried off by Caterans, on his bridgl-day, is taken from one which was told to the author by the late Laird of Mac-Nab, many years since. To carry off per-mons from the Lowlands, and to put them to ransoom, was a com-mon practice with the wild Higblanders, as it is said to be at the present day with the binditi in the South of Italy. Upon abs accasion alluded to, a party of Caterans carried off the bridg-rooms, and ascreted him in some cave near the mountain of Schinhallion. The young man caught the small-pox before his narrooms, and secreted him in some cave near the mountain of Schinhallion. The young man caught the small-pox before his narroom could be agreed on; and whether it was the fine cool six of the place, or the want of medical attendance, Mac-Nab did not protend to be positive; but so it was, that the prisoner percovered, his ransom was paid, and he was restored to his friends and bride, hat always considered the Highland robbers as having moved his life, hu their treatment of his malady.

This last argument admitted of no reply, nor did our readers. At length, after having marched over Rdward attempt any; he rather chose to bring back bank and bras, moss and heather, Edward, though the discourse to Donald Bean Lean. "Does Donald confine himself to cattle, or does fie lift, as you call it, any thing else that comes in his way?" "Troth, he's nase nice body, and he'll just tak ony things, but most readily cattle, horse, or live Chris-ianing is cumbrous to carry, and not easy to put away for siller in this country." "But does he carry off men and women ?" not unacquainted with the Scottish liberality in com-puting distance, began to think that Evan's five miles were nearly doubled. His observation on the large measure which the Scottish allowed of their land, in comparison to the computation of their money, was readily answered by Evan, with the old jest, "The deil take them wha have the least pint stoup." And now the report of a gun was heard, and a sportsman was seen, with his dogs and attendant, at the upper end of the glen. "Shough," said Dugald Mahony, "tat's ta Chief." "It is not," said Evan, imperiously. "Do you think he would come to meet a Sassenach Duinhé-wassel in such a way as that?" But as they approached a little nearen he said, with an appearance of mortification, "And it is even he, sure enough; and he has not his tail on after all; -there is no living creature with him but Calhum Beg."

In fact, Fergus Mac-Ivor, of whom a Frenchman In fact, Fergus Mac-Ivor, of any man in the High-

There is no living creature with him but Calum Bag." In fact, Fergus Mac-Ivor, of whom a Frenchman might have said, as truly as of any man in the High-lands, "Qu'il connoit bien see gens." had no idea of raising himself in the eyes of an English young man of fortune, is appearing with a retinue of idlo Highlanders disproportioned to the occasion. He was well aware that such an unnecessary attendances would seem to Edward rather ludicrous than respect-able; and while few men were more attached to ideas of chieftainship and feudal power, he was, for that very reason, cautious of exhibiting external marks of dignity, unless at the time and in the man-ner when they were most likely to produce an impo-sing effect. Therefore, although, had he been to re-ceive a brother chieftain, he would probably have been attended by all that retinue which Evan de-scribed with so much unction, he judged it more re-ispectable to advance to meet Waverley with a single attendant, a very handsome Highland boy, who car-ried his master's shooting-pouch and his broad-sword, without which he seldon went abroad. When Fergus and Waverley met, the latter was struck with the peculiar grace and dignity of the Chieftain's figure. Above the middle size, and finely proportioned, the Highland dress, which he wore in its simplest mode, set off his person to graat advan-tage. He wore the trews, or close trowsers, made of tartan, chequed scarlet and white; in other parti-culars, his dress strictly resembled Evan's, excepting that be had no weapon save a dirk, very richly the bud in his hand, seemed only designed for sport-He had shot in the course of his walk some young wild-ducks, as, though *close-time* was then unknown, but he would have been pronounced in any country extremely handsome. The martial air of the bon-net, with a single engle's feather as a distinction, added much to the manly appearance of his head, which was besides ornamented with a far more na-tural and graceful cluster of close black curis than ever were exposed to s

ever were exposed to sale in Bond-Street. An air of openness and affability increased the fa-vourable impression derived from this handsome and dignified exterior. Yet a skilful physiognomist would have been less satisfied with the countenance on the second than on the first view. The eye-brow and upper lip bespoke something of the habit of peremp-tory command and decisive superiority. Even his courtesy, though open, frank, and unconstrained, seemed to indicate a sense of personal importances a and, upon any check or accidental excitation, a sud-den, though transient lower of the eye, showed a hasty, haughty, and vindictive temper, not less to be

t The Scotch are liberal in computing their land and liquor the Scottial pint corresponds to two English quarts. As the their coin, every one knows the couplet-

How can the rogues pretend to sen Their pound is only tweaty pence.

before the close of evening. It was not, however, upon their first meeting that Edward had an opportunity of making these less fa-vourable remarks. The Chief received him as a friend of the Baron of Bradwardins, with the utmost expression of kindness and obligation for the visit; upbraided him gently with choosing so rude an abode as he had done the night before; and entered into a lively conversation with him about Donald Bean's housekeeping, but without the least hit as to his hvely conversation with him about Donald Bean's bousekeeping, but without the least hint as to his predatory habits, or the immediate occasion of Wa-verley's visit, a topic which as the Chief did not in-troduce it, our here also avoided. While they walked merrily on towards the house of Glennaquoich, Evan, who now fell respectfully into the reat, followed with Callum Beg and Dugald Mahony. We shall take the opportunity to introduce the medge to some activulars of Forems Meas Luoré che

we shall take the opportunity to introduce the reader to some particulars of Fergus Mac-Ivor's cha-pacter and history, which were not completely known to Waverley till after a connexion, which, though strising from a circumstance so casual, had for a length of time the deepest influence upon his charac-ter actions and promotes. But this bias action ter, actions, and prospects. But this, being an im-portant subject, must form the commencement of a new chapter.

### CHAPTER XIX.

#### THE OTHER AND HER MANHOR.

belonged, the name of which it is unnecessary to baention. Being defeated by an opponent who had more justice, or at least more force, on his side, he moved southwards, with those who adhered to him, in quest of new settlements, like a second Almeas. The state of the Perthshire Highlands favoured his The state of the Perthshire Highlands favoured his purpose. A great baron in that country had lately become traitor to the crown; Ian, which was the name of our adventurer, united himself with those who were commissioned by the king to chastise him, and did such good service, that he obtained a grant of the property, upon which he and his posterity afterwards resided. He followed the king also in war to the fertile regions of England, where he employed his leisure hours so actively in raising subsidies among the boors of Northumberland and Durham, that upon, his return he was embled to errect a stone tower, or The boors of Northumberland and Durham, that upon his return he was enabled to erect a stone tower, or fortalice, so much admired by his dependants and neighbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours, that he, who had hitherto been called Ian meghbours at the provention of the toola of the set is a there are the most of the set high title of *Ian nan Chaistel*, or John of the Tower. The descendants of this worthy were so proud of him,

while the cian at large, to distinguish them from that from which they had secoded, were denominated Skiechd nan foor, the race of Ivor. The father of Fergus, the tenth in direct descent from John of the Tower, engaged heart and hand in the insurrection of 1715, and was forced to fly te France, after the attempt of that year in favour of the Stewarts had proved unsuccessful. More forts-nate than other fugitives, he obtained employment in that kingdom, by whom he had, two children, Fergus and his sister Flora. The Scottish estate had been forfeited and exposed to sale, but was repurchased for a small price in the name of the young proprietor, who in consequence came to reside upon his native domains.\* It was soon perceived that he poscessed a character of uncommon acutences, fire, and ambi-tion, which, as he became acquainted with the state of the country, gradually assumed a mixed and pem-liar tone, that could only have been acquired Sinty Years sunce. Years since.

Years since. Had Fergus Mac-Iver lived Sirty Years conner than he did, he would, in all probability, have wanted the polished manner and knowledge of the world which he now possessed; and had he lived Sirty Years later, his ambition and love of rale would have lacked the fuel which his situation now allorded. He was, indeed, within his little circle, as perfect w politician as Castruccio Castruccani himself. He ap-plied himself with great earnestness to appease all the clans in his neighbourhood, so that he became a fin-quent umpire in their quarrels. His own patriarchel power he strengthened at every argenese which his power he strengthened at every expense which he fortune would permit, and indeed stretched his mean to the uttermost to maintain the rule and plentific hospitality, which was the most valued attributed

fortune would permit, and indeed stretched his meens to the uttermost to maintain the rude and plemiss hospitality, which was the most valued attribute of a chieftain. For the same reason, he crewded his purposes of war, but greatly outzumbering what the soil was calculated to maintain. These consisted chiefty of his own clan, not one of whom he suffered to quit his lands if he could possibly prevent it. But mother sept, who descride a less warlike, though more wealthy chief, to do homage to Fergus Mac-Iver. Other individuals, too, who had not even that apo-logy, were nevertheless received into his allegiamen, which indeed was rafused to none who were, his point, proper then of their hands, and weres willing to assume the name of Mac-Iver. He was enabled to discipline these forces, from having obtained command of one of the independent vasasits to enter by rotation into his company, and serve for a certain space of time, which give them all in turn a general notion of military discipline. In his companics, raised to the utmost the discre-tonary power, which, while the law had no free to assume and exercised to the utmost the discre-tionary power, which, while the law had no free to the Highlands. While in to support its the military parties who ware called in to support its the assumed and exercised to the utmost the discre-tionary power, which, while the law had no free ourse in the Highlands, with great and suspicious le-nity to those freebooters who made restitution on his summons, and officed personal submission to his summons, and officed personal submission to his summons, and offices of parsonal submission to his summons, and offices of parsonal submission to his summons, his territories, and without applying for his " This happened on many occasions. Indeed, it was not til after the total destruction of the clan informations of marauders through his territories, and without applying for his

## thur. XIX.1

consent and concurrence, nothing was more certain under the name of the Highland Host. Upon ceea-than that they would meet with some notable foil or sion of this crossede against the Ayrshire Whigs and defeat; upon which occasions Fergus Mac-Ivor was Covenanters, the Vich Ian Vohr of the time had pre-the first to conclude with them, and, after gently bla-bably been as successful as his predecessor was in ming their rashness, never failed deeply to lamont the harrying Northumberland, and therefore left to his lawless state of the country. These lamontations did not exclude suspicion, and matters were so represent-t to cover meant the house which stord on or eminance in at or government, thas our Chieftain was deprived of his military command.\* Whatever Forgus Mac-Ivor felt on this occasion,

whatever rerus hat -vor reit on this occasion, he had the art of entirely suppressing every appear-ance of discontent; but in a short time the neigh-bouring country began to feel bad effects from his disgrace. Donald Bean Lean, and others of his class, whose depredations had hitherto been confined to other districts, appeared from thenceforward to have other districts, appeared from thenceforward to have made a settlement on this devoted border; and their ravages were carried on with little opposition, as the Lowland gentry were chiefly Jacobites, and disarm-ed. This forced many of the inhabitants into con-tracts of black mail with Fergus Mac-Iyor, which not only established him their protector, and gave him great weight in all their consultations, but, moreover, supplied finds for the wasts of his fluid hospitality, which the discontinuance of his pay might have otherwise essentially diminished. In following this course of conduct. Forens had a

might have otherwise essentially diminished. In following this course of conduct, Forgus had a further object than merely being the great man of his neighbourhood, and ruling despotically over a small chan. From his infancy upward, he had devoted himself to the cause of the exiled family, and had persuaded himself, not only that their restoration to the crown of Britain would be speedy, but that those who assisted them would be raised to honour and rank. It was with this view that he laboured to re-concile the Highlanders among themselves, and ang-mented his own force to the utmost, to be prepared for the first favourable opportunity of rising. With this purpose also he conciliated the favour of such Lowland gentlemen in the vicinity as were friends to the good cause; and for the same, reason, having in-Lowrand generation in the vicinity as were friends to ghe good cause; and for the same reason, having in-cautiously quarrelled with Mr. Bradwardine, who, not-withstanding his peculiarities, was, much respected in the country, he took advantage of the foray of Donald Bean Lean to solder up the dispute in the manner we have mentioned. Some, indeed, surni-sed that he caused the enterprise to be suggested to sed that he caused the enterprise to be suggested to Donald, on purpose to pave the way to a reconcilia-tiop, which, supposing that to be the case, eest the Laind of Bradwardine two good milch cows. This zeal in their behalf the House of Stuart repaid with a considerable share of their confidence, an occasion-al supply of louis d'or, abundance of fair words, and a parchment, with a huge waxen seal appended, pur-porting to be an earl's patent, granted by no less a parson than James the Third King of England, and Eighth King of Scotland, to his right feal, trusty, and well-beloved Fergas Mac-Ivor of Glennaquoids, in the county of Perth, and kingdom of Scotland. With this future coronet gittering before his eyes Fergus plunged deeply into the correspondence and

With this future coronst gittering before his eyes Fargus plunged deeply into the correspondence and plots of that unhappy period; and, like all such active agents, easily reconciled his conscience to going certain lengths in the service of his party, from which honour and pride would have detarted him, had his sole object been the direct advancement of his own parsonal interest. With this insight into a bold, ambitious, and ardent, yet artful and politic charac-ter, we resume the broken thread of our narrative. The Chief and his guest had by this time reached the house of Glannaquoich, which consisted of Ian nen Chaistel's mansion, a high rude-looking square tower, with the addition of a lofted house, that is, a building of two stories, constructed by Fergue's grandiather when he returned from that memorable appedition, well remembered by the western shires This sort of political gauge ascribed to Mac ivor we is re-

anground to use to the point of the second secon

bably been as successful as his predecessor was in harrying Northumberland, and therefore left to his.

Around the house, which stood on an eminence in the midst of a narrow Highland valley, there appeared none of that attention to convenience, far less to aa ta ed none of inst attention to convenience, far less to ornament and decoration, which usually surrounds a centleman's habitation. An inclosure or two, di-vided by dry-stone walls, were the only part of the do-main that was ferced; as to the rest, the narrow slips of level ground which lay by the side of the brook exhibited a scanty crop of barley, liable to com-stant depredations from the herds of wild ponice and black estile that smard upon the dottere kills Istant depredations from the herds of wild ponies and black cattle that grazed upon the adjacent hills. These ever and anon made an incursion upon the arable ground, which was repelled by the load, an-couth, and disconant shouts of half a dozen Higg-land swains, all running as if they had been and, and every one hallooing a half-starved dog to the res-cue of the forage. At a little distance up the gian was a small and stunted wood of birch; the hills was brief and betty hit without any wariary of were high and heathy, but wood or birds; ine high surface; so that the whole view was wild and deso-late, rather than grand and solitary. Yet, such us it was, no genuine descendant. of Ian nan Chaistel would have changed the domain for Stow or Blenheim.

There was a sight, however, before the gate, which perhaps would have afforded the first owner of Blen-heim more pleasure than the finest view in the domein assigned to him by the gratitude of his country. This consisted of about a hundred Highlandera, in complete dress and arms; at sight of whom the Chieftain apologized to Waverley in a sort of negli-gent manner. "He had forgot," he said, "that he ad ordered a four of his den out for that who here a Chieftan apologized to waveries in a sort of insig-gent manner. "He had forgot," he said, "that he had ordered a few of his clan out, for the purpose of seeing that they were in a fit condition to protect the country, and prevent such accidents as, he was sorry to learn, had befallen the Baron of Bradwardine, Before they were dismissed, perhaps Captain Waver-ley might choose to see them go through a part of the series." their exercise.'

Beiver exercise. Edward assented, and the man executed with agi-lity and precision some of the ordinary military movements. They then practised individually at a mark, and showed extraordinary destreity in the management of the pistol and firelock. They took aim, standing, atting, leaning, or lying prostrate, as they were commanded, and always with effect upon the target. Next, they paired off for the broadsword the target. Next, they paired off for the broadsword exercise; and, having manifested their individual skill and dexistiv, united in two bodies, and exhibit-ed a sort of mock encounter, in which the charge, the rally, the flight, the pursuit, and all the current of a heady flight, were exhibited to the sound of the great war bappice.<sup>1</sup> On a signal made by the Chief, the skirmish was ended. Matches were then made for running, wreat ing learning, niching the bar and other sports in

ling, leaping, pitching the bar, and other sports, in which this faudal militia displayed incredible swift-ness, strength, and agility; and accompliabed the, purpose-which their Chieftain had at heart, by ima-

purpose which their Chiettain and at near, by im-' In explanation of the military exercise observed at the Casta of Glennacouch, the author bags to remark, that the Highland-ere were not only well practised in the use of the breadsward, frelock, and most of the manly sports and trisls of atrangth com-mon throughout Scotland, but also used a peculiar sort of dril, and most of the manly sports and trisls of atrangth com-mon throughout Scotland, but also used a peculiar sort of dril, a peacoful journey, another whon dengre was apprehended i one-way of enveloping themselves in it when expecting undistarted and pistol in hand on the slightest nlarm. Provious to 1720, or thereabouts, the belied platd was miver-sely worn, in which the portion which surround his shouldang, of the wearer, and that which was fing around his shouldang. That of the limbic, was always ample, and for the shift, which, the but of the limbic, was always and by, and for the shift, which, the that of the limbic, was always and by, and for the shift, which, the man of the mant's scotlard, but also part af The manner of handling the pirtol and dirk was also part af the Highland manual cort circs, which the author has scotlared. The manner of handling the pirtol and dirk was also part af the was the mant work has bound in the pirtol and the suffer another the the the mant of mantificial scotlary which the author has scotlared. The manner of handling the pirtol and dirk was also part af the was the mant work has bound the suffer another has the the the mant of the suffer and the the author has scotlared. The manner of handling the pirtol and dirk was also part af the the the mant man a the pirtol and the mather has the suffer another has the suff

times; and i keep no more of my cial under arms than may defend my own or my friend's property, when the country is troubled with such men as your sast night's landlord; and government, which has removed other means of defence, must connive at our producting ourselves."

removed other means of defence, must connive at our protecting ourselves." "But, with your force, you might soon destroy, or put down, such gangs as that of Donald Bean Lean." "The, doubtless; and my reward would be a sum-mona to deliver up to General Blakeney, at Stirling, the few broadswords they have left us: there were little policy in that, methinks.—But come, captain, the sound of the pipes informs me that dinner is pre-pared—Let me have the honour to show you into my rude mansion."

# CHAPTER XX.

# A HIGHLAND PRAST.

Eas Waverley entered the banqueting hall, he was offered the patriarchal refreshment of a bath for the feet, which the sultry weather, and the morasses he had traversed, rendered highly acceptable. He was not, indeed, so luxurisualy attended upon this occa-sion as the heroic travellers in the Odyssey; the task of ablution and abstersion being performed, not by a heautiful decreal trained beautiful darasel, trained

# To chafe the limb, and pour the fragrant oil,

but by moke-dried skinny old Highland woman, who did not seem to think herself much honoured by who did not seem to think hereelt much nonoured by the duty imposed upon her, but muttered between her teeth, "Our father's herds did not feed so near together, that I should do you this service." A small donation, however, amply reconciled this ancient handmaiden to the supposed degradation; and, as Edward proceeded to the hall, she gave him her blessing, in the Gaelic proverb, "May the open hand be filled the fullest."

blessing, in the Gaelic proverb, "May the open hand be filled the fullest." The hall, in which the feast was prepared, occu-pied all the first story of Ian nan Chaistel's original erection, and a huge oaken table extended through its whole length. The apparatus for dinner was simple, even to roudeness, and the company nume-rous, even to crowding. At the head of the table was the Chief himself, with Edward, and two ar three Highland visitors of neighbouring clans; the clars of his own tribe, wadsetters and tackamen, as they were called, who occupied portions of his estate as mortgagers or lesses, sat next in rank; beneath them, their sons and nephews, and foster-brethran; then the officers of the Chief's household, according to their order; said, lowset of all, the tenants who actually cultivated the ground. Even beyond this long perspective, Edward might see upon the green, nevertheless, were considered as guests, and had their share both of the countenance of the entertainer, and of the cheer of the day. In the distance, and fluctu-ating around this extreme verge of the banquet, was changeful group of women, ragged boys and girls, "esgars, young and old, large gryneunds, and terriers, and pointers, and curs of low degree; all of whom took some interest, more or less immediate, in the main action of the piece. This hospitality, apparently unbounded, had yet

took some interest, more or less immediate, in the wind main action of the piece. This hospitality, apparently unbounded, had yet its in dressing the dishes of fish, game, dcc., which were qu at the upper end of the table, and immediately under the eye of the English stranger. Lower down stood at immense clumsy joints of mutton and beef, which, as

pressing on Waverley no light sense of their merit as soldiers, and of the power of him who commanded then by his nod. "And what number of such gallant fellows have the happiness to call you leader?" asked Waverley. "In a good cause, and under a chieffain whom they loved, the race of Ivor have seldom taken the field under five hundred claymores. But you are aware, Captain Waverley, that the disarroing act, passed about twenty years ago, prevents their being the complete state of preparation as in former times; and I keep no more of my clan under arms than may defend my own or my friend's proventy, eld and nuchi meet sectable. Lower down still, the with the dagger, so that it was soon rendered a man-gled and rueful spec:sole. Lower down still, the victuals seemed of yet coarser quality, though suffi-ciently abundant. Broth, onions, cheese, and the fragments of the feast, regaled the sons of Ivor who feasted in the open air.

feasted in the open air. The liquor was supplied in the same proportion, and under similar regulations. Excellent claret and champaigne were liberally distributed among the Chief's immediate neighbours; whisky, plain or di-luted, and strong-beer, refreshed those who sat near the lower end. Nor did this inequality of distribution appear to give the least offence. Every one present understood that his taste was to be formed accord-ing to the rank which he held at table; and, conse-quently, the tacksmen and their dependents always professed the wine was too cold for their stomacha-and called, apparently out of choice. for the isonor quently, the tacksmen and their dependents hawaye professed the wine was too cold for their stomacha, and called, apparently out of choice, for the lignor which was assigned to them from economy.<sup>4</sup> The bagpipers, three in number, screamed, during the whole time of dinner, a tremendous war-tune; and the echoing of the valled roof, and clang of the Cel-tic tongue, produced such a Babel of noises, that Waverley dreaded his ears would never recover it. Mac-Ivor, indeed, apologized for the confusion occa-sioned by so large a party, and pleaded the necessity of his situation, on which unlimited hospitality was imposed as a paramount dury. "These stout idle kinsmen of mine," he said, "account-my estate as held in trust for their support; and I must find them beef and ale, while the rogues will do nothing: for themselves, but practise the broadsword, or wander about the hills, shooting, fishing, hunting, drinking, and making love to the lasses of the strath. But yhat oan I do, Captain Waverley? every thing will keep after its kind, whether it be a bawk or a compliment upon his possessing so many bold

in a compliment upon his possessing so many bold and attached followers. "Why, yes," replied the Chief, "were I disposed, like my father, to put myself in the way of getting one blow on the head, or two on the neck, I believe

<sup>6</sup> Pork, or swine's fash, in any shape, was, till of late years, much abominated by the Bootch, nor is it yet a favourite flow amongst them. King Jamie carried this preuidice to England and is known to have abhored pork limost as much as he dis tobacco. Ben Jonson has recorded this peculiarity, where the gipsy in a manque, examining the king's hand, way,

Love a horie, and a hound, but ne part of a swine. The Gipper Sistemarphoned. James's own proposed banques for the Devil, was a lose of pork and a poil of ling, with a pipe of tobacco for digestion.

Jame's own proposed banquest for the Devil, was a loss of pork and a poil of ling, with a pipe of tobacco for disection. ? In the number of persons of all ranks who assembled at the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, though by no means to discuss the same fare, the same table, who had many servants to attend hims, that bought in his meat with their heads covered with blue case, the table being more than half furnished with great platters of portide, such as served, the servants did ait down with us; but the upper meas, isstead of portide, had a pullet, with some prusses be tritting, discuss pruses, patient of the same trans, over of a respective betwirt those of high degree, was ascortained by the place of farmers, we will chalk out the diaing table. Lord Lovat, who Kriew well with chair was of the sail of nore the same men, allowed each study Frame, who had the slightest pressent side at a built, with some property above the salt or some times, by a line draw with as a barning the same time, took care that his young kingger did not prever was always ready with some honourable apology, why foredard wine same time, took care that his young kingger did more apound wine sail a read of the same table, the same honourable apology. Why foredard wine same time, took care that his young kingger did more apound wine sail of read bard, delicacies which he conceived inspire apound and the sight.

the loose would stand by me. But who thinks of that in the present day, when the maxim is,—Better an old woman with a purse in her hand, than three the approbation. Many approved Gaelic toasts wase men with belted brands?". Then, turning to the company, he proposed the "Health of Captain Wa-werley, a worthy friend of his kind neighbour and ally, the Baron of Bradwardine." "He is welcome hither," said one of the elder, "if he come from Cosmo Comyne Bradwardine." "I say nay to that," said an old man, who appa-rently did not mean to pledge the toast; "I say nay to that;—while there is a green leaf in the forest, there will be fraud in a Comyne." "There is nothing but honour in the Baron of

"There has been blood enough of the first, "you think rather of the first of the carbine at the sword has done blood enough of the sword has blood on his hand, unless it were blood of the race of ivor." The old man, whose cup remained full, replied, "There has been blood enough of the race of Ivor on the hand of Bradwardine." "Ah I Ballenkeiroch," replied the first, "you think rather of the flash of the carbine at the Mains of Tully-Voolan, than the glance of the sword that fought for the cause at Preston." "And well. I may," answered Ballenkeiroch; "the flash of the sword has done but little for King James."

James." The Chieftain, in two words of French, explained to Waverley, that the Baron had shot this old man's son in a fray near Tully-Veolan about seven years before; and then hastened to remove Ballenkeiroch's prejudice, by informing him that Waverley was an Englishman, unconnected by birth or alliance with the family of Bredwardine; upon which the old gen-termen reised the hitherto-unitasted cup and curr the family of brackwardine; upon which the old gen-ternan raised the hitherto-untasted cup, and cour-teously drank to his health. This cremony being re-guited in kind, the Chieffain made a signal for the pipes to cease, and said, aloud, "Where is the song hidden, my friends, that Mac-Murrough cannot find it?"

Mac Murrough, the family bhoirdh, an aged man, immediately took the hint, and began to chant, with low and rapid utterance, a profusion of Celtic verses, which were received by the audience with all the apwhich were received by the audience with all the ap-plause of enthusiasm. As he advanced in his deck-mation, his ardour seemed to increase. He had at first spokan with his eyes fixed on the ground; he now cast them around as if beseeching, and anon as if commanding, attention, and his tones rose into wild and impassioned notes, accompanied with appropriate gestures. He seemed to Edward, who attended to him with much interest, to recite many proper names, to fament the dead, to apostrophize the absent, to ex-port and entrest and animate those who were present. Waverley thought he even discerned his own name, and was convinced his conjecture was right, from the eyes of the company being at that moment turned towards inm simultaneously. The ardyur of the poet appeared to communicate itself to the audience. Their 

wald and sun-burnt countenances, assumed a flercer and more animated appression; all bent forward to-wards the reciter, many sprung up and waved their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands on their arms in ecstasy, and some laid their hands in the sale of Flora. Their voices were also arms drawer to watch the emotions which were excited than to partak the juice, bid him keep, for the sake of vich lan Voar, the shell of the sourd which contained it." The gift was received by Mac-Muirough with pro-form gratitude; he drank the wine, and, kissing the exp, shrouded it with reverence in the plaid which was folded on his bosom. He then burst forth into what fascier a justly supposed to be an extemporancous ef-fersion of thanks, and praises of his Chief. It was neceived with applause, but did not produce the effect of his first poem. It was obvious, however, that the others in the race of humanity; while thoes of him above so

hature. Edward was particularly solicitous to know the meaning of that song which appeared to produce such effect upon the passions of the company, and hinted his curiosity to his host. "As I observe," said the Chieffain, "that you have passed the bottle du-tring the last three rounds, I was about to propose to you to retire to my sister's tes-table, who can explain these things to you better than I can. Although I cannot stint my clan in the usual current of their festivity, yet I neither am addicted myself to exceed in its amount, nor do I," added he, smiling, "keep a Bear to devour the intellects of such as can make good use of them."

good use of them." Edward readily assented to this proposal, and the Chieftain, saying a few words to those around him, left the table, followed by Waverley. As the door closed behind them, Edward heard Vich Ian Vohr's health invoked with a wild and animated cheer, that expressed the satisfaction of the gueste, and the depth of their devotion to his service.

# CHAPTER XXI.

# THE CHIEFTALN'S SISTER.

THE drawing-room of Flora Mac-Ivor was fur-nished in the plainest and most simple manner; for at Glennaguoich every other sort of expenditure was retrenched as much as possible, for the purpose of maintaining, in its full dignity, the hospitality of the Chieftain, and retaining and multiplying the number of his dependents and adherente. But the was no of his dependants and adherents. But the was no appearance of this parsimony in the dress of the lady herself, which was in texture elegant, and even rich, and arranged in a manner which partook parity of the Parisian fashion, and partly of the more simple dress of the Highlands, blended together with great tasts. Her hair was not disfigured by the art of the friseur, but fell in jetty ringlets on her neck, confined only by a circlet, richly set with diamonds. This peculiarity she adopted in compliance with the High-land prejudices, which could not endure that a wo-man's head should be covered before wedlock. Flora Mac-Iyot bore a most striking resemblance to her brother Fergus; so much so, that they might have played Viola and Sebastian with the same ex-guisite effect produced by the appearance of Mrs.

have played Viols and Sebastian with the same ex-quisite effect produced by the appearance of Mrs. Henry Siddons and her brother, Mr. William Murray, in these characters. They had the same antique and regular correctness of profile; the same dark eyes cyc-lashes, and eye-brows; the same clearness of complexion, excepting that Fergus's was embrowned by exercise, and Flora's possessed the utmost femi-nine delicacy. But the haughty, and somewhat stera regularity of Fergus's features, was beautifully soft-ened in those of Flora. Their voices were also simi-lar in tone, though differing in the key. That of Fer-gus, especially while issuing orders to his followers during their military exercise, reminded Edward of a favourite passage in the description of Emetrius:

incre, as if the yours straidy connectous of means basis were struggling for any farther distinction. Her sen-timents corresponded with the appression of her com-timents corresponded with the appression of her com-timents. Early education had impressed upon her com-mind, as well as on that of the Chieftain, file most streament, there are with the Chieftain, as a proof of their st-mind, as well as on that of the Chieftain, file most streament, there exists and impressed upon her to be based of the chieftain, file most streament, there exists and of the chieftain, file most streament, there exists and interest the streament with the Chieftain as a proof of their st-mind, as well as on that of the Chieftain, file most technent, the existed family of Stewart, save what was afforded by the rude hospitality of his be believed it the duty of her brother, of his clan, of crastle, and the general division and subdivision of every man in Britain, at whatever personal hazard, be contribute to the restoration which the particals by them, that when Mac-Murough composed a song of the Chevalier St. George had not ceased to hope in which he enumerated all the principal beauties of for. For this she was prepared to de all, to soffer All, be secrifice all. But her loyalty, as it exceeded her cluding, that "the fairous teople hung on the highest bough," he received, in donatives from the indivi-duals of the clan, more seed-barley than would have sowed his Highlend Parmasus, the Bord's croft, so ervery man in Britain, at whatever personal hazard, we outribute to that restoration which the partizants of the Chevalier St. George had not ceased to hope for. For this she was prepared to de all, to suffer all, me contribute to that restoration which the partizants of the Chevalier St. George had not ceased to hope for. For this she was prepared to de all, to suffer all, me scrifice all. But her loyalty as it exceeded her horther's in fanaticism, exceeded it also in purity. Accustomed to potty intrigue, and necessarily involved in a thousand peitry and selfish discussions, ambitious also by nature, his political faith was tinctured, at be difficult to say whether it would be most with the view of making James Stewart a king, or Fergus Maso-Iver an earl. This, indeed, was a mixture of feeling which he did not avow even to himself, but it existed, nevertheless, in a powerful degree. In Flora's boom, on the contrary, the zeal of loy-sity burnt pare and unmixed with any selfish feeling ;

In Flora's boson, on the contrary, the zeal of loy-sity barnt pure and unmixed with any selfish feeling; the would have as soon made religion the mask of ambitious and interested views, as have shrouded them under the opmions which she had been taught to think patriotism. Such instances of devotion were not uncommon among the followers of the un-happy race of Stewart, of which many memorable proofs will recur to the mind of most of my readers. But peculiar attention on the part of the Chevalier de St. George and his princess to the parents of Fergus and his sister, and to themselves, when orphuna, had invested their faith. Fergus, upon the death of his parents, had been for some time a page of honour in the train of the Chevalier's lady, and, from his beauty with the atmost distinction. This was also extend-ed to Flord, who was maintained for some time at a convent of the first order, at the princes's expense, and removed from thence into her own family, where she spent nearly two years. Both brother and sister interest in the deepest and most grateful sense of her interest. kindness

Having thus touched upon the leading principle of Flora's character, I may dismise the rest more dightly. She was highly accomplished, and had Flora's character, 1 may distnise the rest more digitily. She was highly accomplished, and had acquired those elegant manners to be expected from one who, in early youth, had been the companion of a princess; yet she had not learned to substitute the glose of politeness for the reality of feeling. When settled in the lonely regions of Glennaquoich, the found that her resources in French, English, and the line timestime were likely to be few and information. the found that her resources in French, English, and Halian, literature, were likely to be few and interrupt-ed; and, in order to fill up the vacant time, she be-stowed a part of it upon the music and poetical tradi-tions of the Highlanders, and began really to feel the perceptions of literary merit were more blunt, rather affected for the sake of popularity than actually ex-perienced. Her resolution was strengthened in these researches, by the extreme delight which her inqui-rief seemed to afford those to whom, she resorted for information. information.

Her love of her clan, an attachment which was stmost hereditary in her bosom, was, like her loy-alty, a more pure passion than that of her brother. He was too thorough a politician, regarded his patri-archal influence too much as the means of accou-plishing his own aggrandizement, that we should tarm him the model of a Highlaud Chieftain. Flora feit the same anziety for cherishing and extending their patriarchal sway, but it was with the generous desire of vindicating from poverty, or at least from want and foreign oppression, those whom her brimes the dors not under-time and country, entitled to govern. The savings of her income, for ahe had a small pension from the **Princess Sobieski**, were dedicated, not to add to the **Princess Sobieski**, were dedicated, not to side to the **Cality and State State State**.

sowed his Highland Parnassus, the Bord's croft, a

duals of the clan, more seed-barley than would have sowed his Highland Parnasus, the Bord's croft, as it was called, ten times over. From situation, as well as choice, Miss Msc-Ivar's society was extremely lumited. Her most intinate friend had been Rose Bradwardine, to whom she was much attached; and when seen together, they would have afforded an artist two admirable subjects for the gay and the melancholy muse. Indeed Rose was so tenderly watched by her father, and her circle of wishes was so limited, that none arcs but what he was willing to gratify, and scarce any when did not come within the compass of his power. With Flore it was otherwise. While almost a girl, she had un-dergone the most complete change of scane, fram-gayety and splendour to absolute solitude and com-parative poverty; and the ideas and wishes which and changes not to be brought round without both hezard and bloodshed, and therefore not to be thoughs of with levity. Her manner, consequently, was grave, though she readily contributed her talents to the anusement of society, and stood very high in the opinion of the old Baron, whe used to sing slong with her such French duets of Lindor and Cloria, doc. as were in fashion about the end of the reign of old Louis le Grand. It was generally believed, though no one durst have hinted it to the Raron of Rredwarding there there's

Louis is Grand. It was generally believed, though no one durat have hinted it to the Baron of Bradwardine, that Flora's intreaties had no small share in allaying the wrath a Fergus upon occasion of their quartel. She took har brother on the assailable side, by dwelling first upon brother on the assailable side, by dwelling first upon the Raron's age, and then representing the injury which the cause might sustain, and the damage which must arise to his own character in point of prudence, so necessary to a political agent, if he permisted in carrying it to extremity. Otherwise it is probable it would have terminated in a duel, both because the Baron had, on a former occasion, shed blood of the Baron had, on a former occasion, shed blood of the Baron had, on a count of his high reputation for ad-dress at his weapon, which Forgus almost conde-scended to envy. For the same reason she had ur ged their reconciliation, which the Chieftain the more readily agreed to, as it favoured some ulteror projects of his own. of his own.

To this young lady, now presiding at the female empire of the tea-table, Fergus introduced Captain Waverley, whom she received with the usual sorme of politeness.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

# 

the Bard's councils, and sequainted with his assessing bardworks releases them in the ball." "How can you say so, Fergus? You know how with these verses can possibly interest an English stranger, even if I could translate them as you pro-tered "

"Not less than they interest me, lady fair. To-day "Not less than they interest me, lady fair. To-day your joint composition, for I inust you had a share in it, has cost me the last silver cup in the castle, and F suppose will cost me something else next use I hadd cour glfneere, if the muse descends on Mac-Murrough; for you know our proverb, --When the hand of the chief cases to bestow, the breath of the bard is frozen in the utterance.--Well, I would it were even so: there are three things that are useless to a modern Highlande, -- a sword which he must not draw, -- a bard to sing of deeds which he dare not injuste, -- and a lange goat-skin purse without a louis

modern Highlander, --a sword which he must not draw, --a bard to sing of deeds which he dave not draw, --a bard to sing of deeds which he dave not draw, --a bard to sing of deeds which he dave not draw, --a bard to sing of deeds which he dave not draw, --a bard to sing of deeds which he dave not deed and the deed of the deed the de

of a winter inc-side in the Highiands. Some of these are said to be very ancient, and if they are ever trans-lated into any of the languages of civilized Europe, cannot fail to produce a deep and general sensation. Others are more modern, the composition of those fa-mily bards whom the chieftains of more distinguished mily bards whom the chieftains of more distinguished name and power retain as the poets and historians of their tribes. These, of course, poesess various de-grees of meric; but much of it must evaporate in trans-lation, or be lost on those who do not sympathize with the feelings of the poet." "And your bard, whose effusions seemed to pro-duce such effect upon the company to-day, is he reck-omed among the favourite poets of the mountains?" "That is a trying question. His reputation is high among his countrymen, and you must not expect me

among his countrymen, and you must not expect me to depreciate it."

"But the song, Miss Mac-Ivor, seemed to awaken all those warriors, both young and old." "The song is little mowthan a catalogue of names of the Highland clans under their distinctive pecu-

of the Highland clane under their distinctive pecu-harities, and an exhortation to them to remember and to emulate the actions of their forefathers." "And are I wrong in conjecturing, however extra-ordinary the games appears that there was some allu-sion to me in the verses which he recited ?" "You have aquick observation, Captain Waverley, which in this instance has not deceived you. The

which in this instance has not deceived you. The \* In the rish balads, relating to Pion, the Fingsi of Mac-barrow, there occurs, as in the primitive poetry of most na-tions, a cyale of hercor, such of whom has some distinguishing stiribute: your proverse are formed, which are still current in the Highenets. Ameng other characters, Cogan is disti-guished as in some respects a kind of Thereites, but brave and during even to rathnoss. He had made a yow that he would save of anispinit, descended to the made a yow that he would save of anispinit, descended to the infrand expins, her occived a stift hem the moh-flored, who presided there, which he is the the provers is worded than - " Claw for elaw, and the deril the the provers is worded that - " Claw for elaw, and the deril the the horizont and to the deril." The Highland poot singet always we as improvimenter. Optain metames of these of these targets and the deril. Worden in the states of these targets and the deril. \* The Highland poot singet always we as improvimenter. Optain metames of these of these targets and the deril. Here Worden in the states of these targets and the deril. Here \* The Highland poot singet always we as improvimenter.

Guilie language, being uncommundy weathe, adapted for maiden and extemporaneous posts a bard seldom fails to augment the effects of sly westie, is a waru selaom fails to sugment the effects of a pro-meditated song, by throwing in any stamma which may be suggested by the circumstances attending the recitation."

recitation." "I would give my best horse to know what the Highlatic bard esseld find to say of such an unworthy Southron as myself." "It shall not even cost you a lock-of his mane.— Uma, Musourneen! (She spoke a few words to one of the young girls in attendance, who instantly cur-sied, and tripped out of the room.)—I have sent Una to learn from the bard the expressions he used, and you shall command my skill as dragoman." Hon starmed in a few minutes, and ropeated to her

to learn from the bard the expressions he used, and you shall command my skill as dragoman." Una returned in a few minutes, and repeated to her mistress a few lines in Gaclic. Flora scaned to think for a moment, and then, alightly celouring, she turn ed to Waverley—"It is impossible to gratify your curiosity, Captain Waverley, without exposing my own presemption. If you will give me a few mo-ments for consideration, I will endeaven to engrafe the meaning of these lines upon a rude English trans-lation, which I have attaunted, of a part of the original. The duties of the tas-table seem to be com-cluded, and, as the evening is delightful, Una will show you use way to one of my favourite haunts, and Cathleon and I will join you there." Una, having -raceived instructions in her native insument. At a distance he heard the hall of the open air by a postern door, they walked a little way up the wild, bleak, and narrow valley in which the house was situated, following the course of the stream that winded throughit. In a spot, bout a quarter of a mile from the castle, two brooks, which formed the little river, had their junction. The larger of the two came a far as the hills which formed its boundary per-mitted the eye to reach. But the other stream, which, had its source among the mountains on the left hand of the strath, seemed to issue from a very narrow and dark opening betwint two large rocks. These streams placid, and even sullen in its course, wheeling in deep placid, and even sullen in its course, wheeling in deep placid, and even sullen in its course, wheeling in deep eddise, or sleeping in dark blue pools; but the motions of the lesser brook were rapid and furious, issuing from between precipices, like a maniac from his con-finement, all fean and uproar.

finement, all feam and uproar. Is was up the course of this last stream that Wa-verley, like a knight of romance, was conducted by the fair Highkand damsed, his silent guide. A small path, which had been rendered easy in many places for Flora's accommodation, led him through scenery of a very different description from that which he had just guitted. Around the castle, all was cold, bare, and desolate, yet tame even in desolation; but this parrow site at an a short a distance, sevend to open narrow gles, at so short a distance, seemed to open into the land of romance. The rocks assumed a thousand peculiar and varied forms. In one place, a

thousand peculiar and varied forms. In one place, a cras of huge size presented its sigantic bulk, as if to forbid the passenger's farther progress; and it was not until he appreached its very base, that Waverley dis-eerned the sudden and acute turn by which the path way wheeled its course around this formidable obsta cle. In another spot, the projecting rocks from the oyposite sides of the chasm had approached so near to each other, that two pine-trees lad across, and covered with turf, formed a rustic bridge at the height of at least one hundred and fifty feet. It had no ladges, and was barely three feet in breadth. While razing at this pass of peril, which crossed, like a single black line, the small portion of blue sky not intercepted by the projecting rocks on either side,

not intercepted by the projecting rocks on either side, it was with a sensation of horror that Waverley be-beld Flora and her attendant appear, like inhabitants of another region, propped, as it were, in mid air, upon this trembling structure. She stopped upon observing him below and, with an air of graceful lease, which made him shudder, waved her handker.

chief to him by way of signal. He was unable, quistly led the way to a spot at such a distance from from the sense of dizzinces which het situation con-the cascade, that its sound should rather accompany veyed, to return the salute; and was never more re-than interrupt that of her voice and instrument, and lisred than when the fair appartiup passed of from sitting down uson a mosey fragment of rock. and lisved than when the fair appartion passed on from the precarious eminence which she seemed to occupy with so much indifference, and disappeared on the other side.

the precarious eminence which are seened to occupy with so much infiference, and disappeared on the other side. Advancing a few yards, and passing under the bridge which le had viewed with so much terror, the path ascended rapidly from the edge of the brook, and the glen widened into a silvan amphitheatre, waving with birch, young oaks, and hazels, with here and there a scattered yew-tree. The rocks now receded, but still showed their gray and shaggy crests rising among the copse-wood. Still higher, rose eminences and peaks, some bare, some clothed with wood, some fround and purple with heath, and others splintered into rocks and crags. At a short turning, the path, which had for some furlongs lost sight of the brook, suddenly placed Waverley in front of a romantic waterfall. It was not so remarkable either for great height or quantity of water, as for the beautiful accompaniments which made the spot interesting. After a broken cataract of about twenty feet, the stream was received in a large natural basin filled to the brim with water, which, where the bubbles of the brook found its way as if over a broken part of the brook found its way as if over a broken part of the brook found its way as if over a broken part of the ledge, and formed a second fall, which seemed to seek the very abyss; then, wheeling out beneath from among the smooth dark rocks, which it had polished for ages, it wandered mirmuring down the glen, forming the stream up which Waverley had just as-cended.\* The borders of this romantic reservoir corresponded in beauty; but it was beauty of a stern and interrupted by huge fragments of rock, and de-corated with trees and shrubs, some of which had been planted under the direction of Flora, but so cau-tiously, that they added to the grace, without dimin-ishing the romantic widness of the scene.

and intervented by nucle incluses of or which had been planted under the direction of Flora, but so cau-tiously, that they added to the grace, without dimin-ishing the romantic wildness of the scene. Here, like one of those lovely forms which deco-rate the landscapes of Poussin, Waverley found Flora grains on the waterfall. Two paces farther back stood Cathleen, holding 'a small Scottish harp, the use of which had been taught to Flora by Rory Dall, one of the last harpers of the Western Highlands. The sun, now stooping in the west, gave a rich and varied tings to all the objects which surrounded Wa-verley, and seemed to add more than 'human bril-liancy to the full expressive darkness of Flora's eye, exaited the richness and purity of her complexion, and enhanced the dignity and grace of her beautiful form. Edward thought he had never, even in his wildest dreams, imagined a figure of such exquisite and interesting loveliness. The wild beauty of the retreat, bursting upon him as if by magic, augmented the mingled feeling of delight and awe with which he spprotached her, like a fair enchantress of Blora's of her own power, and pleased with its effects, which ehe could easily discern from the respectful, yet con-fused address of the young soldier. But, as she pos-sessed excellent sense, she gave the romance of the scene, and other accidental arcumstances, full weight in appreciating the feelings with which Waverley seemed obviously to be impressed; and, unacquainted with the fanciful and succeptible peculiarities of his character, considered his homage as the passing tri-bute which a woman of even inferior charms might have expected in such a situation. She therefore

bute which a woman of even inferior charms might have expected in such a situation. She therefore

"mave expected in such a situation. She therefore • The description of the waterfall mentioned in this chapter is taken from that of Ledeard, at the farm so called on the corth-sen side of Ledeard, and may the head of the Lake, four or five siles from Aberfoyle. It is upon a small scale, but otherwise one of the most exquisite cascade it is possible to behold. The appearance of Fiorm with the harp, as described, has been justly consured as too theatronal and affected for the kay-like simpli-city of her character. But consthing may be allowed to her **French** education, in which point and striking effect always make a considerable object.

the cascade, that its sound should rather accompany than interrupt that of her voice and instrument, and, sitting down upon a mosey fragment of rock, abe-took the harp from Cathleeu. "I have given you the trouble of walking to this spot, Captain Waverley, both because I thought the scenery would interest you, and because a Highland song would suffer still more from my imperfect trans-lation, were I to introduce it without its own wild and appropriate accompaniments. To speak in the poetical language of my country, the seat of the Celuc Muse is in the mist of the secret and solitary hill, and her voice in the murnar of the mountain stream. He who woos her must love the barren rock more than the fertile valley, and the solitude of the desert better than the festivity of the fiall." Few could have heard this lovely woman make this declaration, with a voice where harmony was whom she invoked could never find a more appropri-ate representative. But Waverley, though the thought need, the wild feeling of romantic delight with which he heard the few first notes she drew from her instru-ment, amounted almost to a sense of pan. He would not for worlds have quitted his place by her side; yet and examine at leisure the complication of emotions which now agitated his boeom. Flora had exchanged the measured and monoto-nous recitative of the bard for a lofty and uncommon Highland air, which had been a battle-song in for-mer age. A few irregular strains introduced a pre-

nous recitative of the bard for a lofty and uncommon Highland air, which had been a battle-song in for-mer ages. A few irregular strains introduced a pre-lude of a wild and peculiar tone, which harmonised well with the distant waterfall, and the coft sigh of the evening breeze in the rusting leaves of an aspen which overhung the seat of the fair.harpress. The following verses convey but little idea of the feelings with which, so sung and accompanied, they were heard by Waverley:

There is mist on the mountain, and night on the vale. But more dark is the sleep of the sons of the Geel. A stranger commanded—it sunk on the laad, it has frozen each hoart, and benumb d every hand ( The dirk and the target lie sortid with dust, The bloodlese claymore is but redden'd with rust; On the hill or the glen if a gun should appear, I is colly to war with the heath-cock or dow. The deeds of our sizes if our backs about rebeaue Let a blush or a blow be the meed of their verse i Be mute every string, and be hush'd every tome, That shall bid us remember the fame that is flown But the dark hours of night and of alumber are par The more on our mountains is downing at last; Glonaladal's peaks are illumed with the rays, And the streams of Glonalmant' has bright in the And the streams of Giomming." Resp origin in the set of bigh-minded Morsy 11—the stilled—the daws I— In the blush of the dawning the STANDARD upper I Wide, wide on the winds of the north let it By, Like the sun's latest finash when the tempert is night Like the sen's latest finsh when the tempert is night ( ye soni of the strong, when that dawning shall beak, Need the harp of the aged remind you to wake? That dawn never beam d on your forefather? erg. But it counsed each high shieftain to vanquish or dis-0. spruse from the Kings who is hisky host state. Pread chieft of Class Ranald, Glengarry, and Sleat ( Combine like three streams from one mountain of see And residues in union read or wo the feet ( And residues in union roan down on the rest True son of Gir Zran, undaunted Leohiel. Place thy targe on thy shoulder and burnish thy steel i Rough Leppoch, give breath to thy bugie's bold swell. Till far Coryarrick resound to the Knell i Stern son of Lord Keengath, high chief of Kintail, Let the stag in thy standard bound wild in the gale May the race of Clan Gillean, the fearless and free, Remember Gionlivat, Harlaw, and Dundee I Remember Gieninval, Hanaw, and Dundeel Let the class of gray Fingon, whose offspring has given Such herces to earth, and such martyre to heaves, Units with the race of resown it forri Merc. To issueh the long galley, and stratch to the car. How Mac-Shimei will joy whos their chief shall display The yow-created bonnet of cr trease of gray i

\* The young and daring Adventurer, Charles Edward, at Gieonlaidale, in Moldart, and dieplayed his standard valley of Gienfunan, mustering zeuund it the Mac-Donal-Camerone, and other less numerous clans, whom he he vailed on to join him. There is a monument evocad goot, with a Latin inscriptice by the late Doctor Gragory, \* The Margais of Tuilhardise's elder brother, who, fo lied, soitmad to Scotland with Charles Edward is 178.

How the race of wrong'd Alpine and murder'd Gles Shall shout fur revenge when they pc is on the foel

Ye some of brown Dormid, who shew the wild boar, Resume the pure faith of the great Callum Mare I Mac Neil of the Islands, and Moy of the Lake, For honour, for freedom, for rom grance awaks i

Here a large greyhound, bounding up the glen, umped upon Flora, and interrupted her music by his importunate caresses. At a distant whistle, he turned, 'mportunate caresses. At a distant whistle, he turned, and shot down the path again with the rapidity of an arrow. "That is Fergur's faithful attendant, Cap-tain Waverley, and that was his signal. He likes no poetry but what is humorous, and comes in good time to interrupt my long catalogue of the tribes, whom one of your saucy English poets calls of butters but of hichbarn horsen.

Our bootless host of high-born baggars, Mac Leans, Mac Kenzies, and Mac-Gregors."

Waverley expressed his regret at the interruption. "O you cannot guess how much you have lost! The bard, as in duty bound, has addressed three long stanzas to Vich Ian Vohr of the Banners, enume-rating all his great properties, and not forsetting his being a cheerer of the harper and bard—'a giver of bounteous gifts.' Besides, you should have heard a practical admonition to the Fair-haired son of the stranger, who lives in the land where the grass is always green—the rider on the shining pampered steed, whose hue is like the raven, and whose neigh is like the scream of the eagle for battle. This valiant horseman is affectionately conjured to re-member that his ancestors were distinguished by their loyality, as well as by their courage.—All this you have lost; but, since your curiceity is not satisyou have lost; but, since your curicity is not satis-fied, I judge, from the distant sound of my brothers whishe, I may have time to sing the concluding stan-zas before he comes to langh at my translation."

Awake on your hills, on your islands awake, Breve sons of the mountain, the frith, and the lake 1 Tis the bugle—but not for the chase is the call; "Is the pibroch's shrill summone—but not to the hall.

The the period with a management of death, When the banners are blazing on mountain and hes They call to the dirk, the claymore, and the tarm, To the march and the Quster, the line and the

Be the brand of each chieffun like wind the **G** Bay the blood through his vertus flow like currants Bayrs the base foreign yoks as your size did of your, Or the like your sizes, and endure it no more (

# · CHAPTER XXIII.

### WAVERLEY CONTINUES AT GLENNAQUOICE.

As Flora concluded her song, Fergus stood before therm. "I knew I should find you here, even with-out the assistance of my friend Bran. A simple and unsublimed taste now, like my own, would prefer a jet deau at Versailles to this cascade, with all its ac-companiments of rock and roar; but this is Flora's Parasseus, Captain Waverley, and that fountain her Helicon. It would be greatly for the benefit of my collar if she could teach her coadjutor, Mac Mur-rough, the value of its influence: he has just drunk a pint of nagnosum to correct, he said, the coldness of the claret-Let me try its virtpes." He sipped a hittle water in the hollow, of his hand, and imme-distely commenced, with a theatrical air,-

"O Lady of the desert, hall ! That lovest the harping of the Gael, Through fair and fertile regions born Where never yet grew grass or corn.

at English poetry will neves succeed under the in-

O vous, qui buves, 4 tasse pleine, A ostie heurouse fontaine, Ou on ne voit, sur le frage, Oue quelquies vilains troupeanx Buivis de nymphes de village, Qui les escortest anne mbots"-

"A truce, dear Fergus 1 spare us those most tedi-ous and insipid persons of all Arcadia. Do not, for Heaven's sake, bring down Coriden and Lindor up-

on us." "Nay, if you cannot relish la houlette et le chalu mosu, have with you in heroic strains."

"Dear Fergus, you have certainly partaken of the inspiration of Mac-Murrough's cup, rather than of mine

"I disclaim it, ma bells demoiselle, although 1 pro-test it would be the more congenial of the two. Which of your crack-brained Italian romancers is it that SAVE.

lo d'Elicona mente Mi caro, un fe de Dio, che'i bere d'acque (Ben chi ber ne vuol) sempre mi spiacque

But if you prefer the Gaelic, Captain Waverley, here is little Cathleen shall sing you Drimmindhu.—Come, Cathleen, abtore, (i. e. my dear,) begin; no apologies to the Cean-kinnd."

Cathleen sung with much liveliness a little Gache song, the burlesque elegy of a countryman on the loss of his cow, the comic tones of which, though he du not understand the language, made Waverley laug more than once.

"More man once." "Admirable, Cathleen i" cried the Chieftain; "I must find you a handsome husband among the clans-men one of these days." Cathleen langhed, blushed, and sheltered berself

Cathleen langhed, blushed, and sheltered herness behind her companion... In the progress of their return to the castle, the Chieftain warmly pressed Waverley to remain for a week or two, in order to see a grand hunting party, in which he and some other Highland genitemen proposed to join. The charms of melody and beauty were too strongly impressed in Edward's breast to permit his declining an invitation so pleasing. It was agreed, therefore, that he should white a note to the Baron of Bradwardine, expressing his intention to

agreed, therefore, that he should write a note to the Baron of Bradwardine, expressing his intention to stay a fortnight at Gleanaquoich, and requesting him to forward by the bearer (a gilly of the Chieftain's) any letters which might have arrived for him. This turned the discourse upon the Baron, whom Fergus highly extelled as a gentleman and soldier His character was touched with yet more discrimi-nation by Flora, who observed he was the very mode. of the old Scottiah cavalier, with all his excellences and peculiarities. "It is a character, Captain Waver-ley, which is fast disappearing; for its best point was a self-respect which was never lost sight of till new. But, in the present time, the gentlemen whose prin-ciples do not permit them to pay court to the existing

ley, which is not disappearing; for its rest point was a self-respect which was never lost sight of ill new. But, in the prosent time, the gentlemen whose prin-ciples do not permit them to pay court to the existing government, are neglected and degraded, and many conduct themselves accordingly; and, like some of the persons you have seen at Tully-Veolan, adopt ha-bits and companions inconsistent with their birth and breading. The ruthless proscription of party seems to degrade the victims whom it brands, however unjustly. But let us hope a brighter day is approaching, when a Scottish country-gentleman may be a scholar with-cout the pedantry of our friend the Baron, a sportaman without the low habits of Mr. Falconer, and a judi-cious improver of his property without becoming a boorish two-legged steer like Killanctreat." Thus did Flora prophesy a revolution, which time indeed has produced, but in a manner very different from what alle had in her mind. The amiable Rose was next mentioned, with the warmest encomium on her person, manners, and mind. "That man," said Flora, " will find an inesti-mable treasure in the affections of Rose Bradwardine, who shall be so fortunate as to become their object. Her very soul is in home, and in the discharge of all those quiet virtues of which home is the centre. Her buils end will be to her what her father. now is, the object of all her care, solicitude, and affection. She will see dothing, and connect herself with nothing, but by him and through him. If he is a man of sense and wirtue, she will sympathize in his sorrows, divert his fatigue, and share his pleasures. If she becomes the property of a churlish or negligent husband, she will suit his taste also, for alse will not long survive the some such unworthy lot may be that of my poer friend 1—O that I were a gueen this moment and God sooth, I reck nogstift of your Helicos: Drink wate whose will, in faith will drink neme.

\* Good sooth, I reck nought of your Helicon ; Drink water whose will, in faith I will drink none.

Artus wouw whose will, in main a win orms mode. \* This ancient Geelic dity is still well known, both in th Highlands and in ineland. It was translated into English, an pathisted, if I mistaks not, under the auspices of the function Tom D'Uriny, by the title of "Colliny, any Cow."

and command the most anniable and worthy youth) fury kingdom to accept happiness with the hand of loss Bradwarding !!

of my kingdom to accept happiness with the hand of Bose Bradwardine "" "I wish you would command her to accept mine an attendant," said Fergus, laughing.' I don't know by what caprice it was that this wish, however jocularly expressed, rather jarred on Ed-ward's feeings, notwithstanding his growing incli-nation to Flora, and his indifference to Miss Brad-wardine. This is one of the inexplicabilities of hu-ware actions which we leave without commant

wardine. This is one of the inexplicabilities of human nature, which we leave without comment.
"Yours, brother?" answered Flora, regarding him standily. "No; you have another bride—Honour; and the dangers you must run in pursuit of her rival would break poor Rose's heart."
With this discourse they reached the castle, and Waverley soon prepared his dispatches for Tully-Veolan. As he knew the Baron was punctilious in such matters, he was about to impress his billet with a sentor which his armorial bernues where marved 

My life for him, in such circumstances," answer-her prother ;--- "besides, he would never have left ed her brother ;-- "bosides, he would never have lef the watch behind." "After all, Fergus," said Flora, "and with every

allowance, I am surprised you can countenance that

allowance, I am surprised you can countenance that man." "I countenance him?—This killd sister of mine would persuade you. Captain Waverley, that I take what the people of old used to call 'a steakraid,' that is, a 'collop of the foray,' or, in plainer words, s. por-tion of the robber's booty, paid by him to the Laind, er Chief, through whose grounds he drove his prey. O, it is certain, that unless I can find some way to charm Flora's tongue, General Blakeney will send a sergent's party from. Stirling (this he said with haughty and emphatic irony) to seize Vich Ian Vohr, as they nickname me, in his own castle." "Now, Fergue, must not our guest be sensible that

"Now, Fergus, must not our guest be sensible that all this is folly and affectation? You have men enough to serve you without enlisting banditt, and your own honour is above taint—Why don't you send this Donald Bean Lean, whom I have for his smoothness and duplicity, even more than for his rapine, out Myour country at once? No cause should induce me to tolerate such a character." "No cause, Flora?" said the Chieftain, signifi-

cantly.

"No cause, Fergus ! not even that which is near-est to my heart. Spare it the omen of such evil sup-

porters!" "O but, sister," rejoined the Chief, gaily, "you don't consider my respect for *la belle passion*. Evan Phu Maccombich is in love with Dongld's daughter,

The Maccombich is in love with Donaid's daughter, Affee, and you cannot expect me to disturb him in his amounts. Why, the whole clan would cry shame on me. You know it is one of their wise sayings, that a kinsman is part of a mark's body, but a foster-brother is a piece of his heart." "Well, Fergus, there is no disputing with you; but I would all this may end well." "Devoutly prayed, my dear and prophetic sister, and the best way in the world to close a dubious argument.—But hear ye not the pipes, Captain Wa-verley? Perhaps you will like better to dance to them in the hall, than to be deafened with their har-mony without taking part in the exercise they invite us to."

us to." Waverley took Flora's hand. The dance, song, and merry-making proceeded, and closed the day's nertainment at the cartle of Vich Ian Vohr. Ed-vard at length retired, his mind agiated by a variety of new and conflicting feelings, which detained him from rest for some time, in that not unpleasing state of musd in which fancy takes the helm, and the soal rather drifts passively along with the rapid and con-fused tide of reflections, than exerts itself to encoun-fail asleep and dresmed of Flora Mac-Ivor.

### CHAT XXIV

# CHAPTER XXIV.

CHAPTELE X XIV. A STABLE THE A XIV. A STABLE AND THE COMBRIGHTERS. SHALL this be a long of a short chapter ?—This is a question in which you, genule reader, have no vota, however much you may be interested in the conse-quences; just as you may lein therested in the conse-quences; just as you may lein the present case, since, though the trifting circumstance of being obliged to pay it. More happy surely in the present case, since, though it lies within my arbitrary power to extend my mate-rials as I think proper, I cannot call you into Excha-guest for up on think proper to read my narraive. Let me therefore consider. It is true, that the annals and documents in my hands say but little of this highland chage; but they I can find copious mate-rials for description elsewhere. There is old Lindesy of Pitecottie ready at my elbow, with his Athole hunting, and his "lofted and joisted palace of green timber; with all kind of drink to be had in burgh and land, as ale, beer, wine, muscadel malvaise, hippo-cras, and aquavite; with wheat-bread, main-bread, singe-bread, beef, mutton, lamb, veal, vennon, goomer, duck, drake, brissel-cock, pawnies, black-cock, mur-fowh and capercalizes;" not forgetting the "costly bedding, vaiselle, and napry," and least of all the "excelling stewards, cumping barters, excellent cooks, and pottingers, with onficitions and drugs for the desserts." Besides the particulars which may be thence gleaned for this Highland feast, (the splendous of which induced the Pope's leagate to dissent from an sopinion which he had hitherto held, that Scotland, namely, was the--the--the latter end of the world,--to brides these, might I not illaminate my pages with Taylor the Water Poet's hunting in the brase of Mar, where, "Though heather, messe, 'mong from, and hear, and fort, "Though heather, messe, 'mong from, and hear, and fort, "Though heather, messe, 'mong from, and hear, and fort, "Though heather, messe, 'mong from, and hear, and far, "Though heather, messe where,

"Through heather, mease, mong frogs, and hars, and fors, "Monget cargory cliffs and thunder better'd hills, Haros, hinds, bucks, roce, are chased by men and dors, Where two hour' hunting fouracore fit door kills. Lowlard, your sports are low as is your seat; The Himpland games and minds are high and great."

Lowlast, your sports are low as is your sent: The Hisbland games and minds are high and greak." But without further tyranny over my readers, or display of the extent of my own reading, I shall con-tent myself with borrowing a single incident from the memorable hunting at Lude, commemorated in the ingenious Mr. Gunn's Essay on the Caledonian Harp, and so proceed in any soary with all the brevity that my natural style of composition, partaking of what scholars call the periphrastic and ambagitory; and the valgar the circumbendibus, will permit me. The solemn hunting was delayed, from various causes, for about three weeks. The interval was spent by Waverley with great satisfaction at Gian-naquoich; for the impression which Flora had made on his mind at their first meeting grew daily stronger. She was precisely the character to fascinate a youth of romantic imagination. Her manners, her lan-suage, her talents for poetry and music, gave addi-tional and varied influence to her eminent personal charms. Even in her hours of gayety, she was in his fancy exaited above the ordinary daughters of Eve, and seemed only to stoop for an instant to those topics of amusement and gallantry which ethers appear to live for. In the neighbourhood of this enchantress, while sport consumed the morning, and imusic and the dance led on the hours of evening. Waverley became daily more delighted with his hos-pitching sister. At length, the period fixed for the srand hunting ar-

pitable fandlord, and more enamoured of his be-witching sister. At length, the period fixed for the grand hunting ar-rived, and Waredey and the Chieftain departed for the place of rendezvous, which was a day's journey, to the northward of Glennaquoich. Fergus was at-tended on this occasion by about three hundred of his clan, well armed, and accounted in their best fashion. Waverley complied so far with the custom of the country as to adopt the trews, the could not be reconciled to the kilt, brogues, and bonnet, as the engaged, and which least exposed him to be stared at a s tranger when they should reach the place of rendezvous. They found, on the spot appointed, se-

a mode of passing a summer's night which Waverley found by no means unpleasant. For many hours after sun-rise, the mountain ridges and passes retained their ordinary appearance of si-lence and solitude, and the Chiefa, with their fol-lowers, amused themselves with various pastimes, in which the joys of the shell, as Ossian has it, were not forgotten. "Others apart sate on a hill retired;" probably as deeply engaged in the discussion of poli-tics and news, as Milton's spirits in metaphysical disquisition. At length signals of the approach of the game were descried and heard. Distant shouts re-sounded from valley to valley, as the various parties of Highlanders, climbing rocks, struggling through coppes, wading brooks, and traversing thickets, ap-proached more and more near to each other, and compelled the astonished deer, with the other wild animals that field before them, into a narrower cir-cuit. Every now and then the report of muskets was heard, repeated by a thousand echoes. The baying of the dogs was soon added to the chorus, which grew ever louder and more loud. At length the advanced parties of the detre began to show themselves; and as the stragglers came bounding down the pass by two or three at a time, the Chiefs showed their skill by distinguishing the fattest deer, and their dexterity in brited remarkable addrees, and Edwerd was also so fortunate as to attract the notice and applause of the aportsmen. But now the main body of the deer appeared at the sportsmen.

sportsmen. But now the main body of the deer appeared at the head of the gien, compelled into a very name com-pass, and presenting such a formidable phase, that their antiers appeared at a distance, over the ridge of the steep pass, like a leafless grove. Their number was very great, and from a desperate stand which they made, with the tallest of the red-deer stags ar-mend in front in a sort of battle array, saging on was very great, and from a desparate stand which they made, with the tallest of the red-deer stags ar-manged in front, in a sort of battle-array, gazing on the more experienced sportsmen began to augur dan-ger. The work of destruction, however, now com-menced on all sides. Dogs and hunters were at work, and muskets and fusces resounded from every quarter. The deer, driven to desperation, made at length a fearful charge right upon the spot where the more distinguished sportsmen had taken their stand. The word was given in Gaelic to fling themselves upon their faces; but Waverley, on whose English ears the signal was lost, had almost fallen a snerifice to his ignorance of the ancient language in which it was communicated. Fergus, observing his danger. sprung up and pulled him with violence to the ground, just as the whole herd broke dewn upon them. The Chieftain may be considered, on this occasion, as taxing short highly dangerous,\* the activity of the Chieftain may be considered, on this occasion, as the stard under the whole herd of deer had fairly run over them. Waverley men attempted to riso, but found that he had suffered several very severe contusions, and, upon a further examination, discontusions, and, upon a further examination, dis-covered that he had sprained his ankle violently.

This checked the mirth of the meeting, although the Highlanders, accustomed to such incidents, and prepared for them, he i suffered no harm themselves. A wigwam was are ad almost in an instant, where Edward was deed al on a couch of heather. The tynes, or branches, of the stag's horns, a dangerous than those of the boar's

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The thrust som of star. it brings thee to thy bier, il boars hu heal; therefore have thou

Vor IL

warel powerful Chiefs, so all of whom Waverley was formally presented, and by all cordially received. Their vasais and clamsmen, a part of whose feude duty it was to attend on these parties, appeared in much numbers as amounted to a small army. These active assistants spread through the country far and active assistants spread through the country far and means, forming a circle, technically called the *inchel*, which, gradually closing, drove the deer in herds to gether towards the glen, where the Chiefs and prin-cipal sportsmen lay in wait for them. In the mean-while, these distinguished personages bivoucked among the flowery heath, wrapped up in their plaids; a mode of passing a summer's night which Waverley found by no means unpleasant. Fer many hours after sun-rise, the mountain ridges until he had perambulated his couch three times, mo ing from east to west, according to the course of u sun. This, which was called making the *dcasti* both the leech and the assistants scemed to consid as a matter of the last importance to the accomplis ment of a cure; and Waverley, whom pain rendern incapable of expostulation, and who indeed saw, r chance of its being attended to, submitted in silenc After this ceremony was duly performed, the o Esculapius let his patient blood with a cupping-fla with great dexterity, and proceeded, muttering all the while to himself in Gaelic, to boil on the fire certa herbs, with which he compounded an embrocatio He then fomented the parts which had sustained i jury, never failing to murmur prayers or spells, whi

fury, never failing to murmur prayers or spells, whi of the two Waverley could not distinguish, as his e only caught the words Gasper-Melchior-Balthaza max-prain-fax, and similar gibberish. The forment tion had a speedy effect in alleviating the pain a swelling, which our hero imputed to the virtue of th herbs, or the officet of the chafing, but which was t with which the operation had been accompanie Edward was given to understand, that not one of the ingredients had been gathered except during the fi moon, and that the herbalist had, while collecting them, uniformly recited a charm, which, in Englis ran thus:

Hail to thee, thou holy herb, That sprang on holy ground 1 All in the Moant Olivot First wert thou found : Thou art boot for may a brune, And bealest many a wound : In our Lady's blessed name, I take thee from the ground b

Edward observed, with some surprise, that ew Fergus, notwithstanding his knowledge and educ tion, seemed to fall in with the superstitious ideas his countrymen, either because he deemed it impol his could yield a second a matter of general bels or more probably because, like most men who do n think deeply or accurately on such subjects, be had his mind a reserve of superstition which balanced it freedom of his expressions and practice upon oth occasions. Waverley made no commentary, they fore, on the manner of the treatment, but reward the professor of medicine with a liberality beyond t the professor of medicine with a liberality beyond U utmost conception of his wildest hopes. He uttere on the occasion, so many incoherent blessings Gaclic and English, that Mac-Ivor, rather scands ized at the excess of his acknowledgments, cut the short, by exclaiming, Ceud mile mhalloich ort! i. "A hundred thousand curses on you!" and so push the luckur af morent of the other

A hundred thousand curses on you " and so push the helper of men out of the cahin. After Waverley was left alone, the exhaustion pain and fatigue,—for the whole day's exercise hu been severe,—threw him into a profound, but yet feverish sleep, which he chiefly owed to an opia draught administered by the old Highlander fro some decoction of herbs in his pharmacopeia.

Early the next morning, the purpose of their mee ing being over, and their sports damped by the unit ward accident, in which Fersus and all his frience expressed the greatest sympathy, it became questic how to dispose of the disabled sportsman. This wi

<sup>1</sup> This garb, which resembled the dress often put to childr in Scotland, celled a polonie, (i. e. polonaise.) is a very ancie modification of the Highland garb. It way, in fact, the haubo or shirt of mail, only composed of cloth instead of rings of i

Old Highlanders will still make the deast ground the Old Highlanders will still make the deast ground the whom they wir well to. To go round a person in the opposi direction, or writerships, (German star-ships) is unlacky, as a sort of incentation.
 This metrical spell, or something very like it, is preserve by Reginald Boott, in his work on Witcherst.

WAVERLEY. [Oner. ZXEV. method by Mac-lvoh, who had a litter prepared, of "birch and hazal gray."\* which, was borne by his people with such caution and dexterity as renders it people with such caution and dexterity as renders it tors improbable that they may have been the ances-tors of some of those sturdy Gael, who have now the their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When their sedan-chairs, to ten routs in one evening. When the said, he would return to Tomanrait, and hoped by that time Waverley would be able to ride one of the so their native clan, and each headed by their patri-archal ruler. Some, who had already begun to retire, ware seen winding up the hils, or descending the son, and who had now in charge to wait upon Wá-rious changeful groups, their feathers and loose plaids waying in the morning breeze, and their arms glitter-ing in the mising sum. Most of the Chiefs came to take farewall of Waverley, and to express their anxious bore they might the server and nower the the messensers to hell. ing in the rising sun. Most of the Chiefs came to take farewall of Waverley, and to express their anxious hope they might again, and speedily, meet; but the care of Fergus abridged the ceremony of taking leave. At length, his own men being completely assembled and mustered. Mac-Ivor commenced his march, but not towards the quarter from which they had come. He gave Edward to understand, that the greater part of his followers, now on the field, were bound on a distant expedition, and that when he had deposited birn in the bouse of a genuleman, who ha was sure use ant expension, and that when he had deposited him in the house of a gentleman, who ha was sure would pay him every attention, he himself should be under the necessity of accompanying them the greater part of the way, but would lose no time in rejoining his friend.

part of the way, but would lose no time in rejoining his friend. Waverley was rather surprised that Fergus had not mentioned this ulterior destination when they set out upon the hunting-party; but his situation did not ad-mit of many interrogatories. The greater part of the clansmen went forward under the guidance of old Ballenkeiroch, and Evan Dhu Maccombich, appa-rently in high spirits. A few remained for the pur-pose of escorting the Chieftain, who walked by the side of Edward's littér, and attended him with the most affectionate assiduity. About noon, after a journey which the nature of the conveyance, the pain of his bruises, and the roughness of the way, rendered inexpressibly painfid, Waverley was hospitably re-ceived into the house of a gentleman related to Fer-gus, who had prepared for him every accommodation which the simple habits of living then universal in the Highlands, put in his power. In this person, an old man about seventy, Edward admired a relic of primitive simplicity. He wore no dress but what his sets a fiorded; the cloth was the fieces of his own sheep, woven by his own servants, and stained into tartan by the dyes produced from the herbs and lich-ems of the hills around him. His linen was spun by his danghters and maid-servants, front his own flax, nor did his table, though plentiful, and varied with grame and fish, offer an article but what was of native produce. Claiming himself no rights of clanship or vasselproduc

Claiming himself no rights of clanship or vassal-age, he was fortunate in the alliance and protection of Vich Ian Vohr, and other bold and enterprising chiaftains, who protected him in the quiet unambi-tious life he loved. It is true, the youth born on his grounds were often enticed to leave him for the ser-vices of his more active friends; but a few old ser-vants and tenants used to shake their gray locks when they heard their master censured for want of spirit, and observed, "When the wind is still, the shower falls soft." This good old man, whose charity and hospitality were unbounded, would have received Waverhey with kindness, had he been the meanest Naxon peasant, since his situation required assistance. . On the merow they made their birn

Statistic present, since his situation required assistance.
 \* On the morrow they made their biers Of birch and hazed gray.
 Chery Ckass.
 \* The author has been sometimes accused of confounding fic-tion with reality. He therefore thinks it necessary to state, that the circumstance of the hunting described in the text as prepar-fory to the inserrection of 1746, u.s. of har as he knows, entirely imaginary. But it is well known such a great hunting was held if the Forest of Brao-Mar, under the suspices of the Earl of Mar, as preparatory to the Rebeilion of 1715; and most of the High-burd chieffains who afterwards anguged in that civil commotion were present on this occasion.

# <sup>1</sup> What sent the messengers to hell, Wasseking what they knew full well.""

He was about to proceed, but Callum Beg said, rather pertly, as Edward thought, that "Ta Tighearnach (*i.e.* the Chief) did not like ta Sassenagh Duinhé-wassel to be pingled wi' mickle speaking, ba she was na tat weel." From this Waverley concluded he should disoblige his friend by inquiring of a stranger the ob-ject of a journey which he himself had not commu-nicated nicated.

It is unnecessary to trace the progress of our hero's recovery. The sixth morning had arrived, and he was able to walk about with a staff, when Fergus returned with about a score of his men. He seemed returned with about a score of his men. He seemed in the highest spirits, congratulated Waverley on his progress towards recovery, and finding he was able to sit on horseback, proposed their immediate return to Glennaquoich. Waverley joyfully acceded, for the form of its fair mistress had lived in his dreams during all the time of his confinement.

Now he has ridden o'er moor and mose O'er hill and many a glen,

Ferguard the while, with his myrmidons, striding stoutly by his side, or diverging to get a shot at a ros or a heath-cock. Waverley's bosom beat thick when they approached the old tower of Ian an Chaisted, and could distinguish the fair form of its mistrees

and could distinguish the fair form of its mistress advancing to meet them. Fergus began immediately, with his usual high spirits, to exclaim, "Open your gates, incomparable princess, to the wounded Moor Abindares, whom Rodrigo de Narvez, constable of Aniguers, conveys to your castle; or open them, if you like it better, to the renowned Marquis of Mantus, the sad attendant of his half-slain friend, Baldovinos of the mountain. -Ah, long rest to thy soul, Cervantes! without quot-ing thy remnants, how should I frame my language to befit romantic ears !"

Flora now advanced, and welcoming Waverley with

to befit romanic cars !" Flors now advanced, and welcoming Waverley with much kindness, expressed her regret for his accident, of which she had already heard particulars, and her surprise that her brother should not have taken bet-ter care to put a stranger on his guard against the-penils of the sport in which he engaged him. Ed-ward easily exculpated the Chieftain, who indeed, at his own personal risk, had probably saved his hife. This greeting over, Forgus said three or four words to his sister in Gaelic. The tears instantly sprang to her eyes, but they seemed to be tears of devotion and joy, for she looked up to heaven, and folded her hands as in a solemn expression of prayer or grant tude. After the pause of a minute, she presented to Edward some letters which had been forwarded from Tully-Veolan during his absence, and, at the same time, delivered some to her brother. To the latter she likewise gave three or four numbers of the Cale donian Mercury, the only newspaper which was them published to the north of the Tweed. Both gentlemen retired to examine their despatcheag and Edward speedily found that those which he had had as a despeedily found that those which he had here and Edward speedily found that those which he had there inter a start of very deep interest.

2 Corresponding to the Lowland saying, "Mony ane speins he gate they ken fu' weel."

# CHAPTER XXV.

# NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

The letters which Waverley had hitherto received from his relations in England, were not such as re-quired any particular notice in this marrative. His father usually wrote to him with the pompous affec-tation of one who was too much oppressed by public affairs to find leisure to attend to those of his swn fa-mily. Now and then he mentioned persons of rank in Scotland to whom he wished his son should pay some attenton; but Waverley, hitherto occupied by the amusements which he had found at Tully-Veolan and Glennaquoich, dispensed with paying any atten-tion to hints so coldly thrown out, especially as dis-tance, shortness of leave of absence, and so forth, furnished a ready spology. But latterly the burden of Mr. Richard Waverley's paternal epistles consisted in certain mysterious hints of greatness and influence which he was specially at taia, and which would ensure his son's obtaining the most rapid promotion, should he remain in the military service. Sir Eve-raid's letters were of a different tentor. They were short; for the good Baronet was none of your illimishort; for the good Baronet was none of your illimishort; for the good Baronet was none of your illimi-table correspondents, whose manuscript overflows the folds of their largepost paper, and leaves ao room for the seal; but they were kind and affectionate, and seldom concluded without some allusion to our hero's stud, some question about the state of his pures, and a special inquiry after such of his recruits as had pre-ceded him from Waverley-Honour. Aunt Rachel charged him to remamber his principles of religion, to take care of his health, to beware of Scotch mists, which, she had heard, would wet an Englishman through and through; never to go out at night with-out his great-coat; and, above all, to wear finance mext to his skin. Mr. Pembroke only wrote to our hero one letter.

Mr. Pembroke only wrote to our hero one letter, but it was of the bulk of six epistles of these degene-

RLET. deed, whose talents evapolate in tropes of rhetorie. and flathes of wit, but one possessed of steedy parts for business, which would wear well, as the lates say in choosing their silks, and ought in all reason to be good for common and evary-day use, sides they were confessedly formed of no holiday texture. This faith had become so general, that the insur-gent party in the cabinet of which we have made mention, after southing Mr. Richard Waverley, were so satisfied with his sentiments and abilities, as to propose, that, in case of a certain revolution in the ministry, he should take an ostensible place in th new order of things, not indeed of the very first rank, but greatly higher, in point both of emolument and influence, than that which he now enjoyed. There was no resisting so tempting a proposal, notwithbut greatly night, in point both of emojument and influence, than that which he now enjoyed. There was no resisting so tempting a proposal, notwith-standing that the Great Man, under whose parromage he had enlisted, and by whose banner he had hitherto stood firm, was the principal object of the proposed attack by the new allies. Unfortunately this fair scheme of ambition was blighted in the very bud, by a premature movement. All the official gentlemen concerned in it, who heaitated to take the part of a voluntary resignation, were informed that the king had no farther occasion for their services; and, in Richard Waverley's case, which the minister con-sidered as aggravated by ingratitude, dismissal was accompanied by something like personal contempt and contumely. The public, and even the party of whom he shared the fall sympathised little in the disappointment of this selfsh and interested states-man; and he retired to the country under the com fortable reflection, that he had lost, at the same time, character, credit, and, what he at least equally de-plored, e-mojument.

fortable reflection, that he at least equally ac-character, credit, and, - what he at least equally ac-plored, - emolument. Richard Waverley's letter to his son upon this oc-casion was a masterpiece of its kind. Aristides him-self could not have made out a hardber case. An unjust monarch, and an ungrateful country, were the burden of each rounded paragraph. He spoke of long services, and unrequited sacrifices; thigh the former had been overpaid by his selary, and nobedry could guess in what the latter consisted, unless it swere in his deserting, not from conviction, but for the hacre of gain, the Tory principles of his family. In the conclusion, his resentment was wrought to such an excess by the force of his own orstory, that he could not represe some threats of vengeance, how-ever vague and impotent, and finally sequainted his an on with his pleasure that he should testify his enne of the fil-treatment he had sustained by throwing up his commission as soon as the fictor reached him. This, he said, was also his und the start of vengeance.

mart to his skin.
Mr. Pembroks only wrote to our hero one letter, but it was of the bulk of six epistles of these degene-itate days, containing, in the moderate compass of the folio pages, closely written, a precis of a supple-ing the analysis of the sector of a supple-ing the analysis of the sector of a supple-ing the analysis of the sector of a supple-ing the sector of the sector of a supple-or of ending down the volume itself, which was much to beyr for the post, and which he proposed to be owner sector of the sector of which the library to instead the sector of the sect

were used to us return. He sent multitudinous greet-ings to the Baron of Bradwardine. A lester from aunt Rachel spoke out even more plainly. She considered the disgracs of brother Richard as the just reward of his forfeiting his alle-giance to a lawful, though exiled sovereign, and taking the oaths to an alien; a concession which ther grandfather, Sir Nigel Waverley, refused to make, either to the Round-head Parliament or to Cromwell, when his life and fortune stood in the utmost ex-tremity. She hoped her dear Edward would follow the footsteps of his ancestors, and as speedily as possible get rid of the badge of servitude to the usurp-ing family, and regard the wrongs sustained by his father as an admonition from Heaven, that every descrition of the line of loyalty becomes its own pun-ishment. She also, concluded with her respects to Mr. Bradwardine, and begred Waverley would in-form her whether his daughter, Miss Rose, was old eriough to wear a pair of very handsome ear-rings, which she proposed to send as a token of her affec-tion. The good lady also desired to be informed

enough to wear a pair of very handsome ear-rings, which she proposed to send as a token of her affec-tion. The good lady also desired to be informed whether Mr. Bradwardine took as much Scotch sausf, and danced as unweariedly, as he did when he was at Waverley-Honour about thirty years are. I These letters, as might have been expected, highly excited Waverley's indignation. From the desultory style of his studies, he had not any fixed political opinion to place in opposition to the movements of indignation which he felt at his father's supposed wrongs. Of the real cause of his disgrace, Edward was totally ignorant; nor had his habits at all led him to invæstigate the politics of the period in which he lived, or remark the intrigues in which his father had been so actively engaged. Indeed, any impressions which he had accidentally adopted concerning the parties of the times, were (owing to the society in which he had lived at Waverley-Honour) of a nature mather unfavourable to the existing government and dynasis He entered, therefore, without hesitation, into the resentful feeling of the relations who had the best title to dictate his conduct; and not perhaps the this the resentful feeling of the relations who had the best title to dictate his conduct; and not perhaps the lass willingly, when he remembered the tadium of his quarters, and the inferior figure which he had made among the officers of his regiment. If he could have had any doubt upon the subject, it would have been decided by the following letter from his commanding afficer, which, as it is very short, shall be inserted worksim : SIR. -ch

"Having carried mewhat beyond the line of my ity, an indulgend hich even the lights of nature, duty, an indulgend which even the lights of nature, and much more those of Christianity, direct towards errors which may arise from youth and inexperience, and that altogether without effect, I am reluctantly compelled, at the present crisis, to use the only re-maining remedy which is in my power. You are, therefore, hereby commanded to repair to —, the bead-quarters of the regiment within three days after the date of this letter. If you-shall fail to do so, I mast report you to the War-Office as absent without layse, and also take other steps, which will be dis-agreeable to you, as well as to, "Sir, "Your obedient Servant.

"Your obedient Servant, "J. Gazonner, Lieut. Col. "Commanding the —— Regt. Dragoons." Edward's blood boiled within him as he read this blood boiled within him as he read this Edward's blood boiled within him as he read this buter. He had been accustomed, from his very in-fancy, to possess, in a great measure, the disposal of his own time, and thus acquired habits which ren-dered the rules of military discipline as unpleasing to him in this as they were in some other respects. Sien of his mind, and had hitherto been sanctioned in a very rigid manner, had also obtained full posses-sien of his mind, and had hitherto been sanctioned by the indulgent conduct of his lieutenant-colonel. Neither hal any thing occurred, to his knowledge, that should have induced his commanding officer, at the end of the fourteenth chapter, so suddanly to at the end of the fourteenth chapter, so suddanly to assume a harab, and, as Edward deemed it, so inso-

tion to the War-Office, and hinted, moreover, that lent a tone of dictatorial sutherity. Connecting it it is ceremony was necessary where so little had with the letters he had not received from his family, been used to his father. He sent multitudinous greet-ings to the Baron of Bradwardine. make min res, in his present suitation, the same pag-sure of authority which had been exercised in his father's case, and that the whole was a concerna scheme to depress and degrade every member of the Waveley family.

Waverley family. Without a pause, therefore, Edward wrote a few cold liftes, thanking his lieutenant-colonel for past civilities, and expressing regret that he should have chosen to efface the remembrance of them, by assu-ming a different tone towards him. The strainof his letter, as well as what he (Edward) conceived to be his duty, in the present crisis, called upon him to lay down his commission ; and he therefore enclosed the formal resignation of a situation which subjects him to so unpleasant a correspondence, and requested Colonel Gardiner would have the goodness to forward it to the proper authorities. it to the proper authorities. Having finished this magnanimous epistle, he falt

Having finished this magnanimous epistle, he fait somewhat uncertain concerning the terms in which his resignation ought to be expressed, upon which subject he resolved to consult Fargue Mac-Ivor. I' may be observed in passing, that the bold and prompt habite of thinking, acting, and speaking, which dis-tinguished this young Chieftain, had given him a considerable ascendency over the mind of Waverley. Endowed with at least equal powers of understand-ing, and with much finer genius, Edward yet stooped to the bold and decisive activity of an intellect which was sharpened by the habit of acting on a precos-ceived and regular system, as well as by extensive knowledge of the world. When Edward found his friend, the latter had atil

knowledge of the world. When Edward found his friend, the latter had still in his hand the newspaper which he had perused, and advanced to meet him with the embarrasement of one who has unpleasing news to communicate. "Do your ketters, Captain Waverley, confirm the unplea-sing information which I find in this paper?" He put the paper into his hand, where his father's disgrace was registered in the most bitter terms, transferred probably from some London journal. At the end of the paragraph was this remarkable in-

the end of the paragraph was use an anomalo in the end of the paragraph was use an anomalo in the understand that 'this same Richard who hath done all this,' is not the only example of the Wavering Honour of W-v-r-ly-H-n-r. See the Gazette of this day." With hurried and feverish approchession our bero tarmed to the place referred to, and found therein recorded, 'Fdward Waverley, captain in merit dragoons, superseded for absence without leave;" and in the list of military promotions, referring to the same regiment, he discovered this father article, "Lieut, Julius Butler, to be captain, pice Edward Waverley superseded.

This to the same regime is built of the sentence of the senten sult was calculated to excite in the bosom of one who had aspired after honour, and was thus wantonly held up to public scorn and disgrace. Upon compa-ring the date of his colonel's letter with that of the article in the Gazette, he perceived that bis threat or making a report upon his absence had been literally fulfilled, and without inquiry, as it seemed, whether Edward had either received his symmons, or was disposed to comply with it. The whole, therefore appeared a formed plan to degrade him in the eyes of the public; and the idea of its having succeeded filled him with such blitter comoins, that, after various ac-

# Charles T. T. M. B.

Edward eagerty grasped at the idea. "Will you earry a measure for me to Colonel Gardiner, my dear Furgus, and oblige me for ever?" "Surgues panaed; "It is an act of friendship which you sheald command, could it be useful, or lead to the nighting your nonour; but in the present case, I doubt if your commanding officer would give you the measing on account of his having taken measures; which, however harsh and exasporating, were still within the strict bounds of his duy. Besides, Gardiner is a precise Huguenot, and has adopted certain ideas about the sinfainess of such rencontres, from which it would be impossible to make kim depart, especially as his courage is beyond all suspicion. And besides, I.-I., to any the trath -I dare not at this moment, for

I-I, to say the trath-I dare not at this moment, for some very weighty reasons, go near any of the milita-ry quarters or gaminons belowing to this government." "And am I," said Waverley, "to sit down quiet and contented under the mjury I have received?" "That will I never advise my friend," replied Mac-lever. "But I would have vergeance to fall on the bacd, not on the thand; on the tyramical and op-greance government which designed and directed these government which designed and infected these government which designed and op-of the injuries they aimed at you." "On the government!" said Waverley. "Yee," replied the impetatous Highlander, "on the usurping House of Hanover, whom your grandfather

"On the government, the impetation Highlander, "on the "Yes," replied the impetation Highlander, "on the usurping House of Hanover, whom your grandfather would no more have served than he would have taken "But since the time of my grandfather, two gene-miticas of this dynasty have possessed the throne," mid Edward, cooly. "True," replied the Chieftain ; "and because we have nassively given them so long the means of show-

"I'me," reprint the character, " and because we have passively given them so long the means of show-ing their mative character, -because both you and I myself have lived in quist submission, have even truckled to the times so far as to accept commissions under them, and thus have given them an opportu-sative of diagracing as publicly by resuming them, are sity of character is publicly by resuming them, are statisers only apprehended, but which we have ac-tendly sustained? Or is the cause of the unfortunate Stewart family become less just, because their title has develved upon an heir who is innocent of the charges of misgovernment brought egainst his fa-ther -- Do you remember the lines of your favourite monet?

Had Richard unconstrain'd resign'd the throne. A king can give no more than is his own ; The title stood eatsil'd had Richard had a con.

You see, my dear Waverley, I can quote pooury as well as Flora and you. But come, clear your moody brow, and trust to me to show you an honourable road my dear Waverley, I can quote poetry as berow, and trust to me to show you an honourable road to a speedy and glorious revenge. Let us seek Flora, who perhaps has more news to tell us of what has occurred during our absence. She will rejoice to hear that you are rehered of your servitude. But first add a postscript to your letter, marking the time when you received this calvinistical Colonel's first sum-mona, and express your regret that the hastiness of his proceedings prevented your anticipating them by sending your resignation. Then let him blush for his injustice."

The letter was sealed accordingly, covering a for-multiple letter was sealed accordingly, covering a for-multiple letter was sealed accordingly, covering a for-multiple letter of his own by a spe-cial messence, with charge to put them into the nearest post-office in the Lowlands.

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d,

The second secon cavaier faith, to awaken whose decayed attachment; to the Stewart family was now a matter of such vital importance to the Stewart cause. Nor could Pergan perceive any obstacle to such a scheme. Waverley's attachment was evident; and as his perceive awakhand-some, and his taste apparently coincided with har own, he anticipated no opposition on the part of Flo-ra. Indeed, between his ideas of partiasticing power and those which he had acquired in France respecting the dimension of the last is prime respecting the dimension of the last is perceived and the set of the last the dimension of factors and the set of perceived and the set of the last the dimension of factors and the set of the set of the last of the last of the last of the set of the last of

and those which he had acquired in France respecting the disposel of females in marriage, any opposition from his sister, dear as she was to him, would have been the last obstacte on which he would frave cal-culated, even had the union been less aligible. Influenced by these feelings, the Ohief now led Waverley in quest of Miss Mac-Iver, not without the hope that the present agitation of his gaser's spirity might give him courage to cat short what Fergus termed the romance of the courtsinp. They found Flora, with ber faithful attendants, Une and Cathleson, busied in preparing what appeared to Waverley to by white bridd favours. Disguising as well as he could the agitation of his mind, Waverley asked for what joyful occasion Miss Mac-Ivor made such ample preparation

"I is for Fergus's brida," she said, smilling. "Indeed!" said Edward; "he has kept his secret well. I hope he will allow me to be his brides-man." "That is a man's office, but not yours, as Bestate

says," retorted Flora. "And who is the fair lady, may I be permitted to

And who is the far hay, may be permuted to sak. Miss Mac. You 7" "Did not I tell you long since, that Ferrus would no bride but koncor?" answered Flora. "And am I then incepable of being his assistant and counsellor in the pursuit of honder?" said our hero, colouring deeply. "Do I rank so low in your opinion?

"Far from it, Captain Waveney. I would to God you were of our determination! and made use of the expression which displeased you, solely

Because you are not of our quality, But stand against us as an enemy."

"That time is past, sister," said Fergus; "and you may wish Edward Waverley (no longer cuptain) or of being freed from the slavery to an usurper, implied in that sable and ill-omened emblem."

Yes," said Waverley, undoing the cockade from hat, "it has pleased the king who bestowed this his hat,

nis hat, "it has pleased the king who bestowed this badge upon me, to resume it in a manner which leaves me little reason to regret his service." "Thank God for that !" cried the enthusiast ; "and O that they may be blind enough to treat every men of honour who serves them with the same indignity, that I may have less to sigh for when the struggle approaches ?" "And now. sister." said the Chieftain "ambadiant

The letter was sealed accordingly, covering a for-mis injustice." The letter was sealed accordingly, covering a for-ingle restingtion of the commission, and Mac-Ivor was the fashion of the latics of yore to arp and send in messager, with charge to put them into the information of the commission, and Mac-Ivor was the fashion of the latics of yore to arp and send information of the commission, and Mac-Ivor was the fashion of the latics of yore to arp and send information of the commission, and Mac-Ivor is measured to the commission of the commission of the sendence of the conset, Fergus. Mr. Waverley is just now too watch agitated by feelings of recent emotion for me to press upon him a resolution of consequence." Waverley felt half alarmed at the thought of adopt ing the badge of what was by the majority of the ing the badge of what wa

not so despirate an anterprise ?" Fergus, who did not understand these delicacies, strode through the apartment biting his lip, and then, with a constrained amile, said, "Well, sister, I leave you to act your new character of mediator between

you to act your new character of mediator between the Elector of Hanover and the subjects of your law-ful sovereign and benefactor," and left the room. There was a painful pause, which was at length broken by Miss Mac-lvor. "My brother is unjust," she said, "because he can bear no interruption that seems to thwart his loyal zeal." "And do you not share his ardour?" asked Wa-

"And do you not share his ardour?" asked Wa-verlay. "Do I not?" answered Flora—"God knows mine exceeds his, if that be possible. But I am not, like him, rapt by the bustle of military preparation, and the infinite detail necessary to the present undertak-ing, beyond consideration of the grand principles of justice and truth, on which our enterprise is grounded; and these, I am certain, can only be furthered by incessures in them selves true and just. To operate upon your present feelings, my dear Mr: Waverley, to induce you to an irretrievable step, of which you have not considered either the justice or the danger, is, in my poor judgment, mether the one nor the ether."

"Incomparable Flora !" said Edward, taking her hand, "how much do I need such a monitor !" " " A better one by far," said Flora, gently with-drawing her hand, " Mr. Waverley will always find in his own boson, when he will give its small still voice leisure to be heard." VOI

"And for that weakness you despise me?" said Edward.

Koward. "Forgive me, Mr. Waverley—and remember it is but within this half hour that there existed between us a barrier of a nature to me insurmountable, since I never could think of an officer in the service of the Elector of Hanover in any other light than as a casual acquaintance. Permit me then to arrange my ideas upon so unexpected a topic, and in less than an

orocas words, just arrived from good iffends; and two or three hundred stout fellows almost fighting which shall first possess them.—But let me look at you closer.—Why, a true Highlander would say you had been blighted by an evil eye.—Or can it be this silly girl that has thus blanked your spirit ?—Never mind her, dear Edward; the wisest of her sex are fools in what regards the business of life.", "Indeed, my good friend," answered Waverley, "Indeed, my good friend," answered Waverley, "It that I can charge against your sister is, that she is too sensible, too reasonable." "If that be all, I ensure you for a louis d'or against the mood lasting four-and-twenty hours. No wo-man was ever steadily sensible for that period; and unreasonable to-morrow as any of her sex. You must learn, my dear Edward, to consider wormas en mousquadaira". So saying, he seized Waverley arm, and dragged him off to review his military pre-parations.

# CHAPTER XXVII.

### UPON THE SAME SUBJECT.

FREEN MAC-Iven had too much tact and delicator to renew the subject which he had interrupted. His head was, or appeared to be, so full of guns, broad-swords, bonnets, canteens, and tartan hese, that Waverley could not for some time draw his attention

to any other topic. "Are you to take the field so soon, Ferms," he asked, "that you are making all these martial pre-

amout, that you are making all these martial pre-parations ?" "When we have settled that you go with me, you shall know all ; but otherwise, the knowledge might rather be preducical to you." "But are you account of the settled of

shall know all; but otherwise, the knowledge might rather be preduciated to you." "But are you serious in your purpose, with such inferior forces, to rise against an established govern-ment? It is mere frenzy." "*Laisesz feire a Den Anteine-I* shall take good care of myself. We shall at least use the compli-ment of Conan, who never get a stroke but he gave one. I would not, however," continued the Chief-tain, "have you think me med enough to stir till a favourable opportunity: I will not sip my dog before the game's afoot. But, once more, will you joun with us, and you shall know all?" "How can I?" said Waverley; "I, who have se lately held that commission which is now posting back to those that gave it? My accepting it implied a promise of fidelity, and an acknowledgment of the legality of the government." "A rash promise," answered Fergus, "is not a stag-handouff; it may be shaken off, especially when it was given under deception, and has been repaid by insult. But if you cannot immediately make up your mind to a glorious revenge, to to fayland, at eve you cross the Tweed, you will hear tidings that will make the world ring; and 'S ir Everard be the gallant old carelier I have 'sard him described by some of our *honest* genutemen of the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, he will find you a better horse-troop and a botter cause than you have lost." "But your sister, Fergus ?" "Out, hyperbolical fiend !" replied the Chief, laugh ing; "how verset thou this man I-Speak'st thou ef nothing but of ladies ?" "Navy be scrious, my dear friend," said Waverley ; "I feel that the happinces of my future life must de-mend money the accent in fiture life must de-mend money the accent in the same source in the stage."

"Nay, be serious, my dear friend," said Waverley; "I feel that the happiness of my future life must append upon the answer which Miss Mac-Ivor about make to what I wantured to tell her this merainag." "And is this your very sober carnest," said Forges,

"My estimest, undoubtedly. How could you sup as me jesting on such a subject ?'

fiction?" "My carness, undoubtedly. How could you sup-pose me testing on such a subject?" "Then, in very sober carneat," answered his friend, "I am very glad to hear it; and so highly do I think of Flora, that you are the only man in England for whom I would say so much.—But before you shake Ty our own family—will they approve your connecting yourself with the sister of a high-born Highland begger?" "My uncle's situation," said Waverley, "his ge-neral opinions, and his uniform indulgence, entitle me to say, that birth and personal qualities are all he would look to in such a connexion. And where can I ind both united in such excellence as in your sister?" "O nowhere!—cela sa sans ding," replied Fergus with a smile. "But your father will appeder a father's prerogative in being consultad." "Surely; but his late breach with the ruling powers removes all apprehension of objection on his part, respocially as I am convinced that my ancle will be warm in my cause." "My randmother was of the Church of Kome, and her raigion wers never objected to by my family.— Do not think of my friends, dear Fergus; lat me rather have your influence where it may be more ne-cosary to remove objected. The ym y be more ne-cosary to remove objected to by my family.— Do not think of my friends, dear Fergus; lat me rather have your influence where it may be more ne-cosary to remove objected. "His her loying brother, is very sigt to have a pretty decisive will of

openary to remove obstacles—I mean with your lovely inster." "My lovely sister," replied Fergus, "like her loving hrother, is very apt to have a pretty decisive will of her own, by which, in this case, you must be ruled; but you shall not want my interest, nor my counsel. And, in the first place, I will give you one hint— Loyalty is her ruling passion; and since she could spell an English book, she has been in love with the memory of the gallant Captain Woran, who renounced the service of the usurper Cram well to join the stand-arrd of Charles II., marched a handful of cavalry from London to the Highlands to join Middleton, then in arran for the king, and at length died gloriously in the royal cause. Ask her to show you some verses she made on his history and fate; they have been much admired. I assure you. "The next point is—I think I saw Flora go up towards the waterfall a short time since—follow, man, follow! don't allow the garrison time to strengthen its purposes of resistance—Alerte d la muraille! Seek Flore out, and learn her decision as soon as you can, and Cupid go with you, while I waverley ascended the gien with an anxious and her by allow is and the with all its purpose."

Waverley ascended the gien with an enxious and throbbing heart. Love, with all its romantic train of hopes, fears, and wishes, was minuted with other feelings of a nature less easily defined. He could not but remember how much this morning had changed feelings of a nature less easily defined. He could not but remember how much this morning had changed his fate, and into what a complication of perplexity it was likely to plunge him. Sun-rise had seen him profession of arms, his father to all appearance ra-pidly rising in the favour of his sovereign ;--all this had passed away like a dream--be himself was dis-honoured, his father diagraced, and he had become involuntarily the confidant at least, if not the accom-plice, of plans, dark, deep, and dangerous, which must infer either the subversion of the government he had so lately served, or the destruction of all who had participated in them. Should Flora even listen to his suit favourably, what prospect was there of its being brought to a happy termination, amid the tu-mult of an impending insurrection ? Or how could he make the belfish request that she should leave tator, the success of her brother's undertaking, or the ruin of all his hopes and fortunes?-Or, on the other hand, to engage himself, with no other aid than his participated in the deagerous and precipitate counsels of the Chiefain,-to be whirled along by him, the participated is the governe and moreinsue metoang the of all his hopes and fortunes?-Or, on the other hand, to engage himself, with no other aid than his ingle arm, in the dangerous and precipitate counsels of the Chiefain,-to be whirled along by him, the participated of all his desperate and impetation, erdeding upon the resting erd and the power of judging, or deciding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions, erdeding upon the resting erden of all his ections of his actions actions of hi

more gravely, "or are we in the land of semance and was no pleasing prospect for the source pride of Wie-fiction ?" (verley to stoop to. And yet what other conclusion "My carness, undoubtedly. Hay could you sup- remained, saving the rejection of his addresses by

versey to stoop to. And yet wast ouser conclusion remained, saving the rejection of his addreases by Flora, an alternative not to be thought of in the pre-sent high-wrought state of his feelings, with s, by ful and dangerous prospect before him, he at length arrived near the cascade, where, as Fergus had au-gured, he found Flora seated. She was quite alone, and as soon as she observed his approach, she rose, and came to meet him. Ed-ward attempted to say something within the verge of ordinary compliment and conversation, but found himself unequal to the task. Flora seemed at first south was the first to enter upon the subject of their last interview. "It is too important, in every point of view, Mr. Waverley, to permit me to leave you in doubt on my sentiments."

doubl on my sentiments." "Do not speak them speedily," snid Waverley, much sgitated, "unless they are such as I fear, from your manner, I must not dare to anticipate. Let time-let my future conduct-let your brether's influ-ence" "Forgive me, Mr. Waverley," said Flora, her com-plexion a little heightened, but her voice firm and composed. "I should incur my own heavy censure. did I delay expressing my sincers conviction that I can never regard you otherwise than as a valued friend. I should do you the highest injustice did I conceal my sentiments for a moment-I see I dis-trees you, and I greve for it, but better yow than

conceal my sentiments for a moment-I see I dis-trees yes, and I grieve for it, but better pow than later; and O, better a thousand times, Mr. Waverley, that you should feel a present momentary disappoint-ment, than the long and beart-sickening griefs which attend a rash and ill-assorted marriage!" "Good God!" exclaimed Waverley, "why should you anticipate such consequences from a union, where birth is equal, where fortune is favourable, where you allege no preference for another, where you even express a favourable opinion of him whom you reject?" "Mr. Waverley, I have that favourable opinion," answered Flora; "and so strongly, that though I would rather have been silent on the grounds of my resolution, you shall command them, if you exast such a mark of my esteem and confidence."

such a mark of my esteem and confidence." She sat down upon a fragment of rock, and Wa-verley, placing himself near her, anxiously presed for the explanation she offered. "I dare bardly," she said, "tell you the situation of my feelings, they are so different from those usually ascribed to young women at my period of life; and I dare hardly touch upon what I conjecture to be the nature of yours, lest I should give offence where I would willingly administer consolation. For my-self, from my infancy till this day, I have had bu; one wish-the restoration of my royal benefactors to self, from my infancy till this day, I have had bu' one wish—the restoration of my royal benefactors to their rightful throne. It is impossible to express to you the devotion of my feelings to this single subject; and I will frankly confess, that it has so occupied my mind as to exclude every thought respecting what is called my own settlement in life. Let me but live to see the day of that bappy restoration, and a High-had contage a French convert or an Exclident land cottage, a French convent, or an English pa-lace, will be alike indifferent to me."

"But, dearest Flora, how is your enthusiastic zeal for the exiled family inconsistent with my happi ness?

ness?" "Because you seek, or ought to seek, in the object of your attachment, a heart whose principal delight should be in augmenting your domestic felicity, and returning your affection, even to the height of ro-mance. To a man of less keen sensibility, and less enthusiastic tenderness of disposition, Flora Mac-lyor might give content, if not happiness; for, were the irrevocable words spoken, never would and be deficient in the duties which she vowed." " And why.--why. Miss Mac.lyor, should you think

dencient in the dulies which she vowel. "And why,--why, Miss Mac-Ivor, should you think yourself a more valuable treasure to one who is less capable of loving, of admiring you, than to me?" "Simply became the tone of our affections would

be more in unison, and because his more blanted con-middly would not require the veture of onthusiasan which I have not to bestew. But you, Mr. Waver-ley, would for ever refer to the idea of domestic hap-piness which your imagination is capable of paint-ing, and whatever fell short of that ideal representa-tion would be construed into coolness and indifference, while you might consider the enthumann with which I regarded the success of the royal family, as defrauding your affection of its due return."

which I regarded the success of the royal Family, as defrauding your affection of its due rotarn." "In other words, Miss Mac-Ivor, you cannot love ms?" eaid her suitor dejectedly. "I could esteem you, MI. Waverley, as much, per-haps more, than any man I have ever seen; but I cannot love you as you ought to be loved. O! do not, for your own sake, desire so hazardous an expe-riment 1 The woman whom you merry, ought to have affections and opinions moulded upon yours. Her stadies ought to be your studies;—her wishes, her feelings, her hopes, her fears, should all mingle with yours. She should enhance your pleasures, share your sorrows, and cheer your melancholy." "And why will not you, Miss Mac-Ivor, who can so well describe a happy union, why will not you be yourself the porton you describe?" "Is it possible you do not yet comprehend me?" haswered Flora. "Have I not told you, that every keener sensation of my mind is bent exclusively to-wards an event, upon which, indeed, I have no power but those of my enneat prayers?"

wards an event, upon which, indeed, I have no power but those of my earnest prayers?" "And might not the granting the suit I solicit," said Waverley, too earnest on his purpose to consi-der what he was about to say, "even advence the interest to which you have devoted yourseff?" My family is wealthy and powerful, inclined in princi-ples to the Stewart race, and should a favourable op-motion in the set of the set portunity

half."

"Of that," answered Flors, "I cannot doubt for a moment. But consult your own good sense and reason rather than a preposession hastly adopted, pro-bably only because you have met a young woman

bably only because you have met a young woman possessed of the usual accomplishments, in a seques-tered and romantic situation. Let your part in this great and perilous drama rest upon conviction, and not on a hurried, and probably a temporary feeling." "Waverley attempted to reply, but his words failed him. Every sentiment that Flora had uttered vindi-cated the strength of his attachment; for even her loyalty, although wildly enthusiastic, was generous and noble, and disdained to avail itself of any indi-rect means of supporting the cause to which she was devoted devoted

After walking a little way in silence down the path, Flora thus resumed the conversation.—" One word more, Mr. Waverley, ere we bid farewell to this topic more, Mr. Waverley, ere we bid farewell to this topic for ever; and forgive my boldness if that word have the air of advice. My brother Fergus is anxious that you should join him in his present enterprise. But do not consent to this; you could not, by your sin-gle exertions, further his success, and you would inevitably share his fall, if it be God's pleasure that fall he must. Your character would also suffer irre-trievably. Let me beg you will return to your own country; and, having publicly freed yourself from swery ite to the usurping government, I trust you will sovereign with effect, and stand forth, as your loyal ancestors, at the head of your natural followers and adherents, a warthy representative of the house of Waverley"

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# CHAPTER XXVIII.

### A LETTER PROM TULLY-VEOLAN.

A LITTLE FIGHT TUENT TUE suggested this vision continuet, and where how-ever, did not seem entirely dispelled. The spart-ment was in the fortress of Ian nan Chaistel, but it was still the voice of Davie Gelladley that made tha following lines resound under the window :--

My heart's in the Highlands, my heart is not here, My heart's in the Highlands a chasing the deer; A-chasing the wild deer, and following the ros, My heart's in the Highlands wherever 1 go.<sup>6</sup> A-ca. My h

Curious to know what could have determined Mr. Gellatley on an excursion of such unwonted extent. Edward began to dress himself in all haste, during which operation the minstrelay of Davis changed its tune more than once

# bere's nought in the Highlands but syboes and looks, and incoming the internet many series the breeks ;

\* These lines form the burn if an ald supe to a

# Westing the prosits, and without hous and the First mails a' win the bracks when King Junio a

But well a' wis the brecks when King Jenie ennes hans." By the time Waverley was dressed and had issued forth, David had associated himself with two or three of the numerous Highland loungers who always gra-cest the gates of the castle with their presence, and was capering and dancing full merrily in the doubles such full career of a Scotch foursome reel, to the mu-fic of his own whistling. In this double capacity of cancer and musician, he continued, until an idle pi-per, who observed his zeal, obeyed the manimeus cell of *Scid sucs*, (i. c. blow up.) and relieved him from the latter part of his trouble. Young suid old then mingled in the dance as they could find partners. The appearance of Waverley did not interrupt David's emercise, though he contrived, by grinning, nodding, and throwing one or two inclinations of the body in-to the graces with which he performed the Highland fing, to convey to our hero symptoms of recognition. and inroving one of wo including of the body in-to the graces with which he performed the Highland fling, to convey to our haro symptoms of recognition. Them, while busiv employed in setting, whooping all the while, and snapping his fingers over his head, he of a sudden prolonged his side-step until it brought him to the place where Edward was standing, and, still keeping time to the music like Harlequin in a pan-tomime, he thrust a letter into our hero's hand, and continued his saltation without pause or intermis-sion. Edward, who perceived that the address was in Ross's hand writing, retired to peruse it, leaving the faithful bearer to continue his exercise until the piper or he should be tired out. The contents of the letter greatly surprised him. It had originally commenced with, Dear Sir ; but these words had been carefully erased, and the monosylla-ble, Sir, substituted in their place. The rest of the contexts shall be given in Ross's own language.

"I feer I am using an improper freedom by intrud-ing upon you, yet I cannot trust to any one else to let you know some things which have happened here; with which it seems necessary you should be ac-quainted. Forgive me, if I am wrong in what I am ching; for, alas! Mr. Waverley, I have no better ad-vice than that of my own feelings; --my dear father is more from this place, and when he can plut to my vice than that of my own feelings; —my dear father is gone from this place, and when he can seturn to my manistance and protection, God alone knows: You have probably heard, that in consequence of some two blesome news from the Highlands, warrants were sent out for apprehending several centerner in these parts, and, among others, my dear father. In spite of edi my tears and entreaties that he would surrender himself to the government, he joined with Mr. Fal-couser and some other gentlemen, and they have all gene northwards, with a body of about forty horse-men. So I am not so anxious concerning his imme-dists safety, as about what may follow afterwards, for these troubles are only begivning. But all this is mothing to you, Mr. Waverley, only I thought you would be glad to learn that my father has escaped, in party of soldiers to Tully-Veolan; and behaved very readery to Ballie Macwheeble; but the officer was very eivit to me, only said his daty obliged him to search for whose and papers. My father had provided arisins this by taking away all the armerecrept the old use-have things which hung in the hall, and he had put all his papers out of the way. But O ! Mr. Waverley, how shall I tell you, that they mode struct inquiry af-ter you, and asked when yoa had been at Tully-Veol-ian, and where you now were. The officer is cone back with his party, but a non-commissioned officer and four men remairns a aort of garrison in the house. is gone from this place, and when he can seturn to my

They have hither behaved very well, as we are for-end four men remain as a sort of garrieron in the house. They have hither behaved very well, as we are for-end to keep them in good-humour. Bot these eskleres thave hinted as if on your felling into their hands you period be in great danger; I cannot prevail on myself write what wicked falsehoods they said, for I am pere they are falsehoods but you will best judge what they are falsehoods but you will best judge what they ought to do. The party that returned carried off our servant prisoner, with your two horses, and wery thing that you left at Tuily. Vestan. I hope God These lines are also ascient, and I believe to the to e of

We'll mover has passes till Jamie concer hame's which Barns likewise wests some versa.

will protect you, and that you will get safe knows to England, where you used to tell me there was no military violence nor fighting among clans per-

no military violence nor nenting among civils per-mitted, but every thing was done according to an equal law that protected all who were harmless and innocent. I hope you will exert your indulgence as to my boldness in writing to you, where it seems to me, though perhaps erroneously, that your safety and the innocent of the innocent the set of thick horour are concerned. I am sure at least I think, my father would approve of my writing, for Mr. Re-bric is fied to his cousin's at the Duchran, to be out of danger from the soldiers and the Whigs, and Ballis Macwheeble does not like to meddle (he says) in oth-er men's concerns, though I hope what may serve my In according to the tot meddle (ne says) in oth-er men's concerns, though I hope what may serve my is father's friend at such a time as this, cannot be term-ed improper interference. Farewell, Captain Waver-ley I shall probably never see you more; for it would be very improper to wish you to call at Tully-Veolan just now, even if these men were gone; but I will al-ways remember with gratitude your kindness in as-sisting so poor a scholar as myself, and your atten-tions to my dear, father. "I remain your obliged servant, "P. S.--I hope you will send me a line by David Gelfatley, just to say you have received this, and that you will take care of yourself; and forgive me if I entreat you, for your own sake, to join none of these unhappy cabels, but escape, as fast possible, to your Flora, and to Glennaquoich. Is she not as handsome and accompliabed as I described her ?"

Thus concluded the letter of Rose Bradwardine, the miteria of which both surprised and affected Wacontents of which both surprised and affected Wa-verley. That the Baron should fall under the suspiconterns of which over supplies that and supplies of which over the supplication of government, in consequence of the present stir among the partizans of the house of Stewart seemed only the natural consequence of his political predifections; but how he himself should have been involved in such suspicions, coascious that until yes hardware a thought of the set terday he had been free from harbouring a thought against the prosperity of the reigning family, seemed inexplicable. Both at Tully-Veolan and Glanna-quoich, his hosts had respected his engagements with the existing government, and though enough passed by accidental innuendo that might induce him to reckon the Baron and the Chief among those disaf-focted gentlemen who were still numerous in Scotland, yet until his own connexion with the army had been broken off by the resumption of his commission, been broken on by the resumption of his commission, immediate or hostile attempts against the present establishment. Still he was aware that unless he meant at once to embrace the proposal of Fergur Mac-Ivor, it would deeply concern him to leave the suspicions neighbourhood without delay, and repair where his conduct might undergo a satisfactory exa-mination. Upon this he the rather determined, as Flora's advice favoured his doing so, and because he felt inexpressible repugnance at the idea of being ac-cessary to the plague of civil war. Whatever were the original rights of the Stewarts, calm reflection? told him, that, omitting the question how far James? the Second could forfait hose of his posterity, he had, according to the united voice of the whole nation, justly forfeited his own. Since that period, four mo-narchs had reigned in peace and glory over Britan, sustaining and exalting the character of the nation abroad, and its liberties at home. Reason asked, was' it worth while to disturb a government so long set; the disturbation of the plage a kingdom into all he had no reason to suppose that they nourished any. tled and established, and to plunge a kingdom into all the miseries of civil war, for the purpose of replacing the miseries of civil war, for the purpose of replacing mon the throne the descendants of a monarch by whom it had been wilfully forfeited? If, on the other hand, his own findl conviction of the goodness of their cause; or the commands of his father or uncle, should recommend to him alleriance to the Stewarts, should recommend to him alleriance to the Stewarts, should recommend to him alleriance to the Stewarts should recommend to him alleriance to the Stewarts should recommend to him alleriance to be falsely in-still it was necessary to clear his own character by ishowing that he had not, as seemed to be falsely in-sinuated, taken any step to this purpose, during his bolding the commission of the reigning monarch. The affectionate simplicity of Rese, and her an xiety for his safety, his sense too of her unprotected state

and of the terrer and actual dangers to which she might be exposed, made an impression upon his mind, and he instantly wrote to thank her in the kindest terms for her solicitude on his account, to express his earnest good wishes for her welfare and that of her father, and to assure her of his own safety. The feelings which this task excited were speedily lost in the necessity which he now saw of bidding farewall to Flora Mac-Ivor, perhaps for ever. The pang farewall to Flora Mac-Ivor, perhaps for ever. The pang farewall to flora date reflection was inexpressible; for her high-minded elevation of character, her self-devotion to the cause which she da embraced, unied to her scrupt the did manger of the source self devotion to the the date of the source self devotion to the the date of the source self devotion to the to bid her farewell before he leaves us.-But Rose to bid her farewell before he leaves us.-But Rose to bid her farewell before he leaves the thought of -I cause which she had embraced, united to her scrupu-lous rectitude as to the means of serving it, had vin-

lous rectitude as to the means of serving it, had vin-dicated to his judgment the choice adopted by his passions. But time pressed, calumny was busy with his fame, and every hour's delay increased the power to injure it. His departure must be instant. With this determination he sought out Fergua, and communicated to him the contents of Rese's letter, with his own resolution instantly to go to Edinburgh, and put into the hands of some one or other of those persons of influence to whom he had letters from his father, his exclupation from any charge which might be preferred against him.

drawn in 7'\* "For many reasons, my dear Fergus, you must hold me excused." "Well then," said Mac-Ivor, "I shall certainly find you exerting your poetical talents in elegiee upon a prison, or your antiquarian researches in detecting the Oggamt character, or some Punic hisroglyphic upon the key-stones of a vault, curiously arched. Or what say you to un petit pendement bien joil? against which awkward ceremony I don't warrant you, should you meet a body of the armed west-country Whigs." "And why should they use me so?" said Waverley. "First, you are an Englishman; secondly, a gentle-man; thirdly, a prelatist abjured; and, fourthly, they have not had an opportunity to exactise their telente que such a subject this long while. But don't be cast down, beloved: all will be dono in the fear of the Lord." "Well, I must run my hazard."

"Well, I must run my hazard." "You are determined, then?"

"You are determined, and "" You are determined, and " "Wilful will do't," said Fergus ;--" but you cannot go on foot, and I shall want no horse, as I must march on foot at the head of the children of Ivor; you shall have brown Dermid." "If you will sell him, I shall certainly be much abliered."

obliged." "If your proud English heart cannot be obliged by a gift or loan, I will not refuse money at the entrance of a campaign, in sprice is twenty guineas. [Re-member, reader, it was Sixty Years since.] And when do you propose to depart?" "The sooner the better," answered Waverley.

"The sooner the better, answered vravelay. "You are right, since go you must, or rather, since go you will : I will take Flora's pony, and ride with ou as far as Bally-Brough.—Callum Beg, see that ur horses are ready, with a pony for yourself, to at-

\* A Righland 'hyme on Glencaim's Expedition, in 1859, has these lines-

these lines-We'll bide a while among ta crows. We'll wiske ta sword and band ta bows." 'The Oggam is a species of the old Irish character. The idea of the correspondence betwist the Celtic and Punic, founded on scorno in Plautus, was not started till General Vallancer set up bus theory, long after the date of Forgus Mac-lyor.

so far." "Cathleen, let my sister know Mr. Waverley wishes to bid her farswell before he leaves us.-But Rose Bradwerdine, her situation must be thought of-I wish she were hero-And why should she not?-There are but four red-coats at Tully-Veolan, and their muskets would be very useful to us." To these broken remarks Edward made no answer ; his ear indeed received them, but his soul was intent upon the expected entrance of Flora. The door opened -It was but Cathleen, with her lady's excuse, and wishes for Captain Waverley's health and happiness.

and put into us successful for the second state in the second of the sec

Edward paced on under the painful and yet not altogether embilitered feelings, which esparation and uncertainty produce in the mind of a youthful lover. I am not sure if the ladies understand the full value of the influence of absence, nor do I think it wise to teach it them, lest, like the Clelias and Mandanes of yore, they should resume the humour of sending, their lovers into banishment. Distance, in truth, produces in idea the same effect as in real perspective. Objects are softened, and rounded, and rendered doubly grace-ful; the harsher and more ordinary points of charac-ter are mellowed down, and those by which it is re-membered are the more striking outlines that mark sublimity, grace, or beastly. There are mists too in the mental, as well as the natural horizon, to conceal what is less pleasing in distant objects, and there are happy lights, to stream in full glory upon those points

The mental, is well as the fraintrain horizon, to conscent what is less pleasing in distant objects, and there are happy lights, to stream in full glory upon those points which can profit by prilliant illumination. Waveries forsot Flers Mac-twore prejudices in her magnanimity, and almost pardonod her indifference towards his affection, when he recollected the grand and decisive object which seemed to fill her whole soul. She, whose sense of duty so wholly engrossed her in the cause of a benefactor, what would be her feelings in favour of the happy individual who shoald be so fortunate as to swaken them? Then came the doubtif question, whether he might not be that happy man,—a question which fancy endeavoured to answer in the affirmative, by containing up all she had said in his praise, with the addition of a com-ment much more flattering then the text warranted. All that was common-place, all that belonged to the

\* The sanguine Jacobiles, during the eventifal years 1745-6, kept up the spirits of their party by the rambur of descents from France on behalf of the Chevaliar St. Georga.

(CHAP. XXXX.

# Chap. XXIX.I

every-day world, was melted away and obliterated in [I have been obliged to when I happened, in a mail those dreams of imagination, which only remembered coach, or diligence, to meet some military man who with advantage the points of grace and dignity that has kindly taken upon him the disciplining of the distinguilled Flora from the generality of her sex, waiters, and the taxing of reckonings. Some of this not the particulars which she held in common with discful talent our hero had, however, acquired during them. Edward was, in short, in the fair way of his military service, and on this gross provocation is creating a goldess out of a high-spirited, accomplish-began seriously to arise. "Look ye, sir; I came ed, and beautiful young woman; and the time was here for my own accommediation, and not to answer wasted in 'castle-building, until, at the descent of imperiment questions. Either say you can, or can-a steep hill, he saw beneath him the market town not, get me what I want; I shall pursue my course æf

of \_\_\_\_\_\_: The Highland politeness of Callum Beg\_there are few nations, by the way, who can boast of so much natural politeness as the Highlanders\*-the High-land civility of his attendant had not permitted him by disturb the reveries of our hero. But observing him rouse himself at the sight of the village. Callum preased closer to his side, and hopped "when they cam to the public, his honour wad not say nothing about Vich Ian Yohn, for ta people were bitter Whigs, deil barst tem." burst tem

burst tem." Waverley assured the prudent page that he would be cautions; and as he now distinguished, not indeed the ringing of bells, but the tinkling of something fike a hammer against the side of an old mossy, green, inverted porridge-pot, that hung in an open booth, of the size and shape of a parrot's cage, arected to grace the east end of a building resembling an old barn, he are ded Callum Res if the res Builder.

the size and shape of a parrot's case, arected to grace the east end of a building resembling an old barn, he saked Callum Beg if it were Sunday. "Could na say just processely-Sunday seldom cam aboon the pass of Bally-Brough." On entering the town, however, and advancing to-wards the most apparent public-house which pre-sented itself, the numbers of old women, in tartan screens and red cloaks, who streamed from the barn-resembling building, debating, as they went, the com-parative merits of the blessed youth Jabeah Rentowel, and that chosen vessel Maister Goukthraple, indu-ced Callum to assure his temporary master, "that it was either ta muckle Sunday hersell, or a little go-vernment Sunday that they ca'd ta fast." On alighting at the size about the fourther delectation of the guests, was graced with a short Hebrew motto, they was received by mine host, a tall thin puritani-cal figure, who seemed to debate with himself who-for the day. Reflecting, however, in all proba-bility, that he possessed the power of mulcing them for this irregularity, a penalty which they might es-cape by passing into Gregor Duncanson's, at the sign of the Highlander and the Hawick Gill, Mr. Ebenezer Cruickahanks condescended to admit them into his awailing.

Gruickalanks condescended to admit them moves dwelling. To this sanctified petson Waverley addressed his request that he would procure him a guide, with a sadds-horse, to carry his portmantan to Edinburgh. "And whar may ye be coming from ?" demanded mine host of the Candlestick. "I have told you where I wish to go; I do not con-coive any further information necessary either for the guide or his saddle-horse." "Hem I Ahem!" returned he of the Candlestick, "ourse that disconcerted at this rebuff. "It's the ge-meral fast, sir, and I cannot enter into ony carnal Fransactions on sic a day, when the people should be neral fast, sir, and I cannot enter into ony carnal gransactions on sic a day, when the people should be humbled, and the backaiders should return, as wor-thy Mr. Goukthrapple said; and moreover when, as the precious Mr. Jabesh Rentowel did weel observe, the hand was mourning for covenants burnt, broken, and buried." "My good friend," said Waverley, "if you cannot fet me have a horse and guide, my servant shall seek shem elsewhere." 'Aweel I Your servant ?--and what for gangs he mot forward wi' you himsell?" Waverley had but vary little of a captain of horse's aprint within him-I mean of that sort of spirit which are no there we horse in former time, had sizers hith idea of

The Highlander, in former times, had always a high idea of mis own gentility, and was anxious to impress the same upon those with whom he conversed. His flaguage abounded is the phrases of sourceys and compliment; and the habit of carrying grans, and mixing with these who did so, made it particularly mesticable they should use cantious politeness in their intercourse with ac's oft.st.

here for my own accommedation, and not to answer importinent questions. Either say you can, or can-not, get me what I want; I shall pursue my course in either case." Mr. Ebenezer Cruickshanks left, the room with some indistinct muttering; but whether negative or acquisecent, Edward could not well distinguish. The hostess, a civil, quiet, laborious drudge, came to take his orders for dinner, but declined to make answer ou the subject of the horse and guide; for the Sa-lique law, it seems, extended to the stables of the Golden Candlestick. From a window which overlooked the dart and

Golden Candlestox. From a window which overlooked the dark and narrow court in which Callum Beg rubbed down the horses after their journey, Waverley heard the fol-lowing dialogue betwirt the subtle foot-page of Vioh Ian Vohr and his landlord : "Y d'll be frae the north, young man?" began the

latter.

latter. "And ye may say that," answered Callum. "And ye'll has ridden a lang way the day, it may weel be?" "Bas lang, that I could weel tak a dram." "Gudewile, bring the gill stop." Here some compliments passed fitting the ecsa-sion, when my host of the Golden Candlestick, has ying, as he thought, opened his guest's heart by this hospitable propitiation, resumed his scrutiny. "Ye'll no has mickle better whisky than that aboon the Pass "

"Ye'll no has mickle better whisky than that aboon the Pase?" "I am nas frae aboon the Pass." "Ye're a Highlandman by your tongue?" "Na; I am but just Aberdeen a way." "And did your master come frae Aberdeen wi'you?" "Ay—that's when I left it mysell," answered the cool and impenetrable Callum Beg. "And what kind of a sentleman is he?"

coot and impenetrable Callum Bes. "And what kind of a gentleman is he?" "I believe he is ane of King George's state officers, at least he's aye for ganging on to the south, and he has a hantle siller, and never grudges ony thing till a poor body, or in the way of a lawing." "He wants a guide and a horse frase hence to Edm-burgh?"

ourgant " "Ay, and ye mean find it him forthwith." "Ahem ! It will be chargeable." "He cares na for that a bodle." "Aweel, Duncan-did ye say your name was Dun can, or Donald ?" "Na, man-Jame-Jamie Steenson-I telt ye be-form "

fore." This last undanneed parry altogether folled Mr. Cruickshanks, who, though not quite satisfied either with the reserve of the master, or the artreme readi-ness of the man, was contented to lay a tax on the reckoning and horse-hire, that might compound for his ungratified curiosity. The circumstance of its being the fast day was not forgotten in the charge, which, on the whole, did not, however, amount to much more than double what in fairness it should have been.

Which, on the a double what in fairness it should have been. Callum Beg soon after announced in person the ra-tification of this treaty, adding, "Ta auld desvil was ganging to ndewl' ta Duinhé-wassel hersell." "That will not be very pleasant, Callum, nor alto-gether safe, for our host seems a person of great curiosity; but a traveller must submit to these incon-veniences. Meanwhile, my good lad, here is a triffs for you to drink Vich Ian Vohr's health." The hawk's eye of Callum finaned delight upon a golden guinea, with which these last words were ac-companied. He hastened, not without a curse on the intricacies of a Saxon breaches pocket, or *pleucham*, as he called it, to deposit the treasure in his fob; and then, as if he conceived the benevolence called for some requital on his part, he gathered close up to Ed-ward, with an expression of countenance peculiarly knowing, and spoke in an under tone, "If his honour

WAVE hought is and deavil Whig carlowss a bit daspurous, she could easily provide for him, and teil ane tawiser." "How, and in what magner?" "Here ain sell," replied Callum, "could wait for him a wee bit frac the toun, and kittle his quarters wi'her stens-occle."

Skene-occle! what's that 7

"Skepe-occle! what's that ?" Callum unbuttoned his cost, raised his left arm, and, with an emphatic nod, pointed to the hik of a small dirk, smaly deposited under it, in the lining of his jacket. Waverley thought he had misunderstood his meaning : he graned in his face, and discovered in Callum's very handsome, though embrowned fea-tures, just the degree of roguish malice with which a lad of the same age in England would have brought forward a plan for robbing an orchard. "Good God, Callum, would you take the man's We ?"

"Good God, Callum, would you take the man's life?" "Indeed," answered the young desperado, "and I think he has had just a lang enough lease o't, when he's for betraying honest folk, that come to spend aller at his public." Edward saw nothing was to be gained by argu-ment, and therefore contented himself with enjoining Callum to lay aside all practices against the person of Mr. Ebenezer Cruickshanks; in which injunction the page seamed to acquiesce with an air of great in-difference. difference

difference. "Ta Duinhe-wassel might please himsell; ta auld rudas loon had never done Callam nae ill. But here's a bit line frae ta Tighearna, tat he hade me gie your honour ere I came back." The letter from the Chief contained Flora's lines on the fate of Captain Wogan, whose enterprising character is so well drawn by Clarendon. He had

originally engaged in the service of the Parliement, But had abjured that party upon the execution of Charles I.; and upon hearing that the royal standard Middleton in the Highlands of Scotland, took lasve af Charles II., who was then at Paris, passed into Kingland, assembled as body of cavaliers in the neigh-bourhood of London, and traversed the kingdom, which had been so long under domination of the usurper, by marches conducted with such skill, dax-terity, and spirit, that he safely united his handful of horsemen with the body of Highlanders then in arms. After several months of desultory warfare, in which Wogan's skill and courage gained him the highest reputation, he had the misfortune to be wounded in a dancerous manner, and no surgical assistance being originally engaged in the service of the Parliament, dancerous manner, and no surgical assistance being within reach he terminated his short but glorious 6970

There were obvious reasons why the politic Chiefthin was been us to place the example of this young nero under the eye of Waverley, with whose romantic disposition it coincided so peculiarly. But his letter giving you the trouble of reading these lines, in order to keep in your memory your promise to procure me the fishing-tackle and cross-bow from London, I will enclose her verses the Grave of Wogan. This I know will teace her; for, to tell you the truth, I think hes more in love with the memory of that dead hero, than she is likely to be with any living one, unless beshall tread a similar path. But English squires of our day keep their oak-trees to shelter their deer parks, or repair the losses of an evening at White's, and neither invoke them to wreath their brows, nor shelter their graves. Let me hope for one brilling adly give adearse title." The verses were inacribed,

# TO AN OAK TREE,

need England's ascient faith, prendly ung thy branches wave, kaphig ins faw to death, extest fils a unreleve grave.

then, breve tonned of the ton pine not if our olime damy, we think henser'd sod to ble a flowerets of a milder sky.

- These even their birth to genial May; Beneath a forcer sun they pine, effort the winter storm decay— And can their worth be type of thise?
- And can their worth be type or times r Not for, 'mid storms of Pate opposing, Still higher sweil'd thy danations heart, And, while Despair the scone was closing Commenced thy brief but brillisst part.
- Was then thou sought's to a Abyrs hill (When England's sons the strife resign's regreed race resisting still, And unsubdued though unselined. 4
- And unsubdued though unsettend. Thy dentity is hour heard to kindred weil, No holy knell thy requires rung ; Thy meurers were the plaided Gael, Thy dirgs the clauserods pibrook mang-yet whe, in Fortune's commer-chine Yet whe in Fortune's commer-chine Yet whethile's longest tors away, Would change that clorious dawn of this Though darken'd ere its noastide day?

- Rough warken a ere is notation any Be thins the Tree whose damilies boughs Brave summer's drought and winter's glo Rome beend with oak hor patristy hows, As Alby akadows Wogan's temb.
- Ro

Whatever might be the real merit of Flora Mac-Ivor's poetry, the enthusiasm which it intimated wase well calculated to make a corresponding impression-upon har lover. The lines were read-read again-then deposited in Waverley's bosom-thea again-drawn out, and read line by line, in a low and smothered voice, and with frequent pauses which prolonged the mental treat, as an encure protracts, by sipping slowly, the enjoyment of a delicious be-verage. The entrance of Mrs. Cruickshanks, with the sublunary articles of dinner and wine, hard ly interrupted this pantomime of affectionate en thusiasm.

19 interrupted this pantomume of affectionate en thusiasm. At length the tall ungainly figure and ungraciena. Visage of Ebenezer presented themselves. The upper part of his form, notwithstanding the season required no such defence, was shrouded in a large great-coat, belted over his under habiliments, and created with a huge cowl of the same stuff, which, when drawn over the head and hat, completely overshadowed both, and being buttoned beneath the chin, was call-de a trot-cozy. His hand grasped a huge jockey-whip, garnished with brass mountine. His thin sides with rusty clasps. Thus accounted, he stafked into the midst of the apartment, and announced his errand in brig phrase :-- "Yer horses is ready." "You go with me yourself then, landlord?" "I do, as far as Perth; where ye may be supplied. with a guide to Embro', as your occasions shall re-quire." The available is allocal under the stafked into Embro', as your occasions shall re-quire."

quire

with a guide to Embro', as your occasions shall re-quire." That saying, he placed under Waverley's eye the bill which he held in his hand; and at the same time, bell which he held in his hand; and at the same time, bell which filled a glass of wine, and drank devoutly to a blessing on their journey. Waverley stared at the man's impudence, but, as their connexion was to be short, and promised to be convenient, he made no observation upon it; and, having paid his reckoning, expressed his intention to depart, immediately. He mounted Dermid accordingly, and sallied forth from the Golden Candlestick, followed by the puritament faure we have described, after he had, at the expense of some time and difficulty, and by the assistance of a "louping-on-stane," or stiructure of masonry escat-ed, raw-boned, thin-guited phantom of a broken-down blood-horse, on which Waverley's portmanisms was deposited. Our hero, though not in a very gap-of his new squire, and at imagining the astonishment which his person and esupage would have excited ar Waverley-Honour.

Waverley-Honour. Edward's tendency to mirth did not escape mine host of the Candlestick, who, conscious of the cause, infused a double portion of souring into the phari-saical baven of his gountenance, and resolved interv hally that, in one way or other, the young Englishes should pay dearly for the contempt with which he seemed to regard him. Collum also stood as the

WAREPLEY.

# CHAPTER XXX.

# INSWE THAT THE LOSE OF A HORE'S SHOE MAY HE AS BLOOD INCOMVENI

The manner and air of Waverley, but, above all, the glittering contents of his purse, and the indiffer-ance with which he seemed to regard them, somewhat overawed his companion, and deterred him from making any attempts to enter upon conversation. His own reflections were moreover agitated by various sur-mises, and by plans of self-interest, with which these mess, and by plans of scal-interest, with which these were intimately connected. The traveliers journeyed, therefore, in silence, until it was interrupted by the annunciation, on the part of the guide, that his "naig had lost a forefootshee, which, doubtless, his honour would consider it was his part to replace."

"This was what lawyers call a *fusing question*, cal-calated to ascertain how far Waverley was disposed to submit to petty intposition. "My part to replace your hore's shoe, you racal!" said Waverley, mis-taking the purport of the intimation.

"Indubitably," answered Mr. Cruickshanks; "tho there was no preceess clause to that effect, it canna 

shall we find one?" Rejoiced at discerning there would be no objection made on the part of his temporary inaster, Mr. Crnick-shanks assured him that Cairnvreckan, a village which they were about to enter, was happy in an ex-cellent blacksmith; "but as he was a professor, he would drive a nail for no man on the Sabbath, or kirk-fast, unless it were in a case of absolute neces-sity, for which he always charged sixpence cach shee." The most important part of this communi-cation, in the opinion of the speaker, made a very alght impression on the hearer, who only internally wondered what college this veterinary professor be larged to; not aware that the word was used to delonged to; not aware that the word was used to de-longed to; not aware that the word was used to de-mote any person who pretended to uncommon sanc-ity of faith and manner.

As they entered the village of Cairnvreckan, they speedily distinguished the snith's house. Being also As they entered the village of Caimvreckan, they specially distinguished the smith's house. Being also a public, it was two stories high, and provally rearry tis creat, covered with gray slate, above the thatched horsis by which it was surrounded. The adjoining definition of the second proper which Ebenezer had augured from the sanc-tity of his friend. On the contrary, flammer creased and any i rang, the belows graened, and the whole, essentially dotand, "replied his grade sparatus of Valcen appeared to be in full activity." Nor was the labour of a rural and pacific nature. The there have any state, and pacific nature. The sparatus of Valcen appeared to be in full activity. Nor was the labour of a rural and pacific nature. The there haumering dog-heads for fales that will never smarting between the set of a rural and pacific nature. The sparatus of valcen appeared to be in full activity. Nor was the labour of a rural and pacific nature. The there haumering dog-heads for fales that will never smarting the fore, was crowded with persons who important news; and a single glance at the sapect of the person who the street in hasten, or store interface on the source of the street in hasten, or store interface the street in hasten, or store interface was a gritter, and the whole appeared by the same of your whingoing fling the person the fore, was crowded with persons who important news; and a single glance at the sapect of the person who the street in hasten, or store interface was a gritting the public mind of the munic-ing was agritted, annoanced that some extraordinary intelli-on the sage who of the Canalestick, pashing his lary interface. The samith's write was the washed on this board of diplements, now was the street in hasten, or store in the sage device of the Canalestick, pashing his lary interface. The samith's was the washed on this courted, visage, and; has boord in agrituation, now is a farmer interface is a some news; and if it is a some apprecision in the some wind all socies. The samith's was the wa Vanto the crew a Hend

The store of hearing of the shouts of the children, as they of hearing of the shouts of the children, as they one of hearing of the shouts of the children, as they one of hearing of the shouts of the children, as they beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, bedeld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld old Ebenezer rise and sink in his stirrup, beheld of he concussions occasioned by a hard to select the person with whom he would anoet willingly hold communication, the buzz around saved him in some degree the trubbe of interrogatories. The normal chapter of the select the person with the further of the select the person with the person with the select the person with the person with the select the person with the person with the select the person with the person with the person with the person with the select the person with the person order to select the person with whom he would more willingly hold communication, the buzz around saved him in some degree the trouble of interrogatories. The names of Lochiel, Clancoald, Glengarry, and other distinguished Highland Chiefs, among whom Vich Ian Vohr was repeatedly mentioned, were as familiar in men's mouths as household words; and from the alarm generally expressed, he easily conceived that their descent into the Lowlands, at the head of their armed tribes, had either already taken place, or was instantly apprehended. Ere Waverley could ask particulars, a strong, large

Ere Waverley could ask particulars, a strong, targe-bound, hard-featured woman, about forty, dressed as if her clothes had been flung on with a pitchfork, her cheeks flushed with a scarlet red where they were not smuttad with soot and lampblack, jostled through the crowd, and, brandishing high a child of two years old, which she danced in her arms, without regard to its screams of terror, sang forth, with all her might,

"Charlie is my darling, my darling, my darling, Charlie is my darling, The young Chevaller!"

"D'ye hear what's come ower ye now," continaed" the virago, "ye whingeing Whig carles? D'ye hear wha's coming to cow yer cracks?

"Little wot ye wha's coming, Little wot ye wha's coming, A' the wild Macraws are coming.'"

lewrath. "It is of no consequence to you, my friend, provi

"It is of no consequence to you, my mena, prov-ded I pay your labour." "But it may be of consequence to the state, sir," replied an old farmer, emelling strongly of whisky and peat-smoke; "and I doubt we maun delay your journey till you have seen the Laird." "You certainly," said Waverley, haughtily, "will find it both difficult and dangerous to detain me, un-

find it both difficult and dangerous to detain me, un-less you can produce some proper authority." There was a pause and a whisper among the crowd --" Sectetary Murray;" "Lord Lewis Gordon;" 'Maybe the Chevalier himsell!" Such were the surmises that passed hurriedly among them, and there was obviously an increased disposition to resist Wa-verley's departure. He attempted to argue mildly with them, but his voluntary ally, Mrs. Mucklewrath, broke in upon and drowned his expostulations, taking his part with an abusive violence, which was all set down to Edward's account in these on whoth it was his part with an abusive violence, which was all set down to Edward's account by those on whoth it was nestowed. "Ye'll stop ony genileman that's the Prince's freed?" for she too, though with other feel-ings, had adopted the general opinion respecting Wa-verley. "I daur ye to touch him," spreading, abroad her long and muscular fingers, garnished with claws which a vulture might have envied. "I'll set my ten commandments in the face o' the first loon that lays a finger on him."

a mger on him." "Gae hame, gudewife," quoth the farmer afore-said; "it wad better set you to be nursing the gude-nan's bairns than to be deaving us here." "His bairns?" retorted the Amazon, regarding her husband with a grin of ineffable contempt—"His bairns?

"O gin ye were dead, gudenah, And a green turf on your bead, gudeman! Then I wad ware my widowhood Upon a ranting Highlandman."

This canticle, which excited a suppressed titter among the younger part of the audience, totally over-came the patience of the taunted man of the anvil. "Deil be in me but I'll put this het gad down her throat is cried he, in an existence of wrath, snatching a bar from the force; and he might have executed his threat, had he not been withheld by a part of the mob, while the rest endeavoured to force the termagant out of his presence.

Waverley meditated a retreat in the confusion, but Waverley meditated a retreat in the confusion, but his horse was howhere to be seen. At length he ob-served, at some distance, his faithful attendant, Ebe-nesser, who, as soon as he had perceived the turn mat-ters were likely to take, had withdrawn both horses from the press, and, mounted on the one, and holding the other, answered the loud and repeated calls of Waverley for his horse. "Na, na! if ye are nas friend to kirk and the king, and are detained as siccan a per-son, va many answer to honset men of the country for

Waverley for his horse, "Na, na! if ye are nas friend to kirk and the king, and are detained as siccan a per-sor, ye mann answer to hongest men of the country for breach of contract; and I maunkeep the nais and the walies for damage and expense, in respect my horse and mysel will lose to morrow's day's wark, besides the afterneon preaching." Edward, out of patience, hemmed in and hustled by the abele on every side, and every moment ar-porting personal. violence, needved to try measures of stimulation, and at length drew a pocket-pistol, threatening, on the one hand, to shoot whomsoever mhould dare to stop him, and, on the other, meascing with the horses. The sepient Partridge says, that the man with a pistol, is equal to a hundred anarred, because, though he can shoot but one of the multi-tude, yet no one knows but that he himself may be that luckless individual. The *lexy en mose* of Cairn-wordth object the fury which his helpmate had not the Vulcan of the village, eager to discharge upon some more worded, and not ill estisfied to find such an object in waven three shades more cadaverous, have ventured to dispute a maadate so enforced, had not the Vulcan of the village, eager to discharge upon some more wordthy object the fury which his helpmate had point with such determination, and act in endored the furger of the single source of the suille stimilation of the village, wordthy object the fury which his helpmate had point wordthy object the fury which his helpmate had point with such determination, and most the discharge of roked, and not ill estisfied to find such an object in with such determination. The detrege of the bill estisfied to find such an object in with such determination. The discharge of the distinguished persons were sollowere much they differed the bould house he such estimated be estimated for the weak estimated and internation and act of self-detence. The unfortunate

"And what may your name be, sir ?" quoth Muck-|man fell; and while Edward, thrilled with a nature wrath. "It is of no consequence to you, my friend, provi-to unsheathe his sword, nor to draw his remaining to unsheathe his sword, nor to draw mis remaining pistol, the pepulace threw themselves upon him, dis-armed him, and were about to use him with great violence, when the appearance of a venerable clergy-man, the pastor of the parish, put a curb on their fury. This worthy man (none of the Goukthrappies or

man, the pastor of the parish, put a curb on their fury. This worthy man (hone of the Goukthrappies or Rentowels) maintained his character with the com-mon people, although he preached the practical fruits of Christain faith, as well as its abstract tenets, and was respected by the higher orders, notw thstanding he declined seothing their speculative errors by con-verting the pulpit of the gospel into a school of hea-then morality. Perhaps it is owing to this mixture of faith and practice in his doctrine, that, although his memory has formed a sort of gra in the annals of Cainvreckan, so that the parishioners, to denote what befell Sixty Years since, still say it happened "in good Mr. Morton's time," I have never been able to discover which he belonged to, the evangelical, so the moderate party in the kirk. Nor do I hold the circumstance of much moment, since, in my own re-membrance, the one was headed by an Erskine, the other by a Robertson." Mr. Morton had been alarmed by the discharge of the pistol, and the increasing hubbub around the smithy. His first attention, after he had directed the bystanders to detain Waverley, but to abstain from injuring him, was turned to the body of Muckle-wrath; over which his wife, in a revulsion of facing, was weeping, howing, and tearing her elf-lock, in a state little short of distraction. On raising up the smith, the first discovery was, that he was alive; and head made a narrow easops, however; the bullet had grazod his head, and stunned him for a memient of

the next, that he was likely to live as long as if he had never heard the report of a pistol in his life. He had made a narrow escape, however; the bullet had grazed his head, and stunned him for a membent or two, which trance terror and confusion of spirit had prolonged somewhat longer. He now arose to do-mand vengeance on the person of Waverley, and with difficulty acquiseced in the proposal of Mr. Morten, that he should be carried before the Laird, as a puttor of peace, and placed at his disposal. The rest of the assistants unanimously agreed to the measure w-commanded; even Mrs. Mucklewrath, who had be-gun to recover from her hysterics, whimpered forth; "She wadna say nething against what the minister proposed; he was e'en ower guie for his trade, and size hoped to see him wi' a dainty decent bishep's gown on his back; a comelier sight than your Geneve closks and bands, I wis." All controversy being thus laid aside, Wéverley, were not bed-ridden, was conducted to the house of Carnvreekan, which was about half a mile distant.

The nature of the smith's hurt was inquired into, and as the actual injury was likely to prove triffing, and the circumstances in which it was received no-dered the infliction, on Edward's part, a natural set of self-defence, the Major conceived he might dismiss that matter, on Waverley's depositing in his hands a small sum for the benefit of the wounded person. "I could wish, sin," continued the Major, " the my duty terminated here; but it is necessary that w, should have some further inquiry into the cause of

# Gair. XXXLI

your journey through the country at this unfortunate and distracted time.

and distracted time." Mr. Ebenezer Cruickshanks now stood forth, and communicated to the magistrate all he knew or sus-peted, from the reserve of Waverley, and the eva-sions of Callum Beg. The horse upon which Ed-ward rode, he said, he knew to belong to Vich Ian Yohr, though he dared not tax Edward's former at-tendant with the fac: lest he should have his house and stables burnt over his head some night by that godless gang, the Mac-Ivors. He concluded by ex-regreating his own services to kirk and state, as hav-ing been the means, under God, (as he modestly qua-lifed the assertion.) of attaching this suspicious and formidable delinquent. He intimated hopes of future formidable delinquent. He intimated hopes of future reward, and of instant reimbursement for loss of time, and even of character, by travelling on the state

builds, and even of character, or the character, or the share business on the fast-day. To this Major Melville answered, with great com-posure, that so far from claiming any merit in this flair, Mr. Cruickshanks ought to deprecate the impo-stion of a very heavy fine for neglecting to lodge, in sition of a very heavy fine for neglecting to lodge, in terms of the recent proclamation, an account with do nearest magistrate of any stranger who came to his inn; that, as Mr. Cruickshanks boasted so much of religion and loyalty, he should not impute this conduct to disaffection, but only suppose that his zeal for kirk and state had been lulled asleep by the op-portunity of charging a stranger with double horse-hire; that, however, feeling himself incompetent to decide aingly upon the conduct of a person of such importance, he should reserve it for consideration of the next quarter-seesions. Now our history for the present saith no more of him of the Candlestick, who wended dolorous and malcontent back to his own dwelling. dwelling.

Major Melville then commanded the villagers to teturn to their homes, excepting two, who officiated constables, and whom he directed to wait below. sconstables, and whom he directed to wait below.
The apariment was thus cleared of every person but
Mr. Morton, whom the Major invited to remain; a sort of factor, who acted as clerk; and Waverley himself.
There ensued a painful and embarrassed pause, and Major Melville, looking upon Waverley with much empassion, and often consulting a paper or memondum which he held in his hand, requested to know is name.—"Edward Waverley."
"I thought so; late of the — dragoons, and nephew of Sir Everard Waverley of Waverley-Hormer?"

phew of bour?"

The same."

"Young gentleman, I am extremely sorry that this ainful duty has fallen to my lot." "Duty, Major Melville, renders apologies super-

from." "True, sir; permit me, therefore, to ask you how "True, sir; permit me, therefore, to ask you how your time has been disposed of since you obtained leave of absence from your regiment, several weeks ago, until the present moment?" "My reply," said Waverley, "to so general a ques-tion must be guided by the nature of the charge which renders it necessary. I request to kndw what that charge is, and upon what authority I am forcibly de-tained to reply to it?" "The charge, Mr. Waverley, I grieve to bay, is of a very high nature, and affects your character both as a soldier and a subject. In the former capacity, you are charged with spreading mutiny and rebelion among the men you commanded, and setting them the example of desertion, by prolonging your own the example of described, by prolonging your own besiders of your commanding officer. The civil crime of which you stand accused is that of high treason, and levying war against the king, the highest delin-mency of which a subject can be guilty."

gracey of which a subject can be guilty." "And by what authority am I detained to reply to """

By one which you must not dispute, por I dis-

ober" He handed to Waverley a warrant from the Su-meme Criminal Court of Scotland, in full form, for Spreheading and securing the person of Edward waverley, Keq. suspected of treasonable practices, and other high crimes and misdemeanours.

The astonishment which Waverley expressed at this communication was imputed by Major Melville to conscious guilt, while Mr. Morton was rather dip-posed to construe it into the surprise of innocence unjustly suspected. There was something true in both unjustly suspected. There was something true in both conjectures; for although Edward's mind acquitted conjectures; for although Edward's mind acquitted him of the crime with which he was charged, yet a hasty review of his own conduct convinced him he might have great difficulty in establishing his inno-cence to the satisfaction of others. "It is a very painful part of this painful business," said Major Melville, after a pause, "that, under so grave a charge I must necessarily request to see such

grave a charge, 1 must necessarily request to see such papers as you have on your person." "You shall, sir, without reserve," said Edward, throwing his pocket-book and memorandums upon the table; "there is but one with which I could wish you would dispense." "I am afraid, Mr. Waverley, I can indulge you with no reservation."

no reservation.

You shall see it then, sir; and as it can be of no

"You shall see it then, su; and as it can be of no service, I beg it may be returned." He took from his bosom the lines he had that morning received, and presented them with the enve-lope. The Major perused them in silence, and directed his eleft to make a copy of them. He then wrapped the copy in the envelope, and placing it on the table before him, returned the original to Waverley, with an an of metapholo reverter.

before him, returned the original to Waverley, with an air of melancholy gravity. After indulging the prisoner, for such our hero must now be considered, with what he thought a reasonable time for reflection, Major Melville resumed his ex-amination, premising, that as Mr. Waverley seemed to object to general questions, his interrogatories should be as specific as his information permitted. He then proceeded in his investigation, dictainer, as he went on, the import of the questions and answers to the amamensis, by whom it was written down. "Did Mr. Waverley know one Humphry Hough-ton, a non-commissioned officer in Gardiner's dra goons?"

"Certainly; he was sergeant of my troop, and son of a tenant of my uncle." "Exactly-and had a considerable share of your

Exactly—and had a considerable share of your confidence, and an influence among his contrades T "I had never occasion to repose confidence in a person of his description," answered Waverley. "I favoured Sergeant Houghton as a clever, active young fellow, and I believe his fellow-soldiers respected him accordingly." "But you used through this man." answered Ma-

accordingly." "But you used through this man," answered Ma-jor Malville, "to communicate with such of your troop as were recruited upon Waverley-Honour ?" "Certainly; the poor fellowa, finding themselves in a regiment chiefly composed of Scotch or Irish, looked up to me in any of their little distresses, and naturally made their countryman, and sergeant, their spokesman on such occasious." "Sergeant Houghton's influence," continued the Major, " extended, then, particularly over those sol-diers who followed you to the regiment from your uncle's estato?"

Surely ;-but what is that to the present put-

"To that I am just soming, and I beseeth your-candid reply. Have you, since leaving the regiment, held any correspondence, direct or indirect, with this Sergeant Houghton ?"

I !-- I hold correspondence with a man of his rank

and situation !--How, or for what purpose ?!" "That you are to explain, --but did you not, for es-ample, send to him for some books ?"

"You remind me of a triling commission," said Waverley, "which I gave Sergeant Houghton, be-cause my servant could not read. I do recollect I bade him, by letter, select some bocks, of which I sent him a list, and send them to me at Tully-Veo-len?" lan?

"And of what description were those books ?" "They related almost entirely to elegant literature; they were designed for a lady's perusal." "Were there not, Mr. Waverley, treasonable tracts and pamphlets among them ?" "There were some political treatises, into which I

handly looked. They had been sent to me by the the Stewart cause, was held to contain the en-efficiousness of a kind friend, whose heart is more to avowal of what the others only ventured to be esteemed to be dull compositions." "That friend," continued the persevering inquirer, Major Melville,---"Did you not receive repeated late Major Melville,----"Did you not receive repeated late

"That friend," continued the persevering inquirer, 'was a Mr. Pembroke, a nonjuring clergyman, the author of two treasonable works, of which the manu-scripts were found among your baggage?" "But of which, I give you my honour as a gentle-man," replied Waverley, "I never read its pages." "I am not your judge, Mr. Waverley; your exami-nation will be transmitted elsewhere. And now to proceed-De you know a person that peaces by the

nation will be transmitted elsewhere. And now to proceed—Do you know a person that passes by the name of Wily Will, or Will Ruthven?" "I never heard of such a name till this moment." "Did you never through such a person, or any other person, communicate with Sergeant Humphry Houghton, instigating him to desert, with as many of his comrades as he could seduce to join him, and unite with the Highlanders and other rebels now in arms under the command of the young Pre-tender?" tender?

"I assure you I am not only entirely guiltless of the plot you have laid to my charge, but I detest it

the plot you have laid to my charge, but I detest it from the very bottom of my soul, nor would I be guilty of such treachery to gain a throne, either for invisif or any other man alive." "Yet when I consider this envelope in the hand-writing of one of those misguided gentlemen who are now in arms against their country, and the verses which it enclosed, I cannot but find some analogy between the enterprise I have mentioned and the ex-ploit of Wogan, which the writer seems to expect you should imitate." Waverley was struck with the coincidence, but de-

averley was struck with the coincidence, but de-Waveriev was struck with the conditioned, but de-nied that the wishes or expectations of the letter-writer were to be regarded as proofs of a charge otherwise chimerical. "But, if I am rightly informed, your time was goant, during your absence from the regiment, be-fween the house of this Highland Chieftain, and that of Mr. Bradwindling of Bradwarding also in arms

Mr. Bradwardine, of Bradwardine, also in arms for this unfortunate cause ?"

"I do not mean to disguise it; but I do deny, most solately, being privy to any of their designs against

"You do not, however, I presume, intend to deny, that you attended your host Glennaquoich to a ren-dezvous, where, under a protence of a general hunt-ing match, most of the accomplices of his treason wave assembled to concert measures for taking arms?"

"I acknowledge having been at such a meeting," said Waverley; "but I neither heard nor saw any thing which could give it the character you affix

thing which cours and proceeded," continued the ma-gistrate, "with Glennaquoich and a part of his chan, to join the army of the young Pretender, and return-ted, after having paid your homage to him, to disco-pline and arm the remainder, and unite them to his bands on their way southward ??"

"I never went with Glennaquoich on such an arrand. I never so much as heard that the person

avoid of what the others only volumed to me sinuate. "Permit me another question, Mr. Waverley," and Major Melville, --"Did you not receive repeated letters from your commanding-officer, warning you and commanding you to return to your yost, and acquain-ing you with the use made of your name to spread discontent among your soldiers ?", "I never did, Major Melville. One letter, indeed, I received from him, containing a civil intimation of his wish that I would employ my leave of abaance otherwise than is constant residence at Bradwarding, as to which, I own, I though the was not called on to interfere; and, finally, I received, on the sameday on which I observed myself superseded in the Gs zette, a second letter from Colonel Gardiner, com-manding me to join the regiment, an order which, owing to my abaence, already mentioned and ac-counted for, I received too late to be obeyed. If there were any intermediate letters, and certainly from the Colonel's high character I think it probable that there were, they have never reached me."

Colonel's high character I think it probable that these were, they have never reached me." "I have omitted, Mr. Waverley," continued Maise Melville, "to inquire after a maiter of less conse-quence, but which has nevertheless been publicly talked of te your disadvantage. It is said, that a tree-sonable toest having been proposed in your hearing and presence, you, holding his majesty's commission suffered the task of resenting it to devolve upon as-other gentleman of the company. This, sir, cannot be observed assigned you in a court of insting, but if other gentleman of the company. This, sir, cannot be charged against you in a court of justice; but is as I am informed, the officers of your regiment requested an explanation of such a rumour, as a genti-man and soldier, I cannot but be surprised that you did not afford it to them."

did not afford it to them." This was too much. Beset and pressed on every hand by accusations, in which gross falseboods was blended with such circumstances of truth as could not fail to procure them credit,—alone, unfriended and in a strange land, Waverley almost gave up his life and honour for lost, and, leaning his head upon his hand, resolutely refused to answer any further questions, since the fair and candid statement he has like our add had only asrived to furnish arms assist already made had only served to furnish arms against him

him. Without expressing either surprise or displeasure at Without expressing either surprise or displeasure at the change in Waverley's manner, Major Melville proceeded composedly to put several other queries a him. "What does it avail me to answer you?" said Edward, sullenly. "You appear coavinced of my guilt, and wrest every reply I have made to support your own preconceived opinion. Endy your supposed triumph, then, and torment me no further. If I and capable of the cowardice and treachery your change burdens me with I am pot worthy to be believed. triumpa, then, and torment me no lutther. If I dig capable of the cowardice and treachery your charge burdens me with, I am not worthy to be believed is any reply I can make to you. If I am not deserving of your suspicion—and Ged and my own conscience bear evidence with me that it is so—then I do not save why I should, by my candour, lend my accusers are against my innocence. There is no reason I should answer a word more, and I am determined to ability by this resolution." And again he resumed his pup-ture of sullen and determined silence. "Allow me," said the magistrate, "to remind you of one reason that may suggest the propriety of a cam-

"I never went with Giennaquoich on such an by this resourced as and again he resumed and per-ernand. I never so much as heard that the person the of sullen and determined silence. "Allow me," said the magintrate, "to remind yn the hen detailed the history of his misfortone at dat haming match, and added, that on his return he did and open confession. The inexperience of you found himself suddenly deprived of his commission, and did not deny that he then, for the first time, ob-served symptoms which indicated a disposition the Highlanders to take arms; but added, that the Highlanders to take arms; but added, that had been summoned by those who had a right to given his return to his native country, to which he had been summoned by those who had a right to given the letters on the table. Major Melville accordingly perused the letters of Richard Waverley, of Sir Everard, and of Aunt Rochel; but the inferences he drew from them were the languesr of discontent with government, threw out no cuscure thits of revenge, and that of poor Asu; Rachel which planky asserted the justice of a very short parsenal pervense is very short parsenal pervense with be the song asu; Rachel which planky asserted the justice of a very short parsenal pervense is poor to asu; Rachel which planky asserted the justice of a very short parsenal pervense with the the song as very short parsenal pervense with the the song asu; Rachel which planky asserted the justice of a very short parsenal pervense with the tars of a very short parsenal pervense is poor asus.

# WAVERLEY.

# Char. 27X XII.

# we unhappy intrigues." Waverley listened with great composure until the

ad of this exhortation, when, springing from his at, with an energy he had not yet displayed, he re-ted, "Major Melville, since that is your name, I have there answered your questions with candour, or aclined them with temper, because their import conerned myself alone; but as you presume to esteem me mean enough to commence informer against eners, who received me, whatever may be their pub-ic misconduct, as a guest and friend, --I declare to ya, that I consider your questions as an insult infiic misconduct, as a guest and triend, -- I declare so yea that I consider your questions as an insult infi-misky more offeasive than your calumnious supp-cons; and that, since my hard fortune permits me as other mode of resenting them than by verbal defi-ance, you should somer have my heart out of my becom, than a single syllable of information on sub-jects which I could only become acquainted with in the full confidence of unsuspecting hospitality." Mr. Morton and the Major looked at each other; and the former, who, in the course of the examina-tion, had been repeatedly troubled with a sorry rheam, had recourse to his shuff-box and his handkerchief. "Mr. Waverlay," said the Major investing a ver-rant for detaining you in custody, but this house shall for the present he your prison. I far I cannot per-sande you to accept a share of car support ---Kedward shock his heat)--but I will order refrestments in your apartment."

shock his head—but I will order refreshments in your spertment." Our hero bowed and withdrew, under guard of the effects of justice, to a small but handsome room, where, declining all offers of food or wine, he flung himself on the bed, and, stupified by the harassing counts and mental fatigue of this miserable day, he unk into a deep and heavy slumber. This was more than he himself could have expected; but it is men-timed of the North-American Indians, when at the sake of torture, that on the least intermission of spony, they will abop until the fire is applied to awa-ban thema.

# OHAPTER XXXII.

### A CONFERENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCE.

HAFOR MELVILLS had detained Mr. Morton during in examination of Waverley, both because he thought is engint derive assistance from his practical good supe and approved loyalty, and also because it was appeable to have a witness of unimpeached candour spreable to have a witness of unimpeached candour sail veracity to proceedings which touched the ho-near and safety of a young Enrichman of high rank tad family, and the expectant heir of a large fortune. Every step he knew would be rigorously canyased, and it was his business to place the justice and integ-rity of his own conduct beyond the limits of question. When Waverley retired, the laind and clergyman of Oairnvreckan sat down in silence to their evening meal. While the servants were in attendance, nei-ther chose to say any thing on the circumstances.

meal. While the servants were in attendance, nei-ther choose to say any thing on the circumstances which occupied their minds, and neither falt it easy to speak upon any other. The youth and apparent frankness of Waverley stood in strong contrast to the shades of suspicion which darkened around him, and he had a sort of naivets and openness of demeanour, that seemed to belong to one unhackneyed in the ways of intrigue, and which pleaded highly in his from:

Each mused over the particulars of the examina-tion, and each viewed it through the medium of his bon, and rath were men of ready and acute tatent, and both were equally competent to combine various puts of evidence, and to deduce from them the neces-try conclusions. But the wide difference of their bits and education often occasioned a great discre-pacy in their respective deductions from admitted

e that can arise from your accession to therefore, though himself an unight magines ways strict, and sometimes unjustly seven Morton, on the contrary, had passed from the rary pursuits of a college, where he was beloved by his companions, and respected by his teachers, to the ease and simplicity of his present charge, where his opportunities of witnessing evil were few, and news opportunities of witnessing evil were tew, and never dwelt upon, but in order to encourage repentance and amendment; and where the love and respect of his parishioners repaid his affectionate zeal in their ba-half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they half, by endeavouring to diagnise from him what they have the data the data they which it was the business of the data the they have a common saying in the neighbourhood Thus it was a common arging in the neighbourhoot (though both were popular charactern,) that the lair knew only the ill in the parish, and the minister on

knew only the ill in the parish, and the minister only the good. A love of letters, though kept in subordination to his clerical studies and duties, also distinguished the Pastor of Carnwreckan, and had tinged his mind in earlier days with a slight feeling of romance, which no after incidents of real life had entirely dissipated. The early less of an amiable young woman, when he had married for love, and who was quickly fel-lowed to the grave by an only child, had also served, oven after the lapse of many years, to soften a dispe-sition maturally mild and contemplative. His feel-ings on the present occasion ware therefore likely to differ from those of the severe disciplimarian, strict magistrate, and distrustfal man of the world. When the servants had withdrawn, the silence of both parties continued, until Major Melville, filling his glass, and pushing the bottle to Mr. Morton, com-

"A distressing affair this, Mr. Morton. I fear this youngeter has brought himself within the company of a halter."

of a halter." "God forbid !" answered the clargyman. "Marry, and emen," said the temporal magistrate; "but I think even your merciful logic will hardly deny the conclusion." "Surely, Major," answered the clargyman, "I should hope it might be averted, for aught we have

should nope it might be averad, for aught we nave heard to-night?" . "Indeed ?" replied Melville. "But, my good par-son, you are one of those who would communicate to every criminal the benefit of elergy." "Unquestionably I would: Mercy and long-miffar-ing are the grounds of the doctrine I am called te teach."

ing are the grounds of the docume I am cannot to teach." "True, religiously speaking; but mercy to a cri-minal may be gross injustice to the community. I don't speak of this young fellow in particular, who I heartily wish may be able to clear himself, for I fike both his modesty and his spirit. But I fear he has rushed upon his fate." "And why? Hundreds of misguided gentlemen are

And why ? Hundreds of misguided gentlemen.are now in arms against the government, many, doubt-less, upon principles which education and early preless, upon principles which education and early pro-judice have gilded with the names of patriotism and heroism; -Justice, when she selects her victims from such a multitude, (for surely all will not be destroyed.) must regard the moral motive. He whom ambition, or hope of personal advantage, has led to disturb the peace of a well-ordered government, let him fall a victim to the laws; but surely youth, misled by the wild visions of chivalry and imaginary loyalty, may nead for parlon?

white visions of environment of high treason," replied for parlon." "If visionary chivalry and imaginary loyalty come within the predicament of high treason," replied the magistrate, "I know no court in Christendom, my dear Mr. Morton, where they can sue out their Habeas Corners"

aspatts with their commades. To these young alien Waverley is unusually attentive; they are supplied with money beyond a soldier's wants, and inconsist-ent with his discipline; and are under the manage-ment of a favourite sergeant, through whom they hold an unusually close communication with their captain,

an unusually close communication with their captain, and affect to consider themselves as independent of the other officers, and superior to their comrades." "All this, my dear Major, is the natural consequence of their finding themselves in a regiment levied chieffy in the north of Ireiand and the west of Scotland, and of course among comrades disposed to quarrel with them, both as Englishmen, and as members of the Church of England." "Well asid paraon i" replied the masistrate -"I

Church of England." "Well said, parson !" replied the magistrate.—"I would some of your synod heard you—But let me go on. This young man obtains leave of absence, goes to Tully-Veolan—the principles of the Baron of Brad-wardine are pretty well known, not to mention that this lad's uncle brought him off in the year fifteen; he engages there in a brawl, in which he is said to have diagraced the commission he bore; Colonel Gardiner writes to him, first mildly, then more sharp-ty—I think you will not doubt his having done so, since he awe ac: the meas invite him to explain the by I think you will not doubt his having done se, since he says so; the mess invite him to explain the guarrel, in which he is said to have been involved : he neither replies to his commander nor his comrades. In the meanwhile, his soldiers become mutinous and disorderly, and at length, when the rumour of this unhappy rebellion becomes general, his favourite Ser-geant Houghton, and another fellow, are detected in correspondence with a French emissary, accredited, as he says, by Captain Waverley, who urges him, according to the men's confession, to desert with the troop and join their captain, who was with Prince Charles. In the meanwhile this trusty captain is, by his own admission, residing at Gleonaquoich with the most active, subtle, and desperate Jacobite in Scotland; he goes with him at least as far as their famous hunting rendezvous, and I fear a little farther. Meanwhile two other summoness are sent him; one Meanwhile two other summoness are sent him; one warning him of the disturbances in his troop, another warning nim of the disturbances in mis troop, another personptorily ordering him to repair to the regiment, which, indeed, common sense might have dictated, when he observed rebellion thickening all round him. He returns an absolute refusal, and throws up his commission." "He had been already deprived of it," said Mr.

Morton.

morron. "But he regrets," replied Melville, "that the mea-sure had anticipated his resignation. His baggage is seized at his quarters, and at Tully-Veolan, and is found to centain a stock of pestilent jacobitical pam-phlets, enough to poison a whole country, besides the unprinted hucubrations of his worthy friend and tutor Mr. Pembroke."

Mr. Pembroke." "He says he never read them," answered the minister.

nister. "In an ordinary case I should believe him," replied the magistrate, "for they are as stupid and pedantic in composition as mischicvous in their tenets. But can you suppose any thing but value for the principles they maintain, would induce a young man of his age to kay such trash about with him? Then, when news arrive of the approach of the rebels, he sets out in a sert of disquise, refusing to tell his name; and, if you out fanatic tell truth, attended by a very suspi-ious character, and mounted on a horse known to. yon out fanatic tell truth, attended by a very suspi-tions character, and mounted on a horse known to ave belonged to Glennaquoich, and bearing on his person letters from his family expressing high ran-cour against the house of Brunswick, and a copy of versoe in praise of one Wogan, who abjurd the ser-vice of the Parliament to join the Highland insurgents, a body of English cavalry—the very counterpart of his own plot—and summed up with a 'Go thou and was not likely to be scrupulous in the choice of and peaceable character, Fergus Mac-Ivor of Glen-feel much more comfortable at the thoughts of a try before a Scottish court of justice, where he knew the

Gerdiner's dragoons, bringing with him a body of continued Major Melville, warming in the detail of young fellows from his uncle's estate, who have not his arguments, "where do we find this second edition stickled at avowing, in their way, the high-church of Cavalier Wogan? Why, truly, in the very track principles they learned at Waverley-Honour, in their most proper for execution of his design, and pistod-disputes with their comrades. To these young men ling the first of the king's subjects who ventures to Waverley is unmailly attentive they are supplied question his intentions." question his intentions.

Mr. Morton prudently abstained from argument, which he perceived would only harden the magistrate in his opinion, and merely asked how he intended to dispose of the prisoner?

"It is a question of some difficulty, considering the state of the country," said Major Melville. "Could you not detain him (being such a gentle-

"Could you not detain him (being such a gentie-man-like young man) here in your own house, out of harm's way, till this storm blow over ?" "My good friend," said Major Melville, "neither your house nor mine will be long out of harm's way, even were it legal to confine him here. I have just learned that the commander in-chief, who marched into the Highlands to seek out and disperse the insu-gents, has declined giving them battle at Corryents, and marched on northward with all the dispessible force of government to Inverness, John-O' Groef's House, or the devil, for what I know, leaving the road to the Low Country open and undefended to the Highland army." "Good God !" said the clergyman. "Is the man s coward, a traitor, or an idiot ?"

"Good God'' said the clergyznan. "Is the man s coward, a traitor, or an idiot ?" "None of the three, I believe," answered Melville. "Sir John has the common-place courage of a com-mon soldier, is honest enough, does what he is com-manded, and understands what is told him, but is as fit to act for himself in circumstances of importance, is I was dear answare. to accurate whit:

fit to act for himself in circumstances on importance, as I, my dear parson, to occupy your pulpit." This important public intaligence naturally diversed the discourse from Waverley for some time; at length however, the subject was resumed. "I believe," said Major Melville, " that I must give

"I believe," said Major Melville, "that I must give this young man in charge to some of the dotached parties of armed volunteers, who were lately sent est to overawe the disaffected districts. They are now recalled towards Stirling, and a small bedy comes this way to-morrow or next day, commanded by the westland man-what's his name?-You saw him, and said he was the very model of one of Cromwell's military emints?"

and said he was the very model of one of Cromwell's military saints." "Gilfilian, the Cameronian," answered Mr. Mor-ton. "I wish the young gentleman may be safe with him. Strange things are done in the heat and hurry of minds in so agitating a crisis, and I fear Gilfilian is of a sect which has suffered persecution without learning mercy."

learning mercy." "He has only to lodge Mr. Waverley in Stirling Castle," said the Major: "I will give strict injune-tions to treat him well. I really carmot devise any better mode for securing him, and I fancy you would hardly advise me to encounter the responsibility of setting him at liberty." "But you will have no objection to my seeing him to-mortow in private?" said the minister. "None, certainly; your loyalty and character are my warrant. But with what view do you make the request?"

If y warrant, but what what was the expe-request?" "Simply," replied Mr. Morton, "to make the expe-riment whether he may not be brought to communi-cate to me some circumstances which may hereafter be useful to alleviate, if not to exculpate his conduct." The friends now parted and retired to rest, can filled with the most anxious reflections on the same of the country.

laws and forms differed in many respects from those of England, and had been tanght to believe, however evenceusly, that the liberty and rights of the subject was less carefully protected. A sentiment of bitter-ness rose in his mind against the government, which be considered as the cause of his embarrassment and peril, and he cursed internally his scrupulous rejec-tion of Mac-Ivor's invitation to accompany him to the field.

"Why did not I," he said to himself, "like other mer of honour, take the earliest opportunity to wel-come to Britain the descendant of her ancient kinga, and lineal heir of her throne? Why did not I

'Unthread the rude eye of reballion, And welcome home again discarded faith, Seek out Prince Charles, and fall before his feet?'

All that has been recorded of excellence and worth in the house of Waverley has been founded upon their loyal faith to the house of Stewart. From the interby a faile to the bouse of Stewart. From the inter-pretation which this Scotch magistrate has put upon the letters of my uncle and father, it is plain that I cught to have understood them as marshalling me to the course of my ancestors; and it has been my gross ought to have understood them as marshalling me to the course of my ancestors; and it has been my gross funness, joined to the obscurity of expression which they adopted for the sake of security, that has con-founded my judgment. Had I yielded to the first ge-nerous impulse of indignation, when I learned that my honour was practised upon, how different had been my present situation ! I had then been free and in arms, fighting, like my forefathers, for love, for loyalty, and for fame. And now I am here, netted and in the toils, at the disposal of a suspicious, stern, and cold-hearted man, perhaps to be turned over to the solitude of a dungeon, or the infamy of a public crecution. O, Fergue ! how true has your prophecy proved ; and how speedy, how very speedy, has been its accomplishment?" While Edward was ruminating on these painful subjects of contemplation, and very naturally, though not quite so justly, bestowing upon the reigning dy-nasty that blame which was due to chance, or, in part at least, to his own unreflecting conduct, Mr. Waverley's first impulse was to intimate a desire that he sught not be disturbed with questions or con-versation; but he suppressed it upon observing the benevelent and reverend appearance of the clergy-man who had rescued him from the immediate vio-ience of the villagers. " Liebieve, air" said the unfortunate young man.

ace of the villagers. "I believe, sir," said the unfortunate young man, that in any other circumstances, I should have had

" I believe, sir," said the unfortunate young man, that in any other circumstances, I should have had as much gratitude to express to you as the safety of ay life may be worth; but such is the present turnult of my mind, and such is my anticipation of what I are yet likely to endure, that I can hardly offer you thanks for your interposition." Mr. Morton replied, "that, far from making any claim upon his good opinion, his only wish and the sole purpose of his visit was to find out the means of deserving it. My excellent friend, Major Melville," he continued, "has feelings and duties as a soldier and public functionary, by which I am not fettered; Dor can I always coincide in opinions which he formas, perhaps with too little allowance for the im-perfections of human nature." He paused, and then proceeded: "I do not intrude myself on your confi-dence, Mr. Waverley, for the purpose of learning any circumstances, the knowledge of which can be pre-judicial either to yourself or to others; but I own my estriculars which could lead to your exculpation. I can solemnly assure you they will be deposited with any perfective agent." "You are, sir, I presume, a Presbyterian clergy-"You are. Morton bowed—" Were I to he acude

seelous agent." "You are, air, I presume, a Presbyterian clergy-man ?"-Mr. Morton bowed-"Werer I to be guided by the preposessions of education, I might distrust your friendly professional in my case; but I have ob-earwed that similar prejudices are nourished in this country against your professional brethren of the forsecopel persussion, and I am willing to believe "E ril to him that thinks otherwise," said Mr. "" I am glad of it," answered Waverlay. "I detest

Morton ; "or who holds church government and ceremonies as the exclusive gage of Christian faith or

ceremonics as the exclusive gage of Christian failur or moral virtue." "But," continued Waverley, "I cannot perceive "But," continued Waverley, "I cannot perceive why I should trouble you with a detail of particulars, out of which, after revolving them as carefully as possible in my recollection, I find myself unable to explain much of what is charged against ma. I know, indeed, that I am innocent, but I hardly see how I can hope to prove myself so."

know, indeed, that I am innocent, but I hardy see how I can hope to prove myself so." "It is for that very reason, Mr. Waverley," said the clergyman, " that I venture to solicit your confi-dence. My knowledge of individuals in this country is pretty general, and can upon occasion be extended. Your situation will, I fear, preclude your taking those active ateps for recovering intelligence, or tracing im-posture, which I would willingly undertake in your behalf; and if you are not benefited by my exer-tions, at least they cannot be prejudicial to you." Waverley, after a few minutes' reflection, was con-vinced that his reposing confidence in Mr. Morton, so far as he himself was concerned, could hurt nei-ther Mr. Bradwardine nor Fergus Mac-Ivor, both ad openly assumed arms against the govern-

ther Mr. Bradwardine nor Fergus Mac-Ivor, both of whom had openly assumed arms against the govern-ment, and that it might possibly, if the professions of his new friend corresponded in suncerity with the earnestness of his expression, be of some service to himself. He therefore ran briefly over most of the events with which the reader is already acquainted, suppressing his statchment to Flora, and indeed nei-ther mentioning her nor Rose Bradwardine in the

ther mentioning her nor Rose Bradwardine in the course of his narrative. Mr. Morton seemed particularly struck with the account of Waverley's visit to Donald Bean Lean. "I am glad," he said, "you did not mention this cir-cumstance to the Major. It is capable of great mis-construction on the part of those who do not consi-der the power of curiosity and the influence of re-mance as motives of youthful conduct. When I was a young man like you, Mr. Waverley, any such hair-brained expedition (I beg your pardon for the aures-sion) would have had inexpressible charms for ma. But there are men in the world who will not believe that danger and fatigue are often incurred without But there are men in the world who will not believe that danger and fatigue are often incurred without any very adequate cause, and therefore who are some-times led to assign motives of action entirely foreign to the truth. This man Bean Lean is renowned through the country as a sort of Robin Hood, and the stories which are told of his address and enter-prise are the common tales of the winter fire-side. He certainly possesses talents beyond the rude sphere in which he moves; and, being neither desuite of ambition nor encumbered with acruples, he will pro-bably attempt, by every means to distinguish him-self during the period of these unhapy commotions." Mr. Morton then made a careful memorandum of the Various particulars of Waverley's interview with Do-naid Bean, and the other circumstances which he had communicated. communicated.

The interest which this good man seemed to take in his misfortunes, above all, the full confidence be appear d to repose in his innecence, had the natural effect of softening Edward's heart, whom the cold-ness of Major Molville had taught to believe that the world was leagued to oppress him. He shock Mr. Morton warmly by the hand, and, assuring him that his kindness and sympathy had relieved his mind of a heavy load, told him, that whatever might be his own fatt, he belonged to a family who had both gra-titude and the power of displaying it. The earnest-ness of his thanks called drops to the eyes of the worthy clergyman, who was doubly interested in the cause for which he had volunteered his services, by observing the genuine and undissembled feelings of his young friend.

thet of Boodst valutilating Bootch magistrate. I hope he and I shall never most more : he had neither sympathy with my innocence nor with my wretch-T sympathy with my innocence nor with my wretch-winess; and the petrifying accuracy with which he attended to every form of civility, while he tortured me by his questions, his suspicions, and his inferen-tion, was as tormenting as the racks of the Inquisi-tion. Do not vindicate him, my doar sit, for that I cannot bear with patience; tell me rather who is to have the charge of so important a state prisoner as I 

"I believe a person called Gilfillan, one of the sect who are termed Cameronians."

"I never heard of them before." "They claim," said the clergyman, "to represent the more strict and severe Presbyterians, who, in Gasries Second's and James Second's days, refused to work by the Toleration, or Indugence, as it was called, which was extended to others of that religion. They hold conventicles in the open fields, and being greated with great violence and crueity by the Sect-tish government, more than once took arms during those reigns. They take their name from their lead-ex, Richard Cameron." "I recollect," said Waverley;-" but did not the triumph of Presbytery at the revolution extinguish that sect?"

ect 7

"By to means," replied Morton; "that great event "By no means," replied Morton; "that great event all yet far short of what they proposed, which was mothing tess than the complete establishment of the **Pressystemin Church**, upon the grounds of the old Solemn League and Covenant. Indeed, I believe they scarce knew what they wanted; but being a summerous body of men, and not wracquainted with the use of arms, they kept themselves together as a meaning north in the state wid at the time of the sumerous body of men, and not unacquanted with the use of arms, they kept themselves together as a separate party in the state, and at the time of the Union had nearly formed a most unnatural league with their old enemics, the Jacobites, to oppose that important national measure. Since that time their numbers have gradually diminished; but a good many are still to be found in the western counties, and several, with a better temper than in 1707, have now taken arms for government. This person, whom they call Gitled Gitliflan, has been long a leader smong them, and now heads a small party, which will pass here to-day, or to-morrow, on their march will pass here to-day, or to-morrow, on their march is owards Stirling, under whose eccort Major Melville proposes you shall travel. I would willingly speak to Gitliflan in your behalf; but, having deeply imbibed all the prejudices of his sect, and being of the same fleree disposition, he would pay little regard to the remonstrances of an Erastian divine, as he would politicly term me.-And now, farewell, my young friend; for the present, I must not weary out the Major's indulgance, that I may obtain his permission to visit you again in the course of the day."

# CHAPTER XXXIV.

# THINGS MEND & LITTLE

Ascorn noon, Mr. Motton returned, and brought an invitation from Major Melville that Mr. Waverley would honeur him with his company to dinner, notwould noneur him with his company to dinner, not-withstanding the unpleasant affair which detained him at Cairnvrockan, from which he should heartily rejoice to see Mr. Waverley completely extricated. The truth was, that Mr. Morton's favourable report and opinion had somewhat staggered the preconcep-tions of the old soldier concerning Edward's supposed accession to the mutiny in the regiment; and in the accession to the mutiny in the regiment; and in the unfortunate state of the country, the mere suspicion of disaffection, or an inclination to join the insurgent Jacobites, might infer criminality indeed, but cer-tainly net dishonour. Besides, a person whom the Bajor trusted had reported to him, (though, as it proved, inaccurately), zoontradiction of the agitating second edition of the intelligence, the Highlanders had withdrawn from the Lowland frontier with the surgers to fallowing the army in their march to Inand withdrawn from the Lowiand fronter with the internation purpose of following the army in their march to In- Anderto venese. The Major was at a loss, indeed, to recon-member cile bis information with the well-known abilities of vention using of the gestlement in the Highland army, yet it respect.

was the course which was likely to be most agreent to others. He remembered the same policy had a tained them in the north in the year 1715, and he as ticipated a similar termination to the insurrection, a upon that occasion.

upon that occasion. This news put him in such good-humon, that he readily acquiesced in Mr. Morton's proposal to pay some hospitable attention to his unfortunate game, and voluntarily added, he hoped the whole affini would prove a youthful excapade, which might be casily atoned by a short confinement. The kind me diator had some trouble to prevail on his young friend to accept the invitation. He dared not urge to him the real motive which was a confusioned with the to accept the invitation. He dared not urge to him the real motive, which was a good-natured wish to secure a favourable report of Waverley's case from Major Melville to Governor Blakeney. He remarked, from the flashes of our hero's spirit, that touching upon this topic would be sure to defeat his purpose. He therefore pleaded, that the invitation argued the Major's diabelief of any part of the accusation which was inconsistent with Waverley's conduct as a sol-dier and man of honour, and that to decline his com-tesy might be interpreted into a consciousness that it was unmerited. In short, he so far satisfied Edward that the manhy and proper course was to meet the Major on easy terms, that, suppressing his strong dislike again to encounter his cold and punctilious civility, Waverley agreed to be guided by his new friend

friend. The meeting, at first, was stiff and formal enough But Edward having accepted the invitation, and is mind being really soothed and relieved by the kins-ness of Morion, held himself bound to behave will ease, though he could not affect cordiality. The Main was somewhat of a *bon sitent*, and his wine was excellent. He told his old compaign stories, and the above much knowledge of mean and wayness. excellent. He told his old campaign stories, and dis-played much knowledge of men and manners. 'Mr. 'Morton had an internal fund of placid and gaie gayety, which seldom failed to enliven any small party in which he found himself pleasandly seated. Waverley, whose life was a dream, gave ready way to the predominating impulse, and became the most lively of the party. He had at all times remarkable natural powers of conversation, though easily elected by discouragement. On the present occasion, he played himself upon leaving on the minds of his con-panions a fevourship impulse, including the who under piqued himself upon leaving on the minds of his com-panions a favourable impression of one who, under such disastrons circumstances, could sustain his min-fortunes with ease and gayety. His spirits, though not unyielding, were abundantly elastic, and soon seconded his efforts. The trio were engaged in very lively discourse, apparently delighted with each other, and the kind host was pressing a third bottle of Bar-gundy, when the sound of a drum was heard at some distance. The Major, who, in the glee of an old sol-dier, had forgot the duties of a magistrate, cursed, with a muttered military oath, the circumstances which recalled him to his official functions. He rose and went towards the window, which commanded a and went towards the window, which commanded a very near view of the high-road, and he was followed

very near view of the mgn-road, and he was solowed by his guests. The drum advanced, beating no measured martial tune, but a kind of rub-a-dub-dub, like that with which the fire-drum startles the slumbering artizans of a Scotch burgh. It is the object of this history to do justice to all men; I must therefore record, in justice to the drummer, that he protested he could beat any hereme areas a size of meast for any the prime to be at any to the drummer, that he protested he could beat any known march or point of war known in the Britisk army, and had accordingly commenced with "Dum-barton's Drums," when he was silenced by Gifiel Gififillan, the commander of the party, who refused to permit his followers to move to this profane, and even, as he said, persecutive tune, and commanded the drummer to beat the 119th Psalm. As this was beyond the capacity of the drubber of sheepskin, he was fain to have recorder to the inoffensive row down was fain to have recourse to the inoffensive row-dow dow, as a harmless substitute for the sacred musi which his instrument or skill were unable to achieve This may be held a trifing anecdote, but the dram-mer in question was no less than town-drummer of Anderton. I remember his successor in office a member of fhat enlightened body, the British Con-vention: Be his memory, therefore, treated with the

# CHAPTER XXXV.

# A WOLFSTEEL SLITT YEARS SINCE.

Os hearing the unwelcome sound of the drum, Major Mctville hastily opened a sashed door, and supped out upon a sort of terrage, which divided his house from the high-road from which the martial numic proceeded. Waverloy and his new friend fol-lowed him, though probably he would have dispensed with their attendance. They soon recognised in selem march, first, the performer upon the drum; seemn march, first, the performer upon the drum; scondly, a large flag of four compartments, on which were inscribed the words, COVENANT, KIES, KING, KINGDORS. The person who was honoured with this charge was followed by the commander of the party, a thin, dark, rigid-looking man, about sixty years old. The spiritual pride, which, in mine Host of the Candlestick, mantled in s sort of supercilious hypocrisy, was, in this man's face, elevated and yet darkened by genuine and undoubting fanaticism. It was impossible to behold him without imagination elecing, him in some strange crisis upber arising was impossible to behold him without imagination placing him in some strange crisis, where religious real was the ruling principle. A martyr at the stake, a soldier in the field, a lonely and banished wanderer consoled by the intensity and supposed purity of his faith under every earthly privation; perhaps a perse-cuting inquisitor, as terrific in power as unyielding in diversity; any of these seemed concenial characters to this personage. With these high traits of energy, there was something in the affected precision and so-saminity of his deportment and discourse, that border-ed upon the ludicrous; so that, according to the macod of the spectator's mind, and the light under which Mr. Gilfallan presented himself, ene might have feared, ad-maired, or laughed at him. His dress was that of a west-country peasant, of better materials indeed than that of the lower rank, but in no respect affecting either the mode of the age, or of the Scottish genutry at any period. His arms were a broadsword and pistols, which, from the antiquity of their appearance, might have seen the rout of Pentland, or Bothwell Brigg. As he came up a few steps to meet Major Melville, at, waverley was irresistibly impressed with the idea that of worley one of Malforough's captains. The group of about fhirty armed men who followed the spifted commander, was of a motley description. They were in ordinary Lowland dresses, of different colours, which, contrasted with the arms they bore, gave them an irregular and mobbish apperance; so pusch is the eye accustomed to connect uniformity of thes the the eye accustomed to connect uniformity of these with the military character. In front were a acing him in some strange crisis, where religious

enours, which, contrasted with the arms they bore, inch is the eye accustomed to connect uniformity of the second second the second to connect uniformity of the second second second to connect uniformity of the second second the second to second the second the second to second second the second to second the second the second to second the second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had second to know if he had received the letter he had sec

the precious Mr. Jabesh Rentowel, for the out-pour-ing of the afternoon exhortation." "And have you, sir," said the Major, "when the rebels are about to spread themselves through this country, actually left a great part of your command at a field-preaching?" Gilfillan again smiled scornfully as he made this indirect answer,—"Even thus are the children of this world wiser in their generation than the children of light?"

light!

light?" "However, sir," said the Major, "as you are to take charge of this gentleman to Stirling, and de-liver him, with these papera, into the hands of Gen-ernor Blakeney, I beseech you to observe some rules of military discipline upon your march. For again-ple, I would advise you to keep your mea more closely together, and that each, in his march, should cover his file-leader, instead of stragging like page upon a common ; and, for fear of surprise, I furth recommend to you to form a small advance-party ( your best men, with a single vidette in front of th your best men, with a single vidette in front of the whole march, so that when you approach a village at a wood"—(Here the Major interrupted hiensel)— "But as I don't observe you listen to me, Mr. Gilfil-lan, I suppose I need not give myself the trouble as any more upon the subject. You are a better judge, unquestionably, than I am, of the measures to up pursued; but one thing I would have you well awage of, that you are to treat this gentleman, your pri-soner, with no rigour nor incivility, and are to subject him to no ether restraint than is necessary for he security." ecurity.

Security." "I have looked into my commission," said Bir. Gilfillan, "subscribed by a worthy and professing me-bleman, William, Earl of Glencairn; nor do I find it therein set down, that I am to receive any charges or commands anont my doings from Major William Melville of Cainvreckan."

Meiville of Cainvreckan." Major Melville reddened even to the well-powdayse ears which appeared beneath his neat military side curls, the more so as he observed Mr. Mortos srais at the same moment. "Mr. Gilfilan," he answerse, with some asperity, "I beg ten thousand perdons for interfering with a person of your importance. I thought, however, that as you have been bred a gra-zier, if I mistake not, there might be occasion to re-mind you of the difference between Highlanders and Highland cattle; and if you should happen to meet with any gentleman who has seen service, and is disposed to speak upon the subject, I should still ima-gine that listening to him would do you no sort of harm. But I have done, and have only once more up recommend this gentleman to your civility, as well are again in this country, I may have an opportunity

CHAPTER XXXVI. But your secort, Mr. Gilfillan, is not so strong as Boor souls were refreshen yout the Way, and tarried until their "I am sorry, sir," replied the Major, "you did not command af market in hopes, although Stirling mark to your refreshum; your men at Carrwreckan; white rem hours of the alber, by in-command af command af command. af command af command af were of the sole, while the reach it that evening. Its therefore put forth has You H.-K

WAVERLEY. 4 [CRAP. XXXVZ strength, and marched stoutly along at the head of his followers, sysing our hero from time to time, as be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for be called Habakkuk Gilfillan, who will stand up for was wi'the black coat and the mousted head, that Was wi'the black coat and the mousted head, that Was wi'the black coat and the mousted head, that Was wi'the black coat and the mousted head, that "A Presbyterian clergyman," answered Waverley. "Prestyterian?" answered Gilfillan contemptu-ously; "a wretched Erastian, or rather an obscured thas dumb dogs that canna bark : they tell ower al clash o' terror and a clatter o' comfort in their ser-mona, without on senee, or savour, or life-Ye've discussion of their excellences, to which our readers

mona, without ony sense, or savour, or life-Ye've been fed in siccan a fauld, belike?" "No; I am of the Church of England," said Wa-

"No; I am of the Church of England," said Wa-yerley. "And they're just neighbour-like," replied the Co-venanter; "and nae wonder they gree sae weel. Wha wad hae thought the goodly structure of the Kirk of Scotland, built up by our fathers in 1642, wad hae been defaced by carnal ends and the corruptions of the time;-ay, wha wad hae thought the carved work of the sanctuary would hae been sae soon cut down !"

down r To this lamentation, which one or two of the as-mistants chorused with a deep groan, our hero thought it unnecessary to make any reply. Whereupon Mr. matants chorussed with a deep groan, our nero thought it unnecessary to make any reply. Whereupon Mr. Gilfillan, resolving that he should be a hearer at least, if not a disputant, proceeded in his Jeremiade. "And now is it wonderful, when, for lack of exer-cise anent the call to the service of the altar and the duty of the day, ministers fall into sinful complian-ent with extenses and indemnition and each and

duty of the day, ministers fall into sinful complian-ces with patronage, and indemnities, and oaths, and bonds, and other corruptions, —is it wonderful, I say, that you, sir, and other sic-like unhappy persons, should labour to build up your auld Babel of iniquity, as in the bluidy persecuting saint-killing times? I trow, gin ye werena blinded wi'the graces and fa-yours, and services and enjoyments, and employ-ments and inheritances, of this wicked world. I could prove to you, by the Scripture, in what a filthy rag we mut your trust: and that your surfloces and your prove to you, by the Scripture, in what a hithy rag. ye put your trust; and that your eurplices, and your copes and vestments, are but cast-off garments of the muckle harlot, that sitteth upon seven hills, and drinketh of the cup of abomination. But, I trow, ye are deaf as adders upon that side of the head; ay, ye are decived with her enchantments, and ye traffic with her merchandise, and ye are drunk with the cup of her formice ion  $p^{ey}$ . of her fornication ?

The formination?" How the formation of the formination of the formination?" How much longer this military theologist might have continued his invective, in which he spared no-body but the scattered remnant of hill-folk, as he called them, is absolutely uncertain. His matter was copious, his voice powerful, and his memory strong; so that there was little chance of his ending his ex-hortation till the party had reached Stirling, had not his attention been attracted by a pedlar who had joined the march from a cross-road, and who sighed or groaned with great regularity at all fitting pauses of his hormily. And what may ye be, friend?" said the Gifted Gilfilan. "A puir pedlar, that's bound for Stirling, and craves

"A puir pedlar, that's bound for Stirling, and craves the protection of your honour's party in these kittle times. Ah! your honour has a notable faculty in searching and explaining the secret. any, the secret and obscure and incomprehensible causes of the backslidings of the land; ay, your honour touches the root

slidings of the land; ay, your honour touches the root o' the matter." "Friend," said Gilfillan, with a more complacent voice than he had hithert) used, "honour not me. I o not go out to park-dikes, and to steadings, and to market-towns, to have herds and cottars, and burghers pull off their bonnets to me as they do to Major Mel-ville o' Cairnvreckan, and ca' me laird, or captain, or honour;-no; my sma' means, whilk are not aboon twenty thousand merk, have had the blessing of in-crease, but the pride of my heart has not increased with them; nor do I delight to be called captain, 'lough I have the subscribed commission of that shough I have the subscribed commission of that.

in ony laird's land in Scotland." "Ye say right, --ye say right, friend," retorted Gil-fillan eagerly, for he was not inaccessible to flattery upon this subject, --"Ye say right; they are the real Lancashire, and there's no the like o' them even at the Mains of Kilmaurs;" and he then entered into a discussion of their excellences, to which our reades

discussion of their excellences, to which our readers will probably be as indifferent as our hero. After the excursion, the leader returned to his theological dis-cussions, while the pedlar, lease profound upon these mystic points, contented himself with groaning, and expressing his edification at suitable intervals. "What a blessing it would be to the puir blinded popish nations among whom I has solourned, to have siccan a light to their paths! I has been as far as Muscovia in my sma' trading way, as a travelling merchant; and I has been through France, and the Low Countries, and a' Poland, and maist feck o' Germany, and O': it would grieve your honour's soul to see the murmuring, and the singing, and massing that's in the kirk, and the piping that's in the quira, and the heathenish dancing and dicing upon the Sab bath!" bath f

This set Gilfillan off upon the Book of Sports and the Covenant, and the Engagers, and the Protesters and the Whiggamore's Raid, and the Assembly of Divines at Westminster, and the Longer and Shorts Divines at Westminater, and the Longer and Shorter Catechism, and the Excommunication at Torwood, and the slaughter of Archbishop Sharp. This last topic, again, led him into the lawfulness of defenaive arms, on which subject he uttered much more sense than could have been expected from some other parts of his harangue, and attracted even Waverley's atten-tion, who had hitherto been lost in his own and re-flections. Mr. Gilfilan then considered the lawfulness of a private man's standing forth as the averger of public oncreasion and as he was labouring with even or a private man s stanting forth as the average of public oppression, and as he was labouring with great earnestness the cause of Mas James Mitchell, who fired at the Archbishop of St. Andrews some years before the prelate's assassing and and and and and and incident occurred which interrupted his harangue.

before the prelate's assassing to on fragues mult, as incident occurred which interrupted his harangue. The rays of the sun were lingering on the very verge of the horizon, as the party ascended a hollow and somewhat steep path, which led to the summit of a rising ground. The country was unenclosed, being part of a very extensive heath or common; but it was far from level, exhibiting in many places hollows filled with furze and broom; in others, ilittle dingles of stunted brushwood. A thicket of the latter description crowned the hill up which the party ascended. The foremost of the band, being the stoutest and most active, had pushed on, and, having surmounted the ascent, were out of ken for the present. Gilfillan, with the pediar, and the small party who were Waverley's more immediate guard, were near the top of the as-cent, and the remainder straggled after them at a considerable interval. Such was the situation of matters, when the pediar, missing, as he said, a little doggie which belonged as him, began to halt and whistle for the animal. Thus signal, repeated more than once, gave offence to the

missing, as he said, a little doggie which belonged to him, began to halt and whistle for the animal. Thus signal, repeated more than once, gave offence to the rigour of his companion, the rather because it ap-peared to indicate inattention to the treasures of the-ological and controversial knowledge which was pour-ing out for his edification. He therefore signified gruffly, that he could not waste his time in waiting for an useless cur. "But if your honour wad consider the case of Te-bit"----

bit'

"Tobit!" exclaimed Gilfillan, with great, heat; "Tobit and his dog baith are altogether heathenian and apocryphal, and none but a prelatist or a paper mista'en in you, friend." "Very likely," answered the pedlar with great com-

# GEAR XXXVIL)

egan upon puir Bawty." This last signal was answered in an unexpected manner; for six or eight stout Highlanders, who lurked among the copse and brushwood, sprung into the hollow way, and began to lay about them with their claymores. Gilfillan, unappalled at this unde-sirable apparition, cried out manfully, "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon !" and, drawing his broadsinable apparition, cried out manfully, "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon." and, drawing his broad-sword, would probably have done as much credit to the good old cause as any of its doughty champions at Dramclos, when, behold the pedlar, smatching al musket from the person who was next him, bestow-rd the bat of it with such emphasis on the head of his late instructor in the Cameronian creed, that he was forthwith levelled to the ground. In the confu-sion which, ensued, the horse which hore our hero was shot by one of Gilfillan's party, as he discharged his firelock at random. Waverley Iell with, and in-deed under, the animal, and sustained some severe-contusions. But he was almost instantly extricated from the fallen ateed by two Highlanders, who, each seizing him by the arm, hurried him away from the scuffle and from the high-road. They ran with great speed, half supporting and half dragging our hero, who could, however, distinguish a few dropping shots fired about the spot which he had left. This, as ho afterwards learned, proceeded from Gilfillan's party, who had now assembled, the stragglers in front and rear having joined the others. At their approach the Highlanders drew off, but not before they had riffed Gilfillan and two of his people, whe remained on the fugnianders drew on, out not before they had rifled Glifillan and two of his people, whe remained on the spot grievously wounded. A few shots were ex-changed betwizt them and the Westlanders; but the latter, now without a commander, and apprehensive of a second ambush, did not make any serious effort to recover they prisoner, judging it more wise to pro-ceed on their fourney to Striling, carrying with them their wounded captain and comrades.

# CHAPTER XXXVII.

# WAVERLEY IS STILL IN DISTRESS.

WAVERLEY IS STILL IN DISTRESS. This velocity, and indeed violence, with which Wa-verley was hurried along, nearly deprived him of sen-sation ; for the injury he bad received from his fall prevented him from aiding himself so effectually as he might otherwise have done. When this was ob-served by his conductors, they called to their aid two er three others of the party, and swathing our hero's body in one of their plaids, divided his weight by that means among them, and transported him at the same rapid rate as before, without any exertion of his own. They spoke little, and that in Gaelic; and did not slacken their pace till they had run nearly two mikes, when they abated their extreme rapidity, but continued still to walk very fast, relieving each other occasionally. ionally.

occasionally. Our hero now endeavoured to address them, but was only answered with "Chan'ei Beurl, agam," i. e. "I have no English," being, as Waverley well knew, the constant reply of a Highlander, when he either does not understand, or does not choose to re-ply to, an Englishman or Lowlander. He then men-tioned the name of Vich Lan Vohr, concluding that he was indebted to his friendship for his rescue from the clatches of Gifted Giffillan; but neither did this produce any mark of recornition from his resort.

The twilight had given place to moonshine when be party halted upon the brink of a precipitous glen, which, as partly enlightened by the moon-beams, sugged full of trees and tangled brushwood. Two of be Highlanders dived into it by a small foot-path, as f to explore its recesses, and one of them returning

This last signal was answered in an unexpected ped before a small and rudely-constructed hovel. The door was open, and the inside of the premises appear ed as unconfortable and rude as its situation and exterior foreboded. There was no appearance of a floor of any kind; the roof seemed rent in several places; the walls were composed of loose stones and turf, and the thatch of branches of trees. The first was in the centre, and filled the whole wigwam with smoke, which escaped as much through the door as smoke, which escaped as much through the door as by means of a circular aperture in the roof. An old Highland sibyl, the only inhabitant of this forlors mansion, appeared busy in the preparation of some food. By the light which the fire afforded, Waveley could discover that his attendants were not of the clan of Ivor, for Fergus was particularly strict in re-quiring from his followers that they should wear the tarian striped in the mode peculiar to their race; a mark of distinction anciently general through the Highlands, and still maintained by those Chiefs who were proud of their lineage, or jealous of their sepa-

were proud of their lineage, or jealous of their sepa-rate and exclusive authonity. Edward had lived at Glennaquoich long enough to be aware of a distinction which he had repeatedly heard noticed, and now satisfied that he had no inté-rest with his attendants, he glanced a disconsolate cye around the interior of the cabin. The only furni-ture, excepting a washing-tub, and a wooden press, alled in Section 4 an action work of the around the interior of the analysis. called in Scotland an *ambry*, sorely decayed, was a large wooden bed, planked, as is usual, all around, and opening by a sliding panel. In this rocess the Highlanders deposited Waverley, after he had by signs declined any refreshment. His slumbers were signs declined any retreshment. His slumbers were broken and unrefreshing; strange visions passed be-fore his eyes, and it required constant and reiterated efforts of mind to dispel them. Shivering, violent headach, and shooting pains it his limbs, succeeded these symptoms; and in the morning it was evident to his Highfand attendants or guard, for he knew not in which light to consider them, that Waverley was

in which light to consider them, that Waverley was quite unfit to travel. After a long consultation among themselves, six of the party left the hut with their arms, leaving behind an old and a young man. The former addressed Wa-verley, and bathed the contacions, which swelling and livid colour now made conspicuous. His own portmanteau, which the Highlanders had not failed to bring off, supplied him with linen, and te his great surprise, was, with all its undiminished contents, freely resigned to his use. The bedding of his couch seemed clean and comfortable, and his aged attend-ant closed the door of the bed, for it had no curtain, after a few words of Gaelic, from which Waverley gathered that he exhorted him to repose. So behold our hero for a second time the patient of a Highland Esculapius, but in a situation much moreunconford-able than when he was the guest of the worthy To-manrait. manrait

manrait. The symptomatic fever which accompanied the induries he had anstained, did not shate till the third day, when if gave way to the care of his attendants and the strength of his constitution, and he could now raise himself in his bed, though not without pain. He observed, however, that there was a great disinclination, on the part of the old woman who acted as his nurse, as well as on that of the elderly Highlander, to permit the door of the bed to be left open, so that he might amuse himself with observing their motions; and at length, after Waverley had re-peatedly drawn open, and they had as frequently shut, the hatchway of his cage, the old gentleman put and end to the contest, by securing it on the outside with a nail so effectually, that the door could not be drawn will this exterior impediment was removed.

be Highlanders dived into it by a small foot-path, as a nail so effectually, that the door coeld not be drawn f to explore its recesses, and one of them returning na few minutes, said something to his companions, who instantly raised their burden, and bore him, with reat attention and care, down the narrow and abrupt loscent. Notwithstanding their precautions, how-consult his welfare and his wishes, it occurred to our sur, Waverley's person came more than once into intact, rudely enough, with the projecting stumps and branches which overhung the pathway. As the bottom of iffe descent, and as it seemed, by he adde of a brock, (for Waverley heard the rushing) picions were confirmed when, attenuvely listowing.

he often heard, in the source of the day, the voice of andcavour to attain a Scottish seaport, and there another female conversing in whispers with his at-tendant. Who could it be? And why should she ap-parently desire concealment? Fancy immediately for used herself, and turned to Flora Mac-lyor. But hese finally determined by the compartive facility after a short, conflict between his caser desire to be by which either might have been arcuited. But hes lieve she was in his neighbourhood, guarding, like an angel of mercy, the couch of his sickness, Waverley was compelled to conclude that his conjecture was was compelled to conclude that his conjecture was altogether improbable; since, to suppose she had left her comparatively safe situation at Glennaquoich to descend into the Low Country, now the sent of civil war, and to inhabit such a lurking-place as this, was a thing hardly to be imagined. Yet his heart bound-ed as he sometimes could distinctly hear the trip of a light female step glide to or from the door of the hut, or the suppressed sounds of a female voice, of softness and delicacy, hold dialogue with the hoarse inward croak of old Janet, for so he understood his antiquated attendant was denominated.

Having nothing else to amuse his solitude, he em-ployed himself in contriving some plan to gratify his curosity, in despite of the sedulous caution of Janet and the old Highland janizary, for he had never seen the young fellow since the first morning. At length, the young tenow ance the first morning. At length, wooden prison-house appeared to supply the means of gratifying his curiosity, for out of a spot which was somewhat decayed he was able to extract a nail. was somewhat decayed he was able to extract a nail. Through this minute aperture he could perceive a fe-male form, wrapped in a plaid, in the act of conver-sing with Janet. But, since the days of our grand-mother Eve, the gratification of inordinate curiosity has generally borne its penalty in disappointment. The form was not that of Flora, nor was the face visible; and, to crown his varation, while he laboured with the nail to enlarge the hole, that he might ob-tain a more complete view, a slight noise betrayed his purpose, and the object of his curiosity instantly disappeared; nor, so far as he could observe, did she spain revisit the cottage. All precautions to blockade his view were from that time abandoned, and he was not enly permitted,

again revisit the cottage. All precations to blockade his view were from that time abandoned, and he was not enly permitted, but assisted, to rise, and quit what has been, in a literal sense, his ouch of confinement. But he was not allowed to leave the hat; for the young High-lander had now rejoined his senior, and one or other was constantly on the watch. Whenever Waverley uvilly, but resolutely, placed himself againgt it and opposed his exit, accompanying his action with signs which seemed to imply there was danger in the at-tempt, and an energy in the mighbourhood. Old janet appeared anxious and upon the watch; and Waverley, who had not yet recovered strength enough to attempt to take his depurure in spite of the oppo-sition of his hosts, was under the necessity of remain-ing patient. His fare was in every point of view, better than he could have conceived; for poultry, and even wine, were no strangers to his table. The High-landers never presumed to eat with him, and, unless in the circumstanceof watching him, treated him with generic respect. His sole amusement was gazing from in the circumstance of watching him, treated him with great respect. His sole amusement was gazing from the window, or rather the shapeless aperture which was meant to answer the purpose of a window, upon a large and rough brook which raged and foamed through a rocky channel, closely canopied with trees and bushes, about ten feet beneath the site of his house of captivity. Upon the sixth day of his confinement, Waverley found himself so well, that he began to mediate his excape from this dull and miserable prison-house, thinking any risk which he might incur in the at-temes, preferable to the stupiying and intolerable

making any new which he month hour in the at-barnet, preferable to the stupilying and intolerable uniformity of Janet's retirement. The question in-eed occurred, whither he was to direct his course when again at his own disposal. Two schemes seem-ed practicable, yet both attended with danger and direc-health.

by which either might have been executed. But hi fortune had settled that he was not to be left to be option.

Upon the evening of the seventh day the door of the hut suddenly opened, and two Highlanders entered whom Waverley recognised as having been a parts his original escort to this cottage. They converse whom waveney record to this cottage. They conver bis original escort to this cottage. They conver for a short time with the old man and his conpan and then made Waverley understand, by very sign èn and then made Waveriey underwand, by very sugna-cant signs, that he was to prepare to accompany them. This was a joyful communication. What has already passed during his confinement made it evides that no personal injury was designed to him; and his that no personal injury was designed to him; and his cant signs, that he was to prepare to accompany them. This was a joyful communication. What he already passed during his confinement made it evides that no personal injury was designed to him ; and he romantic spirit, having recovered during hes repar-much, of that elasticity which anxiety, resontmat, disappointment, and the mixture of supleasant fel-ings excited by his late adventures had for a time sub-jugated, was now weared with inaction. His per-sion for the wonderful, although it is the names of such dispositions to be excited by that degree of dan-ger, which merely gives dignity to the feeling of the individual exposed to it, had sunk under the extremo-dinary and apparently insurmountable wile by which he appeared environed at Cairnvreckan. In fact, this compound of intense curiosity and exalted imagine-tion forms a peculiar species of courses, which some-what resembles the light usually carried by a miscr,-sufficiently competent, indeed, to afford him guidanse and comfort during the ordinary perils of his labors, but certain to be extinguished should be encouser forous vapours. It was now, however, once mere rekindled, and with a throbbing mixture of bops, awa and mixiety. Waverley watched the group belows him, as those who had just arrived snatched a hasty meal, and the others assumed their arms, and made brist preparations for their departure. As he sat in the smoky hut, at some distance from the fire, around which the others were crowded, he fait a gentle pressure upon his srm. He looked seemd if to assist eld Janet in packing Waverley's clother in his portmanteen. It was obviously her wish that be should net seem to scoognise her; yet abs created in his portmanteen. It was obviously her wish that be deposited in the portmanteen. Here then was fresh food for conjectorie, what he deposited is the deposite dy mode fire sector wish should net seem to scoopsine her; yet abs repar-diver, had been at laborg sensine has manner that the methar grows that was hab med by a based of doing so unobserve

again sock his eye alter she had satisfied herited! a her manceuvre was observed and usderstood, the contrary, she sherily alterwards left the hut, s it was only as she tript out from the door, that, youred by the obscurity, she gave Waverley a part smile and nod of significance, ere she vanished in

dark glen. The young Highlander was repeatedly dispatch by his comrades as if to collect intelligence. At leng when he had resurned for the third or fourth time, a ed practicable, yet both attended with danger and di- by his contractes as it to collect intelligence. At long ficulty. One was to go back to Glennaquoich, and when he had returned for the third or fourth time, the fic.s Fergus Mac-Ivor, by whom he was sure to be whole party arose, and made signs to our here to kindly received; and in the present state of his mind, accompany them. Before his departure, however, it she rigour with which he had been treated fully ab- shock hands with old Jaset, who had been as refu polved him in his own eyes, from his allegance to lows in his behalf, and added subsumtast marks of the rigour with government. The other project was to his grastude for her attendance.

# OF XXXVIII

"Bod bless you! God prosper yod. Captain Wa- sentinel in that to which their course tended. " veriey.?" said Janet, in good Lowland-Scotch, though wall of the sheep-fold indeer concealed them as the had never hitherto heard her atter a syllable, save lay, but any advance beyond its shelter seemed in Galic. But the impatience of his attendants prohibited his asking any explanation.

# CHAPTER XXXVIII.

### A INCOMPREME ADVENTURE

A ROOTUREAL ADVENTURE. THERE was a moment's pause when the whole party had got out of the hut; and the Highlander who assumed the command, and who, in Waverley's awakened recollection, seemed to be the same tall figure who had acted as Donald Bean Lean's hea-temant, by whispers and signs, imposed the strictest allence. He delivered to Edward a syord and steel pistol, and, pointing up the track, laid his hand on the hilt of his own claymore, as if to make him sen-sible they might have occasion to use force to make pood their passage. He then placed himself at the head of the party, who moved up the pathway in single or Indian file, Waverley being placed nearest to their leader. He moved with great precaution, as if to avoid giving any alarm, and halted as soon as us came to the verge of the ascent. Waverley was seen sensible of the reason, for he heard at no gruest distance an English sentinel call out "All's well." The heavy sound sink on the night-wind down the woody givn, and was answered by the schoes of its The heavy sound supk on the night-wind down the woody glen, and was answered by the echoes of its banks. A second, third, and fourth time the signal was repeated fainter and fainter, as if at a greater and greater distance. It was obvious that a party of soldiers were near, and upon their guard, though not sufficiently so to detect men skilful in every art of predatory warfare. Has those with whom he now watched their meliccular precations. When these sounds had died upon the silence of the night the Hörbinders hearen their more swift

when the sight, the Highlanders began their march swiftly, yet with the most cautious silence. Waverley had the night, the Highlanders began their march swiftly, yet with the most cautious alence. Waverley had little time, or indeed disposition, for observation, and could only discern that they passed at some distance from a large building, in the windows of which a light or two yet seemed to twinkle. A httle further on, the leading Highlander snuffed the wind like a setting spaniel, and then made a signal to his party again to halt. He stooped down upon all fours, wrapped up in his plaid, so as to be scarce distinguishable from the heating ground on which he moved, and advanced in this upsture to rennnoity. In a short time he in this posture to reconnoire. In a short time he returned, and dismissed his attendants excepting one; and, intimating to Waverley that he must imitate his curieus mode of proceeding, all three crept forward a bands and kno

After proceeding a greater way in this inconvenient memory fian was at all comfertable to his knees and abina. Wavarley perceived the smell of smoke, which probably had been much sconer distinguished by the more acute nasal organs of his guide. It proceeded from the corner of a low and reincos sheep-fold, the provedby had been much sconer distinguished by the from its relics, appeared to have been at one time a more acuts nasal organs of his guide. It proceeded trees of very large size. In an adjacent bollow they from the corner of a low and reinous sheep-fold, the from the corner of a low and reinous sheep-fold, the in Scotland. Close by this low wall the Highlander, watch the show a few minutes, which in Scotland. Close by this low wall the Highlander Waverley's attendant employed, in all probability, in guided Waverley, and, in order probably to make him credit of his own dexterity, he intimate it to him, by orealt of his own dexterity, he intimate it to him, by but to peep into the sheep-fold. Waverley do not going and example, that he might raise his head so as sign and example, that he might raise his head so as intimel, who paced backwards and forwards with indeed Waverley could easily conceive might be a matter of no great difficulty to has indeed row of having run for his life, but indeed waverley could easily conceive might be a matter of no great difficulty to has a difficulty to which fine sources and constraints is short walk, casting his eye frequentity to that water of the fire as he crossed and yo-crossed before it in which his own desumation in the sources with a firmness and confidences it his short walk, casting his eye frequentity to that water of loch he heavems from which the moon, hither of the class of the ground and the sources might be a moster of both he moon, bither to conter, and as their excursions were made washir be overther and as their excursions were made now about to make her operance. In the course of a minute were here to make here is on the stream from which the moon, hither the order of loch lock as the stream of th

pperance. In the course of a minute or two, by one of those adden changes of atmosphere incident to a moun-mous country, a breeze arose, and swept before it is clouds which had covered its borrison, and the issue that the set of the course of the borrison, and the issue that the set of the set set of these and bars to the observation of the set of t

wall of the sheep-fold indeed concealed them as they lay, but any advance beyond its shelter seemed im-possible without cretain discovery. The Hishlander eyed the blue vault, but fir from blessing the useful light with Horner's, or rather Pope's benighted peasant, he muttered a Gaelic curse upon the unseasonable splendour of Mac-Farlance buat (i. e. lantern.\*) He looked anxiously around for a few minutes, and then apparently took his resolu-tion. Leaving his attendant with Waverley, after motioning to Edward to remain quiet, and giving his comrade directions in a brief whisper, he retreated, favoured by the irregularity of the ground, in the same direction and in the same mananer as they had advanced. Edward, turning his head after him, could perceive him crawling on all fours with the destaring of an Indian, availing himself of every bush and ineperceive him crawling on all fours with the dectoring of an Indian, availing himself of every bush and ine-quality to escape observation, and never passing over the more exposed parts of his track until the send-net's back was turned from him. At length he reached the thickets and underwood which partly covered the moor in that direction, and probably extended to the verge of the gian where Waverley had been so leng an inhabitant. The Highlander disappeared, but it was only for a few minutes, for he suddenly issued forth from a different part of the thicket, and advan-cing boldly upon the upon heath, as if to invite dis-covery, he levelled his piece, and fired at the sentine! A wound in the area proved a disagreeable interrup-tion to the poor follow's metsorological observations, as well as to the turns of Nancy Dawson, which he

A wound in the arm proved a disserveable interrup-tion to the poor fellow's meteorological observations, as well as to the time of Nancy Dawson, which he was whistling. He returned the fire ineffectually, and his comrades, starting up at the alarm, advanced alerdy towards the spot from which the first shot had issued. The Highlander, after giving them a full view of his person, dived among the thickots, for his ruse de guerre had now perfectly succeeded. While the soldiers pursued the cause of their dis-turbance in one direction, Waveley, adopting the hint of his remaining attendant, made the best of his speed in that which his guide originally intended to pursus, and which now (the attention of the soldiers being drawn to a different quarter) was unobserved and unguerded. When they had run about a quarter of a mile, the brow of a rising ground, which they had surmounted, concealed them from further risk of observation. They still heard, however, at a distance, the shouts of the soldiers as they halloced to each other upon the heath, and ,they could also hear the direction. But these hostile sounds were now far in their rear, ghd died away upon the breeze as they ra-nidir reard. their rear, and died away upon the breeze as they ra-

pilly proceeded. When they had walked about half an hour, still along open and waste ground of the same description, they came to the stump of an ancient oak, which, from its relics, appeared to have been at one time a

<sup>6</sup> The Class of Max-Farlane, occupying the fastnesses western side of Loch Lomond, were great depredistory Low Country, and as their excernions were made use alght, the mean was moverbially called their lantern, celebrated pibroch of *Hoggi sas* Be, which is the neares gallering tune, intimates similar practices, -the sense b

We are bound to drive the bullocks, All by holiows, hierts and hillocks, Through the stock, and through the sain when the mean is bearing low. On "are idea and hills of mow, Baids and hearily we go : And of the tide

The mountaineer now resumed the arms with which he thad intrusted our hero, giving him to understand that the dangers of the journey were happily sur-mounted. Waverley was then mounted upon one of the horses, a change which the fatigue of the night and his recent illness rendere! exceedingly acceptable. His portmantcau was placed on another pony. Dun-oan mounted a third, and they set forward at a round pace, accompanied by their escort. No other incident marked the course of that night's journey, and at the dawn of morning they attained the banks of a rapid river. The country around was at once fertile and remainic. Steep banks of wood were broken by corn fields, which this year presented an abundant harvest, already in a great measure cut down. On the opposite bank of the river, and partly sur-rounded by a winding of its stream, stood a large and massive castle, the half-ruined turrets of which were plready glittering in the first rays of the sun.\* It was

massive castle, the half-ruined turrets of which were already glittering in the first rays of the sun.\* It was in form an oblong square, of size sufficient to contain a large court in the centre. The towers at each angle of the square rose higher than the walls of the build-ing, and were in their turn surmounted by turrets, differing in height, and irrigular in shape. Upon one of these a centinel watched, whose bounct and plaid, streaming in the wind, declared him to be a High-lander, is a broad white ensign, which floated from another tower, announced that the garrisot was held by the insurgent adherents of the house of Stewart. Passing hastily through a small and mean town.

by the insurgent adherents of the house of Stewart. Passing hastily through a small and mean town, where their appearance excited neither surprise nor curiosity in the few peasants whom the labours of the harvest began to summon from their repose, the party crossed an ancient and narrow bridge of seve-ral arches, and turning to the left, up an avenue of huge old sycamores, Waverley found himself in front of the gloomy yet picturesque structure which he had admired at a distance. A huge iron-grated door, which he avterior defence of the gateway, was also formed the exterior defence of the gateway, was al ready thrown back to receive them; and a second, heavily constructed of oak, and studded thickly with iron pails, being next opened, cdmitted them into the interior court-yard. A gentleman, dressed in the Highland garb, and having a white cockade in his bound, assisted Waverley to dismount from his horse, and with much courtesy bid him welcome to the castle.

The governor, for so we must term him, having conducted Waverley to a half-ruinous spartment, where, however, there was a small camp-bed, and

where, however, there was a small camp-bed, and "This noble ruin is dear to my recollection, from associations which have been long and painfully broken. It holds a com-manding station on the banks of the river Toith, and fins been one of the largest easiles is Bootland. Mardock, Daka of Al-bary, the founder of this stately pile, was beheaded on the Cas-the molinament of his falles greateness. In 1746-4, as stated in the text, a garnion on the part of the the monament of his fulles greateness. In 1746-4, as stated in the text, a garnion on the part of the Chevalier was put into the castle. Ihen less reinose than at pre-sent. It was commanded by Mr. Stawart of Balloch, as governor for Prince Clastes in the was a man of property near Callander. This cartle became at that time the actual access of a romentic-senter prisoners, who, having been taken at the baltle of Falkink, were confined there by the insurgents. The post, who had in his own mind a large stock of that romanatic and enthesizing the youthful here of his drama, devised and undertook the perilous stateprize of escaping from his prison. He inspired his com-mandons with his sentiments, and when every attempt at open pares was deemed hopoios, they resolved to twist their bed-distes into ropes, and thus to descend. Four persons, with Here here and the sentiments and when every attempt at open parts of a deemed the ground in asfery. But the rope broke with the fifts, who was a tail hurty man. The sixth was Thomas is currensitances. Rargew committed himself to the broken repose, and due to could as asis in and undertook the perilous site or pressitances. Rargew committed himself to the broken repose, the down on if as far as it could assist him, and then let himself roop. His frieds beness the could be in broken repose, the down on if as far as it could assist him, and then let the himself approx. His reak succeeded his onset has in fail. Here broken. His companions, howevery, were able to beat himself.

The Dirken. Fis out, and the set of the set

Bloody with spuring, fary red with haste, ling furfously through the country in quest of the Augitives.

slarm which he excited seemed still to continue, for having offered fine any refreshment which he desired, a dropping shot or two were heard at a great distance, was then about to leave him. which seemed to serve as an addition to the mirth of Duncan and his comrades. The mountaineer now resumed the arms with which he flad intrusted our hero, giving him to understand and whether or not I am to consider myself as a nrisoner?

"I am not at liberty to be so explicit upon this sub-ject as I could wish. Briefly, however, you are in the Castle of Doune, in the district of Menteith, and in

Castle of Doune, in the district of Menteith, and in no danger whatever." "And how am I assured of that?" "By the honour of Donald Stewart, govcrnor of the garrison, and lieutenant-colonel in the service of his Royal Highness Prince Charles Edward" So saying, he hastily left the apartment, as if to avoid further discussion. Exhausted by the fatigues of the night, our here now threw himself upon the bed, and was in a few minutes fast asleep.

# CHAPTER XXXIX.

### THE JOURNEY IS CONTINUED.

THE JOURNEY IS CONTINUED. Barons Waverley awakened from his repose, the day was far advanced, and he began to feel that he had passed many hours without food. This was soon supplied in form of a copicus breakfast, but Colonel Stewart, as if wishing to avoid the queries of his guest, did not again present himself. His compliments were, however, delivered by a servant, with an offer to provide any thing in his power that could be useful to Captain Waverley on his journty, which he inti-mated would be continued that evening. To Waver-ley's further inquiries, the servant opposed the impe-netrable barrier of real or affected ignorance and stupidity. He removed the table and provisions, and Waverley was again consigned to his own medita-tions. tions

As he contemplated the strangeness of his fortune As a contemplated the strangeness of his loftune, which seemed to delight in placing him at the disposal of others, without the power of directing his own motions, Edward's eye suddenly rested upon his port-manteau, which had been deposited in his apartment during his alog. manical, which had been deposited in his spartment during his sleep. The mysterious appearance of Alice, in the cottage of the gien, immediately rushed upon his mind, and he was about to secure and examine the packet which she had deposited among his clothen, when the servant of Colonel Stewart again made his appearance, and took up the portmantesu upon his

"May I not take out a change of linen, my friend? "Your honour sail get ane of the Colonel's ain ruffle

"May I not take out a change of linen, my friend T" "Your honour sall get ane o' the Colonel's ain ruffled sarks, but this maun gang in the bagges-cart." And so saying, he very coolly carned off the port-manteau, without waiting further remonstrance, lea-ving our hero in a state where disappointment and indignation struggled for the mastery. In a few minutes he heard a cart rumble out of the runged ocurt-yard, and made no doubt that he was now dis possessed, for a space at least, if not for ever, of the upon the dubious events which had of late influenced his destiny. With such melancholy thoughts he had to beguile about four or five hours of solitude. When this space was elapsed, the trampling of house soon strue made her double that he had to beguile about four or five hours of solitude. The offer was accepted, for a late breaktast had by no means left our hero incapable of doing honours to of his host was that of a plain country gentlemant of his host was that of a plain country gentlemant for his host was that of a plain country gentlemant minitery operations or civil politics of the time spoak with some soldier-like sentiments and expres-sions. He cautiously avoided any reference to the military operations or civil politics of the time z and to Waverley's direct inquiries concerning sorme of these points, replied, that he was not at liberty the speak upon such topics. "When dinner was finished, the governor arous and, waining Edward a good journey, said, that hav-ing bean informed by Waverley's servant that hav-ing bean informed by Waverley's servant that hav-ing bean informed by Waverley's servant that hav-baggrast had been sent forward, he had taken the

**GAN. XXXIX.]** WAVERLEY. forsion to supply him with such changes of linen as the might find necessary, till he was again possessed of his own. With this compliment he disappeared. "Yere true, very true, sir," replied the officer, but Aservant acquainted Waverley an instant afterwards, that his horse was ready. Upon this hint he descended into the court yard, and ind a trooper holding a saddled horse, on which he mounted, and sallied from the portal of Boune Castle, attended by about a score of armed men on horseback. These had less the appearance of regular soldiers than of individuals who had sud-denly assumed arms from some present motipes and baseeurs, was in analy respects incomplete, and baseeurs, was in a many respects incomplete, ate awkwardly upon those who wore it. Waver-by's eye, accustomed to look at a well-disciplined re-ments of his ecort were not those of trained soldiers. "You are not, then, by profession a soldier f" said Boune Castle, attended by about a score of armed men on horseback. These had less the appearance of regular soldiers than of individuals who had suddenly assumed arms from some pressing motive of unexpected emergency. Their uniform, which was unexpected emergency. Their uniform, which was blue and red, an affected imitation of that of French chasseure, was in many respects incomplete, and aste awkwardly upon those who wore it. Waver-lay's eye, accustomed to look at a well-disciplined resiment, could easily discover that the motions and babits of his escort were not those of trained soldiers. and that, although expert enough in the management of their horses, their skill was that of huntsmen or grooms, rather than of troopers. The horses were not trained to the regular pace so necessary to exenot trained to the regular pace so necessary to exe-cate simultaneous and combined movements and formations; nor did they seem bitted (as it is tech-nically expressed) for the use of the sword. The men, however, were stout, hardy-looking fellows, and might be individually formidable as irregular cavalry. The commander of this small party was mounted upon an excellent hunter, and although dressed in uniform, his change of apparel did not prevent Wa-verley from recognising his old acquaintance. Mr. Falconer of Balmawhapple.

Malconer of Balma whapple. Now, although the terms upon which Edward had parted with this gentleman were none of the most friendly, he would have sacrificed every recollection of their foolish quarrel, for the pleasure of enjoying ouce more the social intercourse of question and answer, from which he had been so long secluded. But apparently the remembrance of his defeat by the Baron of Bradwardine, of which Edward had been the unwilling cause, still rankled in the mind of the low,bred and yet proud laird. He carefully been the unwilling cause, still rankled in the mind of the low-bred, and yet proud laird. He carefully, svoided giving the least sign of recognition, riding doggedly at the head of his men, who, though scarce tautal in numbers to a sergeant's party, were denomi-nated Captain Falconer's troop, being preceded by a trumpet, which sounded from time to time, and a standard, borne by Cornet Falconer, the laird's younger borther. The licentenant, an elderly man, had much the air of a low sportsman and boon comad much the air of a low sportsman and boon com-anion; an expression of dry humour predominated in his countenance over features of a vulgar cast In his countenance over features of a vulgar cast, which indicated habitual intemperance. His cocked hat was set knowingly upon one side of his head, and while he whistled the "Bob of Dumblain," under the influence of half a mutchkin of brandy, he seemed to toot merrily forward, with a happy indifference to the state of the country, the conduct of the party, the end of the journey, and all other sublumary matters whatever

whatever. From this wight, who now and then dropped along-side of his horse, Waverley hoped to acquire some in-formation, or at least to beguile the way with talk. "A fine evening, eit," was Edward's salutation. "Ow, ay, sir! a bra night," replied the lisutenant, in broad Scotch of the most vulgar description. "And a fine harvest, apparently," continued Wa-verley, following up his first attack. "Ay, the aits will be got bravely in; but the far-mers, deil burst them, and the corn-mongers, will make the suld price gude against them-as has horses til keep."

"You perhaps act as quarter-master, sir ?" "Ay, quarter-master, riding-master, and lieutenant," answered this officer of all work. "And, to be sure, wha's fitter to look after the breaking and the keep-ing of the poor beasts than mysell, that bought and sad every ane o'them ?"

"And pray, sir, if it be not too great a freedom, may sog to know where we are going just now ?" "A fule's errand, I fear," answered this communi-

In that case," said Waverley determined not to

"You are not, then, by profession a soldier ?" said

I stone's tippet." "You are not, then, by profession a soldier ?" said Waverley. "Na, ne; thank God," answered this doughty par-tisan, "I wasna bred at see short a tether; I was brought up to hack and manger. I was bred a horse-couper, sir; and if I might live to see you at Whitson-tryst, or at Stagshawbank, or the winter fair at Ha-wick, and ye wanted a spanker that would lead the field, I'se be caution I would serve ye easy; for Jamie Jinker was ne'er the lad to impose upon a gentleman. Ye're a gentleman, sir, and should ken a horse's points; yo see that through-ganging thing that Bal-mawhapple's on; I selled her till him. She was bred out of Lick-the-Ladle, that wan the king's plate at Caverton-Edge, by Duke Hamilton's White-Foot," dc. dc. dc. But as Jinker was metered full sail upon the pedi-free of Balmawhapple's mare, having already got as far as great-grandeire and great-grand-dam, and while Waverley was watching for an opportunity to obtain from him intelligence of more interest, the noble cap-tain checked his horse until they came up, and then, without directly appearing to notice Edward, said sternly to the genealogist, "I thought, heutenant, my orders were precesse, that no one should speak to the prisoner ?" The metamorphosed horse-dealer was silenced of and alm the to the metamorphosed horse-he consider in a d shoult to the two the serve the solid speak to the prisoner ?"

prisoner ?" The metamorphosed horse-dealer was silenced of course, and slunk to the rear, where he consoled himself by entering into a vehement dispute upon the price of hay with a farmer, who had reluctantly fol-lowed his laird to the field, rather than give up his farm, whereof the lease had just expired. Waverley was therefore once more consigned to silence, fore-sceing that further attempts at conversation with any of the party would only give Balmawhapple a wished-for opportunity to display the insolence of authority, and the aulky spite of a temper naturally dogged, and rendered more so by habits of low indulgence and the incense of servile adulation. In about two hours' time, the party were near the

The second service advantage of the second service and the service of service advantage of the service advantage of the service and the service of service and the service advantage of the service of the service

<sup>9</sup> The Judges of the Supreme Court of Bession in Scotland are proverbially lormed, among the country people, The Pvines. <sup>9</sup> To go out, or to here here out, in Scotland, was a convint besser sup, both having reference to an individual who had been one paged in inserrection. It was accounted ill-breaching in Bootland, about forty years since, to use the phrase rainful the interprete dy source of the prime restricts or seed, and about forty years since, to use the phrase rainful to rist be the prime restricts of the second second and the second second

10 al 10

It's pail and community all the fortune itself, at from t ence a centle and palace, where valour received the or rat prise from royatry, and knights and dames cleased the had al graning amid the revolry of the dance, the song, and fired a the feast. All these were objects fitted to arouse and expose

Interest a romantic imagination. But Waverley had other objects of meditation, and in micident soon occurred of a nature to disturb me-ditation of any kind. Balmawhappie, in the pride of his heart, as he wheeled his little body of cavalry round the base of the castle, commanded his trum-plet to sound a flourish, and his standard to be dis-played. This insult produced apparently some ation; for when the cavalcade was at such distance from the southern battery as to admit of a gun being depresed so as to bear upon them, a flash of five asued from one of the embrazures upon the rock; and era the report with which it was attended could mps era the report with which it was attended could be heard, the rushing sound of a cannon-ball passed over Baimawhagple's head, and the bullet, burying imais in the ground at a few yards' distance, covered here with the earth which it drove up. There was no need to bid the party trudge. In fact, every man acting upon the impulse of the moment, soon brought Mir. Jinker's steeds to show their mettle, and the ca-willers. Foreating with more aroust than transmenter Mr. Jinker's steeds to show their mettle, and the ca-values, fetreating with more speed than regularity, never took to a troit, as the lieutenant afterwards ob-served, until an intervening eminence had secared them from any repetition of so undesirable a compli-them to the part of Stirling Castle. I must do Bal-ment on the part of Stirling Castle. I must do Bal-ment on the part of Stirling Castle. I must do Bal-ment on the part of Stirling Castle. I must do Bal-ment on the part of his troop, and laboured to main-taim some order among them, but in the height of his gallantry, answered the fire of the castle by discharg-ing one of his horse-pistols at the battlements; al-though, the distance being nearly half a mits, I could mever learn that this measure of retaliation was at-tanded with any nerticalar effect.

The travellers now passed the memorable field of Annockburg, and reached the Torwood, a place go-Authorstrum, and rescher me i torwood, a piece go-boos or terrible to the recollections of the Scottish persant, as the feats of Wallace, or the cruelties of Wade Willie Grime, predominate in his recollection. At Falking, a town formerly famous in Scottish his-tory, and soon to be again distinguished as the scene of military scents of jumportance. Balmawhamle mo. They, and soon to be again distinguished as the scene of military events of importance, Balmawhapple pro-posed to halt and repose for the evening. This was genomed with very little regard to military discip-line, his worthy quarter-master being chiefly solici-taus to discover where the best brandy might be come at. Sentinels were deemed unnecessary, and the only vigils performed ware those of such of the party as could procure liquor. A few resolate men might easily have cut off the detachment; but of the inhabitants some were favourable, many indifferent; and the rest overawed. So nothing memorable oc-curred in the course of the evening, except that Wa-verbey's rest was sorely interrupted by the revellors hallooing forth their Jacobite song, without semorse or mitigation of voice

or mitigation of voice. Rarty in the morning they were again mounted, sud on the road to Edinburgh, though the pallid vis-super of some of the troop betrayed that they had spont a night of alcopless debauchery. They halted at Linkingow, distinguished by its ancient palace, which, Sixty Years since, was entire and habitable, side whose venerable ruins, not quite Sixty Years effect, very narrowly escaped the unworthy fats of bing converted into a barrack for French prisoners. May repose and blessings attend the ashes of the pa-server, which was amounted the last services to notic statesman, who, amongst his last services to

from the Castle. The laster, being in a state of any or rather of blockade, by the northern insurgents, wh had already occupied the town for two or three days r, bri fired at intervals upon such parties of Highl exposed themselves, either on the main street, or owhere in the vicinity of the fortress. The more where in the vicinity of the fortress. The moral being caim and fair, the effect of this dropping it was to invest the Castle in wreaths of smasks, it edges of which dissipated blowly in the air, while to central well was darkened ever and anon by fre clouds poured forth from the battlements; the whi grandsur and gloom, rendered more terrific wh Wsverley reflected on the cause by which it was pa deced, and that each explosion might ring some best man's knell. where in the vicinity of the fortress.

Kee they approached the city, the partial cann had wholly caused. Balmawhapple, ho waver, h in his recollection, the uniformally greating who troop had received from the battery at Skilling, expanse by ne which to tampt the forberry at Skilling, and sweeping considerable to the the the discotiliery of the Castle. He therefore laft the dis and sweeping considerably to the southward, keep out of the range of the camon, suprove ancient palace of Helyroad, without having the walls of the city. He then down which from of that venerable pile, and delivered V to the custody of a guard of Highlanders, wh cer conducted him rate the interior of the bu A long, low, and ill-proportioned gallery, h pictures, affirmed to be the portraits of hims they over floarished at all, lived several hund before the invention of nairing in colour

they over flourished at all, lived several hundred ; before the invention of painting in ell colours, e as a sort of guard chamber, or vestibule, to the a ments which the adventurous Charles Edward occupied in the palace of his ancestors. Officers, in the Fighland and Lowland garh, passed an passed in hasts, or lottered in the hall, so if we for orders. Secretaries were engaged in makin passes, musters, and returns. All secred here, earneady intent upon something of importance Waverley was suffered to remain seated in the re-of a window, unaccided by any one, in antisou flection upon the crisis of his fate, which seamed rapidly sproaching. rapidly approach D.C.

# CHAPTER XL

### AN OLD AND A NEW ACQUAINTANCE.

AN OLD AND A NEW ACQUARTANCE. WRILE he was deep sunk in his reverie, the sustain tartums was heard behind him, a friendly arm olange his shoulders, and a friendly woice exclaimed, "Said the Highland prophet sooth? Or must a cond-sight go for nothing?" Waverley turned, and was warmly embraced b Forgus Mac-Iver. "A thousand welcomes to Hal road, once more pessessed by her legitimate sov road, once more pessessed by her legitimate sov road, once more pessessed by her legitimate so road, once more pessessed by her legitimate so road, and road a sove should prosfer, and that ye would fall into the hands of the Philistianes if ye parted from us?"

"Dear Ferguer" and Waverley, eagerly retaining his greating, "it is long since I have heard a family voice. Where is Flora?"

his greating, it is flora?" "Safe, and a triumphant spectator of our success." "In this place?" said Waverlay. "Ay, in this city at least," answered his friend, "and you shall see her; but first you must ment a friend whom you kitle think of, who has been for

quent in his inquiries after yos." Thus saying, he dragged Waverley by the arm of the guard chamber, and, are he know where he w conducted, Edward found himself in a presence are

triotic statesman, who, amongst his last services to Scotland, interposed to prevent this profanation ! As they approached the metropole of Scotland, for the guard element, and, are he know where he v conducted, Edward found himself in a presence. sounds of war, began to be heard. The distant, yet distinct report of heavy cannon, fired at in atrivial, guinade by the distingt report of his mion and, the as apprized Waverley that the work of destruction was supprized Waverley that the work of destruction was prized Waverley that the work of destruction was prized Waverley that the work of destruction was supprized Waverley that the work of destruction was prized Waverley that the work of destruction was supprized Waverley that the work of destruction was attemption of his troop, hereing the main bodg in the case and graceful manner. Waverley after the built have discovered his high birthe in the supprised with the super case where an his threat, and the supprised the super attemption with the super case where at his the super super at his knee, had not appeared at attruction gaing the ridgy had where super case waverley in first at his knee, had not appeared at attruction gaing the ridgy had where supprised waverley in the super super

bowing profoundly

"The descendant of one of the most ancient and level families in England," said the young Chevalier, interrupting him. "I beg your pardon for interrupt-ing yos, my dear Mao-Ivor; but no master of eere-monies is necessary to present a Waverley to a Stewart."

Thus saying, he extended his hand to Edward with the utmost courtesy, who could not, had he desired it, have avoided rendering him the homage which seemed due to his rank, and was certainly the right of his birth. "I am sorry to understand, Mr. Waver-

memod due to his rank, and was certainly the right of his birth. " I am sorry to understand, Mr. Waver-ley, that, owing to circumstances which have been as yet but ill explained, you have suffered some restraint among my followers in Perthebrie, and on your march here; but we are in such a situation that we hardly imow our firends, and I am even at this moment un-certain whether I can have the pleasure of consider-ing Mr. Waverley as among mane." His them passed for an instant; but before Edward could adjust a suitable reply, or even arrange has ideas as to its purport, the Prince took out a paper, and then proceeded :---'I should indeed have no doubts than, set forth by the friends of the Elector of Han-even, in which they rank Mr. Waverley among the ambility and gentry who are meanced with the pains of high-treason for loyalty to their legitimate sove-ragen. But I desire to gain no adherents save, from clause to prosecute his journey to the south, or to join affection and conviction; and if Mr. Waverley in-clines to presecute his journey to the south, or to join the forces of the Elector, he shall have my parsport and free permission to do so; and I can only regret, that my present power will not extend to protect him against the probable consequences of such a measure. But," continued Charles Edward, after mother short pume, "if Mr. Waverley should, like his ancestor, Bir Nigel, determine to embrace a cause which has papels to recommend it but its justice, and follow a prince who throws himself upon the affections **#** his in the attempt, I can only say, that among these no-bles and gentlemen he will find worthy associates in a guilant enterprise, and will follow a master who may be unfortunate, but, I trust, will never be un-grateful."

The policic Chieftain of the race of Ivor knew his advantage in introducing Waverley to this personal interview with the royal Advanturer. Unaccustomed advantage in introducing Waverley to this personal interview with the royal Adventurer. Unaccustomed is the address and manners of a polished court, in which Charles was eminently skilful, his words and his kindness penetrated the heart of our hero, and easily ontweighed all pridential motives. To be thus personally solicited for assistance by a Prince, whose form and manners, as well as the spirit which he dis-played in this singular entarprise, answered his ideas of a hero of romance; to be courted by him in the ancient halls of his paternal palace, recovered by the sward which he was already bending towards other conguests, gave Edward, in his own eyes, the dignity and importance which he had ceased to consider as his attributes. Rejected, slandered, and threatened upon the one side, he was irresistibly attracted to the cases which the projetices of education, and the po-litical principles of his family, had already recom-mended as the nost just. These thoughts rushed through his mind like a torrent, sweeping before them every consideration of an opposite tendency, —the time, besides, admitted of no deilberation, —and Wa-verley, kneeting to Charles Edward, devoted his beart and sword to the vindication of his rights! The Prince (for, although unfortunate in the fashts and follies of his forefuters, we shell here, and else-wisne, give him the tite due to his bith) raised Wa-verley from the ground, and embraced him with an expression of thanks too warm not to be ground having

e Prince for, although unfortunate in the failts bilies of his forefathers, we shall here, and else-bilies of his forefathers, we shall here, and else-the strong the growth and embraced him with an second function of thanks too warm not te be genuine. He hankled Fergus Mac-Ivor repeatedly for having the various noblemen, chieftains, and officers the various noblemen, chieftains, and officers ghest hopes and prospects, in whose bold and ghest hopes and prospects, in whose bold and second the section of the section of the Englight families of the section of the section of the Englight families of the section of the s expression of thanks too warm not to be genuine. He also thanked Fergus Mac-ivor repeatedly for having brought him such an adherent, and presented Waver-ley to the various noblemen, chieftains, and officers

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۶ ø 1 er Royal Highnon," and Per- Jrank ut this important crisis.\* Indeed, they point much doubted among the adherents of point much doubled aroong the adherents of the house of Stewart; and as a well-founded diabelisit in the co-operation of the English Jacobites kept many Scottish men of rank from his standard, and dima-nished the courage of those who had joined it, no-thing could be more seasonable for the Chevalier than the open declaration in his favour of the representa-tive of the house of Waverley. Honour, so long known as cavaliers and royalists. This Fergus had foreseen from the beginning. He really loved Waverley, be-cause their feelings and projects never thwartod each other; he hoped to see him mited with Flora, and he rejoiced that they were effectually engaged in the same cause. But, as we before hinted, he also ex-ulted as a politicism in beholding secured to his party, a partisan of such consequence, and he was far from ente of inten as a pointerian in benoking secured to his party, a partian of such consequence; and he was far from being invensible to the personal importance which he himself gained with the Prince, from having so ma-terially assisted in making the acquisition. Charles Edward, on his part, seemed eager to show his attendants the value which he attached to his new

adherent, by entering immediately, as in confid upon the circumstances of his situation. "You nce. adherent, by entering immediately, as in confidence, apon the circumstances of his situation. "You have been secluded so much from intelligence, Mr. Wa-verlay, from causes of which I am but indistinctly in-formed, that I presume you are even yet unacquaintes with the important particulars of my present situa-tion. You have, however, heard of my landing in the remote district of Moidsrt, with only seven attend-ants, and of the numerous chiefs and clans whose loyal enthusiasm at once placed a solitary adventures at the head of a gallant army. You must also, I think, have learned, that the commercues and well-appointed military force, with the intention of giving us battle, but that his course failed him when we were within three hours' march of each other, so that he fairly gave us the slip, and marched north ward to fended. Not to lose so favourable an opportunity, if marched on to this metropolis, driving before me two head threatened to cut to pieces every Highlander that when head the cut to pieces every Highlander that You have regiments of norse, Gardner's and rimition & which had threatened to cut to piece svery Highlander that should venture to pass Stirling; and while discus-sions were carrying forward among the magistracy and citizens of Edinburgh, whether they should de-fend themselves or survender, my good friend Lochie. (laying his hand on the shoulder of that gallan, and (laying his hand on the shoulder of that gallant and accompliahed chieffain) saved them the trouble of farther deliberation, by entering the gates with five handred Camerons. Thus far, therefore, we have done well; but, in the mean while, this doughty ge-neral's nerves being braced by the keen air of Abar deen, he has taken shipping for Dunbar, and I have just received certain information that he lauded there yesterday. His purpose must unquestionably be, too-merch to recover presents of the cential. march towards us to recover possession of the capital. Now there are two opinions in my council of war; one, that being inferior probably in numbers, and car-tainly in discipline and military appeintments, not to mention our total want of artillery, and the weakness of our caralry, it will be safest to fall back towards the mountains, and there protract the war until fosh secoours arrive from France, and the whole body of the Highland clans shall have taken arms in our fa-vour. The opposite opinion maintains, that a remo-grade movement, in our circumstances, is certain to throw utter discredit on our arms and undertaking; and, far from gaining us now partisans, will be the means of disheartening those who have joined our "The Joobits sentiments were general among the weist" march towards us to recover possession of the capital.

- 38.7

verley favour us with his opinion in these arduous circumstances?" Waverley coloured high betwixt pleasure and mo-desty at the distinction implied in this question, and answered, with equal spirit and readiness, that he could not venture to offer an opinion as derived from military skill, but that the counsel would be far the most acceptable to him which should first afford him an opportunity to evince his zeal in his Royal High-mess's service. "Spoken like a Waverley!" answered Charles Ed-ward; "and that you may hold a rank in some de-gree corresponding to your name, allow me, instead of the capitain's commission which you have lost, to offer you the brevet rank of major in my service, with the advantage of acting as one of my aids-de-camp until you can be attached to, a regiment, of which I hope several will be speedily embodied." "Your Royal Highness will forgive me," answered Waverley, (for his recollection turned to Balmawhap-ple and his scanty troop.) "if I decline accepting any rank until the time and place where I may have in-terest enough to raise a sufficient body of men to make my command useful to your Royal Highness's service. In the meanwhile, I hope for your permis-sion to serve as a volunteer under my friend Fergus Mac-lvor." "At least," said the Prince, who was obvioualy Mac-Ivor.

"At least," said the Prince, who was obviously pleased with this proposal, "allow me the pleasure of arming you after the Highland fashion." With of arming you after the Highland fashion." With these words, he unbuckled the broadsword which he wore, the belt of which was plated with silver, and the steel basket-hilt richly and curiously inlaid. "The blade," said the Prince, "is a genuine Andrea Fer-rara; it has been a sort of heir-loom in our family; but I am convinced I put it into better hands than my own, and will add to it pisels of the same work-manship.—Colone! Mac-Ivor, you must have much to say to your friend; I will detain you no longer from your private conversation: but remember. wa to say to your friend; I will detain you no longer from your private conversation; but remember, we expect you both to attend us in the evening. It may be perhaps the last night we may enjoy in these halls, and as we go to the field with a clear conscience, we will spend the eve of battle merrily." Thus licensed, the Chief and Waverley left the presence-chamber.

# CHAPTER XLI.

### THE MYSTERY REGINS TO BE CLEARED UP.

"How do you like him ?" was Fergus's first ques-tion, as they descended the large stone staircase. "A prince to live and die under," was Waverley's

"A prince to live and us under, when you saw him, enthusiastic answer. "I knew you would think so when you saw him, and I intended you should have met earlier, but was prevented by your sprain. And yet he has his foi-bles, or rather he has difficult cards to play, and his Irish officers,\* who are much about him, are but sorry

Divisions early showen themselves in the Chevalic's little amay, not only amongst the independent chieffains, who wave for too proved to brook subjection to chefh other, but lettwirt the Seotch, and Charles's governor O'Bullivan, an inshman by birth, who, with some of his countrymen bred in the liteh.Br.ide in the service of the King of France, had an influence with the diventurer, much resented by the Highlanders, who even sensible that frain own class made the chief or rather the celly signath of his enterprise. There was a fend, also, between Lord George Murray, and John Murray of Broughton, the Prince's secturity, whose dismonth on the Adventurer. In general, a thousand different presention divided their little army, and finally contributed is no constit degree to its evorthrow.

WAYERLEY. (Chni scalar who use these last arguments a mong whom is your friend Fergus Mac-live, main in the scalar and formidable mode of attack; that the statch ment and courage of the chiefs and genitamen are not is patent, are set up. Would you think the enemy, their chansmen will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be in the middit threw away the scabbard, and trust our cause to be doubted; and that as they will be that the word, will drugt a gpirt and readines, that having drawn the scaber and the list of the energy. A state of the chiefs of the chiefs the threw of the chiefs of the chiefs of the chiefs of the chiefs and printing the state of the chiefs. Would have offered you a majority, when he known were work that the orms who we intak a ford him the coursel would be far that so up may hold area the state of the cards? It is all very well for the present. The server were shown that you properly equipped for the present. The server are the other for the server as in your favour, you would make end the cards? It is all very wells for the present. The server are the other for the server and the trust our cause to be the cards in the server the other the server as in your the very trust. The present is your the prever the the should first were the other for the server as in your properly equipped for the present. The server as the other for the server as in yo

operations in the Lowlands, that I could only give general directions to such of our people as were left in Perthshire to respect and protect you, should you come in their way. But let me hear the full story of your adventures, for they have reached us in a very partial and mutilated manner." Waverley then detailed at length the circumstances with which the reader is already acquisithed, to which Fergus listened with great attention. By this time they had reached the door of his quarters, which he had taken up in a small paved court, retiring from the street called the Canongate, at the house of a buxom widow of forty, who seemed to smile very graciously upon the handsome young Chief, she be-ing a person with whom good looks and good-humour were sure to secure an interest, whatever might be the party's political opinions. Here Callum Beg re-ceived them with a smile of recognition. "Callum," said the Chief, "call Shemus, Mr. Waverleys to wear the cath dath, (battle colour, or tartan;) his trews must be ready in four hours. You know the measure of a well-made man; two double nails to the small of the leg"— "Eleven from haunch to heel, seven round the wasist-I give your honour leave to hang Shemus, if

"" Kleven from haunch to heel, seven round the "Eleven from haunch to heel, seven round the waist-I give your honour leave to hans Shemus, if there's a pair of shears in the Highlands that has a baulder sneck than her's ain at the *cumodk as tru-tinued* the Chieftain, " and a blue bonnet of the Prince's pattern, at Mr. Mouat's in the Crames. My short green coat, with silver lace and silver buttons, will fit him exactly, and I have never worn it. Tell Ensign Maccombich to pick out a handsome target from among mine. The Prince has given Mr. Wa-verley broadsword and pistols, I will furnish him with a dirk and purse; add but a pair of low-heeled shoes, and then, my dear Edward, (turning to him.) you will be a complete son of Ivor."

you will be a complete son of Ivor." These necessary directions given, the Chieftain re-sumed the subject of Waverley's adventures. "It is plain," he said, "that you have been in the controly of Donald Bean Lean. You must know that when I marched away my clan to join the Prince, I laid my injunctions on that worthy member of society to perform a certain piece of service, which done, he was to join me with all the force he could muster. But instead of doing so, the gentleman, finding the coast clear, thoughtit better to make war on his own ac-count, and has scoured the country, plundering, I believe, both friend and foe, under pretence of levying black mail, sometimes as if by my authority, and sometimes (and be cursed to his consummate impe-

 Chear. XLL]
 WAVER.LET.

 Second in his own great name 1 Upon my honor, if I is not to see the cair of Bonmore again, I shall be to see the cair of Bonmore again, I shall be particularly in the mode of your rescue from that out the second and authority had increased, in the same and indicate antipy that increased, in the same and rough the second and authority had increased, in the same and or other of your captivity for his own avanted, or the pollater on that or you to ransom, or availed himself in some way not or ansom, or availed himself in some way not or there of your captivity for his own avanted, and the local start apprehension of his your second in the pollation of the content of your captivity for his own avanted, and the local start apprehension of his your second in the pollation of the source and the local start procession of the source again, the same apprehension of his your second in the pollation of the source again and a strong the provession of the source again that moment in the power for our orderer partice you know he can be had the local start and second there is subject to prove for the source again and requested may opinion about disposing of your. I recommended that the Baron of Bradwardine should be is point of prover, fully able to refite all cont wish to propulat against you of aiding and in point of power, fully able to refite all apprehensions of the source again and the conclusion shook Waverley's tory of horse. As to his behaviour, in addition to the your four prove for a soldier so that soldies and the service of his law and the source again the four boung with what he calls his troos of his soldied with the fastering received the waverley with what he calls his troos of his soldied with the fastering received the waverley with the soldied with the fastering received the troos and at the conclusion shook Waverley's tory of horse. As to his bebaviour, in addition to his is node of taling that story contina

"Very likely," said Wavarley; "but now surely, my dear Fergus, you may find time to tell me some-thing of Flora." "Why," repiad Fergus, "I can only tell you that she is well, and residing for the present with a rela-tion in this city. I thought it better she should come tere, as since our success a good many ladies of rank attond our military court; and I assure you, that there is a sort of consequence annexed to the near relative of such a person as Flora Mac. Ivor and where first

kers, as since our success a good many ladies of rank this occasion. As for those who have calumniated studed our military court; and I assure you, that there or you by leasing-making, I protect to Heaven I think as a sort of consequence annexed to the near relative its privation is a prevent as formany double at the could not bear of the formation of the service in the army of the Menna-or that for a should be considered as conducing to the admiration which should have a service in the army of the Prince ye might have inquired what rank the formation of the service in the army sort of the service in the service in the service in the service is in the regiment of have brick before the visit many points of Fergus 5 (additional service) is stored to the formation which should be considered as conducing to the service in the regiment of have build have inquired what rank the formation which should be considered as conducing the regiment of have build have inquired what rank the formation which should be considered as conducing the regiment of have build have inquired what rank the sort and the sort inder service in the regiment of have which he is now shout to be a the concert and bail or the sort inder service is an the regiment of the service is may recising the regiment of have be been peculiarly happy to have had your service is in the regiment of have been peculiarly happy to have had your service is in the regiment of have been peculiarly happy to have had your service is in the regiment of have which he is now shout to be the mane whether he would be the sort many of the service is may reside the momental the sort of the service is may reside the sort of the service is the regiment of have been peculiarly happy to have had your service is the regiment of have been peculiarly happy to have had your service is the regiment of have been peculiarly happy to have had your service is the regiment of have been peculiarly happy to have had your service is the remain is the power was informed in the sor

whom he had so much right to regard as his own son." Fergus Mac-Ivor, who had now joined them, weat heatij over the circumstances of Waverley's story, and concluded with the flattering reception he had met from the young Chevalier. The Baron listened in silence, and at the conclusion shook Waverley heartily by the hand, and congratulated him upon entering the service of his lawful Prince. "For," continued he, "although it has been justly held in all nations a matter of scandal and dishonour to infringe the secrementum militare, and that whether it was taken by each soldier aingly, whilk the Romans de-nominated per conjurationem, or by one soldier in name of the rest, yet no one ever doubted that the allegiance so sworn was discharged by the dimissis, or discharging of a soldier, whose case would be as hard as that of colliers, salters, and other *adscripti* globe, or slaves of the soil, were it to be accounted otherwise. This is something like the brocard ex-pressed by the learned Sanchez in his work De Jure-jurando, which you have questionless consulted upon this occasion. As for those who have calumninted you by leasing-making. I protest to Heaven I think they have justly incurred the penalty of the Memno-nia laz, also called Lez Rhemito, which is prelected upon by Tullius in his oration In Verrem. I should have deemed, however, Mr. Waverley, that before destining yourself to any special service in the army of the Prince, ye might have inquired what rank the old Bradwardine held there, and whether he would not have been peculiarly happy to have had your ser-vices in the regiment of harse which he is now about to levy."

-"That will be easily dans by most of us," said 10-Ivor, haughing. "Craving your pardon, Colonel Mac-Ivor, not quite

so easily as ye eeem to opine. I grant most of your folk left the Highlands, expedited as it were, and free from the incumbrance of baggage ; but it is unspeak-The incumbrance of baggage; but it is unspeak-ble the quantity of useless sprechery which they inve collected on their march. I saw one fellow of pours (craving your pardon once more) with a pier-ines upon his back."

"Ay," said Fergus, still in good-humour, "he would have told you, if you had questioned him, a ganging foot is age getting...But come, my dear Baron, you know as well as I, that a hundred Uhlans, or a single groop of Schmirzchitz's Pandours, would make more have in a country than the knight of the mirror and all the more of any linear the texture."

Baves in a country than the knagnt or the intervent all the rest of our clans put together." "And that is very true likewime," replied the Baron ; "they are, as the heathen author says, ferociores in expecte, wilderes in acts, of a berrid and grim visage, but mere beingn in demeasure than their physiogno-list mere beingn in demeasure than their physiogno-meter which infer.-But I stand how taking are aspect might in concentration with their physiogno-by or aspect might infer.—But I wand here taking a you two youngsters, when I should be in the King's are."

"But you will dine with Waverley and me on your yourn? I secure you, Baron, though I can live like Highlander when needs must, I remember my Paris education, and understand perfectly fairs is mol-.

some businesses in the tour too: But Fill join you at huw, if the vivers can tarry so long." So saying, he took leave of his friends, and went to bus after the charge which had been assigned him.

# CHAPTER XLIL

### A SOLDIER'S DURGER.

Jamme or THE NEEDLE WAS a man of his word, when whisky was no party to the contract; and upon this occasion Callum Beg, who still thought himself in Waverley's debt, since he had declined accepting compensation at the expense of mine Host of the Candlestick's person, took the opportunity of dis-charging the obligation, by mounting guard over the issociary tailor of Sliochd nan Ivor; and, as he ex-presed himself, "targed him tight?" till the finishing of the toh. To rid himself of this restraint. Shemus's

herediary tailor of Sliochd nan Ivor; and, as he ex-pressed himself, "targed him tightly" till the finishing of the job. To rid himself of this restraint, Shemus's medle flow through the tartan like lightning; and as the artist kept chanting some dreadfiel skirmish of Fin Hactul, he accomplished at least three stitches to the death of every hero. The dress was, therefore, soon ready, for the short coat fitted the wearer, and the rest of the apparel required fittle adjustment. "Our hero having now fairly assumed the "garb of uid Gaul," well esculated as it was to give an appear-size of strength to a figure, which, though tail and weil-made, was rather elegant than robust. I hope my fair readers will excuse him if he looked at himself in the mirror more than once, and could not help ac-imondome young follow. In fact, there was no dis-guising it. His light-brown hair,--for he wore no guinwa, notwithstanding the universal fashion of the same of the short which surmounted it. His person promised firmness and agility, to which the sample folds of the tartan added an air of dignity. "Which melted in love, and which kindled in war."

Which melted in love, and which kindled in war."

and an air of bashfulness, which was in reality the affect of want of habitud intercourse with the world, gove interest to his features, without injuring their race or intelligence.

<sup>22</sup> 88 "He's a pratty man—a very pratty man," said an Dhu (now Ensur Maccombich) to Ferrus's

The first way we work and the Wislow Blockhest, "but "He's was a wool," mid the Wislow Blockhest, "but "nesthing as weel-far'd as your colonel, ansar." "Swame comparing them," queth Bwas, "ner was peaking about his being weel-favoured; but only

e entity dans by most of us," and that Mr. Wavenby leokardsan-made and deliver, and ing. r pardon, Colonel Mac-Ivor, not quite ley in a bruizie. And, indeed, he's sign aneuch at th broadsword and target. I has played wi'him mys at Glennaguoich, and sas has Vich Ian Vohr, oft of a Sunday afternoon.

"Lord forgie ye, Ensign Maccombich," said the alarmed Presbyterian; "I'm sure the colonel wal never do the like o' that!" "Hout! hout! Mrs. Flockhart," replied the ensign, "we're young blude, ye ken; and young sainta, suid deila."

deils

"But will ye fight wi' Sir John Cope the morn Ensign Maccombich 7" demanded Mrs. Flockhart of

Hansyn maccombien ' denamate hirs. Frochnerf en "Troth I'se ensure him, an he'll bide us, Mins. Flockhart," replied the Geel. "And will ye face that testing chickle, the de-geons, Ensure Mascombich ?" again inquired the landlady.

"Claw for claw, as Constit said to Satan, Man Flockhart, and the desvil tak the shortest nails." "And will the colonel venture on the bagganet himsell "

himsell 7" "Ye may swear it, Mrs. Flockhart; the very first man will be be, by Saint Phedar." "Merciful goodness I and if he's killed smang the red-coats !" exclaimed the soft-hearted widow...

red-coats " exclaimed the soft-hearted widow... "Troth, if it should ass befall, Mrs. Flockhart, I kon are that will no be living to weap for him. But we mann a' live the day, and have our dinner; and there's Vich Ian Vohr has packed his *dorlash*, and there's Vich Ian Vohr has packed his *dorlash*, and there's Vich Ian Vohr has packed his *dorlash*, and the Baren o' Bradwardine, that shot young Ronald of Ballenkeiroch, he's coming down the close we' that droghling coghling balls body they ca' Mac-cook, wi' his turnspit dogrie trindling ahint him, and I am as hungry as a glod, my benny dow; sae hid Kate set on the broo', and do ye put on your pinners, for ye ken Vich Ian Vohr winna sit down the pint bothe o' brandy, my woman."

at the head o' the table ;--and dinna forgst the pint bottle o' brandy, my woman." This hint produced dinner. Mrs. Flockhart, sub-ling in her weeds like the san through a mist, took the head of the table, thinking within hersels, perflaps that she cared not how long the rebellion lasted, they brought her into company so much above her usual associates. She was supported by Waverley and the Baron, with the advantage of the Chieftain vis-z-vis. The men of peace and of war, that is, Baile Macwheeble and Ensign Maccombieh, after matery profound congets their superiors and each other fare was excellent, time, place, and circamataness considered, and Fergus's spirits were extravaganty high. Regardless of danger, and suppine from teap thish. Regardless of dange, and sampline from te per, youth, and ambition, he saw in imagination his prospects crowned with success, and was tots indifferent to the probable alternative of a solution Surve. The Baron spologistic distribution is the Microbable. They had been providing, he said, the expenses of the campaign. "And, by my fast said the old man, "as I think this will be my had the expenses of the campaign. "And, by my faith," said the old man, "as I think this will be my hat, so I just end where I began--I has evernore found the sinews of war, as a learned author calls the catass militaire, mair difficult to come by than either its fisch, blocd, or bones." "What I have you reised our only efficient bedy of cavalry, and got ye nome of the louis-d'or out of the Doutelle, to help you?" "No, Glemaquoich; deverer fellows have beam

"No, Glemmannoich; deverer fellows have before me." "That's a scandel," said the young Highlan "but you will share what is left of my subsid will save you an anxious thought to -might, saw be all ous to-merrow, for we shall all be provide one way or other, before the sun sets." Wave binshing desply, before the sun sets." Wave binshing desply, before the sun sets." Wave the same request. dy: 1 al vel

\* The Boutelle was an armed vessel, which brought a mapping of money and true from France for the use of the im second a

The field, he could put it out a time for his benown safe fands, ead at great profit, at this time. At this proposal Fergus langhed heartily, and an-swered, when he had recovered his breath,—" Many thanks, Bailie; but you must know, it is a general custom among us soldiers to make our landlady our banker.—Here, Mrs. Flockhart," said he taking four or five broad pieces out of a well-filled purse, and toesing the purse itself, with its remaining contents, into her apron, "these will serve my occasions; do you take the rest: be my banker if I live, and my encoutor if I die; but take care to give something to the Highland calliaches that shall cry the coronach foundest for the last Vich Ian Vohr."

Soudest for the last Vich Ian Vohr." "It is the testamentum militare," quoth the Baron, "whilk, amang the Romans, was privilegiate to be nuncupative." But the soft heart of Mrs. Flockhart was melted within her at the Chieftain's speech; she set up a lamentable blubbering and positively refa-sed to touch the baquest, which Fargus was therefore

sed to touch the hequest, which Fergus was therefore obliged to resume. "Well, then," said the Chief, "If I fall, it will go to the granadier that knocks my brains out, and I shall take care he works hard for it." Bailie Macwheeble was again tempted to put in his gar; for where cash was concerned, he did not wil-lingly remain silent. "Perhaps he had better carry the gowd to Miss Mac-Ivor, in case of mortality, or accidents of war. It might tak the form of a mortis couse donation in the young leddy's favour, and wad cost but the scrape of a pen to mak it out. "The young lady," said Fergus, "should such an event happen, will have other matters to think of than these wretched losis-do'r." "True-undeniable--there's nas doubt o' that; but your honour kens that a full sorrow"

"Inter-indentable-there's as doubt o' that; but your honour kens that a full sorrow"——— "Is endurable by most folk more easily than a hungry one?—"True, Bailie, very true, and I believe there may even be some who would be consoled by such a reflection for the loss of the whole cristing generation. But there is a sorrow which knows nei-ther hunger nor thirst; and poor Flora"—— He paused, and the whole company sympathized in his notion

The Baron's thoughts naturally reverted to the un-protected state of his daughter, and the big tear came to the veteran's eye. "If I full, Macwheeble, you have all my papers, and know all my affairs; be just to Rose."

The Bailie was a man of earthly mould, after all a good deal of dirt and dross about him, undoubtedly, but some kindly and just feelings he had, especially where the Baron or his young mistress were con-cerned. He set up a lumentable howl, "If that doleful day should come, while Duncan Macwheeble had a boddle, it should be Miss Ross's. He wald

d a boddle, it should be Miss Rose's. He wald Old women, on whom devolved the duty of inneating for use of the parked. a dead, subshifts lick est Xessilar.

**fine. XLIII: WAVER.W. Start will not infinge upon your peculium.** Baile shired and fidgeted showt in his accesses. **First he Baile shired and fidgeted showt in his formers and appeared extremely uneasy.** At length, after soveral preliminary beams, and much tautologic of the Banks had removed a 'their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—with the formatice and took of the Banks had removed a 'their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—with the formatice and took of the Banks had removed a 'their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—with the Banks had removed a 'their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—with the Banks had removed a' their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—with the Banks had removed a' their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—the base of the Banks had removed a' their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—the base of the Banks had removed a' their ready cash infield—buildings—orchards—dovecnts—the base of the base of t

" We'll give them the motal ear mountain affords, Lillibulero, bullen a la.
 And in place of bread-piecos, we'll pay with breadware Lero, lero, dr.
 With daws and with debts we will scon elser our seess, Lillibulero, dr.
 For the man that's thus paid will crave payment as me Laro, lero, 'do."

But come, Baille, be not cast down; drink your wine with a joyous heart; the Baron shall return safe and victorious to Tully-Veolan, and unite Killancurett lairdahip with his own, since the cowardly half-breat swine will not turn out for the Prince like a gentle-wan "

man." "To be sure, they lie maist ewest,"‡ said the Bal-lia, wining his eyes, " and should naturally fa' under

"To be sure, they lie maint ewent," i shid the half lie, wiping his eyes, " and should naturally fa' under the same factory." "And I," proceeded the Chieftain, " shall take case of myself, too; for you must know, I have to com-plete a good work here, by bringing Mrs. Flockharz into the bosom of the Catholic church, or at least half way, and that is to your Episcopal meeting-house. O Baron I if you heard her fine counter-tener demonibles Wate and Mattive in the memory work half way, and that is to your Episcopal meeting-house. O Baron ! if you heard her fine counter-tener admonishing Kate and Matty in the morning, you, who understand music, would tremble at the idea of hearing her shrisk in the paselmody of Haddo's Hola, "Lord forgi's you, colouel, how ye rin on! But I hope your homours will tak tea before ye gang is the palace, and I maun gang and mask it for you." So saying, Mrs. Flockbart left the gentlemen to their own conversation, which, as might be supposed, turned chiefly upon the approaching events of the campaign.

# CHAPTER XLIIL

### THE BALL

"Nuno insama amor duri mo Martis in armia, Tela inter media atque adversos detinat hoste

ething title them. an n in an ait Mh

Although, indeed, ye wear the trews, a garment whilk I approve maist of the twa, as mair ancient and each of the twa, as mair ancient and

"Or rather," said Fergus, "hear my song;

"She wadna hae a Lowlard laird, Nor be an English lady; But she's away with Duncan Grame, And he's row'd her in his plaidy."

By this time they reached the palace of Holyrood, and were announced respectively as they entered the apartments.

apartments. It is but too well known how many gentlemen of ränk, education, and fortune, took a concern in the ill-fated and desperate undertaking of 1745. The la-dies, also, of Scotland very generally espoused the cause of the gallant and handsome young Prince, who threw himself upon the mercy of his country-men, rather like a hero of romance than a calculating politician. It is not, therefore, to be wondered that Edward, who had spent the greater part of his life in the solemn seclusion of Waverley-Honour, should have been dazzied at the liveliness and elegance of the scene now axhibited in the long-deserted halls of have been dazzled at the liveliness and elegance of the scene now exhibited in the long-deserted halls of the Scottish palace. The accompaniments, indeed, fell short of splendour, being such as the confusion and hurry of the time admitted; still, however, the general effect was striking, and, the rank of the com-pany considered, might well be called brilliant. It was not long before the lover's eye discovered the object of his attachment. Flora Mac-Ivor was in the set of returning to her seat near the ton of the

the object of his attachment. Flora Mac-Ivor was in the act of returning to her seat, near the top of the room, with Rose Bradwardine by her side. Among much elegance and beauty, they had attracted a great degree of the public attention, being certainly two of the handsomest women present. The Prince took much notice of both, particularly of Flora, with whom he danced; a preference which she probably owed to her foreign education, and command of the French and Italian languages.

and Italian languages. When the bustle attending the conclusion of the fance permitted, Edward, almost intuitively, follow-ed Fergus to the place where Miss Mac-lvor was seated. The sensation of hope, with which he had nursed his affection in absence of the beloved object, seemed to vanish in her presence, and like one striv-ing to recover the particulars of a forgotten dream, he would have given the world at that moment to have pecollected the grounds on which he had founded ex-pectations which now seemed so delusive. He ac-sompanied Fergus with downcast eyes, tingling ears, and the feelings of the criminal, who, while the me-lancholy cart moves slowly through the crowds that have assembled to behold his execution, receives no clear sensation either from the noise which fills his ears, or the tumult on which he casts his wandering look.

Fora seemed a little—a very little—affected and discomposed at his approach. "I bring you an adopted son of Ivor," said Fergus. "And I receive him as a second brother," replied

These words, which she uttered with great emo-tion. were overheard by the Chevalier himself, who stepped hastily forward, and, taking Waverley by the With the feeling expressed in these beautiful lines;

t

While verses Robertson of Struan, Chief of the Clan hand, inquired kindly after his health, and added, Donnochy, (unless the claims of Lude ought to be preferred primo loco,) has thus elegantly rendered : 'For cruel toys has garant tow my les, And clad my hurdies in a philabeg.' apartment.

Here the Prince detained him some time, asking various questions about the great Tory and Catholic families of England, their, connexions, their infig-ence, and the state of their affections towards the house of Stewart. To these queries Edward could uot at any time have given more than general an-swers, and it may be supposed that, in the present state of his feelings, his responses were indistinct even to confusion. The Chevalier smiled once or twice at the incongruity of his replies, but continued himself obliged to occupy the principal share of it, until he perceived that Waverley had recovered his presence of mind. It is probable that this long an-dience was partly meant to further the idea which the Prince desired should be entertained among his followers, that Waverley was a character of political the Prince desired should be entertained among his followers, that Waveley was a character of political influence. But it appeared, from his concluding ex-pressions, that he had a different and good-natured motive, personal to our hero, for prolonging the con-ference. "I cannot resist the temptation," he said, "of beasting of my own discretion as a lady's confi-dant. You see, Mr. Waverley, that I know all, and I assure you, I am deeply interested in the affair. But, my good young freind, you must put a more se-vere restraint upon your feelings. There are many here whose eyes can see as clearly as mine, but the prudence of whose tongues may not be equally trusted."

trusted." So saying, he turned easily away, and joined a cir-cle of officers at a few paces distance, leaving Wa-verly to meditate upon his parting expression, which, though not intelligible to him in its whole purport was sufficiently so in the caution which the last word recommended. Making, therefore, an effort to show himself worthy of the interest which his new master had expressed by instant obsidence to his recomhimself worthy of the interest which his new master had expressed, by instant obedience to his recom-mendation, he walked up to the spot where Flora and Miss Bradwardine were still seated, and having made his compliments to the latter, he succeeded, even bo-yond his own expectation, in entering into conversa-tion upon general topics. ' If, my dear reader, thou hast ever happened to take post-horses at \_\_\_\_\_, or at \_\_\_\_\_, (one at least of which blacks or mean makably both new will be able to

If, my dear reader, thou hast ever happened to take post-horses at —, or at —, (one at least of which blanks, or more probably both, you will be able to fill up from an inn near your own residence,) you must have observed, and doubtless with sympathetic pain, the reluctant agony with which the poor jades at first apply their galled necks to the collars of the harness. But when the irresistible arguments of the post-boy have prevailed upon them to proceed a mile or two, they will become callous to the first sensa-tion; and being vorm in the harness, as the said post-boy may term it, proceed as if their withers were altogether unwrung. This simile so much corresponds with the state of Waverley's feelings in the course of this mamorable evening, that I prefer it (especially as being, I trust, wholly original) to any more spiendid supply me.

"And I receive him as a second brother," replied Flora. There was a slight emphasis on the word, which would have escaped every ear but one that was fever-ish with apprehension. It was, however, distinctly marked, and, combined with her whole tone and manner, plainly intimated, "I will never think of Mr. Waverley as a more intimate connexion." Rd-mand stopped, bowed, and looked at Fergus, who bit his lip; a movement of anger, which proved that be also, had put a sinister interpretation on the recep-tion which his sister had given his friend. "This, then, is an end of my day-dream !" Such was Wa-werley's first thought, and it was so exquisitely pain-ful as to banish from his cheek every drop of blood. "Good God ?" said Rose Bradwardine, "he is not "Co yranph, unrelending and cost at the stopped is the and cost of the noble and distinguished persons with whom he was now ranked; young, wealty, and the forwn of a captricous beauty ? "O yranph, unrelending and cost as the art, "O pyraph, unrelending and cost as the art, "O pyraph, unrelending and cost as the art, "O pyraph, unrelending and cost as the art,

(which, however, ware not then written.)\* Waverley determined upon convincing Flora that he was not be depressed by a rejection, in which his vanity whispered that parhaps she did her own prospects as much injustice as his. And, to aid this change of feel-ing, there lurked the secret and unacknowledged hope, that ahe might learn to prize his affection more highly, when she did not conceive it 40 be altogether within her own choice to a attract or repulse it. There was a mysic tone of encouragement, also, in the Cheva-sier's words, though he feared they only referred to the wishes of Fergus in favour of an union between him and his sister. But the whole circumstances of time, place, and incident, combined at once to awa-ken his imagination, and to call upon him for a manly and decisive tone of conduct, leaving to fate to dis-pose of the issue. Should he appear to be the only one sad and disheartened on the eve of battle, how greedily would the tale be commented upon by the slander which had been already but too busy with his fame? Never, never, he internally resolved, shall my unprovoked enemics possess such an advantage over my reputation. (which, however, were not then written,)\* Waverley (ral nurmur of applause. When Waverley spoke, her exermined upon convincing Flora that he was not ear was exclusively filled with his voice; when other

Improvoked chemics possess such an advantage over my reputation. Under the influence of these mixed sensations, and cheered at times by a smile of intelligence and approbation from the Prince as he passed the group. Waverley exerted his powers of fancy, animation, and eloquence, and attracted the general admiration of the approbation from the Prince as he passed the group, Waverkey exerted his powers of fancy, animation, and eloquence, and attracted the general admiration of the company. The conversation gradually assumed the tone best qualified for the display of his talents and acquisitions. The gayety of the evening was exalted in character, rather than checked, by the approach-ing dangers of the morrow. All nerves were strung for the luture, and prepared to enjoy the present. This mood of mind is highly favourable for the exercise of the powers of imagination, for poetry, and for that dequence which is allied to poetry. Waverley, as we have elsewhere observed, possessed at times a won-derful flow of rhetoric; and, on the present occasion, he touched more than once the higher notes of feel-ing, and then again ran off in a wild voluntary of fanciful mirth. He was supported and excited by kindred spirits, who felt the same impulse of mood and time; and even those of more cold and calcula-ting habits were hurried along by the torrent. Many ladies declined the dance, which still went forward, and, under various pretences, joined the party to which the "handsome young Englishman" seemed to have attached himself. He was presented to se-veral of the first rank, and his manners, which for the present were altogether free from the bashful re-strunt by which, in a moment of less excitation, they were usually clouded, gave universal delight. Hora Mac-Ivor appeared to be the only female pre-sent who regarded him with a degree of coldness and reserve; yet even also could not suppress a sort of monder at talents, which, in the course of their ac-quantance, she had never seem displayed with equal billiancy and impressive effect. I do not know whether the might not feel a momentary regret at having taken so decisive a resolution upon the ad-dressee of a lover, who seemed fitted so well to fill a high place in the highest stations of society. Cer-tandy abe had hitherto accounted among the incu-rable deficiencies, of Haward's dispo

er gned herself to the pleasure of observing the gene • They occur in Miss Saward's fine verses, beginning-"To thy rocks, stormy Lannow, adien."

one of the most fascinating young men whom I have ever seen." "And by my honour, sir," replied the Baron, "the lad can somctimes be as dowff as a sexagenary like myself. If your Royal Highness had seen him dream-ing and dozing about the banks of Tully-Veolan like an hypochondriac person, or, as Burton's Anatomia hath it, a phrenesiac or lethargic patient, you would wonder where he hath see suddenly acquired all this fine sprack fostivity and jocularity." "Truly," said Fergus Mae-Ivor, "I think it can only be the inspiration of the tartans; for, though Waverley be always a young fellow of sense and ho-nour, I have hitherto often found him a very absent and mattentive companion." "We are the more obliged to him," said the Prince, "To having reserved for this evening qualities which even such intimate friends had not discovered.—But come, gentlemen, the night advances, and the busi-ness of to-morrow must be early thought upon. Each take charge of his fair partner, and honour a small assumed the seat and canopy at the head of a long range of tables, with an air of dignity mingled with courtesy, which well became his high birth and lofty pretensions. An hour had hardly flown away when the musicians played the signal for parting, so well known in Scotland." "Good night, and joy be with you !-Good night, fair

"Good night, then," said the Chevalier, rising; "Good night, and joy be with you!-Good night, far ladies, who have so highly honoured a proscribed and banished Prince.-Good night, my brave friends; may the happiness we have this evening experiences be an omen of our return to these our paternal halls, speedily and in triumph, and of many and many fu-ture meetings of mirth and pleasure in the palace of

Holyrood !! Holyrood !! When the Baron of Bradwardine afterwards men-tioned this adieu of the Chevalier, he never failed to repeat, in a melancholy tone,

"Audii at neisanciroty wine, "Audii at voti Phoebus succeders partern Mente decit; partern volucres dispersit in auras;" "which," as he added, "is weel rendered into **Eng.** lish metre by my friend Bangour:

"' As half the prayer wi' Phonbus grace did find, The t'other half he whistled down the wind.'"

#### CHAPTER XLIV.

#### THE MARCH.

THE MABOR. The conflicting passions and exhausted feelings of Waverley had resigned him to late but sound repose. He was dreaming of Glenaguoich, and had trans-ferred to the halls of Ian nan Chaistel the festal train which so lately graced those of Holyrood. The pi-broch too was distinctly heard; and this at least was no delusion, for the "proud step of the chief piper" of the "chlain Mac-Ivor" was perambulating the court before the door of his Chieftain's quarters, and, as Mrs. Flockhart, apparently no friend to his minstral-sy, was pleased to observe, "garring the very stane-it soon became too powerful for Waverley's dream, with which it had at first rather harmonized. The sound of Callum's brogues in his apartment (for Mac-Ivor had again assigned Waverley to his care) was the next note of parting. "Winna yers honour bang up? Vich Ian Vohr and ta Prince are

care) was the next note of parting. "Winna yers honour bang up? Vich Ian Vohr and ta Prince are awa to the lang green glen abint the clachan, tat they

\* Which is, or was wont to be, the old air of 'Good mut , and joy be wi' you a' i"

might." Waverloy sprung up, and, with Callum's assistance and instructions, adjusted his tartans in proper cos-tume. Callum told him also, "tat his leather *dorlach* wi the lock on her was come free Doune, and she was, awa again in the wain wi' Vich Ian Vohr's waline

By this periphrasis Waverley readily apprehended his portmantean was intended. He thought upon the mysterious pacset of the maid of the cavern, which seemed always to escape him when within his very grasp. But his was no time for indulgence of curt-osity; and having declined Mrs. Flockhard's compliouty; and having declined Mirs. Flockhart's compli-ment of a morning, i.e. a matutinal dram, being probably the only man in the Chevalier's army by whom such a courtesy would have been rejected, he made his adjous, and departed with Callum. "Callum." said he, as they proceeded down a dirty close to gain the southern skirts of the Canongate, "what shall I do for a horse ?" "Ta deil and wa means think at a start

"Ta deil ane ye maun think o'," said Callum. "Vich Ian Vch's marching on foot at the head o' his kin, (not to say ta Prince, wha does the like,) wi' his target on his shoulder; and ye maun e'en be neigh-bour-like."

target on his shoulder; and ye maun e'en be neigh-bour-like." "And so I will, Callum-give me my target;-so, "there we are fixed. How does it look ?" "Like the bra' Highlander tat's painted on the board afore the mickle change-house they ca' Luckie Middlemass's," answered Callum; meaning, I must observe, a high compliment, for, in his opinion, Luckie Middlemass's sign was an exquisite specimen of art. Waverley, however, not feeling the full force of this wolk simile, asked him no farther questions. Upon extincating themselves from the mean and dirty suburbs of the metropolis, and emerging into the open air, Waverley felt a renewal both of health and epitis, and turned his recollection with firmness upon the events of the preceding evening, and with hope and resolution towards those of the approaching day. When he had surmounted a small craggy eminence, called St. Leonard's Hill, the King's Park, or the bollow between the mountain of Arthu's seat, and the rising grounds on which the southern part' of Edinburgh is now built, lay beneath him, and dis-played a singular and animating prospect. It was occupied by the army of the Highlanders, now in the act of preparing for their march. Waverley had al-ready seen something of the kind at the hunting-match which he attended with Fergus Mac-Ivor; but this was on a scale of much greater magnitude, and incommerable denser interest. The rocks. which The source of the second secon

sidiculed the method by which it was attained. The sort of complicated medley created by the hasty swangements of the various clans under their res-gective banners, for the purpose of getting into the order of march, was in itself a gay and lively spec-tacle. They had no tents to strike, having renerally, and by choice, alept upon the open field, although the sutumn was now waning, and the nights began to be frosty. For a little space, while they were getting nto order, there was exhibited a changing, fluctu-ting, and confused appearance of waving tartane and floating plumes, and of Clanronald, Ganion Coheriga-(Gainsay who dares :) Loch-Sloy, the watch word of the Mac-Farlance; Forth, fortune, and flue the fet "The cau hole of the Highlesd arms encound a cather

\* The main body of the Highland army encamped, or rath bivonacted, in that part of the King's Park which lit \* towar the milings of Daddingston.

ce' the King's Park, and mony ane's on his ain *ters*, the motto of the Marquis of Tullibardins; By-charks the day that will be carried on ither folk's ere *dand*, that of Lord Lewis Gordon; and the appro-priate signal words and emblems of many other Waverloy sprung up, and, with Callum's assistance chicking and class.

dend, that of Lord Lewis Gordon; and the appro-priate signal words and emblems of many other chieftains and class. At length the mixed and wavering multitude ar-ranged themselves into a narrow and dusky column of great length, stretching through the whole extent of the valley. In the front of the column the standard of the chevalier was displayed, bearing a red cross upon a white ground, with the motto Tandem Tri-umphans. The few cavalry, being chiefty Lowland gentry, with their domestic servants and retainers, formed the sdvanced guard of the army; and their standards, of which they had rather too many in respect of their numbers, were seen waving upon the extreme verge of the horizon. Many horsemen of this body, among whom Waverley accidentally re-marked Balmawhapple, and his licutenant, Jinkz (which hast, however, had been reduced, with serval others, by the advice of the Baron of Bradwardina, to the situation of what he called reformed officers, or reformadoes,) added to the liveliness, though by me drenched over night, had probably detained these heir horses as fast forward as the press would per-mit, to foin their proper station in the van. The fas-cinations of the Circes of the High Street, and the potations of strength with which they had been drenched over night, had probably detained these he-roes within the walls of Edinburgh somewhat later than was consistent with which they had been drenched over night, had probably detained these he-mores within the walls of Edinburgh somewhat later than making of these small parties of horsernes, as well as the confusion occasioned by these who em-deavoured, though generall parties of horsernes, and well as the confusion occasioned by these who em-deavoured, though generall parties of horsernes, and well as the confusion occasioned by these who em-deavoured, though generall parties of horsenes, and predict, to press to the front through the crowd of Highlanders, man-gre their curses, owths, and opposition, added to the pictures wildness, what it took

regularity, of the scene. While Waverley gazed upon this remarkable spec-tacle, rendered yet more impressive by the occasional discharge of campon shot from the Castle at the High discharge of cannon-shot from the **Castle** at the **High** land guards as they were withdrawn from its vicinity to join their main body, Callum, with **kis usual frag-**dom of interference, reminded him that Vich Ian Vohr's folk were nearly at the head of the column of march which was still distant, and that "they would gauge very fast after the cannon fired." Thus adme-nished, Waverley walked briskly forward, yet often casting a glance upon the darksome clouds of war-riors who were collected before and beneath him. A nearer view indeed rather diminished the effort imnors who were collected before and beneath him. A nearer view, indeed, rather diminished the effect in pressed on the mind by the more distant appearance of the army. The leading men of each clan were we armed with brondsword, target, and fusee, to which all added the dirk, and most the steel pistol. The these consisted of gentlemen, that is, relations of the chief, however distant, and who had an immediate with a bit compteness and wratestime. Most are these consisted of gentlemen, that is, relations of the chief, however distant, and who had an immediate tills to his countenance and protection. Finer sad hardier men could not have been selected out of any entry in Christendom; while the free and independ-ent habits which each possessed, and which each was yet so well taught to subject to the command of his chief, and the peculiar mode of discipline adopted in Hishland warfare, rendered them equally formi-dable by their individual courage and high spirit, and from their rational courage and high spirit, and for their rational courage and high spirit, and for their rational courage and high spirit, and for a tack the fullest opportunity of success. But, in a lower rank to these, there were found in-dividuals of an inferior description, the common pec-gantry of the Highland courity, who, although they did not allow themselves to be so called, and claimed often, with apparent truth, to be of more ancient de-scent than the masters whom they served, half nathed, stinted in growth, and miserable in aspect. Fach important clan had some of those Helors at achieved inten j-thus, the Mac-Couls, though tracing their them j-thus, the Mac-Couls, though tracing their intent clan had some of those Helors at achieved in them j-thus, the Mac-Couls, though tracing their intent in an and some of those Helors at achieved in them j-thus, the Mac-Couls, though tracing their intent in the master whom they served the star-ther the start here in the start de-scent than the master whom they served in a port.

**Case. LEV.1** Waves a sert of Gheensite, or brendingy everants to the Stewarts of Appine: the Machenel Waves or Fingel, were a sert of Gheensite, or brendingy everants to the Stewarts of Appine: the Machenel, consider drum the anthopy monarch of that name, were sub-ject to the Morays, and clan Dumaochy, or Robert-energy of Ahole; and many other examples might be green, were it not for the risk of burting any pride of clamating which may yet be left, and thereby drawing a Highland tempest into the shop of my publisher. Now these same Helots, though forced into the field by the arbitrary authority of the chieftains ander whom they hewed weed, and drew water, were, in general, very uparingly field, ill dressed, and worse armed. The latter circumstance was indeed owing shiefly to the general discussion act, which had been armed into affect esteasibly through the whole High-mode, its infineme, by retaining the wespose of their own immediate chansus, and delivering up those of has value, which they collected from these inferior are have already hinted, many of these poor feloves we have already hinted, many of these poor feloves are brought to the field in a very wretshed condition. From this i Lappened, that, in bodies, the van of white, the reser resembled sotial banditi. Here was a gaw without a lock, there a seythe set straight upon a pole and some had only their dirks, and bladgeons or stake pulled out of indeges. The grim, uncombed and wild appearance of diversite and appearance of diversite and appearance of their population, while thus sellying forth as mil-son the state pulled out of the searce ter and appeared with an uppression, the reserverse which the policy of fre-wing alwamings, the stangest which the policy of fre-wing and with all the edimination of the Highlande known at the lappearance of the scarce ter and appearance of their population, while thus sellying forth as mil-tray adventures, countered in the sound resu of fre-winge and atomether burdes who

"If the Brutch kingdoma. As he moved along the column, which still re-chained stationary, an iron gun, the only piece of ar-tillery possessed by the army which meditated so important a revolution, was fired as the signal of tomerch. The Chevalier had expressed a wish to leave this useless piece of ordnance behind him; but, to his surprise, the Highland chiefs interposed to solicit that it might according mark mark bleavier. his surprise, the Highland chiefs interposed to solicit that it might according their march, pleasing the prejudices of their followers, who, little accustomed to artillery, attached a degree of absurd importance to this field-piece, and expected it would contribute essentially to a victory which they could only owe to their own maskets and broadswords. Two or three Brench artillerymen were therefore appointed to the management of this military engine, which was drawn along by a string of Highland ponies, and was, after all, only used for the purpose of firing signals. No soomer was its voice heard upon the present

\* This circumstance, which is historical as well as the de-ceription that precedes it, will remaind the reader of the war of La reader, in which the royalists, consisting chiefly of insurgent sensitive, attached a prodigtions and even apportitions interess the prevention of a prodigtions fund even including called the prevention of a prodigtion of the sensitive relations.

• personners, attached a prodigions and even superitions interest is the posterious of a piece of brase orinance, which they called Marie Jenne. The Highhanders of an early period were afraid of cannon, with the soiss and effect of which they were totally thanceasin-the two by search of theory four sould pieces of artillery, that the Earls of Hungly and Errol, in Jances VI is time, gained a free victory at Genivat, oyr a sumeryous Highland army, commanded by the Earl of Argyle. At the battle of the Bridge of dee, General Middleston obtained by his artillery a similar suc-ease. the Highlanders not being able to sand the disclarge of fuels of Safeter, which was the same they boltowed on great-ters. The and bailed on the battle of the Bridge of Dee, these these to same te-٠,

The Highlandmes are pretty may For banding syoni and this'd, Vot. II.- M

aged, locossion, then the windle and was in environ to to wild cay of joy from the advancing battalist aded the air, and was then bot in the abrill chan aded the air, and was the sound of these, in a basis to the barpipes, as the sound of these, in their t partially drewned by the heavy tread of so m r fairs. put at once into motion. The banners shifted ahook as they moved forward, and the heres h ened to occupy their station as the sdwanoed ge and to push on reconnoisering parties to an and to push on reconnotioning parties to accord and report the motions of the ensenty. They vanish from Waverley's eye as they whoeled round the bu of Arthur's Seat, under the remarkable ridge of A saltic reocks which fronts the little lake of Du

action roots which invite the arms direction, " The infantry followed in the same direction," lating their pace by another body which compare road more to the southward. It cost Edward a constion of activity to attain the place which I gue a followers occupied in the late of march.

#### CHAPTER XLV.

#### AN THEIRPET GIVEN BLOS TO PRAYALLING BURGEORD

AN INCREME GIVES HERE TO TRAVALLING ENGLIGHTED Which was filled by the clan of Mac-Ivor, they have formed, and received him with a triumphant flour upon the bagoipes, and a loud shout of the man, ma of whom Knew him personally, and wave designed see him in the dress of their country and of their set "You shout," said a Highlander of a meighbour clan to Evan Dhu, "as if the Chieftain wave bu come to your head."

"Mar s Brande ca Stathair, If it be not Bren, it is Bran's brother," was the proverbial reply of Mas-

"O, then, it is the handsome Samensch Duinhs "O, then, it is the handsome Samensch Duinhs wassel, that is to be married to Lady Flora ?" "That may be, or it may not be; and it is meither

your matter nor mine, Gregor." Fergus advanced to embrace the volunteer, and af-ford him a warm and hearty welcome; but he thoughs it nécessary to apologize for the diminished numbers of his battalion, (which did not exceed three hundred man.) by observing, he had east a good many. out upon parties

upon parties: The real fact, however, was, that the defection of Donaid Bean Leas had deprived him of at least thirty hardy fellows, whose services he had fully reckoned upon, and that many of his occasional adherents had been recalled by their several chiefs to the standards to which they most properly owed their allegiance. The rival chief of the great northern branch also af his own clan, had mustered his people, although he had not yet declared either for the government or for the Chevalier, and by his intriguer had in some degrees diminished the force with which Fergus took the field. To make amends for these disappointments, it was universally admitted that the followers of Vich Ian Vohr, in point of appearance, equipment, arms, it was universally admitted that the followers of Vica Ian Vohr, in point of appearance, equipment, arma, and dexterity in using them, equalled the most choice troops which followed the standard of Charles Ed-ward. Old Ballenkeiroch acted as his major; and, with the other officers who had known Waverley when at Glennaquoich, gave our hero a cordial recep-tion, as the sharer of their future dangers and expected honours.

The route pursued by the Highland army, after

But yet they are but simple men To stand a stricken field	•
The Highlandmen are proity men For target and claymore, But yet they are but neked men To face the cannon's rear.	•
For the cannoh's soar on a summar sight Like thander in the air ; Was never unan in Highland parb Would face the cannon fair.	

But the Highlanders of 1745 had get far bayend th of their forefathers, and showed throughout the wh little they dranded artillery, although the common attached some evacurator to the possession of the Any dreame and a second to the second structure to the second structure of the second second

Acating the village of Duddingstone, was, for some time, the common post-road betwirt Edinburgh and Haddington, until they crossed the Esk, at Mussel-burgh, when, instead of keeping the low grounds to wards the sea, they turned more inland, and occursed the brow of the eminence called Carberry Hill, a place already distinguished in Scottish history, as place already distinguished in Scottish history, as place already distinguished in Scottish history, as the spot where the lovely Mary surrendered herself to her insurgent subjects. This direction was chosen, because the Cheveliar had received notice that the interior deen, had landed at Dunbar, and quartered the night before to the west of Haddington, with the interior " " a more statuly added, " But it will be a compassion; then instantly added, " But it will be a thousand men's fait before night; so come along." before to the west of Haddington, with the intention of falling down towards the sea side, and approach-ing Edinburgh by the lower const-road. By keeping it was hoped the Highlanders might find an opportunity of attacking them to advantage. The army therefore halted upon the ridge of Carberry Hill, both to refresh the soldiers, and as a central situation, from which their march could be directed to any point that the motions of the enemy might render most advisa-While they remained in this position, a meeble. enger arrived in haste to desire Mac-Ivor to come to the Prince, adding, that their advanced post had had a skirmish with some of the enemy's cavalry, and that the Baron of Bradwardine had sent in a few prisoners

that the Baron of Bradwardine had sent in a few waverley walked forward out of the line to satisfy his curiosity, and soon observed five or six of the troopers, who, covered with dust, had galloped in to amounce that the enemy were in full march west-ward along the coast. Pussing still a little farther on, he was struck with a groan will in insued from a hovel. He approached the spot, and heard a voise, in the provincial English of his native country, which sedesvoured, though frequently interrupted by pain, to repeat the Lord's Prayer. The voice of distress always found a ready answer in our hero's bosom. He entered the hovel, which seemed to be intended for what is called, in the pastoral counties of Scot-land, a smearing-house; and in its obscurity Ed-ward could only at first discorn a sort of red bundle; for those who had stripped the wounded man of his gron-cloak in which he was enveloped. "For the love of God," said the wounded man, as he heard Waverley's step, "give me a single drop of "Yon a shall have it" answered Waverley, at the

he heard Waverley's step, "give me a single drop of "You shall have it," answered Waverley, at the same time raising him in his arms, bearing him to the loor of the hut, and giving him some drink from his fask. "I should know that voice," said the man; but, tooking on Waverley's dress with a bewildered look,-"no, this is not the young squire!" "This was the common phrase by which Edward was distinguished on the estate of Waverley-Honour, and the sound now thrilled to his heart with the thousand recollections which the well-known accents of his native country had already contributed to swaken. "Houghton!" he said, gazing on the shast-ly features which death was fast disfiguring, "can this be you ?"

"Insoe you " "I never thought to hear an English voice again." said the wounded man; "they left me to live or diel hare as I could, when they found I would say notning about the strength of the regiment. But, O squirel how could you stay from us so long, and let us be tempted by that fiend of the pit, Ruffin?-we should have followed you through flood and fire, to be sure." Sau ....

be sure." "Ruffin ! I assure you, Houghton, you have been "lely imposed upon." "I often thought so," sai! Houghton, "though they showed us your very seal; and so Timms was abot, and I was reduced to the ranks." "Do not exhaust your strength in speaking," said Sdward; "I will get you a surgeon presently." He saw Mac-Ivor approaching, who was now re-turning from head-quarters, where he had attended a council of war, and hastened to meet him. "Brave news !" shouted the chief; "we shall be at it in less shan two hours. The Prince has put himself at the

I cannot; I tell you he is a son of a tenant of my

metica moticgnears," continued the impatient Chief-tain, —" what made an old soldier like Bradwarding, send dying men here to cumber us ?" Callum came with his usual alertness; and indeed, Wayerley rather gamed than lost in the opinion of the Highlanders, by his anxiety about the wounded man. They would not have understood the general philanthropy, which rendered it almost impossible for Wayerley to have passed any person in such distress; but, as apprehending that the sufferer was one of his following," they unanimously allowed that Waverley's conduct was that of a kind and considerate chieftain, who merited the attachment of his people. In about a quarter of an hour, poor Humphrey breathed has last, praying his young master, when he returned to Waverley-Honour, to be kind to old Job Houghton and his dame, and conjuring him not to fight with these wild petitoeat-men against old England. When his last breath was drawn, Waverley, who had beheld with sincere sorrow, and no slight times of remore, the final agonies of mortality, now wai-messed for tha first time, commanded Callum to re-move the body into the hut. This the young Highlah-der performed, not without examining the pockets of the defunct, which, however, he remarked, hed been pretty well spong'd. He took the cloak, however and proceeding with the provident caution of a spaniel hiding a bone, concealed it among some furma, and carefully marked the spot, observing, that if he chanced to return that way, it would be an arcellent i twas by a considerable exertion that they re-gained their place in the marching column, which a was now moving rapidly forward to occupy the high grounds above the village of Tranent, between which and the sea lay the purposed march of the opposite army. .

and the sea lay the purposed masses and the sea lay the purposed masses are an army. This melancholy interview with his late sergeant forced many unavailing and painful reflections upon for the man, that. Colonel Gardiner's proceedings had been strictly warranted, and even rendered indispensable, by the steps taken in Edward's name to induce the soldiers of his troop to mutiny. The circumstance of the seal, he now, for the first time, recollected, and that he had lost it in the cavern of the robber, Bean Lean. That the artful villain had secure it, and used it as the means of carrying on an intrigue in the regiment for his own purposes.

recollected, and that he had lost it in the cavern of the robber, Bean Lean. That the artful villain had secured it, and used it as the means of carrying on an intrigue in the regiment for his own purposes, was sufficiently evident; and Edward had now little doubt that in the packet placed in his portmanteau by his daughter, he should find farther light upon has proceedings. In the meanwhile, the repeated expos-tulations of Houghton, —"Ah, squire, why did you leave us?" rung like a knell in his ears. "Yea," he said, "I have indeed actid towards your with thoughtless cruelty. I brought you from your paternal fields, and the protection of a generous and kind landlord, and when I had subjected you to all the rigour of military discipline, I shunned to beas my own abare of the burden, and wandered from the duties I had undertaken, leaving alike those whom it was my business to protect, and my own reputities, and indecision of mind ! if not in yourselves vices, to bow much exquisite misery and mischief do. yeas " Residue for followers.

\* Beating for followers

#### THE EVE OF BATTLE

ALTHOUGH the Highlanders marched on very fast. the sun was declining when they arrived upon the brow of those high grounds which command an open and extensive plain stretching northward to the sea, and extensive plain stretching northward to the sea, on which are situated, but at a considerable distance from each other, the small villages of Seaton and Cockenzie, and the larger one of Preston. One of the low coast-roads to Edinburgh passed through this plain, issuing upon it from the enclosures of Seaton-house, and at the town or village of Preston again entering the define of an enclosure.

Cockenzie, and the isrger one of Presion. One of the isr low coast-roads to Edinburgh presed through this i plain, issuing upon it from the enclosures of Seaton-inouse, and at the town or village of Preston again entering the defles of an enclosed country. By this way the English general had chosen to approach the metropolis, both as most commodious for his cavalry, and being probably of opinion that, by doing so, he would meet in front with the Highlanders advancing from Edinburgh in the opposite direction. In this he was mistaken; for the sound judgment of the Che-valier, or of those to whose advice he listened, left the direct passage free, but occupied the strong ground is by which it was overlooked and commanded. When the Highlanders reached the heights above it the plain described, they were immediately formed in array of battle along the brow of the hill. Almost at the same instant the van of the English appeard is-suing from among the trees and enclosures of Seaton, with the purpose of occuping the level plain between the high ground and the sea; the space which divided the armies being only about half a mile in breadth. Waverley could plainly see the equadrons of argoons ishe, one after another, from the defles, with their front opposed to that of the Prince's army. They were followed by a train of field-pieces, which, when they into line, and pointed against the heights. The march was continued by three or four regiments of infantry marching in open column, their fixed beyonets show-ing like succeasive hedges of steel, and their arms ghancing like lightning, as, at a signal given, they also at once wheeled up, and were placed in direct opposition to the Highlanders. A second train of ar-fillery, with another regiment of horse, closed the long march, and formed on the left fink of the jm-famity, the whole line facing southward. The regulars, who were in high spirits, returned a lond shout of definance, and fired one or two of their framot kine, so that both armises got into complete order into ki

But the ground through which the mountaineers must have descended, although not of great extent, was impracticable in its character, being not only marshy, but intersected with walls of dry stone, and traversed in its whole length by a very broad and deep ditch, circumstances which must have given the deep ditch, circumstances which must have given the musk etry of the regulars dreadful advantages, before the mountaineers could have used their swords, on which they were taught to rely. The authority of the commanders was therefore interposed to curb the impetuosity of the Highlanders, and only a few marks-men were sent down the descent to skirmish with the energy's advanced posts, and to reconnoitre the energy and the set of the the energy's advanced posts, and to reconnoitre the

RLEY. So diators in the arena, each meditating upon the mode of attacking their enemy. The leading officers, and the general staff of each army, could be distinguish-ed in front of their lines, busied with spy-giases to watch each other's motions, and occupied in dispatch-ing the orders and receiving the intelligence conveyed by the aidea-de-camp and orderly men, who gave life to the scene by galloping along in different directions, as if the fate of the day depended upon the speed of individual sharp-shooters, and a hat or bonnet was occasionally seen to fail, as a wounded man was borne off by his contrades. These, however, were but trifling skirmishes, for it suited the views of neither party to advance in that direction. From the neigh-bouring hamlets, the peasantry cantiously showed themselves, as if watching the issue of the expected engagement; and at no great dis ance in the bay were two equare-rigged version, bearing the English flag, whose jops and yards were crowded with less time the awful peuse had lasted for a short time, Fergus, with analyses of the set of or a short time, Fergus, with analyses of the set of or a short time, Fergus, with analyses of the set of or a short time,

imid spectators. When this awful pause had lasted for a short time, Fergus, with another chieftain, received orders to de-tach their clans towards the village of Preston, in order to threaten the right fank of Cope's army, and, compel him to a change of position. To enable him tach their clans towards the village of Preston, in order to threaten the right fank of Cope's army, and, compel him to a change of position. To enable him to executo these orders, the Chief of Glennaquoich occupied the churchyard of Tranent, a commanding situation, and a convenient place, as Evan Dhu re-marked, "for any gentleman who might have the misfortune to be killed, and chanced to be curious about Christian burial." To check or dislodge this party, the English general detached two guns, escort-ed by a strong party of cavairy. They approached so near, that Waveley could plainly recognize the stand-ard of the troop he had formerly commanded, and hear the trumpets and kettle-drums sound the signal of advance, which he had so often obeyed. He could hear, too, the well-known word given in the English ground him, he saw the wild creas and appearance of his Highland associates, heard their whispers in an uncouth and unknown language, looked upon his own dress, so unlike that which he had-worn from his infancy, and wished to awake from what seemed at the moment a dream, strange, horible, and ufinatu-ral. "Good God ?" he muttered, " am I then a traitor to my country, a renegade to my standard, and a foe, as that poor dying wretch expressed himself, to my native England ?" Fre he could diggest or smother the recellection, the tall military form of his late commander came full in

native England ?" Free he could digest or smother the recellection, the tail military form of his late commander came full in view, for the purpose of reconnoitring. "I can hit him now," said Callum, cautiously raising his fuses over the wall under which he lay couched, at scance sixty yards' distance. Edward felt as if he was about to see a parricide committed in his presence; for the venerable grey hair and striking countenance of the veteran receiled the almost natornal respect with which his officera

nair and striking countenance of the vettran recalled the almost paternal respect with which his officers universally regarded him. But ere he could say "Hold!" an aged Highlander, who lay beside Callum Beg, stopped his arm. "Spare your shot," said the seer, "his hour is not yet come. But let him be-ware of to-morrow-I see his winding sheet high upon his breast."

Callum, fint to other considerations, was pen trable to superstition. He turned pale at the words of the Taishatr, and recovered his piece. Colonel Gardiner, unconscious of the danger he had escaped, turned his horse round, and rode slowly back to the front of his regiment.

I cont of his regiment.
I cont of his regiment.
By this time the regular army had assumed a new by the energy's advanced posts, and to reconnoitre the line, with one flank inclined towards the sea, and the ground.
Here then was a military spectacle of no ordinary milar difficulties occurred in attacking their new posterest, or usual occurrence. The two armies, so sition, Fergus and the rest of the detachment were different in its own peculiar mode of war, upon whose the necessity of a corresponding charge in General conflict the temporary fate at least of Scotland ap- Cope's army, which was again brought into a line peared to depend, now faced each other like twe gis- iparallel with that of the Highlanders. In these ma.

essures on both sides the day-light was nearly con-sensed, and both armies prepared to rest upon their rms for the night in the lines which they respectively occupied.

ay occupied. "There will be nothing done to-night," said Fer-gus to his friend Waverley; "ere we wisp ourselves in our plaids, let us go see what the Baron is. doing an the rear of the line."

In the rear of the line." When they approached his past, they found the good old careful officer, after having sent out his night patrols, and posted his southels, engaged in reading the Evening Service of the Episcopal Church to the remainder of his troop. His voice was loud and sonorous, and though his spectacles upon his need, and the appearance of Saunders Sanderson, in military array, performing the functions of elerk, had something hidicrous, yet the circumstances of dan-ger in which they stood, the military costume of the and picquettod behind them, gave an impressive and selemn effect to the office of devotion. "I have confessed to-day, ere you ware awake."

"I have confessed to-day, ere you were awake," whispered Fergus to Waverley; "yet I am not so strict a Catholic as to rafuse to join in this good an's prayers."

Edward assented, and they remained till the Ba-ron had concluded the service. As he shut the book, "Now, lads," said he, "have, at them in the morning, with heavy hands and light consciences." He then kindly greated Mac-love and Manually who construct to heave his conjunc of their at them in the interning, with neary names that may consciences." He then kindly greeted Mac-Ivor and Waverley, who requested to knew his opinion of their mitnation. "Why, you know Tacitus saith, '*I*<sub>n</sub> re-*bus bellicis maxime dominatur Fortuna*,' which is equiponderate with our vernscular adage, 'Luck can main in the mellee.' But, credit me, gentlemen, yon man is not a descon o' his craft. He damps the spirits of the poor lads he commands, by keeping them on the defensive, whilk of itself implies inferio-rity or fear. Now will they lie on their arms yonder, es anxious and as ill at ease as a toed under a har-row, while our men will be quite fresh and blithe for action in the morning. Well, good night.-One thing trophles me, but if to-morrow gees well off, I will consult you about it, Gleonaquoich." "I could almost apply to Mr. Bradwardine the cha-racter which Henry grees of Fluellen." said Waverley, as his friend and he walked towards their bisones: "Though it spears a little out of mahoes."

Though it appears a little out of fashion, These is much care and valour in this 'Scotel **m** 

These is much care and valour in this "Sottahman." "He has seen much service," answered Fergua, " and one is constitues astonished to find how much momenes and reason are mingled in his composition. I wonder what can be troubling his mind-probably something about Rose.-Hark I the English are set-ting their watch." The roll of the drum and shrill accompaniment of the fifes swelled up the hill-dicid away-resumed its immder-and was at length husbed. The trumpets and kottle-drums of the cavalry were next heard to perform the beautiful and wild point ef war appro-priated as a signal for that piece of nocturnal duty, and then finelly sumk upon the wind with a shrill and mounting codence. ournful cadence.

The friehd, who had now reached their post, stood and looked round them ere they lay down to rest. The western sky twinkled with stars, but a frost-mist, rising from the ocean, covered the eastern horizon, and rolled in white wreaths along the plain where the adverse army lay couched upon their arms. Morizon, any rouse in white wronth around the pro-where the adverse armylay couched upon their arms. Their advanced posts were pushed as far as the side of the great ditch at the bottom of the descent, and had kindled large fires at different intervals, gleam-ing with obscure and hazy lustre through the heavy for which encircled them, with a doubtfil halo. The Highlanders, "thick as leaves in Valumbrosa," any stretched upon the ridge of the hill, buried (ex-cepting their sentiaels) in the most profound repose. "How many of these barve follows will sleep more soundly before to-morrow night, Fergus!" said Wa-verley, with an involuntary sigh. "Yee must not think of thet," answared Fergus, where ideas were entirely military. "You must only think of your sword, and by whom it was given. All

whose ideas were entirely military. "You must of think of your sword, and by whom it was given. ether soficetions are now 200 to 12."

With the opints contained in this undemable re-mark, Edward endeavoured to kill the tunnet of his conflicting feelings. The Chieftain and he, combin-ing their plaids, made a comfortable and wirm couch. Calkum, sitting down at their head, (for a was his duty to watch upon the immediate person of the Chief,) began a long mouraful gong in Gashie, and low and uniform tune, which, like the sound of the wind at a distance, soon laked them to slopp.

#### CHAPTER XLVII.

#### THE COMPLICE.

THE CONFLICT. Wmaw Pergue Mac-Ivor and his friend had days for a few hours, they were awakened and summers to attend the Prince. The distant village-clock was heard to toll three as they kastened to the place whose he lay. He was already surrounded by his priman officers and the chiefs of clans. A bundle of perse-stray, which had been lately his couch, now served for his seat. Just as Fergues neached the circle, the consultation had breaken up. "Courses, my brave friends !" said the Chevalier, " and each constant of his command." So the Chevalier, " and each course they friends !" said the Chevalier, " and each course the though narrow and circuitous seats, which sweeping to our right, traveness the breaken ground and morses, and anables us to gain the firm and open plain upon which the energy are your form must do the rest." The proposel agreed unanimous joy, and each

difficulty summounted, incaven and your goes swear must do the rest." The proposal spread unanimous joy, and ease leader hastend to get his men into order with a little noise as possible. The army, moving by it right from off the ground on which they had rests soon entered the path through the moreas, conduct ing their march with astoniahing allence and gree residity. The mist had not risen to the higher ground so that for some time they had the advantage of star ight. But this was lost as the same faded before a proaching day, and the nead of the marching column, continuing its descent, plunged as it was into the heavy occan of fog, which rolled its what waves over the whole plan, and over the mar to be encountered, inseparable from darkness, a narrow breken, and marshy path, and the necessity of gu serving union in the march. These however, was less inconvenient to Highlanders, from their habit of life, than they would have been to any othe irroops, and they continued a steady and swill move ment.

As the clan of Ivor approached the firm great following the track of these who preceded the

All this CHRI OI AVOR SUPPORTANCE two preceded them following the track of these who preceded them "The faithful friend who pointed out the pass by which the Highlanders moved from Tranent to Beston, was Rebert As demon, junice, of Whilburgh, a genilemen of property in the based of the passibility of crossing the theorem and the isother and the passibility of crossing the theorem and the piece of around which divided the armies, and which he divided into the plain, by which the Highlanders daiping than and of Bir John Copie position, without being exposed to the sen my's fig. Having meetioned his opinion to Mr. Hephane o my's fig. Having meetioned his opinion to Mr. Hephane o Keith, who instantly are its importance, he was encouraged by with grateful thanks, and instantly ender Prince Charle with grateful thanks, and instantly was read the around cate the idea to him. Lord George Murry, and commu-cate the idea to him. Lord George forces. His jog a the docation was not very consistent with the charge of cor-antice brought against him by Charles the head of the second the of the at historic received with alecting the new the thead. The Adventance received with alecting the account of the docation was not very consistent with the charge of cos-antice brought against him by Charles the head of the second the other himself, the Prince was at the head of the second the other himself, the Prince was at the head of the second emeny than those who were lying on the ground teilled ag-emeny than those who were lying on the ground teilled mounded (blowg way new res nor work for prover head for the second with such repaiding the battle, of which he sing "The was gained with such repaiding the battle, or who was a emeny than those who were lying on the ground teilled mounded (blowg way new res nor work for prove head of the second would accure have been the choice of one nurbiling to the would accure have been the choice of one nurbiling to the state acture have been the choice of one on thilling ag-with the present dow

ern end of the wide plain, or stubble field, so often referred to, was drawa up in two lines, extending from the morass towards the sea. The first was destined to charge the enemy, the second to act as a reserve. The few horse, whom the prince headed in person, remained between the two lines. The Ad-venturer had intimated a resolution to charge in person at the head of his first line; but his purpose was depresented by all around him, and he was with difficulty induced to a handhon it.

difficulty induced to abandon it. Both lines were now moving forward, the first prepared for instant combat. The clana, of which it was composed, formed each a sort of separate it was composed, formed each a sort of separate phalanx, narrow in front, and in depth ten, twelve, or fifteen files, according to the strength of the fol-lowing. The best armed, and best-born, for the words were synonymous, were placed in front of each of these irregular subdivisions. The others in the rear shouldered forward the front, and by their pressure, added both physical impulse, and additional ardour and confidence, to those who were first to encomine the danger. encounter the danger.

Down with your plaid, Waverley," cried Fergus, wing off his own; "we'll win silks for our tar-a before the sum is above the see." throwing off his own; "we'll win a tams before the sun is above the sea.

tame before the sun is above the see." The classence on every side stript their plaids, pre-mered their arms, and there was an awful pause of about three minutes, during which the men, palling off their bonnets, raised their faces to heaven, and attered a short prayer; then pulled their bonnets over their brows, and began to move forward at first slowly. Waverley feit his heart at that moment throb as it weakld have burst from his bosom. It was not feer, it was at errour -it was a compound of both weakl have burst from his bosom. It was not lear, it was not ardour, --it was a compound of both, a new and deeply energetic impulse, that with its first, emotion chilled and astounded, then fevered and unaddeneed his mind. The sounds atround him com-bined to exalt his enthusiasm; the pipes played, and the clans rushed forward, each in its own dark co-fumn. As they advanced they mended their pace, and the numttering sounds of the men to each other began as small are a suit are

the mattering sounds of the men to each other began to swell into a wild cry. At this moment, the sun, which was now risen above the herizon, dispelled the mist. The vapours ross like a curtain, and showed the two armies in the act of closing. The line of the regulars was formed directly froming the attack of the Highlanders; it directly with the argonium to of a complete surv

CHEM. XLVEL3
Chem. XLVEL3
Chem. XLVEL3
WAVERLEY.
The shallenge of a partrel was beard through the maint, shoogh they could not see the dragoon by whom it was made—" Who goes there?"
"Hush," cried Ferryn, " hush! Let none answer, " and their march with silence and rapidity.
The partrol fired his carabine upon the body, and the raport was instantly followed by the clang of his fartar," said the Baron of Bradwardina, who heard the raport was instantly followed by the clang of his fartar, " said the Baron of Bradwardina, who heard the shot; " that loon will give the alarm."
The clan of Fergus had now gained the firm plain, which had lately borne a large crop of corn. But the arrows twee gathered in, and the expanse was up tree, bash, or interruption of any kits intimation that had lately borne a large crop of corn. But the arrows twee gathered in, and the expanse was up they were, hot disconcerted by this intimation that the for was upon his guard and prepared to received in his target, and in turning it andle Surprise, hewever, had made no part of ther plant.
The they due may were following fast, when they here, hewever, had made no part of there general the fore was upon his guard and prepared to received in his target, and in turning it aside to conside, which were very simple.
The they have very simple.
The hey was not disconcerted by this intimation that the first displanders which has struct disconcerted by this intimation that the fore was upon his guard and prepared to received in his target, and in turning it aside conting upon the officer's head. Waverley in explanders which his struct charge to ase well, and not to pillage his person, promising hit the seare time full indemnification for the spoil. On Edward's wint the heat of the seare time fully indemnification for the spoil. swords, rushed with headlong fury against the in-fanty. It was at this moment of confusion and terror, that Waverley remarked an English officer, apparently of high rank, standing alone and unsupported by a field-piece, which, alter the flight of the men by whom it was wrought, he had himself levelled and discharged against the clan of Mac-Ivor, the nearest group of Highlanders within his aim. Struck with is all, marinal figure, and eager to save him from insvitable destruction, Waverley outstripped for an in-stant even the speediest of the warriors, and, reaching a the spot first, called to him to surrender. The officer replied by a thrust with his saved, which Waverley received in his target, and in turning it aside the battle-axe of Dugald Makony was in the act of de-scending upon the officer's head. Waverley inter-cepted and prevented the blow, and the officer, perv ceving further resistance unavailing, and struck with Edward's generous anxisty for his safety, resigned the fragment of his sword, and was committed by Waverley to Dugald, with strict charge to ase him well, and not to pillage his person, promising him, at the same time, full indemnification for the spoil. On Edward's right the battle for a few minutes raged fierce and thick. The English infantry, trained and broken in many places by the clase unases of the clans, and in the personal struggle which en-sued, the nature of the Highlanders' weapons, and heir extraordinary faronees and activity, gave them a decided superiority over those who had been accu-

sued, the nature of the Highlanders' weapons, and their extraordinary fleroaness and activity, gave them a decided superiority over those who had been accus-tomed to trust much to their array and discipline, and felt that the one was broken and the other useless. Waverley, as he cast his eyes towards this scene of smoke and slaughter, observed Colonel Gardiner, descried by his own soldiers in spite of all his at-tempts to rally them, yet spurning his horse through the field to take the command of a small body of in-factor who with their backs arranged against the fantry, who, with their backs arranged against the wall of his own park, (for his house was close by the wall of his own park, (for his house was close by the field of battle.) continued a desperate and unavailing resistance. Waverley could perceive that he had al-residy received many wounds, his clothes and saddle being marked with blood. To save this good and brave man, became the instant object of his most anxious exertions. But he could only witness his fall. Ere Edward could make his way among the Highlanders, who furious and eager for spoil, now thronged upon each other, he saw his former com-mander brought from his horse by the blow of a scythe, and beheld him receive, while on the ground, more wounds than would have let out twenty lives. more wounds than would have let out twenty lives. When Waverley came up, however, perception had not entirely fied. The dying warrior seemed to re-cognise Edward, for the fixed his eye upon him with an upbraiding, yet sorrowful look, and appeared to struggle for utterance. But he feit that death was-dealing closely with him, and resigning his purpose, and folding his hands as if in devotion, he gave up his sonl to his Creator. The look with which he re-garded Waverley in his dying moments, did not strike him so deeply at that crisis of hurry and confusion, as when it recurred to his imagination at the distance of some time.\* of some time.\*

above the hermon, dispelled the mist. The vapours of some time.\* rows like a curtain, and showed the two armies in the act of closing. The line of the regulars was formed dirowsly freasing the attack of the Highlanders; it "The death of this good Christian and galland man is the widence of eye witnesses." "The death of this good Christian and galland man is the widence of eye witnesses." "The death of this good Christian and galland man is the widence of eye witnesses." "The death of the good Christian and galland man is the widence of eye witnesses." "The death of the good Christian and galland man is the widence of eye witnesses." "The death of the good Christian and galland man is the widence of eye witnesses." "The cantined all night under a nice of the widence of eye witnesses." "The cantined all night under a nice of the widen happen manded to charge the advancing Highlanders in the man on, and, saized with a disgraceful panic, wa-ment, hatted, disbanded, and galloped from the field the stillerymen, deserted by the cavality, fiel after the stillerymen, deserted by the cavality fiel after the stillerymen, deserted by the cavality

field. The battle was fought and won, and the whole baggage, artillery, and military stores of the regular army remained in possession of the victors. Never from the battle, excepting the cavalry, who had left it at the very onset, and even these were broken into different parties and scattered all over the country. So far as our tale is concerned, we have only to re-late the fate of Balmawhapple, who, mounted on a horse as headstrong and stiffnecked as his rider, pur-sued the flight of the dragoons above four miles from sued the flight of the dragoons above four miles from the field of battle, when some dozen of the fugitives took heart of grace, turned round, and cleaving his skull with their broadswords, satisfied the world that the unfortunate gentleman had actually brains, the end of his life thus giving proof of a fact greatly doubted during its progress. His death was lamented by few. Most of those who knew him agreed in the with a characteristic factors in the restrict there with observation of Ensign Maccombich, that there was mair tint (lost) at Sheriff-Muir." His friend, was mair tint (lost) at Sheriff-Muir." His friend, bieutenant Jinker, bent his eloquence only to excul-ment his favourite mare from any share in contribu-ting to the catastrophe. "He had tauld the laird a thousand times," he said, "that it was a burning shame to put a martingale upon the puir thing, when he would needs ride her wi' a curb of half a yard lang; and that he could na but bring himsell (not to say her) to some mischief, by finging her down, or otherwise; whereas, if he had had a wee bit rinnin ring on the snaffle, she wad ha' rein'd as cannily as a cadger's pownie."

Such was the elegy of the Laird of Balmawhapple.\*

#### CHAPTER XLVIIL

#### AW INEXPECTED EMBARRACHENT

WHEN the battle was over, and all things coming into order, the Baron of Bradwardine, returning from into order, the Baron of Bradwardine, returning from the duty of the day, and having disposed those under his command in their proper stations, sought the Chieftain of Glennaquoich and his friend Edward Waverley. He found the former busied in determi-ning disputes among his clansmen about points of precedence and deeds of valour, besides sundry high and doubtful questions concerning plunder. The most important of the last respected the property of a gold watch, which had once belonged to some unfortunate English officer. The party against whom judgment (i. e. the watch, which he took for a living animal) died the very night Vich Ian Vohr gave her to Mur-

(i. c. the watch, which he took (of a living animal) died the very night Vich Ian Vohr gave her to Mur-The Colonel at the beginning of the onset, which in the whole list boast, which made him give a sudden apring in listsadder, who made him to retrack, but he said it was only a would in the two made him to retrack, but he said it was only a would in the fash, and fought on, though he presently after received a short and thing to retrack, but he said it was only a would in the fash, and fought on, though he presently after received a short and thing to retrack, but he said it was only a would in the fash, and fought on, though he presently after received a short and thing the rest thild. In the meantime, it was discorred that some of the occur field by him, and particularly one man, who had profession of zeal for the present stabilishment. "Events of this kind pass in less time than the description for a few moments supported by his men, and particularly are for fill holds. The battle of Faikirk, and by Liestenant West, a man of dis inguished barvery, as also by about fiftee drigonon, who store is substance offered by some of the base mere and a few months after fill holds, the passi in less and the ground the the sevent heres, and a few months after fill holds, and real ways understance offered by some of the base was failing all to officers did what they could to raily then some of the gailent officers did what they could to raily then an some ofter gailent officers did what they could to a light had this are somet, 'in the basting of the parency, which has all of an and the ways understood that many of the base somet the gailent officers did what they could to a light head some of the gailent officers did what they could to a light head some of the gailent officers did what they could to a light head some of the gailent officers did what they could to a light head some of the stable some and the same is an other daw suderstood that many of the base somet and left him. He away a party of the foot, who we soma

Loud shouts of triumph now echoed over the whole | doch ;" the machine having, in fact, stopped for wan

doch i the machine maxing, in feet, swyper av was of winding up. It was just when this important question was deci-ded, that the Baron of Bradwardine, with a careful and yet important expression of countenance, joined and yet important expression of countenance, joined the two young men. He descended from his reaking charger, the care of which he recommended to one of his grooms. "I seldom ban, sit," said he to the man; " but if you play any of your hound's foot tricks, and leave puir Berwick before he's sorted, to ran after spullzle, deil be wi' me if I do not give your craig a thraw." He then stroked with great complacency the animal which had borne him through the fatigues of the day and hours they at torder the series of the set and the stroked with great complexency of the day, and having taken a tender leave of him.

"Weel, my good young friends, a glorious and deci-sive victory," said he; "but these loons of troopers fled ower soon. I should have liked to have shown sive victory," said be; "but these loons of troopers fled ower soon. I should have liked to have shown you the true points of the *prætium equestre*, or eques-trian combat, whilk their cowardice has postponed, and which I hold to be the pride and terror of warfare. Weel, I have fought once more in this old quarral, though I admit I could not be so far ben as you lads, being that it was my point of duty to keep together our handful of horse. And no cavalier ought in any wise to begrudge honour that befalls his companions, even though they are ordered upon thrice his danger, whilk, another time, by the blessing of God, may be his own case.—But, Glennaquoich, and you. Mr. Wa-verley, I pray ye to give me your best advice on a matter of mickle weight, and which deeply affects the honour of the house of Bradwardine.—I crave your pardon, Ensign Maccombich, and yours, inversugh-lin, and yours, Edderalshendrach, and yours, sit." "The last person he addressed was Ballenkeisroch, who, remembering the death of his son, loured on him with a look of savage definace. The Baron, quick as lightning at taking umbrage, had already bent has brow, when Glennaquoich dragged his major from the spot, and remonstrated with him, in the authori-tative tone of a chieftain, on the madness of reviving a quarrel in such a moment. "The lay and remonstrated with carcasses" said the

a quarrel in such a moment.

The ground is cumbered with carcasses," said the

"The ground is cumbered with carcasses," said the old mountaineer, turning sullenly away; "one more would hardly have heen kenn'd upon it; and if it wasna for yoursell, Vich Ian Vohr, that one should be Bradwardine's or mine." The chief soothed while he hurried him away; and then returned to the Baron. "It is Ballenkerroch," he said, in an under and confidential voice, "father of the young man who fell sight years since in the sunlucky affair at the Mains." "Ah!" said the Baron, instantly relaxing the doubt ful sternness of his features, "I can take mickle free from his hore. The support ha full apother Hisplander, who

## Case, XLVIII.)

a man to whom I have unhappily rendered sic a dis-pleasure as that. Ye were right to apprize me, Glen maqueich; he may look as black as midnight at Martinmas are Cosmo Comyne Bradwardine shall say he does him wrang. Ah I have mae male Lineaga, and I should bear with one I have made childless, though you are aware the bloodwit was made up to your ain astisfaction by asyrthment, and that I have since ex-pedited letters of slains.-Weel, as I have and exit is on that cone fain the honour of my house; and it is on that cone prayed ye for your peculiar and private attention." The two young men awaited to hear him, in annious the start of the second of the start of

"I doubt na, lads," he proceeded, "but your educa-tion has been see seen to, that ye understand the true trature of the foudal tenures?"

Fergus, afraid of an endless dissertation, answered "Intimately, Baron," and touched Waverley, as a sig-

nature of the feudal tenures?" Forgus, afraid of an endless dissertation, answered, "Intimately, Baron," and touched Waverley, as a sig-hal to express no ignorance. "And ye are sware, I doubt not, that the holding of the Barony of Bradwardine is of a nature alike ho-mourable and peculiar, being blanch, (which Craig goines ought to be Latinated blancusm, or rather francusm, a free holding.) pro scriptic detrohendi, sca exuendi, caligae regis past battalliam." Here Fergus furned his falcon eye upon Edward, with an almost imperceptible rise of his eyebrow, to which his shoul-ders corresponded in the same degrees of elevation. "Now, twa points of dubitation occur to me upon this topic. First, whether this service, or foudal ho-mage, be at any event due to the person of the Prince, the words being, per cryressum, caligae mass, the boots of the king himself; and I pray your opinon ament that particular before we proceed farther." "Why, he is Prince Regent," answered Mac-Ivor, with indable composure of courtenance; "and in the court of France all the honours are rendered to the person of the Rogent which are due to that of the King. Besides, were I to pull off either of their boots, I would render that service to the young Chevalier and inse more willingly than to his father." "Ay, but I talk not of personal predilections. How-ever, your authority is of great weight as to the usages of the court of france is dubuined the homoagium of the great tenants of the crown, since all faithful subjects are commanded, in the commission of re-gency, to respect him as the King's own person. Far, therefore, be it from me to diminis the luster of his authority, by withholding this act of homage, so pe-cultarly calculated to give it splendour; for question if the Romeror of Germacy hath his boots taken off by a frae baron of the empire. Buthere lieth the se-pond difficulty—The Prince wears no boots, but simply brogees and trews." This last dilemma had almost disturbed Fergur's invertie."

"Why," said he, "you know, Baron, the proverb tells na, 'It's ill taking the breeks off a Highland-man, \_\_\_\_and the boots are here in the same predicament."

ment." "The word caligg, however," continued the Baron, "though I schnit, that, by family tradition, and even in our ancient evidents, it is explained lie soors, meana, im its primitive bense, rather sandals; and Calus Creser, the nghew and successor of Calus. Therius, received the agnomen of Caligula, a caligulit, size entigis levieribus, quibus adolescentior usus fuerat in argential Germanici patris sui. And the caligg were also proper to the monastic bodies; for we read in an ancient Glossarium, upon the rule of St. Bene-dict, in the Abbey of St. Amand, that caligg were tied with latchets."

tied with latchets." "That will apply to the brogues," said Fergus. "It will so, my dear Glennaquoich, and the words are express; Caligo dicto sunt quia ligantur ; nam socci non Hgantur, sed tantum intromittuntur; that is, caligo are denominated from the ligatures, where-with they are bound; whereas socci, which may be snalogous to our mules, whilk the English denomi-sate slippers, are only slipped upon the feet. The words of the charter are also alternative, exurce, seu detrahere; that is, to undo, as in the case of sandals

busine

boularity, he honoured it with a smile, but immediately resumed what to him appeared very serious busines. "Bailie Macwheeble indeed holds an opinion, that it is honorary service is due, from its very nature, so perform that personal duty; and indeed he pointed out the case in Dirkton's Doubts and Queries, Grippit versus Spicer, anent the eviction of an estate of non-service is due, from its very nature, so perform the personal duty; and indeed he pointed out the case in Dirkton's Doubts and Queries, Grippit versus Spicer, anent the eviction of an estate of non-service is spicer, anent the eviction of an estate of non-service is spicer, and its is for non-payment of a feedback with your good favour, to plage myself in the way of rendering the Prince this softice, and to profer performance thereof; and I shall cause the Bailie to attend with a schedule of a protect, whilk he hashere propered (taking out a paper.) intimating that if it shall be his Royal Highness' pleasure to accept of other assistance at pulling off his calige, (whether the said Econo Comyne Bradwardine, who is in presence ready and willing to perform the same, it shall be hashere prograved. (taking out a paper.) intimating that if it shall be hashere prograve in future; nor shall it give any certain y please his Royal Highness to employ, any right, title, or ground, for evicting from the said Cosmo Comyne Bradwardine the estate and barroy of Bradwardine, and others held as aforesaid, by the due and faithill performance thereof." Fergus highly applauded this arrangement; and the beaven I had recommended him to attend the science with solitable gravity." "And how can you take pleasure of performing it works to ricklower?" "And how can you take pleasure of performing it would be curved with suitable gravity." "And how can you take pleasure of performing it works or includues?" "Begging pardon, my dear Waverley, you are seried on the science that the min's whole mind is warpoed up in this centenony? He has heard and thought of it since infancy,

#### CHAPTER XLIX. THE ENGLISH PRICONER.

# THE first occupation of Waverley, after he depart from the Chieftain, was to go in quest of the offic whose life he had saved. He was guarded, along w

is companious in musicitanc, who were very numb-na, is a gentleman's house near the field of battle. On entering the room, where they stood crowded

On entering the room, where they stood crowed together, Waverley easily recognized the object of his vist, not ealy by the peculiar dignity of his appear-asce, but by the appendage of Dugald Mahony, with his battle-axa, who had stuck to him from the mo-ment of his captivity, as if he had been skewered to his side. This close attendance was, perhaps, for the his side. This close attendance was, perhaps, for the purpose of securing his promised reward from Ed-ward, but it also operated to save the English gen-tleman from being plundered in the scene of general confusion; for Dugald sagaciously argued, that the amount of the salvage which he might be allowed, would be regulated by the state of the prisoner, when he should deliver him over to Waverley. He hast-energy the sesare Waverley, therefore, with more words than he usually employed, that he had "keepit ta sidiler roy hall, and that he wasma a plack the waur since the fery moment when his honour forbad her to gie him a bit clamhewit wi' her Lochaber-aze." Waverley assured Dugald of a liberal recompense, and, approaching the English officer, expressed his anxiety to do any thing which might contribute to his convenience under his present unpleasant circum-sures.

naces.

"I am not so inexperienced a soldier, sir," aniwer-ed. the Englishman, "as to complain of the fortune of war. I am only grieved to ese those scenes acted in our own island, which I have after witnessed else-where with comparative indifference." "Another such day as this," said Waverley, "and I trust the cause of your regress will be removed, and at will acain return to neace and order."

A grass the cause of your togets and order." all will again return to peace and order." 'The officer smiled and shock his head. "I must not forget my situation so for as to attempt a formal interpret of the statempt of

all will again return to peace and order." The officer smilled and shock his head. "I mussi-net forget my situation so for as to attempt a formal confutation of that opinion; but, notwithstanding yeus success, and the valour which achieved it; you have undertaken a task to which your strength ap-pears whelly inadequate." At this moment Fergus pushed into the press. "Come, Edward, come along; the prince has gone to Pinkie-house for the night; and we must follow, or loss the whole ceremony of the catige. Your friend, the Baron, has been guilty of a great piece of reuelty; he has imsited upon dragging Baile Mac-wheeble out to the field of battle. Now, you must know, the Bailie's greatest horror is an armed High-lander, or a loaded gun; and there he standa, listen-ing to the Baron's instructions concerning the pro-test; ducking his head like a sea-gull at the report of overy gun and pistol that our idle boys are firing upon the fields; and undergoing, by way of penance at every symptons of finching, a severe rebuke from his patron, who would not admit the discharge of a whole battery of canon, within point-blank distance, as an melly for neglecting a discourse, in which the ho-mar of his family is interested." "Why, he had come as far as Musselburgh, I fancy, in houses of making some of our wills; and the peremp-tary sommends of the Baron dragged him forward to Freston after the battle was over. He compliana of ones or two of our ragamuffins having put him in peril of his like, by presenting their pieces at him; but as they limited has raneom to an English peinny! I don't think we need trouble the provost-martial upon that indice has inter, where english officer, with great settion; "The neghalw of Sir Everard Waverley of "The seame, sir," repied our here, somewhat sur-"Why is head, the barget of the reor, somewhat sur-"The seame, sir," repied our here, somewhat sur-

ion; "th chire?"

"The same, sir," replied our hero, somewhat sur

"I can at ence happy and gricved," said the pri-ever, "to have met with you." "I am ignorant, sir," answered Waverley, "how I have deserved so much interest." "Did your uncle never meanings a friend called Tal-

useresuc nappiness to your generous and noble-mine ed relative. Good God! that I should find his m placw in such a dress, and engaged in such a causa. "Sir," said Fergua haughtily, "the dress and causa are those of men of birth and honour."

are those of men of birth and honow." "My situation forbids me to dispute your asser-tion," said Colonel Talbot; "otherwise it, were no difficult matter to show, that neither courage ner pride of lineage can gild a bad cause. But with Mt. Waverley's permission, and yours, sis, if, yours also must be asked, I would willingly speak a few words with him on affairs cannected with his own family." "We Waverley in require the his own family."

must be asked, I would willingly speak a few words with him on affairs connected with his own motions. --You will follow me, I suppose, to Pinkie," and Fes-gua, turning to Edward, "when you have finished your discourse with this new acquaintance." So saying, the Chief of Glennaquoich adjusted his plaid with rather more than his usual air of haughty as-sumption, and left the apartment. The interest of Waverley readily procured for Colo-nel Talbot tha freedom of adjourning to a large gar-den, belonging to his place of continement. They walked a few paces in silence, Colonel Talbot appa-rently atudying how to open what he had to say; as length he addressed Edward. "Mr. Waverley, you have this day saved mylife; and yet I would to God that I had lost it, are I had found, you wearing the uniform and cockade of these men." I forgive your reproach, Colonel Talbot; it is well meant, and your education and prejudices reader it natural. But there is nothing extraordinary in find-ing a man, whose hongur has been publicly and un-justy assalted, in the situation which promused most fair to afford him satisfaction on his calumniatora." "I should rather say, in the situation most likely to-confirm the reports which they have circulated," said.

"I showd rather say, in the situation most likely to confirm the reports which they have circulated," said. Coloned Talbot, "by following the very line of con-duct ascribed to you. Are you aware, Mr. Waverley, of the infinite distress, and even danger, which your present conduct has occasioned to your nearest rela-tives?" tives?

"Danger!" "Yes, sir, danger. When I left England, your uncle and father had been obliged to find bail to anuncle and father had been obliged to find buil to an-swer a charge of treason, to which they were only admitted by the excition of the most powerful inter-est. I came down to Scotland, with the sole pur-pose of rescuing you from the gulf into which you. have precipitated yourself; nor can I estimate the con-sequences to your family, of your having openly join-ed the rebellion, since the very suspicion of your in-tention was so perilous to them. Most deeply do I regret, that I did not meet you before this last and fatal error." fatal error.

fatal error." "I am really ignorant," said Waverley, in a tone of reserve, "why Colonel Talbot should have taken so much trouble on my account." "Mr. Waverley," answered Talbot, "I am dull as. apprehending irony; and therefore I shall answer your words according to their plain meaning. I answer indebted to your uncle for benefits greater than those which a son owes to a father. I acknowledge to him the duty of a son; and as I know there is no manner in which I can results his kindness as well as be the duty of a son; and as I know there is no manner in which I can requite his kindness so well as by serving you, I will serve you, if possible, whether you will permit me, or no. The personal obligations which you have this day laid me under, (although, is common estimation, as great as one human being can bestow on another,) adds nothing to my zesl an your behalf; nor can that zeal be abated by any cesl-ness with which you may please to receive it." "Your intentions may be kind sir," said Wavers-ley, drily; "but your language is harsh, or at least peremptory."

be, i have heard him talk with great regard of such a factor, and the husband of Lady Emily Blandeville; "On my return to England," continued Colome Talbot, and the husband of Lady Emily Blandeville; "Everand Waverley, in the custody of a king's new senger, in consequence of the sumicion brought arm

by your conduct. He is my addent friend bey a shall I report it—my best benefactor I he sacri free aball I repeat it—any best banefactor I he sacri-test his own views of happiness to mine—he never thered a word, he never harboured a thought, that enswolence itself might not have thought or spoken. found this man in confinement, rendered harsher to found this man in confinement, rendered harsher to fin by his habits of life, his natural dignity of feeling, ad—forgive me, Mr. Waverley,—by the cause through his h this calamity had come upon him. I cannot his the calamity had come upon him. I cannot disguise from you my feelings upon him. I cannot disguise from you my feelings upon this occasion ; they were most painfully unfavourable to you. Hav-ing, by my family interest, which you probably know is not inconsiderable, successed in potaining. Siz Evernd's, release, I set out for Scotland. I saw Walkand Gardings a mar where for scotland. I saw Revenard's release, I set out for Scotland. I saw Colonel Gardinse, a man whose fats alone is suffi-cient to render this insurrection for ever exercisit, it found that In the course of conversation with him. I found, that from late circumstances, from a re-examination of the persons engaged in the mutiny, and from his the persons engaged in the mutany, and from his eriginal good opinion of your character, he was much saftened towards you; and I doubted not, that if I could be so fortunate as to discover you, all might yet be well. But this unnatural rebellion has ruined all. I have, for the first time, in a long and active military life, seen Britons disgrace themselves by a pusic flight, and that before a fee without either arms a distinct. And that before a fee without either arms or discipline : And now I find the heir of my d iend---the son, I may say, of his affactions--sharing triumph, for which he ought the first to have maked. Why should I lament Gardiner! his lot binahed. as happy, compared to mine!

was happy, compared to mine?" There was so much dignity in Colonel Talbot's. manner, such a mixture of military pride and manly sorrow, and the news of Sir Everard's imprisonment was told in so deep a tone of feeling, that Edward stood merified, abashed, and distressed, in pre-sence of the prisoner, who owed to him his life not many hours before. He was not sorry when Fergus intervented their conference a second time.

"His Royal Highness commands Mr. Waverley's "His Royal Highness commands Mr. Waverley's "timdance," Colonel Talbot threw upon Edward a attendance." Colonel Talbot threw upon Edward a reproachful glance, which did not escape the quick eye of the Highland Chief. "His immediate attend-ance," he repeated, with considerable emphasis. Wa-wriey turned again towards the Colonel. "We shall meet again," he said; "in the mean-while, every possible accommodation"— "I desure none," said the Colonel; "let me fare the the meanest of those bravenne, who, on this day of calamity, have preferred wounds and captivity to fight; I would almost exchange places with one of these who have failen. to know that my words have attendance

inget ; I would almost exchange places with one or those who have fallen, to know that my words have made a suitable impression on your mind." "Let Colonel Talbot be carefully secured," said Fergus to the Highland officer, who commanded the guard over the prisoners; "It is the Prince's particu-ier command; he is a prisoner of the utmost im-terior." ortance

portance." "But ist him want no accommodation suitable to his rank," said Waverley. "Consistent always with secure custody," reite-rated Fergma. The officer signified his acquiescence in both commands, and Edward followed Fergus to the garden-gate, where Callum Beg, with three sad-db-hornes, awaited them. Turning his head, he saw Colonel Tulbot re-conducted to his place of con-finement by a file of Highlanders; he lingered on the threshold of the door, and made a signal with his hand towards Waverley, as if enforcing the language he had held towards him.

and towards Waverley, as it enforcing the language is had held towards him. "Horses," said Fergus, as he mounted, "are now s plenty as blackburnes; every man may have them or the catching. Come, let Callum adjust your intrups, and let us to Pinkie-house' as fast as these intrups, and let us to Pinkie-house' as fast as these intrups, and let us to Pinkie-house' as fast as these

#### CHAPTER L.

#### BATHER UNDERFORTANT

• termed back," said Fergus to Edward, as

massage from the Prance. But, Louppens, yes the the value of this meet noble Colonel Talbet as a p soner. He is held one of the best officers among ( red-coats; a special friend and favourite of the Elec-ter himself, and of that dreadful hero, the Duke es Cumberland, who has been summoued from his ta-

tor himself, and of that dreadful hero, the Duke et Cumberland, who has been summoned from his tri-umphs at Fontency, to come over and devour us peer Highlanders alive. Has he been telling you how the bells of St. James's ring? Not 'turn again, Whit-tington,' like those of Bow, in the days of yore?" "Fergus!" said Waverley, with a reproachful look. "Nay, I cannot tell what to make of you," answer-id the Chief of Mae-Ivor, "you are blown about with every wind of doctrins. Here have we gained a vio-tory, unparalleled in history—and your behaviour is praised by every living mortal to the akies—and the Prince is eager to thank you in person—and all eur beanties of the White Rose are pulling caps for you,— and you, the *preux Cheselier* of the day, are stooping on your horse's neck like a butter woman rising to market, and looking as black as a funeral!" " I am sorry for poor Colonel Gardiner's death : her was once very kind to me." "Why, then, be sorry for five minutes, and then be glad again: his chance to-day may be ours to -mar-row; and what does it signify T The next best thing to victory is honourable death; but it is a *pis-aller*, and one would rather a foe had it than one's self." "But Colonel Talbot has informed me that my father and uncle are both imprisoned by government

father and uncle are both imprisoned by governm

Inter and uncle are both imprisoned by government on my account." "We'll put in bail, my boy; old Andrew Ferrarat shall lodge his security; and I should like to see hims. put to justify it in Westminster Hall !" "Nay, they are allordy at liberty, upon bail of a. more civic disposition."

more civic disposition." "Then why is thy noble spirit cast down, Edward? Doet think that the Elector's ministers are such doves as to set their enemies at liberty at this critical mo-ment, if they could or durst confine and punish them? Assure thyself that either they have no charge against your relations on which they have no charge spanner prisonment, or else they are afraid of our friends, the jolly cavaliers of old England. At any rate, you need not be apprehensive upon their account; and we will find some means of conveying to them assurances of your safety.

Edward was silenced, but not satisfied, with the reasons. He had now been more than once shocked reasons. He had now been more than once shocked at the small degree of sympathy which Fergus exhi-bited for the feelings even of those whom he loved, if they did not correspond with his own moed at the time, and more especially if they thwarted him while earnest in a fav urite pursuit. Fergus sometimes in-deed observed, that, he had offended Waverley, but, always intent upon some favourite plan or project of his own, he was never sufficiently aware of the ar-tent or duration of his displeasure, so that the reiter-tent or duration of his displeasure, so that the reiteration of these petty offences somewhat cooled the volunteer's extreme attachment to his officer

volunteer's extreme attachment to his officer. The Chevalier received Waverley with his usual favour, and paid him many compliments on his dis-tinguished bravery. He then took him apart, made many inquiries concerning Colonel Talbot, and when he had received all the information which Edward was able to give concerning him and his connextona, he proceeded,—"I cannot but think, Mr. Waverley, that since this gentleman is so particularly connected with our worthy and excellent friend, Sir Evesard. Waverley, and since his lady is of the house of Blan-derille, whose devotion to the true and loyal prinki-

\* The name of Andres to Forstra is incribed and loyal prinki \* The name of Andres to Forstra is incribed on all the flow lish bookswords which are accounted of peculiar crashing Who this artist was, what were his fortunes, and when b floarished, have hitherto defied the rescarch of astiquaring only its in general believed that Andrea de Ferrar was a Ben-ish or fashing artifact, brought over by James the IV. of V. Is in struct the Scote in the manufacture of aword blades. More than berows ngtions excel in the function of arms, and the Scot had attained great proficiency in forting swords, so early as fi-field of Finkle; at which pool the historian Pathe descrip then as "all nothing good temper, that set I never stw may good, I think; it hand to devise better."--(Access) of Jonesa) 

It may be at erred, that the best and me

your Royal Highness will devolve on some other per-son than the nephew of his friend, the task of laying him under the necessary restraint." "I will trust him with no person but you," said the Prince, smiling, but peremptorily repeating his man-date: "it is of importance to my service that there should appear to be a good intelligence between you, even if you are unable to gain his confidence in ear-nest. You will therefore receive him into your quar-ters, and in case he declines giving his parole, you must apply for a proper guard. I beg you will go about this directly. We return to Edinburgh to-mor-row."

row." Being thus remanded to the vicinity of Preston, Waverley lost the Baron of Bradwardine's solemn act of homage. So little, however, was he at this time in lave with vanity, that he had quite forgotten the ceremony in which Fergus had labourd to en-gage his curiosity. But next day a formal Gazette was circulated, containing a detailed account of the battle of Gładsmuir, as the Highlanders chose to de-nominate their victory. It concluded with an account of the Court afterwards held by the Chevalier at Pinkie house, which contained this among other high-flown descriptive paragraphs: "Since that fatal treaty which annihilates Scot isone to see her princes receive, and her nobles

"Since that fatal treaty which annihilates Scott land as an independent nation, it has not been our happinese to see her princes receive, and her nobles discharge, those acts of feudal homage, which, found-ed upon the splendid actions of Scottish valour, re-call the memory of her early history, with the manly and chivalrous simplicity of the ties which united to the Crown the homage of the warriors by whom it was repeatedly upheld and defended. But on the evening of the 20th, our memories were refreshed with one of those ceremonies which belong to the ancient days of Scotland's glory. After the circle was formed, Cosmo Comyne Bradwardine, of that ilk, colonel in the service, &c. &c. &c. came before the Prince, attended by Mr. D. Macwheeble, the Bailie of his ancient barony of Bradwardine, (who, we un-derstand, has been lately named a commissary), and, ander form of insurument, claimed permission to per-form, to the person of his Royal Highness, as repre-senting his father, the service used and wont, for which, under a charter of Robert Bruce, (of which the original was produced and inspected by the Masters of his Royal Highness & Chancery for the time being, the claimant held the barony of Bradwardine, and inder of Tully-Veolan. His claim being admitted and registered, his Royal Highness having placed his foot upon a cushion, the Baron of Bradwardine, and istehet of the brogue, or low-heeled Highland shoe, which our gallant young hero wears in compliment to his brave followers. When this was performed, his Royal Highness declared the ceremony complet-dited and embracing the gallant veteran, protested that goohing but compliance with an ordinance of Robert the goohing but compliance with an ordinance of Robert the ed; and embracing the gallant veteran, protested that nothing but compliance with an ordinance of Robert mothing but compliance with an ordinance or roover. Bruce, could have induced him to receive even the symbolical performance of a menial office from hands which had fought so bravely to put the crown upon tae head of his father. The Bafon of Bradwardine than took instruments in the hands of Mr. Commis-tion took instruments in the hands of Mr. Commisary Maxwheeble, bearing, that all points and circumina-stances of the act of homage had been rite et solen-saler acta et peracta; and a corresponding entry was made in the protocol of the Lord High Chamberlain, for Price chains diversi in the sole of the Jacobits that he price of some of the Jacobits that he price of some of the Jacobits that he price of the Jac

WAVERLEY. CRAF. LLS WAVERLEY. CRAF. LLS phes of the Church of England is so generally known, the Colonel's own private sentiments cannot be un-throurable to us, whatever mask he may have assu-med to accommodate himself to the times." "If I am to judge from the language he this day beld to me, I am under the necessity of differing wide-ly from your Royal Highness." "Well, it is worth making a trial at least. I there-fore intrust you with the charge of Colonel Talbot, with power to act concerning him as you think most advisable; and I hope you will find means of ascer-taining what are his real dispositions towards our Royal Father's restoration." "I am convinced," said Waverley, bowing, "that if Colonel Talbot chooses to grant his parole, it may be securely depended upon thut if he refuses it, I trust your Royal Highness will devorfe on some other paralog. "We make the observed the some other paraloging with a secure the necessity of differing wide-it for any and that in the meanwhile, his Royal Highness, in his father's name and authority, has been pleased to grant him an honourable augmentation to his pa-to grant him an honourable augmentation to his pa-to grant him an donourable augmentation to his pa-to grant him and the carter cantle of the shield; and, as an dictional motio, on a scroll beneath, the words Draw and draw off." Were it not for the recollection of Ferges's rail-be securely depended upon thut the take of laying have thought of connecting it with any ludicrous

ably would all this sound, and how little should I have thought of connecting it with any ladicrous idea! Well, after all, every thing has its fair, as well as its seemy side and truly I do not see why the Baron's boot-jack may not stand as fair in heraldry as the water-buckets, wagons, cart-wheels, plough-socks, shuttles, candlesticks, and other ordinaries, conveying ideas of any faing save chivalry, which appear in the arms of some of our most ancient gen-try of his, however, is an episode in respect to the provided atory.

When Waverley returned to Preston, and rejoined Colonel Talbot, he found him recovered from the strong and obvious emotions with which a concurrence of unpleasing events had affected him. He had regained his natural manner, which was that of an rence of unpreasing events had since ten him. Fire man regained his natural manner, which was that of an English gentleman and soldier, manly, open, and ge-nerous, but not unsusceptible of prejudice against those of a different country, or who opposed him in political tenets. When Waverley acquainted Colonal Talbot with the Chevalier's purpose to commit him to his charge, "I did not think to have owed so much obligation to that young gentleman," he said, "as is implied in this destination. I can at least cheerfully join in the prayer of the honest Presbyte-rian clergyman, that, as he has come among us seek-ing an earthly crown, his labours may be speedily re-warded with a heavenly one. I shall willingity give my parole not to attempt an escape without your knowledge, since, in fact, it was to meet you that I came to Scotland; and I am glad it has happened even under this predicament. But I suppose we

came to Scotland; and I ara glad it has happened even under this predicament. But I suppose we shall be but a short time together. Your Chevalier, (that is a name we may both give to him,) with his plaids and blue caps, will, I presume, be continuing his crusade southward ??. "Not as I hear; I believe the army makes some stay in Edinburgh, to collect reinforcements." "And to besiege the Castle ?? said Talbot, smilling sarcastically. "Well, unless my old commander, General Preston, turn false metal, or the Castle sink into the North Loch, events which I deem equally probable, I think we shall have some time to arake up our acquaintance. I have a guess that this gal-lant Chevalier has a design that I should be your proselvice and, as I wish you to be mine, there cannot be a more fair proposal, than to afford us fair confe-rence together. But, as I spoke to-day under the in-fluence of feelings I rarely give way to, I hope you wa excuse my entering again upon controversy till we are somewhat better acquainted."

#### CHAPTER LI.

#### INTRIGUES OF LOVE AND POLITICS.

It is not necessary to record in these pages the tra-umphant entrance of the Chevalier into Edinburgh umphant entrance of the Cheveller into Edinberg after the decisive affair of Preston. One circums stance, however, may be noticed, because it illur trates the high spirit of Flora Mac Ivor. The High landers, by whom the Prince was surrounded, in license and extravagance of this joyful moment, for their piecce repeatedly, and one of these having be

sceidentally loaded with bat, the ballet grazed the sion and insurrection among the disaffected at bar roung lady's temple as she waved her handkerchief I therefore entreat you will repair, as soon as possi from a balcony.<sup>6</sup> Fergus, who beheld the accident, to the head-quarters of the regiment; and I am o was at ner side in an instant; and, on seeing that cerned to add, that this is still the more necessi-the wound was trifting, he drew his broadsword, with as there is some discontent in your troop, and I pu the purpose of rushing down upon the man by whose carriesances she had incurred so much danger, when, holding him by the plaid, "Do not harm the poor fallow," she cried; "for Heaven's sake, do not harm him ! but thank God with me that the accident hapberg to Flora Mac-Ivor; for had it befallen a Whig, they would have pretended that the shot was fired on

they would have precence that the shot was inco on purpose." Waverley escaped the slarm which this accident would have occasioned to him, as he was unavoida-by delayed by the necessity of accompanying Colo-nel Talbot to Edinburgh. They performed the journey together on horseback, and for some time, as if to sound each other's feel-ings and sentiments, they conversed upon general and continent time.

and ordinary topics. When Waverley again entered upon the subject which he had most at heart, the situation, namely, of his father and his uncle, Colonel Talbot seemed now The name and me unce, colones Tailoot seemed now rather desirous to alleviate than to aggravate his anxi-ety. This appeared particularly to be the case when he heard Waverley's history, which he did not scru-ple to confide to him. "And any" said the Colonal "there has here no

he heard waverley's history, which he did not scru-ple to confide to him. "And so," said the Colonel, "there has been no malice prepense, as lawyers. I think, term it, in this rash step of yours; and you have been tropanned into the service of this I talian knight-errant by a few civil speeches from him and one or two of his Highland rocraiting sergents? It is sadly foolish, to be sure, but not nearly so bad as I was led to expect. How-ever, you cannot desert, even from the Pretender, at the present moment, - that seems impossible. But I have little doubt that, in the dissensions incident to this heterogeneous mass of wild and desperate men, some opportunity may arise, by availing yourself of which, you may extracte yourself honourably from your rash engagement before the bubble burst. If this can be managed, I would have you go to a place of safety in Flanders, which I shall point out. And I think I can secure your pardon from government after a few months' residence abroad." "I cannot permit you, Colonel Talbot," answered Waverley, "to speak of any plan which turns on my

I cannot permit you, Colonel Talbot," answered Waverley, "to speak of any plan which turns on my descring an enterprise in which I may have engaged hastily, but certainly voluntarily, and with the pur-pose of abiding the issue." "Well," said Colonel Talbot, smiling, "leave me my thoughts and hopes at least at liberty, if not my speech. But have you never examined your myste-nons packet?"

"It is in my baggage," replied Edward; "we shall find it in Edinburgh." In Edinburgh they soon arrived. Waverley's quar-

ters had been assigned to him, by the Prince's ex-vrees orders, in a handsome lodging, where there was accommodation for Colonel Talbot. His first busiaccommodation for Colonel Talbot. His first busi-ness was to examine his portmanteau, and, after a very short search, out tumbled the arpected packet. Waverley opened it eagerly. Under a blank cover, simply addressed to E. Waverley, Esq., he found a number of open letters. The uppermost were two from Colonel Gardiner, addressed to himself. The seriest in date was a kind and gentle remonstrance for neglect of the writer's advice, respecting the dis-goosal of his time during his leave of absence, the re-newal of which, he reminded Captain Waverley, would speedily expire. "Indeed," the letter proceed-ed, "had it been otherwise, the news from abroad, would speedily expire. "Indeed," the letter proceed-ed, "had it been otherwise, the news from abroad, and my instructions from the War-office, must have compelled me to recall it, as there is great danger, since the disaster in Flanders, both of foreign inva-

ince the classifier in Flanders, both of foreign inva-"The incident here suit to have bapponed to Flora Mac-Ivor, chunly befoll Miss Nairno, a lady with whom the author had be plensure of being accounted. As the Highland army rushed the classifier cause, stood waving her handkerchief from a belloony. Here a bell from a Nighlander's musicst, which was discharged y accident, grzzeh her forschead. "Thank dod," said she, the select a second wave of the socident happened to me, there are and its was dense on purpose."

is the head-quarters of the regiment; and I am con-cerned to add, that this is still the more necessary, as there is some discontent in your troop, and I post-pone inquiry into particulars until I can have the advantage of your assistance.

vantage of your assistance." The second letter, dated eight days later, was in such a style as might have been expected from the Colonel's receiving no answer to the first. It remind-ed Waverley of his daty, as a man of honour, an of-ficer, and a Briton; took notice of the increasing dissatisfaction of his men, and that some of them had been heard to hint, that their Captain encouraged and approved of their mutimous hebresiour. and approved of their mutinous behaviour; and, final-In a proven of their mutinous behaviour; and mut-ly, the writer expressed the utmost regret and surprise that he had not obeyed his commands by repairing to head-quarters, reminded him that his leave of ab-sence had been recalled, and conjured him, in a style in which paternal remonstrance was mingled with

in which paternal remonstrance was mingled with military authority, to redeem his error by immediately joining his regiment. "That I may be certain," con-cluded the letter, "that this actually reaches you, I dispatch it by Corporal Tims, of your troop, with of-ders to deliver it into your own hand." Upon reading these letters, Waverley, with great bis-terness of feeling, was compelled to make the amende Anourable to the memory of the brave and excellent writer; for surely, as Colonel Gardiner must have had every reason to conclude they had comesafely to hand. third and final summons, which Waverley actually re-ceived at Glennaquoich, though too late to obey it. And his being superseded, in consequence of his apparent his being superseded, in consequence of his apparent neglect of this last command, was so far from being a harsh or severe proceeding, that it was plainly inevi-table. "The next letter he unfolded was from the Matable. The next letter he unfolded was from the Ma-jor of the regiment, acquainting him that a report, to the disadvantage of his reputation, was public in the country, stating, that one Mr. Falconer of Ballihop-ple, or some such name, had proposed, in his presence, a tressonable toast, which he permitted to pass in silence, although it was so gross an affront to the royal family, that a gentleman in company, not re-markable for his zeal for government, had neverthe-less taken the matter up, and that, supposing the ac-count true, Captain Waverley had thus suffered an-other.comparatively unconcerned, to resent an affront other, comparatively unconcerned, to resent an affront other, comparatively unconcerned, to resent an arrow directed against him personally as an officer, and to go out will the person by whom it was offered. The Major concluded, that no one of Captain Waverley's brother officers could believe this scandalous story, but that it was necessarily their joint opinion that has own honour, equally with that of the regiment, de-pended upon its being instantly contradicted by his subtories for the formation of the second open the second open the formation of the second open the sec

"What do you think of all this?" said Colonel Talbot, to whom Waverley handed the lotters after

Talbot, to whom Waverley handed the letters after he had perused them. "Think! it renders thought impossible. It is enough to drive me mad." "Be calm, my young friend; let us see what are these drive scrawls that follow." The first was addressed, "For Master W. Ruffin. These."—"Dear sur, sum of our yong guipins will not bite, thof I thold them you shoed me the squoire's sown csel. But Tims will deliver you the letters as desired, and tell ould Addern he gave them to squoir's hond, as to be sure yours is the same, and shall be ready for signal, and hoy for Hoy Church and Sachs-frel, as fadur sings at harvest-whome. "Yours, deer Sur, H. H. "Posecriff. Do'e tell squoire we longs to heer from him, and has dootings about his not writing himself, and Lifetenant Bottler is smoky."

"This Ruffin, I suppose, then, is your Donald et the Cavern, who has intercepted your letters, and car-ried on a correspondence with the poor devil Hough-ton, as if under your authority T" "It seems too true. But who can Addem be T" "Possibly Adam, for poor Gardiner, a sort of pun on his name."

on his name

The other letters were to the same purpose and

and some manipul yet more complete light upon Do-i and somewhat pagual Donald Reen, whe and Been's machinations.

there are necesived yet more complete light upon Do-mail Been's machinations. John Hodges, one of Waverley's servants, who had premained with the regiment, and had been taken at Pression, now made his appearance. He had sought out his master, with the purpose of again entering his service. From this fellow they learned, that some time after Waverley had gone from the head-quarters of the regiment, a pedlar, called Ruthers, Ruffin, or Rivane, Known among the soldiers by the name of Willy Will, had made frequent visits to the town of Dundes. He appeared to posseds plenty of money, ped his commudities very cheap, seemed always wil-ingratized himself with many of Waverley's troop, perioularly Sergeant Houghton, and one Tims, also a non-commissioned officer. To these he unfolded, in Waverley's name, a plan for leaving the regiment and joining him in the Highlands, where report sail be class hed already taken arms in great numbers. The mes, who had been educated as Jacobitas, so far as they had any opinion at all, and who knew their leaded such tenets, easily fall into the snare. That Wa-verley was at a distance in the Highlands, was re-converd as a sufficient accuse for transmitting his let-tup the well-known scal secured to altheaticate the mestitations in his name, where writing might have been adangerous. The cash, however, began to take sar, from the premaure mutuous language of these concerned. Willy Will justified his appellative ; for, after suspicion arose he was scen no more. When the Rerestigation arose he was seen no more. When the Genetic appeared, in which Waverley was superseded, great part of his troop broke out into actual mutiny, bat were surrounded and disarmed by the rest of the regiment. In consequence of the sentence of a court-martial, Houghton and Tims were condemned to be abot, but afterwards permitted to cast lots for life. Houghton, the survivor, showed much penitence, being convinced from the rebukes and arplanations of Colonel Gardiner, that he had really engaged in a very heinous crime. It is remarkable, that as soon as the poor fellow was satisfied of this, he became also convinced that the instigator had acted without asthority from Edward, saying, "It it was disbonour-tion of the second the survive could know! In consequence of the sentence of a courtalso convinced that the instigator had acted without sethority from Edward, saying, "If it was disbonour-able and against Old England, the squire could know neught about it; he never did, or thought to do, any thing dishonourable, no more didn't Sir Everard, nor nene of them afore him, and in that belief he would keys and dis that Ruffen had done it all of his own

The strength of conviction with which he expressed aimself upon this subject, as well as his assurances pat the letters intended for Waverley had been de-Gardiner's opinion which he expressed to Talbot. The reader has long since understood that Donald

Bean Lean played the part of tempter on this occamen. His motives were shortly these. Of an active and intriguing spirit, he had been long employed as a sphalternagent and apy by those in the confidence of and intriguing spirit, he had been only employed as a subalterrangent and apy by those in the confidence of the Chevalier, to an extent beyond what was sus-posted even by Fergus Mac-lvor, whom, though estinged to him for protection, he regarded with feer and dislike. To success in this political department, he naturally looked for raising himself by some bold divide a bove his present hazardous and procarious tanks of rapine. He was particularly employed in he character of the officers, dic, and had long had his spe upon Waverley's troop, as open to temptation. Desaid seves believed that Waverley himself was at bettom in the Stewart interest, which seemed can-firmed by his long visit to the Jacohite Baron of Bradwardine. When, therefore, be came to his cave with one of Glennaquoich's attendants, the robber, was more curiosity, was so sanguing as to hope that his own talents were to be employed in a once intrigue a character of the officers, dic. and had long had see apon Waverley's troop, as open to temptation. The character of the officers, dic. and had long had all aver believed that Waverley himself was at toom in the Stewart interest, which seemed can-ned by his long visit to the Jacobite Beron of advardine. When, therefore, he came to his care the one of Glennaquoich's attendants, the robber, is mare curically, was so sanguine as to hope that a mare curically, which glans of ambition, like the Chieftain of Glennaquoich's a mare curically, was so sanguine as to hope that to wn talents were to be employed in some intrigue consequence, under the supices of this weathy have already observed, with those projulices, which are fouliarly and the supices of this weathy have already observed, with those projulices, which are possible to the serve of Colonel Talbotdsward upon RD ward by degrees; for the delay of the Highlanders in ward by degrees; for the delay of the Highlanders in his own talents were to be employed in some intrigue of o

ed to be advantageous, determined to have his sha ed to be advantageous, determined to have his sha in the drama, whether a regular part were assign him or not. For this purpose, during Waverley sleep, he possessed himself of his eval, as a token bé used to any of the troopers whom he might di cover to be possessed of the captain's confidence His first journey to Dundee, the town where the giment was quartend, undeceived him in his origins supposition, but opened to him a new field of action be been there would be no survive so what was the supportion, but opened to him a new held of action. He knew there would be no service so well rewarded by the friends of the Chevelier, as seducing a part of the regular army to his standard. For this purpose he opened the machinations with which the reader is already acquainted, and which form a clew to all the intricacies and obscurities of the neurative previous to.

intricacies and obscurities of the matrix two previous a Waverley's leaving Gleanagonich. By Colonel Talbot's advice, Waverley declined de-taining in his service the lad whose evidence had thrown additional light on these intrigues. He repre-cented to him it would be doing the man an injury to sected to him it would be doing the mail an injury to engage him in a desperate undertaking, and that, whatever should happen, his evidence would go some length, at least, in axplaining the circumstances un-der which Waverley himself had embarked in it. Waverley therefore wrote a short state of what had happened to his uncle and his father, cautioning them however, in the present circumstances, not to attempt to answer his letter. Talbot then gave the your man a letter to the commander of one of the English els of war cruising in the frith, requesting him to 

surfacted. Tired of the attendance of Callum Beg, who, he thought, had some disposition to act as a spy on his motions, Waverley hired as a servant a simple Edin-burgh swain, who had mounted the white cockade in a fit of spleen and jealousy, because Jenny Jop had danced a whole night with Corporal Bullock of the Nuclear Fusileers

#### CHAPTER LII.

#### INTRIGUES OF SOCIETY AND LOVE.

INTELEVIES OF SOCIETY AND LOVE. COLONEL TALBOT became more kindly in his de meanour towards Waverley after the confidence he had reposed in him, and as they were necessarily much together, the character of the Colonel rose in Waver-ley's estimation. There seemed at first something harsh in his strong expressions of dislike and cen-sure, although no one was in the general case mass open to conviction. The habit of authority had also given his manners some peremptory hardness, not-withstanding the polish which they had received from his intimate acquaintance with the higher circles. As a specimen of the military character, he differed from all whom Waverley had as yet som. The sol-discribine, rather suitable to one who was to me-neasure a battalion, than to him who was to com-mand an army; the military spirit of Fergue was es-much warped and bleaded with his planes and politi-cal views, that it was less that of a soldier them of her King and concel Talbot was in avery point the English soldier. His whole soul was be received for a soldier than of a soldier than of a soldier the arror of the site of a soldier than of a soldier the arror of the soldier than of a much warped and bleaded with his planes and politi-cal views, that it was less that of a soldier than of a soldier the arror of his king and country. without

the furthese sings of Edinformalia Castle occupied sevene weeks, during . which Waverier had little to do, - manying to meek such amusement as society afforded. Is would willingly have persuaded his new friend to become acquainted with some of his former intimates. But the Colonel, after one of two visits, shook his bead, and declined farther experiment. Indeed he went farther, and characterized the Baron as the most intolerable formal pedant he had ever had the minfortune to meet with, and the Chief of Glennaqueich as a Frenchified Scotchman, possessing all the canning and plausibility of the nation where he was educated, with the proud, vindictive, and turbulant humour of that of his birth. "If the devil," he pose of embroiling this mascrable country, I do not this, whose tempor seems equally active, supple, and machievous, and who is followed, and implicitly beyod, by a gang of such out throats as these whom

machnerous, and who is followed, and implicitly elseyed, by a gang-of such out-throats as these whom you are pleased, to admire so much." "The ladies of the party did not escape his censure. He allowed that Flora Mico. Iver was a fine woman, and Rose Bradwardine a pretty gurl. But he alloged that the former destroyed the effect of her beauty by an affectation of the grand airs which she had probably seen practised in the mock court of St. German's. As for Rose Bradwardine, he said it was impossible for any mortal to arbure such a little uninformed thing, whose small portion of education appeared with one of her father's old campaign-coats appeared her parts and indeed he himeelf jocularly silowed, that he sould not have cadured Venus herself, if she had here armoenced in a drawing-room by the name of

The sound not nave cannot value hereat, is also had been armounds in a drawing-room by the name of Misse Maco-Jupiter. Waverley, it may easily be believed, looked upon these young ladies with very different over. During the period of the rage, he paid them almost daily vythe action of the scape, he paid them almost daily of the arms of the Cheveller in subduing the fortrees. She maintained with ragour the rule she had faid depen of treating him with indifference, without either affecting ito avoid him, or to shum intercourse with them. Every word, every look, was strictly negalated to accord with her system, and neather the dejection of Weyverley, nor the anger which Forgess exercely supressed, could extend Flora's attention to Edward by ond that which the most ordinary pointeness doumnded. On the other hand, Rose Bredwardine gradashy rese in Waverley's opinion. He had several opportunities of romarking that, as her extreme timidity wore off, her manaces assumed a higher character; that the agitating circumstances of the stormy ime beemed to call forth a certain dignity of feeling and expression, which he had not formerity observed; and that she omitted no opportunity within her reach both her taste and understanding. It might have been remarked by a very close observer, that in the presence of Waverley she was much more desirous to exthibit her friend's excellences than her own. But I must request of the reader to suppose, that the kind and distingerested purpose was concelled by the most

Flora Mac-Ivor called Bose her pupil, and was sttentive to assist her in her stadies, and to fashion both her taste and understanding. It might have been remarked by a very close observer, that in the presence of Wavately she was much more desirous to exhibit her friend's excellences than her own. But I must request of the reader to suppose, that this kind and disniterested purpose was concealed by the most suntions delicacy, studionaly shunning the most distint, approach to affectation. So that it was as unlike the usual exhibition of one pretty worman affecting to proser another, as the friendship of David and fonatham might be to the intimder of two Bond-street longers. The fact is, that though the effect was felt, the sume could hardly be observed. Each of the lafines, like two excellent actresses, wavepreter in their purple to discover that the edge the salmost imtimes; and such being the ease, it was almost imtimes the discover that the edge comstandly to ded to be friend that which was most multiple to discover the salmost imtimes the discover that the edge comstandly to ded to be friend that which was most multiple to discover the salmost imtimes the two excellences that the edge comstandly to ded to be friend the which was most multiple to discover the salmost im-

But to Waverley, Ross Bradwardine possessed on attraction which few men can resist, from the marked interest which she took in every thing that affected him. She was too young and too inexperienced to estimate the full force of the constant attention which she paid to him. Her father was too abstractedly immersed in learned and military discussions to observe her partiality, and Flora Mac-Ivor did not alarm her by remonstrance, because she saw in this line of conduct the most probable chance of her friend securing at length a return of affection.

The truth is, that in her first conversation sites their meeting, Rose had discovered the state of her mind to that scute and intelligent friend, although she was not herself, aware of it. From that time, their meeting, Rose had discovered the state of her mind to that scute and intelligent friend, although she was not herself, aware of it. From that time, there was not herself, aware of it. From that time, that they should, if possible, be transferred to her friend. Nor was she less interested in this plat, though her brother had from time to time talked, as between jest and earnest, of paying his suit to liss Bradwardine. She knew that Fergus had the true continental latitude of opinion respecting the institusion of marriage, and would not have given his hand to an anged, unless for the purpose of strengthening his alliances, and increasing his influence and would. The Berod's whim of transferring his estate to the distant heir male, instead of his own daughter, was therefore likely to be an insurmountable obstate to work-shop of scheme and intrigue, of every possible hind and description ; while, ikke many a mechanic of more ingennity than steadiness, he would often unexpectedly, and without any apparent motive, abandon one plan, and go earnestly to work upon amothar, which was sither fresh from the forge of his imagination, or had at some former period been fings and half finished. It was therefore often difficult to guass what time of conduct he might finally adopt upon any priven eccession.

Biven occasion. Although Flora was sincerely attached to her brother, whose high emergies might indeed have conmanded her admiration, even without the tise which bound them together, she was by no means blind to his faults, which she considered as dangerous to the hopes of any woman, who should found her ideas of a happy marriage in the peaceful enjoyment of domestic society, and the exchange of mutaal and emgrossing affection. The real disposition of Waverley, on the other hand, notwithstanding his dreams of tented fields and military honour, seemed axelasively domestic. He saked and received ne share in the basy seemes which were constantly going on around him, and was rather amoyed than interested by the discussion of contending claims, rights, and interests, which often passed in his presence. All this pointed him out as the person formed to make happy a spirit like that of Rose, which corresponded with his own. She remarked this point in Waverley's character one day while she sat with Miss Bradwardine. "His genius and elegant taste," answered Rose, "sennot be interested in such trifling discussions. What is it to him, for example, whether the Chief of the Mas-

She remarked this point in Waverley's character one day while she sat with Miss Bradwardine. "His genius and elegant taste," answared Rose, "eannot be interested in such trifting discussions. What is it to him, for example, whether the Chief of the Masindallagtners, who has brought out only fifty men, should be a colourel or a captain ? and how could Mr. Waverley be supposed to interest himself in the violent alteration between your brother and young Corrinaschian, whether the post of honour is due to the eldest cadet of a chan or the youngest?" "My dear Rose, if he ware the hero you suppose him, he would interest himself in these matters, noe

"My dear Rose, if he were the hero you suppose him, he would interest himself in these matters, not indeed as important in themselves, but for the purpose of mediating between the ardent spirits who actually do make them the subject of discord. You saw when Corrinschian raised his voice in great pession, and laid his hand upon his sword, Waverboy lifted his head as if he had just awaked from avdream, and asked, with great composure, what the matter wes."

"Well, and did not the langhter they fell into as his absence of mind, sorve better to break off the day pute, then any thing he could have said to them?" "True. my dear," answered Flore . " but not casts

so creditably for Waverley as if he had brought them to their senses by force of reason." "Would you have him peace-maker general be-tween all the gunpowder Highlanders in the army? the group pardon, Flora, your brother, you know, is out of the question; he has more sense then half of them. But can you think the fierce, hot, furious spirits, of whose brawls we see much and hear more,

spirits of whose brawls we see much and near more, and who terrify me out of my life every day in the world, are at all to be compared to Waverley?" "I do not compare him with those uneducated men, my dear Rose. I only lament, that, with his talents and genius, he does not assume that place in society and genus, he does not assume that place in society for which they eminently fit him, and that he does not lend their full impulse to the noble cause in which he has enlisted. Are there not Lochiel, and P---, and M----, all men of the highest education, as well as the first talents, ---why will he not stoop like them to be alive and useful ?-- I often believe hig zeal is forzen by that proud cold-blooded

not stoop like them to be alive and useful?—I often believe his zeal is frozen by that proud cold-blooded Englishman, whom he now lives with so much." "Colonte! Talbot?—he is a very disagreeable per-son, to be sure. He looks as if he thought no Scot-tiah woman worth the trouble of handling her a cup of tea. But Waverley is so gentle, so well inform-al?"—

ed"\_\_\_\_\_"Yes," said Flora, smiling, "he can admire the moon, and quote a stanza from Tasso." "Besides, you know how he fought," added Miss

Bradwardine.

"Besides, you know how he fought," added Miss Bradwardine. "For mere fighting," answered Flora, "I believe all men (that is, who deserve the name) are pretty much alike; there is generally more courage required to run away. They have, besides, when confronted with each other, a certain instinct for strife, as we see in other male animals, such as dogs, bulls, and so forth. But high and perilous enterprise is not Wa-verley's forte. He would never have been his cele-brated ancestor Sir Nigel, but only Sir Nigel's subgist and poet. I will tell you where he will be at home, my dear, and in his place,—in the quiet cincle of domestic hasppines, lettered indolence, and escant enjoyments of Waverley-Honour. And he will refit the old library in the most erquisite Gothic tasts, and garnish its shelves with the rerest and innest valuable volumes;—and ne will draw plans and dig grottoes;—and he will stand in a clear summer night in the colonnade before the hall, and gaze on the will refit the sol his tand in a clear summer night in the colonnade before the hall, and gaze on the will refit are to his beautiful wife, who will hang upon his arm, and he will stand in a clear summer night in the colonnade before the hall, and gaze on the will repeat verses to his beautiful wife, who will hang upon his arm, and he will be a happy man." And she will be a happy woman, thought poor Rose. But she only sighed, and dropped the con-versation.

#### CHAPTER LIIL

#### FERGUE A SUITOR.

WATTRIEV had, indeed, as he looked closer into the state of the Chevalier's Court, less reason to be satisfied with it. It contained, as they say an acom includes all the ramifications of the future oak, as many seeds of *tracasseric* and intrigue, as might have done honour to the Court of a large empire. **Ever** ; serion of consequence had some separate ob-ject, which he pursued with a fury that Waverley considered as altogether disproportioned to its im-portance. Almost all had their reasons for discontent, although the most legitimate was that of the worthy defined to the product of the second secon old Baron, who was only distressed on account of the common cause.

common cause. "We shall hardly," said he one morning to Wa-"We shall hardly ain the obsidional crown which you wot well was made of the soots or grain which you wot well was made of the soots or grain which takes root within the place besieged, or it may be of the herb woodbind, *paretaria*, or pellitory; we shall not, is say, gain it by this same blockade or lea-guer of Edimburgh Castle." For this opinion he gave most learned and estisfactory reasons, that the reader my not care to hear repeated.

RLEY. [Char. LITL.] Having escaped from the old gentleman, Waverjey went to Fergus's lodgings by appointment, to await his return from Holyrood-House. "I am to have a particular audience to-morrow," said Fergus to Wa-verley, overnight, "and you must meet me to wish me joy of the success which I securely anticipate." The merrow came, and in the Chief's apartment is found Ensign Maccombich waiting to make report of his turn of duty in a sort of ditch which they had dug across the Castle-hill, and called a trench. In a short time the Chief's voice was heard on the star in a tome of impatient fury.—"Callum,—why, Callum Beg.—Diaoul?" He entered the room with all the marks of a man agitated by a towaring passion; and there were few upon whose features rage produced a more violent effect. The veine of his forehead swelled when he was in such agitation; his nestril became dilated; his check and eye inflamed; and his look that of a demonice. These appearances of helf-sup-pressed rage were the more frightful, because they were obviously caused by a strong effort to tamper with discretion an almost ungovernable panoxymnd passion, and resulted from an internal conflict of the most dreadful kind, which agitated his whole frame of mortality. of mortality.

As he entered the spartment, he unbackled his broadsword, and throwing it down with such vio-lence, that the weapon rolled to the other end of the room, "I know not what," he exclaimed, "with holds me from taking a solemn oath that I will never more me trom taking a solema oath that I will never more draw it in his cause :-Load my pistols, Callum, and bring them hither instantly --instantly!" Callum, whom nothing ever startled, dismayed, or disconcer-ed, obeyed very coolly. Evan Dha, upon whose brow the suspicion that his Chief had been insulted, called up a corresponding storm, swelled in sulten silence, awaiting to learn where or upon whom vengeand was to descend. "So, Waverley, you are there," said the Chief, after

was to descend. "So, Waverley, you are there," said the Chief, after a moment's recollection; ---- 'Yes, I remember I asked you to share my triumph, and you have come to wit-ness my-disappointment we shall call it." Evan now presented the written report he had in his hand, which Fargus threw from him with greet passion. "I wish to God," he said, "the old den would tumble down upon the heads of the fools who attack, and the knaves who defend it! I see, Waverley, you think I am mad-leave us, Evan, but be within call." "The Colonel's in an unco kippage," said Mra. Flockhart to Evan as he descended; "I wish he rnay be weel,--the very veins on his brent brow are swelled like whip-cord; wad he no tak something?" "He usually lets blood for these fits," answered the Highland Ancient with great composure.

"He usually lets blood for these fits," answered the Highland Ancient with great composure. When this officer left the room, the Chieftain gre-dually reassumed some degree of composure. "I know, Waverley," he said, "that Colonel Taibot has persuaded you to curse ten times a day your engage-ment with us;-nay, never deny it, for I arn at this moment tempted to curse my own. Would you be-lieve it, I made this very morning two suits fo the Prince, and he has rejected them both; what do you think of it?"

Prince, and he has rejected them both; what do yos think of it?" "What can I think," answered Waverley, "till I know what your requests were?" "Why, what signifies what they were, man? I tell you it was I that made them; I, to whom he ower more than to any three who have joined the standard; for I negotiated the whole business, and brought is all the Perthshire men when not one would have stirred. I am not likely, I think, to ask any thise wery unreasonable, and if I did, they might have stretched a point.--Well, but you shall know all, now that I can draw my breath again with some free dom.--You remember my earl's patent; it is dated some years back, for services then rendered; the least, by my subsequent behaviour. Now, and y he who have a file of a coronet as hitle as you can any philosopher on earth; for I hold that the chard reak to any earl in Sociand. But I had a partice You must know that I learned sciences in the services any philosopher on earth; for I hold at this the reak to any earl in Sociand. But I had a partice and the services the rendered is the services and the services and the services the services and the services any philosopher on earth; for I hold that the chard reak to any earl in Sociand. But I had a partice and reak to any earl in Sociand. But I had a partice and reak the services the services the services and services

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 Char. LIV.]
 WAVERLEY.
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 Prince has been present that held foolish Baron of trendwardine to disinherit his male heir, or ninetsenth is more than over a militia, and to settle his moment. After this, put your faith in Princes!"
 After this, put your faith in Princes!"

 or twentist cousin, who has taken a command in the Elector of Hanover's militia, and to settle his moment. After this, put your faith in Princes!"
 After this, put your faith in Princes!"

 "And what becomes of the homage!"
 "And what did up or using their time would have been a meet trifle, at his criteric time would have been a meet trifle, at his criteric time would have been a meet trifle, at his criteric time would have been a meet trifle, at his criteric time would a supersede that difficult?. If she was to be also the impossible in my case, and and the king, no, not in thy thought!--why, he answered, that might be evaded by my assuming the title to for this stradwardine, of course's affection for Miss Bradwardine, what at any the king and to take the answered, "I had no idet the."

 "Thave as much affection for Miss Bradwardine, would any stlection for Miss Bradwardine, who we atid due of a Prince, that mee state."
 "Ma

Viscountess Significant, in ner own right, after ner father's demise, so much the better; I could have no objection." "But, Fergua," said Waverley, "I had no idea that "But, Fergua," said Waverley, "I had no idea that you had any affection for Miss Bradwardine, and you are always sneering at her father." "I have as much affection for Miss Bradwardine, my good friend, as I think it necessary to have for the future mistress of my family, and the mother of my children. She is a very pretty, intelligent girl, and is certainly of one of the very first Lowland fa-milies; and, with a little of Flora's instructions and farming, will make a very good figure. As to ber father, he is an original, it is tme, and an absurd one enough; but he has given such severe lemons to Sir Hew Halbert, that dear defunct the Laird of Balma-whapple, and othere, that nobody dare laugh at him, so his abaurdity goes for mothing. I tell you there cossid have been no earthly objection—none. I had settled the thing entirely in my own mind." "But had you saked the Baron's consent," said Waverley, "or Rose's?" "To what purpose? To have spoke to the Ba-ron before I had assumed my title would have only provoked as premature and irritating discussion on

ron before I had assumed my tille would have only provoked a premature and irritating discussion on the subject of the change of name, when as Earl of Glenningwoich, I had only to propose to him to carry-his d----d bear and boot-jack party per pale, or in a scatcheon of pretence, or in a separate shield perhaps ---any way that would not blemish my own cost-of-arms. And as to Rose, I don't see what objection abe could have made, if her father was satisfied." "Perhaps the same that your sister makes to me, you being satisfied."

you being satiafied.

you being satisfield." Fergus gave a broad stare at the comparison which this supposition implied, but cautiously suppressed the answer which rose to his tongue. "O, we should easily have arranged all that.—So, sir, I draved a pri-vate interview, and this morning was assigned; and a asked you to meet me here, thinking, like a fool, that I should want your countenance as brids's-man. Well—I state my pretensions-they are not denied-the promises so repeatedly made, and the patent granted-they are acknowledged. But I propose, as a natural consequence, to assume the rank which the patent bestowed—I have the old story of the jealousy of C\_\_\_\_\_ and M\_\_\_\_ trumpt up against me—I reof C — and M — trumpt up against me I re-sist this pretext, and offer to procure their written acquiescence, in virtue of the date of my patent as prior to their silly claims—I assure you I would have sad such a consent from them, if it had been at the point of the sword—And them out comes the real truth; and he dares to tell me, to my face, that my patent must be suppressed for the present, for fear of disgosting that rascally ooward and faincant—(nha-mang the rival chief of his own clan) who has no better title to be a chieftain than I to be Emperor of Chime - and who is pleased to abelier his dastantly acquiescence, in virtue of the date of my patent as prior to their silly claims—I assure you I would have and such a consent from them, if it had been at the point of the sword—And them out comes the real fruth ; and he dares to tell me, to my face, that my meternt must be suppressed for the present, for fear of disgusting that rascally coward and *faincent*—(nh-one sarth might have been prevented, if Mr. Edwards ming the rival chief of his own clan) who has no better title to be a chieftain than I to be Emperor of Chimas; and who is pleased to shelter his dastardly wenty times pledged, under a pretence for his cow-the Prince's partiality to me. And, to leave this missersible driveller without a pretence for his cow-ardise, the Prince asks it as a personal favour of me, ardise, the prince asks it as a personal favour of me, ardise, the prince asks it as a personal favour of me

plant me 1005, well to ninnet. - Disogra corres, Signor." After some further gonversation, unnecessary to be detailed. Waverley took leave of the Chieftain, whose fury had now subsided into a deep and strong desire of vengeance, and returned home, scarce able to ana-lyze the mixture of feelings which the narrative had awakened in his own bosom.

## CHAPTER LIV.

#### "TO ONE THING CONSTANT NEVER."

"TO ONE THING CONSTANT NEVER." "I AM the very child of caprice," said Waverley to himself, as he bolted the door of his apartment, and paced it with hasty steps—"What is it to me that Fergus Mac-Ivor should wish to marry Rose Brad-wardine ?--I love her not--I might have been loved by her perhaps—but I rejected har simple, natural, and affecting attachment, instead of cherishing it into tenderness, and dedicated myself to one who will never love mortal man, inless old Warwick, the King-maker, should arise from the dead. The Baron too -I would not have cared about his estate, and so the name would have been no stumbling-block. The de-vil might have taken the barron moors, and drawn off the royal caliga, for any thing I would have mind-od. But, framed as she is for domestic affection and tenderness, for giving and receiving all those kind and quiet attentions which sweeten life to those who pass it together, sho is sought by Fergus Mac-Ivor. and quiet attentions which sweeten life to those who pass it together, sho is sought by Fergus Mac-Ivor. He will not use her ill, to be surc-of that he is inca-pable-but he will neglect her after the first month; he will be too intent on subduing some rival chief-tain, or circumventing some favourite at coart, on gaining some heathy hill and lake, or adding to his bands some new troop of caterans, to inquire what she does, or how she amuses hereoft. 'And then will cankes some we hard baid

And with this resolution Waverley went to drink without hope, the post ins, with great art, exists fouse of a lady of quality, attached to the cause of the Chevalier, where he found, as he expected, both the Chevalier, where he found, as he expected, both the Idrived in the conversation in which she was engaged. Rece, on the contrary, almost imperceptibly made a little way in the cross of a chair... "Her manner, upon the whole, is most engaging." ed circle for his advancing the corner of a chair. "Her maner, upon the whole, is most engaging," said Waverley to himself.

and Waverley to himself. A dispute occurred whether the Geslic or. Italian language was most liquid, and best adapted for po-etry: the opinion for the Geslic, which probably might not have found supporters elsewhere, was here flercely defended by seven Highland ladies, who talked at the top of their lungs, and screamed the company dest, with examples of Celuic exploring. Hora, observing the Lowind ladies sneer at the comparison, produced come reasons to show that it was not altogether so etherned; but Rose, when asked for her opinion, gave it with animation in praise of Italian, which she had studied with Waverley's assistance. "She has a inpre correct ear than Flora, though a less accom-plished musician," said Waverley to himself. "I suppose Miss Mac-Ivor will next compare Mac-Mur-rough mah Fonn to Anjost!"

plished musician," said Waverley to himself. "I suppose Miss Mac-Ivor will next compare Mac-Mur-rough nah Fonn to Arjostol". Lastly, it so befell that the compare Mac-Mur-rough nah Fonn to Arjostol". Lastly, it so befell that the compare Mac-Mur-the Fergus should be asked to perform on the flute, at which he was an adept, or Weverley invited to read a play of Shakspeare; and the lady of the house good-humouredly undertook to collect the votes of the company for poetry or music, under the condition, that the gentleman whose talents were not laid under contribution that evening, should contribute them to smilven the next. It chanced that Rese had the cast-ing vote. Now Flora, who seemed to impose it is a rule upon herself never to countenance any proposal which might seem to encourage Waverley, had voted for music, providing the Baron would take his violin to accompany Forgus. "I wish you joy of your taste, Miss Mac-Ivor," thought it better when we were at Glennaquoich; but certainly the Baron is no great performer, and Shakspeare is worth listening to." Bomeo and Julist was selected, and Edward read with taste, feeling, and spirit, several scones from that pisy. All the company applesded with their hands, and many with their tears. Flora, to whom the drama was well known, was among the former; Ross, to whom it was altogether new, belonged to the latter play, and spon the characters. Ferzus dealawd thest

The conversation turning from the incidents of the play, and upon the characters. Fergus declared that the only one worth naming, as a man of fashion and spirit, was Mercutio. "I could not," he said, "quite follow all his old fashioned wit, but he must have been a very pretty fellow, according to the ideas of his time."

his time." "And it was a shame," said Ensign Maccombich, who usually followed his Colonel everywhere, "for that Tibbert, or Taggart, or whatever was his name, to stick him under the other gentleman's arm while he was redding the fray.

The ladies, of course, declared loudly in favour of Romeo, but this opinion did not go undeputed. The mistress of the house, and several other ladies, severely mistress of the house, and several other indices, severely reproduced the levity with which the here transfers his affections from Rosalind to Juliet. Flora re-mained silent until her opinion was repeatedly re-quested, and then answered, she thought the circum-stance objected to, not only reconcilable to nature, but such as in the highest degree evinced the art of the poet. "Romeo is described." said she, "as a young his love is at first fixed upon a woman who could anord it no return ; this he repeatedly tells you,

"From tove's weak, childish bow, she lives unharmed ;" and sgan.-

#### 'She anth fersworn to love.'

low, as it was impossible that Romeo's love, supp mg him a reasonable being, could continue to subm

Mines all

'come what sorrow cm, It cannot countervail the exchange of joy That one short-memori gives me in her sig

"Good new, Miss Mac-lvor," said a young hely "Good new, Miss Mac-lvor," said a young hely quality, "do you mein to cheat us out of our preve tive? will you persondense love admot subsist with hope, or that the lover must become fickless? The sub-is cruel? O fiel I did not expect such an ensem mental conclusion." "A lower, ruy days I div Ratie?" and an ensem ng hedrof

"A lover, my dear Lady Betty," said Flore, " I concerve, persevere in his suit under very disa aging circumstances. Affection can (now and t

I conceive, persevere in his suit under very dimens-aging circumstances. Affection candnow and them) withstand very severe storms of rigour, but not a long polar frost of downright indifference. Don't, even with your attractions, try the experiment upon an lover whose faith you value. Love will submiss on wonderfully little hope, but not allogether withsout it. "It will be just like Duncen Mac-Ordins's mare," said Evan, "if your ladyships plane; he wanted to use her by degrees to live without meat, and just he had put her on a straw a-day, the poor thing dired? Evan's illustration set the company a-laughing, sub the discourse tooks a different term. Shariy after wards the party brokeup, and Edward returned home musing on what Flore had said. "I will epsek to he brother, and resign my suit. But for a Juliet - wash it be handsome to interfore with Forgan's plate sions?-though it is impossible they can serve use ceed: an ebould they missearry, what then *lowed* then alors comme alors." And with this peopletion of being guided by circumstances, did our here com mit himself to repose.

#### CHAPTER LV.

#### A BRAVE MAN IN SORROW.

A BRAVE MAN IN SURDOW. Ir my fair seaders should be of opinios that a here's levity in lowe is attendent monotomable, must remind them, that all his griefs and difficult did not arise from the seatimental source. Even, it iyric poet, who complains so feelingly of the parine love, could not forget, that, at the same time, he w "in debt and in drink," which, dsubtless, were saw aggravations of his distress. There were, index whole days in which Waverley thought neither Flora nor Rose Bradwardine, but which were sail in melancholv contentures on the probable state

Flora nor Rose Bradwardine, but which were spect in melancholy conjectures on the probable state of matters at Waverhey-Honour, and the dubious inner of the civil contest in which he was pledged. Colonal Taibot often engaged him in discussions upon the justice of the cause he had expoused. "Not," he said, "that it is possible for you to quit it at this present mo-ment, for, come what will, you must stand by your rash engagement. But I wish you to be aware that the right is not with you; that you are fighting against the real interests of your country and that you ought, as an Englishman and a patriot, to take the first ap-portunity to leave this unhappy expedition before the snow-ball melts." In such political disputes, Waverley, usually opness

enow-ball melts." In such political disputes, Waverley, usually oppes et the common arguments of his party, with which it is unnecessary to trouble the reader. But he has little to say when the Colonel urged him to compare the strength by which they had undertaken to compare throw the government, with that which was now a sembling very rapidly for its support. To this arm ment Waverley had but one answer "If the compare have undertaken be perious, there would he, prease disprace in shandoning it." And in his the generally simped Colonel Talbot, and sanching in ananging the subject.

One night, when, after a long dispute of this na-ture, the fittends had separated, and our hero had re-tired to bed, he was awakened about midnight by a suppressed groan. He started up and listened, it came from the apartment of Colonel Talbot, which wing divided from his own by a wainsouted partition, with a door of communication. Waverley approached this door, and distinctly heard one or two deep-drawn sight, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ What could be the matter? The Colone had eighs. What could be the matter 7 The Colonel had parted from him, apparently, in his usual state of spi-rits. He must have been taken suddenly ill., Under this impression, he opened the door of communication very gently, and perceived the Colonel, in his night-gown, seated by a table, on which lay a letter and pic-ture. He raised his head hastily, as Edward stood ancertain whether to advance or retire, and Waver-ley perceived that his checks were stained with tears.

ley perceived that his checks were stained with tears. As if adhamed at being found giving way to such emotion, Colonel Talbot rese with apparent displea-sure, and said, with some sternness, "I think, Mr. Waveriey, my own spartment, and the hear, might "Do not say *intruion*, Colonel, Talbot; I heard "Do not say *intruion*, Colonel, Talbot; I heard year breathe hard, and feared you were ill; that along coold have induced me to break in upon you." "I am weil," said the Colonel, "perfeculy well." "But you are distressed," said Edward; "is there "any thing can be done?" "Nothing, Mr. Waverley; I was oaly thinking of Asome, and some unpleasant occurrences there."

"Nothing, mr. Waveney; I was only timking of Borne, and some uspleasant occurrences there." "Good God, my uncle!" etclaimed Wavenley. "No, it is a grief entirely my own. I are ashased you should have seen it disarn me so much ; but it you should have seen it duarm me so much hout it must have its course at times, that it may be at others more decently supported. I would have kept it seeret from you; for I think it will grieve you, and yet you can administer no consolation. But you have surprised me, — I see you are surprised yourself, — and I hate mys-twy. Read that letter." The latter was from Colonel Talbot's eister, and in

these words:

"I received yours, my dearest brother, by Hedges. Sir E. W. and Mr. R. are still at large, but are not permitted to leave London. I wish to heaven I could permitted to leave London. I what to heaven I double gives you as good an account of matters in the square. But the news of the unhappy sflair at Preston came spon as with the dreadful addition that you were amoung the fallen. You know Lady Emaily's state of health, when your friendship for Sir E. induced you to leave her. She was much harassed with the sad accounts from Scotland of the rebellion having bro-her but how the print as the spirit as the spirit is the accounts from Sociant of the receiven alwing bro-ten out; but kept up her spirit, as, she said, it be-came your wife, and for the sake of the future heir, so long hoped for in vain. Alsa, my dear brother, these hopes are now ended! Not withstanding all my watchist care, this unhappy rumour reached her with-out proparation. She was taken ill immediately; and the poor infant scares survived its birth. Would to 

Apprehenda, I grievi apprehenda, I drievi the hopes which were now blasted. But this disap-reparking write sections in the layer as soon as he usu-sointment was nothing to the stient of the threatened "I was at the Chevalier's layer as soon as he usu-oril; and Edward, with horror, regarded himself as ally rises. He was gone to the camp at Duddingston, the original cause of both. I pursued him thitter: asked and obtained an audi-10\*

Ere he could collect himself pufficiently to speak, Colonel Talbot had recovered his usual composure of manner, though his troubled eye denoted his mental

"She is a woman, my young friend, who may jus-"She is a woman, my young friend, who may jus-tify even a sol lier's tears." He reached him the mi-niature, exhibiting features which fully justified the maximum Coal tractage what you ese of maure, exmoning restures which fully justified the eulogium; "and yet, G of knows, what you see of her there is the least of the charms she possesses-possessed, I should parhaps say-but God's will be done."

"You must fly-you must fly instantly to her re-lief. It is not-it shall not be too late." "Fly? how is it possible? I am a prisoner-upon parcle"

parole.

I am your keeper-I restore your parole-I am to

ane your neeper-1 restors your parels-1 an to anewer for you." "You cannot do so consistently with your duty; nor can I accept a discharge from you, with due re-gard to my own honour-you would be made respon-

"I will answer it with my head, if necessary," said Waverley impostuguely. "I have been the unhappy cause of the loss of your child, make me not the num-derer of your wife."

cause of the loss of your child, make use not the inner derer of your wisc." "No, my dear Edward," said Talbot, taking him kindly by the hand, "yo, are in no respect to blames and if I concealed this demestic distress for two days, it was lest your sensibility should view it in that light. You could not think of me hardly knew of my exist-ence, when I left Bagland in quest of you. It is a responsibility, Heaven knows, sufficiently heavy for mortality, that we must andwer for the forcewe and direct result of our actions, - for their indirect and con-sequential operation, the great and gread Being, who alene can forese the dependence of human events on each other, hath not pronounsed his frail even-tures liable." "But that yes should have left Lady Hmfly/" said Waverley, with much emotion, "in the singulat of all others the most interesting to a husband, to sock ""

a" difference and any daty," answered Colored Tellers, calmly, "and I do not, ought not, to regret it. If the path of gratitude and honour were always emboth and easy, there would be little merit in following its but it moves often in constraintion to our interest and passions, and sometimes to our better affections. These are the triale of life, and this, though not the least bitter," (the tears came unbidden to bis cyten) "is not the first which it has been my fate to em-counter-Bat we will talk of this to-morper," he said, wringing Waverley's bands. "Good night," Brive to forget it for a few hours, It will dawn, f think, by six, and it is now past two. Good night." Edward retired, without trusting his voice write a reply.

reply.

sce you begin to pack." "Before I know whether I can avail myself of this

"Before I know wincup: Joint of ?" passwort, or how it was obtained ?" "O, you can take out the things again, you know, "O, you can take out the things again, you know, "O, you can take out the things again, you know. -Now I see you busy, I will go on. When I first mentioned your name, his eves sparkled almost as bright as yours did two minutes since. 'Had you,' he earneatly asked, 'shown any sentiments favour-able to his cause?' 'Not in the least, nor was there any hope you would do so.' His countenance fell. I requested your freedom. 'Hispossible,' he said;-'your importance, as a friend and confident of such and anch usersonaves finde my request elegenter esrequested your freedom. Impossible, he said ;-'your importance, as a friend and confident of such and such personages, made my request altogether ex-travagant.' I told him my own story and yours; and asked him to judge what my feelings must be by his own. He has a heart, and a kind one, Colonel Talbot, you may say what you please. Ho took a sheet of paper, and wrote the pass with his own hand. 'I will not trust myself with my council,'he said; 'they will argue me out of what is right. I will not endure that a friend, valued as I value you, should be loaded with the painful reflections which must afflict you' in case of further misfortune in Co-lonel Talbot's family; nor will I keep a brave enemy a prisoner under such circumstances. Besides,' said be, 'I think I can justify myself to my prudent advi-sers, by pleading the good effect such lenity will pro-duce on the mirds of the great English families with whom Colonel Talbot is connected.'' "These the politician peeped out," said the Co-lonel.

Well, at least he concluded like a king's son :-"Well, at least he concluded like a king's son :-Take the passport; I have added a condition for form's sake; but if the Colonel objects to it, let him form's sake; but if the Colonel objects to it, let him depart, without giving any parole whatever. I come here to war with men, but not to distress or endanger

Weil, I never thought to have been so much in-

"Weil, I never thought to have been so much in-debted to the Pretend "" "To the Prince," said Waverley, smiling. "To the Chevalier," said the Colonel; "it is a good travelling name, and which we may both freely use. Did he say any thing more?" "Only asked if there was any thing else he could oblige me in; and when I replied in the negative, he shook me by the hand, and winhed all his followers were as considerate, since some friends of mine not only asked all he had do bestow, but many things which were entirely out of his power, or that of the greatest sovereign upon earth. Indeed, he said, no prince seemed, in the eyes of his followers, so like the Deity as himself; if you were to judga from the ex-travagent requests which they daily preferred to him." "Poor young gentleman." said the Colonel, "I "suppose he begins to feel the difficulties of his situa-tion. Well, dear Waverley, this is more than kind, and shall not be forgotten while Philip Talbot can remember any thing. My life-pshaw-let Emily thank you for that-this is a favour worth fifty lives. I cannot hostate on giving my parole in the circum-stance: there it is-(he wrote it out in form)-And now, how am I to get off." "All that is settled: your baggage is packed, my braces parmission, to put you on board the for hrones." "That will do excellently well. Captain Beaver

"That will do excellently well. Captain Beaver s my particular friend: be will put me ashore at Berwick or Shields, from whence I can ride post to London; --and you must intrust me with the packet of papers which you recovered by means of your Miss Bean Lean. I may have an opportunity of using them to your selvantage.-But I see your Highland friend, Glon----- what do you call his barbarous "ame? and his orderly with him-I must not call nim his orderly cut-throat any more, I suppose. See how he walks as if the world were his own, with the bounct on one aide of his head, and his plaid puffed out normes his breast I should like now to meet that youth where my hands were pot tide I would tame

ence-but I will tell you not a word more, unless I of tartan, as the bull is said to do at scarlet. You and Mac-Ivor have some points not much unlike, so "Before I know whether I can avail myself of this far as national prejudice is concerned."

far as national prejudice is concerned." The latter part of this discourse took place in the street. They passed the Chief, the Colonel and he sternly and punctiliously greeting each other, like two duellists before they take their ground. It was evident the dislike was mutual. "I never see that surly fellow that dogs his heels," said the Colonel, after he had mounted his horse, " but he reminds me of lines I have somewhere heard—upon the stage, I which. think :

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"I assure you, Colonel," said Waverley, " that you judge too harshly of the Highlanders." "Not a whit, not a whit; I cannot spare them s jot; I cannot bate them an ace. Let them say an their own barren mountains, and puff and swell, and hang their bonnets on the horns of the moon, if they hang their connets on the norms of the moon, if they have a mind; but what business have they to come where people wear breaches, and speak an intelligible language—I mean intelligible in comparison to their gibberiah, for even the Lowlanders talk a kind of English little better than the Negroes in Jamaica. I English little better than the Negrose in Jamaica. I could pity the Pr-, I mean the Chevalier him-self, for having so many desperadoes about him. And they learn their trade so early. There is a kind of subaltern imp, for example, a sort of sucking devil, whom your friend Glena-Glenamuck there, has sometimes in his train. To look at him, he is about fifteen years; but he is a century old in mischief and villary. He was playing at quoits the other day in villary. He was playing at quoits the other day in the court; a gentleman, a decent-looking person enough, came past, and as a quoit hit his ahin, he lifted his came: But my young Bravo whips on this pistol, like Beau Clincher in the Trip to the Jubiles, and had not a scream of *Gardez l'eau*, from an up-per window, set all parties a scampering for fear of the inevitable consequences, the poor gentleman would have lost his life by the hands of that little materized. cockatrice."

A fine character you'll give of Scotland upon your

"A nne character you'll give of Scotland upon your return, Colonel Talbot." "O, Justice Shallow." said the Colonel, "will save me the trouble—'Barren, barren, beggars all, beg gars all. Marry, good air,"-and that only when you are fairly out of Kdinburgh, and not yet come to Letth. as is dur case at present." as is our case at present.

In a short time they arrived at the seaport.

"The boat rock'd at the pier of Leith, Full loud the wind blew down the farry ; The ship rode at the Berwick Law"\_\_\_\_

burgh.

#### CHAPTER LVII.

#### THE MARCH.

"It is not our purpose to intrude upon the province of history. We shall therefore only remind our readers, that about the beginning of November the Young Chevalier, at the head of about six thousand men at his price, or he should tame mine." I would tame the utmost, resolved to peril his cause on an attem his price, or he should tame mine." Ito pencitrate into the centre of England, althou 'Por shame, Colonel Talbott you swell at sight aware of the mighty preparations which were nat the utmost, resolved to peril his cause on an attempt to pendirate into the centre of England, althous

#### GEAR. LVIL

for his reception. They set forward on this crusade "both directly, and by all the usual means by which a weather which would have rendered any other ladies repress undesired attentions." troops incapable of marching, but which in reality "I have no idea," answered the Chieftain, "of a gave these active mountaineers advantages over a lady dismissing or a gentleman withdrawing his suit, tess hardy enemy. less hardy enemy. In defiance of a superior army lying upon the Borders, under Field-Marshal Wade, they besieged and took Carlisle, and soon afterwards prosecuted their during march to the southward.

prosecuted their tharing march to the southward. As Colonel Mac-Ivor's regiment marched in the van of the claris, he and Waverley, who now equaled any Highlander in the endurance of fatigue, and was become somewhat acquainted with their language, were perpetually at its head. They marked the pro-gress of the army, however, with very different eyes. Fergus, all air and fire, and confident against the world in arms, measured nothing but that every step was a yard nearer London. He neither ssked, expect-ed nor desired avoid expect that of the clares to ed, nor desired any sid, except that of the clans, to place the Stewarts once more on the throne; and when by chance, a few adherents joined the standard, he al ways considered them in the light of new claimants always considered them in the light of new claimants upon the favours of the future monarch, who, he con-cluded, must therefore subtract for their gratifica-tion so much of the bounty which ought to be shared among his Highland followers. Edward's views were very different. He could not but observe, that in those towns in which they pro-claimed James the Third, "no man cried, God bless him." The mob stared and listened, heartless, stu-lifed, and dull hut grave few signs avis of that bais.

claimed James the Third, "no man cried, God bless him." The mob stared and listened, heartless, stu-pified, and dull, but gave few signs even of that bois-terous, spirit, which induces them to shout upon all occasions, for the mere exercise of their most sweet voices. The Jacobites had been taught to believe that the north-western counties abounded with wealthy squires and hardy yeomen, devoted to the cause of the White Rose. But of the weakhier Tories they saw little. Some fled 'room their houses, some feigned themselves sick, some surrendered themselves to the government as suspected persons. Of such as remained, the ignorant gazed with astonishment, mixed with horror and aversion, at the wild appear-ance, unknown language, and singular garb, of the Scottish clams. And to the more prudent, their scan-ty numbers, spparent deficiency in discipline, and poverty of equipment, seemed certain tokens of the calamistous termination of their rash undertaking. Thus the few who joined them were such as bigoiry of political principle blinded to consequences, or whose broken forumes induced to hazard all on a that so desperate. The Bearn of Bratwarding being asked what he

"both directly, and by all the usual means by which ladies repress undesired attentions." " I have no idea," answered the Chieftain, "of a lady dismissing or a gentleman withdrawing his suit, after it has been approved of by her legal guardian, without giving him an opportunity of talking the matter over with the lady. You did not, I suppose, expect my sister to drop into your mosth like a ripe plum, the first moment you chose to open it?" . "As to the lady's title to dismiss her lover, Colo-nel," replied Edward, "it is a point which you must argue with her, as I am ignorant of the customs of the Highlands in that particular.. But as to my title to your interest, I will tell you planly, without mean-ing to undervalue Miss Mac-Ivor's admitted beauty and accomplishments, that I would not take the hand of an angel, with an empire for her dowry, if her consent, were extorted by the importunity of friends and guardians, and did not flow from her own free inclination." "An angel, with the dowry of an empire," repeated Fergus, if a tone of bitter tropy "is not ware libely

free inclination." "An angel, with the dowry of an empire," repeated Fergus, in a tone of bitter irony, "is not very likely to be pressed upon a — shire squire. But, sir," changing his tone, "if Flora Mac-Ivor have not the dowry of an empire, she is my sister; and that is suf-ficient at least to secure her against being treated with any thing approaching to levity." "She is Flora Mac-Ivor, sir," said Waverley, with firmness, "which to me, were I capable of treating any woman with levity, would be a more effectual protection."

any woman with levity, would be a more cus-use projection." The brow of the Chieftain was now fully clouded, but Edward felt too indignant at the unreasonable tone which he had adopted, to avert the storm by the least concession. They both stood still while this short dislogue passed, and Fergus seemed half dis-posed to say something more violent, but, by a strong, effort, suppressed his passion, and, turning his face forward, walked sullenly on. As they had always hitherto walked together, and almost constantly side by side. Waverley purpued his course silently in the same direction, determined to let the Chief take his lown time in necovering the good-humour which he

maked with hororor and spression, stithe wild sppering of the spread of the s

in the same tone.

In the same tone. "I shall make due inquiry, however," said the Chief-tain, without noticing the interruption, "and learn what my sister thinks of all this: we will then ease whether it is to end here."

whether it is to end here." "Respecting such inquiries, you will of course be guided by your own judgment," said Waverley. "It is, I am aware, impossible Miss Mac-Ivor can change ner mind; and were such an unsuppossible case to happen, it is certain I will not change mine. I only, mention this to prevent any possibility of future mis-construction."

construction." Gladly at this moment would Mac-Ivor have put ther quartel to a personal arbitrement; his eys flashed fire, and he measured Edward as if to choose where he might best plant a mortal wound. But although we do not new quarrel according to the modes and figures of Caranza or Vincent Saviola, no one knew better than Fergus that there must be some decent better than Fergus that there must be some decent pretext for a mortal duel. For instance, you may challenge a mas for treading on your corn in a crowd, or for pushing you up to the wall, or for taking your sent in the theatre; but the modern code of honour will not permit you to found a quarrel upon your right of compelling a man to continue addresses to a fe-male relative, which the fair lady has already refused.

male relative, which the fair lady has already refused. So that Fergus was compelled to stomach this sup-posed affront, until the whirliging of time, whose mo-tion he promised himself he would watch most sedu-lously, should bring about an opportunity of revenge. Waverley's servant always led a saddle-horse for him in the rear of the battalion to which he was at-tached, though his master seldom rode. But now, fuectmed at the domineering and unreasonable cou-duct of his late friend, he fell behind the column, and his horse resolving to asek the Barch of

duct of his late friend, he fell behind the columns, and mounted his horse, resolving to seek the Baron of Bradwardine, and request permission to volunteer in his trong, instead of the Mac-lvor regiment. A bappy time of it I should have had, thought he, after he was mounted, to have been so closely allied to this superb specimen of pride and self-opinion and pession. A colonel! why, he should have been a generalismo. A petty chief of three or four hundred men! his pride might suffice for the Cham of Tar-tary-the Grand Seignior-the Great Mogul! I am well free of him. Were Flora an angel, she would bring with her a second Lucifer of amotion and wrath for a broher-in-law.--The Beron, whose learning (like Sancho's jests

bring with her a second Lucifer of ambituon and wrath for a brother-in-law.— The Baron, whose learning (like Sancho's jests while in the Sizera Morena) seemed to grow mealdy for want of exercise, joyfull' embraced the opports-mity of Waverley's offering his service in his regiment, to bring it into some exertion. The good-astures old gentleman, however, laboured to effect a reconcilia-tion between the two quondam friends. Fergus turn-ed a cold ear. to his renonstrances, though he gave them a respectful hearing; and as for Waverley, he saw no reason why he should be the first in courting a renewal of the intimacy which the Chieftain had so unreasonably disturbed. The Baron then mean-tioned the matter to the Prince, who anxious to pre-yent quarrels in his little army, declased, he would himself remonstrate with Colonel Mac-lyor on the unreasonableness of his conduct. But, in the hurry of their march, it was a day or two before he had an opportunity to exert his influence in the manner pro-goed.

In the meanwhile. Waverley turned the instruc-tions he had received while in Gardiner's dragoons to some account, and assisted the Baron in his com-mend as a cost of adjustant " Parmilles generales to some account, and assisted the Baron in his com-mand as a sort of adjutant. "Parmiles corregies un borgras est roi," anys the French proveth; and the cavalry, which consisted chiefly of Lowland gentlemen, their tenants and servants, formed a bigh opinion of Waverley's skill, and a great attach-ment to his person. This was indeed partly owing to the saturfaction which they felt at the distinguished English volunteer's leaving the Highlanders le rank among them; for there was a latent grudge between the here and foot, not only owing to the difference of the services, but because most of the gentlemen, hvips near the Highlande, had at one tune or other

# CHAPTER LVIIL

#### THE CONTENION OF KING AGRAMANT'S CAMP.

Ir was Waverley's custom sometimes to ride a little spart from the main body, to look at any object of curiosity which occurred on the march. They were now in Lancashire, when, attracted by a cas-tellated old hall, he left the squadron for half an heag to take a survey and slight extert of it. As he re-turned down the avenue, he was met by Ensage Maccombich. This man had contracted a sort of se-gard for Edward since the day of his first seeing him at Tully-Veolan, and introducing him to the Highlands. He seemed to loiter, as if on purpose to meet will be hero. Yet, as he passed him, he only approaches his stirrup, and prinounced the single word, "Bewars," and then walked swiftly on, shunning all further IT was Waverley's custom sometimes to ride communication.

communication. Edward, somewhat surprised at this hint, fallowes with his eyes the course of Evan, who speedily dis-appeared among the trees. His servant, Alick Pol-warth, who was in attendance, also looked after the Highlander, and then riding up close to his master

said, "The ne'er be in me, sir, if I think you're safe amang the Highland rinthereouts." "What do you mean, Alich." said Waverley "The Mac-Ivors, sir, has gotten it into their bease that ye has affronted their young leddy, Miss Flors; and I has beard mee than and safe, they would also muckle to mak a black-cock o' ye: and ye ken weal enough there's mony o' them wadna mind a bawbao the weising a ball through the Frince himsell, as the Chief gas them the wink—or whether he did er ma, if they thought it a thing that would please him when it was dune." when it was dune

when it was dune." Waverley, though confident that Forgus Mac-Iver was incapable of such treachery, was by no users equally sure of the forbearance of his followers: He knew, that where the boness of the Ching or his family was supposed to be touched, the bappiest mem would be he that could first average the stigmer; and he had often heard them qubie a proverb, "That the heart would be he that could first average the stigmer and had often heard them qubte a proverb, "That the ist revenge was the most speedy and most safe." Cau ling this with the hint of Evans, he judged it mu prudent to set spurs to his horse, and 'ride briel beck to the squadpas. Hre he reached the ead of i long avenue, however, a bell winded seat him, a the report of a pistol, was heard. "It was that dewil's buckis, Callson Beg," at Alick; "I saw him whisk away through amang t reach."

Alick ;

It was that description blocks, Cannon Ser, "and Rick; "I saw him which average through assaugh the rease." Edward, justly incomed at this act of treachave galloped out of the average, and observed the bas-talion of Mac-loot at some distance moving along the common, in which it terminated. His show are an individual running very fast to join the party: this, he concluded was the intended assausin, whit, shorter path to the main body than he could find on horseback. Unable to contain himself, he com-manded Alick to go to the Baren of Brawwardine, who was at the hold of his regiment about hulf a mile in front, and acquaint him with what had hap pened. He himself immediately rode up to Freque's regiment. The Chief himself was in the set of join-regiment. The Chief himself was in the set of join-from waiting on the Prince. On personing Edward approaching, he put his here in mession towards him "Colone Mac Iver," sais Waveley, without any farther salutation, "I have to inform yet that emand your people hes this instant fired at me from a hark ing-place."

"As that," answered Mac-Ivor, "excepting the circumstance of a lurking-place, is a pleasure which i presently propose to myself. I should be glad to know which of my classame dared to anticipath mac "Lakall containly be at your command whenever

you please the gentleman who took your office once, upon himself is your page there, Callwa tieg. the H "Stand forth from the ranks, Calum. I Dia you fire at Mr. Waverley?" "No," answered the unblushing Callura. "You did," said Alick Polwarth, who us already their returned, having met a trooper by whom he dispatch their their states and the states a

r ou diu, "said Alick Polwarth, who us a shready returned, having met s frooper by whom he dispatch-ed an account of what was going forward to the Baron of Bradwardine; while he himself rutarmed to his master at fall gallop, neither sparing the rowels of his spurs, nor the side of his horse." You did; I saw you as plainly as I over saw the aull kirk at Condingham." "You lie," replied Callum, with his usual impen-trable obstinacy. The combat between the knights would certainly, as in the days of chiryairy, have been preceded by an encounter between the knights bow of Cupid far more tham a Highlander's dirk or claymore, but Fergus, with his usual tone of deci-sion, demanded Callum's pistol. The cock was down, the pan and muzzle were black with the smoke; it had been that instant fired. "Take that," said Fergus, striking the boy upon the head with the heavy pistol-but with his whole

have now an excellent commentary upon that ob-sense text." "I arm at a loss even to guess at your meaning, Co-lonel Mac-Ivor, unless it seems plain that you intend to fasten a quarrel upon me." "Your affected ignorance shall not serve you, sir. The Prince,-the Prince himself, has acquainted me with your manœuvres. I little thought thay your en-gagements with Miss Bradwarding were the reason of your breaking off your intended match with my inter. I suppose the information that the Baron had altered the destination of his estate, was quite a suffi-cient reason for slighting your friend's aister, and "Did the Prince tell you I was engaged to Miss Bradwardine?" asid Waveley. "Impossible." "He did, sir," answered Mac-Ivor; "so either draw and defend yourself, or resign your pretensions to the lady." "O! no evasion! draw your sword ?" said the in-functed Chieftain,-his own already unsheathed. "Most I fight in a medman's quarrel ?" "Then give up now, and for ever, all pretensions to Miss Bradwardine's hand." "What tille have you," cried Waverley, utterly with a tille have you," cried Waverley, utterly

ar office once. The Baron lectured, the Chieftain stormed, the Highlanders screamed in Gaclic, the horsemen Dia you cursed and swore in Lowland Scotch. At length

matters came to such a pass, that the Baron threat-ened to charge the Mac-lyors unless they resumed their ranks, and many of them, in return, presented their rauks, and many of them, in return, presented their fire-arms at him and the other troopers. The confusion was privately fostered by old Ballenkai-roch, who made no doubt that his own day of ven-cence was arrived, when, behold! a cry arose of "Room! make way! place d. Monsciencur! place d Monscigneur!" This announced the approach of the Prince, who came up with a party of Fitz-James' foreign dragoons that acted as his body guard. His arrival produced some degree of order. The High-landers re-absumed their ranks, the cayalry fell in and formed squadron, and the Baron and Chietain were silent. were silent.

were silent. The Prince called them and Waverley before him. Having beard the original cause of the quarrel through the villany of Callum Beg, he ordered him into cus-tody of the provost-marshal for immediate execution, in the event of his surviving the chastingmant inflict. ed by his Chistain. Fergus, however, in a tone be-twirt.claiming a right and asking a favour, requested he might be left to his disposal, and promised his punishment should be examplary. To deny this might have seened to encroach on the patriarchal muthority of the Chieftains, of which they were very jealous, and they were not persons to be disobliged. Callum was therefore left to the justice of his own tribe.

claymore, but rergus, vizz.
claymore, vizz.
<liclaymore,

"Messioars les sauvages Ecossois-dat is-gentil-

mans savages, have the goodness d'arranger vous." The clan, comprehending the order more from the gesture than the words, and seeing the Prince himself

present, hastened to dress their ranks, "Ah! ver well! dat is fort bien !" said the Count de Beaujen. "Gentilmans sauvages-mais, très biento Miss Bradwardine's hand." "What title have you," cried Waverley, utterly lening command of himself, —" what title have you, or sing command of himself, —" what title have you, or sing command of himself, —" what title have you, or sing to make also drew his sword. At this moment, the Baron of Bradwardine, fol-ishowed by several of his troop, came up on the spar, be weed by several of his troop, came up on the spar, be weed by several of his troop, came up on the spar, be weed by several of his troop, came up on the spar, which they indistinctly understood had broken que i ai oublie is mot Anglois-mais yous 51se Ces out between the Mac-Ivors and their corps. The bar to support their Chieftain, and a scene of corp. time to support their Chieftain, and a scene of corp. time comport the chieft in the seemed likely to terminate is bloedehed. A mandred tongass were in motion at gross fit ganalinam is moche hart. Ah, mon Dies f Beaujeu.

WAVERLEY.

monsteur: But poor Macwheeble, who, with a sword stuck across him, and a white cockade as large as a pan-cake, now figured in the character of a commissary, being overturned in the bustle occasioned by the troopers hastening to get themselves in order in the Prince's presence, before he could rally his galloway. slunk to the rear amid the unrestrained laughter of

the spectators. "Eh bien, Messieurs, wheel to de right-Ah! dat is it!-Eh, Monsieur de Bradwardine, ayez la bonté

Is ti-En, monsieur de Bradwardine, aver la Donte de vous mettre à la tête de votre régiment, car, par Dieu, je n'en puis plus!" The Baton of Bradwardine was obligéd to go to the assistance of Monsieur de Beaujeu, after he had fairly expended his few English military phrases. One purpose of the Chevalier was thus answered. The other he proposed was, that in the eagerness to hear and comprehend commands issued through such

hear and comprehend commands issued through such an indistinct medium in his own presence, the thoughts of the soldlers in both corps might get a current different from the angry channel in which they were flowing at the time. Charles Edward was no sooner left with the Chief-tain and Waverley, the rest of his attendants being at some distance, than he said, "If I owed less to your disinterested friendship, I could be most seriously under the source transformer the series attendants being angry with both of you for this serie attendants

c'est le Commissaire qui nous a apporté les ,rémières |it is well, or becoming, to give our enemies thie ad-nouvelles de cet maudit fracas. Je suis trop faché; Monsieur?" But poor Macwheeble, who, with a sword stuck me if I add, that the names of the ladies who have

me it 1 add, that the names of the ladies who have been mentioned, crave more respect from us all than to be made themes of discord." He took Fergus a little apart, and spoke to him, very earnestly for two or three minutes, and then re-turning to Waverley, said, "I believe I have estisfied Colonel Mac-Ivor, that his resentment was founded when a misconcertain to misch indeed." Colonel Mac-Ivor; that his resontment was founded upon a misconception, to which, indeed, I myself gave rise; and I trust Mr. Waverley is too generous to harbour any recollection of what is past, when I assure him that such is the case.—You must state this matter properly to your clan, Vich Ian Vohr, to prevent a, recurrence of their precipitate violence." Fergus bowed. "And now, gentlemen, let me have the pleasure to sea you shake handa." "They advanced coldly, and with measured state, each apparently reluctant to appear most forward in concession. They did, however, shake hands, and parted, taking a respectful leave of the Chevalier. "Charles Edward" then rode to the head of the

Their and comparison do compare in the experiment of the problem of

#### GEAP. LIX.1

fac-Ivors, threw himself from his horse, begged a nuk out of old Ballenkeiroch's cantine, and marched druk out of old Ballenkeiroch's cantine, and marched about half a mile along with them, iuquiring into the history and connexions of Sliochd nan Ivor, adroidy using the few words of Gaelic he possessed, and affecting a great desire to learn it more thoroughly. He then mounted his horse once more, and galloped to the Baron's cavalry, which was in front, halted them, and examined their accoutements and state of discipline; took notice of the principal centemen, and even of the cadets; inquired after their ladies, and commended their horses; rode about an hour with the Baron of Brailwardine, and endured three long stories about Field-Marshal the Duke of Ber-wick.

""Ah. Beaujeu, mon cher ami," said he as he return-ed to his usual place in the line of march, "que mon mètier de prince errent est ennuyant, par fois. Mais, sourage! c'est le grand jeu, après tout."

#### CHAPTER LIX.

#### A SKIRMISH.

The reader nord hardly be reminded, that after a council of war held at Derby on the 5th of December, the Highlanders relinquished their desperate attempt the Highlanders reinquisited their desperate attempt to penetrate further into England, and, greatly to the desatisfaction of their young and daring leader, po-sitively determined to return northward. They com-menced their retreat accordingly, and, by the extreme celerity of their movements, outsripped the motions of the Duke of Cumberland, who now pursued them with a very large body of cavalry.

This retreat was a virtual resignation of their tow ring hopes. None had been so sanguine as Fergue **Mac-Ivor**; none, consequently, was so cruelly mor-**died** at the change of measures. He argued, or ra-ther remonstrated, with the utmost vehemence at the ther remonstrated, with the utmost vehemence at the council of war; and, when his opinion was rejected, shed tears of grief and indignation. From that mo-ment his whole manner was so much altered, that be could scarcely have been recognised for the same searing and ardent spirit, for whom the whole earth seemed too narrow but a week before. The retreat bad continued for several days, when Edward, to his surprise, early on the 12th of December, received a visit from the Chieftain in his quarters, in a hamlet about half way between Shap and Penrith. Having had no intercourse with the Chieftain being cristic combunity of the same laining remedies

back half way between Shap and Penrith. Having had no intercourse with the Chieftain foring estracts corrobornity of the senoral opinious respecting the Pinco's amiable disposition, are taken from a manuscript seme of the romantic expecting. by Jance Maxwell of Kirk essents of his romantic expecting. by Jance Maxwell of Kirk essents of his mane, and well acquainted with the intrigues among the Advenuer's council — "Ever body was might all lists has and esself amine, and well acquainted with the intrigues among the Advenuer's council — "Ever body was might all lists has and esself and there are runswith the Prince's figure and percent and histories. The action is runswith the Prince's figure and percent and histories. These attions for his presents at the influence of the original figure and the runswith the billings action respects and could hadly blame him for his present at the bighest pictub, besides the greatmes of the enterprise, and the advent and the runswith the figure and homanity that had use a great impression on apoly estimate and homanity that be find were a great impression on apoly estimate and homanity that be the bighest pictub, besides the greatmes of the enterprise, and prince was several instances of good-nature and homanity that had use a great impression on apoly estimate and homanity that be prince was averal instances of good mature and homanity that be prince was averal instances of good mature and homanity that be prince was averal instances of the officers came up to con-greased a great impression on apoly and the cope arous had to cope piel a few mission be forcup that kill cope arous had courd prince was avera feel." The Prince, far from excilling the prince was avera feel." The Prince are up to con-mature that enter that of the was advend to find the prince second that the inform and are are appression on apoly and the cope arous and the prince prince was avera feel." The Prince are the stail on officer and are are apossible." The the bighest at

since their rupture, Edward waited with some anxiety an explanation of this unexpected visit; nor could be help being surprised, and somewhat shocked, with the change in his appearance. His eye had lost much of its fire; his check was hollow, his voice was lan-guid, even his gait seemed less firm and elastic than it was wont; and his dress, to which he used to be it was wont; and nis dress, to which he used to be particularly attentive, was now carelessly flung about him. He invited Edward to walk out with him by the liftle river in the vicinity; and smiled in a me-lancholy manner when he observed him take down and buckle on his sword.

wate a change will the new of this that py fetched make in her state of mind?" Waverley, who was really much affected by the deep tone of melancholy with which Fergus spoks, affectionately entreated him to banish from his re-informance any unkindness which had arisen between, them, and they once more shook hands, but now with sincere cordiality. Fergus again induired of Waver ley what he intended to do. "Had you not better leave this luckless army, and get down before us into Scot-land, and embark for the Continent from some of the eastern ports that are still in our possession? When you are out of the kingdom, your friends will easily negotiste your pardon; and, to tell you the trath, I wish you would carry Hose Bradwardine with you as your wife, and take Flora also under your joint pro-tection."-Edward looked suprised-" She loves you, and I believe you love her, though perhaps, you have not found it out, for you are not celebrated for know-ing your own mind very pointedly." He said this

with a sort of smile. "How," answered Edward, "can you advise me to desert the expedition in which we are all embarked ?

Embarked ?" said Fergus ;. " the vessel is going

they will be disappointed; they have been too often treublesome to be so repeatedly passed over, and this time John Bull has been too heartily frightened to recover his good-humour for some time. The Hano-verian ministers always deserved to be hanged for rands,—as, sooner or later, they must, since there is neither range in England nor assistance from France, -they will deserve the gallows as fools, if they leave a single clan in the Highlands in a situation to be again troublesome to government. Ay, they will make rate-branch-work, I warrant them." "And while you recommend flight to me," said Ed-ward,—" a counsel which I would rather die than embrace,—what are yourswy views?" "O," answered Fergus, with a melancholy air, "my faste is settled. Dead or captive I must be before to-memorw." they will be disappointed; they have been too often

morrow."

What do you mean by that, my friend ?" said Ed d. "The enemy is still a day's march in our rear, -

"The enemy is still a day's march in our rear, and if he comes up, we are still strong enough to keep him in check. Remember Gladsmuir." "What I tell you is true notwithstanding, so far as I am individually concerned." "Upon what authority can you found so melan-choly a prediction ?" asked Waverley. "On one which never failed a person of my house. I have seen." he said, lowering his voice, "I have seen the Bodach Glas." "Bodach Glas ?" "Yes: Have you been so long at Glennaquoich, and never heard of the Grey Spectre? though indeed there is a certain reluctance among us to mention him." him

"No, never." "Ah i it would have been a tale for poor Flora to have told you. Or, if that hill were Benmore, and that long blue lake, which you see just winding to-that long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake, which you see just winding to-the long blue lake is a set of the long blue lake is a set of the long blue lake is a set of the law of wards yon mountainous country, were Loch Tay, or my own Loch an Ri, the tale would be better suited wards yon mountainclus country, were Loch 1 ky, or my own Loch an Ri, the take would be better suited with scenery. However, let us sit down on this infoll; even Saddleback and Ulswater will suit what I have to say better than the English hedgerows at least to say better than the English hedgerows, en-obscures, and farm-bousse. You must know, then, that when my ancestor, Ian nan Chaistel, wasted Northumberland, there was associated with him in the arpedition a sers of Southland Chief, or captain of a band of Lowlanders, called Halbert Hall. In their return through the Cheviots, they quarrelied about the division of the great booty they had acqui-red, and came from words to blows. The Lowlend-ers were cut off to a man, and their chief fell the last, eovered with wounds by the sword of my ancestor. Simoe that time, his spirit has crossed the Vich Ian Yehr of the day when any great disaster was impend-ing, but especially before approaching death. My father saw him twice; once before he was made pri-sonser at Sheriff-Muir; another time on the morning of the day on which he didd " somer at Sheriff-Muir; another time on the morning of the day on which he died."

"How can you, my dear Fergus, tell such nonsense with a grave face?"

I do not ask you to believe it; but I tell you the truth, ascertained by three bundred years experience

t least, and last night by my own eyes." "The particulars, for heaven's sake!" said Waver-

"I will, on condition you will not attempt a jest on "I will, on condition you will not attempt a jest on the sucject.—Since this unnappy retreat commenced. "Why, if I did not strike hard sometimes, the res-tave scarce ever been able to sleep for thinking of ray clan, and of this poor Prince, whom they are leading back like a dog in a string, whether he will orma, and of the downfall of my family. Last night a large open moor, and were entering into the enclo-list so feverish that I left my quarters, and walked surse which surround a small village called Chifton.

to the long-boat and leave her." "Why, what will other gentlemen do ?" answered "Why, what will other gentlemen do ?" answered "Waverley, "and why did the Highland Chiefs con-emt to this retreat, if it is so runnus?" "O," replied Mac-lvor, "they think that, as on for-inter occasions, the heading, hanging, and forfeiting, such as shepherds wear in the south of Scotland, will chiefly fall to the lot of the Lowland gentry; that they will be left secure in their poverty and gheri to the wind upon the hill till the waters abate.' But they will be disappointed; they have been too often "No: I thought so at first, and was asteniahed at

"You saw a Cumberland pessant in his ordinary dress, probably." "No: I thought so at first, and was asteniahed at

the man's audacity in daring to dog me. I called to him, but received no answer. I felt an anxious threb Ine main's adactive in daring to dog me. I called is him, but received no answer. I felt an anxious thread bing at my heart, and to ascertain what I dreaded, i stood still, and 'turned myself on the same apot suc-cessively to the four points of the compass-By Hes-ven, Edward, turn where I would, the figure was in-stantly before my eyes, at precisely the same distanced i was then convinced it was the Bodach Glas. My hair bristled, and my knees shook. I manned my-self, however, and determined to return to my quar-ters. My ghastly visicant glided before me, (for I cannot say he walked,) until he reached the foot-bridge; there he stopped, and turned full round. I must either wade the river, or pass him as close as I am to you. A desperate courage, founded on the ba-lief that mydenth was near, made me resolve to make my way in despite of him. I made the aign of the cross, drew my sword, and uttered, 'In the name of God, Evil Spirft, give place?' Vich Ian Vohr,' it said, in a voice that made my very blood curdle, 'beware of to-morrow!' It ecemed at that moment not halfs yard from my sword's point; but the words were are sooner spoken than it was gone, and nothing appear-ed Wuther to obstruct my passage. I got home, and sooner spoken than it was gone, and nothing appear-ed further to obstruct my passage. I got home, and threw myself on my bed, where I spent a few hours heavily enough; and this morning, as no enemy was reported to be near us, I took my horse, and rode for-ward to make up matters with you. I would not willingly fall until I am in charity with a wronged friend." friend

friend." Edward had little doubt that this phantom was the operation of an exhausted frame and depressed spirits, working on the belief common to all Highlanders in such superstitions. He did not the less pity Fergus, for whom, in his present distress, he felt all his for-mer regard revive. With the view of diverting his mind from these gloomy images, he offered, with the Baron's permission, which he knew he could readily obtain, to remain in his quarters till Fergus's corps should come up, and then to march with them as usual. The Chief seemed much pleased, yet hesitated to accept the offer.

usual. The Chief seemed much pleased, yet hesitated to accept the offer. "We are, you know, in the rear,—the post of dan-ger in a retreat." "And therefore the post of honour." "Well," replied the Chieftain, "let Alick have your horse in readiness, in case we should be over-matched, and I shall be delighted to have your com-pany once more."

The rear-guard were late in making their appear-ance, having been delayed by various accidents, and by the badness of the roads. At length they externed the hamlet. When Waverley joined the clan Mac-Ivor, arm-in-arm with their Chieftain, all the resent-ment they had entertained against him seemed blows off at once. Evan Dhu received him with a grain of congratulation; and even Callum, who was running about as active as ever, pale indeed, and with a grain patch on his head, appeared delighted to see him. "That gallows-bird's skull," said Fergus, "must be harder than marble: the lock of the pistol was actually broken." "How could you stake so young a lad as hards"

"How could you strike so young a lad so hard?" said Waverley, with some interest. "Why, if I did not strike hard sometimes, the res-cals would forget themselves." They were now in full march, every caution being from to purpose inversion. Construct a solar solar

# The winter sun had set suff Edward bagen to raily. Forgun upon the false predictions of the Gray Spirit. "The idee of March are not past," said Maclivor, with a smile; when, soddenly casung his goe back with a smile; when, suddenly casing his cross back on the moor, a large body of cavalry was indistinctly seen to haver upon its brown and dark surface. To line the enclosures facing the open ground, and the road by which the enemy must move from it upon the village, was the work of a short time. While these manaceuvies were accomplishing, night sunk down,

Village, was the work of a short time. While these manœuvres were accomplishing, night suck down, dark and gloomy, though the moon was at full. Sometimes, however, she gleamed forth a dabious light upon the scene of action. The Highlanders did not long remain undisturbed in the defensive position they had adopted. Favour-ed by the night, one large body of dismounted dra-goons attempted to force the enclosures, while ano-ther, equally strong, strove to peastrate by the high-road. Both were received by each a heavy fore as disconcerted their ranks, and efficually checked their progress. Unsuited with the advantage thus gam-ed. Fargins, to whose ardent spirit the espreach of danger seemed to restore all its elseticity, drawing his sword, and calling out "Claymore!" encouraged his sword, and calling out "Claymore!" encouraged his paces. But the moon, which, suddenly shows out, showed to the English the small number of assail-anta, disordered by their own success. Two squad-rous of horse moving to the support of their compa-nions, the Highlanders endeavoured to recover the sucleares. But the sword-point, to fly to the spaces. But he sword of their own success. Two squad-nons of horse moving to the support of their compa-nions, the Highlanders endeavoured to recover the sucleares. But as averal of them, amonget others their brave Chieftain, were cut off and surrounded before they could efficit their purpess. Waverley, looking eagerly for Fergus, from whom, as well as from the retreating body of his followers, he had been separated in the darkness and tunnult, saw him, with separated in the darkness and tumult, saw him, with Evan Dhu and Callum, defending themselves desing at them with their long broadswords. The moon ing at them with their long broadswords. The moon was again at that moment totally overclouded, and Edward, in the electrity, could neither bring aid to his friends, nor discover which way lay his own road to rejoin the rear-guard. After once or twice narrow-ly escaping being slain or made prisoner by parties of the cavalry whom he encountered in the darkness, he at length reached an anclosure, and, clambering over it, concluded himself in safety, and on the way to the Highland forces, whose pipes he heard at some distance. For Fergus hardly a hope remained, unless that he might be made prisoner. Revolving his fate with sorrow and anxiety, the superstition of the Bo-dach Glas recurred to Edward's recollection, and he said to himself, with internal surprise, "What, can the day! speak trath ??'\*

such to himself, with internal surprise, "What, can the devil speak trath?"\* • The disving account of theshimish at Olifon, is extract-from the manuscript Memoins of Svan Macoherson of Clury, Chief of the class. Macoherson, who had the merit of supporting the priseipal brunt of that spirited affair. The Memoirs appear to have been composed about 175, only ton years after the ac-tightant Chief resided in exile, which accounts for scenes Galli-enter which occur in the narrative. • The Perioet's regime from Derby back towards Scotland, himself with the command of the rar: a post, which, althol-based being Marriy, Lioutenaat-General, cheerfully obary do the prince's regime from Derby back towards Scotland, himself with the command of the rar: a post, which, althol-based being Marriy, Lioutenaat-General, cheerfully obary do the southward of hom with an armus mech supperior to what H. E. H. had, while the Dake of Combornad with his whole scruptic followed hard in the rear; was obliged to hasten his more the action of the other to any the supperior to what H. E. H. had, while the Dake of Combornad with his whole scruptic followed hard in the rear; was obliged to hasten his more the match and in the rear, was obliged to hasten his more the state brince's army, in the dopt to wint the strengely history that be construction to marchese long after it, was the atmenter, and the worst found he even the of the twentice circh the matches, may be the the the case of Combornad with his whole atter the partition of the twentice of the twentice is the prince where the scrupt is the act of General is the case of the scrupter of the scrupter of the twentice is the prince of Combornad. Herefore the town of fenrith, in the formate of activities on the the of General with the main and the regiment of Mascher arear and. The Prince, is order to represent the ansate of appear in the more the board the activity of the main and activity at mainer should be order of the premeter of the the scrupter used. The Prince, is order to represe

#### CHAPTER LX.

#### CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

**EDWARD was in a most unpleasant and dangerous** situation. He soon lost the sound of the barphese; and, what was yet more unpleasant, when, after searching long in vain, and strandblue through many enclosures, he at length approach a the high-road, he learned, from the unwelcome noise of kettle-drum and trumpets, that the English cavalry now occupie

he learned, from the unwelcome normal state of the drums and trumpets, that the En., jish cavalry now occupied it, and consequently were between him and the High-landers. Procluded, therefore, from advancing in a straight direction, he resolved to avoid the English military, and endeavour to join his friends by making a circuit to the left, for which a beaten path, devias-ing from the main road in that direction, seemed to afford facilities. The path was muddy, and the night dark and cold i but even these inconveniences were hardly felt anniest the approhensions which failing into the hands of the King's forces reasonably en-cited in his becom. After walking about three miles, he at length reached a hamlet. Conscious that the common peo-ple were in general unfavourable to the cause he had espoused, yet, desirous, if possible, to procure a horse in to the main body, of the Chevalier's army, he sp-proached the alebouse of the place. There was a English oath or two, and the burden of a compaign song, convinced him the hamlet also was occupied by the Duke of Cumberland's soldiers. Endeaver-ing the take of the sold is soldiers. Endeaver-ing the toke of the sold is a soldiers. Endeaver-ing the toke of the burden of a compaign song, convinced him the hamlet also was occupied by the Duke of Cumberland's soldiers. Endeaverby the Juke of Cumperiand's soliters. Endeavest-ing to retire from it as softly as possible, and bless-ing the obscurity which hitherto he had murmared against, Waverley groped his way the best he could along a small paing, which seemed the boundary of some cottage garden. As he reached the gate of this little enclosure, his outstretched hand was grasped by that of a female, whose voice at the same time uttered, "Edward, is't thou, man?" Here is some unlucky mistake, thought Edward,

Here is some untucky mistake, thought 'Ldwang, strugging, but gently, to discngage himself. "Nacn o' thy foun, now, man, or the red cwoats will hear thee; they has been houlerying and poule-rying every ane that past alabouse door this noight, to make them drive their wagons and sick loiks. Come into feyther's, or they'll do ho a mischiel." A good hint, thought Waverley, following the girl through the little garden into a brick-paved kitcheng.

where and set herself to kindle a match at an expiring fire, and with the match to light a candle. She had

nre, and with the match to light a candle. She had no sooner looked on Edward, than she dropped the light, with a shrill acream of "O feyther, feyther?". The father, thus invoked, speedily appeared—a sturdy old farmer, in a pair of leather breeches, and boots pulled on without stockings, having just etart-ed from his bed; the rest of his dress was only a Westmoreland stateman's robe-de-chambra,--that ed from his bed; the rest of his dress was only a Westmoreland statesman's robe-de-chambra, --that to be reviewed, and to know in what meansw the sumbler staod from his haveing entered England. It did not at that time mount to 5000 foot in all, with about 400 cavirie, comport of the boblesse who serv'd as volusteers, part of whom form'd a from trung of gaussis for the Prince, under the comband of My Lord Elebee, now Comite de Weens, who, being proscribed, is presently in France. Another part formed a second troup of gausda unfer the command of My Lord Balmirno, who was be-neaded at the Tower of London. A third part serv'd under My Lord Le Comite de Klimarnock, who was likewise behaaded at he Tower. A fourth part serv'd under My Lord Pittilgow, who is also proscribed ; which cavalrie, the very few in numbers, to the foot, not only in the day of ballio, but in serving as ad-waned gruents on the serveral marches, and in patrillar during the night on the different reads which led towards the town where the stray happened to quarts. ""While this small arroy was out in a body on the sith Deome-ing review, Mons. de Clung, with his tribe, was ofdered to the Bridge of Clifton, about a unile to southward of Penrith, fare having pass'd in review bofore Mons. Patuallo, who was charged with the inspection of the troops, and was ilkoward. Status Master General of the army, and is now in France. The set Master General of the army, and is now in France. The set mained under arms at the Bridge, writing the arrive do for surand grues to cover in massing the bridge. They are do and sub of deorge Marray with the artilitie, whom Mons. & Clung who hold of of his cavalrie, reckneed guward for boot arong about a thousand of whom, as user as more the ontonic at door work to be bridge, while the Duke and the armined on burge-about a thousand of whom, as user as more the armined to wards the bridge, while the Duke and the store to anothe armined to wards the bridge, while the Duke and the store to anothe armined to wards the bridge,

is, his shirt. His figure was displayed to advantage, by a candle which he bore in his left hand; in his right he brandished a poker.

"And unbact with the process of the sector o

"And what was thee ganging to do wi' Ned Wil-liams at this time o' noight?" 'To this, which was perhaps, one of the numerous class of questions more easily asked than answered, the rosy-checked damsel made no reply, but continued sobbing and wringing

perhaps, one of the numerous class of questions more easily asked than answered, the rosy-checked damsel made no reply, but continued sobbing and wringing her hands.
"And thee, lad, dost ho know that the dragoons be a town? dost ho know that, mon? ad, they'll sliver these loike a turnip, mon."
"I know my life is in great danger," said Waverley, "but if you can assist me, I will reward you handsomely. I am no Scotchman, but an unfortunate English gentleman."
"Be ho Scot or no," said the honest farmer, "I wish thou hadst kept the other side of the hallan. But since thou art here, Jacob Jopson will betray no man's buid; and the plaids were gay canny, and did not do so much mischief when they were here yesterday." Accordingly, he set seriously about sheltering and refreshing our hero for the night. The fire was epeedily rekindled, but with precaution against its light being seen from without. The jolly yeoman cut a rasher of bacon, which Cleely soon broiled, and her father added a swingeing tankard of his best ale. It was settled, that Edward should remein there till the troops marched in the morning, then hire or buy a horse from the farmer, and, with the best directions that could be obtained, endeavour to overtake his friends. A clean, though coarse bed, received him after the fatigues of this unhappy day.
With the morning arrived the news that the Highlanders had evacuated Penrith, and marched off to the most frantic temerity. Ned Williams (the right Edward) was now called to council by Cleay and her father. Ned, who perhaps did not care that his handsome nameseke should remain too long in the same house with his sweether, acknanging the mist the set the right father. Ned, who perhaps did not care that his handsome nameseke should remain too long in the same house with his sweether, acknanging his united wardt was now called to council by Cleay and her father. Ned, who perhaps did not care that his handsome nameseke should remain too long in the same house with his s

Bandsome namesake should remain too long in the same house with his sweetheart, for fear of fresh mis-takes, proposed that Waverley, exchanging his uni-form and plaid for the dress of the country, should go with him to his father's farm near Ulswater, and pemain in that undisturbed retirement until the mili-tary movements in the country should have ceased tary movements in the country should have ceased to render his departure hazardous. A price was also agreed upon, at which the stranger might board with Farmer Williams, if he thought proper, till he could depart with safety. It was of moderate amount; the distress of his situation, among this honest and sim-ple hearted race, being considered as no reason for increasing their demand.

The necessary articles of dress were accordingly procured, and, by following by-paths, known to the young farmer, they hoped to escape any unpleasant reacontre. A recompense for their hospitality was

reaconte: A recompense to contain hospitality was reacont and although he found Mons. de Chury and his tribe in good spirits under arms, yet the circumstance appear'd extreme y delicate. The numbers were vaily unequall, and the attack seemid very dangerous; so My Lord George declind giving or ders to such time as the ask'd Mons. de Clury's oppinion. 'I will attack them with all my heart,' args Mons. de Clury, if y delicate the such and on foot, at the head of the single tribe of Macpherobas. They in a moment made their way through a strong heige of thorms, under the cover where of the carge, is and fought sword in hand on foot, at the head of the single tribe of Macpherobas. They in a moment made their way through a throng heige of thorms, under the cover where of the cargine had taken their station, in the strugte of passing which hedge My were, leat his bourt and wig: so continued to fight bear-headed thiring the action. They at first made a brisk discharge of their firs arms on the enemy, then stracked them with their sabres, and made a great singhter a considerable time, which obliged Comberland and his cavalrie to first to have taken advantage of the discorder, it is beyond question that the Duke of Comber-land and the buy of his cavalrie had been taken advantage of the discorder, it is were on the sub to buy the buy or nam-ber the slain which filed all the diches which happened to be on and med or wards that it was not possible to view or nam-ber the slain which filed all the diches which happened to be on and med or wards that it was on the happened to be on

refused percemptorily by old Jopson and his cherry-checked daughter; a kiss paid the one, and a hearty shake of the hand the other. Both seemed anxious for their guest's safety, and took leave of him with kind wishes.

kind wishes. In the course of their route, Edward, with hus guide, traversed those fields which the night before had been the scene of action. A brief gleam of De-cember's sun shone sadly on the broad heath, which, towards the spot where the great north-west road entered the enclosures of Lord Lonsdale's property, exhibited dead badies of men and horise, and the usual companions of war, a number of carrion-crows, heaves and rayons.

Values of the second states of the second states and the second states of the second states and the second sta

As these ideas pressed on Waverley's mind, he resolved to go upon the open heath, and search if, among the slain, he could discover the body of his resolved to go upon the open nearly, and search in, among the slain, he could discover the body of his friend, with the pious intention of procuring for him the last rites of sepulture. The timorous young man who accompanied him remonstrated upon the danger of the attempt, but Edward was determined. The followers of the camp had already stripped the dead of all they could carry away; but the country-people, unused to scenes of blood, had not yet approached the field of action, though some stood fearfully gazing at a distance. About sixty or seventy dragoons lay slain within the first enclosure, upon the high road, and on the open moor. Of the Highlanders, not above a dozen had fallen, chiefly those who, venturing too far on the moor, could not regain the strong ground. He could not find the body of Fergus among the slain. On a little knoll, separated from the others, lay the carcasses of three English dragoons, two horses, and the page Callum Beg, whose had skull a trooper's broadsword had, at length, effectually clo-ver. It was possible his clan had carried off the body. topper's broadsword had, at length, effectually clo-ven. It was possible his clan had carried off the body of Fergus; but it was also possible he had escaped, especially as Even Dhu, who would never leave his Chief, was not found among the dead; or he might be prisoner, and the less formidable denunciation in-ferred from the appearance of the Bodach Glas might have proved the true one. The approach of a party, sent for the purpose of compelling the country-people to bury the dead, and who had already assembled se-veral peasants for that purpose, now obliged Edward to rejoin his guide, who awaited him in great anxiety and fear under shade of the plantations. After leaving this field of death, the rest of their journey was happily accomplianted. At the house of

journey was happily accomplished. At the house of sides those who went off wounded, upwards of a hundred at least were left on the spot, among whom was Colonel Heay-word, who commanded the dimonstit cavalrie, whose subra of considerable value Mons. de Clany brought off and still pe-server; and his tribe lykeways brought off many arms; -the Colonel was afterwards taken up, and, his wounds being dressid, with great difficultie recovered. Mons. de Cluny lost only in the action twelve men, of whom some haveing been only wound-ed, fell afterwards into the hands of the energy, and were sent as slaves to America, whence several of them returned, and es of them is now in France, a sergers in the Regiment of Royal Scotts. How soon the accounts of the Duk of Athol, the be-talion of the Duke of Perth, and some other tronge under his command, in order to support Cluny, and to bring-off the artib-rie. But the action was intirely over, before the Combe de Mairme, with his command, courd reach nigh to the place. They herefore return d all to Penrith, and the artilirie marched up therefore return d all to Penrith, and the artilirie marched wards daw to come withim a day's march of the Prince. They wards daw to come within a day's march of the Prince and be army during the course of all that retvest, which was conduced ed with great prudence and sefety when is some manner sup-rounded by esemics."

Firmer Williams, Edward passed for a young kins-man, educated for the church, who was come to reaide there till the civil tumults permitted him to pass through the country. This silenced suspicion among the kind and simple yeomanry of Cumberland, and accounted sufficiently for the grave manners and re-tires habits of the new guest. The precaution became mere necessary than Waverley had anticipated, as a wriety of incidents prolonged his stay at Fasthwaite, as the farm was called.

They of increases provided in step at a sectivated as the farm was called. A tremendous fall of snow rendered his departure impossible for more than ten days. When the roads began to become a little practicable, they successively received news of the retreat of the Chevalier into Scotland; then, that he had abandoned the frontiers, returng upon Glasgow; and that the Duke of Cum-berland had formed the siege of Carlisle. His army, therefore, cut off all possibility of Waverley's esca-ping into Scotland in that direction. On the eastern border, Marshal Wade, with a large force, was ad-vancing upon Edinburgh, and all along the frontier parties of militia, volunteers, and partisans, were in arms to suppress insurrection, and apprehend such in England. The surrender of Carlisle, and the ser-venty with which the robel garrison were threatened, soon formed as additional reason against venuring upon a solitary and hopeless journey through a hosupon a solitary and hopeless journey through a hostile country and a large army, to carry the assistance of a single sword to a cause which seemed altogether

desperaïe. In this lonely and secluded situation, without the advantage of company or conversation with man of cultivated minds, the arguments of Colonel Talbot often recurred to the mind of our hero. A still more anxious recollection haunted his alumbers—it was the dying look and gesture of Colonel Gardiner. Most devoutly did he hope, as the rarely occurring post brought news of akirmishes with various success that it might never again be his lot to draw his sword in civil conflict. Then his mind turned to the sup-posed death of Fergus, to the desolate situation of Flora, and, with yet more tender recollection, to that of Rose Bradwardine, who was destitute of the de-vised enthusiasm of loyalty, which, to her friend, hallowed and scalted misfortune. These reveries he was permitted to enjoy, undisturbed by queries or interruption; and it was in many a winter walk by the shores of Ulewater, that he acquired a more com-plete mastery of a spirit tamed by adversity, than his former experience had given him; and that he felt himself entitled to say firmly, though perhaps with a sigh, that the romance of his life was ended, and that its real history had now commenced. He was won called upon to justify his pretensions by reason and philosophy. In this lonely and secluded situation, without the

### CHAPTER LXI.

#### A JOURNEY TO LONDON.

The family at Fasthwaite were soon attached to The family at Fasthwaite were soon attached to Bdward. He had, indeed, that gentleness and urba-sity which almost universally attracts corresponding kindness; and to their simple ideas his learning gave hum consequence, and his sorrows interest. The last be ascribed, evasively, to the loss of a brother in the ekurnish near Clifton; and in that primitive state of constant when the interest of the loss of the state of eocisty, where the ties of affection were highly deem-ed of, his continued depression excited sympathy, but not sumrise

In the end of January, his more lively powers were salled out by the happy union of Edward Williams, the son of his host, with Cicely Jopson. Our hero would not cloud with sorrow the festivity attending would not cloud with sorrow the resulting attenuous the wedding of two persons to whom he was so high-ity obliged. He therefore excited himself, danced, sing, played at the various games of the day, and was the blithest of the company. The next morning, hewever, he had more serious matters to think of. The clergyman who had married the young couple

was so much pleased with the supposed student of divinity, that he came next day from Penrith on pur-ties to pay him a visit. This might have been a

puzzling chapter had he entered into any examination of our hero's supposed theological studies; but for-tunately he loved better to hear and communicate tunately he loved better to hear and communcate the news of the day. He brought with him two or three old newspapers, in one of which Edward found a piece of intelligence that soon rendered him deaf to every word which the Reverend Mr. Twigtythe was saying upon the news from the north, and the prospect of the Duke's speedily overtaking and crush-ing the rebels. This was an article in these, or nearly

ing the rebels. This was an article in these, or nearry these words: "Died at his house, in Hill Street, Berkeley-Square, upon the 10th inst. Richard Waverley, Esq. second son of Sir Giles Waverley of Waverley-Honour, dc. dc. He died of a lingering disorder, augmented by the unpleasant predicament of suspicion in which he stood, having been obliged to find bail to a high amount, te meet an impending accusation of bigh-treason. An accusation of the same grave crime hangs over his elder brother, Sir Everard Waverley, he revised that an of that same and the same grave crime hange over his of that ancient family: asd we hangs over his elder brother, Sir Everard Waverley, the representative of that ancient family; and we understand the day of his trial will be fixed early in the next month, unless Edward Waverley, son of the deceased Richard, and heir to the Baronel, shall sur-render himself to justice. In that case, we are an-sured it is his Majesty's gracious purpose to drop further proceedings upon the charge against Sir Everard. This unfortunate young gentleman is as-certained to have been in arms in the Pretesder's exercise and to have marched slows with the Highland service, and to have marched along with the Highland troops into England. But he has not been heard of since the skirmish at Clifton, on the 18th December last."

troops into England. But he has not been heard et since the skirmish at Clifton, on the 18th December last." Such was this distracting paragraph.—" Good God!" exclaimed Waverley, "am I then a parricide 3 —Impossible! My father, who never showed the affec-tion of a father while he lived, cannot have been ao much affected by my supposed death as to haster his own; no, I will not believe it,—it were distraction to entertain for a moment such a borrible idea. But it were, if possible, worse than parricide to suffer any danger to hang over my noble und generous uncle, who has ever been more to me than a father, if such evil can be averted by any sacrifice on my par!" While these reflections passed like the stings of scorpions through Waverley's zensorium, the worthy divine was startled in a long disquisition on the battle of Falkirk by the ghastliness which they communica-ted to his looks, and asked him if he was ill? Fortu-nately the bride, all smirk and blush, had just entered the room. Mrs. Williams was none of the brightest of women, but she was good-natured, and readily concluding that Edward had been shocked by disa-greesable news in the papers, interfered so judiciously, that without exciting suspicion, she drew off Mr. Twigty he's stirtling as more the neglained to his friends, that he was under the necessity of going to London with as little delay as possible. One cause of delay, however, did occur, to which Waverley had been very little accustomed. His pures, though well stocked when he first went to Tully Veolan, had not been reinforced since that period-and athough his life since had not been of a nature to axhaust it hastily, for he had lived chiefly with his friends or with the army, yet, he found, that, after settling with his kind landlord, he should be too poor to encounter the axpense of travelling post. The best

to encounter the appense of trevelling post. The best contrast, therefore, seemed to be to get into the great north road about Borough-bridge, and there take a place in the Northern Diligence, a huge old-fashioned tub, drawn by three horses, which completed the journey from Edinburgh to Loaden (God willing, as the advertisement expressed it) in three weeks. Our hero, therefore, took an affectionate farewell of his Cumberland friends, whose kindness he promised never to forget, and tacitly hoped one day to acknow-ledge, by substantial proofs of gratitude. After some petty difficulties and vezatious delays, and after putting his dress into a shape better befitting his rank, though parfectly plain and simple, he accom-pliabed crossing the country, and found himself in the desired vehicle vis-2-vis to Mrs. Nosebag, the lady of Licoutenant Nosebag, edjutant and riding-master ef

ciety who take upon them faire le frats de conversa-tion. She had just returned from the north, and informed Edward how nearly her regiment had cut the petticost people into ribands at Falkirk, "only somehow there was one of those nasty, awkward marshes, that they are never without in Scotland, I. think, and so our poor dear little regiment suffered something, as my Nosebag says, in that unsatisfac-tory afiair. You, sir, have served in the dragoons ?" Waverley was taken so much at unawares that he acomisecad. ciety who take upon them faire le frais de conversa-

acquiescad. "O, I knew it at once: I saw you were military "O, I knew it at once: I saw you were military from your air, and I was sure you could be none of the foot-wobblers, as my Nosebag calls them. What regiment, pray?" Here was a delightful question. Waverley, however, justly concluded that this good have had the whole army-list by heart; and, to avoid detection by adhering to truth, answered, "Gardiner's descored by adhering to truth, answered, "Gardiner's descored by adhering to truth, answered, "Gardiner's descored by adhering to truth, answered, "Gardiner's "O sye, those as won the race at the battle of Pres-ton, as my Nocebag says. Pray, air, were you there?" "I was so unfortunate, madam," he replied, "as to witness that engagement." "And that was a missfortune that few of Gardiner's

And that was a misfortune that few of Gardine stood to witness a historic on the tow of dather s your pardon; but a soldier's wife loves a joke."

year pardon; but a soldier's wife loves a joke." Devil confound yon, thought Waverley, what infer-mal luck has peaned me up with this inquisitive hag! Fortunately the good lady did not stick long to one subject. "We are coming to Ferrybridge, now," ahe said, "where there was a party of eurs left to support the beadles, and constables, and justices, and these sort of creatures that are examining papers and stopping rebels and all that." They were hardly in the inn before she dragged Waverley to the window, exclaiming, "Yonder comes Corporal Bridoon, of our poor dear troop; he's corring with the constable man; Bridoon's one of my lamba, as Nosebag calls 'em. Comes Mr. — a-a-pray, what's your em. Come, Mr. -- a-a-,-pray, what's your name, sir?

"Butler, ma'am," said Waverley, resolved rather to make free with the name of a former fellow officer, than run the risk of detection by inventing one not to be found in the regiment.

be found in the regiment. "O, you got a troop lately, when that shabby fel-low, Waverley, went over to the rebels? Lord, I wish our old cross Captain Grump would go over to the rubels, that Nosebag might get the troop!-Lord, what can Bridoon be standing swinging on the bridge for ? I'll be hanged if he a'nt hazy, as Nose-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-bag says.-Come, sit, as you and I belong to the ser-ser of the server.--the says of the server of the server of the server.--says of the server of

female commander. The gallant trooper was as like a lamb as a drunk corporal of dragoons, about like a lamb as a drunk corporal of dragoons, about six feet high, with very broad shoulders, and very thin legs, not to mention a great scar acrose his nose, could well be. Mrs. Nosebag addressed him with something, which if not an oath, sounded very like one, and commanded him to attend to his duty. "You be d-d for a ----," commenced the gallant cavalier: but, looking up in order to suit the ac-tion to the words, and also to enforce the epithet which he meditated with an adjective applicable to the party, he recognised the speaker, made his mili-tary salam, and altered his tone.--'' Lord love your handsome face, Madam Nosebag, is it you? Why, If a poor fellow does happen to fire a sing of a morn-ing, I am sure you were never the lady to bring him to harm.''

"Well, you rescallion, go, mind your duty; this gentleman and I belong to the scrvice; but be sure you look after that shy cock in the slouched hat that sits in the corner of the coach. I believe he's one of the redels in disguise."
"D--n her gooseberry wig," said the corporal, when she was out of hearing, "that gimlet-eyed jade-mother adjutant, as we call her-is a greater plague to the regiment than provot-marsha, sergeant-major,

surgeant-major,

the — dragooms, a jolly weamen of about fifty, wear-ing a bine habit, faced with scarlet, and grasping a silver-mounted horse-whip. This lady was one of those active members of so-istruction take upon them fairs is for the set of the set of

ker from Leeds, with whom Mrs. Nosebag had het some tart argument on the legality of bearing arms,) will stand godfather to a sup of brandy, for your Yorkshire ale is cold on my stomach." The vivacity of this good lady, as it helped Edward out of this serape, was like to have drawn him into one or two others. In every town where they stop-ped, she wished to examine the corps de gards, it there was one, and once very narrowly missed intro-ducing Waverley to a recruiting-sergeant of his own regiment. Then she Captain'd and Butler'd him his a was almost med with wartion and envisor. and he was almost mad with version and enziety; as never was he more rejoiced in his life at the termin tion of a journey, than when the arrival of the coed in London freed him from the attentions of Madem Nosebag.

#### CHAPTER LXII

#### WEAT'S TO BE DONE WEET?

It was twilight when they arrived in town ; and he-ving elakten off his companions, and walked through a good many atreets, to avoid the possibility of bains traced by them, Edward took a hackney-coach and drove to Colonel Taibot's house, in one of the princi-pal squares at the west end of the town. That gas leman, by the death of relations, had successful since his merriage to a large fortune, possessed com-siderable political interest, and hved in what is called great atvise. great style

great style. When Waverley knocked at his door, he found it at first difficult to procure admittance, but at length was shown into an apartment where the Colonel was at table. Lady Emily, whose very beautiful features were still pallid from indisposition, sate opposite to him. The instant heheard Waverley's voice, he started up and embraced him. "Frank Stanley, my dear log, heard "walch-"Frink my lows this is avaing Stanley." how d'ye do?-Emily, my love, this is young Stanley. The blood started to the lady's check as the gar

The blood started to the indy's cnees as use gave Waverley a reception, in which courtesy was mug-led with kindness, while her trembling hand sad fu-tering voice showed how much she was startled and discomposed. Dinner was hastily replaced, and while the start of Waverley was engaged in refreshing himself, the Colonel proceeded—" I wonder you have come here, Frank : the Doctors tell me the air of London is very it. But I am delighted to see you, and so is Emily, though I fear we must not reckon upon your staying

"Some particular business brought me up," ma

"Some particular business prought me up, inse-tered Waverley. "I supposed so, but I ahan't allow you to stay long. Spontoon," (to an elderly military-looking servant out of livery.) "take away these things, and answer the bell yourself, if I ring. Don't let any of the other fellows disturb us-My nephew and Phave business is take of "

fellows disture us may heperov and a line series of When the servants had retired, "In the mane of God, Waverley, what has brought you here? It may be as much as your life is worth." "Dear Mr. Waverley," said Lady Emfly, " to when I owe so much more than a cknowledgments can see " here ' could you be an rash ?"

"My father-my uncle-this paragraph,"-he han ed the paper to Colonel Talbot.

"I wish to Heaven these scoundrels were ex-demned to be squeezed to death in their own presen-said Talbot. "I am told there are not less them dozen of their papers now published in town, and a wonder that they are obliged to invent lies to sale for their journals. It is true, however, my de Edward, that you have lost your father; but as to flourish of his unpleasant situation having goad upon his spirits, and hurt his health—the truth is for though it is harsh to say so now, yet it will relie your mind from the idea of weighty responsibility the truth then is; that Mr. Richard Waverley, throw this whole business, showed great want of sensibility 'I wish to Heaven these scoundrels were a this whole business, showed great want of sensible both to your situation and that of your macle;

the last time I saw him, he toki me, with great glee, that as I was so good as take charge of your inte-rests, he had though it best patch up a separate association for himself, and make his peace with government through some channels which former connexions left still open to him."

And my uncle, my dear uncle?"

" Is in no danger whatever. It is true (looking at the date of the paper) there was a foolish report some the date of the paper) there was a foolish report some time ago to the purper there quoted, but it is entirely false. Sir Everard is gone down to Waverley-Ho-mour, freed from all uneasiness, unless upon your own account. But you are in peril yourself—your name is in every proclamation—warrants are out to apprchand you. How and when did you come here?" Edward told his story at length, suppressing his guarrel with Forgus; for, being himself partial to Highlanders, he did not wish to give any advantage to the Colonel's national prejudice against them. "Are you sure it was your friend Glan's footboy you saw dead in Clifton Moor ?" "Cluite positive."

"Guite positive." "Then that little limb of the devil has cheated the gallows, for cut-throat was written in his face; though" (turning to Lady Emily) "it was a very handsome face too.—But for you, Edward, I wish you would go down again to Cumberland, or rather I wish yoa had never surred from thence, for there is an embargo in all the seaports, and a strict search for the adherents of the Pretender; and the tongue of that confounded woman will wag in her head like the clack of a mill, till somehow or other ahe will detect Captain Butler to be a feigned personage." "Do you know any thing," asked Waverley, "of my fellow-traveller ?? "Her headand was my sergeant-major for six years; she was a buxom widow, with a little monge —he married her-was steady, and got on by being a good drill. I must send Spontoon to see what she is about; he will find her out among the old regimental connexions. To-morrow yon must be indisposed, and keep your room from fatigue. Lady Ensily is to be your nurse, and Spontoon ead I your attendents. You bear the name of a near relation of mine, whom none of my present people ever saw, except Spontoon.

Lou bear us name of a near relation of mine, whom none of my present people ever saw, except Spontoon, so there will be no immediate danger. So pray feel your head ache and your eyes grow heavy as soon as people, that you may be put upon the sick list; and, Kamily, do you order an apartment for Frank Stan-by, with all the attentions which an invalid may re-mare."

In the morning the Colonel visited his gneet, "New," said he, "I have some good news for you. Your reputation as a gentleman and officer is effects-By characteristic of neglect of duty, and accession to the mutuay in Gardiner's regiment. I have had a cor-respondence on this subject with a vory zealous friend of yours, your Socitish parson, Morton; his final heter was addressed to Sir Reverard; but I re-heved the good Barsons of the trouble of answering 

"The same now the gentleman being, it seems, a reat farmer, and having a special value for his breed great forwar, and having a special value for his breed of cattle, being, moreover, rather of a timid disposi-tion, had got a party of soldiers to protect his pro-party. So Doneld run his head unawares into the has a mouth, and was defeated and made prisoner. Being ordered for execution, his conscience was as-andred so: the one hand by a Catholic priest, on the other by your friend Morton. He repulsed the Catho-is chiefly on account of the doctrine of extreme families as an excessive wasts of oil. So his conversion from state of impenitence fell to Mr. Morton's share, who, I dars say, acquitted himself excellently, though, her i sanc say, acquitted humaelf excellently, though, mppase, Donald made but a queer kind of Chra-na after all. He confessed, however, before a ma-sumate, one Major Melville, who seems to have been correspondent and postern, bis full integes with

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Houghton, explaining particularly how it was esti-ried on, and fully acquitting you of the least acces-sion to it. He also mentioned his rescuing you from the hands of the v kunteer officer, and sending you, by orders of the 'ret-Chevalier, I mean-as a pri-soner to Doune, from whence he understood you were carried prisoner to Edinburgh. These are particu-lars which cannot but tell in your favour. He hiat-ed that he had been employed to deliver and protect you, and rewarded for doing so; but he would not have minded breaking any ordinary oath to satisfy the curiosity of Mr. Morton, to whose pious admosi-tions he owed so much, yet, in the present case, he the curiosity of Mr. Morton, to whose pious admeni-tions he owed so much, yet, in the present case, he had been sworn to silence upon the edge of his dirk, <sup>e</sup> which, it seems, constituted, in his opinion, an unri-olable obligation." "And what is become of him ?" "Oh, he was hanged at Stirling after the rebels raised the siege, with his lieutenant, and four plaids besides; he having the advantage of a gallows more lofty than his friends." "Well, I have little cause either to regret or re-joice at his death; and yet he has done me both good and harm to a very considerable axtent."

and harm to a very considerable attent." "His confession, at least, will serve you material-ly, since it wipes from your character all those suspicions which gave the accusation against you a com-plexion of a nature different from that with which so plexion of a nature different from that with which so many unfortunate gentlemen, now, or lately, in arms against the government, may be justly charged. Their treason-I must give it its name, though yeu participate in its guilt-use an action arising from mis-taken virtue, and therefore cannot be classed as a diagrace, though it be doubtless highly criminal. Where the guilty are so numerous, clemency must be extended to far the greater number; and I have little doubt of procaring a remission for you, previding we can keep you out of the claws of justice, till she has selected and gorged upon her victims; for in this, as in other cases, it will be according to the valgar pre-verb, "First come, first served." Besides, govern-ment are desirors at present to intimidate the Kagin other cases, it will be according to the valgar pre-verb, "First come, first served." Besides, govern-ment are desirons at present to intimidate the Rag-lish Jacobites, among whom they can find few exam-ples for punishment. This is a vindictive and timid feeling which will soon wear off, for, of all astions, the English are least blood-thirsty by nature. But it exists at present, and you must, therefore, be kept out of the way in the mean time." Now entered Spontoen with an anxious counte-nance. By his regimental acquaintances he had un-ced out Madam Nosebag, and found her full of ire, fass, and fidext: at discovery of as impostor, whe had

fuss, and fidget, at discovery of an imposter, whe had travelled from the north with her under the assumed a venue rout non ne norm with ner under the assumed name of Captain Buther of Gardiner's dragoons. She was going to lodge an information on the subject, to have him sought for as an emissary of the Pretender; but Sponsorn, (an old soldier,) while he pretended to \* As the baghen deliver contended an indelible chlimiter of

have him sought for as an emissery of the Presender ; but Sponseen, (an old soldier.) while he prototies to "As the hashes desides contracted an individual blo oblights of "here and the second soldier.) while here prototies to provide be binding on them. Yory frequently it consisted in lay-ing they hand, as they source, on their own drawe divit, is which desirer, becoming a party to the transaction, was invoked to was anctioned, the party was extremely desirous to keep secti-tion of the source, on their own drawe divit, is which the special call of the source, on their own drawe divit, is which desirer, becoming a party to the transaction, was invoked to was anctioned, the party was extremely desirous to keep secti-what the especial call on was, which he considered as invoked to breaking his assurement, which he considered as invoked to here one publicly known, no party with whem he might have four and an enginement which hos accounted inviolable was encounted as versited with when he meding that have four source of a state to the same solving to the here one publicly known, no party with whem he might have four and combined when which he same solving the source of a presention of the only one which he was set for a construct, would have rested astinded with any other here one publicly known, no party with when he might have four and the only ergagement which the was very annihilar any other here one publicly known, more an use thy the Holy Cross of hit be drawer, which, cherefore, he was very annihilar and solut of drawer, which cherefore, he was very annihilar and solut of drawer, which cherefore, he was very annihilar and solut of drawer, which cherefore, he was very annihilar and solut of drawer, which cherefore, he was very annihilar solut of drawer, which cherefore, he was very annihilar and solut of drawer, which cherefore, he was very annihilar and solut to drawer which the solut, rofued to most the should of the solut on the way come which the was to mare the should of the solut buth way cherefore,

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soprove, contrived to make her delay her intention. No time, however, was to be lost: the accuracy of this good damie's description might probably lead to the discovery that Waverley was the pretended Cap-tain Butler; an identification fraught with danger to Edward, perhaps to his uncle, and even to Colonel Talbot. Which way to direct his course was now,

Talbot. Which way to direct his course was now, "To Scotland," said Waverley. "To Scotland," said the Colonel; "with what pur-pose? not to engage again with the rebels, I hope?" "No-I considered my campaign ended, when, after all my efforts, I could not rejoin them; and now, by all accounts, they are gone to make a winter cam-paign in the Highlands, where such adherents as I an would rather be burdensome than useful. Indeed, it seems likely that they only prolong the war to place the Chevalier's person out of danger, and then to make some terms for themselves. To burden them with my presence would merely add another party, whom they would not give up, and could not defend. I understand they left almost all their English adho-rents in garrison at Carlisle, for that very reason: a uncersuant mey lett aimost all (neif English adho-rents in garrison at Carlisle, for that very resson :--and on a more general view, Colonel, to confess the truth, though it may lower me in your opinion, I am heartily tired of the trade of war, and am, as Fletcher's Humorous Lieutenant says, 'even as weary of this deficient's lieutenant says, 'even as weary of this

"Fighting! — "Fighting! pooh, what have you seen but a skir-mish or two?—Ah! if you saw war on the grand scale—sixty or a hundred thousand men in the field on each side!"

scale-sixty or a hundred thousand men in the field on each side" "I am not at all curnous, Colonel-Enough, says our homely proverb, is as good as a feast. The plu-med troops and the big war used to enchant me in poetry; but the night marches, vigils, couches under the wintry sky, and such accompaniments of the glo-rious trade, are not at all to my taste in practice:-then for dry blows, I had my fill of fighting at Clifton, where I escaped by a hair's-breadth half a dozen times; and you, I should think"—He stopped. "Had enough of it at Preston ? you mean to say," answered the Colonel, laughing; "but 'tis my voca-tion, Hal." "It is not mine though," said Waverley; "and ha-ving honourably got rid of the sword, which I drew only as a volunteer, I am quite satisfied with my mi-itary experience, and shall be in no hurry to take it up again." "I am very glad you are of that mind,-but then what would you do in the north ?" "In the first place, there are some scaports on the eastern coast of Sootland still in the hands of the Chevalier's friends; should I gain any of them, I can easily embark for the Continent." "Why, to speak the very truth. there is a sume in the very truth.

"Good-your second reason ?" "Why, to speak the very truth, there is a person in Sectland upon whom I now find my happings de-

sectiand upon whom I now find my happiness de-pends more than I was always aware, and about whose situation I am very anxious." "Then Emily was right, and there is a love affair in the case after all?--And which of these two pretty Scotch women, whom you insisted upon my admiring, is the distinguished fair? not Miss Glen---I hope." "No."

turning to Scotland? No relenting longings towards the land of mountains and floods, I am afraid." "None, on my word; but Emily's health is now, thank God, re-established, and, to tell you the truth. I have little hopes of concluding the business which I have a irresent most at heart, until I can have a personal interview with his Royal Highness the Com-mander-in-Chief; for, as Fluellen says, the dukedoth love me well, and I thank, heaven I have deserved some love at his hands.' I am now going out for an hour or two to arrange matters for your departers; your liberty extends to the next room. Lady Emily nour or two to arrange matters for your deparent; your liberty extends to the next room, Lady Emily's parlour, where you will find her when you are dispo-sed for music, reading, or conversation. We have taken measures to exclude all servents but Sponton, who is as true as steel."

In about two hours Colonel Talbot returned, and found his young friend conversing with his lady; she pleased with his manners and information, and he delighted at being restored, though but for a moment, to the society of his own rank, from which he has

to the society of his own rank, from which he had been for some time excluded. "And now," said the Colonel, "hear my arrange-ments, for there is little time to lose. This young-ster, Edward Waverley, alias Williama, alias Captan Butler, must continue to pass by his fourth alias of Francis Stanley, my nephew: he shall set out to-morrow for the North, and the chariot shall take him the first two stages. Spontoon shall then attend him , and they shall id nore as for as Huntingdon Francis Stanley, my nephew: he shall set out to-morrow for the North, and the charic shall take him the first two stages. Spontoon shall then attend him; and they shall ride post as far as Huntingdon and the presence of Spontoon, well known on the road as my servant, will check all disposition to in-guiry. At Huntingdon you will meet the real Frank Stanley. He is studying at Cambridge; but, a little while ago, doubtful if Emily's health would permit me to go down to the North myself, I proctrash him a passport from the secretary of state's office to go in my stead. As he went chieffy to look after you, his journey is now unnecessary. He knows your story; you will dine together at Huntingdon; and perhaps your wise heads may hit upon some plan for remor-ing or diminishing the danger of your farther progress northward. And now, (taking out a morocce case,) let me put you in funds for the campaign." "I am ashamed, my dear Colonel," "Nay," asid Colonel Talbot, "you should com mend my purse in any event; but this money is your own. Your father, considering the chance of your being attainted, left me his trustee for your advan-tage. So that you are worth above 16,000, besides Brerewood Lodge-a very independent person, I pre-mise you. There are bills here for 2001; any larger sum you may have, or credit abroad, as soon as your motions remeins i?

motions require it."

The first use which occurred to Waverley of its metions require it." The first use which occurred to Waverley of its newly-acquired wealth, was to write to honest Pa-mer Jopson, requesting his acceptance of a sive tankard on the part of his friend Williams, whe had not forgotten the night of the eighteenth Docember last. He begged him at the same time carefully its ments, particularly the arms, curious in themselve, and to which the friendship of the donors give and tional value. Lady Emily undertook to find as the suitable token of remembrance, likely to flatter the vanity and please the taste of Mrs. Williams; and the Colonel, who was a kind of farmer, promised a send the Ulswater patriarch an excellent team a horses for cart and plough. One happy day Waverley spent in London; and Stanley at Huntingdon. The two young mean was

nations against the government, while traveling un-der protection of the secretary's passport. The day passed merrily away. The young student was inquisitive about Waverley's campaigns, and the manners of the Highlands, and Edward was obliged to satisfy his curiosity by whistling a pibroch, dan-cing a strathepey, and singing a Highland song. The next morning Stapley rode a stage northward with his new friend, and parted from him with great reluctance, upon the remonstrances of Spontoon, who, accustomed to submit to discipline, was rigid in enforcing it.

#### CHAPTER LXIII.

#### DEBOLATION.

WAVERLEY riding post, as was the usual fashion of the period, without any adventure save one or two gueries, which the talisman of his passport sufficientthe period, without any solventure save one or two queries, which the talisman of his passport sufficient-ly answered, reached the borders of Scotland. Here he heard the tidings of the decisive battle of Calloden. It was no more than he had long expected, though the success at Falkirk had thrown a faint and setting gleam over the arms of the Chevalier. Yet it came upon him like a shock, by which he was for a timé altogether unmanned. The generous, the courteous, the noble-minded Adventurer, was then a fugitive, with a price upon his head; his adherents, so brave, so enthusiastic, so faithful, were dead, imprisoned, or exiled. Where, now, was the exaited and high-soul-ed Fergus, if, indeed, he had survived the night at Clifton? Where the pure-hearted and primitive Ba-ron of Bradwardine, whose foibles seemed foils to set off the disinterestedness of his disposition, the genu-ine goodness of his heart, and his unshaken cou-rage? Those who clung for support to these fallen columns, Rose and Flora, where were they to be sought, and in what distress must not the loss of their natural protectors have involved them? Of Flora, be thought with the regard of a brother for a printice of Rose with a councertor via more and

columns, Rose and Flora, where were they to be sought, and in what distress must not the loss of their natural protectors have involved them? Of Flore, he thought with the regard of a brother for a sister; of Rose, with a sensation yet more deep and tender. It might be still his faite to supply the want of those guardians they had lost. Agitated by these thoughts he precipitated his journey. When he arrived in Edinburgh, where his inquiries must necessarily commence, he felt the full difficulty of his situation. Many inhabitants of that city had seen and known him as Edward Waverley; how, then, could he avail himself of a passport as Francis Stanley? He resolved, therefore, to avoid all com-pany, and to more northward as soon as possible. He was, however, obliged to wait a day or two in et-spectation of a letter from Colonel Tablot, and he was also to leave his own address, under his feigned cha-racter, at a glace agreed upon. With this latter pu-pose be sullied out in the dusk through the well-known strees, carefully shunning observation, but in wain : one of the first persons whom he met at once recognized him. It was Mir. Flockhart, Fergus Mac-Tivor's good-humourd landlady. "Guide guide us, Mr. Waverley, is this you ? ns, ye meeding befared for me. I wad betray mag geniteman in your circumstance—ch, lack a-day I lack a-day I heave floor do used to be in our house? And the good-natured widow shed a few natural tears. As the danger of his own situation. "As it's near in doardening, sir, wad ye just etsp in by to our bouse, and tak a dish of toa? and I am sure if ye like gisturbed, and naebody wad ken ye; for Kaje and Matry, the limmera, gad aff wi'twa o' Hawley's dra-goons, and I has twa new queans instead o'them." "Waverley accepted her invitation, and engaged her baraty, the limmera, gad aff wi'twa o' Hawley's dra-goons, and I has twa new queans instead o'them." "Waverley accepted her invitation, and engaged her baraty, the limmera, gad aff wi'twa o' Hawley's dra-goons, and I has twa new queans inste

"Ay," wid Mrs. Flockbart, sighing as she observ-ed the direction of his eyes, " the puir Colonel bought a new ane just the day before they marched, and I winna let them tak that ane doun, but just to brush it ilka day mysell; and whiles I look at it till I just think I hear him cry to Callum to bring thim his bon-net, as he used to do when he was ganging out.—It's unco silly-the neighbours ca' me a Jacobite-but they may say their say-I am sure it's no for that-but he was as kind-hearted a gentleman as ever lived, and as weel-fa'rd too. Oh, d'ye ken, sir, when he is to suffer ?

Suffer | Good heaven |----Why, where is he?

"Suffer! Good heaven I-Why, where is he ?" "Eh, Lord's sake! d'ye no ken? The poor His land body, Dugald Mahony, cam here a while syme, wi ane o' his arms cuttit off, and a sair clour in the head-ye'll mind Dugald, he carried ays an axe on his shouther-and he cam here just begging, as I may say, for something to eat. Aweel, he tauld us the Chlef, as they ca'd him, (but I aye ca' him the Colone!,) and Ensign Maccombick, that ye mind weel, were ta'en somewhere beside the English bor-der when it was ase dark that his folk never missed der, when it was sae dark that his folk never missed thim till it was over late, and they were like to gang clean daft. And he said that little Callum Beg, (he was a bauld mischievous callant that,) and your honour, were killed that same night in the tuijzie, and mony mae braw men. But he grat when he spak o' the Colonel, ye never saw the like. And now the word gangs the Colonel is to be tried, and to suffer wi' them that were ta'em at Carlisle." "And his sister?"

"And his sister?" "Ay, that they ca'd the Lady Flora-weel, she's away up to Carlisle to him, and lives wi's ome grand Papist lady thereabouts to be near him." "And," said Edward, "the other young lady?" "Whilk other? I ken only of ac sister the Colobet had."

"I mean Miss Bradwardino," said Edward. "Ou, ay; the laird's daugnter," said his landlady. "She was a very bonnie lassic, poor thing, but far shyer than Lady Flora." "Where is she, for God's sake?"

<sup>4</sup> Where is she, for God's sake?" "Ou, whakens where ony o' them is now? puir things, they're sair ta'en doun for their white cock-ades and their white roses; but she gaed north to her father's in Perthshire, when the government troops cam back to Edinbro'. There was some pretty men amang them, and ane Major Whacker was quartered on me, a very ceevil gentleman,—but O, Mr. Waver-bry, he was naething sae weel-fa'rd as the puir Co-lonel."

lonel." "Do you know what has become of Miss Brad-wardine's father ?" "The auld laird ? na, naebody kens that; but they say he fought very hard in that bludy battle at In verness; and Deacon Clank, the white-iron smith, says that the government folk are sair agane him for having been out twice: and troth he might has ta'en warning, but there's nae fulle like an auld fulle-the puir Colonel was only out ance." Such conversation contained almost all the good-natured widow know of the fate of her late Lowerse

Such conversation contained almost all the good-natured widow knew of the fate of her late lodgers and acquaintances, but it was enough to determine Edward, at all hazards, to proceed instantly to Tully-Veolan, where he concluded he should see, or at least hear somehing of Rose. He therefore left a letter for Colonel Talbot at the place agreed upon, signed by his assumed name, and giving for his address the post-town next to the Baron's residence. From Edinburgh to Perth, he took post-horses mode of travelling to which he was partial, and which had the advantage of permitting a deviation from the road when he saw parties of military at a distance. His campaign had considerably strength-end his constitution, and improved his habits of enduring fatigue. His baggage he sent before him as opportunity occurred.

as opportunity occurred. As he advanced northward, the traces of war be-

came visible. Broken curriages dead horses, unroof-ed cottages, trees felled for palisades, and bridges destroyed, or only partially repaired, all indicated the movements of bostils armies. In those places

where the gentry were attached to the Stewart cause, their houses seemed dismantled or descried, the usual course of what may be called ornamontal labour was totally interrupted, and the inhabitants was seen glicing about, with fear, sorrow, and dejection on their faces.

It was evening when he approached the village of Tully-Veolan, with feelings and santiments—how dif-ferent from those which attended his first entrance ! ('hen, life was so new to him, that a dull or disagreeahe day was one of the greatest misfortunes which his imagination anticipated, and it seemed to him that imagination anticipated, and it seemed to ham that his time ought only to be consecrated to elegant or amusing study, and relieved by social or youthful frolic. Now, how changed! how saddened, yet how elevated was his character, within the course of a very few months! Danger and misfortune are rapid, though severe teachers. "A sadder and a wiser man," he felt, in internal confidence and mental dig-ning a comparation for the any drames which in

though severe teachers. "A sadder and a wiser man," he felt, in internal confidence and mental dig-mity, a compensation for the gay dreams which, in his case, experience had so rapidly dissolved. As he approached the village, he saw, with surprise and anxiety, that a party of soldiers were quartered near it, and, what was worse, that they seemed sta-tionary there. This he conjectured from a few tents which he beheld glimmering upon what was called the Common Moor. To avoid the risk of being stopped and questioned in a place where he was so likely to be recognised, he made a large circuit, altogether avoiding the hamlet, and approaching the upper gate of the avenue by a by-path well known to him. A single glance announced that great changes had taken place. One half of the gate, entirely des-troyed, and split up for firswood, lay in piles ready to be taken away; the other swung uselessly about upon its loosened hings. The battlements above the gate were broken and thrown down, and the carved Bears, which were said to have done scninel's duty upon the top for cruturies, now hurled from their gosts, lay among the rubbish. The avenae was eruelly wasted. Soveral large trees were felled and left lying across the path; and the cattle of the vil-lagers, and the more rude hoofs of dragoon horses, had poached into black mud the verdant turf which Waverley had so much admired. Upon entering the court-yard, Edward saw the fears realized which these circumstances had excited.

had poached into black mud the verdaat turf which Waverley had so much admired. Upon entering the court-yard, Edward saw the fears realized which these circumstances had excited. The place had been sacked by the king's troops, who, in wanton mischief, had even attempted to burn it; and though the thick ness of the walls had resisted the fire, unless to a partial extent, the stables and oct-houses were totally consumed. The towers and pisnacles of the main building were scorched and blackened; the pavement of the court broken and assistered; the doors tors down entirely, or kanging by a single hinge; the window dashed in and demokish-ed, and the court strewed with articles of furniture broken into fragments. The accessaries of ancient destination, to which the Baron, in the pride of his heart, had attached so much importance and venera-tion, were treated with peculiar contamely. The fossatian was demplished, and the spring, which had supplied it, now flooded the court-yard. The stone domail, from the manner is which it was arranged upon the ground. The whole tribs of Bears, large and upon the ground. The whole tibs of the stone head of the avenue, and one or two of the family email, had experienced as little favour as, those at the based of the avenue, and one or two of the family pictures, which seemed to have served as targets for the soldiers, lay on the ground in tatters. With an acking heart, as may well be imagined, Edward viewed this wreck of a mansion so respected. But his excity to learn the fate of the proprietors, and his tears as to what that fate might be, increased with avery step. When he entered upon the terrace, how seemes of desolation were visible. The balus-trade was broken down, the walls destroyed, the borders overgrown with weeds, and the fruit-trees cut down or grubbed up. In one copartment of this old fashioaed garden, were two immense norse-chest-sur trees, of whose size the Baron was particularly vain : too lazy, perhaps, to cut them dr wn, the spoil-crs with malevolent ingenuity, had mined them, and placed a cannetity of gunpowder in the excity. One

boughs.\* Amid these general marks of ravage, there was some which more particularly addressed the feelings of Waverley. Viewing the front of the building, thes wasted and defaced, his eyes naturally sought the little balcong which more property belonged to Ree's apartment—her troisizme, or rather cinquidme Mage. It was easily discovered, for beneath it lay the stage-flowers and shrubs, with which it was her pride to decorate it, and which had been hurled from the bar-tizan: several of her books were mingled with broken flower-nois and other remnants. Among these Watizan: several of her books were mingled with brokes flower-pots and other remnants. Among these, We-verley distinguished one of his own, a small corr of Ariosto, and gathered it as a treasure, though wasted by the wind and rain. While, plunged in the sad reflections which the scene excited, he was looking around for some one who might explain the fate of the inhebitants, he

heard a voice from the interior of the building sing-ing, in well-remembered accents, an old Scottish

Ing, the tree of the second se They slow my knight, to me sao dear; They slow my knight, and drave his goat # The meon may set, the sun asay riss, But a deady sloop has closed his ayor,"

Alas, thought Edward, is it thou? Four tailing being, art thou alone left, to gibber and more, and fill with thy wild and unconnected scrape of min-streley the halls that protected thes?—He then called first low, and then louder, "Davis-Davis Gellator The poor simpleton showed himself from anorg

The poor simpleton showed himself from using the ruins of a sort of green house, that once term-nated what was called the Terrace-walk, but at first sight of a stranger retreated, as if in terror. Wave-ley, remembering his habits, began to whistle a une to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express to which he was partial, which Davie had express equalled that of Blondel, than poor Davie resembled Cour de Lion; but timidly, while Waverley, shall of frightening him, stood making the most encount-ging signals he could devine...... 'It's his ghain, " mil-tered Davie; yet, coming nearer, he seemed to m-knowledge his living sequentance. The poer fiel himself appeared the ghost of what he had been stime in better days, showed only miserable rags of its when better days, showed only miserable rags of its v sizel finery, the lack of which was oddly supply atcain ery, the lack of which was oddly supplies the remnants of tenestricit hangings, window-tains, and shreds of pictures, with which he has dizened his tatters. His face, too, had low its was and careless air, and the poor creature lookusthall eyed, meagre, half-starved, and nervous to wy degree. After long hesitation, he at length approve dew averthey with some confidence, stard him a un the face, and said, "A' dead and game----- diad eyes."

"Who are dead?" said Waverley, forgetting a incapacity of Davie to hold any connected discuss "Baron- and Baile-and Saunders Saunderson and Lady Rose, that saug sue sweet-A' dead a gane-dead and gane;

6<sup>---</sup>Corga near genero, Bat Chiew, follow men, While glowworms light the fea, 'I'll show yo where the dead about be Each in his siroud, While while pipe load, And the sel moon pages din Carwag And the sel moon pages din Carwag

A pair of chestrait trees, destroyed, the enventhere ether in part, by such a mischievous and wanton act of row at havegarry Castle, the fastness of SucCounted array at these couplets are from as ald belief, on Border Widow's Lacouste.

# ellew, follow me ; rave should he be hat treads by night the dead man's lea."

With these words, chanted in a wild and earnest tone, he made a sign to Waverley to follow him, and walked rapidly towards the bottom of the garden, training the bank of the stream, which, it may be re-membered, was its eastern boundary. Edward, over whom an involuatory shuddering stele at the import of his words, followed him in some hope of an ex-planation. As the house was evidently descred, he shudde not expect to find among the rains any more minoral informer.

Stud not expect to find among the ruins any more rational informer. Davie, welking very fast, soon reached the extre-mity of the garden, and scrambled over the ruins of the wall that once had divided it from the wooded give in which the old Tower of Tully-Veolan was situated. He then jumped down into the bed of the stream, and, followed by Waverley, proceeded at a great pace, climbing over some fragments of rock, and turning with difficulty round others. They passed beneath the ruins of the easile : Waverley followed, heaping up with his guide with difficulty, for the twi-light began to fall. Following the descent of the stream a little lower, he totally lost him, but a twink-ting light, which he now discovered among the tanstream a little lower, ha totally jost ham, but a twusk-ing light, which he now discovered among the san-gled copec-wood and bushes, seemed a sever guida. He soon pursued a very uncouth path; and by its guidance at length venched the door of a wretched but. A fieres barking of dogs was at first heard, but it stilled at his approach. A voice sounded from writhin, and be held it most prudent to listen before-be advance to be held it most prudent to listen beforee advanced

"Wha hast thou brought here, thou unsonsy villain, thou?" said an old moment the edvanced. "Whe bast thou brought here, thou unsonsy villain, thou?" said an old woman, apparently in great in-dignation. He heard Davie Gellatiey, in answer, whistle a part of the tune by which he had recalled inneal to the simpleton's memory, and had now no begistation to knock at the deer. There was a dead disnoe instantly within, except the deep growing of the dogs; and he next heard the mistress of the hut genoach the deor, net probably for the sake of un-during a latch, but of fastaning e belt. To prevent this, Waverley lifted the latch himself. In front was an old wretched-booking woman, ex-dimining. "Wha cornes into folk's houses in this geto, at this true o' the night?" On one side, two grim and half-starved deer greyhounds laid saide their fe-terity at his apparently eaching that conceales of the open door, yet apparently eaching that conceales of the boot at in the act of drawing another from his belt, stood a tail bony sount figure in the remnants of a fade uniform, and a beard of three weeks' growth. It was the Baron of Bradwardine.—It is unneces-arry to add, that he threw aside his weepen, and growted Waverley with a hearty embrace.

## CHAPTER LXIV.

#### COMPARING OF NOTES.

Two Beron's story was short, when divested of the adages and common-places, Latin, English, and Scotch, with which his erudition garnished it. He meinted much upon his grief at the loss of Edward and of Glennaquoich, fought the fields of Falkirk and Calloden, and related how, after all was lost in the last battle, he had returned home, under the idea of more easily finding shelter among his own tenants, and on his own state, then dere where. A party of of more scally finding shelter among his own tenants, and on his own estate, than elsewhere. A party of soldiers had been sent to lay waste his property, for ceremercy was not the order of the day. Their pro-ceedings, however, were checked by an order from the sivil court. The estate, it was found, might not be forfeited to the crowa, to the prejudice of Malcolm Radewardine of Inch-Grabbit, the heir-male, whose fare, as deriving no right through him, and who, there-fare, like other heirs of entail in the same situation, a steries of the new laird speedily showed that he metered upon possession. But, unlike many in sinitar decamestances, the new laird speedily showed that he instanced atteriy to estates this predecessor from all is of the wood, and banged aff a gan at him. I out like woman's poor innecestion of And 1 fleyt at them.

benefit or advantage in the estate, and that's was his purpose to avail himself of the old Baron's evil for-tune to the full extent. This was the more ungenephilpose to avail minisch of the oid baron serve we tune to the full extend. This was the more ungento-rous, as it was generally known, that, from a romanise idea of not prejudicing this young man's right as heir-male, the Baron had refrained from setuling his estate on his daughter.

Idea of not presulteng this young man's right as heir-male, the Baroch had refrained from setting its cetate on his daughter. This selfash injustice was resented by the contriby people, who were partial to their old master, and ivi-tated against his successer. In the Baron's own words, "The matter did not coincide with the feel-ings of the commons of Bradwardine, Mr. 'Wavar-ley; and the tenants were slack and 'ranggrant in payment of their mails and duries; end when may kinaman came to the village wi' the new factor, Mr. James Howie, to lift the rents, some wanchasney be-keeper, that was out wi' me in the year facen-firid a shot at him in the gloaming, whereby he was no affrighted, that I may say with Tullips in Casilinen, Abil, crasil, crupi, effugil. He field, sir, as one may reasy, incontinent to Stirling. And now he half ad-vortised the estate for sale, being himself the leat substitute in the entail. —And if I were to lament abet a now it have happened in a few years. Whereas now it causes from the lineage that smould have pre-sessed it in sacela secularism. But God's will be common anestor effort he use san it should have pre-sessed it in sacela secularism. But God's will be some of the primates, the valers for the time, as if it were a cut-threat, and an abettor of twatves and a-sessmentes, and coupserjarrets. And hey have sense sould are hare to abile on the sente, and hey have sense to make person would have syntage from his loins. Meanning, and hey have sense sould the driven the and the senter and hey have sense sould have pression would any syntage from his loins. Meanning, and hey have sense they had driven the said date to his eight a theol. If we say more sees weels roasted at supper in the Ha John Heatherblutter brought in this morning; and ye we have see weels roasted at supper in the Ha' horigs that were see weels roasted at supper in the Ha' horigs while lay with his more almost in the first ends. " Ou sy sir, Fill brander the moor-fowl that John Heatherblutter brought in this morning This selfish injustice was resented by the country

#### "Him whom she loved, her idist bey.

"Davie's no sae silly as folk tak him for, Mr. Wein-verley; he wadna has brought you here unites he had kand ye was a friend to his Honour-indeed the very dogs kend ye. Mr. Wauvarley, for ye was ayo kind to best and body.--I can tell you a story p'Davia. wi' his Honour's leave : His Honour, ye see, being under hiding in the sair times-the mair's the pity--he lies a' day, and whiles a' night, in the cove he has; dern hag; but though it's a bieldy enough bit, and the suld gudeman o' Corse-Cleugh has panged it wi'.

WAVEL swair at me that it was the auld rebel, as the villains ca'd his Honour: and Davie was in the wood, and heard the tuilzie, and he, just out o' his ain head, got up the auld gray mantle that his Honour had flung off him to gaing the faster, and he cam out o' the very same bit o' the wood, majoring and looking about see like his Honour, that they were clean beguiled, and thought they had letten aff their gun at crack-brained Sawney, as they ca' him; and they gae me saxpence, and twa saumon fish, to say naething about it.—Na, na, Davie's no just like other folk, pur fal-low; but he's no sae silly as folk tak him for.—But, to be sure, how can we do eneugh for his Honour, when we and our have hived on his ground this twa hundred years; and when he keepit my pur Jamie at school and college, and even at the Ha'-house, till be gaed to a botter place; and when he saved me frag-being ta'en to Perth as a witch—Lord forgi'e them being take to a setter place; and when he saved me rage being taken to Perth as a witch-Lord forgi's them that would touch sic a puir silly auld body !--and has maintained puir Davie at heck and manger maist fock of his life?"

Waverley at length found an opportunity to inter-rupt Janet's narrative, by an inquiry after Miss Bradwardine

wardine. "Bhe's weel and safe, thank God! at the Duchran," answered the Barow; "the laird's distantly related to us, and more nearly to my chaplain, Mr. Bubrick; and, though he be of Whig principles, yet he's not for-getful of auld friendship at this time. The Bailie's doing what he can to save something out of the wreck for puir Rose; but I doubt, I doubt, I shall never see her again, for I maun lay my banes in some far country." "Hont na, ware Honour," said old langt "

country." "Hoat na, your Honour," said old Janet, "ye were "Hoat na, your Honour," said old Janet, "ye were just as ill aff in the feifteen, and got the bonnie ba-ronie back, an's.—And now the egga is ready, and the muir-cock's brandered, and their's ilk ane a trench-er and some saut, and the heel o' the white loaf that cam frase the Bailie's; and there's plenty o' brandy in the greybeard that Luckie Maclearie sent doun, and wana ys be suppered like princes ?" "I wish one Prince, at least, of our acquaintance, who joined him in cordial hopes for the safety of the unfortunate Chevalier. "They then began to talk of their future prospects.

#### Impiger, iraoundus, mexorabilis, acer.

Which," he continued, "has been thus rendered (ver-nacularly) by Struan Robertson :

A flory etter-cap, a fractious chiel, As het as ginger, and as stieve as steel."

Flora had a large and unqualified share of the good old man's sympathy.

old man's sympathy. It was now wearing late. Old Janet got into some kind of kennel behind the hallan; Davie had been long saleep and snoring between Ban and Buscar. These dogs had followed him to the hut after the mansion-house was deserted, and there constantly resided; and their ferocity, with the old woman's re-utation of being a witch, contributed a good deal to sep visiters from the gien. With this view, Bailie Macwheeble provided Janet underhand with meel for their maintenance, and also with little articles of their maintenance.

stacwheeble provided Jahet underhand with meel for their maintanance, and also with little articles of larury for his patron's use, in supplying which much precaution was necessarily used. After some com-pliments, the Baron occupied his usual couch, and. Waverley reclined in an easy chair of tattered velvet, which had once garnished the state bed-room of Tatiy Veolag. (for the furniture of this mansion was

now scattered through all the cottages in the vic nity,) and went to aleep as comfortably as if he has been in a bed of down.

#### CHAPTER LXV.

#### MORE EXPLANATION.

WITH the first dawn of day, old Janet was scuttling about the house to wake the Baron, who usually slept

Wirm the first dawn of day, old Janet was scnttling about the house to wake the Baron, who usually alept sound and heavily. "I must go back," he said to Waverley, " to hy cove: will you walk down the glen wi' me ?" . They went out together, and followed a narrow and entangled foot-path, which the occasional passage of angiers, or wood-cutters, had traced by the side of the stream. On their way, the Baron explained to Waverley, that he would be under no danger in re-maining a day or two at Tully-Veolan, and even in being seen walking about, if he used the precention of pretending that he was looking at the estate as agent or surveyor for an English gentleman, who de-signed to be purchaser. With this view, he recom-mended to him to visit the Bailie who still lived at the factor's house, called Little Veolan, about a mile from the village, though he was to remove at next term. Stanley's passport would be an answer to the officer who commanded the military; and as to any of the country people who might recognise Waver-ley, the Baron assured him he was in no danger of being betrayed by them. "I believe," said the old man, "half the people of the baron know that their poor auld laird is some-where hereabout; for I see they do not suffer a single bairn to come here a bird-nosting; a practice, whilk, when I was in full possession of my power as baron, I was unable totally to inhibit. Nay, I often find bits of things in my way, that the poor bodies, God habp them ! leave there, because they think they may be useful to me. I hope they will get a wiser master, and as kind a one as I was." A natural sigh closed the sentence , but the quist equanimity with which the Baron endured his misfor-tunee, had something in it renerable and even sublime There was no fuiltess repining, no turbid melan-choly; he bore his lot, and the hardships which it involved, with a good-humoured, though serious com-posure, and used no violent language sainst the pro-valing party. " I did what I thought my duy," skid the good eld

points, and used to violate anyong the second old "I did what I thought my duty," slid the good old man, "and questionless they are doing what they think theirs. It graves me sometimes to look upon these blackened walls of the house of my ancestors; Intege blacketied wars of the bound at ways keep the sol-dier's hand from depredation and spuilzie; and Gus-tavus Adolphus himself, as ye may read in Coloned Munro his Expedition with the worthy South regi-ment called Mackay's regiment, did often permit it.— Indeed, I have myself seen as sad sights as Tully-Veolan now is, when I served with the Marchal Duke of Berwick. To be sure we may say with Vir-gilius Maro, Fuinus Trocs—and there's the end of an auld seng. But houses and families and men have a' stood lang encugh when they have stood till they fall with honour; and now I has gotten a house standing below a steep rock. "We poor Jacobice," continued the Baron, looking up, "are now like the contest in Holv Scripture, (which the great traveller but doubtless officers cannot always keep the sol that is not unlike a *domus ultima*"—they were now standing below a steep rock. "We poor Jacobites," continued the Baron, looking up, "are now like the conies in Holy Scripture, (which the great traveller Pococke calleth Jerbos,) a feeble people, that make our abode in the rocks. So, fare you well, my good lad, till we meet at Janet's in the even; for I mase get into my Patmos, which is no easy matter for my aud stiff limba."

auld stiff limba." With that he began to ascend the rock, striking with the help of his hands, from one precarious for step to another, till he got about half way up, whe two or three bushes concealed the mouth of a his resembling an oven, into which the Baron insinues first his head and shoulders, and then, by slow and finally disappearing, coiled up like a huge anakes of tering his retreat, or a long pedigree introduced we care and difficulty into the narrow pageon-holes of t

# GRAP. LXV.]

eld cabinet. Waverley had the curiosity to clamber ap and look in upon him in his den, as the lurking-place might well be termed. Upon the whole, he looked not unlike that ingenious puzzle, called a reat is a bottle, the marvel of children, (and of some grown people too, myself for one,) who can neither compre-hend the mystery how it has got in, or how it is to be taken out. The cave was very narrow, too low in the roof to admit of his standing, or almost of his sitting up, though he made some awkward attempts at the latter posture. His sole amusement was the perusal of his old friend Titus Livius, varied by occa-sionally scratching Latin proverbs and texts of Scrip-ture with his knile on the roof and walls of his forta-tice, which were of sand-stone. As the cave was dry, and filled with clean straw and withered fern, "it made," as he said, coiling himself up with an air of porth, a very passable gite for an old soldier." Nei-ther, as he observed, was he without sentries for the purpose of reconnoiting. Davie and his mothar were constantly on the watch, to discover and avort dan-ger; and it was singular what instances of address seemed dictated by the instinctive attachment of the poor simpleton, when his patron's safety was con-cerned. With Janet, Edward now sought an interview. He old cabinet. Waverley had the curiosity to clamber

Seemed dictated by the instinctive attachment of the poor simpleton, when his patron's safety was concerned.
With Janet, Edward now sought an interview. He had recognised her at first sight as the old woman who had nursed him during his sickness after his delivery from Gifted Giffillan. The hut also, though a little repaired, and somewhat better furnished, was certainly the place of his confinement: and he now recollected on the common moor of Tully-Veolan the trunk of a large decayed tree, called the *trysting-tree*, which he had no doubt was the same at which the Highlanders rendezvoused on that memorable night. All this he had combined in his imagination the night before; but reasons, which may probably occur to the presence of the Baron.
He now commenced the task in good earnest; and the first question was. Who was the young lady that vinited the hut during his illness? Janet paused for a little; and then observed, that to keep the sacret sow, would neither do good nor ill to any body.
"It was just a leddy, that hasna her equal in the formation of an idea which local circumstances had already induced him to entertain.
"I work weels. Rr. Waverley, elighted at the same at more the nation of an idea which local circumstances had already induced him to entertain.
"I was a been the nation; for she gar'd me speak ay Gaelic when ye was in hearing, to mak ye trow we were in the Hielands. I can spoak it well eneugh, for my mether was a Hieland woman."
A few more questions now brought out the whole mystery respecting Waverley's deliverance from the bondage in which he left Cairnvreckan. Never did music sound sweeter to an amateur, than the drowsy tustology, with which old Janet deniled every circum-

Insidery respecting Waverley's deliverance from the bondage in which he left Cairnvreckan. Never did music sound sweeter to an amateur, than the drowsy tautology, with which old Janet detailed every circum-stance, thrilled upon the ears of Waverley. But my reader is not a lover, and I must spare his patience, by attempting to condense within reasonable com-pass, the narrative which old Janet spread through a harangue of nearly two hours. When Waverley communicated to Fergus the let-ter he had received from Rose Bradwardine, by Davie Gellatley, giving an account of Tully-Veolan being occupied by a small party of soldiers, that circum-mance had struck upon the busy and active mind of the Chieftain. Eager to distress and narrow the posts of the enemy, desirous to prevent their esta-bilings in Baron,—for he often had the idea of mar-riage with Rose floating through his brain,—he resol-red to send sone of lins people to drive out the red-coats, and to bring Hose to Glennaquoich. But just sp he had ordered Evan with a small party on this fut, the news of Cope's having marched into the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and disperse the forces of the lightands to meet and server the s

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Chevalier, ere they came to a head, obliged him to join the standard with his whole forces. He sent to order Donald Bean to attend him; but

that cautious freeboater, who well understood the value of a separate command, instead of joining, sent various apologies which the pressure of the times command. Fergus to admit as current, though not without the internal resolution of being revenged on him for his procrastination, time and place conve-nient. However, as he could not amend the matter, he issued orders to bonald to descend into the Low Country, drive the soldiers from Tully-Veolan, and, paying all respect to the mansion of the Baron, to take his abode somewhere near it, for protection of his daughter and family, and to harass and drive away any of the armed volunteers, or small parties of military, which he might find moving about the Vicinity. As this charge formed a sort of roving commission, which Donald proposed to interpret in the way most advantageous to himself, as he was relieved from the inmediate terrors of Fergus, and as he had, from the without the internal resolution of being revenged on

advantageous to himself, as he was relieved from the immediate terrors of Fergus, and as he had, from former secret services, some interest in the councils of the Chevalier, he resolved to make hay while the sun shone. He achieved, without difficulty, the task of driving the soldiers from Tully-Veolan; but al-though he did not venture to encrosch upon the inte-rior of the family, or to disturb Miss Rose, being unwilling to make himself a powerful enemy in the Chevalier's army,

### 'For well he knew the Baron's wrath was deadly ;"

vet he set about to raise contributions and exactions yet he set about to raise contributions and exactions upon the tenantry, and otherwise to turn the war to his own advantage. Meanwhile he mounted the white cockade, and waited upon Rose with a pretart of great devotion for the service in which her father was engaged, and many apologies for the freedom he must necessarily use for the support of his people. It was at this moment that Rose learned, by open-mouthed fame, with all sorts of exaggeration, that Waverley had killed the smith at Cairnvreckan, in an attempt to arrest him : had been cast into a dusceon Waverley had killed the smith at Carnyreckan, in an attempt to arrest him; had been cast into a dungeon by Major Melville of Cairnyreckan, and was to be executed by martial law within three days. In the agony which these tidings excited, she proposed to Donald Bean the rescue of the prisoner. It was the very sort of service which he was desirous to under-take, judging it might constitute a merit of such a nature as would make amends for any peccedillot which he might be guilty of in the country. He had the art, however, pleading all the while duty and disai-pline, to hold off, until poor Rose, in the extremity of some valuable jewels which had been her mother's. Donald Bean, who had served in France, knew.

some valuable jeweis which had been her mother a. Donald Bean, who had served in France, knew, and perhaps over-estimated, the value of these trink-ets. But he also perceived Rose's apprehensions of its being discovered that she had parted with her jewels for Waverley's liberation. Resolved this scru-ple should not part him and the treasure, he volunta-rily offered to take an oath that he would never men-tion. Will Boards charging the provided the scru-per barrier of the server in the transpection. and the transpective of the server is the server men-The should not be that this the would never men-tion Miss Rose's share in the transaction; and fore-sceing convenience in kceping the oath, and no pro-bable advantage in breaking it, he took the engage-ment—in order, as he told his lieutenant, to deal handsomely by the young lady—in the only mode and form which, by a mental paction with himself, he considered as binding—he swore secrecy upon his drawn dirk. He was the more especially moved to this act of good faith by some attentions that Miss Bradwardine showed to his daughter Alice, which, while they gained the heart of the mountain damsel, highly gratified the pride of her father. Alice, who could now speak a little English, was very commu-nicative in return for Rose's kindness, readily confi-ded to her the whole papers respecting the intrigue with Gardiner's regiment, of which ahe was the do-positary, and as readily undertook, at ner instance. win Gardiner's regiment, of which she was the Go-positary, and as readily undertook, at ner instance, to restore them to Waveriey without her fathar's knowledge. "For they may oblige the bonnie young lady and the handsome young gentleman," said Alice, "and what use has my father for a whin bus o' scarted paper?"

How Donald executed his enterprise, the reader is But the expulsion of the military from Tullyaware But the expulsion of the military from Tully-Veolan had given alarm, and, while he was bing in wait for Gilfillan, a strong party, such as Doulld did not care to face, was sent to drive back the insur-gents in their turn, to encamp there, and to protect the country. The officer, a gantleman and a disci-plinarian, neither intruded himself on Miss Bradwar-dina, whose unprotected situation he respected, nor permitted his soldiers to commit any breach of dis-cipline. He formed a little camp, upon an eminence, near the house of Tully-Veolan, and placed proper grands at the passes in the vicinity. This unwelcome were w near the house of Tully-Veolan, and placed proper guards at the passes in the vicinity. This unwelcome news reached Donaid Bean Lean as he was return-ing to Tully-Veolan. Determined, however, to ob-tain the guerdon of his labour, he resolved, since ap-proach to Tully-Veolan was impossible, to deposit his prisoner in Janet's cottage, a place, the very existence of which could hardly have been suspected even by these who had low lived in the minimum subscript of which could hardly have been suspected even by those who had long lived in the vicinity, unless they had been guided thither, and which was utterly un-known to Waverley himself. This effected, he claim-ed and received his reward. Waverley's illness was an event which deranged all their calculations. Don-ald was obliged to leave the neighbourhood with his people and to seek more free course for his adventures elsewhere. At Rose's carnest entreaty, he left an old man, a herbalist, who was supposed to under-stand a little of medicine, to attend Wayerley during Ine illnore

at out likely, a instance, who was supposed to charter stand a little of medicine, to attend Waverley during his filness. In the meanwhile, new and fearful doubts started in Rose's mind. They were suggested by old Janet, who insisted, that a reward having been offered for the apprehension of Waverley, and his own personal effects being so valuable, there was no saving to what breach of faith Donald might be tempted. In an agony of grief and terror, Rose took the daring resolution of explaining to the Prince himself the danger in which Mr. Waverley stood, judging that, both as a politician, and a man of honour and human-ity, Charles Edward would interest himself to pre-weat his falling into the hands of the opposite party. This letter she at first thought of sending anony-mously, but naturally feared it would not, in that case, be credited. She therefore subscribed her name, though with relactance and terror, and consigned it in charge to a young man, who, at leaving his farm to join the Chevalier's army, made it his petition to her to have some sort of credentials to the Adven-turer, from whom he hoped to obtain a commission. The letter reached Charles Edward on his descent to the Lowlands, and, aware of the pulitical impor-tance of having it supposed that he was in corres-pondence with the English Jacobites, he caused the army of the Prince was now so near him that pun-ishment might have followed; besides, he was a poli-tician as well as a robber, and was a unilling to cancel the interest created through former secret ser-vices, by being refractory on this occasion. He therefore made a virtue of necessity, and transmitted

cancel the interest created through former secret ser-vices, by being refractory on this occasion. He therefore made a virtue of necessity, and transmitted orders to his licutenant to convey Edward to Doune, which was safely accomplished in the mode men-tioned in a former chapter. The governor of Doune was directed to send him to Edinburgh as a prisoner, because the Prince was apprehensive that Waverley. because the Prince was apprehensive that Waverley, if set at liberty, might have resumed his purpose of "sturning to England, without affording him an op-portunity of a personal interview. Is this, indeed, he setted by the advice of the Chieftain of Glennaquoich, with whom it may be remembered the Chevalier communicated upon the mode of disposing of Ed-ward, though without telling, him how he came to usern the place of his confinement. This indeed Charlas Edward considered as

Trais, indeed, Charles Edward considered as a secession from the insurgent party, and by his indi-tady's secret; for although Rose's letter was couch-ed m the most cautious and general terms, and pro-fessed to be written merely from motives of huma-fessed to be written merely from motives of huma-

The reader is aware that she took an opportunity nity, and weak for the Prince's service, yet she ex-of executing this purpose on the eve of Waverley's pressed so anxious a wish that she should not be leaving the glen. known to have interfered, that the Chevalier was in duced to suspect the deep interest which she took in Waverley's safety. This conjecture, which was well founded, led, however, to false inferences. For the emotion which Edward displayed on approaching Flora and Rose at the ball of Holyrood, was placed by the Chevalier to the account of the latter; and he concluded that the Baron's views about the settle-ment of his remark of norms such obtacks the warded concluded that the baron's views about the section ment of his property, or some such obstacle, thwarted their mutual inclinations. Common fame, it is true, frequently gave Waverley to Miss Mac-Ivor; but the Prince knew that common fame is very prodigal in Prince knew that common fame is very protigal in such gifts; and, watching attentively the behaviour of the ladies towards Waverley, he had no doubt that the young Englishman had no interest with Flora, and was beloved by Rose Bradwardine. Desirous to bind Waverley to his service, and wishing also to do a kind and friendly action, the Prince next asselled the Baron on the subject of settling his cente upon his doubter. We be develop a common to the term a kind and friendly action the Prince next assailed the Baron on the subject of setting his estate upon his daughter. Mr. Bradwardine acquiseced; but the consequence was, that Fergus was immediately in-duced to prefer his double suit for a wife and an esti-dom, which the Prince rejected in the manner we have seen. The Chevalier, constantly engaged in his own multiplied affairs, had not hitherto sought amy explanation with Waverley, though often meaning to do so. But after Fergus's declaration, he saw the necessity of appearing neutral between the rivals, de-youtly hoping that the matter, which now seemed fraught with the seeds of strife, might be permitted to is over till the termination of the expedition. When on the march to Derby, Fergus, being questioned concerning his quarrel with Waverley, alleged as the suit he had made to his sister, the Chevalier plainly told him, that he had himself observed Miss Maco-inced Fergus was under the influence of a missing in judging of Waverley's conduct, who, he had wergy reason to believe, was engaged to Miss Bradwardian. The quarrel which ensued between Edward and the chieftain is, I hope, still in the remembrance of the reader. These circumstances will serve to explain such points of our narrative, as, according to the custom of story-tellers, we deemed it fit to leave un-explained, for the purpose of exciting the reader's ca-rosity.

explained, for the purpose of exclusing use toward a view of the leading facts of the narrative, Waverley was easily enabled to apply the clew which they afforded, to other mazes of the labyrinth in which he had been engaged. To Roa Bradwardine, then, he owed the life which he new though the could willingly have laid down to serve the to live for her sake was more convenient and agree belle and that being nossessed of independence, she to five for her sake was more convenient and agree-able, and that, being possessed of independence, the might share it with him either in foreign countries or in his own. 'The pleasure of being allied to a mean of the Baron's high worth, and who was so much able consideration, had any thing been wanting the able consideration, had any thing been wanting the appeared grotesquely ludicrous during his prosperity, seemed, in the sunset of his fortune, to be harmonsum and assimilated with the noble features of his change-ter, so as to add peculiarity without exciting ridicate His mind occupied with such projects of future hap-of Mr. Duncan Macwheeble.

# CHAPTER LXVL

Now is Cupid a child of conscionce-he makes re

MR. DUNCAN MACWHERELE, no longer Commiss or Bailie, though still enjoying the empty name the latter dignity, had escaped proscription by an a secession from the insurgent party, and by his in

of estmeal-porridge, and at the side thereof, a horn-mon and a bottle of two-penny. Eagerly running he eye over a voluminous law-paper, he from time to time shovelled an immense spoonful of these nutri-time shovelled an immense spoonful of these nutri-tive visited into his capacious mouth. A pot-bellied Butch bottle of brandy which stood by, intimated either that this honest limb of the law had taken his ather that this honest limb of the law had taken his super that this honest limb of the law had taken his super line and the law had taken his per-ridge with such digestive; or perhaps both circum-stances might reasonably be inferred. His night-cap and morning-gown had whilome been of tartan, but, equally cautions and frugal, the honest Bailie had got then dyed black, lest their original ill-omened colour might remind his visiters of his unlucky accursion to Derby. To sum up the picture, his face was daubed with snuff up to the eyes, and his fingers with ink up to the knuckles. He looked dubicuisty at Waverley sahe approached the little green rail which fenced his deak and stool from the approach of the vulgar. Nothing could give the Bailie more annoyance than the idea of his acquaintance being claimed by any of the unfortunate gentlemen, who were now so much the idea of his sequaintance being claimed by any of the unfortunate gentlemen, who were now so much more likely to need assistance than to afford profit. But this was the rich young Englishman—who knew what might be his situation ?—he was the Baron's friend too—what was to be done ? While these reflections gave an air of absurd per-plarity to the poor man's visage. Waverley, reflecting on the communication he was about to make to him, of a nature as ridiculously contrasted with the ap-

of a nature so raiculously contrasted with the ap-pearance of the individual, could not help bursting out a-laughing, as he checked the propensity to ex-claim with Syphax, -

"Cato's a proper person to intrust A love-tale with."

A love bale with." As Mr. Mácwheeble had no idea of any person langhing heartily who was either encircled by peril or oppressed by poverty, the hilarity of Edward's countenance greatly relieved the embarrassment of his own, and giving him a tolerably hearty welcome to Little Veolan, he asked what he would choose for brakfast. His visiter had, in the first place, some-tung for his private ear, and begged leave to bolt the sor. Duncan by no means liked this precaution, which savoured of danger to be apprehended; but he could not now draw back. could not now draw back.

could not now draw back. Convinced he might trust this man, as he could make it his interest to be faithful, Edward commu-niated his present situation and future schemes to Macwheeble. The wily agent listened with appre-baseion when he found Waverley was still in a state of proscription—was somewhat comforted by learn-ing that he had a passport—rubbed his hands with give when he mentioned the amount of his present fortune—one dot was aven when he head the briling that he had a passport-rubbed his hands with give when he mentioned the amount of his present fortune-opened huge eyes when he heard the bril-liancy of his future expectations-but when he ex-pressed has intention to ahare them with Miss Rose Bradwardine, ecstacy had almost deprived the honest mas of his senses. The Baille started from his three-footed stool like the Pythonese from her tripod; flung his best wig out of the window, because the bleek on which it was placed stood in the way of his career; chacked his cap to the ceiling, caught it as it fell; whistled Tallochgorum; danced a Highland fing with inimitable grace and agility, and then threw himself exhausted into a chair, exclaiming, "Lady Wauverleyl-ten thousand a-year, the least pennyl-cord preserve my poor understanding ?'--"Amen, with all my heart," said Waverley; "but now, Mr. Macwheeble, let us proceed to business." This word had somewhat a sedative effect, but the Buile's head, as he expressed himself, was still "in the beca." He mended his pen, however, marked half s dozen sheets of paper with an ample marginal fold, whighed down Dallas of St. Martin's Styles from a built, where that venerable work roosted with Stair's Institutions, Dirleton's Doubus, Balfour's Practiques, und a parcel of old account-books-opened the volume it the article Contract of Marinage, and prepared to tuke what he called a "sma' minute, to prevent par-ue fran ereling."

had sent his passport for Captain Foster's inspection. This produced a polite answer from the officer, with an invitation to Mr. Stanley to dine with him, which was declined, (as may easily be supposed,) under pretence of business

tence of business. Waverley's next request was, that Mr. Macwheeble would dispatch a man and horse to —, the post-town at which Colonel Talbot was to address him, with directions to wait there until the post should bring a letter for Mr. Stanley, and then to forward it to Little Veolan with all speed. In a moment, the Bailie was in search of his apprentice, (or servitor, as he was called Sixty Years ance,) Jock Scriever, and in our much meater space of time Lock was on and in not much greater space of time, Jock was on the back of the white pony. "Tak care ye guide him weel, sir, for he's aye been short in the wind since - a hem - Lord be guide to me t

short in the wind since - a ben - Lord be gue to inst-(in a low voice,) I was gaun to come out wi - since I rode whip and spur to fetch the Chevalier to redd Mr. Wauverley and Vich Ian Vohr; and an uncanny coup I gat for my pains.-Lord forgie your honour!-I might has broken my neck-but truth it was in a venture, mae ways nor ane; but this maks amenda for a'. Lady Wauverley!-ten thousand a-year!--Lord be gude unto me!"

Lord oe gude unto me!" "But you forget, Mr. Macwheeble, we want the Baron's consent--the lady's-" "Never fear, I'se be caution for them-I'se gie you my personal warrandice--ten thousand a-year! it dings Balmawhapple out and out--a year's rent's worth a' Balmawhapple, fee and life-rent! Lord make we there to life. us thankful !

To turn the current of his feelings, Edward inquired if he had heard any thing lately of the Chieftain of

To turn the current of his feelings, Edward inquired if he had heard any thing lately of the Chieftain of Glennaquoich? "Not one word," answered Macwheeble, "but that he was still in Carlisle Castle, and was soon to be panelled for his life. I dinna wish the young gentleman ull," he said, "but I hope that they that has got him will keep him, and no let him back to this Hieland border to plague us wi black mail, and a 'manner o' violent, wrongous, and masterfu' oppression and spo-liation, both by himself and others of his causing, sending, and hounding out; and he couldna tak cfang o' the siller when he had gotten it neither, but fang it a' into yon idle quean's lap at Edinburgh—but light come light game. For my part, I never wish to see a kill in the country again, nor a red coat, nor a gun, for that matter, unless it were to shoot a paitrick:-they're a' tarrd' wi' as stick. And when they have done ye wrang, even when ye hae gotten decreet of spuilzle, oppression, and violent profits against them, what better are ye's-they hae na a plack to pay ye; ye need never extract it." With such discourse, and the intervening topics of busines, the time passed until dinner, Macwheeble mean while promising to devise some mode of intro-ducing Edward at the Duchran, where Rose at pre-sent resided, without risk of danger or suspicion; which seemed no very easy task, since the Bailie's little parlour. The landlord's corkscrew was just introdu-ced into the muzzle of a pint-bottle of claret, (cribbed possibly from the cellars of Tully-Veolan,) when the sight of the gray pony, passing the window at fall trot, induced the Bailie, but with due precaution, to place it aside for the moment. Enter Jock Scriver with a packet for Mr. Stanley; it is Colonel Talbot's eael; and Edward's fingers tremble as he undoos it. Two official papers, folded, signed, and sealed in all

seal; and Edward's fingers tremble as he undoes it. Two official papers, folded, signed, and sealed in all formality, drop out. They were hastily picked up by the Bailte, who had a natural respect for every thing with what he called a "sma' minute, to prevent par-ber frae resiling." With some difficulty, Waverley made him compre-with that he was going a little too fast. He explained bim that he was going a little too

sion to the late rebellion." The other proves to be a Waverley, Esq. Colonel Tulbot's letter was in these words:

"My DEAB EDWARD, "I am just arrived here, and yet I have finished " 1 am just arrived here, and yet I have finished my business; it has cost me some trouble though, as you shall hear. I waited upon his Royal Highness immediately on my arrival, and found him in no very good humour for my purpose. Three or four Scotch gentlemen were just leaving his levce. After he had expressed himself to me very courteously; "Would you think it,' he said, 'Talbot, here have been half a dozen of the most respectable gentlemen, and best friends to government north of the Forth, Major Melville of Carnvreckan, Rubrick of Duchran, and others, who have fairly wrung from me, by their and others, who have fairly wrung from me, by their downright importunity, a present protection, and the promise of a future pardon, for that stubborn old rebel whom they call Baron of Bradwardine. They allege that his high personal character, and the clemency which he showed to such of our people as fell into the rebels' hands, should weigh in his favour; espe-cially as the loss of his estate is likely to be a severe cially as the loss of his estate is likely to be a severe enough punishment. Rubrick has undertaken to keep him at his own house till things are settled in the country; but it's a little hard to be forced in a manner to parlon such a mortal enemy to the House of Brunswick.' This was no favourable moment for opening my business; however, I said I was rejoiced to learn that his Royal Highness was in the course of granting such requests, as it emboldened me to present one of the like nature in my own name. He was very angry, but I persisted; I mentioned the uniform support of our three votes in the house, touched modestly on services abroad, though valuable only in his Royal Highness's having been pleased kindly to accept them, and founded pretty strongly out his own expressions of friendship, and good-will. windly in this koyal Highless's having been pleased kindly to accept them, and founded pretty strongly on his own expressions of friendship, and good-will. He was embarrassed, but obstinate. I hinted the policy of detaching, on all future occasions, the heir of such a fortune as your uncle's from the machinations of the disaffected. But I made no impression. I mention-ed the obligations which I tay under to Sir Everard, and to you personally, and claimed, as the sole reward of my services, that he would be pleased to afford me the method of evincing my gratitude. I perceived that he still meditated a refusal, and, taking my commission from my pocket, I said, (as a last resource), that as his Royal Highness did n t, under these pressing cir-cumstances, think me worthy of a favour which he had not scrupled to grant to other gentlemen, whose services I could hardly judge more important than my own, I must beg leave to deposit, with all humi-lity, my commission in his Royal Highness hands, and to retire from the service. He was not prepared for this; he told me to take up my commission; said some handsome things of my services, and granted for this; he told me to take up my commission; said some handsome things of my services, and granted my request. You are therefore once more a freeman, and I have promised for you that you will be a good boy in future, and remember what you owe to the lemity of government. Thus you see my prince can be as generous as yours. I do not pretend, indeed, that he confers a favour with all the foreign graces and compliments of your Chevalier errant; but he has a plain English manner, and the evident reluc-tance with which he grants your request. Indicates the and a brain terminan manner, and the evident rende-tance with which he grants your request, indicates the sacrifice which he makes of his own inclination to your sacrifice which he makes of his own inclination to your wishes. My friend, the adjutant-general, has pro-cured me a duplicate of the Baron's protection, (the original being in Major Melville's possession,) which a send to you, as I know that if you can fluid him you will have pleasure in being the first to communicate the joyful intelligence. He will of course repair to the Duchran without loss of time, there to ride quarantine and works. As for you. I give you leave to es-Duchtan without loss of time, there to ride quarantime for a few weeks. As for you, I give you leave to es-cort him thither, and to stay a week there, as I under-stand a certain fair lady is in that quarter. And I have the pleasure to tell you, that whatever progress you can make in her good graces will be highly agreeable to Sir Everard and Mrs. Rachel, who will never be-isove your views and prospects settled, and the three enunce passant in actual safety, until you present ICHAP. LXVII

them with a Mrs. Edward Waverley. Now, certain love-affairs, of my own-a good many years since-interrupted some measures which were then proposed in favour of the three ermines passant; so at a bound in honour to make them amends. Therefore bound in honour to make them amends. when a mental to make them amends. Therefore make good use of your time, for, when your week expired, it will be necessary that you go to London to plend your parion in the law courts. "Ever, dear Waverley, yours most truly, "Philip Talsor."

## CHAPTER LXVIL

# Happy's the wooing That's not long a doing.

That's soil long a doing. WHEN the first rapturous sensation or content the ward proposed instantly to go down to the idea to acquaint the Baron with their import. But the can-tious Bailie justly observed, that if the Baron were to appear instantly in public, the tenantry and villagen might become riotons in expressing their joy, and give offence to "the powers that be," a sort of per-sons for whom the Ballie always had unlimited re-spect. He therefore proposed that Mr. Waverley should go to Janet Gellatley's, and bring the Baron up under cloud of night to Little Veolan, where he might once more enjoy the luxury of a good bed. Is the meanwhile, he said, he himself would go to Cap-tain Foster, and show him the Baron's protection, and obtain his countenance for harbouring him that night, and he would have horses ready on the mor-row to set him on his way to the Duchran along will Mr. Stainley," whilk denomination. I apprehend, your honour will for the present retain," said the Baine. "Certainly, Mr. Macwheeble; but will you and go for the gien yourself in the wening to meet your patron?"

"Certainly, Mr. Macwneeple; out witt you not go down to the glen yourself in the **avening to meet you** patron?" "That I wad wi' a' my heart; and mickle obliged to your honour for putting me in mind o' my bounden duty. But it will be past sunset afore I get back fras the Captain's, and at these unsonsy hours the glen has a bad name-there's something no that canny about auld Janet Gellatley. The Laird he'll no be-lieve thas things, but he was aye ower rash and ven-turesome-and feared neither man nor deevil-and sae's seen o't. But right sure am I Sir Goorge Mac-kenyie says, that no divine can doubt there are witches, since the Bible says thou shalt not suffer them to live; and that no lawyer in Scotland can doubt it, since it is punishable with death by our law. So there's baith law and gospel for it. An his ho-nour winna believe the Leviticus, he might aye be-lieve the Statute-book-but he may tak his ain way o't; it's a' ane to Duncan Macwheeble. However, I shall sent to surn the spit, for I'll gar Eppie pat down a fat goose to the fire for your honcurs to your supper."

When it was near sunset, Waverley hastened to the hut; and he could not but allow that superstition had chosen no improper locality, or unfit object, for the foundation of her fantastic terrors. It resembled exactly the description of Spenser:

- "There, in a gloomy hollow gloa, the found A little cottage built of sticks and reeds, In which a witch did dwell is loably weeds, And wilful want, all carcless of her needs; Bo choosing solitary to sbido Par from all neighbours, that her devilish deeds, And hellish arts, from people site might hide, And hurt far off, unknown, whomsoever she espi

And hurt far off, unknown, whomsover she espied." He entered the cottage with these verses in his ma-mory. Poor old Janet, bent double with age, and bleared with peat-smoke, was tottering about the hut with a birch broom, muttering to herself as all endeavoured to make her hearth and floor a bith clean for the reception of her expected guests. We verley's step made her start, look up, and fall a-treas bling, so much had her nerves been on the rack the her patron's safety. With difficulty Waverley made her comprehend that the Baron was now safe from

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amonal danger; and when her mind had admitted at joyful news, it was equally hard to make her be-eve that he was not to enter again upon possession it is back again; naebody wad be sae gripple as to it is back again; naebody wad be sae gripple as to it to for his sake, if I werena feared the Enemy wad it me at my word." Waverley then gave her some oney, and promised that her fidelity should be re-urded. "How can I be rewarded, sır, sae weel, as it to see my aud maisster aud Miss Rose come back." I contact the sought for his daughter. They now reached Little Veolan. The goose was The portion news, it was equally hard to make her be-lieve that he was not to enter again upon possession of his sestate. "It behoved to be," she said, "he wad get it back again; naebody wad be sae gripple as to tak his gear after they had gi'en him a pardon : and for that Inch-Grabbit, I could whiles wish mysell a witch for his sake, if I werena feared the Enemy wad tak me at my word." Waverley then gave her some menor, and appropried that here fidelity should be me same at my word." Waverley then gave her some money, and promised that her fidelity should be re-warded. "How can I be rewarded, sir, sae weel, as just to see my auld maister and Miss Rose come back and bruik their ain ?" Waveful word the back

and bruik their ain ?" Waverley now took leave of Janet, and soon stood beneath the Baron's Patmos. At a low whistle, he observed the veteran peeping out to reconnoitre, like an old badger with his head out of his hole. "Ye has come rather early, my good lad," said he, de-scending; "I question if the redcoats has beat the tattoo yet, and we're not safe till then." " a Good news cannot be told too soon," said Wa-verley; and with infinite joy communicated to him the happy tidings. The old man stood for a moment; in silent devotion, then exclaimed, "Praise be to God!---I shall see my bairn again." "And never, I hope, to part with her more," said Waverley.

"And never, 1 hope, to part when "I trast in God, not, unless it be to win the means of supporting her; for my things are but in a bruckle state 1-bat what signifies warld's gear?" "And if," said Waverley modestly, "there were a situation in life which would put Miss Bradwardine beyond the uncertainty of fortune, and in the rank to which she was born, would you object to it, my dear Baron, because it would make one of your friends the happiest man in the world ?" The Baron turned, and looked at him with great carnestness. "Yes," con-

beyond the uncertainty of fortune, and in the rank to which she was born, would you object to it, my dear Baron, because it would make one of your friends the happiest man in the world?" The Baron turned, and looked at him with great earnestness. "Yes," con-tinued Edward, "I shall not consider my sentence of banishment as repealed, unless you will give me per-mission to accompany you to the Duchras, and"— The Baron seemed collecting all his dignity to make a suitable reply to what, at another time, he would have treated as the propounding a treaty of allience between the houses of Bradwardine and Waverley. But his efforts were in vain; the father was too mighty for the Baron; the pride of birth and rank were swept away;—in the joyful surprise, a slight convulsion passed rapidly over his features as he gave way to the feelings of nature, threw his arms around Waverley's neck, and sobbed out,—" My son, my son! if I had been to search the world, I would have made my choice here." Edward returned the embrace with great sympathy of feeling, and for a little while they both kept silence. At length it was broken by Edward. "But Miss Bradwardine?" "She had never a will but her old father's; be sides, you are a likely youth, of honest principles, and high borth; no, she never had any other will than time, and in my proudest days I could not have wish-ed a mair digible espotiation of your ain friends and allies, particularly of your uncle, who is in loco perentie? Ah! we maan tak heed o' that." Ed-ward assured him that Sir Everard would think him-self highly honoured in the flattering reception his probasion; in evidence of which, he put Colonel Tal-bot's letter into the Baron's hand. The Baron read it with great attention. "Sir Kverard," he said, " always despiaed wealth in comparison of honour the Dirk. Panetwick. You wild himk himway despised wealth in comparison of honour in divide generatize attention. "Sir Everard, be divide attention in the Barror's mode of conveying it. Waverley was now considered as a received lover in all the forms. He was made, by dint of smirking and allies, particularly of your uncle, who is in the and nodding on the part of the lady of the house, to secretiz? Ah! we man tak heed o' that." Ed-ward assured him that Sir Everard would think him-peroperate attention. "Sir Everard would think him-probation; in evidence of which, he put Colonel Tai-bot's letter into the Barror's hand. The Barror takes was sure to recollect that her thimble, of six attention. "Sir Everard," he said it with great attention. "Sir Everard," he said if always despised wealth in comparison of honour med birth; and indeed he hath no occasion to courr the Disc Peeunia. Yet I now wish, since this her of which was visible above the trees) that I could also have his occa-and mamma were not in the way to keep them on and mamma were not in the way to keep them on and mamma were not in the sole have his occa-and mamma were sould he remark. Even the Baron could not refrain; but here Rose escaped every embarrasment but that of conjecture, for his wit footmen sometimes grinned too broadly, the maid-servants giggled mayhap too loud, and a provoting eigh hearings, whilk now, as a landless laid wir a de bearings, whilk now, as a landless laid wir a

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upon his daughter. They now reached Little Veolan. The goose was smoking on the table, and the Bailie brandished his knife and fork. A joyous greeting took place be-tween him and his patron. The kitchen, too, had its company. Aukl Janet was established at the ingle-nook; Davie had turned the spit to his im-mortal honour; and even Ban and Buscar, in the liberality of Macwheeble's joy, had been stuffed to the throat with food, and now lay snoring on the fnor. floor

the throat with food, and now isy shoring on me froor. The next day conducted the Baron and his young friend to the Duchran, where the former was expect-ed, in consequence of the success of the nearly unani-mons application of the Scottish friends of govern-ment in his favour. This had been so general and so powerful that it was almost thought his estate might have been saved, had it not passed into the rapacious hands of his unworthy kinsman, whose right, arising-out of the Baron's attainder, could not be affected by a parlon from the crown. The old gentleman, how-ever, said, with his usual spirit, he was more gratified by the hold he possessed in the good opinion of his neighbours, than he would have been in being "re-found practicable." We shall not attempt to describe the meeting of the father and daughter,—loving each other so affection-stely, and separated under such perilous circumstan ces. Still less shall we attempt to analyze the deep blugh of Rose, at receiving the compliments of Wa-

ees. Still less shall we attempt to analyze the deep blush of Rose, at receiving the compliments of Wa-verley, or stop to inquire whether she had any curio-sity respecting the particular cause of his journey to Scotland at that period. We shall not even trouble the reader with the hum-drum details of a courtship Sixty Years since. It is enough to say, that, under so strict a martinet as the Baron, all things were conducted in due form. He took upon himself, the morning after their arrival, the task of announcing the proposal of Waverley to Rose, which she heard with a proper degree of maiden timidity. Fame does, however, say, that Waverley had, the evening before, found five minutes to apprize her of what was com-ing, while the rest of the company were looking at three twisted serpents, which formed a jst d'eau in the garden. the garden.

My fair readers will judge for themselves; but, for my part results will judge for incluserves; but, for my part [ cannot conceive how so important an af-fair could be communicated in so short a space of time; at least, it certainly took a full hour in the Ba-roars mode of conveying it.

with the best of them. Rese and be ward, however, endured all these little vexatious circumstances as other folks have done before and since, and probably contrived to outgin. some indemnification, since they are not supposed, on the whole, to have been particu-larly unhappy during Waverley's six days' stay at the Duchran

larly unhappy during Waverley's six days' stay at the Duchran. It was finally arranged that Edward should go to Waverley-Honour to make the necessary arrange-ments for his marriage, thence to London to take the proper measures for pleading his pardon, and return as soon as possible to claim the hand of his plighted brids. He also intended in his journey to visit Colonel Talbot; but, above all, it was his most important ob-ject to learn the fate of the unfortunate Chief of Glen-naquoch; to visit to the unfortunate the of Glen-anquoch; to visit to a claims, and to try whether any thing could be done for procuring, if not a per-don, a commutation at least, or alleviation, of the purserable Flora an asylum with Rose, or otherwise to assist her views in any mode which might seem possible. The fate of Fergus seemed hard to be averted. Edward had already striven to interest his friend, Colonel Talbot, in his behalf; but had been given distinctly to understand, by his reply, that his credit in matters of that nature was totally exhausted. The Colonel was still in Edinburgh, and proposed to writ there for some months upon business confided to him by the Duke of Cumberland. He was to be journey north ward, under the secort of Francis Stan-ley. Edward, therefore, met the Colonel at Edin-burgh, who wished him joy in the kinderst manter on his approaching happiness, and cheerfully undertook many commissions which our hero, was necessarily obligd to delegate to his charge. But on the subject of Fergus he was incrorable. He satisfied Edward, indeed, that his interference woold be unavailing; but besides, Colonel Talbot owned that he could not conscientously the any influence in favour of that unfortunate gentleman. "Justice," he said, "which domanded some penalty of those who had wrapped the whole nation in fear and in mourning, could not perhaps have selected a fitter victim. He came to the field with the fullest light upon the nature of his at terms. We had alting and understood the subject ine whole nation in tear and in mourning, could not perhaps have selected a fitter victim. He came to the field with the fullest light upon the nature of his at-tempt. He had studied and understood the subject. His father's fate could not intimidate him; the kenity of the laws which had restored to him his father's property and rights could not melt him. That he was hrave genarous and notes and the set of the property and rights could not inder mint. That he was brave, generous, and possessed many good qua-lities, only rendered him the more dangerous; that he was enlightoned and accomplished, made his crime ne was enlightened and accomplished, made his crime the less excusable; that he was an enthusiant in a wrong cause, only made him the more fit to be its martyr. Above all, he had been the means of bring-ing many hundreds of men into the field, who, with-out him, would never have broken the peace of the

country. "I repeat it," said the Colonel, "though Heaven knows with a heart distressed for him as an indivi-dual, that this young gentleman has studied and fully the threw for life or death, a coronet or a coffin; and he cannot now be permitted, with justice to the exampt to draw takes because the dice have gone.

Such was the reasoning of those times, held even by brave and humane men towards a vanquished enemy. Let us devontly hope, that, in this respect at legst, we shall never see the scenes, or hold the senti-ments that were general in Britain Sixty Years since.

# CHAPTER LXVIII.

To-morrow? O that's sudden !-- Spare him, spare him !

Sowasp, attended by his former servant Alick Pol-watth, who had re-entered his service at Edinburgh, reached Carliale while the commission of Oyer and forminer on his unfortunge associates was yet sit-ting. He had pushed forward in haste, not, alas!

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with the most distant hope of saving Fergus, but to see him for the last time. I ought to have mentioned, that he had furnished funds for the defence of the pri-soners in the most liberal manner, as soon as he heard that the day of trial was fixed. A solicitor, and the first counsel, accordingly attended; but it was upon the 'same footing on which the first physicians are usually summoned to the bedside of some dying man of rake the dectors to take the advantage upon the same footing on which the first physiciana are usually summoned to the bedside of some dying man of rank; the doctors to take the advantage of some incalculable chance of an exertion of nature-the lawyers to avail themselves of the barely possible occurrence of some legal flaw. Edward pressed into the court, which was extremely crowded; but by his arriving from the north, and his extreme eageness and agitation, it was supposed he was a relation of the prisoners, and poople made way for him. It wa-the third sitting of the court, and there were two mean at the bar. The verdict of Gourry was already pro-nounced. Edward just glanced at the bar during the momentous pause which ensued. There was no ma-taking the stately form and noble features of Fergus Mac-Ivor, although his dress was squalid, and him countenance tinged with the sickly yellow hue of long and close imprisonment. By his side was Evan Maccombich. Edward felt sick and dizzy as he gazed on them; but he was recalled to himself as the Clerk of Arraigns pronounced the solemn words "Fergus Mac-Ivor of Glenaquoich, otherwise called Vich Ian Vohr, and Evan Mac-Ivor; in the Dhu of Tarrascleugh, otherwise called Evan Dhu, otherwise called Evan Maccombich, or Evan Dhu Maccom-bich.—you, and each of you, stand attainted of high-

called Evan Maccombich, or Evan Dhu Maccom-bich-you, and each of you, stand attainted of high treason. What have you to asy for yourselves why the Court should not pronounce judgment against you, that you die according to law?" Fergua, as the preseiding Judge was putting on the fatal cap of judgment, placed his own bonnet upon his head, regarded him with a steadfast and stern Jook, and replied in a firm voice, "I cannot let this numerous audience suppose that to such an appeal I have no answer to make. But what I have to say, you would not bear to hear, for my defence would be your condemnation. Proceed, then, in the name of Abd, to do what is permitted to you.' Yesterday, and the day before, you have condemned loyal and honour-Avoid to do what is permitted to you. I colerary, and the day before, you have condemned loyal and honour-able blood to be poured forth like water. Spare not mine. Were that of all my ancestors in my veins, I would have peril'd it in this quarrel." He resumed his sear, and refused again to rise. Evan Maccombich looked at him with great.ear-

restness, and, rising up, seemed anxious to **speak**; but the confusion of the court, and the perplexity arising from thinking in a language different from that in which he was to express himself, kept him silent. There was a nurmur of compassion among the spec-tators, from the idea that the poor fellow intended to plead the influence of his superior as an excuse for his crinic. The Judge commanded silence, and encouraged Evan to proceed.

his crinic. The Judge commanded silence, and en-couraged Evan to proceed. "I was only ganging to say, my lord," said Evan, in what he meant to be an insunating manner, "that if your excellent honour, and the honourable Coart, would let Vich Ian Vohr go free just this once, and let him gae back to France, and no to trouble Eing. George's government again, that ony six o' the very best of his clan will be willing to be justified in his stead; and if you'll just fet me gae down to Gleman-quoich, Pil fetch them up to ye mysell, to head of hang, and you may begin wi' me the very first man." Notwithstanding the solemnity of the occasion, sort of laugh was heard in the court at the extraor-dinary nature of the proposal. The Judge' checked this, indecency, and Evan, looking sternly around when the murnur abated, "If the Saxon gentlement as me, thinks my life, or the life of six of my degree is worth that of Vich Ian Vohr, it's like enough the may be very right; but if they laugh bocause the is word hat of Vich Ian Vohr, it's like enough the may be very right; but if they laugh bocause the is word hat of the inter the year of the accase of think is used in the year of the proposal. The may be very right; but if they laugh bocause the may be very right; but if they laugh bocause the is word hat of the inter inter including to be book the redoem him, I can tell them they ken neither the head of a Hielandman, nor the honour of a gentlemean.

of a Hielandman, nor the honour of a gentleman. There was no further inclination to laugh amon the audience, and a dead silence disued. The Judge then pronounced upon both prisoned

## JAN-LEVILL.

the sentence of the law of high treason, with all its herrible accompaniments. The execution was ap-pointed for the ensuing day. "For you, Fergus Mac-lyor," coatinued the Judge, "I can hold out no hope of meroy. You must prepare against to-morrow for your last sufferings here, and your great audit here-

your last sufferings here, and your great audit here-after." "I desire nothing else, my lord," answered Fergus, in the same manly and firm tone. The hard eyes of Evan, which had been perpetually beat on his Chief, were moistened with a tear. "For yos, poor ignorant man," continued the Judge, "who, following the ideas in which you have been educated, have this day given us a striking example how the loyalty due to the king and state alone, is; from your unhappy ideas of clanship, transferred to some am-bitious individual, who ends by making you the tool of his crimes—for you, I say, I feel so much compas-sion, that if you can make up your mind to petition for grace, I will endeavour to procure it for you. Otherwise—...." said Evan; "since you are

Otherwise—" "Grace me no grace," said Evan; "since you are to shed Vich Ian Vohr's blood, the only favour I would accept from you, is—to bld them loose my hands and gie me my claymore, and bide you just a minute sitting where you are "" "Remove the prisoners," said the Judge; "his blood be upon his own head." Almost situingfed with his follows Education

blood be upon his own head." Almost stupified with his feelings, Edward found that the rush of the crowd had conveyed him out into the street, ere he knew what he was doing. His immediate wish was to see and speak with Fergus, once more. He applied at the Castle where his un-fortunate friend was confined, but was refused ad-mittance. "The High Sheriff." a non-commissioned officer said, "had requested of the governor that none should be admitted to see the prisoner excepting his confessor and his sister."

"And where was Miss Mac-Ivor?" They gave him the direction. It was the house of a respectable Ca-tholic family near Carlisle. Repulsed from the gate of the Castle, and not venturing to make application to the High Sheriff or Judges in his own unpoular name, he had recourse to the solicitor who came down in Fergus's behalf. This gentleman told him, that it was thought the public mind was in danger of being debauched by the account of the last moments of these persons, as given by the friends of the Pretender; that there had been a resolution, therefore, to exclude all such per-sons as had not the plea of near kindred for attending mon tham. Yet, he promised (to oblige the heir of Waverley-Honour) to get him an order for admittance to the prisoner the next morning, before his irons

Waverley-Honour) to get him an order for admittance to the prisoner the next morning, before his irons were knocked off for executions? Is it of Fergus Mac-Ivor they speak thus, thought Waverley, or do I dream? Of Fergus, the bold, the thivalrous, the free-minded ? The lofty chieftain of a triba devoted to him? Is it hc, that I have seen lead the chase and head the attack, -the brave, the active, the young, the noble, the love of ladies, and the theme of song, -is it he who is ironed like a male-factor; who is to be dragged on a hurdle to the com-mon gallows; to die a lingering and cruel death, and to be mangled by the hand of the most outcast of wretches? Evil indeed was the spectre, that boded such a fate as this to the brave Chief of Glenna-quoich ?

which a faltering voice he requested the solicitor to With a faltering voice he requested the solicitor to With a faltering, voice ne requester the solution to find means to warn Fergus of his intended visit, should he obtain permission to make it. He then tunned away from him, and, returning to the inn, wrote a scarcely intelligible note to Flora Mac-Ivor, mitmating, his purpose to wait upon her that even-ing. The messenger brought back a letter in Flora's solution of the state state of the state of the state of the state of the state state of the state of the state of the state of the state state of the state of the state of the state of the state state of the state state of the state

garment of white flannel. At a little distance sat an edderly woman, apparently a foreigner, and of a reli-gious order. She was reading in a book of Catholic devotion, but when Waverley entered, laid it on the table and left the room. Flora rose to receive him, and stretched out her hand, but neither ventured to attempt speech. Her fine complexion was totally gone; her person considerably emaciated; and her face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as white as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as the purest statuary mar-face and hands as the purest statuary mar-and jet-black hair. Yet, amid these marks of dis-tress, there was nothing negligent or ill-arranged about her attire; even her hair, though totally with-out ornament, was disposed with her usual attention to neatness. The first words she uttered were, "Have yea seen him." 

fused admittance.

"It accords with the rest," she said; "but we must submit. Shall you obtain leave, do you sop-

"For-for-te-morrow," said Waverley; but mut-tering the last word so faintly that it was almost ua-intelligible.

sering the last word so laintly that it was almost ua-intelligible. "Ay, then or never," said Flora, "until"—she ad-ded, looking upward, "the time when, I trust, we shall all meet. But I hope you will see him while earth yet bears him. He always loved you at his heart, though—but it is vain to talk of the past." "Vain indeed!" echoed Waverley. "Or, even of the future, my good friend," said Flora, "so far as earthly events are concerned; for how often have I pictured to myself the strong possibility of this horrid issue, and tasked mysels to consider how I could support my part; and yet how far has all my anticipations fallen short of the unimaginable bitter-ness of this heur!" "Dear Flora, if your strength of mind"— "Ay, there it is," she answered, somewhat wildly; "there is, Mr. Waverley, there is a busy devil at my heart, that whispers—but it were madness to listen to it—that the strength of mind on which Flora prided herself has mudered hap bother!" "Good God! how can you give utterance to a

"Good God! how can you give utterance to a thought so shocking?"

"Ay, is it not so ? but yet it hausts me like a phan-fom; I know it is unsubstantial and vain; but it *triff* be present; will intrude its horrors on my mind; will be present; will intrude its horrors on my mind; will whisper that my brother, as volatile as ardent, would have divided his energies and a hundred ob-jects. It was I who taught him to concentrate them, and to gage all on this dreadful and desperate cast. Oh that I could recollect that I had but once said to him, 'He that striketh with the sword shall die by the sword;' that I had but once said, Remain at home; reserve yourself, your vassals, your life, for en-terprises within the reach of man. But O, Mr. Wa-verley. I sourced his fiery temper, and half of his roin. verley, I spurred his fiery temper, and half of his ruin at least lies with his sister!"

The horrid idea which she had intimated, Edwars

The horrid idea which she had intimated, Edwara endeavoured to combat by every incoherent argument "that occurred to him. He recalled to her the princi-ples on which both thought it their duty to act, and in which they had been educated. "Do not think I have forgotten them," she sail, looking up, with eager quickness; "I do not regred his attempt, because it was wrong! O not not regred point I am armed; but because it was impossible it could end otherwise than thus."

could end otherwise than thus." "Yet it did not always seem so desperate and haz-ardous as it was; and it would have been chosen by the bold spirit of Fergus, whether you had approved it or no; your counsels only served to give unity and consistence to his conduct; to dignify, but not to precipitate, his resolution." Flora had soon ceased to listen to Edward, and was again intent upon her-

ing. The messenger brought back a letter in Flora's precipitate, his resolution." Flora had soon ceased to listen to Edward, and was again intent upon her ble even under this lead of misery. "Miss Flora needle-work." "Bo you remember," she said, looking up with a ghastly smile, "you once found me making Fergus's bride-favours, and now I am sewing his bridd-gar-When Edward reached Miss Mac-Ivor's present present continued, with sup-present circumstances of uparalleled distress." "When Edward reached Miss Mac-Ivor's present ment. Our friends here," she continued, with sup-present circumstances of uparalleled distress." "When Edward reached Miss Mac-Ivor's present ment. Our friends here," she continued, with sup-present circumstances of uparalleled distress." "When Edward reached Miss Mac-Ivor's present ment. Our friends here," she continued, with sup-present circumstances, the second of the last Vich I an Vohr. "When Edward reached Miss Mac-Ivor's present ment. Our friends here," she continued, with sup-presed emotion, "are to give hallowed earth in them of a latticed winder, no - his head to be a "Yor. II R

shall not have the last miserable consolation of issing the cold lips of my dear, dear Fergus !"

The unfortunate Flora here, after one or two hys-terical sobs, fainted in her chair. The lady, who had been attending in the antercom, now entered hastily, and begged Edward to leave the room, but not the house.

When he was recalled, after the space of nearly half an hour, he found that, by a strong effort, Miss Mac-Ivor had greatly composed herself. It was then he ventured to urge Miss Bradwardine's claim, to be considered as an adopted sister, and empowered to assist her plans for the future.

considered as an adopted sister, and empowered to assist her plans for the future. "I have had a letter from my dear Rose," she re-plied, "to the same purpose. Sorrow is solfish and engrogaing, or I would have written to express that, even iff my own despair, I felt a gleam of pleasure at learning her happy prospects, and at hearing that the good old Baron has escaped the general wreck. Give this to my dearest Rose; it is her poor Flora's only ofnament of value, and was the gift of a princes." She put into his hands a case, containing the chain of diamonds with which abe used to decorate her hair. "To me it is in future useless. The kindness of my friends has secured me a retreat in the con-vent of the Scottish Benedictine nuns in Paris. To-morrow-if indeed I can survive to-morrow-I set forward on my journey with this venerable sister. And now, Mr. Waverley, adieul May you be as happy with Rose as your amiable dispositions decerve; and think sometimes on the friends you have lost. Do not attempt to see me again; it would be mistaken kindness."

She gave him her hand, on which Edward shed a torrent of tears, and, with a faltering step, withdrew torrent of fears, and, with a faitering step, withdrew from the apartment, and returned to the town of Car-lisle. At the inn, he found a letter from his law friend, intimating, that he would be admitted to Fergus next morning, as soon as the Castle gates were opened, and permitted to remain with him till the arrival of the Sheriff gave signal for the fatal procession.

### CHAPTER LXIX.

---- A darker departure is near, The death drum is muffied, and sable the bier.--Cast

Arran a sleepless night, the first dawn of morning found Waverley on the esplanade in front of the old Gothic gate of Carliele Castle. But he paced it long

Gothic gate of Carlisle Castle. But he paced it long in every direction, before the hour when, according to the rules of the garrison, the gates were opened, and the drawbridge lowered. He produced his order to the sergeant of the guard, and was admitted. The place of Fergus's confinement was a gloomy and valled apartment in the central part of the Cas-tle; a huge old tower, supposed to be of great anti-guity, and surrounded by outworks, seemingly of Henry VIII.'s time, or somewhat later. The grating of the largo old fashioned bars and bolts, withdrawn for the purpose of admitting Edward, was answered by the clash of chains, as the unfortunate Chieftain, strongly and heavily fettered, shuffled along the stone floor of his prison, to fing himself into his friend's arms.

Moor of his prison, we have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ arms. "My dear Edward," he said, in a firm and even cheerful voice, "this is truly kind. I heard of your approaching happiness with the highest pleasure. And how does Ross? and how is our old whimsical friend the Baron? Well, I trust, since I see you at the droe ermines passant and the bear and boot jack?" "How, O how, my dear Fergus, can you talk of such things at such a moment!"

"How, O how, my dear Fergus, can you taik of such things at such a moment !" "Why, we have entored Carlisle with happier aus-pices, to be sure—on the 16th of November last, for example, when we marched in, side by side and boisted the white flag on these ancient tower" But I am no boy, to sit down and weep, because one luck these gone against me. I knew the stake which I risked; we played the game boldly, and the forfeit shall be paid manfully. And now, since my time is short, let me come to the questions that interest me upost—the Prince? has he escaped the bloodhounds?"

"He has, and is in safety." "Praised be God for that I Tell me the particulars of his escape."

Waverley communicated. that remarkable history,

b) in presence.— I am sure Evan never excited the deserved a better end than just to die with his Chieftan." "And now," said Fergus, "while we are upon the subject of clanchip—what think you now of the prediction of the Bodach Glass?"—Then, before Edward could answer, "I saw him again last night—he stood in the slip of moonshine, which fell from that high and narrow window, towards my bed. Why shoad I fear him, I thought—to-morrow, long ere this time, I shall be as immaterial as he. 'False Spirit,' I and, 'art thou come to close thy walks on earlth, and the enjoy thy triumph in the fall of the last descendant of thine enemy? The spectre seemed to beckon and to smile, as he faded from my sight. What do you think of it'I—I asked the same question to the pricet, who is a good and sensible man; he admitted that the church allowed that such apparitions were possible, but urged me not to permit my mind to dwell upon it, as imagination playsus such strange tricks. What do you think of it'?" "Much as your confessor," said Waverley, willing to avoid dispute upon such a point at such a moment. A tap at the door now amounced that good man, and Edward retired while he administered to both prisoers the last rises of religion, in the mode which the struck the fetters from the legs of the prisoners." "You see the compliment they lay to ur Highland struck the fetters from the legs of the prisoners." "You see the compliment they lay to our Highland struck the fetters from the legs of the prisoners." "You see the compliment they lay to our Highland struck the fetters from the legs of the prisoners."

eautions had been taken in consequence of a despe-rate attempt of the prisoners to escape, in which they had very nearly succeeded.

Shorily afterwards the drums of the garnison beat to arms. "This is the last turn-out," said Fergus, "that I shall hear and obey. And now, my dear, dear Edward, ere we part, let us goak of Flora-a subject which awakes the tenderest feeling that yet thrills. within me.

We part not here!" said Waverley.

"We part not here?" said Waverley. "O yes, we do; you must come no further. Not that I fear what is to follow for mysel?" he said proudly: "Nature has her tortures as well as art; and how happy should we think the man who escapes proucily: "Nature has her tortures as well as art; and how happy should we think the man who escapes from the threes of a mortal and painful disorder, in the space of a short half hour? And this matter, spin it out as they will, cannot last longer. But what a dying man can suffer firmly, may kill a living friend to look upon.-This same law of high treason," he continued, with astonishing firmness and composure, "is one of the bleasings, Edward, with which your free country has accommodated poor old Scotland-her own jurisprudence, as I have heard, was much milder. But I suppose one day or other-when there, are no longer any wild Highlanders to benefit by its tender mercices-they will blot it from their records, as levelling them with a nation of cannipals. The mummery, too, of exposing the senseless head-they have not the wit to grace mine with a paper coronet; there would be some satirf in that, Edward. I hope look, even after death, to the blue hills of my gwn country, which I love so dearly. The Baron would have added, "Moring, et moriens duloes reminiscitur Argos."

"Moritur, et moriens dulces reminiscitur Argos.""

A bastle, and the sound of wheels and horses' feet, was now heard in the court-yard of the Castle. "As I have told you why you must not follow me, and these sounds admonish me that my time flies fast, tell me how you found poor Flora?" Waverley, with a voice interrupted by suffocating sensations, gave some account of the state of her

mind

"Poor Flora !" answered the Chief, "she could have borne her own sentence of death, but not mine. You, Waverley, will soon know the happiness of mu-You, Waverley, will soon know the happiness of mu-tual affection in the married state-long, long may Rese and you enjoy it -but you can never know the purity of feeling which combines two orphans, like Flora and me, left alone as it were in the world, and being all in all to each other from our very infancy. But her strong sense of duty, and predominant feel-ing of loyalty, will give new nerve to her mind after the immediate and acute sensation of this parting has passed away. She will then think of Ferrys as of the herces of our race, upon whose deeds she loved to dwell."

of the beroes of our race, upon whose deeds she loved to dwell." "Shall she not see you then?" asked Waverley. "She seemed to expect it." "An eccessary deceit will spare her the last dreaddul confessor will deliver, will sporze her the last dreaddul confessor will deliver, will apprize her that all is over." An officer now appeared, and intimated that the High Sheriff and his attendants waited before the gate of the Castle, to claim the bodies of Fergus Mac-Ivor had died as he lived, and reambered his friendship to the last. Accordingly, supporting Edward by the arm, and fol-lowed by Evan Dhu and the priest, he moved dowr the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in he stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the raons and a battalion of infantry, drawn up in the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing up the stairs of the tower, the soldiers bringing the the place of excection, about a mile distant from Car-iste. It was painted black, and drawn by a white the broad axe in his hand; at the other end, next the borse, was an empty seet for two pereson. Throwe walls. He dared hardly look back towards w the de

the draw-bridge, Weffe seen on norseback the High Sheriff and his attendants, whom the etiquette be-twixt the civil and military powers did not permit to come further. "This is well core of a a closing scene," said Fergus, saiding disch infully as he gazed around upon the apparatus of terror. Evan Dhu ex-claimed with some eagerness, after looking at the dragoons, "These are the very chickly that galloped off at Gladsmuir, before we could kill a dozen of them. They look bold enough now, however." The priest entreated him to be silent. The sledge now approached, and Fergus, turning

entreated him to be silent. The siedge now approached, and Fergus, turning round, embraced Waverley, kissed him on each site of the face, and stepped nimbly into his place. Evan sat down by his side. The priest was to follow in a carriage belonging to his patron, the Catholic gentle-man at whose house Flora resided. As Fergus Wavea his hand to Edward, the ranks closed around the sledge, and the whole procession began to move for-ward. There was a momentary slop at the gate-way, while the governor of the Castle and the High She-riff went through a short deremony, the military officer there dolivering over the persons of the crimi-nals to the civil power. "God save King Georgel" said the High Sheriff. When the formality concluded, Ferg is stood erect in the sledge, and, with a firm Forg's stood erect in the sludge, and, with a firm and steady voice, replied, "God save King James!" These were the last words which Waverley heard him speak.

speak. The procession resumed its march, and the sledge vanished from beneath the portal, under which it had stopped for an instant. The dead-march was then heard, and its melancholy sounds were mingled with those of a muffled peal, tolled from the neighbouring cathedral. The sound of the military music died away as the procession moved on; the sullen clang of the belle was soon heard to sound alone. The last of the soldiers had now disappeared from rader the vanited arch-way through which they had

The last of the soldiers had now disappeared from under the vaulted arch-way through which they had been filing for several minutes; the court-yard was now totally empty, but Waverley still stood there as if stupified, his eyes fixed upon the dark pass where he had so lately seen the last glimpse of his friend. At length, a female servant of the governor's, strick with compassion at the stupified misery which his countenance expressed, asked him if he would not wak into her master's house and sit down? She comwas obliged to repeat her question twice ere he com-prehended her, but at length it recalled him to himself. prehended her, but at length it recalled him to himself. Declining the courtesy by a hasty gesture, he pulled his hat ever his eyes, and, leaving the Castle, walke, as swiftly as he could through the empty streets, till he regained his inn, then rushed into an spartment, and bolted the door. In about an hour and a half, which seemed an age of unutterable suspense, the sound of the drums and fifes, performing a lively air, and the confused mur-mur of the crowd which now filled the streets, so lately described her and the streets of the drum and the streets of the street

old wall. "They're no there," said Alick Polwarth, who guessed the cause of the dubious look which old wall. who guessed the cause of the dublous look which Waverley cast backward, and who, with the vulgar appetite for the horrible, was master of each detail of the butchery,—"The heads are ower the Scotch yate, as they cail. It's a great pity of Evan Dhu, who was a very weel-meaning, good-natured man, to be a Hielandman; and indeed so was the Laird o' Glen-naquoich too, for that matter, when he wasna in ane o' his tirrivies."

### CHAPTER LXX.

#### DITCE DOMUN.

THE impression of hortor with which Waverley left Carliele softened by degrees into melancholy, a gradation which was accelerated by the painful, yet boothing, task of writing to Rose; and, while he could not suppress his own feelings of the calamity, he en-deavoured to place it in a light which might grieve her, without shocking her imagination. The picture which he drew for her benefit he gradually familia-bies to he own mind and his next letters were more

which he drew for her benefit he gradually familia-rized to his own mind, and his next letters were more cheerful, and referred to the prospects of peace and happiness which lay before them. Yet, though his first horrible sensations had sunk into melancholy, Edward had reached his native country before he could, as usual on former occasions, look round for enjoyment upon the face of nature. He then, for the first time since leaving Edinburgh, began to experience that pleasure which almost all feel who return to a verdant, populous, and highly cultivated country, from scenes of waste desolation, or of sclitary and melancholy grandeur. But how were those feelings enhanced when he entered on the domain so long possessed by his forefathers; recog-nized the old oaks of Waverley-Chace; thought with what delight he should introduce Rose to all his fa-voorric haunts; beheld at length the towers of the voortic hauts; beheld at length the towers of the venerable hall arise above the woods which embow-ered it, and finally threw hinself into the arms of the venerable relations to whom he owed so much duty and affection !

The happiness of their meeting was not tarnished by a single word of reproach. On the contrary, what-ever pain Sir Eyerard and Mrs. Rachel had felt during by a single word of any and Mrs. Rachel had felt during Waverley's perilous engagement with the young Che-valier, it assorted too well with the principles in which they had been brought up, to incur reprobation, or even censure. Colonel Talbot also had smoothed the way, with great address, for Edward's favourable reception, by dwelling upon his gallant behaviour in the milita-ry character, particularly his bravery and generosity at Preston; until, warmed at the idea of their ne-phew's engaging in single combat, making prisoner, and enving from slaughter, so distinguished an officer and saving from slaughter, so distinguished an officer as the Colonel himself, the imagination of the Baro-net and his sister ranked the exploits of Edward with those of Wilbert, Hildebrand, and Nigel, the vaunted herees of their line.

herces of their line. The appearance of Waverley, embrowned by exer-cise, and dignified by the habits of military discipline, nad acquired an athletic and hardy character, which not only verified the Colonel's narration, but sur-prised and delighted all the inhabitants of Waverley-Henour. They crowded to see, to hear him, and to sing his praises. Mr. Pembroke, who secretly extol-led his spirit and courage in embracing the genuine cause of the Church of England, censured his pupil gently, nevertheless, for being so careless of his ma-nuacripta, which indeed, he said, had occasioned him some personal inconvenience, as, upon the Baronet's nuscripts, which indeed, he said, had occasioned him some personal inconvenience, as upon the Baronet's being arcested by a king's messenger, he had deemed it prudent to retire to a concealment called "The Priest's Hole," from the use it had been put to in former days, where, he assured our hero, the butter had thought it safe to venture with food only once in the day, so that he had been repeatedly compelled to the day, so only half warm, not to mention that source, mes his bed had not been arranged for two dave together. Waverley's mind involuntarily turned to the Patmos of the Baron of Bradwardine, who

was well pleased with Janet's fare, and a few bunches of straw stowed in a cleft in the from of a sand-cliff

of straw stowed in a cleft in the from of a sand-cliff-but he made no remarks upon a contrast which could only morify his worthy tutor. All was now in a bustle to prepare for the nuptials of Edward, an event to which the good old Baronet and Mrs. Rachel looked forward as if to the re-newal of their own youth. The match, as Colcrad Talbot had intimated, had seemed to them in the highest degree eligible, having every recommenda-tion but wealth, of which they themselves had more than enough. Mr. Clippurse was, therefore, sum-moned to Waverley-Honour, under better auspices than at the commencement of our story. But Mr. moned to Waverley-Honour, under better auspices than at the commencement of our story. But Mr. Clippurse came not alone; for, being now strickes in years, he had associated with him a nephew, a younger vulture, (as our English Juvenal, who tells the tale of Swallow the attorney, might have called him,) and they now carried on business as Messrs. Clippurse and Hookem. These worthy gen-tlemen had directions to make the necessary settle-ments on the most splendid scale of liberality, as in Edward were to wed a peeress in her own right, with her paternal estate tacked to the fringe of her ermine. But before entering upon a subject of proverbial

her paternal estate tacked to the innge or ner ermines. But before entering upon a subject of proverbial delay, I must remind my reader of the progress of a stone rolled down hill by an idle truant boy (a pastime at which I was myself expert in my more juvenile years.) it moves at first slowly, avoiding by inflection every obstacle of the least importance; by inflection every obstacle of the least importance; but when it has attained its full impulse, and draws near the conclusion of its career, it smokes and thunders down, taking a rood at every spring, clear-ing hodge and ditch like a Yorkshire huntsman, and becoming most furiously rapid in its course when it is nearest to being consigned to rest for ever. Even such is the course of a narrative, like that which you are perusing. The earlier events are studiously dwelt upon, that you, kind reader, may be introduced to the character, rather by narrative, than by the duller medium of direct description; but when the story draws near its close, we hurry over the circumstances draws near its close, we hurry over the circumstances, however important, which your imagination must have forestalled, and leave you to suppose those things which it would be abusing your patience to

things which it would be abusing your patience to relate at length. We are, therefore, so far from attempting to trace the dull progress of Mossrs. Clippurse and Heokem, or that of their worthy official brethren, who had the charge of suing out the pardons of Edward Wa-verley and his intended father-in-law, that we can but touch upon matters more attractive. The mutual epistles, for example, which were exchanged between Sir Everard and the Baron upon this occasion, though matchless specimens of eloquence in their way, must be consigned to morciless obli-vion. Nor can I tell you at length, how workly Aupt Rachel, not without a delicate and affectionate all seion to the circumstances which had transferred Basic around the product of the head of the constant allysion to the circumstances which had transferred Rose's maternal diamonds to the hands of Donald Bean Lean, stocked her casket with a set of jewels that a duchess might have envied. Moreover, the reader will have the goodness to imagine that Job Houghton and his dame were suitably provided for, although they could never be persuaded that their son fell otherwise than fighting by the young aquire's side; so that Alick, who, as a lover of truth, had made many needless attempts to expound the real-circumstances to them, was finally ordered to say not a word more upon the subject. He indemnified himself, however, by the liberal allowance of des-perate battles, gristly executions, and raw-head and bloody-bone stories, with which he astonished the servants'-hall. But although these important matters may he

The day of his marrings was fixed for the sixth after his arrival. The Baron of Bradwardine, with whom bridals, christenings, and funerals, were fes-"unfor bridging, christenings, and unergis, were res-tivals of high and solern umport, feit a little hurt, that, including the family of the Duchran, and all the immediate vicinity who had title to be present on such an occasion, there could not be above thirty persons collected. "When he was married," he ob-served, " three hundred horse of gentlemen horn, be-sides servants, and some score or two of Highland lairds, who never got on horseback, were present on the occasion." the occasion.

But his pride found some consolation in reflecting,

the occasion." But his pride found some consolation in reflecting, that he and his son-in-law having been so lately in arms against government, it might give matter of reasonable four and offence to the ruling powers, if they were to collect together the kith, kin, and allies of their houses, arrayed in affeir of war, as was the ancient custom of Scottand on these occasions-"And, withost dubitation," he concluded with a sigh, "many of these who would have rejoiced most frealy upon these toyful espousels, are either gone to a bet-ter place, or are now exiles from their native land." The marriage took place on the spoonted day. The Reversed Mr. Rubrick, kinsman to the propri-tor of the hespitable mansion where it was solem-mized, and chaplain to the Baron of Bredwardine. had the satisfaction to unite their hands; and Frank Stanley acted as bridesman, having joined Edward with that view soon after his arrival. Lady Emily and Colonel Talbot had proposed being present; but Lady Emily's health, when the day approached, was found inadequate to the journey. In amenda, it was arranged, that Edward Waverley and his lady, who, with the Beron, proposed an immediate journey to Waverley-Honour, should, in their way, spend a few days at an estate which Colonel Talbot had been tempted to parchase in Scotland as a very great bargain, and at which he proposed to reside for some sime.

### CHAPTER LXXI.

# "This is no mine ain house, I hen by the bigging o't." Old Song.

"This is is also as a basis, i has by the support of *Uit imag.* This mutual party travelled in great style. There was a coach and six after the newest pattern, which Sir Everard had presented to his nephew, that daraded with its spiendour the cycs of one half of Scotland; there was the family coach of Mr. Rubrick ;-both these were trowded with ladies, and there were gen-tiennen on horseback, with their servants, to the num-ber of a round score. Nevertheless, without having the fear of famine before his ores, Bailie Macwheeble met them in the road, to entrest that they would pase by his house at Little Veolan. The Baron stared, and said his son and he would certainly ride by Little Veolan, and pay their compliments to the Ballie, but could not think of bringing with them the "hail convicture suptialis, or matrimonial procession." He added, "that, as he understood that the barony had been sold by its unworthy possessor, he was glad to see his old friend Duncan had regained his situation under the new Dominue, or proprietor." The Bailie ducked, bowed, and filgeted, and then again insisted upon his invitation : until the Baron, though rather product at the pertinacity of his instances, could not nevertheless refuse to consent, without making evievertheless refuse to consent, without making evi-ternt sensations which he was anxious to conceal.

dent senations which he was anxious to conceal. He fell into a deep study as they approached the top of the avenue, and was only startled from it by observing that the battlements were replaced, the ruins cleared away, and (most wonderful of all) that the two great stone Bears, those mutilated Dagons of his idolatry, had resumed their poets over the gateway. "Now this new proprietor," said he to Edward, "has shown mair gusto, as the Italians call it, in the short time he has had this domain, than that hound Mal-colm, though I bred him here mysell, has acquired sits a chuc durante.—And now I talk of hounds, is not yon Ban and Buscar, who come scouping up the aremue with David Gellatley?"

verley, "for I believe the present meaner of house is Colonel Talbot, who will expect to see We hesitated to mention to you at first that he arter of d purchased your ancient patrimonial property, and even yet, if you do not incline to visit him, we can pass on to the Bailie's."

pass on to the Bailie's." The Baron had occasson for all his magnanimity. However, he drew a long breath, took a long snut, and observed, since they had brought him so far, he could not pass the Colone's gate, and he would be happy to see the new master of his old tenants He alighted accordingly, as did the other gentlemen and ladies;—he gave nis arm to his daughter, and as they descended the avenue, pointed out to her how speedily the "Diva Perunia of the Southron—their tutelary deity, he might call her—had removed the marks of spoliation."

"Mr. Bradwardine, then, and Mr. Waverley, should "Mr. Bradwardine, then, and Mr. Waverley, should see what we have done towards restoring the man-

see what we have done towards restoring the man-sion of your fathers to its former state." The Baron answered with a low bow. Indeed, when he entered the court, excepting that the heavy stables, which had been burnt down, were replaced by buildings of a lighter and more picturesque appear-ance, all seemed as much as possible restored to the state in which he had left it when he assumed arms some months before. The pigeon-house was re-plenished; the fountain piayed with its usual activity, and not only the Bear who predominated over its be-sin, but all the other Bears whatsoever, were replaced on their several stations, and renewed or repaired sin, but all the other Bears whatsoever, were replaced on their several stations, and renewed or repaired with so much care, that they bore no tokens of the violence which had so lately descended upon them. While these minutize had been so heedfully attended to, it is scarce necessary to add, that the house itself had been thoroughly repaired, as well as the gardens, with the strictest attention to maintain the original charmony of both and to amove as for a possible. with the strictest sitention to maintain the original character of both, and to remove, as far as possible, all appearance of the ravage they had sustained. The Baron gazed in sileat wonder; at length he addressed Colone! Talbot. "While I acknowledge my obligation  $\Im$  you, ar, for the restoration of the badge of our family, I can not but marvel that you have nowhere established your own crest, whilk is, I believe, a mastiff, ancient-ly called a talbot; as the post has it,

# A taibot strong-a sturdy tyke.

At least such a dog is the creat of the martial and

renowned fairs of Shrewsbury, to whom your fa-mily are probably blood relations." "I believe," said the Colonel, smiling, "our dogs are whelps of the same litter-for my part, if creats were to dispute precedence. I should be not to let them, as the proverb says, 'fight dog, fight bear.'" As he made this speech, at which the Baron took another long pinch of snulf, they had entared the house, that is, the Baron, Rose, and Lady Emily, with young Stanley, and the Bailie, for Edward and the rest of the party remained on the terrace, to ex-amine a new green-house stocked with the finest plants. The Baron resumed his favourite topic: "However'it may please you to derogate from the However it may please you to derogate from the honour of your burgonet, Colonel Talbot, which is doubless your burgone, country and in other gen-tlemen of birth and honour in your country, I must

doubless your humour, as I have seen in other gen-tlemen of birth and honour in your country, I must again repeat it as a most ancient and distinguished bearing, as well as that of my young friend Francis Stanley, which is the engle and child." "The bird and banding they call it in Derbyshire, sir," said Stanley. "Yo're a daft callant, sir," said the Baron, who had a great liking to this young man, perhaps be-cause he sometimes teazed him—"Ye're a daft call-iant, and I must correct you some of these days," shaking his great brown fist at him. "But what I meant to say, Colonel Talbot, is, that yours is an ancient prosopia, or descent, and since you have lawfully and justly acquired the estate for you and yours, which I have lost for me and mine, I wish it imay remain in your name as many centuries as it has done in that of the late proprietor". "That," answered the Colonel, "is very hand-some, Mr. Bradwardine, indeed." "And yet, sir, I cannot but marvel that you, Colo-nel, when we met in Edinburgh, as even to vilipend other countries, should have chosen to establish your Lares, or household gods, procul a patrice finitous, and in a manner to expatriate yourself." "Why really, Baron, I do not see why, to keep the mecret of these foolish boys. Waverley and Stanley.

Jeres, or household gods, procul a patrice finitus, and in a manner to expatriate yourself."
"Why really, Baron, I do not see why, to keep the scret of these foolish boys, Waverley and Stanley, and of my wife, who is no wiser, one old soldier should continue to impose upon another. Yod must know then that I have so much of that same prejudice in favour of my native country, that the sum of money which I advanced to the seller of this extensive barony has only purchased for me a box in "money which I advanced to the seller of this extensive barony has only purchased for me a box in "which is, that its within a very few miles of Waverley Honour."
"And who, then, in the name of Heaven, has bonght this property?"
"That," said the Colonel, "it is this gentleman's profession to explain."
The Baile, whom this reference regarded, and who had all this while shifted from one foot to another with great impatience, "like a hen," as he afterwards said, "upon a het girdle;" and chuckling, he might have added, like the said hen in all the glory of laying an egg, now pushed forward. "That I can, your Honour;" drawing from his pocket a budget of papers, and untying the red tape with a hend trembling with eagernees. "Here is the disposition and assignation, by Malcolm Bradwardine of Inch-Grabbit, regularly signed and tested in terms of the statue, whereby, for a certain sum of stering money presently contented and paid to him, he has disponed, alice and manor-place".
"For God's sake, to the point, sir; I have all that y heart," said the Colonel. boucht this profession to explain."
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The Bailie, whom this reference regarded, and who had all this while shifted from one foot to another with great impatience, "like a hen." as he after wards said, "upon a het girdle," and chuckling, he might have added, like the said hen in all the girdle event.
and that I can, your Honour," drawing from his pocket a budget of papers, and untying the reflex is the disposition and assignation, by Malcolm Bradwardine of Inch-Grabbit, regularly signed and tested in terms of the statute, whereby, for a certain sum of sterling money presently contented and paid to his.
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"For God's sake, to the point, sir; I have all that y heart," said the Colonel.
"To Cosmo Consyne Bradwardine, Esq." pursued the Bailie, "his heirs and assignees, simply and "referemally—to be held either a me sel de me"—" Pray read short, sir."
"On the conscience of an honest man, Colonel, I redesmally—to be held either a me sel de me"—"". "The short as is consistent with style.—Under the worken, give me leave. In short, Mr. Bradwardine, Saunderson, who had kept the secret

your family estate is your own once more in full pro perty, and at your absolute disposabeut only burden-ed with the sum advanced to re-purchase it, which I

ed with the sum advanced to re-purchase it, which I understand is utterly disproportioned to its value." "An auld sang-an auld sang, if it please your be-nours," cried the Bailie, rubbing his hands; "look at the rental book." "Which sum being advanced by Mr. Edward Wa-verley, chiefly from the price of his father's property which I bought from him, is secured to his lady your daughter, and her family by this marriage." "It is a catholic security," shouted the Bailie, "so Rose Comyne Bradwardine alice Waverley, in life-rent, and the children of the said marriage, in fee; and I made up, a wee bit minute of an antenupial contract, *intuitu marimonis*, so it cannot be subject contract, intuitu matrimonij, so it cannot be subject to reduction hereafter, as a donation inter sirun d

contract, intuitu matrimonij, so it cannot be subject to reduction hereafter, as a donation inter virus d uxorem." It is difficult to say whether the worthy Baron we most delighted with the restitution of his family pro-perty, or with the delicacy and generosity that left him unfattered to pursue his purpose in disposing et alter his death, and which avoided, as much as possible, even the appearance of laying him under pecuniary obligation. When his first pause of joy and astonishment was over, his thoughts turned to the unworthy heir-male, who, he pronounced, had sold his birth-right, like Esau, for a mess o' pottage." "But wha cookit the parritch for him?" exclaimed the Baile; "I wad like to ken that :-wha, but your honour; young Mr. Wauverley, put it a' into my hand fras the beginning-fras the first calling o' the sam-mona, as I may eay. I circumvented ther—I layed at bogle about the bush wi' them—I cajoled there; and if I havena gien Inch-Grabbit and Jamie Hows a bonnie begunk, they ken themselves. Him a wri-ter ! I didna gas elapdash to them wi' our young bra a fras gloar there have up the market: na na; I scared there wi' our wild tenantry, and the Mac-Ivors, that are but ill settled yet, till they durstna on on yerrand whatsoever gang ower the door-stame after gloaming, for fear John Heatherblutter, or some siccan dare-the-dtil, should tak a baff at them; i thea, on the other hand, I beflumm'd them wi' Colorit Talbot-wad they offer to keep up the price again' the Duke's friend ? did they na ken wha was mas-ter ? had they na seen eneugh, by the sad example of mony a puir misguided unhappy body"-----"Who went to Derby, for example, Mr. Macwhee-ble?" said the Colonel to him, aside. "O whishi, Colonel, for the love o' God! let that fee stick i' the wa'. There were mony good folk at Derby ; and it's ill speaking of halters,"-with a shy cast of his eye toward the Baron, who was in a deep reverie.

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by neignouring genuement from the soldiery, and by them gladly restored to the original owner. "In the late times," he said, "those must be thank-ful who have saved life and land; yet when I am shout to pronounce this toast, I cannot but regret an old heir-loom, Lady Emily a poculum potatorium, Colonel Talbot"......

Here the Baron's elbow was gently touched by his Major Domo, and, turning round, he beheld, in the nands of Alexandro, the celebrated cup of Saint Duthac, the Blessed Bear of Bradwardine ! I question if the recovery of his estate afforded him

when your ladyship is in presence ?' "I am truly happy," said Colonel Talbot, " that by the recovery of this piece of family antiquity, it has the recovery of this piece of family antiquity, it has fallen within my power to give you some token of my deep interest in all that concerns my young friend Edward. But that you may not suspect Lady Emily for a sorceress, or me for a conjuror, which is no joke in Scotland, I must tell you that Frank Stanley, your friend, who has been seized with a tartan fever ever since he heard Edward's tales of old Scotlish map-ners happened to describe to us at accoud heard this since he heard Edward's takes of old Scottish man-ners, happened to describe to us at second hand this remarkable cup. My servant, Spontoon, who, like a true old soldier, observes every thing and says little, gave me alterwards to understand that he thought he had seen the piece of plate Mr. Stanley mentioned in the section of the Mr. Name mentioned in had seen the piece of plats Mr. Stanley mentioned, in the poesession of a certain Mrs. Nosebag, who, ha-ving been originally the helpmate of a pawnbroker, had found opportunity, during the late unpleasant scenes in Scotland, to trade a little in her old line, and so became the depositary of the more valuable part of the spoil of half the army. You may believe the cup was speedily recovered; and it will give me very great pleasure if you allow me to suppose, that its value is not diminished by having been restored through my meana " through my means.

through my means." A tear mingled with the wine which the Baron fill ed, as he proposed a cup of gratitude to Colonel Tal-bot, and "The Prosperity of the united Houses of Waverley-Honour and Bradwardine!" It only remains for me to say, that as no wish was ever uttered with more affectionate sincerity, there are few which, allowing for the necessary mutability of human events, have been, upon the whole, more happily fulfilled.

# CHAPTER LXXII.

A POSTECRIPT, WHICH SHOULD HAVE BEEN A PREFACE.

A FORTSCHIPT, WHICH SHOULD HAVE BEEN A PREFACE. Our journey is now finished, genfle reader; and if your patience has accompanied me through these sheets, the contract is, on your part, strictly fulfilled. Yet like the driver who has received his full hire, I still linger near you, and make, with becoming diffi-dence, a triking additional claim upon your bounty and good nature. You are as free however, to shut the volume of the one petitioner, as to close your door in the face of the other. This should have been a prefatory chapter, but for two reasons: First, that most novel readers, as my own conscience reminds me, are apt to be guilty of the sin of omission respecting that same matter of prefaces; Secondly, that it is a general custom with that class of students, to begin with the last chapter of a work; so that, after all, these remarks, being in-troduced last in order, have still the best chance to be read in their proper place. There is no European nation, which, within the course of half a century, or little more, has undergone

There is no European nation, which, within the course of half a century, or little more, has undergone so complete a change as this kingdom of Scotland. The effects of the insurrection of 1745,—the destruc-tion of the patriarchal power of the Highland chiefs, —the abolition of the heritable jurisdictions of the Lowland nobility and barons,—the total eradication of the Jacobite party, which, averse to intermingle with the English, or adopt their customs, long con-tinued to pride themselves upon maintaining scient Scottish inanpers and customs.—commenced this Scottish manners and customs - commenced this innovation. The gradual influx of wealth, and extension of commerce, have since united to render the present people of Scotland a class of beings as differpresent people of Scotland a class of beings as differ-ant from their grandfathers, as the existing English are from those of Queen Elizabetl's time. The poli-tical and economical effects of these changes have been traced by Lord Selkirk with great precision and accuracy. But the change, though steadily and ra-pidly progressive, has, nevertheless, been gradual g and, like those who drift down the stream of a deep and smooth river, we are not aware of the progress we have made until we fix our eye on the now distant point from which we have been drifted. Such of the present generation as can recollect the last twenty

and of old Scottish faith, hospitality, worth, and ho-nour. It was my accidental lot, though not born a High-lander, (which may be an spology for much bad Gaelic) to reside, during my childhood and youth, among persons of the above descriptions and now, for the purpose of preserving some idea of the an-cient manners of which I have witnessed the almost total extinction, I have embodied in imaginary scenes, and ascribed to factitious characters, a part of the in-cidents which I then received from those who were actors in them. Indeed, the most romantic parts of this narrative are precisely those whuch have a founda-tion in fact. The exchange of mutual protection be-tween a Highland gentleman and an officer of rank in the king's service, together with the spirited man-ner in which the latter asserted his right to return the favour he had received, is literally true. The accident the battle of Culloden, but could tell a tele of strange concealments, and of wild and hair's-breadth 'scapes, as extraordinary as any which I have ascribed to my herces. Of this, the exchange of Charles Edward him-self, as the most prominent, is the most striking ex-ample. The accounts of the battle of Preston and skirmish at Clifton, are taken from the narrative of intelligent eye-winnesses, and convected from the His-tory of the Robelion by the late versebal to my skirmish at Clifton, are taken from the narrative of intelligent eye witnesses, and corrected from the His-tory of the Rebellion by the late venerable author of Douglas. The Lowland Scottish gentlemen, and the subordinate characters, are not given as individu-al portraits, but are drawn from the general habits of the period, of which I have witnessed some rem-mants in my younger days, and partly gathered from **madition** 

It has been my object to describe these persons, not by a caricatured and exaggerated use of the na-sional dislect, but by their habits, manners, and feel-ings; so as in some distant degree to emulate the ad-marchile irish portraits drawn by Miss Edgeworth, so differen from the "Teagues" and "dear joys," who who

WAVERLEY. (Once, LITERIT.)
or twenty-five years of the eighteenth century, will be fully sensible of the truth of this statement; especially if their acquaintance and connexions lay among those, who, in my younger time, were facetiously called "folks of the old leaven," who still cherished a lingering, though hopeless attachment, to the house of the land, and with it, doubtless, much absurd from the land, and with it, doubtless, much absurd foor the land, and with it, doubtless, much absurd foor the land, and with it, doubtless, much absurd political prejudice; but also many living examples of loyalty which they received from their fathers, and of log Scottish faith, hospitality, worth, and hour.
It was my accidental lot, though not born a High suder, (which may be an spology for much bad Gaelic) to reside, during my childhood and youth, for the purpose of preserving some idea of the ancient manners of which I have witnessed the almose, and ascribed to fictuitous characters, a part of the incidents which I then received from those who were in them. Indeed, the most precised at source of the above descriptions; and now, for the purpose of preserving some idea of the ancient manners of which I have witnessed the almose and ascribed to fictuitous characters, a part of the incidents which I then received from those who were in them. Indeed, the most present a ome idea of the incidents which I then received from those who were in them. Indeed, the most present a source is will not be found altogether numberseting, incidents which I then received from those who were in them. Indeed, the most present a source as declaracters familing rotection be found altogether numberseting. The section and the received from these who were incidents which I then received from those who were independed in imaginary scenes.

familiar to their youth; and to the rising generation the tale may present some idea of the manners of their forefathers.

Yet I heartily wish that the task of tracing the evanescent manners of his own country had employ-ed the pen of the only man in Scotland who could of the pen of the only man in Scotlard who could have done it justice, —of him so emimently distin-guished in elegant literature, and whose aketches of Colonel Causic and Umphraville are perfectly blend-ed with the firter traits of national character. I should in that case have had more pleasure as a reader, than I shall ever feel in the pride of a sub-cessful author, should these sheets confer upon the that envied distinction. And as I have inverted the usual arrangement, placing these remarks at the the of the work to which they refer, I will venture on a second violation of form, by closing the whole writes Dedisation : Dedication ;

#### THEFE FOLUERS

#### BEING RESPECTIVILY DISCRIPTION

### tin OTTO SOUTHERN A DO HENRY MACKBNZD

END OF WAVERLEY

# GUY MANNERING;

....

# OR,

# THE ASTROLOGER.

"Tis said that words and signs have power O'er sprites in planetary hour; Rut scarce I praise their venturous part, Who tamper with such damerous art. Lay of the Last Mr-strek.

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Vel. H. S

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# INTRODUCTION TO GUY MANNERING.

The Novel or Romance of WAVERLEY made its way to the subic slowly, of course, at first, but alterwards with such accumating popularity as to encourage the author to a second atleupt. He looked about for a same and a subject; and the manner in which the novels were camposed cannot be better flustrated than by reciting the simple narrative on which Gay Mannering was originally founded; but to which, in the progress of the work, the production ceased to bear any, even the most distant recembiance. The tale was originally told me by an old servent of my father's, an excellent old Highlander, without a fast, sules a preference to mountain-dew over ice soctant liquors be accounted one. He believed as firmly in the story, as in any part of his creed. A grave and elderly presen, according to old John M'Kuslay's

A grave and elderly person, according to old John MKmlay's account, while traveling in the wilder parts of Gelloway, was beeighted. With difficulty he found his way to a country-seat, where, with the hospitality of the time and country, he was readily admitted. The owner of the house, a greatleman of good furture, was much struck by the revorend appearance of his grast, and apologized to him for a certain degree of coultaion which must unarvidedly attend his reception, and could not weeps his era. The lady of the house was, he said, confined to ber apartment, and on the point of making her husband a father for the first time, though they had been ion yars married. At such an emergency, the Lafrd said, he feared his guest might meet with aves aparent newlest.

"Not so, sir," said the stranger; "my wants are few, and easily supplied, and I trust the present circumstances may even afford a opportunity of showing my gratitude for your hospitality s only request that I may be informed of the exact minute of the birth ; and I hope to be able to put you in possession of e particulars, which may influence, in an important manner, the future prospects of the child now about to come into this bary and changeful world. I will not conceal from you that I m skilful in understanding and interpreting the movements of se planstary bodies which exart their influences on the d 68 tiny of mortals. It is a science which I do not practise, like ers who call themselves astrologers, for hire or reward ; for thave a competent estate, and only use the knowledge I pos for the benefit of those in whom I feel an interest." The Laird bowed in respect and gratitude, and the stranger was accommodated with an apartment which commanded an ample view of the astral regions

The guest spent a part of the night in ascertaining the position of the heavenly bodies, and calculating their probable infurnce ; until at length the result of his observations induced him to send for the father, and conjure him, in the most solemn manner, to cause the assistants to retard the birth, if practicable, were it bet for five minutes. The answer declared this to be impossible ; and almost in the instant that the message was

returned, the father and his guest were made acquainted with the birth of a bey. The Astroiouw on the morrow met the party who enthered

The Astrology on the morrow met the party who gathered around the breakfast table, with looks so grave and ominous, as to alarm the farm of the father, who had hitherto exulted in the prospects held out by the birth of an heir to his ancient property, failing which event it must have passed to a distant branch of the family. He hastened to draw the stranger into a private room.

"I fear from your looks," said the father, " that you have had tidings to tell me of my young stranger; perhaps food will resume the blessing he has bestowed ere be attains the age of samphood, or perhaps he is destined to be unworthy of the afflection which we are salurally disposed to devote to our effspring."

"Reither the one nor the other," answered the stranger; "unless my judgment greatly err, the infant will survive the years of minority, and in tensper and disposition will prove all that his persents can wish. But with much in his horoscope phishby premonsion many bleasings, there is one evil influence immedy predominant, which threatens to subject him to an unbalanced and anhappy temptation about the time when he shall this the age of twenty-one, which period, the constitution immets, will be the orisis of his fats. In what shape, or with the pecaliar urgency, this temptation may beset him, my art "ment discover."

"Your knowledge, then, can afford us no defence," said the anxious father, "against the threatened evil ?"

"Parton me," answered the stranger, "it can. The influence of the constellations is powerful : bat He, who made the heavens, is more powerful than all, if his aid be invoked in sincerity and tmth. cerity and truth. You ought to dedicate this boy to the imme-diate service of his Maker, with as much sincority as Samuel was devoted to the worship in the Temple by his paronts. You ought to dedicate this boy to the imme You must regard him as a being separated from the rest of the world. In childhood, in boyhood, you must surround him with the pious and virtuous, and protect him, to the utmost of your er, from the sight or hearing of any crime, in word or action. He must be educated in religious and moral principles of the strictest description. Let him not enter the world, lest he learn to partake of its folins, or perhaps of its vices. In short, preserve him as far as possible from all sin, save that of which too great a portion belongs to all the fallen race of Adam. With the approach of his twenty-first birth-day comes the crisis of his fate. If he survive it, he will be happy and prosperous on earth, and a chosen vessel among those elected for heaven. But if it be otherwise"-----The Astrology stopped, and sighed deeply.

"Sir," replied the parent, still more alarmed than before, "your words are so kind, your advice so serious, that I will pay the deepest attention to your behests ; but can you not aid me further in this most important concern? Believe me, I will not be ungrateful."

"I require and deserve so gratitude for doing a good action," anid the stranger, "in especial for contributing all that lies in my power to save from an abhorred fato the harmless infant to whom, under a singular conjunction of planets, last night gave life. There is my address; you may write to me from time to time concerning the progress of the boy in religious knowledge. If he be bred up as I advise, I think it will be best that he come to my house at the time when the fatal and decisive period approaches, that is, before he has attained his twenty-first year complete. If you send him such as I desire, I humbly trust that God will protech his own, through whatever atrong temptations his fato may subject him to." He then gave his host his address, which was a country-seat near a post-town in the south of England. and bid him su affections for swell.

The mysterious stranger departed, but his words remained impressed upon the mind of the anxious parent. He lost his lady while his boy was still in infancy. This calamity, I think, had been predicted by the Astrologer; and thus his confidence, which, like most people of the period, he had freely given to the science, was riveted and confirmed. The utmost care, therefore, was taken to carry into effect the severe and almost accetic plan of education which the sage had enjoined. A tutor of the strictest principles was employed to superintend the youth's education; he was surrounded by domestics of the most established claracter, and closely watched and lookud after by the anxious father binneelf.

The years of infancy, childhood, and boyhood, passed as the father could have wished. A young Nazarene could not have been brod up with more rigour. All that was will held from his observation—he only heard what was pure in precept—he only wincessed what was worthy in practice.

Bat when the boy began to be lost in the youth, the attentive father saw cause for alarm. Whades of sadnoss, which gradually assumed a darker character, began to overcloud the young man's tomper. Tears, which seemed involuntar, broken sleep, moonlight wanderings, and a melancholy for which he could assign no reason, sound to threaten at once his bodily health, and the stability of his mind. The Astrologer was consulted by letter, and returned for answer, that this fifth state of mind was but the commencement of his trial, and that the poor youth must undergo more and more desperate struggles with the evil that assailed him. There was no hope of remedy, save that he showed stoadhness of mind in the study of the Scriptures. "He suffers," continued the letter of the sage, "from the awakening of those harpies, the passions, which have slept with him as with others, till the period of life which he hear pow attained. Better, far better, that they torment him by ungrateful cravings, than that he slouid have to repent having astisted them by cransibal isdugwot."

# INTRODUCTION TO GUY MANNERING.

The dispositions of the young man were so excellent, that he combated, by reason and religion, the fits of gloom which at times overcast his mind, and it was not till he attained the commencement of his twenty-first year, that they assumed a character which made his father tremble for the consequences. It seemed as if the glogmiest and most hideous of mental maladies was taking the form of religious despair. Still the youth was gentle, courteous, affectionate, and submissive to his fa-ther's will, and resisted with all his power the dark suggestions which were breathed into his mind, as it seemed, by som mation of the Evil Principle athorting him, like the wicked wife of Job, to curse God and die.

The time at length arrived when he was to perform what was then thought a long and somewhat perilous journey, to the mansion of the early friend who had calculated his nativity. His road lay through several places of interest, and he enjoyed ent of travelling, more than he himself thought the au would have been possible. Thus he did not reach the place of his destination till noon, on the day preceding his birth-day. emed as If he had been carried away with an unwonted tide of pleasurable sensation, so as to forget, in some degree, what his father had communicated concerning the purpose of his journey. He halted at length before a respectable but solitary old mansion, to which he was directed as the abode of his father's friend.

The servants who came to take his horse, told him he had been expected for two days. He was led into a study, where the stranger, now a venerable old man, who had been his father's guest, met him with a shade of displeasure, as well as gravity, on his brow. "Young man," he said, "wherefore su slow on a journey of such importance?"-" I thought," replied the guest, blushing and looking downward, " that there was no harm in travelling slowly, and satisfying my curiosity, providing I could reach your residence by this day; for such was my father's charge."-" You were to blame," replied the sage, " in lingering, considering that the avenger of blood was pressing on your footsteps. But you are come at last, and we will hope for the best, though the conflict in which you are to be engaged will be found more dreadful, the longer it is postponed. But first, accept of such refreshments as nature requires, to satisfy, but not to pamper, the appetite."

The old man led the way into a summer parlour, where a frugal meal was placed on the table. As they sat down to the board, they were joined by a young lady about eighteen years of age, and so lovely, that the sight of her carried off the feelings of the young stranger from the poculiarity and mystery of his own lot, and riveted his attention to every thing she did or said. The spoke little, and it was on the most serious subjects. She played on the harpsichord at her father's command, but it was hymns with which she accompanied the instrument. At length, on a sign from the ange, she left the room, turning on the young stranger, as she departed, a look of inexpressible anxiety and interest.

The old man then conducted the youth to his study, and conversed with him upon the most important points of religion, to satisfy himself that he could render a reason for the faith that was in him. During the examination, the youth, in spite of himself, felt his mind occasionally wander, and his recollections so in quest of the beautiful vision who had shared their meal at On such occasions, the Astrologer looked grave, and shook his head at this relaxation of attention; yet, on the whole, he was pleased with the youth's replies.

At sunset the young man was made to take the bath ; and having done so, he was directed to attire himself in a robe somewhat like that worn by Armenians, having his long hair ombed down on his shoulders, and his neck, hands, and feet bare. In this guise, Le was conducted into a remote chamber totally devoid of furgiture, excepting a lamp, a chair, and a table, on which lay a Bible. "Here," said the Astrologer, "I must eave you alone, to pass the most critical period of your life. If you can, by recollection of the great truths of which we have spoken, repel the attacks which will be made on your courage and your principles, you have nothing to apprehend. But the trial will be severe and arduous." His features then assumed a rathenic solemnity, the tears stood in his eyes, and his voice faltered with emotion as he said, " Dear child, at whose coming into the world I foresaw this fatal trial, may God give thee grace to support it with firmness !"

The young man was left alone; and hardly did he find him-solf se, when, like a swann of demons, the recollection of all his sins of omission and commission, rendered even more terrible by the scrupulousness with which he had been educated, rushed h his mind, and, like furies armed with fiery scourges, seemed determined to drive him to despair. As he combated these hormind, he became aware that his argu te were al d in the sophistry of another, and that the dispute was no long nfined to his own thoughts. The Author of Evil was prein the room with him in bodily shape, and, potent with spirits of a melancholy cast, was impressing upon him the desperation of his state, and urging suicide as the readiest mode to put an end to his sinful career. Amid his errors, the pleasure he h taken in prolonging his journey unnecessarily, and the attentio which he had bestowed on the beauty of the fair female, wi his thoughts ought to have been dedicated to the religious die course of her father, were set before him in the darkest colours, and he was treated as one who, having sinned against light, was, therefore, deservedly left a prey to the Prince of Darknes

As the fated and influential hour rolled on, the terrors of the hatoful Presence grey more confounding to the mortal se of the victim, and the knot of the accursed sophistry becan more inextricable in appearance, at least to the prey whom its meshes surrounded. He had not power to explain the an of pardon which he continued to assert, or to same the victorious name in which he trusted. But his faith did not abandon him, though he lacked for a time the power of expressing it. "Say what you will," was his answer to the Tempter; "I know there is as much betwixt the two boards of this Book as can insure me forgiveness for my transgressions, and safety for my soul." As he spoke, the clock, which announced the la of the fatal hour, was heard to strike. The speech and intellectual powers of the youth were instantly and fully restored ; he burst forth into prayer, and expressed, in the most glowing s, his reliance on the truth, and on the Author, of the go te The demon retired, yelling and discomfiled, and the old pel. man, entering the apartment, with team congratulated his uest on his victory in the fated struggle.

The young man was afterwards married to the beantiful maiden, the first sight of whom had made such an impression on him, and they were consigned over at the close of the story to domestic happiness --- So ended John M'Kinlay's le

The author of Waverley had imagined a possibility of framing an interesting, and perhaps not an unedifying, tale, out of the incidents of the life of a doomed individual, whose efforts at good and virtuous conduct were to be for ever disappointed by the intervention, as it were, of some malevoleat being, and who was at last to come off victorious from the fearful struggle. In short, something was meditated upon a plan resembling the imaginative tale of Sintram and his Companions, by Mons. Le Baron de la Motte Fouqué, although, if it thes existed, the anthor had not seen it.

The scheme projected may be traced in the three or four first chapters of the work, but further consideration induced th thor to lay his purpose aside. It appeared, on mature consider ation, that Astrology, though its influence was once received and admitted by Bacon himself, does not now retain influence over the general mind sufficient even to constitute the mainspring of a romance. Besides, it occurred, that to do justice to such a subject would have required not only more talent th the author could be conscious of possessing, but also involved doctrines and discussions of a nature too serious for his purp and for the character of the narrative. In changing his play however, which was done in the course of printing, the early sheets retained the vestiges of the original tenor of the story although they now hang upon it as an unnecessary and unsat ral incumbrance. The cause of such vestiges occurring is not explained, and apologized for.

It is here worthy of observation, that while the astrological doctrines have fallen into general contempt, and been supplay by superstitions of a more gross and far less beautiful chara ter, they have, even in modern days, retained some votari

One of the most remarkable believers in that forgotten a despised science, was a late eminent professor of the art a legerdomain. One would have thought that a person of the description ought, from his knowledge of the thousand ways i which human eyes could be deceived, to have been less th others subject to the fantasies of superstition. Perhaps habitual use of those abstruss' calculations, by which, in a menner surprising to the artist himself, many tricks upon card Ac., are performed, induced this gentleman to study the o bination of the stars and planets, with the expectation of taining prophetic communications.

He constructed a scheme of his own nativity, calculat cording to such rules of art as he could collect from the a astrological authors. The result of the past he found agrees to what had hitherto befallen him, but in the important p pect of the future a singular difficulty occurred. There two years, during the course of which he could by no mobiling any exact knowledge, whether the subject of the and his suculiections with distracted feelings, but with a resolved prould be dead or alive. Anxious concerning so rem a de la composición de

also balled in the same manner. At one period he found the native, or subject, was certainly alive ; at another, that he res unquestionebly dead ; but a space of two years extended between these two terms, during which he could find no cartainty as to his death or existence.

The Astrologer marked the remarkable circumstance in his Diary, and continued his exhibitions in various parts of the empire until the period was about to expire, during which his existence had been warranted as actually ascertained. At last while he was exhibiting to a numerous andience his usual tricks of legerdensain, the hands, whose activity had so often haffed the closest observer, suddenly lost their power, the els dropped from them, and he mink down a disabled para lytic. In this state the artist languished for two years, when he was at length removed by death. It is said that the Diary of this modern Astrologer will soon be given to the public.

The fact, if truly reported, is one of those singular colaci-uses which occasiocally appear, differing so widely from orry calculation, set without which irregularities, human life ald not present to mortale looking into futurity, the abyes of imp netrable darkness, which it is the pleasure of the Cri tor it should offer to them. Were every thing to happen in the ordinary train of events, the future would be subject to the rules of arithmetic, like the chances of gaming. But extraortary events, and wonderful runs of luck, defy the calculations of mankind, and throw impenetrable darkness on future conn ciez

To the above anecdote, another, still more rece at, anay be are added. The anthor was lately honoured with a letter n a gentleman deeply skilled in these mysteries, who kindly adart ook to calculate the nativity of the writer of Guy Man nering, who might be supposed to be friendly to the divine art which he professed. But it was impossible to supply data for the construction of a horoscope, had the native been otherwise desirous of it, since all those who could supply the minutize of day, hour, and minute, have been long removed from the mortal

Having thus given some account of the first idea, or rude sketch, of the story, which was soon departed from, the author, in following out the plan of the present edition, has to mention the prototypes of the principal characters in Guy Mannering.

me circumstances of local situation gave the author, in his 8 with, an opportunity of seeing a little, and hearing a great deal, at that degraded class who are called gipsies ; who are in st cases a mixed race, between the ancient Egyptians who stived in Europe about the beginning of the fifteenth century, d vagrants of European descent.

The individual gipsy upon whom the character of Meg M lies was founded, was well known about the middle of the last ny, by the same of Jean Gordon, an inhabitant of the vilhes of Kirk Yetholm, in the Cheviot hills, adjoining to the glish Border. The author gave the public some account of this remarkable person, in one of the early numbers of Blackwood's Magazine, to the following purpose :--

By father remembered old Jean Gordon of Yetholm, who ad great sway among her tribe. She was quite a Meg Merman gran was been often hospitably received at the farm-perfection. Having been often hospitably received at the farmfrom committing any depredations on the farmer's property. But her sons (nime in number) had not, it seems, the same deliency, and stole a brood-now from their kind entertainer. Jean was mortified at this ungrateful conduct, and so much ashamed of it. that ahe absented herself from Lochside for several years.

"It happened, in course of time, that in consequence of some aporary pecuniary necessity, the Goodman of Lochsida was iged to go to Newcastle to raise some money to pay his rent. ded in his purpose, but returning through the moun-S SILCON as of Cheviot, he was benighted and lost his way.

" A light, glimmering through the window of a large waste m, which had survived the farm-house to which it had once ged, guided him to a place of shelter; and when he Bocked at the door, it was opened by Jean Gordon. Her very arkable figure, for she was nearly six feet high, and her ally remarkable features and dress, rendered it impossible stake her for a moment, though he had not seen her for : and to meet with such a character in so solitary a place. I probably at no great distance from her clan, was a grievous ne to the poor man, whose rent (to loss which would have a ruin) was about his person.

Jun set up a loud shout of joyful recognition-'Eh, sirs viscome Gudeman of Lochside 1 Light down, light down; senna gang further the night, and a friend's house sad " The mover was obliged to dismount, and accept of the

ner, he gave the scheme to a brother Astrologer, who | gipsy's offer of supper and a bed. There was pleaty of a the barn, however it might be come by, and preparatie going on for a plentiful repart, which the farmer, to the great incr ase of his anxiety, observed, was calculated for to twelve guests, of the same description, probably, with has land lady.

> "Jean left him in no doubt on the subject. She brought to his recollection the story of the stolen sow, and mentioned how much pain and vexation it had given her. Like other philosomuch pain and version it had given her. Lake other philos phers, abe remarked that the world grew worse daily; an like other parents, that the baims got out of her guiding, an neglected the old gipsy regulations, which commanded than it respect, in their depredations, the property of their benefactor. The end of all this was, an inquiry what mosey the farmer he about him ; and an urgent request, or command, that he would make her his purse-keeper, since the bairns, as she called her sons, would be soon home. The poor farmer made a virtue of aver, would be sound done. It is poor cannot made a virtue on necessity, told his story, and surrendered his gold to Jean's can-tody. She made him put a few shillings in his poolet, shear ving it would excite suspicion should he be found travelling alterether penailers.

> This arrangement being made, the farm er lav dor sort of state-deen, as the Scotch call it, or bed clothes dispo upon some straw, but, as will easily be believed, slept no

> "About midnight the gang returned, with various articles of plunder, and talked ever their exploits in language which made the farmer tremble. They were not long in discovering they had a meet, and demanded of Jean whom she had not the

> E'en the winsome Gudeman of Lockside, poor body." M plied Jean ; 'he's been at Newcastle seeking siller to pay his rent, honest man, but deil-be-lickit he's been able to gather in, and see he's gaun e'en hame wi' a toom purse and a sair hear

> That may be, Jean,' replied one of the banditti, 'but we nam ripe his pouches a bit, and see if the tale be true or no. Jcan set up her throat in exclamations against this breach of hospitality, but without producing any change in their deter-mination. The farmer soon heard their stifled whispers and light steps by his bedside, and understood they were runnaging his clothes. When they found the money which the provice of Jean Gordon had made him retain, they held a co sultation if they should take it or no; but the smallness of the booty, and the vehemence of Jean's remonstrances, determined them in the negative. They caroused and went to rest. As soon as day dawned, Jean roused her guest, produced his horse. which she had accessmodated behind the hallss, and guided him for some miles, till he was on the high-road to Lochaide. She then restored his whole property ; nor could his earnes entreaties prevail on her to accept so much as a single guines. "I have beard the old people at Jedburgh say, that all Jean's

sons were condemned to die there on the same day. It is said the jury were equally divided, but that a friend to justice, who had slept during the whole discussion, waked suddenly, and gave his vote for condemnation, in the emphatic words, ' F there of " Unemimity is not required in a Scottish jury, so the verdict of guilty was returned. Jean was present, and only said, 'The Lord help the innocent in a day like this !' Her own death was accompanied with circumstances of brutal outrage of which poor Jean was in many respects wholly undeserving. She had, among other demerits, or merits, as the reader may cfloose to rank it, that of being a stanch Jacobits. She chance to be at Carlisle upon a fair or market-day, soon after the year 1746, where she gave vent to her political partiality, to the great offence of the rabble of that city. Being zealous in their loyalty, when there was no danger, in proportion to the tames with which they had surrendered to the Highlanders in 1745, the mob inflicted upon poor Jean Gordon no slighter pesalty than that of ducking her to death in the Eden. It was an operation of some time, for Jean was a stout woman, and, struggling with her murderers, often got her head above water ; and, while she had voice left, continued to exclaim at such intervals, ' Charlie yet ! Charlie yet !' When a child, and among the scenes which she frequented, I have often heard the stories, and cried piteously for poor Jean Gordon.

"Before quitting the Border gipsies, I may mention, that my grandfather, while riding over Charterhouse moor, then a very extensive common, fell suddenly among a large band of them, who were carousing in a hollow of the moor, surrounded by hushes. They instantly seized on his horse's bridle with many shouts of welcome, exclaiming (for he was well known to most of them) that they had often dined at his expense, and he must now stay and share their good cheer. My ancestor was a little alarmed, for, like the Goodman of Lochside, he had more money about his person than he cared to risk in such pociety. How ever, being naturally a bold lively-spirited man, he entered inte the humour of the thing, and sate down to the feast, which can 13\*

# INTRODUCTION TO GUY MANNERING.

sisted of all the varieties of game, poultry, pigs, and so forth, that could be collected by a wide and indiscriminate system of pluader. The dinner was a very merry one; but my relative got a hint from some of the older spises to reline just when

#### ' The mirth and fun grew fast and furious,'

and, mounting his horse accordingly, he took a French leave of his entertainers, but without experiencing the least breach of hospitality. I believe Jean Gordon was at this festival."---(Elacismon's Magasine, vol. i. p. 54.)-

Notwithstanding the failure of Jean's issue, for which,

#### Weary fa' the wasfe' wouldle,

a grand-daughter survived her whom I remember to have seen. That is, as Dr. Johnson had a shadowy recollection of Queen Annes, as a stately lady in black, adorned with diamonds, so mymemory is haunted by a solemn remembrance of a woman of more than female height, dressed in a long red cloak, who commenced acquaintance by giving me an apple, but whom, nevertheless, I looked on with as much awe, as the future Doctor, High Church and Tory as he was doomed to be, could look upon the Queen. I coocieve this woman to have been Madro Gordon, of whom an impressive account is given in the same article in which her Mother Jean is mentioned, but not by the present writer :--

The late Madge Gordon was at this time accounted the Queen of the Yetholm clans. She was, we believe, a granddenghter of the celebrated Jean Gordon, and was said to have much resembled her in appearance. The following account of her is extracted from the letter of a friend, who for many years enjoyed frequent and favourable opportunities of observing the characteristic peculiarities of the Yetholm tribes :- ' Madge Gordon was descended from the Faas by the mother's side, and was married to a Young. She was a remarkable personage \_\_\_\_\_ a very commanding presence, and high stature, being nearly six feet high. She had a large aquiline nose-penetrating eyes, even in her old age-bushy hair that hung around her shoulders from beneath a gipsy bonnet of straw-a short cloak of a peculiar fashion, and a long staff nearly as tall as hermelf. I reunber her well ;-every week she paid my father a visit for er annaus, when I was a little boy, and I looked upon Madge with no common degree of awe and terror. When she spoke ahemently, (for she made loud complaints.) she used to strike her staff upon the floor, and throw herself into an attitude which it was impossible to regard with indifference. She used to say that she could bring from the remotest parts of the island. is to revenge her quarrel, while she sat motionless in her obttage ; and she frequently boasted that there was a time when ahe was of still more considerable importance, for there are at her wedding fifty saddled asses, and unsaddled as out mamber. If Jean Gordon was the prototype of the shoracter of Rieg Mercilies, I imagine Madge must have sat to

the unknown author as the representative of her person," - (Blackwood's Magazine, vol. i. p. 56.,

How far Blackwood's ingenious correspondent was right, how far mistaken in his conjecture, the reader has been informed.

To pass to a character of a very different description, Dominie Sampson, the reader may easily suppose that a poor modest humble scholar, who has won his way through the classics, set has fallen to lesward in the voyage of life, is no uncommon personage in a country, where a certain portion of learning is easily attained by those who are willing to suffer hunger and thirst in exchange for acquiring Greek and Latiu. But there is a far more exact prototype of the worthy Dominie, upon which is founded the part which he performs in the romance, and which, for certain particular reasons, must be expressed very generally.

Such a preceptor as Mr. Sampson is supposed to have been was actually tutor in the family of a gentleman of considerable property. The young lads, his pupils, grew up and went out la the world, but the tutor continued to reside in the family, no uncommon circumstance in Scotland, (in former days,) where food and shelter were readily afforded to humble friends and dependants. The Laird's predecessors had been imprudent, he himself was passive and unfortunate. Death swept away bis sons, whose success in life might have balanced his own bad luck and incapacity. Debts increased and funds diminished, until ruin came. The estate was sold ; and the old man was about to remove from the house of his fathers, to go he knew ngt whither, when, like an old piece of furniture, which, left alone in its wonted comer, may hold together for a long while, but breaks to pieces on an attompt to move it, he fell down on his own threshold under a paralytic affection.

The lutor awakened as from a dream. He saw his patron dead, and that his patron's only remaining child, an elderly woman, now neither graceful not becautiful, if sub had over beca either the one or the other, had by this calamity become a homeless and penniless orphan. He addressed har nearly in the works which Dominie Samuson uses to Miss Bertram, and professed his determination not to leave her. Accordingly, roused to the exercise of talents which had long sumbered, he opened a little school, and supported his patron's child for the rest of her life, treating her with the same humble observance and devoted attention which he had used towards her in the days of her prosperity.

Such is the outline of Dominie Sampson's real story, in which there is neither romantic incident nor sentimental passion; but which, perhaps, from the rectifued and simplicity of character which it displays, may interest the heart and fill the eye of the reader as irresistibly, as if it respected distresses of a more dignified or refined character.

These preliminary notices concorning the tale of Our Mannering, and some of the characters introduced, may are the author and reader, in the present instance, the trouble of writing and perusing a long string of detached notes.

#### ABBOTSFORD, January, 1828.

i.

# GUY MANNERING:

# OR.

# THE ASTROLOGER.

### CHAPTER I.

Re could not deny, that looking round upon the dreary region, and meeing nothing but bleak fields, and naked treas, hills ob-scured by fogs, and flats coversed with inundetions, he did for some time suffer melancholy to prevail upon him, and wished himself again safe at home. Tresset of Will. Marvel, Idler, No. 49.

Ir was in the beginning of the month of November, 17-, when a young English gentieman, who had just left the university of Oxford, made use of the liberty afforded him, to visit some parts of the north of Eng-land; and curiosity extended his tour into the adja-cent frontier of the sister country. He had visited, on the day that opens our history, some monastic ruins in the county of Dumfries, and spent much of the day in making drawings of them from different points; so that on mounting his horse to resume his journey, the brief and gloomy twilight of the season had already commenced. His way lay through a wide uract of black moss, extending for miles on each side and before him. Little eminences arose like islands on its surface, bearing here and there patches of corn. and before him. Little eminences arose like islands on its surface, bearing here and there patches of corn, which even at this season was green, and sometimes a hut, or farm-house, shaded by a willow or two, and surrounded by large elder-bushes. These insu-lated dwellings communicated with each other by winding passages through the moss, impassable by any but the natives themselves. The public road, however, was tolerably well made and safe so that the prospect of being benighted brought with it no real danger. Still its uncomfortable to travel, alone and there are few ordinary occasions upon which Fancy frets herself so much as in a situation like that of Mannering.

there are idw ordinary occasions upon which Fancy first hereself so much as in a situation like that of Mannering. As the light grew faint and more faint, and the morass appeared blacker and blacker, our traveller questioned more closely each chance passenger on his distance from the village of Kippletringan, where he proposed to quarter for the night. His queries were usually answered by a counter-challenge re-specing the place from whence he came. While sufficient day-light remained to show the dress and appearance of a gentleman, these cross interrogata-res were usually put in the form of a case supposed, as, "Yell has been at the auld abbey o' Hallycross, sir? there's mony English gentlemen gang to see that."—Or, "Your honour will be come frae the house o' Pouderloupat?" But when the voice of the querist alone was distinguishable, the response usually was, "Where are ye coning frae at is: a time o' night as the like o' this ?'—or, "Yell no be o' this country, freend?" The answers, when obtained, were neither very reconcileable to each other, nor accurate in the information which they afforded. Kippletringan was distant at first "a gey bit;" then the "gey bit" was more accurately described, as "ablins three mile," then the "three mile" diminished into "like a mile and a bittock;" then extended themselves into 'four mile or thereana;" and, lastly, a female voice, ha-ving hashed a "waiting infant which the pookeswo-man carried in her arms, assured Guy Mannering, "It was a weary lang gate yet to Kippletringan, and more heavy road for foot passengers." The poor bably of opinion that it suited him as ill as the female repondent; for he began to flag very much, answered each application of the spur with a groan, and sumrepondent; for he began to flag very much, answered each application of the spur with a groan, and stum-bed at every stone (and they were not few) which ley in his road.

sionally betrayed into a deceitful hope that the end of his journey was near, by the apparition of a twink-ling light or two; but, as he came up, he was disap-pointed to find that the gleams proceeded from some of those farm-houses which occasionally ornamented the surface of the extensive box. At length, to com-plete his perplexity, he arrived at a place where the road divided into two. If there had been light to consult the relice of a finger-post which stood there, it would have been of little avail, as, according to the good custom of North Britain, the inscription had been defaced shortly after its erection. Our adventu-rer was therefore, compelled, like a knight-errant of old, to trust to the sagacity of his heres, which, with-out any demur, chose the left-hand path, and seem-ed to proceed at a somewhat livelier pace than be-fore, affording thereby a hope that he knew he was drawing near to his quarters for the evening. This hope, however, was not specify accomplished, and Mannering, whose impatience made every furlong seem three, began to think that Kippletringan was actually retreating before him in proportion to his ad-vance. sionally betrayed into a deceitful hope that the end Vance

It was now very cloudy, although the stars, from time to time, shed a twinkling and uncertain light. Hitherto nothing had broken the silence around him, but the deep cry of the bog-bilter, or bull-of-the-bog, a large species of bittern; and the sighs of the wind control the sight of the wind as it passed along the dreary morass. To these was now joined the distant roar of the ocean, towards which the traveller seemed to be fast approaching. This was no circumstance to make his mind easy. Which the traveler seemed to be fast approximited. This was no circumstance to make his mind easy. Many of the roads in that country lay along the sea-beach, and were liable to be flooded by the tides, which rise with great height, and advance with ex-treme rapidity. Others were intersected with creeks and small inlets, which it was only safe to pass at particular times of the tide. Neither circumstance would have suited a derk night, a fatigued horse, and a traveler ignorant of his road. Mannering resolved, therefore, definitively to halt for the night at the first inhabited place, however poor, he might chance to reach, unless he coild procure a guide to this unlucky village of Kippletringan. A miserable hut gave him an opportunity to exe-cute his purpose. He found out the door with mo small difficulty, and for some time knocked without producing any other answer than a duet between e icmale and a cur-dog, the latter yelping as if he would have barked his heart out, the other screaming in chorus. By degrees the human tones prodominated; but the angry bark of the cur being at the instant changed into a howl, it is probable something more than fair strength of lungs had contributed to the ascendancy. "Sorrow he in your theaped a the " these sume the

than fair strength of lungs had contributed to the ascendancy. "Sorrow be in your thrapple then I" these were the first articulate words, "will ye no let me hear what the man wants, wi'your yaffing ?" "Am I far from Kippletringan, good dame?" "Frae Kippletringan!!!" in an exalted tone of wonder, which we can but fainily express by three points of admiration; "Ow, man' ye should nae hadden *cassed* to Kippletringan—ye maun gee back as far as the Whaap, and haud the Whaap\* till ye coute to Ballenloan, and then" "This will never do, good dame! my horse is al-most quite knocked up—can you not give meanights lodgings?"

lodgings ?

ad at every stone (and they were not few) which y in his road. Mannering now grew impatient. He was occa- for hollow of the hill. Hof, houg, has, and has, are all modi-feations of the same word.

GUY MAR "Troth can I no—I am a lone woman, for James he's awa to Drumshonnoch fair with the year-aulds, and I daurna for my life open the door to ony o' your gang\_there-out sort o' bodies." "But what must I do then, good dame? for I can't sleep here upon the road all night." "Troth, I kenna, unless ye like to gae down and speer for quarters at the Place. I'se warrant they'll tak ye in, whether ye be gantie or semple." "Simple enough, to be wandering, here at such a time of night." thought Mannering, who was igno-rant of the meaning of the phrase; "but how shall I get to the place. as you call it?" "Ye maan haud uccess! by the end o' the loan, and take tent o' the jaw-hole." "O, if ye got to easse! and vocsse! again, I am un-done!—Is there nobody that could guide me to this sloce? I will pay him handsomely." The word pay operated like magne. "Jock, ye vil-

slace? I will pay him handsomely." The word pay operated like magic. "Jock, ye vil-lain," exclaimed a voice from the interior, "are ye lying routing there, and a young gentleman seeking the way to the Place? Get up, ye fause loon, and show him the way down the muckle loaning.—He'll show you the way, sir, and I'se warrant ye'll be weel put up; for they never turn awa naebody frac the door; and ye'll be come in the canny moment, I'm think-ing, for the laird's servant—that's no to say his body-servant but the helper like—rade express by this c.m. servant, but the helper like-rade express by this e'on to fetch the houdie, and he just staid the drinking o' twa pints o' tippenny, te tell us how my leddy was

"Perhaps," said Mannering, "at such a time a stranger's arrival might be inconvenient?" "Hout, na, ye needna be blate about that; their house is muckle ensugh, and cleckingt time's aye canty time."

Canty time." By this time Jock had found his way into all the intracacion of a tattered doublet, and a more tattered pair of breeches, and sallied forth, a great white-headed bare-legged, lubberly boy of twolve years old, so exhibited by the glimpse of a rush-light, which his half-naked mother held in such a manner as to get a so exhibited by the glimpee of a rush-light, which his half-naked mother held in such a manner as to get a peep at the stranger, without greadly exposing herself to view in return. Jock moved on westward, by the end of the house, leading Mannering's horse by the' bridle, and piloting, with some dexterity, along the little path which bordered the formidable jaw-hole, whose vicinity the stranger was made sensible of by means of more organs then one. His guide then dragged the weary hack along a broken and stony eart-frack, next over a ploughed field, then broke down a *slap*, as he called it, in a dry-stone ferce, and lugged the unresisting animal through the breach, about a rood of the simple masonry giving way in the splutter with which he passed. Finally, he led the way, through a wicket, into something which had still the air of an avenue, though nany of the trees were felled. The roar of the ocean was now near appearance, gleamed on a turroted and apparently a tuined mynsion, of considerable extent. Manner-ing fixed his eyes upon it with a disconsolate sen-stion. sation.

Why, my little fellow," he said, "this is a ruin,

"Ab, but the laids lived there langayne—that's Bilangowan Auld Place; there's a hantle bogles about is—but ye needna be feared—I never saw ony mysell, and we're just at the door o' the New Place

Place." Accordingly, leaving the rains on the right, a few steps brought the traveller in front of a modern house of moderate size, at which his guide rapped with great jupportance. Mannering told his circumstances to the servant; and the gentleman of the house, who heard his tale from the parlour, stepped forward, and welcomed the stranger hospitably to Ellangowan. The boy, made happy with half-a-crown, was dismis-ued to his cottage, the weary horse was conducted to a stall, and Mannering found himself in a few mi-putes seated by a comfortable supper, for which his could ride gave him a hearty appetite.

\* Provincial for eastward and westward. \* Hatelung time.

# CHAPTER IL

ULAF L ..... Comes me cranking in, And cuts me from the best of all my land, A huge balf moon, a monstrous cantle cut. Hisry Fearth, Pe

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THE company in the parlour at Ellangowan con-sisted of the Laurd, and a sort of person who might be the village schoolmaster, or perhaps the minister's assistant; his appearance was too shabby to indicate the minister, considering he was on a visit The Laird himself was one of those second-rate

The Laird nineelf was one of those second-rate sort of persons, that are to be found frequently in rural situations. Fielding has described one class as *feras* consumers nati; but the love of field sports indicates a certain activity of mind, which had for saken Mr. Bertram, if ever he possessed it. A good-humoured listlessness of countenance formed the humoured listlessness of countenance formed the only remarkable expression of his features; although they were rather handsome than otherwise. In fact, his physiognomy indicated the inamity of character which pervaded his life. I will give the reader some insight into his state and conversation, before he has finished a long lecture to Mannering, upon the pro-priety and comfort of wrapping his stirrup-irons round with a whisp of straw when he had occasion to rink in a chill guing the straw when he had occasion

priety and comfort of wrapping his suffrup-from round with a whisp of straw when he had occasion to ride in a chill evening. Godfrey Bertram, of Ellangowan, succeeded to a long pedigree and a short rent-roll, like many lairds of that period. His list of forefathers ascend-ed so high, that they were lost in the barbarous ages of Galwegtan independence; so that his genealogical tree, besides the Christian and crusading names of Godfreys, and Gilberts, and Dennises, and Rolands, without end, bore heathen fruit of yet darker ages, --Arths, and Knarths, and Donagilds, and Hanlona. In truth, they had been formerly the stormy chiefs of a desert, but extensive domain, and the heads of a numerous tribe, called Mac-Dingawaie, though they 'afterwards adopted the Norman surname of Bertram. They had made war, raised robalions, been defeated, beheaded, and hanged, as became a family of impor-tance, for many centurics. But they had gradually lost ground in the world, and from being themselves the heads of trasson and traitorous conspiracies, the Bertrams, or Mac-Dingawaies, of Ellangowan, had the heads of treason and traitorous comparacies, the Bertrams, or Mac-Dingawaies, of Ellangowan, had sunk into subordinate accomplices. Their most fatal exhibitions in this capacity took place in the seven-teenth century, when the foul fiend possessed them with a spirit of contradiction, which uniformly in-volved them in controversy with the rading powers. They reversed the conduct of the celebrated Vicar of Bray, and adhered as tenaciously to the weaker side, as that worthy divine to the stronger. And truty, like him, they had their reward. Allan Bertram of Ellangowan, who flourished teni-pore Caroli print, was, says my authority. Sir Robert

Alian Bertram of Ellangowan, who nouriened **issue** pore Curoli primi, was, asys my authority, Sir Robert Douglas, in his Scottish Baronage, (see the title Ellangowan,) "a steady loyalist, and full of **ase** for the cause of his sacred majesty, in which be united with the great Marguis of Montrese, and other thuly zealous and honourable patriots, and sus-tained great losses in that behalf. He had the honour of knighthood conferred upon him by his most sacred majority and was societad as a majority be had of knighthood conferred upon him by his most sacre majesty, and was soquestrated as a malignant by the parliament, 1642, and afterwards as a resolution in the year 1648."—These two cross-grained epithe of malignant and resolutioner, cost poor Sir Allan a half of the family setate. His son Donnis Bertra married a daughter of an emanent fanatic, who has a seat in the council of state, and saved by the line to the remainder of the family property. Ill chance would have it, he became enforced of the lady's principles as well as of her charms, and eminent parts and resolution, for which reason, was chosen by the western counties one of the count griefs to the privy council of Charles II. the coming in of the Highland host in 1678.". 1 undertaking this patricit task he underwent a fit to pay which he was obliged to morgage balf of a remaining moiety of his paternal property. This is he might have recovered by thint of severe economy

ICHAP. IL

here its breaking out of Argyle's rebellion, Dennis Bartam was again suspected by government, appre-inded sent to Dunnotar Castle on the coast of the Means, and there broke his neck in an attempt to intermediate the broke his neck in an attempt to Reams, and there broke his neck in an attempt to gene from a subterranean habitation, called the "Mage Yeall, in which he was confined with some eighty of the same persuasion. The apprizer, there-fine, is us holder of a mortgage was then called, eitherd thon possession, and, in the language of Houppy," came me cranking in," and cut the fa-ship out of another monstrous cantle of their re-

dired mon possession, and, in the language of Heupy, "came me cranking in" and cut the fa-mily out of another monstrous cantle of their re-mining property. Donohe Herramy with somewhat of an Irish name, us somewhat of an Irish tomper, succeeded to the diminished property of Ellangowan. 'He turned out of doors the Rev. Aaron MacDriar, his mother's chap-hin, (it is said they quarrelled about the good graces of a milt-maid) drank himself daily drunk with Drim-ming healths to the king, council, and bishops; held ergawith the Lard of Lagg, Theophilus Oglethorps and Sir James. Turner; and lastly, took his gray ghing, md joined Clavers at Killicerankie. At the atmosian with a silver batton, (being supposed to have prof from the Evil One against lead and steel,), and his grave still called, the "Wicked Laird's Lair.'' He son, Lewis, had more prudence than seems usuly to have belonged to the family. He nursed what property was yet left to him; for Donohee's excesse, as well as fines and forfeitures, had made subte moad upon the estate. And although even he dir not escape the fatality which induced the Laird of Ellangowan to interfere with politics, he with the grudence, ere he went out with Lord Kemmore, in 1715, to convey his estate to trustees, g order to parry pains and penalties, in case the hard of Kar could not put down the Protestant suc-cesse. Bus they estate at expense of a law-wit, which again subdivided the family property. He was, however, a man of resolution. He sold with one scape the state at expense of a law-wit, when again subdivided the family property. He was, however, a man of resolution. He sold with one sof three stores high, with a front like ergnhadier's cap, haring in the vary centes a rown duriow, ihe the side eye of a Cyolops two win-dows on each side, and a door in the middle, leading to aperfour and withdrawing room, if wo fall man-we of cross lights. This was the New Place of Ellangowan, up which we here here here armsthe performation and with a more read-ter of where were an ar of cross lights.

This was the New Place of Ellangowan, in which This was the New Place of Ellangowan, in which whet our hero, better amused perhaps than our read-ers that to this Lewis Bertram retreated, full of pro-ists for re-establishing the prosperity of his family. To took some land into his own hand, rented some finn neighbouring proprietors, bought and sold Helland cattle and Cheviot sheep, rode to fairs and what's fought hard bargains, and held necessity at the aburs, he lost in honour, for such agricultural and formeretial negociations were very ill looked upon by his brother lairds, who minded nothing but cock-fishting, humang, coursing, and horse-racing, with by his brother marcins, who minuted nothing out coca-fishing, hunning, coursing, and horse-racing, with now and then the alternation of a desparate duel. The occupations which he followed encroached, in their opinions, upon the article of Ellangowan's gentry, and he found it necessary gradually to estrange him-will from their society, and sink into what was then a Wwambianous character, a gentleman farmer. In the very ambiguous character, a gentleman farmer. In the

ficist of his schemes death claimed his tribute, and the scanty remains of a large property descended upon Goffrey Bertram, the present possessor, his only son. The danger of the father's speculations was soon teen. Deprived of Laird Lewis's personal and ac-ieve superintendence, all his undertakings miscarried, and became either abortive or perilous. Without a single spark of energy to meet or repel these misfor-imes, Godfrey put his faith in the activity of ano-ther sonthern neither hunters, nor hounds, nor any ther sonthern preluminaries to ruin : but as has been The He kept neither hinters, nor hounds, nor any the goggie eyrs. He hoy an act of volition, but to be be yeared of his countrymen, he kept a man of busi-to answered the purpose equally well. Universe within the inner man, the harsh and this gentleman's supervision small debts grew dissonant voice, and the screech-owl mates to where the state of the screech-owl mates to where

into large, interests were accumulated upon cupited moveable bonds became heritable, and law charg were heaped upon all; though Ellangowan possess into large, interests were accumulated upon casisfie moveable boads became heritable, and law charged were heaped upon all; though Ellangowan possessed so little the spirit of a litigant, that he was on two occasions charged to make payment of the expenses of a long lawsui, although he had never before heaved that he had such cases in court. Meanwhile his neighbours predicted his final min. Those of the higher rank, with some malignity, accounted him al-ready a degraded brother. The lower classes, see-ing nothing enviable in his situation, marked his em-barrassments with more conspansion. He was even a kind of favourite with them, and upon the division of a common, or the holding of a black-fishing, or poaching court, or any, similar occasion, when they conceived themselves oppressed by the gentry, they were in the lashit of saying to each other, "Ah, it El-langowan, honest man, had his ain that his foreases and the lashit of saying to each other, "Ah, it El-langowan, honest man, had his general good opissen never prevented their taking the advantage of him en-all possible occasion, turning their catle into his parks, stealing his wood, shooting his game, and se forth, "for the lasird, honest man, he'll never find it, —he never miads what a pur body does."—Pealara gypsies, tinkers, wagrants of all descriptions, roweld about his outhouses, or harbowred in his hitchers and the laird, who was "map nice body," but a tho-rough gossin, like most weak men, found recompenses for his hespitality in the pleasure of questioning, then four a good set of features, a gentestioning, then the high road to rus. This was his matrings with a lady who had a portion of about four thousen her wealth, unless because he shed a tall, handown figure, good set of features, a gendesi dattees, and the most perfect good-humour. It might be some ad-ditional consideration, that she was herself at the me fietting age of twenty-eight (confined for the first-time after her marringe) that he spetody and active express, mentioned by the o

paperss, menuonen by the old dame of the cottaged had been dispatched to Kippletsingan on the night of Mannering's arrivel. Though we have said so much of the Laird him-self, it still remains that we make the reader in setue degree acquainted with his companion. This was Abel Sampson, commonly called, from his secure the setue of the setue of the setue of the setue degree acquainted with his companion. This was Abel Sampson, commonly called, from his secure the setue of the automate setue of the setue of the setue of low birth, but having orisced, even from his cradig, as uncommon seriousness of disposition, the poer parents were encouraged to bege that their beirra, as they expressed it, "might was his pow in a "public yet." With an ambitious, view to atch a compan-ter at abel the means of besening. Meenting, his tall ongainly figure, his testium and grave meaners and some groups the secturn and grave meaners and some groups the ridicule of all his achods companions. The same qualities secured him at Glasgow college a pleatiful shore of the same for the notios. Half the youthful meb "of the same for the had already attained that honour bit is the corres of notios. Half the youthful meb "of the same for the had already attained that honour bit is the descend the stars from the Greek class, with his Loricon un-der his constant and only wear. When he spoke, the ef-forts of the professor (professor of divinity mough he was) were totally madiguate to restrain the inextin-guishable laughter of the stude at and epresse in or to open and shut by an act of volition, but to be dropped and hoised up again by some complicated nuchinery, within the inner man, the barsh and drapped and hoised up again by some complicated nuchinery, within the inner man, the tharsh and

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it was amited when he was enhorted to pronounce more distinctly, -all added from subjects for mirth to the torn clock and shattered shoe, which have afford-ed legitimate subjects of raillery against the poor scholar, from Juvenal's time downward. It was ne-wer known that Sampson either achieved irritability at this ill-mass, or made the least iterative ver Enown that Sampson either exhibited irritability at this ill usage, or made the least attempt to retort upon his tormentora. He shunk from college by the most secret paths he could discover, and plunged himself into his miserable lodging, where, for exhi-teen-pence s-week he was allowed the benefit of a straw mattrass, and, if his landlady was in good hu-mon, perimission to study his task by her fire. Under all these disadvantages, he obtained a competent knowledge of Greek and Latin, and some acquaint-ance with the sciences.

more, permission to study his task by her fire. Under all these disadvantages, he obtained a competent knowledge of Greek and Latin, and somo acquaintance with the sciences.
In progress of time, Abel Sampson, probationer of divinity, was admitted to the privileges of a preacher. But, alse 1 parity from his own bashfulness, parily owing to a strong and obvious disposition to risibility which pervaded the congregation upon his first attempt, he became totally incepable of proceeding in his intended discourse, gasped, granned, hideously rolled his eyes till the congregation thought them flying out of his head, shut the Bible, stumbled down the pulpit-stairs, trampling upon the old women who generally take their station there, and was ever after designated as a "tickit innister." And thus he wasdered back to his own country, with blighted bopes and prospects, to share the poverty of his parents. As he had neither friend nor confident, hardly even an acquaintance, no one had the meane of observing closely how Dominis Sampson hore a disappointment which supplied the whole town with a week's sport. It would be endless even to mention the numerous lokes to which it gave birth, from a balled, called "Sampson's Riddle," written upon the support by a marr young Student of humanity, to the hypope of the Principal, that the fagitive had not, in initiation of his mighty namesake, taken the college gases along with him in his retrest.
To all appearance, the equanimity of Sampson for for nothing; and, to the share of the former be it spoken, the yeding on had plenty of cholars by tweety few face. In fact, he tangh the sons of farmers for what they choese to give him, and the poor for nothing; and, to the share of the former be it spoken, but the Dominie Shares. He attempted the fire, with a condens, but were the diverse for Ellangowan. By degress, the Laird, who was much estranged from gameral society, became partial to that of Dominie Sampson. Conversation, is to trans decress. So his civilities, thereader, w

to welcome her gnest, and for those deficiencies in his entertainment which her attention might have sup-plied, and then as an excuse for pressing an extra

sntertainment which her attention might have upplied, and then as an excuse for probing an extra bottle of good wine. "I cannot weel sleep," said the Laird, with the anxious feelings of a father in such a predicament. "ill I hear she's gotten ower with it—and if you, sit, are not very sleepry, and would do me and the Doma-nie the honou's to ait up wi' us, I am sure wa shall not detain you very late. Luckie Howatson is very ar-peditious;—there was ance a lass that was in that way—she did not live far from hereabouts—ye needax shake your heed and groan, Dominie—I am sure the kirk dues were a' weel paid, and what can man de mair ?—it was laid till her ere she had a sark ower her heed; and the man that she since wadded does not think her a pin the waur for the misfortune. They live, Mr. Mannering, by the shore-side, at An-nan, and a mair decent, orderly couple, with six as fine bairns as ye would wish to see plash in a shi-water dub; and little curite Godirey—that's the eldest, the comme o' will, as I may say—he's en board an excise yeach—I has a cousin at the board of ex-cise—that's Commissioner Bartram ; he got his com missionership in the great context for the county, that ye must have heard of, for it was sappealed to the House of Commons—now I should have voted there for the Laird of Balruddery; but ye see my father was a jacobite, and *L*ken noit weelhow it was, but all that I could do and say, they keepit me off the roll, though my agent, that had a vote upon any cetate, ranked as a good vote for auld Sir Thomas Kittle-court. But, to return to what I was saying, Luckie Howatson is very expeditious, for this lass"— Here the desultory and long-winded narrative of mascanding the stairs from the kitchen story, and sing-ing at full pitch of voice. The high notes were too seconding the stairs from the kitchen story, and sing-ing at full sitch of to run thus: "Canny messed, to run thus: "Canny messed, to run thus: "Canny messed, there yets?" By itlast, or be it lase,

"Oanny moment, lucky fit; In the lady lighter yet? Be itlatt, or be it lass, Bign wi' cruss, and sam wi' be it lass, m. and sain wi'n

"It is more than the set of the s

of the long and winding stories of klisngowan. On one of these obcasions he presented for the first times to Mannering his tail, gaunt, awkward, bony figure, stired in a threadbare suit of black, with singwy, screegy neck, and his nether person arrayed in gray breeches, dark-blue stockingt, clouted shoes and wmall copper buckles. Such is a brief outline of the lives and fortunes of those two persons, in whose society Mannering now found himself comfortably seated. C H A P TER III. Do not the hist iss of all ages Relate miraculous presses Relate miraculous presses Relate miraculous presses Add some, that have writ almanacks? Budiwa. Twe circumstances of the landlady were pleaded to Mannering, first, as an spology for her no; sppcaring and weither wait waiting an answer who is

Topici, vervals, John's ver linder wildes of their will ; feel is then, that weel may ast upon St. Androw's day. et. 400 aint Bride and her brat, aint Colme and his cat, aint Michael and his spear, sep the house frae reif and wear."

Keep the house frac reif and wear." This charm she sung to a wild tune, in a high and shrill voice, and cutting three capers with such strength and agility, as almost to touch the roof of the room, concluded, "And now, Laird, will ye no order me a tass o' brandy?" "That you shall have, Meg-Sit down yont there at the door, and tell us what news ye have heard at the fair o' Drumahourloch." "Troth, Laird, and there was muckle want o' you, and the like o' you; for there was a whin bonnie las-sea there, forbye mysell, and deil ane to gie them hansels."

"Weel, Meg, and how mony gipsies were sent to the tolbooth?"

the tolbooth ?" "Troth, but three, Laird, for there were nase mair in the fair, by emysell, as I said before, and I c'en gae them lag-bal, for there's nase case in dealing wi' quar-releanse fowk. And there's Dunbog has warned the Red Rotten and John Young aff his grunds-black be his cast I he's nase gentleman, nor drap's bluid o' gentleman, wad grudge twa gangrel puir bodies the medicer o' a waste house, and the thristles by the road-side for a bit cuddy, and the bits o' rotten birk to bod their drup partitch wi'. Weel, there's are abune a'-but we'll see if the red cock craw not in his bon-mie barn-yaid se morning before day-dawing." "Humh ! Meg, hush ! housh ! that's not safe talk." "What does abe mean ?" said Mannering to Samp-son, in an under tone.

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"Who, or what is she, in the name of worder ?" "Who, or what is she, in the name of worder ?" "Harlot, thick, witch, and gips," answered Samp-

again. troth, Laird," continued Meg, during this by. " it's but to the like of you and can open their alk, "it's but to the like o' you are can open their tear; ye see, they say Dunbog is nae mair a gentle-san than the blumker that's biggit the bonnie house lown in the howm. But the like o' you, Laird, that's : real gentleman for sae mony hundred years, and were hunds pur fowk aff your grund as if they were and tykes, name o' our fowk wad stir your gear if ye-usd as mony capons as there's leaves on the trysting-rea.—And now some o' ye maun lay down your ratch, and tell me the very minute o' the hour the vent's born, and I'll spee its fortune." "Ay, but, Meg, we shall not want your assistance, or there's a student from Oxford that kens much bet-or than you how to spee its fortune—he does it by be starr"

"Certably, sir," said Mannering, entering into the imple, honory of his landlord, "I will calculate his nativity scouring to the rule of the Triplicities, as economicated by Pythagoras, Hippocrates, Diocles, and Avicenna, Or I will begin ab hors questionite, as Ealy, Messala, Ganwehis, and Guido Bonatus, ave recommended." Once of Samueon's great recommendations to the

The processing ventures, and Guido Bonatas, ave recommended." One of Sampon's great recommendations to the vent of Mr. Bertram was, that he never detected ird, whose humble efforts at jocularity were chiefly infined to what were then called biles and bams, be demominated hoarse and guizzes, had the fairest maible subject of wit in the unsuspecting Dominie is true, he never haughed, or joined in the laugh isch his own simplicity afforded—nay, it is said, he per faugthed but, once in his life; and on that me-table occasion his landlady miscarried, partly guigh screptise at the event itself, and partly from log at the hideous grimaces which attended this is and cachimation. The only effect which the invert of such impositions produced upon this sa-hase personage was, to extort an ejaculation of history of such impositions produced upon the sa-hase personage was to extort an ejaculation of e personage was to extort an ejaculation of ligious !" or "Very facetious !" pronounced gious " or " Very facetious !" pronounced ally, but without moving a muscle of his own INTO COL

the present occasion, he turned a gaunt and by stare upon the youthful astrologer, and seem-

ed to doubt if he had rightly understood his answer

"I am afraid, sir," said Mannering, turning to-wards him, "you may be one of those unhappy per-sons, who, their dim eyes being unable to penetrate

"It is the resource of cheaters, knaves, and co-zeners," said Sampson. "Abusus non tollit usum. The abuse of any thing doth not abrogate the lawful use thereof."

doth not abrogate the lawful use thereof." During this discussion, Ellangowan was some-what like a woodcock caught in his own springs. He turned his face alternately from the one spokes-man to the other, and began, from the gravity with Mannering piled his adversary, and the learn-ing which he displayed in the controversy, to give hum credit for being half serious. As for Meg, she fixed her bewildered eyes upon the astrologer, over-powered by a jargon more mysterious than her own. Mannering pressed his advantage, and ran over all the hard terms of art which a tencious memory supplied, and which, from circumstances hereafter to be noticed, had been familiar to him in early youth.

youth.

yourn. Signs and planets, in aspects sextile, quartile, trine, conjoined or opposite; houses of heaven, with their cusps, hours, and minutes; Almuten, Almochodem, Anahibeson, Catahibeson; a thousand terms of equal sound and significance, poured thick and threefold upon the unshrinking Dominic, whose stubborn in-credulity bore him out against the pelting of this pr-tiless storm.

tiless storm. At length, the joyful annunciation that the lady had presented her husband with a fine boy, and was (oa course) as well as could be expected, broke off this intercourse. Mr. Bertram hastened to the lady's spart-ment, Mag Merrikes descended to the kitchen to se-cure her share of the groaning malt,\* and the "ksa-no," and Mannering, after looking at his watch, and noting, with great exactness, the hour and minute of the birth, requested, with becoming gravity, that the Domini's would conduct him to some place where he might have a view of the heavenly bodies. "The schoolmaster, without further answer, rose and threw open a door half sashed with glass, which led to an old-fashioned terrace-walk, behind the mo-dern house, communicating with the platform on

<sup>4</sup> The gressing soil mentioned in the text was the ale betweed for the purpose of the second of the text was the ale betweed for the purpose of the second of the second of the second of the follower. The text we has a more ancient source, and perhaps the custom may be derived from the secret rise of the Best Des. A large and rich choese was made by the woman of the family, with great affectation of secrecy, for the refreshment of the spec-ings who were to attend at the caster minute. This was the text so, so called because its existence was secret (that is, pre-sumed to be so) from all the males of the family, but expected is conduct himself as it he knew of no such preparation, to set as if desirous to press the famale guests to refreshments, and to seem surprised at their obtinate refusal. But the instant hus back was turned the text was accompanisment of the greens which the remainder was divided among the guessis, each carry-ing a large portion home with the same afficiation of gree, is rest.

which the runse of the success eastle were situated. The wind had arisen, and swept before it the clouds which had formerly obscured the sky. The moon was high, and at the full, and all the lesser satellites of heaven shone forth in cloudless effulgence. The seepe which their light presented to Mannering, was in the highest degree unexpected and striking. We have observed, that in the latter part of his journey our traveller approached the see-shore, with-out being aware how nearly. He now perceived that the runs of Ellangowan cestle were situated upon a promonousy, or projection of rock, which formed one side of a small and placid bey on the sea-shore. The modern mansion was placed lower, though closely atjoining, and the ground behind it descended to the see by a small swelling green bank, divided into levels by natural terrates, on which grew some old ether side of the bay, opposite to the old castle, was a soping and varies promontory, covered chiefly with cupsewood, which on that favoured coast grows al-most within water-mark. A fishermen's cottage peep-ed from among the trees. Even at this dead hour of night there were lights moving upon the shore, probably occasioned by the unloading a smugging lugger from the lase of Man, which was lying in the bay. On the light from the sashed door of the house being observed, a halloo from the vessel, of "Ware barws! Douse the stim !" alarmed those who were

bay. On the light from the seahed door of the house being observed, a halloo from the vessel, of "Ware hawk! Dougs the glim !" alarmed those who were on shore, and the lights instantly disappeared. It was one hour after midnight, and the prospect around was lovely. The gray old towers of the truin, partly entire, partly broken, here bearing the rusty weather-stains of ages, and there partially mantled with ivy, stretched along the verge of the dark rock which rose on Mannering's right hand. In his front was the quiet bay, whose little waves, crisping and sparking, to the moonbeams, roiled successively elong its surface, and dashed with a soft and mur-murng ripple against the silvery beach. To the left the wools advanced far into the ocean, waving in the the woods advanced far into the ocean, waving in the moonlight along ground of an undulating and varied moonlight along ground of an undulating and varied form, and presenting those varieties of light and shade, and that interesting combination of glade and thicket, upon which the eye delights to rest, charmed with what it sees, yet curious to pierce still deeper into the intricacies of the woodland scenary. Above rolled the planets, each, by its twn liquid orbit of light, diaginguished from the inferior or more distant there. To atranspir can imagination deceive even sens. So strangely can imagination deceive even these by whose volition it has been excited, that Mannering, while gaing upon these brilliant bodies, was half juctimed to believe in the influence secribed to them by superstition over human events. But Mannering was a youthful lover, and might perhaps is influenced by the feelings so exquisitely expressed by a modern poet :

\* modern poet: "For fuble is Love's world, his home, his birth-place: Delightedly dwells he 'mong fay, and laistana, And spirits, and delightedly bolieves Divinities, being himself divine. The intellighte forms of ancient poets, The fair humanities of old religion, The fair humanities of old religion, The format their haust in dale, or piny momntains," Or charms and watry dopthe-all these have vanish'd; Thest the heart doth peeds in anguars, still Doth the old instinct brieg back the old narms. And to yon starry world ther now are gone. Borist or gods, that used to share this earth will man as with their friend, and to the lover Yonder they move, from yonder visible for This Jupiter, who brings what's is gont, "Ales."

Such musings soon gave way to others. "Alass" he mattered. "my good old tutor, who used to enter so deep into the controversy between Heydon and Chambers on the subject of satrology, he would have jooked upon the scene with other eyes, and would have seriously endeavoured to discover from the re-spective positions of these luminaries their probable "lests on the destiny of the new-bern infant as if the courses or emanations of the stars superseded, or, at heat, way co-ordinate with, Divine Providence.

CHANS IV.

Well, rest be with him ! he instilled into me enough Well, rest be with him? he installed into me enough of knowledge for erecting a scheme of nativity, and therefore will I presently go about it." So saying, and having noted the position of the principal planet-ary bodies. Guy Mannering returned to the house. The Laird met him in the parlow, and acquaining him, with great glee, that the boy was a fine healthy little fellow, asemed rather disposed to press farther conviviality. He admitted, however, Mannering's plea of weariness, and, conducting him to his also ing apartment, left him to repose for the oversing.

# CHAPTER IV.

Turn belief in astrology was almost universal in the middle of the seventeenth century; it began to wave and become doubtful towards the close of that period, and in the beginning of the eighteenth the art fell into

and become doubtful towards the close of that period, and in the beginning of the eighteenth the art fell into general disrepute, and even under general ridicals Yet it still retained many partmans even in the sets of learning. Grave and studious men were loath to relinquish the calculations which had early become the principal objects of their sindles, and felt relis-tant to descend from the predominating height is which a supposed insight into faturity, by the power of consulting abstract influences and conjunctions, had exalted them over the rest of mankind. Among those who charished this imaginary privi-lege with undoubting faith, was an old clergyman, with whom Mannering was placed during his youth. He wasted his eyes in observing the stars, and his brains in calculations upon their various combine-tions. His pupil, in early youth, naturally caught some portion of his enthusiasm, and labourd for a time to make himself master of the technical process of astrological research is on that before he became convinced of its absurdity, William, Lilly himself would have allowed him "a curious fancy and per-cung judgment in resolving a question of nativity." On the present occasion, he arose as early in the proceeded to calculate the nativity of the young heir of curioity to know whether he yet remembered, and could practise, the imaginary science. He secondampt

of curiosity to know whether he yet remembered, could practise, the imaginary science. He accords erected his scheme, or figure of beaven, divided its twelve houses, placed the planets therein ac ing to the Ephemeris, and rectified their possib the hour and moment of the nativity. Without, the hour and moment of the nativity. Without a bling our readers with the general prognostical which judicial astrology would have information these circumstances, in this diagram there was significant, which pressed remarkably upon our trologer's attention. Mars having dignity in also of the twelfth house, threatoned captrity, or la and violent death, to the native; and Mannagin ving recourse to those further rules by which day protend to astertain the velameney of this evil tion, observed from the result, that three periods w be particularly hazardous-his *fifh*-his tends thenty-first year. twenty-first year.

It was somewhat remarkable, that Manneri It was somewhat remarkaple, that manners once before tried a similar piece of foolery, at a stance of Sophia Wellwood, the young lady to y he was attached, and that a similar conjunct planetary influence threatened her with death, a prisonment, in her thirty-ninth year. She we this time eighteen; so that according to the y of the scheme in both cases, the same year they ed her with the same misfortune that was pro-to the aciency of the scheme that was pro-to the scheme in two that night her with the same misfortune that was presented by the same misfortune that was proed her with the same misjortune that was pre-to the native or infant, whom that night had duced into the world. Siruck with this coincid Manaring repeated his calculations; and they approximated the events predicted, until, at is the same month, and day of the month. most aigned as the period of peri to bolt. It will be readily believed, that in merritican circumstance, we lay no weight whatever

mended information thus conveyed. But it often appens, such is our natural love for the marvellous, that we willingly contribute our own efforts to beguile whether judgments. Whether the coincidence which I have mentioned was really one of those singular I have mentioned was really one of those singular shares, which sometimes happen against all ordi-tary calculations; or whether Mannering, bewilder-ed amid the arithmetical labyrinth and technical jar-gon of astrology, had insensibly twice followed the same clew to guide him out of the maze; or whether his imagination, seduced by some point of apparent resemblance, lent its aid to make the similitude be-

his imagination, seduced by some point of apparent resemblance, lent its aid to make the similitude be-tween the two operations more exactly accurate than it might otherwise have been, it is impossible to guess; but the impression upon his mind, that the results ex-actly corresponded, was vividly and indelibly strong. He could not help feiling surprise at a coincidence os singular and unexpected. "Does the devil mingle in the dance, to average himself for our trifling with an art said to be of magical origin ? Or is it peasi-ble, as Bacon and Sir Thomas Browne admit, that there is some truth in a sober and regulated astro-logy, and that the influence of the stars is not to be denied, though the due application of it, by the instrumed in dismiss this opinion as fatas-tical, and only sanctioned by those learned men, either because they durst not at once shock the uni-wersal prejudices of their age, or because they them-estres were not altogether freed from the contagious minence of a prevailing superstition. Yet the result of his calculations in these two instances left so un-pleasing an impression en his mind, that, this Pros-

minence of a prevaiing supersition. Yet the result of his calculations in these two instances left so un-pleasing an impression on his mind, that, like Pros-pero, be mentally relinquished he art, and resolved, mither in jest nor earnest ever figs to practise ju-dicial astrology. He hesitated a good deal what he should say to the fiss first-born; and, at length, resolved plainly to tell him the judgment which he had formed, at the same zone acquainting him with the futility of the rules of art on which he had proceeded. With this resolution as walked out upon the terrace. If the view of the some around Ellangowan had been pleasing by moonlight, it lost none of its beauty by the light of the moring sun. The land, even in the month of November, smiled under its influence. A steep, but regular ascent, led from the terrace to the mightouring eminance, and conducted Mannering to the fronts of the old castle. It consisted of two massive round towers, projecting, deeply and darkly, at the extreme angles of a curtain, or flat wall, what samided them, and thus protecting the main en-prace, that opened through a lofty arch in the centre of the firming, into the inner court of the castle. The extreme the inner to first aboved the spaces arrang-ed by the securities for lowering the portculing, and mining the draw-bridge. A rule farm-gate, made of prome the size of the castle commanded a noble respect. The draws y scene of desolation, through which

nearing's road had lain on the proceding event, was excluded from the view by some rising system, and the landscape showed a pleasing alternation of a parter of a parter of a parter of a parter of a state of the stat

horizon with a screen which gave a defined and li-mited boundary to the cultivated country, and added, at the same time, the pleasing idea, that it was so questered and solitary. The sca coast, which Man questered and solitary. The sea coast, which Man-nering now saw in its extent, corresponded in variety nering now saw in its extent, corresponded in vanety and beauty with the inland view. In some places it rose into tall rocks, frequently crowned with the runs of old buildings, towers, or beacons, which, accord-ing to tradition, were placed within sight of each other, that, in times of invasion or civil war, they might communicate by signal for mutual defence and protection. Ellengowan castle was by far the metric training to the source of these using and each most extensive and important of these ruins, and asmost extensive and important of these ruins, and as-serted, from size and situation, the soperiority which its founders were said once to have possessed among the chiefs and nobles of the district. In other places, the shore was of a more gentle description, indented with small bays, where the land aloped smoothly down, or sent into the sea premontories covered with wood.

A scene so different from what last night's journay had presaged, produced a proportional effect upon Mannering. Beneath his eye lay the modern houses an awkward mansion, indeed, in point of architec-ture, but wellsituated, and with a warm pleasant ex-posure.-How happily, thought our hero, would kife sticking remnants of ancient grandeur, with the se-cret consciousness of family pride which they inspire; on the other, enough of modern elegance and comfort to satisfy every moderate wish. Here then, and with these Sophia !--We shall not pursue a lover's day-dream any fur-ther. Mannering stood a minute with his arms fold-ed, and then turged to the ruined castle.

ther. Mannering stood a minute with his arms fold-ed, and then turned to the ruined castle. On entering the gateway, he found that the rules magnificance of the inner court amply corresponded with the grandeur of the creterior. On the one side ran a range of windows lofty and large, divided by carved mullions of stone, which had once lighted the great hall of the castle; on the other, were various buildings of different heights and dates, yet so united as to present to the eye a certain general effect of uni-formity of front. The doors and windows were or-namented with projections exhibiting rude specimens of sculpture and tracery, partly entire and partly bro-ken down, partly covered by ivy and trailing plants, which grew luxuriantly among the ruins. That end of the court which faced the entrance had also been which grew luxuriantly among the ruins. That end of the court which faced the entrance had also been formerly closed by a range of buildings; but owing; it was said, to its having been battered by the ships of the Parliament under Deane, during the long civil war, this part of the castle was much more ruinous than the rest, and exhibited a great chasm, through which Mannering could observe the sea, and the little vessel (an armed lugger) which retained her station in the centre of the bay. While Mannering was ga-zing round the ruins, he heard from the interior of an apartment on the left hand the voice of the gipsy he had seen on the preceding evening. He soon found an aperture, through which he could observe her without being himself visible; and could not help feeling, that her figure, her employment, and her situ-ation, conveyed the exact impression of an ancient sibel.

sibyl. She sate upon a broken corner-stone in the angle She sate upon a broken corner-stone in the angle of a paved apartment, part of which she had swept clean to afford a smooth space for the evolutions of her spindle. A strong sumbeam, through a lofty and narrow window, fell upon her wild dress and features, and afforded her light for her occupation; the rest of the apartment was very gloomy. Equipped in a habit which mingled the national dress of the Scottish common people with something of an Eastern cos-tume, she spun a thread, drawn from wool of three different colours, black, white, and gray, by assist ance of those ancient implements of housewifery, now almost banished from the land, the distaff and spindle. As she spun, she sung what seemed to be a charm. Mannering, after in vain attempting to

make himself master of the exact words of her song, afterwards attempted the following paraphrase of what, from a few intelligible phrases, he concluded to be its purport :

Twist ye, twine ye ! even so Mingle shades of joy and wo, Hope, and fear, and peace, and strife, In the thread of human life.

While the mystic twist is spinning, And the infant's life beginning, Dimir seen through twilight bendin Le, what varied shapes attending i

Passions wild, and Follies vais, Pleasures acon exchanged for pain Doubt, and Jealousy, and Fear, in the magic dance appear.

Now they wax, and now they dwindle, Whirling with the whirling spindle. Twist ye, twise ye I evon so Mingle human bias and wo.

Kre our translator, or rather our free imitator, had arranged these stanzas in his head, and while he was yet hammering out a rhymo for *dwindle*, the task of the sibyl was accomplished, or her wool was expendthe subji was accomplished, or her wool was expend-ed. She took the spindle, now charged with her la-bours, and, undoing the thread gradually, measured it, by easting it over her elbow, and bringing each hoop round between her forefinger and thumb. When she had measured it out, she muttered to herself—"A hank, but not a haill ane—the full years o' three score and ten, but thrice broken, and thrice to *cop*, (i. e. to unite;) he'll be a lucky lad an he win through wi't."

Our hero was about to speak to the prophetess, when a voice, hoarse as the waves with which it mingled, halloo'd twice, and with increasing impa-tionce—"Meg, Meg Merrilies!—Gipsy—hag—tousand deyvils!"

"I am coming, I am coming, Captain," answered Meg; and in a moment or two the impatient com-mander whom she addressed made his appearance from the broken part of the ruins.

mander whom she addressed made his appearance from the broken part of the mins. He was apparently a seafaring mah, rather under the middle size, and with a countenance bronzed by a thousand conflicts with the north-east wind. His frame was prodigiously muscular, strong, and thick-set; so that it seemed as if a man of much greater height would have been an inadequate match in any close personal conflict. He was hard-favoured, and, which was worse, his face bore nothing of the is-souciance, the careless fitchicksome jollity and vacant curiosity of a sailor on shore. These qualities, per-haps, as much as any others, contribute to the high popularity of our seamen, and the general good incli-nation which our society expresses towards them. Their gallantry, courses, and hardibod, are qualities which excite reverence, and perhaps rather humble pacific landsmen in their presence; and neither re-spect, nor a sense of humilistion, are feelings easily combined with a familiar fondness towards those who inspire them. But the boyish frolics, the exult-ing high spirits, the unreflecting mirth of a sailor, when enjoying himself on shore, temper the more thing like these in this character. There was no-thing like these in this man's face; on the contrary, a surly and even savage scowl appeared to darken thing like these in this man's face; on the contrary, a surly and even savage scowl appeared to darken features which would have been harait and unplea-sant under any expression or modification. "Where sre you, Mother Deyvilson ?" he said, with somewhat of a foreign accent, though speaking perfectly good English. "Donner and blitzen I we have been stay-ing this half hour-Come, bless the good ship and the voyage, and be cursed to ye for a hag of Satan!" At this moment he noticed Mannering, who, from the position which he had taken to watch Meg Merri-lies incantations, had the appearance of some one who was consessive himself hearth of the some one

the position which he had taken to watch Meg Merri-lies' incantations, had the appearance of some one who was concealing himself, being half hidden by the uttress behind which he stood. The Captain, for such he styled himself, made a sudden and startled pattee, and thrust his right-hand into his boson, be-tween his jacket and waistooat, as if to draw some vesapon. "What cheer, brother? you seem on the cutobal and the start of all solutions and the set of the start of the start of the set outloor - ch ?"

Bre Mannering, somewhat struck by the man's gestare and insolent tone of voice, had made any an-swer the givey emerged from her vault and joined

the stranger. He questioned her in an under tone, looking at Mannering—"A shark alongside; th ?" She answered in the same tone of under-dialogue, using the cant language of her tribe—"Cat bea whids, and stow them—a gentry cove of the ken."• The fellow's cloudy visage cleared up. "The top of the morning to you, sir: I find you are a visiter of my friend Mr. Bertram—I begnardon, but I took you for another sort of a person."

of the morning to yoe, sit: I and you are a visiter at my friend Mr. Bertram—I begpardon, but I took you for another sort of a person" Mannering replied, "And you, sir, I presume, are the master of that vessel in the bay?" "Ay, ay, sir; I am Captain Dirk Hatteraick, of the Yungfrauw Hagenslaapen, well known on this coast; I am not ashamed of my name, nor of my vessel,— no, nor of my cargo neither for that matter." "I dare say you have no reason, sir." "Tousand donner—no; I'm all in the way of fair trade—Just loaded yonder at Douglas, in the lske of Man—neat cognice—real hyson and souchorg— Mechlin lace, if you want any—Right cognice—We bumped ashore a hundred kegs last night." "Really, sir, I am only a traveller, and have ne sort of occasion for any thing of the kind at present." "Why, then, good morning to you, for business must be minded—unless ye'll go aboard and take schnapet—you shall have a pouch-full of tee ashore —Dirk Hatteraick knows how to be civil."

"—Dirk Hatteraick knows how to be civil" —Dirk Hatteraick knows how to be civil" There was a mixture of impudence, hardihood, and suspicious fear about this man, which was inexpre-sibly disgusting. His manners were those of a ruf-fian, conscious of the suspicion attending his charac-ter, yet aiming to bear it down by the affectation of a careless and hardy familiarity. Mannering briefly re-jected his proffered civilities; and after a surly good morning, Hatteraick retired with the gipsy to that appearance. A very narrow staircase here went down to the beach, intended probably for the convenience of the garrison during a siege. By this stair, the couple, equally amiable in appearance, and respect-able by profession, descended to the see-aide. The sol-disant captain emberked in a small boat with two men who appeared to wait for him, and the gipsy re-mained on the shore, reciting or singing, and gesti-culating with great vehemence.

### CHAPTER V.

You have fed upon my seignorise. Dispart'd my parks, and fell'd my forest w From mine own windows tora my house Razed out my impress, leaving me ne sign Bave mon's opinious and my living blood, To show the world I am a gontleman.

To show the world I am a jestionan. Example WHEN the boat which carried the worthy dept on board his vessel had accomplianed that test, sails begin to ascend, and the ship was got us way. She fired three guns as a solute to the ba of Ellangowan, and them shot away rapidly be the wind, which hew off shore, under all the sel could crowd. "Ay, ay," said the Laird, who had sought Mass ing for some time, and now joined him, "there to go-there go the free-traders there go Captain I Hatternick, and the Yungfrauw Hagesakaapon, Manks, haif Ditchman, half devil ; rus out the t sprit, up main-sail, top and top-gallant sails, ro and skyacrapers, and away-follow who can I fellow, Mr. Mannering, is the terror of all the end and custom-house cruisers ; they can make mod ptain D and custom-house cruisers; they can make mo of him; he drubs them, or he distances them;

of nin; he drugs them, of he distances them; -speaking of arcise, I come to bring you to breaking and you shall have some tes, that Mannering, by this time, was aware that thought linked strangely on to another in the e catenation of worthy Mr. Bertram's ideas,

"Like orient pearls at random strang ;"

and, therefore, before the current of his associa thousand drifted further from the point he had left, he brough him back by some inquiry about Dirk Hatternich.

\* Meaning, -Stop yo rean the beans below, \* A dram of liquor. r uncivil language-that is a se "O he's s-a-gude sort of blackguard fellow enough assbody cares to trouble him smuggler, when his guns are in ballast-privateer, or pirate faith, when he gets them mounted. He has done more misched to the revenue folk than ony rogue that

"But, my good sir, such being his character, I wonder he has any protection and encouragement on this coast."

But, my good at, such tenns mis character, a wonder he has any protection and encouragement on this coast." "Why, Mr. Mannering, people must have brandy and tea, and there's none in the country but what comes this way—and then there's short accounts, and maybe a keg or two, or a dozen pounds left at your stable doar, instead of a d-d lang account at Christmas from Dancan Robb, the grocer at Kipple-tringan, who has are a sum to make up, and either wants ready money, or a short-dated bill. Now Hatterneck will take wood, or he'll take bark, or he'll take barley, or he'll take just what's convenient at the time. I'll tell you a gude story about that. There was ance a laird—that's Massie of Gudgeonford,—he had a great number of kain hens—that's hense that the tomant pays to the landlord—like a sort of rent in kind—they are feed mine very ill ; Luckie-Finniston sent up three that were a shame to be seen only last week, and yet she has twelve bows soving of vie-thal's over true)—and geaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here 's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here 's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here 's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, for here 's breaking of that, let us live in the mean while, desponder the rowellent. Still Mannering hinted, though with due delicacy, at the risk of ei-course belonged to the noble Captain Hatteraick's trade, was pronounced ercollent. Still Mannering hinted, though with due delicacy, at the risk of ei-course are belonged to the noble Captain Hatteraick's trade, was pronounced ercollent. Still Mannering hinted, though with due delicacy, at the risk of ei-course are belonged to the noble Captain Hatteraick's trade, was pronounced ercollent. Still Mannering hin test to the revenue lade"—for Mr. Bertrain never

embraced a general or abstract idea, and his notion embraced a general or abstract idea, and his notion of the revenue was personified in the commissioners, surveyors, comptoilers, and riding officers, whom he happened to know-" the revenue-lads can look shap energy out for themselves no ane needs to he shean and they have a' the soldiers to assist them b

mappened to Enow-" the revenue-lads can look sharp ern ough out for themselves—no ane needs to help them—and they have a' the soldiers to assist them be-sides—and as to instice—you'll be surprised to hear it, Mrr. Mannering assumed the expected look of surprise, but thought within himself that the worshipful bench suffered no greet deprivation from wanting the assist-ance of his good-humoured landlord. Mr. Bertram had now hit upon one of the few subjects on which he fait sore, and wanton with some energy. "No, sim—the name of Godfrey Bertram of Elfan-gowan is ned in the last commission, shough there's scarce a carls in the last commission, shough there's scarce a carls in the last commission, shough there's scarce a carls in the last in governer scenons, and wite J. P. site his name. I keen ful weel whom I sim chiesd to—Sir Thomas Kittlecourt as good as tell'd me he would sit in my skirts, if he had not my interest at the last election ; and because I choes to go with my own blood and third cousin, the Laird of Hakroddery, they keepit the off the roll offreeholders I and now there comes a new nomination of justices, and i now there comes a new nomination of justices, and in ow there ones a new nomination of justices, and in ow there ones a new nomination of justices, and in ow there comes a new nomination of justices, and in ow there comes a new nomination of justices, and in the bay due strent warrants in my life, and the Dommaries wrote every one of them—and if it had not been strat unlicky business of Sandy Mac. Gruthar's that the constable should have keepit it two or threa days up yonder at the auld castle, just till they could get conveniency to send him to the county jull—and that coest me energh of siller—But I ken what Sil Thormans wints very weel—it was just sic and sic-like about the set in the kirk o' Kiinagirdle—waa is the strat the first the first o' Kiinagirdle—waa is the the on the test o' Kiinagirdle—waa is the theore the front gallery facing the mi-ster of theaset various complaints.

Entrance in the sequescence in the jus-

"And then, Mr. Mennaring, there was the story about the road, and the fauld-dike—I ken Sir Thol-mas was behind there, and I said plainly to the clerk to the trastees that I saw the cloven foot, let them take that as they like.—Would any genthemen, or set of gentlemen, go and drive a road right through the comer of a fauld-dike, and take away, as my agent observed to them, like twa roads of gude moorland pasture?—And there was the story about choosing the collector of the coss?—— "Certainly, ar, it is hard you should meet with any meglect in a country, where, to judge from the extent of their residence, your ancestors must have made a very important figure."

very important fi

"Very important ngure." "Very true, Mr. Mannering-I am a plain man, and do not dwell on these things; and I must needs ay. I have little memory for them; but I wish ye could have heard my father's stories about the auld fights of the Mac-Dingawaics-that's the Bertrams fights of the Mac-Dingiwaies—that's the Bertrams that now is—wi' the Irish, and wi' the Highlanders, that came here in their berlings from Hay and Can-ture—and how they went to the Holy Land—that is, to Jerusalem and Jericho, wi' a' their clan at their hosis—they had better have gaen to Jamaica, like Sir Thomas Kittlecourt's uncle—and how they brought hame relics, like those that Catholics have, and a Gag that's up yonder in the garart—if they had been casts of Muscavado, and puncheons of rum, it would have been better for the estate at this day—but there's little comparison between the audi keen at Kittlelittle comparison between the auld keep at Kittle-court and the castle o' Ellangowan-I doubt if the keep's forty feet of front-But ye make no breakfast, Mr. Mannering; ye're no eating your meat; allow me to recommend some of the kipper-It was John

Mr. Mannering ; ye're no esting your meat; allow me to recommend some of the kipper-It was John Hay that catch it, Saturday was three weeks, down at the stream below Hempseed ford," dc. dc. dc. The Leard, whose indignation had for some time kept him pretty steady to one topic, now launched forth into his usual roving style of conversation, which gave Mannering ample time to reflect upor the disadvantages attending the situation, which, an hour before, he had thought worthy of se much entry. Here was a country gentleman, whoice most estima-ble quality seemed his perfect good nature, secretly frotting himself and murmuring against others, for causes which, compared with any real evil in life, must weigh like dust in the balance. But such is the equal distribution of Providence. To those who he lie out of the read of great afflictions, are assigned petty vexations, which answer all the purpose of disturb philosophy can render couptry gentlemen intensible to the greate answer all the manners of the country, Mannering took the advantage of a punce in great seesings, and meetings of trastees. -Curiogs to investigate the manners of the country, Mannering took the advantage of a punce in great and the read starts of stores, to inquire what Oppi-served, that setting of stores, to inquire what Oppi-setters to investigate the manners of the country, Mannering took the advantage of a punce in great an Haitsraick so estings of the what first purpose of the read of stores, to inquire what Oppi-tion Haitsraick so estings of the spine what Oppi-tion Haitsraick so estings of the top more there in the great and the spine his abia. I suppose the set the great

tain Hatterates to calacter, "O to bless his ship, I suppose. You reast know, Mr. Mannering, that these free traders, whom the law calls smugglers, having no religion, make it all, up in superstition; and they have as many spells, and charms, and benease "Vanity and waar?" said the Deminie: "it is a trafficking with the Evil One. Spells, persects, and charms are of his device—choice arrows out of Apel-lyon's quiver."

charms are of his device -choice arrows out of Apel-lyon's quiver." "Hold your peace, Dominis - ye're speaking for ever - (by the way they were the first words the poor man had uttered that moraing, excepting that he said grace, and returned thanka)-Mr. Mannering, cannot get in a word for ye !- and so Mr. Manner-ing, talking of astronomy and spells, and these matters, have ye been so kind as to consider what we were speaking about last night?" "I begin to think, Mr. Bertram, with your worthy friend here, that I have been rather jesting with edge-tools; and although neither you nor I, nor any sensi-the man, can putfaith in the predictions of astroney, yet as it has sometimes happened that inquines inte-futurity, undertaken in jest, have in their results peo duced serious and unpleasant effects both upen

**GVT MADE** 

# CHAPTER VI.

a Justice, der mund belly, with geed capen il filt gese geven, and heard of formal all of wise shwa, and moders instanc ud so he plays his pert.

As as he plays his pert.----Wayne Mre. Bertram of Klishgewan was able to hear the news of what had passed during her con-finement, her speriment rung with all manner of goesping respecting the handsome young student from Oxford, who had told such a fortune by the gars to the young Land, "blessings on his deinty ince." The form, accent, and manners, of the stran-ger, were expanied upon. His howe, bridle, anddle, and sturme, ald not remain unnoticed. All this made a great impression apon the mind of Mrs. Bei-wan, for the good lady had no small store of super-stition. stition

stituce: Her first supployment when she became capable of a little work, was to make a small velvet bag for the solence of neivity which she had obtained from her teredulity proved stranger than curiosity; and she had the signs of parchment, which she sewed round it, to growns its bang chyled. The whole was then put into the selvest bag affressid, and hung as a charm round the neck of the infant, where his mother re-solved is should remain antil the period for the legiti-mation size science of the company should arrive. The factur also resolved to do his part by the child, in securing him a good education; and with the yiew that it should commence with the first dawn-tions the neck of do his part by the child, in securing him a good education; and with the yiew that it should commence with the first dawn-ings of remarks. During enformed of parish school-menter, make his constant verdence at the Place, and, in consideration of as un not quite equal to the wages of a footman even at that time, to undertake for first suployment when she became canable of

and, in consideration of a sum not quite equal to the wages of a footman even at that time, to undertake the communicate to the future Laird of Ellangowan all the erudition which he had, and all the graces and accomplishments which—he had not indeed, but which he had never discovered that he wanted. In this arrangement, the Laird fuend also his private alternings; securing the constant benefit of a patient quditor, to whom he take his stories when they were visua he had a company. Abaut four years a flor this time a grant common

about four years allor this time, a great commo-is took place in the county where Ellangowan is ated.

the day was dissolved, and parhament, as a metuan consequence, was dissolved also. Sir Thomas Kittlecourt, like other members in the same situation, posted down to his county, and not but an indifferent recoption. He was a partian of the old administration; and the friends of the new held administration; and the friends of the new seme situation, posted down to his county, and next but an indifferent reception. He was a partisen of she old administration; and the friends of the new had already set about an active entrans in benefit of John Fostherhead, Esq. who kept the best bounds and huntars in the shire. Among others who joinst the stindard of revolt was Gilbert Glessin, write in \_\_\_\_\_\_ agent for the Laird of Edhangowan. This honest gentleman had either been refueed seems favour by the old member, or, what is as probable, he had got al-head the messed distant protension to each, and could only look to the other old for from advance-ment. Mr. Glessin had a vote meh Ellangowan's property; and he was now determined that his pa-tron should have eas also, there being no doubt which add Mr. Bertram would embrace in the countset. He easily germaded Ellangowan, that it would be credit-able to him to take the field at the head of as strong a party as possible; and inturdity went to work, making votes, as every Sootch lawyer knows how by subting and schedring there, and ore ring here, adding and schedring there, and ore ring here, adding and schedring the superiorities upon this spoot men of parchment as ever took the oath of unst ind possesion. This strong reinforcement turned the dabieus day of baitle. The principal and his agent divided the heneur; the reward fell to the latter ex-clusively. Mr. Gilbert Glessim was made clerk of the peace, and Godfrey Bertram held of the crown, they advanced, at the day of contest, at the boat of unst in a new commission of justices, itsued immediately upon the sitting of the parliament. This had been the summit of Mr. Bertram's ambi-tion, not that he liked either the trouble or the re-sponsibility of the office, but the thought it was a dig-nity to which he was well entilled, and that it had been withheld from him by malice prepares. But there is an old and true Scotch proverb, "Fools should

nity to which he was well entitied, and that is used been withhold from him by malice prepense. But there is an old and true Scotch proverb, "Fools should not have chapping sticks;" that is, weapons of offence. Mr. Bertram was no sconer possessed of the judich authority which he had so much longed for, than he began to exercise it with more severity than meny, and totally belied all the opinions which had hithar in the many of his inset should making. We have the and totally belied all the opinions which had hither been formed of his inert good nature. We have no somewhere of a justice of peace, who, on being a minated in the commission, wrota a letter to a bad seller for the statutes respecting his official duty; the following orthography.—"Please send the az a lating to a gustus peake." No doubt, when this lang of gentleman had possessed himseff of the aze, hewed the laws with it to some purpose. Mr. In tram was not quite so ignorant of English grama as his worshipful predecessor: but Augustus Fee himself could not have used more induscriminant the weapon unwarily put into his hand. In good earnest, he considered the commission wi

the weepon unwarily put into his hand. In good excest, he considered the commission will which he had been intrusted as a personal mark a favour from his sovereign; forgeting that he has formerly thought his being depixed of a privilegra, bonour, common to those of his rank, was the rear of mere party cabal. He commanded his trusty and de-camp, Dominie Sampson, to read aloud the com-mission; and at the first words, "The king has he pleased to appoint"---"Pleased ?" he exclaimed, its rearmont of gratiude: "Honeat contenant I'm same

r, to whom he set is his stories when they were and at whose supense he could break a sly jest is he ac connection. If you are the set of connection of the stories when a stories when they were the stories and the stories when a stories a store stories a stories a stories a stories a store store store sto

my) during the peaceful reign of her predecessor, fly at fall speed before the probationary inroads of the w mercenary. Even so the Laird of Ellangowan ruthlessly commenced his magisterial reform, at the rublessly commenced his magnetical reform, at the empense of various established and superannuated pickers and stealers, who had been his neighbours for half a century. He wrought his miracles like a second Duke Humphrey; and by the influence of the beadle's rod, caused the lame to walk, the blind to see, and the palaied to ishour. He detected poachers, back-fishers, orchand broakers, and pigeon-shooters; had the applause of the bench for his reward, and the public credit of an active magistrate.

had the applause of the bench for his reward, and the public credit of an active magistrate. All this good had its rateable proportion of evil. Even a admitted musance, of ancient standing, should not be abated without some caution. The read of our workly friend now involved in great dis-trass andry personages whose idle and mendicant habits his own lackase had contributed to foster, multithese habits had become irreclaimable, or whose and incepacity for attertion rendered them fit objects, a their own phrase, for the charity of all well-dispo-mit Charitians. The "long-remembered begger," who for twenty years had made his regular rounds within the neighbourhood, received rather as an humble fright than as an object of charity, was sent to the neighbouring workhouse. The decrepit dame, who travilled round the parish upon a hand-berrow, cir-culating from house to house like a bad shilling, which every one is in haste to pass to his neighbour, then a traveller domands post-horses, even she mend the same disastrous fate. The "daft Jock," has, and k mave, half idot, had been the sport of each succeeding race of village children for a good part of a century, was capable of enjoying, he pingd and diself in the course of su months. The old sailor, who had so long reposed the smoky rafters of every litchen in the course of su months. The old sailor, who had so long reposed the smoky rafters of every litchen in the course of su singh court of the sensel to speak with a swong lingh accent. Even the sensel to speak with a swong lingh accent. Even the weed to speak with a strong Irish accent. Even the manal rounds of the pediar were abolished by the matter, in his heavy zeal for the administration of wal police.

I police. These things did not pass without notice and cen-a. We are not made of wood or stone, and the grawhich connect themselves with our hearts and the manage of links back or lichen, be rent ayeay with our unsamp them. The former's dense lacked towns, temps, in the lightence, perhaps also the self-tions, the massion of intelligence, perhaps also the self-tions, the massion of the lightence of the self-tions, the massion of the lightence of the self-tions, the massion of the self of the self-tions, the massion of the self of the self-tions, the massion of the self of the self-tions, the self inconvenience from interruption of massion of the self of the self of the self. cottage felt inconvenience from interruption of perfy same carried an by the itinerant dealers. I studies leaked their supply of sugarplans and the the young women wanted pins, ribbons, combs, indicate , and the old could no longer barter their the set, anull, and tokacoo. All these circum-ter she, and the old could no longer barter their these is and the old could no longer barter their these is and the old could no longer barter their these is and the old could no longer barter their these is an tokacoo. All these circum-ters is a state of could no longer barter their these is an tokacoo. All these circum-ters is a state of these of a state was brought a young result of the like of Greenside, or Burnville, is working the like of Greenside, or Burnville, is working the like of Greenside, or Burnville, try; but Ellangowan! that had been a name of them since the mirk Monanday, and lang be-tion to be granting the puir at that rate !- They is grantelisther the Wicked Laird : but, though is wrisiles fractious ansuch, when he got into f company, and had ta'en the drap drink, he is an into time, and had ta'en the drap drink, he is an into time, and there were as mony pur is into the same in the sourt, and about the a there were gention in the ba'. And the led Vot. II.-U

How brooms, it is said, sweep clean; and I mynelf an bear winess, that, on the arrival of a new bouse-which the ancient, hereditary, and domestic spiders, who have spun their webs over the lower division of my book-shelves, (consisting chiefly of law and divia response out a mink our great folk might take a lesson fras the papists whiles. They gie another sort o' help to puir folk than just dinging down a sarpence in the brod on the Sabbath, and kilting, and scourging, and drumming them a' the sax days o' the week besides."

Such was the goasip over the good twopenny in every alchouse within three or four miles of Ellango-wan, that being about the diameter of the orbit in which our friend Godfrey Berram, Eag. J. P. mase be considered as the principal luminary. Still greater secone was given to evil tongues by the removal of a coloay of gipsies, with one of whom our reader is somewhat acquainted, and who had for a great many years enjoyed their chief settlement upon the estate of Eliangowan.

# CHAPTER VII.

princes of the ragged regiment, the blood ' Prigg, my most uprig new, what same or title ever that is in, or Petrics, Cranks or Clapper-di or Areas-man-1 speak of al. right ior

Armouse the character of those gipsy tribes, whis formerly inundated most of the nations of kinop and which in some degree still subsist among the as a distinct people, is generally understood, it reader will pardon my saying a few words respective their situation in Scotland.

their situation in Scotland. It is well known that the gipsies were, at an early period, acknowledged as a separate and independent race by one of the Scottish monarche, and that they were less favourably distinguished by a subsequent law, which rendered the character of gipsy equal, in the judicial balance, to that of common and habitmal thief, and prescribed his punishment accordingly. Notwithstanding the severity of this and qther sta-tutes, the fraternity prospered amid the distresses of the sountry, and received large accessions from ameng these whom famine, conversion, or the sword of war. the country, and received large accessions from among those whom famine, oppression, or the sword of war, had deprived of the ordinary means of subsistence. They lost, in a great measure, by this intermixtare, the national character of Egyptans, and became a mingled race, having all the idleness and predatory habits of their Eastern ancestors, with a ferocity which they probably borrowed from the man of the north who joined their acciety. They travelled in dif-ferent bands, and had rules among themselves, by which each tribe was confined to its own district. The slightest invasion of the producet which had been assigned to another tribe produced desperate skirmishes, in which there was often much blood shed. she

The patriotic Fletcher of Saltoun drew a picture of these banditi about a century ago, which my restore will persee with astonablment. "There are at this day in Soutland (besides a grapt

"There are at this day in Scotland (besides a great many poor families very meanly provided for by the church boxes, with others, who, by living on ba foad, fall into various diseases) two hundred thes-sand people begging from door to door. These are not only no way advantageous, but a very grievous burden to so poor a country. And though the man-ber of them be perhaps double to what it was former-ly, by reason of this present great distress, yet in all times there have how here how then a though the them and of times there have been about one hundred thousand of times there have been about one hundred thouses of those vagabonds, who have lived without any regard or subjection either to the laws of the land, or swan those of God and nature; \* \* \* \* \* . No magistrais could ever discover, or be informed, which way ese in a hundred of these wretches died, or that ever they were baptized. Many murders have been dis-covered among them; and they are not only a most junspeakable oppression to poor tenants, (who, if they give not bread, or some kind of provision, to perhaps forty such villains in one day, are sure to be insulted by them.) but they rob many poor people who live in by them, but they rob many poor people who live in bouses distant from any neighbourhood. In years of lenty many thousands of them most togener in the

mountains, where they feast and riot for many days; and at country weddings, markets, burials, and other the like public occasions, they are to be seen, both man and woman, perpetually drunk, cursing, blasphe-ming, and fighting together." Notwithstanding the deplorable picture presented in this extract, and which Fletcher himself, though the energetic and eloquent friend of freedom, saw no better mode of correcting than by introducing a sys-tem of domestic elavery, the progress of time, and increase both of the means of life and of the power of the laws, gradually reduced this dreadful evil with-ton more narrow bounds. The tribes of gippies, lockincrease both of the means of life and of the power of the laws, gradually reduced this dreadful evil with 'in more narrow bounds. The tribes of gipsies, jock-ies, or cairds,-for by all these denominations such obanditi were known,-became few in number, and many were entirely rooted out. Still, howerer, a sof-ficient number remained to give becasional alarm and constant versation. Some rude handierafts were entirely resigned to these itinerants, particularly the art of trencher-making, of manufacturing horn-spoons, and the whole mystery of the tinker. To these they added a petty trade in the coarse sorts of earthen ware. Such were their ostenaible means of livelihood. Each tribe had usually some fixed place of rendersous, which they occasionally occupied and considered as their standing camp, and in the vicinity of which they generally abstained from depredation. They had even talents and accompliahments, which smade theth occasionally useful and entertaining. Many cultivated music with success; and the favour-its fadler or piper of a district was offen to be found an a gipsy town. They understood all out-of-door sports, especially otter-hunting, fishing, or finding game. They brid the best and boldest terriers, and sometimes had good pointers for sale. In winter, the women told fortunes, the men showed tricks of isgendemann; and these accomplishments often help-ed to while away a weary or stormy evening in the circle of the "farmer's ha'." The wildness of ther Jegardemain; and these accomplianments often hep-ed to while away a weary or stormy evening in the circle of the "farmer's ha". The wildness of their character, and the indomitable pride with which they despised all regular labour, commanded a certain awe, which was not diminished by the consideration, that these strollers were a vindictive race, and were restrained by no check, either of fear or conscience, they despised a product a vancement restrained by the other who had restrained by no check, sither of fear or conscience, from taking desperate vengeance upon those who had offended them. These tribes were, in bhort, the *Pa-rise* of Scotland, living like wild Indians among Eu-ropean settlers, and, like them, judged of rather by their own customs, habits, and opinions, than as if they had been members of the civilized part of the community. Some hordes of them yet remain, chiefly in such situations as afford a ready escape either into a waste country, or into another jurisdiction. Nor are the features of their character much softened. Their numbers however, are so streatly diminished.

are the features of their character much softened. Their numbers, however, are so greatly diminished, that, instead of one hundred thousand, as calculated by Fletcher, it would now perhaps be impossible to collect above five hundred throughout all Scotland. A tribe of these innerants, to whom Mog Merrilies appertained, had long been as stationary as their ha-bits permitted, in a gien upon the estate of Ellan-gowan. They had there erected a few huts, which they demoniasted their "city of refuge," and where, who not absent on excursions, they harboured un-molested, as the crows that roosted in the old ash-trees around them. They had been such long coupants, that they were considered in some degree as proprie-

and acknowledgments of dependence, were rewarded by protection on some occasions, connivance on others, and broken victuals, ale, and brandy, when circumstances called for a display of generosity; and circumstances cause for a display of generosity; and this mutual intercourse of good offices, which has been carried on for at least two centuries, readered the inhabitants of Deracisugh a kind of privileged retainers upon the estate of Ellangowan. "The knaves" were the Laird's "exceeding good friends?" and he would have deemed himself very ill-used, if his counterance could not now and the back the and he would have decimal himsel vary in-used in his countenance could not now and then have borne them out against the law of the country and the local magistrate. But this friendly union was soon to be dissolved.

dissolved. The community of Derncleugh, who cared for no rogues but their own, were wholly without alarm at the severity of the justice's proceedings towards other timerants. They had no doubt that he determined to suffer no mendicants or strollers in the country, but what wided on his own property and tracting to suffer no mendicants or strollers in the county, but what resided on his own property, and practises their trade by his immediate permission, implied or expressed. Nor was Mr. Bertram in a hurry to exort his newly-acquired authority at the sepase of these old settlers. But he was driven on by circumstances.

The traite of his manned to predict the processe of these old settlers. But he was driven on by unstice was pub-licly upbraided by a gentleman of the opposite party in county politics, that, while he afficied a great seal for the public police, and seemed ambitious of the fame of an active magistrate, he fostered a tribe of the greatest rogues in the county, and permitted them to harbour within a mile of the house of Kilan-gowan. To this there was no reply, for the fact was too evident and well-known. The Laird digested the taunt as he best could, and in his way home annesed inmodif with speculations on the casest method of ridding himself of these vagrants, who brought a stain upon his fair fame as a magistrate. Just as he had recolved to take the first opportunity of quarte-ling with the Parias of Derncleugh, a cause of provo-cation presented uself. Since our friend's advancement to be a conservator of the peace, he had caused the gate at the head of his avenue, which formerly, having only one hinge, remained at all times hospitably open—he had cound this gate, I say, to be newly hung and handsounely painted. He had also shut up with paling curiously invisted with furse, certain holes in the fances adjoin-ing, through which the gipsy boys used to scramble anistory inscription on one side of the gate intimated "prosecution according to law" (the paints the fances. **He** anisatory inscription on one side of the gate intimated "prosecution according to law" (the paints had useds it persecution according to law" (the paints had useds it persecution according to law" (the paints had useds it persecution according to law" the paints had useds it persecution according to law" the paints had useds it mannets is degreed within the forbidiem gate and the labes on the scale horse is degrees in the anister and the labes on the scale the mass dealing, or pershaps of assuming, the as be twee could, or clinter sets leg." In defined the no descend ;—they paid no attestion after another ;—they resisted, passively at lease

The Laird then called in the assistance of his vant, a surly follow, who had immediate recour-his horse whip. A few lashes sont the party a me pering; and thus commenced the first breach of peace between the house of Ellangowan and the size of Dernelengh. The latter could not for some time imagine that war was real - until they found that their chail ware borne-whipped by the gridy when found passing; that their cases were pointed by the gree officer when left in the plantations, or even

# ICHAP. VIL

## GEAP. VIII.]

arned to graze by the road-side, against the provi-ion of the turnpike acts; that the constable began to som or us rurnpace sets; that the constable began to make curious inquiries into their mode of gaining a hvelhood, and expressed his surprise that the men should sleep in the hovels all day, and be abroad the greater part of the night.

should sleep in the hovels all day, and be abroad the greater part of the night. When matters came to this point, the gipsies, with-out scruple, entered upon measures of retalation. Elangowan's hen-roots were plundered, his linen stoken from the lines or bleaching ground, his fishings posched, his dogg kidnapped, his growing trees cut or barked. Misch petty mischief was done, and some evidently for the mischief's sake. On the other hand, warrants wentforth, without mercy, to pursue, search for, take, and Apprehend; and, notwithstanding their dextenity, one or two of the depredators were unable to avoid coarriciton. One, a stout young fellow, who sometimes had gone to sea a fishing, was handed ever to the Captain of the impress service at D---; two children were soundly flogged, and one Egyptian mairon sent to the house of correction. Still, however, the gipsies made no motion to lave the spot which they had so long inhabited, and Mr. Bartam feit an unwillingnees to deprive them of their ancient "city of refuge;" so that the petty warfare we have noticed continued for several months, without increase or abatement of hostilities on either eide.

# CHAPTER VIII.

Other of medians, by Ontario's side, Memori handy on the brindled panther's hide, As Ada his swarthy race, with anguish sees The white man's cottage rise beneath the trees; He leaves the shelter of his native wood, And forward reshing in indignant grief, Where saver foot has trod the fallen leaf. He bench his course where twilight reigns sublin O'er forcests silest since the birth of time. Benes of I He be

Is tracing the rise and progress of the Scottish Earoon war, we must not omit to mention that years had rolled on, and that little Harry Bertram, and of the hardiest and most lively children that ever none of the hardiest and most intely children that ever made a sword and grenadier's cap of rushes, now gproached his fifth revolving birth-day. A hardi-lood of disposition, which early developed itself, made him already a little wanderer; he was well ac-quainated with every patch of les ground and dingle swond Killangowan, and could tell in his broken language mon what boulks grew the bonniest flow-ers, and what coulds for inpest nuts. He repeat-edly terrified his attendants by clambering about the runns of the old castle, and had more than once made a stein excursion as far as the gipsy hamlet. On these occasions he was generally brought back by Mag Marrites, who, though she could not be pre-valed upon to enter the Place of Killangowan after her makes whad been given up to the presegung did hot apparently extend her resentment to the child. On the contrary, the often contrived to wayley him to the make and her often contrived to wayley him

her sephew had been given up to the presegang, did not apparently extend her resentment to the child. On the constrary, whe often contrived to wayley him a des walks, and him a gipey song, give him a ride mere her jack and, him a gipey song, give him a ride mere her jack and, him a gipey song, give him a ride mere her jack and, him a gipey song, give him a ride mere her jack and, him a gipey song, give him a ride mere her jack and thrust into his pocket a piece mere her jack and thrust into his pocket a piece mere her jack and thrust into his pocket a piece mere her song and thrust into his pocket a piece inter young Mit. Harry would be the pride of the fa-tily, and there hadns been sic a sprout frae the auld a mine the death of Arthur Mac-Dingawaie, that are killed in the battle of the Bloody Bay ; as for the ment stick, it was good for naching but fire wood." In the occasion, when the child was ill, she lay all ght below the window, chanting a rhyme which a felsewed sovereign as a febrifuge, and could ither be prevailed upon to enter the house, nor to me the station she had chosen, ill ahe was in-med that the crisis was over. The affection of this womare means matter of sus-tion, met indeed to the Land, who was never hasty wappecting evil, but to his wife, who had indiffer-t health and poor spirits. She was now far ad-

NNERING. If a second pregnancy, and, as she could use walk abroad herself, and the woman who attended upon Harry was young and thoughtless, she prayed Dominie Sampson to undertake the task of watching the boy in his rambles, when he should not be otherwise accompanied. The Dominie loved his young charge, and was enraptured with his own success, in having already brought him so far in his learning as to spell words of three syllables. The idea of this early prodigy of erudition being carried off by the gipsies, like a second Adam Smith," was not to be tolerated; and accordingly, though the charge was contrary to all his habits of life, he readily undertook it, and might be seen stalking about with a mathematical problem in his head, and his ever upon a child of five years old, whose rambles led him into a hundred awward situations. Twice was the Dominie chased by a cross-grained cow, once he fell into the brook crossing at the stepping-stones, and another ime was bogged up to the middle in the slough of bechend, in attempting to gathet a water-lift of the toras bogged up to the middle in the slough of bechend, in attempting to gathet a water-lift of the rest boys on relieved Sampson on the latter occasion. "That the Laird might as weel trust the care o' his attrubable. "Pro-di-gi-ous." was the online bore all his diasters with gravity and screnity equally imperturbable. "Pro-di-gi-ous." was the online bore all his diasters with gravity and screnity equally imperturbable. "Pro-di-gi-ous." was the online bore all his diasters with gravity and screnity equally imperturbable. "Pro-di-gi-ous." was the online bore and branch work with the Maroons of Demine bore all his diasters with gravity and screnity equally imperturbable. The old servants shook their heads at his proposal, and even Domine Sampson ventured upon an indirect remonstrance. "As however, it was ouched in the oracular phrase, "No more care."

proposal, and even Dominie Sampson ventured upon an indirect remonstrante. As, however, it was couched in the oracular phrase, "New moreas Come-rinom," neither the allusion, nor the language in which it was expressed, were calculated for Mr. Ber-tram's edification, and matters proceeded against the gipsies in form of law. Every door in the hamlet was chalked by the ground-officer, in token of a for-mal warning to remove at next term. Still, how-ever, they showed no symptoms either of submission or of compliance. At length the term. Still, how-ever, they showed no symptoms either of submission or of compliance. At length the term. Still, how-sufficient to render all resistance vain, charged the inhabitants to depart by noon; and, as they did not obey, the officers, in terms of their warrant, proceed-ed to unroof the cottages, and pull down the wretched doers and windows, -a summary and effectual mode ed to unroof the cottages, and pull down the wretched doers and windows,—a summary and effectual mode of ejection still practised in some remote parts of Scotland, when a tenant proves refractory. The gipsies, for a time, beheld the work of destruction in sullen milence and inactivity; then set about saddling and loading their asses, and making preparations for their departure. These were soon accomplished, where all had the habits of wandering Tartars; and they set forth on their journey to seek new settle-ments, where their patrons should neither be of the output.

they set forth on their journey to seek new settle-ments, where their patrons should neither be of the quorum, nor custors rotulorum. Certain qualms of feeling had deterred Ellangowan from attending in person to see his tenants expelled. He left the executive part of the business to the offi-cers of the law, under the immediate direction of Frank. Kennedy, a supervisor, or riding-officer, be-longing to the excise, who had of late become inti-mate at the Place, and of whom we shall have more to say in the next chapter. Mr. Bertram himself chose that day to make a visit to a friend at some distance. But it so happened, notwithstanding his precautions, that he could not avoid meeting his late tenants during their retreat from his property. It was in a hollow way, near the top of a steep as-cent, upon the verge of the Ellangowan estate, that Mr. Bertram met the gipsy procession. Four of five nen formed the advanced guard, wrapped in long loose great-coats that hid their tall slender figures, as the large slouched hata, drawn over their bows, coa-ceake their wild features, drawn over their bows, coa-ceake their wild features, drawn over their bows, coa-ceake their wild features during the about the at a state his and all had the Winghland dirk, though they did not wear that weapon "The they of Recomment Philosophy, was when a child,

\* The father of Economical Philosophy, was, when a child ctually carried off by gipsiss, and remained some hours in the consession.

epcaly or ottentatiously. Behind them followed the frain of laden asses, and small carts or *tumblers*, as they were called in that country, on which were laid the decrepit and the helpless, the aged and infant part of the exiled community. The women in their red cloaks and straw hat, the clder children with bare heads and bare feet, and almost naked bodies, had the immediate care of the little caravan. The and me anormy while the caravan. Behind them followed the and the immediate care of the little caravan. The road was narrow, running between two broken banks of sand, and Mr. Bertram's servant rode forward, smacking his whip with an air of authority, and mo-tioning to the drivers to allow free passage to their betters. His signal was unattended to. He then called to the men who lounged idly on before, "Stand to your beasts' heads, and make room for the Laird to pass."

called to the men was unattended to. Its stand to your beasts' heads, and make room for the Laird to pass." "He shall have his share of the road," answered a male gipsy from under his slouched and large-brim-med hat, and without raising his face, " and he shall have nese mair; the highway is as free to our cuddles as to his gelding." The toue of the man being sufky, and even me-nacing, Mr. Bertram thought it best to put his dig-nity in his pocket, and pass by the procession quietly, on such space as they choose to leave for his accom-modation, which was narrow arough. To cover with an sppearance of indifference has feeling of the want of respect with which he was treated, he ad-briel is which "have you heard that your son Ga-briel is well?" (The guestion respected the young man who had been presed.) "If I had heard otherwise," said the old man, boking up with a stern and menacing countenance. "you should have been of intriber question. When the Laird had pressed on with difficulty among a crowd of familiar faces, which had on all former oc-casions marked his approach with the reverence due to that of a superior being, but in which he now only read hatred and contempt, and had got clear of the throng, he could not help turning his horse, and looking back to mark the progress of their march. The group would have been an excellent subject for the pencil of Calotte. The van had alroady reached a small and stunted thicket, which was at the bottom of the hill, and which groutually hid the line of march until the last stragglers disappeared. His scneation were bitter enough. The race, it is they, which he had thus summarily dismissed from

His sensations were bitter enough. The race, it is true, which he had thus summarily dismissed from their ancient place of refuge, was idle and vicious; but had he endeavoured to render them otherwise? They were not more irregular characters now, than they had been while they were admitted to consider themselves as a sort of subordinate dependants of his family; and orght the more circumstance of his befamily; and ought the mere circumstance of his be coming a magistrate to have made at once such a change in his conduct towards them 1. Some means of reformation ought at least to have been tried, before sending seven families at once upon the wide world, and depriving them of a degree of countenance, ,which withheld them at least from atrocions guilt. There was also a natural yearning of heart on parting with so many known and familiar faces; and to this feeling Godfrey Bertram was peculiarly accessible, from the limited qualities of his mind, which sought its principal amusements among the pety objects around him. As he was about to turn his horse's head to pursue his journey, Meg Merrilies, who had hearself. She was standing on one of the abic presented her-self.

She was standing upon one of those high precipitous banks which, as we before noticed, overhung the road; so that she was placed considerably higher than Eliangowan, even though he was on horseback; and her tall figure, relieved against the clear blue sky, seemed almost of supernatural stature. We have nouced, that there was in her general attire, or rather is her mode of adjusting it, somewhat of a foreign entume, artfully adopted, perhaps for the purpose of the stilling to the effect of her spells and predictions, or Yethaps from some traditional notions respecting the "This associates is a listed for." She was standing upon one of those high precipitous

dress of her ancestors. On this occasion she had a large piece of red cotton cloth rolled about her had in the form of a turban, from beneath which her dark

dress of her ancestor. On this eccasion she had a large piece of red cotton cloth rolled about her head in the form of a turban, from beneath which her dark gyes flushed with uncommon lustre. Her long and this singular head egent. Her attitude was that of a sibyl in frenzy, and she stretched out, in her right hand, a sapling bough, which seemed just pulled. "I'll be d\_\_\_\_\_d' said the groom, "if ahe has not been criting the yourg ashes in the Dukit park?" The dome and ways, the groot, "if a be any the figure which was thus perched above his path. "Fide your ways," said the groot, "if a be any in the figure which was thus perched above his path." The dard made no answer, but continued to look at the figure which was thus perched above his path. "Fide your ways," said the groot, "if a bar of the figure which was thus perched above his path." The your ways, "and your any roof-tree stand the faster. "Ye may stable your aim roof-tree stand the faster. "Ye may stable your aim roof-tree stand the faster. "Ye may stable your aim roof-tree stand the faster our bok for?" There's thirty hearts there, that wad has wanted for the babe that was horn last weak, that ye have turned out o' their bits o' bields, to aleep with the tod and the black-cock is the mutral-Ride your ways. "So ways; for these are hinging at our weay back—look that your briw cadle at hame be the fairer apread up—not that I am wishing ill to little Harry, or to the babe that's yet to be benn\_God for bid—and make them kind to the poor, and better ways; for these are the last words ye'll ever have the fairer apread up—not that I am wishing ill to little Harry, or to the babe that's yet to be benn\_God for diman their father!—And now, rife e' en your ways; for these are thinging abe held in her had, and flung it into the road. Margaret of Anjou, bestwing on her triumphant foes her keen-edged malediction, could not have turned from them with a gesture more proubly contemptonus. The Lain's was the dear in your one prow was to a reserved to the dory of his fam

# CHAPTER IX.

Paint Scotland greating over her thristle Her matchkin stoop as toerr's a whistle, And d-n'd excisemen in a burtle, Brizing a stell, Trimmphant crushin't like a muneil, Or lampit abell.

Btu

Durance the period of Mr. Bertram's active m stracy, he did not forget the affairs of the news Smuggling, for which the Isle of Man them. affa peculiar facilities, was general, or rather universe along the south-western coast of Scotland. Al-all the common people were engaged in these of itces; the gentry connived at them, and the of of the revenue were frequently discountenanced i exercise of their duty, by those who should have ł in tected them.

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A few days after the departure of the gipsy tribe, A few days after the departure of the gipsy tribe, Whether this was not little Harry's birthday? "Five years all exactly, this blessed day," an-swared the lady; "so we may look into the English mention is paper." Mr. Bertram liked to show his authority in trifles. "The, my dear, not till to-morrow. The last time I was at quarter essence, the sheriff told us, that dies "the dies inceptus—in short, you don't understand Lattin, but it means that a term-day is not begun till "That sounds like nonsense my dear."

That sounds like nonsense, my dear."

"That sounds like nonsense, my dear." "May be so, my dear; but it may be very good law, for all that. I am stre, speaking of term-days. I wish, as Frank Kennedy says, that Whitsunday would kill Marrinma and be hanged for the murder-for there I have got a letter about that interest of Jenny Cairns's, and deii a tenant's been at the Place yet wi' a bodher of resut.-nor will not till Candlemas-but, speaking of resut.-nor will not till Candlemas-but, speaking for he was away round to Wigton to warn a king's harger Deing on the coast again, and he'll be back this day; so we'll have a bothe of claret, and drink "I wrish," replied the lady. "Frank Kennedy would there Dirk Hatteraick same. What needs he make him if mair bury than other folk? Cannot he sing his mair dusy than other folk? Cannot he sing his mair day: a would the lady. "Frank Kennedy, like this day; so we'll have a bothe of claret, and drink "I wrish," replied the lady. "Frank Kennedy would the Dirk Hatteraick same. What needs he make him if mair bury than other folk? Cannot he sing his mair bury than other folk? Cannot he sing his mair bury than other folk? Cannot he sing his the back in a bowl that would swim the Col-lear of soing ashore, and we'll crink the yong the time I come back, and we'll crink the yong the is a time I come back, and we'll crink the yong the time I come back, and we'll crink the yong the woods, which, as we have said, covered a pro-montory terminating in the cape called the Point of the woods, which, as we have said, covered a pro-montory terminating in the cape called the Point of the woods, which, as we have said, covered a pro-montory terminating in the cape called the Point of the woods, which, as we have said, covered a pro-montory terminating in the cape called the Point of the woods, which, as we have said, covered a pro-montory terminating in the cape called the Point of the woods, which, as we have said, covered a pro-monotory terminating in the cape called the Point of the w

upon the chase from her bows, which the lugger re-turned with her stern-chasers. "They're but at long bowle yet," cried Kennedy, in great exultation, "but they will be closer by and by.-D--n him, here starting his cargo! I see the good Nantz pitching overboard, keg aiter keg!-that's a d---d ungenteen thing of Mr. Hatteraick, as I shall let him know by and by.-Now, new! they've got the wind of him 1-that's it, that's it I-Hark to him 1 hark to himat. Now, my dogs! now, my dogs!-hark to Ranges. hark i" think," said the old gardener to one of the

"I think," said the old gardener to one of the maids, "the gauger's fe ;" by which word the vom-mon people express these violent spirits which they

man people express these violent spirits which they think a presage of death. Meantime the chase continued. The lugger, being piloted with great ability, and using every nautical shift to make her escape, had now reached, and was about to double, the headland which formed the ex-treme soint of land on the left side of the bay, when a ball having hit the yard in the slings, the mean-said fell upon the deck. The consequence of this acti-dent appeared inevitable, but could not be seen by the spectators; for the vessel, which had just doubled the headland, lost steerage, and fell out of their sigh-behind the promontory. The sloop of war crowdea-all sail to pursue, but she had stood too close upon the cape, so that they were obliged to wear the vaseel for

Wetreeh, Kennedy met young Harry Bertram, at-tended by his tutor, Dominie Sampson. He had often promised the child a ride upon his galloway; and, from singing, dansing, and playing Punch for his amusement, was a particular favourite. He no his anusement, was a particular favourite. He no sooner came scampering up the path, than the boy loudly claimed his promise; and Kennedy, who saw no riak in indulging him, and wished to tease the Dominie, in whose visage he read a remonstrance, caught up Harry from the ground, placed him before him, and continued his route; Sampson's "Perad-venture, Master Kennedy"——being lost in the clat-ter of his horse's feet. The pedagogue hesitated a moment whether he should go after them; but Ken-nedy being a person in full confidence of the family, and with whom he himself had no delight in asso-ciating, "being that he was addicted unto profane and scurrilous jests," he continued his own walk at his own pace, till he reached the Place of Ellan-gowan. gowan.

The spectators from the ruined walls of the castle were still watching the sloop of war, which at length, but not without the loss of considerable time, reco-wered sea-room enough to weather the Point of War-roch, and was lost to their sight behind that wooded promontory. Some time afterwards the discharges of several cannon were heard at a distance, and, after an interval, a still louder explosion, as of a vessel blown up, and a cloud of smoke rose above the trees, and mingled with the blue sky. All then separated on their different occasions, anguing variously upon the fate of the smuggler, but the majority insisting that her capture was inevitable, if she had not already gene to the bottom. "It is near our dinner-time, my dear," said Mra. Kennedy comes back ??" "I, struct him every moment, my dear," said the ectators from the ruined walls of the castle The a

"I expect him every moment, my dear," said the Laird; "perhaps he is bringing some of the officers of the sloop with him."

Lenu; pernaps he is bringing some of the officers of the aloop with him." "My did not ye tell me this before, that we might have had the large round table?—and then, they're a' tired o' sout meat, and, to tell you the plain truth, a rump o' beef is the best part of your dinner—and then I wad have put on another gown, and ye wadan have been the waur o' a clean neck-cloth yoursell.—But ye delight in surpri-sing and hurrying one—I am sure I am no to haud out for ever against this sort of going on—But when folk's missed, then they are moaned." "Pahaw, pehaw! deuce take the beef, and the gown; and table, and the neck-cloth!—we shall do all very well.—Where's the Dominie, John ?—(to z every at who was busy about the table)—where's the Dominie and little Harry?" "Mr. Sampson's been at hame these twa hours and main, but I dinna think Mr. Harry cam hame wi' him."

to some all of that boy, should be interested as the solution of the solution in order to give more weight to her remonstrance, and then, in words which we will not do him the in-justice to imitate, told how Mr. Francis Kennedy had assumed sportaneously the charge of Master Harry, in despite of his remonstrances in the con-

"I am very little obliged to Mr. Francis Kennedy of his pains," said the lady, peerishly; "suppose he lets the boy drop from his horse, and lames him? or lets the boy drop from his horse, and lames him? or suppose one of the cannons comes ashore and kills

"Or suppose my dear," said Ellangowan, "what is much more likely than any thing else, that they have gone aboard the sloop or the prize, and are to come round the Point with the tide?"

"And then they may be drowned," said the lady. "Verily," said Sampson, "I thought Mr. Kennedy had returned an hour since-Of a surety I deemed L

had returned an hour since-Of a surety I deemed I. heard his horse's feet." "That," said John, with a broad grin, "was Grizzle chasing the humble-oow\*out of the close." Sampson coloured up to the eyes-not at the im-plied taunt, which he would never have discovered, or resented if he had, but at some idea which cross-ed his own mind. "I have been in an error," he said ; "of a surety I should have tarried for the babe." So saying, he snatched his bone-headed cane and hat, and hurried away towards Warroch-wood, faster than he was ever known to walk before, or after. after.

The Laird lingered some time, debating the point with the lady. At length he saw the sloop of war again make her appearance; but without approachagain make ner appearance; but without approace ing the shore, she stood away to the westward with all her sails set, and was soon out of sight. The ha-dy's state of timorous and fretful apprehension was so habitual, that her fears went for nothing, with her lord and master; but an appearance of disturbance iorn and master; but an appearance of distinuances and anxiety among the servants now excited his alarm, especially when he was called out of the room, and told in private that Mr. Kennedy's horse had come to the stable door alone, with the saddle turned round below its belly, and the reins of the bridle bro-ken; and that a farmer had informed them in passing, that there was a smuggling lugger burning like a furnace on the other side of the Point of Warroch,

furnace on the other side of the Point of Warroch, and that, though he had come through the wood, he had seen or heard nothing of Kennedy or the young Laird, "only there was Dominie Sampson, gam ram-pauging about, lits mad, seeking for them." All was now bustle at Ellangowan. The Laird and his servants, male and female, hastened to the wood of Warroch. The tenants and cottagers in the neigh-bourhood lent their assistance, partly out of zeal, partly from curiosity. Boats were manned to sparth the sea shore, which, of the other side of the Point, rose into high and indented rocks. A vague suspi-cion was entertained, though too horrible to be ex-pressed, that the child might have fallen from one of these cliffs. The evening had begun to close when the parties

these cliffs. The evening had begun to close when the parties entered the wood, and dispersed different ways in quest of the boy and his companion. The darkening of the atmosphere, and the hoarse sighs of the No-vember wind through the naked trees, the rusting of the withered leaves which strewed the glades, the re-peated halloos of the different parties, which often drew them together, in expectation of meeting the objects of their search, gave a cast of dismal sublimi-ty to the scene ty to the scen

At length, after a minute and fruitless investigation At length, after a minute and fruitless investigation through the wood, the searchers began to draw to-gether into one body, and to compage notes. The agony of the father grew beyond concellment, yet it scarcely equalled the anguish of the tutor. "Would to God I had died for him i" the affectionate creature repeated, in notes of the deepest distress. Those who were less interested, rushed into a turnulturary discussion of chances and possibilities. Each gave discussion of chances and possibilities. Each gave discussion of chances and possibilities. Each gave discussion of chances and possibilities fach gave discussion of chances and possibilities. Each gave discussion of chances and possibilities. Each gave discussion of chances and possibilities. Each gave discussion of a solard the sloop; some that they had gone aboard the sloop; some that they whispered they might have been on board the lucy as a few planks and beams of which the tide now drifted ashore. At length, after a minute and fruitless investigation ashon

ashore. At this instant a shout was heard from the beach so loud, so shrill, so piercing, so different from every sound which the woods that day had rung to, that nobody hesistated a moment to believe that it conver-ed tidings, and tidings of dreadful import. All hurring to the place, and venturing without scruple upor paths, which, at another time, they would have shund-dered to look at, descended towards a cleft of the rock, where one boat's crew was already landed. "Here, sirs!-here!-this way, for God's sake !--this way!' this way!' the reiterated cry. Follow gowan broke through the throng which had \* A cow without hems,

mention at the fatal spot, and beheld the object of her server. It was the dead body of Kennedy. At int sight he segmed to have perished by a fall from

there server, It was the dead body of Kenned?. At first sight he seemed to have periahed by a fall from the tocks, which rose above the spot on which he hay, in a perpendicular precipice of a hundred feet above the beach. The corpse was lying half in, half out of the water; the advancing tide, rausing the arm and surring the clothes, had given it at some dis-tance the appearance of motion, so that those who first discovered the body thought that life remained. But every spark had been long extinguished. "My beirn? my beirn?" cried the distracted father, "where can he be?"--A dozen mouths were opened to communicate hopes which no one fait. Some one at length menioned—the gipsiss ! In a moment Ellangowan had reascended the cliffs, flung himself upon the first hores he met, and rode furiously to the buts at Dencleogh. All was there dark and deso-late; and as he dismounted to make more minute which had been thrown out of the cettages, and the broken wood and thatch which had been pulled down by his ever. At that moment the prophecy, or ansthema, of Mag Merrilies fell heavy on his mind. "You have strapped the 'thatcht from seven cotta-ding "new ith roof-tree of your own house stand the surrer!" he surer !

the surer ?" "Bestore," he cried, "restore my bairn ! bring me back my son, and all shall be forgot and forgivan ?" As he uttered these words in a sort of frenzy, his eye caught a glimmering of light in one of the dismantled cottages—it was that in which Meg Merrilies for-merly resided. The light, which seemed to proceed from fire, glimmering d not only through the window, best also through the rafters of the hut where the poef-ing had here the of the hut where the poef-

but also through the rafters of the hut where the pof-ing had been torn off. He flew to the place; the entrance was bolted : de-spin gave the miserable father the strength of ten man; he rushed against the door with such violence, that it gave way before the momentum of his weight and force. The cottage was empty, but bore marks of recent habitation—there was fire on the hearth, a bettle, and some preparation for food. As he eagerly pased around for something that might confirm his tope that his child yet lived, although in the power of these strange people, a man entered the hut. It was his old gardener. "O sir ?" said the old man, "such a night as this I trusted never to live to see !--yemsum come to the Place directly ?" "Ls my boy found? is he alive? have ye found Harry Bertram ? Andrew, have ye found Harry Ber-tran ?"

dead thraw." Bertram tarned a stupified and unmeaning eye on the messenger who uttered this calamitous news; and, repeating the words, "in the dead-thraw i" as if he could not comprehend their meaning, suffered the side mean to drag him towards his horse. During the ride home, he only said, "Wife and baim, bhith--souther and son, beith--Sair, sair to abide!" It is needless to dwell upon the new scene of agony which awaited him. The news of Kennedy's fate ad been engerly and incantiously communicated at Hisngowan, with the gratuitous addition, that, hubbles, "he had drawn the young Laird over the side body--he was light, puirthing, and would flee wher into the surf."

aid's body be was light, puirthing, and would fee sther into the surf." Mrs. Bertram heard the tidings; she was far ad-most in her pregnancy; she fell into the pains of mature labour, and, ere Ellangowan had recovered b agitated faculties, so as to comprehend the full some of his situation, he was the father of a female , wood a widower.

.\* Death-arony.

CHAPTER X.

CHAPTEE A. But 466, has face is black, and full of blood; His eye balls further out than when he lived, Baring full ghastly like a strangted man; His hant opposed, his nostrils stretch's with stragging. His hand abroad display'd, as cose that gany'd And tugg'd for life, and was by strength subdard. Harry IV. Pert Perd.

THE Sheriff-depute of the county arrived at Ellan-The Shern-depute of the county arrived at Kilan-gowan next morning by daybreak. To this provin-tial magistrate the law of Scotland assigns judicial powers of considerable extent, and the task of inqui-ring into all crimes committed within his juriadue-tion, the apprehension and commitment of suspected persons, and so forth.\*

The gentleman who held the office in the shire of and make up the written report, proces period, or pre-cognition, as it is technically called, which the prac-tice of Scotland has substituted for a coroner's in-quest. Ugder the Sheriff's minute and skilld inquirg, many circumstances appeared, which seemed incom-patible with the original cointon, that Kennedy had accidentally fallen from the cliffs. We shall briefly

pariole with the original conton, that a sensety may accidentially fallen from the cliffs. We shall briefly detail some of these. The body had been deposited in a neighbouring fasher-hut, but without altering the condition in which it was found. This was the first object of the She-riff's aramination. Though feerfully crushed and mangled by the fall from such a height, the corpse was found to exhibit a deep cut in the head, which in the opinion of a skilful surgeon, must have been inficient by a broadsword, or cultass. The axperience of this gratheman discovered other suspicious indica-tions. The face was much blackened, the eyes dis-torted, and the veins of the neck swelled. A coloured handkerchief, which the unfortunate man had worm round his neck, did not present the usual appearance, but was much loosened, and the knot displaced and dragged extremely tight: the folds were, size com-pressed, as if it had been used as a means of grap-pling the deceased, and dragging him perhaps to the precipice. precipic

On the other hand, poor Kennedy's purse was found untouched : and, what seemed yet more extraordi-nary, the pistols which he usually carried when about on one other name, poor a sennedy's purse was found intouched: and, what seemed yet more attracti-nary, the pistols which he usually carried whan about to encounter any hazardons adventure, were found in his pockets loaded. This appeared particularly strange, for he was known and dreaded by the con-traband traders as a man equally fearless and dorts-rous in the use of his weapons, of which he had given many signal proofs. The Sheriff inquired, whether Kennedy was not in the practice of carrying any other arms 1 Most of Mr. Bertram's servants recollected that he generally had a coutou de chases, or abort hanger, but none such was found upon the dead body; nor could those who had seen him on the morning of the fatal day, take it upon them to assert whether he then carried that weapon or not. The corpse afforded no other *indicic* respecting the fate of Kennedy: for, though the clothes were much displaced, and the limbs dreadfully fractured, the eme seemed the probable, the other the certain, conse-quences of such a fall. The hands of the deceased were clenched fast, and full of turf and earth; but this also seemed equivocal. The magistrate then proceeded to the place where the corpse was first discovered, and made those who had found it give, upon the spot, a particular and de-tailed account of the manner in which it was lying. A large fragment of the rock appeared to have scoom-panied, or followed, the fall of the victim from the cliff above. It was of so solid and compact a sub-stance, that it had fallen without any great diminu-tion by splintering, so that the sheriff was enabled inten to calculate, from the appearance of the frag-ment, what portion of it had been bedot into the "The Stottian Sheriff discharge, on such occesiona se that now mentioned, privi mach the same duiry a a Coroner.

\* The Scotlish Sheriff discharges, on such occasions a now mentioned, pretty much the same duty as a Coroner. uices as the

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cliff from which is had descended. This was easily detected, by the raw appearance of the stone where it had not been exposed to the atmosphere. They then ascended the cliff, and survayed the place from whence the stony fragment had fallen. It seemed plain, from the appearance of the bed, that the mere weight of one man standing upon the projecting part of the fragment, supposing it in its original situation, could not have destroyed its balance, and precipitated rt, with himself, from the cliff. At the same time, it appeared to have lain so loose, that the use of a lever, or the combined strength of three or four men, might, easily have hurled it from its position. The short unf about the brink of the precipice was much tram-pled, as if stamped by the heels of men in a mortal struggle, or in the act of some violent exertion. Tra-ces of the same kind, lees visibly marked, guided the sagacious investigator to the varge of the copsewood,

struggle, or in the act of some violent exertion. Tra-ces of the same kind, less visibly marked, guided the sagacious investigator to the varge of the copsewood, which, in that place, crept high up the bank towards the top of the precipice. With patience and perseverance, they traced these marks into the thickest part of the copse, a route which no person would have voluntarily adopted, unless for the purpose of concealment. Here they found plain vestiges of violence and struggling, from epace to space. Small boughs were torn down, as if grasped by some resisting wretch who was dragged forcibly along; the ground, where in the least degree soft or marshy, showed the print of many feet; there were vestiges also, which might be those of human blood. At any rate, it was certain that several per-cons must have forced their passage among the oaks, hazels, and underwood, with which they were min-gled; and in some places appeared traces, as if a sack full of grain, a dead body, or something of that heavy and solid description, had been dragged along the ground. In one part of the thicket there was a small swamp, the clay of which was whitish, being pro-bably mixed with marl. The back of Kennedy's coat eppeared sesmeared with stains of the same colour. At length, about a quarter of a mile from the brink of the fatal precipice, the traces conducted them to a small open space of ground, very much trainpled,

eppeared vesmeared with stains of the same colour. At length, about a quarter of a mile from the brink of the fatal precipice, the traces conducted them to a small open space of ground, very much trampled, and plainly stained with blood, although withered leaves had been strewed upon the spot, and other means hastily taken to efface the marks, which seem-ed obviously to have been derived from a desperate affray. On one side of this patch of open ground, was found the sufferer's naked hanger, which seem-ed to have been thrown into the thicket; on the other, the belt and sheath, which appeared to have been hidden with more leisurely care and precaution. The magistrate deused the foot prints which mark-ed this spot to be carefully measured and examined. Some corresponded to the foot of the unhappy victim; some were larger, some less; indicating, that at least four or five men had been busy around him. Above all, here, and here only, were observed the vestiges of a child's foot; and as it could be seen nowhere else, and the hard horsetrack which traversed the wood of Warroch was confusions. But as he was matural to think that the boy might have escaped in that direction during the confusion. But as he was matural to think that the boy might have escaped in that the deceaved had mot with foul play, and that the murdering, whoever they were, had possessed them-selves of the person of the child Harry Bertram. Every exertion was now made to discover the crimi-timals. Suspicion hesitated between the simugelers

Every exercise was now made to discover the crimi-trals. Suspicion hesitated between the smugglers and the gipsics. The fate of Dirk Hatteraick's ves-sel was certain. Two men from the opposite side of Warroch Bny (so the inlet on the southern side of the Point of Warroch is called) had seen, though at a transformer the user of the seat work after doub the Point of Warroch is called) had seen, though at a great distance, the lugger drive eastward, after doub-ing the headland, and, as they judged from her ma-neuvres, in a disabled state. Shortly after, they per-ceived that she grounded, smoked, and, finally, took Gre. She was, as one of them expressed himself, in *s light low*, (bright flame,) when they observed a **heng's** ship, with her colours up, heave in sight from schund the cape. The guns of the burning vessel dis-charged themselves as the fire reached them; and the seaw her at length, blow up with a great explo-

I Ches. D. sion. The sloop of war kept aloof for her own same ty; and, after hovering till the other exploded, stored away southward under a press of sail. The Sharif anxiously intercogated these men whether any boats had left the vessel. They could not say—they had been non-but they might have put off in such a di-rection as placed the burning vessel, and the thick smoke which floated landward from it, between their course and the witnesses' observation. That the ship destroyed was Dirk Hatteraick's-me one doubted. His lugger was well known on the coast, and had been expected just at this time. A let-ter from the commander of the king's aloop, to when the Sheriff made application, put the metter beyond doubt; he sent also an extract from his log-book of the transactions of the day, which intimated their being on the outlook for a smuggling lugger. Dark Hatteraick master, upon the information and requi-sition of Francis Kennedy, of his majesty's excess service; and that Kennedy was to be upon the out-look on the shore, in case Hatteraick, who was sail, which answered the description of Hatteraick's vessel, chased her, and after reposited signals to have to show colours and bring- to, first upon the information of Hatteraick's vessel, chased her, and after reposited signals to have to show colours and bring to first wend be one-look we colours and bring to run his sloop pentelly outlawed, should attempt to ran his sloep aground. About nine o'clock a. s., they discovereda sail, which answered the description of Hatternick's vessel, chased her, and after repeated signals to her to show colours and bring-to, fired upon her. The chase then showed Hamburgh colours, and returned the fire; and a running fight was maintained for three hours, when, just as the lugger wasdoubling the Point of Warroch, they observed that the main-yard was shot in the slings, and that the vessel was, disabled. It was not in the power of the man-of-war's men for some time to profit by this circum-stance, owing to their having kept too reach in shore for doubling the headland. After two tacks, they accomplished this, and observed the chase on fire, and apparently desorted. The fire having reached some casks of spirits, which were placed on the desh, with other combustibles, probably un purpose, burst with such fury, that no boats durst approach the ves-sel, especially asher shotted guns were discharging, one after another, by the heat. The coptian had no doubt what yet that the crew had set the vessel on fire, and escaped in their boats. After watching the coathe-ration till the ship blew up, his majesty's sloep, the Shark, stood towards the lise of Man, with the pur-pose of intercepting the rearest of the smugners, where they never as wore of them than is above narkense for a day or two, would probably take the first oppor-tunity of endeavouring to make for this englan. Shark master and commander of his majesty's sloep, the Shark, who concluded by regreating deepy thas had not fail to bring him into port under his the men on board the lugger had escaped, the desh would not fail to bring him into port under his the men on board the lugger had escaped, the desh was not improbable, that to such brutal tempet to answer whatever might be alleged against ham-As, therefore, it seemed to leady certain that the would not fail to bring him into port under his the men on board the lugger had escaped, the desh

deep threats, would not appear a very henous of Against this hypothesis it was urged, that a of fituen or twenty men could not have lain is upon the coast, when so close a search took-immediately after the destruction of their vesue at least, that if they had hid themselves in the w their boats must have been seen on the beach in such precarious circumstances, and when treat must have seemed difficult, if not impen was not to be thought that they would have at ted to commit a useless murder, for the more an revenge. Those who held this opinion, approxi-either that the boats of the lugger had stood

GUT MAN so without being observed by these who were intere-mon graing at the birring vessel, and so gained safe denses before the biogo got round the headland; or im that, the bisate being stored or destroyed by the des of the Shark during the ohase, the claw had ob-sinately determined to perials with the vessel. What gere some countemnos to this supposed at of des-peration was, that neither Dirk Matteraick nor any of his sailors, all well-known rots in the fair traile, we some count some that could be destroyed in the life of Man, where strict inquiry was made. On the other hand, only and deal body, separative that of a seman killed by a comon-shot, drifted amoves. So of thes could be done was to register the stames, do-scription, and uppermane of the individuals but man killed by a common-shot, drifted ashore. So that could be done was to register the stames, de-pictor, and appearance of the individuals belong-the the ship's company, and offer a reward for the prehension of them, or any one of them; extend-late to any puese, not the setual surderer, who could give evaluase tending to convict these who on unreleval Funcies Keemedy. Another spines, which was also plausibly sup-stial, west to change this horris critic upon the to means of Dernolaugh. They were known to two mount highly the conduct of the Laird of El-ugeness and to have used intertan-genessing, which every des supposed them as-R, I

parted, went to charge this invrid critic upon the first amage of Derrolaugi. They were known to have seemed highly the conduct of the Lardof Elling expressions, which rever out to have used intersteading expressions, which rever the kidnapping the this days are string into effect. The kidnapping the this was estima much have of allon in an attempt to protect him. Busiles it was remembered, that Konnedy in boars an estive segmet, two or three days before, in the forcible explained of these people from Dera-cise of the explanation of these people from Dera-dout exchanged between him and some of the Engre-meter and the here of measures in the force of the segmeter is an estive segmeter of the explanation of these people from Dera-cise of the sharts and the secrements is an engree had now exchanged between him and some of the Engre-meter is a string the caravations of the un-fortunate father and his secrent, concerning what and manet as their meeting the caravat of signeton as the father and his secrent, concerning what the heat secret and the secret of the very kind qualitated sheetly. Afterweed in his law lengths, three the manet as their meeting the secret of the very kind qualitated sheetly. Afterweed following. A young word upon the fatal day, was also storagily of her was able from targed from her, and made so an any, she had been anthering rutes in Warroon the sheetly and appearance, start seddenly out a sheetly and appearance, start seddenly out a sheetly and appearance, start seddenly out a sheetly and appearance, start seddenly on the signet section her, and made so an any she was uncertain if it were the signs, to her when a start for an early abread to her by name, any she was data to go neary to one who was appeared as attack in an ever solution from the signet section ber, and made so and any she was attaid to go neary to one who was appeared as a start. The source of the start and another shead is the apprehended and ex-mane shead secting the way the size would have ap

Is was observed upon har constrinction, that in treated the questions respecting the death of Kam-negs, or "the gauger," as she called him, with in-difference; but expressed great and emphatic score and indignation at being supposed capable of infur-ing little Harry Bertram. She was long confined in ind, under the hope that something mights put be dis-covered to throw light upon this dark and bloody transaction. Nothing, however, occurred; and bloody transaction. Nothing, however, occurred; and bloody transaction. Nothing, however, costing of the was at length liberted, but under estimated of baring meant from the dounty, as a vagrant, estimate the was at length liberated, but under sentende of banish-ment from the county, as a vagrant, common thing and disorderly person. No traces of the bay could ever be discovered; and, at length, the story, after making much noise, was gradually given up as all gother inexplicable, and only perpetuated by the name of "The Gauger's Loup," which was generally be stowed on the cliff from which the unfortunate man bad failon, or been procipicated.

# CHAPTER XI.

## Enter Time, as Cherna.

I-that places nome, by all; both jag aplies Of good and bad; that make and unpful are Now take upon ms. In the mane of Thus, To use my wring. Imputs it not goother To me, or my swrift passage, that I alids O'sr siztes years, and loave the growth up Of that wide gap. The The

Ore searching to show about to make a large striking and omit a space of nearly seventum years during which nothing occurred of any parameter compo-gence with respect to the story we have maketaken to tell. The gap is a wide one; yes if the rester's experience in lite enables him to beak book on so many sears, the space will search appear longer in his receivers, the space will search appear longer in his receiver.

Elangewan wad has liked as little to see his daugh-ter taking up with their son." "Ay, has been," answered the first, with somewhat of emphasis.

of emphasis. "I am sure, neighbour Ovens." said the hostess, "the Hazlewoods of Hazlewood, though they are a very gude and family in the county, never thought, till within these twa score o' years, of evening them-selves sill the Ellangowans-Wow, woman, the Ber-trams of Ellangowan are the and Dingawaise lang syne-there is a sang about ane o' them mariying a usughter of the King of Man; it begins,

Blythe Bertram's ta'en him ower the face

By the Bertram's ta'se him over the faces, To wed a wife; and bring her hame— I damt say Mr. Skreigh, gathering up his mouth, and sipping his tiff of brandy punch with great so-lemnity, "our talents were given us to other use than to sing daft auld samgs san ener the Sabbath day." "Hout fie; Mr. Skreigh; I'se warrant I has heard you sing a blythe sang on Saturday at e'en before now.-But as for the chaise, Deacon, it ham been out of the coach-house since Mrs. Bertram died, that's savay wi's chaise of mine for them ;--I wonder he's no come back. It's pit mirk-but there's no an ill turn on the road but twa, and the brigg over War-roch hum is safe enough, if he haud to the right side. But them there's Heavieside-bras, that's just a mur-der for post-cattle-but joke kans the road brawly." " That's no them. I diana hear the wheels.-Griz-re! That's no them in the barge out Grizsel; " That's no there dedor." " That's no there de hores 1--Yo may light a spunk of fire in the red recor." " I wish, ma'am," said the traveller, entering the kitchen, "you would give me leave to warm myself heave, for the sight is very cold." His appearance, word, and manner, produced an in-tantances offict in his favour. He was a handsome-tall, him figure, drassed in black, as appeared when he haid aside his riding-cost; his age might be be-tween forty and fifty ; his cast of faures grave and interesting, and his air somewhat military. Every point of his appearance and address bespoke the gen-teman. Long habit hed given Mira. Mac-Candhik an acute tact in ascortaining the quality of her visit-en, and proportioning her reception accordingly: To every reset th

To every guest the appropriate speech was made, And every daty with distinction paid ; Respectful, easy, pleasant, or politic— "Your honour's servant !-,Mister Smith, good night."

On the present occasion, she was low in her curisey, and profuse in her apologies. The stranger begged his horse might be attended to she went out herself to school the hostler,

to school the hostler, "There was never a prettier bit o' horse-flesh in the stable o' the Gordon Arma," said the man; which information increased the landlady's respect for the rider. Finding, on her return, that the stranger de-chined to go into another spartment, (which indeed, she allowed, would be but cold and smoky till the fire bleezed up,) she installed her guest hospitably by the fracture, and offered what refreshment her house orded.

afforded. "A cup of your tes, ma'am, if you will favour me." Mrs. Mac-Candhish bustled about, reinforced her tespot with hyson, and proceeded in her duties with her best grace. "We have a very nice parlout, air, and every thing very agreeable for gentlefolks; but it's bespoke the night for a gentleman and his daugh-tes, that are going to leave this part of the country-ane of my chauses is gane for thom, and will be back forthwith-they're no sae weel in the warld as they have been; but we're a' subject to ups and downs in this life, as your honour must needs ken-but is not the tobeco-neek disagreeable to your honour ?" "By no means, ma'an; I sun an old campaigner, and perbaty used to it.-Will you permit me to make

### ome inquiries about a family in this much hood ?"

e sound of wheels was now beard, and the landlady hurried to the door to receive her expected guest but returned in an instant followed by the postilien

"No, they canna come at no rate, the Laird's see ill" "But God help them," said the landlady, "the morn's the term—the very last day they can bide in the house—a' thing's to be roupit."

thebouse-s' thing's to be rount." "Weel, but they can come at no rate, I tell ye-Mr. Bertram canna be moved." "What Mr. Bertram?" said the stranger; "no Mr. Bertram of Ellangowan, I hope?". "Just e'en that same, sir; and if ye be a friend o' his, ye have come at a time when he's sair bested." "I have been abroad for many years-is his health so much deranged ?"

so much deranged ?" "Ay, and his affairs an' a'," said the Descen; "the

creditors have entered into possession o' the estate, and it's for sale; and some that made the must by and it's for sale; and some that made the make of him—I name nase names, but Mrs. Mac-Candina kons wha' I mean—(the landlady shook her head significantly)—they're sairest on him e'en new. I have a sma' matter due mysel, but I would rather have host it than game to turn the add man out of his hore a side him into the said man out of his

have bost it than game to turn the still man out of his house, and him just dying.". "Ay, bat," said the parish-clerk, "Factor Glossin wants to get rid of the suid Laint, and drive on the sale, for fear the heir-male should cast up upon them; for I have heard say, if there was an heir-male, the couldra sell the cetate for suid Ellangeowan's debt."

"He had a son hors a good many years ago," said" the stranger; "he is dead, I suppose ?" "Nae man can say for that," answered the clark.

the stranger; "he is dead, I suppore ?" "Nay man can say for that," answered the clerk, "mysteriously." "Dead ?" said the Descon, "I'se warrant him dead" hang syne; he hasna been heard o' these twenty years or thereby." "I wot weed it's no twenty years," said the land-lady; "it's no abune seventeen at the outside in this country—the bairn disappeared the very day that Be-pervisor Kennedy can by his end.—If we kean Wat the country lang syne, your honour wad maybe kean Frank Kennedy the Supervisor. He was a heartsome plas-sant man, and company for the best gastemen in the county, and muckle mirth he's made in this heuse. I was young, then, sir, and newly married to Balle Mac-Candlish, that's dead and gone—(a sigh)—and muckle fun I've had wi' the Supervisor. He was a daft dog.—O, an he could has haiden aff the sumg-glers a bit! but he was aye venturssoma.—And so ye see, sir, there was a king's sloop down in Wigton bay, and Frank Kennedy, he behoved to have her up to chase Dirk Hatternick's logger—ye'll mind Dirk Has-ternick, Descon ? I dare say ye may have dealt w? him—(the Descon gave a sort of acquisecent and ship till she blew up like peeling of ingams; and Frank Kennedy he had been the first man so bear and he was fung like a quarter of a mile off, and be Frank Kennedy he has been the inter man to say and he was fung like a quarter of a mile off, and i into the water below the rock at Warroch Poins, ti they ca' the Gauges's Loup to this day." "And Mr. Bertram's child," said the strang "what is all this to him?"

"what is all this to him?" "Ou, sir, the bairn are held an unca wark w? the Superviser; and it was generally thought he weart as board the vessel alang w? him, as bairns are are the ward to be in mischief." "No, no," said the Descon, "ye're clean out the Luckie-for the young Laird was stown away by randy gipsy woman they ca'd Meg Merrilies, --I said her looks weed,--in revenge for Kilangowan have gar'd her bedrumm'd through Kippletringan. Sor seal ing a silver moon."

gar (a nor obtaining a silver spoon." "If ye'll forgie me, Deacon," said the proce "ye're e'en as far wrang as the gudewife." "And what is your edition of the story, air **T** 

mid they

And what is your caltion of the story, air the stranger, turning to him with interest. "That's maybe no sae canny to tall," said ( centor, with solemnity. Upon being urged, however, to speak out, laded with two'or three large puffs of tobacco-and out of the cloudy sanctuary which these 3

**Chas. XL]** GUT MA formed around him, delivered the following legend, inving cleared his voice with one or two hems, and invincing, as near as he could, the eloquence which weekty thandered over his head from the pulpit. "What we are now to deliver, my brethren, -hem -hem, -I mean, my good friends, -was not done in a corner, and may serve as an answer to witch-dvocates, atheists, and misbeliverers of all kinds.-Ye must know that the worshipful Laird of Ellangowan was not so proceese as he might have been in clear-ing his land of witches, (concerning whom it is said, 'Thou shalt not suffer a witch to live,') nor of those who had familiar spirits, and consulted with divina-tion, and sorcery, and lots, which is the fashion with the Egyptians, as they ca' themsells, and other nn-happy bodies, in this our country. And the Laird he was they ever market to king a family--and he was see left to himsell, that it was though the heid over market roking and communing wi that Meg Merilies, wha was the maint notarious witch Mes Merriles, wha was the maist notorious witch in a Galloway and Dumfries-shire baith."

and he was see left to himsell, that it was though the bed over mackle troking and commoning with in a Galloway and Dumfrice-shire beith." "Aweel I wot there's something in that," said Mr. Mac-Candlish ; "I've kenn'd him order her twa stasse o' brandy in this very house." "Aweel, gudewife, then the less I lee,—Sae the bey was with been delivered, there comes to the door of the ha' house—the Place of Ellangowan as they ca'd—an ancient man, strangely habited, and anked for quarters. His head, and his legs, and his atmas were bare, although it was winter time o' the year, and he had a gray beard three quarters hang. Weel, he was admitted : and when the lady was de-ivered, he craved to know the very moment of the stars. And when he came back, he tell'd the Laird, that the Evil One wad have power over the knave-barn, that was that night born, and he charged him that the babe should be bred up in the ways of piety, and that he should are have a godly minister at his effew, to pray us' the bairn and for him. And the que man vanished away, and so man of this country ever saw mair of him." "Now, that will not para," said the postillion, who, at a respectful distance, was listening to the onower should be had as gude a pair o' boots as a an need strek on his legs, and gloves too;—and I doued understand boots by this time, I think." "Ay f and what do ys ken o' the avenue at El-ingoven, when a man cam juging to our door that night the young Laird was born, and my mother stranger the gats to the Place, which, if he had been within a penary-stane cast o' the avenue at El-ingoven, when a man cam juging to our door that night the young Laird was born, and my mother stranger the gats to the Place, which, if he had been spectrated iad, like an Englishruan. And I tell ye he she as warkede, he was a young, weel-faured, weel-dreased iad, like an Englishruan. And I tell ye he as an need to have. To be sure he did gie an ave-stor he stranger the gate to the Place, which, if he had been the night the young Laird was born, and my

"Aweek, aweek, Jock," answered Mr. Skreigh-with a some of mild solemnity, "our accounts differ in o material particulars: but I had no knowledge hat ye had seen the man. -So ye see, my friends, that he sootheaver he wing prognosticated evil to the boy, in father engaged a godly minister to be with him have and night."

Ay, that was him they ca'd Dominie Sampson,

 The presenter is called by Allen Ran The Latter-Gee of hely shyme.
 The Latter-Gee of hely shyme.
 enter is called by Allen Removy -

"He's but a dumb dog that," observed the Des-on; "I have heard that he never could preach five con; "I have heard that he never could preach five words of a sermon endlang, for as lang as he has been licensed." "Weal but?" wid the presenter upping higherd

"Weel, but," said the precentor, waving his hand, as if eager to retrieve the command of the discourse. "he waited on the young Land by night and day. Now, it chanced, when the bairn was near five years auld, that the Laird had a sight of his errors, and de-termined to put these Egyptians all his ground; and auld, that the Laird had a sight of his errors, and de-termined to put these Egyptians aff his ground; and he caused them to remove; and that Frank Kennedy, that was a rough swearing fellow, he was sent to turn them off. And he cursed and damned at them, and they swore at him; and that Meg Merrilies, that was the maist powerful with the Enemy of Mankind, she as guide as said she would have him, body and soul, before three days were ower his head. And I have it from a sure hand, and that's ane wha saw it, and that's John Wilson, that was the Laird's groom, that Meg appeared to the Laird as he was riding hame from Singleside, over Gibbie's-know, and threatened him wi' what she wad do to his family ; but whether it was Meg, or something waur in ger tikences, for it seemed bigger than ony mortal crea-ture, John could not say." "Aweel," said the postillion, "it might be sae—I canna say against it, for I was not in the country at the time; but John Wilson was a bluatering kind of chield, without the heart of a sprug." "And what was the end of all this ?" said the stranger, with some impatience.

chield, without the heart of a sprug" "And what was the end of all this ?" said the stranger, with some impatience. "Ou, the event and upshot of it was, sir," said the procentor, " that while they were all looking on, be-holding a king's ship chase a smuggler, this Kenne-dy suddenly brake away frac them without ony rea-on that could be descried-ropes nor tows wad not has beld him-and made for the wood of Warroch as fast as his beast could carry him; and by the way he mat the young Laird and his governor, and he ematched up the bairn, and swure, if As was bewitch ed, the bairn should have the same luck as him; and the minister followed as fast as he could, and almaist as fast as them, for he was wonderfully swift of foot -and he saw Mag the witch, or her master in her si-militude, rise suddenly out of the ground, and claught the bairn suddenly out of the ground, and claught the bairn suddenly out of the ground-for ye ken a fierman and cuser fearsan the deil." "I believe that's very time" said the postillion. "So, sir, she grippit him, and clodded him like a stane from the sing ower the craige of Warroch-head, where he was found that vening-but what became of the babe, frankly I cannot say. But he that wag minister here then, that's now in a better place, had an opinion, that the bairn was only conveyed to Fairy-land for a season." The stranger had smiled slightly at some parts of this recital, but ere he could answer, the clatter of a horse's hoofs was heard, and a smart servant, hand-somely dressed, with a cockade in in is hat, bustled

this recitin, but ere ne could answer, the cluster of a horse's hoofs was heard, and a smart servant, hand-somaly dressed, with a cockade in his hat, bustled into the kitchen, with "Make a little room, good people;" when, observing the stranger, he descanded at once into the modest and civil domestic, his hat when domes by his side and he put a bitter into his at once into the modest and civil domestic, his hat sunk down by his side, and he put a letter into his master's hands. "The family at Ellangowan, sir, are in great distress, and unable to receive any visita." "I know it," replied his master:--"And now, ma-dam, if you will have the goodness to allow me to occupy the parlour you mentioned, as you are disap-pointed of your zuests"----

"Certainly, sir," said Mrs. Mac-Candlish, and has-tened to light the way with all the imperative bustle which an active landlady loves to display on such

occasions. "Young man," said the Descon to the servant, filling a glass, "ye'll no be the waur o' this, after your

"Not a feather, sur,-thank ye-your very good health, sir." "And wha may your master be, friend?" "What, the gentleman that was here?-that's the famous Colonel Mannering, sir, from the East In-diea."

What, him we read of in the newspapers ?

"Ay, sy, just the same. It was herelieved Caddie-bern, and defended Chingalore, and defeated the great Mahratta chief, Ram Jelli Bundleman-I was with him in most of his campaigns." "Lord eafe us," said the landlady, "I must go see what he would have for supper-that I should set

what he would have for supper--that I should set him down here "" "O, he likes that all the better, mother ;--you never saw a plainer creature in your life than our old Colo-nel; and yet he has a spice of the devil in him too." The rest of the creaning's conversation below stairs tending little to edification, we shall, with the rea-der's leave, step up to the parlour.

CHAPTER XII. ——Reputation 7 — that's man's idol Set up against God, the Maker of all aves Who halt commanded us to sheald not kill, and yot we say we must, for Reputation 1 What homest man can other fear his own, What homest man can other the moutation 7 Pear to do base unworthy things is valour; If they be done to us, to suffer them Russ Jonatori

THE Colonel was walking pensively up and down the periour, when the officious landlady re-entered to take his commands. Having given them in the man-ner he thought would be most acceptable "for the good of the house," he begged to detain her a moent.

good of the house," he begged to detail her a mo-iment. "I think," he said, "madam, if I understood the good people right, Mr. Bertram lost his son in his fifth year?" "O ay, sir, there's nas doubt o' that, though there are mony idle clashed about the way and manner, for it's an auld story now, and every body tells it, as we were doing, their ane way by the ingleside. But lost the bairn was in his fifth year, as your honeur says, Colonel; and the news being rashly tell'd to the leddy, then great with child, cost her har life that day, but was just careless of every thing-though, when his danghter Miss Lacy grew up, she tried to the son with doors-but what could she do, poor thing ?--so now they're out of house and hauld." "Can you recollect, madam, about what time of the year the child was lost?" The landlady, after a positive it was about this asson: " and adde some local recollections that fixed the date in her memory,

positive it was about this season : and added some local recollections that fixed the date in her memory, as occurring about the beginning of November, 17-

The stranger took two or three turns round the room in silence, but signed to Mrs. Mac-Candlish not to leave it. "Did I rightly apprehend," he said, " that the co-tate of Ellangowan is in the market ?"

And who exhibits the title-deeds, rent-roll, and lan 7

Consultative. UCana. 1 consultatives. UCana. 1 do me the pleasance of suppress with me, and is these papers with him-mad I kee, good makes, will say nothing of this to any one else." "Mo, sh'i me'er a word shall I say-I wish thonour, (a carteey,) or only homourable grating that is fought for his country, (another course), the land, since the and family many quit, is a rather than that wily scoundrel, Glossin, that's is on the ruin of the best friend he over had-mail I think on't. I'll sho on my hood and pattens, gang to Mir. Mao-Morian mysell-be's at have now-it's hardly a step." "Do so, my good isn'diady, and many themis-hid my servant step here with my portfolie in meantume."

bid my servant stap here with my portfalls in of meantume." In a minute or two, Colonal Mannaring wasge edy seated with his wreing materials have he We have the privilege of looking over his should be writes, and we willingly communicate its a strate to our readers. The letter was addressed Arthur Marvyn, Eus, of Mervyn-Haff, Liesburg waits, Westmoreland. It contained some seco of the writer's previous journey since parting u him, and then proceeded as follows: "And now, why will you still upbraid ne with malancholy, Marvyn ?- De you think, after the is of twenty-five years, bettles; wounds, implement Skiddaw with you, or shot grouse upon Cruss That you, who have remained in the bosened frestic happinese, experience little change, that you stip is as light, and your fampy as fall of somehim a bisesed effect of health and temperament, as-rating with contant and a smooth current down course of life. But my care has been ensed di culties, and doubts, and errors. From my mine has often the borne me into harbour, it has sele into that which the pilot destined. Let us you but the task must be brist-the odd

which have be in the youth, and the initial taken "The former, you will say, had nothing we palling. All was not for the best; but all we rable. My father, the eldest son of an unitial reduced family, left me with hitle, savethere the head of the house, to the protection of his fortunate brothers. They were so found of me they almost quarrelied about me. My make, is shop, would have had me in orders, and ellewin into a counting-house, and proposed to give share in the thriving concern of Mannessing and shall, in Lombard Street-So, between these stools, or rather these two soft, easy, well-chairs of divinity and commerce, my unfortune con slipped down, and pitched upon a dragoost. Again, the bishop wished me to many the mis herres of the Dean of Lincohn; and my make manhood. "The for heiress of the Dean of Lincols; and my use alderman, proposed to me the only daughter Slowthorn, the great wine-marchant, rich and play at span-counter with moldows, and makes papers of bank notes- and somehow it sing neck out of both nooses, and married poor Sophia Wellwood. "You will say, my military cases in Indian

Sophia Wellwood. "You will say, my military career in Ludia, I followed my regiment there, should have give some satisfaction; and so it assuredly has. You remind me also, that if I disappointed the hea my guardians. I did not incur their diapleasure the bishop, at his death, bequeathed me his ble plan?" "A very decent man, sir; the sheriff-substitute of the county, who has authonity from the Court of Ses mon. He's in the town just now, if your honour would like to see him; and he can tell you mair about the loss of the bairn than ony body, for the sheriff-depute (that's his principal, like) took much pairs to come at the truth o' that matter, as I have heard." "And this gentleman's name is" "And this gentleman's name is" "And this gentleman's name is" "Bout my compliments-Colonel Memoting's "Sout my compliments-Colonel Memoting's reat and unfounded circumstances. I will, the set of the bairn than one is "Later to do while under your hospitable seed "Sout my compliments-Colonel Memoting's reat and unfounded circumstances. I will, the set of the set a sube h

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k is out; and then let the event itself, and the impate of melancholy with which it has im-red me, never again be subject of discussion be-

Bar "Sophia, as you well know, followed me to India. "Sophia, as you well know, followed me to India. She was as innocent as gay; but, unfortunately for as both, as gay as innocent. My own manners were party formed by studies I had forsaken, and habits in the source and the source of the source of the source of the source in the source of t ef sechnicon, not quite consistent with my situation as commandant of a regiment in a country, where universal hospitality is offered and expected by every surversal hospitality is onared and expected by every setter claiming the rank of a gentleman. In a mo-ment of peculiar pressure, (you know how hard we sure sometimes run to obtain white faces to counte-nance our time of battle) a young man, named Brown, pined our regiment as a volunteer, and finding the military daty more to his fancy than commerce, in which he had been engaged, remained with us as a which he had been engaged, remained with us as a cradet. Let me do nay unhappy victim justice-he beaved with such gallantry on overy occasion that offered whit such. I was absent for some weeks upon a distant expedition ; when I returned, I found the young fallow established quite as the friend of the young Milow established quite as the friend of the house and habitual strendant of my wife and daughter. It was an arrangement which displeased as in many particulars, though no objection could be made to his manners or character—Yet I might have been reconciled to his familisrity in my family, but for the suggestions of another. If you read over -what I never dare open—the play of Othello, you will have some idea of what followed—I mean of my motives—my actions, thank God! were less repre-semands. There was mother cadet ambitions of the vacant sizeston. He called my attention to what he led me to term coquerty between my wife and this young man. Sophia was virtuous, but proud of her witter; and, irritated by my jealousy, she was so im-mudent as to press and encourage an intimacy which he saw I disapproved and regarded with suspicion.

young man. Sopina was viriable, but proud of mar-readent as to press and encourage an intimacy which he saw I disapproved and regarded with suspicion. Between Brown and me there existed a sort of inter-ted distike. He made an effort or two to overcome and writh scorn, he desisted; and as he was virhout inity and friends, he was naturally more watchful fibe depertment of one who had both. "It is oddl with what tarter I write this letter. I inity small friends, he was naturally more watchful fibe depertment of one who had both. "It is oddl with what tarter I write this letter. I is instruct, nevertheless, to protract the operation, as if mry doing so could put off the catastrophe black has so long embittered my life. But—it must the sale, and it shall be told briefly. "Mr wids, though no longer young, was still emi-entify bandcome, and—let me say thus far in my own indication—shaw was found of being thought so—I an tracting what I said before—In a word, of her virtue invour catastropic a doubt; but, pushed by the artful invour and in that the young fellow, Brown, invour and in that the young fellow, Brown, invour and that the young fellow, Brown, invour and in that out point of my character, as an prome has attentions in my despite, and in definance of the same attentions in my despite, and in definance of the same attentions in my despite, and in definance of the same attentions in my despite. And in definance of the same attentions in my despite. And in definance of the same attentions in my despite. And in definance of the same attentions in my despite, and in definance of the same attentions in my despite. And in definance of the same attentions in my despite. And in definance of the same attentions in my despite. And in definance of the same attentions in the source of galling those read in a my power to subject him. Yet an acute index of mine gave a more harmlese, or at least a the same attention to bis attentions, which attention of mine gave a more harmleses, or a

trees which I then commanded, on the functions of the settlement. This was arranged for Brown's safe-ty, had he escaped. I almost wish he had, though at my own expense; but he fell by the first fire. We strove to assist him; but some of these Lookies, a species of native banditti who were always on the watch for prey, poured in upon us. Archer and I gain-ed our horses with difficulty, and cut our way through them after a hard conflict, in the course of which he received some desperate wounds. To complete the misfortunes of this miserable day, my wife, who and petced the design with which I left the fortress, had ordered her palanguin to follow me, and was alarmed and almost made prisonar by another troop of these plunderers. She was quickly released by a party of our cavalry; but I cannot diaguise from myself that the incidents of this fatal morning gave a servere shock to health already delicate. The confession of Archer, who thought himself dying, that he had in-vented some circumstaneos, and, for his purposes, put the worst construction upon others, and the full explanation and erchange of forgivenees with me which this produced, could not check the progress of after this incident, bequeathing me only the girl, of whom Mirs. Merryn is so good as to undatake the temporary elarge. Julia was also extremely if; so much so, that I was induced to throw up my com-mand and reterm to Europe, where her nature air-ime, and the novely of the sound acture her haite, have contributed to dissipate her dejection, and sectore her health. "Now that you know my story, you will no longer

contributed to dissipate her dejection, and restore her health. "Now that you know my story, you will no longer ask me the reason of my melancholy, but permit me to brood upon it as I may. There is, surely, in that above narrative, enough to embitter, though not to poison, the chalice, which the fortune and fame you so often mention had prepared to regale my years of

so often mention had prepared to regals my years of retirement. "I could add circarnstances which our old tutor would have quoted as instances of *day fotality*,—you would laugh were I to mention such particulars, especially as you know I put no faith in them. Yet, since I have come to the very house from which I now write. I have learned a singular coincidence, which, if I find it truly established by tolerable ev-dence, will serve us hereafter for subject of curious discussion. But I will spare you at present, as I ex-pect a person to speak about a purchase of property now open in this part of the country. It is a place to which I have a foolish partiality, and I hope my pur-chasing may be convenient to those who are parting with it as there is a plan for buying it under the va-lue. My respectful compliments to Mirs. Mervyn, and I will trust you, though you boast to be so lively a young gentleman, to kiss Julia for me.—Adieu, dear Mervyn..—Thine ever, Guy MANNERTER." Mr. Mac-Morlan now entered the room. The well-known character of Colonel Mannering at once dis-posed this gentleman, who was a man of intelligence

known character of Colonel Mannering at once dis-posed this gentleman, who was a man of intelligence and probity, to be open and confidential. He explain-ed the advantages and disadvantages of the property. "It was settled," he said, "the greater part of it at least, upon heirs-male, and the purchaser would have the privilege of retaining in his hands a large proper-tion of the price, in case of the re-appearance, within a certain limited term, of the child who had disap-neared." peared."

To what purpose, then, force forward a sale ?"

management of the affairs by means best known to bimsel, and when the extent of means best the second views of a certain intended purchaser, who had se-come a principal creditor, and forced himself into the management of the affairs by means best known to bimself, and who, it was thought, would find it very convenient to purchase the estate without paying down the price." E her mother. This could have been no very ing or pleasing enterprise on the part of an ob-zrad manadem young man; but I should not een offixed at this folly, as I was at the higher of presemption I suspected. Offended, how-wary slight spark will kindle a flame where hing ites open to catch it. I have absolutely the proximate came of quarrel, but it was assone lisich occurred at the card-table, which occa-ling beyond the walks and explanade of the for-

fying thus the random prediction of Mannering, of which, however, it will readily be supposed he made no boast. Mr. Mac-Morlan was not himself in office when that incident took place; but he was well ac quainted with all the circumstances, and promised that our hero should have them detailed by the sherifi-depute himself, if, as he proposed, he should become a settler in that part of Scotland. With this

become a settler in that part of Scotland. With this assurance they parted, well satisfied with each other, and with the evening's conference. On the Sunday following, Colonel Mannering at-tended the parish church with great decorum. None of the Ellangowan family were present; and it was understood that the old Laird was rather worse than better. Jock Jabos, once more dispatched for him, returned once more without his errand; but, on the following day, Miss Bertram hoped he might be re-moved. moved

### CHAPTER XIII.

They told me, by the sentence of the law. They had commission to seems all thy fortune. --Here stood a ruffian with a hearing face, Lording it over a pile of marsy plate, Turmbied into a heap for public and e; --There was another, making villanous jests At thy undoing ; he had fare possession Af all thy ancient most denserile ornaments. Of IL OTWAT.

EARLY next morning, Mannering mounted his horse, and, accompanied by his servant, took the road to Ellangowan. He had no need to inquire the

horse, and, accompanied by his servant, took the road to Ellangowan. He had no need to inquire the way. A sale in the country is a place of public resort and amusement, and people of various descriptions streamed to it from all quarters. After a pleasant ride of about an hour, the old towers of the ruin presented themselves in the land-scape. The thoughts, with what different feelings he had lost sight of them so many years before, throng-ed upon the mind of the traveller. The landscape was the same; but how changed the feelings, hopes, and views, of the spectator 1 Then, life and love were new, and all the prospect was gilded by their rays. And now, disappointed in affection, sated with fame, and what the world calls success, his mind goaded by bitter and repentant recollection, his best hope was to find a retirement in which he might nurse the melancholy that was to accompany him to his grave. "Yet why should an individual mourn over the in-stability of his hopes, and the vanity of his prospects ? The ancient chiefs, who erected these enormous and massive towers to be the fortress of their race and the seat of their power, could they have dreamed the day was to come, when the last of their descendants abould be expelled, a ruined wanderer, from his pos-sessions! But Nature's bounties are unaltered. The sum will shine as fair on these ruins, whether the pro-perty of a stranger, or of a sortid and obscure trick-ster of the abused law, as when the banners of the founder first waved upon their battlements." These reflections brought Mannering to the door of the house, which was that day open to all. He en-

founder first waved upon their battlements." These reflections brought Mannering to the door of the house, which was that day open to all. He en-tered among others, who traversed the apartments some to select articles for purchase, others to gratify their curiosity. There is something melancholy in such a scene, even under the most favourable cir-cumstances. The confused state of the furniture, displaced for the convenience of being easily viewed and carried off by the purchasers, is disagreeable to the even. Those saticles which, properly and decently the sys. Those articles which properly and decently arranged, look creditable and handsome, have then a paltry and wretched appearance; and the apartmanus, stypped of all that render them commodiques and comfortable, have an aspect of ruin and dilapida-tions. It is disgusting also, to see the scenes of do-mestic society and seclusion thrown open to the gaze of the curious and the vulgar; to hear their coarse goculations and brutal jests upon the fashions and furniture to which they are unaccustomed.—a folic-some humour much charished by the whisky which in Scotland is always put in curculation on such co-casions. All these are ordinary effects of such a score as Ellangowan now presented; but the moral feel-ing, that, in this case, they indicated the total ruin of and comfortable, have an aspect of ruin and dilapida-

an ancient and honourable family, gave them treble

an ancient and honourable family, gave them troble weight and poignancy. It was some time before Colonel Mannering could find any one disposed to unswer his reiterated ques-tions concerning Ellangowan himself. At length, an old maid-servant, who held her apron to her eyes as she spoke, told him, "the Laird was something better, and they hoped he would be able to leave the house that day. Miss Lucy expected the chaise every mo-ment, and, as the day was fine for the time o' year, they had carried him in his easy chair up to the green before the auld castle, to be out of the way of this unco spectacle." Hither Colonel Mannering went in quest of him, and soon came in sight of the little group, which consisted of four persons. The ascent was steep, so that he had time to reconnoire them as he advanced, and to consider in what mode he should make his address.

he advanced, and to consider in what mode he should make his address. Mr. Bertram, paralytic, and almost incapable of moving, occupied his easy chair, stiired in his night-cap, and a loose camlet coat, his fast wrapped in blankets. Behind him, with his hands crossed on the cane upon which he rested, stood Dominie Samp-son, whom Mannering resonized at once. Time had made no change upon him, unless that his black coat seemed more brown, and his gaunt cheeks more lank, than when Mannering last saw him. On one side of the old man was a sylph-like form—a young woman of about seventeen, whom the Colonel accounted to be his daughter. She was looking, from time to time, anxiously towards the svenue, as if expecting the post-chaise; and between whiles busied hereaft in adjusting the blankets, so as to protect her father from the celd, and in answering inquiries, which he Place, although the hum of the assembled crowed must have drawn her attention in that direction. The fourth person of the group was a handsome and gen-teel young man, who seemed to share Miss Busies and gen-teel young man, was the first who observed Colo

anxiety, and her solicitude to southe and socommo-date her parent. This young man was the first who observed Colo mel Manuering, and immediately stepped forward to meet him, as if politely to prevent his drawing nearer to the distressed group. Mannering instantly passed and explained. "He waa" he suid, "a stranger, to whom Mr. Bertram had formerly shows kindnesse and hospitality; he would not have intruded himself upon him at a period of distress, did it not secon to be in some degree a moment size of deartion; he wished marely to offer such services as might be in his power to Mr. Bertram and the young lady." He then paused at a little distance from the chastre ye that intimated no tokens of recognition—the Dominie seemed too deeply sunk in distress even to observe his presence. The young man spoke asside with Miss Bertram, who advanced timidly, and thanked Colonel Mannering for his goodness; bet "father, ahe feared, was not so much himself as to be able to remember him." She then retreated towards the chair, accompanied by the Colonel.— Father," she said, "this is marked father, ahe feared, was not so much himself as to be able to remember him." Mannering, an old friend, come to merive after you. "He's very heartily welcome," said the old man raising himself in his chair, and attempting a growth seemed to pass over his faded features; "but, Lass my dear, let us go down te the house, you should as the key of the wine-cellar. Mr. a.— a.— the Mannering was unspeakably affected by the coloned the second pass over his faded features; "but, the second of the second pass over his faded features; Mannering was unspeakably affected by the coloned the second pass over his faded features; Mannering was unspeakably affected by the second pass over his faded features; Mannering was unspeakably affected by the second pass over his faded features and the second pass over his faded features and

tieman will surely take something after his ra Mannering was unspeakably affected by the trast which his recollection made between this tion and that with which he had been greated by same individual when they last met. He could be restrain his tears, and his evident emotion at a attained him the confidence of the friendless and

Jean Devorgoil 18 Wi ner an a \_\_\_\_\_\_ "Tell them you could not find me, Tom; or, stay-"Tell them you could not find me, Tom; or, stay-say I am looking at the horses." "No, no, no," said Lucy Bertram, earnestly; "if "Bou would not add to the minery of this miserable moment, go to the company directly.-This gentle-man, I am sure, will see us to the carriage." "Unquestionably, madam," said Mannering, "your young friend may rely on my attention." "Farewell, then," said young Harlewood, and whispered a word in her ear-then ran down the steep hastily, as if not trusting his resolution at a slower pace.

hastiy, as if not trusting his resolution at a slower pace.
"Where's Charles Haslewood running " said the invalid, who apparently was accustomed to his presence and attentions; " where's Charles Haslewood running "-what takes him away now "."
"He'll return in a little while," said Lucy, gontly. The sound of voices was now heard from the running. The seader may remember there was a communication between the castle- and the beach, up which the speakers had ascended.
"Yos, there's pleaty of shells and see-ware for member was a communication between the castle- and the beach, up which the speakers had ascended.
"Yos, there's pleaty of shells and see-ware for membrure, as you abserve—and if one inclined to build a new house, which might indeed be necessary, there's a great deal of good hewn stone about this old dnd. Good God " said Miss Bertram, hastily to Sampson, "tis that wrotch Glossin's voice1—if my father sees him, it will kill him outright!" Sampson wheeled perpendicularly round, and moved with long strides to confront the attorney, as he issued from beneath the portal asch of the ruin. "Avoid ye!" he said—" Avoid ye! Wouldst thou kill and take possesson ?"
"Come, Come, Master Dominis Sampson," answord Glossin insolently, "if ye cannot preach in the publit, we'll have no preaching here. We go by the fault, the leave the gouget to you." The very mention of this man's name had been of fate a subject of the mast violent irritation to the uniter a subject of the mast violent irritation to the uniter a subject of the mast violent irritation to the uniter a subject of the mast violent irritation to the uniter a subject of the mast violent irritation to the uniter patients patient. The sound of his voice now preduced an instantaneous effect. Mr. Bertram started up without assistance, and transdor round to wards him ; the glastilinees of his features forming

Dottom I' The commanding tone of rightful anger silenced at once the ferocity of the bully. He hesitated, turned on his heel, and, muttering something between his testh about unwillingness to alarm the lady, relieved them of his hateful company. Mrs. Mac-Candina's postillion, who had come up in time to hear what passed, said aloud, "If he had stuck by the way, I would have lent him a heezie, the dirty scoundred, as willingly as ever I pitched a boddle."

boddle." He then stepped forward to announce that his horses were in readiness for the invalid and his daughter. But they were no longer necessary. The doblitated frame of Mr. Bertram was exhausted by this last effort of indignant anger, and when he sunk again upon his char, he extpired almost without a struggle or groan. So little alteration did the extinction of the vital spark make upon his external appearance, that the screams of his daughter, when ahe saw his eye fix, and falt his pulse stop, first announced his death to the spectators.

### CHAPTER XIV.

The bell strikes one. We take no note o Bet from its loss. To give it then a long le wise in man. As if an angel spoks, I fast the schume sound.

### Ya

The the solume sound — Towns The moral, which the poet has rather quainthy deduced from the processary mode of measuring time, may be well applied to our feelings respecting that portion of it which constitutes human life. We ob-serve the aged, the infirm, and those engaged in occupations of immediate hazard, trembling as it were upon the very brink of non-existence, but we derive no lesson from the precariounces of their tenure until it has altogether failed. Then, for a moment at least,

Our horse and fame Blast up ajorn di, and o'er life's narrow verge Look down-Ou what I -a fathomiose abym, A dark starnity,-how smely ours !----

The very mention of this man's name had been of fate a subject of the maet violati irritation to the un-brunnate patient. The sound of his voice now predinced an instantaneous effect. Mr. Bertran isstarted kay without sentences of his features forming isstarted kay without sentences of his features forming isstarted kay without sentences of his sciences that I writed till y starge me -Art theo not a fraid that the valle of my father is dwalling should fail and event have all of my father is dwalling should fail and event have all of my father is dwalling should fail and event have all bone -Art ye not afraid that the valles of the door of Eilangowan castle should hreak, open and are ye not excelling me-me, and event hand -finedles, houseless and penny-iese, from the house that has shaltered us and our fast innocent girl-friendles, houseless and penny-iese, from the house that has shaltered us and our intervity of the family were released the notice of his con-that, even for his effortery-" Sir-Mr. Ber man, derven for his effortery-" Sir-Mr. Ber minductiones. The tak, howerer, was allower of hard, even for his effortery-" Sir-Mr. Ber minductiones, and presence for it. And you will oblige most intervity of the family were relocified its tribute in some the merits of this controvery, I must infort the socian eliciton demands its tribute in some the merits of this controvery. J must informed his prophet is the social delower for a few minutes under the social parties, bowers, was allower who has and proved for a few minutes under the social and other property, and triben the social so its more as a social with be fined, and received it. "The said the social part on on a stranger whom inder wing without more work." "The said the social proceed in a way, he had the audacity to require merit and with the fined, sind proceed. "The said the shalt the social proceed is way, he had the audacity to require the dowed to be with the social is again to so forwant. At is for the socie when it is again to so forwant. It is Look device-On what - a hitomics abym, A day diversity -bow many our terms -gowan Mad followed the views of annaement, or what may called business, which brought them there, with little regard to the feelings of those who were sufficient to the feelings of those who were sufficient or the failing of those who were sufficient of the failing of the failed, as it were, for many years, out of the notice of his con-temporaries—the daughter had never been known ter them. But when the general murmar announsed that the unfortunate Mr. Bertram had broken his heart in the effort to leave the mansion of his forefa-thers, there poured forth a torrent of sympathy, like the waters from the rock when stricken by the wand of the prophet. The accent descent and unblemished integrity of the family were respectfully remembered; above all, the secred veneration due to misfortune, which in Scotland seldom demands its tribute in vain, then claimed and received it. Mr. Mac-Morian hastily announced, that he would of the property, and relinquish the possession of the promises to the young lady, until she could consult with her friends, and provide for the burnal of her faither. Gloasin had cowered for a few minutes under the

the bighest price the state of the market will admit, and this is simply no time to expect it — I will take the responsibility upon myself." Glossin left the room, and the house too, with so-gracy and dispatch; and it was probably well for him that he did so, since our friend Jock Jabos was al-ready harangement triba the number of how how the

energy and dispatch; and it was probably well for him inside the did so, since our friend Jock Jabos was al-ready haranguing a numerous tribe of bare-legged hows on the propriety of pelting him off the estate. Some of the rooms were hastily put in order for the reception of the young lady, and of her father's lead body. Mannering now found his further inter-ference would be unnecessary, and might be miscon-strued. Hashearved, too, that several families com-sected with that of Ellangowan, and who indeed derived their principal claim of gentility from the likance, were now disposed to pay to their trees of genealogy a tribute, which the adversity of their sup-moded relatives had been inadequate to call forth; and that the honour of superintending the funeral rites of the dead Godfeey Bertram (as in the memorable case of Homer's airth-place) was likely to be debated by neuer gentlemen of rank and fortune, none of whom had affered him an asylum while living. He there-is resolved, as short tour of a fortnight, at the end of which parted the adjourned sale of the estate af El-mented the forth of a gorceed. But before he departed, he solicited an internew

But before he departed, he solicited an intermew with the Dominie. The poor man appeared, on being informed a gentleman wanted to speak to him, being informed a gentleman wanted to speak to hum, with some expression of supprise in his gaunt fea-tures, to which recent sorrow had given an expres-sion yet more grady. He made two or three profound reverences to Managing, and then, standing erect, perionsy waited an explanations of his commands. "You are probably at a lass to guess. Mr. Samp-son," said Mannering, "what a stranger may have to asy be not "

perimethy waited an explaination of his commande. "You are probably at a lass to guess, Mr. Samp-on," and Mannering, "what a stranger may have to say to rou ?" "Upless it were to request, that I would undertake to take up some youth in polite letters, and humane tearing—but I cannot—I cannot—I have yet a task to perform." "Nathless, it was I who day daughner, I are-sume, you would not consider as a ft pupil." "Of a surety, no." replied the simple-minded Samp-son. "Nathless, it was I who did educate Miss Locy in all useful learning, -albeit it was the house-keeper who did teach her those unpredicable axercises of asserty, no." replied the simple-minded Samp-son. "Nathless, it was I who did educate Miss Lucy in all useful learning, -albeit it was the house-keeper who did teach her those unpredicable axercises of meming and abaning." "Edit sit," replied Mannering, "it is of Miss Lucy I meent is speak—you have. I presume, no recollec-ion of ne to assert the astronoger of past years, nor even the stranger who had taken his patron's part against Glossin, so much had his friend's sudden death em-medic his idens. "Yeld, that does not signify." pursued the Colo-met : "I am an old acquaintance of the hate Ms. Ex-tram, ahle and willing to assist his daughter in her guesen cuccumstances. Resides, I have thogother of making this purchase, and I should wish thinga keet in oxies rebust the place : will you have the goolmest and the source form him. "Tradi-g-ous " again exclaimed Dominis Sampson, "Main is were head of the guine stars as feat as possible. "Tradi-g-ous" again exclaimed Sampson, fel-fouring the source form him. "Tradi-g-ous" again exclaimed Sampson, "He thurd time, now starding at the finnt door. "Mannering was now on horsehack, and out of maring. The Dominie, who had never, either in hig own right, or as trugtee for another, heen pesseed.

But Mannering this specie Dut Mannering was now on horseback, and out of maring. The Dominic, who had never, either is his own right, or as trustee for another, been possessed of a charge part of the sum, though it was not above threaty guiness, "taok counsel," as he expressed humack, "how he should demean himself with re-

spect unte the fine gold" thus left in his charge. Fortunately he found a disintensated adviser in his Morlan, who pointed out the most proper means of disposing of it for contributing to Miss Bertram's convenience, being no doubt the purpose to which if was destined by the bestower.

was destined by the bestower. Many of the neighbouring gentry were now sin-cerely eager in pressing offers of hospitality and kind-ness upon Miss Bertram. But she felt a natural re-loctance to enter any family, for the first time, as an object rather of benevolence than hospitality, and determined to wait the opinion and advice of her fa-ther's nearest female relation, Mrs. Margaret Bertram-of Singleside, an old unmarried lady, to whom abe-wrote an account of her present distressful situation. The funeral of the late Mr. Bertram wes performed with decent privacy, and the unfortunate young lady was now to consider herself as but the temporary te-nant of the house in which alse had been born, and

was now to consider herself as but the temporary to-nant of the house in which she had been horn, and where her patience and soothing attentions had an long "rocked the cradle of declining age." Here communication with Mr. Mac-Morian encouraged her to hope, that she would not be suddenly or wa-kindly denrived of this asylum; but fortune had er-

her to hope, that she would not be successfor un-kindly deprived of this asylum; but fortune had ar-dered otherwise. For two days before the appointed day for the sale of the lands and estate of Ellangowan, Mac-Merian daily appected the appearance of Colonel Manneying, or at least a letter containing powers to act for him, for two days before the appearance of Colonel Manneying, or at least a letter containing powers to act for him, and the morning, -walked over to the Post-office, - there were no letters for him. He endeavoured to persuade himself that he should see Colonel Manney-ing to breakfast, and ordered his wife to place her best chima, and prepare herself accordingly. But the appearations were in vain. "Could I have foreseer this," he said, "I would have travelled Scottana Glessin."-Alas ! such reflections were all too last. The appointed hour arrived; and the parties met in the Mason's Lodge at Kapletringen, being the since fined for the adjourned sale. Mac-Morlan appent as much time is preliminaries a decency would permit, and read over the articles of sale as slowly as if he had been reading his own death-warrant. He turned has ye every time the door of the room opened, with hopes which grew fainter and fainter. He listense to every noise in the street of the village, and nede-must he size fainter and fainter. He listense to every noise in the street of the village, and nede-must home in preliminaries and fainter. had been reading his own desup-warrait, its commen-his eye every time the door of the room opened, with hopes which gpew fainter and fainter. He listense to every noise in the street of the village, and ender-roured to distinguish in it the sound of hoefse wheels. It was all in vain. A bright idea then counted, that Colonel Manaering might have ennloyed some other person in the transaction—be would not have wasted a moment's thought upon the want of confidence in himself, which such a manœuvre would have everced. But this hope sho was groundless. After a scheme pande, and harony of Ellangowan. No reply was unade, and ho commentior anpeared; so, after a scheme is interval by the running of a sand-gias woo, the interval by the running of a sand-gias and to particle of the counter which we wanted and the interval by the running of a sand-gias woo, the interval by the running of a sand-gias and to particle of the counter which enterview it for the said lands and estate." The honest write refused to particle of the company, and returned house in build fiber filossin, Enquire, now of Ellangowan in buge bittences of entry, which he vested in our plaint against the fickleness and carrie of the mined to take the Marne upon herself, and cut off and to parts, of a splendid entertainment with it for the days together. From the generously dent in buge bittences of entry, which he vested in our plaint against the fickleness and carrie of the mined to take the Marne upon herself, and cut off and the wast of Mac-Morlan's researment. . An express arrived about six o'clock at name the wast of Mac-Morlan's nearesting and cut off and the rest of the company, and returned house in buge bittences of entry which he vested in our plaint against the fickleness and carrie of the mined to take the Marne upon herself, and cut off and the rest of the company field powers to Mac-Morlan, or any one whom he might erapicy, make the intended puschase, and statung that your form Kinpletringen, containing full powers to Mac-Morlan, or any one w

y at the head of the innocent of only foreibly withheld from I was a rescally messeng by whose A 23 er.

### CHAPTER XV.

ld is guns, my money is spent, land new take it unto thes. we thy gold, good John o' the Soak I thing for ayo my land shall be. This John he did him to record draw, and John he caste him a gode-permi But for every possile that John spread, The Jack & wis, was, wall weath the

Two Galwagian Jahn o' the Scales was a more clo-ver fellow than his prototype. He contrived to make himself her of Linne without the disagreeable cer-mony of "telling downs she good red gold." Mise Bertram no sooner heard this painful, and of late unserverse no sconer near unis painiu, and of late un-capacitations also had already made for leaving the man-mon-house immediately. Mr. Mac-Morlan assisted hay is these arrangements, and pressed upon her so undury the hospitality and protection of his roof, until Billy the hospitality and protection of his roof, until-consult mentys an answer from har cousin, or be a shift to adopt some settled plan of life, that she it them would be makindness in refusing an invita-to any would be makindness in refusing an invita-to any source of the source of the source of the it was a hospitable resource. Mine, Mac-Mor-mes appearable to Mines Bertram. A home, there-it, and an hospitable reception, wure secured to the andressive the adiens of the few dementice of 'inflace's family. Else them are entimable qualities on either side,

influer's family. Anno shows any estimable qualities on either side, have shows any efficiency—the present circum-zes rendered it doubly so. All vectored their due, must a trille more, and with thenku and good in, to which more sided tears, took farwwell of pening mietung. There remained in the pulsar Mr. Mac-Mintan, who cause to attend his guest b focuse. Dominis Sampson and Mike Bertram. 5 mew, " said the pror girl, "I must bif farmula to of my effect and kinder farends.-God bless Mr. Sampson, and requite to you all the kinder Mr. Sampson, and requite to you all the kinder Mr. Sampson, and requite to you all the kinder Mr. Sampson, and requite to you all the kinder Mr. Sampson, and requite to you all the kinder Mr. Sampson, and requite to you all the kinder Mr. Sampson and means of the set of t car instanctions to year poor pupil, and your p to kim that is gone - 1 hope I shall offen a year." She shid into his hand a paper con-mane piccus of guid, and resc, as it to leave

e Sampus also nose ; but it was to stand th utter astonishment. The idea of parting a Later, no where she might, had neveronce to the simplicity of his understanding.—He metage as the table. "It is certainly inde-hel floo Morian, mistaking his meaning, 

Notes and the second se sets a sught but could so part the and me. games and with the same are the forming Samp-s known to utter, the affectionate creature a games with term, and mitter Lacy as Mac-anal relation from sympathicing with this result wart of facing and attachment. "Mr. m," and Mac-Mount, after having had m-Vol. U.-W a, shor having bad m-

course to his small ber and handharchief alternation. "my house is large enough, and if you will accept of a bed there, while Miss Bertram honours us with her residence, I shall think myself very happy, and my roof much favoured by receaving a man of your worth and fidehty." And then, with a delicacy which was meant to remove any objection on Miss Bertram's part to beinging with her this unerpected satellite, he added, "My business requires my frequently haring occasion for a better accountant than any of my pre-sent clerks, and I should be glad to have recourse to your assistance in that way now and then."

sent clarks, and I should be glad to have recourse to your assistance in that way now and then." "Of a surety, of a surety," said Sampson caperiys, "I understand host-keeping by double entry and the Italian methed." Our postillies had thrust himself into the room to announce his chaine and horses; he tarried, unob-served, during this extraordinary scene, and assured Mrs. Mac-Candish it was the most moving thing, he over saw; "the death of the gray mare, pur himsing, was neathing till't." This trifling circumstance after-wards had consequences of greater moment to the Dominie. Dominie

wards had consequences of greater moment to the Dominia. The visitors were hospitably welcomed by Mrs. Mac. Machin, to whom, as well as to others, her hashand insinsted that he had engaged Dominia Sampson's assistance to disentangle some perpléned accountys during which compation he would, for convenience sake, reside with the family. Mr. Mac. Morban's know-ledge of the world induced him to put this colour upon the mater, aware, that hewever honourable the fide-ity of the Dominis's attachment might be, hous-ling of the Dominis's attachment might be, hous to has even heart and to the family of Ellangowan, his enterior ill qualified him to be a "agure of damae," and rendered him, upon the whole, rather a ridinulous appendage to a beautiful young woman of seventeen. Domine Sampson schieved with great need such tasks as Mr. Mac. Mortan choese to intrust him with but it was speedily observed that at a certain hour after breakfast he regularly disagedered, and returned before Mac. Mortan with a look of great triumph, and leid on the table two pieces of gold. "What is this for. Dominie?" said Mac. Mortan. "First, to indemnify you of your charges in my be-held, worthy sir-and the belance for the use of Miss

Portion of the state of the sta

hours daily."

As few more questions antracted from the Dominis that this liberal pupil was young Hasloweod, and that that this liberal pupil was young Hasloweod, and that the met his preceptor daily at the house of Mas. Man-Candlish, whose proclamation of Sampson's disti-terestad attachment to the young lady had procussed here this indefatigable and bountoous acholar. Mac-Morian was much strock with what he heard. Deminie Sampson was doubtless a very good sub-bar, and an excellent man, and the classics were un-questionably very well worth reading; yet that a young man of twenty should mide seven miles and back again each day in the week, to held this eart of *the d-tite* of three hours, was a zeal for literature-which he was not prepared to give eatire credit. Little art was necessary to selt the Dominie, for the homen man's head never admitted any but the most direct and simple ideas. "Does Miss Bertran knew how your time is engaged, my good friend ?"

and simple ideas. "Does Miss Bertran know how your time is engaged, my good friend ?" "furshy not as yot--Mir. Charles recommended is should be connected from her, less she should scruple to accept of the small assistance arising from it ; but," he added, "it would not be possible to connect it long, since Mr. Charles proposed taking his les-sons occasionally in this house." "O, he does I" said Mac-Morian : "Yes, yes, I can understand that botter.-And pray, Mr. Sampsup.

The queries there hours entirely spent in construing and translating ?" "Doubtlees, no-we have also colloquial intercuorse to sweeten study-neque semper arcum tmditApollo." The queriest proceeded to elicit from this Galloway Phaebus, what their discourse chiefly turned upon. "Upon our past meetings at Ellangowam-and, traly, I think very often we discourse concerning Miss Lucy-for Mr. Charles Harlewood, in that per-ticular, resembleth me, Mr. Mac-Morlan. When I begin to speak of her I never know when to stop-and, as I say, (jocularly,) she cheats us out of half our lessons." O ho I thought Mac-Morlan airs the wind in the

Jessons." O ho! thought Mac-Morian, sits the wind in that guarter ? I've heard something like this before. He then began to consider what conduct was sa-field in this protege, and even for himself; for the senior Mr. Hazlewood was powerful, wealthy, ambi-tious, and vindictive, and looked for both fortune and while in any connexion which his son might form. At length, having the highest opinion of his guest's good sense and penetration, he determined to take an op-gortunity, when they should happen to be alone, to commanicate the matter to her as a simple piece of intelligence. He did so in as natural a manner as he sould -- I wish you joy of your friend Mr. Samp-son's good fortune, Mise Bertram; he has got a pupil who pays him twe guineas for twelve lessons of Greak and Latin." "Indeed -- I an equally happy and surprised—who

Who pays int two gaineds for twate issoins of Greek and Latin." "Indeed |-I an equally happy and supprised—who can be so liberal ?-Is Colonel Mannering returned ?" "No, no, not Colonel Mannering ; but what do you think of your acquaintance, Mr. Charles Hezle-wood ?-He talks of taking his lessons hors-I wish we may have accommodation for him." Lucy blushed deeply. "For Heaven's sake, no, Mr. Mao-Norian-do not let that be-Charles Harlewood has had enough of mischief about that already." "About the classics, my dear young lady ?" wif-fully seeming to misunderstand her ;--" most young gentlemen have so at one period or another, sure enough ; but his present studies are voluntary." Miss Bertram let the conversation drop, and her hoat made no effort to renew it, as she seemed to pause upon the intelligence in order to form some in-ternal resolution. The sext day Miss Bertram took an opportunity of

The next day Miss Bertram took an opportunity of The next day Miss Bertram took an opportunity of conversing with Mr. Sampson. Expressing in the kindest manner her grateful thanks for his disinte-rested attachment, and her joy that he had got such a provision, she hinted to him that his present mode of superintending Charles Hazlewood's studies must be so inconvenient to his pupil, that, while that en-gagement lasted, he had better consent to a tempo-mary separation, and reside either with his scholar, or as near him as might be. Sampson refused, as indeed ahe had expected, to listen a moment to this proposition-he would not equit her to be made preproposition-he would not quit her to be made pre-esptor to the Prince of Wales. "But I see," he add-ed, "you are too proud to share my pittance; and,

ed, "you are too proun to share my primite; and, perdyenture, I grow wearisome unto you." "No indeed—you were my father's ancient; almost his only friend—I am not proud—God knows, I have no reason to be so—you shall do what you judge beat in other matters; but oblige me by telling Mr. Charles Haslewood, that you had some conversation with me demonstrate his and that I was af going, that

In other matters ; out onge me by teams mr. Charles Hatlewood, that you had some conversation with me concerning his studies, and that I was of opinion, that his carrying them on in this house was altogether im-practicable, and not to be thought of." Dominie Sampson left her presence altogether errest-fallen, and, as he shut the door, could not help puttering the "oerism et mutabild" of Virgil. Next day he appeared with a very rucful visage, and ten-dered Miss Bertram a letter.—" Mr. Harlewood," he aid, "was to discontinue his lessons, though he had generously made up the pecuniary loss—But how will be make up the loss to himself of the knowledge he in that one article of writing, he was an hour before be could write that brief nots, and destroyed many would have taught him in three weeks a firm, our-rent, clear, and isgible hand—he abould have been a callgrapher—but God's will be done."

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The letter contained but a few lines, desply repre-ting and murmuring against lines Bertram's crucky, who not only refused to see him, but to permit him in the most indirect manner to hear of her health and contribute to her service. But it concluded with as-surances that her severity was vain, and that nothing could shake the attachment of Charles Hazlewood. Under the active patronage of Mrs. Mac-Candida, Sampson picked up some other scholars-very diffe-ent indeed from Charles Hazlewood in renk-samp whose leasons were proportionally unproduction.

ent indeed from Charles Haslewood in renk-and whose lessons were proportionally unproductive Still, however, he gained something, and it was the glory of his heart to carry it to Mr. Mac-Morka weekly, a slight peculium only subtracted, to supply his snuff-box and tobacco-pouch. And here we must leave Kippletringmen to lost sf-ter our here, lest our readers should fear they are to lose sight of him for another quarter of a century.

# CHAPTER XVI.

Our Polly is a sad slut, nor heads what we have taught her ; I weeder any man alive will ever rear a daughter ; For when she's drest with cars and cost, all tempting, figs, a

gay, As men should serve a casamber, she fings hereoif away. Bergar's Opera.

As mean should serve a commber, she fings heresif aver, Nerram the death of Mr. Bertram, Mannering had set out upon a short tour, proposing to return to the neighbourhood of Ellangowan before the sale of that property should take place. He went, accordingly, to Edinburgh and elsewhere, andsit was in his return towards the south-western district of Scotland, is which our scene lies, that, st a post-town absets a bundred miles from Kippletringan, to which he had requested his friend, Mr. Marvyn, to address his let-ters, he received one from that gentleman, which, contained rather unpleasing intelligence. We have assumed already the privilege of acting a serveris to this gentleman, and therefore shall present the resider with an extract from this epistle. "I beg your pardon, my dearest friend, for the pan I have given you, in forcing you to open wounds an festering as those your letter referred to. I have al-ment, though erroneously perhaps, that the as-tentions of Mr. Brown were intended for Mise Man-nering. But, however that were, it could not be sup-posed that in your situation his boldmass should escape notice and chastistement. Wise men say, that we resign to civil society our natural rights of such supposes that I am not entitled to defend my pusse and person against a highwaymen, as much as if I were a wild Indian, who owns neither law nor .me-gistracy. The question of resistance, to submission must be determined by my means and situation. But, if armed and equal in force, I submit to mjentime and yrolence from any man, high or low, I pressing it will hardly be attributed to religious or mean fail-ing in me, or in any one but a quaker. An agree-sion on my honour seems to me much the sense ing in me, or in any one but a quaker. An agree-ing in me, or in any one but a quaker. An agree-sion on my honour seems to me when the sense and violence from any man, high or low, I present it will hardly be attributed to religious or meral fac-ing in me, or in any one but a quaker. An appro-sion on my honour seems to me much the same deeper consequences to all views in life than any wrong which can be inflicted by a depredator on. A highway, and to redress the injured party is man heas in the power of public jurisprudence, or rather is entirely beyond its reach. If any man choosen rob Arthur Mervyn of the contents of his purse, and posing the baid Arthur has not means of defence, of the skill and courage to use them, the assizes at lar or cartisle will do him justice by tucking a the robber :--Yet who will say I am bound to we for this justice, and submit to being plundered in the offered to me, submission under which is to tarther offered to me, submission under which is to tarther which the twelve Judges of England, with the Cha cellor to boot, can afford me no redress, by what a of law or reason am I to be deterred from protecting man of hencer than his whole fortune I Of that

Your disposition, with a little of that love of admira-tion which all pretty women share less or more. She will besides, apparently, be your herese; a triling circumstance to those who view Julia with my eyes but a prevailing bait to the specious, artful, and worthless. You know how I have jested with her about her soft melancholy, and lonely walks at morning before any one is up, and in the moonlight what all should be gone to bed, or set down to cards, which is the same thing. The incident which fol-iows may not be beyond the bounds of a joke, but I had rather the jest upon it came from you than me. "Two or three times during the last fortnight. I heard, at a late hour in the night, or very early in the morning, a flagoolet play the little Hindu tune to which your daughter is so partial. I thought for some time that some tuneful domestic, whose tasts for manic was laid under constraint during the day, choose that alled hour to initate the strains which he land caught up by the ear during his sttendance in the

choes that silent hour to imitate the strains which his had caught up by the ear during his attendance in the drawing-room. Bet last night I sat late in my study, which is immediately under Miss Mannering's apari-anent, and to my surprise. I not only heard the fla-geoslet distinctly, but satuafied myself that it came from the lake under the window. Curious to know who screenaded us at that unusual hour, I stole softly is the window of my spartnent. But there were other watchers than me. You may remember, Miss Annering preferred that apartment on account of a bacony which opened from her window upon the the Well, sir, I heard the each of her window frowm up, the shutters opened, and her own voice arown up, the shutters opened, and her own voice a conversation with some person who answered form below. This is not 'Much ado about nothing;' could not be mistaken in her voice, and such tones, a cold, not be mistaken in her voice, and such tones, and the solution of the solution of the such tones. The from below were in passion's tenderest cadenos to the source of the source in passion's tenderest cadenos in a fin my own window that I might hear something here than the more murmur of this Spanish render-

Con. VV.1
Stars of the matter I shall say notify in the provide the protocol of the matter of the matter I shall say the protocol of the matter of the the second the matter of the matter o VNERNING.
Yous, but, though I used every precaution, the noise alarmed the speakers; down alid the young lady's casement; and the shutters were barred in an instant. The dash of a pair of cars in the water announced the retract of the male person of the dialogue. Indeed, I saw his boat, which he rowed with great switness and deterry, fly across the lake like a twelve-oared barge. Next morning I examined some of my domestics, as if by accident, and I found the generated the flaggolet. I did note care to press any further questions, for fear of implicating Julia in the opinions of those of whom they might be saked. Next morning, at breakfast, I dropped a casual in the some some soft these of whom they might be saked. Next morning, at breakfast, I dropped a casual I promise you Miss Mannering looked red and pais alternately. I immediately gave the circumstance such a turn as might lead her to suppose that my observation was merely casual. I have since that boar the summes of the second of our nocturnal guest; and have stated the groresho of our nocturnal guest; and have stated the groresho of our nocturnal guest; and have stated the groresho of our nocturnal guest; and have stated the generate of the forgs, as a objection to solitary walke. Miss Mannering subjection to be curbed in any of her humours, were there not not be curbed in any of her humours, were there not not be curbed in any of her humours, were interest to my good woman, who, a faithful scentary to her spreadent to avoid dotate. "Now my story is told, and you will judge what you being made acquainted with these particulars, and might, instead, take it into her the do caretion and whice a supposed. There against ma, its legitimate object, might, I fear, do more harm than good in the case supposed. The segment you yourself with the set of a sproadent to avoid dotate. "Now way story which here were against mathing acquies and a state in the set of against mathing acquies and a spreadent to acture the set of the spreadent of miss that the strea

The consequence of this letter was, that, having first dispatched the faithless messenger with the ne-cessary powers to Mr. Mac-Morian for purchasing the settet of Ellangowan, Colonel Mannering turned-his horse's head in a more southerly direction, and neither "stimted nor staid" until he arrived at the mansion of his friend Mr. Mervyn, upon the banks of one of the lakes of Westmoreland

"Beaven first, in its mercy, taught mortals their letters, Per lesies in limbo, and lovers in fetters, or some subor, who, placing his perioss before ye, Ungallantiy leaves them to write their own story." Porr, instanced

WHEN Mannering returned to England, his first ebject had been to place his daughter in a seminary for female education, of established character. Not, however, finding her progress in the accomplishments which he wished her to acquire so rapid as his impa-tionce expected, he had withdrawn Miss Mannering tience expected, he had withdrawn Miss Mannering from the school at the end of the first quarter. So she had only time to form an eternal friendship with Miss Matilds Marchmont, a young lady about her own age, which was nearly eighteen. To her faithful eye were addressed those formitable quires which issued forth from Marvyn-hall, on the wings of the post, while Miss Mannering was a guest there. The peru-sal of a few short extracts from these may be neces-sary to render our story intelligible.

### Frank England

"Alas! my dearest Matilda, what a tale is mine to "Aiss! my dearest mattica, what a tase is mine to tell! Misfortume from the cradle has set her seal goos your unhappy friend. That we should be severed for so alight a cause - an ungrammatical phrase in my italian exercise, and three false notes in one of Pessiello's sonatas! But it is a part of my father's character, of whom it is impossible to say, whether love, admire, or fear him the most. His success in He and in war—his habit of making every obstacle pield before the energy of his carctions, even where has and in war—his habit of making every obstacle pield before the energy of his carctions, even where has and peremptory cast to his character, which can neither endure contradiction, nor make allowance for deficiencies. Then he is himself so very accom-pinhed. Do you know there was a nurmur, half confirmed too by some mysterious words which drop-ped from my poor mother, that he possessed other sciences, now lost to the world, which enable the pessessor to summon up before him the dark and findowy forms of future events! Does not the very idea of such a power, or even of the high talent and for in-does it not, dear Matilda, throw a mysterious grandeur about its possessor? You will call this ro-mantic, but consider I was born in the land ef talis-ma and spell, and my childbood lulled by tales which pou can only enjoy through the gaury frippery of a French translation. O Matilda, I wrsh you could have seen the dusky visages of my Indian attendants, the disc old and meagre, after the worderful effects which I have seen the romances of the East produce upon their hearers." Secons Extrance. tell Misfortune from the cradle has set her seal

## SHOOME FATTLACE.

SECOND EXTRACT. "You are possessed, my dear Matihia, of my bosom-surer, in those sentiments with which I regard Brown. I will not say his memory. I are convinced he lives, and is faithful. His addresses to me were counte-sensed by my deceased parent; impredently counte-sensed pethaps, considering the prejudices of my fathet, in favour of birth and rank. But I, then ghnost a girl, could not be expected surely to be wiser than but, under whose charge nature had placed me. My fathet, constantly engaged in military duty, I saw bot st rare intervals, and was taught to look up to birn with more awe than confidence. Would to Heaven it had been otherwise! It might have been better for "s all at this day?"

### THIED EXTEROT.

"You ask me why I do not make known to my sther that Brown yet lives, at least that he survived he would he received in that sahappy duel; and had written to my mother, expressing his entire conva-secures, and his hope of speedily escaping from metwey. A soldier, that 'in the trade of war has oft fam men, 'sels probably as uncasinees at reflecting gous the supposed catastrophe, which almost target

The into stens. And should I show him that lying does it not follow, that Brown, alive and meintaming with pertinacity the pretensions to the affections of your poor friend, for which my father formerly sough his life, would be a more formutable disturber of Co-lonel Mannering's posce of mind than in his sup-poord grave? If he excepse from the hands of these marauders, I am convinces he will soon be in Bag-and, and it will be then time to consider how his existence is to be disclosed to my father—But if, alast my earnest and confident hope should betray me, what would it a vail to tear open a mystery fraught with so many painful recollections?—My dear me-ther had such dread of its being known, that I think she even suffered my father to suspect that Rown's attentions were directed towards herealf, rather than permit him to discover their real object; and 0, Manida, whatever respect I owe to the mannery of a deceased parent, let me do justice to a living one. 1 adopted, as unjust to my father, and highly perileus the rations were guided by the heart rather than the head; and shall her danghter, who inherits all her weakness, be the first to withdraw the veil from her delects T'

## FOURTH EXTRACT.

### " Metvyn-Hall

"If India be the land of magic, this, my dearest Matilda, is the country of romance. The scenary is such as nature brings together in her sublimest moods;—sounding cataracts—hills which rear their scathed heads to the sky—lakes, that, winding up the shadowy valleys, lead at every turn to yet man romantic recesses—rocks which catch the clouds of heaven. All the wildness of Salvator here, and there the fairy scenes of Claude. I am happy too, in finding at least one object upon which my father can share my enthusiasm. An admirer of nature, both as an artist and a poet, I have experienced the utmost plea-sure from the observations by which he explains the character and the effect of these brilliant specimens of her power. I wish he would settle in this enchantcharacter and the effect of these brilliant specimess of her power. I wish he would settle in this enchant-ing hand. But his views lie still further north, and he is at present absent on a tour in Scotland, looking, I believe, for some purchase of land which may suit him as a residence. He is partial, from early reod-lections, to that country. So, my dearest MatiMa, I must be yet further removed from you before I am established in a home-And O how delighted shall I be when I can say, Come, Matilda, and be the guest of your faithful Julia!

of your faithful Julia! "I am at present the immate of Mr. and Mrs. Her-vyn, old friends of my father. The latter is precisely s good sort of woman; lady-like and house willy, but, for accomplishments or fancy, good lack, su pathy from Mrs. Teach'em, -you see I have not for-got school nicknames. Mervyn is a different - gain a different being from my father, yet he annusse and endures me. He is fat and good-natured, gifted with strong shrewd sense, and some powers of humour; but having been handsome, I suppose, in his yout, has still some pretension to be a beau gorgon, as well as an enthusiastic agriculturalist. I delight to make him scramble to the tops of eminences and to the as an enthusiastic arriculturalist. I delight to make him scramble to the tops of eminences and to the foot of waterfalls, and an obliged in turn to admire his turnips, his lucerne, and his timothy grass. He thinks me, I fancy, a simple romantic Mise, with some-(the word will be out) beauty, and some grass nature: and I hold that the gentlemen has good taste for the female outside, and do not expect has should comprehend my sentiments further. So he rallice, hands, and hobbles, (for the doar creature has got the gout too,) and tells old stories of high life of which he has seen a great deal; and I listen, and smile, and look as pretty, as pleasent, and as simple as I can, and we do very well. "But, alas I my dearest Mattida, how would gime

pass away, even in this particles of romance, an anted as it is by a pair ascorting so ill with the expanse around them, were it not for your fidelity in replying to my uninteresting details? Fray do not fail to wate

ine tints a-1 that is sey."

"Our hours have are early-earlier than my heart, "Our hours have are early-earlier than my heart, with its head of care, can compose itself to yest. I, havedon, samily take a book for an hour or two after rotiring to my own, noom, which I think I have told you eque to a small balcowy, looking down upon that beaufial lake, of which I attempted to give you a shift sketch. Maryon-hell, being partly as ancent initiated on the verge of the lake. A stone dropped from the projecting beloosy plunges into water deep anong to thest a stiff. I had left my window partly unbarned, that, hefore I want to bed, I might, accord-ing to my custom, hook out and see the moonlight that bountiff scene in the Marchant of Venice, where two lover, descriving the tillness of a summer night, shance on each other its charms, and was lost in the successions of story and of feing which it awa-ters, where I heard upon the lake the sound of a finge-ist. I have told you it was Brown's favourite instruhas, when I heard upon the lake the sound of a flage-elec. I have told you it was Brown's favourite instru-ment. Who could touch it in a night which, though still and serene, was too cold, and too late in the year, to invite forth any wanderer for mere pleasure? I drew yet mearer the window, and hearkmored with investilless stimution—the sounds paused a space, were then resumed—passed again—and again reached my etc. ever coming nearer and nearer. At length, I distinguished plainly that little Hindu air which you called my favourite—I have told you by whom it was magn't me—the instrument, the tones, were his own I --was it earthly music, or notes passing on the wind, by warn use of his death? "It was some time ere I could summon courage to

to warn and af his death? "It was some time ere I could summon courage to step on the balcony-nothing could have emboldened in to do so but the strong conviction of my mind, that he was still alive, and that we should again meet -but that conviction did embolden me, and I ven-tured though with a single person-O, Matilda, it was humshilled in through the shadow of the night, as perfectly as if we had parted yesterday, and met again in the below and so the shadow of the night, as perfectly as if we had parted yesterday, and met again in the below, and spoke to me; I hardly knew what he said, or what I replied. Indeed, I could scarcely speak for weeping, but they ware joyful tears. We were disturbed by the barking of a dog at some dis-tance, and parted, but not before he had conjured me to prepare to meet him at the same place and hour the sering.

But where and to what is all this tending?-Can I maker this guestion 7 I cannot.-Heaven, that saved him from death, and delivered him from cap-tivity; that saved my father too, from shedding the blood of one who would not have blemished a hair to be beed, that heaven must guide me out of this abyringth. Enough for me the firm resolution, that articles shall not blueb for her friend, my father for in denighter, nor my lover for her on whom he has include affection."

Yes, IL

GOY MAINTERNELS. SP REALEY ACT. I communicate what I have now to and heart still flutter so much, that ing is almost impossible 1-Did I not string I had parted from him so young, to suggest, my dear Matlida, that my learning I had parted from him so young, is at the distates of our boson so fro-ut to my tals-let it be, my friend, the is the mest aincere, placks of our to my tals-let it be, my friend, the is the mest aincere, placks of our to my tals-let it be, my friend, the is the abook joy an hour ortwo after forms, can compose itself to rest. I, by the abook joy an hour ortwo after index a book joy an hour ortwo after is a sho for our boson is believed to carry on, for four of discovery, mechinations forms, can compose itself to rest. I, by the abook joy an hour ortwo after

ness. Fortunately the young man whom she so impre-dently introduced into her intimute society, and en-couraged to look up to her daughter, had a fund of principle and honset price, which rendered him u refer intimute than Mrs. Marnering ought to have dared to hope or expect. The obscurity of his birth could alone be objected to him ; in every other to super.

Fith prospects bright upon the world he came, we have of white, strong desire of fame : for watched the way his lefty mind would tak as all foreloid the progress he would make.

ans all needed the progress he would make. But it could not be expected that he should result the snare which Mrs. Mennering's imprudence threw in his way, or avoid becoming attached to a young lady, whose beauty and manners might have justified his passion, even in accurs where these are more generally met with, than in a remote fortress in our Indian-settlements. 'The scenes which followed have been partly detailed in Manneing's letter to Mr. Mervyn? and to expand what is these stated into further explanation, would be to abuse the patience of our readers. We shall, therefore, prograd with our avoid the

We shall, therefore, proceed with our promised extracts from Miss Mannering's letters to her friend.

### SITTE EXTRACT.

" I have seen him again, Matilda-seen him twice. "I have seen mm again, Matika-seen nin twice. I have used every argument to convince him that this secret intercourse is dangerous to us both-Ieven preseed him to pursue his views of fortune without further regard to me, and to consider my peace of mind as sufficiently secured by the knowledge that he had not fallen under my father's sword. He answers -but how can I detail all he mas to answer? he claims those hopes as his due which my mother per-mitted him to entrain, and would cersuade me to cuaims those hopes as his due which my mother per-mitted him to entertain, and would persuade me to the madness of a union without my father's sanction. But to this, Matilda I will not be persuaded. I have resisted, I have subdued the rebellious feelings which arose to aid his plea; yet how to extincate myself from this unhappy labyrinth, in which fate and folly have entangled us both!

have entangled us both! "I have thought upon it, Matilda, till my head is almost giddy—nor can I conceive a better plan than to make a full confession to my father. He deserves it, for his kindness is unceasing; and I think I have observed in his character, since I have studied it more nearly, that his harsher feelings are chiefly excited where he suspects deceit or imposition; and in that remeet rothang his character was formerly misure virig; that saved my father too, from shedding the food of one who would not have blemished a hair respect, perhaps, his character was formerly misumers fair head, that heaven must guide me out of this denighter, nor my lover for her on whom he has not hand her for nor my lover for her on whom he has not has affection."
CHAPTER XVIII.
Talk with a man set of a window in a proper saying.
Wis must proceed with our extracts from Miss imposing a lotter, which throw light upon usture in a sense, principle, and facings, blaunshed by an Vec. IL

### SEVENTH EXTRACT.

"I have this instant received your letter—your most welcome letter!—Thanks, my dearest friend, for your sympathy and your counsels—I can only repay thom with unbounded confidence.

with unbounded confidence. "You ask me, what Brown is by origin, that his descent should be so unpleasing to my father. His story is shortly told. He is of Scottish extraction, but, being left an orphan, his education was underta-ken by a family of relations, settled in Holland. He was bred to commerce, and sent very early to one of our settlements in the East, where his guardian had a correspondent. But this correspondent was dead when he arrived in India, and he had no other re-source than to offer himself as a clerk to a counting-buse. The breaking out of the war, and the straits when he arrived in India, and he had ho other re-source than to offer himself as a clerk to a counting-house. The breaking out of the war, and the straits to which we were at first reduced, threw the army open to all young men who were disposed to embrace that mode of life; and Brown, whose genius had a strong military tendency, was the first to leave what might have been the road to wealth, and to choose that of fame. The rest of his history is well known to you; but conceive the irritation of my father, who despises commerce, (though, by the way, the best part of his property was made in that honourable profes-thy to the Dutch; think with what ear he would be likely to receive proposals for his only child from Vanbeest Brown, educated for charity by the house of Vanbeest Brown, educated for charity by the house of Vanbeest Brown, educated for charity by the house of Vanbeest Brown, educated for charity by the house of Natida, it will never do-may, so childish aristocratic feelings. Mrs. Vanbeest Brown ! The name has little to recommend it, to be sure.-What children we are!" Enterne Errance.

### Extern Everator.

Bure.---Wast children We are r' Eiterne Extract.
"It is all over now, Matilda t--I shall never have courage to tell my father--nay, most deeply do I fear he has already learned my secret from another quar-ter, which will entirely remove the grace of my com-munication, and ruin whatever gleam of hope I had watured to connect with it. Yesternight, Brown came as usual, and his fageolet on the lake amoun-ed his approach. We had agreed, that he should continue to use this signal. These romantic lakes attract numerous visiturs, who indulge their enthu-siasm in visiting the scenery at all hours, and we hoped, that if Brown were noticed from the house, he might pass for one of those admirers of nature, who was giving vent to his feelings through the me-fourn of music. The sounds might also be my apo-logy, should I be observed on the balcony. But fast night, while I was eagerly enforcing my plan of a full confession to my father, which he ascarnestly depre-cated, we heard the window of Mr. Mervyn's library, which is under my room, open softly. I signed to Brown to make his retreat, and immediately re-antered, with some faint hopes that our interview "But, alss! Matilda, these hopes vanished the in-stant I beheld Mr. Mervyn's countenance at breakfast the next morning. He looked so provokingly intelli-gent and confidential, that, had I dared, I could have been more angry than ever I was im my life; but I must be on good behaviour, and my walks are now limited within his farm precincts, where the good genteman can amble along by my side without in-onvenience. I have detected him once or twice at-tempting to sound my thoughts, and watch the ex-pression of my countenance. He has taiked of the

convenience. I have detected him once or twice at-tempting to sound my thoughts, and watch the ex-pression of my countenance. He has talked of the faggolet more than once; and has, at different times, made eulogiums upon the watchfulness and ferocity of his dogs, and the regularity with which the keeper makes his rounds with a loaded fowling-piece. He makes his rounds with a loaded fowling-piece. He nentioned even man-traps and spring-guns. I should be loath to affront my father's old finend in his own house; but I do long to show him that I am my fa-ther's daughter, a fact of which Mr. Mervyn will cer-tainly be convined, if ever I trust my voice and tem-per with a reply to these indirect hints. Of one thing I am certain—I am grateful to him on that account— be has not told Mrs. Mervyn. Lord help me I should have had such lectures about the dangers of love and

the night air on the lake, the risk srising from colds and fortune-hunters, the comfort and convenience of sack-whey and closed windows !--I cannot help tri-fling, Matilda, though my heart is sad enough. What Brown will do I cannot guess. I presume, however, the fear of detection prevents his resuming his noo-turnal visits. He lodges at an inn on the opposite shore of the lake, under the name, he tells me, of Dawson,--he has a bad choice in names, that must be allowed. He has not left the army, I believe, but he says nothing of his present views.

"To complete my anxiety, my father is returned suddenly, and in high displeasure. Our good hostens, "To complete my anxiety, my father is returned suddenly, and in high displeasure. Our good hostess, as I learned from a bustling conversation between her housekceper and her, had no expectation of see-ing him for a week; but I rather suspect his arrival was no surprise to his friend Mr. Mervyn. His man-ner to me was singularly cold and constrained—suffi-ciently so to have damped all the courage with which I once resolved to throw myself on his generosity. He lays the blame of his being discomposed and out of humour to the loss of a purchase in the south-west of Scotland, on which he had set his heart; but I do not suspect his equanimity of being so easily throws off its balance. His first excursion was with Mr. Mervyn's barge across the lake, to the inn I have mentioned. You may imagine the agony with which I waited his return—Had he recognized Brown, who can guess the consequence of his late disap-pointment, he means now to hire a house in the medify without having made any discovery. I understand, that, in consequence of his late disap-pointment, he means now to hire a house in the medioned to hear so much—he scens nay scon be again in the market. I will not send away this letter until I hear more distinctly what are his intentions."

a panse, and seemed to expect an answer. Whatever place of residence suits you, sir, non be perfectly agreeable to me.' 'Umph -I do not propose, however, Julia, th you shall reside quite alone in this house during. winter.

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Mr. and Mrs. Mervyn, thought I to myself

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Whatever company. is agreeable to you, sir,' I anered alon

swered aload. 'O, mere is a little too much of this universal spirit of submission; an excellent disposition in action, but your constantly repeating the jargon of it, puts me in mind of the eternal salams of our black dependants in the East. In short, Julia, I know you have a re-lish for society, and I intend to invite a young person, the daughter of a deceased friend, to spend a few months with us.'

months with us.' 'Not a governess, for the love of Heaven, papa !' exclaimed poor I, my fears at that moment totally getting the better of my prudence. 'Not not a governess, Miss Mannering,' replied the Colonel, somewhat sternly,' but a young lady from whose excellent example, bred as she has been in the other of elements. I think the many learney the number school of adversity, I trust you may learn the art to govern yourself." "To answer this was trenching upon too danger-

"To answer this was a pause, "Is the young lady a Scotchwoman, papa?" 'Yes'-dryly enough. "Has she much of the accent, air?" "Much of the devil ? answered my father, hastily 'Has she much of the accent, air?' 'Much of the devil' answered my father, hastily; do you think I care shout do's and do's, and i's and e's'.-I tell you, Julia, I am serious in the matter. You have a genius for friendship, that is, for running up infimacies which you call such--(was not this very harahly said, Matilda ?)-- 'Now I wish to give you are opportunity at least to make one deserving friend, and therefore I have resolved that this young lady shall be a member of my family for some months, and I expect you will pay to her that atten-tion which is due to misfortune and virtue.' 'Certainly, sir.-Is my future friend red-haired ?' ''He gave me one of his stern glances; you will say, perhaps, I deserved it; but I think the denoe prompts me with teasing questions on someoccasions. 'She is as superior to you, my love, in personal ap-pearance, as in prodence and affection for her friends.' 'Lord, pape, de you think that superiority a recom-mendation ?--Well, air, but I see you are going to take all this too seriously; whatever the young lady may be, I am sure, being recommended by you, she shall have no reason to complain of my want of at-tention.--(After a pase)-Has she any attendant? 'N-mo-mo-mot property an attendant-the chap-lian who lived with her father is a very sood sort of

'N-no-no-not properly an attendant-the chap-lain who lived with her father is a very good sort of man, and I believe I shall make room for him in the

man, and I believe I shall make room for him in the bone.' 'Chaplain, pape ? Lotd bless ms ? 'Yes, Misse Mannering, chaplain; is there any thing very new in that word? Had we not a chaplain at the Residence, when we were in India ?' 'Tes, pape, but you was a commandant then.' 'So I will be now, Miss Mannering, --in my own family at least.' 'Cartamly, sir-but will he read us the Church of England service?' 'The apparent simplicity with which I asked this question got the better of his gravity. 'Come, Julia', be said, you are a sad girl, but I gain nothing by scolding you.-Of these two strangers, the young lady is one whom you cannot fail, I think, to love-the person whom, for want of a better term, I colled chaplain, is a very worthy, and somewhat ridiculous personage, who will never find out you laugh at him, if you don't laugh very loud indeed.' Dear pape, I am delighted with that part of his personage, who will never the house we are going to as pleasantly situated as this ?' 'Not perhape as much to your tasto-there is no Make under the windows, and you will be under the stocessity of having all your music within doors.' "This last coup de main ended the keen encounter of our wits, for you may believe, Mauida, it quelled

"This last coup de main ended the keen encounter our wits, for you may believe, Matilda, it quelled in my courrage to reply. "Yet my spirita, as perhaps will appear too mani-ist from this dialogue, have risen insensibly, and, as were, in spite of myself. Brown alive, and free, in England I Embartssement and anxiety I can in England I. Embartssement and anxiety I can in must endure. We leave this in two days for our

new residence. I shall not fail to let you know wha-I think of these Scotch inmates, whom I have but too much reason to believe my father means to quar-ter in his house as a brace of honourable spice; a sort of female Rozencrants and reverend Guildenstern, one in tartan petticoats, the other in a caseock. What a contrast to the society I would willingly have secured to myself I shall write instantly on my ar-riving at our new place of abode, and somaint my dearest Matilda with the further fates of-her Julia Nancerng" Mannering."

### CHAPTER XIX.

Which sloping hills ground enclose, Where many a beach and branching b Basestin whose dark and branching b Ics tides a far-fam'd river pours, By nature's beauties taught to please, Sweet Tusculan of rural ease !ak grov WARTER. "

Lary Bertram, with some hesitation, accepted the in-famion to reside a few weeks with Miss Mannering. The fielt too well, that however the Colonel's delica-ing maight disguise the truth, his principal motive was again to afford her his countenance and again of the high countenance and hesterion, which his high countenance and higher character, were likely to render influential in the enclosed the set of the set o character, were

assighbourhood. About the same time the orphan girl received a letter from Mrs. Bertram, the relation to whom she had written, as cold and comfortless as could well be imagined. It enclosed, indeed, a small sum of mo-ney, but strongly resommead as goonomy, and that Miss Bertram should board herself in some quiet fa-mily, either at Kippletringsan or in the neighbourhood, assuring her, that though her even income was very scanty, she would not see her kinswoman want. Miss Bertram shed some natural tears over this cold-counter on the restler for in her mother's time, this good very scanty, she would not see her kinswoman want. Miss Bertram shedssome natural tears over this cold-hearted epistle; for in her mother's time, this good lady had been a guest at Ellangowan for nearly three pars, and it was only upon succeeding to a property of about 4001. a-year that she had taken furewell of that hospitable mansion, which, otherwise, might have had the honour of sheltbring her until the death of its ownet. Lucy was strongly inclined to return the painty donation, which, alter some struggles with swarna, pride had exterted from the old lady. But on consideration, she contented herself with writing, fast she sceepted it as a leas, which she hoped in a shout time to repay, and consulted her whence upon the invitation she had received from Colonel and Miss Massesiag. This time the answer came in course of post, so fearful was Mirs. Bertram, that is ourse of post, so fearful was Mirs. Bertram, that et might induce her cousin to reject each a promising effit, and thereby at the same time to leave herself its might induce her cousin to reject each a promising effit, and thereby at the same time to leave herself barden upon her relations. Lucy, therefore, had no alternative, unless she proferred continuing a barden upon her winstoolk who formerity re-signed to be rich. Those kinsfolk who formerity re-silently or with extrament of masses of massing of the store of the trames in the store of the store of a store of her company, had of late either the near of the store of her company, had ef late either stillently or with extramestion of massing of the store of a store of her company. ad the favour of her company, had of late either

Hereal to be rich. Those Kinasok who rormery ser-general the favour of her company, had of late either should have preferred Mac-Morian's invitation to theirs, gradually withdrawn their notice. The fate of Dominic Sampson would have been deployable had it depended upon any one except Man-mering, who was as admirwer of originality, for a se-pantion from Lucy Bertram would have certainly breken his heart. Mac-Morian had given a full ac-count of his proceedings towards the dunghter of his patron. The answer was a request from Mannering to know, whether the Denmins still possessed that sumirable virtue of taciturnity by which he was so methy distinguished at Ellangowan. Mac-Morian upplied in the affirmative. "Let Mr. Sampson know." und the Colons's next letter, " that I shall want his assistance to catalogue and put in order the library of gay uncle, the bishop, which I have ordered to be seen down by sea. I shall also want him to copy and ar-mang some papers. Fix his salary at what you thiak betting. Let the poor man be properly dressed, and accompany his young lady to Woodbourne."

mage some papers. Fix his salary at what you think bestting. Let the poor man be properly dressed, and accompany his young lady to Woodbourne." Hanset Mac-Morian received this standate with great joy, but pondered much upon executing that great joy, but pondered much upon executing the worthy Bognimie. He looked at him with a scrutinizing eye, and it was but too plain that his present garments were daily waxing more deplorable. To give him money, and bid him go and furnish himself, would be only giving him the means of making himself fi be only giving him the means of making himself ri-dicalous; for when such a rare event arrived to Mr. Sempson as the purchase of new garments, the addi-tions which he made to his wardrobe, by the gui-dance of his own taste, usually brought all the boys of the village after him for measure him, and send hane his clothes, as for a school-boy, would probably give offence. At length Mac-Morlan resolved to con-sult Miss Bertram, and request her interference. She sensed him, that though she could not protend to emperiated a gentleman's weidrobe, mothing was any easy than to arrange the Dominis's. "As Ellingsware," are said, "whenever my poor

father thought any part of the Dominie's draws want-ed renewal, a servant was directed to enter his mean by night, for he sleeps is fast as a domnouse, carry off the old vestment, and leave the new onn; ner could any one observe that the Dominie exhibited the least consciousness of the change put upon him on such occasions." such occasions.

could any one observe that the Dominis exhibited the least consciousness of the change put upon him on such occasions." Muc-Morian, in conformity with Miss Bartan's advice, procured a skilful artist, who, on looking at the Dominie attentively, undertook to make for him two suits of clothes, one black, and one reven-ger, and even engaged that they should fit him-as well at least, (so the tailor qualified his enterprise,) as a mar of such at est-of-the-way build could be fitted by merely human needles and shears. When this fa-shioner had accomplished his task, and the dresses were brought home. Mae-Morian indicionaly resolv-ing to accomplish his purpose by degress, withkew that evening an important part of his dress, and sub-stituted the new article of raiment in its stead. Per-ceiving that this passed totally without notice, he next ventured on the waistoat, and lastly on the cost. When fully metaworphosed, and arrayed for the first time in his life in a decent dress, they did observe, that the Dominie accent dress, they did observe, that the Dominie accent to have acino in-clastinot and enbarrusing counciousness that at schange had taken place on his outward man. Whenever they observed this dubious expression gra-ther upon his countenance, accompand with n glance, that faced now upon the slove of his cost, mow upon the knees of his broches, where he pro-beby missed some antique patching and darring, which, being ensuited with blue thread upon a black ground, had semewhat the effect of embroidery, they aiway took care to turn his attention into accou-other channel, until his garments, "by the aid of use, cleaved to their mould." The only remark he west ever known to wake on the subject was, that " tho air of a town like Kippletring and arrours black almost as new as the first day he put it on, which was when he went to stand trial for his licenae as a preacher."

When the Dominie first heard the liberal proposed When the Dominie first heard the liberal proposed of Colonel Mannering, he turned a jealous and doabt-ful giance towards Miss Bertram, as if he suspected that the project involves their separation; but when Mr. Mac-Morlan hastened to explain that she would be a guest at Woodbourne for some time, he rubbed his huge hands together, and burst into a porteneous sort of chuckle, like that of the Afrite in the tale of the Caliph Vathek. After this unusual explosion of satisfaction, he remained quite passive in all the test of the transaction. of the transaction.

of the transaction. It had been settled that Mr. and Mrs. Mac-Merium should take possession of the house a few days be-fore Mannering's arrival, bath to pat every thing in perfect order, and to make the arransference of Miss Bertram's residence from their family to his as easy and delicate as possible. Accordingly, in the begin-ning of the month of December, the party wave settled at Woodbourne.

# CHAPTER XX.

A gigantle genids, fit to grapple with whole libraries. BoswaLL's Life of Jonua

Boswall's Life of Jonusce. Thus appointed day arrived, when the Colond and Miss Mannering were expected at Woodbourne. The hour was fast approaching, and the little circle with in doors had each their separate subjects of anxiety Mac.Mortan naturally desired to attach to hims the patronage and countenance of a person of Man nering's wealth and consequence. He was away from his knowledge of mankind, that Manneria though generous and benevolent, had the foible J structure and expecting a minute compliance with a though generous and benevolent, had the foile ( expecting and exacting a minute compliance with a directions. He was therefore racking his records too to discover if every thing had been arranged, meet the Colonel's wishes and instructions, and, and der this uncertainty of mind, he traversed the host more than once from the genret to the stables. If Mao-Morian revolved in a lesser orbit, comprehen-ing the disting parlow, house keeper's room; and

index. She was only afraid that the dinner might specied, to the discredit of her housewifely accom-inhuments. Even the usual passiveness of the Do-mise was so far disturbed, that he twice wont to the susments. Even the instal passiveness of the Do-mains was so far disturbed, that he twices wont to the window, which looked out upon the avenue, and wree exclaimed, "Why tarry the wheels of their denset?" Lucy, the most quiet of the expectants, had her own melancholy thoughts. She was now about to be consigned to the charge, almost to the henerolence, of strangers, with whose character, though hitherto very amiably displayed, sho was but imperfectly acquainted. The moments, therefore, of expense passed anxiously and heavily. At length the trampling of homes, and the sound of wheels, were heard. The servants, who had al-ready arrived, draw up in the hall to receive their master and mistnes, with an importance and em-presented, which, to Lucy, who had never been ac-customed to society, or witnessed what is called the mainters of the great, had something alarming. Mae-Morian went to the door to receive the master and mistnes of the family, and in a few moments they were in the drawing-room.

Manaring of Linux, and in a low instants toy Were in the drawing-room. Mannering, who had travelled as usual on horse-orack, entered with his daughter hanging upon his sm. She was of the middle size, or rather less, but

""This gentleman, Julia, is to put my books a order when they arrive, and I expect to derive at advantage from his extensive learning.

"I am sure we are obliged to the gentleman, pape, ad, to borrow a ministerial mode of giving thanks, thall never forget the extraordinary countenance has been pleased to show us. -But, Miss Bertram, ustimued site hastly, for her father's brows began schemen, "we have travelled a good way,-will you a schemen before the start of the start of the start of the start schemen of the start o

This intimation dispensed all the company, save provide the second second second second second second second the second What to go to bed, remained by himself, chewing ine and a mathematical demonstration, until the com-iny again assembled in the drawing-room, and the thence adjourned to the dining-partour. When the day was concluded, Mannering took an portunity to hold a minute's conversation with his mathematical and a minute's conversation with his "Go Miss Bertram of all things-but this is a most formatical parson-why, dear sit, no human being will

final parson-why, dear sir, no human being will ble to look at him without lughing." Vor. II.-X

"While he is under my roof, Julis, every one mast. hearn to do so." "Lord, papa, the very footmen could not keep their arvity !"

"Then let them strip off my livery," said the Colo-nel, " and laugh at their leisure. Mr. Sampson is a man whom I esteem for his simplicity and benevolence of character,

"O, I am convinced of his generosity toe," said: this lively lady; "he cannot lift a spoonful of soup to his mouth without bestowing a share on every thing.

his mouth without bestowing a share on every thing, "Julia, you are incorrigible; -but remember, I expect your mirth on this subject to be under such restraint, that it shall neither offend this worthy man's feel-ings, nor those of Miss Bertram, who may be more apt to feel upon his eccount than he on his own. And so, good night, my dear; and recollect, that though Mr. Sampson has certainly not sacrificed to the gra-ces, there are many things in this world more truly deserving of ricicule than either awkwwstheses of manners or simplicity of character." In s day or two Mr. and Mrs. Mac-Morlan left, Woodbourne, after taking an affectionate farewell of

Woodbourne, after taking an affectionate farewell of their late guest. The household were now settled in their new quarters. The young ladies followed their studies and amusements together. Colonel Manner-ing was agreeably surprised to find that Miss Bertrem, was well skilled in French and Italian, thanks to the assiduity of Dominie Sampson, whose labour field silently made him acquainted with most modern as: well as ancient languages. Of music she knew little or nothing, but her new frierd undertook to give her leasons; in exchange for which, she was to kearn from Lucy the habit of walking, and the art of noing, and the courage necessary to defy the season. Man-nering was careful to substitute for their anusement in the evening such books as might convey seas-solid instruction with entertainment, and as he read-aloud with great skill and taste, the winter nights passed pleasantly away. their new quarters. The young ladies followed their

about will great and that that, in white high wars passed pleasantly away. Society was quickly formed where there were go many inducements. Most of the families of the neigh-bouthood visited Colonel Mannering, and he was bourhood visited Colonel Mannering, and he was soon able to select from among them such as best; suited his taste and habits. Charles Hazlewood held a distinguished place in his favour, and was a fre-quent visiter, not without the consent and approba-tion of his parents; for there was no knowing, they thought, what assiduous attention might produce, and the beautiful Miss Mannering, of high family. with an Indian fortune, was a prize worth looking after. Dazzled with such a prospect, they never consi-dered the risk which had once been some object of their apprehension, that his boyish and inconsiderate fancy apprenension, that his boyish and inconsiderate fanety might form an attachment to the penniless Lucy Bertram, who had nothing on earth to recommend her, but a pretty face, good birth, and a most amiable disposition. Mamnering was more prudent. He con-sidered himself acting as Miss Bertram's guardian, and, while he did not think it incumbent upon him altogether to check her introduces with a unit and, while he did not think it incumbent upon him altogether to check her intercourse with a young gentleman for whom, excepting in wealth, she was a match in every respect, he laid it under such insen-sible restraints as might prevent any engagement of eclaircissement taking place until the young man' should have seen a little more of life and of the world, and have attained that age when he might be comi-dered as entitled to judge for himself in the matter in: which is horniness was chieft in the matter in:

which his happiness was chiefly interested. While these matters engaged the attention of the other members of the Woodbourne family, Dominia other members of the woodbourne family, Dominne Sampson was occupied, body and soul, in the ar-rangement of the late bishop's library, which had been sent from Liverpool by sca, and conveyed by thirty or forty carts from the sea-port at which it was landed. Sampson's joy at beholding the ponderous contents of these chests arranged upon the floor off contents of these chests arranged upon the noor of the large apartment, from whence he was to transfer them to the shelves, baffles all description. He grin-ned like an ogre, swung his arms like the sails of a wind mill, shouted "Prodigious" till the roof rung us his raptures. "He had never," he said, "seen se many books together, except in the College Librar-16\*

1

and now his eignity and delight in being superinten-der t of the collection, raised him, in his own opinion, almost to the rank of the academical librarian, whom he had always regarded as the greatest and happiest man on earth. Neither were his transports diminish-ed upon a hasty examination of the contents of these volumes. Some, indeed, of belles lettres, poems, plays, or memoirs, he tossed indignantly aside, with the implied censure of "psha," or "fivolous," but the greater and bulkier part of the collection bore a very different character. The deceased prelate, a di-vine of the old and deeply-learned cast, had loaded his shelves with volumes which displayed the antique and venerable attributes so happily described by a modern poet: modern poet :

That weight of wood, with leathern coat o'erinid, Thuse ample clasps of solid motal made, " The close-presid leates unoped for many an ago, The duil red edging of the well fill'd page, On the broad back the stubborn "idges roll"d, Whese yet the title stands in tarnish'd gold.

Where yet the title stands in tarnish'd gold. Books of theology and controversial divinity, com-mentaries, and polygiots, sets of the fathers, and sermons, which might each furnish forth ten brief discourses of modern date, books of science, ancient and modern, classical authors in their best and rarest forms; such formed the late bishop's venerable li-brary, and over such the eye of Dominie Sampson gloated with rapture. He entered them in the cata-logue in his best running hand, forming each letter with the accuracy of a lover writing a valentinte, and placed each individually on the destined shelf with all the reverence which I have seen a lady pay to a jar of old china. With all this zeal his labours ad-vanced slowly. He often opened a volume when half-way up the library steps, fell upon some interest-ing massage, and, without shifting his inconvenient posture, continued immersed in the fascinating peru-sal until the servant pulled him by the skirts to assure him that dinner waited. He then repaired to the parlour, bolted his food down his capacious throat in squares of three inches, answered ay and no at ran-dom to whateyer question was saked at him and

the moré vénomous belief which had been instilled into the Colonel's mind, he regarded him as an op-preseive aristocrat, who had used his power as a commanding officer to deprive him of the preferment due to his behaviour, and who had forced upon him a personal quarrel without any better reason than his sittention is a present without any better reason than his a personal quarret without any better reason than me attentions to a pretty young woman, agreeable to herself, and permitted and countenanced by her me-ther. He was determined, therefore, to take no re-jection unless from the young lady herself, bettering that the heavy misfortunes of his painful wound and imprisonment were direct initiate measured from the imprisonment were direct injuries received from th father, which might dispense with his using must caremony towards him. How far his scheme had succeeded when his nocturnal visit was discovered

Succeeded when his nocturnal visit was discovered by Mr. Mervyn, our readers are already informed. Upon this unpleasant occurrence, Captain Brown absented himself from the inn in which he had re-sided under the name of Dawson, so that Colonal Mannering's attempts to discover and trace him were unavailing. He resolved, however, that no difficul-ties should prevent his continuing his enterprise, while Julia left him a ray of hope. The interest he had secured in her bosom was such as she had been unable to conceal from him, and with all the courage of romantic gallantry he determined upon perseverance. But we believe the reader will be as well pleased to learn his mode of thinking and in-tentions from his own communication to his special friend and confidant, Captain Delaserre, a Swiss gentleman, who had a company in his regiment.

### EXTRACT.

Jogue in his best running hand, forming each letter with the accuracy of a lover writing a velacuite, and submet where a law pay to genden and where the there are not highly and the second of the second

**Chan XZ1**] GUY MANN isst among the mountains of Westmooreland, with Indiv, a young English artist, with whom I have immed some acquaintance. A fine fellow this, you must know, Delaserre—be paints telerably, draws isstifully, converses well, and plays charmingly on the flute; and, though thus well entitled to be a cancomb of talent, is, in fact, a modest unpretending young man. On our return from our little tour, I learned that the enemy had been reconnoiring. Mr. Mervyn's barge had crossed the lake, I was informed by my iandlord, with the squire himself and a visiter. 'What he was a dark officer-looking mon, at they called Colonel—Squoire Mervyn questioned me as cost i had been at sizee—I had guess, Mr. Daw-see (I told you that was my feigned name)— But I 'ed him nought of your vagaries, and going out a iaking in the mere a noights—not I—an I can make u ouport espoinone—and Squoire Mervyn's ascross as poy-ensit to, non—be's aye mandering an miy guest but land beeneth his house, though it be mark-ed for the fourth station in the Surrey. Noa, noa, 'e'r w will allow that was mathing for it after this "''w will allow that was mathing for it after this

spoy-crust ico, mori—be's size mandering an my greats but had beneath his house, though it be mark, elf or the fourth station in the Survey. Noa, noa, e'a let un amell things out o' themselves for Joe Hodge's.
"You will allow there was nothing for it after this, but paying houses Joe Hodge's bill, and departing, subset I and preferred making him my confident, for which I fait in no way inclined. Besides, I learned that our ci-desant Colonel was on full retreat for Sectland, carrying off poor Julia along with him. I understand from those who conduct the heavy bagges, that he take his winter quarters at a place called Woodbourse, in — shire in Scotland. He will be on the aler just pow, so'I musi let him enter is entrechments without any new alarm. And the, my good Colonel, to whom I owe so many gratful thanks, pray look to your defence."
"Torotest to you, Delaserre, I often think there is fittle contradiction enters into the ardour of my musit. I think I would net here with his full consent, dwith the king's permission to change run name the style and arms of Mannering, though his hole fortune went with them. There is only one immotance that chills me a little—Julia is young a promantic. I would not willingly hurry her into a genetic of her eye, with having runed her forme—far lease give her reason to sky, as some have the for consideration, she would have beer wiser if done hetter. No, Delaserre—this must not be invite a glance of her eye, with having runed her forme—far ins. Joy of the sacrifice she makes, he knows difficulties only by name: and, if she is not the same done her to be then so to take an improved on the same set of the value of the sacrifice she makes, he was difficulties only by name: and, if she is not on the same done her to be reased. I must be satisfied that she have ther when the satisfied that she have the same done her to be the sacrifice she makes, he was difficulties only by name: and, if she is no consideration, she would have beer wiser if do the value of the sacrific

tralized by the latter; and that which she must regre trained by the istter; and that which she must regres as a daughter is so much blended with what she would gladly escape from, that I place the separation of the father and child as a circumstance which weighs little in her remarkable case. Meantime I keep up my spirits as I may. I have incurred too' many hardships and difficulties to be presumption or confident in spiccess, and I have been too often and too wonderfully extricated from them to be de-emandent spondent

and too wonderfully extricated from them to be de-spondent. "I wish you saw this country. I think the scenery would delight you. At least it often brings to my re-collection your glowing descriptions of your native country. To me it has in a great measure the charm of nevely. Of the Scottish hills, though born smong them, as I have always been assured. I have but an indistinct recollection. Indeed niy memory rather dwells upon the blank which my youthful mind ex-perienced in gazing on the levels of the isle of Zea-land, than on any thing which preceded that feeling r but I am confident, from that sensation, a first and rocks have been familiar to me at an early pe-rud, and that though now only remembered by con-trast, and by the blank which I felt while gazing around for them in vain, they must have made in in-delible impression on my infant imagination. I re-member when we first mounted that celebrated pase in the Mysore country, while most of the others falt only awe and astonishment at the height and gran-deur of the scenery, I rather shared your feelings and those of Cameron, whose admiration of such will to blue hill to me is a a friend, and a roaring torrent like the sound of a domestic song that hath soothad my infancy. I never felt the impulse so strongly as in this land of lakes and mountains, and nothing my infancy. I never felt the impulse so strongly as in this land of lakes and mountains, and nothing in this land of lakes and mountains, and nothing grieves me so much as that duty prevents your being with me in my numerous excursions among its ro-cesses. Some drawings I have attempted, but I succeed vilely—Dudley, on the contrary, draws de-lightfully, with that rapid touch which seems like magic, while I abour and botch, and make this too heavy, and that too light, and produce at last a base caricature. I must stick to the flageolet, for music is the only one of the fine arts which deigns to ac-howledge me.

caricature. I must stick to the flageolet, for music is the only one of the fine arts which deigns to ac-knowledge me. "Did you know that Colonel Mannering was a draughtsman?--I believe not, for he scorned to dis-play his accomplishments to the view of a subaltern He draws beautifully, however. Since he and Julis left Morvyn-Hail, Dudley was sent for thore. The squire, it seems, wanted a set of drawings made up, of which Mannering had done the first four, but was interrupted, by his hasty departure, in his purpose of completing them. Dudley says he has seldom seem any thing so masterly, though slight; and each had attached to it a short poetical description. Is Sant, you will say, among the prophets ?--Colonel Manner ing write poetry !--Why surely this maa must have taken all the pains to conceal his accomplishments that others do to display theirs. How reserved, and unsociable he appeared among ue--How little dis-come generally interesting ?--And then his attached heat tu worthy Archer so much below him in every respect; and all this, because he was the brother of Viscount Archerfield, a poor Scottish peer! I think if Archer, had longer survived the wounds in the affair of Cuddyboram, he would have told somothing that might have thrown light ufon wounds in the affair of Cuddyboram, he would have told something that might have thrown light upon the inconsistencies of this singular man's character. Herepeated to me more than once, 'I have that to say, which will alter your hard opinion of our late Colonel.' But death pressed him too hard; and if he owed me any atonement, which some of his expres-sions seemed to imply, he died before it could be

sions seemed to imply, no unat service in through made. "I propose to make a further excursion through this country while this fine frosty weather serves, and Dudley, almost as good a walker as myself, goes with me for some part of the way. We part on the our ders of Cumberland, when he must return to his lodg.

GUY MANNENING

ings in Marybone, up three pair of stairs, and labour at what he calls the commercial part of his profession. There cannot, he says, he such a difference betwizt any two portions of existence, as between that in which the artist, if an enthusuast, collects the subjects of his drawings, and that which must necessarily be dedicated to turning over his portfolio, and exhibiting them to the provoking indifference, or more provoking criticism of fashionable amateura. 'During the summer of my year,' says Dudley, 'I am as free as a wild Indian, enjoying myself at liberty athid the grandest scenes of nature; while, during my winters and springs, I am not only cabined, cribbed, and confined in a miserable garret, but condemned to as indifferent company, as if I were a literal galley slave.' I have promised him your ac quaintance, Delaserre; you will be delighted with his specimens of art, and he with your Swise fanaticism

demned to as intolerable subservience to the humour of others, and to as indifferent company, as if I were a literal galley slave.' I have promised him your acquaintance, Delaserre; you will be delighted with his specimens of art, and he with your Swiss fanaticism for mountains and torrents. "When I lose Dudley's company, I am informed that I del easily enter Scotland by stretching across a wild country in the upper part of Cumberland; and that route I shall follow, to give the Colonel time to pitch his camp ere I reconnoire his position.—Adieu ! Delaserre—I shall hardly find another opportunity of writing till I reach Scotland."

# CHAPTER XXII.

Jog on, jog on, the footpath way, And merrily bend the stile a; A merry heart goes all the day, A sad one tires in a mile a. Winter's Take

<sup>1</sup> Ler the reader conceive to himself a clear frosty November morning, the scene an open heath, having for the back-ground that huge chain of mountains in which Skiddaw and Saddleback are pre-eminent; let him look along that blind read, by which I mean the track so alightly marked by the passengers' footsteps, that it can but be traced by a slight shade of verdure from the darker heath around it, and, being only visible to the eye when at some distance, ceases to be distinguished while the foot is actually treading it—along this faintly-traced path advances the object of our present narrative. His firm step, his erect and free carsiage, have a military air, which corresponds well with his well-proportioned limbs, and stature of six feet high. His dress is so plain and simple that it indicates nothing as to rank—it may be that of a gentleman who travels in this manner for his plaseure, or of an inferior person of whom it is the properand usual garb. Nothing can be on a more reduced scale than his travelling equipment. A volume of Shakspeare in each pooket, a small bundle with a change of finen slung across his shoulders, an oaken coudge in his hand, complete our pedestrian's accommodations, and in this equipage we present him to our resters.

Brown had parted that morning from his friend Dudley, and began his solitary walk towards Scotand.

The first two or three miles were rather melancholy, from want of the society to which he had of late been accustomed. But this unusual mood of mind soon gave way to the influence of his natural good spirits, excited by the exercise and the bracing effects of the froety air. He whistled as he went along, not "from want of thought," but to give vent to those bnoyant faelings which he had no other mode of expressing. For each peasant whom he chanced to meet, he had a kind greeting or a good-humoured jest; the hardy Cumbrians grinned as they passed, and ead, "That's a kind heart, God bless un it" and the market-girl looked more than once over her shoulder at the athlatic form, which corresponded so well with the frank and blithe address of the stranger. A rough terrier dog, his constant companion, who rivalled his master in glee, scampered at large in a thousand wheels round the heath, and came back to jump up on him, and assure him that he participated in the pleasure of the joarney. Dr. Johnson thought life had few whatled rapidly along in a post-chaise; but he who

has in youth experienced the confident and independent feeling of a stout pedestrian in an interesting country, and during fine weather, will hold the taster

of the great moralist cheap in comparison. Part of Brown's view in choosing that unusual tract whick leads through the eastern wilds of Campberhand into Scotland, had been a desure to view the remains of the celebrated Roman Wall, which are more visible in that direction than in any other part of its extent. His education had been imperfect and desultory; but neither the busy scenes in which he had been engaged, nor the pleasures of youth, nor the precarious state of his own circumstances, had diverted him from the task of mental improvement. "And this then is the Roman Wall," he said, scrambling up to a height which commanded the course of that celebrated work of antiquity: "What a people! whose labours, even at this extrematy of their empire, comprehended such space, and were say when the science of war shall have changed, here few traces will exist of the labours of Vauban and even then continue to interest and astonish posterity! Their fortifications, their squedicts, their theatres, seem but constructed out of their fargmanta". Theresolid, and majestic character of their languages, while our modern laboura, like our modern tomprase seem but constructed out of their fargmanta." Hereing thus moralized, he remembered that he was hamseem but constructed out of their fargmanta." Hereing thus moralized, he remembered that he was haming thus moralized, he remembered that he was haming thus moralized, he remembered that he was haming thus moralized he remembered that he was ham-

Coefford, White this wontering propers a constraints were even then continue to interest and astonish postering! Their fountains, all their public works, bear the graws, their fountains, all their public works, bear the graws, sound majestic character of their languages; while our modern labours, like our modern tongeness seem but constructed out of their fragments." Here ing thus moralized, he remembered that he was imgry, and pursued his welk to a small public-house at which he proposed to get some refreshment. The alchouse, for it was no better, was situated in the bottom of a little deil, through which trilled a small rivulet. It was shaded by a large and trees against which the clay-built shed, that served, the purpose of a stable, was precised, and upon which is seemed partly to recline. In this shed stood a enddied horse, employed in eating his corn. The end tages in the part of Cumberland partake of the range outside of the house promised little for the intering, and a hieroglyphical scrawl below attempted to the prose a promise of "good entertainment for man; the stooped and entered the caberet.\*

\* It is fitting to explain to the reader the locality described in this chapter. There is, or rather ishould say there was, a little inn, called Mumps's Hall, that is, bring interpreted, Barging Totel, near to Gil-land, which had not then attained its preserver as a spa. It was a hedge alchouse, where the Barter famers of either country often stopped to refresh thermselves and there may, in their way to and from the fairs and trynts in Competend, they are not and especially these who came from or went to Stopped to the period of the stopped to the stop

An old and sturdy yeoman belonging to the Scottish side, tr summe an Armstrong or Elliot, but well known by his scatter quet of Fighting Charlie.of Liddesdale, and still remembered for the course he displayed in the frequent fraze which had place on the Border fifty or sixty pars since, had the following adventure in the Waste, which suggested the idea of the scatter in the text:

in the text: Charlie had been at Stagshaw-bank fair, had sold bis shows or catile, or whatever he had brought to market, and was his return to Liddesdale. There were then no country be where cash could be deposited, and bills received instead, and grafty encouraged robbers in that wild country, as the depodent of plunder were scalify fraught will gold. The robbers he spice in the fair, by means of whom they generally knew we purse was best stocked, and who took a lonely and depandent road home ward, -these, in short, who were best worth mode and likely to be most easily robbed.

purse was best stocked, and who woon book a loady and and home ward, --those, in short, who were best worth resand likely to be most easily robbe left pistols, and a daundless heart. He stopped at Munry with botwithstanding the evil character of the place. His most accommodated where it might have the incomenty reset and marked the stopped at Munry with the and and and an auxon queen, who used all the miniin her power to induce him to stop all might. The laundle in the power to induce him to stop all might. The laundle in her power to induce him to stop all might. The laundle in her power to induce him to stop all might. The laundle is a stopped with the stopped at the stopped at the induce her stopped and it was it passing the Waster and the suffered himself to be detained falter than wan though he suffered himself to be detained falter than wan to the account Munry's Ha's as foliate for the stopped dent, did not account Munry's Ha's as foliate for the stopped during the night. He tore himself away, therefore, from bar The first object which staught his eye in the kit-ion, was a tail, stout, county-looking man, in a age joskey great-coat, the owner of the horse which resionly great-coat, the owner of the horse which sodium the shed, who was busy discussing huge isor of cold boiled beef, and casting from time too me an eye through the window, to see how his and aped with his provender. A large tankard of a fanked his plate of victuals, to which he applied maelf by intervals. The good woman of the house as employed in baking. The fire, as is usual in that muscify intervals. The good woman of the house assemployed in baking. The fire, as is usual in that manny, was on a storme hearth, in the midst of an amounty large chimney, which had two scats ex-anded benauth the vent. On one of these sat a re-markably talk woman, in a red cloak and slouched somet, having the appearance of a tanker or beggar. The was bunky engaged with a short black tobacco-

at the request of Brown for some food, the land-ady wiped with her mealy apron one corner of the cell thile, placed a wooden trencher and knife and the before the traveller, pointed to the round of cell recommended Mr. Dinmont's good example, and, finally, filled a brown pitcher with her homebrowed. Brown lost no time in doing ample credit to both. For a while, his opposite neighbour and he we too busy to take much notice of each other, exwhere the body to take intern notice to the state where, as easy by a good-humourred nod as each in turn raised the tankard to his head. At length, when our pedes-trian began to supply the wants of little Wasp, the Bootch store-farmer, for such was Mr. Dirmont, found himself at leisure to enter into conversation.

"A bonny tensor that, sin-and a fell chield at the muin, I warrant him-that is, if he's been weel enmed. fo

"his education has "Isally, sir," said Brown, "his education has a somewhat neglected, and his chief property is ing a pleasant companion."

"Ay, sir? that's a pity, begging your pardon—it's "Ay, sir? that's a pity, begging your pardon—it's agreet pity that—beast or body, education should ay minded. I have six terriers at hame, forbye twa couple of slow-hunds, five grews, and a wheen other the There's and Pepper and auld Mustard, and young Pepper and young Mustard, and little Pepper and little Mustard—I had them a' regularly entered. at wi'r ottens-then wi stots or weasels- and then i' the tods and brocks- and now they fear naething at ever cam wi'a hary skin on't."

"I have no doubt, sir, they are thorough-bred-t, to have so many dogs, you seem to have a very misd variety of names for them ?".

A state of the set of

suppose game is very plenty with you?"

u p lenty, man !- I believe there's mair hares than sheep on my farm; and for the moor-fowl, or the gray-fowl, they lie as thick as doos in a dooket-Did e ever shoot a black-cock, man?

Really I had never even the pleasure to see one acept in the museum at Keswick.

"There now-I could guess that by your South-and tongue-It's very odd of these English folk that

ad tongue—It's very odd of these English folk that of met and kind words, and mounted his nag, having fort mixed his pistols, and tried by the ramrod wiether the treatmained in them. To coefficient of the second states of the second states in his main, party arising out of Mey's unusual kindsees, the he could not help thinking had rather a suspicious ap-pance. He, therefore, resolved to reload his pistols, igant powder had become damp, but what was his surprise, when the transmession out of the second states of the second pance. He, therefore, resolved to reload his pistols, igant powder had become damp, but what was his surprise, when the charge to find neither powder nor hall, while sech had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully filled with *two*, up to the space which had been carafully up the two the space caraful and assaulted ma not far emiged in the Waste, which was then, and is traversed only by unch routes as are described in the tat the theorem can be forther the two the space of his that the forther entry with the space being and unit and the traversed only by unch routes as are described in the tat the theorem the forther the two the two the space of the the traversed only by unch routes as are described in the tat the theorem the forther the space of the space of the the space the theorem the space of th

come have, how few of them has seen a black cook ! I'll tell you witht-ye seem to be an honest lad, and -Til tell you will t-ye seem to be an honest lad, and. if you'll call on me-on Dandy Dinmont-at Char-lies-hope-ye shall see a black-cock, and ahout a black-cock, and est a black-cock too, man." "Why, the proof of the matter is the eating, to be sure, sir; and I shall be happy if I can find time to accept your invitation." "Time, man ? what ails ye to gae hame wi'me the now ? How d'ye travel?"

On foot, sir; and if that handsome pony be yours, I should find it impossible to keep up with you." \_ "No unless ye can walk up to fourteen mile an hour.

"No unless ye can walk up to fourteen mile an hour. But ye can come ower the night as far as Riccarton, where there is a public—or if ye like to stop at Jockey Grieve's at the Heuch, they would be blythe to see ye, and I am just gaun to stop and drink a dran at the door wi'him, and I would tell him you're coming up— or stay—gudewaife, could ye lend this gentleman the gudeman's galloway, and I'll send it ower the Waste in the morning wi'the callant?"

In the morning wi' the callant T' The galloway was turned out upon the fell, and was swear to catch—"Aweal, aweel, there's nae help for't, but come up the morn at ony rate.—And now, gude-wife, I mann ride, to get to the Liddel or it be dark, for your Waste has but a kittle character, ye kan yoursell."

"Hoat fie, Mr. Dinmont, that's no like you, to gis the country an ill name-I wot, there has been name stirred in the Waste since Sawney Culloch, the tra-yelling merchant, that Rowley Overdees and Jock Penny suffered for at Carlisle twa years since. There's no ane in Bewcastle would do the like o' that now we be a' true folk now.

we be a' true folk now." "Ay, Tib, that will be when the deil's blind,—and his sen's no sair yet. But hear ye, gudewife, I have been through maist feck o' Galloway and Dumfries-shire, and I have been round by Carlisle, and I was at the Staneshiebank fair the day, and I would like ill to be rubbit sae near hame, so I'll take the gate." gate.

"Hae ye been in Dumfries and Galloway?" said the old dame, who sate smoking by the fire-side, and who had not yet spoken a word. "Troih have I, gudewife, and a weary round I've

had o't."

'Then ye'll maybe ken a place they ca' Ellan-

gowan ?" "Ellangowan, that was Mr. Bertram's-I ken the place weel encugh. The Laird died about a formight since, as I heard."

since, as I heard." "Died !"—said the old woman, dropping her pipe, and rising and coming forward upon the floor— "died ?—are you sure of that?" "Troth, am I," said Dinmont, "for it made nae ama' noise in the country-side. He died just at the roup of the stocking and furniture; it stoppit the roup, and mony folk were disappointed. They said he was the last of an auld family too, and mony were sorry—for gude blude's scarcer in Scotland than it has been."

"Dead !" replied the old woman, whom our readers have already recognised as their acquaintance Meg Merrilies-"dead I that quits a' scores. And did ye Merrilies—" dead I that quits a' scores. And did ye say he died without an heir?" "Ay did he, gudewife, and the estate's sell'd by the

"Ay did he, gudewife, and the estate's sell'd by the marching, as the Spaniard ary, with his beard on his shouldar, he recommotived is every direction. Charlis instauly awy retract was impossible, as other two stout mes appeared behind him at some distance. The Borderer loost not a moment in taking his resolution, and boldly trotted against his enemies in front, who estimated the Borderer loost not a moment in taking his resolution, and boldly trotted against his enemies in front, who must robser: whom Charlis to his dying day protected he be-lieved to have been the landlord of Mumps's Ha'. "D-n your pitolt I cark not a ourse for i'...". Ay, lad' mail the deep point of the day because well armed, instead of being de-finetors, whord further modestation. "The anthor has heard this story food by proceed of throm Fighting Charlie hisself; he has and has resolved in the part of the boome should be avoid on the angle function, and bold of the store and the based on the store of the store of the ropuse, surprised at finding a store of the store of the store of the the store and the analor has heard this story food by persons who resolved in the part of the boome of some other at these around the store has heard this story food by persons who resolved into the propies of the home a store at record untary. The analor has a sade as any pleas in the kingdom. " The real mane of this veteran aportania is now restored.

# GUY MANNERING

manue token; for they said, they couldna have sell'd it, if there had been an heir-male." "Sell'd!" echoed the gipsy, with something like a scream; "and wha durst buy Ellangowan that was not of Bertram's blude?—and wha could tell whether his ain ?-wha durst buy the estate and the castle of Ellangowan ?'

"Troth, gudewife, just ane o' thas writer chields that buys a' thing-they ca' him Glossin, I think." "Glossin !-Gibbie Glossin !-that I have carried

Guossin :-Guossin :-Guossin :-that I have carried in my creels a hundred times, for his mother wayna matchle better than mysell—ha to presume to buy the barony of Ellangowan !-Gude be wi' us-it is an awfu' warld !- I wished him ill-but no sic a downfa' as a' that neithor waves wave and wave are to that awfu' warld !-- I wished nim ill-out no sic a downia as a' that neither-wae's me! wae's me to think of !!'--She remained a moment silent, but still oppo-sing with her hand the farmer's retreat, who, betwirt every question, was about to turn his back, but good-humouredly stopped on observing the deep interest

burnouredly stopped on observing the acceleration his answers appeared to excite. "It will be seen and heard of, earth and sea will not hold their peace langer !-- Can ye say if the same man be now the Sheriff of the county, that has been

man be now the Sheriff of the county, that has been see for some years past?" "Na, he's got some other birth in Edinburgh, they say—but gude day, gudewife, I maun ride."—She fol-lowed him to his horse, and, while he drow the girths of his saddle, adjusted the valise, and put on the bridle, still phed him with questions concerning Mr. Bertram's death, and the fate of his daughter; on which, however, she could obtain little information from the honest farmer.

which, however, she could obtain little information from the honest farmer. "Did ye ever see a place they ca' Derncleugh, about a mile frae the Place of Ellangowan ?" "I wot weel have I, gudewife, -a wild looking den fi s, wi' a whin auld wa's o' shealings yonder -I saw it when I gaed ower the ground wi' ane that wanted to take the farm." "I twas a blythe bit ance !" said Meg, speaking to herself.-"Did ye noise if there was an auld saugh tree that's maist blawn down, but yet its roots are in the earth, and it hangs ower the bit burn-mony a day hae I wrought my stocking, and sat on my sun-kie under that saugh." "Hout, deil's i' the wife, wi' her saughs, and her sunkies, and Ellangowans-Godsaka, woman, let me away-there's sarpence tye to buy half a mutchkin, instead o' clavering about thae auld-warld stories." "Thanks to ye, gudeman-and now ye hae answer-ed a' my questions, and never speired wherefore I asked them, Bl gie you a bit canny advice, and ye manna speir what for neither. The Mumps will be out wi' the stirrup-dram in a gliffing-She'll ask ye whether ye gang ower Willie's brae, or through Cons-cowthart mose-tell her ony ane ye like, but be surre dynas tell her." The farmer laughed and promised, and the signey retreated. "Will you take her advice 7" said Brown, who had and the supey retreated. "Will you take her advice ?" said Brown, who had

will you take her advice T' said Brown, who had been an attentive listener to this conversation. "That will I no-the randy quean I-Na, I had far rather Tib Mumps kenn'd which way I was gaun than her-though Tib's no muckle to lippen to nei-ther, and I would advise ye on no account to stay in the house a' night."

the houses a' night." In a moment after, Tib, the landlady, appeared with har eirrup-cup, which was taken off. She then, as Meg had predicted, inquired whether he went the hill or the moss toad. He answered, the latter; and, ha-ving, bid Brown good-by, and again told him, "he depended on seeing him at Charlies-hope; the morn at latest," he rode off at a round pace.

### CHAPTER XXIII.

Gallows and knock are too powerful on the highway

The hint of the hospitable farmer was not lost on Brown. But, while he paid his reckoning, he could not avoid repeatedly fixing his eyes on Meg Marrilles. The was, in all respects, the same witch-like figure as when we first introduced her at Ellangowan-Place.

Time had grisnled her reven locks, and added wrin-kles to her wild feature, but her height remained ertec, and her activity was unimpaired. It was re-marked of this woman, as of others of the same de-scription, that a life of action, though not of labour, gave her the perfect command of her limbs and figure, so that the attitudes into which she most naturally threw herself, were free, unconstrained, and pictur-reque. At present, she stood by the window of the cottage, her person drawn up so as to show to full advantage her masculine stature, and her head some-what thrown back, that the large bonnet, wild which her face was shrouded, might not interrupt her steady gaze at Brown. At every gesture he made, and every gaze at Brown. At every gesture he made, and every ceptible start. On his part, he was surprised to find that he could not look upon this singular figure with-out some emotion. "Have 1 dreamed, of such a figure 7" he said to himself, "or does this wild and some of the strange figures I have seen in our Indian pagodas?"

some of the strange figures I have seen in our Indian pagodas ?" While he embarrassed himself with these discus-sions, and the hostess was engaged in rummaging out silver in change of belf-a-guines, the gipsy sud-denly made two strides, and seized Brown's hand. He expected, of course, a display of her skill in palm-istry, but she seemed agriated by other feelings. "Tell me," ahe said, "tell me, in the name of God, young man, what is your name, and whence you

came

My name is Brown, mother, and I come from the East Indies." "From the East Indies!" dropping his hand with a

sigh; "it cannot be then-I am such an auld fool that every thing I look on seems the thing I want maist to see. But the East Indies! that cannot be-Weel.

severy thing I look on seems the thing I want mainst to see. But the East Indies! that cannot be-Weel, be what ye will, ye has a face and a tongue that puts me in mind of auld times. Good day-make hasts on your road, and if ye see, ony of our folk, meddle not and make not, and they'll do you me harm." Brown, who had by this time received his charge, put a shilling into her hand, bade this hostess fare-well, and, taking the route which the farmer had gone before, walked briskly on, with the advantage of being guided by the fresh hoof-prints of his horze. Meg. Merrilles looked after him for some time, and then muttered to herself, "I main see that lad again - and I main gang back to Ellangowan too.-Illae Laird's dead-aweel, death pays a' score he was a kind man ance.-The Sheriff's flitted, and I can keep canny in the bush-so ther's no muckle ha-zard o' scouring the cramp-ring.\*-I would like to see bonny Ellangowan signi or I die." Brown, meanwhile, proceeded northward af a round pace along the moorish tract called the Waste of Cumberland. He passed a solitary house, towards that direction. A fittle further, he seemed to have really turned up, for his horse's tread was evident in that direction. A fittle further, he seemed to have really turned up; I should not have been sorry to sak him a few questions about the road, which semini-tio grow wilder and wilder. In truth, nature, as if she had designed this track country to be the barrier between two hostile nations to grow wilder and wilder.

In truth, nature, as if she had designed this track country to be the barrier between two hostile nation has stamped upon it a character of wildness and i solation. The hills are neither high nor rocky, the land is all heath and morass; the huts poor mean, and at a great distance from each other. mediately around them there is generally some 1 attempt at cultivation; but a half-breat foal or a straggling about with shackles on their hind loss save the trouble of enclosures, intimate the farm chief resource to be the breeding of horses. The ple, too, are of a ruder and more inhospitable of than are elsewhere to be found in Cumberland, art mixture with vagrants and criminals, who make wild country a refuge from justice. So much wear " To scour the camp-rise, is and metabolication of the source in the stamper form justice.

# IORAD. XXXXX

# Core XXIIII

ne of these districts in early times the objects of su-tion and dislike to their more polished neighbours, hat there was, and perhaps still exists, a by-law of the ption and disfiles to their more poliabed neurabours, that there was, and perhaps still exists, a by-law of the corporation of Newcastle, probabiling any freeman of these dales. It is poliable to apprentice a native of certain of these dales. It is pithily said, "Give a dog an ill name and hang him;" and it may be added, if you give a man, or race of men, an ill name, they are very likely to do something that deserves hanging. Of this Brown had heard something, and suspected more, from the discourse between the landlady, Dinmont, and the gipsy; but he was naturally of a fearless dis-position, had pothing about him that could tempt the spoiler, and trusted to get through the Waste with day to be discourse between the landlady. Dinmont, spoiler, and trusted to get through the Waste with day to be discourse between the landlady point the spoiler, and trusted to get through the Waste with day to be discourse through the Waste with day obe discourse has a proved longer than he had anticpated, and the horison began to grow gloomy, just as he entered upon an extensive morass. Chousing his steps with care and deliberation, the young officer proceeded along a path that sometimes sink between two broken black banks of mores arth, sometimes crossed narrow but deep ravines diled with a consistence between mud and water, and sometimes along heaps of gravel and stomes, which

diled with a consistence between mud and water, and sometimes along heaps of gravel and stones, which had been swept together when some torrent or water-spout from the neighbouring hills overflowed the marshy ground below. He began to ponder how a horesunan could make his way through such broken ground; the traces of hoofs, however, were still visible: he even thought he heard their sound at some distance, and, convinced that Mr. Dinmont's progress through the morase must be still slower than his own, he resolved to push on, in hopes to overtake him, and have the benefit of his knowledge of the country. At this moment his little terrier

evertake hms, and have the benefit of his knowledge of the country. At this moment his little terrier grang forward, barking most furiously. Brown quickened his pace, and, attaining the nummit of a small rising ground, saw the sub-pet of the dog's alarm. In a hollow about a gun-bot below him, a man, when he easily recognized the below him. ject of the dog's alarm. In a holiow about a gun-shot below him, a man, whem he easily recognised to be Dimmont, was mgaged with two others in a desperate struggle. He was diamounted, and de-dending himself as he best could with the but of his heavy whip. Our traveller hastened on to his assist-smos; but ere be could get up, a stroke had levelled the former with the earth, and one of the robbers improving his victory, struck him some merciless blows on the head. The other villain, hastening to meet Brown, called to his companion to come along, "for that one's content," meaning, probably, past re-entance or complaint. One ruffian was armed with a cuthas, the other with a bludgeon; but as the road was pretty narrow, bar fire-arms, thought Brown, and they armong the most murdierous threats on the part of the ruffians. They soon found, however, that their new opponent was equally stort and resolute; and some exchanging two or three blows, one of them tobil him to "follow his nose over the heath, in the ways the unfortunate man whom they were about to pallage, if not to murder outright; and the stir-misme had just recommenced, when Dianeout in-mer or out this composition, as leaving to their mane, for they had nothing to say to him." Brown rejected this composition, as leaving to their mane had just recommenced, when Dianeout in-the been no eavy antagonist, even when surprised and alone, the villains did not choose to wait his

inspon, and hasted to the scene of action. As he d seem no easy antagonist, even when surprised alone, the villains did not choose to wait his imag forces with a man who had singly proved a state for them both, but field across the bog as fast their fact could carry them, pursued by Wasp, who d seted gioriously suring the akirmish, annoying is heels of the county, and repositedly effecting a mo-mt's diversion in his master's favour. Deil, but your dog's weel entered wi' the vermin w, sir F' were the first words uttered by the jolly mer, as he came up, his head streaming with sd, and recognised his deliverer and his little at-danst.

Abope, sif, you are not hurt dangerously ?"
 O, deal a bit—my head can stand a gay clour— by themaks to them, though, and mony to you. But me, harmer, ye man help me to catch the beast, and is means get on behind me, for we man off like what-

INERLING. trets before the whole claniamfray be down upon us -the rest o' them will no be far off "The galloway was, by good fortune, easily caught, and Brown made some apology for overloading the animal. "Deal a fear, man," answerdd the proprietor, "Dumple could carry air folk, if his back was lang meugh-but God's sake, haste ye, get on, for I see some folk coming, through the slack yonder, that it may be just as weel no to wait for." Brown was of opinon that this apparition of five or air mean, with whom the other villains seemed to join company, coming across the most towards them, should abridge ceremony i he therefore mounted Dumple an croupt, and the little spirited nag cantered they had been children of six years old. The rider, to whom the paths of these wilds seemed in timately known, pushed on at a rapid pace, managing, with much dexterity, to choose the safest route, in which he was aided by the sagacity of the galloway, who have failed to take the difficult passes exactly at the particular spet, and in the special manner by which they so often thrown out of the direct course by various impediments, that they did not gain much on their pursuers, "Never mind," said the undanned Boothman, to his companion, "if we were ance by withermin's latch, they road's no near see early, and we'll show them fair play for't." They soon came to the place he named, a narrow channed, through which seaked rather than flowed

we'll show them fair play for't." They soon came to the place he named, a narrow channel, through which soaked rather than flowed, a small stagmant stream, mantled over with bright green mosses. Dinmont directed his steed towards a pase where the water appeared to flow with more freedom over a harder bottom; but Dumple backed from the proposed crossing place, put his head down as if to reconnoirre the swamp more peerly, stretch-ing forward his fore-feet, and stood as fast as if he had hean cut out of storne.

had been cut out of stone. "Had we not better," said Brown, "dismount, and leave him to his fate—or can you not urge him through

leave him to his fate—or can you not urge him through the swamp?" "Na, na," said his pilot, "we maun tross Dam-ple at no rate—he has mair sense than mony a Chris-tian." So saying, he relaxed the reins, and shook them loosely. "Come now, lad, take your ain way o't—let's see where ye'll take us through." Dumple, left to the freedom of his own will, trosted briskly to another part of the latch lees promising, as Brown thought, in appearance, but which the animal's asgacity or experience recommended as the safer of the two, and where, plunging in, he at-tained the other side with little difficulty. "I am glad we're out o' that moss," said Dinmont, "where there's mair stables for horses than change houses for men—we have the Maisian issay to help us now, at ony rate." Accordingly, they speedily gained a sort of rugged causeway so called, being the re-mains of an old Roman road, which traverse these wild regions in a due northerly direction. Here they got on at the rate of nine or ten miles an hour, Dimple while regions in a due northerry direction. Here they got on at the rate of nine or ten miles an hour, Dumple seeking no other respite than what arose from chang-ing his pace from canter to trot. "I could gar him show mair action," said his master, "but we are twa lang-legged chields after s', and it would be a pity to stress Dumple-there wasna the like o' him at Staneshiebank fair the day."

Stancshiebank fair the day." Brown readily assented to the propriety of sparing the horse, and added, that as they were now far out of the reach of the rogues, he thought Mr. Dinmont had better tie a handkerchief round his head, for foar of the coild frosty air aggravating the wound. "What would I do that for?" answered the hardy farmer; "the best way's to let the blood barken upon the cut-that saves plasters, hinney." Brown, who in his military profession had seen a great many hard blows pass, could not help remark-ing, "he had never known such asvers strokes re-ceived with so much apparent indifference." "Hout tout, man-I would never be making a hum-dadgeon about a scart on the pow-but we'll be in Scotland in five minutes now, and ye maun gang up to Charlies-hope wi' me, that's a clear case."

There used a constant the offered hospitality, have use now bling, when they came in sight of been war undary is way through a pastoral with the able war greener and more abrupt out show which Brown had lately passed, sinking out show which Brown had lately passed, sinking out show which Brown had lately passed, sinking ...... t savet we to Brown had lately passed, einking to be a source upon the river. They had the source are accessed on the river. They had the source are did their smooth swelling slopes the source are did their smooth swelling slopes the rects or woods. Yet the view was the source and the source a land which the source would have chosen to feed his flocks and the remains of here and there a dismantled remain tower, showed that it had once harkoured the source different description from the remains e of a very different description from its present intants; those freebooters, namely, to whose ex-take wars between England and Scotland bear

where the wars between England and Scotland bear written and the small river, and then quickening the pase, wrotted about a mile brinkly up its banks, and approached two or three lew thatched heuses, phased with their angles to each other, with a great common of regularity. This was the farm-steading of Charlies-hope, or, in the language of the country, "the Town." A most furieus barking was set up at their approach, by the whole three generations of phased and Pepper, and a number of allies, names entimown. The farmer made his well-known voice their approach, by the whole three generations of phased and Pepper, and a number of allies, names entimown. The farmer made his well-known voice their approach, by the whole three generations of phased and Pepper, and a number of allies, names entimover. The farmer made his well-known voice the shart in their faces, in order that she might enacter; and enother man wi' him." Dumple, turned see, welked to his own stable doer, and there pawed show the other doer, who with ardour corrasponding more to their own names than to the hospitable tem-per of their own names than to the hospitable tem-ter of their own staber to the hospitable tem-per of their own a minute a stout labourer was petting Them the ard in the in the interior.

In about a minute a stout labourer was patting Depuple, and introducing him into the stable, while Birs. Dinmont, a well-favoured buxom dame, well-comed her husband with undeigned repure. "Ri-une: gudeman, ye hes been a weary while away!"

The asther may have semark, that the character of Dandie Binnesis used man, ye have been a weary while away "" The asther may have remark, that the character of Dandie Binnesis was drawn from no individual. A down, at least, at shout Liddechle yeomen with whom he has been acquinted, and whose hompitality he has shared in his rambles through that wild country, at a time whom it was totally inaccessible save in the manner described in the sort, might is rembles through the prototype of the rough, but shaft and the name to be finded using a most respectable individual of this data, now no space. Mr. James Davidson of Hindles, a tanant of Lord Dou-man, beside able points of blant homest, parsonal strength, and the dividual of the points of blant homest, parsonal strength, and the dividual of the bounder of maning a calebrated race of for-tress which he points of blant homest, parsonal strength, and the shumour of noming a calebrated race of for-tress which he points of blant houses, parsonal strength, and the humour of noming a calebrated race of for-tress which he points of blant houses, parsonal strength, and the shumour of noming a calebrated race of for-tress which he points at heir nodure may relieve at marish-bland, i without any other individual distinction, scaese is a c-counting to the normonalture in the text. Mr. Divideon resided at Hinrides, a wild farm, on the very edge of the Tevindshie the space shut chards in conducting which he was skilled beyond in the mark chards in conducting which he was skilled beyond in the mark chards. In conducting which he was skilled beyond in the mark chards in conducting which he was skilled beyond in the strength. Highlands, was the distingthing point is his character. When the tale on whigh these comments are written become in the threat chards in conducting which he was skilled beyond in the strength. Berdison severed with a server if when the tale on whigh the constry. Where his own in the spotet shift has the strengthese his own in the spote to him, which Mr

nder which very series of the appression and his forgunate.even by with a measure which did him and his forgunate.even by much benefit which did him and his forgunate.even I trust I dual not be considered as offending the memory of a und and veryby men, if I evention is let filtered. I may descer which assured in Mr.-Davidson's lest filtered. Jim, who gave the second to a memory and forgunate of the second second second to a memory and sufference of the second second second to a memory and sufference of the second second second to a memory and sufference of the second second second to a memory and sufference of the second second second to dr. De ideas the very mitches and intervalies with our ofference of the second seco

prover. X is sevel's solvation. He disk as the fact Subject of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution (1289 i) an apoplectic stroks deprived him in an instant of all sation, but happily his hother was at his bod-side, for the in the solution from the meeting-bouse that day to be near although he felt himself sol much worse than usual —shi have got the last little Misstard that the hand of Dandie mont bestowed. "His ruling meaning and the solution of the solut

A second seco

## CHAPTER XXIV.

iddell till now, except in Deric lays, uned to her murnars by her love-sick swam intrown in song-though, not a parer stream calls towards the weatern main.

Art of Preservine M

The present store-farmers of the south of Scoti re a much more refined race than their fathers, a se manners I am now to describe have either di other diamantal or are greatly modified. With The present electronization of the boint of sector are a masch more relined race than their fathens, the manners I am now to describe have either a gether disappeared, or are greatly modified. Wish losing the rural simplicity of manners, they now tivate arts unknown to the former generations, only in the progressive improvement of their pase sions, but in all the comforts of life. Their how are more commodious, their habits of life regal so as better to keep pace with those of the cruft world, and the best of luxuries, the luxury of has ledge, has gaised much ground among their hills ring the last thirty years. Deep drinking, form their greatest failing, is now fast losing ground ; to while the frankness of their at measure hospitality of times the same, it is, generally epsking, rafine its character, and restrained in its excesses. "Deil's in the wife," said Dandie Dimment, a king off his sponer's embroce, but genely and wis look of great affection ;-" deil's in ye, Adis-d'ye see the strong genelement?" Anis- d'ye

King off his spower's emorace, set genery an expendition to be dely a in ye, Adis-d'ye i see the stranger gentleman ?" Alie turned to make her spokey---"Treth, i-w see weel pleased to see the grademan, that---direct gracious ! what's the metter wi'ye baith ?"--farst were now in her littlê parlour, and the candlember the streaks of blood which Dimaont's upcanded her and pleastfully inspected to the clothes of his. depander se well es to his ewn. "Ye've base fight grain a swell es to his ewn. "Ye've base fight grain a swell es to his ewn. "Ye've base fight had pleastfully inspected to the clothes of his. depander se well es to his ewn. "Ye've base fight had pleastfully inspected to the clothes of his. depander se well es to his ewn. "Ye've base fight had pleastfully inspected to the clothes of his. depander we've year a should know better what a distance pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer pers! 'Wew, man, a married mean, wi' a hermer persechant in the world."-The tears stoed integer a good wonnan's eyes as she epoke. "Which a sunce thet had mean mean effection degrade with a sunce the hermer, and gottem just in segon the mass, and was whigh gradewing, the segure a series and hermer biddem drinking of two checters, and gottem just in ye walk about their luge-and troth, gradewing, the could weel spare; so ye mann be thankful to-him pocket a large grave wheth, and set mean main likes than I like, and isst mean aller the could weel spare; so ye mann be thankful to-him pocket a large grave ye mann be thankful to-him pocket a large grave ye have the fire the daw from him pocket a large grave ye mann be thankf

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NOT SLADER RR NOT

the most and assesses we wades refers to percet bedy on earth-unless, ther eye directed the pocks-book, but with a feeling of natural pro-try which made the inforence the most delicate up on characy. For maximum to any me harme was rown, a capterin in the \_\_\_\_\_regiment of cavalry, swelling for pleasure, and on foot, both from mo-we of independence and economy; and he begged in kind landlindy would look at her heseand's rounds, the state of which he had refused to permit in to graphing. Mire, Dinmont was used to her

his kind landlady woeld look at her heeband's wounds, the state of which he had refused to permit ham to examine. Mire. Dinmont was used to her bashad's broken hosds more than to she presence wis assess of dragoons. She therefore glanaed at the the-sloth not quite clean, and conned over her propasal supper a minute or two, before, petting her factual on the shoulder, she bade him sit down for "a hard-bashed look, she bade him sit down for "a hard-bashed look, that was aye bringing humsell and sher folk inso cellis-changies." When Dandie Diamont, after escouting two er time septicies, and counnit his round, black, shagy way of ndicule of his wife's anxisty, at last deigned as it down, and commit his round, black, shagy puble of a head to her inspection. Brown thought he had seen the regimental surgeon look grave upon a mere wifing esse. The gudswife, however, showed come heaveling estimation in the counties, and course interaction ministrates of the wide and co-genistic deletars interfered with her operations, and course lower and some list bestmared with a unarrary adve, assessmed sourceign by the whole dale, (which differed types Fair minist counsiderable expe-games of such cance).—she then fixed her plaster with a handers, and, agate of her patient's resistance, glied over all a night cop, to keep every thing in its light whose. Some contaxions of the brow and shoul-draw the securit ill the succience had paid a heavy tol to his mouth. Mirs. Diamont then simply, but kindly, officiend her assistance to Brown. He assured her, he had no occasion for any thing

did not permit till the medicine had paid a heavy tell to his mouth. Mrn. Diamont then simply, but kindly, effessed her assistance to Hnown. He samured her he had no occasion for any thing but the accountedation of a basin and towel. "And that's what I should have thought of soon-a," also said; " and I did think o't, but I deret na spen the dost, for therv's a' the bairns, poer things, sae her to see their father." "The samisined a great dramming and whising at the dost, for therv's a' the bairns, poer things, sae her to see their father." "The septement a great dramming and whising at the dost of the fittle parleur, which had conswith to dost of the fittle parleur, which had conswith the dost of the fittle parleur, which had conswith the dost of the fittle parleur, which had conswith the dost of the fittle parleur, which had soon to seek the hash and towed, (for the never thought of showing the quest to be accurate room.) a whole tide of white-hand making actions from the stable, the generative of the news and set of white-ments was a separate recent, a whole the of white-ments was a set of the set of the stable, where they had been seeing Durasie, and giving him a vanishme had been seeing Durasie, and giving him a vanishme had been seeing Durasie for the set of the others from the kitchen, where they had been listen-ing to and Bisneth's takes and ballade; and the promotion had raised out of bed, all searing to see had set of the set of bed, all searing to see had set of the set of bed, all searing to see had sent as inquire what he had wished in his pe-promotions. Our hanget of the broken head first bardened insuged them all round, then distributed thereis a generative their joy and welcome got used bearing, carelaimed to he guest--- This is a' bigned bearing, carelaimed to he guest--- This is a' bigned bearing, carelaimed to he guest--- This is a' bigned bearing, carelaimed to he guest--- This is a'

Mer ain way." Me I Lord help me," said Ailie, who at that in-A suspend with the basis and swer, "how can I it 7-I have mething else to gie them, poor

nf then exerted himself, and, betwhen coar-as, and sheving, cleared the room of all the encouring a bay and girl, the two electric mily, who could, as the observed, behave as "distinctly." For the same reason, but exercising with the degramme hicked out, arent<sup>e</sup>th Vol II.

copt ug the venerable patriarchs, old Pepper and Mins-tard, whom frequent castigation and the advance of taid whom frequent castigation and the advance of years had inspired with such a share of passive hos-pitality, that, after mutual explanation and remon-strance in the shape of some growling, they admitted Wasp, who had intherto judged it safe to keep be-neath his master's chair, to a share of a dried wad-der's skin, which, with the wool uppermost and un-shorn, served all the purposes of a Bristol hearth-mg. The active bustle of the mistress (so she was called in the kitchen, and the gudewife in the parlour) had already signed the fate of a couple of fowls, which, for want of fime to dress them otherwise; soon ap-eard resking from the gridou-or brander, as Mra.

peared reaking from the gridiron-or brander, as Mra. Dimmont denominated it. A huge piece of cold beef-Dimmont denominated it. A huge piece of cold beef-ham, eggs, hutter, cakes, and barley-meal bannocks in plenty, made up the entertainiment, which was to be diluted with home-brewed ale of excellent quality, and a case bottle of brandy. Few soldiers would find fault with such cheer after a day's hard exercise, end a skirmish to boot; accordingly Brown did great honear to the eatables. While the gudewife partiy with dheels as red as her top knot, to remove the supper matters, and supply sugar and hot whater, (which, in the damsel's arxiety to gase upon an ac-tual live captain, she was in some danger of forget-ting.) Brown took an opportunity to ask his host whether he did not repent of having neglected the gupy's hant.

"What kens?" answered he; " they're queer desvilat "What kens?" answered he; " they're queer desvilat -maybe I might just have 'scaped as gang to meet -maybe I might just have 'scaped as gang to most the other. And yet I'll no say that neither; for 3f that randy wife was coming to Charlies-hope, she should have a pint bottle o' brandy and a pound o' tabacco to wear her through the winter. They're gaser desvils, as my sublisher used to say-they're warst where they're warst guided. After a', there's baith gude and ill about the gipsisa." This, and some other desultory conversation, served as a "shoeing horn" to draw on another cup of ale and another *cheerer*, as Dinmont termed it in big country phrase. of brandy and water. Brown

his country phrase, of brandy and water. Brown then resolutely declined all further conviviality for Brown then resolutely declined all further convivality for that evening, pleading his own weariness and the ef-fects of the skirmish, -being well aware that it would have availed nothing to have remonstrated with his host on the danger that excess might have occasion-ed to his own raw woend and bloody coxcomb. A very small bed-room, but a very clean bed, received the traveller, and the sheets made good the courteous waunt of the hostess, "that they would be as plea-sant as he could find any gate, for they were washed wi' the farry-well water, and bleached on the bonry what gowans, and bittled by Nelly and hersell, and what could woman, if she was a queen, do mair for them?" them?

They indeed rivalled snow in whiteness, and had, besides, a pleasant fragmence from the manner in which they had been bleached. Little Wasp, after licking his master's hand to ask leave, couched him-self on the coveriet at his feet; and the traveller's causes were seen lest in grateful oblivion.

### CHAPTER XXV.

Beowne recevently in the morning, and walked out to look at the establishment of his new friend. All was rough and neglected in the neighbourhood of the house *i*--a pairty garden, no pains taken to make the vice inity dry or comfortable, and a total absence of all these little neatnesses which give the eye so much pleasure in looking at an English farm-house. There were, netwitheanding, evident signs that this areas only from wart of taste or isnorance, not from arose only from want of tasts or ignorance not from powerty, or the negligence which attends it. On the contrary, a noble cow-house, well filled with good mit cows, a facility house, with ten bullecks of the

**BOLL** most hpproved breed, a stable, with two good teams of hornes, the appearance of domestics, active, indus-trious, and apparently contented with their lot; in a word, an air of liberal though sluttish plenty indica-ted the wealthy farmer. The situation of the house above the river formed a gentle declivity, which re-lieved the inhabitants of the nuisances that might otherwise have stagnated around it. At a little dis-tance was the whole band of children, playing and building houses with peats around a huge doddered oak-tree, which was called Charlie's Bush, from some tradition respecting an old freebooter who had once inhabited the spot. Between the farm-house and the, hill-pasture was a deep morase, termed in that country a slack—it had once been the defence of a fortalice, of which no vestiges now remained, but which was said to have been inhabited by the same donghty hero we have now alluded to. Brown en-deavoured to make some acquaintance with the chil-dren, but "the rogues fiel from him like quicksilver" —though the two eldest stood peeping when they had got to some distance. The traveller then turned his course towards the hill, crossing the foresaid swamp by a range of stepping-stones, neither the broadest by a range of stepping-stones, neither the broadest nor steadiest that could be imagined. He had not climbed far up the hill when he met a man de-

scending. scenning. He soon recognised his worthy host, though a snowd, as it is called, or a gray shopherd's-plaid, sup-plied his traveling jocksy-cost, and a cap faced with wild-cat's fur, more commodiously covered his ban-daged head than a hat would have done. As he ap-peared through the morning mist, Brown, accustomed peared through the morning mist, Brown, accustomed to judge of men by their thewes and sinews, could not help admiring his height, the breadth of his shoulders, and the steady firmness of his step. Dinmont inter-nally paid the same compliment to Brown, whose athletic form he now perused somewhat more at lei-sure than he had done formerly. After the usual greetings of the morning, the guest inquired whether his host found any inconvenient consequences from the last night's affray. "I had maist forgotten't," said the hardy Borderer; "but I think this morning, now that I am freeh and sober, if you and I were at the Withershin's Latch, wi' ilka ane a gude oak souple in his hand, we wadna turn back, no for half a dizen o' yon scaff-raff." "Bat are you prudent, my good sir," said Brown, "not to take an hour or two's repose after receiving such severe contusions?"

"Bat are you prudent, my good sir," said Brown, "not to take an hour or two's repose after receiving such severe contusions?" "Confusions II" replied the farmer, laughing in de-rision; "Lord, Captain, nasthing confuses my head —I ance jumped up and laid the dogs on the fox after I had tumbled from the tap o' Christenbury Craig, and that might have confused me to purpose. Na, masthing confuses me, unleas it be a screed o' drink at an orra time. Besides, I behooved to be round the hirsel this morning, and ese how the herds were coming on-they're apt to be negligent wi' their foot-bells, and fairs, and trysts, when ane's away. And there I met wi' Tam o' Todshaw, and a whesen o' the rest o' the billies on the water side; they're a' for a fex-hunt this morning, -ye'll gang ? I'll gie ye Dum-ple, and take the brood mare mysell." "But I fear I must leave you this morning, Mr. Dinmont," replied Brown. "The fient a bit o' that," exclaimed the Borderer, ---Na, na; we dinna meet aic friends as you on a Bew-castle moss every night." Brown had not designed his journey should be a speedy one; he therefore readily compounded with this hearty invitation, by agreeing to pass a week at Charling-hope. On their return to the house, where the good-wife

this hearty invitation, by agreeing to pass a week at Charlies-hope. On their return to the house, where the good-wife presided over an ample breakfast, she heard news of the proposed for-hunt, not indeed with approbation, but without alarm, or surprise. "Dand ! ye're the suid man yet—naething will make ye take warning till ye're brought hame some day wi' your fest fore-most."

"Tut, lass !" answered Dandie, "ye ken yoursell I em never a prin the waur o' my rambles." So saying, he exhorted Brown to be hasty in dis-

patching his breakfast, se, "the frost having rives way, the scent would lie this morning primely." Out they sallied accordingly for Otterscope scene, the farmer leading the way. They scon quitted the little valley, and involved themselves among hills as steep as they could be without being precipitous. The sides often presented gullies, down which, in the sides often presented gullies, down which, in the steep as they could be without being preceptions. The sides often presented guilies, down which, in the winter season, or after heavy rain, the torreints de-scended with great fury. Some displed mists shill floated along the peaks of the hills, the remains of the morning clouds, for the frost had broken up with a smart shower. Through these fleecy screens were seen a hundred little temporary streamlets, or rilk, descending the sides of the mountains like silver threads. By small sheep-tracks along these steps, over which Dinmont troited with the most farless confidence, they at length drew sear the scene of sport, and began to see other men, both on hores and foot, making toward the place of rendezvous. Erwan was puzzling himself to conceive how a fox-chase could take place among hills, where it was bardy possible for a pony, accustomed to the ground, to tut along, but where, quitting the track for half a yard's breadth, the rider might be either bogged, or precipi-tated down the bank. This wonder was not dimin-ished when he came to the place of scion. They had gradually ascended very high, and now found themselves or a mountain-ridge, overhanging a gien of great depth, but extremely narrow. Heas the sportsmen had collected, with an apparents which would have shocked a member of the Pychely Hunt; for, the object being the removal of a notious and destructive animal, as well as the pleasures of the chase, poor Reynard was allowed muck less fair play than when pursued in form through an open country. The strength of his habitation, however, and the ma-ture of the ground by which it was surrounded on all sides, supplied what was wanting in the courtey of

than when pursued in form through an open coustry. The strength of his habitation, however, and the ma-ture of the ground by which it was surrounded on all sides, supplied what was wanting in the courtesy of his pursuers. The sides of the glen were broken banks of earth, and rocks of rotten stone, which such sheer down to the little winding stream below, afford-ing here and there a tuft of iscathed brush-wood, or a patch of furze. Along the edges of this ravine, which as we have said, was very narrow, but of profound edput, the hunters on horse and foot ranged them selves; almost every farmer had with him at least a brace of large and herce greyhounds, of the race of those deer-dogs which were formerly used in that country, but greatly leasened in size from being crossed with the common breed. The huntsman, a sort of provincial officer of the district, who receives a car-tain supply of meal and a reward for every for he destroys, was already at the bottom of the del, when echoes thundered to the chiling of two or three breats of fox-hounds. Terriers, including the whole gene-ration of Pepper and Minutted, were also in atten-ance, having been sent forward under the case of filled up, the bunden of the chorus. The epsctaeous and filled up, the bunden of the chorus. The spectaeous as the brink of the party below should force him to abandon his cover. The soens, though uncouth to the eye of a supabandon his cover.

abandon his cover. The scene, though uncouth to the eye of a set fessed sportsman, had something in it wildly costs vating. The shifting figures on the mountain rates having the sky for their back-ground, appeared a move in the air. The dogi, impation of their as straint, and maddened with the baying benear sprung here and there, and strained at the alips, while prevented them from joining their companions. Lease ing down, the view was equally striking. The di-int was often through their gauxy medium that the ey-stroys to discover the motions of the hunters below. strong to discover the motions of the hunters bell Sometimes a breath of wind mide the accme visal the blue rill gittering as it twined itself through rude and solitary dell. They then could use the size herds apringing with fearless activity from one di gerous point to another, and cheering the dogs on scent, the whole so diminished by depth and distant that they looked like pigmies. Again the mists of over them, and the only sigms of their continuends ertions are the halloos of the many and the classes

## One. XXVL3

of the hounds, according as it were out of the howels of the earth. When the fox, thus persecuted from ensistence-hold to another, was at length obliged to abandon his valley, and to break away for a more distant retreat; those who watched his motions from the top slipped their greyhounds, which, excelling the fox in swiftness, and equaling him in ferocity and epint, hoon brought the plunderer to his life's end. In this way, without any attention to the ordinary rales and decorums of sport, but apparently as much to the gratification both of bipeds and quadrupeds as if all due ritual had been followed, four foxes were willed on this active morning: and even Brown him-

killed on this active morning; and even Brown himkulled on this active morning; and even Brown him-self, fhough he had seen the princely sports of India, and ridden a-uger-hunting upon an elephant with the Nabob of Arcot, professed to have received an excel-lent morning's amusement. When the sport was given up for the day, most of the sportsmen, accord-ing to the established hospitality of the country, went additional constraints and the sportsments of the sportsments. to dine at Charlies-hope.

to due at Carnies-nope. During their return homeward, Brown rode for a short time beside the huntsman, and asked him some guestions concerning the mode in which he exercised his profession. The man showed an unwillingness to meet his eye, and a disposition to be rid of his to meet his eye, and a disposition to be rid of his company and conversation, for which. Erown could not easily account. He was a thin, dark, active fel-low, well framed for the hardy profession which he exercised. But his face had not the frankness of the jolly hunter; he was down-looked, embarrassed, and avoided the exes of those who looked that at him. After some unimportant observations on the success of the day, Brown gave him a trifling gratuity, and tode on with his landlord. They found the goodwife prepared for their reception—the fold and the positry pard furnished the entertainment, and the kind and bearty welcome made amends for all deficiencies in alegance and fashion.

### CHAPTER XXVI.

. The Elliots and Armstrongs did couvens, They were a gallant company ( Ballad of Johnnie Armstrong.

Wirssour noticing the occupations of an intervening day or two, which, as they consisted of the ordinary sylvan amusements of aboeting and coursing, have othing sufficiently interesting to detain the reader, nothing sufficiently interesting to detain the reader, we pass to one in some degree peculiar to Scotland, which may be called a nort of salmon-hunting. This chase, in which the fish is pursued and struck with barbed spears, or a nort of long-shafted trident, called a waster, as is much practised at the mouth of the Esk, and in the other salmon rivers of Scotland. The sport a basice, " is much practised at the mount of the has, and in the other salmon rivers of Scotland. The sport is followed by day and night, but most commonly in the latter, when the fish are discovered by means of torches, or fire-grates, filled with blasing fragments of tar-barrels, which shed a strong though partial light upon the water. On the present occasion, the principal party were embarked in a craxy boat upon a part of the myer which was enlarged and deepened by the restraint of a mill wear, while others, like the an-cient Bacchanahs in their gambols, ran along the banks, brandishing their torches and spears, and pur-suing the salmon, some of which endeavoured to escape up the stream, while others, shrouding them-salves under roots of trees, fragments of stongs, and large rocks, attempted to conceal themselves from the researches of the fishermen. These the party in the doat detected by the alightest indications; the twinkling of a fin, the rising of an air-bell, was suffi-cient to point out to these adroit sportsmen in what direction to use their weapon.

eient to point out to these adroit sportsmen in what incition to use their weapon. The scene was inexpressibly animating to those ac-metomed to it; but as Brown was not practised to be the spear, he soon tired of making efforts, which here attended with no other consequences than jar-ing his arms against the rocks at the bottom of the for, upon which, instead of the devoted salmon, he fan bestowed his blow. Nor did he relish, though concealed feelings which would not have been un-

inferer. The long speer is used for striking ; but there or, which is past from the hand, and with which an o all sportpann hits the fish with singular destarity. Or A

deustood, being quite so near the agonies of the engi-ing salmoh, as they lay flapping about in the boat, which they moistened with their blood. He therefore requested to be put ashore, and, from the top of a *heist* to roken bank, enjoyed the scene much more to his satisfaction. 'Often he thought of his friend Dudley the artist, when he observed the effect produ-ced by the strong red glare on the, romantic Banks under which the boat glided. Now the light dimi-nished to a distant star that seemed to twinkle on the seture. Which according to the legende of nished to a distant star that seemed to twinkle on the waters, like those which, according to the legends of the country, the water-kelpy sends for the purpose of indicating the water-kelpy sends for the purpose of indicating the water-kelpy sends for the purpose of indicating the water-kelpy sends for the purpose again approached, till the broad dickering fiame ren-dered bank, and rock, and tree, visible as it passed, tinging, them with its own red glare of dusky light, and resigning them gradually to darkness, or to pale moonlight, as it receded. By this light also were seen the figures in the boat, now holding high their were pons, now stooping to strike, now standing upright, bronzed, by the same red glare, into a colour which might have befitted the regions of Pandemonium. Having anused himself for some time with these effects of light and shadow, Brown strolled home-wards towards the farm-house, gazing in his way at the persons engaged in the sport, two or three of

the persons engaged in the sport, two or three of whom are generally kept together, one holding the torch, the others with their wpears, ready to avail themselves of the light it affords to strike their proy. themselves of the light it affords to strike their prey. As he observed one man struggling with a very weighty salmon which he had speared, but was un-able completely to raise from the water, Brown ad-vanced close to the bank to see the issue of his exer-tions. The man who held the torch in this instance was the huntsman, whese sulky demeanour Brown had already noticed with surprise.—"Come here, sir I come here, sir I look at this anel. He turns up a side like a sow!"—Such was the ery from the assistants whon some of them observed Brown advancing. "Ground the waster weel, man I ground the waster weel I—baud him down—ye heara the pith o'a cat!!"— were the crise of advice, encouragement, and expos-tulation, from those who were on the bank, to the sportsman engaged with the salmon, who stood up to his middle in water, jingling among boken ice, struggling against the force of the fish and the strength of the current, and dubious in what maner he should attempt to secure his booty. 'As Brown came to the

struggling against the force of the fish and the strength of the current, and dubious in what manner he should attempt to secure his booty. As Brown came to the edge of the bank, he called out—" Hold up your torch, friend huntsman !" for he had already distinguished his dusky features by the strong light cast mon them by the blaze. Bat the fellow no sconer heard his voice, and saw, or 'rather concluded, it was Brown who approached him, than, instead of advancing his fight, he let it drop, as if accidentally, into the water. "The deil's in Cabriel !" said the spearman, as the fragments of glowing wood floated balf-blazing, balf-sparkling, but scon axtinguished, down the stream-"the deil's in the man t—"I'll never master him write-out the light—and a braver kipper, could I but land him, never reisted' abune a pair o' cleeks." Some dashed into the water to lend their assistance, and the fish, which was alterwards found to weigh nearly thirty pounds, was landed in safety. The behaviour of the huntsman struck Brown, al-though he had no recollection of his face, nor could conceive why he should, as it appeared he evidently did, shun his observation. Could he be one of the footpads he had encountered a few days before?—The supposition was not altogether improbable, although unwarranted by any observation he was able to make coats, and their pize was not in any way so peculiarly liseriminated as to enable him to resort to that cris coats, and their size was not in any way so peculiarly discriminated as to enable him to resort to that cri-

Cliectminiated as to enable him to resolve to that crist \* The cleek here intimated, is the iren hook, depend-ing from the chimney of a foottial cottage, on which the pot is suspended when boiling. The same appendage is often called the crook. The sales with sait, is the amoke of the turf for above the cleeks, where it is said to retst, that preparation being so termed. The sales on thus preverved is caten as a delicator, under the same of kipper, a invary to which Dr. Rodgill bas given his senction as an ingredient of the Boottish breakthet...

tation. He resolved to event to his host Dimmont on the subject, but for obvious reasons concluded it were best defer the explanation until a cool hour in the morning

The sportsmen returned loaded with fish, upwards of one hundred salmon having been killed within the range of their sport. The best were selected for the and of the principal farmers, the others divided among their shepherds, cottars, dependents, and others of in-ferior rank who attended. These fish, dried in the tairf smoke of their cabins, or shealings, formed a sa-woury addition to the mease of potatoes, mixed with onions, which was the principal part of their winter flood. In the meanwhile a liberal distribution of ale and whicky was made among them, besides 'what was called a kettle of fish,-two or three salmon, namely, plunged into a caukiron, and boiled for their apper. Brown accompanied his jolly lendlord and thereas the first fried into the large and smoky kit-Manney, piengen into a companied his jolly landlord and the rost of his friends into the large and smoky kit-chen, where this savoury mess recked on an oaken table, massive enough to have dired Johnnie Arm-strong and his merry-men. All was hearty cheer and huzza, and jest and clamorous laughter, and bragging elsemately, and raillery between whiles. Our traval-lar looked earnestly around for the dark countenance there hunter, but it was nowhere to be seen.

Sectors and railiery perveen whites. Our travel-be looked earnestly around for the dark countenance of the fox-hunter; but it was nowhere to be seen. At length he hazarded a question concerning him. "That was an awkward accident, my lads, of one of yeu, who dropped his torch in the water when his companion was struggling with the large fish." "Awkward!" returned a shepherd, looking up, (the same stout young fellow who had speared the sal-meon,) "he deserved his paiks for't--to put out the light when the fish was on ane's wittera!"\*--Fm water on purpose-he doesna like to see ony body do a thing better than himsell." "Ay," said another, "he's sair shamed o' himsell likes a little o' the gude thing as weel as ony o' us." "Is he of this country ?" said Brown. "Na, a, he's been but shortly in office, but he's a fail hunter--he's frae down the country, some gate on the Dumfries side." "And what's his name pray ?" "And what's his name pray ?" "But Cabriel."

"Gabriel.'

"And what's his name pray T "Gabriel." "But Gabriel what?" "Oh, Lord kens that; we dinna mind folk's after-names muckle here, they run sae muckle into chana." "Ye see, sir," said an old shepherd, rising, and speaking very slow, "the folks hereabout are a 'Arm-strongs and Elliosts, and sic like-twa or three given names—and so, for distinction's sake, the lairds and farmers have the names of their places that they live at—as for example, Tam o' Todshaw, Will o' the Flat, Holbie o' Sorbierres, and our good master inferior sort o' people, ye'll observe, are kend by sorts o' by-names some o' them, as Glaiket Christie, and the Deuk's Davie, or maybe, like this lad Gabriel, by his employment; as for example, Tod Gabbie, or flunter Gabbie. He's no been lang here, sir, and I finns think ony body kens him by ony other name. But it's no right to rin him doun ahint his back, for he's a fell fox-hunter, though he's maybe no just ase claver as some o' the folk hereawa wi' the waster."

chover as some o' the folk hereawa wi' the waster." • The harks of the spar. • When dry spinters, or branches, are used as fuel to supply the light for burning the water, as it is called, they are termed, use in the stort, Routhies. When rars, dipped in ter, are employ-ed, they are called Hards, probably from the Prench. I The distinction of inderidants by nickamese when they pro-mess no property, is still common on the Border, and indeed mecessary, from the number of prenos having the same name. In the size of Lustruber, in Rothurnishine, there dwell, make memory of man, faur inhabismus, called Andrew, or Dan-de, Oliver. They were distinguished as Dandie Dumbie. The dwesil-gate, Dandie Thumbie, and Dandie Dumbie. The two first had their names from living esstward and west-there is toold as a well-known perf, that a begyr woman, repul-mention wasted, in her despar, fillesre were no Christians of the same Tor some persons os euranned, answerd, "Na, na, there are use Christians here ; we are 3" Johnstrues and Jurdies."

After some further deseltory conversation, if superior sportsmen ratired to conclude the evenin after their own manner, leaving the others to caje themselves, unawed by their presence. That even ing, like all those which Brown had passed at Cha lies hope, was spent in much innocent mirth and conviviality. The latter might have approached to the verge of riot but for the good women; for several of

verge of riot but for the good women; for several the neighbouring missiveses (a phrase of a signific tion how different from what it bears in more a shonable life!) had assembled at Charlies-hops ing the punch-bowl was so often replenished, there was some danger of their gracious present being forgotten, they rashed in valorously upon the recreant revellers, headed by our good mistress file and piper next made their appearance, and the best part of the night was gallantly consumed in dances in the the missic. to their music.

An otier-hunt the next day, and a bas An otter-hunt the next day, and a badger-beits the day after, consumed the time merrily. I hope of travelier will not sink in the reader's estimatic sportsman though he may be, when I inform his that on this last occasion, after young Pepper h lost a fore-foot, and Mustard the second had be nearly throttled, he begred as a particular and pe sonal favour of Mr. Dinmont, that the poor badge who had made so gatiant a defence, should be pu mitted to retire to his earth without further us leatation. lestation.

The farmer, who would probably have treated this request with supreme contempt had it come from any other person, was contented, in Brown's case, to express the uttor extremity of his wonder.-"Weel," he said, "that's queer an eugh i-but since ye take his part, deil a tyke shall meddle wi' him meir in my day-we'll e'en mark him, and ca' him the Captain's brock-and I'm sure I'm glad I can do ony thing to oblige you-but. Lord ave us, to care abbut a brock !"

Captain's brock-and I'm sure I'm glad I can do ony thing to oblige you-but, Lord area us, to care about a brock I'' After a week spent in rural sport, and distinguish-ed by the most frank attentions on the pert of his honest landlord. Brown bade adieu to the benks of the Liddel, and the hospitality of Charlies-hops. The children, with all of whom he had now become an intimate, and a favourite, roared manfally in fail chorus at his departure, and he was obliged to pro-mise twenty times, that he would scon return and play over all their favourite tunes upon the flagsolat ill they had got them by heart.-" Come back again, cantain," said one little sturdy fellow, " and Jeany will be you, wife." Jenny was about eleven years old-she ran and hid berself behind her marmy. " Captain, come back," said a little fat roll-store girl of six, holding her mouth up to be kissed, " and Plue your wife." Jenny was about eleven years will beyour wife." Jenny was about eleven years old-she ran and hid berself behind her marmy. " Captain, come back," said a little fat roll-store girl of six, holding her mouth up to be kissed, " and Plue your wife my sineall." They must be of harder mould than I, thought Brown, who could part from so many kind hearts modeasty, and an affectionate simplicity that marked the olden time, offered her check to the departing guest-" It's little the like of us can do," she said, "It's in make a request-would you but have the kindows to wave me, or work me, just such a groy plaid. " " Now, my dear M me. Diamont, you embolden me to make a request-would you but have the kindows to wave me, or work me, just such a groy plaid." " the goodman wears?" He had learned the langene and feelings of the country even during the data the goodman wears?" He had learned the langene and feelings of the country even during the data the rown, the morn. Fare ye weak, sir l- and may you us the shappy yoursell as ye like to see a' body and that would he a sair wish to some folk." I must not omit to mention, that our traveller th

### "A bit of his supper, a bit of his bed,"

and that he should be engaged in none of those pe-rilous pastimes in which the race of Mustard and Paper had suffered frequent mutilation. Brown now prepared for his journey, having taken a tem-perary farewell of his trusty little companion. There is an odd prejudice in these hills in favour of riding. Every farmer rides well, and rides the whole day. Probably the extent of their large pasture farma, and the accounting of here variable for the

by. Probably the extent of their large pesture farms, and the accounty of surveying them rapidly, first in-reduced this custom; or a very zealous anticipary might derive it from the times of the Lay of the Last Instrie, when twenty thousand horsensen assem-ied at the lights the bescon-fires. But the truth is undenable; they like to be on horseback, and can be with difficulty convinced that any one chooses walking from other motives than those of conveni-cate or assessity. Accordingly, Dinmont insight you meening his guest, and accompanying him on horseback as far as the nearest town in. Dumfrice-site, where he had directed his baggage to be sent, and for which he proposed to pursue his intended purse towards Woodbourne, the residence of Julia Hanaening. 101

And show which he proposed to pursue his intended persor towards Woodbourne, the residence of Julia Manasing. Upon the way he questioned his companion con-cwraig the character of the fox-hunter; but gained' little information, as he had been called to that office while Dimont was making the round of the High-had fairs. "He was a shake-rag like fellow," he sead, "sad, he dared to say, had gipey blood in his veins-but at ony rate be was name o' the amacks that had been, on their quarters in the moss-he would kent them weel if he saw them again. There are source no had folk amang the gipsice too, to be size a gang," mided Dandie; "if ever I see that auld randle-tree of a wife again, I'll gie her something to buy tobacco-lineve a great notion she meant me very fair after a.". When they were about finally to part, the good serves blod forw long by the hand, and at length said, "Captain, the woo's see word up the year, that is's spind a' the rent, and we have mathing to do wi' the source action here by the hand, and at length suid, "Captain, the woo's see word up the year, that is's spind a' the rent, and we have mathing to do wi' the source action here by the hand, and at length suid the bairms their bits o' dads-now I was thinking of some safe hand to put it into, for it's ower mookle to ware one transford or twa would help yo on math an occupation, the bit scrape o' your pen would be source; Brown, who felt the full delicacy that when an inne o' acting it-it wood to a great oon-ware the bow of asking a favour, thankied his grate-fil friend most heartly, and ageured him he would have recurse to his purse, without scruple, shouth there they perted with. many expressions of mutual regard.

# CHAPTER XXVII.

# If these hast any love of mercy in thee, Turn me upon my face that I may die. JOANNA BAILLIS.

Then use upon my face that I may die. JOANNA BAILLIS. Our travelier hired a post-chaise at the place where memory with the purpose of pro-testing to Kippletringan, there to inquire into the state of the family at Woodbourns, before he should maker its or make his presence in the country known Miss Mannering. The stage was a long one of generation or twenty miles, and the road lay across the futurity. To add to the incourse increes of the jour-my, the snow began to fall pretty quickly. The pos-tion, however, proceeds on his journey for a good many miles, without expressing doubt or hesitation. I was not until the night was completely set in, that instimated his apprehensions whether he was in instimated his apprehensions whether he was in g, ũ To would be affection to air this reference. But the for will understand, that is was inserted to keep up the rd-r inscorption, as he was not likely to be supported of quoting way works. This explanation is also applicable to see or density measure, in this and the other newels, introduced

sedest hoy, who promised, in the words of the the right road. The incremeng mow rendered, its send, the hould have lad's face, and lay whitening all around him, it served in two different ways to confuse his knowit has a lace, and iny waitening all around him, it served in two different ways to confuse his know-ledge of the country, and to diminish the chance of his recovering the right track. Brown then himself got out and looked round, not, it may be well ima-gined, from any better hope than that of seeing some house at which he might make inquiry. But none appeared—he could therefore only tell the lad to drive steadily on. The road on which they were, ran through plantations of considerable extent and deph, and the traveller therefore conjectured that there must be a gentlehan's house at no great distance. At length, after strugging wearily on for about a mile, the post-hoy stopped, and protested his horses would not budge a foot further; "but he saw," he said, " a light among the trees, which must proceed from a house; the only way was to inquire the road there." Accordingly, he dismonited, heavily encumbered with a long great coat, and a pair of boots which might have rivalled in thickness the seven-fold shield, of Ajaz. As in this gnice he was plotding forth

with a long great coat, and a pair of boots which might have rivalled in thickness the seven-fold shield. of Ajax. As in this guise he was plodding forth upon his voyage of discovery, Brown's impatience, prevalled, and, jumping out of the carriage, he desired itle lad to stop where he was by the horses, and he-would himself go to the hotse—a command which the driver most joyfully obeyed. Our traveller groped along the side of the enclo-sure from which the light glimmered, in order to find: after proceeding for some space, at length found, a stile in the hedge, and a pathway leading into the plantation, which in that place was of great extent. This promised to lead to the light which was the ob-ject of his search, and accordingly Brown proceeded in that direction, but soon totally lost sight of it among the trees. The path, which at first seemed, broad and well marked by the opening of the wroad, through which it winded was now less easily distin-guishable, although the whiteness of the snow af-forded some reflected light to assist his search. Di-recting himself is much as possible through the more open parts of the wood, he proceeded almost a mile without either recovering a view of the light, or seeing any thing resembling a habitation. Still, however, for it shone too steadily to be the glimmer of an ig-nue fature. The ground at length became brief, and declined rapidly, and although Brown conceived he still moved along what had once at least been a pathway, it was now very unequal, and the snow and declined replay, and attooning Brown conceived he still moved along what had once at least been a pathway, it was now very unequal, and the snow concealing those breaches and inequalities, the tra-veller had one or two falls in consequence. He be-gan now to think of turning back, especially as the falling snow, which his impatience had hitherto pre-vented his attending to, was coming on thicker and faster

faster. Willing, however, to make a last effort, he still ad-vanced a hitle way, when, to his great delight, he beheld the light opposite at no great distance, and apparently upon a level with him. He quickly found that this last appearance was deception, for the ground continued so rapidly to sink, as made it ob-vious there was a deep dell, or ravine of some kinds, between him and the object of his search. Taking every precaution to preserve his footing, he cortinued to descend until he reached the bettom of a zery steep and narrow glea, through which winded a small rivulet, whose course was then almost choked with and narrow gies, through which whole a small rivulet, whose course was then almost choked with snow. He now found humself embarrassed among snow. He now found himself embarrassed among the ruins of cottages, whose black gables, rendered more distinguishable by the contrast with the white-ened surface from which they rose, were still stand-ing; the side-walls had long since given way to time, and, piled in shapless heaps, and covered with snow, offered frequent and embarrassing obstacles to our traveller's progress. Still, however, he persevered, crossed the rivulet, not without some trouble, and at length, by exertions which became both painful and perilons accended its gortosite and very runged bark. perilous, ascended its oprosite and very rugged bank, until he came on a level with the building from which the glessm proceeded.

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GUY MAN It was difficult, expecially by so imperfect a light, to discover the network of this edifice; but it seemed a square building of small size, the upper part of which was totally thinous. It had, perhaps, been the abode, in formet times, of some lesser proprietor, or a place of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of strength and concealment, in case of strength and concealment, in case of need, for one of greater desolation could not well be imagined. There was a fire upon the floor, the smoke of which, after, circling through the apartment, escaped by a

of greater desolation could not well be imagined. There was a fire upon the floor, the smoke of which, after circling through the apartment, escaped by a hole broken in the arch above. The walls, seen by this smoky light, had the rude and waste appearance of a ruin of three centurics old at least. A cask or two, with some broken boxes and packages, lay about the place in confusion. But the ihmates chiefly oc-cupied Brown's attention. Upon a lair composed of straw, with a blanket stretched over it, lay a figure, so still, that, except that it was not dressed in the ordinary habiliments of thagrave, Brown would have concluded it to be a corpse. On a steadier view he perceived it was only on the point of becoming so, for he heard one or two of those low, deep, and hard-drawn sighs, that precede dissolution when the frame is 'tenacious of life. A female figure, dressed in a long cloak, sate on a stone by this miserable couch; her elbows rested upon her knees, and her face, avert-ed from the light of an iron lamp beside her, was bent tween whiles sung, in a low monotonous cadence, one of those prayers, or rather spells, which, in some parts of Scotland, and the north of England, are parts of Ecoland, and the north of England, are used by the vulgar and ignorant to speed the passage of a parting spirit, like the tolling of the bell in ca-tholic days. She accompanied this dismal sound with a slow rocking motion of her body to and fro, as if to keep time with her song. The words ran nearly thus :

Four not mow-drift driving fast, Sect, or hall, or levin blast: Soon the shroud shall lap thee fast, And the sleep be on the cast That shall no'er know waking.

Haste thee, haste thee, to be gone, Baste thet, and time draws on,-Gasp thy gasp, and groan thy groen, Day is near the breaking.

The songstroke paused, and was answered by one or two deep and hollow groans, that seemed to pro-coad from the very agony of the mortal strife. "It will not be," she muttered to herself.—"He cannot pees away with that on his mind—it tethers him here...

'Heaven cannot abide it. Earth refuses to hide it.'\*

Each refuses to his it." \* The wystorious rice in which Mag Marrilles is described, se engaging, belong to her character as a queen of her raco. All know that gipsnes in every country claim acquaintance with the fift of fortanc-telling, but, as is eften the case, they are duction to this Tale, given us some information on the subject of their creduity. \* The correspondent of Black wood, quoted in the intro-duction to this Tale, given us some information on the subject of their creduity. \* The correspondent of Black wood, quoted in the intro-duction to this Tale, given us some information on the subject of their creduity. \* These over understood," he says, speaking of the Yetholm 'psise, "that they are extremely superstiticas-carefully to-tering the formation of the clouds, the flight of particular birds, and the soughts of the winds, before attempting any enter-juing with parsons whom they considered of unlucky aspect's nor do they ever proceed on their summer pereginations with-ensays or infaction being communicated by them, as the con-viction that the very circumstance of wearing them would abasise the days of their living. They likewise carefully watch

I must open the door j" and, rising, she faced towards the door of the apartment, observing headfally not to turn back her head, and, withdrawing a bolt or two, (for, notwithstanding the miserable appearance of the place, the door was cautiously secured,) she lifted the latch, saying,

### "Open luck-end strift, Come death, and pass life." c

Come death, and pease life." Brown, who had by this time moved from his post, stood before her as she opened the door. She supped back a pace, and he entered, instantly recognising, but with no comfortable sensation, the same gipsy woman whom he had met in Bewcastle. She also knew him at once, and her attitude, figure, and iss anxiety of her countenance, assumed the appearance of the wild-dimension of a faily tale instance. anxiety of her countenance, assumed the appearance of the wild-disposed ogress of a fairy tale, waraing a stranger not to enter the dangerous castle of her ha-band. The first words she spoke (holding up has hands in a reproving manner) were "Said I not to ye, Make not, meddle not ?-Beware of the redding strakt !t you are come to no house o' fair-strae death." So saying, she raised the lamp, and turned its light on the dying man, whose rude and harsh features were now convulsed with the last acony. A roll of linen about his head was stained with blood, which had soaked also through the blankets and the straw.

had soaked also through the blankets and the straw. It was, indeed, under no natural disease that the wretch was suffering. Brown started back from this horrible object, and, turning to the gipey, exclaimed, "Wretched woman, who has dene this?" "They that were permitted," answered Meg Mer-rilies, while she scanned with a close and keen glance the features of the expiring man.-" He has had a sair struggle—but it's passing—I kenn'd he would "has when you came in.-. That was the death-nucke "be's dead."

pass when you came in. I hat was the death-market he's dead." Sounds were now heard at a distance, as of voices. "They are coming," said she to Brown ; "you are a dead man if ye had as mony lives as hairs." Brown eagerly looked round for some weapon of defence. There was none near. He then rashed to the door, with the intention of plunging among the trees, and making his escape by flight, from what he now es-teemed a den of murderers, but Merrilies held him with a masculine grasp. "Here," she said. "Here-be still and you are safe-stir not, whatever you see or hear, and nothing shall befall you?" Brown, in these desperate circumstances, itenem-bered this woman's intimation formerly, and thought he had no chance of safety but in obeying her. She covered him to couch down among a paneel of straw on the opposite side of the spartment from the corpes, covered him carefully, and flung over him two or three old sacks which lay about the place. Anziones to observe what was to happen, Brown arranged, as eably

three old sacks which lay about the place. Anxious to observe what was to happen, Brown arranged, as early as he could, the means of peoping from under the covar-ings by which he was hidden, and awaited with a throbbing heart the issue of this strange and most unpleasant adventure. The old gipsy, in the mean time, set about arranging the deal body, composing its limbs, and straightening the arms by its aids. "Best to do this," she muttered, "ere he stiffen." She placed on the dead man's breat a trencher, with another at the feet of the body, and lighted both. Then she resumed her song, and awaited the ap-

Then she resumed her song, and awaited the ap-the corpse by night and day till the time of intermeot, and exe-ceive that 'the deil tinkies at the lyke-wake' of thoses where envise that 'the deil tinkies at the lyke-wake' of thoses where envise that 'the deil tinkies at the lyke-wake' of thoses where envise that 'the deil tinkies at the lyke-wake' of thoses where envise that 'the deil tinkies at the lyke wake' of thoses where envise that 'the deil tinkies at the lyke wake' of thoses where one generally entertained among the footith common people, are now only found among those who are the most racke in the the protracted struggle between life and death is pain failing my longed by keeping the door of the apartment shut, was receased as certain by the supertitious eld of Scotland. But need ther was the plan adopted by the old creans who understood the ray sterior of death-hads and lyke-wakes. In that case, there was recease for the imprisoned spirit to escape ; and yet an obstacte, we a habitation was in bomes not a accred limit, and the subject of maker who interferes beynerently from the Romans. ' The redding straik, namely, a blow received by a peace them, is proverbially said to be tho most dangeroase blow a man can receive

# Car XXVIII.1

proch of those whites voices had been heard without. Browfi was a soldier, and a brave one; but he was also a man, and at this moment his fears mastered his carrage so completely, that the cold drops burst of hom every pore. The idea of being dragged out of his miserable concealment by wretches, whose trade was that of midnight murder, without weapons whe divised mean of defence score antresting which would be only their sport, and cries for help, which would be only their sport, and cries for help, which could never reach other ear than their own-his safety intrusted to the precarious compassion of a being associated with these felons, and whose trade of rapine and imposture must have hardened her grainst every human feeling — the bitterness of his read in her withered and dark countenance, as the read in her withered and dark countenance, as the lamp threw its light upon her features, something that promised those feelings of compassion, which females, even in their most degraded state, can sel-dom altogether smother. There was no such touch of humanity about this woman. The interest, what-even it was, that determined her in his favour, arose et humanity about this woman. The interest, what-wer it was, that determined her in his favour, arose not from the impulse of compassion, but from some internal, and probably capricious, association of feel-ings, to which he had no clew. It rested, perhaps, on a fancied likeness, such as Lady Macbeth found to her father in the sleeping monarch. Such were the reflections that passed in rapid succession through Brown's mind, as he gazed from his hiding place up-on this extraordinary personage. Meantime the gang did not yet approach, and he was almost prompted to resume his original intention of attempting an e-cape from the hut, and cursed internally his own irre-solution, which had consented to his being coched up where he had neither room for resistance nor flight. Mag Merrilies accursed equally on the watch. She but her ear to every sound that whistled round the old walls. Then she turned again to the dead body, and found something new to arrange or alter in its position. "He's a bonny corpse," she muttered to harself, " and weel worth the streaking."-And in this dismal occupation she spreared to fisel a sort of professional pleasure, entering alowly into all the invited are in the streaking."-And in

rofessional pleasure, extering alowly into all the sinutize, as if with the skill and feelings of a con-oisseur. A long dark-coloured sea-cloak, which she offsectr. A long data coloured sea croat, which me raggied out of a corner, was disposed for a pall. The sea she left bare, after closing the mouth and eyes, ad arranged the capes of the clock so as to hide the lody bandages, and give the body, as she muttered, a mair decent appearance."

a mair decent appearance." At once three or four men, equally ruffians in ap-wannce and dress, rushed into the hut. "Meg, ye mb of Satan, how dare you leave the door open ?" "as the first salutation of the party. "And wha ever heard of a door being barred when "man was in the dead thraw?--how d'ye think the pirit was to get awa through bolts and bars like

an T

"Is he dead, fhen ?" said one who went to the side "Is he dead, fhen ?" said one who went to the side "Ay, ay-clead encough," said another—"but here's has a shall give him a rousing lykewake.". So say-g, he fetched a key of spirits from a corner, while g hastened to display pipes and tobacco. From a setivity with which she undertook the task, own conceived good hope of her fidelity towards or genes. It was obvious that she wished to engage or utilizes in their debauch, to prevent the discovery set might take place, if, by accident, any of them used approach too nearly the place of Brown's con-demant.

# CHAPTER XXVIIL

Mer board nor garner own we now, Nor roof nor lathed door, Nor kind mata, bound, by holy vow, To bleme a good man's store. Meon luik us is a gloonn den, And might is grown our dig ; Oproven ye, then, my merry men i And use it as yo may.

JOANNA BAILLIE

nows could now reckon his foes-they were five number; two of them were very powerful men, appeared to be either real seamen, or strollers o manmed that character; the other three, an old

man and two lads, were slighter made, and, from their black hair and dark complexion, seemed to bo-long to Meg's tribe. They passed from one to an-other the cup out of which they drank their spirits. "Here's to his good voyage!" said one of the see-men, drinking; "a squally night he's got, however, to drift through the sky in." We omit here various exectations with which these honest gentlenten garnished their discourse, retain-ing only such of their expletives as are least offensive. "A does not mind wind and weather—'A has had many a north-caster in his day." "He had his last yesterday," said another gruffly; "and now old Meg may pray for his last fair wing, as she's often done before."

and now old Meg may pray for his last fair wir as she's often done before." "Ill pray for nane o' him," said Meg, "nor for you neither, you randy dog. The times are sair stored since I was a kinchen-mort." Men were men then, and fought other in the open field, and there was nas mailing in the darkmans." And the gentry had kind, hearts, and would have given baith lap and pannels to ony puir gray; and there was not one, from John-nie Faa the upright man, to little Christie that was no maniers, would cloyed a dudl from them. But ye are a' altered from the gude auld rules, and no woulder that you scour the cramp-ring, and trine to the cheart's ase often. Yes, ye are a' altered-you'll eat the goodman's meat, drink his drink, sleep on the strammel\* in his barn, and break his house and cut his throat for his pains! There's blood on your hands, loo, ye dogs-mair than ever came there by fair light-mg. See how ye'll die then-lang it was ere he died —he strove, and strove sair, and could neither die nor live;-but you-half the sountry will see how ye'll grace the woodie."

grace the woodle." The party set up a hoarse laugh at Meg's prophecy, "What made you come back here, ye auld.beldam?" said one of the gipsiss; "could ye not have staid where you were, and space fortunes to the Cumber-land flats ?—Bing out and tour, it ye auld devil, and see that nobody has scented; that's a' you're good for now." for now

Is that a' I am good for now ?" said the indig-at matron. "I was good for mair than that in the naat matron. "I was good for mair than that in the great fight between our folk and Patrico Salmon's; if I had not helped you with these very fambles, (holding up her hands) Jean Baillie would have frummagem'd you,‡‡ ye feckless do-little?" "There was here another laugh at the expense of the hero who had received this amazon's assistance. "Here, mother," said one of the sailors, "here's so cup of the right for you, and never mind that bully-huff." nant matron.

huff.

Meg drank the spirits, and, withdrawing herself from further conversation, sat down before the spot where Brown lay hid, in such a posture that it would have been difficult for any one to have approsched it without her rising. The men, however, showed no-

nave open dimicult for any one to have upprocedues it without her rising. The men, however, showed no disposition to disturb her. They closed around the fire, and held deep consul-tation together; but the low tone in which they spoke, and the cant language which they used, prevented Brown from understanding much of their conversa-Brown from understanding much of their conversa-tion. He gathered in general, that they expressed great indignation against some individual. "He shall have his grue," said one, and then whispered something very low into the ear of his comrade. "I'll have nothing to do with that," said the othes. "Are you turned ben-bearted, Jack ?" "No, by G-d, no more than yourself, -but I won't -it was something like that stopped all the trade fifteen or twenty years ago-you have heard of the Louin ?"

"I have heard kim (indicating the corpse by a jerk of his head) tell about that job. G-d, how he used by langh when he showed us how he fetched him off.

"Well, but it did up the trade for one while," said Jack.

acs. "How should that he?" saked the surly villain. "Why," replied Jack, "the people got susty abou A girl. 1 Marder by sight. I Liquor and food. 5 The leader (and greatest rogue) of the gang. 8 Bolen a rag. T Get insprisoned and hanged. \*\* Biraw-1\* Go out and watch. If Throttled you.

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it, and would not deal; and they had bought so many that

"Well, for all that," said the other, "I think we should be down upon the fellow one of these dark-mans, and let him get it well."

mans, shd let him get it well." "But old Meg's asleep now," said another; "she grows a driveller, and is afraid of her shadow. She'll ang out, t some of these odd-come-shortlies, if you don't look sharp." "Nover fear," said the old grosy man; "Meg's true-bred; she's the last in the gang that will start— but she has some queer ways, and often cuts queer words."

word

With more of this gibberish, they continued the

With more of this gibberish, they continued the conversation, rendering it thus, even to each other, a dark obscure dialect, eked out by significant node and signs, but never expressing distinctly, or in plain suguage, the subject on which it turned. At length case of them, observing Meg was still fast asleep, or sppeared to be so, desired one of the lads " to hand in the block Peter, that they hight flick it open." The Goy stepped to the door, and brought in a portman-teau, which Brown instantly recognized for his own. His thoughts immediately turned to the unfortunate lad he had left with the carriage. Had the ruffians murdered him? was the horrible doubt that crossed the different articles of his clothes and lam. Ho competition of the postillion. But the ruffians were too much delighted with their prize, and too mach passid in examining its contexts, to cuter into any Busied in examining its contents, to enter into any detail concerning the mauner in which they had ac

busied in examining its contents, to enter into any detail concerning the manner in which they had ac-quired it. The portmanteau contained various arti-cles of appartl, a pair of pistols, a leathern case with a few paper, and some money, do. do. At any other time it would have provided Brown excessively to see the unceremonious manner in which the thioves shared his property, and made themselves merry at the expense of the owner. But the moment was too perilous to admit any thoughts but what had imme-diate reference to self-preservation. After a sufficient ecratiny into the portmanteau, and an equitable division of its contents, the rufflans applied themselves more closely to the serious occu-pation of drinking, in which they spent the greater part of the night. Brown was for some time in great thopse that they would drink so deep as to render them-selves insensible, when his escape would have been an easy matter. But their dangerous trade reduired greeceutons inconsistent with such unlimited indul-gence, and they stopped short on this side of abso-lute intoxication. Three of them at length composed themselves to rest, whils the fourth watched. He was relieved in this duty by one of the others, after a sign of two hours. When the second watch had elapsed, the sentinel awakened the whole, who, to Brown's interpressible relief, began to make some preparation as if for departure, bunding up the va-rious articles which each had appropriated. Still, inswever, there remained something to be done. Two of them, after some rummarging, which and a little nous articles which each man appropriated. Still, however, there remained something to be done. Two of them, after some runninging, which not a little alarmed Brown, produced a matteck and shored, amother took a pick-axe from behind the straw on which the deat body was extended. With these imh the dead body was extended. With these im-ents two of them left the hut, and the remaining two of whom were the

sense two of them left the hut, and the remaining three, two of whom were the senseen, very strong seen, still remained in garrison. After the space of about half an hear, one of those who had departed again returned, and whispered the others. They wrapped up the dead body in the sec-dosk which had served as a pall, and went out, bear-ing it along with them. The aged sibyl then arease from her real or feigned slumbers. She first went to the door, as if for the purpose of watching the depar-ture of her late immatide, then returned, and com-manded Brown, in a low and stiffed voice, to follow her instantly. He obeyed; but, on leaving the hut, he would willingly have reposeesed himself of his uponey, or papers at lease, but this she prohibited in

To sing out or whistle in the care, is when a rogan, being

the most peremptory manner. It immediately oc-curred to him that the suspicion of having removed any thing, of which he might reposses himself, would fall upon this woraan, by whom, in all proba-bility, his life had been saved. He therefore imme-diately desired for the structure that the same saved. Wourr han upon this workan, by whom, in all proba-bility, his life had been as ved. He therefore imme-diately desisted from his attempt, contenting himself with seizing a cutlass, which one of the ruffians had fung aside among the straw. On his feet, and poe-sessed of this weapon, he already found himself had delivered from the dangers which beset him. Stil, however, he felt stiffened and cramped, both with the cold, and by the constrained and unaltered poeines which he had occupied all night. But as he followed the gipsy from the door of the hut, the fresh air of the morning, and the action of walking, restored cir-culation and activity to his benumbed inthes. The pale light of a winter's morning was readesed more clear by the snow, which was lying all around, crisped by the influence of a severe frost. Brown cast a hasty glance at the landscape around him, that he might be able again to know the spot. The bittly tower, of which only a single wall remained, ferm-ing the dismal apartment in which he had spent the remarkable might, was perched on the very point efforts.

ing the dismal apartment in which he had spent the remarkable night, was perched on the very point of a projecting rock overhanging the rivalet. It was accessible only on one side, and that from the ravine or given below. On the other three sides the bank was precipitous, so that Brown had on the preceding evening escaped more dangers than one; for, if he had attempted to, go round the building, which was once his purpose, he must have been dealed to pieces. The dell was so narrow that the trees met in some places from the oppesite sides. They were new lead out the format a source of forzen campy over the rivale benesta, while was marked by its darker colour, as it conhed its way obscurely through wreaths of spow. In one place were situated by the united conduction in the situation of where the given was a little wider, leaving a su piece of flat ground between the rivulet and the bu-were situated the runne of the hamiet in which Bru were stuated the name of the name in which here had been involved on the preseding evening. Trined gables, the insides of which were just with turf-smoke, looked yet blacker, contrasted w the patches of snow which had been driven up them by the wind, and with the drifts which around them.

Infinitely the which and which the difference in the series which are only at present cast a very hasty glance; for his gas after pausing an instant, as if to permit him is a after pausing an instant, as if to permit him is come feelings of suggieton, that she choose suppose which led into the glen. He observed, a some feelings of suggieton, that she choose suppose which led the operators who had as the observed to be operated to be operated by several feet, which he could caupy marked by several feet, which he could caupy marked by several feet, which he could be suppose where those of the depredaters who had as the night in the walt. A moment's recollect however, path is supposed to rest. It was not a thought that the woman, whe might have doing him up to her geng when in a state totally define less, would have suppended her supposed trease ustil he-was ermed, and in the open and an her many better chances of defence or encoups. He all ustil he was erned, and in the open an, and many better chances of defines orescope. He fore followed his guide in confidence and in They crossed the small brook at the same place it previously had been passed by those whe ha before. The foot-marks then proceeded three rained village, and from thence down the girts again narrowed to a ryvine, after the small o in which they were situated. But the girty re-followed the same track the turned using a followed the same track : she turned a followed the same track: the turned anida, and the way by a very rugged and uneven path u bank which overhung the village. Although these in many places hid the path-way, and renders footing uncertain and unsafe. Meg proceeded u firm and determined step, which indicated an mate knowledge of the ground she traversed length they gained the top of the bank, though passage so steep and intricate, that Brown, d convinced it was the same by which he had den ed on the night before was not a little superised ed on the night before, was not a little surpris he had accomplished the task without break neck. Above, the country opened wide end, t closed for about a mile or two on the one have on the other were thick plantations of country extent

Here between, still led the way-along the bank of the syna out of which they had secended, until sha hard beneath the marmur of voices. She then source to a deep plantation of trees at some distance. "The road to Kippletringan," she said, "is on the other side of these suclosures—Make the speed ye ether side of these suckourses. Make said, "is on the sam; there's mair rests on your life than other folk's, "But you have lost all-sig." She fumbled in an immense pocket, from which she produced a greasy surse-" Many's the assnous your house has grien lies and here- and she placed the purse in his hand. "The woman is insame, thought Brown; but it was at imms to delate the point, for the sounds he heard in the ravine below probably proceeded from the headiut." How shall I repay this money," he said, "or how seknewiedge the kindness you have done man "."

"I has twa boons to crave," answered the sibyl, speaking low and hastily; "one, that you will never speak of what you have sean this night; the other, that you will not leave this country till you see me equal, such that you leave word at the Gordon-arms where you are to be heard of; and when I next call the set is in the back of the set o

mose and show-wreaks showeng down after her a she disappetrad. Notwithstanding her prohibition, Brown endes-smed to gain some point of the benk, from which a might, anseen, gase down into the glen; and with ome difficulty, (for it must be conceived that the tasent caution was necessary,) he succeeded. The stmest caution was necessary, he succeeded. The spot which he attained for this purpose was the point of a projecting rock, which rose precipitonsly from smoory and structching his head cautionsly forward, he could observe what was going on in the bottom of the dat. He saw, as he expected, his companions of the last might, now joined by two or three others. They had cleared away the snow from the foot of the next and cleared away the snow from the foot of the k, and doing a deep pit, which was designed to serve purpose of a grave. Around this they now stood, lowered into it consthing wrapped in a naval and which Brown instantly concluded to be the d body of the man be had seen expire. They then 

a chould gran the shelter of the plantation. ing arrived under cover of the trees, his first out the signation, though with something like a charge of the gray's parse. He had accepted out inscinction, though with something like a charge of the second state of the second of the second bins from a serious through temperary dt i L 11-0

ambarracement. His mease, anothing a very for abilings, was in his portmanteau, and that was in poscession of Meg's friends. Some time was neces-sary to write to his agent, or even to opply to his good host at Charlies-hope, who would gladly have supplied him. In the meantime, he resolved to avail himself of Meg's subsidy, confident he should have a speedy opportunity of replacing it with a handsome gratuity. "It can be but a trilling sum," he said to himself, "and I dare say the good lady may have a share of my bank-notes to make amends."

With these reflections he opened the leathern-pure expecting to find at most three or four guiness. But how much was be supprised to discover that is con-tained, besides a considerable quantity of gold pricess, of different coinages and various countries, the joint amount of which could not be short of a handred pounds, several valuable rings and ornaments set with jewels, and, as appeared from the slight inspec-tion he had time to give them, of very considerable value

tion he had time to give them, of very considerable value. Brown was equally astoniahed and embartassed by the circum-tances in which he found himself, pos-sessed, as he now appeased to be, of property to a much greater amount than his own, but which had been obtained in aff probability by the same netari-ous means through which he had himself been plun-dared. His first thought was to inquire siter the nearest jurtice of peace, and to place in his hands the treasure of which he had thus unexpectedly be-come the depositary, telling, at the same time; his own remarkable story. But a moment's considera-tion brought several objections to this mode of pro-cedure. In the first place, by observing this course, he should break his promise of silence, and might probably by that means involve the safety, perhaps with this treasure, a generosity which might thus become the means of her run. This was not to be thought of. Besides, he was a stranger, and, for a time at least, unprovided with means of setablishing his own character and credit to the satisfaction of a preserve has an even to mean the statisfaction of a strained as the sume and redit to the satisfaction of a the strained of the work the means of setablishing his own character and credit to the satisfaction of a time at least; unprovided with means of establishing his own character and credit to the satisfaction of a stupid or obstinate country magistrate. "I will think over the matter more maturely," he said; "perhaps there may be a regiment quartered at the county-town, in which case my knowledge of the service, and acquaintance with many officers of the service, cannot fail to establish my situation and character by evidence which a civil judge could not sufficiently estimate. And then I shall have the commending officer's assistance in managing matters so as to even this unbarnor madaman whose mistake (or officer's assistance in managing matters so as to ecreen this unhappy madwoman, whose mistake or prejudice has been so fortunate for me. A civil ma-gistrate might think himself obliged to send out war-rants for her at once, and the consequence in case of her being taken is pretty evident—No, she has been upon honour with me if she were the devil, and I will be equally upon honour with her—She shall have the privilege of a court-martial, where the point of ho-nour can qualify strict law. Besides I may see her at this place, Kipple—Couple—what did she call it 9— and then I can make restitution to her, and e'en let the law claim its own when it can secure her. In the

or at this place, kipple-Couple-What did she can it in-terms the law claim its own when it can secure her. In the meanwhile, however, I cut rather an awkward figure for one who has the honour to bear his majesty at commission, being little better than the receiver of atolen goods." With these reflections, Brown took from the gipsy's treasure three or four guines, for the purpose of his immediate expenses, and tying up the rest in the open it, until he could either restore it to her wy whom it was given, or put it into the hands of some two mit was given, or put it into the hands of some too. But when he considered the risk of meeting with these raffiens, he could not resolve as parting with these raffiens, he could not resolve as parting with these raffiens, be ould not resolve as parting with the sumes. His wasking-drass, though plan the asses with his having such a weapon. Besider is and is having such a weapon the such as the though the sumes of resolve the set of the sum of a military character as suided not though the sum of a military character as suided mot a military has having such a weapon. Besider is a military has been grathed becoming an input rest, it was not yet so to base was to accessing though the sume has been grathed becoming an input rest, it was not yet so to base as the consider

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any particular remark towards those who choes to adhere to it. Retaining, therefore, his weapon of defence, and placing the purse of the gipsy in a private pochet, our traveller strode gallantly on through the wood in search of the promised high-road.

### CHAPTER XXIX.

All school-day's friendship, childhood immost We, Hermis, like two artificial gods, Have with our needles created both one flow Both on one sampler, sitting on one cashios, Both warbling of one song, both in one key, As if our hands, our sides, voices, and minds Had been incorporate.

# A Midnummer Night's Drass. Julia Mannering to Matilda Marchmont.

The next hand section of the section

compliahments also wants, than for the knowledge she possesses. She knows nothing of music what-ever, and no more of dancing than is here common to the meanest peasants, who, by the way, dance with great zeal and spirit. So that I am instructer in my turn, and she takes with great gratitude, he sons from me upon the harpsichord, and I have even the thought me a promising scholar. "In the evening papa often reads, and I have even he is the best reader of poetry you ever heard-not like that actor who made a kind of jumble betwee reading and acting, staring and bending his brow and twisting his face, and gesticulating as if he waw on the stage, and dreased out in all his costume. My father's manner is quite different—it is the reading to a gentleman, who produces effect by feeling, tasa.

on the stage, and dressed out in all his costume. My father's manner is quite different—it is the reading of a gentleman, who produces effect by feeling tast, and inflection of voice, not by action or mannery. Lucy Bertram rides remarkably well, and I can now accompany her on horseback, having become em-boldened by example. We walk also a good deal in spite of the cold-So, upon the whole, I have not quite so much time for writing as I used to have. "Besides, my love, I must really use the apology of all stupid correspondents, that I have nothing its eay. My hopes, my fears, my anxistics about Brown, are of a less interesting cast, since I know that he is at liberty, and in health. Besides, I must own, I think that by this time the gentleman might have given me some intimation what he was doing. Our intercourse may be an imprudent one, but it is not very complimentary to me, that Mr. Vanbeest Brown and to break off in consequence. I can promise him that we might not differ much in opinion should that happen to be his, for I have some times though the tawe behaved extremely foolish in that matter. Yet I have so good an opinion of poor Brown, that I canned but think there is something extraordinary in her silence. " To return to Lucy Retram—No. un denset

but think there is something extraordinary in his silence. "To return to Lucy Bertram-No, my descent Matilda, she can never, never rival you in my regan, so that all your affectionate jealousy on that account is without foundation. She is, to be sure, a very pretty, a very sensible, a very affectionate girl, and I think there are faw persons to whose consolatory friendship I could have recourse more freely in what are called the *real evils* of life. But then these seldom come in one's way, and one wants a friend who will sympathize with distresses of sentiment, as well as with actual misfortune. Heaven knows, and you know, my dearest Matilda, that these discusses of the heart require the balm of sympathy and alloc-tion as much as the evils of a more obvious and desce-minate character. Now Lucy Bertram has nothing of this kindly sympathy-nothing at all, my desaust Matilda. Were I sick of a fever, she would sit w-night after night to nurse me with the most man-pining patience; but with the fever of the heart, which me is that the demure monkey actually has a lower of her own, and that their mutual affection (for mo-tual I take it to be) has a great deal of complication as and you know is the server. She was one, you

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hok as his compliments, his bowings, his cheakings, his shawlings, and his handings, with some little ampicion; and truly I think Hazlewood does so too at some odd times. Then imagine what a silly figure your poor Julia makes on such occasions! Here is your poor Julia makes on such occasions! Here is my father making the agreeable to my friend; there is young Hazlewood watching every word of her lips, and every motion of her eye; and I have not the poor satisfaction of interesting a human being-not even the exotic monster of a parson, for even he exis with his mouth open, and his huge round goggling even fixed like those of a statue, admiring Misse Baartram

"All this makes me sometimes a little nervous, and sometimes a little mischievons. I was so provoked at my father and the lovers the other day for turning me completely out of their thoughts and society, that I began an attack upon Hazlewood, from which it was impossible for him, in common civility, to escape. I began an attack upon Hazlewood, from which it was unpossible for him, in common civility, to escape. He insembly became warm in his defence—I assure you, Mailda, he is a very clever, as welf as a very handsome young man, and I don't think I ever re-member having seen him to the same advantage— when, behold, in the midst of our lively conversation, is very soft sigh from Miss Lucy reached my not un-gratified ears. I was greatly too generous to prose-cute my victory any further, even if I had not been afraid of papa. Luckily for me, he had at that mo-ment got into a long description of the peculiar no-tions and manners of a certain tribe of Indians, who have for up the country, and was illustrating them by making drawings on Miss Bertram's work-patterns, three of which he utterly damaged, by introducing among, the intimetendes. However, it was quite as well for me that he did not see all the ment of my *ittle machure*, for he is a sharp-sighted as a havk, and a sworm ementy to the sightest shade of coquetry. "Well, Mattida, Hazbewood heard this same half-mode sigh, and instantly repented his temporary siterations to such an unworthy object as your Julia, and, with a very comisel expression of consciousness,

stienthone to such an unworthy object as your Julia, and, with a very comisal expression of consciousness, drew near to Lucy's work-table. He made some tifing observation, and her reply was one in which mething but an ear as acute as that of a lover, or a curious observer like myself, could have distinguished any thing more cold and dry than usual. But it conwed reproof to the self-accusing hero, and he stood called upon in generosity to act as mediator. So I mingled in the conversation, in the quiet tone of an unmanged in the conversation, in the quiet tone of an un-observing and uninterested third party, led them into their former habits of easy chat, and, after having merved awhile as the channel of communication through which they chose to address each office, set them down to a peneive game at chess, and very du-tifully went to tense papa, who was still busied with his drawings. The chess-players, you must observe, were placed near the chinney, beside a little work-table, which held the board and men, the Colonel, at some distance, with lights upon a library table,—for is a large old-fashioned room, with several recesses, and hung with grim tepestry, representing, what it wight have puzzled the artist himself to explain. "Is chess a very interesting game, papa?" I am told so, without honouring me with much his hord see.

a botice

I his hotice. I should think so, from the attention Mr. Hazle-od and Lucy are bestowing on it. "He raised his head hastily, and held his pencil sus-aded for an instant. Apparently he saw nothing the excited his suspicions, for he was resuming the ls of a Mabratta's turban in tranquillity, when I brupted 'him with-'How old is Miss Bertram,

fow should I know, Miss? about your own age

ther, I should think, sir. You are always telling w much more decorously she goes through all anours of the tea-table-Lord, papa, what if you give her a right to preside once and for ever ! in, my chear,' returned papa, 'you are a ther a

fool outright, or you are more disposed to make mus-chief than I have yet believed you.' Oh, my dear str ! put your best construction upon it.- I would not be thought a fool for all the world.' Then why do you talk like one ? said my father.'

Lord, sir, I am sure there is nothing so foolish in what I said just now every body knows you are a very handsome man, (a smile was just visible) ' fast is, for your time of life,' (the day a was overcast.) 'which is far from being sdvanced, and I am sure I don't know why you should not please yourself, if you have a mind. I am sensible I am but a thoughtless girl, and if a graver companion could render vot more happy

"There was a mixture of displeasure and grave af-fection in the manner in which my father took my. hand, that was a severe reproof to me for trifling with his feelings. 'Julia,' he said, 'I bear with much of your petulance, because I think I have in some degree your petulance, because I think I have in some degrees deserved it, by neglecting to superintend your educa-tion sufficiently closely. Yet I would not have you give it the rein upon a subject so delicate. If you do not respect the feelings of your surviving parent to wards the memory of her whom you have lost, attend at least to the sacred claims of misfortune; and ob-serve, that the slightest hint of such a jest reaching the parent to an unit of and a jest reaching sorve, that the slightest hint of such a jest reaching Miss Bertram's cars, would at once induce her to re-nonnce her present asylum, and go forth, without a protector, into a world she has already feit so unfriendly.

friendly." "What could I say to this, Matilda ?—I only cried heartily, begged pardon, and promised to be a good girl in future. And so here am I neutralized again, for I cannot, in honour, or common good-nature, tease.poor Lucy by interfering with Hazlewood, al-though she has so little confidence in me; and nei-ther can I, after this grave appeal, venture again up-on such delicate ground with papa. So I burn little rolls of paper, and aketch Turks' heads upon visiting cards with the blackened end—I assure you I suc-ceeded in making a superb Hyder-Ally last night— and I iingle on my unfortunate harpschord, and beceeded in making a superb Hyder-Ally Rist night-and I jingle on my unfortunate harpschord, and be-gin at the end of a grave book and read it backward. After all, I begin to be very much vexed about Brown's silence. Had he been obliged to leave the country, I am sure he would at least have written to me-Is it possible that my father can have intercept-ed his letters? But no-that is contrary to all his principles-I don't think he would open a letter ad-meand to me to might to revent me imming out of principles — I don't think he would open a letter ad-dressed to me to-night, to prevent me jumping out of the window to-morrow — What an expression 5 have suffered to escape my pen! I should be ashamed of it, even to yon, Matifa, and used in jest. But I need not take much mesit for acting as lought to do—This same Mr. Vanbeest Brown is by no means so very ardent a lover as to hurry the object of his attachment into such incansiderate steps. He gives one full time to reflect, that must be admitted. How-ever, I will not blame him unheard, nor permit myself to doubt the manly firmness of a character which I have so often extolled to you. Were he capable of doubt, of fear, of the shadow of change, I should have little to regret. have little to regret.

have little to regret. "And why, you will say, when I expect such steady and unalterable constancy from a lover, why should I be anxious about what Hazlewood does, or to whom he offers his attentions?—I ask myself the question a hundred times a day, and it only receives the very silly answer, that one does not like to be neglected, though one would not encourage a serious infidelity. "I write all these trifles, because you say that they amuse you, and yet I wonder how they should. I re-member, in our stolen voyages to the world of fic-ion you always admired the grand and the romantic—

member, in our stolen voyages to the world of fic-tion, you always admired the grand and the romantic-tales of knights, dwarfs, giants, and distressed dame eels, soothsayers, visions, beckoning ghosts, and bloody hands, -whiereas I was partial to the involved intrigues of private life, or at farthest, to so much only of the supernatural as is conferred by the agency of an Eastern genie or a beneficent fairy. *You* would have loved to shape your course of life over the broad ocean, with its dead calms and howing tempests, its tornadoes, and its billows mountaing-high--where-as I should like to trim my little punnace to a brisk

eze in some inland lake or tranquil bay, where there was just difficulty of navigation sufficient to give interest and to require skill, without any sensible give interest and to require skill, without any sensions degree of danger. So that, upon the whole, Matilda, I think you should have had my father, with his pride of arms and of ancestry, his chivalrous point of ho-nour, his high talents, and his abstrase and mystic stadies - You should have had Lucy Bertram too for your friend, whose fathers, with names which alike dofy memory and orthography, ruled over this roman-tic country and whose birth took place, as I have your treat, whose istners, with names which alike dofy mesnory and orthography, niled over this roman-the country, and whose birth took place, as I have been indistinctly informed, under circumstances of deep and peculiar interest—You should have had, too, our Scottish residence, surrounded by mountains, and our lonely walks to haunted ruins—And I should have had, in exchange, the lawns and shrubs, and green-houses, and conservatories, of Pine-park, with your good, quiet, indulgent aunt, her chapel in the morn-ing, her nap after dinner, her hand at whist in the evening, not forgetting her fat coach-horses and fat-ter coachman. Take notice, however, that Brown good-humour, lively conversation, and open gallantry, suit my plan of life, as well as his athletic form, handsome features, and high spirit, would accord with a character of chivalry. So as we cannot change altogether out and out, I think we must e'en abide us we are."

#### CHAPTER XXX.

1 renounce your definance ; if you parley so roughly I'll ber-roado my gates against you-Do you use yon bay window? Storm, -I caru not, serving the good Duke of Norfolk. Merry Deel of Zemoston.

Berri Devi d'Extension.
Julia Mannering to Matilda Marchmont.
"I assa from a sick-bed, my desrest Matilda, to communicate the strange and frightlid scenes which have just passed. Alas I how little we ought to just with stunity! I closed my letter to you in high spirits, with some flippent remarks on your tasts for the romantic and extraordinary in fictuious narrative. How little lexpected to have had such events to record in the course of a few days! And to witness scenes of terror, or to contemplate them in description, is as different, my dearest Matilda, as to bend over, the brink of a precipice holding by the frail tenure of a half-rooted shrub, or to admire the same precipice as represented in the landscape of Salvator.
"The first part of my story is frightful enough,

But I will not anticipate my narrative. "The first part of my story is frightful enough, though it had nothing to interest my feelings. You must know that this country is particularly favour-able to the commerce of a set of desperate, men from the Lie of Man, which is nearly opposite. These smugglers are numerous, resolute, and formidable, and have at different times become the dread of the neighbourhood when any one has interfered with and have at different times become the dream of the neighbourbood when, any one has interfered with their contraband trade. The local magistrates, from timidity or worse motives, have become shy of acting against them, and impunity has rendered them equally daring and desperate. With all this, my father, a stranger in the land, and invested with no official without had ensured this cashing to do.

daring and desperate. With all this, my lather, a stranger in the land, and invested with no official authority, had, one would think, nothing to do. But it must be owned, that, as he himself expresses it, he was born when Mars was lord of his ascendant, and that strife and bloodshed find him out in circum-stances and situations the most retired and pacific. "Abont eleven o'clock on last Tuesday morning, while Hazlewood and my father were proposing to walk to a little lake about three miles' distance, for the purpose of shooting wild ducks, and while Lucy and I were busied with arranging our plan of work and study for the day, we were alarmed by the sound of horses' feet, advancing very fast up the avenue. The ground was hardened by a severe frost, which made the clatter of the hoofs sound yet louder and sharper. In a moment, two or three men armed, mounted, and each leading a spare horse loaded with packages, appeared on the lawn, and, without keep ung upon the road, which makes a small sweep, push-ed right across for the door of the house. Their ap-pearance was in the utmost degree buried and disor-dence, and they frequently looked back like men wh

spprehended a close and deadly purpoit. My fath and Hazlewood hurried to the front door to dema who they were, and what was their business. Th where revenue officers, they stated, who had sen these horses, loaded with contraband articles, a place about three miles off. But the smugglers h een reinforced, and were now pursuing them with

place about three miles off. But the smugglers had been reinforced, and were now pursuing them with the avowed purpose of recovering the goods, and pai-ting to sheath the officers who had presumed to do their duty. The men said, that their horses being loaded, and the pursuers gaining ground upon them, they had fied to Woodbourne, conceiving, that as my father had served the king, he would not reface to protect the servatus of government, when threatend to be murdered in the discharge of their duty. "My father, to whom; in his enthasiastic feelings of military loyalty, even a dog would be of importance if he came in the king's name, gave promyt often for securing the goods in the hall, arming the ex-vants, and defending the house in case it should be necessary. Harlewood seconded him with great spi-rit, and even the strange animal they call Sampson stalked out of his den, and seized upon a fowing-piece, which my father had laid axide, to take what they call a rife-gup, with which they shoot tigers, dcc. in the East. The piece went off in the awkward hands of the poor parson, and very nearly each one of the excisioner. At this unexpected and involuntary ex-plosion of his weapon, the Deminie (such is his cusal ejaculation when astonished. But no power could force the mean te part with his discharged sizes, we dery bere content to let him retain it, with the pre-oution of trusting him with no ammunition. The end my heice at the time, you may easily believel end

cantion of trusting him with no ammunition. The (excepting the alarm eccasionad by the report) endow of my hecice at the time, you may easily believe; in in talking over the scene afterwards, Hanlowcod and us very merry with the Dominie's ignerant but mit ous valour. "When my father had got every thing into support order for defence, and his people stationed at the way dows with their five arms, he wanted to order most of danger-into the cellar, I believe but we could be prevailed upon tosir. Though terrified to detay, have so much of his own spirit, that I would less upon the peril which threatens as rather than bars. upon the peril which threaten us rather than he rage around me without knowing its name a progress. Lucy, looking as pale as a manbe st and keeping her eyes fixed on Herlewood, seeme even to hear the prayers with which he conjust to leave the front of the house. But, in much, at the hall-door should be forced, we were in little ger; the windows being almost blocked up cushions and pillows, and, what the Dominus lamented, with folio volumes, brough thatily the library, leaving only spaces through which defenders might fire upon the assailants. "My father had now made his dispositions.

My father had now made his dispositions, and w sat in breathless expectation in the darkened apartment, the men remaining all silent upon their posts in anxious contemplation probably of the approach ing danger. My father, who was quite at home such a scene, walked from one to another, and re rated his orders, that no one should presume to fire until he gave the word. Hazlewood, who seemed to catch courage from his eye, acted as his aid-de-cat and displayed the utmost alertness in bearing his rections from one place to another, and seeing the properly carried into execution. Our force, with t strangers included, might amount to about twe men.

"At length the silence of this awful period of st pectation was broken by a sound, which, at a tance, was like the rushing of a stream of water. as it approached, we distinguished the thick beat clang of a number of horses advancing very fast. had arranged a loop-hole for myself, from which could see the approach of the enemy. The nois creased and came nearer, and at length thirty h men and more rushed at once upon the lawn, never saw such horrid wretches! Notwithstan the severity of the season, they were most of the stripped to their shirts and trowsers, with silk has kerchiefs knotted about their heads, and all

#### Chan XXXXX

med with cashines, pistols, and cutlasses. I, who war a my infancy, was never so terrified in my life as there my infancy, was never so termined in my life as by the savage appearance of these rufflans, their heres reaking with the speed at which they had rid-den, and their furious exclamations of rage and dis-supported by the saw themselves baulked of their prey. They pansed, however, when they saw the preparations made to receive them, and appeared to hold a moment's consultation among themselves. as preparations maked to lective mean, and appeared to hold a meanerst's consultation among themselves. At length, one of the perty, his face blackened with sempowder by way of disguise, came forward with a white handkowchief on the end of his carbine, and saked to speak with Colonel Mannering. My father, to my infinite terror, threw open a window near which he was posted, and demanded what he wanted. 'We want our goods, which we have been robbed of by these sharks,' each the fellow; ' and our lients-neat bils me say, that if they are delivered, we'll go eff for this best without chearing corres with the ras-cis whis took them ; but if not, we'll burn the house, and have the heart's blood of every one in it :--a threat which he repeated more than once, graced by a fuel variety of imprecations, and the most herrid denucciations that cruelty could suggest. 'And which is your licentenant ? said my father in may be a set in the set of 'And which is your licentenant ? said my father in

py: 'That justleman on the grey horse,' said the mis-rean; 'with the red handkerchief bound about his irean I,

That restriction on the grey horse, "and the rais-sevent, with the red handkerchief bound about his how," "Then be pleased to tell that gentleman, that if he, and the scoughtes who are with him, do net ride off the laws this instant, I will fire upon them without occursely." So asying, my father shut the window, and broke short the conference. "The fellow no sconer regimed his troop, than, with a lead hurre, or rather a savage yell, they fired a volley against our garrison. The glass of the win-down was shattered in every direction, but the pre-centions alneady noticed saved the parity within from suffering. Three such volleys were fired without a shot being returned from within. My father then observed than getting hatchets an crows, probably to assail the hall door, and called aloud. 'Let none fire bat Harlawood and me-Harlewood, mark the grey horse, who fell on receiving his shot. Hazle-wood was equally successful. He shot the spokes-wood was equally successful. He shot the spokes-wood was equally successful. He shot the spokes-wood into to turn round their horses; and a five shots fired at them aon on sent them off, bearing using with them their slain or would companions. We could not observe that they suffered any farther hear. Shortly after their retreat a party of soldiers mad hear succeed at a willinge some miles distant, and hear succeed at a willinge some sour of the ekirmish. A part of them escorted the terrified revous officers mad hear succeed do the first rumour of the ekirmish. A part of the nones request two or three filee rumaniand with us for that and the following day, for the seamity of the house from the vangeance of these landiti. "Sheel, dearest Matilda, was my first alarm. I

Interfactive and the second The profilence boor in the neighbourhood, a person notorious as a poacher and smuggler. We received many messages of congratulation from the neigh-many families, and it was generally allowed that a by such instances of spirited remains would great-check the presumption of these lawless men. My ther distributed rewards among his servants, and neight Hazlewood's courage and coolness to the final Hazlewood's courage and coolness to the final Lancy and I came in for a share of his ap-tion disturbed him with screams or exposula-tion disturbed him with screams or exposula-tion disturbed him with screams or exposula-As for the Dominie, my father took an oppor-of begging to exchange snuff-boxes with him.

proposal, and extolled the beauty of his new multi-box excessively. 'It looked,' he said, 'as well as if it were real gold from Ophir'-Indeed it would be odd if it should not, being formed in fact of that very metid; but, to do this honest creature justice, I believe the knowledge of its real value would not enhance his sense of my father's kindness, supposing it, as he does, to be pinchbeck gilded. He has had a hard teak welasing the folios which were used in the bardoes, to be pinchbeck gilded. He has had a hard task replacing the folios which were used is the bar-ricade, smoothing out the creases and dogs-ears, and repairing the other disasters they have sustained du-ring their service in the fortification. He brought us some piecess of lead and bulkets which these ponder-ous tomes had intercepted during the action, and which he had extracted with great care; and, were I in spirits. I could give you a comic account of his as-tonishment at the apathy with which we heard of the wounde and mutilities mildered by Theoma Asymptotic wounds and matrilation suffered by Thomas Aquinas, or the venerable Chrysostom. But I am not in spi-rits, and I have yet another and a more interesting incident to communicate. I feel, however, so much fatigued with my present exertion, that I cannot re-sume the pen till to-morrow. I will detain this letter notwithstanding, that you may not feel any anzier upon account of your own Julia Manxenre

## CHAPTER XXXI.

# Here's a good world ' ------ Knew you of this fair work ? King John.

#### Julia Mannering to Matilda Marchmont.

"I MUST take up the thread of my story, my dear-

est Matikia, where is broke off yesterday. "For two or three days we talked of nothing but our siege and its probable consequences, and dinned our size and its process consequences, and annear into my father's unwilling cars a proposal to go to Edinburgh, or at least to Dumfries, where there is re-markably good society, until the resentment of these outlaws should blow over. He answered with great composure, that he had no mind to have his landlord's house and his own property at Woodbourne destroyed; that, with our good leave, he had usually been esteemed competent to taking measures for the safety or protection of his family; that if he remained quiet at home, he conceived the welcome the villains quiet at nome, he conceived the welcome the vilians had received was not of a nature to invite a second visit, but should he show any signs of alarm, it would be the sure way to incur the very risk which we were afraid of. Heartened by his arguments, and by the extreme indifference with which he treated the supposed danger, we began to grow a little bokler, and to walk about as usual. Only the gentlemen were sometimes invited to take their guns when they attended us, and I observed that my father for several nights paid particular attention to having the house properly secured, and required his domestics to keep their arms

"But three days ago, chanced an occurrence, of a nature which alarmed me more by far than the attack

But intree days ago, chanced an occurrence, of a nature which alarmed me more by far than the attack of the amugglers. "I told you there was a small lake at some dis-tance from Woodbourne, where the gentlemen some-times go to shoet wild-fowl. I happened at breakfast-te say I should like to see this place, in its present frozen state, occupied by skaters and curlers, as they call those who play a particular sort of game upon the-ice. There is snow on the ground, but frozens o hard that I thought Lucy and I might venture to that distance, as the footpath leading there was well beaten by the repair of those who frequented it for-pastime. Hazlewood instantly offered to attend us, and we stipulated that he should take his fowing piece. He laughed a good deal at the idea of going a-shooting in the show; but to relieve our tremors, desired that a groom, who acts as gamekceper occa-cionally, should follow us with his gun. As for Colonel Mannering, he does not like crowds or sights of any kind where human figures make up the abow, unless indeed it were a misitary review-so he de-clined the party. "We set out unusually early on a fine frozen.

"We set out unusually early, on a fine frosty, exhibiting morning, and we fell our minds, as well

as our nerves, braced by the elasticity of the pure au. Our walk to the lake was delightful, or at least the difficulties were only such as diverted us, a slippery descent for instance, or a frozen dich to cross, which made Hazlewood's assistance absolutely necessary. I don't think Lucy liked her walk the less for these

ants of two rival pariahes contended for the prize at curling,—an honour of no small importance, if we were to judge from the anxiety expressed both by the players and bystanders. We walked, round the little lake, supported by Hazlewood, who lent us each an arm. He spoke; poor fellow, with great kindness, to old and young, and seemed deservedly popular among the assembled drowd. At length we thought of returing, "Why do I mention these trivial occurrences ?--not, Heaven knows, from the interest I can now at-tach to them—but because, like a drewning man who catches at a brittle twig, I seize every apology for delaying the subsequent and dreadful part of my marrative. But it must be communicated—I must have the sympathy of at least one friend under this heart-rending calamity.

heart-rending calamity

designing the subsequent and dreamin part of my partarity. But it must be communicated—I must have the symphthy of at least one friend under this heart-rending calamity. "We were returning home by a footpath, which led through a plantation of firs. Lucy had quitted Ha-slewood's arm—It is only the ples of absolute neces-sity which reconciles her to accept his assistance. I still leaned upon his other arm. Lucy followed us close, and the servant was two or three paces behind as. Such was our position, when at once, and as if he had started out of the earth, Brown stood before us at a short turn of the road! He was very plainly, I might say coarsely, dressed, and his whole appear-ance had in it something wild and agitated. I screamed between surprise and terror—Hazlewood mistook the nature of my alarm, and, when Brown advanced towards meas it to speak, commanded him haughtily to stand back, and not to alarm the lady. Brown replied with equal asperity, fle had no oceasion to take lessons from him how to behave to that or any other lady. I rather believe that Hazlewood of smugglers, and had some bad purpose in view, heard and understood him imperfectly. He snatched he gun from the servant, who had come up on a line with us, and pointing the muzzle at Brown, com-manded him to stand off at his peril. My screams, form terror prevented my finding articulate language, only hastened the catastrophe. Browm thus me-naced, sporing upon Hazlewood, grappled with him, and had nearly succeeded in wrenching the fowling-piece from his grasp, when the gun want off in the scrue before him, until her screams began to alarm the people upon the lake, several of whom now came in sight. He then bounded over a hedge, which divided the footpath from the plantation, and has not since bean heard of. The servant made no attempt to stop or secure him, and the report, the unhappy pagestrator of this action gazed a moment on the scene before him, which we report, the unhappy pagestrator to those who came up to us, induced them risther to e

Sie, than show their courage by pursuing a desperado, described by the groom as a man or tremendous per-mania istrength, and completely armed. "Hazlewood was conveyed home, that is, to Wsodbourne, in safety—I trust his wound will prove 'n no respect dangerous, though he suffers much. But to Brown the consequences must be most dis-astrous. He is already the object of my father's

resentment, and he has now incurred danger from the law of the country, as well as from the clamorous vengeance of the father of Hazlewood, who threatens vengeance of the father of Haziswood, who threstens to move heaven and earth against the author of his son's wound. How will be be able to shroud himself from the vindictive activity of the pursuit? how to defend himself if taken, against the severity of have which I am told, may even affact his life? and how which I am told, may even affact his life? and how which I am told, may even affact his life? and how which I am told, may even affact his life? and how which I am told, may even affact his life? and how poor Lucy's ill-concealed grief occasioned by her lover's wound, is another source of distress to may and avery thing round me annears to hear wires and every thing round me appears to bear witness against that indiscretion which has occasioned this calamity.

"For two days I was very ill indeed. The news that Hazlewood was recovering, and that the per-sons who had shot him was nowhere to be traced, only that for certain he was one of the leaders of the only that for cartain he was one of the leaders of the gang of smugglers, gave me some comfort. The sus-picion and pursuit being directed towards those peo-ple, must naturally facilitate Brown's escape, and I trust, has, ere this, ensured it. But patrols of horse and foot traverse the country in all directions, and I am tortured by a thousand confused and unauthenti-cated rumours of arrests and discoveries. "Meanwhile, my screatest source of comfort is the

cated rumours of arrests and discoveries. "Meanwhile, my greatest source of comfort is the generous candour of Hazlewood, who persists in de-claring, that with whatever intentions the person by whom he was wounded appreached our party, he is convinced the gun went off in the struggle by acci-dent, and that the injury he received was undesigned. The groom, on the other hand, maintains that the piece was wrenched out of Hazlewood's hands, and deliberstler pointed at his body and Lowe indiane as piece was wrenched out of Hazlewood's hands, and deliberately pointed at his body, and Lucy inclines to the same opinion—I do not suspect them of withit exaggeration, yet such is the fallacy of human testi-mony, for the unhappy shot was most unquestions-bly discharged unintentionally. Perhaps it would be the best way to confide the whole secret to Hazle-wood—but he is very young, and I feel the utmost re-pugnance to communicate to him my folly. I once thought of disclosing the mystery to Lucy, and began by asking what she recollected of the person and fea-tures of the man whom we had so unfortunately met -but she ran out into such a horrid description of a by asking what she recollected of the person and fra-tures of the man whom we had so unfortunately met -but she ran out into such a horrid description of a hedge-ruffian, that I was deprived of all courage and disposition to own my stachment to one of such ap-pearance as she attributed to him. I must sky Miss Bertram is strangely biassed by her, preposesserions, for there are few handsomer men than peor Brown. I had not seen him for a long time, and even in his strange and sudden apparition on this unhappy occa-sion, and under every disadvantage, his form secans to me, on reflection, improved in grace, and his fea-tures in expressive dignity.—Shall we ever meet again ? Who can answer that question ?--Writh to me kindly, my dearest Matilda—but when did yes otherwise?—yet, again, write to me soon, and write to me kindly. I feel the terrors of a child, who has, in heedless sport, put if motion some power yolving, chains clashing, cylinders rolling around to await, without the possibility of averting them. "I must not omit to say that my father is we kind affectionate. The alarm which I have a ceived forms a sufficient apology for my nervons can be avait, without the possibility of averting them. "I must not omit to say that my father is we ceived forms a sufficient apology for my nervons can but the search as ufficient apology for my nervons can but the search as ufficient apology for my nervons can but the search as ufficient apology for my nervons can but the search as ufficient apology for my nervons can but my hopes are, that Brown has made his escans

plaints.

My hopes are, that Brown has made his esca "My hopes are, that Brown has made his escape to the sister kingdom of England, or pethaps to land, or the Isle of Man. In either case he may with the issue of Hazlewood's wound with satisfy with patience, for the communication of these con-tries with Scotland, for the purpose of justice, is (thank Heaven) of an intimate nature. The com-quences of his being apprehended would be terrible this moment. I endeavour to strengthen my may by arguing against the possibility of such a calamat Alas I how soon have sorrows and fears, real as was severe, followed the uniform and trangual states

men may see how this world goes with no gres.-Look bine ears : See how yon justice rails upon yon simple this? It in thise ear-Change places ; and, haady-dandr, which is justice, which is the this?

a the justice, which is the thiel? Array Leer. Answe those who took the most lively interest in endesvouring to discover the person by whom young Charles Hazlewood had been waylaid and wounded, was Gilbert Gleesin, Esquire, late writer in \_\_\_\_\_\_, new Laird of Ellangowan, and one of the worship-ful commission of justices of the peace for the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_. His motives for exertion on this occa-ion were manifold, but we presume that our readers, from what they already know of this gentleman, will accust the of being actuated by any sealous or inter-meter to are of abstract instine.

sion were manifold ; but we presume that our readers, from what they already know of this gentleman, will sequit him of being actuated by any scalous or intem-persis love of abstract justice. The truth was, that this respectable personage felt himself less at case than he had expected, after his machinations put him in possession of his benefac-tor's estate. His reflections within doors, where so much occurred to remind him of former times, were not always the self-congratulations of successful stra-tagen. And when he looked abroad, he could not but be sensible that he was excluded from the socie-ty of the gentry of the county, to whose rank he con-crived he had raised himself. He was not admitted to their clabs, and at meetings of a public nature, from which he could not be altogether accleded, he found himself thwarted and looked upon with cold-mes and contempt. Both principle and prejudice co-operated in creating this dislike; for the gentle-men of the county despised him for the lowness of his birth, while they hated him for the lowness of his birth, while they hated him for the means by which he had raised his fortune. With the common people his reputation stood still worse. They would meance, that he was known to give half-a-crown to a beggar, because he had thrice called him Kilango-wan, in besecching him for a penny. He therefore his out in society with those of Mr. Mac-Mortan, who, in far inferior workly circumstances, was be dowy but securely laying the foundation of a mode-sut fortune, while he repind internal appellates and re-spiton in society with those of Mr. Mac-Mortan, who, in far inferior workly circumstances, was be dowy but securely laying the foundation of a mode-sut fortune, while he repind internally at what he would fain have called the prejudices and prepose-sions of the country, was too wise to make any open complaint. He was sensible his elevation was to even it ab who knew him.

usadem, while he repund internally at what he would fain have called the prejudices and preposes-sions of the country, was too wise to make any open complaint. He was sensible his elevation was too recent to be immediately forgotten, and the means by which he had attained it too odious to be soon for-given. But time, thought he, diminishes wouder and galiaties misseonduct. With the detertity, therefore, of one who made his fortune by studying the weak points of human nature, he determined to lie by for uportunities to make himself useful even to those who mest disliked him; trusting that his own abil-ien, the disposition of country gentlemen to get into mitting when a lawyer's advice becomes precious, and a thousand other contingencies, of which, with mittings and advess, he doubted not to be able to will himself, would soon place him in a more im-ting a sine him to the eminence sometimes attained the showed, worldly, bustling man of business, when, he among a generation of country gentlemen, he is mess, in Burn's language.

in tomous of the tra -

sttack on Colonel Mannering's house, fol-by the accident of Harlewood's wound, apgrass of the trump is the wire of the Jew's harp, that

memore at which so lately I was disposed to re-ine! But I will not oppress you any longer with my suplaints. Addres, my dearest Matilda ! "JULLA MANNERING." CHAPTER XXXII. CHAPTER XXXII. the law, and no less so with the haunts and habing of the illicit traders. He had acquired the latter kind of experience by a former close alliance with some of the most desperate smugglers, in consequence of which he had occasionally acted, sometimes as part-ner, sometimes as legal adviser, with these persons. But the connexion had been dropped many years; nor, considering how short the race of eminent cha racters of this description, and the frequent circum-stances which occur to make them retire from parti-cular scenes of action, had he the least reason to think that his present researches could possibly com-promise any old friend who might possess means of retaliation. The having been concerned in these practices abstractedly, was a circumstance which, according to his opinion, ought in no respect to in-terfare with his now using his experience in behalf of the public, or rather to further his own private views. To acquire the good opinion and countenance of Colonel Mannering, would be no small object to a gentleman who was much disposed to escape from Coventry ; and to gain the favour of old Hazlewood, who was a leading man in the county, was of more importance still. Lastly, if he should succeed in dis-covering, apprehending, and convicting the culprits, he would have the satisfaction of mortifying, and in some degree disparaging, Mac-Morlan, to whom, as Sheriff-substitute of the county, this sort of investi-gation properly belonged, and who would certainly suffer in public opinion, should the voluntary acer-tions of Glossin be more successful than his own. Actuated by motives so stimulating, and well ac-quainted with the lower retainers of the law, Glossin set every spring in motion to detect and apprehend, if possible, some of the gang who had attacked Wood-bourne, and more particularly the individual who had wounded Charles Haxlewood. He promised high rewards he suggested various schemes, and used his personal interest atmong his old acquaintances who invoured the trade, urging that they had

Candidah. The reader may remember that Mr. Glossin did not, according to this good woman's phrase, stand high in her books. She therefore attended his sum-mons to the parlour slowly and reluctantly, and, on entering the room, paid her respects in the coldest possible manner. The dialogue then proceeded as follows:

"A fine frosty morning, Mrs. Mac-Candlish." "Ay, sir; the morning's weel enough," answered the iandledy, drily. "Mrs. Mac-Candlish, I wish to know if the justi-ces are to dime here as usual after the business of the sourd on "Dandeu". court on Tuesday." "I believe-I fancy sae, sir-as usual"-(about to

"I believe-I fancy sae, air-as usual"-(about to leave the room.) "Stay a moment, Mrs. Mac-Candlish-why, you are in a prodigious hurry, my good friend--I have been thinking a club dining here once a month would be a very pleasant thing"

be a very pleasant thing," "Certainly, sir; a club of *respectable* gentlemen." "True, true," said Glossin, "I mean larded pro-priotors and gentlemen of weight in the county; and I should like to set such a thing agoing." The short dry cough with which Mrs. Mac-Cand-lish received this proposal, by no means indicated any dislike to the overture abstractedly considered, but inferred much doubt how far it would success

under the enspices of the gentleman by whom it was sell, and dains put that into the bell; and he test use proposed. It was not a cough negative, but a cought dubious, and as such Glossin felt it; but it was not his cus to take offence. "Have there here briest doings on the read. Not: "Have there here briest doings on the read. Not:

"Have there been brisk doings on the road, Mrs. "Mac.Candlish? plenty of company, I suppose?" "Pretty weel, sir,-but I believe I am wanted at

"Pretty weel, sir,—but I believe I am wanted at the bar." "No, no,—stop one moment, cannot you, to oblige an old customer ?—Pray, do you remember a remark-ably tall young man, who lodged one night in yeur house last week ?" "Troth, sir, I canna weel say—I never take heed whether my company be lang or short, if they make siang bill."

whether my company be lang or short, if they makes whang bill." "And if they do not, you can do that for them, chi, Hrs. Mac-Candlish ?-ha, ha, ha I-But this young man that I inquire after was upwards of six feet high, had a dark frock, with metal buttons, light-brewn hair unpowdered, blue eyee, and a straight nose; tra-valled on foot, had no servant or baggage--you surely can remember having seen such a traveller?" "Indeed, sir," answered Mrs. Mac-Candlish, bent on baffing his inquiries, "I canna charge my ne-mory about the matter-there's mair to do in a house like this, I trow, than to look after passengers' hair, of their een, or noses either." "Then, Mrs. Mac-Candlish, I must tell you in plain terms, that this person is suspected of having been guily of a crime; and it is in consequences of these suspicions that I, as a magistrate, require this' information from you,-and if you refuse to answer-my questions, I must put you upon your oath." "Troth, sir, I am no free to swear\*-wwwy gaed to the Antiburghor meeting--it's very true, in Bäthie-Mac-Candlish's time, (honest man,) we keepit the kirk, whilk was most seemly in his station, as his-ting office-but after his being called to a bötter's have than Kippletringan, I has gaen back to worthy Mais-tof swear without speaking to the minister-creweleally tor Mac-Grainer. And so ye see, sir, I 'arr no clear to swear without speaking to the minister - effectively against ony sacklese pur young thing that's gaun through the country, stranger and freeholess like."

spanst ony sackless pur young thing thick four through the country, stranger and freendless like." "I shall relieve your scruples, perhaps; without troubling Mr. Mac-Grainer, when I tell you that this young fellow whom I inquire after is the man who shor your young friend Charles Hazlewood." "Grdeness! wha could has thought the like o' that o' him ?-na, if it had been for debt, or e'en for at bit tuilzie wi' the gauger, the deil o' Nelly Mac-Gandfish's tongue should ever hae wranged him. But if he really shot young Hazlewood-But I canna think it, Mr. Glossin; this will be some o' your skitet now-I canna think it o' sae douce a lad;--na, na, this is just some o' your auld gkits,--Ye'll be for hav-ing a horning or a caption after him." I see you have no confidence in me, Mrs. Mac-Gandlish; but look at these declarations, signed by the persons who saw the crime committed, and judge yourself if the description of the ruffian be not that of your guest."

yourself if the description of the ruffian be not that of your guest."" He put the papers into her hand, which che pe-rissic very carefully, often taking off her effectives to cast her eyes up to Heaven, or perhaps to wiple a tear from them, for young Hazlewood was an expected fa-work with the good dame. "Aweel, sweel," she said, when she had concluded her exterimination, "Bince it's e'en sae, I gie him up, the villath. Bit O we are erning mortals!-I never saw a face I liked better, or a lad that was mair douce and cathrig--flooght he had been some gentleman under trouble. -But I gie him up, the villain !-to shoo' Charles Hazlewood-- and before the young ladies,- poor inno-effint things !-I gie him up." "So you admit, then, that such a person lodged here the night before this vile business ?" "Troth did he, sir, and a' the house were taen wi' hith, he was sic a frank, pleasant young man. It was for his spending, I'm sure, for he just had a muton-chop, and a mug of ale, and maybe a glass or twis: o' wine--and I asked him to drink tea wi' my-

. Some of the winet dissisters deckine taking an oath before of seeine states.

licat errand or other." "Did you by any chance learn his name?" "I wot weel did I," said the landlady, now as eager to communicate her evidence as formerly de-sirous to suppress it. "He tell'd me his name was sirous to suppress it. "He tell'd me his name was Brown, and he said it was likely that an aud womay like a gipsy wife might be asking for him—Ay, sy? tell me your company, and I'll tell you wha ye are! O the villain !—Aweel, sir, when he gaed away is the morning, he paid his bill very honestly, and gae something to the chamber-muid, nas doubt for Grizy has nathing frase me, by twa pair o new shoon like year, and maybe a bit compliment at Haw sel Monanday"—Here Glossim found it needew sary to interfere, and bring the good woman back w the point.

sel Monandey"-----Here Glossin found it needs eary to interfere, and bring the good woman back w the point. "On then, he just said, if there comes such a pay soft to intuine after Mr. Hown, you will say land gone to look at the skaters on Loch Theran, as you call it, and I will be back here to dinner.--But he never came back-though I expected him sae faith-fully, that I gate a look to making the frar's chicken mysell, and to the crappit-heads too, and they's what I dinne do for ordinary. Mr. Glossin-But little did I think what skating wark he was gaun about to shoot Mr. Charles, the innocent lamb!" "Mr. Glossin, having, like a prodent extantine tor, silfered his witness to give vent to all her curptus and indignation, now began' to induire whethet the about the inn. "Troth, he put a parcel-a sma' parcel, under my charge, and he gave me some siller, and desired may to get him half-a-dozen ruffied sarks, and Peg Pai-ley's in hands wi' them e'en now-they may serve him to gang up the Lawn-market\* in, the scontabel' "She didna ken-she wad not say but justice should take its course-but when a thing was trusted to all us her way, doubtes they were responsible-but about to ke its course-but when a thing was trusted to a should take its course-but when a thing was trusted to a should take its course-but when a thing was trusted to a should take its course-but when a thing was trusted to a should to ka ha inventar o' the property, and gip her a re-sout her way. doubtes they were responsible-but about to tak an inventar o' the property, and gip her a re-sout her way doubtes they were responsible-but about to tak an inventar o' the property, and gip her a re-sout about the action-or, what she wall her markets to tak an inventar o' the property, and gip her a re-sout about the property and gip her a re-

sume cry in Deacon Bearchin, and it Mr. Grossin like to tak an inventar of the property, and goe her a re-ceipt before the Deacon-or, what she wad like machine better, an it could be scaled up and left in Deacon Bearchiff's hands, it wad mak her mind say when was for naching but justice on a' sides. Mrs. Mac-Candish's natural sagacity and acquires invention being in the like in the second

suspicion being infertible, Glossin serie for Deact Bearcliff, to speak "anent the villam that bad sh Mr. Cherles Hazlewood." The Deacon according Ruspicion being innexible, crossin schr ice Detaching Bearcliff, to speak "anent the villaim that had she Mr. Charles Hazlewood." The Dencon according made his appearance, with his wig awry, owing the hurry with which, at this summons of the Justi he had exchanged n for the Kilmarnord, car in which he usually attended his customers. Mrs. Mars. Car lish then produced the parcel deposited with her Brown, in which was found the ghost's parce, perceiving the value of the miscellateour commu-Mrs. Mac-Candlish internally congratulated her upon the precautions she had taken before theiven disinterested candour, was the first to propose the beauther up to Glossin, while he, with an appearing disinterested candour, was the first to propose the perceiving the value, and had doubtless been considerable value, and had doubtless been and by the most nefarious practices." "Harry personally responsible for attickes which second by the most nefarious practices." "He then examined the paper in which there are should be prown be for attickes which second by the most nefarious practices." "He then examined the paper is dresse was torn away. The latitled, "now any to throw light upon the criminal's escape as which formerly been desirous of withholding it, for the there is the second so of the paper is the second as the by the mid that all was not right... Mins. Mars. Can the that direction, moving, as the school boy from the was for the there is an address of the criminal of the second so that direction, moving, as the school boy from the was for the take and duwn the little tow.

terpare gene Classic to undestend, that her pos-line and hostics had both seen the stranger upon-bries that day when young Haslewood was wounded. Our readers' old acquaintance, Jock Jabos, was first ammoned, and admitted frankly, that he had seen ad senversed upon the ice that morning with a summer, who, he understood, had lodged at the Gor-ma Asme the night before. "What turn did your conversation take?" said Boens.

lhaaig,

Turn?-ou, we turned ness gate at a', but just pit straight forward upon the ice like." Well, but what did ye speak about?" "Turn?

"Well, but what did ye speak about?" "On, he just asked questions like ony ither stran-sig," answered the postillion, possessed, as it scen-al, with the reflactory and uncommunicative spirit which bid bat his mistress. "But about what ?" said Glossis. "On, just about what ?" said Glossis. "On, just about what ?" said Glossis. "On, just about what ?" said Glossis. "Un, so about what ?" said Glossis. "What about what about the loddies, and sie like." "What ladies? and what did he ask about them, lock ?" said the interrogator.

Closett.

"Tas, we just said that was Miss Lucy Bertram of Rikingowan, that should ance have had a great estate in the country—and that was Miss Jowia Manner-ing, that was to be married to young Hazlewood— See as shown binging on his arm—we just spoke about our country clashes like—he was a very frank

Well, and what did he say in anot

"Well, and what did he say in answer?" "On, he just stard at the young leddies very keen Bits, and isked if it was for certain that the marriage was to be between lies Mannering and young Hale-wood—and I answered him that it was for positive and absolute certain, as I had an unboubted right to all weis—for my third cousin Jean Clavers, (she's a relation of your ain, Mr. Glossin, ye wad ken Jean lang syne?) she's sib to the housekeeper at Wood-bourne, and she's sib to the housekeeper at Wood-bourne, and she's tell d me mair than ance that there was naething could be mair likely." "And what did the stranger say when you told him all this?" said Glossin. "Shay ?" echoed the rowillion, "he said naething at

And what did the stranger say when you told him all this?" said Glossin. "Bay 7" echoed the rostillion, "he said naething at stranger of the said have said not be the lets upon the ice, as if he could have eaten them, and he never took his ce aff them, or eaid another word, or gave another glance at the Bonspiel, though there was the finest fon amang the curlers ever was esca-and its tarmed round and gaed aff the loch by the kirk-stile through Woodbourne fir-plantings, and we saw nas their o him." "Unly disk," said Mire. Mac-Candlish, "what a find fight is mean has had, to think o hurning the

por young gentleman in the very presence of the ledhe was to be married to ?" O, Mrs. Mac-Candlish," said Glossin, " there's

een many cases such as that on the record-doubta he was seeking revenge where it would be deep-

est and sweetest." God pity us?" said Deacon Bearcliff, "we're puir

then pity us?' said Deacon Bearcliff, "we're puir frail creatures when left to oursells!-av, he forgot wha said, 'Vengeance is mine, and I will repay it "Weel, aweel, sirs," said Jabos, whose hard-headed and uncollivated shirewhees secured sometimes to start the game when others beat the bush-"Weel, that the game when others beat the bush-"Weel, weel, ye may be a mista'en yet--I'll never believe that a man would lay a plan to shoot another wi'his ain ran. Lord help yet, I was the keeper's assistant down in the Isle mysell, and I'll uphaud it, the biggest man Scotland shouldna take a gun frae me or I had wized the slugs through him, though I'm but sic a inte feetkless body, fit for naething but the outside o' saddle and the fore-end o' a poschay-na, na nae wing man wad venture on that. I'll wad my best beckkins, and they were new coft at Kirkeuthrichy chakins, and they were new coft at Kirkeudbright r, it's been a chance job after a'. But if ye bae thing mair to say to me, I am thinking I matur Vor. 11. 2A

gang and so my beasts for - and a very set of cordingly. The hostler, who had accompanied him, gave evi-dence to the same purpose. He and Mrs. Mac-Cand-lish were then re-interrogated, whether Brown had is how on that unhappy morning, "None,"

lish were then re-interrogated, whether Brown had no arms with him on that unhappy morning. "None," they said, "but an ordinary bit cutless or hanger by his side." "Now," said the Deacon, taking Glossin by the button, (for, in considering this intricate subject, he had forgot Glossin's new accession of rank)— "this is but doubtfu' after a', Maister Gilbert-for it was not asse dooms likely that he would go down inter battle wi sic strate means." battle wi' sic sma' means."

battle wi' sic sma' means." Glossin extricated himself from the Descon's grasp, and from the discussion, though not with rudeness; for it was his present interest to buy gold-en opinions from all sorts of people. He inquired the price of tea and sugar, and spoke of providing himself for the year; he gave Mrs. Mac-Gandian directions to have a handsome entertainment in readi-ness for a party of five friends, whom he intended to invite to dine with him at the Gordon-Arms next Saturday week; and, lastly, he gave a half-crown to Joek Jabos, whom the hostler had deputed to hold his steed.

"Week" said the Descon to Mrs. Mas-Candian as he accepted her offer of, a glass of bitters at the bar, "the deil's no see ill as he's ca'd. It's pleasant

bar, "the dent's no mee til as he's ca'd. It's pleasant to son a gestiernam pay the regard to the business of the county that Mr. Glossin doe." "Ay, 'deed is't, Deacon," answered the landladys "and yet I wonder our genery leave their ain wank to the like o' him.—Bat as lang as siller's current, beacon, folk maxima leak ower nicely at what king's bead's on't."

"I doubt Glossin will prove but shand" after a', mistres," said Jabos, as he passed through the little lobby beside the bar; " but this is a gude half-crown ony way."

#### CHAPTER XXXIIL

A man that apprehends death to be no more dreadful but as a drunkun sleep; careless, reckless, and fearless of what's part, present, or to desse; insemible of mostakty, and despeataly mortal.

GLOSUR had made carefal minutes of the information derived from these examinations. They three little light upon the story, so far as he understood in purpor; but the better informed reader has received, through means of this investigation, an account of through means of this investigation, an account of Brown's proceedings, between the moment whea we left him upon his walk to Kippletringan, and the time when, stung by jeelousy, he so rashiy and unhappily presented himself before Julia Manmering, and well nigh brought to a fatal termination the quartel which

his appearance occasioned. Glossin rode slowly back to Ellangowan, ponder-ing on what he had heard, and more and mere con-vinced that the active and successful prosecution of this mysterious business was an opportunity of ingre-tisting himself with Hazlewood and Mannering, of be on no account neglected. Perhaps, siso, he fait his professional acuteness interested in bringing it to a successful close. It was therefore, with great plea-sure that on his roturn to his house from Kippletringan, he heard his servants announce heatily, "that Mare Ginflog, the thief-taken, and two or three concurrents, had a man in hands in the kitchen waiting for his honour.

honour." He instantly jumped from horseback, and instended into the house. "Send my clerk here directly, ye'll find him copying the survey of the estate in the little green parlour. Set things to rights in my study, and wheel the greet leathern chair up to the writing thile - set a stool for Mr. Serow. -Scrow, (to the clark as he entered the presence-chamber.) hand down Sir George Mackenzie on Crimes; open it at the section Vis Publica et Privata, and fold down a leaf at the pussage 'a sent the bearing of unlawful weapons.' Now lend me a hand off with my muckle ooat, and hang it upin the lobby, and bid them bring up the \* Cant espression for base coin. \* Cant expression for base coin, 19#

prisoner-I tr Mac-Guffog.-this chield ?"

Mac-Guifog. -Now, Mac-Guifog, where did ye find this chield?" Mac-Guifog; a stout bandy-legged fellow, with a neck like a bull, a face like a firebrand, and a most portentous squint of the laft eye, began, after various contortions by way of courtesy to the Justice, to tell his story, eking it out by sundry sly nods and know-ing winks, which appeared to bespeak an initnate correspondence of ideas between the narrator and his principal auditor. "Your honour spoke o', that's kept by her that your honour tens o', by the see-side.-So, says she, what are you wanting here? ye'll be come wi' a broom in your pocket frae Ellangowan ?-So, says I, dail a broom will come frae there awa, for ye tes, eays I, his honour Ellangowan himsell in for-"Wedl, well," said Glossin, "no occasion to be particular, tell the essentials." "Weel, so we sat niffering about some brandy that I said I wanted, til he came in." "Who?"

I said I wanted, till ne came in... "Who?" "He !" pointing with his thamb inverted to the kitchen, where the prisoner was in custody. "So he had his griego wrapped close round him, and I judged he was not dry-handed\*-so I thought it was best to speak proper and ap he believed I was a Manks man, and I kept ay between him and her, for fear ahe had whistled." And then we began to drink about, and then I betted he would not drink out a quartern of Hollands without drawing breath-and then he tried it-and just then Slounging Jock and Dick Spur'en came in, and we clinked the darbiest on him, took him as quist as a lamb-and now he's had his bit sleep out, and is as fresh as a May gowan, to answer what your honour likes to speir. This narrative, delivered with a wonderful quantity of ges-ture and grimace, received at the conclasion the thanks and praises which the marrator expected. ture and grimace, received at the conclusion the thanks and praises which the neurator expected. "Had he no arms?" asked the Justice. "Ay, ay, they are never without oarkers and alash-ers."

" Any papers ?" "This bundle," delivering a dirty pocket-book. " "Go down stairs, then, Mac-Guffog, and be in waiting." The officer left the room.

\* "Go down stairs, then, Mac-Guffog, and be in waiting." The officer left the room. The clink of irons was immediately afterwards heard upon the stair, and in two or three minutes a man was introduced, hand-cuffed and fettered. He was thick, brawny, and muscular, and although his shagged and grissled hair marked an age somewhat advanced, and his stature was rather low, be appeared, newartheless, a person whom few would have chosen to cope with in personal conflict. His coarse and savage features were still flushed, and his eye 'still reeled under the infinence of the strong potation which had proved the immediate cause of his seizure. But the sleep, though short, which Mac-Guffog had allowed him, and still more a sense of the peril of his situation, had restored to him the full use of his faculties. The worthy judge, and the no less estimable capitre, looked at each other steedily for a long time prisoner, but seemed at a loss how to proceed with his investigation. At length he broke silence. "Soh, Captain, this is you ?--you have been a stranger on this coast for some years." "Strange enough, I think—for hold me der deyvil, if I ceen ever here before." "That won't pase, Mr. Captain."

before

before." "That won't pass, Mr. Captain." "That sust pass, Mr. Justice-sapperment!" "And who will you be pleased to call yourself, then, for the present." said Glossin, "just until I shall bring some other folks to refresh your memory, concerning who you are, or at least who you have been ?"

"What bin I?-donner and blitzen 1 I bin Jans Janson, from Curhaven-what sall Ich bin ?" Glossin took from a case which was in the apart-ment a pair of small pocket pistols, which he loaded

\* Given information to the party concerned. \* Unermed.

-I trow I'll sort him --but stay, first send up | with ostentations cafe. "You may retire," said he fog.--Now, Mac-Guffog, where did ye find | to his clerk, "and carry the people with you. Scrow to his clork, "and carry the people with you, Scrow -but wait in the lobby within call." The clerk would have offered some remonstrances

The clerk would have offered some remonstrances to his patron on the danger of remaining alone with such a desperate character, although ironed beyond the possibility of active exertion, but Glossin waved him off impatiently. When he had left the reom, the Justice took two short turns through the apartment, then drew his chair opposite to the prisoner, as as to confront him fully, placed the pistols before him in readinees, and said in a steady voice, "You are Dats Hatteraick of Flushing, are you not ?" The prisoner turned his eye instinctively to the door, as if he apprehended some one was hatening. Glossin rose, opened the door, so that from the char in which his prisoner sate he might satisfy himself there was no eavesdropper within hearing, the dat it, resumed his seat, and repeated his question, "You are Dirk Hatteraick, formerly of the Yungfruw Haagenslaapen, are you not ?" "Tousand deyvils !- and if you know that, why hak me?" said the prisoner. "Because I am surprised to see you in the very last place where you ought to be, if you regard your safe-y." "Der deyvil !--mo man regards his own safety that speaks so to me !" "What ? unarmed, and in irons !--well said. Canto his patron on the danger of remaining alone with

speaks so to me !

"What' unarmed, and in irons t-well said, Cap-tain ?" replied Glossin ironically. "But, Captam, bullying won't do-you'll hardly get out of this com-try without accounting for a little accident that hap-pened at Warroch Point a few years ago." Hatteraick's looks grew black as midnight. "For my part," continued Glossin, "I have no particular wish to be hard upon an old acquaintance -but I wast do wy duty-1 shall sand you off to

particular wish to be nard upon an old acquainteness -but I must do my duty-I shall send you off to Rdinburgh in a post-chaise and four this very day." "Pos donner! you would not do that?" said Hat-teraick, in a lower and more humbled tone; "why you had the matter of half a cargo in bills on Van-beest and Vanburggen."

beest and Vanbruggen." "It is so long since, Captain Hatteraick," answer-ed Glossin superciliously, "that I really forget how I was recompensed for my trouble." "Your trouble? your silence, you mean." "It was an affair in the course of business," said Glossin, " and I have retired from business for some time." time

"Ay, but I have a notion that I could make you go steady about, and try the old course again," answer-ed Dirk Hatteraick. "Why, man, hold me der deyvil, but I meant to visit you, and tell you something that concerns you."

ed Dirk Hatteraick. "Why, man, hold me der deyrin, but I meent to visit you, and tell you something that concerns you." "Of the boy?" said Glossin eagerly. "Yaw, Mynheer," replied the Captain, coolly. "He does not live, does he?" "As lifelich as you or I," said Hatteraick. "Good God!-But in India ?" exclaimed Glossin. "No, tousand deyrils, here I on this dirty coast al yours," rejoined the prisoner. "But Hatteraick, this,--that is, if it be true, which I do not believe, -this will ruin us both, for he can not but remember your neat job; and for me--it will be productive of the worst consequences I It will ruin strap for it, all shall out." "Zounds," said the Justice impatiently, "will but you-for I am done up already, and if I was strap for it, all shall out." "Zounds," said the Justice impatiently, "will shaking, and I thought the job was clayed over the forgotten," answered the worthy skipper. "Stay-what can be done?" said Glossin arnite How, and I thought the job was clayed over the forgotten," answered the worthy skipper. "No, no ? that won't do-Brown's dead-laid in the way-aye sure word to Lieutan Hrown,-and I would send the people with you had in the work word to Lieutan Brown, and I would send the people with you had in the work and you had is picket road." "No, no ? that won't do-Brown's dead-laid in the work of the source of the suppose ?" "Dead ?-shot?-at Woodbourne, I suppose ?" plied Glossin.

#### "Yaw, Mynheer."

"Yaw, Mynheer." Glossin paused—the sweat broke upon his brow with the agony of his feelings, while the hard-fea-tured miscreant who sat opposite, coolly rolled his tobacco in his cheek, and equirted the juice into the foregrate. "It would be run," said Glossin to him-self, "absolute ruin, if the heir should re-appear-and then what might be the consequence of conniving with these year? and the additional time to the with these men?-yet there is so little time to take measures-Hark you, Hatteraick; I.can't set you at measures—Hark you, Hatteraick; I.can't set you at iberty-but I can put you where you may set yourself at iberty-but I can put you where you may set yourself at iberty-lawyse like to ensist an old friend. I shall confine you in the old castle for to-night, and give these people double allowance of grog. Mac-Guffog will fall in the trady in which he caught you. The stancheons on the window of the strong room, as they call it, are wasted to pieces, and it is not above twelve feet from the level of the ground without, and the snewthice thick." "But the darbies," said Hatteraick, looking upon his fatters.

his fetters.

his fetters. "Hark ys," said Glossin, going to a tool chest, and taking out a small file, "there's a friend for you, and you have the road to the see by the stairs." Hat-taraick shock his chains in ecstasy, as if he were already at liberty, and strove to extend his fottered hand towards his protector. Glossin laid his finger upon his lips with a cautious glance at the door, and then proceeded in his instructions. "When you encept, you had better go to the Kaim of Dern-cleagin."

and then pieceeded in his instructions. "When you except, you had better go to the Kaim of Dern-cleagh." "Donner! that howff is blown." "The devil--well, then, you may steal my skiff that lies on the beach there, and away. But you must remain using at the Point of Warroch till I come to ase you." "The Point of Warroch?" said Hatteraick, his countenance again falling; "What, in the cave, I suppose?-I would rather it were any where eles;-es spuckt da i-they say for certain that he walks-But, donner and bittsen I never shunned him alive, and I won't shun him dead-Strafe mich helle! it sail never be said Dick Hatteraick fearad either dog er devil 1.-So I am to wit there till I see you?" "Ay, ay," answered Glossin, "and now I must cell in the men." He did so accordingly. "I can make nothing of Captain Janson, as he calls himself, Mac-Gung, and it's now too late to bundle him off to the county jail. Is there not a streng room up yonder in the old castle?" "Ay is there, sir; my uncle the constable ance kept a man there for three days in and Ellamgowan's time. The there was an unce dust about it--it was tried in the Inner-house afore the feifteen. "I know all that, but this person will not stay there back-up house till further atamination. There is a small rooma though which it opens, you may light a fire for yourney room too, the season requires it. "Writh these instructions, and with a large allow." "We make a clean breast to-morrow." "Writh these instructions, and with a large allow." "We was little for the inght in the old castle, un-trime the size of the eight in the old castle, un-trime the size of the one the situation was pe-ter in the strong room too, the season requires it. "Writh these instructions, and with a large allow." "Writh these instructio

There was little fear that Glossin himself should in might sleep over-sound. His situation was pe-we in the extreme for the schemes of a life of vil-seemed at once to be crumbling ground and whim. He laid himself to rest, and tossed upon pillow for a long time in vain. At length he fell p, but it was only to dream of his patron.—now, that last seen him, with the palences of death has features, then again transformed into all pour and-comeliness of youth, approaching to him from the mansion-house of his fathers. The dreammed, that after wandering long over a had he worke of revelvy; and that when he can the first person he met was Frank Kennedy, insched atlogory, as he had lain on the beach at

Warroch Point, but with a reaking punch-bowl in his Then the scene changed to a dungeon, where he heard Dirk Hatternick, whom he imagined to be under sentence of Death, confessing his crimes to a clergyman.—" After the bloody deed was done," said the penitent, "we retreated into a cave close beside, the secret of which was known but to one man in the the secret of which was known out to one man in the country; we were debating what to do with the child, and we thought of giving it up to the gipsies, when we heard the cries of the pursuers hallooing to each other. One man alone came straight to our cave, and it was that man who knew the secret—but we made him our friend at the expense of half the value of the goods saved. By his advice we carried off the child to Holland in our consort, which came the following night to take us from the coast. That. man was

No, I deny it !-- it was not I !" said Glossin, in

"No.1 deny it —it was not I!" said Głossin, in "No.1 deny it —it was not I!" said Głossin, in half-uttered accents; and, struggling in his agony to express his denial more distinctly, he awoke. It was, however, conscience that had prepared this mental phantasmagoria. The truth was, that, know-ing much better than any other person the haunts of the snugglers, he had, while the others were search-ing in different directions, gone straight to the cave, even before he had learned the murder of Kennedy, whom he expected to find their prisoner. He came upon them with some idea of mediation, but found them in she midds of their guilty terrors, while the rage, which had hurried them on ta murder, began, with all but Hattsraick, to sink into remores and feer. Głossin was them indigent and greatly in debt, but he was already possessed of Mr. Bertram's car, and, aware of the facility of his disposition, he saw no difficulty in enriching himself at his expense, provi-ded the heir-male ware removed, in which case the ded the heir-male were removed, in which case th and prodigal father. Stimulated by present gain and and prodigal father. Stimulated by present gain and the prospect of contingent advantage, he accepted the bribe which the smugglers offered in their terror, and connived at, or rather encouraged, their intention of carrying away the child of his benefactor, who, if left behind, was old enough to have described the scene of blood which he had witnessed. The only

left behind, was old enough to have described the scene of blood which he had witnessed. The only palliative which the ingenuity of Glosein could offer to his conscience was that the temptation was great, and came suddenly upon him, embracing as it were the very advantages on which his mind had so long rested, and promising to relieve him from distresses which must have otherwise speedily overwhelmed him. Besides, he endeavoured to think that self-pre-servation rendered his conduct necessary. He was, a some degree, in the power of the robbers, and pleaded hard with his conscience, that, had he de-clined their offers, the assistance which he could have called for, though not distant, might not have arrived in time to save him from men, who, on less provocation, had just committed murder. Galled with the anxious forebodings of a guilty conscience, Glossin now arcse, and looked out upon the night. The scence which we have already de-scribed in the beginning of our first volume, was now covered with snow, and the brilliant, though waste, whiteness of the land, gave to the sea by contrast a dark and livid tings. A landscape covered with snow, though abstractedly it may be called beautiful, has, both from the association of cold and barraness, and from its comparative infrequency, a wild, strange, and desolate appearance. Objects, well known to us in their common state, have either disappeared, or are so strangely varied and disquised, that we seen occupied. His eye was upon the gigantic and gloomy outlines of the old castle, where, in a flanking tower such reflections that the mind of this bad man was occupied. His eye was upon the gigantic and gloomy outlines of the old castle, where, in a fanking tower of enormous size and thickness, glimmered two lights, one from the window of the strong room, where Hatteraick was confined, the other from that of the adjacent agartment occupied by his keepers. "Has he made his escape, or will he be able to do so ?—Have these men watched, who nover watched before, in order to complete my ruin ?—If morning finds him there, he must be committed to prison ; Mac-Morlan or some other person will take the mat-

will be detected -- convicted -- and will tell

What a moment of interest i- "he has got clear of bis irons i-ho is working at the stancheoas of the window—they are surely quite decayed, they must give way—O God! they have fallen outward, I heard them clink among the stonest—the noise cannot fail to wake them-furies seize his Dutch awkwardness! The light burns free again—they have torn him from the window, and are binding him in the reom 1 -No 1 he had only retired an instant on the alarm of the failing bars—he is at the window again—and the

light is quite obscured now be is getting out in the start of a body dropped from a height among the snow, announced that Hatteraick had among the snow, announced that Hatteratck had completed his escape, and shortly after Glossin ba-held a dark figure, like a shadow, steal along the whitened beach, and reach the spot where the skiff lay. New cause for fear! "His single strength will be unable to float her," said Glossin to himself; "I must go to the reacal's assistance. But no 1 he has not go the reacal's dashader. But no 1 he has so ther off, and now, thank God, her sail is spreading itself against the moon-ay, he has got the breeze pow-would to heaven it were a tempest, to sink him to the bottom !

him to the bottom I" After this last cordial wish, he continued watch-ing the progress of the boat as it stood away towards the Point of Warroch, until he could no longer dis-taguish the dusky sail from the gloomy waves over which it glided. Satisfied then that the immediate danger was averted, he retired with somewhat more composure to his guilty pillow.

#### CHAPTER XXXIV

Why dost not comfort me, and help me out From this unhallowed and blood stained hele? Titus Androni

Or the next morning, great was the alarm and coafusion of the officers, when they discovered the escape of their prisoner. Mac-Guifog appeared before Gloesin with a head perturbed with brandy and fear, and incurred a most severe reprimand for neglect of duty. The resentment of the Justice appeared only to be suppended by his anxiety to recover possession of the prisoner, and the thief-takers, glad to escape from be suspended by his anxiety to recover possession of the prisoner, and the thief-takers, glad to escape from his awful and incensed presence, were sent off in every direction (except the right one) to recover their prisoner, if possible. Glossin particularly recommend-ed a careful search at the Kaim of Dernclengh, which was occasionally occupied under night by vagrants of different descriptions. Having thus dispersed his maymidons in various directions, he himself hastened by devicus paths through the Wood of Warrach, to his appointed interview with Hatteraick, from whom he hoped to learn, at more leasers than last night's conference admitted, the circumstances attending the return of the heir of Ellangowan to his native country; With manosuvres like those of a for when he dou-bles to avoid the pack, Glossis streve to approach the place of appointment in a manner which should leave and distinct track of his course. "Would to Heaven it would enow," he said, looking upward, "and hide upon them, he would run the scent up like a blood-housd, and surprise us.--T must get down upon the packet."

oka

packs." And accordingly, he dessended from the cliffs with Bone difficulty, and scrambled along between the packs and the advancing tide; now looking up to see if his motions were watched from the rocks above hise, now costing a jeakous glance to mark if any beat appeared upon the see, from which his course might be discovered.

might be discovered. But even the feelings of selfish asprehension were for a time superseded, as Glossin passed the spot where Kennedy's body has been found. It was mark-ad by the fragment of rock which had been precipi-tisted from the cliff above, either with the body or **shor** to. The mass was now assumed, with small

shell-fish, and tasselled with tangle and sus-weed; but still its shape and substance were different from those of the other rocks which lay scattered around. His voluntary walks, it will readily be believed, had never led to this spot; so that finding himself new there for the first time after the terrible catastropia, the scene at once-recurred to his mind with all itsac companiments of horror, He remembered how, companing and in norror, he considered now, a guilty thing, gliding from the neighbouring place occession of the second second second second second with caution, among the terrified group who a rounded the corpse, dreading lett any one should a from whence he cause. He remembered, too, wi

rounded the corpse, dreasing lest any one should as from whence he came. He remembered, ico, with what conscious fear he had avoided gazing upon that ghastly spectacle. The wild scream of his patron, "My bairn 1 my bairn (" again reng in his earn." Good God !" he exclaimed, "and is all I have gain-ed worth the agony of that moment, and the thos-sand anzious fears and horrors which have mas embittered may life!—O how I wish that I my where that wretched man lies, and that he stood have mas embittered man lies, and that he stood have mas and health 1-But these regrets are all too late." Stifling, therefore, his feelings, he crept forward up the cave, which was so near the spot where the boy was found, that the semugglers might have heard from their hiding-place the various conjectures of the by-standers concerning the fate of their victum. Bu nothing could be more completely concealed than the entrance to their asylum. The opening, nat larger than that of a fox-earth, lay in the face of the chi directly behind a large black rock, or rather uppend stone, which served at once to conceal it from strastone, which served at once to conceal it from stone, which served at once to conceast throat su gers, and as a mark to point out its situation to the who used it as a place of reireat. The space betw the stone and the cliff was exceedingly narrow, being-hezed with sand and other rubins, the an minute search would not have discovered the me of the cavern, without removing those substi which the tide had drifted before it. For the pa of further concealment, it was usual with the co of nurther concentrant, it was been with the two band trajers who frequented this harmt, after had entered, to stuff the mouth with withershi weed, loosely piled together as if carried thereby waves. Dirk Hatteraich had not forgotten this cantion.

Glossin, though a bold and hardy man, felt i heart throb, and his knees knock togsther, when prepared to enter this den of secret imiquity, is on to hold conference with a felon, whom he justic counted one of the most desparate and deparate men. "But he has no interest to inignate" man to hold concerned with a feet, when a degree on the second one of the most despirate and degreeved in the second one of the most despirate and degreeved in the second one of the most despirate and degreeved in the second of th But he has no interest to injures

#### BEBAR XIST

### Sam, XXXIV.1

seemed to endure almost to sufficiention, after eirolong yand his bend, rose to the dim and rugged roof of the cave, through which it escaped by some secret rents or defining the rock; the same doubless that afforded air to the cavern when the tide was in, at which time the aperture to the sea was filled with

main: "And now I have brought you some breakfast," and Glossin, producing some cold meat and a flask of guints. The latter Hatteraick eagerly seized upon, and applied to his mouth; and, after a hearty draught, he exclaimed with great rapture, "Das schmeckt!-That is good-that warms the liver!"-Then broke into the fragment of a High-Dutch song,

"Busine Bier, and Brante-wein, formeinen alle die Fonstern ein ; leb ben lieferlich, Da bistischerlich ; fast wir unsk liederlich Loute a !!

which Lente a t<sup>ee</sup>

"Well said, my hearty Captain !" cried Glossin, adestouring to catch the tone of revelry,-

"Gis by pailfuls, wine in rivers, Day the window size to shivers ! For three wild lads wore ws, brave bays, And these wild lads wore wr ; There are the land, and ! on the sand, And Jack to the gallows-tree !

That's it, my bully-boy! Why, you're alive again new :-And now let us talk about our business." "Your business, if you please," said Hattersick; "hayal and donner !--mine was done when I get out of the biboss." "Have yetience, my good friend;--Til convince you our interests are just the same." Hatterzick gave a short dry cough, and Glessin, "In a new proceeded

For our interests are just the same." Hatteraick gave a short dry cough, and Glessin, the a passe, proceeded. "How came you to let the boy secape?" "Why, finch and blitzen! he was no obarge of sine. Lieutenant Brown gave him to his consin fat's in the Middleburgh house of Vanheest and the same and told him some goose's same shout indexing taken in a skirmishi with the landsharks-ing are him for a foot-boy. Me let him secape!--the burd kinchin should have walked the plank ere I mbled myself about him." "Well, and was he bred a feet-boy then ?" "Well, and was he bred a feet-boy then ?" "Nein, near: the kinchin get about the old man's int, and he gave him his own name, and bred him the office, and then sent him to Iadis-I be-twe he would nare packed him back here, but his there told him it would do up the free trade for they a day, if the youngster got back to Sootland." "Do you think the youngster knows much of his in an origin now ?"

"Who you think the younker knows much of his an origin now?" Devil ? replied Hatteraick, "how should I tell what he knows now? But he remembered some-ming of it long. When he was but ten years old, he permeded mother Satan's limb of an English bas-trat do you call it-to return to his country, as he what do you call it-to return to his country, as he will dit -fire him! Before we could overtake them, hey had the skiff out of channel as far as the Deur-tor-the beat might have been lost." "I wish to Heaven she had-with him in her:" wellated Glossin. "Why. I was so angry myself, that, sapperment!

Why, I was so angry myself, that, sapperment ! Why, I was so angry myself, that, sapperment ! give him a tip over the side—but split him—the stal little devil swam like a duck ; so I made him an autern for a mile to teach him manners, and the took him in when he was sinking.—By the stang Nicholas! he'll plague you, now he's come if the herring-pond ! When he was so high, he the spirit of thunder and lightning." How did he get back from India ?" Why, how should I know ?—the honse there was a up, and that gave us a shake at Middleburgh. I the was come in the spin to see what could be

why, and that gave us a shake at middleburgh 1 w-so they sent me again to see what could be smong my old acquaintances here-for we held porters were done away and forgotten. So I had there ity trade on foot within the last two trips; but stupid houndsfoot schelm. Brown, has if on the head again, I suppose, with get-ment shot by the colonel-mas. by were not you with them "

"Why, you see, supportent! I fear nothing 4, it was too far within land, and I might have be scented."

"-How do you really know that he is in this ""How do you really know that he is in this country ?" "Why, Gabriel asw him up among the hils." "Gabriel who is he?" "A fellow from the gipsias, that, about eighteen years since, was pressed on board that d-d fellow Pritchard's sloop-of-war. It was he came off and gave us warning that the Shark was coming round upon us the day Kennedy was done; and he told us how Kennedy had given the information. The gip-sies and Kennedy had some guarrel besides. This Gab went to the East Indies in the same ship with though the other did not remember him. Gab kept out of his eye though, as he had served the States sgainst Eagland, and was a deserve the States being here-though it does not concern us a negative tend." "So, then, really, and in sober carnest, he is se-

end." "So, then, really, and in sober carnest, he is no-tially in this country, Hatternick, between friend and friend ?" asked Glossin agricualy. "Wetter and donner, yaw! What do you take and

for ?"

Not f' For a blood-thirsty, factless miscreant I thought Glosun internally; but said aloud, "And which of your people was it that shot young Haslewood?" "Stram-wotter!" asid the Captain, "do yo think we were mad?--mone of as, sam--Got! the country was too het for the trade already with that d--d fiolic of Brown's, stacking what you call Weodberne House."

of Brown's, attacking what you call Woodbourne House," "Why, I am told," said Ghossin, "it was Boswe who shot Hazlewood ?" "Not our liststemant, I promise you; for he was laid six feet deep at Demclaugh the day before the thing, hergomed.—Tausand deyvis, men I do ye thigh that he could rise out of the earth to shoet mother man ?"

man ?" A light here began to break upon Glossin's confa-sion of ideas. "Did you not say that the younker, as yeu call him, goes by the name of Brown ?" "Of Brown ? yaw-Vanbest Brown ; old Van-best Brown, of our Vanbest Brown ; old Van-bin his own name-he did." "Then," said Glossin, rubbing his hands, "it is he, by Heaven, who has committed this crime?" "And what have we to do with that ?" demanded Hatterick.

Hatteraich

Hatteraick. Glossin paused, and, fortile in expedients, bassily ran over his project in his own mind, and then drow near the smuggler with a confidential air. "Yea know, my dear Hatteraick, it is our principal busi-ness to get rid of this young man?" "Umh?" answered Dirk Hatteraick. "Not," continued Glossin—" not that I would wish any personal harm to him—if—if—if we can do with-out. Now, he is liable to be seized upon by justice, both as bearing the same name with your licutement.

both as bearing the same same with your ligutesant, who was engaged in that affair at Woodbourne, and for firing at young Hazlewood with intent to kill or wound." "Av. av." said Dirk Hatteraick: "but what good

"Av, ay," said Dirk Hatteraick; "but what good will that do you? He'll be loose again as soon as he shows himself to carry other coloura."

shows himself to carry other coloura." "True, my dear Dirk; well noticed, my friend Hat-teraick! But there is ground enough for a temporary imprisonment till he fetch his proofs from England or elsewhere, my good friend. I understand the law Captain Hatteraick, and I'll take it upon me, simple Gilbert Glossin of Ellangowan, justice of peace for the county of ----, to rafuse his buil, if he should offer the best in the country, until he is brought up for a second examination-now where d'ye think I'll incom-crate him ?" cerate him?

"Hagel and wetter t what do I care ?" "Stay, my friend-you do care a great deal. "Be-you know your goods, that was soized and cardiodan

When you have caught him?

"When you have caught him; I shall not be long about that-I will commit him to the Work-nouse, or Bridewel, which you know is beside the Custom-house

"Yaw, the Rasp-house; I know it very well." "I will take care that the red-coats are dispersed

A will take care that the red-coats are dispersed through the country; you land at night with the rew of your lugger, receive your own goods, and arry the younker Brown with you back to Flushing. Won't that do?"

"Ay, carry him to Flushing," said the Captain, "or to America ?"

"Ay, ay, my friend." "Or--to Jericho?" "Psha! Wherever you have a mind."

"Ay, or-pitch him overboard?" "Nay, I advise no violence."

"Nay, I advise no violence." "Nean, nein-you leave that to me. Sturm-wetter I I know you of old. But, hark ye, what am I, Dirk Hatteraick, to be the better of this 7" "Why, is it not your interest as well as mine?" "You set me free!-Donner and deyvil I set my-self free. Besides, it was all in the way of your pro-femsion, and happened a long time ago, ha, ha, ha?" "Pshaw! pahaw! don't let us jest; I am not against making a handsome compliment-but it's your affair as well as mine." "What do you talk of my affair? is it not you that

your affair as well as mine." "What do you talk of my affair ? is it not you that seep the younker's whole estate from him ? Dirk Hatternick never touched a stiver of his rents." "Hush-hush-Itell you itshall be a joint business." "What, half the estate ?--d'ye mean we should set up house together at Ellangowan, and take the ba-rony, ridge about ?" "Sturm-wetter, no 1 but you might give me half the value-half the gelt. Live with you? nein--I would have a lust-heus of mine own on the Middle-burgh dyke, and a blumen-garten like a burgo-mas-ter's."

"Ay, and a wooden lion at the door, and a painted seminel in the garden, with a pipe in his mouth !--But, hark ye, Hatteraick; what will all the tuling and flower-gardens, and pleasure-houses in the Ne-therlands do for you, if you are banged here in Scot-bard? land?

land?' Hattaraick's countenance fell. "Der deyvilt hang-ed?" "Ay, hanged, meinheer Captain. The devil can scarce save Dirk Hattaraick from being hanged for a murderer and kidnapper, if the younker of Ellan-gowan should settle in this country, and if the gal-lant Captain chances to be caught here ro-establish-ing his fair trade! And I won't say, but, as peace is now so much talked of, their High Mightinesses may not hand him over to oblige their new allies, even if he remained in fader-land." "Pos hagel blitzen and donner ! I-I doubt you say trae."

true

"Not," said Glossin, perceiving he had made the desired impression, "not that I am against being civil;" and he slid into Hatteraick's passive hand a

divit, 'and he slid into Hatteraick's passive hand a bank-note of some value.
"Is this all ?" said the smuggler? "you had the price of half a cargo for winking at our job, and made us do your business too."
"But, my good friend, you forget—in this case you will recover all your own goods."
"Ay, at the risk of all our own necks—we could do that while ut you."
"I doubt that, Captain Hatteraick," said Glossin drily, "because you would probably find a dozen redocate at the Custom-house, whom it must be my busuness, if we agree about this matter, to have removed. Come, come, I will be as liberal as I can, but you should have a conscience."
"Now strafs mich der deyfel !—this provokes me more than all the rest!—You rob and you murder, and play the intervent of the rest."

silver-cooper, or kidnapper, as you call it, a dozen times over, and then, hagal and wind-sturm I you speak to me of conscience !---Can you think of no fairer way of getting rid of this unlucky lad ?' "No, mein heer; but as I commit him to your

"No, mein heer; but as I commit nim w yeas charge—""
"To my charge—to the charge of steel and gua-powder! and—well, if it must be, it must—but yea have a tolerably good guess what's like to come of it." "O, my dear friend, I trust no degree of severity will be necessary," replied Glossin. "Severity i' said the fellow, with a kind of gross, "I wish you had had my dreams when I first came to this dog-hole, and tried to sleep among the dry ses-weed.—First, there was that d—d fellow there, with his broken back, sprawling as he did when I hurled the rock over a top on him—ha, ha, you would have sworn he was lying on the floor where you stand, wriggling like a crushed frog—and then"———— " Nay, my friend," said Glossin, interrupting him, " what signifies going over this nonsense?—If yea are turned chicken-hearted, why, he game's up, that's

utchman.

"Well, then, take another schnape-the cold's at your heart still.-And now tell me, are any of your

your heart still.—And now tell me, are any of your old crew with you?" "Nein-all dead, shot, hanged, drowned, and dama-ed. Brown was the last-all dead but Gipsy Giak, and he would go off the country for a spill of money —or he'll be quiet for his own sake—or old Meg, he aunt, will keep him quiet for hers." "Which Meg ?" "Meg Merrilies, the old devil's limb of a gapay witch." "Is she still alive ?"

"Is she still alive ?" "Yaw."

"And in this country ?"

"And in this country ?" "And in this country ?" "And in this country ?" Derncleugh, at Vanbeest Brown's last wake, as they call it, the other night, with two of my people, sat some of her own blasted gipsies." "That's another breaker a-head, Captain ! Will also not squeak, think ye ?" "Not she-she won't start-she swore by the sal-mon," if we did the kinchin no harm, she woodd never tall how the gauger got it. Why, man, though I gave her a wipe with my hanger in the best of the matter, and cut her arm, and though als was ao long after in trouble about it up at your borough-towns there, der deyril ! old Meg was as true as stock." "Why, that's true, as you say," replied Chosmin, "And yet if she could be carried over to Zcaland, et Hamburgh, or-or-anywhere else, you know, if

Hamburgh, or were as well." anywhere else, you know, it -or

were as well." Hatteraick jumped upright upon his feet, and look ed at Glossin from head to heel.—"I don't see the goat's foot," he said, "and yet he must be the wat devril.—But Meg Merriles is closer yet with the Kobold than you are—ay, and I had never such wat ther as after having drawn her blood. Nein, not "I'll meddle with her no more—she's a witch of the fiend—a real deyvil's kind—but that's her after Donner and wetter! I'll neither make nor meddide that's her work.—But for the rest.—why, if I theore that a ter work.—But for the rest.—why, if I theore the trade would hot suffer, I would soon rid your the younker, if you send me word when he's me embargo.

In brief and under tones the two worthy association concerted their enterprise, and agreed at which are haunts Hatteraick should be heard of. The should his lugger on the coast was not difficult, as the were no king's vessels there at the time.

## CHAPTER XXXV.

You are one of those that will not serve God if the u-Because we come to do you service, you this 10 2

WHEN Glossin returned home, he found other letters and papers sent to him, one of co \* The great and invisible oath of the strolling trai

s importance. It was signe by Mr. Protocol, an immey in Edinburgh, and, addressing him as the part for Godfrey Bertram, Esa, late of Ellangowan, d his representatives, acquainted him with the sudis importance. It was signs by Mr. Protocol, an stampy in Edinburgh, and addressing him as the spat for Godfrey Hertram, Esc. late of Ellangowan, and his representatives, acquainted him with the sudden deated of Mr. Margaret Bertram of Singledid, pupering him to inform his clients thereof, in case thy should judge it proper to have any person present for their interest at opening the repositories of the deceased. Mr. Glossin perceived at once that the brack which had taken place between him and his late patron. The estate of the deceased lady should by rights, as a thousand to one that the caprice of the old lady might have altered its destination. After running over contingencies and probabilities in his fertile mind, to accruin what sort of personal advantage or at it might go to assist his plan of recovering, or rather creating, a character, the want of which he had alway experienced, and was likely to feel yet more deeply. I must place myself, he thought, on strang ground, that, if any thing goes wrong with Drik Hatteraich's project. I may have to component to this encides, be could not person a set might for low on the strate of the deceased to the family. He therefore resolved early the next morning to ride over to Woodhourne. The was not withen the state the took this step, having the nexter and ladgrees was free both from the state of his perfersion. He had greet confidence in here or the solute the statents. Conduct and probing which freed and here a ware the both from torm interfere with here, the side come as free of the greet of the state and performed and here a different and villary have at east in profession. He had alway endress and performed and the state and the state and the state of his performed and here and and the state of the procession and the state of the state and the state of the state and the state and the state and the state of the state and the state and

" of business." "If it can be communicated to Mr. Mac-Morlan, agent, sir, I believe it will be more agreeable to the Bertram."

"I beg pardon, Colonel Mannering," said Glossin, aking a wretched attempt at an easy demeanour; for are a man of the world-there are some cases which it is most pradent for all parties to treat "principala."

Then, "ropied Mannering, with a repulsive air, "Then," ropied Mannering, with a repulsive air, if Mr. Glossin will take the trouble to state his ob-in a letter, I will answer that Miss Bertram pays a stemation to it." Containing," stammered Glossin; "but there are in which a size soce conference-Hem I per-I know Colonel Mannering has adopted some state which may make my visit appear intru-but I submit to his good sense, whether he

INERING. ''I ought to exclude me from a hearing without knowing the purpose of my visit, or of how much consequence it may be to the young lady whom he honours with "Certainly, sir, I have not the least intention to do so," replied the Colonel. "I will learn Miss Ber-tram's pleasure on the subject, and acquaint Mir. Glossin, if he can sparse time to wait for her answer." So saying, he laft the room. Glossin had still remained standing in the midst of the apartment. Colonel Mannering had made not the slightest motion to invite him to sit, and indeed had remained standing himself during their short in-terview. When he left the room, however, Glossin saized upon a chair, and threw himself into it with an air between embarrassment and effrontery. He felt the slience of his companions disconcerting and oppressive, and resolved to interrupt it. "A fine day, Mr. Sampson." The Dominic answered with something between an acquiescent grunt and an indignant groan.

The Dominis answered with something between an acquiescent grunt and an indignant groan. "You never come down to see your old acquaint-ance on the Ellangowan property, Mr. Sampson-You would find most of the old stagers still station-ary there. I have too much respect for the late family to disturb old residenters, even under pretence of im-provement. Besides, it's not my way-I don't lik-ti-I believe, Mr. Sampson, Scripture particularly condemns those who oppress the poor, and remove landmarks." landmarks."

"Or who devour the substance of orphans," sub-joined the Dominie. "Anathema, Maranatha!" So saying, he rose, shouldered the folio which he had been perusing, faced to the right about, and marched out of the room with the strides of a grenadier. Mr. Glossin, no way disconcerted, or at least feel-ing it measure with the strides of a grenadier.

Mr. Giossin, no way disconcerted, or at least feel-ing it necessary not to appear so, turned to young Herzlewood, who was apparently busy with the news-paper. "Any news, sir?" Hazlewood raised his eyes, looked at him, and pushed the paper towards him, as if to a stranger in a coffee-house, then rose, and was about to leave the room. "I beg pardon, Mr. Hazlewood--but I can't help wishing you joy of getting so easily over that informal accident.". This was analy every the act of inclination of the head ac getting so easily over that internal accident." This was answered by a sort of inclination of the head as slight and stiff as could well be imagined. Yet it encouraged our man of law to proceed. "I can pro-mise you, Mr. Hastewood, few people have taken the interest in that matter which I have done, both for interest in that matter which I have done, both for the sake of the country, and on account of my parti-cular respect for your family, which has so high a stake in it; indeed, so very high a stake, that, as Mr. Featherhead is turning old now, and as there's a talk, since his last stroke, of his taking the Chiltern Hun-dreds, it might be worth your while to look about you. I speak as a friend, Mr. Haziewood, and as one who understands the roll; and if in going over it together

"I beg pardon, sir, but I have no views in which your assistance could be useful."

"O very well-perhaps you are right-it's quite time enough, and I love to see a young gentleman cantious. But I was talking of your wound-I think I have got a clew to that business-I think I have-and if I don't bring the fellow to condign penishment

"I beg your pardon, sir, once more; but your seal outruns my wishes. I have every reason to think the wound was accidental—certainly it was not preme-ditated. Against ingratitude and premeditated treach-ery, should you find any one guilty of them, my re-sentment will be as warm as your own." This was

Seatment will be as warm as your own. "I has was Harlewood's answer. Another rebuff, thought Glossin; I must try him upon the other tack. "Right, sir; very nobly said! I would have no more mercy on an ungrateful man than I would on a woodcock—And now we talk of sport, (this was a sort of diverting of the conversa-tion which Glossin had learned from his former pa-tion which Glossin had learned from his former patron.) I see you often carry a gun, and I hope you will be soon able to take the field again. I observe you confine yourself always to your own side of the Hazleshaws-burn. I hope, my dear sir, you will make no acruple of following your game to the Ellangowan bank : I. believe it is rather the best exponence of the two for woodcocks, although both are espital." As this offer only excited a cold and constrained bow, Glossin was obliged to remain silent, and was

bow, Glossin was obliged to remain scient, and was presently. afterwards somewhat relieved by the en-trance of Colonel Mannering. "I have detained you some time, I fear, sir," said de, addressing Glossin; "I wished to prevail upon Miss Bertram to see you, as, in my opinion, her ob-jections ought to give way to the necessity of hearing in her own person what is stated to be of importance hat she should know. But I find that circumstances for our to converse. and occording to be formatten

hat she should know. But I find that circumstances frecent occurrence, and not easily to be forgotten, ave rendered her so utterly repugnant to a personal interview with Mr. Glossin, that it would be crusky to insist upon it: and she has deputed me to receive his commands, or proposal, or, in short, whatever he may wish to say to her." "Hern, hem I am sorry, sir-I am very sorry, Colonel Mannering, that Miss Bertram should sup-pose-that any prejudice, in short-or idea that any thing on my part"

pose—that any prejudice, in short—or idea that any thing on my par?" "Sir," said the inflaxible Colonel, "where no ac-cusation is made, excuses or explanations are unne-sessary. Have you any objection to communicate to me, as Mas Bertram's temporary guardian, the cir-gumstances which you conceive to interest her?" "None, Colonel Mannering; she could not choose a more respectable friend, or one with whom I, in particular, would more anxiously wish to communi-cate frankly." "Have the goodness to speak to the point, sir, if won please.

you please. ""Why, sir, it is not so easy all at once-but Mr. ""Why, sir, it is not so easy all at once-but Mr. "Rankewood need not leave the room, --I mean so well to Miss Bertram, that I could wish the whole world to hear my part of the conference."

to hear my part of the conference." "My friend Mr. Charles Hazlewood will not pro-bably be anxious, Mr. Gleesin, to listen to what can-not concern him-and now, when he has left us alone, her me pray you to be short and explicit in what you have to say. I am a soldier, sir, somewhat impatient of forms and introductions." So eaving, he drew "imself up in his chair, and waited for Mr. Glossin's communication communication.

communication. "Be pleased to look at that letter," said Glossin, "Be pleased to look at that letter," said Glossin, as the shortest way of stating his business. "The Colonel read it, and returned it, after pencilling the name of the writer in his memorandumbook. "This, sir, does not seem to require much discussion—I will see that Miss Bertram's interest is attended to."""Det Colonel Wanzening." additional the set of the s

attended to." "But, sir,-but, Colonel Mannering," added Glos-"But, sir,-but, Colonel Mannering," added Glos-glain but myself. This lady-this Mrs. Margaret Bertram, to my certain knowledge, made a general settlement of her affairs in Miss Lucy Bertram's fa-vour while she lived with my old friend, Mr. Bortram, at Ellangowan. The Domnie-that was the name by which my deceased friend always called that very respectable man Mr. Sampson-he and I witnessed the deed. And she had full power at that time to make such a settlement, for she was in fee of the settle of Singleside's, sir; he pitted the two-cats his daughters sgainst ench other, ha, ha, " "Well, sir," said Mannering, without the slightest smile of sympathy, "but to the purpose. You say that this lady had power to settle her setate on Miss Bertram, and that she did so ?" "Bven so, Colone!," replied Glossin. "I think I should understand the law-I have followed it for many years, and though I have given it up to retire "But, sir,-but, Colonel Mannering," added Glos-

should understand the law-I have followed it for many years, and though I have given it up to retire upon a handsome competence, I did not throw away that knowledge which is pronounced better than house and land, and which I take to be the know-ledge of the law, since, as our common rhyme has it, 'Tis most excellent,' To wis the land there gene and speat.

No. no. I love the smack of the whip-I have a little, avery httle law yet, at the service of my friends." Glossin ran on in this manner thinking he had

made a favousable impresenten ou Manazing. The Colonel indeed reflected that this might be ansat important crisis for Miss Bertram's interest, and re-solved that his strong inclination to throw Glossin out at window, or at door, should not interfire with it. He put a strong curb on his temper, and resolved to listen with patience at least, if without comple-cency. He therefore let Mr. Glossin got to the end of his self-congratulations, and then asked him if he knew where the deed was? "I know-that is, I think-I behove I can recover it-In such cases custodieve have sometimes made s charge."

"We won't differ as to that, sir," said the Gelessi,

inuth, after much consideration, I don't use how that is possible." Gloesin was no sconer mounted and gone, than the Colonel dispatched a groom for Mr. Mec-Morian, and, putting the deed into his hand, respected to know if it was likely to be available to his frame Lucy Bertram. Mac-Morian perused it with eyes has sparkled with delight, snapped his fingers repeated and at length exclaimed, "Available -- it's as the Glossin, when he didna let down a steek on perpet -- But (his countenance failing) the axid b---that I should say so, might alter at pleasure?" "Ah! And how shall we know whether, she had done as 7" "Somebody must attend on Miss Bertram's me e, than

Somebody must attend on Miss Bertram's p

"Somebody must attend on fitus Hertram's p when the repositories of the deceased are open "Can you go?" said the Colonel. "I fear I cannot," replied Mac-Morlan, "I is attend a jury trial before our court." "Then I will go myssif," said the Colonel, set out to-morrow. Sampson shall go with a he is witness to this settlement. But I shall we legal adviser?

"The gontleman that was lately cheriff of i county is high in reputation as a barrister; I you a card of introduction to him." "What I like about you, Mr. Mac-Morlan," the Colonel, "is, that you always course erraid the more if of me have it instanting the share."

the Colonel, "is, that you always to the colonel, "is, that you always to the point. Let me have it instantly shall be been ing an being a

the Colones, "is, that you always come served the point. Let me have it instantly—shall Miss Lucy her chance of becoming an beares "Surely, because you must have some power her, which I will instantly draw out. Benida be caution for her prudence, and that she a sider it only in the light of a chance." . Mac. Morian judged well. It could spot toerned from Miss Betram's mensor, the ten

#### Casa XXXVLI

elemining hopes upon the prospect that unexpect-my opening before her. She did indeed, in the course of the evening, ask Mr. Mac-Morlan, as if by accident, what might be the annual income of the Harlewood property; but shall we therefore aver for erain that she was considering whether an horces of four hundred a-year might be a suitable match for the young Laird?

#### CHAPTER XXXVL

hve us a cap of such, to make mine even took, red.—Per I unu apak in passion, and I will do it in King Cambyner voin. Heavy IV. Part I.

Harry IV. Part I. Harry IV. Part I. Bar no time in his journey to Edinburgh. They pavelled in the Colonel's post-chariot, who, knowing his companion's habits of abstraction, did net choose to lose him out of his own sight, fur less to trust him on horseback, where, in all probability, a knavish stable-boy might with little address have contrived to mount him with his face to the tail. Accordingly, with the aid of his valet, who attended on horseback, he contrived to bring Mr. Sampson safe to an inn in Edinburgh - for hotels in thema days there were be contrived to bring Mr. Sampson safe to an inn in Ridinburgh, for hotels in those days there were none, without any other accident than arone from his straying twice upon the read. On one occasion he was recovered by Barnes, who understood his nemour, when, after engaging in close colloquy with he schoolmaster of Monat, respecting a disputed mainty in Horace's 7th Ode, Book II., the engute led mather concerns the concerns the exact the schoolmaster of Morial, respecting a disputed quality in Horace's 7th Ode, Book II., the disputed on to another controversy, concerning the exact meaning of the word Melobathro, in that lyric effu-sion. His second escapede was made for the purpose of visiting the field of Rullion-green, which was dear by his Prestyterian prediections. Having got out of the carriage for an instant, he saw the sepulchrait meaning of the word Melobathro, in that syric phas Prestyterian prediections. Having got out of the carriage for an instant, he saw the sepulchrait meaning of the word Melobathro, in the sepulchrait meaning of the sin at the distance of 'about a prestyterian prediections. Having got out of the carriage for an instant, he saw the sepulchrait meaning of the sin at the distance of 'about a prestyterian prediections. Taving got out of the carriage for an instant, he saw the sepulchrait meaning of the sin at the distance of 'about a prest, patron, and fellow 'traveller, as gempletaly, not be coassions, knowing by experience how little he made that Colonel Mannering was writing for him, but occassions, knowing by experience how little he made come surprised at his master's patience on the occassions, knowing by experience how little he made the second obvious that they were formed to be maperines through life. If Mannering wanted a presed at have accounts unmade up, or checked, his **instances** was equally ready; if he desired to recall prestichar passage in the classics, he could have meaning when woised, nor sulky when left to himself. To a provid, this walking statue was neither presum-ang when woised, nor sulky when left to himself. To a provid, thy, mearing, this sort of living catalogue, and unimated suconston, had all the advantages of i hierary damb waiter. wary dumb-waiter.

As seen as they arrived in Edinburgh, and were wablished at the George Inn near Bristo-port, then any by old Cockburn, (I love to be particular,) the Menod desired the walter to procure him a guide to the Phoydell's the advocate, for whom he had a let-w of introductive from Mr. Mac-Morlan. He then a manuached Barnes to have an eye to the Dominic, of walked forth with a chairman, who yes to usher as arche man of law.

where forth with a charman, who yets to user by the main of law. The pariod was near the and of the American war. In Spaine of room, of air, and of decent accommo-tion, had not so yet made very mach progress in capital of Scotland. Some efforts had been made the courts alds of the town towards building house the south site of the town towards building houses in chemosities, as they are emphatically termed; the New Town on the north, since so much ar-ted, was then just commenced. But the grant of the better chases, and particularly thous con-net with the law, still lived in flats or dungeons of bid Town. The manners also of some of the ve-to of the law had not admitted innovation. One Was II, SB

or two eminent lawyers still saw their clients in ta-verns, as was the general custom fifty years before; and although their babits were slready considered as old-faglioned by the younger barristers, yet the custom of mixing wine and revely with serious business was still maintained by those senior counsellors, who was still maintained by those senior counsellors, who loved the old road, either because it was such, or ba-cause they had got too well used to it to travel any other. Among those praisers of the past time, who with estentiatious obstinacy affected the manners of a former generation, was this same Paulus Pleydell, Req. otherwise a good scholar, an excellent lawyer, and a worthy man.

Eag. otherwise a good scholar, an excellent lawyer, and a worthy man. Under the guidance of his trusty attendant, Colonal Mannering, after threading a dark lane or two, reach-ed the High-street, then clanging with the voices of oyster-women and the bells of pye-men; for it had, as his guide assured him, just "chappit eight upof the Tron." It was long since Mannering had been in the street of a crowded metropolis, which, with its noise and clamour, its sounds of trade, of revelry and of license, its variety of lights, and the eterally changing bustle of its hundred groups, offers, by night specially, a spectacle, which, though composed of the most vulgar materials when they are separately considered, has, when they are combined, a striking and pewerful effect on the imagination. The extra-ordinary height of the houses was marked by lights, which, glimmering irregularly along their front, as-cended so high among the attics, that they seems at length to twinkle in the middle eky. This cous d'wid, which still subsists in a certain degree, was then more imposing, owing to the uninterrupted range of buildings on each side, which, brokes only a treet, formed a superb and uniform Place, extending from the front of the Luckenbooths to the head of the Canongais, and corresponding in breadth and length to the intersponding in breadth and the Canongate, and corresponding in breadth and length to the uncommon height of the buildings on aither side.

Mannering had not much time to look and to ad-mire. His conductor hurried him across this striking scene, and auddenly dived with him linto a very steep paved lane. Turning to the right, they entered a scale stair-case, as it is called, the state of which, so far as it could be judged of by one of his senses, annoyed Mannering's delicacy not a little. When they had ascended cautiously to a considerable height, they heard a heavy rap at a door, still two stories above them. The door opened, and immediately ensued the sharp and worrying bark of a dog, the squalling of a woman, the screems of an assaulted cat, and the hoarse voice of a man, who cried in a most impers-tive tone, "Will ye, Mustard ! Will ye? down, six, down !"

gi en me?" "Aweel, my doo, the cat's no a prin the wauy-Sa he's no in, ye say ?" "Na, Mr. Pleydell's ne'er in the house on Saturday at e'en." anawered the formal action

"Na, BIT. Floyuents no en in the voice. "And the morn's Sabbath too," said the queriet; "I dinna ken what will be done.

"I dimna ken what will be done." By this time Mannering appeared, and found a tall strong countryman, clad in a coat of pepper and-sall-coloured mixture, with huge metal buttons, a glazed hat and boots, and a large horse-whip beneath his arm, in colloquy with a slip-shod damsed, who had in one hand the lock of the door, and in the other a pail of whiting, or camsione, as it is called, mixed with water—a circumstance which indicates Saturday night in Edipburgh. "Bo Mr. Pleydell is not at home, my good girl?"

mid Manwering. "Ay, eir, he's at hame, but he's no in the house

he's aye out on Saturday at e'en." "But, my good girl, I am a stranger, and my buni-ness express—Will you tell me where I can and ness express

"His honour," said the chairman, "will be st Clerihugh's about this time-Hersell could have tell'd 

he will see me, as I come on business of some consequonce

guonce ?"
" I dinna ken, sir," said the girl, "he disma like to be disturbed on Saturdays wi business—but he's aye civil to strangers."
" I'll gung to the tavern too," said our friend Din-mont, "for I am a stranger also, and on business e'on sic like."
" Na," said the hand-maiden, "an he see the gen-tleman he'll see the simulation her to e."

"I'll gring to the tavern too," said our friend Din-mont, "for I am a stranger also, and on business e'm sic like." "Na," said the hand-maiden, " an he see the gen-tleman, he'll see the simple body too-but, Lord's sake, dinna gay it was me sent ye there!" "Atweel, I am a simple body, that's true, hinny, out I am no come to steal ony o' his skeel for nae-thing," said the farmer in his honest pride, and strut-ted away down stairs, followed by Mannering and the cadle. Mannering could not help admiring the determined stride with which the stranger who pre-ceded them divided the press, shouldering from him, by the mere weight and inpetus of hig motion, both drunk and sober passengers. "He'll be a Teviotdale tup tat ane," said the chairman, "tat's for keeping ta crown o' ta causeway tat gate—he'll no gang far or he'll get somebody to bell ta cat wi' him." "His shrewd augury, however, was not folfilled! Those who recoiled from the colosal weight of Din-mont, on looking up at his size and strength, appa-rently judged him too heavy metal to be rashly en-countered, and suffered him to pursue his course unchallenged. Following in the wake of this first-rate, Mannering proceeded till the farmer made a pause, and, looking back to the chairman, said, "Tim thinking this will be the close, friend?" "Ay, ay," replied Donald, "tat's ta close." Dimmont descended confidently, then turned into a dark alley—then up a dark stair- and then into an open door. While he was whisting shrilly for the waiter, as if he had been one of his collie dogs, Man-nering looked round him, and could hardly conceive how a gentleman of a liberal profession, and good society, should choses such a scene for social indul-gence. Besides the miscrable entrance, the house itself seemed paltry and half ruinous. The passage in which they stood had a window to the close, which admitted a little light during the day-time, and a vil-fanous compound of smells at all times, but more espe-cially towards evening. Corresponding to this window was a borrowe ume, at second hand, such stragging and obscure light as found its way from the lane through the win-dow opposite. At present, the interior of the kitchen was visible by its own huge firse-a sort of Pandemo-nium, where men and women, half undressed, were busied in baking, broiling, roasting oysters, and pro-paring devils on the gridiron; the mistress of the place, with her shoces slip-shod, and her hair strag-gling like that of Megnera from under a round-eared cap, toiling, scolding, receiving orders, giving them, and obeying them all at once, seemed the prekiding enchantress of that gloomy and fiery region. Loud and repeated bursts of laughter, from differ-ent quarters of the house, proved that her labours were acceptable, and not unrewarded by a generous publics. With some difficulty a waiter was prevailed upon to show Golon-1 Mannering and Dinmont the poom where their frid, learned in the law, held his hebdomadal carousdis. The scone which it exhibited, and particularly the attitude of the counsellor him-self, the principal figure therein, struck his two cli-ants with amazement. Mr. Pleydell was a lively, sharp-looking gantleman. light as found its way from the lane through the win-

mis with amazement. Mr. Pleydell was a lively, sharp-looking gentleman, with a professional shrewdness in his eye, and, gentleman, merally speaking, a professional formality in his man-meral. But this, like his three-tailed wig and black coat, he could allo off on a Sturdey evening, when the vines of Gascony lose their flavour in sett northern realin." Mannering, agreeably flattered by this allowing the fame of his celebrated anostor, replied, by so in the frame of his celebrated anostor, replied, by so in the fame of his celebrated anostor, replied, by so is ower cauld for my stamach," seid Diane "It's ower cauld for my stamach," seid Diane in the first of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of the name; "we have not for the fame of t

everal different ways. If we frequently the dice we thrown by the company, and those upon whom the lot fell were obliged to assume and maintain, for a lot fell were colliger to arguine and maintain for a time, a certain fictuitous character, or to report a cer-tain number of fescennine verses in a particular or-der. If they departed from the characters assigned, or if their memory proved treacherous in the repeti-tion, they incurred forfets, which were either com-pounded for by swallowing an additional bumper, or by paying a small sum towards the reckoning. At this sport the jovial company were closely engaged, when Managene entered the room when Mannering entered the room. Mr. Counsellor Pleydell, such as we have described

mit. Counsellor rieyden, such as we nave described, him, was enthroned, as a monarch, in an Jhow-chair, placed on the dining-table, his scratch wig on one side, his head crowned with a bottle-slide, his eye learing with an expression betwirk fun and the effects of wine, while his court around him resound ed with such crambo scraps of verse as these:

Where is Gerunto now ) and what's become of him ) Gerunto's drowned because he could not swim, dr. dr.

Such, O Themis, were anciently the sports of thy Scottish children! Dinmont was first in the rooms He stood agnest a moment.—and then exclaimed "It's him, sure enough—Deil of the like of that ever

I saw !'

I saw !" At the sound of "Mr. Dinmost and Colonel Man-nering wanting to speak to you, air," Pleydell turned his head, and blushed a little when he saw the very genteel figure of the English stranger. He was, how-ever, of the opinion of Falstalf, "Out, ye villains, play out the play !" wisely judging it the better way to appear totally unconcerned. "Where be our guards 7 exclaimed this second Justinian; "see ye not a stran-ger knight from foreign parts arrived at this our coart of Holyrood, -with our boid yeoman Andrew Dia-mont, who has succeeded to the keeping of our royal flocks within the forest of Jedwood, where, thanks to our royal care in the administration of justice, the feed as sigt as if they were within the bounds of Figs to our royal care in the administration of justice, the feed as safe as if they were within the bounds of Figs Where befour heralds, our pustivants, our Lyan, our Marchmount, our Carrick, and our Snowdowa? Let the strangers be placed at our board, and reguled at beseement their quality, and this our high boliday-to-morrow we will hear their tidings." "So please you, my liege, to-morrow's Sundag," said one of the company.

"Sanday, is it? then we will give no offence to du assembly of the kirk-on Monday shall be their as

Mannering, who had stood at first uncertain whether to advance or retreat, now received to enter for the moment into the whim of the scene, the internally fretting at Mac-Morlan, for septing his consult with a crack-brained humourst. He do fore advanced with three profound congest, craved permission to lay his credentials at the full because the section of t craved permission to lay his credentials at the **back** the Scottish monarch, in order to be perused at best leisure. The gravity with which he account dated himself to the humour of the moment, and deep and humble inclination with which he at declined, and then accepted, a seat presented by master of the ceremonies, procured him three sea ented by

master of the ceremonies, procured him three real "Doilhae me, if they arena a' mad thegither if a Dinmont, occupying with less ceremony a sest of bottom of the table, "or else they has taen. You fore it comes, and are gaun a-guisarding." A large glass of claret was offered to Manine who drank it to the health of the reigning per "You are, I presume to guese," said the mering that celebrated Sir Miles Mannering, so real in the French wars, and may well pronounce the he wines of Giascony lose their flavour in est northern realm."

the that the moist and humid air of our valley of Lid-dynclibes to stronger potations.—Seneschal, let our fulful yeoman have a cup of brandy; it will be more serve in the nuster." semain to the matter

"And now," said Mannering, "since we have un-wardy intruded upon your majesty at a moment of mintful retirement, be pleased to say when you will indulge a stranger with an audience on those affairs a weight which have brought him to your northern supial."

The monarch opened Mac-Morlan's letter, and, running it hastily over, exclaimed, with his natural voice and manner, "Lucy Bertram of Ellangowan, nor deer leasts !"

"A forfeit ! a forfeit !" exclaimed a dozen voices; "his majesty has forgot his kingly character." "Not a whit ! not a whit ?" replied the king; "1'll be judged by this courteous knight. May not a mo-narch love a maid of low degree? Is not King Co-phetua and the Beggar-maid, an adjudged case in point ?"

"Professional ! professional !—another forfeit," ex-claimed the turnultuary nobility. "Had not our royal predecessora," continued the

"Had not our royal predecessors," continued the monarch, exating his sovereign voice to drown these disaffected clasmoura,—"Had they not their Jean Lo-gree, their Bessie Carmichaels, their Oliphanta, their Bandilands, and their Weirs, and shall it be denied to us even to natme a maiden whom we delight to honour? Nay, then, sink state and perish sovereign-ty ! for, like a second Charles V., we will abdicate, and seek in the private shades of life those plea-sures which are denied to a throne." "So saying, he fung away his crown, and sprang from his exclted station with more agility than could have been expected from his age, ordered lights and a wash-hand basin and towel, with a 'cup of green tes, into another room, and made a sign to Manner-ing to accompany him. In less than two minutes he washed his face and hands, settled his yig in the glass, and, to Mannering's great surprise, looked

asse, and, to Manuering's great surprise, looked atte a different man from the childish Bacchanal he

and seen a moment before. "There are folks," he said, "Mr. Mannering, be-ine whom one should take care how they play the bol-because they have either too much malice, or so little wit, as the post says. The best compliment can pay Colorel Mannerner, is to show 1 am not manned to expose myself before him-and trely I holthink it is a compliment I have not spared to-night a your good-nature.—But what's that great strong

bow wanting?" Dinmont, who had pushed after Mannering into 

-12 carned counsel.

b) and come to me on Monday at ten," repuer learned counsel.
\* But, hir, I haena got ony distinct memorial."
\* No memorial, men ?" said Pleydell.
\* No memorial, men ?" said Pleydell.
\* No memorial, men ?" said Pleydell.
\* No memorial, memorial " answered Dandie; "for handour suid before, Mr. Pleydell, ye'll mind, that the best to hear us hill-folk tell our ain tale by we e mouth."
\* Bestrew my tongue, that said so !" answered the meetics, " it will cost my ears a dinaing.-Well, an two words what you've got to say-you see the tleman waits."
\* Ou, sir, if the gentleman likes he may play his ain ng first; it's a ne to Dandie."
\* Now, you looby," said the lawyer, "cannot you resive that your business can be nothing to Colone in mering, but that he may not choose to have these at ears of thine regaled with his natures?"
\* Wweel, sir, just as you and he like-so ye see to assincess, " said Dandie, not and it does not does to bay the set of the goottish memorial corresponds to the English brief.

The Scottish memorial corresponds to the English brief.

by the roughness of this recoption. "We're at the by the roughness of this recoption. "We're at the auld wark o' the marches again, Jock o' Dawston Cleugh and me. Ye see we march on the tap o' Tou-thop-rigg after we pass the Pomoragrains; for the Pomoragrains, and Slackenepool, and Bloodylawa, they come in there, and they belang to the Peel; but after ye pass Pomoragrains at a muckle great saucer-headed cutlugged stane, that they ca' Charlies Chuckie, there Dawston Cleugh and Charlies-hope they march. Now I say the march rins on the tap o' the bill there Dawston Cleugh and Charlies-hope they march. Now, I say, the march rins on the tap o' the hill where the wind and water shears; but Jock o' Daw-ston Cleugh again, he contravenes that, and says, that it hauds down by the auld drove-road that gaes awa by the Knot o' the Gate ower to Keeldar-ward-and that makes an unco difference." "And what difference does it make, friend?" said Pleydell. "How many sheep will it feed?" "Ou, no mony," said Dandie, scratching his head, ---"it's lying high and exposed--it may feed a hog, or sibling two may apod year."

aiblins twa m a good year." "And for this grazing, which may be worth about

five shillings a-year, you are willing to throw away a hundred pound or two?

"Na, sir, it's no for the value of the grass," replied Dinmont; "it's for justice." "My good friend," said Pleydell, "justice, like cha-rity, should begin at home. Do you justice to your wife and family and think non-near the more than the

nty, should begin at home. Do you justice, like cha-nty, should begin at home. Do you justice to your Dinmont still ingered, twisting his hat in his hand - "It's no for that, sir-but I would like ill to be bragged wi'him-he threeps he'll bring a score o' wit-nesses and mair-and I'm sure there's as mony will swear for me as for him, folk that lived a' their days upon the Charlies-hope, and wadna like to see the land loss its right."

settle it?

settle it?" "Odd, sir," answered the farmer, "we tried that three times already—that's twice on the land and ance at Lockerby fair.— But I dinna ken—we he bait gey good at single-stick, and it couldna weel he judged." "Then take broadswords, and be d—d to you, as your fathers did before you," said the counsel learned

in the law.

"A weel, sir, if ye think it wadna be again the law, it's a' ane to Dandie." "Hold! bold ?" exclaimed Pleydell, "we shall have

"Hold! hold ?" exclaimed Pleydell, "we shall have another Lord Soulis' mistake—Pr'ythee, man, com-prehend me; I wish you to consider how very trifing and foolish a lawsut you wish to engage in." "Ay, sir?" said Dandie, in a disappointed tone. "So ye winna take on wi' me, I'm doubting?" "Me! not 1-go home, go home, take a pint and agree." Dandie looked but half contented, and stiff remained stationary. "Any thing more, my friend?" "Only sir, about the succession of this leddy that's dead, auld Miss Margaret Bertram o' Singleside." "Ay, what about her?" said the counsellor, rather supprised.

surprised. surprised. "Ou, we have nee connexion at a' wi' the Ber-trams," said Dandie,—" they were grand folk by the like o' us—But Jean Liltup, that was auld Single-side's housekeeper, and the mother of these twa-young ladies that are gone—the last o' them's dead at a ripe age, I trow—Jean Liltup came out o' Liddel water, and she was as near our connexion as second cousin to my mother's half-sister—She drow up wi cousin to my mother's half-sister-She drew up wi Singleside, nae doubt, when she was his hou ekceper, and it was a sair vex and grief to a' her kith and kin. But he acknowledged a marriage, and satisfied that kirk—and now I wad ken frae you if we hac not some claim by law?"

Not the shadow of a claim."

"Awel, we're nae puirer," said Dandie,--" but sne may hae thought on us if she was minded to make a

estament.-Weel, sir, I've said my say-I'se e'en vish you good night, and"----putting his hand in his pocket. "No, no, my friend; I never take fees on Saturday

nights, or without a memorial-away with you, Dan-die." And Dandie made his reverence, and departed accordingly.

#### CHAPTER XXXVII.

UIIA FIBITA A STATE But this peor farce has peither truth, nor art, To piesse the fancy or to touch the beart. Bark but not wwal, dismi but yet meen, With antious bault moves the admirrous scene Presents no objects tender or profound, But spreads its cold unmeaning gloom around. Parts Rega

"Your majesty," said Mannering, laughing, "has colemnized your abdication by an act of mercy and sharity—That fellow will scarce think of going to law." "O, you are quite wrong," said the experienced lawyer. "The only difference is, I have lost my elient and my fee. He'll never rest till he finds some-body to encourage him to commit the folly he has gredstermined—No! no! I have only shown you another weakness of my character—I always speak truth of a Saturday night." "And sometimes through the weak, I should think," said Mannering; continuing the same tone. "Why, yes; as far as my vocation will permit. I

sud Mannering; continuing the same tone. "Why, yes; as far as my vocation will permit. I am, as Hamlet says, indifferent honest, when my elients and their solicitors do not make me the me-dium of conveying their double-distilled lies to the bench. But operiat visere! it is a sad thing.—And now to our business. I am glad my old friend Macbunch. But oportat vivere! it is a sad thing.—And now to our business. I am glad my old friend Mac-Morlan has sent you to me; he is an ative, homest, sad intelligent man, long sheriff-substitute of the county of — under me, and still holds the office. He knows I have a regard for that unfortunate fa-mily of Ellangewan, and for poor Lucy. I have not usen her since she was twelve years old, and she was then a sweet pretty girl under the management of a very silly father. But my interest in her is of an early date. I was called upon, Mr. Mannering, being then useriff of that county, to investigate the particularsef a murder which had been committed near Ellango-wan the day on which this poor child was born; and which, by a strange combination that I was unhap-min of her only brother, a boy of about five years old. No, Colonel, I shall never forget the misery of the flouse of Ellangowan that morning !— the father half-distracted—the mother dead in preunature travail-the helpless infant, with scarce any one to stlend it. the helpless infant, with scarce any one to stiend it. soming wawling and crying into this miserable world at such a moment of unutterable misery. We lawyers size not of iron, sir, or of brass, any more than you moldiers are of steel. We are conversant with the spines and distresses of civil society, as you are with erimes and distresses of civil society, as you are with those that occur in a state of war, and to do our duty is either case a little apathy is porthaps necessary— But the devil take a soldier whose heart can be as insrd as his sword, and his dam catch the lawyer who isonzes his bosom instead of his forehead I-But some, I am being my Saturday at e'en-will you have the kindness to trust me with these papers which relate to Miss Bertram's business?-and stay --to-morrow you'll take a bachelor's dinner with an old lawyer,-I insist upon it, at three precisely-and come an hour sconer.-The old lady is to be buried with sour from the Sunday to talk over this busi-rows an hour form the Sunday to talk over this busi-rows an hour form the Sunday to talk over this busi-rows an hour form the Sunday to talk over this busi-rows an hour form the Sunday to talk over this busi-rows an hour settlement--unless perhaps it secures altered her settlement-unless perhaps it secures which the sixty days, and then if Miss Bertram can under that she possesses the character of heir-st-law, as the character of heir-at-law. ow that she possess why

But, hask ! my lieges are impatient of their in regnum-I do not invite you to rejoin us, Colonel; would be a treaters on your complexence, unless, sou hed began the day with us, and gradually glidde on from wisdom to mirth, and from mirth te-to-to -extravagance. -Good night-Harry, go home with Mr. Mannering to his lodgring -Golonel I expect you at a little past two someorees." at a little past two to more

The Colonel reterned to his im, equally surprise at the childish frohes in which he had found hi learned counsellor engaged, at the candour and some sense which he had in a moment summoned up to meet the exigences of his profession, and at the tone of feeling which he displayed when he apoles of the friendless orphan.

In the morning, while the Colonel and his me quiet and silent of all retainers, Dominie Sampso were finishing the breakfast which Barnes had na quiet and silent of all retainers, Dominic Sampon, were finishing the breakfast which Barnes haf main suf poured out, after the Dominic had scaffad him-self in the attempt, Mr. Pleydell was suddenly ushered in. A nicely dressed bob-wig, upon every thir is which a zealous and careful barber had bestowed its proper allowance of pewder; a well-branked black suit, with very clean shoes and gold-buckles and stock-buckle; a manner rather reserved and formal than intrusive, but, withal, showing only the farmal-ity of menner, by no means that of awkwardness; a countenance, the expressive and somewhat come features of which were in complete repose, --all show-ed a being perfectly different from the choice spirit d the evening before. A glance of shurwed and parcing fire in his eye was the only marked expressions which recalled the man of "Saturday at very polite address, " to use my regel authority in your behalf in equivienal as well as temporals-can I accompany you to the a bigions, or rather I should say of both forma-or can is time when a Scotchmen was thought inheaphale a time when a Scotchmen was thought inheaphale a time when a Scotchmen was thought inheaphale a table a temp or all shows the stores in the slept-but I trust you will tell me at enco i I instrume." " Not at all, not dear sir," answend Calonin Man.

"Not at all, my deer sir," answeed Colored unit norms," I an desighted so put myself under "Not at all, my deer sir," answeed Colored I pering."" I an desighted so put myself under plotage. I should wish much to hear some of pilotage. I should wish much to har some Scottish preachers whose talents fave das honour to your country-your lists, your Red or your Henry; and I embrace your kind of all my heart-Only," drawing the lawyer aside, and turning his eye towards Sampas worthy friend there in the reverts is a lists I and abstracted, and my servast, Barnes, who pilot in ordinary, cannot well assist him he is has argressed his determination a to some of your darker and more senses pl worship."

worship." The lawyer's eye glanced at Dominis S. "A curiosity worth preserving—and I'll is fit oustodier.—Here you, sir, (to the weiter Luckie finleyson's in the Cowgate for Mile the code, he'll be there shout this time, and I wish to speak to him." The person wanted soon arrived. "I will war friand to this man's charge." said Played

The person wanted soon strived. "I will your friend to this man's change," said Playdell attend him, or consist him wherever he co go, with a happy indifference as to kink or meeting or court of justice, or say other play ever-and bridg him safe home at whats war appoint is o that Mr. Barnes there may be a freedom of his own will." This was easily arranged; and the Column itted the Domime to the charge of this man they should remain in Edinburgh. "And mow, sir, if you please, we bhall Greyfriars church, to hear our historian af of the Continent, and of America." said Pleydell ;

They were disappointed he did not thorning.-"Never mind," said the course a moment's parience, and we shall do we shall do we The colleague of Dr. Rebertson sector

pit.\* His external appearance was not py A remarkably fair complexion, stranged with a black wig without a grain of pow row chest and a stooping posture ; heard pressure has prope on effect side of the period the period necessary rather to support the period the set of the gestioniation of the process, and a second statement that of Genera, a tombied band, and a second statement \* This was the celebrated Dr. Enkine, a disting

#### (Intel XXXVIII)

medeserce voluntary, were the first circumstances hich struck a stranger. "The preacher flems a syngainly person," whispered Mannering to his r friend

"Never fe er fear, he's the son of an excellent Scottish -he'll show blood, I'll warrant him."

There where he'll show blood, I'll warrant him." The karned counsellor predicted truly. A lecture wadelivered, frangth with new, striking, and enter-lining views of Scripture history—a sermon, in which the Calvinism of the Kirk of Scotland was ably apported, yet made the basis of a sound system of practical morals, which should neither shelter the inner moler the clock of speculative faith or of pecu-tions and the should neither shelter the history of opinion, nor have bin loose to the waves of much of opinion. Something there was of an antiquested man of argument and metaphor, but it astronsted vara of argument and metaphor, but it cally served to give next and poculiarity to the style-of dencation. The simmon was not read-a scrap of paper containing the heads of the discourse was accasionally migravit to, and the emugrisation, which it first served imperfect and embarfased, because, as the preacher warmed in his progress, animated and distinct; and although the discourse could not be quoted as a convert macriment of values. md distinct; and although the discourse could not be quoted as a correct specimen of pulpit eloquence, yet Mannering had seldom heard so much learning, metaphysical acutences, and energy of argument, brought into the service of Christianity. "Suck," he said, going out of the church, " must have been the preschers to whose unferning minds, and noste, though sometimes radely exercised talents, we owe the Reformation."

"And you think of the early fathers in the kirk, we over the Reformation." "And you that reversed gentleman," said Pleydell, "whom I love for his father's sake and his own, has been imported to some of the early fathers of the Cal-vinistic Kirk of Scotland. His colleague and he differ, and head different parties in the kirk, about particular points of church discipline; but without for a moment losing personal regard or respect for each other, or suffering makignity to interfere in an opposition, steady, constant, and apparently con-mentious on both sides." "And you, Mr. Pleydell, what do you think of their paints of difference ?" "Why, I hope, Colonel, a plain man may go to haven without thinking about them at all-besides, inter mos, I am a member of the suffering and Epis-sonal Church of Scotland-the shadow of a shade way, and fortunately so-but love to pray where my

we and fortunately so-but I love to pray where my there prayed before me, without thinking worse of the Presbyterian forms, because they do not affect the with the same associations." And with this rehe Pre From the awkward access to the lawyer's mansion,

Lannering was induced to form very moderate ex-actations of the entertainment which he was to setsive. The approach looked even more dismal by ay-light than on the preceding evening. The houses ar each side of the lane were so close, that the neigh-oury might have shaken hands with each other from best of might have an action hands where a children holds of different sides, and occasionally the space be-reen was traversed by wooden galleries, and thus nirstly closed up. The stair, the scale-stair, was not the cleaned; and on entering the house, Mannering struck with the narrowness and meanness of the inscotted passage. But the library into which he shown by an elderly respectable-looking manwe shown by an elderly respectable-looking man-vant, was a complete contrast to these unpro-fing appearances. It was a well-proportioned in hung with a portrait or two of Scottish charac-of emimence, by Jamieson, the Caledonian Van-g, and surrounded with books, the best editions he best anthors, and in particular an admirable action of Classics. These, " said Pleydell, " are my tools of trade. A in without history or literature is a mechanic, a working mason; if he possesses some know-of these, he may venture to call himself an

of these, he may venture to call himself an of

Earmoring was chiefly delighted with the view the wirfdows, which commanded that incom-

of Dr. Brakine was an emissent lawyer, and his De Lev of St 

parable prospect of the ground between Edinburgh and the sea; the Frith of Forth, with its islands; the embayment which is terminated by the Law of North Berwick; and the varied shores of Fife to the northward, indenting with a hilly outline the clear blue horizon.

When Mr. Pleydell had sufficiently enjoyed the surprise of his guest, he called his attention to Miss Bertram's affairs. "I was in hopes," he said, "though but faint, to have discovered some means of asc taining her indefeasible right to this property of Sin-gleside; but my researches have been in vain. The old lady was certainly absolute far, and might dis-pose of it in full right of property. All that we have to alter this very proper settlement. You must at-tend the old girl's funeral to-morrow, to which you will receive an invitation, for I have acquainted her agent with your being here on Miss Bertram's part; and I will meet you afterwards at the house she in-habited, and be present to see fair play at the open-ing of the settlement. The old cat had a little girl, the orphan of some relation, who lived with her as a kind of slavish companion. I hope she has had the conscience to make her independent, in consider-tion of the peine forte et dure to which she subjected her during her life-time." taining her indefeasible right to this property of Sin-

her during her life-time." Three gentlemen now appeared, and were intro-duced to the stranger. They were men of good same, gayety, and general information, so that the day passed very pleasantly over; and Colonel Mannering assist-ed, about eight o'clock at night, in discussing the landlord's bottle, which was, of course, a magnum. Upon his return to the inn, he found a card inviting him to the funeral of Mrs. Margaret Bertram, late of Singleside, which was to proceed from her own house to the place of interment in the Greyfriars churchyard at one o'clock at frequence.

house to the place of interment in the Greyfriars churchyard, at one o'clock afternoon. At the appointed hour, Mannering went to a small house in the suburbs to the southward of the city, where he found the place of mourning, indicated, as usual in Scotland, by two neful figures with long black cloaks, white crapes and hat-bands, holding in their hands poles, adorned with melancholy streamers of the same description. By two other mutes, who. from their visages, seemed suffering under the pres-wue of some strange calamity, he was unhered into sure of some strange calamity, he was ushered into the dining-parlour of the defunct, where the company

the diming-partour of the declinet, where the company were assembled for the funeral. In Scotland, the custom, now disused in England, of inviting the relations of the deceased to the inter-ment, is universally retained. On many occasions this has a singular and striking effect, but it degene-rates into mere empty form and grimace, in cases where the defunct has had the misfortune to live un-located and discussment. The English service where the defunct has had the misfortune to live un-beloved and die unlamented. The English service for the dead, one of the most beautiful and impres-sive parts of the ritual of the church, would have, in such cases, the effect, of fixing the attention, and present, in an exercise of devotion so peculiarly adapt-ed to such an occasion. But according to the Scot-tish custom, if there be not real feeling among the assistants, there is nothing to supply the deficiency, and exalt or rouse the attention; so that a sense of tedious form, and almost hypocritical restraint, is too apt to pervade the company assembled for the mountful solemnity. Mrs. Margaret Bertram. was unluckily one of those whose good qualities had atunluckily one of those whose good qualities had at-tached no general friendship. She had no near rela-tions who might have mourned from natural affec-tion, and therefore her funeral exhibited merely the exterior trappings of sorrow

Marinering, therefore, stood among this lugibrious company of cousins in the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth degree, composing his countertance to the de-cent solemnity of all who were around him, and look. ing as much concerned on Mrs. Margaret Bertram's account, as if the deceased lady of Singleside had been his own sister or mother. After a deep and swful pause, the company began to talk aside—un-der their breaths, however, and as if in the chamber

of a dying person. "Our poor friend," said one grave gentleman, 19\*

scarcely opening his mouth, for fear of deranging the necessary, solemnity of his features, and sliding his whisper from between his lips, which were as little unclosed as possible,—"Our poor friend has died well to pass in the world." "Nae doubt," answered the person addressed, with half-closed eyes; poor Mrs. Margaret was aye careful of the gear."

of the gear.

"Any news to-day, Colonel Mannering," said one of the gentlemen whom he had dined with the day before but in a tone which might, for its impressive gravity, have communicated the death of his whole generation.

gravity, have communicated the death of his whole generation. "Nothing particular, I believe, sir," said Manner-ing, in the cadence which was, he observed, appro-priated to the house of mourning. "I understand," continued the first speaker, en-phatically, and with the air of one who is well in-formed—"I understand there is a settlement." "And what does little Jenny Gibson get?" "A hundred, and the auld repeater." "That's but sma' gear, puir thing; she had a sair time o't with the auld leddy. But it's ill waiting for dead folk's shoon." "I am afraid," said the politician, who was close by Mannering, "we have not done with your old friend Tippoo Saib yet—I doubt he'll give the Com-pany more plague; and I am told, but you'll know for certain, that East India Stock is not rising." "I trust it will, sir, soon." "Mrs. Margaret," said another person, mingling in the conversation, "had some India bonds. I know that, for I drew the interest for her—it would be de-sirable now for the trustees and legatees to have the Colonel's advice about the time and mode of con-verting them into moncy. For my part I think—But there's Mr. Mortcloke to tell us they are gaun to lift." Mr. Mortcloke the undertaker did accordingly, with a visage of professional length and most grievous so-

a visage of professional length and most grievous so-lemnity, distribute among the pall-bearers little cards, assigning their respective situations in attendance assigning their respective situations in attendance upon the coffin. As this procedence is supposed to be regulated by propinquity to the defunct, the under-taker, however skilful a master of these lugubrious ceremonies, did not escape giving some offence. To be related to Afrs, Bertram was to be of kin to the lands of Singleside, and was a propinquity of which each relative present at that moment was particu-larly jealous. Some murmurs there were on the oc-cression, and our friend Dinmost gave more open of

each relative present at that moment was particu-larly jealous. Some murmurs there were on the oc-cassion, and our friend Dinmont gave more open of fence, being unable either to repress his discontent, or to uter it in the key properly modulated to the so-lemnity. "I think ye might hae at least given me a leg o' her to carry," he exclaimed in a voice cousi-derably louder than propriety admitted; "God I an it hadna been for the rigs o' land, I would hae gotten her a' to carry mysell, for as mony gentles as are here." A score of frowning and reproving brows were bent upon the unappalled yeoman, who, having given vent to his displeasure, staked sturdily down stairs with the rest of the company, totally disregarding the cen-sures of those whom his remarks had scandalized. And then the funeral pomp set forth; saulies with their batons, and gumphions of tarnished white crape, m honour of the well: preserved maiden fame of Mrs. Margaret Bertram. Six starved horses, themaelyes the very emblems of mortality, well cloaked and plu-med, logging along the hearse with its dismal tem-blazonry, crept. in slow state towards the place of interment, preceded by Jamie Duff, an idiot, who, with weepers and cravat made of white paper, at-tended on every funeral, and followed by six mourn-ing coaches, filled with the company. Many of these now gave more free loose to their tongues, and dis-cussed with unrestrained errostness the smout of now gave more free loose to their tongues, and dis-cussed with unrestrained earnestness the amount of the succession, and the probability of its destination. The principal expectants, however, kept a prudent silence, indeed ashamed to express hopes which might who alone knew exactly how matters stood, maintained a countenance of mysterious importance, as if dotermined to preserve the full interest of anxiety and

At length they arrived at the churchyard gates, and

## [CHAP. XXXVIII.

from thence, amid the gaping of two or three dozen of idle women with infants in their arms, and accom-panied by some twenty children, who ran gambolling and screaming alongside of the sable procession, they finally arrived at the burial place of the Singleside family. This was a square enclosure in the Gray-friars' churchyard, guarded on one side by a veteran friars' churchyard, guarded on one side by a veteral angel, without a nose, and having only one wing, who had the merit of having maintained his post for a century, while his comrade cherub, who had stood sentinel on the corresponding pedestal, lay a broken trunk among the hemlock, burdock, and nettles, which grew in gigantic luxuriance around the walls of the mausoleum. A moss-grown and broken in-scription informed the reader, that in the year 1650 Captain Andrew. Bertram, first of Singleside, de-scended of the very ancient and honourable house of Ellangowan, had caused this monument to be erect-Ellangowan, had caused this monument to be erected for himself and his descendants. A reasonable number of scythes and hour-glasses, and death's heads, and cross-bones, garnished the following sorg of sepulchral poetry, to the memory of the founder of the mausoleum :

Nathaniel's heart, Bezaleel's hand, If ever any had, These boldly do I say had he, Who licth in this bed.

Here then, amid the deep black fat loam into which Here then, amid the deep black fat loam into which her ancestors were now resolved, they deposited the body of Mrs. Margaret Bertram; and, like soldieur returning from a military funeral, the nearest rela-tions who might be interested in the settlements of the lady, urged the dog-cattle of the hackney coaches to all the speed of which they were capable, in order to put an end to further suspense on tha. interesting topic tonic.

## CHAPTER XXXVIII.

Die and endow a college or a cat.

Port

THERE is a fable told by Lucian, that while a troop of monkeys, well drilled by an intelligent manager, were performing a tragedy with great applause, the decorum of the whole scene was at once destroyed, and the natural passions of the actors called forth and the natural passions of the active mulation, by a winto very indecent and active emulation, by a with the stage. In his who threw a handhil of nuts upon the stage. In like manner, the approaching crisis stirred up among the expectants feelings of a nature very different from those, of which, under the superintendence of Mr. Mortcloke, they had but now been endeavouring to imitate the expression. Those eyes which were lately devoutly cast up to heaven, or with greater bunkley bent solemnly upon earth, were now sharpy and alertly daring their glances through shuttles, the trunks, and drawers, and cabinets, and all the sub-corners of an old maiden lady's repositories. He was their searcle without interest, though they not find the will of which they were in quest. Here was a promissory note for 200. by the minimum of the non-juring chapel, interest marked as pail of Martinanas last, carefully folded up in a new set. "Martinanas last, carefully folded up in a new set."

marinanas last, carefully folded up in a new set words to the old tune of "Over the Water to Char —there, was a curious love correspondence between the deceased and a certain Lieutenant O'Kean a marching regiment of foot; and tied up with the ters was a document, which at once explained is relatives why a connexion that boded them little had been suddenly broken off, being the Lieutenan bond for two hundred pounds, upon which no inter-winatever appeared to have been paid. Other and bonds to a larger amount, and signed by names (I mean commercially) than those set worthy divine and gallant soldier, also occurned the course of their researches, besides a home cracked souff-boxes, mountings of spoctacles, &c. &c. Still no will made its appearance, and lone! Mannering began full well to hope the settlement which he had obtained from Glossian tained the ultimate arrangement of the old ledy tained the ultimate arrangement of the old lady fairs. But his friend Pleydell, who now came

## the norm, cautioned, him against entertaining this |

"I am well acquainted with the gentleman," he said, "who is conducting the search, and I guess from his manner that he knows something more of the matter than any of us." Meantime, while the sarch proceeds, let us take a brief glance at one or two of the company who seem most interested. Of Dinmont, who, with his large hunting-whip under his arm, stood poking his great round face over the shoulder of the *komme d'affaires*, it is unneces-sary to say any thing. That thin-looking oldish person, in a most correct and gentleman-like suit of mourning is Mac-Casquil, formerly of Drumquag, who was runned by having a legacy bequeathed to him of two shares in the Ayr bank. His hopes on the present occasion are founded on a very distant relationship, upon his sitting in the same pew with The deceased every Sunday, and upon his playing at cribbage with her regularly on the Saturday evenings The deceased every Sunday, and upon his playing at cribbage with her regularly on the Saturday evenings — taking great care never to come off a winner. That other coarse-looking man, wearing his own greasy shart tied in a leathern cue more greasy still, is a tobaccoaist, a relation of Mrs. Bartram's mother, who, having a good stock in trade when the colonial war broke out, trebled the price of his commodity to all the world, Mrs. Bertram alone excepted, whose tortoise-shell snuft-box was weekly filled with the best rappee at the old prices, because the maid erought it to the shop with Mrs. Bertram's respects to her cousin Mr. Quid. That young fellow, who has not had the decency to put off his boots and buck-skins, might have stood as forward as most of them in the graces of the old lady, who loved to look upon a comely young man; but it is thought he has forfwied the moment of fortune, by sometimes neglecting her testable when solernly invited; sometimes appearing there, when hend been dining with blither company; twice treading upon her cat's tail, and onse affronting her parcol.
 To Mannering, the most interesting of the group, was the poor gui, who had been a sort of humble companion of the deceased, as a subject upon whom the could at all times expectorate her bad humour.

she could at all times expectorate her bad humour. She was for form's sake dragged into the room by the deceased's favourite female attendant, where, drinking into a corner as soon as possible, she saw with wonder and affright the intrusive researches of the strangers unongst those recesses to which from childhood she had looked with awful veneration. This girl was regarded with an unfavourable eye by all the competitors, honest Dinmont only excepted; the rest conceived they should find in her a formida-ter on the stranger the should find in the stranger. The competitor, whose claims might at least encura-ber and diminish their chance of succession. Yet the was the only person present who seemed really to feel sorrow for the deceased. Mrs. Bertram had been her protectors, although from selfish motives, been her protectress, although from selfish motives, and her capricious tyranny was forgotten at the mo-ment while the tears followed each other fast down the cheeks of her frightened and friendless depend-ent. "There's ower muckle saut water there, Drum-mag," said the tobacconist to the ex-proprietor, "to be ither folk muckle gude. Folk seldom greet that here bat they ken what it's for." Mr. Mac-Casquil and propried with a nod, feeling the propriety of as-wing his superior gentry in presence of Mr. Pley-th and Colonel Mannering.

Very queer if there suld be nas will after a', ad," said Dinmont, who began to grow impatient, the man of busines

A moment's patience, if you please she was a d and prudent woman, Mrs. Margaret Bertram-pood and prudent and well-judging woman, and how to choose friends and depositaries she the trands of some safe friend."

bet a rump and dozon," said Pleydell, whis-to the Colonel, "he has got it in his own "then addressing the man of law, "Come, TU. ng Then addressing the man of law, "come, we'll cut this short if you please here is a settle of the estate of Singleside, executed several ago, in favour of Miss Lucy Bertratn of Ellas-

gowan"-----The company stared fearfully wild.--"You, I presume, Mr. Protocol, can inform us if there is a later deed ?"

there is a later deed ?" "Please to favour me, Mr. Pleydell ;"-and so say-ing, he took the deed out of the learned counsel's hand, and glanced his eye over the contents. "Too cool" said Pleydell, " too cool by half-he has another deed in his pocket still." "Why does he not show it then, and be d-d to him !" said the ruilitary gentleman, whose patience becan to way threadbare.

began to wax threadbare

him " said the military gentleman, whose patience began to wax threadbare. "Why, how should I know ?" answered the bar rister,—" why does a cat not kill a mouse when sh-takes him ?-the conscionness of power and the lowe of teazing, I suppose.-Well, Mr. Protocol, what say you to that deed ?" "Why, Mr. Pleydell, the deed is a wall-drawn deed, properly authenticated and tested in forms of the statute." But recalled or superseded by another of poste-rior date in your possession, ch ?" said the counsellor. "Something of the sort I confess, Mr. Pleydell." rejoined the man of business, producing a bundle tied with tape, and scaled at each fold and ligation with black wax. "That doed, Mr. Pleydell, which you produce and found upon is dated ist June 17--; but this"-breaking the seals and unfolding the doen-ment slowly--- "Is dated the 20th-no. I see it is the 21st, of April of this present year, being ten years posterior." "Marry, hang her, brock !" said the counsellor.-browing an exclamation from Sir Toby Belch. "just the month in which Ellangowan's distresses became generally public. But let us hear what she has done."

became generally public. But let us hear what she has done

has done." Mr. Protocol accordingly having required silence, beyan to read the settlement aloud in a slow, steady, business-like tone. The group around, in whose eyes hope alternately awakened and faded, and who were straining their apprchensions to get at the drift of the testator's meaning through the mist of tech-nical language in which the conveyance had involved. it, might have made a study for Hogarth.

it, might have made a study for Hogarin. The deed was of an unexpected nature. It set, forth with conveying and disponing all and whole the estate and lands of Singleside and others, with the lands of Loverless, Liealone, Spinster's Knowe, and heaven knows what beside, "to and in favours of (here the reader softened his voice to a gentle and modest piano) Peter Protocol, clerk to the signet, having the fullest confidence in his capacity and intermity." (these are the veries whole meter surfer whole meter surfer naving the nuises connance in his capacity and in-tegrity: "(these are the very words which my worthy deceased friend insisted upon my inserting,) " But in rawsr alwaya" (here the reader recovered his voice and style, and the visages of several of the hearen, which had attained a longitude that Mr. Mortcloke with has assume assume the more stilly chartened."

which had attained a fongitude that Mr. Morteloke might have envied, were perceptibly shortened,) "in. racer slways, and for the uses, ends, and purposes herein after-mentioned." In these "uses, ends, and purposes," lay the cream of the affair. The first was introduced by a pream-ble setting forth, that the testatrix was imeally de-scended from the ancient house of Ellangowan, her respected great-grandfather, Andrew Bertran, first of Singleside, of happy memory, having been second son to Allan Bertram, fifteenth Baron of Ellan-gowan. It proceeded to state, that Henry Bertram, son and heir of Godfrey Bertram, now of Rilangow-an, had been stolen from his parents in infancy. but an, had been stolen from his parents in infancy, but that she, the testatrix, was well assured that he was that she, the testatrix, was well assured that he was yet alive in foreign parts, and by the providence of heaven would be restored to the possessions of his ancestors—in which case the said Peter Protocol was bound and obliged like as he bound and obliged himself, by acceptance of these presents, to denude himself of the said lands of Singleside and others, and of all the other effects thereby conveyed, (except ing always a proper gratification for his own trouble,) to and in favour of the said Henry Bertram upon his return to his native country. And during the time of his residing in foreign parts, or in case of his never again seturning to Scotland, Mi. Peter Protocol, ha truster, was directed to distribute the rents of the land, and interset of the other funds. (deducting always a proper gratification for his trouble in the premises,) in equal portions, among four charitable establish-ments pointed out in the will. The power of ma-regement, of letting leases, of raising and lending out money, in short, the full authority of a proprietor, was vested in this confidential trustee, and, in the event of his death, went to certain official persons named in the deed. There were only two legacies; one of a hundred pounds to a favourite waiting-maid, another of the like sum to Janet Gibson (whom the death stated to have been supported by the charity of deed stated to have been supported by the charity of the testatrix) for the purpose of binding her an apprentice to some honest trade

prenuce to some nonest trade. A settlement in mortmain is in Scotland termed a mortification, and in one great borough, (Aberdeen, if I remember rightly,) there is a municipal officer who takes care of these public endowments, and is thence called the Master of Mortifications. One would almost presume, that the term had its origin in the effect which such settlements usually produce upon the kinsmen of those by whom they are ex-cuted. Heavy at least was the mortification which beful the audience, who, in the late Mrs. Margaret Bertram's periour, had listened to this nnexpected destination of the lands of Singleside. There was a profound silence after the deed had been read over. Mr. Pleydell was the first to speak. He begged to look at the deed, and having satisfied himself that it was correctly drawn and executed, he returned it without any observation, only saying aside to Man-neriug." Protocol is not worse than other people, I believe; but this old lady has determined that, if he do not turn rogue, it shall not be for want of temp-tation." A settlement in mortmain is in Scotland termed a

tation." "I really think," said Mr. Mac-Casquil of Drum-qaag, who, having gulped down one half of his ver-ation, determined to give vent to the rest, "I really think this is an extraordinary case! I should like now to know from Mr. Protocol, who, being sole and unlimited trustee, must have been consulted upon this occasion; I should like, I say, to know, how Mrs. Bertram could possibly believe in the existence of a boy, that a' the world kens was murdered many a vers since?"

a year since?" "Really, sir," said Mr. Protocol, "I do not con-ceive it is possible for me to explain her motives more than she has done herself. Our excellent deceased finend was a good woman, sir—a pious woman—and might have grounds for confidence in the boy's safety

which are not accessible to us air." - "Hout," said the tobacconist, "I ken very weel what were her grounds for confidence. There's Mrs. Rebecca (the maid) sitting there, has tell'd me a hun-dred times in my ain shop, there was nao kenning how her leddy wad settle her affairs, for an auld gipsy witch wife at Gilaland had possessed her with a no-tion the the collart. Warw Retirem eige och him? tion, that the callant-Harry Bertram ca's she him ? -would come alive again some day after a'-ye'll no deny that, Mrs. Rebecca ?--though I dare to say ye forgot to put your mistress in mind of what ye pro-mised to say when I gied ye mony a half crown-But ye'll no deny what I am saying now, lass ?" "I ken naething at a' about it," answared Rebecca, doggedly, and looking straight forward with the firm countenance of one not disposed to be compelled to remember more than was agreeable to her. "Weel said, Rebecca ! ye're satisfied wi' your ain share cny way," rejoined the tobacconist. The buck of the second head, for a buck of the first-head he was not, had hitherto been slapping his boots with his switch-whip, and looking like a spoiled child that has lost its supper. His murmurs, however, were tion, that the callant-Harry Bertram ca's she him ?

which has switch which and rooking size a sponted cannot that has lost its support. His murmurs, however, were all vented inwardly, or at most in a soliloguy such as this—"I am sorry, by G—d, I ever plagued myself about her—I came here, by G—d, one night to drink tea, and I left King, and the Duke's rider Will Hack. They were to asting a round of running horses; by G-d, I might have got leave to wear the jacket as well as other folk, if I had carried it on with them-

well as other folk, if I had carried it on with them— and she has not so much as left me that hundred!" Lindesdals: t--And I'll be very giad if B "Wa'll make the payment of the note quite agree-able," and Mr. Protocol, who had no wish to in-orrease at that moment the edium attached to has office—"And now, gentlemen, I fancy we have no the author himself was the fant parton who ever

more to wait for here, and I shall put the settleme of my excellent and worthy friend on record to-mg row, that every gentleman may examine the contents, 

until we can let the house-- I had an effer from a to-nant this morning, if such a thing should be, and if I was to have any management." Our friend Dinmont, having had his hopes as well as another, had hitherto sate sulky enough in the arm-chair formerly appropriated to the deceased, and in which she would have been not a little scasalized.

chair formerly appropriated to the deceased, and in which she would have been not a little scuedalized to have seen this coldesal specimen of the maculine gender lolling at length. His employment had been rolling up, into the form of a colded anake, the long lash of his horse-whip, and then by a jerk causing it to unroll itself into the middle of the floor. The first words he said when he had digested the shock, coa-tained a magnanimous declaration, which he proba-tained a magnanimous declaration, which he proba-tained a magnanimous declaration, which he proba-tained a magnanimous declaration, which he proba-tion de the shock when what when the shod-"Weel-blude's thicker than water-she's welcome to the cheeses and the hams just the same." But when the trustee had made the above-mentioned mo-tion for the mourners to depart; and talked of the house being immediately let, honest Dinmont gor lassie then, Jenny Gibson ? Sae monyo' us as thoughs oursells sib to the family when the gear was partiag, we may do something for her amang us surely." This proposal seemed to dispose most of the assen-bly instantly to evacuate the premises, although upon Mr. Protocol's motion they had lingered as if around Mr. Protocol's motion they had lingered as if around mile of his own and toon precedence. In write of his

Mr. Protocol's motion they had lingered as if around the grave of their disappointed hopes. Dramquag said, or rather muttered, something of having a fa-mily of his own, and took precedence, in virtue of his gentle blood, to depart as fast as possible. The so-bacconist sturdily stood forward, and scouted the motion—"A little huzzie, like that, was weel enough provided for already; and Mr. Protocol at ony rate was the proper person to take direction of her, as he had charge of her legacy;" and after uttering such his opinion in a steady and decisive tone of voice, he also left the place. The buck made a stapid and brutal attempt at a jest upon Mrs. Bertram's recomalso left the place. The buck made a stopid an brutal attempt at a jest upon Mrs. Bertram's recom mendation, that the poor girl should be taught com

nendation that the poor girl should be taught a com-mendation that the poor girl should be taught a com-honest trade; but encountered a scowl from Coloned Mannering's darkening eye (to whom, in his igno-rance of the tone of good society, he had looked for epplause) that made him siche to the very back-bone. He shuffled down stairs, therefore, as fast as possible. Protocol, who was really a good sort of man, as the expressed his intention to take a temporary charge of the young lady, under protest always, that has an expressed his intention to take a temporary charge of the young lady, under protest always, that has an doing should be considered as merely elsentosynary 3 when Dinmont at length got up, and, having abaland dog does his shaggy hide when he comes out of the water, ejaculated, "Weel, deil has me then, if ye has has me wi' me, that is. Ye see, Alike and me work weel it mair lair than oursells, and to be magnetic like—that wad we.—And ye see Jenny canna sum but to keen manners and the like it down of the series of the the like the like the series of th wee bit mair lair than oursells, and to be neached like—that wad we.—And ye eee Jenny canna a but to ken manners, and the like o' reading ba and sewing seams—having lived sae lang wi a lady like Lady Singleside; or if she diana wa thing about it, I'm jealous that our bains wal, her a' the better: And I'll take care o' the bains class, and what spending siller she mann has the bundred round may rin on in your hands. We have Class, and what spending silier she mann has, f hundred pound may rin on in your hands. Mr. R col, and I'll be adding something till't, till absor-help to buy the hirsel. — What d'ys eavy to that ney? I'll take out a ticket for ye in the fly to Je —odd, but 9c mann take a powny after that of Limestance, rig-deil a wheeled carriage ever ma Liddeedale :t—And I'll be very glad if Mrs. Re

e thu TI

# ennes wi you, himy, and stays a month or twa while wire stranger like." While Mrs. Rebocca was curtaying, and endeavour-ing to make the poor orphan girl curtay instead of sunfibox. "Its meat and drink to me, now, Colo-sunfibox. "Its meat and drink to me, now, Colo-sufficient the said, as he recovered limself, "to see a day-ao's Tuesday-and Weinseday we are to be heard in the great teind case in presence-but stay-heard in the great teind case in presence-but stay-is fronty weather, and if you don't leave town, and that venison would keep till Thursday"-----"You will dine with me that day 7" "Well, then, I will indulge a thought I had of "Well, then, I will indulge a thought I had of sel," he said, as he recovered himself, "to see a clown like this-I must gratify him in his own way, -must assist him to ruin himself-there's no help for it. Hays, you Liddesdale-Dandie-Charlies-hepe-what do they call you ?' The farmer turned, infinitely gratified even by this sort of notice; for in his heart, next to his own land-lord, he honoured a lawyer in high practice. "So you will not be advised against trying that constion short your warehea ?'

Iord, he honoured a lawyer in high practice. "Bo yos will not be advised against trying that question about your marches ?" "No-no, un-naebedy likes to lose their right, and to be langhed at down the hall water. But since your honour's no agreeable, and is may be a friend to the other side like, we mean try some other advocate." "Theze-I told you so, Colonel Mannering I-Weil, sir, if you must naeds be a fool, the business is to give yow the harary of a lawsuit at the least possible. Let fir. Protocol send me your papers, and I will advise him how to conduct your cause. I don't see, after all, why you should not have your lawsuits too, and your feeds in the Court of Session, as well as you fore," "Very natural, to be sure, sir. We wad just take the suld gate as readily, if it wereas for the law. And as the law bays us the hetter thought o' in our country for having been afore the faither." "Excellently argues to me.-Come, Colonel, we will so you fore," "Excellently arguest to me.-Come, Colonel, we will so you gate a set of the sould loose us. Be addee, a man's aye the better thought o' in our country for having been afore the faither." "Excellently arguest to me.-Come, Colonel, we will so and sond sond your gapers to me.-Come, Colonel, we argue a size a 's aud Dinmont, alapping his thigh in great ermisation."

CHAPTER XXXIX.

Lam going to the partiament ; You understand this bag; if you have any busine Depending there, be abort, and let me hear it, and pay your fees. Little Frenck Lawyer.

"Shall you Res. "Little Frack Lawyer. "Shall you be able to carry this honest fellow's emmes for him ?" seid Mannering. "Why, I don't know; the battle is not to the strong, but he shall come off triamphant over Jock of Dawston if we can make it out. I owe him some-thing. It is the pest of our profession, that we sel-dors see the best side of human nature. People come to us with every selfish feeling newly pointed and grinded; they turn down the very callkers of their an imosities and prejudices, as smiths do with horses' shoes in a white frost. Many a man has come to my grarter yonde, that I have at first longed to pitch out at the window, and yet, at length, have discovered that he was only doing as I might have done in his case, being very angry, and, of course, very unreason-able. I have now satisfied myself, that if our prefes-mon sees more of human folly and human roguery than others, it is because we witness them acting in these channel in which they can most freely vent themselves. In civilized society, law is the chimney imongite which all that smoke discharges itself that med to circulate through the whole house, and put very one's eyes out—no wonder, therefore, that the part inself should sometimes get a little sociy. But will take care our Liddesdale-man's cause is well underscale and well argued, so all unnecessary ex-mes will be saved—he shall have his pine-apple at holessale price." "Will you do me the pleasure," said Mannering, takey parted, "to dine with an intervent intervent.

**bolessile price. Will you do me the pleasure," said Mannering, they parted, "to dine with me at my lodgings f <b>buildord says he has a bit of red-deer venison, a source excellent wine." Venison** the answered the counsellor, alertly, **presently added**—"But not it's impossible—and

The mary into those wilds the excellent roads by which are mary inversed being then in some progress. The peo-Vol. II. 2 C

that venison would keep till Thursday" "You will dine with me that day?" "Under certification." "Well, then, I will indulge a thought I had of spending a week here; and if the venison will not keep, why we will see what else our landlord can de for us." "O, the venison will keep," said Plsydell; " and now good by-look at these two or three nota, and deliver them if you like the addresses. I wrote them for you this thourang-farwell, my clerk has been valuing this hour to begin a d-d information."---And away walked Mr. Plsydell with great activity, diving through closes and ascending covered stirm. And away wanted has a lower of the pice activity diving through closes and ascending covered stairs, in order to attain the High-Street by an access, which, compared to the common route, was what the Straits of Magellan are to the more open, but cir-

the Straits of Magellan are to the more open, but cir-cuitous passage round Cape Horn. On looking at the notes of introduction which Phydel had thrust into his hand, Mannering was gratified with seeing that they were addressed to some of the first literary characters of Scotland. "To David Hume, Eao," "To John Home, Eae," "To Dr. Ferguson." "To Dr. Black." "To Lond Kames." "To Mr. Hutton." "To John Clerk, Beq. of Eldin." "To Adam Smith, Eeq." "To Dr. Ro rian

"Upon my word, my legal friend has a good selection of acquaintances—these are names pretty widely blown indeed—an Rest-Indian must rub up

widely blown indeed—an Rest-Indian must rub up his faculties a little, and put his mind in order, beford he enters this sort of society." Manacring gladly availed himself of these intro-ductions; and we regret deeply, it is not in our power to give the reader an account of the pleasure and in-formation which he received in admission to a circle never closed against strangers of sense and inform-ation, and which has perhaps at no period been equilled, considering the depth and variety of talent which it embraced and concentrated. Upon the Thomeday appointed Mr Pleydell made

Upon the Thursday appointed, Mr. Pleydell made his appearance at the inn where Colonel Mannaring lodged. The venison proved in high order, the classe lodged. The venison proved in high order, the clared excellent, and the learned counsel, a professed ama-teur in the affairs of the table, did distinguished honour to both. I am uncertain, however, if even the good cheer gave him more satisfaction than the presence of Dominie Sampson, from whom, in his own juridical style of wit, he contrived to attract great amusement, both for himself and one or two friends whom the Colonel regaled on the same occa-sion. The grave and laconic sin-plicity of Sampson's answers to the insidious questions of the barrister, placed the bonhomie of his character in a more lumi-nous point of view than Mannering had yet seen it. Upon the same occasion he drew forth a strange quan-Upon the same occasion he drew forth a strange quan-Upon the same occasion he drew forth a strange quan-tity of miscellaneous and abstruse, though, generally speaking, useless learning. The lawyer alterwards compared his mind to the magazine of a pawn-bro-ker, stowed with goods, of every description, but so cumbfuely piled together, and in such total disor-ganization, that the owner can never lay his hands upon any one article at the moment he has occasion for it.

for it. As for the advocate himself, he afforded at least as much exercise to Sampson as he extracted amuse-ment from him. When the man of law began to get into his altitudes, and his wit, naturally shrewd and dry, became more lively and poignant, the Dominie looked upon him with that sort of surprise with which we can conceive a tame bear might regard his future associate, the monkey, on their being first introduced to each other. It was Mr. Pleydell's delight to state or and aeriour a argument some position which in grave and serious argument some position which he knew the Dominie would be inclined to dispute. He then beheld with exquisite pleasure the internal labour with which the honest man arranged his deas for reply; and tasked his inert and sluggish powers to ple stared with no small worder at a sight which many of them had never witnessed in their lives before.

**B GUY MAN bring up all the heavy artillery of his learning for de-molishing the schismatic or heretical opinion which had been stated—when, behold, before the ordnance could be disoharged, the foe had quitted the post, and appeared in a new position of annoyance on the Do-minio's flank or rear. Often did he exclaim "Prodi-grouss!" when, marching up to the enemy in full con-fidence of victory, he found the field evacuated, and it may be suppowed that it cost him no little labour to attempt a new formation. "He was like a native Indian army," the Colonel said, "formidable by nu-merical strength and size of ordnance, but liable to be thrown into irreparable confusion by a movement to take them in flank."—On the whole, however, the pressure of the moment, reckoned this one of the product days of his life, and always mentioned Mr. Playdell as a very erudite and fa-costi-ous person. My degrees the rest of the party dropped off, and left these three gentlement together. Their conversa-tion turned to Mrs. Bertram's settlements. "Now what could drive it into the noddle of that old harri-dan," said Pleydell, "to disinherit poor Lucy Bertram, under pretonce of settling her property on a boy who has** 

dan," said Pleydell, "to disinherit poor Lucy Bertram, under pretence of settling her property on a boy who has been so long dead and gone 1- ask your pardon, Mr. Sampson, I forgot what an affecting case this was for you-I remember taking your examination upon it-and I never had so much trouble to make any one speak three words consecutively—You may talk of your Pythagoreana, or your silent Bramina, Calonel, —go.to. I tell you this learned gentleman beate them all in tacitumity—but the words of the wise are pre-cious, and not to be thrown away lightly".

an in tacinimity—out the words of the wise are pre-cions, and not to be thrown away lightly." "Of a surery" said the Dominie, taking his blue-checqued handkerchief from his eyes, "that was a bitter day with me indeed; ay, and a day of grief hard to be borne—but He giveth strength who layeth on the load."

the load." Colonel Mannering took this opportunity to request Mr. Pleydell to inform him of the particulars attend-ing the loss of the boy; and the counsellor, who was fond of talking upon subjects of criminal jurispru-dence, especially when connected with his own ex-perience, went through the circumstances at full length. "And what is your opinion upon the result of the whole?" "O, that Kennedy was murdered : it's an old case which has occurred on that coast before now-the case of Smuzgler don that coast before now-the

case of Smuggler versus Exciseman.

What then is your conjecture concerning the fate of the child ?

"O, murdered too, doubtless," answered Pleydell. "He was old enough to tell what he had seen, and these ruthless scoundrels would not scruple committhey interest required it." The Dominie groaned deeply, and ejaculated,

Enormous !"

"Recrouse!" "Yet there was mention of gipsies in the business too, counsellor," said Mannering, "and from what that vulgar-looking fellow said after the funeral" "Mrs. Margaret Bertram's idea that the child was alive was founded upon the report of a gipsy" said Pleydell, catching at the half-spoken hint-"Benvy-you the concatenation, Colonel-it is a shame to me not to have drawn the same conclusion. We'll fol-low this business up instantly-Here, hark ye, waiter, go down to Luckie Wood's in the Cowgate ; ye'll find my clerk Driver; he'll be set down to High-Jinks by this time; (for we and our retainers, Colone], are exceedingly regular in our irregularities;) tell him to come here instantly, and I will pay his forfeits." "He won't appear in character, will he ?" said Wannering.

Mannering.

Mannering. "Ah! no more of that, Hal, an thou lovest me," said Pleydell. "But we must have some news from the land of Egypt, if possible. O, if I had but hold of the slightest thread of this complicated ekein, you should see how I would unravel it!-I would work the truth out of your Bohemian, as the French call them, better than a Monitoire, or a Plainite de Tour-melle: I know how to manage a refractory witness." while Mr. Pleydell was thus vaunting his know-

ledge of his profession, the waiter re-entered with Mr. Driver, his mouth still greasy with mutton pies, and the froth of the last draught of twopenny years subsided on his upper lip, with such speed had he obeyed the commands of his principal.—" Driver, you observed the commanies of the principal. — Driver, you must go instantly and find out the woman who was old Mrs. Margaret Bertram's maid. Inquire for bare every where, but if you find it necessary to have re-course to Protocol, Quid the tobacconies, or any other course to Protocol, Quid the tobacconist, or any other of these folks, you will take care not to appear your-self, but send some woman of your acquaintance-I dare say you know enough that may be so conde-scending as to obligs you. When you have found her out, engage her to come to my chambers to-mor-row at eight o clock precisely." "What shall I say to make her forthcoming "" aked the aidedecare

asked the aide-de-camp.

asked the aide-de-camp. "Any thing you choose," replied the lawyer. "Is :t my business to make lies for you, do you think ? But let her be in presentia by eight o'clock, as I have said before." The clerk grinned, made his reverence,

"That's a useful fellow," said the counsellor. "I don't believe his match ever carried a process. He'll write to my dictating three nights in the week with-out sleep, or, what's the same thing, he writes as well and correctly when he's asleep as when he's awake. Then he's such a steady fellow—some of them are always changing their als-houses, so that they have twenty cadies sweating after them, like the bare-headed captains traversing the taverns of East-Cheap in search of Sir John Falstaff. But this is a com-plete fixture—he has his winter seat by the fire, and his summer seat by the window, in Luckie Wood's, betwixt which seats are his only migrations; there he's to be found at all times when he is off duty. It is my opinion he never puts off his clothes or goes te sleep—sheer ale supports him under every thing. It is my opinion he never puts on his ciccles or goes to elecp—sheer ale supports him under every thing. It is meat, drink, and cloth, bed, board, and washing." "And is he always fit for duty upon a sudden turn-out? I should distrust it, considering his quarters." "O, drink never disturbs him, Colonel; he can write for hours after he cannot speak. I remember

"O, drink never disturbs him, Colonel; he can write for hours aftor he cannot speak. I remember being called suddenly to draw an appeal case. I had been dining, and it was Saturday night, and I had ill will to begin to it-however, they got me down to Clerihugh's, and there we sat birling till I had a fair tappit hen\* under my belt, and then they persuaded me to draw the paper. Then we had to seek Driver, and it was all that two men could do to bear him ia, for, when found, he was, as it happened, both mo-tionless and speechless. But no sconer was has pen put between his fingers, his paper stretched before him, and he heard my voice, than he began to write like a scrivener-and, excepting that we were obligad to have somebody to dip his pen in the jnk, for he could not see the stantish, I never saw a thing screa-ed more handsomely." ed more handsomely."

ed more handsomely." "But how did your joint production look the next morning?" said the Colonel. "Wheugh! capital—not three words required to be altered; t it was sent off by that day's post. But you'll \* The Tappit Hen contained three quarts of claret-

a The Tarpit Hos contained three quarts of clarest- Weel also load a liavica gill, And leaph to see & Tarpit Hes.

 I have seen one of these formidable storps at Provent Hasweell' at Jedburgh, in the days of yore. It was a powrise measures, at Jedburgh, in the days of yore. It was a powrise measures, at Jedburgh, in the days of yore. It was a powrise measures, claret being in ancient days enved from the Jap, and had the figure of a heriupon the lid. In later times, the mane was give times and the days enved from the Jap, and had the figure of a heriupon the lid. In later times, the mane was give times and the same dimension. There are appri- times and the same dimension of the sitting down it the model of a reval to draw an appeal case, was taken from story told me by an aged gentiaman, of the sitting down is to a reval to draw an appeal case, was the hire assistent athere of Arniston, (father of the younger President, as set tond Melville.) It had beon thought very desirable, while the athere of areat to draw an appeal case, which, as each athere of areat nicety. The Bolicitor employed for the appe- athere of areat the Bolicitor employed for the appe- the addrag at noon, the Court was just diminsed, the La Advocate is a changed his dress and booted birmself, and the dorvast and horses were at the fool of the close to carry hiso. Arniston. It was a scarcely possible to get him to listen the advocating at innose. The will age on however, on previse of asking one or two questions, which would so decame the balf an hour, drew his Lordahip who wes to bese as emission data an hour, drew his Lordahip who wes to less a seminor.
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#### CHAP. XXXIX.1

come and breakfast with ms to-morrow, and hear

"Why, your hour is rather early." "Can't make it later. If I were not on the boards of the outer house precisely as the nine-hours bell rings, there would be a report that I had got an apo-plexy, and I should feel the effects of it all the rest of

Mety, and a second the session." "Well, I will make an exertion to wait upon you." Here the company broke up for the evening. In the morning Colonel Mannering appeared at the connaellor's chambers, although cursing the raw air of a Scottish morning in December. Mr. Play-dell had got Mrs. Rebecce installed on one side of his company dated her with a cup of chocolata, and dell had got Mrs. Rebecca installed on one side of his fire, accommodated her with a cup of chocolata, and was already deeply engaged in conversation with her. "O, no, I assure you, Mrs. Rebecca, there is no inten-tion to challenge your mistress's will; and I give you my word of honour that your legacy is quite safe. You have deserved it by your conduct to your mis-treas, and I wish it had been twice as much." "Why, to be sure, sir, it's no right to mention what is said before ano-ye heard how that dirty body Guid cast up to me the bits o' compliments he gied me, and tell'd ower again ony loose cracks I might has had wi'h im; now if ane was taking loosely to your bon-our, there's nas saying what might come ot."

our, there's nae saying what might come o't." "I assure you, my good Rebecca, my character and

"I assure you, my good Rebecca, my character and your own age and appearance are yoursecurity, if you should talk as loosely as an amatory poet." " Aweel, if your honour thinks I am safe—the story is just thus.—Ye see, about a year ago, or no just sae lang, my leddy wasadvised to go to Gilsland for a while, for her spirits were distressing her sair. Ellangowan's troubles began to be spoken o' publicly, and sair vexed she was—for she was proud o' her family. For Ellan-gowan himsell and her, they sometimes greed and sometimes no—but at last they didna 'gree at a' for twa or three year—for he was aye wanting to borrow siller, and that was what she couldna bide at no hand, and she was aye wanting it paid back again, and that the Laird he liked as little. So, at last, they were clean aff thegither. And then some of the company at Gils-fand tells her that the estate was to be sell'd; and ye wad hae thought she had taen an ill will at Mias and tells her that the estate was to be sell'd; and ye wad has thought ale had taen an ill will at Miss Lucy Bertram frae that moment, for mony a time ahe cried to me, 'O Becky, O Becky, if that useless peen-ging thing o' a lassie there, at Ellangowan, that can-ma keep her net-do-weel father within bounds--if she had been but a lad-bairn, they couldna has sell'd the auld inheritance for that fool-body's dehts;'- and sick to hear her ban the puir lassie, as if she wadna has would rin on that way till I was just wered and sick to hear her ban the puir lassie, as if she wadna has been a lad-bairn, and keepit the land, if it had been in her will to change her sect. And as day at the spaw-well bolow the craig at Gilsland, she was seeing a very bonny family o' bairns--they belanged to ane MacCrosky-- and she broke out-- Is not it an odd like thing that ika waf carles in the country has a son and ber, and that the house of Ellangowan is without mals succession? There was a groey wife stood abint and heard her--a muckle sture fear-some-looking wife she was as rever I set een on.- Wha is it,' said she 'that dare say the house of Ellangowan wrill perish without male succession? My mistress first turned on her--she was a high-spirited woman, and aye ready wi' an answer to a' body. 'It's me that any with that the gipps wile gripped uil her hand; 'I ken 'Yen weel eneugt's says she, 'though ye kenna me-But as sure as that sun's in heaven, and as sure as thest water's rinning to the sea, and as sure as sure as there's are ce that eses, and as er that hears us baith.-Harry Beartram, that was thought to perish at Warroch Point, 'We'r wirt than a lawyer of anequalid talent, to take a weet '' word than a lawyer of anequalid talent, to take a wet ''' we had heaven, whe heaven beaven Point as one as we

wer did die there—he was to have a weary weird o't vivant than a lawyer of unequalled talent, to take a whet creberated tarem, when the learned counsel became gra-lify involved in a spirited discussion of the law points of the At length i coeured to him, that he might a well ride Arrorston in the cool of the vening. The hories were direct-to be put in the stable, but not to be unsaddled. Dinner was are d, the isw was laid aside for a time, and the bottle circu-divery freely. At nine o'clock at night, after he had been spiring Baschus for so many hours, the Lord Advocate or are find lorense to be unsaddled,—paper, pen, and ink, were many increase to be unsaddled,—paper, pen, and ink, were increase the lorense to be unsaddled,—paper, pen, and ink, were the began to dictate the appeal case—and continued at

till his ane-and-twentieth year, that was sye aaid o' him-but if ye live and I live, ye'll hear mair o' him this winter before the snaw lies twa days on the Dun of Singleside-I want name o' your siller,' she said, 'to make ye think I'm blearing your co-fare ye weid, 'till after Martimas;'- and there she left us standing." "Was she a very tall woman?" interrupted Man-

"Was she a very tall woman ?" interrupted Man-mering. "Had she black hair, black oyes; and a cut above the brow ?" added the lawyer. "She was the tallest woman I ever saw, and her "She was the tallest woman I ever saw, and her hair was as black as midnight, unlees where it was gray, and she had a scar abune the brow, that ye might hae laid the lith of your finger in. Nasbody that's seen her will ever forget her; and I am morally sure that it was.on the ground o' what that gipsy-woman said that my mistrees made her will, having taen a dislike at the young leddy o' Ellangowan; and she liked her far waur after she was obliged to send her 20.-for she said. Miss Betram, no context wi' letting the Ellangowan property pass into strange hands, owing to her being a lass and no a lad, was to Singleside too.-But I hope my mistrees's is a good will for a' that, for it would be hard on me to lose the wee bit legacy-l served her fears on this head, then

weel I woi." The counsellor relieved her fears on this head, then inquired after Jenny Gibson, and understood he had accepted Ms. Dinmont's offer; "and I have done say mysell too, since he was say discrete as to ask me," said Mrs. Rebecca; "they are very decent folk the Dinmonts, though my ledy didna dow to hear muckle about the friends on that side the house. But she liked the Charlies-hope hams, and the cheeses, and the muir-fowl, that they were aye sending, and the leamb's-wool hose and mittens-she liked them weel eneuch." Mr. Plevdell now'dismissed Mrs. Rebecca. When

Mr. Pleydell now'dismissed Mrs. Rebecca. When was gone, "I think I know the gipsy-woman," she was gone, ' said the lawyer.

I was just going to say the same," replied Man-

Mannering answered, that he had known such a woman when he was at Eilangowan upwards of twenty years before; and then made his learned friend acquainted with all the remarkable particulars

i wenty years before; and then made his learned friend acquainted with all the remarkable particulars of his first visit there. Mr. Pleydell listened with great attention, and then replied, "I congratulated myself upon having made the acquaintance of a profound theologian in your chaplain; bui I really did not expect to find a pupil of Albumazer or Meesshalis in his patron. I have a notion, however, this gipey could tell us some more of the matter than she deryes from astrology or so-cond sight—I had her through hands once, and could then make little of her, bui I must write to Mac-Mor-ian to sight mer and earth to find her out. I will gladly come to ——shire myself to assist at her examination—I am still in the commission of the peace there, though I have ceased to be sheriff—I never had any thing more at heart in my life than tracing that murder, and the fate of the child. J must write to the Sheriff of Roxburghshire too, and to an active justice of peace in Cumberland." "I hope when you come to the country you wil, make Woodbourne your head-quarters?" "Certainly; I was afraid you were going to forbid two the we must go to breakfast now, or I shall be too late."

too late."

too late." his task till four o'clock the next morning. By next day's Less, the solicitor sont the case to London, a chefd'davre of its kind j and in which, my informant assured me it was not necessary on ravial to correct flow words. I am uot, therefore, conscionary of laving overstapped accuracy in describing the monner in which Socitial lawyers of the old time occasionally united the worship of Barchus with that of Themis. My informant was Alexander Keith, sci, ranulfather to my friend the procent Mir Alexander Keith, case, ranulfather to my friend the procent Mir Alexander Keith of Ravelstone, and apprentice at the time to thewriter who conducted the cause. \* Every insignificant churd.

On the following day the new friends parted, and the Colonel rejoined his family without any adven-ture worthy of being detailed in these chapters.

#### CHAPTER XL.

Can no rest find me, no private place secure me, Bat still my misernes like bloodhounds haunt me Unfertunate young man, which way now gaides theo. Guides theo from death ? The country's laid around for th Worser Places

Own narrative now recalls us for a moment to the period when young Hazlewood received his wound. Thay accident had no sconer happened, than the con-sequences to Miss Mannering and to himself rushed upon Brown's mind. From the manner in which the marzle of the piece was pointed when it went off, he had no great fear that the consequences would be fastal. But an arrest in a strange country, and while he was unprovided with any means of establishing his rank and character, was at least to be avoided. He therefore resolved to escape for the present to the methodoming coast of England, and to remain con-cealed there, if possible, until he should receive let-ture from his regimental friends, and remittances from his agent; and then to remain the day Our narrative now recalls us for a moment to the from his agent; and then to resume his own cha-racter, and offer to young Hazlewood and his friends any explanation or satisfaction they might desire. With this purpose he walked stoutly forward, after leaving the spot where the accident had happened, and reached without adventure the village which we have called Portanferry, (but which the reader will is vain seek for under that name in the county map.)

ist vain seek for under that name in the county map.) A large open boat was just about to leave the quay, bound for the little scaport of Allonby, in Cumber-land. In this vessel Brown embarked, and resolved to make that place his temporary abode, until he should receive letters and money from England. In the course of their short voyage he entered into some conversation with the steersman, who was allo owner of the boat, a jolly old man, who had occa-sionally been engaged in the smuggling trade, like most fishers on the coast. After talking about ob-jects of less interest, Brown endeavoured to turn the discourse toward the Mannering family. The sailor had heard of the attack upon the house at Wood-bourne, but disapproved of the smugglers proceed-ings. inge

bourne, but disapproved of the smugglers' proceed-ings. "Hands off is fair play; zoends, they'll bring the whole country down upon them—na, na! when I was in that way I played at giff-gaff with the officers —here a cargo taen—vera weel, that was their luck; —there another carried clean through, that was mine— a, na! hawks shouldna pike out hawks een." "And this Colonel Mennering?" said Brown. "Troth, he's nase wise man neither, to interfers—no that I blame him for saving the gaugers' lives—that was very right; but it wasna like a gentleman to be fighting about the poor folk's pooks o' tea and brandy kaps—however, he's a grand man and an officer man, and they do what they like wi' the like o' us." "And his daughter," said Brown, with a throb-bing heart, " is going to be married into a great fa-mily too, as I have heard ?" "What, into the-Hazlewoods ?" said the pilot. "Na, na, that'e but ide cleahes —very Sabbath day, as regularly as it came round, did the young man ride hame wi' the daughter of the late Ellangowan—and my daughter Peggy's in the service up at Wood-bourne, and she's sue young Hazlewood thinks nae mair of Mirse Mannering than you do." Bitterly censuring his own precipitate adoption of a contrave belief Horwn yet heard with delight that

thinks nae mair of Miss Mannering then you do." Bitterly censuring his own precipitate adoption of a contrary beliaf, Brown yet heard with delight that the suspicions of Julia's fidelity, upon which he had so rashly acted, were probably void of foundation. Low must be in the meantime be suffering in her opinion ? or what could she suppose of conduct, which must have made him appear to her regardless alike of her peace of mind, and of the interests of their affection ? The old man's connexion with the family at Woodbourne seemed to offse a safe mode of communication, of which he determined to avail binself. "Your daughter is a maid-servant at Woodbourne ?

-I knew Mise Mennering in India, and though I amo at present in an inferior rank of life, I have greaf reason to hope she would interest hereeld in my favour. I had a quarrel unfortuntately with her father, who was my commanding officer, and I amo sure the young lady would endeavour to reconcile him to me. Perhape your daughter could deliver a letter to her upon the subject, without making mm-chief between her father and her?" The dd man a friend to sumgeting of sure kind

letter to her upon the subject, without making ma-chief between her father and her?" The old man, a friend to snuggling of every kind, readily answered for the letter's being faithfully and secretly delivered; and, secordingly, as soon as they arrived at Allonby, Brown wrote to Miss Mansering, stating the utmost contrition for what had happened through his rashness, and conjuring her to let him have an opportunity of pleading his own cause, and obtaining forgiveness for his indiscrition. He dd not obtaining forgiveness for his indiscrition. He dd not such ambiguity, that if the letter should fall into wrong hands, it would be difficult either to under-stand its real parport, or to trace the writer. This letter the old men undestook faithfully to deliver to his daughter at Woodbourne; and, as his trade would speedily again bring him or his boat to Allonby, he promised further to take charge of any answer with which the young lady might intrust him. And now our personied travelier laded at Allonby and sought for such accommodations as might at

Diamont on that subject, requesting a small temper rary loan, having no doubt that, being within sirty o seventy miles of his residence, he should receive speedy as well as favourable answer to his request o i ad pecuatry as well as havourable answer to he required of pecuatry accommodation, which was owing as he stated, to his having been robbed after their parting. And then, with impatience enough though without any serious apprehension, he waited the answers of these various letters.

these various letters. It must be observed, in excuse of his correspondents, that the post was then much more tardy the since Mr. Palmer's ingenious invention has take place; and with respect to honest Dinmont in part cular, as he rarely received above one letter a-quarter (unless during the time of his being engaged in law-suit, when he regularly sent to the post-town his correspondence usually sent to the post-town law-suit, when he regularly sent to the post-town his correspondence usually remained for a month two sticking in the postmaster's window, amo pamphlets, gingerbread, rolls, or ballads, accords to tho trade which the said postmaster exercise Besides, there was then a custom, not yet what obsolete, of causing a letter, from one town to are ther, perhaps within the distance of thirty and perform a circuit of two hundred miles before de very; which had the combined advantage of sing the emistic thormship of adding some pence to the very; which had the combined advantage of any the epistle thoroughly, of adding some pence as a revenue of the post-office, and of exercising the tience of the correspondents. Owing to these circu-stances, Brown remained several days in Alles without any answers whatever, and his stock of g ney, though husbanded with the utmost ecome began to wear very low, when he received, by hands of a young fisherman, the following letter:

"You have acted with the most cruel indiscre self. Your daughter is a maid-servant at Woodbourne ? rations that my peace and happiness are done u

and your rathmess has nearly occasioned the death of a young man of the highest worth and honour. Sust I say more ?-must I add, that I have been my-Thest I say more "-must I add, that I have been my-pair very ill in consequence of your violance, and its effects? And, alas! need I say still further, that I have thought anxiously upon them as they, are likely to affect you, although you have given me such slight cause to do so? The C. is gone from home for several days; Mr. H. is almost quite recovered; and I have reason to think that the blame is laid in a quarter different from that where it is deserved. Yet do not think of venturing here. Our fate has been crossed by accidents of a nature too violent and been crossed by accidents of a nature too violent and been different me to think of renewing a corres-modence which has so often threatened the most crossful caustrophe. Farewell, therefore, and be-feres than no ene can wish your happiness more sin-errely than "J. M."

This latter contained that species of advice, which is frequently given for the precise purpose that it may sad to a directly opposite conduct from that which t recommends. At least so thought Brown, who im-adjustedy asked the young fisherman if he came from herenery t recours rians

ertanferry. "Ay," shid the lad; "I am anld Willie Johnstone's m, and I got that letter frae my sister Peggy, that's wadry-maid at Woodbourge."

My good friend, when do you sail?" With the tide this evening."

"Wy good friend, when do you sail?" "With the tide this evening." "Till return with you; but as I do not desire to go to Portanierry, I wish you could put me on share somewhere on the coast." "We can easily do that," said the lad. Although the price of provisions, dt. was then very moderate, the discharging his todgings, and the ex-moderate, which safety as well as a proper regard to his external appearance rendered necessary, brought the post-office that his latters should be forwarded to Kippletringen, whither he resolved to proceed, and rectain the treasure which he had deposited in the kands of Mrs. Mac-Candlish. He also felt it would be his driv to assume his proper character as soon as he should receive the necessary evidence for support-ing it, and, as an officer in the king's service, give and receive every explasation which might be neces-pary with young Harlewood. If he is not very wrong-boaded indeed, he though, he must allow the manner in which I acted to have been the necessary conse-mence of his own overbearing conduct. And now we must suppose him once more embark-ed on the Solway frith. The wind was adverse, at-without much assistance from the tide. The boat

ishout much assistance from the tide. The boat without much assistance from the tide. The boat without much assistance from the tide. The boat was heavily laden with goods, (part of which were probably contraband,) and laboured deep in the sea. Frows, who had been bred a sailor, and was indeed awfield in most athletic exercises, gave his powerful and effectual assistance in rowing, or occasionally in the search whole night upon the frith, they were at the sing within agent of a beautiful bay upon the periodic coast. The weather was now more mild. The snow, which had been for some time waning, and given way entirely under the fresh gale of the second gright. The more distant hills, indeed, re-mined their snowy mantle, but all the open country there cleared, unless where a few white patches indi-pated that it had been drifted to an uncommon depth. under its wintry appearance, the shore was y interesting. The line of sea-coast, with all its there in under its winty appearance, the shore was ighly interesting. The line of sec-coast, with all its period corves, indentares, and embayments, swept peray from the sight on either hand, in that varied, interests, yet graceful and easy line, which the eve or with the pursue. And it was no less relieved and varied in elevation than in outline, by the differ-former of the shore, the back in some places be. s former of the shore; the beach in some places be-sedgers of the shore; the beach in some places be-sedgers by storp rocks, and in others rising smooth-from 1 to sands is easy and swelling slopes. Build-**1**1

ings of different kinds cought and reflected the win-try sun-beams of a December morning, and the woods, though now leafless, gave relief and variety to the landscape. Frowh filt that lively and awaken-ing interest which taste and sensibility always derive ing interest which taste and acoability always derive from the beautes of nature, when opening suddenly to the eye, after the dulness and gloom of a night voyage. Perhaps,—for who can presume to analyze that inexplicable feeling which binds the person born in a mountainous country to his native hills,—per-haps some early associations, retaining their effect long after the cause was forgotten, mingled in the feelings of pleasure with which he regarded the access before him. "And what" said Brown to the hestman " is the

is the second state of the second before him. "And what," said Brown to the boatman, " is the name of that fine cape, that stretches into the sea with its sloping backs and hillocks of wood, and forms the right side of the bay?" "Warroch Point," answered the lad. "And that old castls, my friend, with the modera house situated just beneath it? It seems at this dis tance a very large building." "That's the Auld Place, sir; and that's the New Place below it. Wo'll land you there if you like." "I ahould like it of all things. I must visit that ruin before I continue my journey." "And that highest tower is a guide land-mark as fix as Raimay in Man, and the Point of Ayr—there was muckle fighting about the place lang syne." Brown would have inquired into further particularies but a fisherman is seldom an antiquary. His boat-mation already given, "that it was a grand land-mark, and that there had been muckle fighting about the bit lang syne." " I ahould lear." That more of it," said Brown to himself, " That bear." " The bear and the course close under the roles." " The bays." " The box as continued in the more that it was a grand land-mark, and that there had been muckle fighting about the bit lang syne." " The heat continued its course close under the roles."

"I shall learn more of it," said Brown to minison, "when I get ashors." The beat continued its course close under the point upon which the castle was situated, which frownad from the summit of its rocky site upon the still ag-itated waves of the bey beneath. "I believe," said the steersman, "ge'll get ashore here as dry as ony gate. There's a place where their berlins and gal-leys, as they ca'd them, used to lie in lang syne, but if's no used now, because it's ill carrying gudes up the narrow stairs, or over the rocks. Whiles of a moonlight night I have landed articles there, though." While he thus spoke, they pulled round a point of rock, and found a very small harbour, partly fermed by nature, partly by the indefaigable labour of the ancient inhabitants of the castle, who, as the faberman observed, had found it essential for the protection of their boats and small craft, though a could not receive vessels of any burden. The two points of rock which formed the access approached

could not receive vessels of any burden. The tw points of rock which formed the access approache could not receive vessels of any burden. The two points of rock which formed the access approached each other so nearly, that only one boat could enter at a time. On each side were still remaining two immense iron rings, deeply morticed into the solid rock. Through these, according to tradition, there was nightly drawn a huge chain, secured by an immense padlock for the protection of the haven, and the ar-mada which is contained. A ledge of rock had, by the assistance of the chisel and pick-axe, been form-ed into a sort of quay. The rock was of extremely hard consistence, and the task so difficult, that, ac-cording to the fisherman, a labourer who wrought as the work might in the evening have carried home in his bonnet all the shivers which he had struck from the mass in the course of the day. Thus little quay communicated which descended from the old cards. There was also a communication between the back and the quay, by scrambling over the rocks. "Ye had better land here," said the lad, " for the surf's running high at the Sellicont-stane, and there will no be a dry thread amang us or we get the carge out.-Na! na I (in answer to an offer of money) w wed." So saying, he pushed off in order to land his carges

So saying, he pushed off in order to land his carge on the opposite side of the bay; and Brown, with a small bundle in his band, containing the trifling succe 90

of neckasaries which he had been obliged to purchase

of necessaries which he had been context to purchase at Allonby, was left on the rocks beneath the ruin. And thus, unconscious as the most absolute stran-ger, and in circumstances, which, if not destitute, where for the present highly embarrassing; without the countenance of a friend within the circle of several hundred miles; accused of a heavy crime, and, what was as bad as all the rest, being nearly penni-less, did the harrassed wanderer for the first time, action the interval of so many years, approach the re-mains of the castle, where his ancestors had exer-cised all but regal dominion.

#### CHAPTER XLI.

Yes, yo most street walks, Ye towers defenceless, I revisit ye Bhame-strickon I Where are all your trophies now ? Your thronged courts, the revelry, the turnuit, That spoke the grandeur of my house, the homage Of neighbouring Barons ? Mysterious Mocker.

ENTERING the castle of Ellangowan by a postern Sor-way, which showed symptoms of having been once secured with the most jealous care. Brown (whom, since he has set foot upon the property of his fathers, we shall hereafter call by his father's name of Bertran ward form of Bertram) wandered from one ruined apartment to of Bertram) wandered from one ruined apartment to another, surprised at the massive strength of some parts of the building, the rude and impressive mag-nificence of others, and the grant extent of the whole. In two of these rooms, cloke beside each other, he saw signs of recent habitation. In one small apart-ment were empty bottles, half-gnawed bones, and dried fragments of bread. In the vault which ad-joined, and which was defended by a strong door, then left open, he observed a considerable quantity of straw, and in both were the relics of recent fires. How little was it possible for Bertram to conceive, that such trivial circumstances were closely connect-ed with incidents affecting his prosperity, his honour, perhaps his life! perhaps his life!

After satisfying his curiosity by a hasty glance through the interior of the castle, Bertram now adthrough the interior of the castle, Bertram now ad-vanced through the great gate-way which opened to the land, and paused to look upon the noble land-scape which it commanded. Having in vain endea-vourd to guess the position of Woodbourne, and ha-ving nearly ascertained that of Kippletringan, he turned to take a parting look at the stately ruins which he had just traversed. He admired the mas-sive and picturesque effect of the huge round towers, which had may be gate-way, gave a double portion of depth and majesty to the high yet gloomy arch under which it opened. The carved stone escutcheon of the macient family, bearing for their arms three wolves' heads, was hung diagonally beneath the hel-met and crest, the latter being a wolf couchant pierced with an arrow. On either side stood as supporters, in full human size, or larger, a salvage man proper, with an arrow. On either side slood as supporters, in full human size, or larger, a salvage man proper, to use the language of heraldry, wreathed and cinc-fured, and holding in his hand an oak tree cradicated, that is, form up by the roots. And the powerful barons who owned this blazonry, thereby Deriver and the owned the blazonry,

that is, torn up by the roots. And the powerful barons who owned this blazonry, thought Bertram, pursuing the usual train of ideas which flows upon the mind at such scenes, —do their posterity continue to possess the lands which they had laboured to fortify so strongly? or are they wan-derers, ignorant perhaps even of the fame or power of their forefathers, while their hereditary possesions are held by a race of strangers? Why is it, he thought, continuing to follow out the succession of ideas which the scene prompted—Why is it that some scenes awaken thoughts, which belong as it were to dreams of early and shadowy recollection, such as my old Bramin Moonshie would have ascribed to a state of previous existence? Is it the visions of our sleep that float confusedly in our memory, and are recalled by the appearance of such real objects as in any respect currespond to the phantoms they presented to our imag nation? How often do we find ourselves in society which we have never before met, and yct feel impressed with a mysterious and ill-defined conscious-juest, that neither the scene, the speakers, nor the sub-juest, are entirely new; nay, feel as if we could antici-

pate that part of the conversation which has not yet taken place! It is even so with me while I gaze upon that ruin; nor can I divest myself of the idea, that these massive towers, and that dark gate-way, re-tiring through its deep-vaulted and ribbed arches, and dimly lighted by the court-yard beyond, are not en-tirely strange to me. Can it be that they have been familiar to me in infancy, and that I am to seek in their vicinity those friends of whom my childhood has still a tender though faint remembrance, and whom I early exchanged for such sovere task-map-ters? Yet Brown, who I think would not have do-ceived me, always told me I was brought off from the eastern coast, after a skirmish in which my father was killed; and I do remember enough of a horid scene of violence to strengthen his account.— I thappened that the spot upon which young Be-tram chanced to station himself for the better viewing the castle, was marked by a large old ok tree, the only one on the esplanade, and which, having been used for executions by the barons of Ellangowan, was called the Justice Tree. It chanced, and the coinci-dence was remarkable, that Glossin was the coincipate that part of the conversation which has not yet

called the Justice Tree. It chanced, and the coinci-dence was remarkable, that Glossin was this mora dence was remarkable, that Glossin was this mora-ing engaged with a person, whom he was in the babit of consulting in such matters, concerning some pro-jected repairs, and a large addition to the house of Ellangowan, and that, having no great pleasure in remains so intimately connected with the grandeur of the former inhabitants, he had resolved to use the stones of the ruinous castle in his new edifice. Ac-cordingly he came up the bank, followed by the land-surveyor mentioned on a former occasion, who was also in the habit of acting as a sort of architect in case of necessity. In drawing the plans, cc. Glos-sin was in the custom of relying upon his own skill. Bertram's back was towards them as they came ap the ascent, and he was quite shrouded by the branches of the large tree, so that Glossin was not aware of the presence of the stranger till he was close upon him. "Yes, sir, as I have often said before to yon, the Old Place is a perfect quarry of hewn stone, and it

"Yes, sir, as I have often said before to yon, the Old Place is a perfect quarry of hewn stone, and it would be better for the estate if it were all down, since it is only a den for smugglers." At this instant Bertram turned short round upon Glossin at the dis-tance of two yards only, and said—"Would you de-stroy this fine old castle, sir?" His face, person, and voice, were so exactly those of his father in his best days, that Glossin, bearing his exclamation, and seeing such a sudden appari-tion in the shape of his patron, and on nearly the very snot where he had expired, almost thought the surve

tion in the shape of his patron, and on nearly the very spot where he had expired, almost thought the grave had given up its dead !-He staggered back two or three paces, as if he had received a sudden and dead-ly wound. He instantly recovered, however, his pre-sence of mind, stimulated by the thrilling reflection that it was no inhabitant of the other world which stood before him, but an injured man, whom the slightest want of dexterity on his part might lead to acquaintance with his rights, and the means of se-serting them to his utter destruction. Yet his ideat that his first question partook of the alarm. "In the name of God how came you here!" said Glossin.

Glossin.

Glossin. "How came I here T" repeated Bertram, surprise at the solemnity of the address, "I landed a quark of an hour since in the little harbour beneath to castle, and was employing a moment's leisure i viewing these fine ruins. I trust there is no initial

"Intrusion, sir ?--no, sir," said Glossin, in and degree recovering his breath, and then whisping a few words into his companion's ear, who immediate ly left him and descended towards the house. "Is the sir?--no sir.--vou or any geptlement if ter him and descended towards the house. trosion, sir?-no, sir,-you or any geptleman welcome to satisfy your curiosity." "I thank you, sir," said Bertram. "They call the Old Place, I am informed ?" "Yes, sir, in distinction to the New Place, house there below."

"They call th

Glossin, it must be remarked, was, during the f lowing dialogue, on the one hand eager to learn wi local recollections young Bertram had retained of the somes of bis inferiory, and, on the other, compelled diminish even his strength and stature; so that has be extremely cautious in his replies, lest he should awaken or assist, by some name, phrase, or anec-dote, the slumbering train of association. He sumperiod to wither into the shadow of himself, act advancing one foot, now the other, now stoopin ad by the contending stings of a guilty conscience, of hatred, of fear, and of suspicion. "I wish to ask the name, sir," said Bertram, "of

the family to whom this stately ruin belongs !

the family to whom this stately ruin belongs I". "It is my property, sir; my name is Glossin." "Glossin-Glossin ?" repeated Bertram, as if the answer were somewhat different from what he ex-pected; "I beg your pardon, Mr. Glossin; I am apt to be very absent.—May I ask if the castle has been long in your family ?" "I twas built, I believe, long ago, by a family call-ed Mac-Dingawaie," answered Glossin; suppressing for obvious reasons the more familiar sound of Ber-tram, which might have awakened the recollections

tram, which might have awakened the recollections which he was anxious to lull to rest, and slurring with an evasive answer the question concerning the

endurance of his own possession. "And how do you read the half-defaced motto, sir," said Bertram, "which is upon that acroll above the entablature with the arms "" mulicid Glos

'I-I-I really do not exactly know," replied Glos-

sin. "I should be apt to make it out, Our Right makes our Might." "I believe it is something of that kind," said Glos-

m. "May I ask, sir," said the stranger, "if it is your family moto T' "N-n-no-no-not ours. That is, I believe, the in-in fact

"N-n-no-no-no ours. That is, I believe, the motto of the former people-mine is-mine is-in fact I have had some correspondence with Mr. Cuimming of the Lyon Office in Edizburgh, about.mine. He writes me the Glossins anciently bore for a motto, "He who takes it, makes it." "If there be any uncertainty, sir, and the case were mine," said Bertram, "I would assume the old mottor, which essens to me the better of the two." Glossin whose totyme by this time clove to the

which seems to me the better of the two." Glossin, whose tongue by this time clove to the roof of his mouth, only answered by a nod. "It is odd enough," said Bertram, fixing his eye upon the arms and gate-way, and partly addressing Glossin, partly as it were thinking aloud—"it is odd the tricks which our memory plays us. The remnants of an old prophecy, or song, or rayme, of some kind or other, return to my recollection on hearing that motto---stay--it is a strange jungle of sounds:

"The dirk shall be light, And the wrong made right, When Bertram's right and Bertram's might

tion. To these appearances Bertram was totally in-attentive, being dragged on as it were by the current of his own associations. Indeed, although he adof his own associations. Indeed, although he ad-dressed Glossin, he was not so much thinking of him, as arguing upon the embarrassing state of his own feelings and recollection. "Yes," ho said, "I preserved my language among the sailors, most of whom spoke English, and when I cold get into a corner by myself, I used to sing all that song over from beginning to end—I have forgot it all now—bus I remember the tune well, though I cannot guess what should at present so strongly recall it to my

memory." He took his flageolet from his pocket, and played a simple melody. Apparently the tune awoke the corresponding associations of a damsel, who, close beside a fine spring about half way down the descent, and which had once supplied the castle with water, was engaged in bleaching linen. She immediately took up the song :

"Are these the Links of Forth, she said, Or are they the crooks of Dee, Or the bonnic woods of Warroch-head That I so fain would see?"

"By heaven," said Bertram, "it is the very ballad ! I must learn these words from the girl." Confusion ! thought Glossin ; if I cannot put a stop to this, all will be out. O the devil take all ballads, and ballad-makers, and ballad-singers! and that d-d jade too, to set up her pipe!-" You will have time enough for this on some other occasion," he said aloud; "at present"-(for now he saw his emis-sary with two or three men coming: in the back sary with two or three men coming up the bank,) "at present we must have some more serious con-versation together."

"How do you mean, sir?" said Bertram, turning short upon him, and not liking the tone which he made use of.

made use of. "Why, sir, as to that—I believe your name is Brown ?" said Glossin. "And what of that, sir ?" Glossin looked over his shoulder to see how near his party had approached; they were coming fast on. "Vanbeest Brown ? if I mistake not." "And what of that, sir ?" said Bertram, with in-capesing astonishment and displeasure. "Why, in that case," said Glossin, observing his friends had now got upon the level space close beside them—" in that case, you are my prisoner in the king's name !"—At the same time he stretched his hand towards Bertram's collar, while two of the men whe had come up seized upon his arms; he shock himself, however, free of their grasp by a violent effort, up These Bertram's orght and Bertram's might being het-keight is the rhyme. I am sure; but I cannot hir upon the preceding word." "Confound your memory," muttered Glossin, "you "There are young rememory," and the world to be another when a kinght?" "I are the worst person in the world to consult memory is and those who brought me up discou-tion is non account, I believe, of a boyish wish fincth I had to escape from their charge." "Y very ratural," asid Glossin, but speaking as if there width of a quarter of an inch, so that his there he usually spoke: Indeed his spearance and there he usually spoke: Indeed his spearance and there are usually spoke: Indeed his spearance and there are usually spoke. Indeed his a present and the speare and subority is a stretched he is heard to another when I was a boy. You may there width of a quarter of an inch, so that his there width of a quarter of an inch, so that his there he usually spoke: Indeed his spearance and the accourd during all this conversation seemed to the heard wound his weepon, and submitted himself to the officera, who, flying onhim with eagerness cor responding to their forma, alleging the strength and to load him with irons, alleging the strength and

Give many respect, that was consistent with safety. Afraid, swall of the sheld is severity. But Glossin was ashamed or afraid to be treated with all the decency, and even prespect, that was consistent with safety. Afraid, prespect, that was consistent with safety. Afraid, swall further subjects of recollection might have been suggested, and anzious at the same time to cover handsomely folded, and a sheld with the Harle-word arms, having the Nova Scotia badge dopander ing from the shield. Sr. Robert Harlewood of Harlewood returns Mir. G. Glossin's compliments, and thanks him for the trouble he bas taken is a matter affecting the safety of dict, and thanks him for the trouble he has taken in a matter affecting the safety of the cartinge to be got ready, and in the meaning the prisoner and the officers, who were consumed to one of the rooms in the former a magistrate should be provided.

#### CHAPTER XLII.

Bring in the svidence. Thou robed man of justice, take thy place. And thou, his yoker fellow of equity. Bench by his side-you are of the comment King La

WHILE the carriage was getting ready, Glossin had time. It was to his neighbour, as he was fond of call-ing him, Sir Robert Hazlewood of Hazlewood, the head of an ancient and powerful interest in the county, which had in the decadence of the Bllangowan family head of an ancient and powerful interest in the county, which had in the decadence of the Ellangowan family gradually succeeded to much of their authority and influence. The present representative of the family was an etherly man, doingly fond of his own family, which was limited to an only son and daughter, and stoically indifferent to the fate of all mankind besides. For the rest, he was honourable in his general deal-ings, because he was afraid to suffer the consure of the world, and just from a better motive. He was gregumputously over-conceited on the score of family pride and importance, a feeling considerably enhan-ced by his late succession to the title of a Nova Scotia Baronet; and he hated the memory of the Ellan-gowan family, though now a memory only, because a certain baron of that house was traditionally re-gorted to have caused the founder of the Hazlewood family hold his stirrup until he mounted into his and important, affecting a species of florid elocution, which often became ridiculous from his misarranging the triads and quaternions with which he loaded his sentences.

To this personage Glossin was now to write in such a conciliatory style as might be most acceptable to his vanity and tamily pride, and the following was the form of his note.

"Mr. Gilbert Glossin" (he longed to add of Ellan-gowan, but prudence prevailed, and he suppressed that taritorial designation) "Mr. Gilbert Glossin has the honeur to offer his most respectful compliments to Sir Rebert Hazlewood, and to inform him, that he person who wounded Mr. C. Hazlewood. As Sir Robert Hazlewood may probably choose to conduct the examination of this criminal himself, Mr. G. Glossin will cause the man to be varried to the inn et Kippletringen, er to Hazlewood-house, as Sir Robert Hazlewood may be pleased to direct: And, with Sir Robert Hazlewood's permission, Mr. G. Glossin will stend him at either of these places with the proofs and declarations which he has been so featmate as to collect respecting this atrocious busi-mees." "Hr. Gilbert Glossin" (he longed to add of Ellan-

Addressed, "Siz Rosser Haziswoos of Haziswood, Bart." "Haziswood-beune, dsc. dsc.

Tuesday."

This note be dispatched by a servant on harseback, and having given the man some time to get a-head, and desired him to rice fast, he ordered two officers of justice to get into the carnage with Bertram; and he bimself, mounting his horse, accompanied them at a slow pace to the point where the roads to Kip-Vetringan and Haslewood-house separated, and there

company to dinner." Addressed,

## "Mr. Guasar GLOSSIA, &C.

## HARLEWOOD-HOURS,

Soli 1 thought Mr. Glossm, here is one finger in et least, and that I will make the means of introducing my whole hand. But I must first get clear of this wretched young fellow. I think I can manage Sir Robert. He is dull and pompous, and will be elike disposed to listen to my suggestions upon the law of the case, and to assume the credit of acting upon them as his own proper motion. So I shall have the advantage of being the real magistrate, without the odium of responsibility.— As he cherished these hopes and expectations, the carriage approached Hazlewood-house through a no-ble avenue of old oaks, which shronded the ancient abbey-resembling building so called. It was a large time of Queen Mary, the first of the family had ob-timed a gift of the house and surrounding lands from the crown. It was pleasantly situated in a harge dear-

time of Queen Mary, the first of the family had ob-tained a gift of the house and surrounding lands from the crown. It was pleasantly situated in a large degr-park, on the banks of the river we have before men-bioned. The scenery around was of a dark, selecting and somewhat melancholy cast, according well with the architecture of the house. Every thing appeared to be kept in the highest possible order, and announ-ced the opulence and rank of the proprietor. As Mr. Glossin's carriage stopped at the door of the hall, Sir Robert reconnected the new vehicle from the windows. According to his aristocratic feelings, there was a degree of presumption in the news homo, this Mr. Gibert Glossin, hat writer in *cows homo*, this Mr. Gibert Glossin, hat writer in *cows homo*, this wrath was mitigated when he ob-served that the mantle upon the panels only bure a plain ciphet of G. G. This apparent medesty was indeed solely owing to the delay of Mr. Cumming of the Lyon. Office, who, being at that ime engaged in discovering and matriculating the arms of two com-missaries from North America, three English-Iris slow than usual in finding an escutcheon for the part Laid of Ellangowar. But his delay told to the prove Laid of Ellangowar. But his delay told to the prove rone

While the officers of justice detained their prime in a sort of steward's room, Mr. Glossia was asked into what was called the great eak parlour, s is room, penalled with well-varnished witnescot, a adorned with the grim portraits of Sir Robert Hug wood's ancestry. The visiter, who had no input consciousness of worth to belance that of meaning of birth, falt his inferiority, and by the depth of bow said the obsculousness of his demonstrand time in the old and submissive habits of the same trather of the law. He would have persuaded ask, indeed, that he was only humouring the sum the old Baronet, for the purpose of turning it was hown advantage; but his feelings were of a mean ature, and he selt the influence of thobe very you dices which he presended to faiter. . While the officers of justice detained their prig

The Baronot received his visitor with that e-cending parade which was meant at once so his own wast superiority, and to show the gene

and constants with which he could wains it, and de-sound as the level of ordinary conversation with ordi-nary men. He thanked Glossin for his attention to a satter in which "young Hazlewood" was ao inti-mistly concerned, and, pointing to his family pio-tim, observed, with a gracious smile, "Indeed these warable gentlemen, Mr. Glossin, are as much obli-red as I am 'in this case, for the labour, paina, care, and I have mordoubly, were they canable of a znreasing

vessable gentumen, and the fabour, paina, care, and as I am in this case, for the fabour, paina, care, and treaks which you have taken in their behalf; and I have no-doubl, were they capable of axpressing themselves, would join me, sir, in thanking you for the favour you have conferred upon the house of Hashewood, by taking care, and trouble, sir, and in-tenet, in behalf of the young gentleman who is to continue their name and family." Thrice bowed Glomain, and each time more pro-foundly than before; once in honour of the knight whe stood upright before him, once in respect to the quet personages who patiently hung upon the wain-scot, and a third time in deference to the young gen-theman who was to carry on the name and family. *Rotarior* as he was, SirRobert was gratified by the hamage which he pendered, and proceeded in a tone of gracious familiarity: "And now, Mr. Glossin, my arcseding good friend, you must allow me to avail must of your knowledge of law in our proceedings in this matter. I am not much in the habit of acting as a justice of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace; it suits better with other families of the peace is the suit of acting the substance families of the peace is the substance of the peace is the substance of the peace is t

• Of course, whatever small assistance Mr. Glossia could zender was entirely at Siz Robert Hazlewood's name stood high in the first of the faculty, the said Mr. Glossin could not presume to hope it could be either neces-age or useful.

could not presume to nopa it could be either neces-server or useful. Why, my good sir, you will understand me only tensean, that I am something deficient in the practi-binness. I was indeed educated to the bar, and might boast perhaps at one time, that I had made progress in the speculative, and abstract, and might boast perhaps at one time, that I had made progress in the speculative, and abstract, and might boast perhaps at one time, that I had made progress in the speculative, and abstract, and might boast perhaps at one time, that I had made progress in the speculative, and abstract, and might has I was really early disgusted with prac-tion. The first case, indeed, which was laid on my min guite sickened me; it respected a bargain, sit, tablew, between a butcher and a candle-maker; and found it was appected that I should grease my south, not only with their vulgar names, but with I the toehnical terms and phrases, and peculiar lan-gange, of their dirty arts. Upon my honour, my good tr. I have never been able to bear the small of a tal-w-candle since." Priving, as seemed to be expected, the mean use to high the Barmacia for use a down down down down down down and set and the bar and set and a bar and a bar and a tal-

The state of the servent who at-the server of the server of the servent who at-the server of the server of the servent who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the server who at-the server of the server of the server who at-the server of the serv

The we can have the oath of the servant who at-bin," said the ready Mr. Glossin; "Indeed ally think the fact will be disputed. I am more hensive, that, from the too favourable and in-ing manner in which I have understood that Mr. wood bas been pleased to represent the busi-the meanult may be considered as accidental, and there as unintentional, so that the follow that

wood, even by indvesterary, to take the metter, in a its middet, and gentiest, and in its most favourable : us miscost and gentlest, and in its most favourable and improbable light, as a crime which will be too i easily atoned by imprisonment, and as more deserve ing of deportation."

ing ol deportation." "Indeed, Sir Robert," said his assenting brother in justice, I am entirely of your opinion; but I don't know how it is, I have observed the Edihourgh gendle-men of the bar, and even the edihoers of the crown, pique themselves upon an indifferent administration of justice, without respect to rank and family; and I should fear"

nique themseives upon an indifferent administration of justice, without respect to rank and family; and I should rear"—
"How, eir, without respect to rank and family; and I should rear"—
"How, eir, without respect to rank and family; will you tail me that doetrine can be held by mea of birth and legal education? No, sir; if a trifle stoleg, min the street is termed mere pickery, but is elevated into sacrilege if the crime be committed in a church, so, according to the just gradiations of society, the society, the society of the same termed in a church, is on according to the just gradiations of society, the society of an injury is enhanced by the rank of the person to whom it is effared done, or perpetrated, ar". Gloasin bowed low to this declaration as eathedra, but obseaved, that in case of the very worst, and of such unstural doctrines being actually held as he had already hinted, "the law had another hold on Mr. Vanbeest Brown I''
" Wanbeest Brown I is that the fellow's name? Good God! that young Hazlewood of Hazlewood should have had his life endangered, the clavicle of his right shoulder considerably lacerated and disloged, several large drops or alugs deposited in the acromen process, as the account of the family surgeon appressly bears, and all by an ebscure wretch named vanbeest Brown I'' "Why really, Sir Robert, is a thing which one can hardly bear to think of; but, begging ten thousen hardly bear to think of; but, begging ten thousen bare of the same name is, as appears form these papers (producing Dirk Hatteraick's pocket-book.) mate to the sameging veasel who offered such violence at Woodbourne, and I have no doubt that this is the same individual; which, however, your acuta, to suppose there could be found among them two persons doomed to bear a name so shocking to one's serve as this of Vanbeest Brown."
" The same, my good sir, Robert, will discover it without difficulty, on your Sir Robert, will discover it without difficulty, on your giving your mind

"I will inquire into it, my good sir," said the learn-"I will inquire into it, my good sir," said the learn-ed Baronet. "Yet even now I venture to conjecture a said the learnthat I shall adopt the solution or explanation of this riddle, enigma, or mystery, which you have in some degree thus started. Yes! revenge it must bo—and, good Heaven! entertained by and against whom ?— entertained, fostered, cherished, against young Ha-There will a believe, be not dimiculty in proving main fact, that this was the person who fired the proving piece. Should he deny it, it can be proved fr. Hazlewood, I presume?" France and have the oath of the servant who at the him, "said the ready Mr. Glossin; "Indeed I birn," said the ready Mr. Glossin; I and the source of the sachet to their mighty base and pistols, and such honourble arms, was reserved by the nobility and gentry to themselves, and the dis and pistols, and such honourble arms, was reserved by the nobility and gentry to themselves, and the dis and pistols, and such honourble arms, was reserved by the nobility and gentry to themselves, and the dis which nature had given then, or by cudgels cut, broken, or hewed out of the next wood. But new, it, the clouted shoe of 'he peasant galls the kibe of the courtier. The lower ranks have their quarrels, ar and their points of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honour the solution of honour, and their revenged are appresent the solution of honou which they must bring, forseeth, to fatal arbitrement. But well, well it will last my time-let us have in this follow, this Vanbeest Brown, and make an end of him at least for the present."

#### CHAPTEF. XLIII.

Gave heat unto the inpu 7, which retarned, Like a petard ill ignized, into the bosom Of him gave fire to L. Yell hopo his hurt Is not so dangerous but, te may rocurer, Patr Maid of the In

Fur Maid of the Ima. Thus prisoner was now presented before the two worshipful magiatrates. Glossin, partly from some compunctious visitings, and sartly out of his cutious resolution to suffer Sir Robert Hazlewood to be the ostupsible manager of the will be examination, looked down upon the table, and busied himself with read-ing and arranging the papers respecting the business, only now and then throwing in a skilful catchword as prompter, when he saw the principal, and ap-parently most active magistrate, stand in need of a hint. As for Sir Robert Hazlewood, he assumed on his part a happy mixture of the austerity of the jushint. As for sir kovert raziewood, he assumed the jus-tice, combined with the display of personal dignity appertaining to the baronet of ancient family. "There, constables, let him stand there at the bot-tom of the table.—Be so good as look me in the face,

tom of the table.—Be so good as look me in the face, sir, and raise your voice as you answer the questions which I am going to put to you." "May I beg, in the first place, to know, sir, who it is that takes the trouble to interrogate me?" said the prisoner; "for the honeat gentlemen who have brought me here have not been pleased to furnish any information upon that point." "And pray, sir," answered Sir Robert, "what has my name and quality to do with the questions I am about to ask you?"

may menue and quanty to do with the questions I am about to ask you?" "Nothing, perhaps, sir," replied Bertram; "but it may considerably influence my disposition to answer them." them

"Why, then, sir, you will please to be informed that you are in presence of Sir Robert Hazlewood, and another justice of peace for this county-that's all." As this intimation produced a less stunning effect upon the prisoner than he had anticipated, Sir Ro-bert proceeded in his investigation with an increas-ing dislike to the object of it. " Is your name Vanbeest Brown, sir?" " It is," answered the prisoner. " So far well;--and how are we to design you fur-ther, sir?" demanded the Justice. " Captain in his majesty's — regiment of horse," answered Bertram.

answered Bertram.

The Baronet's cars received this intimation with satonishment; but he was refreshed in courage by an incredulous look from Glossin, and by hearing him gendy uter a sort of interjectional whistle, in a note of surprise and contempt. "I believe, my friend," said Sir Robert, "we shall find for you, before we part, a more humble title." "If you do, sir," replied his prisoner, "I shall wil-lingly submit to any punishment which such an im-posture shall be thought to deserve." "Well, sir, we shall sec," continued Sir Robert. "Do you know young Hazlewood of Hazlewood?" "I never saw the gentleman who I am informed bears that name excepting once, and I regret that it was under very unpleasant circumstances."

"You mean to acknowledge, then," said the Ba-ronet, "that you inflicted upon young Hazlewood of Hazlewood that wound which endangered his life, gonsiderably lacerated the clavicle of his right shoul-

considerably lacerated the clavide of his right shoul-dor, and deposited, as the family surgeon declares, several large drops or slugs in the acromion process?". "Why, sir," replied Bertram, "I can only say I am equally ignorant of and sorry for the extent of the damage which the young gentleman has sustained. " met him in a narrow path, walking with two la-" durs and a servant, and before I could either pass them er address them, this young Hazlewood took his gun from his servant, presented it against my body, and

ICRAP. XI.III. commanded me in the most hanghty tone to stand back. I was neither inclined to submit to his au-thority, nor to leave him in possession of the means to injure me, which he seemed disposed to use with such rashness. I therefore closed with him for the purpose of disarming him; and just as 1 had nearly effected my purpose, the piece went off accidentally, and, to my great regret then and since, inflicted upon the young gentleman a servere chastisement than I desired, though I am glad to understand it is like to prove no more than his unprovoked folly deserved? "And so, sir," said the Baronet, every feature swoln with offended dignity,—" You, sir, admit, sir, that it was your purpose, sir, and your intention, sir, and the real let and object of your assault, sir, to dis-arm young Hazlewood of Hazlewood of his gun, sir, or his fowling-piece, or his fuzze, or whatser your please to call it, sir, upon the king's highway, sir?— I think this will do, my worthy aeighbour I think he should stand committed ?" " You are by far the best indge, Sir Robert," sid glosgin in his more instantion of the short, " sid glosgin in his more instantion of the short," sid

he should stand committed T' "You are by far the best judge, Sir Robert," said Glossin, in his most insinuating tone; "but if I might presume to hint, there was something about these smugglers." "Very true, good sir.—And besides, sir, you, Van-beest Brown, who call yourself a captain in his ma-jesty's service, are no better or worse than a rascally

mate of a smuggler "" "Rcally, sir," said Bertram, "you are an old gentlo-man, and acting under some strange delusion, other-

"None at present, sind bertrand, you are at out gender-wise I should be very angry with you." "Old gendleman, siri strange delusion, sir !" said Sir Robert, colouring with indignation. "I protest and declare—Why, sir, have you any papers or lei-ters that can establish your pretended rank, and es-tate, and commission ?" "None at present, sir," answered Bertram; "but in the return of a post or two"— "And how do you, sir," continued the Baronet, "if you are a captain in his majesty's service, how do you chance to be travelling in Scotland without letters of introduction, credentials, baggage, or any thing be-longing to your pretended rank, estata, and condition, as I said before?" "Oho ! then you are the gentleman who took a met detine form

to be robbed of my clothes and baggage." "Oho! then you are the gentleman who took a post-chaise from — to Kippletringan, gave the boy the slip on the road, and sent two of your accomplicas to beat the boy and bring away the baggage?" "I was, sir, in a carriage as you describe, was obli-ged to alight in the snow, and lost my way endea-vouring to find the road to Kippletringan. The labd-lady of the inn will inform you that on my arrival there the next day, my first inquiries were after the boy."

boy." "Then give me leave to ask where you spent the night—not in the snow, I prosume? you do not exp-pose that will pass, or be taken, credited, and re-

pose that will prove a server of the providence question." "I thought as much," said Sir Robert.-"I thought as much," said Sir Robert.-

you not during that night in the ruins of Derncies

you not during that high in the ruins of Dernclean -in the ruins of Derncleugh, sir?" "I have told you that I do not intend answer that question," replied Bertram. "Well, sir, then you will stand committed, said Sir Robert, "and be sent to prison, sir, that sir.—Have the goodness to look at these papers, you the Vanbeest Brown who is there menuter It must be remarked, that Glossin had an among the papers arm writings which really the 8£ 3 

among the papers some writings which really de long to Bertram, and which had been found by officers in the old vault where his portmanteen a ransacked.

"Some of these papers," said Bertram, less over them, "are mine, and were in my portfolio it was stolen from the post-chaise. They are randa of little value, and, I see, have been careful locted as affording no evidence of my rank or eff ter, which many of the other papers weeks.

established fully. They are mingled with ship-ac-counts and other papers, belonging apparently to a person of the same name."

"And will thou attempt to persuade me, friend," demanded Sir Robert, "that there are *two* persons in this country, at the same time, of thy very uncommon

this country, at the same time, of thy very uncommon and awkwardly sounding name?" "I really do not see, sir, "as there is an old Hazle-wood and a young Hazlewood, why there should not be an old and a young Vanbeest Brown. And, to speak seriously, I was educated in Holland, and I know that this name, however uncouth it may sound in Brith care?" in British ears'

Glossin, conscious that the prisoner was now bout to enter upon dangerous ground, interfered, about to enter upon dangerous ground, intersered, though the interruption was unnecessary, for the purpose of diverting the attention of Sir Robert Hazlewood, who was speechless and motionless with indignation at the presumptuous comparison implied in Bertram's last speech. In fact, the veins of his throat and of his temples swelled almost to burst-ing, and he sat with the indignant and disconcerted air of one who has received a mortal insult from a ing, and he sat with the indignant and disconcerted air of one who has received a mortal insult from a quarter, to which he holds it unmeet and indecorous to make any reply. While with a bent brow and an angry eye he was drawing in his breath slowly and majestically, and puffing it forth again with deep and solemn exertion, Glossin stepped in to his assistance. "I should think now, Sir Robert, with great submis-sion, that this matter may be closed. One of the opnstables, besides the pregnant proof already pro-duced, offers to make eath, that the sword of which he pregner was this morting despined (while using the prisoner was this morning deprived (while using it, by the way, in resistance to a legal warrant) was a cutians taken from him in a fray between the officers

cullass taken from him in a fray between the officers and smaggiers, just previous to their attack upon Woodbourne. And yet," he added, " I would not, have you form any rash construction upon that sub-ject; perhaps the young man can explain how he came by that weapon." "That question, sir," said Bertram, "I shall also have unanswered." "There is yet another circumstance to be inquired mto, always under Sir Robert's leave," insinuated Gloesin. "This prisoner put into the bands of Mrs. Mac.-Candish of Kippletringan, a parcel containing a variety of gold coins and valuable articles of differ-ent kinds. Perhaps, Sir Robert, you might think it right to ask, how he came by property of a descripent kinds. Perhaps, Sir Robert, you might think it right to ask, how he came by property of a descrip-tion which seldom occurs?" "You, sir, Mr. Vanbeest Brown, sir, you hear the genesition, sir, which the gentleman asks you?" "I have particular reasons for declining to answer that question," answered Bertram. "Then I am afraid, sir," said Glossin, who had mought matters to the point he desired to reach, "Our duty must lay us under the necessity to surn a

" our duty must lay us under the necessity to sign a warrant of committal."

"As you please, si," answered Bertram; 'take rar however, what you do. Observe that 1 inform you that I am a captain in his majesty's --- regi-ment, and that I am just returned from India, and therefore cannot possibly be connected with any of those contraband traders you talk of; that my ot temant-Colonel is now at Nottingland, the Major, with the officers of my corps, at Kingston-upon-Dearnes. I office before you both 'o submit to any beares of ignominy, if, within the return of the 

almost have died of shame at committing such This is all very well, sir, but is there no person whom you could refer to?"

There are only two persons in this country who wary thing of me," replied the prisoner. "One plain Liddesdale sheep-farmer, called Dimmont wary by, this is well enough, Sir Robert !" said way by, this is well enough, Sir Robert !" said

Glossin. "I suppose he would bring forward this thick-skulled fellow to give his oath of credulity, Sir Robert, ha, ha, ha?"

And what is your other witness, friend," said the Baronet.

A gentleman whom I have some reluctance to mention, because of certain private reasons; but under whose command I served some time in India, and who is too much a man of honour to refuse his testimony to my character as a soldier and gentle-

"And who is this doughty witness, pray, sir ?" said Sir Robert,—" some half-pay quartermastor or sergeant, I support ?"

sergeant, I suppole "?" "Colonel Guy Mannering, late of the — regiment, in which, as I told you, I have a troop." Colonel Guy Mannering; theught Glossin, — who the devic could have guessed this? "Colonel Guy Mannering ?" echoed the Baroner, considerably shaken in his opiniou, —"My good sir," —apart to Glossin, " the young man, with a dreadful plebeian name, and a good deal of modest assurance, as avertheless comething of the tone and manage has nevertheless something of the tone, and manners

biobergin name, and a good deal of modest absorrances, and feeling of a gentleman, of one at least who has lived in good society-they do give commissions very loosely, and carelessly, and inaccurately, in India-I think we had better pause, till Colonel Mannering shall return ; the is now, I believo, at Edinburgh." "You are in every respect the best judge, Sir Ro-tert," answered Glossin, "in every possible respect. I would only submit to you, that we are certainly hardly entitled to dismiss this man upon an assertion which cannot be satisfied by proof, and that we shall incur a heavy responsibility by detaining him in pri-vate custody, without committing him to a public Sir Robert;-and would only say, for my own part, that I very lately incurrod severe cansure by detain ing a person in a place which I thought perfectly se-cure, and under the custody of the proper officers. The man made his escape, and Lhave no doubt my own character for attention and circumspection as a own character for attention and circumspection as a magistrate has in some degree suffered—I only higt this—I will join in any step you, Sir Robert, think most advisable." But Mr. Glossin was well aware most advisable." But Mr. Glossin was well aware that such a hint was of power sufficient to decide the motions of his self-important, but not self-relying colleague. So that Sir Robert Hazlewood summed up the business in the following speech, which pro-ceeded partly upon the supposition of the prisoner being really a gentleman, and partly upon the oppo-site belief that he was a villain and an assassin. "Sir, Mr. Vanbeest Brown-I would call you Cap-tain Brown if there was the least reason, or cause or grounds to suppose that you are a captain, or had

or grounds to suppose that you are a captain, or had a troop in the very respectable corps you mention, or indeed in any other corps in his majesty's service, as to which circumstance I beg (1) be understood to give no positive, settled, or unalterable judgment, declara-tion, or opinion. I say therefore, sir, Mr. Brown, we have determined, considering the unpleasant predicament in which you now stand, having been robbed, as you say, an assertion as to which I suspend my opinion, and being possessed of much and valuable treasure, and of a brass-handled cutlass besides, as to your obtaining which you will favour us with no explanation-I say, sir, we have determined and resol ved, and made up our minds, to commit you to jail, or rather to assign you an apartment therein, in order that you may be forthcoming upon Colonel Mauner-

"With humble submission, Sir Robert," said Glog sin, "may I inquire if it is your purpose to send this young gentleman to the county jail ?-for if that were not your settled intention, I would take the liberty to hint, that there would be less hardship in sending

say all things considered, we will commit this person, I would rather say authorize him to be detained, in the workhouse at Portanferry."

The warrant was made out accordingly, and Ber-

The warrant was made out accordingly, and Ber-tram was informed he was next morning to be remo-yed to his place of confinement, as Sir Robert had determined he should not be taken there under cloud of night, for fear of rescue. He was, during the inter-val, to be detained at Hazlewood-house. It carnot be so hard as my imprisonment by the Looties in India, he thought; nor can it last so long. But the deuce take the old formal dunderhead, and his more sly associate, who speaks always under his breath,—they cannot understand a plain man's story when it is told them. In the mean while Glossin took leave of the Baronet.

In the meanwhile Glossin took leave of the Baronet,

when it is told them. In the meanwhile Glossin took leave of the Baronet, with a thousand respectful bows and cringing apolo-gies for not accepting his invitation to dinner, and venturing to hope he might be pardoned in paying his respects to him, Lady Hazlewood, and young Mr. Hazlewood, on some future occasion. "Certainly, sir." said the Baronet, very graciously. "I hope our family was never at any time deficient in eivility to our neighbours; and when I ride that way, good Mr. Glossin, I will convince you of this by call-ing at your house as familiarly as is consistent—that is, as can be hoped or expected." "And now." said Glossin to himself, "to find Dirk Hatteraick and his people,—to get the guard sent off from the Custom-house,—and then for the grand cast of the dice. Every thing must depend upon speed. How lucky that Mannering has betaken himself to about it if should try to compound with the heir?—It's likely he might be brought to pay a round sum folleweituicu, and I could give up Hatteraick—But no, no, no ! there were to many eyes on me, Hatteraick himself, and the gipey sailor, and that old hag—No, no ! I must stick to my original plaa." And with that he struck his spurs against his horse's flanks, and rode forward at a hard trot to put his machines in motion.

#### CHAPTER XLIV.

A prison is a house of cars, A place where none can thrive, A touchatone true to try a friend A grave for one alive. Bometimes a place of right, Sometimes a place of rogues and thieves, And honest men among. Inscription on Edinburgh ToDa

Inscription on Edinburgh Tolooth. EARLY on the following morning, the carriage which had brought Bertram to Hazlewood-house, was, with his two silent and surly attendants, appointed to con-vey him to his place of confinement at Portanferry. This building adjoined to the Custom-house estab-lished at that little sea-port, and both were situated so close to the sea-beach, that it was necessary to defend the back part with a large and strong ram-part or bulwark of huge stones, disposed in a slope towards the surf, which often reached and broke upon them. The front was surrounded by a high wall, enclosing a small court-yard, within which the miserable inmates of the mansion were occasionally permitted to take exercise and air. The prison was used as a House of Correction, and sometimes as a chapel of ease to the county jail, which was old, and chapel of ease to the county jail, which was old, and far from being conveniently situated with reference to the Kippletringtan district of the county. Mac-Guffog, the officer by whom Bertram had at first been apprehended, and who was now in attendance upon him, was keeper of this palace of little-ease. He seused the carriage to be drawn close up to the outer gete, and got out himself to summon the warders. The noise of his rap alarmed some twenty or thirty ranged boys, who left off sailing their mimic aloops and frigates in the little pools of sait water left by the receding tide, and hastily crowded round the vehicle to see what-luckless being was to be delivered to the prison-house out of "Glossin's braw new carriage."

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of many chains and bars, was opened by Mrst Mat-Guifog, an awful spectacle, being a woman for strength and resolution capable of maintaining order. strength and resolution capable of maintaining order among her riotous inmates, and of administering the discipline of the house, as it was called, during the absence of her huebehd, or when he chanced to have taken an over-dose of the creature. The growing voice of this Amazon, which rivalled in harshness the crashing music of her own bolts and bars, soof dispersed in every direction the fittle variets who had thronged around her threshold, and she next ad-dressed her amiable help-mate :---"Be sharp, man, and get out the swell, caust they

Be sharp, man, and get out the swell, cannot those

not ?" "Hold your tongue and be d-d, you

"Be sharp, man, and get out the swell, cannet those not ?" "Hold your tongue and be d-d, you -----," ari-swared her loving husband, with two additional epi-thets of great energy, but which we beg to be accurate from repeating. Then, addressing Bertram,--"Come, will you get out, my handy iad, or must we lend you a lift?" Beftram came out of the carriage, and, coffared by the constable as he put his foot on the ground, was-dragged, though he offered no resistance, across the threshold, amid the continued shouts of the little same-culotte, who looked on at such distance as their fear of Mrs. Mac Guffog permitted. The instant his foot had crossed the fatel porch, the portress again drop-ped her chains, drew her bolta, and turning with both hands an immense key, took it from the lock; and thrust it into a huge side-pocket of red cloth. Bertram was now in the small court already men-tioned. Two or three prisoners were suntering along the pavement, and deriving shi were a feeling of refreshment from the momentary glimpse with which the opening door had extended their prospect to the other side of a dirty street. Nor can this but shought surprising, when it is considered, that, unless on such occasions, their view was confined to they pavement beneath their feet; a sameness of land-scape, which, to use the poet's epression, "lay libs' a load on the wearied eye," and had fostered in some a callous and dull misanthropy, in others that sick-ness of the heart which induces him who is immuned already in a living grave, to wish for a septishary yet more calm and sequeetred. Mac-Guffog, when they entered the court-yerd, suf-fered Bertram to pause for a minute, and shok upon-bis companions in affliction. When he bad cast his eye around, on faces on which guilt, and destondence, and low excess, had fixed their stigma; upon the spenthrift, and the swindler, and the thief, he bash-rupt debtor, the "moping idio, and the madman gry-whom a saltry spirit of occonny conground to maxe this dismal habitation, he felt his he

inexpressible loathing from enduring the contamina-tion of their society even for a moment. "I hope, sir," he said to the keeper, "you intend to assign me a place of confinement spart." "And what should I be the better of that?" "Why, sir, I can but be detained here a **day or time**, and it would be very disagreeable to not to make the sort of company this place affords." "And what do I care for that?" "Why, then, sir, to speak to your feelings," and Bertram, "I shall be willing to make you a handroom compliment for this indugence."

"Ay, but when, Captain? when and how? the question, or rather the twa questions," and

the question, or remain and get my remission jailor. "When I am delivered and get my remission from England," answered the prisoner. Mac-Guffog shook his head incredulously. "Why, friend, you do not pretend to believe the am really a malefactor?" said Bertram. "Why, I no ken," said the fellow; "but if you on the account, ye're has sharp ane, that's the d light o't."

"And why do you say I am no sharp one ?" "Why, wha but a crack-brained greenhorn" has let them keep up the siller that ye left at that don-arms?" said the constable. "Deil fetch una I wad have had it out o' their wanset Ye had

peribut a mark to pay your fees; they might have theoris the rest o' the articles for evidence. But why, for a blind bottle-head, did not ye ask the guineas ' and I kept winking and nodding a' the time, and the donnert deevil wad never ance look my way!" "Well, sir," replied Bertram, "if I have a title to have that property delivered up to me, I shall apply for it; and there is a good deal-more than enough to may any demand you can set up." "I diana ken a hit about that," said Mac-Guffog : "Ye may be here lang enough. And then the gieing erwit maun be considered in the fees. But, however, a ye do seem to be a chap by common, though my wite easy lose by my good-nature, if ye gie me an or-der for my fees upon that money-I dare say Glossin will make it forthcoming-I ken something about an ancape from Ellangowan-ay, ay, he'll be glad to carry me through, and be neighbour-like." "Well, sir," replied Bertram, "if I am not furnished an easy er two otherwise, you shall have such an or-ter."

der."" "Weel, weel, then ye shall be put un like a prince," said Mac-Guffog. "But mark ye me, friend, that we may have ness colly-shangie afterhend, these are the may have nase colly-shangic afterhend, these are the fase that I alwaya charge a swell that must have his lib-ker to himsell—Thirty shillings a week for lodg-ings, and a gainea for garnish; half-a-guinea a-week for a single bed,—and I dinna get the whole of it, for I must gee half-a-crown out of it to Donald Laider Shat's in for sheep-stealing, that should sleep with you by rule, and he'll expect clean strate, and maybe some whiskey beside. So I make little upon that." "Well, sir, go en."

"Then for meat and liquor, yo may have the best, and I never charge aboon twenty per cent. ower ta-spro price for pleasing a gentleman that way-and that's kitle ensuch for sending in and sending out, and wearing the lassie's shoon out. And then if ye're dewie, I will sit wi'you a gliff in the evening mysell, man, and help ye out wi'your bottle.—I have drank mooy a glass wi'Glossin, man, that did you up, though he's a justice now. And then I'se warrant ye'll be for fire thir cauld nights, or i'ye want candle, that's an expensive article, for it's against the rules. And now I've tell'd ye the head articles of the charge, and I dinna think there's muckle mair, though there will aye be some odd expenses ower and abune." "Well, sir, I must trust to your conscience, if ever "well, sir, I must rust to your conscience, if ever "you happened to hear of such a thing—I cannot help saved!" "Then for meat and liquor, yo may have the best

mysolf.

"Na, na, sir," answered the cautious jailor, "Ill so permit you to be saying that—I'm forcing nat-thing upon ye;—an ye dinna like the price, ye needna take the article—I force no man i I was only explain-ing what civility was; but if ye like to take the com-mon run of the house, it's a' ane to me—I'll be asved insuble, that's a'." "Nay, my friend, I have, as I suppose you may easily guess, no inclination to dispute your terms spon such a penalty," answered Bertram. "Come, show me where I am to be, for I would fain be alone art a little while." Na, na, sir," answered the cautious jailor, "Ill

"Ay, ay, come along then, Captain," said the fel-ew, with a contorion of visage which he intended be a smile; " and l'li tall you now,—to show you hall have a conscience, as ye ca't, d—n me if large ye abune sixpence a-day for the freedom o' the war, and ye may walk in't very near three hours a-by, and yes at pitch-and-toes, and hand-ba', and the said.

With this gracious promise, he ushered Bertram With this gracious promise, he ushered Bertram no the house, and showed him up a steep and nar-iw stope staircase, at the top of which was a strong or, clerched with iron, and studded with nails. Spond this door was a narrow passage or gallery, sring three cells on each side, wretched vaults, with an .bed-frames, and straw mattresses. But at the rather and was a small spartment, of rather a more pent appearance, that is, having less the air of a confinement, since, unless for the large lock is chain upon the door, and the crossed and pon-trates stanchons upon the window, it rather re-tibled the "worst inn's worst room." It was

It was

ight to be stringpit of your money and sent to jail designed as a sort of infirmary for prisoners whose schout a mark to pay your fees; they might have state of health required some indulgence; and, in sepit the rest of the articles for evidence. But why, fact, Donald Laider, Bertram's destined chum, had we blind battle head, did not we ask the guiness? I been just dragged out of one of the two beds which been just dragged out of one of the two beds which been just tragged out of one of the two beas which it contained, to try whether clean straw and whiskey might not have a better chance to cure his intermit-ting fever. This process of ejection had been carried into force by Mrs. Mac-Guffog while her husband parleyed with Bertram in the court-yard, that good lady having a distinct presentiment of the manuer in which the treaty must necessarily terminate. Appawhich the treaty must necessarily terminate. Appa-rently the expulsion had not taken place without some application of the strong hand, for one of the bed-posts of a sort of tent-bed was broken down, so that the tester and curtains hung forward into the middle of the narrow chamber, like the banner of a chieftain, half-sinking amid the confusion of a combat.

"Never mind that being out o' sorts Captain," said Mrs. Mac-Guffog, who now followed them into said Mrs. Mac-Guffog, who now followed them into the room; then, turning her back to the prisoner, with as much delicacy as the action admitted, she whipped from her knee her ferret garter, and applied it to splicing and fastening the broken bed-post-then used more pins than her, apparel could well spare to fasten up the bed-curtains in festcons-then shock the bed-clothes into something like form-then flung over all a tattered patch-work quilt, and pronounced that things were now "something purpose-like." "And there's your bed. Captain," pointing to a massy four-posted hulk, which, owing to the inequality of the floor that had sunk considerably, (the house, though new, having been built by con-ract), stood on three noor that had sunk considerably, (the house, though new, having been built by con-ract, bacod on three legs, and held the fourth aloft as if pawing the air, and in the attitude of advancing like an elephant passant upon the pannel of a cusch—"There's your bed and the blankets; but i ye want sheets, or bow-ster, or pillow, or ony sort o' nappery for the table, or for your hands, ye'll has to speak to me about it, for that's out o' the gudeman's line. (Mac-Guffug had by this time left the mom to avoid, probably, any anneal this time left the room, to avoid, probably, any appeal this time tert the room, to avoid, probably, any appeab which might be made to him upon this new exac-tion,) and he never engages for ony thing like that." "In God's name," said Bertram, "let me have what is decent, and make any charge you please." "Aweel, aweel, that's sune settled; we'll no ex-cise you neither, though we live sac near the Custom-

And I maun see to get you some fire and house. And I maun see to get you some fire and some dinner too, I'se warrant but your dinner will some dinner toe, I'se warrant ' but your dinner will be but a puir ane the day, no expecting company that would he nice and fashious."—So saying, and in all haste, Mrs. Mac-Guffor fetched a scuttle of live coas, and having replenished " the rusty grate, unconscious of a fire" for months before, she proceeded with un-washed hands to arrange the stipulated bed-linen, (alas, how different from Ailie Dinnon's!) and, muttering to herself as she discharged her task, seemed, in inveterate spleen of temper, to grudge evan these accounted stipute the stipulated bed-linen, was to receive those accommodations for which she was to receive

those accommodations for which she was to receive payment. At length, however, she departed, grunb-ling between her teeth, that "she wad rather lock up a hail ward than be fiking about the niff-nafig gu-tles that gas sae muckle fash wi' their fancies." When she was gone, Bertram found himself redu-ced to the alternative of pacing his little apartment for exercise, or gazing out upon the sea in such propu-tions as could be seen from the narrow panes of his window, obscured by dirt and by close iron-bars, or reading over the records of hutal wit and blackwindow, obscured by dirt and by close iron-bars, or reading over the records of brutal wit and black-guardism which deepair had ecrawled upon the half whitened walls. The sounds were as uncomfortable as the objects of sight; it.: sullan dash of the tide, which was now retreating, and the occasional open ing and shutting of a door, with all its accompani-ments of iarring bolts and creaking hinges, mingling occasionally with the dull monotony of the retiring occas. Sometimes, too, he could hear the hoarse growl of the keeper, or the shriller strain of his help; mate, almost always in the tone of discontent. anger. mate, almost always in the tone of discontent, anger make, since a strong to the tone of alsochtent, anger, or insolence. At other times the large mastiff, chained in the court-yard, answered with furious bark the insults of the idle loiterers who made a sport of in-

censing him. At length the tredium of this weary space was

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**GUT MAN** broken by the entrance of a dirty-looking serving wench, who made some proparations for dinner by laying a helf-dirty cloth upon a whole-dirty deel table. A knife and fork, which had not been worn out by overcleaning, flanked a cracked delf plate; a rearly empty mustard-pot placed on one side of the table, balanced a saltcellar, containing an article of a grayish, or rather a blackish mixture, upon the other, both of stone-ware, and bearing too obvious marks of recent service. Shortly after, the same Hebe brought up a plate of beef-collops, done in the frying-pan, with a huge allowance of grease floating in an ocean of lukewarm water; and having added to know what liquors the gentleman chose to order. The appearance of this fare was not very inviting; but Bertram endeavoured to mend his commons by ordering wine, which he found tolerably good, and, whit the assistance of some indifferent cheese, made is dinner chieffy off the brown loaf. When his meal was over, the girl presented her master's compli-ments, and, if agreeable to the gentleman, he would help him to spend the evening. Bertram degired to origin broken tallow-candle inclining over a tin candles is dinner chieffy off the brown loaf. When his meal was over, the girl presented her master's compli-ments, and, if agreeable to the gentleman, he would help him to spend the evening. Bertram degired to origin broken tallow-candle inclining over a tin candle site coated with grease; as for the writing materials, the prisoner was informed that he might have them her the mert day if he chose to send out to buy them. Bertram next degired her maid to procure him a book, and enforced his request with a shilling; in conse-quence of which, after long absence, she re-appeared with two odd volumes of the Newgaie Calendar, and enforced his request with a shilling; in conse-quence of which, after long absence, she re-appeared with two odd volumes of the Newgate Calendar, which she had borrowed from Sam Silverquill, an idle apprentice, who was imprisoned under a charge of forgery. Having laid the books on the table, she retired, and left Bertram to studies which were not ill adapted to his present melancholy situation.

#### CHAPTER XLV.

But if thou shoulds be dragg'd in scorn To yonder immominious tree, Thou shalt not want one faithful friend To share the cruei faites' decree. SHENSTONE

PLINED in the gloomy reflections which were na-turally excited by his dismal reading and disconso-late situation, Bertram, for the first time in his life, felt himself affected with a disposition to low spirits. "I have been in worse situations than this too," he said,---"more dangerous, for here is no danger; more "I have been in worse situations than this too," he said;—" more dangerous, for here is no danger; more dismal in prospect, for my present confinement must necessarily be short; more intolerable for the time, for here, at least, I have fire, food, and shelter. Yet, with reading these bloody tales of crime and misery, in a place so corresponding to the ideas which they excite, and in listening to these sad sounds, I feel a stronger disposition to melancholy than in my life I ever experienced. But I will not give way to it—Be-gone, thou record of guilt and infamy!" he said; fling-ing the book upon the spare bed; "a Scottish jail shall not break, on the very first day, the spirits which have resisted climate, and want, and penutry, and dis-ease, and imprisonment, in a foreign land. I have fought many a hard battle with dame Fortune, and she shall not beat me now, if I can help it." Then bending his mind to a strong effort, he en-deavoured to view his situation in the most favour-able light. Delaserre must soon be in Scotland; the certificates from his commanding officer must soon arrive; nay, if Mannering were first applied to, who could say but the effect might be a reconciliation be-tween them? He had often observed, and now re-

tween them? He had often observed, and now re-membered, that when his former colonel took the art of any one, it was never by halves, and that he

att of any one, it was never by halves, and that he seemed to jove those persons most who had lain un-der obligation to him. In the present case, a favour, which could be asked with honour and granted with readiness, might be the means of recording them to each other. From this his feelings naturally turned twards Julia; and, without very nicely measuring the distance between a soldier of fortune, who ex-prected that her father's attestation would deliver him

from confinement, and the heirass of that father's wealth and expectations, he was building the gayont castle in the clouds, and varnishing it with all the 

tram, rising, and shaking him hearnly by the hand, "that's all." "But what will be done about it?-or what care be done about it?" said honest Dandie-"is't for debt, or what is't for?" "Why, it is not for debt," answered Bertram; " and if you have time to sit down, I'll tell you all I know of the matter myself." "If I has time?" said Dandie, with an accent on the word that sounded like a howl of derision-"Ou, what the deevil am I come here for, man, but just ance errand to see about it? But ye'll no be the wave o' something to eat, I trow, --it's getting late at e'en ance errand to see about it? But ye'll no be the visur o' something to eat, I trow ;—it's getting late at e'ea — I tell'd the folk at the Change, where I put up Dam-ple, to send ower my supper here, and the chield Mac-Guffog is agreeable to let it in—I hae settled a' that.— And now let's hear your story—Which, Wasp, man I wow but he's glad to see you, poor thing !" Bertram's story, being confined to the accident of Hazlewood, and the confusion made between his own identity and that of one of the sunuggless, who had been active in the assault of Woodbourne, and chanced to bear the some name. was soon told.

had been active in the assult of Woodbourne, and chanced to bear the same name, was soon told. Dimmont listened very attentively. "Aweed," he said, "this suid be nas esic dooms-desperate business sure-ly-the lad's doing weel again that was hurt, and what signifies twa or three lead draps in his shou-ther? if ye had putten out his ee it would hae been another case. But eh, as I wuss auld Sherra Pley-dell was to the fore here I-odd, he was the mas for sorting them, and the queerest rough-spoken deevil too that every ye heard !"

sorting them, and the queerest rough-spoken deevil too that ever ye heard !" "But now tell me, my excellent friend, how did you ind out I was here ?" "Odd, lad, quearly eneugh," said Dandie; "bas I'll tell ye that after we are done wi' our supper, for it will maybe no be sae weel to speak about it while that lang-lugged limmer o' a lass is gaun flishing in and out o' the room." Betram's curiosity was in some degree put to reat by the appearance of the supper which his friend has ordered, which, although homely enough, had the appearing cleanliness in which Mrs. Mac-Guillor cookery was so eminently deficient. Dimmont take premising he had ridden the whole day since break inst-time, without tasting any thing "to speak which which qualifying phrase related to alout three break of cold roast mutton which he had discussed at mid-day stage,--Dimmont, I say, fell stoutly upward fulle, either good or bad, till the rage of thirse, the hunger was appeased. At length, after a dramaker home-brewed ale, he began by observing, "was aweel, that hen," looking upon the lamentable rell of what had been once a large fow, "was an ane to be bred at a town end, though it's sno like bar door chuckies at Charlies-hope-and I carn to see that this vexing job hasna taen awa your its, Captain."

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"Why, really, my dimeer was not so excellent, Mr. Dinmont, as to spoil my supper." "I dare say no, I dare say no?" said Dandie:--"But now, hinny, that ye has brought us the brandy, and the mug wi' the het water, and the sugar, and a right, ye may steek the door, ye see, for we wad has some o' our ais cracks." The damgel accordingly re-dired, and shut the door of the spartment, to which she added the precaution of drawing a large bolt on the outside.

the outside. As soon as she was gone, Dandie reconnoitred the premises, listened at the key-hole as if he had been listening for the blowing of an otter, and having satis-fied himself that there were no eaves-dropper, re-turned to the table; and making himself what he called a gay stiff cheerer, poked the fire, and began his story in an under tone of gravity and importance act very usual with him. "Ye set Captain, I had been in Edinbro' for twa or three days, looking after the burial of a friend that we hae lost, and may be I suld has had something for my ride; but there's disappointments is a' things, and whe can help the like o' that? And

something for my ride; but there's disappointments in s' things, and what can help the like o' that? And I had a wee bit law business besides, but that's nei-ther here nor there. In short, I had got my matters estiled, and hame I cam; and the morn awa to the muirs to see what the herds had been about, and I thought I might as weel gie a look to the Tout-hope head, where Jock o' Dawston and me has the out-cast about a march.--Weel, just as I was coming upon the bit, I saw a man afore me that I kenn'd was name o' cur herds, and its a wild bit to meet ony other body, so when I cam up to him, it was Todd Gabriel the for hunter. So I says to him, rather sur-prised like, 'What are ye doing up amang the craws here, without your hounds, man' are ye seeking the 'ox without the dogs ? So he said, 'Ns, gudeman, but I wanted to see yoursell.' 'Ay,' said I, 'and ye'll be wanting eilding now, or oomething to pit ower the winter? 'Na, na, 'quo'he, 'A's no that I'm seeking; but ye tak an unco concern in that Captain Brown that

Na, na, 'quo' he, 'fy's no that I'm seeking; but ye tak an unce concern in that Captain Brown that was staying wi'you, d'ye no ? 'Troth do I, Gabriel,' says I; 'and what about tim, lad? "Says he, 'There's mair tak an interest in him than you, and some that I am bound to obey; and the no just on my ain will that I'm here to tell you something about him that will no please you.' 'Faith, nagthing will please me,' quo' I, 'that's no pleasing to him.' 'And then,' quo' he, 'ye'll he ill-sorted to hear that

"Faith, naghing will please me,' quo' I, 'that's no i 'Faith, naghing will please me,' quo' I, 'that's no i pleasing to him.' 'And then,' quo' he, 'ye'll be ill-sorted to hear that i the's like to be in the prison at Portanferry, if he disna tak a' the better care o' himsell, for there's been war-rants out to tak him as soon as he comes ower the i water fine Allonby. And now, gudeman, an every e wish him week, ye maun ride down to Portanferry, and let nae grass grow at the nag's heels; and if ye find him in confinement, ye maun stay beside him i might and day, for a day or twa, for he'll want friends i that has baith heart and hand; and if ye neglect this 'But, safe us, man,' quo' I, 'how did ye learn a' this f it's an unco way between this and Portanferry.' 'Never ye mind that,' quo' he, 'them that breught i mesthan news rade night and day, and ye maun be aff instantly if ye wad do ony gude—and sae I have nae-thing mair to tell ye.'—Sae he sat himsell doun and himselld doun into the gisn, where it wad has been it following, him, wi' the beast, and I cam back to Charlies-hope so tell the gudewife, for I was uncer-tion be sent out on a hunt the gowk errend wi' a instat to do. It wad look unco-like, I thought, bet up her throat about is and what water me is to be sent out on a hunt the gowk errend wi' a instat be of . It wad look unco-like, I thought, be i ye was to coust to ony wrang, sa' could is case they should be needed, and a' the beins ran seadelle Dumple. By great luck I had then the inter beast to Edinbro', sae Dumple was as fresh as is they should be needed, and a' the beins ran seadelle Dumple. By great luck I had then the inter beast to Edinbro', sae Dumple was as fresh as is power. See aff beet, and 'Wasp wi'me, for ye wed is up her throat about the and where I was gaun, puit beast ; and here I am after a trot o' sixty mile, et i

In this strange story Bertram obviously saw, sup-posing the warning to be true, some intimation of danger more violent and imminent than could be likely to arise from a few days imprisonment. At likely to arise from a few days imprisonment. At the same time it was equally evident that some un-known friend was working in his behalf. "Did you not say," he asked Dinment, "that this man Gabriel was of ginsy blood 2" "It was e'en judged sae," said Dinmont, "and 1 think this maks it likely; for they aye ken where the gange o' lik ither are to be found, and they can gar measure fies like a foot-ba' through the country an they like An' I forcer to tall we there's been an are

like. An' I forgat to tell ye, there's been an unco inquiry after the auld wife that we saw in Bewcastle; the aberift's had folk ower the Lamestane Edge after the sherift's had folk ower the Lamestane isage atter ber, and down the Hermitage, and Liddel, and a gates, and a reward offered for her to appear, o' fifty pound sterling, nae less; and Justice Forster he's had out warrants, as I am tell'd, in Cumberland, and an

out warrants, as I am tell'd, in Cumberland, and an unco ranging and ripeing they have had a' gates week-ing for her; but she'll no be taen wi' them unless she likes, for a' that." "And how comes that?" said Bertram. "Ou, I dinna keen; I daur say it's nonsense, but they say she has gathered the fern-seed, and can gang ony gate she likes, like Jock-the-Giant-killer in the ballant, wi' his coat o' darkness and his shoon o' swiftness. Ony way she's a kind o' queen amang the gipsics; she is mair than a hundred year auld, folk say, and minds the coming in o' the mome-troopers in the troublesome times when the Stewarts

toopers, in the troublesome times when the Stewarts were put awa. Sac, if she canns hide hersell, she kens them that can hide her weel eneugh, ye noedna doubt that. Odd, an I had kenn'd it had been Meg Merrilies yon night at Tibb Mumps's, I wad taen care how I crossed her." Bertram listened with great attention to this ac-count, which tallied so well in many points with what he had himself seen of this gipsy sibyl. After a moment's consideration, he concluded it would be no breach of faith to mention what he had seen at Dern-cleugh to a person who held Meg in such reverence as Dinmont obviously did. He told his story ac-cordingly, often interrupted by ejaculations, such as, "Weel, the like o' that now !" or, " Na, deil an that's no something now !"

to an end, he shook his great black head—" Weel I'll uphaud there's baith good and ill amang the gipsies, and if they deal wi' the Enemy, it's a' their an busi-ness and no ours.—I ken what the streeking the corpse wad he, weel eneugh. Thae smuggler deevils, when ony of them's killed in a fray, they'll send for a wife like Meg far eneugh to dress the corpse; odd, it's a' the burial they ever think o'! and then to be with black the great without ony deenergy. Just like it's s' the burial they ever think o'! and then to be put into the ground without ony decency, just like dogs. But they stick to it, that they'll be streckit, and has an auld wife when they're dying to rhyme ower prayers, and ballants, and charms, as they ca' them, rather than they'll has a minister to come and pray wi' them—that's an auld threep o' theirs; and I am thinking the man that died will has been ane o' the folk that was shot when they burnt Woodbourne." "But my good friend, Woodbourne is not burnt,"

said Bertram.

"Weel, the better for them that bides in't," an-swered the store-farmer. "Odd, we had it up the water wi' us, that there wasna a stane on the tap o' anither. w' us, that there wasna a stane on the tap o' anither. But there was fighting, ony way; I daur to say, it would be fine fun ! And, as I said, ye may take it on trust, that that's been ane o' the men killed there, and that it's been the gipsies that took your pock-manky when they fand the chaise stickin' in the snaw —they wadna pass the like o' that—it wad just come to their hand like the bowl o' a pint stoup.''\* "But if this woman is a soversign among them, was she not able to afford me open protection, and to get me back my property?"

"The handle of a stoup of liquor ; than which, our provers

"Ou, what kens? she has muckle to say wi' them, | but whiles they'll tak their ain way for a' that, when they're under temptation. And then there's the sawing. giers that they're aye leagued wi, she maybe couldna manage them sae weel—theyre aye bended theysher —I've heard, that the gipsics ken when the snaug-giers will come aff, and where they're to land, better giers whit come an, and where they re to tand, better than the very merchants that deal wi's them. And then, to the boot o' that, she's whiles crack-brained, and has a bee in her. head; they say that whether her spacings and fortune-tellings be true or noy for certain she believes in them a' hersell, and is aye guiding ersell by some queer prophecy or anither. .. So she

bereell by some queer prophecy or anther. Bo'she disna aye gang the straight road to the well.-But deil o'sica story as yours, wi'glamour and dead folk and losing ane's gate. I ever heard out o'thetele-books! But which, I hear the keeper coming." Mac-Guffog accordingly interrupted their discourse by the harsh harmony of the bolts and bars, and showed his bloated visage at the opening dopr. "Come,

Mr. Dinmont, we have put off locking up for an hour

Lto oblige ye; ye must go to your quarters." "Quarters, man ? I intend to sleep here the night. "There's a spare bed in the Captain's room." "It's impossible!" answered thetkeeper.

"But I say it is possible, and that I winna stir

and there's a dram t'ye.

Mac-Guffog drank off the spirits, and resumed his bjection. "But it's against rule, sir ; ye have com-· chiection.

mited mae malefaction."
 "I'll break your head," said the sturdy Liddeedale
 man, "if ye say ony mair about it, and that will be malefaction ensugh to entitle me to as night's lodging

wi' you, ony way." "But I tell ye, Mr. Dinmont," reiterated the keeper,

"But I tell ye, Mr. Dinmont,".reiterated the keeper, "it's against rule, and I behoved to lose my post." "Weel, Mac,Guffog," said Dandie, "I has just twa' things to say. Ye ken wha I am weel ensugh, and that I wadna loose a prisoner." "And how do I ken that," said the resolute farmer, "ye ken this;-ye ken ye're whitewobliged to be up our water in the way o' your besimess; now if ye let me stay quietly here the night wi's the 'raptan, I'se pay ye double fees for the room; and if ye say no, ye shall hae the best sark-fu' o' sair banes that ever ye had in your life, the first time ye set a foot by Liddel-moat!"

Liddel-moat!" "Aweel, aweel, gudeman," said Mac-Guffog, "a wilfa" man maun hae his way; but if I am challeng-ted for it by the justices, I ken wha sall bear the wyte;" —and having sealed this observation. with a deep oath or two, he retired to bed, after carefully securing all the doors of the Bridewelk. The bell from the town steeple tolled nine just as the ceremony was concluded.

concluded.

concluded. "Although it's but early hours," said the farmer, who had observed that his friend looked somewhat pale and farigued, "I think we had better lie down, Captain, if ye're no agreeable to snother cheerer. But troth, ye're nas glass-breaker; and neither am I, unless it be a screed wi'the neighbours, or when I'm on a ramble."

unless it be a screed wi' the neighbours, or when i'm on a ramble."
Bertram readily assented to the motions of his faith-i fai friend, but, on looking at the bed, feitrepugnance to trust himself undreased to Mras. Mac.Gutlog's lean shoets.
"I'm mackle o' your opinion Castain, "said Dan-die, "Odd, this bed looks as if a' she contientain shouthar had been in't thegither. But it 'll no win through my nuckle cont." So saying, he flong him-gell upon the frail bed with a force that made all its i timbers crack, and in a few moments gave sudible i, signal that he was fast asleep. Bertram slipt off his execution boots, and occupied the other dormitory. The etrangences of his destiny, and the mysteries which appeared to thicken around him, while he seemed alike to be persecuted and protected by secret enemics and friends, arising out of a class of people with whom he had no previous connexion, for some time occupied his thoughts. Faiyue, however, gra-dually composed his mind, and in a short time he was as fast asleep as his companion. And in this com-tighted state of oblivion we must leave them.

we acquare the reader with some other o stances which occurred about the same puried.

# CHAPTER XLVI.

Upon the evening of the day when Bertram's en-amination had taken place, Colonel Mannering up-rived at Woodbourne from Edinburgh. He found his family in their usual state, which probably, so far as Julia was concerned, would not have been the ense had she learned the news of Bertram's arrest. But as during the Golonel's absence, the two young bedies lived much retired, this circumstance fortantely had not reached Woodbourne. A letter had already made Mies Bertram acquainted with the downfall of the expectations which had been formed upon the be-quest of her kinswoman. Whatever hopes that merns wight have dispelled, the disappointment tid not pre-vent her from joising her friend in affording a cheer-ful reception to the Colonel, to whof she thus endes Upon the evening of the day when Bertram's en voured to express the deep sense she entertain his paternal kindness. She touched on her re that at such a senson of the year he should

made, upon her account, a journey so fruideas. "That it was fruitless to you, my dear," said the Colonel, "I do most deeply lament; but for my own Colonel, " I do most deeply lament; but for share, I have made some valuable sequeintan have spent the time I have been absent in Edinburgh with peculiar satisfaction; so that, on that score, there is nothing to be regreted. Even our friend the Dominie is returned thrics the man he was, from having sharpened his wits in controversy with the geniuses of the northern metropolis." "Of a surety;" said the Dominie, with great com-placency, "I did wrestle, and was not overcome-though my adversery was canning in his art." "I presume," said Miss Mannering, "the contest was somewhat fatiguing, Mr. Sampson ?" "Very much, young lady-howbeit I gived up my loins and strove against him." have event the time I have been absent in Edin

loins and strove against him." "I can bear witness," said the Colonel; "I never

the Mahratta cavalry; he assailed on all ndee, and presented no fair mark for artillery; but Mr. Sampson stool to his guna, not withstanding, and fired away, now upon the enemy, and now upon the dest which had raised. But we must not fight our battles over again to-night-to-morrow we shall have the whole at breakfast.

The next morning at breakfast, however, the Da minie did not make his appearance. He had walk ed out, a servant said, early in the morning. ed out, a servant said, early in the morning was so common for him to forget his meals, his absence never deranged the family. The h keeper, a decens old-fashioned Presbyterian and having, as such, the highest respect for Samp theological exquisitions, had it in charge on 'occassions to take, care that he was negativer i shence of mind, and therefore usually waylesd on his neturn, to remind him of his sublumary a happened that he was absent from two meals to have the case in the smeant from two meals to a was the case in the smeant in the second proce. 

happened that he was absent from two meals to as was the case in the present instance. Was explain the cause of shis unwand cocurrence. The conversation which Mr. Pleydell hash with Mr. Mannering on the subject of the b Harry Bertram, had awakaned all the paisful tions which that event had inflicted upon San The affectionate heart of the poor Bornia always reproached him, that his negligence is ing the child in the care of Frank Kennedy, had the proximate cause of the nurder of the ap-less of the other, the death of Mrs. Bertram, the ruin of the family of his petron. It was a text which he new conversed upon. The subject which he never conversed upon, --- if indem mode of speech could be called conversation at time, --but it was often present to his imaging The sert of hope se strongly affirmed and assett Mrs. Bectram's last soullenuot, had accided a

## Bala XIATEL

responding folling in the Domanie's basen, which was examperated into a nort of michoning anxiety, by the discredit with which Pleydell had treated it.—As-wardition, and well skilled in the weighty matters for the isw; but he is also a man of humorous levity and inconsistency of speech; and wherefore should be pronousce ex cathedra, as it were, on the hope expressed by worthy Madam Margaret Bertram of Singleside 1

All theirs I say, the Dominie thought to himself; for had he uttered half the sentence, his jaws would have ached for a month under the unusual fatigue of have ached for a month under the unusual fatigue of such a continued exertion. The result of these cog-tanions was a reselution to go and visit the scene of the traggedy at Warroch Point, where he had not been for many years—not, indeed, since the fatal accident had happened. The walk was a long one, for the Point at Warroch lay on the further side of the Ellan-gowan paperty, which was interposed between it, and Woodbourne. Besides, the Dominie want astray mere than once, and met with heroiks swoin into desynts by the melting of the snow, where he, honest ana, had only the summer-recollection of little trick-ting rills.

man, has only us taking the reached the woods which At length, however, he reached the woods which be had made the object of his excursion, and tra-verged them with care, muddling his disturbed brains to recall every circumstance of versed them with care, muddling his disturbed orains with vague efforts to recall every circumstance of the catastrophe. It will readily be apposed that the influence of local situation and association was enadequate to produce conclusions different from those which he had formed under the immediate greeners of the occurrences themselves. "With many a weary sigh, therefore, and, many a groan," the presence of the occurrences themselves. "With many a weary sigh, therefore, and many a groan," the goor Demine returned from his hopeless pilgrimage, and weariedly plodded his way towards Woodbourne, debating at times in his altered mind a question which was forced upon him by the cravings of an appetite rather of the keenest, namely, whether he had breakfasted that morning or no? It was in this twillight humour, now thinking of the loss of the child, then involuntarily compelled to meditate upon the somewhat incongruous subject of hung-beef, rolls, and butter, that his route which was different from that which he had taken in the morning, conducted tower, called by the country people the Kaim of Derncleugh.

The reader may recollect the description of this a main in the twenty seventh chapter of this novel, as the vasily in which young Bertran, under the au-picces of Meg Merrilies, winessed the death of Hat-Regraick's lieutenant. The tradition of the country -pieces of Meg Merrilies, winessel, the death of Hat-sermick's liestenant. The tradition of the country midded ghostly terrors to the natural awe inspired by the situation of this place, which terrors the gipsics, period to a liest propagated, for their own advan-tagge. It was said that, during the times of the Grad wegins independence, one Hanlon Mac-Dinga-wearies, bosher to the reigning chief, Knarth Mac-Dinge-ware, to many the principality from his infant instruct the main of Dernclengt, where he defended instruct in his crime, to this impregnable tower instruct he kaim of Dernclengt, where he defended instruct he hands of their casperable denemies, is tragedy, which, considering the wild times instruct the hands of their casperable ememies. It was larded with many lagends of superstition is black as a considerable circuit, than pass these is defined walls. The lights, oftent seen around the impound walls. The lights, oftent seen around the impound of the induction in two accasionally frequented, acceptuated as the rendezvous of the lawless mean last the rendezvous of the lawless mean is a principal circuit, than pass these is a considerable circuit, than pass these is a considerable circuit, than pass these is a considerable circuit, then pass these is a start of a the set action of the sen around the is when used as the rendezvous of the lawless is a considerable circuit, then pass these is a considerable circuit, then pass these is a start of when it was occasionally frequented, a person and the set of the path and the tragedy, which, considering the wild times was placed, might have some foundation; in the same of all that is good, "said the Domi-be was larded with many legends of superstition about hood, if benighted, would rather have cho-too make a considerable circuit, than pass these about walls. The lights, often seen around the avery will as the rendervous of the lawkes accounted for, under authority of these takes of the accounted for, under authority of these takes of these takes do not be avere the super the super strong-lo. I will not be handled, woman, stand off, upon thise own proser peril -desist, I say-I am strong-lo. Were arred with supernatural atrength, (as the 10 minus esserted) by whom it was occasionally frequented, accounted for, under authority of these takes of these takes of the same of all that is good, bide off hands I will not be handled, woman, stand off, upon thise own proser peril -desist, I say-I am strong-lo. Were arred with supernatural atrength, (as the 10 minus esserted) by whom it was occasionally frequented berry, in a mannet at once convenient for, the law the same ade at her with his cane, and lifted log. II. 2E

public. Now it guest be confessed, that our friend Samap-son, although a profound scholar and mathematician, had not travelled so far in philosophy as to doubt the reality of witchcraft or apparitions. Born indeed at a time when a doubt in the existence of witches was integrated as equivalent to a justification of their infernal practices, a belief of such legends had been impressed upon the Dominie as an article indivisible form his minimum for the arthough instructure doubted as Impressed upon the Dominie as an article invisions from his religious faith, and perhaps it would have been equally difficult to have induced him to doubt the one as the other. With these feelings, and in a thick misty day, which was already drawing to its clease, Dominie Sampson did not pass the Kaim of

Derscleugh without some fealings of tacit horror. What then was his astonishment, when, on pass-ing the door—that door which was supposed to have been placed there by one of the latter Lards of Ellanbeen piaced there by one of the latter Larce of Lillac growan to prevent presumptious strangers from incur-ring the dangers of the haunted vault—that door, supposed to be always locked, and the key of which was popularly said to be deposited with the presby-tery—that door, that very door, opened suddenly, and the figure of Meg Merrilles, well known, though not the figure of sing sterrings, well known, uneugn net seen for many a revolving year, was placed at once before the eyes of the startled Dominic! She stood immediately before him in the foot-path, confronting him so absolutely, that he could not avoid her except by fairly turning back, which his manhood prevented him from thinking of. "I kenn'd ye wad be here," she said with her harab and hollow voice: "I ken wha ye seek; but ye maun do my hidding."

do my bidding." "Get thee behind me!" said the alarmed Dominie -"Avoid ye!-Conjuro te, scelestissima-nequissi-ma-spurissima-iniquissima-alque miserrimaconnuro telli

Meg stood her ground against this tremendous vol-ley of superlatives, which Sampson hawked up from the pit of his stomach, and hurled at her in thunder. "Is the carl daft," she said, "wi' his glamour ?" Conjuro," continued the Dominie, "abjuro, con-

Conjuro," continued the Domifie, "abjuro, con-lestor, aloue wirliter impero tibit" "What, in the name of Sathan, are ye feared for, wi your French gibberish, that would make a dog sick? Listen, ye srickit stibbler, to what I tell ye, or ye sell rue it while there's a limb o' ye hings to an-ither !-Tell Colonel Mannering that I ken he's seek-ing me. He kena, and I ken, that the blood will be wiped out, and the lost will be found, And Bertariy init and Bertari's init.

And Bertram's right and Bertram's might Shall meet on Ellangowan height.

Hat meet on Edingwan levent. Hat there's a letter to him; I was gann to send it in another way.—I canna write mysell; but I has them that will baith write and read, and ride and rin for me. Tell him the time's coming now, and the weid's dreed, and the whee's turning. Bid him look at the stars as he has looked at them before.—Will ye mind a' this?" "Assuredly," said the Dominie, "I am dubique—

"Assuredly," said the Dominie, "I am dubious-for, weman, I am perturbed at thy words, and my fleeh quakes to hear thee." "They'll do you nae ill though, and maybe muckle such."

gude

Avoid ye! I desire no good that comes by unlawful means

ful means." "Fuls-body that they art," said Meg, stepping, op to him with a frown of indignation that made her dark eyes flash likelamps from under her bent brows, —"Fuls-body ! if I mean ye wrang, couldna I cloud ye ower that craig, and wad man ken how ye cam by your end mair than Frank Kennedy ? Hear ye that,

him into the vault, "as easily," said he, "as I could sway a Kitchen's Atlas." "Sit down there," she said, pushing the half-throt-the preacher with some violence against a broken chair,---"sit down there, and gather your wind and your senses, ye black barrow-tram o' the kirk that ye wre--Are ye fou or fasting?" "Fasting--from all but ein" anamend the Dari

"Fasting—from all but sin," answered the Domi-"Fasting—from all but sin," answered the Domi-nie, who, recovering his voice, and finding his exor-cisms only served to exasperate the intractable sor-cisms only served to exasperate the intractable sorcisms only served to exasperate the intractable sor-ceress, thought it best to affect complaisance and submission, inwardly conning over, however, the wholesome conjurations which he durst no longer utter aloud. But as the Dominie's brain was by no means equal to carry on two trains of ideas at the same time, a word or two of his mental exercise sometimes escaped, and mingled with his uttered speech in a manner ludicrous enough; especially as the poor man shrunk himself together after every es-cape of the kind, from terror of the effect it might produce upon the irritable feelings of the witch. Mess, in the meanwhile, went to a great black caul-

cape of the kind, from terror of the effect it might: mode upon the irritable feelings of the witch. Meg, in the meanwhile, went to a great black caul-dron that was boiling on a fire on the floor, and, lift-ing the lid, an odour was diffused through the vault, which, if the vapours of a witch's cauldron could in aught be trusted, promised better things than the hell-broth which such vessels are usually supposed to contain. It was in fact the savour of a goodly stew, composed of fowls, hares, partridges, and moorgame, boiled in a large mess with potatoes, onions, and leeks, and from the size of the cauldron, appeared to be prepared for half a dozen of people at least. "So ye has eat naching a' day?" said Meg, heaving a large portion of this mess into a brown dish, and strewing it savourily with salt and pepper.\* "Nothing," answered the Dominie-"scelestissi-ma *l*-that is-gudewife." "Hae then," said she, placing the dish before him, "there's what will warm your heart." "I do not hunger-male/ca-that is to say-Mrs. Merrilies!" for he said unto himself, "the savour is sweet, but it hath been cooked by a Canidia or an Ericthoe."

Ericthoe." "If ye dinna eat instantly, and put some saul in ye, by the bread and the salt, I'll put it down your throat wi' the cutty spoon, scaulding as it is, and whether ye will or no. Gape, sinner, and swallow !" Sampson, afraid of eye of newt, and toe of frog, ti-gers' chaudrons, and so forth, had determined not to venture; but the smell of the stew was fast melting his obstinacy, which flowed from his chops as it ware in streams of water, and the witch's threats de-cided him to feed. Hunger and fear are excellent ca-wirsts suists. "Saul,"

suists. "Sanl," sa d Hunger, "feasted with the witch of Endor."—"And," quoth Fear, "the salt which she sprinkled upon the food showeth plainly it is not a necromantic banquet, in which that seasoning never occurs."—"And, besides," says Hänger, after the first spoonful, "it is savoury and refreshing viands." "So ye like the meat ?">said the hostess. "Yea," answered the Dominie, "and I give thee thanks-secleratissima !--which means-Mrs. Mar-garet !"

thanks-garet."

garet." "Aweel, eat your fill; but an ye kenn'd how it was gotten, ye maybe wadna like it sae weel." Samp-son's spoon dropped, in the act of conveying its load to his mouth. "There's been mony a moonlight watch to bring a' that trade thegither," continued Meg,—" the folk that are to eat that dinner thought Little o' your game laws." Is that all ? thought Sampson, resuming his spoon,

Is that all 's Hought Sampson, resumming his spoon, "We must arasin have recourse to the contribution to Black-wood's Magazine, April, 1817 — "To the admirrer of good enting, gipsy cookery seems to have if the to recommend it. If can assure you, howover, that the cook of a nobleman of high distinction, a person who never reads even a novel without an ere to the enlargement of the cultury sci-ence, has added to the Almanach des Gourmands, a cortain Pot-des & is May Mirriel & Deracevergi, consisting of ranne and putity of all kinds, stawed with vegetables into a soul, which herals in sevour and richness the gallant messes of Canncho's wedding ; and which the Baron of Bradwardine would cortain-by have reconced among the *Epwis testions:*" The artist alluded to in this passage, is Mont. Florence, cook to Heary and Charies, late Dukce of Bueeleysh, and of high distinction in his 2005asion.

1000 upon that argument. "Now, ye mann tak a dram ?" "I will," quoth Sampson-"confure to-that is I thank you heartily," for he thought to himself, is far a penny, in for a pound; and he fairly drank the witch's heaith, in a cupful of brandy. When he had put this cope-stone upon Meg's good cheer, he felt as he said, "mightily elevated, and afraid of no evil which could befall unto him." "Will ye remember my errand now ?" upid Meg Merrilies; "I ken by the cast o' your se that ye'rs anither man than when you cam in." "I will Mrs. Margaret," repeated Sampson stout-ly: "I will deliver unto him the sealed yepsith, and will add what you please to send by word of moath." "Ther I'll make it short," says Meg. "Tell him" to look at the stars without fail this night, and to de what Jelesire him in that letter, as he would wish That Bertram's right and Bertuan's sight

That Bertram's right and Bertsim's might Should meet on Ellangowan height

waat zweene nim in that ictier, as he would wish That Bertam's right and Bertam's might Should meet os Ellangowan height I have seen him twice when he saw na me; I ken when he was in this country first, and I ken what's brought him back again. Up, an' to the gate ! ye're ower lang here—follow me." Sampson followed the sibyl accordingly, who guided him about a quarter of a mile through the woods, by a shorter cut than he could have found for himself; they then entered upon the common, Meg still march-ing before him at a great pace, until she gained the top of a small hillock which overhung the road. "Here," said she, "stand still here. Look hew the setting sun breaks through yon cloud that's been allock tower in the Castle o' Ellangowan—that's ue suddest tower in the Castle o' Ellangowan—that's ue nor asthing I—See as its glooming to sceaward abuae yon sloop in the bay—that's no for naething neither.— Here I stood on this very spot," said she, drawing herself up so as not to lose one hair-breadth of her un-common height, and stretching out her long sinewy arm, and clenched hand, "Here I stood, when I tank the last Laird of Ellangowan what was coming on his house—and did that fa' to the ground ?—ma-that wand of peace ower him—here I stand again—to bil God blees and prosper the just heir of Ellangowan that will sune be brought to his ain; and the beat laird he shall be that Ellangowan has seen for thered hundred years.—I'll no live to see it, may be; but there will be mony a blithe ee see it though mime be closed. And now, Abel Sampson, as ever ye lo'ed the house of Ellangowan was wi'r ym message to the English Colonel, as if life and death were upon your haste!" So saying, she turned suddenly from the anasade Dominie, and regained with swift and long strides

your haste !" So saying, she turned suddenly from the anaxe Dominie, and regained with swift and long strike the shelter of the wood from which she had issue at the point where it most encroached upon the cou mon. Sampson gazed after her for a moment in with astonishment, and then obeyed her directions, have ing to Woodbourne at a pace very unusual for his exclaiming, three times, "Prodigious prodigious pro-di-gious !"

## CHAPTER XLVII.

That I have utter'd ; bring me to the test, And I the matter will re-word ; which mast Would gembol from.

As Mr. Sampson crossed the hall with a bevi 

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"Na, ye needna gang in there, the cloth's been re-moved an hour syne, and the Colonel's at his wine; bat just step into my room. I have a nice steak that the cook will do in a moment." "Exercise te!" said Sampson,—" that is, I have

"Exercise te?" said Sampson,-"Dired! it's impossible-wha can ye hae dired "Dired! it's impossible-wha can ye hae dired "With Beelzebub, I believe," said the minister. "Na, then he's bewitched for cortain," said the bouekeeper, letting go, her hold; "he's bewitched, or he's daft, and ony way the Colonel maun just guide him his ain gate-Wae's me! Hech, sirs! It's a sair thung to see learning bring folk to this!" And with this compassionats ejaculation, she retreated into her arm premises.

The object of her commiseration had by this time watered the dining parlour, where his appearance gave great surprise. He was mud up to the shoulders, and the natural paleness of his hue was twice as cadavethe patural pateness of his nue was twice as catave-mus as usual, through terror, fatigue, and perturba-tion of mind. "What on earth is the meaning of this, Mr. Sampson?" said Mannering, who observed Miss Bertram looking much alarmed for her simple but stached friend. "Exorcise,"-said the Dominie.

"Exorciae,"--said the Dominie. "Exorciae,"--said the Dominie. "I crave pardon, honourable sir! but my writs"---"Are gone a wool-gathering, I think--pray, Mr. Sampson, collect yourself, and let me know the meaning of all this."

meaning of all this." Sampson was about to reply, but finding his Latin formula of exorcism still came most readily to his tongue, he prudently desisted from the attempt, and put the scrap of paper which he had received from the gipsy into Mannenng's hand, who broke the seal and read it with surprise. "This seems to be some jest," he said, "and a very dull one." "It came from no jesting person," said Mr. Samp-

eon. "From whom then did it come ?' demanded Man-

"From whom then did it come 7" demanded Man-aring. The Dominie, who often displayed some delicacy of mecollection in cases where Miss Bertram had an in-terest, remembered the painful circumstances, con-meted with Meg Merrilies, looked at the young la-dies, and remained silent. "We will join you at the tastable in an instant, Julia," said the Colonel; "I see that Mr. Sampson wishes to speak to me alonel." "And now they are gone, what, in Heaven's name, Mr. Sampson, is the meaning of all this?" "It may be a message from Heaven," said the Do-mine, "but it came by Beelzebub's postmistress. It was that witch, Meg Merrilies, who should have been burned with a tar-barrel twenty years since, for a har-to, thief, witch, and gipsy."

tot, thief, witch, and gipsy." "Are you sure it was she?" said the Colonell with

great interest. "Sure, honoured sir ?-Of a truth she is one not to be forgottem-the like o' Meg Merrilies is not to be seen in any land."

The Colonel paced the room rapidly, cogitating with himself. To send out to apprehend her-but it is too distant to send to Mac-Morlan, and Sir Roit is too distant to send to Mac-Morian, and Sir Ko-bert Hazlewood is a pompous coxcomb; besides the chance of not finding her upon the spot, or that the humour of silence that seized her before may again better; -no, I will not, to save being thought a fool, begiet the course she points out. Many of her class set out by being impostors, and end by becoming en-thusiants, or hold a kind of darkling conduct be-tween both lines, unconscious almost when they are cheating themselves, or when imposing on others.--Wall my course is a blain one at any rate : and if my Well, my course is a plain one at any rate; and if my works are fruitless, it shall not be owing to over-ulossy of my own character for wisdom." With this he rang the bell, and ordering Barnes in-

to his private sitting-room, gave him some orders. with the result of which the reader may be made

nel. Indeed Mannering's whole behaviour had impressed upon him an opinion that this would be disagreenble; and such was the name ndancy which the successful soldier and accomplished gentleman had attained over the young much scoulder, that in no respect would be have ventured to offend him. He saw, or thought he saw, in Colonel Mannering general conduct, an approbation of his attachment He, to Miss Bertram. But then he saw still more plainly the impropriety of any attempt at a private correspondence, of which his parents could not be suppos ed to approve, and he respected this barrier interposed betwixt them, both on Mannering's account, and as he was the liberal and zealous protector of Miss Ber-tram. "No," said he to himself, "I will not endan-ger the comfort of my Lucy's present retreat, until I can offer her a home of her own."

With this valorous resolution, which he maintained, although his horse, from constant habit, turned his head down the avenue of Woodbourne, and although he himself passed the lodge twice every day, Charles Hazlewood withstood a strong inclination Charles Hazlewood withstood a strong inclination to ride down, just to ask how the young ladies were, and whether he could be of any service to them dur-ing Colonel Mannering's absence. But on the se-cond occasion he falt the temptation so severe, that he resolved not to expose himself to it a third time; and, contenting himself with sending hopes and in-quiries, and so forth, to Woodbourne, he resolved to make a visit long promised to a family at some dis-tance, and to return in such time as to be one of the service whong Mannering's visites, who about tance, and to return in such time as to be one of the earliest among Mannering's visiters, who should congratulate his safe arrival from his distant and hazardous expedition to Ediphurgh. Accordingly, he made out his visit, and having arranged matters so as to be informed within a few hours after Colonel Mannering reached home, he finally resolved to take leave of the friends with whom he had spent the in-tervening time, with the intention of dining at Wood-bourne, where he was in a great measure domestica-ted : and this (for he thought much more deceive on ted; and this (for he thought much more deeply on the subject than was necessary) would, he flattered himself, appear a simple, natural, and easy mode of conducting himself.

conducting himself. Fate, however, of which lovers make so many complaints, was, in this case, unfavourable to Charles Hazlewood. His horse's shoes required an altera-tion, in consequence of the fresh weather having de-cidedly commenced. The lady of the house, where he was a visiter, chose to indulge in her own room till a very late breakfast hour. His friend also in-sisted on showing him a litter of puppies, which his favourite pointer bitch had produced the morning. The colours had occasioned some doubts about the maternity, a weight question of legitimacy to the depaternity, a weight question of legitimacy, to the de-cision of which Hazlewood's opinion was called in as arbiter between his friend and his groom, and which inferred in its consequences, which of the litter should be drowned, which saved. Besides, the Laird himself delayed our young lover's doparture for a considerable time, endeavouring, with long and superfluous rhetoric, to insinuate to Sir Robert Hazlewood, through the medium of his son, his own parti-cular ideas respecting the line of a meditated turnpite cular ideas respecting the line of a meditated turppike road. It is greatly to the shame of our young lover's apprehension, that after the tenth reiterated account of the matter, he could not see the advantage to be obtained by the proposed road passing over the Lang-hirst, Windy-knowe, the Goodhouse-park, Hailzie-croft, and then crossing the river at Simon's Pool, and so by the road to Kippletringar, and the less eligible line pointed out by the English surveyor, which would go clear through the main enclosures at Hazlewood, and cut within a mile, or nearly so, of the house itself, destroying the privacy and pleasure, as his informer contended, of the grounds. In short, the adviser (whose actual interest was

With this he rang the hell, and ordering Barnes in-bis private sitting-room, gave him some orders, ith the result of which the reader may be made that he result of which the reader may be made reatire acquainted. We must now take up another function, which is also to be woven into the story f this remarkable day. Charles Halewood had not ventured to make a isit at Woodbourne during the absence of the Colo-

which was the line that Glossin patronised, assured his friend it should not be his fault if his father did not countenance any other instead of that. But these various interruptions consumed the morning. Hazle-wood got on horseback at least three ho. rs later than

wood got on horseback at least three ho. rs later than he intended, and, cursing fine ladies, pointers, pup-pies, and turnpike acts of parliament, saw himself de-fained beyond the time when he could, with propriety, intrude upon the family at Woodbourne. He had passed, therefore, the turn of the road which led to that mansion, only edified by the distant ap-gearance of the blue smoke, curling against the pale aky of the winter evening, when he thought he beheld the Dominie taking a footpath for the house through the woods. He called after him, but in vain; for that honest gentleman, never the most susceptible of ex-traneous impressions, had just that moment parted from Meg Merrilies, and was too deeply wrapt up in pondering upon her vaticinations, to make any an-swer to Hazlewood's call. He was, therefore, obliged to let him proceed without inquiry after the health swer to Hazlewood's call. He was, therefore, obliged to let him proceed without inquiry after the health of the young ladies, or any other fishing question, to which he might, by good chance, have had an answer returned wherein Miss Bertram's name might have been mentioned. All cause for haste was now over, and, slackening the reius upon his horse's neck, he permitted the animal to ascend at his own leisure the steep sandy track between two high banks, which, rising to a considerable height, commanded, at length, an extensive view of the neighbouring country.

All length, all catching to first of an eagerly look-gountry. Hazlewood was, however, so far from eagerly look-ing forward to this prospect, though it had the recom-mendation, that great part of the laid was his fa-ther's, and must necessarily be his own, that his head still turned backward towards the chimneys of the horse made head still turned backward towards the chimneys of Woodbourne, although at every step his horse made the difficulty of employing his syzes in that direction become greater. From the reverie in which he was sunk, he was suddenly roused by a voice too harsh to be called female, yet too shrill for a man :-- "What's kept you on the road sas lang?--maun ither folk do your wark?

Help you wark?" He looked up: the spokeswoman was very tall, had a voluminous handkerchief rolled round her head, grizzled hair flowing in elf-locks from beneath it, a long red cloak, and a staff in her hand, headed with a sort of spear-point—it was, in short. Mey Merrilles. Hazlewood had never seen this remarkable figure before: he drew up his reins in astonishment at her appearance and made a full stop. "I think," con-tinued she, " they that has taen interest in the house of Kilangoran suld sleep nane this night; throe men has been seeking ye, and you are gaun hanse to sleep in your bed-dye think if the lad-bairn fa's, the sis-ter will do weel 7 na, na ?" "I don't understand you, good woman," said Ha-slewood; " If you speak of Miss—I mean of any of the late Ellangowan family, tell me what I can do for

the late Ellangowan family, tell me what I can do for them

snearth that I am nae betters Bu'l I can do what good worsen canna, and dauras do. I can do what would fraeze the blood o' them that is bred in biggit wa's for naething but to bind bairn's beads, and to hap them in the cradle. Hear me—the guard's drawn off it the Custom-house at Portanferry, and it's brought up to Hazlewood-house by your father's orders, be-cause he thinks his house is to be attacked this night by the smugglers; —there's naebody means to touch has house; he has gude blood and gentle blood—I say hittle o' him for himsell, but there's naebody thinks haw worth meddling wi'. Send the horsemen back to their toet, cannily and quietly—see an they winna and the swords will glitter in the braw moon." "Gwod God 1 what do you mean?" and young Ha-,

zlewood; "your words and meaner weak persuade me you are mad, and yet there is a strange combine-

tion in what you say." "I am not mad!" exclaimed the gipsy; "I have been imprisoned for mad-scourged for mad-hahighed for mad-but mad lam not. Hear ye, Charles Hazlewood of Hazlewood: d'ye bear malice against him that wounded war?

raziewoou of raziewood : a ye bear malice against him that wounded you?" "No, dame, God'forbid; my arm is quite well, and I have always said the shot was discharged by acc-dent. I should be glad to tell the young man so him-self." self

"Then do what I bid ye," answered Meg Merri-lies, "and ye'll do him mair gude than over he did you ill; for if he was left to his ill-wishers he would be a bloody corpse ere morn, or a banished man-but there's ane abune a', --Do as i bid you; seed back the

there's and abune a'. - Do se's hid you; seed back the soldiers to Portanferry. There's mae main four of Hazlewood-house than there's o' Cruffel-felt." And she vanished with her usual celerity of pace. It would seem that the appearance of this female, and the mixture of freazy and enthusiasen in her manner, seldom failed to produce the strongest im-pression upon those whom she addressed. Her words, though wild, were too plain and intelligible for actual madness, and yet too webernent and actra-vagant for sober-minded communication. She scen-ed acting under the influence of an intelligible Vagant for sober-minded communication. She are to ed acting under the influence of an imagination rath strongly excited than deranged; and it is wonder how palpably the difference, in such cases, is impre-ed upon the mind of the auditor. This may access for the attention wish which her strange and may inversible upon heard and acting upon rious hints were heard and acted upon. It is car at least, that young Hazlewood was strongly impo at least, that young Haziewood was strongly insee ed by her sudden appearance and imperative is He rode to Hiziewood at a brisk pace. It had a dark for some time before he reached the house, on his arrival there, he saw a confirmation of w the sibyl had hinted.

Thirty dragoon horses stood under a shed near to offices, with their bridles linked together. Three four soldiers attended as a guard, while others stan ed up and down with their long broadswords a heavy boots in front of the bouse. Hazlewood as Three or a non-commissioned officer from whence they can

From Portanferry.

"From Portanferry." "Had they left any gnard there?" "No; they had been drawn off by order of Sir had bert Hazlewood for defente of hie house, against at attack which was threatened by the anagelers." Charles Hazlewood instantly went is genet of hig father, and, having paid his respects to him upon ha return, requested to know upon what account he had thought it necessary to send for a military event Sir Robert assured his acon in reply, that from the had formation intelligence, and tidings, which had had

twought it necessary to send for a military cas Sir Bohert assured bis son in reply, that from the formation, intelligence, and tidings, which had communicated to, and laid before him, he had deepest reason to believe, credit, and be convis that a riotous assauft would that night be attem and perpetrated against Hazlewood-house, by a samugglers, gipsics, and other deeperadoes. "And what, my dear sir," said his son, " a direct the fary of ouch persons agginst cars a than any other house in the country?" "I abould rather think, suppose, and be ef cas in," answered Sir Rebert, "with deference to wisdom and experience, that on these occasions times, the vengeance of such persons is discuss leveled against the most important and dising at in point of rank, takent, birth, and situation their unlawful and illegal and criminal acting deed."

deeds." Young Haslewood, who knew his father answered, that the cause of his surprise did y where Sir Robert apprehended, but that he cause dered they should think of attacking a betwee there were so many servants, and where a sing the neighbouring tenants could call in much-nasistance; and added, that he doubted much we the reputation of the family would not in ser-gree sufter from calling soldiers from their dang Custom-house, to project them, as if they we sufficiently, strong to defind themalwes appear

her occasion. He even hinted, that in case their sucesemmines should observe that this precaution to been taken unnecessarily, there would be no end

the been traction understanding of their sarcasens. Sr Robert Harlewood was rather puzzled at this istimation, for, like most dull men, he heartily hated and faired ridicule. He gathered himself up, and hoked with a sort of pompous embarrasement, as if is wished to be thought to despise the opinion of the

"I really should have thought," he said, " that the "I really should have thought," he said, " that the injury which had already been aimed at may house in year person, being the next heir and representative of the Haslewood family, failing me—I should have thought had believed. I say, that this would have jus-the and be greater part of the people, for taking such preductions as are calculated to prevent and impede a tradition of entrone".

repetition of outrage." "Really, ar," said Charles, "I must remind you of that I have often said before, that I am positive the charge of the piece was accidental."

"St, it was not accidental." "St, it was not accidental." said his father angri-fr; "but you will be wiser than your elders." Really, sir," replied Hazlewood, "in what so in-tangately concerns myself"

Sir, it does not concern you but in a very secon-"Str, it does not concern you but in a very secon-inv degree-that is, it does not concern you, as a sidy young fellow, who takes pleasure in contra-neting his father; but it concerns the country, sir; met the county, sir; and the public, air; and the imagions of Scotland, in so far as the interest of the landwood family, sir, is committed, and interested, and part in feril, in, by, and through you, sir. And the jow is in sefe custody, and Mr. Glossin thinks"-----"Mir. Glossin, sir?" "You, sir, the semplemen who has purchased El-

"Mr. Glossin, sir?"." "Yes, sir, the gentlemen who has purchased El-gewein--you know who I mean, I suppose?" "Yes, sir," answerd the young man, "bul i should fully have expected to hear you quote such antho-p. Why, this felow--all the world knows him to mordid, mean, tricking, and I suspect him to be sue. And you yourself, my dear sir, when did you I such a person a gestleman in your life before?" "Why, Charles, I did not mean gentleman in the two senses and meaning; and restricted and proper , to which, no doubt, the phrase ought legitimately be coafined; but I mean to use it relatively, as s confined; but I meant to use it relatively, as This source in a state to when he has the state to when he has the set and the state himself — as designing, in short, a set and wealthy and estimable sort of a person." Allow me to ask, sir," said Charles, "if it was this man source was an source of the state of the set of

tanferry?" Sir," replied the Baronet, "I do apprehend that Glossin would not presume to give orders, or a an opinion, unless saked, in a matter in which slowcod bouse and the house of Harlewood— **Enclosed**-bouse and the house of Harlewood-penning by the one this mansion-house of my fa-nity, and the other, typically, metaphorically, and arabelically, the family itself-1 say then where the same of Harlewood, or Harlewood-house, was so mediately conserved." *I presume*, however, sir," said the son, "this mays approved of the proposal ?" *Sir,*" replied his father, "I thought it decent and a successful to consult hum as the present me.

and proper to consult him as the nearest maste, as soon as report of the intended outrage and may ears; and although he declined, out of the concur in the order, yet he did entirely ap-tence and respect, as became our relative situa-tion of may arrangement."

fast. up the avenue. In a few minutes the door and mr. Mac-Morlan presented himself. "I

ed, and Mr. Mac-Morlan presented himself. "I nder great concern to intrude. Sir Robert, but"-five .me isave, Mr. Mac-Morlan," said Sir Ro-layrith a gracious flourish of velcome; "this is trussion, sir; for your situation as Sheriff-Sub-the calling upon you to attend to the peace of the by (anad, you, dodbiless, feeling yourself particu-tation upon to protect Hazlewood-house,) you an acknowledged, and admitted, and underina-bit, sir te suter the house of the first gentleman

in Scotland, unlavited - always presuming you to be called there by the duty of your office." "It is indeed the daty of my office," said Mac-Morlan, who waited with impatience an opportunity to speak, "that makes me an intruder." "No intrusion!" reiterated the Baronet, gracefully

waving his hand.

waving his hand. "But permit me to say, Sir Robert," said the She-riff-Subsituite, "I do not come with the purpose of remaining here, but to recall these soldiers to Portan-ferry, and to assure you that I will answer for the safety of your house." "To withdraw the guard from Hazlewood house !" exclaimed the proprietor in mingled displeasure and surprise; "and you will be answerable for it! And, pray, who are you, sir, that I should take your secu-rity, and caution, and pledge, official or personal, for the safety of Hazlewood-house?" I think, sir, and be lieve, sir, and am of opinion, sir, that if any one of lieve, eir, and am of opinion, sir, that if any one of these family pictures were deranged, or destroyed, or injured, it would be difficult for me to make up the lose upon the guarantee which you so obligingly offe

loss upon the guardeney in the source of the cause is shall be source for it, Sir Robert," "In that case I shall be source for it, Sir Robert," answared the downright Mac-Morian; "but I pre-sume I may escape the pain of feeling my conduct the cause of each irreparable loss, as I can assure you there will be no attempt upon Hazlewend-house whatever, and I have received information which in -the sum to sum act that the rumour was put afford you take will be in attained to a transfer what were and in the first strong to the set of the set

sir. But you will have the goodness to observe, sir, that you are acting on your own proper risk, sir, and, peril, sir, and responsibility, sir, if any thing shall happen or befall to Hazlewood-house, eir, or the in-habitants, sir, or to the furniture and paintings, sir." "I am acting to the best of my judgment and in-formation, Sir Robert," said Mac-Mosian, "and I must pray of you to believe so, and to pardon me ac cordingly. I beg you to observe it is no time for core-mony—it is already very late." But Sir Robert, without deigning to listen to his apologies, immediately employed himself with much parade in arming and arraying his domesuics. Charless Hazlewood longed to accompany the military, which

parade in arming and arraying his domesucs. Charless Hazlewood longed to accompany the military, which were about to depart for Portanferry, and which were now drawn up and mounted by direction and under-the guidance of Mr. Mac-Morlan, as the civil magis-trate. But it would have given just pain and offence to bis father to have left him at a moment when he conceived himself and his mansion-house in danger. conceived himself and his mansion-honse in danger. Young Hazlewood therefore gazed from a window, with suppressed regret and displeasure, until he heard the officer give the word of command—"From the right to the front, by files, ma-reb. Leading file, to the right wheel—Trot."—The whole party of sol-diers then getting into a sharp and uniform pace, were soon lost among the trees, and the noise of file hoofs died speedily away in the distance.

## CHAPTER XLVIII.

Wi' coulters and wi' forchammers We garr'd the bars bang merrily, Until we came to the inner prison, Where Willie o' Kinmoat he did he

We return to Portanforry, and to Bertram and has bonest-neutred friend, whom we left most innecess inhabitants of a piece built for the guilty. The 21\*

slumbers of the farmer were as sound as it was possible.

But Bertram's first heavy sleep passed away long before midnight, nor could he again recover that state of oblivion. Added to the uncertain and uncomfortable state of his mind, his, body felt feverish and oppresecd. This was chiefly owing to the close and confined air of the small apartment in which they alept. After enduring for some time the broiling and suffocating feeling attendant upon such an atmosphere, he rose to endeavour to open the window of the apartment, and thus to procure a change of air. Alas I the first trial reminded him that he was in jail, and that the building being contrived for security, not comfort, the means of procuring fresh air were not left at the disposal of the wretched inhabitants.

Disappointed in this attempt, he stood by the unmanageable window for some time. Little Waap, though oppressed with the fatigue of his journey on the preceding day, crept out of bud after his master, and stood by him rubbing his shaggy coat against his legs, and expressing, by a murmuring sound, the delight which he felt at being restored to him. Thus accompanied, and waiting until the feverish feeling which at present agitated his blood should subside into a desire for warmth and slumber, Bertram remained for some time looking out upon the soa. The tide was now nearly full, and dashed hoarse and near below the base of the building. Now and

The tide was now nearly full, and dashed hearse and near below the base of the building. Now and then a large wave reached even the barrier or bulwark which defended the foundation of the house, and was flung upon it with greater force and noise than those which only broke upon the sand. Far in the distance, under the indistinct light of a hazy and often over-clouded moon, the ocean rolled its multitudinous complication of waves, crossing, bursting, and minging with each other.

suchnous complication of waves, crossing, bursting, and mingling with each other. "A wild and dim spectacle," said Bertram to himself, "like those crossing tides of fate which have toesed me about the world from my infancy upwards. When will this uncertainty cease, and how soon shall I be permitted to look out for a tranquil home, where I may cultivate in quiet, and without dread and perplexity, those arts of peace from which my cares have been hitherto so forcibly diverted? The ear of Fancy, it is said, can di cover the voice of seanymphs and tritons amid the bursting murmurs of the ocean; would that I could do so, and that some siren or Proteus would arise from these billows, to unriddle for me the strange maze of fate in which I am so deeply entangled !- Happy friend !" he said, looking at the bed where Dinmont had deposited his bulky person, "thy cares are confined to the narrow round of a healthy and thriving occupation I Thou canst lay them aside at pleasure, and enjoy the deep repose of body and mind which wholesome labour has prepared for the e!" At this moment this reflections were broken by lit-

At this moment his reflections were broken by little Waep, who, attempting to spring up spainst the window, began to yelp and bark most furiously. The sounds reached Dimmon's ears, but without dissipating the illusion which had transported him from this wretched apartment to the free air of his own green hills. "Hoy, Yarrow, man-far yaud-far yaud," he mattered between his teeth, imagining, doubtless, that he was calling to his sheep-dog, and hounding him in shepherds' phrase, against some intruders on the grazing. The continued barking of the territer within was answered by the angry challenge of the mastiff in the courtyard, which had for a long time been silent, excepting only an occasional short and deep note, uttered when the moon shone suddenly from among the clouds. Now, his clamour was continued and furious, and seemed to be excited by some disturbance distinct from the barking of Wasg, which had first given him the alarm, and which, with much trouble, his master had contrived to still into fn angry note of low growling.

At last Bertram, whose attention was now fully awakened, conceived that he saw a boat upon the pea, and heard in good earnest the sound of oars and of numan voices mingling with the dash of the billows. Some benighted fishermen, he thought, or perhaps some of the desperate traders from the late of Man.

They are very hardy, however, to approach so near to the Custom-house, where there must be sentinels. It is a large boat, like a long boat, and full of people; perhaps it belongs to the revenue service.—Berram was confirmed in this last opinion, by observing that the boat made for a little quay which ran into the sea behind the Custom-house, and, jumping ashore one after another, the crew, to the number of tweaty hands, glided secretly up a small large which divided the Custom-house from the Bridewell, and disappeared from his sight, leaving only two persons to take care of the boat.

The dash of these men's cars at first, and latterly the suppressed sounds of their voices, had excited the wrath of the wakeful sentinel in the court-yard, who now exalted his deep voice into such a horrid and continuous din, that it awakened his brute mastor, as savage a ban-dog as himself. His cry from a window, of "How now, Tearum, what's the matter, sir?-down, d-nye, down !" produced no abatement of Tearum's vociferation, which in part prevented his master from hearing the sounds of alarm which his ferocious vigilance was in the act of challenging. But the mate of the two-legged Carberus was gifted with sharper ears than her husband. She also was now at the window; "B-t ye gas down, and let loose the dog," she said, "they're sporting the door of the Custom-house, and the and sup at Hazlewood-house has ordered off the guard. But ye has nae mair heart than a cat." And down the Amazon sallied to perform the task herself, while her help-mate, more jealous of insurrestion within doora. These latter sounds with which we have made the reader acquainted, had their origin in front of the

These latter sounds with which we have made the reader acquainted, had their origin in front of the house, and were consequently imperfectly heard by Bertran, whose apartment, as we have already noticed, looked from the back part of the building upon the sea. He heard, however, a stirrand turned in the house, which did not seem to accord with the stars seclusion of a prison at the hour of midnight, and, connecting them with the arrival of an armed bost at that dead hour, could not but suppose that some belief he shock Dinmont by the shoulder—"En this belief he shock Dinmont by the shoulder—"En the groaned the sleeping nan of the mountains. Mare roughly shaken, however, he gathered bimself up, shock his ears, and asked, "In the name of Provi-

Ay 1 On 1—Allie, woman, it is in a more intermediated as a provided with the sleeping man of the mountains. More roughly shaken, however, he gathered himself up, shock his ears, and asked, "In the name of Providence, what's the matter?" "That I can't tell you," replied Beruran; "but either the place is on fire, or some extraordinary thing is about to happen. Are you not sensible of a smell of fire? Do you not hear what a noise there is of clashing doors within the house, and of hoarse voices, murmurs, and distant shouts on the outlide? Upon my word, I believe something very extraordinary has taken place—Get up, for the love of Heaven, and let up hor the love of Heaven, and let a be on our guard."

of clashing doors within the house, and of house voices, murmurs, and distant shouts on the outsidet Upon my word, I believe something very extraced and let us be on our guard." Dimmont rose at the idea of danger, as intrepid and undismayed as any of his ancestors when the beace light was kindled. "Odd, Captain, this is a **capter** place! they winna let ye out in the day, and burn winna let ye sleep in the night. Deil, but it wad burn by racket they're making now !-Odd, I wish we burn some light.-Wasp.-Wasp, whight, hinny-which beils burn a let ye which, hinny-which beils in a, fortnight. Hear what they're doing Deil's in ye, will ye whicht?"

Bertram hastened to the window, and plaining a miscellaneous crowd of smugglers, and black of different descriptions, some carrying lighted to others bearing packages and barrels down the the boat that was lying at the quay, to which ru the other fisher-boats were how brought ru They were loading each of these in their to one or two had siready put off to soward. speaks for itself." said Bertram; "but I feer an

## [CRAP. XLVII]

thing worse has happened. Do you preview a strong and of smoke, or is it my fancy?" "Fancy?" answered I mont, "there's a reek like a killogie. Odd, if they burn the Custom-house, it will catch here, and we'll tunt like a tar barrel a' the-giher.—En ! it wad be fearsome to be burnt alive for neething, like as if ane had been a warlock I—Mac-Guffog, hear ye!"-roraring at the top of his voice; "an ye wad ever has a hail bane in your skin, let's out, man 1 kt's out!"

out, man i k t's out!" The fire began now to rise high, and thick clouds at anoke rolled past the window, at which Bertram and Dinmont were stationed. Sometimes, as the wind pleased, the dim shroud of vapour hid every thing from their sight; sometimes a red glare illumi-nated both land and sea, and shone full on the stern and fierce figures, who, wild with farcious activity, were engaged in loading the boats. The fire was at learth trumphant and some dim lets of farme out of length triumphant, and spouted in jets of flame out at each window of the burning building, while huge each window of the burning building, while huge flakes of flaming materials came driving on the wind against the adjoining prison, and rolling a dark ca-negy of smoke over all the neighbourhood. The shouts of a furious mob resounded far and wide; for the smogglers, in their triumph, were joined by all the rabble of the little town and neighbourhood, now aroused, and in complete agitation, notwithstanding the lateness of the hour; some from interest in the free trade, and most from the general love of mischief and tumpit natural to a vulgar populace and tumult, natural to a vulgar populace.

Bertram began to be seriously anxious for their fate. There was no str in the house; it eserned as if the juiler had deserted his charge, and left the pri-son with its wretched inhabitants to the mercy of the son with its wretched inhabitants to the mercy of the conflagration which was spreading towards them. In the meantime a new and faces attack was heard upoù the outer gate of the Correction-house, which, battered with sledge-hammers and crows, was soon forced. The keeper, as great a coward as a bully, with his more ferocious wite, had fled; their servants readily surrendered the keys. The liberated prison-ers, celebrating their deliverance with the wildest yeals of joy, mingled among the mob which had gi-ven theth freedom. In the midst of the confusion that ensued, three or four of the principal smugglers hurried to the apart-

In the midst of the contusion that ensued, three or four of the principal smugglers hurried to the apart-ment of Bertram with lighted torches, and armed with cutlasses and pistols.—"Der deyril," said the leader, "here's our mark i" and two of them seized on Bertram; but one whispered in his ear, "Make no resistance till you are in the street." The same individual found an instant to say to Dimont— "Follow your friend, and help when you see the time come." come

come." In the hurry of the moment, Dinmont obeyed and followed close. The two smugglers dragged Bertram along the passage, down stairs, through the court-yard, now illuminated by the glare of fire, and into the narrow street to which the gate opened, where, in the coalusion, the gng were necessarily in some degree exparated from each other. A rapid noise, as of a body of horse advancing, seemed to add to the "instrumbance." Hagel and wetter, what is that ?" "mid the leader; "keep together, kinder, look to the prisorner."-But in spite of his charge, the two who held Bertram were the last of the party. The sounds and signs of violence were heard in fromt. The press became furiously agitated, while "me endeavoured to defend thomselves, others to scape; shots were fired, and the glittering broad-

front. **Excape**; shots were fired, and the glittering broad-swords of the dragoons began to appear flashing thowe the heads of the rioters. "Now," said the parning whisper of the man who held Bertram's left man, the same who had spoken before, "shake off trellow, and follow me."

Bertram, exerting his strength suddenly and effec-Bertram, exerting his strength suddenly and effec-and his collar on the right side. The fellow attempt-to draw a pistol, but was prostrated by a blow of margent's fist, which an ox could hardly have re-werd without the same humiliation. "Follow me the same humiliation. "Follow me the same humiliation." Follow me the same humiliation. "Follow me the same humiliation." Follow me the same humiliation. "Follow me have a street. atreet.

reach an ear so anxious as his.

reach an ear so anxious as his. In the mean time, Bertram followed his guide, and was in his turn followed by Dinmont. The shouts of the mob, the trampling of the horses, the dropping pistol-shots, sunk more and more faintly upon their ears; when at the end of the dark lane they found a post-chaise with four horses. "Are you here, in God's name?" said the guide to the postillion who drove the landers drove the leaders.

"Ay, troth am I," answered Jock Jabos, "and I wish I were ony gate else."

"Open the carriage, then—You, gentlemen, get into it—in a short time you'll be in a place of asfety —and (to Bertram) remember your promise to the

"end (to pertiant, reading to be passive in the hands of a Bertram, resolving to be passive in the hands of a person who had just rendered him such a distinguishperson who had just rendered him such a distinguish-ed piece of service, got into the chaise as directed. Diamont followed; Wasp, who had kept close by them, sprung in at the same time, and the carriage drove off very fast. "Have a care o' me," said Din-mont, " but this is the queerest thing yet!-Odd, I trust they'll no coup us-and then what's to come o' Dumple -I would rather be on his back than in the Deuke's coach, God less him." Bertram observed, that they could not go at that rapid rate to any very great distance without chang-ing horses, and that they might insist upon remain-ing till daylight at the first inn they stopped at, or at least upon being made acquainted with the purpose

ing till daylight at the first inn they stopped at, or at least upon being made acquainted with the purpose and termination of their journey, and Mr. Dimmont might there give directions about his faithful horse, which would probably be safe at the stables where he had left him.—" Aweel, aweel, e'en sae be it for Dandie.—Odd, if we were ance out o' this trindling kist o' a thing, I am thinking they wad find it hard wark to gar us gang ony gate but where we liked oursells." While he thus groke the carriese making a mde

oursells." While he thus spoke, the carriage making a sud-den turn, showed them, through the left window, the village at some distance, still widely beacones by the fire, which, having reached a storehouse wherein spirits were deposited, now rose high into the air, a wavering column of brilliant light. They had not long time to admire this specticle, for another turn of the road carried them into a close lane between plantations, through which the chaise proceeded in nearly total darkness, but with unabated speed

## CHAPTER XLIX.

# The night drave on wi' sangs and clatter. And aye the ale was growing better. Tam o' Shanter

And aye the ale was growing better. Tame' Shatter WE must now return to Woodbourne, which, it may be remembered, we left just after the Colonel had, given some directions to his confidential servant. When he returned, his absence of mind, and an unu-sual expression of thought and anxiety upon his fea-tures, struck the ladies whom he joined in the draw-ing-room. Mannering was not, however, a man to be questioned, even by those whom he most loved, upon the cause of the mental agitation which these signs expressed. The hour of tea arrived, and the party were partaking of that refreshment in silence, when a carriage drove up to the door, and the ball

"Surely," said

**EXAMPLE** 1 A strive of a visiter. "Surely," said Mannering, "it is too soon by some hours."— There was a short pause, when Barnest opening the deser. of the saloon, announced Mr. Pleydell. In numrched the lawyer, whose well-brushed black coat, and well-powdered wig, together with his point ruf-fies, brown silk stockings, highly varnished shoes, and gold buckles, exhibited the pams which the old gentleman. had taken to prepare his person for the ladies' society. He was welcomed by Mannering with a hearty shake by the haad. "The very man I wished to see at this moment!"

wrine a nearty shake by the haad. "The very man i wrined to see at this moment!" "Yes," said the coursellor, "I told you'I would take the first opportunity; so I have ventured to leave the Court for a week in session time-no common scarrifice-but I had a notion I crudd be useful, and I was to attend a proof here about the same time. But

was to attend a proof here about the same time. But will you not introduce me to the young ladies ?—Ah ! there is one I should have known at once, from her family likeness ! Miss Lucy Bertram, my love, I am reset happy to see you."—And he folded her in his arms, and gave her a hearty kiss on each side of the face, to which Lucy submitted in blushing resignation. "On n' derete pas dans un si beau chemin," con-tinued the gay old gentleman, and, as the Colonel pre-sented him to Julia, took the same liberty with that fair lady's cheek. Julia laughed, coloured, and dis-engaged harself. "I beg a chousand pardons," said the lawyer, with a bow which was not at all profes-monably awkward; "age and old fashions give privi-leges, and I can hardly say whether F am most sorry just now at being too well entitled to claim them at all, or happy in having such an oppertunity to exer-

just now at being too well entitled to claim them at all, or happy in having such an oppertunity to exer-cise them so agreeably." "Upon my word, sir," said Miss Mannering, laugh-ing, "if you make such flattering apologies, we shall begin to doubt whether we can admit you to shelter yourself under your alleged qualifications." "I can assure you, Julia," said the Golonel, "you are perfectly right; my friand the Gounseller is a den-

"I can assure your aneged qualifications." "I can assure you, Julia," said the Golonel, "you are perfectly right; my friend the counseller is a dan-garous person; the last time I had the pleasure of seeing him, he was closeted with a fair lady, who had granted him a *tate-a-test* at eight in the morning." "Ay, but, Colonel," said file counseller, "you should add, I was more indebted to my chocolate than my charms for so distinguished a favour, from a person of such propriety of demeanour as Mrs. Rebecca."

And that should remind me, Mr. Pleydell," said is, " to offer you tea-that is supposing you have Julia, " dined."

Juita, "to other you tea--that is supposing you have dimed."
"Any thing, Miss Mannering, from your hands," answered the gallant jurisconsult; "yea, I have dimed, that is to say, as people dime at a Scotch mn."
"And that is indifferently enough," said the Co-lonel, with his hand upon the bell-handle: "give me lave to order something."
"Why, to say truth," replied Mr. Pleydell, "I had rather not: I have been inquiring into that matter, for you must know I stopped an instant below to pull off my boot-hose, 'a world too wide for my shrunk shanks," glencing down with some complecency upon limbs which looked very well for his time of life, " and I had some conversation with your Barnos, and a very intelligent person whom I presume to be the housekeeper; and it was settled among of nor my Latim-that the old lady should add to your light family-supper the more substantial refreshment of a brace of wild-ducks. I told her (always under deep submission) my poor thoughts about the sauce, which concurred exactly with her own; and, if you please, I would rather wait till they are ready

you please, I would rather wait till they are ready bufore eating any thing solid." "And we will anticipate our usual hour of supper," said the Colonel.

With all my heart, " said Pleydell, " providing I do not lose the ladies' company a moment the sooner. I an of counsel with my old friend Burnet;\* I love the cana, the supper of the ancients, the pleasant

\* The Burnet, whose tasts for the evening meal of the an-tistals is quoted by Mr. Pleydell, was the coelectated metanega-pha and excellent man, Lord Monboildo, whose come with not Matter. Societan by those who have alarned his classic heap-

the land social glass that wash out of one's mind the cobwebs, that business or gloom have been sum-ning in our brains all day." The vivacity of Mr. Pleydell's look and manner, and the quietness with which he made himself at

home on the subject of his little epicurean comforts,a nome on the subject of ms inthe eperatesh combinas amused the ladies, but particularly Miss Mannering, who immediately gave the counsellor a great deal of flattering attention; and more pretty things were said on both sides during the service of the tes-table; than we have leisure to repeat.

As soon as this was over, Mannering led the com-sellor by the arm into a small study which opened from the saloon, and where, according to the custom of the family, there were always lights and a good fire-

in the stemp, make were were an you have got some "I see," said Mr. Pleydell, "you have got some thing to tell the about the Ellangowan business-Is it terrestrial or celestial ? What says my miltury Albumazar? Have you calculated the course of futu-rity? have you consulted your Ephemerides, your Al-mochoden, your Almuten?" "No, truly, councellor," seplied Mannering, "you are the only Prolemy I intend to resort to upon the

are the only Ptolemy I intend to resort to upon the present occasion — a second Prospero, I have broken my staff, and drowned my book far beyond plummet depth. But I have great news notwithstanding. Meg Merrilies, our Egyptian sibyl, has appeared to the Dominie this very day, and, as I conjecture, has frightened the honest man not a little." "Indeed?"

"Ay, and she has done me the honour to spe

"Ay, and she has done me the honour to spen a correspondence with me, supposing me to be as deep in astrological investices as when we first met. Here is her scroll, delivered to me by the Dominie." Pieydell put on his spectacles. "A vile gramp scrawi, indeed-and the letters are uncial or som-uncial, as somebody calls your large text hand, and in size and perpendicularity resemble the ribs of a roasted pip-I can hardly make it out." "Read aloud," said Mannering. "I will try," answered the lawyer. "'You are a good seeks, but a bad finder; you set yourself to prop a falling house, but had a gey guess if would rise again. Land your hand to the work that's use for. rise agoin. Long your name to use varme even a moment as you lend your eto the verif that was far. Here a carriage this night by ten o'clock, at the end of the Crocked Dykes at Portanferry, and let it bring the folk to Woodbourne that shall ask them, if they be there IN GOD'S NAME. - Stay, here follows some postry

<sup>1</sup> Dark shall be light, And wrong done to right, When Bertram's right and Bertram's might Shall met en Etlangenan's height.<sup>1</sup>

A most mystic epistle truly, and closes in a vein et poetry worthy of the Cumzan sibyl-And what have

poetry wormy of the second sec and these effusions may arise only from visions 

Colonel.

"Who, I ?" replied the advocate. "No, truly, I' think it was the wisest thing you could do."

think it was the wisest thing you could do." tality: As a Scottish Judge, he took the designation of the family estate. His philosophy, as is well known, was of a the ciful and somewhat fantastic character; but his learning with deep, and he was possessed of a tingular power of elevision which reminded the hearer of the *ar robustice* of the Gravest-and the state of the tingular power of the Gravest-and the state of the tingular power of the Gravest-and the state of the tingular power of the Gravest-an time the state of the tingular power of the Gravest-tainments were always given in the evening, when there was an enclosed of excellent Bourdcaux, in finite gravestands we to eas, which were also strawed on the table alter the mass for any distinction, was always to be found in St. Joian's State Strand power the control of the excellent of the state the strain of the state of the state of the the time and bound the defended his famosful prastores, the kinet is liberal spirit of his hospitality, must render these matters compared booses of sitting at his board.

"Yes," answered Mannering, well pleased to have exceed the ridicule he apprehended; "you know the worst is paying the change hive - is sent a post-change and four from Kippletringan, with instructions cor-meponding to the letter-the horses will have a long and cold station on the outpost to night if our intellinee be false.

"As but I think it will prove otherwise," said the lawyer. "This woman has played a part till she believes it; or, if she be a thorough paced im-postor, without a single grain of self delusion, to qualify her knavery, still she may think herself bound the art in observation. is act in character-this I know, that I could get mething out of her by the common modes of interrosetion, and the wisest thing we can do is to give her an opportunity of making the discovery her own way. And now have you more to say, or shall we go to the ladies ?

"Why, my mind is uncommonly agitated," an-swered the Colonel, "and—but I really have no more to any, only—I shall count the minutes uil the carhage returns; but you cannot be expected to be so anzious.'

"Why, no-nes is all in all," said the more experi-enced lawyer, -- "I am much interested certainly, but I think I shall be able to survive the interval, if the indices will afford us some music." "And with the assistance of the wild-ducks, by and by ?" suggested Mannering. "True, Colonel; a lawyer's anxiety about the fate "the most interesting cause has beldar wild-

of the most interesting cause has reklem speiled wither his sleep or digestion." And yet I shall be very eager to hear the ratile of these wheels on their sturn, notwithstanding,

very cager to near the rattie of these wheels on their seturn, notwithstanding." So saying he rose, and led the way into the next grown, where Miss Mannering, at his request, took her seat at the harpschord Lucy Bertram, who same her native includies very sweelly, was accom-genied by her friend upon the instrument, and Julia efferwards performed some of Scariati's sonatas with great brilliancy. The old lawyer, scraping a fittle upon the violoncello, and being a member of the gentlemen's concert in Edinburgh, was so greatly elighted with this mode of spending the evening, that I doubt if he once thought of the wild-ducks until Bernes informed the company that supper was ready. "Tell Mrs. Allen to have something in readiness," and the Colonet-" I espect-that is, I hope-perhaps some company may be here to night; and let the men sit up, and do not lock the upper gate ou the lawrn until I desire you." "Lord, sir," said Julia, " whom can you possibly expect to night ?"

"Lord, sir," sai

"Why, some persons, strangers to me, talked of calling in the evening on business," answered her father, not without embarrassment, for he would have fittle brooked a disappointment which might have chrown ridicule on his judgment; "it is quite uncertain.

"Well, we shall not pardon them for distuirbing our merty," said Julia, "unless they bring as much good-hurhour, and as susceptible hearts, as my friend and dominer, for so he has dubbed himself, Mr. Pleydell." "Ah, Miss Julia," said Pleydell, offering his arm with an air of gallantry to conduct her into the menner Toracht in the year 1732"-

thing room, "the time has been-when I returned orn Utrecht in the year 1738"-"Pray don't talk of it." answered the young lady "the like you much better as you are-Utrecht. in "the like you much better as you are-Utrecht. in "the set you have spent all the **A vern** "s name !-- I dare say you have spent all the prevening years in getting rid so completely of the form of your Durch education "

Construction of the second sec

Draiter are a space a space by Cosmalist people in Pr an periodicity true, as cheered by Cosmalist Pleydell, that are a satisfy about his case, supposing him to have been a sirrer in practice, will seld un disturb his rest or digration, in with, however, sometimes found rentertain a different for a state of the second second second second second second in the second second second second second second second to the second s

Yon II 2F

point of gallanty than their volatile maghbeurs are willing to admit. They are constant as clock, work in their attentions."

"I should the of that," said Julia. "Imperturbable in their good temper," continued

"Worse and worse," said the young lady: "Worse and worse," said the young lady: "And then," said the old beau saryon, " although for six times three hundred and sary, your for six times three hundred and sary, your neek, and wain has placed the capuchin round your neck, and the stove under your feet, and driven your little slettes upon the ice in winter, and your cabriole through the dust in summer, you may dismiss him at once, withnust in summer, you may dismiss him at once, with out reason or apology, upen the two thomsand one hundred and ainstieth day, which, according to my hasty calculation, and without reckoning lesp-years, will complete the cycle of the supposed advration, and that without your amiable feelings having the slightest occasion to be slarmed for the consequences to those of Mynheer."

slightest occasion to be summaries in truly a Dutch to those of Mynheer." "Well," replied Julia, "that last is truly a Dutch recommendation, Mr. Pleydell-crystal and hear's would lose all their merit in the world, if it were ast the those feasility."

would lose all their merit in the world, if it were not for their fragility." "Why, upon that point, of the argument, Miss Mannering, it is as difficult to find a heart that will break, as a glass that will not; and for that reason I would prease the value of mine own-were it not, that I see Mr. Sampson's eyes have been closed, and his hands clapsed for some time, attending the end of our conference to been time, attending the end of our conference to been the grace-And, to say the truth, the appearance of the wild-duoks is very appe-uizing." So saying, the worthy counselibr est him-self to table, and laid aside his gallantry for awhile, to do honeur to the good things placed before him. excepting an observation that the ducks were rossted to a single turn, and that Mrs. Allan's sauce of chast, lamon, and cayang, was beyond praise.

to a single turn, and that Min. Allan's sauce of class, lemon, and cayenne, was beyond praise. "I see," said Miss Mennering, "I have a formal dable rival in Mr. Playdell's favour, even on the vary first night of his avowed admiration." "Pardon me, my fair lady," answared the cousted-lor, "your avowed , rigour alone has induced me to

commit the solecism of sating a good supper in your presence; how shall I support your frowns without reinforcing my strength? Upon the same principle, and no other, I will ask permission to drank wine with you." "This is the fashion of Utrecht also, I suppose Mr. Pleydell "

"Forgive me, madam," answered the counseller; "the French themselves, the patterns of all that is sallant, term their tavern-keepers restaurateurs, al-luding, doubtless, to the relief they afford the disconsolate lover, when bowed down to the earth by his solate lover, when bowed down to the earth by has mistress's severity. My own case requires so much relief, that I must trouble you for that other wing, Mr. Sampson, without prejudice to my afterwards apply-ing to Miss Bertram for a tart, -- be pleased to teer the wing, sin, instead of cutting it off-Mr. Barnes will assist you Mr. Sampson, --thank, you, gut-and, Mr. Barnes, a glass of ale, if you please." While the old gentleman, pleased with Miss Mag-nering's liveliness and attention restled away for

While the old gentleman, pleased with Miss Man-pering's liveliness, and attention, rattles away for her anusement and his own, the impatients of Co-local Mannering began to exceed all bounds. He declined sitting down at table, under pretence that he never east supper; and traversed the parlour, in which they were, with hasty and impatient steps, now throwing up the window to gaze upon the dark lawn, now histening for the remote sound of the carriage ad-vancing up the avenue. At length, in a feeling of un-controllable impatience, he left the room, took his hat and cloak, and pursued his walk up the avenue, as if his so doing would hasten the approach of those whom the desired to see. "I really wish," said Miss Bertram, "Colonel Mannering would not centure out after hight-fall. Your must have heard, Mir. Pley dell, what a cruel-fright we head." "O, with the samuggiers "replied the advocate-"they are old friends of nume. I was the means of hingung some of thorm to justice a long tume since.

when sheriff of this county."

"And then the alarm we had immediately after-warde," added Miss Bertram, "from the vengeance of one of these wretches." "When young Hazlewood was hurt-I heard of that too."

that too.

that too." "Imagine, my dear Mr. Pleydell," continued Lucy, "how much Miss Mannering and I were alarmed, when a ruffian, equally dreadful for his great strength, and the sternness of his features, rushed out upon us?" "You must know, Mr. Pleydell," said Julia, unable

to suppress her resentment at this undesigned asper-sion of her admirer, "that young Hazlewood is so handsome in the eyes of the young ladies of this country, that they think every person shocking who comes near him.

Oho! thought Pleydell, who was by profession an observer of tones and gestures, there's something wrong here between my young friends.—" Well, Miss Mannering, I have not seen young Hazlewood since he was a boy, so the ladice may be perfectly right; but I can assure you, in spite of your scorn, that if you, want to see handsome nen you must go to Holyou want to see handsome men you must go to mol-land; the prettiest fellow I ever saw was a Dutch-man, in spite of his being called Vanbost, or Vanbus-ter, or some such barbarous name. He will not be quite so handsome now, to be sure." It was now Julia's turn to look a little out of coun-tenance at the chance hit of her learned admirer, but that instant the Colonel entered the room. "I can

venance at the chance hit of her learned admirer, but that instant the Colonel entered the room. "I can bear nothing of them yet," he said ; "still, however, we will not separate—Where is Dominie Sampson?" "Here, honoured sir." "What is that book you hold in your hand, Mr. Sampson?"

Sampson ?" "I's even the learned De Lyra, sir-I would chave his honour Mr. Pleydell's judgment, always with his best leisure, to expound a disputed passage." "I am not in the vein, Mr. Sampson," answered Pleydell; "here's metal more attractive-I do not despair to engage these two young ladies in a glee or a catch, wherein I, even I myself, will adventure my-self for the bass part-Hang De Lyra, man; keep him for a fitter season." The disappointed Dominie abut his nondersubtance

him for a fitter season. The disappointed Dominie shut his ponderous tome, much marvelling in his mind how a person, possess-ed of the lawyer's erudition, could give his mind to these frivolous toys. But the counsellor, indifferent to the high character for learning which he was tri-fling away, filled himself a large glass of Burgundy. fling away, filled himself a large glass of Burgundy, and after preluding a little with a voice somewhat the worse for the wear, gave the ladies a courageous invi-tation to join in "We be three poor Mariners," and accomplished his own part therein with great eclat. "Are you not withering your roses with sitting up so late, my young ladies " said the Colonel. "Not a bit, sir," answered Julia; "your friend, Mr. Pleydell, threatens to become a pupil of Mr. Sampson's to-morrew, so we must make the most of sur conquest to-night." This led to another musical trial of skill, and that to lively conversation. At length, when the solitary

to lively conversation. At length, when the solitary sound of one o'clock had long since resounded on the ebon ear of night, and the next signal of the advance of time was close approaching. Mannering, whose impatience had long subsided into disappointment and despair, looked at his watch, and said, "We rmast now give them up"-- when at that instant-But what then befell will require a separate chapter.

Justice. This does indeed confirm each circum The gipsy told i stance The gripey told : No orbhan, nor without a friend art thou J am thy father, kers's thy mother, there Thy uncle— This thy first cousin, and these Are all thy near relations : The Cricks.

As Mannering replaced his watch, he heard a dis-besid tent and hollow sound—"It is a carriage for certain --no, it is but the sound of the wind among the leaf-tens trees. Do come to the window, Mr. Pleydell." The counsellor, who, with his large sik handkerchief in lus hand, was expatiating away to Julia upon reps.

some subject which he thought was interesting, obeyed, however, the summons, first wrapping its handkerchief round his neck by way of presention against the cold air. The sound of wheets because now very perceptible, and Pleydell, as if he had re-served all his curiosity till that moment, ran out to the hall. The Colonel rung for Barnes to desire that the persons who came in the carriage might be shown the persons who came in the carriage might be shown into a separateroom, being altogether uncertain whom it might contain. It stopped, however, at the door, before his purpose could be fully explained. A me-ment after, Mr. Pleydell called out, "Here's our Lid desdale friend, I protest, with a strapping young fel-low of the same calibre." His voice arrested Din-mont, who recognised him with equal suprise and pleasure. "Odd, if it's your honour, we'll a' be as right and tight as thack and rape can make us." But while the farmer stopped to make his bow, Bertram, dizzied with the sudden glare of light, and bewildered with the circumstances of his situation, almost unconsciously entered the open door of the

bewildered with the circumstances of his situation, almost unconsciously entered the open door of the parlour, and confronted the Colonel, who was just advancing towards it. The strong light of the spar-ment left no doubt of his identity, and he himself was as much confounded with the appearance of those to whom he so unexpectedly presented himself, as they were by the sight of so utterly unlooked for an object: It must be remembered that each indiv-dual present had their ourn require researces for look. dual present had their own peculiar reasons for look dual present had their own peculiar reasons to toos-ing with terror upon what secmed at fart sight a spectral apparition. Mannering saw before him the man whom he supposed he had killed in India; Julia beheld her lover in a most peculiar and hazardom situation; and Lucy Bertram at once knew the pe-son who had fired upon young Hazlewood. Bertram, who interpreted the fixed and motionless asionish-ment of the Colone; into displeasure at his intusion because it o and the it ware working a single. hastened to say that it was involuntary, since he had been hurried hither without even knowing whither

been hurried hither without even knowing whither he was to be transported. "Mr. Brown, I believe ?" said Colonel Masnering. "Yee, sir," replied the young man modesly, but with firmness, "the same you knew in India; us who ventures to hope, that what you did then know of him is not such as should prevent his requesting you would favour him with your attestation to he character, as a gentleman and man of honour." "Mr. Brown-I have been scidom-never-so mach supprised-certain!y, sir, in whatever passed between us, you have a right to command my favourable tes-timony."

timon

At this critical moment entered the counsellor and The former beheld, to his astonishm Dinmont. the Colonel but just recovering from his first supra Lucy Bertram ready to faint with terror, and the Mannering in an agony of doubt and apprehen Mannering in an agony of doubt and apprehension which she in vain endeavoured to disguise or or press. "What is the meaning of all this ?" and "has this young fellow brought the Gorgon's bea-his hand ?—let. me look at him.—By beaven?" muttered to himself, "the very image of old Ba gowan !—Yes, the same manly form and hand features, but with a world of more intelligence af face—Yes !-the witch has kept her word." I instantly paesing to Lucy, "Look at that man, I Bertram, my dear; have you never seen any out him 7

Lucy had only ventured one glance at this of terror, by which, however, from his remain of terror, by which, however, from his remain height and appearance, she at once recogning supposed assassin of young Harlewood; a con-which arcluded, of course, the more favour about clation of ideas which might have occurred closer view.--"Don't ask me about agin, at she, turning away her eyes; "send him away heaven's sake! we shall all be murdered ?" "Murdered ! where's the poker ?" said the adva in some alarm; "but nonsense! we are threa-besides the servants, and there is honesat Lide worth half-a-dozen to boot-we have the meth

worth half-a-dozen to boot-we have the maj

\* When a farmer's crop is got safely into the barm-y said to be made fast with thack and rape-Anglice: as

ticaus 1

ris-what do they call you?-keep between that fel-low and us for the protection of the ladies." "Lord! Mr. Pleydell," said the astonished farmer. "that's Captain Brown; d'ye no ken the Captain ?" "Nay, if he's a friend of yours, we may be safe asoogh," answered Pleydell; "but keep near him." All this passed with such ripidity, that it was over before the Dominie had recovered himself from a fit of themsee shut the back which he had hean study.

before the Dominie had recovered himself from a fit of absence, shut the book which he had been study-ing in a corner, and advancing to obtain a sight of the strangers, exclaimed at once, upon beholding Bertram, "If the grave can give up the dead, that is my dear and honoured master !" "We're right after all, by Heaven! I was sure I was right," said the lawyer; "he is the very image of his father.—Come, Colonel, what do you think of, thet was do not him to upon more undown? I think of,

that you do not bid your guest welcome? I think-I elieve-I trust we're right-never saw such a like-res!-But patience-Dominie, say not a word.-Sit

West - But patence-Dominic, say not a word.--Sit u.wn, young centleman." I beg pardon, sir; if I am, as I understand, in Colonel Mannering's house, I should wish first to know if my accidental appearance here gives offence, or if I am welcome?"

Mannering instantly made an effort, "Welcome ? most certainly, expecially if you can point out how a can serve you. I believe I may have some wrongs I can serve you. to repair towards you-I have often suspected so; but your midden and unexpected appearance, con-bected with painful recollections, prevented my say-ing at first, as I new say, that, whatever has procu-red me the honour of this visit, it is an acceptable one

one." Bertram bowed with an air of distant, yet civil ac-knowledgment, to the grave courtesy of Mannering. "Julia, my love, you had better retire. Mr. Brown, you will excuse my daughter; there are circumstances which I perceive rush upon her recollection." Miss Mannering rose and retired accordingly; yet,

as she passed Bertram, could not suppress the words, "Infatuated ! a second time!" but so pronounced as to be heard by him alone. Miss Bertram accom-panied her friend, much supprised, but without ven-turing a second glance at the object of her terror. Some mistake she saw there was, and was unwilling to increase it by denouncing the stranger as an assassin. He was known, she saw, to the Colonel, and re-served as a gentleman; certainly he either was not the person she suspected, or Hazlewood was right in supposing the shot accidental.

The person are suspected, or risciewood was r ght in supposing the shot accidental. The remaining part of the company would have formed no bed group for a skilful painter. Each was too much embarraseed with his own sensations to observe those of the others. Bertram most unex-pectedly found himself in the house of one, whom he was alternately disposed to dislike as his personal snemy, and to respect as the father of Julia; Manner-ing was surggling between his high sense of cour-tesy and hemitality, his joy at finding himself re-lieved from the guilt of having shed life in a private guerrel, and the former feelings of dislike and preju-cica, which revived in his haughty mind at the sight of the object against whom he had entertained them; fulle a staring expression of nervous anxiety which he back of a chair, fixed his eyes upon Bertram, it a staring expression of nervous anxiety which is boose shagey great-coat, and resembling a huge with great round eyes that witnessed his amaze-ter.

21.55 counsellor alone was in his element, shrewd, ampt, and active; he already calculated the prospect i brilliant success in a strange, eventful, and mye-rians le w-suit, and no young monarch, fushed with mes, and at the besd of a grillant army, could ex-isting the field on his first impaign. He bustled shout with great energy, and the arrangement of the whole explanation upon HE.

Conne, come, gentlemen, sit down; this is all my province: you must let me arrange it for you. thowrn, my dear Colonel, and let me manage; sit wm, Mr. Brown, auf guocungus also nomine voes-. Come,

ris-Dominie, take your seat-draw in your chair, honest Liddesdale."

honest Liddesdale." "I dinna ken, Mr. Pleydell," said Dinmont, look-ing at his dreadnought-coat, then at the handsome furniture of the room, "I had maybe better gang some gate else, and leave ye till your cracks-I'm no just that weel put on." The Colonel, who by this time recognised Dandis,

immediately went up and bid him heartily welcome; assuring him, that from what he had seen of him in Edinburgh, he was sure his rough coat and thick-soled boots would honour a royal drawing-

"Nn, na, Colonel, we're just plain up-the-country folk; but nae doubt I would fain hear o' ony pleasure that was gaun to happen the Captain, and I'm sure a' will gas right if Mr. Pleydell will take his bit job in hand."

in hand?" "You're right, Dandie-spoke like a Hielande oracle-and now be silent.-Well, you aro all seated at last; take a glass of wine till begin my cate-chism methodically. And now," turning to Bertram, "my dear boy, do you know who or what you are?" In spite of his perplexity, the catechumen could not help laughing at this commencement, and answered, "Indeed, sir, I formerly thought I did; but I own late circumstances have made me somewhat un-certain." certain.

Then tell us what you formerly thought yoursalf."

"Then tell us what you formeny incount yourset. "Why, I was in the habit of thinking and calling myself Vanbeest Brown, who served as a cadet or volunteer under Colonel Mannering when he com-manded the —— regiment, in which capacity I was not unknown to him."

manded the \_\_\_\_\_\_ regiment, in which capacity I was not unknown to him." "There," said the Colonel, "I can assure Mr. Brown of his identity; and add, what his modesty may have forgotten, that he was distinguished as a young man of talent and spirit." "So much the better, my dear sir," said Mr. Pley-dell; "bat that is to general character—Mr. Brown must tell us where he was born." "In Scotland, I believe, but the place uncertain." "Where educated?"

" In Holland, certainly."

"Do you remember nothing of your early life be fore you left Scotland ?" "Very imperfectly; yet I have a strong idea, per

very imperfectivy; yet i nave a strong idea, per-haps more deeply impreased upon me by subsequent hard usage, that I was during my childhood the ob-ject of much solicitude and affection. I have an indistinct remembrance of a good-looking man whom I used, to call papa, and a lady who was infirm of in health, and who, I think, must have been my mo-ther; but it is an imperfect and confused recollection. 1 remember too a tall thin kind-tempered man in black, who used to teach me my letters and walk out with me; and I think the very last time"

Here the Dominie could contain no longer. While every succeeding word served to prove that the child of his benefactor stood before him, he had struggles with the utmost difficulty to suppress his emotions; but, when the juvenile recollections of Bertram turned towards his totor and his precepts, he was compelled to give way to his feelings. He rose hastly from his chair, and with clasped hands, trembling limbs, and streaming eyes, called out aloud, "Harry Bertram i-look at me-was I not the man?" "Yes!" said Bertram, starting from his seat as if a sudden light had burst in upon his mind,--"Yes-that was my name i-- and that is the voice and the figure of my kind old master !" The Dominie threw bimasif into his some remark

ngure ot my kind old master !" The Dominie threw himself into his arms, pressed him a thousand times to his bosom in convulsions of transport, which shock his whole frame, sobbed hys-terically, and, at length, in the emphatic language of Scripture, lifted up his voic: and wept aloud. Col-nel Mannering had recourse to his handkerchief; Pleydell made wry faces, and wiped the glasses of his spectacles; and honest Dinmont, after two loug

It may not is unnecessary to tall southern readers, that the mountain us country in the south western burders of Scotland, is called Hickni, though to ally different from the much man mountainous and more extensive districts of the north usually accented Hicknads.

blobbering explosions, exclaimed, "Deil's in the school-boy in Holland under the protection of anced in man ! he's garr'd me do that I haena done since my merchant, who had taken some fancy for me." aud mither died."

"Come, come," said the counsellor at last, "si-hence in the court.—We have a clever party to contend with; we must lose no time in gathering our information—for any thing I know, there may be something to be done before day-break." "I will order a horse to be saddled, if you please,"

and the Colonel.

"No, no, time enough-time enough-but come, Dominie, I have allowed you a competent space to corpress your feelings. I must circumduce the term-

you must let me proceed in my examination." The Dominie was habitually obedient to any one who chose to impose commands upon him; he sunk back into his chair, spread his checked handkerchief back into his chair, spread his checked handkerchiet over his face, to serve, as I suppose, for the Grecian painter's veil, and, from the action of his folded hands, appeared for a time engaged in the act of mental thanksgiving. He then raised his eyes over the screen, as if to be assured that the pleasing appa-rition had not melted into air—then again such them to resume his internal act of devotion, until he felt

to resume his internal act of devotion, until he felt himself compelled to give attention to the counsellor, from the interest which his questions excited. "And now," said Mr. Pleydell, after several mi-nute inquiries concerning his recollection of early events—"And now, Mr. Bertram, for I think we sught in future to call you by your own proper name, will you have the goodness to let us know every par-ticular which you can recollect concerning the mode of your leaving Nectland ?" of your leaving Scotland ?"

el your leaving Scottand ?" "Indeed, sir, to say the truth, though the terrible eutlines of that day are stoongly impressed upon my memory, yet somehow the very terror which fired them there has in a great measure confounded and confused the details. I recollect, however, that I was walking somewhere or other—in a wood, I think"— "O yes, it was in Warroch-wood, my dear," said the Dominie.

boy os; it was in warroch-wood, my dear," said the Dominie. "Hush, Mr. Sampson," said the lawyer. "Yes, it was in a wood," continued Bertram, as bong past and confused ideas arranged themselves in his reviving recollection; "and some one was with me-this worthy and affectionate gentleman, I which " think.

"O, ay, ay, Harry, Lord bless thee-it was even I "O, ay, ay, Harry, Lord bless thee-it was even I "Be silent, Dominie, and don't interrupt the evi-dence," said Pleydell.-" And so, sir?" to Bertram. "And so, sir?" continued Bertram, "like one of the changes of a dream, I thought I was on horseback

changes of a dream, I thought I was on horseback before my guide." "No, no," exclaimed Sampson, "never did I put my own limbs, not to say thine, into such peril." "On my word this is intolerable!-Look ye, Do-minie, if you speak another word till I give you leave, I will read three sentences out of the Black Acts, whisk my cane round my head three times, undo all the magic of this night's work, and conjure Harry Bertram back again into Vanbeest Brown." "Honoured and worthy sir," groaned out the Do-minie, "I humbly crave pardon-it was but verburn solans."

"minie, "I humbly crave paras... solane." "Well, nolene polene, you must hold your tongue," "Well, nolene polene, you must hold your tongue,"

"Pray, be silent, Mr. Sampson," said the Colonel; "it is of great consequence to your recovered friend, "that you permit Mr. Pleydell to proceed in hus inqui-Tie

ries." "I am mute," said the rebuked Domme. "On a sudden," continued Bertram, "two or three men spring out upon us, and we were pulled from Borseback. I have little recollection of any thing ise, but that I tried to escape in the midst of a des-berate scuffic, and fell into the arms of a very tall woman who started from the bushes, and protected me for some time-the rest is all confision and dread Wolfan who startes from the ousles, and protectes me for some time-the rest is all confusion and dread --a dim recollection of a sea-beach, and a cave, and of some strong potion which talled me to sleep for a length of time. In short, it is all a blank in my wemory, until I recollect myself first an ill-used and half-starved cabin-boy aboard a sloop, and then a

merchant, who had taken some fancy for me." "And what account," said Mr. Pleydall, "did your

"And what account," said Mr. Fleydall, "did your guardian give of your parentage?" "A very brief one," answered Bertram, "and a charge to inquire no further. I was given to under-stand, that my father was concerned in the among gling trade carried on on the eastern coast of Scot land, and was killed in a skirmish with the resease officers; that his correspondents in Holland had a complete the coast at the time part of the course which were engaged in the affair, and that day brought me off after it was over, from a motive of brought me off after it was over, from a motive of compassion, as I was left destitute by my father's death. As I grew older there was much of this eary seemed inconsistent with my own recollections, but what could I do? I had no means of accertaining my doubts, nor a single friend with whom I could communicate or canvase them. The rest of my story is known to Colonel Mannering: I west out to Indea to be a clerk in a Dutch house; their affairs fell into confusion-I betook myself to the military produc-sion, and, I trust, as yet I have not diagraced it." "Thou art a fine young fellow, I'll be bound for thee," said Pleydell, "and since yea have warned a father so long, I wish from my heart I could claim the paternity myself. But this affair of young Hamb-wood" "Was merely accidental," said Bertram. "I was travelling in Said and find the said Bertram. "I was

"Was merely accidental," said Bertram. " I we travelling in Scotland for pleasure, and after a weak residence with my friend, Mr. Dintheat, with whe I had the good fortane to form an accidental a quaintance"

quaintance" "It was my gude fortune that," said Disassent "odd, my brains wad has been knockit out by the blackguards, if it hadna been for his four quarwa." "Shortly after we parted at the town of lost my beggage by thieves, and it was while wai ding at Kippletringan I accidentally met the years gentleman. As I was approaching to pay my m spects to Miss Mannering, whom I had knows i India, Mr. Hazlewood conceiving my appearance none of the most respectable, commanded me result haughtily to stand back, and so gave occasion to di fray in which I had the misfortune to be the as

haughtify to stand oact, and so gave occurses we fray in which I had the misfortune is be the cidental means of wounding him.—And now, that I have answered all your questions" "No, no, not quite all," said Pleydell, winking gaciously; "there are some interrogatories which close the sederunt for this night, or rather monain "Well, then, sir," said the young mas, "to with the phrase, since I have answered all the mastic which you have chosen to ask to night, will you so good as to tell me who you are that take under terest in my affeire, and whom you take me to since my airfaire, and whom you take me to are any arrival has occasioned such commedian "Why, sir, for myself," replied the commedian and for you, it is no teapy to say dispinctly where are at present; but I trust in a short time to you by the title of Henry Pertram, Eas. represen-tive of one of the oldest families in Scortand, heir of tailzie and provision to the estate of E her of tailsie and provision to the state of **B** gowan-Ay," continued he, shatting his even speaking to himself, "we must pass over his fa and serve him heir to his grandfather Lewis, **ch** and serve him heir to his grandfather Lewis, the tailer-the only wise man of his family that I heard of.

They had now risen to retire to their sport for the night, when Colonel Mannering walk to Bertram, as he stood astomahed at they lor's words. "I give you joy," he said, "of the pects which fate has opened before you. I've early friend of your father, and chanced to the house of Ellangowan as unexpectedly as you ma in mine, upon the very night in which you were I little knew this circumstance when but i unkindness will be forgotten between us: me, your appearance hero, as Mr. Brown, all well, has relieved me from most painful seman and your right to the nume of an old friend " your presence; as Mr. Bertram, doubly welcome "And my parents?" said Bertram. They had now risen to rotire to their ap

seen sold, but I trust may be recovered. Whatever www.ed to make your right effectual, I shall be mathematic to make your right effectual, I shall be

Com/GLT?

most happy to supply." "Nay, you may leave all that to me," said the consection; "'tis my vocation, Hal, I shall make

"I'm sure it's no for the like o' me," observed Din-

" szcept on Saturday night," said Pleydell. " Aye, bat when your honour wadna take your fee ye wadna hae the cause neither, sae I'll no'er fash yea on a Saturday at e'en again-but I was saying, there's some ailler in the spleuchan\* that's like the Captain's ain, for we've aye counted it such, baith Aibe and me."

Captain's ain, for we've aye counted it such, baith Aihe and me." "No, no, Liddesdale—no occasion, no occasion whatever-keep thy cash to stock thy farm." "To stock my farm? Mr. Pleydell, your honour less mony things, but ye dinna ken the farm o' Oharlies-hope—it's see weel stockit already, that we mell maybe sax hundred pounds off it ilka year, flesh and fall thegither—ne, ne." "Gan't you take another then ?" "I dinna ken—the Deuke's no that fond o' lod farms, and he canna bide to put away the auld te-mantry; and then I wadna like mysell, to gang about whisting' and reising the rent on my neighboura." "What, not upon thy neighbour at Dawston— Devisione—how d'ye call the place." "What, on Joek o' Dawston? hout na—he's a cam-steary? chield, and fasheous? about marches, and we've had some bits o' splores thegither; but deil o' me if I wad wrang Jock o' Dawston neither." "Thon'rt an honest fellow," said the lawyer; "get thee to bed. Thou witt sleep sounder, I warrant thee, them many a man that throws off an embroi-dered coat, and puts on a laced night-cap. Colonel, I wee you are busy with our En/ant trouve. But I see you are busy with our Enfant trouvé. But Barnes must give me a summons of wakening at sewen to-morrow morning, for my servant's a sleepy-headed fellow; and I dare say my clerk. Driver, has had Clarence's fate, and is drowned by this time in a had Clarence's fate, and is drowned by this time in a butt of your ale; for Mrs. Allan promised to make bim comfortable, and she'll soon discover what he expects from that engagement. Good night, Colonel -good night, Dominie Sampson-good night, Din-mont the downright-good night, last of all, to the new-found representative of the Bertrams, and the Maso-Dingawaies, the Knarths, the Arths, the God-fwys, the Dennises, and the Rolands, and, last and desuest title, heir of talizie and provision of the lands and barowy of Ellaneowan. under the settlement of

dearest title, herr of tailze and provision of the lands and barony of Ellangowan, under the settlement of Lewis Bertram, Eag, whose representative you are." And so saying, the old gentleman took his candle and left the room; and the company dispersed, after the Dominis had once more hugged and embraced his "little Harry Bertram," as he continued to call the young soldier of six feet high.

## CHAPTER LI.

### All's Well that Ends Well

for the hour which he had appointed the preceding which he indefatigable lawyer was seated by a not fire, and a pair of wax candles, with a velvet by on his head, and a quitted silk night-gown on his man, busy arranging his memoranda of proofs and bications concerning the murder of Frank Ken-ty. An express had also been dispatched to Mr. bo Mortan, requesting his attendance at Wood-

A misuchan is a tobacco pouch, accasionally used as a

Whisting, among the tenantry of a large estate, is, when Mividual gives such information to the proprietor, or his mers, as to occasion the reut of his neighbour's farms being which, for obvious masons, is held a very anoopular

e and unraly. § Troubleson ŧ.

Yor IL

"Are both no more and the family property has me sold, but I trust may be recovered. Whatever s wanted to make your right effectual, I shall be not bappy to supply." "Nay, you may leave all that to me," said the conscior: "'tis my vocation, Hal, I shall make noney of it." Mennering had inflinated an intention to visit hims in his apartment in the morning, and he did not choose to leave it. Before this interview he had dressed himself. Barnes having, by his master's or-ders, supplied him with every accommodation of linen, &c., and now anxiously waited the promised visit of his landlord.

In a short time a gentle tap announced the Colonel, with whom Bertram held a long and satisfactory conversation. Each, however, concealed from the other one circumstance. Mannering could not bring him-self to acknowledge the astrological prediction; and Bertram was, from motives which may be easily con-ceived, silent respecting his love for Julia. In other Ceived, silent respecting ne love for Juiss. In otage respects, their intercourse was frank and grateful he both, and had latterly, upon the Colonel's pert, even an approach to cordiality. Bertram carefully mea-eured his own conduct by that of his host, and secon-ed rather to receive his offered kindness with grating

and pleasure, than to press for it with solicitation. Miss Bertram was in the breakfast periour when Sampson shuffled in, his face all radiant with smiles; was, that somebody had been bantering him with an imposition, which had thrown him into this coan imposition, which has thrown him the the sease stasy. Having sate for some time, rolling his eyes and gaping with his mouth like the great wooden head at Merlin's exhibition, he at length began---"And what do you think of him, Miss Lucy?" "Think of whom, Mr. Sampson ?" asked the young head.

lady. "Of Har--no-of him that you know about ?" again demanded the Dominie.

That I know about?" replied Lucy, totally at a

less to comprehend his meaning. "Yes, the stranger, you know, that came last even-ing in the post vehicle—he who shot young Hazle-wood—ha, ha, ho?" burst forth the Dominie, with a

wood—ha, ha, ho!" burst forth the Dominie, with a laugh that sounded like neighing. "Indeed, Mr. Sampeon," said his pupil, "you have chosen a strange subject for mirth—I think nothing about the man, only I hope the outrage was acci-dental, and that we need not fear a repetition of it." "Accidental! ho, ho, ha!" again whinnied Samp-

"Really, Mr. Sampson," said Lucy, somewhat piqued, "you are unusually gay this morning." "Yes, of a surety I am! ha, ha, ho! face-ti-ous-ho, ho, ha!" "So unusually facetious, my dear sir," pursued the young lady, "that I would wish rather to know the meaning of your mirth, than to be amused with its effects only."

better than you, he was lost the very day I was born." "Very true, very true," answered the Dominie, sad-dening at the recollection; "I was strangely oblivi-

ous-ay, ay-too true-But you remember your wor-thy father ?"

How should you doubt it, Mr. Sampson ? it is not so many weeks since

maness-out sook at that young man !" Bertram at this instant entered the room. "Yee, look at him well-he is your father's living images and as God has deprived you of your dear parents-O my children, love one another !" "It is indeed run father for and form " -----

U my children, love one another " "It is indeed my father's face and form," said Lucy, turning very pale; Bertram ran to support her -the Dominie to fetch water to throw upon her face--(which in his haste he took from the so oiling tea-urn) when fortunately her colour returning ra-pidly, saved her from the application of this ill-judget remedy. "I conjure you to tell me, Mr. Sampson." 22

berd in his bosom for want of an object to capture itself upon-"It is -it is !-it is Miss Lucy Bertram," ejaculated Sampson, "whom by my poor aid you will find per-fect in the tongues of France, and Italy, and even of Spein-in reading and writing her vernacular tongue, and in arithmetic, and book-keeping by double and single entry-I say nothing of her talents of shaping, and hemming, and governing a household, which, to give every one their due, she acquired not from me, but from the housekeeper-nor do I take morit for ber performance upon stringed instruments, where-unto the instructions of an honourable young lady of yertue and modesty, and very facetious withal-Miss Julia Mannering-hath not meanly contributed-Sum cuique tribuito."

"You, then," said Bertram to his sister, "are all that remains to me!-Last night, but more fully this

user remains to me !-Last night, but more fully this morning, Colonel Mannering gave me an account of our family misfortunes, though without saying I should find my sister here." "That," said Lucy, "he left to this gentleman to tail you, one of the kindest and most faithful of friends, who soothed my father's long sickness, wit-nessed his dying moments, and amid the heaviest clouds of fortune would not desert his orphan." "God bleas him for it !" said Bestrem sheking the

clouds of fortune would not desert his orpnan. "God bless him for it !" said Bertram, shaking the Dominie's hand, " he deserves the love with which I have always regarded even that dim and imperfect shadew of his memory which my charchildren," and " that God bless would be my dear children," and

"And God bless you both, my dear children," said Sampson; "if it had not been for your sake, I would have been contented (had Heaven's pleasure so been) to lay my head upon the turf beside my patron." "But, I trust," said Bertram, "I am encouraged to bope we shall all see better days. All our wrongs

hope we shall all see better days. All our wrongs shall be redressed, since Heaven has sent me means and friends to assert my right." "Friends indeed!" echoed the Dominie, "and sent, as you truly say, by Hist, to whom I early taught you to look up as the source of all that is good. There is the great Colonel Mannering from the East-ern Indies, a man of war from his birth upwards, but who is not the less a man of great erudition, con-sidering his imperfect opportunities; and there is, moreover, the great advocate Mr. Pleydell, who is also a man of great erudition, but who descendeth to triffes unbeseeming thereof; and there is Mr. An-drew Dinmont, whom I do not understand to have drew Dinmont, whom I do not understand to have possession of much erudition, but who, like the pa-trarches of old, is cunning in that which belongeth to flocks and hards—Lastly, there is even I myself, whose opportunities of collecting erudition, as they have been greater than those of the aforesaid valuable persons, have not, if it becomes me to speak, been pretermitted by me, in so far as my poor faculties havo enabled me to profit by them. Of a surety, little Harry, we must speedily resume our studies. I will begin from the foundation—Yes, I will reform your education upward from the true knowledge of Eng-lish grammar, even to that of the Hebrew or Chal-daic tongue." drew Dinmont, whom I do not understand to have daic tongue.

The reader may observe, that, upon this occasion, Sampson was infinitely more profine of words than he had hitherto exhibited himself. The reason was, that in recovering his pupil his mind went instantly back to their original connexion, and he had, in his confusion of ideas, the strongest desire in the world to resume spelling lessons and half-text with young Bertram. This was the more ridiculous, as towards Lucy he assumed no such powers of tuition. But Lucy he assumed no such powers of tution. But she had grown up under his eye, and had been gra-dually emancipated from his government by increase in years and knowledge, and a latent sense of his own inferior tact in manuers, whereas his first ideas weat to take up Harry pretty nearly where had left him. From the same feelings of reviving au-thority, he indulged himself in what was to him a

she said, in an interrupted, yet solemn voice, "is this my brother?" "It is—it is—Miss Lucy, it is little Harry Bertram, "And this is my sister?" said Bertram, giving way to all that family affection, which had so long slum-bered in his bosom for want of an object to expand itself upon— "It is—it is —it is Miss Lucy Bertram," ejaculated Sammens "when hy my poor aid you will find performance in the main profession of language; and as people seldom speak more than usual without exposing themselves, he gave those whom he addressed plainly to understand, that while he deferred implicitly to the opinions and that while he deferred implici

superior to them all put together. At present, how-ever, this intimation fell upon heedless ears, for the brother and sister were too deeply engaged in asking and receiving intelligence concerning their former fortunes to attend much to the worthy Dominia When Colonel Mannering left Bertram, he went to Julia's dressing-room, and dismissed her attendant. "My dear sir," she said as he entered, "you have for-got our vigils last night, and have hardly allowed me time to comb my hair, although you must be sa-sible how it stood on end at the various wooders which took place." which took place.

"It is with the inside of your head that I have some business at present, Julia; I will return the outside to the care of your Mrs. Mincing in a few minutes,

"Lord, papa," replied Miss Mannering, "think how entangled all my ideas are, and you to propose to comb them out in a few minutes! If Mincing were to do so in her department, she would tear half the hair out of my head."

"Well then, tell me," said the Colonel, "where the entanglement lies, which I will try to extricate with

Van enuezvonen to upan her father, "are your ideas on the subject more h-minous?" "More confused than ever, my dear sir," said Julia. "Here is this young man come from India, aller he had been supposed dead, like Aboulfouaris the gest

had been supposed dead, like Aboulfouaris the great voyager to his sister Canzade and his provident bro-ther Hour. I am wrong in the story, I believe-Can-zade was his wife-but Lucy may represent the one, and the Dominie the other. And then this invey crack-brained Scotch lawyer appears like a panto-mime at the end of a tragedy-And then how delight ful it will be if Lucy gets back her fortune." "Now I think," said the Colonel, "that the most mysterious part of the business is, that Miss Jolia Mannering, who must have known her father's anz-iety about the fate of this young man Brown, or Ber-tram, as we must now call him, should have mes him when Hazlewood's accident took place, and us-ver once mentioned to her father a word of the met-ter, but suffered the search to proceed against the ter, but suffered the search to proceed against young gentleman as a suspicious character as

Julia, much of whose courage had been hastily sumed to meet the interview with her father, now unable to raily herself; she hung down her

now unable to rally herself; she hung down her her in silence, after in vain attempting to utter a domi-that she recollected Brown when she met him. "No answert-Well, Julia," continued her father gravely but kindly, "allow me to ask you, is this only time you have seen Brown since his return from India ?-Still no answer. I must then naturally sup pose that it is not the first time.-Still no reply. In its Mannering, will you have the kindness to answer window and conversed with you during your sub dence at Mervyn-Hall ? Julia-I command-I sub treat you to be candid."

Miss Mannering raised her head. "I have been sir—I believe'I am still very foolish—and it is p haps more hard upon me that I must meet this get theman, who has been, though not the cause entiry yet the accomplice of my folly, in your presence. Here she made a full stop. "I am to understand, then," said Mannes "that this was the author of the serences at Mary

Hall?"

There was something in this allusive change of epitiet, that gave Julia a little more courage—"He was indeed, air; and if I am very wrong, as I have effen thought, I have some apology." "And what is that ?" answered the Colonel, speak-ing quick, and with something of harshness. "I will not venture to name it, sir—bu?"—She epined a small cabinet, and put some letters into his hands; "I will give you these, that you may gee how this intimacy began, and by whom it was en-couraged." Mannering took the nackat to the window—his

Mannering took the packet to the window--his Minnering took the packet to the window—his pride forbade a more distant retreat—he glanced at isome passages of the letters with an unsteady eye and an agitated mind—his stoicism, however, came in time to his aid; that philosophy, which, rooted in pride, yet frequently hears the fruits of virtue. He returned towards his daughter with as firm an air as his feel-ings permitted him to assume. There is great apology for you, Julia, as far as I can judge from a glance at these letters—you have observed at least one parent. Let us adout a Scotch

obeyed at least one parent. Let us adopt a Scotch proverb the Dominie quoted the other day—'Let proverb the Dominie quoted the other day-Let bygones be bygones, and fair play for the future.'-J will acver upbraid you with your past want of con-fidence-do you judge of my future intentions by my actions, of which hitherto you have surely had no rea-son to complain. Keep these letters-they were never intended for my eye, and I would not willingly read more of them than I havedone, at your desire and for Your acculation.

"Your exculpation. And now, are we friends? Or rather, do you understand me?" "O my dear, generous father?" said Julia, throwing herself into his arms, "why have I ever for an in-stant misunderstood you?"

stant misunderstood you?" "No more of that, Julia," said the Colonel; "we have both been to blame. He that is too proud to vindicate the affection and confidence which he conceives should be given without solicitation, must meet much, and perhaps deserved disappointment. It is enough that one dearest and most regretted member of my family has gone to the grave without knowing me; let me not lose the confidence of a child, who over the to love me if she wolly hove hove if"

"Who ought to love me, if she really loves hereof." "O no danger—no fear." answered Julia; "let me but have your approbation and my own, and there is no rule you can prescribe so severe that I will not follow." "Well me love" bining her fortherd "I to the

"Well, my love," kissing her forehead, "I trust we shall not call upon you for any thing too heroic. With respect to this young gentleman's addresses, I expect in the first place that all clandestine corres-I expect in the first place that all clandestine corres-pondence—which no young woman can entertain for a moment without lessening herself in her own eyes, and in those of her lover—I request, I say, that claudestine correspondence of every kind may be given up, and that you will refer Mr. Bertram to me for the reason. You will naturally wish to know what is to be the issue of such a reference. In the first place, I desire to observe this young gentleman's character more closely than circumstances, and per-laps my own prejudices, have permitted formerly—I should also be glad to see his birth established. Not that I am anxious about his getting the estate of should also be glad to see his birth established. Not that I am anxious about his getting the estate of Hangowan, though such a subject is held in abso-tio indifference nowhere except in a novel; but cer-ting Henry Bertram, heir of Ellangowan, whether insecsed of the property of his ancestors or not, is a way different person from Vasbeest Brown, the son a nobody at all. His fathers, Mr. Pleydell tells me, be distinguished in history as following the banners of their native princes, while our own fought at breasy and Poictiers. In short, I neither give nor withhold my approbation, but I expect you will re-gen past errors; and as you can now unfortunately unnoid my approbation, but I expect you will re-emp past errors; and as you can now unfortunately by have recourse to one parent, that you willshow e duty of a child, by reposing that confidence in me, the H will say my inclination to make you happy ders a filial debt upon your part." The first part of this speech affected Julia a good h; the comparative merit of the ancestors of the thrann and Mannerings excited a secret smile, but

dear sir," she said, extending her hand, "receive my faith, that from this moment you shall be the first Thin, that from this moment you shall be the first person consultd respecting what shall pass in futures between Brown-I mean Bertram—and me; and that no engagement shall be undertaken by me, excepting what you shall immediately know and approve of. May I ask-if Mr. Bertram is to continue a guest at Woodbourne?" "Certainly," said the Colonel, "while his affairs render it advisable."

"Then, sir, you must be sensible, considering what is already past, that he will expect some reason for my withdrawing—I believe I must say the encourage ment, which he may think I have, given." "I expect, Julia," answered Mannering, "that he will respect my roof, and entertain some sense per-haps of the services I am desirous to render him, and so will not insist upon any course of conduct of which I might have reason to complain; and I ex-pect of you, that you will make him sensible of what. is due to both." "Then, sir, I understand you, and you shall be im-plicitly obeyed."

"Thank you, my love; my anxiety (kissing her) is on your account.—Now wipe these witnesses from your eyes, and so to breakfast." es from .

## CHAPTER LIL

And, Sheriff, I will engage my word to you, That I will by to-morrow dinner-time, Send him to answer thee, or any mat. For any thing he shall be charged withal. For any thing he shall be charged withal. First Part of Henry IV.

WHEN the several by-plays, as they may be termin, had taken place among the individuals of the Wood-bourne family, as we have intimated in the preceding chapter, the breakfast party at length assembled, Dandie excepted, who had consulted his taste in winds, and perhaps in society, by participant of a mon Junde excepted, who had constant in take in viands, and perhaps in society, by partaking of a cup of tea with Mrs. Allan, just laced with two tea-spoon-fuls of Cogniac, and reinforced with various slices from a huge round of beef. He had a kind of feeling that he could at twice as much, and speak twice as much, with this good dame and Barnes, as with the grand folk in the parlour. Indeed, the meal of this less distinguished party was much more mirththis less distinguished party was much more mirth-ful than that in the higher circle, where there was an obvious air of constraint on the greater part of the assistants. Julia dared not raise her voice in asking Bertram if he chose another cup of tea. Bertram felt embarrassed while eating his toast and butter under the utermost her affection for her recovered brother, began to think of the quarrel betwixt him and Hazle-wood. The Colonel felt the painful anxiety natural to a proud mind, when it deems its slightest action. subject for a moment to the watchful construction of othera. The lawyer, while sedulously buttering his for the boxed at Bertram—he looked at Lucy—he whim-pered—he sniggled—he grinned—he committed all manner of solecisms in peint of form—poured the whole cream (no unlucky mistake) upon the plate of porridge, which was his own usual breakfast—threw the slops of what he called his "crowning dish of tea" into the sugar-dish instead of the slop-basin, and concluded with spilling the scalded liquor upon old Plato, the Colonel's favourite spaniel, who received the libation with a howl that did little honour to his philosophy. The Colonel's equanimity was rather shaken by this ful than that in the higher circle, where there was an

The Colonel's equanimity was rather shaken by this last blunder. "Upon my word, my good friend, Mr Sampson, you forget the difference between Plato and Zenocrates."

"The former was chief of the Academics, the lat-ter of the Stoics," said the Dominie, with some scorn of the supposition.

of the room upon the cof his four lags, was tather of the Cynic school. "Very well hit off-But here comes an answer from Mac-Morian."

It was unfavourable. Mrs. Mac-Morlan sent her respectful compliments, and her husband had been, and was, detained, by some alarming disturbances which had taken place the preceding night at Portan-ferry, and the necessary investigation which they had

occasioned. "What's to be done, now, counseller?" said the

"What's to be done, now, counsellor f said the Colonel to Pleydell. "Why, I wish we could have seen "flac-Morian," said the counsellor, "who is a sensible fellow him-self, and would besides have acted under my advice. But there is little harm. Our friend here must be But there is little harm. Our fixend here must be made sui jutris—he is at present an escaped prisoner; the law has an awkward claim spon him; he must be placed sectus in curia, that is the first object. For which purpose, Colonel, I will accompany you in your carriage down to Harlewood-house. The dis-tance is not great; we will offer our bail; and I am confident I can easily show Mr. — I beg his par-don-Sir Robert Harlewood, the necessity of recei-minantic mathematical sectors.

With all my heart," said the Colonel; and, ring-With all my heart," said the Colonel; and, ring-

With all my heart," said the Colonel: and, ring-ing the bell, gave the necessary orders. "And what is next to be done?" "We must get hold of Mac-Morian, and look out for more proof." "Proof ?" said the Colonel, "the thing is as clear as day-light—here are Mr. Sampeon and Miss Bertram, and sou yourself, at once recognise the young gentle-rung as his father's image; and he himself recollects all the very peculiar circumstances preceding his lea-ving this country—What else is necessary to convic-tion?"

all the very peculiar circumstances preceding his lea-what this country—What else is necessary to convic-tion?" "Tormoral conviction nothing more, perhaps," said the experienced lawer, "bat for legal proof a great deal. Mr. Bertram's tecollections are his own recol-lections merely, and therefore are not evidence in his own favour; Miss Bertram, the learned 'Mr. Samp-son, and I. can only say, what every one who knew the late Ellangowan will readily agree in, that this gentleman is his very picture—But that will not make him Ellangowan will readily agree in, that this gentleman is his very picture—But that will not make infamous in the egeof law—scarce capable of bearing evidence, and Meg Merrilies utterly so, by the various accounts which she formerly gave of the matter, and her impadent denial of all knowledge of the fact when I unyself examined her respecting it." "We must try," answered the legal sage, "what proof can be got at in Hollaid, among the persons by whom bur young friend was educated.—But then the fear of being called in question for the murder of the gauger may make them silent; or if they speak, they are either foreigners or outlawed smugglers. In short, I eee doubts." "Under favour, most learned and honoured sir," said, the Dominie, "I trust Hz; who hath restored

they are either foreigners or outlawed smugglers. In short, I wee doubts."
"Under favour, most learned and honoured sir," suid the Dominie, "I trust Hz, who hath restored little Harry Bertram to his friends, will not leave his own work imperfect."
"I trust so too, Mr. Sampson," said Pleydell; "but we must use the means; and I am afraid we shall, heve more difficulty in procuring them than J at first thooght.- But a faint heart never won a fair lady,--and, by the way, (apart to 'Miss Mannering, while Bertram was engaged with his sister,) there's a vindication of Holland for you! what smart fellows do yen think Leyden and Utrecht must send forth, when such a very genteel and handsome young man comes from the paltry schools of Middlehurgh t"." Of a verity," said the Dominie, jestous of the reputation of the Dutch seminary,---" of a verity, Mr. "True, trij deer Domine, ' answerd the advocate, "True, trij deer Domine, ' answerd the advocate, "truestion--but here comes your carriage, Colonel.

out constion -- but here comes your carriage, Colonel.

come back again -- let there be nothing done to proje-dice my right, whilst 1 am non ratens agere." Their reception at Hazlewood-house was more told

Their reception at Hazlewood-house was more told and formal than usual; for in general the Barone expressed great respect for Colonel Mannering; and Mr. Pleydell, besider being a man of good family and of high general estimation, was Sir Robert's old frierd. But now he scened dry and embarnessed in his manner. "He would willingly," he said, "n-ceive bail, not withstanding that the offence had bean directly perpetrated, committed, and done, against young Hazlewood of Hazlewood; but the young man had given hintself a fictuitous description, and was altogether that sort of person, who should not be liberated, discharged, or let loose upon society; and therefore"....." I kopert Hazlewood," said the Colonal, "I hope, Sir Robert Hazlewood," said the Colonal,

"I hope, Sir Robert Hazlewood," said the Coloral you do not mean to doubt my word, when I assure

you that he served under me as cadet in India ?" "By no means or account whatsoever. But we call him a cadet; now he says avers, and uphold that he was a captain, or field a troop in your reg

"He was promoted since I gave up the command." "He was promoted since I gave up the command." "But you must have heard of it?" "No. I returned on account of family circum-stances from India, and have not since been solicit-ous to hear particular news from the regiment; the name of Brown, too, is so common, that I might have seen his promotion in the Gazatte without soticing it. But a day or two will bring letters from his commanding officer." "But I am told and informed, Mr. Pleydell," an-swered Sir Robert, still hesitating, "that he does not mean to abide by this name of Brown, but is to set name of Bertram." "Ay, who says that ?" said the counsellor.

name of Bertram." "Ay, who says that ?" said the counsellor. "O," demanded the soldier, "whoever says so, does that give a right to keep him in prison ?" "Hush, Colonel," said the lawyer; "I an ever you would not, any more than I, countenance him, if he proves an impostor—And, among friends, who infermed you of this, Sir Robert ?" "Why, a person, Mr. Pleydell," answered the Ba-ronet, "who is peculiarly interested in investigating sifting, and clearing out this business to the bottom-you will excuse my being more particular." "O, certainly," replied Pleydell—well, and he says ar"

"Aye, certainly-under that condition I will a your bail; though I must say, an obliging, well-posed, and civil neighbour of mine, who was hand bred to the law, gave me a hint or caution this an ing against doing so. It was from him I less that this youth was liberated and had come she

er rather had ovoken prison .- Bet where shall we fad one to draw the bail-bond ?"

Here," said the councellor, applying himself to bell, "send up ny clerk, Mr. Driver-it will not the bell. do my character harm if I dictate the needful mywill" It was written accordingly and signed, and, the Justice having subscribed a regular warrant for Bertram alias Brown's discharge, the visiters took their leave.

Each threw himself into his own corner of the machariot, and said nothing for some time. The

Each threw himself into his own corner of the pest-chariot, and said nothing for some time. The Colonel first broke silence: "So you intend to give up this poor young tellow at the first brush ?" "Who, I ?" replied the counsellor; "I will not give up one hair of his head, though I should follow them to the court of last resort in his behalf—but what signified mooting points and showing one's hand to thest ed ase? Much better be should report to his peenper, Glossin, that we are indifferent or lukewarms in the matter. Besides, I wished to have

on each sceasions." During this discourse the carriage rolled rapidly towards Waodheame without any thing occurring worthy of the reader's notice, excepting their meet-ing with young Harlewood, to whom the Colonel tool the extheordinary history of Bertram's re-ep-pearance, which he heard with high delight, and then retise on series to pay Miss Bertram his compliments for meaning and pay Miss Bertram his compliments

Trails on Sefere to pay Miss Bertram his compliments on an event so happy and so unexpected. We return to the party at Woodbourne. After the departure of Mannering, the conversation related chasfly to the fortunes of the Ellangowan family, their domains, and their former power. "It was, then, under the towers of my fathers," said Bertram, "that I landed some days since, in circamstances such re-sembling those of a vagabond? Its mouldering turrets and darksome arches even then awakened thoughts of the deepest interest, and recollections which I was urable to decipher. I will now visit them again with other fashings, and, I trust, other and better hopes."

of the despet interest, and recollections which I was unable to decipher. I will now visit them again with other feelings, and, I trust, other and better hopes." "Do not go there now," said his sister. "The house of our ancestors is at present the habitation of a wretch as insidious as dangerous, whose arts and villany accompliabed the ruin and broke the heart of

"Write a secomplished the run and broke the heart of our unhappy father." "You increase my anxiety," replied her brother, "to confront this miscreant, even in the den'he has constructed for himself--I think I have seen him." "But you must consider.' said Julia, "that you are mow laft under Lucy's guard and mine, and are re-speciable to us for all your motions--consider I have nest been a lawyer's mistress twelve hours for no-thing, and I assure you it would be madness to at-compt to go to Ellangowan just now.-The utmost to which I can consent is, that we shall walk in a brody to the head of the Woodbourne avenue, and from the perhaps we may indulge you with our com-pany as farms a rising ground in the common, whence your syse may be blessed with a distant prospect of these shown to were, which strack so strongly your "graptethetic imagination." npathetic imagination."

prothetic imagination." The party was specify agreed upon; and the la-a, having taken their clocks, followed the route grand, ander the escort of Captain Bertram. It is a pleasant winter morning, and the cool brezze und only to freshen, not to chill, the fair walkers. Secret though unacknowledged bond of kindness minused the two ladies, and Bertram now hearing interesting accounts of his own family, now municating his adventures in Europe and in In-papeid the pleasure which he received. Lucy fait and the set which he received and man municating his settiments, as from the dangers he as or ner brother, as well from the bold and man-pra of his sentiments, as from the bold and man-pra of his sentiments, as from the dangers he smounted them. And Julia, while she pondered by father's words, could not help entertaining to shar the independent spirit which had seemed in father presumption in the humble and plebeian Vet. II 2 G

Brown, would have the grace of courage, noble bear-ing, and high blood, in the far-descended heir of Ellangowan.

They reached at length the little eminence or knoll upon the highest part of the common, called Gib-bie's-knowe-a spot repeatedly mentioned in this his-tory, as being on the skirts of the Ellangowan estate. It commanded a fair variety of hill and dale, bordered It commanded a fair variety of hill and dale, bordered with natural woods, whose naked boughs at this sea-son relieved the general colour of the landscape with a dark purple hue; while in other places the prospect was more formally intersected by lines of plantation, where the Scotch firs displayed their variety of dusky green. At the distance of two or three miles lay the bay of Ellangowan, its waves rippling under the in-fluence of the western brezze. The towers of the ruined castle, seen high over every object in the neigh-bourhood, received a brighter colouring from the win-try sun.

that of these good inends, whom their own generous hearts have interested in my behalf, such a consum-mation of my hard adventures is now not unlikely.— But as a soldier, 1 must look with some interest upon that worm-eaten hold of ragged stone; and if this undermining scoundrel, who is now in possession, dare to displace a pebble of it"—

dare to displace a pebble of it"— He was here interrupted by Dinmont, who came hastily after them up the road, unseen till he was near the party :— "Captain, Captain! ye're wanted— Ye're wanted by her ye ken o'." And immediately Meg Merrilies, as if emerging out of the earth, ascended from the hollow way, and stood before them. "I sought ye at the house," she said, "and found but him, (pointing to Dinmont,) but ye are right, and I was wrang. It is *here* we should meet, on this very spot, where my eyes last saw your father. Remember your promise, and follow me."

## CHAPTER LIII.

OFFAIL FAIL FAILS To hail the king in second yort The ladie was full fain; But King Arthur, all sore amazed, No answer made again. "What wight art thou," the ladie said, "That wight art thou," the ladie said, "That will not upcak to me! Sir, I may chance to ease thy pain, Though I be foul to see." The Marriage of Sir Gauss

THE fairy bride of Sir Gawaine, while under the influence of the spell of her wicked step-mother, was more decrepit probably, and what is commonly called more ugly, than Meg Merrilies; but I doubt if she possessed that wild sublimity which an excited ima-gination communicated to features, marked and expressive in their own peculiar character, and to the be termed gigantic. Accordingly, the Knights of the Round Table did not recoil with more terror from Round Table did not recoil with more terror from the apparition of the loathly lady placed between "an oak and a green holly," than Lucy Bertram and Julia Mannering did from the appearance of this Galwegian sibyl upon the common of Ellangowan. "For God's sake," said Julia, pulling out her purse, "give that dreadful woman something, and bid her go asso."

mise to follow this woman." "Good heavens! engaged to a madwoman ?" said

spot

Five minutes ?" said the gipsy, "five hours may not bring you here again." "Do you hear that?" said Julia; "for Heaven's

"Do you hear that ?" said Julia; "for Heaven's sake do not go ?" "I must, I must.—Mr. Dinmont will protect you back to the house." "No," said Meg, "he must come with you; it is for that he is here. He maan take part wi'h and and heart; and weel his part it is, for redding his quar-rel might have cost you dear." "Troth, Luckic, it's very true," said the steady

"" Troth, Luckic, it's very true," said the steady farmer; "and when his part it it," in feedback farmer; "and ere I turn back frac the Captain's side, I'll show that I hacan forgotten't." "O yea," exclaimed both the ladies at once, "let Mr. Dinmont go with you, if go you must, on this strange summons." answered Bertram, "but you see I am safely guarded-Adicu for a short time; go home as fast as you can." He pressed his sister's hand, and took a yet more affectionate farewell of Julia, with his eyes. Almost stupified with anxious looks the course of Bertram, his companion, and their extraordinary guide. Her stupified with surprise and fear, the young ladies watched with anxious looks the course of Bertran, his companion, and their extraordinary guide. Her tall figure moved across the wintry heath with steps so swift, so long, and so steady, that she appeared rather to glide than to walk. Bertram and Dinmont, both tall men, apparently scarce equalled her in height, owing to her longer dress and high head-gear. She proceeded straight across the common, without turning aside to the winding path, by which passen-gers avoided the inequalities and little rills that tra-versed it in different directions. Thus the diminishing figures often disappeared from the eye, as they dived into such broken ground, and again ascended to sight when they were past the hollow. There was some-thing frightful and unearthly, as it were, in the rapid and underitating course which absourds the site of a bird through the sir. At length they reached those thickets of natural wood which extended from the skirts of the common towards the glades and brook of Dera-cleugh, and were there lost to the view. "This is very extraordinary" said Lucy, after a pause, and turning round to her companion; "What can he have to do with that old hag?" "It is very frightful," answered Julia, " and almost reminds me of the tales of sorceresses, witches, and evil genii, which I have heard in India. They believe there in a fascination of the eye, by which these who posses it control the will and d.ctate the motions of their victims. What can your brother have in com-mon with that fearful woman, that he should leave us, obviously against his will, to attend to her com-mon with that fearful woman, that he should leave us, obviously against his will, to attend to her com-mands ?" " At least," asid Lucy, " we may hold him safe

us, obviously against his will, to attend to her com-mands?" "At least," said Lucy, "we may hold him safe from harm ; for she would never have summoned that faithful creature Dinmont, of whose strength courage and steadiness, Henry said so much, to attend upon an expedition where she projected evil to the person of his friend. And now let us go back to the house till the Colonel returns-perhaps Ber-tum may be back first; at any rate, the Colonel will judge what is to be done." inands?" "At least," said Lucy, "we may hold him safe from harm; for she would never have summoned that faithful creature Dinmont, of whose strength courage and steadiness, Henry said so much, to attend upon an expedition where she projected evil to the person of his friend. And now let us go back to the house till the Colonel returns—perhaps Ber itsm may be back first; at any rate, the Colonel will judge what is to be done." Leaning then upon each other's arm, but yet occa-sionally stumbling, between fear and the disorder of Uternerves, they at length reached the head of the ave-

market, wedding or burial,"---and she held high her akinny forefinger in a menacing attitude. Bertram turned round to his terrified companions. "Excuse me for a moment ; I am engaged by a pro-mise to follow this woman." "I close the owner is a menacing attitude." galloped on before to pay my respects to Miss Ber-tram, with the sincerest congratulations, upon the joyful event which has taken place in her family. I long to be introduced to Captain Bertram, and to thank him for the well de served lesson he gave to my rashness and indiscretion." "He has left us just now," said Lucy, "and in a manner that has frightened us very much." Just at that moment the Colonel's carriage fores up, and, on observing the ladies, stopped, while Man-nering and his learned counsel alighted and joined them. They instantly communicated the new cause of alarmo.

them. They instantly communicated the new class of alarm. "Meg Merrilles again !" said the Colonel; "ahe certainly is a most mysterious and unaccountable personage; but I think she must have something to impart to Bertram, to which she does not mean we should be privy." "The devil take the bedlamits old women," said the counsellor; "will she not let things take their course, prout de lege, but must always be putting in her oar in her own way?—Then I fear from the di-

course, prout de lege, but must always be putting in her oar in her own way?-Then I isar from the di-rection they took they are going upon the Ellangow-an estate-that rascal Glossin has shown us what ruffians he has at his disposal. I wish honest Lid-desdale may be guard sufficient." "If you please," said Haslowood, "I should be most happy to ride in the direction which they have taken. I am so well known in the country, that I scarce think any outrage will be offered in my presence, and I shall keep at such a cautious distance as not to

scarce think any outrage will be offered in my presence, and I shall keep at such a cautious distance as not to appear to watch Meg, or interrupt any communica-tion which she may make." "Upon my word,' said Pleydell, (aside,) "to be a sprig, whom I remember with a whey face and a satchel not so very many years ago, I think young Hazlewand grows a fine fellow. I arn more afraid of new sitempt at level convesion than at ones fraid a new attempt at legal oppression than at open vioa new attempt at regai oppression than at open vio-lence, and from that this young man's presence would deter both Glossin and his understrappers. —Hie away then, my boy—peer out—peer out—you'll find hem somewhere about Derncleugh, or very probably in Warnoch wood."

Hazlewood turned his horse. "Come back to us to dinner, Hazlewood," cried the Colonel. He bow-ed, spurred his horse, and galloped off. We now return to Bertram and Dinmont, who con-tinued to follow their mysterious guide through the

ve now return to Bertram and Diamoni, who con-tinued to follow their mysterious guide through the woods and dingles, between the open cranson and the ruined hamlet of Derncleugh. As she led he way, she never looked back upon her followers, unless in chide them for loitering, though the sweat, in spite of the season, poured from their brows. At other uses she spoke to herself in such brokken expressions as these:--"It is to rebuild the auld house--it is to ky the corner stone--and did I not warn him ?-I telfd him I was born to do it, if my father's head had ban the stepping-stane, let alane his. I was doomed--still I kept my purpose in the cage and in the steeks: -I was banished-I kept it in an unco land;-I was scourged-I was branded-My resolution lay deat than scourge or rod iron could reach-- and now the hour is come." "Captain," said Dinmont, in a half whisper, "I wish she binna uncanny! her words dinna seem to come in God's name, or like other folks. Odd, they threep in our country that there are it thinga." "Don't be afraid, my friend," whispered Bertant in return. "Fear'd fent a hast care I" asid the down

## Cass LIL

"There's but as answer to that, Henry Bertram," said the sibyl.—"I swore my tongue should never tail, but I never said my finger should never show. Go on and meet your fortune, or turn back and lose it—that's a' I has to say." "Go on then," answared Bertram; "I will ask no more questions."

They descended into the glen about the same place They descended into the glen about the same place where Meg had formerly parted from Bertram. She paused an instant beneath the tall rock where he had witnessed the burial of a dead body, and stamped upon the ground, which, notwithstanding all the care that had been taken, showed vestiges of having been recently moved. "Here rests ane," she said; "he'll maybe has neabors suna."

She then moved up the brook until she came to the rained hamlet, where, pausing with a look of peca-liar and astrongd interest before one of the gables liar and softened interest before one of the gaples which was still standing, she said in a tone less abrupt though as solemn as before, "Do you see that blackit and broken end of a sheeling?—there my kettle boiled for forty years—there I bore twelve boindly sons and daughters—where are they now ?— where are the leaves that were on that auld ash-tree at Martinnuas !— the west wind has made it bare— and I'm stringed tos.—Do you see that sught-tree ? and I'm stripped too. - Do you see that saugh-tree ?-it's but a blackened rotten stump now-I've sate up. it's but a blackened rotten stump now-I've sate un-der it mony a bonnie summer afternoon, when it hang its gay garlands ewer the poppling water.-Pve sat there, and," elevating her voice, "I've held yea on my knee, Henry Bertram, and sung ye sangs of the anid barons and their bloody ware-It will ne'er be green agnin, and Meg Merrilles will never sing sangs mair, be they blithe or sad. But ye'll no forget her, and ye'll gar big up the anid wa's for her sake ? --and let somebody live there that's ower gude to fear them of another warld-For if ever the dead mony a night after these crazed banes are in the mony a night after these crazed banes are in the mond."

The mixture of insanity and wild pathos with which she spoke these last words, with her right arm bare and extended, her left bent and shrouded beneath the dark red drapery of her mantle, might have been a study worthy of our Siddons herself. "And now,"

a study worky of our Suddins herein. And now, she said, resuming at once the short, stern, and hasty tone which was most ordinary to her—" let us to the

tone which was most ordinary to her—" let us to the wark—let us to the wark." She then led the way to the promontory on which the Kaim of Derncleugh was situated, produced a large key from her pocket, and unlocked the door. The interior of this place was in better order than for-marky. " I have made things decent," she said; " I may be streckit here or night.—There will be few, few at Meg's lykewaks, for mony of our folk will blame what I has done, and am to do!" She then pointed to a table, upon which was some cold meal, arranged with more attention to neat-mess than could have been expected from Meg's ha-bits. " Kat," she said, "eat; ye'll need it this night yet."

bita,

Bertram, in complaisance, eat a morsel or two; Bertram, in complaisance, eat a morsel or two; and Dimmont, whose appetite was unabated either by wonder, apprehension, or the meal of the morn-ing, made his usual figure as a trencher-man. She han offered each a single glass of spirits, which Ber-then drank diluted, and his companion plain. "Will ye taste nacthing yoursell, Luckie?" said

mont

"I shall not need it," replied their mysterious setes. "And now," she said, "ye maun has arms To maunna gang on dry-handed—but use them not mhy-take captive, but save life—let the law has the maun speak are he die."

an be main speak are he die." "Who is to be taken?—who is to speak?" said thram in astonishment, receiving a pair of pistols ich she offered him, and which, upon examining, found loaded and locked. "The fints are gude," she said, " and the powder "I ken this wark weel."

m. without answering his questions, she armed

from a corner. Bertram took a stout supling, and Dandie selected a club which might have served Horcules himself. They then left the hut together, and, in doing so, Bertram took an opportunity to whisper to Dinmont, "There's something inexpli-cable in all this—But we need not use these arms un-less we see necessity and lawful occasion—take care to do as you see me do."

Dinmont gave a sagacious nod; and they conti-nued to follow, over wet and over dry, through bog and through fallow, the footsteps of their conductress. She guided them to the wood of Warroch by the same track which the late Ellangowan had used

same track which the late Eilangowan had used when riding to Deraclough in quest of his child, on the miserable evening of Kennedy's murder. When Meg Merrilies had attained these groves, through which the wintry sea-wind was now whist-ling hearse and shrill, she seemed to pause a mo-ment as if to recollect the way. "We maun go the precise track," ahe said, and continued to go for-ment bar where the said, and continued to go forthe precise track," she said, and continued to go for-ward, but rather in a zigzag and involved course than according to her former steady and direct line of mo-tion. At length she guided them through the mazes of the wood to a little open glade of about a quarter of an acre, surrounded by trees and bushes, which made a wild and irregular boundary. Even in win-ter it was a sheltered and snugly sequestered spot ; but when arrayed in the vertime of marine, the secth ter it was a subtread and subgy sequestered apply is but when arrayed in the verdure of spring, the carib sending forth all its wild flowers, the shrubs spreading their waste of blossom around it, and the weeping birthes, which toward over the underwood, drooping birthes, which towered over the underwood, drooping their long and leafy fibres to intercept the sun, it must have seemed a place for a youthful poet to study his earliest sonnet, or a pair of lovers to exchange their first mutual avowal of affection. Apparently it now awakened very different recollections. Bertram's brow, when he had looked round the spot, became gloomy and embarrassed. Mcg, after uttering to her-self, "This is the very spot!" looked at him with a ghastly side-glance,—"D'yo mind it?"

gloomy and embarased. Mog, after uttering to har-self. "This is the very spot!" looked at him with a ghastly side-glance,-- "D'ye mind it?" "Yee!" answered Bertram, "imperfectly I do." "Ay?" pursued his guide, "on this very spot the man fall from his horse-I was behind that bourtree-bush at the very moment. Sair, sair, he strove, and sair ha cried for mercy-but he was in the hands of them that never kenn'd the word.-Now will I show you the further track-the last time ye travelled it was in these arms." She led them accordingly by a long and winding passage almost overgrown with brushwood, until, without any very perceptibla descent, they suddenly found themselves by the sea-side. Meg then walked very fast on between the surf and the rocks, until she from the rest. "Here," she said, in a low and scarcely audible whisper, "here the corpse was found." "And the cave?" said Bertram, in the same tone, "is close beside it—are you guiding us there ?" "Yes," said the gipsy in a decided tone. "Bend up both your learts-follow me, as I creep in-1 have placed the fire-wood so as to screen you. Bide behind it for a gjiff till I say, The hour and the maa and bind him till the blood burst fras his finger nails." "I will, by my soul," said Henry—" if he is the

naile."" "I will, by my soul," said Henry—" if he is the man I suppose—Jansen ?" "Ay, Jagsen, Hatteraick, and twenty mair namus are his." "Dinmont, you must stand by me now," said Ber-tram, "for this fellow is a devil." "Ye needna doubt that," said the stout yooman—" "but I wish I could mind a bit pravarou I creen afthe provention.

"And now," she said, "ye maun hae arms maxama gang on dry-handed-but use them not "take captive, but save life-let the law has "he main speak ere he die." "Ye needna doubt that," said the stout yeoman---"but I wish I could mind a bit prayeror I creep after the witch into that hole that she's opening-It wad be a sir thing to leave the blessed sun, and the free air, and gapg and be killed, like a tod that's run to earth, in a dungeon like that. But, my sooth, they will be hard-bitten terriers will worry Dandie; so, as he firsts are gude," she said, " and the powder I ken this wark weel." I ken this wark weel. I ken this wark weel. I ken this wark weel ken the lowest tone of voice possible. The en-trance was now open. Meg crept in upon her hands and knees. Bertram followed, and Dimmont, afte I ken this the ken the based out the daylight, whose I ken this the wark weel ken the based ou

### CHAPTER LIV.

## ----- Die, prophet ! in thy spe For this, among the rest, was I

l ordained. Henry VI. Part III.

GEV MANNERING.

Two progress of the Borderer, who, as we have said, was the last of the party, was fearfully arrested by a hund, which caught hold of his leg as he dragby a faint, which caught have a silence and perturba-tion through the low and narrow entrance of the sub-terranean passage. The steel heart of the bold yeotion through the low and the least of the bold yeo-terranean passage. The steel heart of the bold yeo-man had well nigh given way, and he suppressed with difficulty a shout, which, in the defenceless posture and situation which they then occupied, might have cost all their lives. He contented himself, however, with extricating his foot from the grasp of this unex-pected follower. "Be still," said a voice behind him, "" and finand-Charles Hazlewood."

with extricating his toot from the grasp of this unex-pected follower. "Be still," said a voice behind him, releasing him; "I am a friend—Charles Hazlewood." These words were uttered in a very low voice, but they produced sound enough to startle Meg Merrihes, who led the van, and who, having already gained the phase where the cavern expanded, had risen upon her She began, as if to confound any listening ear, to growl, to mutter, and to sing aloud, and at the

same time to make a bustle among some brushwood which was now hesped in the cave. "Here—beldan—Deyvil's kind," growled the harsh voice of Dirk Hatternick from the inside of his den, what makest thou there ?

"what makest thou there?" "Laying the roughies" to keep the cauld wind frac you, ye desperate do-nae-good—Ye're e'en ower weel off, and wots na; it will be otherwise soon." "Have you brought me the brandy, and any news of my people?" said Dirk Hatteraick. "There's the flask for ye. Your people—dis-persed—broken—gone—or cut to ribbands by the red costs."

coata

Der Deyvil !-- this coast is fatal to me." 46

"Ye may hae mair reason to say see." While this dialogue went forward, Bertram and Dinmont had both gained the interior of the cave, and assumed an erect position. The only light which illuminated its rugged and sable precincts was a quanilluminated its rugged and sable precincts was a quan-tity of wood burnt to charcoal in an iron grate, such as they use in spearing salmon by night. On these red embers Hatteraick from time to time threw a handful of twigs or splintered wood; but these, even when they blazed up, afforded a light much dispro-portioned to the extent of the cavern; and, as its principal inhabitant lay upon the side of the grate principal innabitant isy upon the side of the grate most remote from the entrance, it was not easy for him to discover distinctly objects which lay in that direction. The intruders, therefore, whose number was now augmented unexpectedly to three, stood behind the loosely-piled branches with little risk of discover Disruct had the ensure to be able

behind the loosely-piled branches with little risk of discovery. Dinmont had the sense to keep back Hazlewood with one hand till he whispered to Ber-tram, "A friend-young Hazlewood." It was no time for following up the introduction, and they all stood as still as the rocks around them, obscured behind the pile of brushwood, which had been probably placed there to break the cold wind from the sea, without totally intercepting the supply of air. The branches were laid so loosely above each other, that, looking through them towards the light of the fire-grate, they could easily discover what passed in its vicinity, although a much stronger de-gree of illumination than it afforded, would not have enabled the persons placed near the bottom of the cave to have descried them in the position which they occupied.

The scene, independent of the peculiar moral in-terest and personal danger which attended it, had, from the effect of the light and shade on the uncommon objects which it exhibited, an appearance emphatically dismal. The light in the fire-grate was he dark-red glare of charcoal in a state of ignition, ne dark-reo giare of charcoal in a state of ignition, relieved from time to time by a transient flame of a more vivid or duskier light as the fuel with which Dirk Hatteraick fed his fire, was better or worse fitted for his purpose. Now a dark cloud of stifting anoke rose up to the roof of the cavern, and then lighted, into a reluctant and sullen blaze, which flash-ed wavering up the pillar of smoke, and was suddenly

. Kolument k

## ICher. LSF.

rendered brighter and more lively by some drin fad, or perhaps some \_plintered fir-timber, which at one converted the smoke into flame. By such fitted reedriar fad. diation, they could see, more or less distinctly the form of Hatteraick, whose savage and rugged cast at features, now rendered yet more ferocious by the circumstances of his situation, and the deep gloom of his mind, assorted well with the rugged and broken his mind, second were with the register and stone vault, which rose in a rude arch over and around him. The form of Meg Merrilics, which stalked about him, rometimes in the light, sometimes pertially ab-scured in the smoke or darkness, contrasted storedy with the sitting figure of Hattaraick as he best over the flame, and from his stationary posture we em-stantly visible to the spectator, while that of the fis-male fitted around, appearing or disappearing like a spectre.

Bertram felt his blood boil at the sight of Hatte-raick. He remembered him well under the name of Jansen, which the manggler had adopted after he geath of Kennedy; add he remembered also, that his Jansen, and his mate Brown, the same who was about at Woodbourne, had been the brutal tyrants of his infancy. Woodbourne, had been the brutel tyrants of he infancy. Bertam knew farther, from piecing his own imperfect recollections with the narratives of Mannering and Pleydell, that this man was the prime agent in the act of violence which tore him from his family and country, and had exposed him to so many distresses and dangers. A thousand exaperating reflections rose within his bosom ; and he could hardly refraus from rushing upon Hattersick and Llowing his brains out out

At the same time, this would have been no mis source. At the same time, this would have been no mis source of the strong, muscular, and broad-chested frame of the ruffian, glanced also upon two brace of pistols in his belt, and upon the hilt of his cultars: it was not to be doubted that his desperation was commen-surate with his personal strength and means of missions in the bedt, indeed, were inadequate to encoun-surate with his friend Dinmont, without reckoing their unexpected assistant Hazlewood, who was up armed, and of a slighter make; but Bertram fel, of a moment's reflection, that there would be reinter sense nor valour in anticipating the hangman's office, and he considered the importance of making Hau sense nor valour in anticipating the manginan source and be considered the importance of making Haus-raick prisoner alive. He therefore represent his in-dignation, and awaited what should pers between the ruffian and his gipsy guide. "And how are ye now?" said the harsh and discor-dant tones of his female attendant: "Said I not it

would come upon you-ay, and in this very care, where ye harboured after the deed?" "Wetter and sturm, ye hag?" replied Hattersick, "keep your devuil's matins till they're wanted. Have

where your depyris mattines till they're wranted. Haw you seen Glossin ?" "No," replied Meg Merrilies: "you've missed you blow, ye blood-spiller I and ye have nothing to super from the tempter."

"Hage!!" exclaimed the ruffian, " if I had him ist by the throat t-And what am I to do then?" "Do?" answered the gapsy; "Die like a man of be

"Hanged, ye hag of Satan !-- the hemp's not: that shall hang me."

"Hanged, ye hag of Satan !-- the hemp's not still that shall hang me." "It's sown, and it's grown, and it's hackled, a it's twisted. Did I not tell ye, when ye was away the boy Harry Bertram, in spite of my gate -- did I not say he would come back when he is dree'd his weird in foreign land till his twenty for the switch in foreign land till his twenty for year ?-- Did I not say the suid fire would hum for to a spark, but wad kindle again ?" "Well, mother, you did say so," said Hatsail "and, donner and blitzen! I believe you spoke "and, donner and blitzen! I believe you spoke "a head to me all my life! and now, with Gloss a boats destroyed, and I dare say the lugger's the there were not men enough left on board to work far less to fight her-a dredge-boat might have the her. And what will the owners say ?-- Headle surm ! I shall now dare goback again to Franking

"You'll never mod," mid the gipsy. "What are you doing there," said her companion, "and what makes you say that?" During this dialogue, Meg was heaping some flax locely together. Before answer to this question, the dropped a firebrand upon the flax, which had en previously steeped in some spiritous liquor, for instanti caught fore, and rose in a vivid pyramid of the most brilliant light up to the very top of the valit. As it ascended, Mag answered the ruffian's question in a firm and steady voice :-- "Because the Hour's come, and the Man."

At the appointed signal, Bertram and Dinmont rang over the brushwood, and rushed upon Hatwraich. Hazlewood, unacquainted with their plan of essanit, was a moment later. The ruffian, who in-stantly saw he was betrayed, turned his first ven-grance on Mag Merrilies, at whom he discharged a pistol. She sall, with a piercing and dreadful cry, be-tween the shriek of pain and the sound of laughter, when at its highest and most sufficiently height. "I kenn'd it would be this way," she said. Berram, in his haste, alpped his foot upon the mover rock which floored the cave; a fortunate stumble, for Hatternick's second bullet whistled over him with se true and steady an aim, that had he been standing upright, it must have lodged in his brain. Bre the smuggler could draw another pistol, Diamont closed with him, and endeavoured by main force to pinion down his arms. Such, however, was the

Since the surfageer could draw another pisuol, Diamonic closest with him, and endeavoured by main force to pinion down his arms. Such, however, was the wretch's personal strength, joined to the efforts of his despair, that, in spite of the gigantic force with which the Borderer grappled him, he dragged Dia-mont through the blazing flax, and had almost suc-cased in drawing a third pistol, which might have growed fatal to the honest farmer, had not Bertram, by main force, and no ordinary exertion of it, they threw Hatteraick on the ground, disarmed him, and bound him. This scuffle, though it takes up some time in the narrative, passed in less than a single minute. When he was fairly mastered, after one or two desperate and almost convulsionary struggles, the raffiam lay perfectly still and silont. He's gaun to die game ony how," said Dinmont; "weel, I like Bin na the waur for that."

This observation honest Dandie made while he was I his observation noncet Dancie made while he was hasking the blazing flax from his rough coat and haggy black hair, some of which had been singed in he schifte. "I he is quict now," said Bertram; "stay w bim, and do not permit him to stir till see whether he poor woman be alive or dead." With Hazlewood's

Report woman be all ye of dead." With Haziswood a matance he raised Meg Merrilles. "I kenn'd it would be this way," she mattered, and it's e'en this way that it should be."

The bell had penetrated the breast below the throat, It did not bleed much externally; but Bertram, ac-customed to see gun-shot wounds, thought it the more slarming. "Good God! what shall we do for this poor woman?" said he to Hazlewood, the cirstances superseding the necessity of previous exom anation or introduction to each other.

Manation or introduction to each other. "My horse stands tied above in the wood," said fashewood. "I have been watching you these two nursed. Meanwhile, you had better defend the peth of the cavern against every one until I return." hastened away. Bertram, after binding Meg Mer-ter wound as well as he could, took station near the mouth of the cave with a cocked pistol in his mod, Diamont continued to watch Hatteraick, keep-ra grasp, like that of Hercules, on his breast. There as de silence in the cavern on his breast. There

made seem almost thrics as king, the voice of young Hazlewood was heard without. "Here I am," be cried, "with a sufficient party." "Come in, then," answered Bertram, not a little pleased to find his guard relieved. Hazlewood then

entered, followed by two or three countrymen, one of whom acted as a peace-officer. They lifted Hatteraick up, and carried him in their arms as far as the rack up, and carried him in their arms as far as the entrance of the vault was high enough to permit them; them iaid him on his back, and dragged him along as well as they could, for no persuasion would induce him to assist the transportation by any exer-tion of his own. He lay as silent and inactive in their hands as a dead corpse, incapable of opposing, but in no way aiding their operations. When he was ther hands as a dead corpse, incapable of opposing, but in no way aiding their operations. When he was dragged into day-light, and placed erect upon his fost among three or four assistants, who had re-mained without the cave, he seemed stupified and dazzled by the sudden change from the darkness of his cavern. While others were superintending the removal of Meg Merrilles, those who remained with Hatterzick attempted to make him air down upon a Hatteratick attempted to make him sit down upon a fragment of rock which lay close upon the high-water mark. A strong shuddering convulsed his iron frame for an instant, as he resisted their purpose. "Net there—Hagel —you would not make me sit there ?"

These were the only words he spoke ; but their import, and the deep tone of horror in which they were

port, and the deep tone of norror in which they were uttered, served to show what was passing in his mind. Whan Meg Merrilies had also been removed from the cavern, with all the care for her safety that cir-cumstances admitted, they consulted where she should be carried. Harlewood had sent for a surgeon, and proposed that she should be lifted in the meantime to the destination of the should be lifted in the meantime to the should be when the should be lifted in the meantime to the should be when the should be lifted in the meantime to the should be should be lifted in the meantime to the should be should be lifted in the meantime to the should be the nearest cottage. But the patient exclaimed with great estmestness, "Na, na, na! To the Kaim of Demcleugh—the Kaim of Demcleugh—the spirit will

Derncieugh-the Kaim o' Derncieugh-the spirit will not free itself o' the fleen but there." "You must indulge her, I believe," ssid Bertrant; "her troubled imagination will otherwise aggravate the fever of the wound."

They bore her accordingly to the vault. On the way her mind seemed to run more upon the scale way her mind seemed to run more upon the scene which had just passed, than on her own approaching death. "There were three of them set upon him-I brought the rwasome-but wha was the third ? -It would be himself, returned to work his sin vengeance !"

It was evident that the unexpected appearance of Hazlewood, whose person the outrage of Hatteraick Hazlewood, whose person the outrage of Hattersick left her no time to recognise had produced a strong effoot on her imagination She often recurred to it. Hazlewood accounted for his unexpected arrival to Bertram, by saying, that he had kept them in view for some time by the direction of Mannering; that observing them disappear into the cave, he had creet after them, meaning to announce himself and this errand, when his hand in the darkness encountering the leg of Dipmont had nearly produced a catacter.

errand, when his hand in the darkness encountering the leg of Dinmont, had nearly produced a catastro-phe, which, indeed, nothing but the presence of mind and fortitude of the bold yournan could have averted. When the gipsy arrived at the hut, she produced the key; and when they entered, and were about to deposit her upon the bed, she said, in an anxious tone, "Na, na ! not that way, the feet to the east" and appeared gratified when they reversed her pro-ture accordingly, and placed her in that appropriate to a dead betw.

The spectral spectral granting when they reversed her points is the covern signing tevery one until I return." The second away. Bertram, after binding Meg Mer-in south of the cover with a cocked pistol in the accordingly, and placed her in that appropriate to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "Is there no clergyman near," said Bertram, "to a dead body. "A gentleman, the minister of the parish, who had been Charles Hazlewood's tutor, had, with many been Charles Hazlewood's tutor, had, with many ortally wounded. From curiosity, or rather from the feeling that his duty called him to scenes of dis-tress, this gentleman had come to the Kaim of Dern cleugh, and now presented himself. The surgeon arrived at the same time, and was about to probe the wound; but Meg resisted the assistance of ather, "It's no what man can do, that will heal my body, or save my spirit. Let me speak what I have to say, and then we may work your will: Fee 's rac has,

derance - But where's Henry Bertram ?"-The asbistante, to whom this name had been long a stran-ger, gazed upon each other.—"Yes!" she said, in a stronger and harsher tone, "I said *Henry Bertram* of Ellangowan. Stand from the light and let me be bis "? see him.

father, and bear witness if he is not their living im-age?" A murmur went through the crowd-the resemblance was too striking to be denicd. "And now hear me-and let that man," pointing to Hat-teraick, who was seated with his keepers on a sea-chest at some distance-"let him deny what I say, if he can. That is Henry Bertram, son to Godfrey Ber-tram, umquhile of Ellangowan; that young man is the very lad-bairn that Dirk Hatteraick carried off from Warroch woon the day that he murdered the gauger.-u was there like a wardering spirit-for I longed to see Warroch wooa the day that he murdered the gauger.— I was there like a wandering spirit—for I longod to see that wood or we left the country. I saved the bairh's life, and sair, sair I prigged and prayed they would leave him wi'me—But they bore him away, and he's been lang ower the sea, and now he's come for his ain, and what should withstand him?—I swore to keep the secret till he was ane-an-twenty—I kenn'd he be-hoved to dree his weird till that day cam—I keepit that oath which I took to them—but I made another yow to mysell, that if I lived to see the day of his re-turn, I would set him in his father's seat, if every step was on a dead man. I have keepit that oath too, I will soon be another, and there will be ane mair yet." The clergyman, now interposing, remarked it was

The clergyman, now interposing, remained it was a pity this deposition was not regularly taken and The clergyman, now interposing, remarked it was a pity this deposition was not regularly taken and written down, and the surgeon urged the necessity of examining the wound, previously to exhausting her by questions. When she saw them removing Hatte-raick, in order to clear the room and leave the sur-geon to his operations, she called out aloud, raising herself at the same time upon the couch, "Dirk Hat-teraick, you and I will never meet again until we are before the judgment-seat-Will ye own to what I havo said, or will you dare deny it?" Ho turned his hard-ened brow upon her, with a look of dumb and in flexible defiance. "Dirk Hatteraick, dare ye deny, with my blood upon your hands, one word of what my dying breath is uttering?"-Ho looked at her with the same expression of hardihood and dogged stub-gornness, and moved his lips, but uttered no sound. "Then fareweel!" she said, " and God forgive you your hand has sealed my evidence.-When I was in life, I was the mad randy gipsy, that had been scourg-ed, and banished, and branded—that had begged from door to door, and been hounded like a stray tike from parish to parish—wha would hae minded her tale?--But now I am a dying woman, and my words will not fall to the ground, any more than the earth will cover my blood!"

Not that to the global, any more than the earth with some and two or three women. After a very short examination, he shook his head, and resigned his post of the dying woman's side to the clergyman. A chaise returning empty to Kippletringan had been stopped on the high-road by a constable, who foreaw it would be necessary to convey Hatteraick to jail. The driver, understanding what was going on at Derncleugh, left his horses to the care of a blackguard boy, confiding, it is to be supposed, rather in the years and discretion of the cattle, than in those of their keeper, and set off full speed to see, as he expressed himself, "whaten a sort o' fun was gaun er." He arrived just as the group of tenants and easants, whose numbers increased every moment, attated with gazing upon the ranged features of Hat-teraick, had turned their attention towards Bertram;

seraick, had turned their attention towards Bertram. Almost all of them, especially the aged men who had seen Ellangowan in his better days, felt and ac-knowledged the justice of Meg Merrilies' appeal. But Ine Scotch are a cations people; they remembered there was another in possession of the estate, and they as yet only expressed their feelings in low whispers to each other. Our friend Jock Jabos the postilion,

forced his way into the middle of the circle; but no sonce cast his eyes upon Bertram, than he started back in amazement, with a solemn exclamation, "As sure as there's breath in man, it's auld Ellan-gowan arisen from the dead!"

This public declaration of an unprejudiced witness 'Inis public declaration of an unprejudiced winas was just the spark wanted to give fire to the popular feeling, which burst forth in three distinct shous.-"Bertram for ever !"-"Long life to the heir of El-langowan !"-" God send him his ain, and to live among us as his forebears did of yore !" "I has been seventy years on the land," said one

person.

"I and mine has been seventy and seventy to that," id another; "I have a right to ken the game of a said another: Bertram."

I and mine has been three hundred years here,

"I and mine has been three hundred years here," said another old man, "and I sail sell my last cow, but I'll see the young laird placed in his right." The women, ever delighted with the marvellows, and not lease so when a handsome young man is the subject of the tale, added their shrill acclamations to the general all-hail. "Blessings on him—he's the very picture o' his father !—the Bertrams were spe the wale o' the country side!" ""Whit that his muir mother, that dued in grief and

wale o' the country side !" "Eh! that his puir mother, that dued in grief and in doubt about him, had but lived to see this day !" exclaimed some female voices. "But we'll help him to his ain, kimmers," cried others; "and before Glossin sall keep the Place of Ellangowan, we'll howk him out o't wi' our nails!" Others crowded around Dinmont, who was nothing lath to the liver in the kine read, and to here

loth to tell what he knew of his friend, and to beast the honour which he had in contributing to the dis-covery. As he was known to several of the principal farmers present, his testimony afforded an additional notive to the general enthusism. In short it was one of those moments of intense feeling, when the frost of the Scottish people melts like a snow-wreath, and the dissolving torrent carries dam and dyks be fore it.

The sudden shouts interrupted the devotions of the

## ' Pass breath, Come death!'"

And, sinking back upon her couch of straw, she cs-pired without a groan. The clergyman and the se-geon carefully noted down all that she had said, now deeply regreting they had not examined her most minutely, but both remaining norally convinced of the truth of her disclosure.

Hazlewood was the first to compliment Betwee Hazlewood was the first to compliment Betwee upon the near prospect of his being restored to name and rank in society. The people around, w now learned from Jabos that Bertram was the son who had wounded him, were struck with the nerosity, and added his name to Bertram's in the condition conference of the struck with the

neroaity, and added his hance to bertram & a exulting acclamations. Some, however, demanded of the postillient he had not recognized Bertram when he saw some time before at Kippletringan ? to which he the very natural answer,—"Hout, what was ing about Ellangowan then ?—It was the er

ing about Ellangowan then ?-It was the er a was rising e'en now that the young laird was sum that put me on finding out the likeness. There are missing it ance ane was set to look for ?." The obduracy of Hatteraick, during the latter of this scene, was in some slight degree shakes. was observed to twinkle with his spelids.--to atten to raise his bound hands for the purpose of pell his hat over his brow--to look angrily and in tiently to the road, as if anxious for the vehicle whe

was to remove him from the spot. At length Mr. ! Hazlewood, apprehensive that the popular ferment might take a direction towards the prisoner, directed he should be taken to the post-chaise, and so removed to the town of Kippletringan to be at Mr. Mac-Mor-Lar's disposal; at the same time he sent an express o warn that gentleman of what had happened. "And now," he said to Berram, "I should be happy if you would accompany me to Hazlewood-house; but as that might not be so agreeable just now as I trust it will have a day or the provide the set of the set. that might not be so agreeable just now as I trust it will be in a day or two, you must allow me to return with you to Woodbourne. But you are on foot."--"O if the young laird would take my horse!"--"Or mine"--"Or mine," said half a dozen voices--"Or mine; he can trot ten mile an hour without whip or spur, and he's the young laird's frae this moment, if he likes to take him for a herezeki," as they ca'd it lang syme"--Wertram readily accepted the horse as a boan, and pourd forth his thanks to the assembled crowd for their good wishes, which they repaid with abouts and your of attachment. shouts and vows of attachment.

crowd tor their good wishes, which they repaid with shouts and yows of attachment. While the happy owner was directing one lad to 'gae down for the new saddle;" another, "just to rin the beast ower wi' a dry wisp o' strae;" a third, " to hue down and borrow Dan Dunkieson's plated stir-rups," and expressing his regret, " that there was nae time to gre the nag a feed, that the young laird might ken his maitle," Bertram, taking the clerg:-man by the arm, walked into the vault, and sbut the door immediately after them. He gazed in silence for some minutes upon the body of Meg Merrilies, as it lay before him, with the features sharpened by death, yet still retaining the stern and energetic cha-racter, which had maintained in life her superiority as the wild chieftairess of the lawless people amongst whom she was born. The young soldier dried the tears which involuntarily rose on viewing this wreck the clergyman's hand, and asked solemnly, if she ap-peared able to give that altention to his devotions "My dear ar," shid the acod winders "I truet this

peared able to give that attention to his devotions which befitted a departing person. "My dear sir," said the good minister, "I trust this poor woman had remaining sense to feel and join in the import of my prayers. But let us humbly hope we are judged of by our opportunities of religious and moral instruction. In some degree she might be con-sidered as an uninstructed heather, even in the bosom  $e^{4} = C$  therein and let us remember, that of a Christian country; and let us remember, that the errors and vices of an ignorant life were balanced the errors and vices of an ignorant life were balanced by instances of disinterested attachment, amounting almost to heroism. To Him, who can alone weigh our crimes and errors against our efforts towards virtue, we consign her with awe, but not without bone."

our crimes and errors against our efforts towards virtue, we consign her with awe, but not without hope." "May I request," said Bertram, "that you will see every decent solemnity attended to in behalf of this poor woman 7 I have some property belonging to her im my hands-at all events I will be answerable for the expense-you will here of me at Woodbourne." Diamont, who had been furnished with a horse by one of his acquaintance, now loudly called out that all was ready for their return; and Bertram and Hazlewood, after a strict exhortation to the crowd, which was now increased to several hundreds, to preserve good order in their rejocing, as the least increased to as the termed him, took the leave amid the shouts of the multitude. As they rode past the runed cottages at Derncleugh, famonet said. "I'm sure when ye come to your ain, protein, ye'll no forget to bigg a bit cot-house there? That he in me but I wad do't mysell, an it werena in the rands. I wadna like to live in't though, after hard she said. Odd, I wad put in auld Elspeth, after hards, and the things." A short but brisk ride brought them to Woodbourne.

A short but brisk ride brought them to Woodbourne.

This hard word is placed in the mouth of one of the aged many. In the old frudal issues, the herereld constituted the bases or other animal on the vasail' land, baceme the states of the superior. The only remnant of this custom is what malest the same and or a fee of cortain estimated value, paid to malest the same same, or a fee of cortain estimated value, paid to malest the same same or a fee of cortain estimated value, paid to make refer of the coulary, who gives possession to the vasails

The news of their exploit had already flown far and wide, and the whole inhabitants of the vicinity met when, and the whole inhabitants of the vicinity meet them on the lawn with shouts of congratulation. "That you have seen me alive," said Bertram to Lucy, who first ran up to him, though Julia's eves even anticipated hers, "you must thank these kind friends."

With a blush expressing at once pleasure, grati-tude, and bashfulness, Lucy curtised to Hazlewood, but to Dinmont she frankly extended her hand. The 

"Dut is 1 don't deserve double fees from both mise Bertram and you when I conclude my examination of Dirk Hattersick to morrow—Gad, I will so supple bin 1—You shall see, Colonel, and you, my saucy misses, though you may not see, shall hear." "Ay, that's if we choose to listen, counsellor," re-plied Julia.

"And you think," said Pleydell, "it's two to one you won't choose that ?- But you have curiosity that

And you think, "said Fleydell, "It's two to one you won't choose that?-But you have curiosity that teaches you the use of your ears now and then." "I declare, counsellor," answered the lively flam-sel, "that such saucy bachelors as you would teach us the use of our fingers now and then." "Rever them for the harpsichord, my love," said the counsellor. "Better for all parties." While this idle chat ran on, Colonel Mannsring introduced to Bertram a plain good-looking man, is a gray coat and waistcoat, buckskin breeches, and boots. "This, my dear sir, is Mr. Mac-Morlan." "To whom," said Bertram, embracing him cor-dially, "my sister was indebted for a home, when deserted by all her natural inertis and relations." The Dominie then pressed forward, grinned, chuckled, made a disbolical sound in attempting to whistle, and finally, unable to stifle his emotions, ran away to empty the feelings of his heart at his eyes. We shall not attempt to describe the expansion of heart and glee of this happy evening.

## CHAPTER LVI.,

Detected grinning 'midst his piller'd hoard, A cunning man appears, whose secret frauds Are open'd to the day i \_\_\_\_\_\_ Count Be

THERE was a great movement at Woodbourne early on the following morning, to attend the animation at Kippletringan. Mr. Pleydell, from the investigation which he had formerly bestowed on the

amination at Kippletringan. Mr. Pleydell, from the investigation which he had formerly bestowed on the dark affair of Kennedy's death, as well as from the general deference due to his professional abilities, was requested by Mr. Mac.-Morlan and Sir Robert Hazlewood, and another justice of peace who at-tended, to take the situation of chairman, and the lead in the examination. Colonel Mannering was invited to sit down with them. The examination, be-ing previous to trial, was private in other respects. The counsellor resumed and re-interrogated former evidence. He then axamined the clergyman and surgeon respecting the dying declaration of Meg Mer-rilles. They stated, that she distinctly, positively, and repeatedly, declared herself an eye-witness of Kennedy's death by the hands of Hatteraick, and two or three of his crew; that her presence was acci-dental; that she believed their resentment at mesp-ing him, when they were in the act of losing their vessel through the means of his information, led to the commission of the crime; that she said there was and she had hinted at another person, who was an accessory after, not before, the fact; but her str.ngthe

there failed her. They did not forget to mention her declaration, that she had saved the child, and that he was torn from her by the smugglers, for the purpose of carrying him to Holland.—All these particulars re carefully reduced to writing.

Dirk Hatteraick was then brought in, keavily iron-ed; for he had been strictly secured and guarded, rowing to his former secape. He was asked his name; he made no answer :-His profession; he was silent: -Several other questions were put; to none of which he returned any reply. Pleydell wiped the glasses of his spectacles, and considered the prisoner very at-tentively. "A very truculent-looking fellow," he whispered to Mannering; "but as Dogherry says, Fill go cunningly to work with him.-Here, call in Soles-Soles the shoemaker.-Soles, do you remem-ber measuring nome footsteps imprinted on the mud at the wood of Warroch, on -- November 17-, by my orders?" Soles femembered the circumstance perfectly. "Look at that paper-is that your note of the measurement?"-Soles yearing the memorandum. -- "Now, there stands a pair of shoes on that table; Dirk Hatteraick was then brought in, heavily iron-

-Now, Soles, measure that prisoner's feet. very accurately.

accurately." Mannering observed Hatteraick strictly, and could motice a visible tremor. "Do these measurements correspond with any of the foot-prints?" The man looked at the note, then at histoco-rule, and measure—then verified his former measurement by a second. "They correspond," he said, "within a hair-breadth, to a foot-mark broader and shorter than the former."

than the former." Hatteraick's genius here deserted him—"Der deyvil " he broke out, " how could there be a foot-mark on the ground, when it was a frost as hard as the heart of a Memel log ?" " In the evening, I grant you, Captain Hatteraick," said Pleydell, " but not in the forenoon—will you fa-dy you remember so exactly ?" Hatteraick eaw his blunder, and again screwed up his hard features for obstinate silence—"Put down his observation, however," said Pleydell to the clerk.

the clerk.

At this moment the door opened, and, much to the surprise of most present, Mr. Gilbert Glossin made his appearance. That worthy gentleman had by dint of watching and eaves dropping, ascertained that he was not mentioned by name in Meg Merri-lies dying declaration, a circumstance, certainly not owing to any favourable disposition towards him, but owing to any favourable disposition towards him, but to the delay of taking her regular examination, and to the rapid approach of death. He therefore sup-geeed himself safe from all evidence but such as might arise from Hatteraick's confession; to pre-went which he resolved to push a bold face, and fain his brethren of the bench during his examina-tion.—I shall be able, he thought, to make the rascal mensible his safety lies in keeping his own connect and mine; and my presence, berides, will be a proof of confidence and innocence. If I must lose the estate, I must-but I trust better things--He entered with a profound solutation to Sir Ro-hort Haxlewood. Sir Robert, who had rather begun

hort Haslewood. Sir Robert, who had rather begun to suspect that his plebenan neighbour had made a sat's paw of him, inclined his head stiffly; took snaff,

Corsand drily, composing his counterpart of the servary.
 "Mr. Corsand," said Glossin to the other yoke-Sellow of justice, "your most humble servant."
 "Your hemble servant, Mr. Glossin," answered
 Mr. Corsand drily, composing his countenance regised exemplar, that is to say, after the fashion of the Beautiful Section 2012.

respect either to the compliment or salutation. "Co-lonel Mannering (a low bow slightly returned) and Mr. Pleydell, (another low bow,) I dared not have

Mr. Pleydell, (another low bow,) I dared not have hoped for your assistance to poor country gentlemen at this period of the seasion." Pleydell took snuff, and eyed him with a glanes, equally shrewd and sarcastic---"I'll teach him," he said aside to Mannering, "the value of the old admo-nition, Ne accesseris in consilium antequam varia." "But perhaps I intrude, gentlemen ?" said Glassia, who could not fail to observe the coldmess of his re-ception.--"Is this an open meeting ? "For my part," said Mr. Pleydell, "so fir from considering your attendance as an intrusion, Mr. Glossin, I was never so pleased in my life to meet with, you; especially as I think we should, at any rate, have had occusion to request the favor of your. rate, have had occasion to request the favour of your .

rate, have had occasion to request the favor of your company in the course of the day." "Well, then, gentlemen," said Glossin, drawing his chair to the table, and beginning to bustle about among the papers, "where are we !-how far have we got ? where are the declarations ?" "Clerk, give me all these papers," said Mr. Pley-dell,---"I have an odd way of arranging my docu-ments, Mr. Glossin, another persor touching them puts me.out--but I shall have occasion for your assistance by and by." Glossin, thus reduced to insectivity, stele one shares

assistance by and by." Glossin, thus reduced to inactivity, stole one glance at Dirk Hatteraick, but could read nothing in his dark scowl save malignity and hatred to all around. "But, gentlemen," said Glossin, "is it quite right to keep this poor man so heavily ironed, when he is taken up mersly for examination ?" This was hoisting a kind of friendly signal to the prisoner. "He has escaped once before," and Mac Morian drily, and Glossin was allenced. Bertram was now introduced and so filestants

Bertran was now introduced, and, to Glossia confusion, was greeted in the most friendly mass by all present even by Sir Robert Hazlewood hus self. He told his recollections of i us intancy w self. He told his recollections of I us infancy with that candour and caution of expression which afford-ed the best warrant for his good faith. "This series to be rather a civil than a criminal question," and Glossin, rising; "and as you cannot be ignorma, gentlemen, of the effect which this young persease pretended parentage may have on my patrimonial is-terest, I would rather beg leave to retire." "No, my good sir," said Mr. Pleydell, "we can by no means spare you. But why do you call this young man'a claims pretended ?—I don't mean to fast for your defences against them, if you have any, but "Mr. Pleydell," replied Glossin, "I am alwayse disposed to act over-board, and I think I tan ex-plain the matter at once.—This young fellow, when I take to be a natural son of the late Kinngowa, has gone about the country for some weaks under

by a girl called Janet Lightohee, who was always marined to Hewit the shipwright, that lives in the shipwright, the state of the shipwright train Hewit, by which name he was entered on the Royal Caroline excise yacht." "Ay "is said Pleydal, "that is a very liked put, not to pause upon some difference of com-plexice, and so forth-be pleased to step Forward —Ay our seafer and mark the same forward."

among the people on the table Hattersick's old pocket-book. A posterior glance of the smuggler's eye indu-ed the shrewd lawyer to think there was something here of interest. He therefore continued the examihere of interest. He therefore continued the exami-nation of the papers, laying the book on the table, but instantly perceived that the prisoner's interest in the research had cooled.—It must be in the book still, whatever it is, thought Pleydell; and again applied himself to the pocket-book, until he discovered, on a narrow scrutiny, a slit between the pasteboard and leather, out of which he drew three amall slips of pa-per. Pleydell now, turning to Glossin, requested the favour that he would tell them if he had assisted at the search for the body of Kennedy, and the child of his patron, on the day when they disappeared. "I did not-that is—I did," answered the con-science-struck Glossin. "Alis remarkable though," asid the advocate, "that, connected as you were with the Ellangowan family, I don't recollect your being examined, or even appear-ing before me, while that investigation was proceed-

ing before me, while that investigation was proceeding?

ing ?" "I was called to London," answered Glossin, "on mest important business, the morning after that sad affair." "Clerk," said Pleydell, "minuts down that reply. - I presume the business, Mr. Glossin, was to nego-tiate these three bills, drawn by you on Messrs Van-beest and Vanbruggen, and accepted by one Dirk Hatteraick in their name on the very day of the mur-der. I congratulate you on their being regularly retired, as I perceive they have been. I think the chances were against it." Glossin's countenance fell. "This piece of real evidence," continted Mr. Pley-dell, "makes good the account given of your conduct on this occasion by a man called Gabriel Faa, whon we have now in custody, and who witnessed the

on this occasion by a man called Gabriel Faa, whom we have now in ensuody, and who witnessed the whole transaction between you and that worthy prisoner—Have you any explanation to give?" "Mr. Pleydell," said Glossin, with great compo-sure, "I presume, if you were my counsel, you would not alvise me to answer upon the spur of the mo-ment to a charge, which the basest of mankind seem ready to establish by perjury." "My advice," said the counsellor, "would be re-gulated by my opinion of your innocence or guilt. In your case, I believe you take the wisest course bet you are aware you must stand committed ?"

gulated by my opinion of your innocence or guilt. In your case, I believe you take the wiscet course; but you are aware you must stand committed ?" "Coramitted ? for what, sir ?" replied Glossin. "Upons a charge of murder ?" "No; only as art and part of kidnapping the child." "That is a bailable offence." "Pardon me," said Pleydell, "it is plagium, and plagium is falony." "Forgive me, Mr. Pleydell, "it is plagium, and plagium is falony." "Forgive me, Mr. Pleydell, there is only one case upon record, Torrence and Waldie. They were, you remember, resurrection-women, who had promised to procure a child's body for some young surgeons. Being upon honour to their employers rather than lissappoint the erening lecture of the students, they tole a live child, murdered it, and sold the body for haree shillings and sizpence. They were hanged, but or the murder, not for the plagium." Your civil law use carried you a little too far." "Well, sir; but in the meantime, Mr. Mac-Morlan sum epearts the same story.-Officers remove Mr. Janua and Hatteraick, and guard them in different interest.

telarant was one, went into the adjacent woods amunicate with some of their friends in the bourhood. They fell in with Kennedy unexpect-and Hatteraick and Brown, aware that he was is, in iss circumstances and issue, actually a case tried

2 H Vor. 11

the occasion of their disasters, resolved to murder h.m. He stated, that he had seen them lay violent hands on the officer, and drag him through the woods, but had not partaken in the assault, nor wincesed its termination. That he returned to the cavern by a different route, where he again met Hatternick and a different route, where he again met Hauteraick and his accomplices; and the captain was in the act of giving an account how he and Brown had pushed a huge crag over, as Kennedy lay groaning on the beach, whele flossin suddenly appeared among them. To the whole transaction by which Hauteraick pur-chased his secrecy he was winess. Respecting young Bertram, he could give a distinct account till he went to India, after which he had lost sight of him until he unexpectedly met with him in Liddesdale. Gabriel Fas further stated that he instantly sent uptice to to India, after which he had lost sight of him until he unexpectedly met with him in Liddesdalc. Gabriel Fas further stated, that he instantly sent notice to his sunt. Meg Merrilies, as well as to Hatteraick, who he knew was then upon the coast; but that he had incurred his aunt's displeasure upon the latter account. He concluded, that his aunt had immedi-ately dechared that she would do all that lay in her power to help young Ellangowan to his right, even if it should be by informing against Dirk Hatteraick; and that many of her pcople assisted her besides himself, from a belief that she was gifted with super-natural inspirations. With the same purpose, he un-derstood, his aunt had given to Bertrum the treasure of the tribe, of which she had the custody. Three or four gipsies, by the express command of Meg Mer-rilies, mingled in the crowd when the Custom-House was attacked, for the purpose of liberating Bertram, which he had himself effected. He said, that in obeying Meg's dictates they did not pretend to estimate their propriety or rationality, the respect in which she was held by her tribe precluding all such subjects of speculation. Upon further inter-rogation, the witness added, that his aunt had always such subjects of speculation. Upon further inter-rogation, the witness added, that his aunt had always said that Harry Bertram carried that round his neck which would ascertain his birth. It was a spell, she said, that an Oxford scholar had made for him, and she possessed the smugglers with an opi-nion, that to deprive him of it would occasion the loss of the original scholar had made for of the yessel.

Bertram here produced a small velvet bag, which he said he had worn round his neck from his carliest he said he had worn round his neck from his earliest infancy, and which he had preserved, first from super-sitious reverence, and, latterly, from the hope that it might serve one day to aid in the discovery of his birth. The bag, being opened, was found to contain a blue silk case, from which was frawn a scheme of nativity. Upon inspecting this paper, Colonel Man-nering instantly admitted it was his own composi-tion; and afforded the strongest and most satisfac-tory evidence, that the nonsease of it must huse are intory evidence, that the possessor of it must becssarily be the young heir of Ellangowan, by avowing his having first appeared in that country in the character

ated in due course or naw. Ici, ne said, I am sorry for Glossin." "Now, I think," said Mannering, "he's incom-parably the least descrving of pity of the two. The other's a bold fellow, though as hard as fint." "Very natural, Colonel," said the advocate, "that you should be interested in the ruffian, and I in the knave—that's all professional taste—but I can tell you Glossun would have been a pretty lawyer, had he not had auch a turn for the roughs hart of the he not had such a turn for the roguish part of the

he not nucleated a turn for the togenen part of the profession." "Scandal would 'say," observed Mannering, "he might not be the worse lawyer for that." "Scandal would tell a lie, then," replied Pleydell, "as she usually does. Law's like landanuta it's much more easy to use if as a quack does, than to learn to apply it like a physician."

## CHAPTER LVII.

Utilit to live or die-O marble lucart ' After him, fellows, drag him to the block. Measure for 1 Measure.

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graced Scotland until of late years. When the prison-ers and their guard arrived there, Hatteraick, whose violence and strength were well known, was secured in what was called the condemned ward. This was vioence and strength were well known, was secured in what was called the condemned ward. This was a large apartment near the top of the prison. A round bar of iron, about the thickness of a man's arm above the elbow, crossed the apartment horizontally at the beight of about six inches from the floor; and its ex-tremities were strongly built into the wall at either end. Hatternick's ankles were secured, within shackles, which were connected by a cheap at the distance of about four feet, with a large flon ring, which travelled upon the bar wa have described. Thus a prisoner might shuffle along the length of the bar from one side of the room to another, but could not retrest further from it in any other direction than the brief length of the chain admitted. When his feet had been thug secured, the keeper removed his hand-cuffs, and left his person at liberty in either respects. A pallet-bed was placed close to the bar of iron, so that the shackled prisoner might is down at plea-sure, still fastened to the iron-bar in the manner de-scribed.

acribed. Hatteraick had not been long in this place of con-finement, before Glossin arrived at the same prison-bouse. In respect to his comparative rank and edu-cation, he was not ironed, but placed in a decent spartment, under the inspection of Mac-Guffog, who, uses the destruction of the Madarall of Decent

apartment, under the inspection of Mac-Guffog, who, since the destruction of the Bridewell of Portanferry by the mob, had acted hese as an under-turnkey. When Glossin was enclosed within this room, and had solitude and leisure to calculate all the chances against him and in his favour, he could not prevail upon himself to consider the game as desperate. "The estate is lost," he said, "that must go; and, between Pleydell and Mac-Morlan, they'll cut down my claim on it to a triffe. My character—but if I get off with life and liberty, I'll win moncy yet, and var-nish that over again. I knew not tha gauger's job until the rascal had done the deed, and though I had some advantage by the contraband, that is no felony. But the kidnapping of the boy—there they touch me some advantage by the contraband, that is no rejony. But the kidnapping of the boy-there they touch me closer. Let me sed :--This Bertram was a child at the time-his evidence must be imperfect-the other fellow is a 'deserter, a guysy, and an outlaw, --Meg Merrilies, d--n her, is dead. These infernal bills I Hatteraick brought them with him, I suppose, to have the means of threatening me, or extorting mo-ney from me. I must endeavour to see the rascal; ---most get him to stand steady : mast persuade him

ney from me. I must endeavour to see the rascal; --must get him to stand steady; must persuade him to put some other colour upon the businees." His maind teeming with schemes of future deceit to cover former villary, he spent the time in arrang-ing and combining them until the hour of supper. Mac-Guifog attended as turnkey on this occasion. He was, as we know, the old and special acquaint-ance of the prisoner who was now under his charge. After giving the tarnkey a glass of brandy, and sounding him with one or two cajoling speeches, Glossin made it his request that he would help him to an interview with Dirk Hatternick. "Impossible 1 to an interview with Dirk trateriot. Imposure , utterly impossible it's contrary to the express orders of Mr. Mac-Morlan, and the captain (as the head jailer of a county jail is called in Scotland) would never forgie me." "But why should he know of it?" said Glossin, "But why should he know of it?" said Glossin,

"But why should he know of it?" said Glossin, slipping a couple of guineas into Mac-Guffog's hand. The turnkey weighed the gold, and looked sharp at Glossin. "Ay, ay, Mr. Glossin, ye ken the ways o' this place.--Lookee, at look-up hour, I'll return and bring ye up stairs to him-But ye must stay a' night in his cell, for I am under needcessity to carry the keys to the captain for the night, and I cannot let keys to the captain for the night, and I cannot let half an hour earlier than usual, and ye may get out, and be snug in your ain birth when the captain gaugs has rounds." his rounds

When the hour of ten had pealed from the neigh-bouring steeple, Mac-Guffeg came prepared with a

This model of securing prisoners was universally practised
 Brouland after condemnation. When a main provide distribution of description of the description of

Under LVII. small dark lantern. He said softy the sain, " Sin your shoes off, and follow me." Twice Giomin was out of the door, Mac-Guffog, as if in the sno-tion of his ordinary duty, and speaking to prison within, called aloud, " Good-night to you ar," and locksdahe door, clettering the boits with min sen-tatious noise. He then guided Glossif' to a same and narrow stair, at the top of which wise the deer of the condemned ward : he unbarred and anlocks it, and, giving Glossin the lantern, made a sign is him to enter, and locked the door behind him with the same affected accurracy. In the large dark cell into which he was the intro-duced, Glossin's feeble light for some time enabled him to discover nothing. At length he could dialy distinguish the pallet-bed stretched on the for boost the great iron bar which traversed the room and on that pallet reposed the figure of a main. Giosan sp

the great iron bar which traversed the room, and on that pallet reposed the figure of a main. Geoma sp-proached him. "Dirk Hatteraick ?" "Donner and hagel ! it is him voice," suid the pri-soner, sitting up, and clashing his fetters as he row, "then my dream is true !—Begone and leave me to myself—it will be your best." "What I my good friend," said Glossin, "will you allow the prospect of a few weeks' confinement to denome your spite ?"

you allow the prospect of a few weeks' confinement to depress your spirit?" "Yes" answered the ruffian sellenly--"when I am only to be released by a halter - Let me slone-go about your business, and turn the lamp from my face" "Feha! my deer Dirk, don't be afraid," suid Giss sin--"I have a glorious plan to make all right." "To the bottomless pit with your plans?" repit his accomplice, "you have planned me out of this, cargo, and life; and I dreamt this moment that lig Merrilies dragged you here by the hair, and gave me the long clasped knife she used to wear-pu don't know what she said. Starm wetter! it will be your wisdom notto tempt me!" wisdom not to tempt me!"

Anow what she said. Starm wetter! it will be your "But, Hatteraick, my good friend, do but me and speak to me," said Glossin. "I will not!" answered the savage, doged,-"you have canged all the mischief; you would not is Meg keep the boy; she would have returned him the he had forgot all." "Why, Hatteraick, you are turned driveller?" "Wetter! will you deny that all that cursed attemp is the Portanferry, which host both sloop and trew, we your device for your own job?". "But the goods, you know"-----"Curse the goods ?" said the samuggler, we could have got plenty more; but, der deyvill to hes the ship and the fine fellows, and my own lifs for a cursed coward villain, that always works he own no more--I'm dangerous." "Hage! nein."

words." "Only one sentence." "Tausand curses—nein !" "At least get up, for an obstinate Dutch bras! said Glogsin, losing his temper, and pushing Ham raick with his foot. "Donner and blitzen !" said Hatteraick, spinst and Hatteraick, spinst

up and grapping with him; "you will have it that, Glossin struggled and resisted; but, owing b surprise at the fury of the assault, so indicting that he fell under Hatteraick, the back part of neck coming full upon the iron bar with strange olence. The death-grapping continued the part olence. The death-grapple continued. The minimediately below the condemned ward, being immediately below the condemned ward, end of Glossin, was, of course, empty; but the image the second apartment beneath felt the shock of de sin's heavy fall, and heard a moise as of strat and of groans. But all sounds of borror wai congenial to this place to excite much curve interest.

In the morning, faithful to his promise, Mar-fog came-" Mr. Glossin," said he, in a white

"Call londer," answered Dirk Hatteraick. "Mr. Glossin, for God's sake come away." "He'll hardly do that without help," and H

## CHAP. LVIIL)

"What are you chattering there for, Mac-Guffog?" "Come away, for God's sake, Mr. Glossin !" re-at this moment the jailor made his appearance with a light. Great was his surprise, and even hor-rot, to observe Glossin's body lying doubled across, being alive. Hatteraick was guietly stretched upon his pallet within a yard of his victim. On lifting Glossin, it was found that he had been dead for some wars. His body bore uncommon marks of violence. bors. His body bore uncommon marks of violence. The spine where it joins the skull had received severe bjury by his first fall. There were distinct marks of stangulation about the throat, which corresponded with the blackened state of his face. The head was tamed backward over the shoulder, as if the neck had turned backward over the shoulder, as if the neck had been wrung round with desperate violence. So that it would seem that his inveterate antagonist had fixed a fatal gripe upon the wretch's throat, and never quitted it while life lasted. The lantern, crushed and broken to pieces, lay beneath the body. Mac-Morian was in the town, and eame instantly to cramine the corpse. "What brought Glossin are "" here in the total statement of the statement

examine the corpse. "V

"The devil !' answered the ruffien. "And what did you do to him ?" "Sent him to hell before me!" replied the miscreant

creant. "Wretch," said Mac-Morlan, "you have crowned a life spent without a single virtue with the murder "of your own miserable accomplice ?" "Virtue?" exclaimed the prisoner; "donner ! I was always faithful to my ship-owners—always ac-counted for cargo to the last stiver. Hark ye ! let me have pen and ink, and I'll write an account of the whole to our house; and leave me alone a couple of hours, will ye—and let them take away that piece of carrion, donner wetter !" Mac. Morlan desmed it the best way to humour the

Mac-Morian deemed it the best way to humour the Mcc-Morlan deemed it the best way to humour the swage; he was furnished with writing materials and left alone. When they again opened the door, it was found that this determined villain had antici-pated justice. He had adjusted a cord taken from the truckle-bed, and attached it to a bone, the relie of the yesterday's dinner, which he had contrived to trive into a crevice between two stones in the wall at a height as great as he could reach standing upon the bar. Having factored the noose, he had the re-solution to drop his body as if to fall on his knees, and to retain that neeture until resolution was no and to retain that posture until resolution was no longer necessary. The letter he had written to his owners, though chiefly upon the business of their trade, contained many allusions to the younker of Filangowan, as he called him, and afforded abso-inte confirmation of all Meg Merrilies and her nephew had told.

To dismiss the catastrophe of these two wretched men, I shall only add, that Mac-Guffog was turned out of office, notwithstanding his declaration, (which he offered to attest by oath.) that he had locked Gloss are outered to attest by oath.) that he had locked Glos-sin safety in his own room upon the night preceding his being found dead in Dirk Hatteraick's cell. His story, however, found faith with the worthy Mr. Sknegh, and other lovers of the marvellous, who will hold that the Enemy of Mankind brought these two wretches together upon that night, by, super-natural interference, that they might fill up the cup when a start and receive its meed by murder and micide micide

## CHAPTER LVIII.

### To sum the whole-the close of all. BRAN SWINT.

To sam the whole—the close of all BEAN SWIFT. As Glossin died without heirs, and without pay-ment of the price, the estate of Elkngowan was again thrown upon the hands of Mr. Godfrey Ber-trum's creditors, the right of most of whom was how-ever defeasible, in case Henry Bertran should estab-ish his character of heir of entail. This young gen-teman put his affairs into the bands of Mr. Pleydell and Mr. Mac-Morlan, with one single proviso, that though he himself should be obliged again to go to : Min, every debt, jastly and honourably due by his

kindly by the hand, and from that moment might be dated a thorough understanding between them. The heards of Miss Margaret Bertram, and the liberal assistance of the Colonel, easily enabled the heir to make provision for payment of the just cro-ditors of his father, while the ingenuity and research of his law friends detected, especially in the accounts of Glossin, so many overcharges as greatly diminish-ed the total andount. In these circumstances the creditors did not besitate to recognise Bertram's right, and to surrender to him the house and proper-ty of his auccestors. All the party repaired from Woodbourne to take possession, amid the shouts of the tepantry and the neighbourbod; and so eague was Colonel Mannering to superintend certain im provements which he had recommended to Bertram.

the tenantry and the neighbourhood; and so eager was Colonel Mannering to superintend certain im provements which he had recommended to Bertram. that he removed with his family from Woodbourne to Ellangowan, although at present containing much less and much inferior accommodation. The poor Dominie's brain was almost turned with. joy on returning to bis old habitation. He posted up stairs, taking three steps at once, to a little shabby attic, his cell and dormitory in former days, and which the possession of his much superior apartment at Woodbourne had never banished from his memory. Here one sad thought suddenly struck the honest man—the books!—no three rooms in Ellangowan were capable to contain them. While this qualify ing reflection was passing through his mind, he was suddenly summoned by Mannering to assist in cal-culating some proportions relating to a large and splendid house, which was to be built on the site of the New Place of Ellangowan, in a style correspond-ing to the magnificance of the runts in its vicinity. Among the various rooms in the plan, the Dominie observed, that one of the largest was entitled Tha Linkawar; and close beside was a shug well-propor-tioned chamber, chitled, Mr. Samrson's Arastr-mas recess of the courts. If de rower bo to Ellangow-an when all the family were abroad but the Colonel, who was busy with plans of buildings and pleasur-grounda, in which he was well skilled, and took great delight. "Ah ha !" said the counsellor, "so here you are ! Where are the ladies ? where is the fair Julia ?"— " Walking out with young Hazlewood, Bertram, and Captain Deliaserre, a friend of his, who is with us just now. They are gone to plan out a cottage at Derncleugh. Well, have you carried through your ''W had wet finger," answered the lawyer; " got our youngster's special Bervice retoured into Chan-cery. We had him served heir before the macers."

"With a wet finger," answered the lawyer; "got our youngster's special Bervice retoured into Chan-cery. We had him served heir before the macers."

We had him served heir before the macure.
"Macers? who are they?"
"Why, it is a kind of judicial Saturnalia. You must know, that one of the requisites to be a macer,

must know, that one of the requisites to be a macer, or officer in attendance upon our supreme court, is, that they shall be men of no knowledge." "Very well " "Now, our Scottish legislature, for the joke's saka I suppose, have constituted those men of no know-ledge is to a peculiar court for trying questions of re-lationship and descent, such as this business of Bar-tram, which often involve the most nice and compli-cated questions of evidence."

"The devil they have 1 should think that rather inconvenient," said Mannering. "O, we have a practical remedy for the theoretical absurdity. One or two of the judges act upon such absuraty. One or two of the judges act upon such occasions as prompters and assessors to their own door-keepers. But you know what Calacius says, "Multa sunt in moribus dissentance, mults sine ra-tione." However, this Saturnalian court has done our business; and a glorious batch of cheret we had afterwards at Walker's. Mac-Morian will stare when he sees the bill."

The singular inconsistency hinted at is now, in a great de-gree, removed.

And choose Jack Jabos for your master of horse?

Mac-Candinsn's to boot. "And choose Jock Jabos for your master of horse?" replied the lawyer. "Perhaps I may." "And where is Dandie, the redoubted Lord of Lid deside?" demanded the advocate. "Returned to his mountains; but he has promised Julia to make a descent in summer, with the good-wife, as he calls her, and I don't know how many children." "O, the curly-headed varlets ! I must come to play at Blind Harry and Hy Spy with them.—But what is all this?" added Pleydell, faking up the plans;— "tower in the centre to be an imitation of the Eagle Tower at Caernarvon-corps de logis-the devil.-wings-wings? why, the house will take the estate of Ellangowan on its back, and fly away with it !?" "Why then, we must ballast it with a few bags of "icca rugees," replied the Colonel. "Aha I sits the wind there? Then I suppose the young dog carries off my mistress Julia?" "Even so, counsellor."

"Theso rascals, the *post-nati*, get the better of us of the old school at every turn," said Mr. Pleydell. "But she must convey and make over her interest in

me to Lucy." "To tell you the truth, I am afraid your flank will be turned there too," replied the Colonel.

Indeed ?" "Here has been Sir Robert Hazlewood," said Man-

"O Lord! pray spare me the worthy Baronet's triade!"

"Well, sir," continued Mannering; "to make short, ho conceived that as the property of Singleside lay like a wedge between two farms of his, and was four TROLOGER."

"Never fear," said the Colonel, "we'll face the or five miles separated from Ellangowan, something shock, and entertain the county at my friend Mrs. like a sale, or exchange, or arrangement might take Mac-Candlish's to boot."

or five miles separated from Ellangowan, something like a sale, or exchange, or arrangement might take place, to the mutual convenience of both parties." "Well, and Bertram"— "Why, Bertram replied, that he considered theor-ginal settlement of Mrs. Margaret Bertram as the arrangement most proper in the circumstances of the family, and that therefore the setate of Singleside was the property of his sister." "The reascal "said Pleydell, wiping his spectacles, "he'll steal my heart as well as my misres-*Et puts*?" "And then, Sir Robert retired after many gracious speeches; but last week he again took the field in force, with his coach and six horees, his laod scate waistcoat, and best bob-wig—all very grand, as the good-boy books pay." "Ay, and the twas his overture ?" "Why, he talked with great form of an attach-ment on the part of Charles Hazlewood to Miss Bertram." "Ay, ay; he respected the little god Cmpid when he

Bertram." "Ay, ay; he respected the little god Cupid when he saw lim perched on the Dun of Singleside. And is poor Lucy to keep house with that old fool and his wife, who is just the knight himself in pethocats 7" "No-we partied that. Singleside-house is to be repaired for the young people, and to be called here-after Mount Hazlewood." "And do you yourself. Colonel process to emission

after Mount Hazlewood." "And do you yourself, Colonel, propose to continue at Woodbourne ?" "Only till we carry these plans into effect. See, here's the plan of my Bungalow, with all convenience for being separate and sulky when I please." "And, being situated, as I see, next door to the old castle, you may repair Donagild's tower for the noc turnal contemplation of the celestial bodies? Brave, Colonel ?"

## END OF GUY MANNERING.

# ADDITIONAL NOTE TO GUY MANNERING.

## GALWEGIAN LOCALITIES AND PERSONAGES WHICH HAVE BEEN SUPPOSED TO BE ALLUDED TO IN THE NOVEL.

An old English proverb says, that more know Tom Fool than. Tem Fool knows; and the influence of the adage seems to ex-iss to works composed under the influence of an idle or foolinh plant. Many corresponding circumstances are detected by reader, of which the subbo did not suspect the existence. Ho much however, regard it as a great compliment, that in detail-ing incidents purely imaginary, he has been so fortunate in sproximating reality, as to remind his readers of actual eccur-reces. It is therefore with pleasure he notices some pieces of local history and tradition, which have been supposed to coincide with the factilicus persons, incidents, and scenery of Gay Mannering.

conside with the fictilous persons, incidents, and scenary or Gey Maanering. The prototype of Dirk Hatteraick is considered as having hean a Dutch skipper called Yawkins. This man was well known on the coast of Galloway and Dumfries-shire, as sole wormetor and master of a Buckkar, or smugging lugger, called the Mack Prince. Being distinguished by his nautical skill and intropidity, his vessel was frequently freighted, and his own mirrices employed, by French, Dutch, Manx, and Scottish smug-ding command.

In over an the coast of Galloway and Dumiries-shifts, as sole propreser and master of a Bizkker, or smugging lugger, called the Black Prince. Being distinguished by his nautical skill and interpidity, his vessel was frequently freighted, and his own errices employed, by French, Dutch, Manx, and Scottish smug-fing companies. A person well known by the name of Buckkar-tes, from ha-ring boen a noted smuggier of that article, and also by that of 20026-Bash, the place of his residence, assured my kind infor-mash, Mr. Train, that he had frequently seen upwards of two hundred Lingtow-mea assemble at one time, and go off into the interior of the country, fully laden with contraband goods. In those balcyon days of the free trade, the fixed price for currying a box of tea, or bale of tobacco, from the coast of Gal-loway to Edinburgh, was fifteen shillings, and a man with two hundred Lingtow-mea assemble at come time, and so off into the interior of the country, fully laden structure, and the was entirely de-supped by Mr. Pitt's celebrated commutation law, which, by relating the duise upon excisable articles, enabled the lawful degler to compete with the smuggler. The statute was called in Galloway and Dumfires shire, by those who had thrives apon the outraband trade, "the burning and starving sct." Bare of such active assistance on shore, Yawkins demeaned handf so boldly, that his mere name was a terror to the off-banning the attack, Yawkins promogons in his polecus with a storag party of excisemen came down on him. Par from esaming the attack, Yawkins is before yoa. "The revenue officers with a trade and reliaquished their prize, though detended with ythe courage and address of a single mar. On his prome esaming the attack yawkins is before yoa. "The rowene flower esaming the attack yawkins is before yoa. "The rowene flower was infimitated, and reliaquished their prize, though detended with ythe courage and address of a single mar. On his prome esaming the attack yawkins in courds, tho one occision, the saming the

ES WHICH HAVE BEEN SUPPOSED TO BE N THE NOVEL. additional production of the series of existence was noted by product a series of enduct or habits of life. Willis had been presed or enlisted in the army seven times ; and had de-naval service. Ho had been seven times tanning away from the naval service. Ho had been seven times tankally married; and have a service in the army seven times ; and had de-sature of the seven the second to the service of the seven have service. Ho had been seven times tankally married; and then. Will Marshall is buried in Kirkcudbricht Cluurch, where his monument is still shown, decorated with a scitcheson. In his youth he purpose of assisting travellers by relieving the seven seturgie, in which the seven seven as the seven frame of the weight of their purpers. On one coasion, the seven for seven seturgie, in which the seven seven seven the frame of the weight of their purpers. On the seven seturgie, in which the seven seven seven the form of the weight of their purpers. On the seven seturgie, in which the seven seven seven the horner, highted, took it up, and rather improdestly put it and horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and seeing the horner happened to be the next passenger, and the option for the court is arriver way be too the parties. Egraphy where the crime was committed, with the bonnet is respectability of the horner the series and pole of the court and the option of the horner the series was person in court how how how well both who did, and who did not, commit they how how here well both who did, and who did not, commit they how how here hard the plane where Barally was stated and how how how we

## Airy nothing A local habitation and a name,

A local habitation and a mine, a new called Dirk Hatternick's cave. Stringers who visit is have, the sceneery of which is nighty romantic, are also shown, where the name of the Gauger's Loup, a tremendous precision bing the same, it is asserted, from which Kennedy was pre-cipitand. Mer Merrilies is in Galloway considered as having had her oftim in the traditions concerning the celebrated Flora Marshal, more commonly the function in the followay considered as having had her of the royal consorts of Willie Marshal, more commonly the flora Marshal, more commonly the fl

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THE

# ANTIQUARY.

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I knew Anselmo. He was shrewd and prudent, Wisdom and cunning had their shares of him; But he was shrewish as a wayward child, And pleased again by toys which childhood please; As-book of fables graced with print of wood, Or else the jingling of a rusty modal, Or the rare melody of some old ditty, "hat first was gung to please King Pepin's cradle.

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# ADVERTISEMENT TO THE ANTIQUARY.

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The present Work completes a series of fictitious nerratives, intended to illustrate the manners of Scolland at three different periods. WAYERLEY embridded the age of our failors, Guy MANNERLYO that of our own you'l, and the ANTAUARY refors the the last teo years of the eighteenthic enthiety. I have, in the two last meretrees especially, accept my principal personages is the class of society who are the last to four the influence of that general publish which meaninilates to each other the manner of the socnes, in which I have endoavoured to illustrate the op-ration of the lighter and more which my functional some of the socnes, in which I have endoavoured to illustrate the op-ration of the lighter and more which my function of suppressing their feelings, and because I agree with my function Workdeworth, that they asidom fail to express them in the strongest and most ther feelings, and because I agree with my functify of their lan-guer, show fail to express them in the strongest and most frees familiar. The is, I think, peculiarly the case with the passatry of my own country, a class with whom I have long powerful harguage. This is, I think, peculiarly the case with the one more solicitous to describe annores minutely, than do arrange an any case of an elevated understanding, give puthos to their craft, and dignity to their transfer minutely, than do arrange an any case an artificial and combined narative, and formed on a fact of actual occurrence. The knewrer of the Adopt in the following sheets may appear foreed and improbable ; but we have had vory late instances of and the reader may be assured, that this part of the narrative is founded on a fact of actual occurrence. I have one with a sympton my graves to the public, for the distinguished recepting which they have given to works, that is more the more the first.

To the above advertisement, which was prefixed to the first offlion of the Astionary, it is necessary is the present edition ta add a few words, transferred from the letroduction to the Chroni-the of the Casogards, respecting the character of Jonsthan

The level of the Canongrame result of the introduction to the Canongrame, respectively in a state of the Canongrame result of the canone of the canon

where never curvatered who was the arthor of it, as he recognized, in the Astagany, traces of the character of a very intimate friend and the statement of the statement of a very intimate friend and the statement of the statemen

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bards, and proceeds :--" They are called by ofhers, and by shown-selves, Jockies, who go about begring ; and use still to recise the Bloggorne (gathering, words or war-ories) of most of the true ag-sourd surmarks of Socialad, from old experiences and observa-tion. Sense of them I have discoursed, and found to have rea-son and discretion. One of than told me there were not new above twelve of them in the whole isit; but he rensembered when they abounded, so as at one time he was one of ave that usually met at SL Andrews." The race of Jackies of the above descriment has I

above twolve of them in the whole tar; out he remanagement when they abounded, so as at one since he was use of Sive that usually met at St. Andrews." The race of Jackies (of the above description) has, I support, been long extinct in Scotland; but the old remembered began even in my own time, like the Baccoust, or traveling cripple of Ireland, was expected to marit his quarkers by something beyond an exposition of his distressee. He was often a talkative, face-tious fallow, pround at repertse, and net withheid from exerci-sing his powers that way by any respect of persons, his patched cloak giving him the privilage of the ancient juster. To be a grade crack, that is, to puscess thenets for conversation, was es-cential to the trade of a "pur body" of the more estormed cleas and Burn, who delighted in the smaxument their discourse af-forded, seems to have looked forward with gloomy firmness te the possibility of himself becoming one day of other a member of their timerant society. In his poetical works, it is alluded to so often, as perhaps to indicate that the canadered the consum-mation as not utbril impossible. Thus, in the fine dedicates of his works to Gavin Hamilton, he says,.-" "And when I down rotes a main.

# "And when I downs yoke a saig, Then, Lord be thushit, I our beg-"

Again, in his Epistic to Davie, a brother Poet, he states, that an their closing career-

"The last o't, the warst o't, is only just to beg." ag remarked, that

And after h

"To he is killen and barns at the, When bases are erand, distribut Is doubtless grant distress ;"

All data Astrong Penalence, Hait "To be taken and ensured, Astrong 1978, The Samp Astronomy International Control of the Samp Astronomy International Control of Samp Astronomy International Control Internation International Control Internation International Control I

charity bastowed on these aged Bulanness in money sing, there are many records in the Treasure's ac-The following extract, kucly expired by BK. Mac f the Register House, may infer-ret those whese tasts that of Jonathan Oldbuck of K-athana. othing, th

## BLEW GOWNIS

in the Account of SIR ROBERT MELVILL of Murdocarny, Trea-surer-Depute of King James VL, there are the following pay-

"Junn; 1990. "Item, to Mr. Peter Young, Klimesinar, twentie four gownis of biew clayth, to be gevin to xxiiij auld men, according to the perior of the shere age, actending to vii) = viij shins clayth; price of the shere age, actending to viij = viij shins clayth; price of the shere axiiij s. "Item, for sextene claim bekrem to the sails guwnis, price of the clao x & "Item, twentie four pennis, and in ilk purse twentie four schi-ling, "Item, the price of fik purse iiij s. "Item, the price of fik purse iiij s. "Item, for making of the saids gownis, viij h."

In the Account of JOHN, EARL of MAR, Great Treasurer of Scot-land, and of Sir Gideon Murray of Elibank, Treasurer Depute, the Blue Gowns also appear—thus :

"Junij 1617. "Junij 1617. "Item, to James Murray, merchant, for fyftene scoir sex elnis and ane half elne of blew claith to be gownis to fyftie ane ai-geit men according to the yeins of his Majesteis age, at xi a the elne, the second second

"Item, for fyrite ane parais to the said pairs men, "Item, for fyrite ane parais to the said pairs men, "Item, to Sir Peter Young, ij & to be pat in everie ane of the saidis ij parais to the said poore men, "Item, to the said Sir Peter, to buy braid and drink to the said pair men, "Item, to the said Sir Peter, to be delt shang uther pairs attemption of the said Sir Peter, to be delt shang uther pairs it it it

"fuen, to the said Sir Peter, to be delt amang uther paire folk." "form, upoun the last day of Junij to Doctor Young, Dane of Winchester, Elimozinar Deput to his Majostic, twentie fyre pund sterling, to be gevin to the puir be the way in his Majos-lade, ij ĉ lj." Inde, ij ĉ lj."

pund atering, to be gevin to the pair be the way in his Make-liss progress, Inde, that although the institution of King's Bedeamen still subsists, they are now seldom to be seen on the streets or Edinburgh, of which their peculiar dram made them rather a clavacteristic feature. Having this given an account of the genus and species to which Edie Ochiltree appertains, the author may add, that the individual is had in his eye was Andrew Gemmelle, an old mendicant of the claracter described, who was many years ince well known, and mast still be remembered, in the vales of Cals. Tweed, Ettrick, Yarrow, and the adjoining country. The athor has in his youth ropeatedly seen and conversed with Andrew, but cannot recollect whether he held the rank of Shee Gown. He was a remarkably fine old furre, very tall, and menintaining a soldie: like, or military manner and address. His haures were intelligned, with a powerful expression of sarcann. His motions were always so grachful, that he might almost have been suspected of having studied them : for he might, on any consist, have served as a model for an artist, so remarkably striking were his ordinary attitudes. Andrew Gemmells had little of the cant of his calling ; his wants were food and sheller, you've as his due. He sung a good song, told a good story, and pool crack a evere eist with all the accument of Shakapear's jestew, though without using, like them, the cloak of insanity, it was some feer of Andrew's stire, a much as a feeling of kladmen or charity, which secured him the greeral good recep-iesters, though without using, like them, the cloak of insanity is the he export everywhere. In fact, a jest of Andrew Genmellis appecially at the expense of a person of contecuence, for when he export everywhere. In fact, a jest of Andrew Genmellis appecially at the accument as stering at much as the bon-wor of a mass of established character for wit glides through the knowleak the other of his good things are held in remem-

## rance, but are generally teo local and p

branes, but are generally teo ford and persons to be initial bars. Andrew had a character peculiar to himself among her in for aught is ever based. He was ready and willing to pik cards or dice with any one who desired such armaneues. If was more in the character of the irish itinerant gamble, do in that country a carraw, than of the Boottush beggar. Bat late Reversed Doctor Robert Douglas, mini-ter of Galakin neurod the author, that the last time he aw Andrew Grams ho was engred in a game at brag with 1 gentleman of the distinction, and birth. To preserve the dise gradatises fra the party was made at an open window of the clatters, the asting on his chair in the inside, the beggar on sold in atterned in a pixel with the latter was not out to the atting on his chair in the inside, the beggar on sold in a siderable parcel of silver. The author apprecing some appin or roiginal; but that many decout persons in those time woul like him, have thought there was nothing attractions, with also commolia. at the ing an h

like him, have thought there was bottming saturations, with Astron Genmelia. "This singular medicant had generally, or was supposed to have, as much money about his person, as would have been thought the value of his life among moders four-trad. On one occasion, a country gentleman, generally esteemed a wer manw man, haupening to meet Andrew, taproased great regret that hi penses..." I can give you clange for a note, Lard," replied As-drew. Like most who have arisen to the head of their profession, the modern degradation which mendicity has undergoos we often the subject of Andrew's lamentations. As a trade, he sub often the subject of Andrew's lamentations. As a trade, he sub often the subject of Andrew's lamentations. As a trade, he sub often the subject of Andrew's lamentations. As a trade, he sub often the subject of Andrew's lamentations. As a trade, he sub often the subject of andrew of a gentleman, and that it is laid tweatly sons, he would not easily be induced to breed one of these up of his own line. When or where this *Lasdear trayers* act closed his wanderings, the author never heard with certanty; bat most probably, as Barns arys.

## " ----- He diet a ender powny's de

"—Ba diel a enter poverfe dant At some dim size" The author may add another picture of the same kind as B Ochiltree and Andrew Gemmella: compidering these illustric is a sort of Gallery, open to the reception of any thing with may elucidate former manners, or amuse the reader. " "The author's contemporaries at the university of Eddim and, without speaking a syllable, conty inclined his head, offered his hat, but with the least possible upgred out towards each individual who passed. This man gained, by ence and the extremated and warded appremises of a yet theore and the extremated and warded appremises of a from a remote country, the same tribule which was reided Andrew Gemmella's averatic humour and stately dopath theological clapses of the University, at the gate of which at the anon an individual who passed. This man gained, by inco and the extremated and warded appremised of a picture of the extremate and warded appremised of a from a remote country, the same tribule which was reided Andrew Gemmella's averatic humour and stately dopath theological clapses of the University, at the gate of which at the was an enducant. The young man was moded and cluded from the society of other scholars when the accet of bit m was suspected, ondersourd to console his by off him same occasional civilities. The old mendicant way much the concluded was the begrar's object, when have any the concluded was the begrar's object, when have any to receive his thanks for the kindows he had above to same and at the same time a cordial avitation to dise with the as student passes. The scholar drive out a halfself, whi the optical was the begrar's object, when have any the to a pour class action and the set appression the total on your class at the subclass when the accet to the approximation to dise the same and at the same time a cordial avitation to dise with the same student passes. The scholar at here with the same and at the same time a cordial invitation to diseronations, be than the total part

## ANTIQUARY.

#### CHAPTER L

to dall a coach, and let a coach be call d d let the man who calleth be the caller; d us his calling let him nothing call, t Coach I Coach I Coach I O for a coach ch, ye goda t

And a the calling let him softing call. That Goech' Coach' O'Re's count, prode to the coach' Chromateneous counter of the eighteenth century, when a young man, of speciel appearance, journeying towards the north-set of Scotland, provided himself with a ticket in one of those public carriages which thrave between Kan ame implies, and as is well known to all my morther readers, there is a passage-boat for cross-ing the Frith of Forth. The coach was calculated to carry six regular passengers, besides such inter-lopers as the coachman could pick up by the way, and intrude upon those who were legally in pos-mession. The tickets, which conferred right to a sent in this vehicle of little case, were dispensed by a sharp-looking old dame, with a pair of spectacles or a very thin nose, who inhabited a 'lleigh shop,' argine, a cellar, opening to the High-street by a strait and steep star, at the bottom of which she sold they, thread, needles, skeins of worsted, coarse immen cloth, and such femmine gear, to those who had the courste and skill to descend to the pro-fundity of her dwelling, without falling headlong themselves, or throwing down any of the numerous articated the profession of the trader below. " The written band-bill, which, pasted on a project to secure for travellers the opportunity of passing the Frith with the flood-tide, lied on the present incicated from Saint Giles's steeple, and repeated by the Tron, no coach appeared upon the appointed the from Saint Giles's steeple, and repeated by the from basid have staid to take a half mutchking the courd geater and who the descent. The median dut make his appearance. " The written basid Automedon might have as understanding with her Auto-median dut he other place. He who is been upon the trop and the state to take a half mutchking the rout geathemed, who be It was early on a fine summer's day, near the end

by the absence of the coach, deprived of the power of availing himself of his priority of choice, amuse himself, instead, by speculating upon the occupa-tion and character of the personage who was now

tion and character of the personage who was now come to the coach-office. He was a good-looking man of the age of sixty, perhaps older, but his hale complexion and firm step announced that years had not impaired his strength or health. His countenance was of the true Scotor health. His countenance was of the true Scot-tish cast, strongly marked, and rather harsh in fea-tures, with a shrewd and penetrating cye, and a countenance in which habitual gravity was eali-vened by a cast of irohical humour. His dress was uniform, and of a colour becoming his age and gra-vity; a wig, well dressed and powdered, surmount-ed by a slouched irat, had something of a professional with the adverse and the approximation of the strongenetic strong in the strong of the strong of a professional strong of a professional strong of the strong of the strong of a professional strong of the strong of air. He might be a clergyman, yet his appearance was more that of a man of the world than usually belongs to the kirk of Scotland, and his first ejacu-

He arrived with a hurried pace, and casting an alarmed glance towards the dial-platcof the church, then looking at the place where the coach should have been, exclaimed, "Deil's in it—I am too late after all!"

The young man relieved his anxiety, by telling thim the coach had not yet appeared. The old gen-tileman, apparently conscious of his own want of punctuality, did not at first feel courageous enough to censure that of the coachman. He took a parcel, containing apparently a large folio, from a little boy who followed him, and, patting him on the head, containing apparently a large folio, from a little boy who followed him, and, patting him on the head, nown he was to have bad so nuch time, he would have put another word of two to their bargain,— then told the boy to mind his business, and he would be as thriving a lad as ever dusted a duode-cimo. The hoy lingered, perhaps in hopes of a penny to buy marbles; but none was forthcoming. Our senior leaned his little bundle upon one of the traveller who had first arrived, waited in silence of about five minutes the arrival of the expected diligence. dilige

diligence. At length, after one of two impatient glances at the progress of the minute-hand of the clock, having compared it with his own watch, a huge and antique gold repeater, and having twitched about his fea-tures to give due emphasis to one or two peeviab pehaws, he hailed the old lady of the cavern. "Good woman, --what the d--l is her name ?--Mrs. Macleuchar !" Mrs. Macleuchar !" Ars in acteurar, aware that she had a defensive part to sustain in the encounter which was to fol-low, was in no hurry to hasten the discussion by returning a ready answer.

low, was in no hurry to hasten the discussion by returning a ready answer. "Mra. Macleuchar-Good weman," (with an ele-vated voice)--then apart, "Old doited hag, she's an deaf as a post-I say, Mrs. Macleuchar?" "I am just serving a customer.--Indeed, hinny, is will no be a bodle cheaper than I tell ye." "Woman," reiterated the traveller, "do you thak we can stand here all day till you have cheated that poor servant wench out of her half-year's fee and bountih t" bountith ?"

"Cheated !" retorted Mrs. Mackuchar, eager to take up the quarrel upon a defensible ground; "B scorn your words, sir; you are an uncivil person, and I desire you will not stand there to alander me at my ain starburd."

THE

"The woman," said the senior, looking with an I may sustain by leaving my businers undone, or arch glance at his destined travelling companion, "does not understand the words of action...-Wo-buliged to tarry a day at the South Ferry for lack of the action of the senior seni character, but I desire to know what is become of thy conch?" "What's your wull?" answered Mrs. Macleuchar,

"What's your wull r answered parts. nucleucies, relapsing into deafness. "We have taken places, ma'am," said the younger stranger, "in your diligence for Queenslerry."— "Which should have been half-way on the road be-fore now," continued the elder and more impatient traveller, rising in wrath as he spoke; "and now in all likelihood we shall miss the tide, and I have busi-bess of importance on the other side and vour cursed

ness of importance on the other side-and your cursed coach

"The coach ?-gude guide us, gentlemen, is it no on the stand yet?" answered the old lady, her shrill tone of expostulation sinking into a kind of apolo-gatic whine. "Is it the coach ye has been waiting setic whine.

"What else could have kept us broiling in the sun by the side of the gutter here, you-you faithless wo-man? Eb?"

by the side of the gutter here, you—you faithless wo-man? Eh?" '3 Mrs. Macleuchar now ascended har trap stair, (for such it might be called; though constructed of stone,) until her nose came upon a level with the pavement; then, after wiping her spectacles to look for that which she well knew was not to be found, she ex-claimed, with well-feigned astonishment, "Gude guide us—saw ever ony body the like of that?" "Yes, you abominable woman," vociferated the traveller, "may have seen the like of it, and all will see the like of it, that have any thing to do with your trolloping ses;" then, pacing with great indignation before the door of the shop, still as be passed and repassed, like a vessel who gives her broadside as ahe comes abreast of a hostile fortrees, he shot down complaints, threats, and reproaches, on the embar-chaise—he would call a hackney-coach—he would take four horses—he must—he would take a post-chaise—he would call a hackney-coach—he would take four horses, direct and consequential, arising from delay, should be accumulated on the devoted head of Mrs. Macleuchar.

Mrs. Macleuchar. There was something so comic in his pettish re-centment, that the younger traveller, who was in no such pressing hurry to depart, could not help being semused with it, especially as it was obvious, that every now and then the old gentleman, though very angry, could not help laughing at his own vehe-mence. But when Mrs. Macleuchar began also to join in the laughter, he quinkly put a stop to ber ill-

The second se

the regular price is five shillings?" Here his argument was cut short by a lumbering noise, which prowed to be the advance of the expected vehicle, pressing forward with all the despatch us which the broken-winded jades that drew it could possibly be urged. With ineffable pleasure, Mra. Macleuchar saw her tormentor deposited in the leathern convenience; but still as it was driving off, his head thrust out of the window reminded her, in words drowned amid the rumbling of the whead, that, if the diligence did not attain the Ferry is use to save the flood-tide, she, Mrs. Macleuchar, should be held responsible for all the consequences that might ensure. might ensue. The coach had continued in motion for a mileor

two before the stranger had completely repo two before the stranger had completely reposeened himself of his equanimity, as was manufasted by the doleful ejaculationa, which he made from time a time, on the too great probability, or even carsing, of their missing the flood-tide. By degree, hen-ever, his wrath subsided; he wiped his brows, re-laxed his frowh, and, undoing the parcel in his head, produced his follow, on which he gazed from time to time with the knowing look of an assateur, admiring its height and conditions and accestioning he a maits height and condition, and ascertaining, by a mi-nute and individual inspection of each leaf, that the Its neight and condition, and ascertaining, of a mi-nute and individual inspection of each leaf, that we volume was uninjured and entire from tits-page to colophon. His fellow-traveller took the liberty of inquiring the subject of his studies. He lifet up his eyes with something of a sarcastic glance, as if as supposed the young querist would not relish, or per-haps understand, his answer, and promounced he book to be Sandy Gordon's linerarum Separati-nale, a book illustrative of the Roman measure Scotland. The querist, unappelled by this lowed indicated that he had made good uses of a good education, and, although not possessed of minute information on the subject of antiquities, had yet enlarged upon. The elder traveller, observing with pleasure the case of discussion concerning une, rase, into a sea of discussion concerning une, rase, you altars, Romana camps, and the rules of con-trametation. trametation.

The pleasure of this discourse had such a dust fring tendency, that although two causes of dat occurred, each of much more serious duration the timat which had drawn down his worst upon t uniucky Mrs. Macleuchar, our ANTIGUDART easy stowed on the delay the honour of a few episod pools and pahawa, which rather seemed to be the interruption of his disquisition than the rest tion of his journey.

tion of his journey. The first of these stops was occasioned by the breaking of a spring, which half an hour's how hardly repaired. To the second, the Antiquary we himself accessory, if not the principal cause of a for, observing that one of the lorgen had can a ful foot stop, he apprized the coachaman of this to postant deficiency. "It's Janue Martingale distances the major on coarts, and up hands then any stop, or to suffer projudice by the lake of the accidenta." accidents

accidents." "And when you go to--I mean to the place y deserve to go to, you scandral,---whe do year will uphold you on contact? If you don't directly and carry the poor brate to the means on the you punched, if there is a sumtice of st in Mid-Lothian;" and, opening the ceach doot he jumped, while the conchann obey est his ort muttering, that "if the seculeman low? I the tide of they could not say but it was their aim fault, so he was willing to get on." I like so little to analyze the complication of causes which influence actions, that I will not a ture to acquire another and you have a sumplication of the two sumplies whether and a sumplication of causes which influence actions, that I will not a

te the poor horse was not m some degree aided by stranger's original education, yet would have seen his desire of showing his companion a Pict's camp, | sarry not to have been supposed accurate as to the his desire of showing his companion a Pict's camp, or Round-about, a subject which he had been ela-borarely discussing, and of which a specimen, "very canous and perfect indeed," happened to exist about a hundred yards distant from the place where this interruption took place. But were I compelled to decompose the motives of my worthy friend, (for such was the gentleman in the sober suit, with powdered wig and slouched, hat,) I should say, that, although the certainly would not in any case have suffered the coachman to proceed while the barse unset of the coachman to proceed while the barse unset of which the traveller found out to pass the interval of delay. So much time was consumed by these interrup-

able mode which the travelier found out to pass the interval of delay. So much time was consumed by these interrup-tions of their journey, that when they descended the hill above the Hawes, (for so the inn on the south-ern aids of the Queensferry is denominated,) the experienced eye of the Antiquary st once discerned, from the extent of wet sand, and the number of black stones and rocks, covered with sea-weed, which were visible along the skirts of the shore, the the hour of tide was past. The young traveller expected a hurst of indignation; but whether, as Groakter says in "The Good-natured Man," our here had exhanated himself in fretting away his misfortunes beforchand, so that he did not feel them when they actually arrived, or whether he found the company in which he was placed too congenial to lead him to repine at any thing which delayed his journey, it is certain that he submitted to his lot with much resignation. "The d-l's in the diligence and the old hag it belongs to !-Diligence, quoth 1? Thon shouldst have called it the Sloth-Fly !-quoth she? why, it meyes like a fly through a glue-pot, as the Irishman says. But, however, time and tide tarry for po man; and so, my young friend, we'll have a snack here at the Hiwwes, which is a very decent sort of a place, appd Pli be very happy to finish the account I was giving you of the difference between the mode of confounded by too many of our historians. Lack-a-day, if they had ta'en the pains to satisfy their own overs, instead of following each other's blind guidance! -Weil! we shall be preity comfortable at the Hawes; and besides, after all, we must have dined some-where, and it will be plaesanter sailing with the tide of obb and the evening breze." In this Christian temper of making the best of all constructions. Lack! So much time was consumed by these interrup

#### CHAPTER IL

First they do council into a point the road have t a poor quatidian rack of muttoe roasted. Pry to be grated: and that driven down With ber wad buttermilk, minipel dogother. I is against my froshold, my inimeritance. Firsts is the word that glack the beart of man, and mano's the house of wise. Suck, say my bush, is survey and drink Sherry, that's my pose. Bar Jonson's New Fax.

As the sonior traveller descended the crazy steps of the diligence at the inn, he was greeted by the fat, pouty, pursy landlord, with that mixture of familiarity and respect which the Scotch inakeepers of the old school used to assume towards their more alued customers.

Have a care o' us, Monkbarns, (distinguishing

station and profession of him, or any other occasions. law affair of your ain to look after—I have ner my sell—n ganging plea that ny father laft me, and his father afore left to him. It's about our back-yard— ye'll maybe has heard of it in the Parliament-house, Well ways that be and of it in the Parliament-house, Hutchinson against Mackitchinson—it's a weel-kenn'd plea—it's been four times in afore the fifteen, and deil ony thing the wisest o' them could make o't-but just to send it out again to the outer-house —O it's a beautiful thing to see how lang and how carefully justice is considered in this country !' "Hold your tongue, you fool," said the traveller, but in great good-humour, "and tell us what you can give this young gentleman and me for dinner." "Ou, there's fish, nae doubt,—that's sea-trout and caller haddocks," said Mackitchinson, twisting his napkin; "and ye'll be for a muton-chop, and there's just ony thing else ye like." "Which is to say, there is nothing else whatever? Well, well, the fish and the chop, and the tarts, wilf do very well. But don't imigate the cautious delay that you praises in the ourts of justice. Let there be no remits from the inner to the outer-house, hear

no remits from the inner to the outer-house, hear

"Na, na," said Mackitchinson, whose long and "Na, na," said Mackitchinson, whose long and heedful perusal of volumes of printed session papers had made him acquainted with some law phrases---"the denner shall be served quamprimum, and that peremptorie." And with the flattering laugh of a promising host, he left them in his sanded parlour, hung with prints of the Four Seasons.

As, notwithstanding his pledge to the contrary, the glorious delays of the law were not without their parallel in the kitchen of the inn, our younger travelparallel in the kitchen of the inn, our younger travel-ler had an opportunity to step out and make some inquiry of the people of the house concerning the rank and station of his companion. The informa-tion which he received was of a general and less authentic nature, but quite sufficient to make him acquainted with the name, history, and circumstances of the gentleman, whom we shall endeavour, in a few words, to introduce more accurately to our readers readers

tew words, to introduce more accurately to our readers. Jonathan Oldenbuck, or Oldinbuck, by popular contraction Oldbuck, of Monkbarns, was the second son of a gentleman possessed of a small property in the neighbourhood of a thriving seaport town on the north-castern const of Scotland, which, for various reasons, we shall denominate Fairport. They had been established, for several generations, as land-holders in the county, and in most shires of England would have been accounted a family of some stand-ing. But the shire of — was filled with gentlemen of more ancient descent and larger fortune. In the last generation also, the neighbouring gentry had been almost uniformly Jacobites, while the proprie-tors of Monkbarns, like the burghers of the town near which they were settled, were steady assertors of the Protestant succession. The later had, how-ever, a pedigree of their own, on which they prided themselves as much as those who despised thera valued their respective Saxon, Norman, or Celtie genealogies. The first Oldenbuck, who had settled in their family mension shortly after the Reforma-tion, was, they asserted, descended from one of the over original printers of Germany, and had left his comroin was, they asserted, testernich from one of the original printers of Germany, and had left his coun-try in consequence of the perfecutions directed against the professors of the Reformed religion. He had, found a refuge in the town near which his postarity "Have a zare o' us, Monkbarns, (distinguishing him. by his territorial epithet, always most agreeable to the ear of a Scottish proprietor,) is this you? I bitle thorught to have seen your honour here till the "Y's donnard auld devil," answered his guest, "Scottish accent predominating when in anger, "Scottish accent predominating when in anger," "I contart auld devil," answered his guest, "Scottish accent predominating when in anger, "I control, aud that's true," said mine host, who, in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said mine host, who in "Storth, aud that's true," said m

THE ANTIQUARY. [Cas. 4] second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit in favour of the second sort with much spirit of solicitation, however, had ittel intercourse with friends, had never he used on the second sort with second sort with the second sort with the second sort with second sort with the secon wife and two chuttern, a try and air and averaging ordered upon an expedition against Hyder Ally, the detachment to which he belonged was cut off, and no news ever reached his unfortunate wife whether he fell in battle, or was murdered in prison, or survived, in what the habits of the Indian tyrant rendered a hopeless captivity. She sunk under the accumulated load of grief and uncertainty, and left a son and daughter to the charge of her brother, the existing laird of Monkbarns. The history of that proprietor himself is soon told. Being, as we have spid, a second son, his father destined him to a share in a substantial mercantile concern, carried on by some of his maternal rela-tions. From this Jonathan's mind revolted in the most irreconcilable manner. He was then put ap-

most irreconcilable manner. He was then put apprenice to the profession of a writer, or attorney, in which he profited so far, that he made himself master of the whole forms of feudal investitures, and showed such pleasure in reconciling their incongruities, and tracing their origin, that his master had great hope he would one day be an able conveynore. But he halted upon the threshold, and, though he acquired some knowledge of the origin and system of the law of his country, he could never be persuaded to apply it to lucrative and practical purposes. It was not from any inconsiderate neglect of the advantages attending the possession of money that he thus de-ceived the hopes of his master. "Were he thought-less or light-headed, or rei *nue* prodyne," said his instructer, "I would know what to make of him. But he never pays away a shilling without looking anxiously after the change, makes his sixpence go farther than another lad's half-crown, and will ponder over an old black-letter copy of the acts of parliament for days, rather than go to the golf or the change-house; and yet he will hot bestow one of these days on a little business of routine, that would put twenty shillings in his pocket—a strange mixture of frugality and industry, and negligent indolence— I don't know what to make of him." But in process of time his pupil gained the means of making duck, as not long survived by his eldest son, an arrant fisher and fowler, who departed this life, in consequence of a cold caught in his vocatioh, while shooting ducks in the swamp called Kittle-fitting-moles, notwithstanding his having drunk as bottle of brandy that very night to keep the cold out of his stomach. Jonathan, therefore, succeeded to the estae, and with it to the means of subsisting without the hated drudgery of the law. His wishes were very moderate; and as the rent of his small property rose with the improvement of the country, it soon greatly exceeded his wants and expenditure; and though too indolent to make money, he was by no means intensible to the pleasure of beholding it scoumulat prentice to the profession of a writer, or attorney, in which he profited so far, that he made himself master of the whole forms of feudal investitures, and showed

more direct manner, towards ascertaining the name, destination, and quality of his young com panion.

His name, the young centlemen said, was Lovel "What! the cat, the rat, and Lovel our dex Was he descended from King Richard's aver-ie ?" ite

"He had no pretensions," he said, "to call himself a whelp of that litter; his father was a north-of-England gentleman. He was at present traveling to Fairport, (the town near to which Monkbans was situated,) and, if he found the place agreeable, might perhaps remain there for some weeks." "Was Mr. Lovel's excursion solely for plan-ung?"

It was pair of the basis but had no termine to commerce." Here he paused; and Mr. Oldbuck having pashed his inquiries as far as good manners permitted, was obliged to change the conversation. The langua-ry, though by no means an enemy to good cher was a determined foe to all unnecessary expenses on a journey; and upon his companion giving a hist concerning a bottle of port wine, he drew a dired picture of the mixture, which, he said, was usual sold under that denomination, and affirming that a little punch was more genuine and better suited as the season, he laid his hand upon the bell to one the materials. But Mackitchinson had, in his one mind, settled their beverage otherwise, and ge-quart bottle, or magnum, as it is called in Scotlas covered with saw-dust and cobwebs, the warrant f its antiquity.

of its antiquity. "Punch" said he, catching that generous sound as he entered the parlour, "the deil a drap punch ye'se get here the day, Monkbarns, and that ye mu

Ye so get here the day, invince the last impodent rassal ?" "What do you mean, you impodent rassal ?" "Ay, ay, it's nae matter for that—but do pe mind the trick ye served me the last time ye we here?"

I trick you !"

"I trick you!" "Ay, just yoursell, Monkbarns. The Lard . Tamlowie, and Sir Gilbert Grizzleckeugh, and an Rossballoh, and the Bailie, were just setting in a make an afternoon o't, and you, wi' some o' rou auld-warld stories, that the mind o' man canna sist, whir'ld them to the back o' beyont to look a the auld Roman camp—Ah, sir 1" turning to look a

"Re wad wile the bird aff the tree wi' the tales he tests about folk lang syns-and did not I lose the drinking o' sax pints o' gude claret, for the deil ane wad has stirred till he had seen that out at the loost

"D've hear the impudent scoundrel !" said Monkharns, but laughing at the same time; for the wor-thy landlord, as he used to boast, knew the measure of a guest's foot as well as e'er a souter on this side Solway; "well, well, you may send us in a bottle of

port."
"Port! na, na! ye maun leave port and punch to the like o'us, it's claret that's fit for you lairds; and, I dare say, nane of the folk ye speak so much o' ever drank either of the twa."
"Do wu here how should the twa."

Do you hear how absolute the knave is? Well my young friend, we must for once prefer the Fa-ternian to the vile Sabinum."

may young friend, we must for once prefer the Fa-lernism to the vice Sabinum." The ready landlord had the cork instantly ex-tracted, decanted the wine into a vessel of suita-ble capaciousness, and, declaring it parfumsed the very room, left his guests to make the most of it. Mackitchinson's wine was really good, and had its effect upon the spirits of the elder guest, who told some good stories, cut some sly jokes, and at length entered into a learned discussion concerning the ancient dramatists; a ground on which he found his new acquaintance so strong, that at length he began to suspect the had made them his professional study. "A traveller partly for business and partly for plesaure 7-Why, the stage partakes of both; it is a labour to the performers, and affords, or is meant to afford, pleasure to the spectators. He seems, in manner and rank, above the class of young met who take that turn; but I remember hearing them say, that the little theatre at Fairport was to copen with the performance of a young gentleman, being his first appearance on any stage.--If this being his first appearance on a young gentleman, being his first appearance on any stage—If this about be thee, Lovel?—Lovel? yes, Lovel or Bell-wille are just the names which youngsters are apt to assume on such occasions—on my life, I am sorry for the lad." for the lad

Mr. Oldbuck was habitually parsimonious, but in mr. Outdock was nabitually parsimonious, but in no respects mean; his first thought was to save his feilow-traveller any part of the expense of the en-tertainment, which he supposed must be in his sit-traction more or less inconvenient. He therefore took an opportunity of settling privately with Mr. Mackitchinson. The young traveller remonstrated mained the librarily and only acquisesed in defa against his liberality, and only acquiesced in defe-rence to his years and respectability. The mutual satisfaction which they found in each

The mutual satisfaction which they found in each other's society induced Mr. Oldbuck to propose, and Lovel willingly to accept, a scheme for traveling cogether to the end of their journey. Mr. Oldbuck instimated a wish to pay two-thirds of the hire of a post-chaise, seying, that a proportional quantity of room was necessary to his accommodation; but this **BL**r. Lovel resolutely declined. Their expense then mutual unless when Lovel occasionally slipt a shilling into the hand of a growling positilon; for Oldbuck, tenacious of ancient customs, never extended his guerdon beyond eightean-pence a-stages. In this manner they travelled, until they marrived at Fairport about two o'clock on the follow-ing day.

**ing day.** Lowel probably expected that his travelling com- **banion** would have invited him to dinner on his ar- **rival**; but his consciousness of a want of ready pre- **paration** for unexpected guests, and perhaps some **other** reasons, prevented Oldbuck from paying him **that** attention. He only begged to see him as early as he could make it convenient to call in a forenoon, **perom** mended him to a widow who had apartments to let, and to a person who kept a decent ordinary; **cautioning** both of them apart, that he only knew **Mr. Lovel** as a pleasant companion in a post-chaise, **Mr.** Lovel as a pleasant companion in a post-chaise, and did not mean to guarantee any bills which he wight contract while residing at Fairport. The form a well-furnished trunk, which soon arrived by to his address at Fairport, probably went as far his favour as the limited recommendation of his into the states.

### CHAPTER III.

had a routh o' auld nick-nackets, ity airs cape, and junglin jackets, aid held the Loudons three in tack o in tack And purnich pats, and aud autobackets, And purnich pats, and aud autobackets, And purnich pats, and aud autobackets, Afore the flude.

Abre us fluck. Bound Arras he had settled himself in his new apart-ments at Fairport, Mr. Lovel bethough thim of pay-ing the requested visit to his fellow-traveller. He did not make it earlier, because, with all the old gentle-man's good humour and information, there had some-times glanced forth in his language and manner to-wards him an air of superiority, which his companion considered as being fully beyond what the difference of age warranted. He therefore waited the arrival of his baggage from Edinburgh, that he might arrange his dress according to the fashion of the day, and make his exterior corresponding to the rank in so-ciety which he supposed or felt himself entitled to hold. It was the fifth der address

hold. It was the fifth day after his arrival, that, having made the necessary inquiries concerning the road, he went forth to pay his respects at Monkbarns. A foot-path leading over a heathy hill, and through two or three meadows, conducted him to this mansion, which stood on the opposite side of the hill aforesid, three meadows, concurrent and the hill aforesaid, which stood on the opposite side of the hill aforesaid, and commanded a fine prospect of the bay and ship-ping. Secluded from the town by the rising ground, which also screened it from the north-west wind, the nouse had a solitary and sheltered appearance. The exterior had little to recommend it. It was an ir-regular old-fishioned building, some part of which had belonged to a grange, or solitary farm-house, in-habited by the bailiff, or steward, of the monks. It when the place was in possession of the monks. It when the place wish in possession of the monks. It was here that the community stored up the grain, which they received as ground-rent from their vas-sals; for, with the prodence belonging to their order, all their conventional revenues were made payable in an their conventionin revenues were made payable in kind, and hence, as the present propristor loved to tell, came the name of Monkbarns. To the remains of the bailiff shouse, the succeeding lay inhabitants had made various additions in proportion to the accom-modation required by their families; and, as this was modation required by their families; and, as this was done with an equal contempt of convenience within and architectural regularity without, the whole bore the appearance of a hamlet which had suddenly stood still when in the act of leading down one of Am-phion's, or Orpheus's, country dances. It was sur-phion's, or Orpheus's, country dances. It was sur-phion's, or Which still chipped hedges of yew and holly, some of which still chipped hedges of yew and holly, some of which still chipped hedges of yew and holly, some rounded by tall clipped hedges of yew and holly, some of which still exhibited the skill of the topiarian ar-itst, \* and presented curious arm chairs, towers, and the figures of Saint George and the dragos. The taste of Mr. Oldbuck did not disturb these mona-ments of an art now unknown, and he was the less tempted so to do, as it must necessarily have broken the heart of the old gardener. One tall embowering holly was, however, scared from the shears; and, on a garden seat beneath its shade, Lovel behed his old friend with spectacles on nose, and pouch on side, busily employed in perusing the London Chronicle, soothed by the summer breeze through the rustling leaves, and the distant dash of the waves as they rippled upon the sand. Mr. Oldbuck immediately rose, and advanced to think you had changed your mind, and found the stupid people of Fairport so tresome, that you judged them unworthy of your talents, and had taken French leave, as my old friend and brother antiquary, Mac-Cribb did, when he went off with one of my Syrian medals."

I hope, my good sir, I should have fallen under

"Quite as bad, let me tell you, if you had stolen yourself away without giving me the pleasure of seeing you again. I had rather you had taken my copper Otho himself.—But come, let me show you the way into my sanctum sanctorum, my cell, I may

<sup>4</sup> Ars Topiaris, the art of elipping yew hedges into far astis figures. A Latin poem, schild Ars Topiaris, coatsins a se-rious account of the process.

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THE APPENDIC THE APPENDIC ALL AND A

<u>....</u>

Old man, "It has something the appearance of a "lipse" "I present you are right! you are right! it never statch me before—see what it is to have younger eyes—s mitre, smitte, itcorresponds in every respect." ' The resemblance was not much nearer thas that: of Pohenias's cloud to a whale, or an owzel; It was sufficient, hewever, to set the antiquary's brains to wark. "A mitre, my dear sir," continued he, as he led the way through a labyrinth of inconvenient and dark passages, and accompanied his disquisition with certain necessary cautions to his guest—"A mitre, my dear sir, will suit our abbor as well as a bishop—he was a mitred abbot, and at the very top of the roll—take care of these three steps—I know Mao-Cribb demies this, but it is an certain as that he tost away my Antigonus, no laye asked—you'll see this name of the Abbot of Trotcosey, Abbas Trotto-costensis, at the head of the rolls of parliament in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries—there is very little in the case age—now take care of the

hight here, and these cursed womankind always leave their tubs in the passage—now take care of the coverer-ascend twelve steps, and ye are safe?" Mr. Oldbuck had, by this time, attained the top of the winding stair which led to his own apartment, and opening a door, and pushing aside a piece of tapeary with which it was covered, his first excla-mation was, "What are you about here, you sluts?" As dirty barefooted chambermaid threw down her duster, detected in the heinous fact of arranging the computer, ameterized and out of a nonposite door smutum senetorum, and fied out of an opposite door from the face of her incensed master. A geneel-looking young woman, who was superintending the operation, stood her ground, but with some timidity. "Indeed, uncle, your room was not fit to be seen, and I just came to see that Jermy laid every thing down, where she took it up." stum sanctorum, and fled out of an opposite door

deways where she took it up." "Anashow dars you, or Jenny either, presume to maddle with my private matters? (Mr. Oldbuck hatd *putting to rights* as much as Dr. Orkborne, or any other professed student.) Go sew your sampler, yee anonkey, and do not let me find you here sgain, as you value your ears.—I assure you, Mr. Lovel, that the last mroad of these pretended firends to cleantiness was simplet a faith to my collection as Hardburgs wist to that of Sidrophel; and I have ever since micard ever since missed

"My copporplate, with almanacks Engraved upon't, and other knacks: My moon-dial, with Napier's bones, And several constellation stones: Jur Acs, my morepeon, and punaise, P purchased for my proper case."

#### And ap forth, as old Butler has it."

2

The young lady, after cursting to Lovel, had taken the opportunity to make herescape during this enumeration of losses. "You'll be paisoned here whit the volumessof dust they have raised," continued the Antiquary; "but I assure you the dust wax very

ancient; peaceful; generalue; about un hour ago, and would have remained as for a hundred years, had not these gipsies disturbed ..., as they do every thing elso in the world."

Inceed gipsies or acturbed 1, as they do every thing day in the world." It was, indeed, some time before Lovel could, through the thick atmosphere, perceive in what sort of den his friend had constructed his retreat. It was a lofty room of middling size, obscurely tighted by high narrow latticed windows. One end was en-tirely occupied by book-shelves, greatly too limited is space for the number of volumes placed upon then, which were, therefore, drawn up in ranks of two or three files deep, while numberless others litted the floor and the tables, amid a chases of maps, energ-of old armour, swords, dirks, helmets, and Highland targets. Behind Mr. Oldback's seat, (which was ma constant use), was a huge oaken cabinet, decorated at each corner with Dutch cherubs, having their little duck-wings displayed, and great jotter-headed viago placed between them. The top of this cabinet was covered with buest, and Rooman lamps and patters, intermingled with one or two brones figures. The covered with busts, and Roman lamps and paters, intermingled with one or two broms figures. The walls of the apartment were parily clothed with yim old tapestry, representing the memorable story of Siz Gewaine's wedding, in which full justice was done to the ugliness of the Lothely Lady; sithough w indee from his own looks, the gentit knight had hear reason to be discusted with the match on account of disparity of outward favour, than the romancer has given us to understand. The rest of the room was panelled, or wainsected, with black cak, again which hung two of three portraits in armdur, being characters in Scottish history, favourise of Mr. Old buck, and as many in tie-wigs and laced could characters in Sootish history, tavouries of arr. u buck, and as many in the wigs and laced con-staring representatives of history and constraints old-fashioned oaken table was covered with a pre-sion of papers, parchments, books, and nondeer trinkets and gev-gaves, which seemed to have it to recommend them, besides rust and the antique which it indicates. In the midst of this wreck antions books and titenaits

trinkets and gew-gaws, which seemed to have like to recommend them, besides rost and the anteasing which it indicates. In the midst of this wreak of ancient books and uteneils, with a gravity equal to Marius among the ruins of Carthage, sat a large black eat, which, to a superstituous eye, might have presented the genus loci, the tutelar demon of the apartment. The floor, as well as the table and chains, was overflowed by the same mare magrans of size cellaneous trumpery, where it would have been ar-impossible to find any individual article wants, ar-to put it to any use when discovered. Amid this medley, it was no easy maker to find one's way to a chair, without stumbling over apar-trate folio, or the still more awkward missions of when be dissencumbered, with a careful hand, of engravity bottery. And, when the chair was attained, it have be dissencumbered, with a careful hand, of engravity sputs and buckles, which would certainly have ex-casioned it to any sudden occupant. Of this the Antiquary medie Lovel particularly aware, same that his friend, the Rev. Doctor Heavysterme has the Love Countries, had sustained much injour, sitting down suddenly and incautiously, on the Love Countries, had sustained much injour sitting down suddenly and incautiously, on the Love Countries, had sustained much injour sitting down suddenly and incautiously, on the Love flaw flaw of a learned professor of the ndamage the sitting part of a learned professor Urrecht. Having at length fairly settled himself, and balance Utrecht.

Having at length fairly settled himself, and a nothing loath to make inquiry concerning the sur objects around him, which his host wasequally m objects around him, which his host was equally no as far as possible, to explain, Lovel was introd to a large club, or bludgeon, with an iron sprike at end of it, which, it seems, had been lately found? field on the Monkbarns property, adjacent to any burying ground. It had mightly the air of such stick as the Highland respers use to walk with their amunal perceptinations from their mountain but Mr. Oldbuck was strongly tempted to be that, as its shape was singular, it might have one of the clubs with which the monts araned the peasants in lieu of more martial weaponed, when he showed, the villains were called Color carlet, or Kab kerds, that is, Clarigeri, or club-bearses. For the ruth of this custom, he quoted the chronicle of herwerp and that of St. Martin; against which authorities Lovel had nothing to oppose, having never and of them till that moment.

Mr. Oldbuck next exhibited thumb-scrows, which a given the Covenanters of former days the cramp had given the Covenanters of former days the cramp in their joints, and a collar with the name of a fellow casvicted of theft, whose services, as the inscription how, had been adjudged to a neighbouring baron, in lies of the modern Scottish punishment, which, as Okhark said, sends such culprits to enrich England by their labour, and themselves by their dexterity. Many and verious ware the other curiosities which he showed; but it was chiefly upon his books that he preided himself, recessing, with a completent air, as he isd the way to the crowide and dusty shelves, the verse of old Chauser-

- " For he would rather have, at his bed-head, Arswatz heats, clothest is black or set, of Armothe, or his philosophy, Than robes rich, robeck, or saltery."

This pithy more to be delivered, shaking his back, and giving each guttural the true Angle-Sexon council-ies, which is now forgotten in the southern parts of ies, whie his realm

this realm. The collection was, indetd, a curious one, and might will be envired by an anatour. Yet it was not collected at the encompone prices of modern times, which are sufficient to have apalled the most deter-mined, as well as earliest bibliomaniac upon record, when we take to have been none else than the re-neuwords Den Quincie de la Mancha, as, among other stated, by his veracious historian, Cid Hamet Benen-bight indications of an infirm understanding, he is stated, by his veracious historian, Cid Hamet Benen-bit to have exchanged fields and farms for folios and quartos of chivalry. In this species of exploit, he good knight-errent has been initiated by lorda, taights, and equires of our own day, though we have sets, to have exchanged fields and farms for folics and quartee of chivalry. In this species of exploit, the good knight-errant has been imitated by fords, hnights, and equires of our own day, though we have not yet heard of any that has mistaken an inn for a castle, or laid his lance in rest against a windmill. Mir. Oldbuck did not follow these collectors in such excesses of expenditure; but, taking a pleasure in the permonal labour of forming his library, saved his purse at the expense of his time and toil. He was no encourager of that ingenious race of peripatetic middle-man, who, trafficking between the obscure isager of a stall and the eager amateur, make their post at onese of the ignetions race of peripatetic indule-men, who, trafficking between the obscure isager of a stall and the eager amateur, make their post at onese of the ignetions of the former, and the ing-bength skill and taxts of the latter. When such two meaning the instruction of the first. These. — "Davy Wilson," he said, "commonly called lamb Davy, from his investmate adhietion to black inde allege, collars, and stalls, for new rounnes. He and the scent of a slow-hound, siz, and the snap of a indexing. He would detect yeu an old black-letter mind allege, collars, and stalls, for new outmes. He ad the scent of a slow-hound, siz, and the snap of a indexing meaning new or y inset of a school Corde-ma. *Hardisand, far* about two grouchen, or two-the efforts bought the 'Game of Chess, bill, the first book ever printed in England, from a till in Hesland, far about two grouchen, or two-these forse book ever printed in England, from a till in Hesland, far about two grouches. At is denow's sails," for one hundred and seventy pounds it would be the vise for subots as came to new grounds, and as many books as came to new grounds, and as many books as came to the even first book ever printed in England, from a till in Heslimath, far about two grounds the inimita-ment forth in its full value, and was purchased by itsid a copy now occur. Lord only k The copy now occur, Lord only knows," he and, weth a deep sigh and lifted-up hands tonly knows what would be its ransom; and originally secured, by skill and res arch. by equal valent of twopence sterling \* Happy, spoy, Snuffy Davis! and blessed were the men they industry could be so rewarded !

bibliogenniacel anochore is literally true ; and David the matcher mode not tell his bretteren of the Rezburghe magne climbs, was avail parsenter. 2 J

"Even I, sir." be went on, " though far inferie in moustry, and discomment, and presence of mind in moustry, and discornament, and presence of mind, to that syn it man, can show you a few, a very few things, which I have collected, not by force of mo-ney, as any wealthy man might, -although, as my friend Lucian says, he might chance to throw away his coin only to illustrate his ignorance, - but gained in a manner that shows I know something of the matter. See this bundle of ballads, not one of them later than 1700, and some of them a hundred years older. I wheedled an old woman out of these, who loved them better than her pealm-book. Tobacco, sir, snuff, and the Complete Syren, were the equiva-lent I. For that mutilated copy of the Complaynt of Sectiand, I sat out the drinking of two dozen bottles of strong ale with the late learned proprietor, who, in gratitude, bequeathed it to me by his last will. These little Elzevirs are the memoranda and trophis of many a walk by night and morning through the Cowgate, the Canongate, the Bow, Saint Mary's Wynd,-wherever, in fine, there were to be found byokers and trokers, those miscellageona dealers in Wynd,-wherever, in fine, there were to be found brokers and trokers, those miscellageons dealers in things rars and curious. How often have I stood hagging on a halfpenny, test, by a too ready acquire escence in the dealer's first price, he should be led to suspect the value I set upon the article --how have B trembled, lest some passing stranger should chop in between me and the prize, and regarded each poor student of divinity that stopped to turn over the books at the stull, as a rival amateux, or prowling bookseller in disguise!--And then, Mr. Lovel, the sly satisfaction with which one pays the consideration, and pockets the article affecting a cold indifference, while the hand is trembling with pleasure -- Then to dazzle the eyes of our wealthiet and enulous rivals by shewing them such a trassure as this-- (display-ing a little black smoked book about the size of a primer)-to enjoy their surprise and envy, shrouding meanwhile under a veil of mysterious consciousness our own superior knowledge and dexterity--these, our griend, these are the white moments of life, that repay the toil, and pains, and sedulous at tention, which our profession, above all others, so peculiarly demnads!" Lovel was not a little amaged at hearing the old contents of a band and however in-

Lovel was not a little amused at hearing the old gentleman ran on in this manner, and, however in-capable of entering into the full ments of what has beheld, he admired, as much as could have been expected, the various treasures which Oldbuck exhibited. Here were editions esteemed as being the first, and there stood those scarcely less regarded as being the last and best; here was a book valued because it the last and best; here was a book valued because it had the author's final improvements, and there an-other which (strange to tell!) was in request because it had them not. One was precious because it was a folio, another because it was a duodecimo; some because they ware tall, some because they were short; the merit of this lay in the title-page, of that in the arrangement of the letters in the word Finus. There was, it seemed, no peculiar distinction, however trifting or minute, which might not give value to a volume, providing the indispensable quality of scarsity, or rare occurrence, was attached to it. to it

to it. Not the least fascinating was the original broad-side-the Dying Speech, Bloody Murder, or Wonder-ful Wonder of Wonders, in its primary tattered guise, as it was hawked through the streets, and sold for the cheep and easy price of one penny, though now worth the weight of that peany in gold. On these the Antiquary dilated with transport, and read, with a rapturous voice, the elaborate titles, which bore the same proportion to the contents that the painted signs without a showman's booth do to the animale within. Mr. Oldbuck, for example, piqued himself signs without a snowman's booth do to the animals within. Mr. Oldbuck, for example, piqued himself especially in possessing a unique broadside, entitled and called 'Strange and Wonderful News from Chipping. Norton, in the County of Oxon, of certain Onipping-rooton, in the County of Uxon, of Certahi dreadful Apparitions which were seen in the Air on the 26th of July, 1610, at Half an Hour after Nine o'Clock at Noon, and continued till Elever, in which Time was seen Appearances of several flaming Swards, strangs Motions of the superior Orbe; with the unusual Sparkling of the Stars, with their dread. 24\*

"You laugh at this," said the proprietor of the eollection, and I forgive you. I do acknowledge that the charms on which we doat are not so obvious to the eyes of youth as those of a fair lady; but you will grow wiser, and see more justly, when you come to wear spectacles.—Yet stay, I have one picce of antiquity which you, perhaps, will prize more highly." So saying, Mr. Oldbuck unlocked a drawer, and took out a bundle of keys, then pulled aside a piece of the tapestry which concealed the door of a small eloset, into which he descended by four stone steps, and, after senie tinkling among bottles and cans produced two long-stalked wine-glasses with bell mouths, such as are seen in Teniers pieces, and a

and, after same unkning among bottles and cana produced two long-stalked wine-glasses with bell mouths, such as are seen in Teniers' pieces, and a small bottle of what'he called rich racy canary, with a little bit of diet-cake, on a small silver server of exquisite old workmanship. "I will say nothing of the server," he remarked, "though it is said to have been wrought by the old mad Florentine, Benvenuto Cellini. But Mr. Lovel, our ancestors drunk sack --you, who admire the drama, know where that's to be found.--Here's success to your exertions at Fairport, sir!" "And to you, sir, and an ample increase to your treasure, with no more trouble on your part than is just necessary to make the acquisitions valuable." After a libation so suitable to the amusement in which they had been engaged, Lovel rose to take his leave, and Mr. Oldbuck prepared to give him his company a part of the way, and show him some-thing worthy of his curiosity on his return to Fair-port.

port.

#### CHAPTER IV.

The pawky auld carle came ower the les, Wi mony good evens and good morrows to a Saying, Kind sir, for your courtesy, Will ye lodge a silly poor man 7

#### The Gaberiunsie Man

Our two friends moved through a little orchard, where the aged apple-trees, well loaded with fruit, showed, as is usual in the neighbourhood of monas-tic buildings, that the days of the monks had not always been spent in indolence, but often dedicated to horticulture and gardening. Mr. Oldbuck failed not to make Lovel remark, that the planters of those days were possessed of the modern secret of preventing the roots of the fruit-trees from penetra-ting the till, and compelling them to spread in a lateral direction, by placing paving-stones beneath the trees when first planted, so as to interpose between their fibres and the subsoil. "This old fallow," he said, "which was blown down last sum-mer, and still, though half reclined on the ground, is covered with fruit, has been, as you may see, accommodated with such a barrier between his roots and the unkindly till. That other tree has a story : Our two friends moved through a little orchard, accommodated with such a barrier between his roots and the unkindly till. That other tree has a story: the fruit is called the Abbot's Apple; the lady of a neighbouring baron was so fond of it, that she would often pay a visit to Monkbarna, to have the pleasure of gathering it from the tree. The husband, a jealous man, belike, suspected that a taste so nearly resem-bling that of Mother Eve prognosticated a similar rall. As the honour of a noble family is concerned. I will say no more on the subject, only that the lands of Lochard and Gringlecut still pay a fine of \* Of this thrice and four times rare broadside, the author

THE ANTIQUARY. [Care. IV] ful Continuations: With the Account of the Opening of the Heavons, and strange Appearancee therein disclosing themselves, with several other prodigious Circoumstances not heard of in any Age, to the great Amazement of the Beholders, as it was communi-cated in a Letter to one Mr. Colley, living in West Smithfield, and attested by Thomas Brown, Eliza-beth Greenaway, and Anne Gutheridge, who west Spectators of the dreadful Apparitions: And if any one would be further satisfied of the Truth of this the Bear Inn, in West Smithfield, and they may be satisfied.'\* "You laugh at this," asid the promision of the Account, that the hospitium was situated either of the lands of Haltweary, or upon those of field sur-vet; but he is incorrect. Mr. Lovel—that is the gate called still the Palmer's Port, and my gardeer fund many hewri stones, when he was trenching the ground for winter cellery, several of which I have sent as specimens to my learned friends, and is the various antiquarian accieties of which I am an unworthy member. But I will sayno more at present; I reserve something for another visit, and we have an object of real curiosity before us." While he was thus speaking, he led the way briskly through one or two rich pasture mesdows to an open heath or common, and so to the top of a gentile eminegoc. "Here," he said, "Mr. Lovel, is a truly remarkable spot." "It commands a fine view," said his companion, looking around him.

looking around him.

looking around him. "Tua: but it is not for the prospect I brought you hither; do you see nothing else remarkable — nothing on the surface of the ground T "Why, yes; I do see something like a ditch, is distinctly marked." "Indistinctly!—pardon me, sir, but the indistinct ness must be in your powers of vision—nothing cas be more plainly traced—a proper agger or suffers, with its corresponding ditch or /ossa. Indistinctly! why, Heaven help you, the lassie, my nice, is igh-headed a goose as womankind affords, saw the trace of the ditch at once. Indistinct ! why, the great sume at Ardoch, or that at Burnswark in Annandak, usy be clearer, doubtless, because they are stative form, whereas this was only an occasional encomposed. Indistinct ! why, you must suppose that fools, born and idiots, have ploughed up the land, and, likebease and ignorant savages, have thereby obligented rea-

and idiots, have ploughed up the lapd, and likebears and ignorant savages, have thereby oblicated no sides of the square, and greatly injured the third; but you see, yoursetf, the fourth side is quite sture! Lovel endeavoured to apologize, and to explan away his ill-timed phrase, and pleaded his interpa-rience. But he was not at office quite successful His first expression had come too frankly as astraily not to alarm the Antiquary, and he could not easily get over the shock it had given him. "My dear sit," continued the senior, "you over are not inexperienced: you know a ditch from law ground, I presume, when you see them ? Indistant why, the very common paople, the very less boy the and if that does not imply an ancient camp, I ignorant what does."

Ignorant what does." Lovel having again acquiesced, and at length to sleep the irritated and suspicious vanity de Antiquary, he proceeded in his task of com "You must know," he said, "sur Scottish and in the must know," he said, "sur Scottish and tion of the final conflict between Agricola and Caledonians—some contend for Ardoch in Sur lan, some for Innerpefirey, some for the East in the Mearns, and some are for carrying the G of action as far north as Blair in Athole. Nor all this discussion," postinued the old generative with one of his slyest and most complexent "what would you think, Mr. Lovel,—I say should happen to be on the very spot called the of Kinprunes, the property of the obscure and the individual who now speaks to you?"—Thea, in paused a little, to suffer his guest to digrest a op-nication so important, he resumed his discussed a higher tone. "Yes, my good friend, 1 am to greatly deceived if this place does not correspon-all the marks of that celebrated place of action was near to the Grampian mountains—his Lovel having again acquiesced, and at length all the marks of that celebrated place of action was near to the Grampian mountains of the they are, mixing and contending with the

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the skirts of the horizon !--it was in conspectu classis, ---is sight of the Roman fleet; and would any admi-ral, Roman or Britsh, wish a fairer bay to ride in than that on your right hand? It is astonishing how blind we professed antiquaries sometimes are; Sir Robert Sibbald, Sanders Gordon, General Roy, Dr. Stukely, why, it escaped all of them.-I was unwil-ling to say a word about it till I had secured the ground. r it belonged to auld Johnnie Howie, a bonnet-laird by it belonged to and sommer rowse, a commerciant bard by, and many a communing we had before he and i could agree. At length—I am almost ashamed to say it—but I even brought my mind to give acre for acre of my good corn-land for this barren apot. But acre of my good corn-land for this barren spot. But then it was a national concern; and when the scene of so celebrated an event became my own, I was over-paid.—Whose patriotism would not grow warmer, as eld Johnson says, on the plains of Marathon ? I be-gan to trench the ground, to see what might be dis-covered; and the third day, air, we found a stone, which I have transpluted to Monkbarna, in order to have the sculpture taken off with plaster of Paris; it beers a sectificing vessel, and the letters A. D. L. L. which may stand, without much violence, for Agri-cels Dicerti Libens Lubens."

cale Dicervit Libens Lubens." "Certainly, sir; for the Dutch antiquaries claim Caligula as the founder of a light-house, on the sole suthority of the letters C. C. F. F., which they inter-pret Cause Caligula Pharum Fecil." "True, and it has ever been resorded as a sound exposition. I see we shall make something of you even before you wear spectacles, notwithstanding you thought the traces of this beautiful camp indistunct when you first observed then." "In time, sir, and by good instruction"— "-You will become more apt—I doubt it not. You shell peruse, impor your part visit to Monkharna.

You shall peruse, upon your next visit to Monkbarns, my trivial Less upon the vertice of Ancient Fortifications lately discovered by the Author at the Kaim of Kinprunes. I think I have pointed out the infallible touchstone of supposed antiquity. I premise a few general rules on that point, on the nature, namely, of the evidence to be received in such cases. Mean while be pleased to observe, for example, that I could press into my service Claudian's famous line,

" Ille Caledoniis pesuit qui castra prainis."

- He Caledoniis penit qui castra pruinia." For prusinis, though interpreted to mean hoar frosts, no which I own we are somewhat subject in this merch-castern ecc-coast, may also signify a locality, namedy, France ; the Castra Prusine posita would therefore be the Kaim of Kinprunca. But I waive this, for I am eensible it might be laid hold of by cavillers as carrying down my Castra to the time of Theedomus, sent by Valentinian into Britain as late on the year 367, or theresbout.-No, my good friend, I appeal to people's eye-sight—is not here the Decu-man gate? and there, but for the ravage of the hor-mid plough, as a learned friend calls it, would be the Pratorian gate.-On the left hand you may see some the dot the porta datra well night entire-Here, here aide of the porta sinistra, and on the right. The foundation of rained building,-the camtral mat, the pretorium, doubless, of the camp.-the this place, now scarce to be distinguished, but y ithe fourth cattor, we may suppose Agricola to the fourth cattor on the immense army of Caledonithe fortification, we may suppose Agricola to the acceleration of the immense army of Caledoni-tecoupying the declivities of yon opposite hill, the acceleration of the second second second second by and covinaria, by which I understand the interaction of folks from your Bond-t four-in-hand men, I trow-scouring the more space below-

The former battle-moving from the mountains, that hourse battle-moving from the mountains, or gitt costs shine like dragou scales ;-their march a rough furnishing storm-like them, and view them, then not Rouse to more !--

et. Inited signifies a petty proprietor, wearing the winds, the babits, of a vectoria.

Yes, my dear friend, from this stance it is probable, -nay, it is nearly certain, that Julius Agricola beheld what our Beaumont has so admirably described !--From this very Practorium'

A voire from behind interrupted his ecstatic descrip-tion—"Prætorian here, Prætorian there, I mind the

A voice from behind interrupted his ecstatic descrip-tion-" Prætorian hers, Prætorian there, I mind the bigging o't." Both at once turned round, Lovel with surprise, and Oldbuck with mingled surprise and indignation, at so uncivil an interruption. An auditor had stolen upon them, unseen and unheard, amid the energy of the Antiquary's enthusiastic declamation, and the attentive civility of Lovel. He had the exterior appearance of a mendicant. A slouched hat of huge dimensions; a long white beard, which mingled with his grizzled hair, an aged, but strongly marked and expressive countenance, hardened, by climate and expressive valleta or bags, slung acrose his shoulder, for holding the different kinds of meal, when he received his charity in kind from those who were but a degree richer than himself,-all these marked at once a beggar by profession, and one of that privi-legted class which are called in Scotland the King's Bedee-men, or vulgarly, Blue-gowna. "What is that you say, Edie ?" said Oldbuck, hop-ing, perhapa, that his ears had betrayed their duty i "About this bit bourock, your honour," answered the endaunted Edie; "I mind the bigging o't." "The devil you do I Why, you old fool, it was here before you were born, and will be after you are hang-ed, man !" "Hanged or drowned, here or awa, dead or alive, J mind the bigging o't." eaid the Antiquary, stammering

Alter of the set of

wise nor less disconcerted. "There is some mistake about this," he said, ab-

"There is sorie mistake about this," he said, ab-ruptly turning away from the mendicant. "Dell a bit on my side o' the Wa'," answered the sturdy beggar; "I never deal in mistakes, they aye bring raischances.—Now, Monkbarna, that woung gendeman, that's wi' your honour, thinks little of a carle like me; and yet, I'll wager I'll tell him whar he was restreen at the gloamin, only he maybe wadna like to hae't spoken o' in company." Lovel's soul rushed to his cheeks, with a vivid blush of two-and-twenty.

"Never mind the old rogue," said Mr. Oldbuck ; "Never mind the old rogue," said Mr. Oldbuck ; "don't suppose I think the worse of you for your pro-fession; they are only prejudiced fools and coxcombut that do so. You remember what old Tully says at the opening one of the same one opening one of the his oration, pro Archia poela, concerning one of your confraternity-Quis nostrum tam animo agressi ac duro fuit-ut-ut-1 forget the Latin-the meaning is, which of us was so rule and barbarous as to re-main unmoved at the death of the great Roscius, whose advanced age was so far from preparing us for wrause advanced age was so far from preparing us for his death, that we rather hoped one so graceful, so excellent in his art, ought to be exempted from the common lot of mortality? So the Prince of Orators spoke of the stage and its professors."

The words of the old man fell upon Lovel's ears The words of the old man fell upon Lovel's ears, but without conveying any precise idea to his mind, which was then occupied in thinking by what means the old beggar, who still continued to regard him with a countenance provokingly sly and intelligent, had contrived to thrust himself into any knowledge of his affairs. He put his hand in his pocket as the readiest mode of intintuing his desire of secrecy, and securing the concurrence, of the person whom he addressed; and while he bestowed him an aims, the amount of which rather bore proportion to his fears than to his charity, looked at him with a marked ex-pression, which the mendicant, a physiognomist by profession, semed perfectly to understand.—" Never pression, which the mendicant, a physiognomist by pression, seemed perfectly to understand.—" Never mind me, sur, I am no taleyet; but there are mair ess in the warld than mine," answered ha, as he pocketed Lovel's bounty, but in a tone to be heard by hims alone, and with an expression which amply filled up what was left unsoken. Then turning to Old-back.—"I am awa to the manse, your honour. Has year honour ony word there, or to Sir Arthur, for I'll come in by Knock winnock Castle again e'en ?" Oldbuck started as from a dream; and, in a hurried tone, where varation strove with a wish to conceal it, pressy, unlined hat, he said, "Go down, go down to Monkbarne—let them give you some dinner—er stay; if you do go to the manse, or to Knock winnock, ye need say nothing about that foolish story of yours." "Who, I?" said the mendicant—"Lord bless your flond. But, Lord, they tell me your honour has gien Johnnie Howie acre for acre of the laigh crofts for this heathery knowe! Now, if he has really imposed the bourock on ye for an ancient wark, it's my real opinton the bargain will never haud gude, if you would just hen gain will never haud gude, if you would just Provoking scoundrel," muttered the indigmant Antiquary, between his teeth,—". Fill have the hang-

"Provoking scoundrel," muttered the indignant Antiquary between his teeth,--": I'll have the hang-man's lash and his back acquainted for this?"--Ang then in a louder tone,--"Never mind, Edie--it is all a

their in a rotate whe, - Never mind, Ente-, is all a mistake." "Troth, I am thinking sea," continued his torment-or, who seemed to have pleasare in rubbing the galled wound, "troth, I are thought see; and it's no see lang since I said to Luckie Gernnels, 'Never think you, luckie,' said I, 'that his honour, Monkbarns, would hae done sic a daft-like thing, as to gie grund weet worth fifty shillings an acre, for a mailing that would be dear o' a pund Scots. Na, na, 'quo' I, 'depend gpoo't the laird's been imposed upon wi' that wily do little deevil, Johnnie Howie. - But Lord haud a care o' us, sira, how can that be,' quo' she again, 'when the laird's as book-learned, there's no the like o' him in the country side, and Johnnie Howie has hardly sense casegn to ca' the cows out o' his kals-yard? 'Aweel, aweel,' quo' I, 'but ye'll hear he's circum-vented him with some o'his auld-ward stories,'-for ye ken, laird, yon other time about the bodie that ye

venued nim with some of his auld-warld stories,"-for ye ken, laird, yon other time about the bodie that ye thought was an auld coin." "Go to the devil!" said Oldbuck; and then in a more mild tone, as one tha: was conscious his reputa-tion lay at the mercy of his antagonist, he added-"Away with you down to Monkbarna, and when I come back, I'll send ye a bottle of ale to the kitchen." "Heave reward your hoowur!" This was uttend

Heaven reward your honour !" This was uttered with the true mendicant whine, as, setting his pikestaff before him, he began to move in the direction of Monkbarns-"But did your honour," turning round, ever get back the siller ye gae to the travelling packman for the bodle ?"

"Curse thes, go about thy business !" "Aweel, aweel, air, God bless your honour !-- I hope ye'll ding Johnnie Howie yet, and that I'll live to see "And so saying, the old begynt moved off, seleving

Mr. Oldbuck of reconcettons which were any thing rather than agreeable.

Who is this familiar old gentleman ?" said Low! then the mendicant was out of hearing.

"O, one of the plaques of the country -I have been always against poor's-rates and a work-house-I think Fil vote for them now, to have that second reliably of the second set of the second set of a beggar becomes a vell acquainted with you as he is with his dish as infinite as one of the besits familiar to man which signing love, and with which his own trade is spe-cially conversant. Who is he?--why, he has goe the vol --has been soldier, ballad-singer, traveling inher, and is now a begrar. He is spoiled by our folian gentry, who laugh at his jokee, and reberns kins Ochiltree's good things as regularly as Joe Miller's "Why, he uses freedom apparently, which is its set of wit," answered Lovel. signify love, and with which his own trade is esp

"Why, he uses freedom apparently, which is the soft of wit," answered Lovel. "O'ay, freedom enough," said the Antiquary; "he generally invents some dannel improbable is of another to provoke you, like that nonsense he talk just now-not that FII publish my tract til I have examined the thing to the bottom." "In England," said Lovel, "such a mendicant would get a speedy check."

"Yes, your churchwardens and dog whips would make slender allowance for his vein of humour! But here, curse him, he is a sort of privileged numeros-one of the last specimens of the eld-fishioned Scot-tish mendicant, who kept his rounds within a particular space, and was the news-carrier, the ministrel, sometimes the historian of the district. That re other man in this and the four next purihes. A start real, " continued he softening as he want P other man in this and the four next parishes. An after all," continued he, softening as he wat a describing fiddle's good gifte, "the dog has some good humour. He has borne his hand fate with unwoke spirits, and it's cruel to deny him the comfort of a lang at his betters. The pleasure of having quizzed me A you gay folk would, call it, will be meas and drink i him for a day or two. But I must go back and him over half the country." So asying, our bacces parted. Mr. Oldback to refin nt at

So saying, our heroes parted, Mr. Oldback to retain to his *hospitium* at Moakbarns, and Lovel to part his way to Fairport, where he arrived without farter adventine:

#### CHAPTER V.

Launssist Golds. Maris me now : Now will I a

This theates at Fairport had opened, but no I Lovel appeared on the boards, nor was there my this in the habits or department of the young gestimut named, which anthonized Mr. Oldbuck's conjectures his fellow-traveller was a candidate for the pri-fevour. Regular were the Antiquary's inquiring old-fashioned hasher who dreamed the early three in the parish, which, in define e of two-and timut still subjected to the operation of powdering uni-still subjected to the operation of powdering uni-still subjected to the operation as yet left regular, I asy, were Mr. Oldbuck's inquiring and sonage concerning the news of the little there fairport, expecting every day to hear of Mr. In appearance; on which coccasion the old gentlease determined to put himself to charges in honser-young friend, and not only togo to the play himsel to carry his womaxished clong with him. But add Caron conveyed no information which warrant taking so desive a step as that of securing a the He broaght information, on the contrary, the was a young man residing at Fairport, of when Thus theatre at Fairport had opened, but no

was a young man residung at Fairport, of *t com* (by which he meant all the goarps, we no business of their own, fill up their leisure by attending to that of other people) eauth an which the apparent gentleness of his many as Nothing could be more require a many to o solventurer, than his mode of living, which was but so completely well arranged, that all who grannections with him, ware busis, their appop Contract of the local division of the local

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These are not the visitnes of a stage-struck here, thought Oldbuck to himself; and, however habitually pertinacious in his opinions, he must have been com-pelled to abandon that which he had formed in the present as scandol that which he had formed in the present assistance, but for a part of Caxon's communi-cation, "The young gentleman," he said, "was sometimes heard speaking to himsell, and rampauging about in his room, just as if he was ane o' the player-2

Nothing, however, excepting this single circum-stance, accurred to confirm Mr. Oldbuck's supposition, stance, occurred to contrim Mr. Oldouck's supposition, and it remained a high and doubtful question, what a well-informed young man, without firends, connex-ions, or employment of any kind, could have to do as a resident at Fairport. Neither port wine nor whist had apparently any charms for him. He declined dining with the mess of the volunteer cohort, which dining with the mess of the volunteer cohort, which had been lately imbodied, and shunned joining the convivialities of either of the two parties which then divided Fairport, as they did more important places. He was too little of an aristocrat to join the club of Royal Twe Blues, and too little of a democrat to frater-nize with an affiliated society of the soi-disant Friends of the People, which the borough had also the happi-core of merician. or me reone, which the borough had also the happi-ness of possessing. A coffee-room was his detestation; and I grieve to say it, he had as few sympathies with the sa-table. In short, since the name was fashion-able in novel-writing, and that is a great while agone, there was never a Minster Lovel of whom so little posi-tive was known, and who was sourcersally described by negatives.

by negatives. One negative, however, was important-nobody finew any harm of Lovel. Indeed, had such existed, it would have been speedily made public; for the natural desire of speaking evil of our neighbour could in his case have been checked by no feelings of sym-pathy for a being so unsocial. On one account shoke he fell somewhat under suspicion. As he made free use of his pencil in his solitary walks, and had fraven several views of the harbour, in which the signal-tower, and even the four-gun battery, were introduced, some zealous friends of the public sent abroad a whisper, that this mysterious stranger introduced, some realcos friends of the public sent abroad a whisper, that this mysterious stranger must certainly be a French spy. The Sheriff paid his respects to Mr. Lovel accordingly, but in the in-terview which followed, it would seem that he had entirely removed that magistrate's suspicions, since the not only suffered him to remain undisturbed in his retirement, but, it was oredibly reported, sent him two invitations to dinner-parties, both which were ewilly declined. But what the nature of the expla-ments of the explanation of the expla-

sivily declined. But what the nature of the expla-inform was, the magistrate kept a profound secret, not from the public at large, but from his cubstitute, is clerk, his wife, and his two daughters, who formed is prive council on all questions of official duty. All these particulars being faithfully reported by Mr. Canon to his patron at Monkbarns, tended much or ruse Lovel in the opinion of his former fellow-raredier. "A decent sensible lad," said he to him-telf, "who scorns to enter into the fooleries and non-tense of these idiot people at Fairport.-I. must do concelling for him.-I must give him a dinner-and I write Sir Archur to come to Monkbarns to meet Mer-Insut consult my womankind." -I must consult my womankind.

a---insust consult my womankind." accordingly, such censultation having been pre-mary held, a special messenger, being no other a Caxon hisned, was ordered to prepare for a to Knockwinanock Castle with a letter, "For **beneured** Sir Arther Wardour, of Knockwin- **theorement**, "Bert." The contents ran thus:

"DEAR SIE ARTHUR

"DRAR SIR ARTHUR, "On Thusday the 17th curt. stilo novo, I hold a objitical symposion at Monkharms, and pray you make the rest, at four o'clock precisely. If my enemy, Miss Isabel, can and will honour us by unpanying you. my womankind will be but too at he have the aid of shoh an auxiliary in the of resistance to lawful rule and right supre-. If mot, I will and the womankind to the be for the day. I have a young acquaintance to a hanter spirit than behave to these giddy-dimension and the start of the start •0

tion of the classics and, as such a goath must have a natural contempt for the people about Fairport, I wish to show him some rational as well as worshipful society. I am, dear Sir Arthur, &c. &c. &c.

ful society. I am, dear Sir Arthur, die. die. die. "
"I'ly wich this letter, Caxon," said the senior, holling out his missive, signatum alque sigillatum, "fly to Knockwinnock, and bring me back an an-swer. Go as fast as if the town-council were met, and waiting for his new-powdered wig."
"Ahl sir," answered the messenger, with a deep sigh, "thae days has lang gane by. Deil a wig has a provost of Fairport worn sin' auld Provost Jervie's time-and he had a quean of a servant-lass that dressed it hersel, wi't the doup o' a candle and a drudgmg-box. But I has seen the day, Monkbarns, when the town-council of Fairport wad hae as soon wanted their town-clerk, or their gill of brandy ower-head after the haddles, as they wad hae wanted ilk ane a weel-favoured, sonsy decent periwig on his pow. Hegh, sirs I nae wonder the commons will be discontent and rise against the law when they see magistrates and bailies, and deacons, and the provost himsell, wi' heads as bald and as bare as ane o' my blocks!" "my blocks !" " And as well furnished within, Caxon.

"And as well furnished within, Caxon. But away with you—you have an excellent view of public af-fairs, and, I dare say, have touched the can se of our popular discontent as closely as the provost could have done himself. But away with you, Caxon." And off went Caxon upon his walk of three miles-

" He hobbled-but his heart was good ; Could he go faster than he could ?"

While be is engaged in his journey and return, & may not be impertinent to inform the reader to whose mansion he was bearing his embasey. We have said that Mr. Oldbuck, kept little com-

We have said that Mr. Oldbuck kept little com-pany with the survoanding genulemen, excepting with one person only. This was Sir Arthur War-dour, a baronet of ancient descent, and of a large but embarrassed fortune. His father, Sir Anthony, hed been a Jacobice, and had displayed all the en-thusiasm of that party, while it could be served with worde only. No man squeezed the orange with more significant resture: he one could more deste with words only. It o man squeezen the orange wran more significant gesture; no one could more dexte-rously intimate a dangerous health without coming under the penal statutes; and, above all, none drank success to the cause more deeply and devouily. But, on the approach of the Highland army in 1745, it would appear that the worthy baronet's zeal became that are an army in the state of the state of the state of the state would appear that the worthy baronet's zeal became would appear that the worthy baronet's zeal became a little more moderate just when its warmth was of most consequence. He talked much, indeed, ef taking the field for the rights of Scotland and Charles Stewart; but his demi-pique saddle would suit oally one of his hornes, and that horse could by no means be brought to stand fire. Perhaps the worshipfal owner sympathised in the screples of this sagacious quadruped, and began to think, that what was so much dreaded by the horse could no be very wholesome for the ride. At any rate, while Sir Anthony Wardour talked, and drank, and besi-tated, the sturdy provost of Fairport (who, as we before noticed, was the father of our antiquery) agbefore noticed, was the father of our antiquary) as lied from his ancient burgh, heading a body of whi whig burghers, and seased at once, in the name of Georgie IL, upon the Castle of Knockwinnock, and on the IL, upon the Cashe of Mhock win bock, and on the four carriage-horses, and person of the proprietor. Sir Anthony was sharely siter sent off to the Theorem of London by a secretary of state's werrent, and with him went his son, Arthur, then a youth. But as nothing appeared like an overt act of treason, both failer and son were soon set at liberty, and both father and som were soon set at liberty, and returned to their own mansion of Knockwinnock, to draik heaths five fathoms deep, and talk of their sufferings in the royal cause. This became so much a matter of habit with Sir Arthur, that, even after his father's death, the non-juring chaplain used to pray regularly for the restoration of the rightfal severaign, for the downfall of the usuper, and fords increance from their orus! and bloodthinsty snemice, although all idea of serious opposition to the nouse

of Hanover had long mouldered away, and this dudgeon, and with something like a resolution form than as conveying any distinct meaning. So much was this the case, that, about the year 1770, upon a disputed election occurring in the county, the wordhy knight fairly gulped down the oaths of abju-ration and allegiance, in order to serve a candidate in whom he was intersection the meaning and as each was sensible that the society of the had become, through habit, essential to his con the brunch was speedily made up between them. in whom he was interested ;- thus renouncing the beir for whose restoration he weekly petitioned Heaven, and acknowledging the usurper, whose de-thronement he had never ceased to pray for. And to add to this melancholy instance of human inconadd to this mehancholy instance of human incon-Bistency, Sir Arthur continued to pray for the house of Stewart even after the family had been extinct, and when, in truth, though in his theoretical loyaliy he was pleased to regard them as alive, yet, in all actual service and practical exertion, he was a most zealous and devoted subject of George III. In other respects, Sir Arthur Wardour lived like most country gentlemen in Scotland-hunted and fished-gave and received dinners-attended races and county meetings-was a desurt-liventenant and

most country genilemen in Scotland-hunted and fished-gave and received dinners-attended races and county meetings-was a deputy-licentenant and trustee upon turnpike acts. But, in his more ad-vanced years, as he became too lazy or unwieldy for field-sports, he supplied them by now and then read-ing Scottish history; and; having gradually ac-quired a taste for antiquities, though neither very deep, nor very correct, he became a crony of his neighbour, Mr. Oldbuck of Monkbarns, and a joint labourer with him in his antiquarian pursuits. There were, however, points of difference between these two humourists, which sometimes occasioned discord. The faith of Sir Arthur, as an antiquary, was boundless, and Mr. Oldbuck (notwithstanding the affair of the Pretorium at the Kaim of Kin-grunes) was much more scrupulous in receiving le-gends as current and authentic com. Sir Arthur would have deemed himself guilty of the crime of leze-majesty had he doubted the existence of any single individual of that formidable bead-roll of one hundred and four kings of Scotland, received by Boethius, and rendered classical by Buchanan, in virtus of whom James VI. claimed to rule his an-cient kingdom, and whose portraits still frown grimly upon the walls of the gallery of Holyrood. Now Oldbuck, a shrewd and suspicous man, and no respecter of divine hereditary right, was apt to cavil at this sacred list, and to affirm, that the pro-cession of the posterity of Fergus through the pages of Scottish history, was as vain and unsubstantial as the gleamy pageant of the descendants of Banquo through the cavern of Hecate. Another tender topic, was the good fame of Queen Mary, of which, the knight was a most chivalrous

as the glearny pageant of the descendants of Banquo through the cavern of Hecate. Another tender topic, was the good fame of Queen Mary, of which the knight was a most chivalrous assertor, while the exquire impugned it, if spite both of her beauty and misfortunes. When, unhappily, their conversation turned on yet later times, motives of discord occurred in almost every page of history. Oldbuck was upon principle a stanch Presbyterian, a ruling elder of the kirk, and a friend to revolution principles and Protestant succession, while Sir Artbur was the very reverse of all this. They agreed, it is true, in dutiful love and allegiance to the soversign who now fills\* the throne, but this was their only ppint of union. It therefore often happened, that bickerings hot broke out between them, in which Oldbuck was not always able to suppress his caustic humour, while it would sometimes occur to the Baro-met, that the descendant of a German printer, whose sires had "sough the base followable of the good of debate, considering the rank and ancient descent of his antagonist. This, with the old feud of the osach-horses, and the seizure of his manor-place and tower of strength by Mr. Oldbuck's father, would at times rush upon his mind, and inflame at once his cheeks and his arguments. And, lastly, as Mr. Old-buck though his worthy friend and compeer was, in some respects, little better than a fool, he was apt to come more near communicating to him that unfa-veurable opinion, than the rules of modern politeness warrant. In stuck cases, they often parted in deep ' The veds will waterstand that the refus a the reign ef-

The render will understand that this refers to the re

"Bat with the mersing calm rejection came," and as each was sensible that the society of theother had become, through habit, essential to his confort, the broach was speedily made up between them. On such occasions, Oldbuck, considering that the flaro-net's pettishness resembled that of a child, smally showed his superior sense by compassionately making the first advances to reconciliation. But i once or twice happened, that the aristocratic pride of the feelings of the representative of the typographer. In these cases, the breach between these two originals and interposition of the Baronet's daughter, Miss Isabella Wardour, who, with a son, now absentuen foreign and military service, formed his whole sur-Isabella Wardour, who, with a son, now absentupon foreign and military service, formed his whole we-viving family. She was well aware, how necessary Mr. Oldbuck was to her father's amusement and comfort, and seldom failed to interpose with effect, whon the office of a mediator between them was rendered necessary, by the satirical shrewdness of the one, or the assumed superiority of the other. Under Isabella's mild influence, the wrongs of Queen Mary were forgotten by her father, and Mr. Oldbuck forgave the blasphemy which revised the memory of King William. However, as she used in general to take her father's part playfully in these dusputs, though in fact he medemore account of her than any other of her sez, of whom, as we have seen, he we no admirer. no admirer.

There 'existed another connexion betwirt these worthies, which had alternately a repelling and st-tractive influence upon their intimacy. Sir Arthur Workines, which had alternately a repeiling and al-tractive influence upon their intimacy. Sir Arbar always wished to borrow; Mr. Oldbuck was not always wished to be repaid with regularity; Sa Arthur was not always, nor indeed often, prepared to gratify this reasonable desire; and, in accomplishing gratify the remonable desire; and, in accomposing an arrangement between tendencies so opposing little *miffs* would occasionally take place. Sul there was a spirit of mutual accommodation we the whole, and they dragged on like dogs in coupler, with some difficulty and occasional enaring, we without absolutely coming to a stand-still, or three tling each other.

Some little disagreement, such as we have tioned, arising out of business, or politics, had divided the houses of Knock winnock and Monkbarns, when the houses of Knock winnock and Monkharna, whea the consess of Knock winnock and Monkharna, whea the emissary of the latter arrived to discharge his errand. In his ancient Gothic parloar, whose win-dows on one side looked out upon the realises ocean and, on the other, upon the long straight average was the Baronet seated, now turning over the lease of a folio, now casting a weary glance where the sun quivered on the dark-green foliage and same trunks of the large and branching linnes, with with the avenue was planted. At length, sight of the inquiries, Who is it? and what can be his est inquiries, Who is it? and what can be his est maker of periwigs, and left for investigation the second query. This was soon solved by a entering the parlour, --- "A letter from Meeter Sir Arthur."

Sir Arthur took the epistle with a due

of consequential dignity. "Take the old man into the kitchem, a get some refreshment," said the young h compassionate eye had remarked his this

compassionate eye had remarked his thin a and wearied gait. "Mr. Oldbuck, my love, invites us too Tuesday the 17th," salt the Baronet, peue really seems to forget that he has most sa ducted himself so civilly towards me as ma been expected." "Dear sir, you have so many advance ages Mr. Oldbuck, that no wonder it should p hitle out of humour; but I know be has ma for your person and your conversations;

1-

would give him there is and one must allow for the say real attention." "True, true, Isabella ; and one must allow for the grightal descent: something of the German boorish-ness still flows in the blood; something of the whig-gish and perverse opposition to catabilished rank and privilege. You may observe that he never has any advantege of me in dispute, unless when he avails himself of a sort of petillogging intimacy with dates.

"The true, labora; and one must allow for the eriginal descent: something of the German boorish-mess still flows in the blood; something of the whig-ginh and perverse opposition to established rank and privilege. You may observe that he never has any advantage of me in dispute, unless when he avails himself of a sort of pettilogging intimacy with dates mames, and trifting matters of fact, a trescome and frivolous accuracy of memory which is entirely owing to his mechanical descent." "He must find it convenient in historical investi-gation. I should think, air?" said the young lady. "It leads to an uncivil and positive mode of dis-puting; and nothing seems more unreasonable than to hear him inpugn even Bellenden's rare transla-tion of Hector Hooce, which I have the satisfaction to possess, and which is a black-letter folio of great walue, upon the authority of some old scrap of parch-ment which he has saved from its deserved destiny of being cut up into tailors' measures. And, besides, that habit of minute and troublesome accuracy leads to a mercantile manner of doing business, which that habit of minute and troublesome accuracy leads to a mercantile manner of doing business, which ought to be beneath a landed proprietor, whose family has stood two or three generations—I question if there's a dealer's clerk in Fairport that can sum an account of interest better than Monkbarns." "But you'll accept his invitation, sir?" "Why, ye-yes; we have no other engagement on hand, I think. Who can the young man be he taks of? he seldom picks up new sequaintance; and he has no relation that I ever heard of." "Probably some relation of his brother-in-law, Captain M'Intyre." "Very possible; yes, we will accept; the M'In-tyres are of a very ancient Highland family. You may answer his card in the afirmative, Isabella; I believe I have no leisure to be Dear Sirring myself."

believe I have no leisure to be Dear Sirring myself." Bo this important matter being adjusted, Miss Wardour intimated "her own and Sir Arthur's com-pliments, and that they would have the honour of wraiting upon Mr. Oldbuck. Miss Wardour takes this opportunity to renew her hostility with Mr. Old-back, on account of his law long absence from Knock winnock, where his visits give so much plea-mare." With this please she concluded her note, with wrhich old Calon, now refreshed in limbs and wind, are out on his return to the Antiquary's mansion.

#### CHAPTER VL

a. By Woden, God of Saxona, a whence comes Weneday; is a thing that I will over keep Bayike day is which I creep into

#### CARTWRIGHT'S Ordiners.

Over young friend, Lovel, who had received a cor-monding invitation, punctual to the hour of appoint-ter t, arrived at Monkherna about five minutes before arkably saitry, and large drops of rain had been arkably saitry, and large drops of rain had been arkably fallen, though the threatened showers had as d away.

Oldbuck received him at the Palmer's-port in

Chiback received him at the Palmar's-port in the provident of the second state of the second state with all the skill of the veteran Caxon, hereing smelt out the dinner, had takes care not the second state of the second state with all the hour of eating approached. Wow any welcome to my symposion, Mr. Lovel; we let me introduce you to my Clogdogdo's as Otter cells them; my unlucky and good-for-womankind-maile destice, Mr. Lovel; "Ball be disappointed, sir, if I do not find the werry undeserving of your sattre." "They valley, Mr. Lovel, -which, by the way, one is tator derives from sittigilitizers, and another *Lifey-ho-but* tilley-valley. I say, a truce with scine-But here they be, Mr. Lovel. I present are due order, my most discret sizer Grissida, dains the simplicity, as well as patience, an-

Artic, and the lappets the banners. The face, which, like that of the ancient statues of Yesta, was thus crowned with towers, was large and long, and peaked at nose and chin, and bore, in other respecta, such a ludicrous resemblance to the physiognomy of Mr. Jonathan Oldbuck, that Lovel, had they not appeared at once, like Schastian and Viola in the last scene of the "Twelfth Night," might Yiola in the last scene of the "Twelfth Night," might have supposed that the figure before him was his old friend masquerading in female attire. An antique flowered aik gown graced the extraordinary person to whom belonged this unparalleled *tite*, which her brother was wont to say was fitter for a turban for Mahound or Termagant, than a head-gear for a rea-sonable creature, or Christian gentlewoman. Two long and bony arms were terminated at the elbows by triple blond ruffles, and, being folded saltire-ways in front of her person, and decorated with long gloves of a bright vermilion colour, presented no bad resem-blance to a pair of gigantic lobsters. High-heeled shoes, and a short silk cloak, thrown in easy negli-gence over her shoulders, completed the exterior of Miss Griselda Oldbuck.

Mise Griseida Oktouck. Her niece, the same whom Lovel had seen tran-siently during his first visit, was a pretty young wo-man, genteelly dressed according to the fashion of the day, with an air of *espicejterie* which became her very well, and which was perhaps derived from the caustic humour peculiar to her uncle's family, though softened by transmission.

Mr. Level paid his respects to both ladies, and was answered by the elder with the prolonged curtacy of 1760, drawn from the righteous period,

# When folks conceived a gracs Of half an hour's space, And rejoiced is a Friday's capon,

and by the younger with a modern reverence, which, like the festive benediction of a modern divine, was of much shorter duration.

and by the younger with a modern reverence, which, like the festive benediction of a modern divine, was of much shorter duration. While this salutation was exchanging, Sir Arthur, with his fair daughter hanging upon his arm, having diamissed his chariot, appeared at the garden door, and in all due form paid his respects to the ladies. "Sir Arthur," said the Antiquary," and you, my fair foe, let me make known to you my young friend Mr. Lovel, a genteman who, during the scarlet-fever which is epidemic at present in this our island, has the virtue and decency to appear in a cost of a civil complexion. You see, however, that the fashionable colour has mustered in his cheeks which appears not in his garments. Sir Arthur, let me present to you g young gentleman, whom your farther knowledge will find grave, wise, courtly, and scholar-like, well seen, deeply read, and thoroughly grounded, in all the hid-den mysteries of the green-room and stage, from the days of Davie Lindasy down to those of Dibdim-he blushes again, which is a sign of grace." "My brother," said Miss Griselde, addressing Lovel, "has a humorous way of expressing himself, ary nobody thinks any thing of what Monkbarna-says—so I beg you will not be so confused for the matter of his nonsense; but you must have had a warm walk beneath this broiling: sum\_would you take ony thing 7--a glass of balm wine?" "Explevel could answer; the Antiquary interposed. "Arount thee, witch I wouldst thos poison my guests with hy infernal decocitions ? Dost thou nor remem-ber how it fared with the clergyman whom you se-duced to partake of that doccitil boverage?" " Ofy, fy, brother—Sir Arthur, did you ever hoas the like!-he must have every thing his ain way, or he will invent such stories—Hut there goes Jeany to ring the old bell to tell us that the dimerts ready " Rigid in his economy, Mr. Oldbuck kept ne n eith-servant. This he disguised under the pretext that the

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The sets of personal servitude, which, in all early periods of society, were uniformly imposed on the femals.
"Why," would he say, "did the boy, Tom Rintherout, "whom, at my wise sister's instigation, I, with equal wisdom, took upon trial—why did he piller apples; take birds' nests, break glasses, and ultimately steal my spectacles, except that he felt that noble emulation which swells in the bosom of the mesculine sex, which has conducted him to Flanders with a musket on his shoulder, and doubtless will promote him to a glorous halbert, or even to the gallows? And why does this girl, his full sister, Jenny Rintherout, move in the same vocation with safe and noiseless step—shod, or unshod—soft as the pace of a cat, and docle as a spaniel—Why? but because she is in her vocation. Let them minister to us, Sir Arthur,—let them minister, I say,—it's the only thing they are fit for. All ancient legislators, from Lycurgus to Mahommed, corruptly called Mahomel, agree in musket to solve the is only the crazy heads of our old chivalirous ancestors that crected their Dolcineas into despote minesser.

ancestors that crected their Delcineas into despotic princesses." Miss Wardour protested loudly against this ungal-lant doctrine ; but the bell now rung for dinner. "Let me do all the offices of fair courtesy to so fair an antagonist," said the old gentleman, offering bis arn. "I remember, Miss Wardour, Mahommed (wilgarly Mahomet) had some hesitation about the mode of summoning his Moslemah to prayer. He rejected bells as used by Christians, trumpets as the summons of the Guebres, and finally adopted the human voice. I have had equal doubt concerning my dinner-call. Gongs, now in present use, seemed a newfangled and heathenish invention, and the voice of the fomale womankind Irejected as equally mill and distonant ; wherefore, contrary to the said Mahommed, or Mahomet, I have resumed the bell. If has a local proprioty, since it was the conventual signal for spreading the repeat in their refectory, and it has the advantage over the tongue of my sister's prime minister, Jenny, that, though not quite so loud and shill, it ceases ringing the instant you drop the bell-rope ; whereas we know, by sad experience, that any attempt to silence Jenny, only wakes the sympa-thetic, chime of Miss Oldbuck and Mary Mantyre to join in chorus." With this discourse he led the way to his dining

any attempt to silence Jenny, only wakes the sympa-thetic chime of Miss Oldbuck and Mary Muryre to join in chorns." With this discourse he led the way to his dining parlour, which Lovel had not yet seen; it was wain-scotted, and contained some curious paintings. The singing-table was attended by Jenny; but an eld super-intendent, a sort of female butler, stood by the side-baard, and underwent the burden of bearing several reproofs from Mr. Oldbuck, and innuendoes,not so snuch marked, but not less cutting, from his stater. The dinner was such as suited a professed anti-gury, compreheading many sevoury epocimens of Scottish viands, now disused at the tables of those who affect elegance. There was the reliabing Solar goese, whose smell is so powerful that he is never cooked within doors. Blood-raw he preved to be en this occasion, so that Oldbuck half-threatsned to shrow the greesey sea-fowl at the head of the negli-gent housekeper, who acted as pristees in present-ing this odoriferous offaring. But, by greed-hap, ele-had been most forturate in the hoten potent, which was unanimously pr. nounced to be imamisable. "I innew we should succed have," and Oldbuck eralt-machelor like myself,) takes care the rescally worner do not dishonour our vegetables. And here is fash and sauce, and crappit-heads-it gamowiedge our womankind excel in that dish-it procurse then the pleasure of scolding, for half an hour at least, twice a wide, with atld Maggy Mincklebackit, our fish-wise. The chicken-pic, Mr. Lovel, is mode after a scipe bequested to me by my departed grandmother of happy memory-Andif you will venture of a sciller of the measure of King Alphones of Caetils-Old wood of urm seld bocks to read-old wine as drafter a scipe bequested to me by my departed grandmother of happy memory-Andif you will venture of a glaw of o burs when a subscieler of a cold in the secture of a sciller of the measure of King Alphones of Caetils-Old wood of urm seld bocks to read-old wine as drafter a scipe bequested to me by my departed g

"And what news do you bring us from Bin-burgh, Monkbarns?" said Sir Arthur; "how wage the world in Auld Reekie?" "Biad, Sir Arthur, mad-irretrievably frantic-far

"Mad, Sir Arthur, mad-isretrievably frantic-far beyond dipuing in the sea, shaving the crown, at drinking hellebore. The worst sort of frenzy, amil tary frenzy, hath possessed man, woman, and child "And high time, I think." said Mies Wardow, "when we are threatened with invasion from strady, and insurrection at home." "O, I did not doubt you would join the scatter host against me-women, like turkeys, are laway subdued by a red rag-But what says Sir Arthur, whose dreams are of standing armies and Gamay coppression 7"

oppression 7" "Why, I say, Mr. Oldbuck," replied the might, "that, so far as I am capable of judging, we sught "that, so far as I am capable of indgring, we suffit to resist curn toto corpore regni,—as the phase is, unless I have altogether forgotten my Laim—an enemy who comes to propose to us a Whiggish soft of government, a republican system, and who is aided and abetted by a sort of fanatics of the word kind in our own bowels. I have taken some met-sures, I assure you, such as become my rank in the community; for I have directed the constables is take up that old scoendrelly begger, Edie Ochimtes, for spreading disaffection against church and state through the whole parish. He said planly to old Cazon, that Willie Howie's Kilmannock cowl co-vered more sense than all the three wigs in the parish—I think it is easy to make out that unuendo

Survey of the sense than all the three wigs in the parish-I think it is easy to make out that inneado -But the rogue shall be taught better manners." "O no, my dear sir," exclaimed Miss Wardon, "not ald Edie, that we have known so long-I source you no constable shall have my good graces that executes such a warrant." "Ay, there it goos," said the Antiquary: "you, to be a stanch Tory, Sir Arthur, have nourched a two sprig of Whiggery in your bosom-Way, Miss War-dour is alone sufficient to control a whole quarter-session-a quarter-session? ay, a general use the or convocation to boot-a Boadices, sho-an Ame-zon, a Zenobia." zon, a Zenobia.

And yet, with all my courage, Mr. Oldbuck, I

"And yet, with all my courage, Mr. Oldbuck, 1 glad to hear our people are getting under areas." "Under arms, Lord love these the data these every the history of Sister Margaret, which flowed from head, thet, though now old and somedele gray, he more sense and political intelligence than your now-a-days in a whole synod? Doet these remove more sense and political attelligence than you due now-a-days in a whole synol? Doet then remem-ber the Nurse's dream in that exquisite work, which she recounts in such agony to Hubble Bubble?-When she would have taken up a pieced broakcloth in her vision, lo ! it exploded like a great iron can-non; when she put out her hand in are a pra. it perked up is her face in the form of a pixed. My own vision in Edinburgh has been something similar. I called to oment any lawyer; he was dream in a degoon's dress, belted and casqued, and the in a degoon's dress, belted and casqued, and the door -I went to scold my security of having same to advise with a medisan; he had stack inter-ded between his fingters, and figured as an and officer. My mercer had his spontoon in his at he measured his cloth by that immediate determine the scole by that immediate definer. My mercer had his spontoon in his at a do a legitimate yand. The Bannierts determine the measured his cloth by that immediate determine the and sent for a support determine the measured his about the support determine the measured his cloth by that immediate determine the measured his cloth by the support determine the measured his support as the support determine the measured his support as a support determine the measured his support as a support.

He came but valour so had first his care and such a fakthion stituerd as this things That, by the gods, with such a lead as fast I flought be came to murder, -not to has

I had sensure to a physician, but he at tising a more wholesmic made af es-that which his profession had been an times to open to him. And news emighted have caught the same within homour, likes hurt wild-duck - i detest a drawn in the shurt wild-duck - i detest a drawn nd they shunder and zattle, or

in a

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## eva's common, so that easy volley and roll goes

"Dear brother, dinna speak that gate o' the gen-temen volunteer-lam sure they have a most be-coming uniform.-Weel I woi they have been wet to the very skin twice last week-1 met them marchus very skin (Wice tast week—I met them march-ing in terribly doukit, an mony a sair hoast was mang them.-And the trouble they take, I am sure it claims our gratitude." "And I am sure," said Miss M'Entyre, "that my field sent twenty guines to help out their equip-ment,"

"It was to buy liquorice and sugar-candy," said the cynic, "to encourage the trade of the place, and to refresh the throats of the officers who had bawled themselves hoarse in the service of their country." "Take care, Monkbarset we shall set you down among the black-nebs by and by." "No, Sir Arthur, a tame grumbler I. I only claim the privilege of creaking in my own corser here, without uniting my throat to the grand chorus of the marsh-Ni quito Roy, ni pongo Roy-I neither make king nor mar king, as Sancho saya, but pray heartly for our ewn sovereign, pay soot and hot, and grumble at the exciseman-but here comes the ewo-milk cheese in good time; it is a better digestive chan politics."

than policios." When dimmer was over, and the desanters placed or the table, Mr. Oldbuck proposed the King's health in a bumper, which was readily acceded to both by Lowel and the Barenet, the Jacobitism of the latter being mow a sort of speculative opinion merely,— the madow of a shade. After the ladice had left the apartment, the land-ford and Sir Arthur entered into several exquisits, discussions, in which the younger gaest, either on account of the abatrume erudium which they in-action for some other reason, took but a slender charm, till at length he was suddenly started out of a secount revene by an unapped appeal to hisjudg-ment.

"I will stand by what Mr. Lovel says: he was from is the north of England, and may know the "ery spot." Sir Arthur thought it unlikely that so young a

Sir Arthur thought it unlikely that so young a gentleman should have paid much attention to mat-

"I am advised of the contrary," said Oldbuck.-"How say you, Mr. Lovel ?-speak up, for your own wedit man."

eredit, man." Lovel was obliged to confess himself in the ridi-culsus situation of one, alike ignorant of the sub-ject of conversation and controversy which had engaged the company for an hour. "Lord help the lad, his head has been wool-gather-ing!-I thought how it would be when the woman-kind were admitted—no getting a word of sense out of a young fellow for six hours after. Why, man, there was once a people called the Piks" "More properly Picts," interrupted the Baronet. "I say the Pikar, Pihar, Pionet, Piughter, or Poughtor," vociferated Oldbuck; "they spoke a Gothic dialect" "Genuine Celtic," again asseverated the knight.

"Genuine Celtic," again asseverated the knight. "Gothic ! Gothic, I'll go to death upon it !" coun-

"Amerowanted the squire." "Why, gentlemen," said Lovel, "I conceive that is a dispute which may be easily settled, by philologists, if there are any remains of the language."

"There is but one word," said the Barnnet, "but, in epite of Mr. Oldbuck's pertinacity, it is declaive of the 4100.33

"Yes, in my favour," said Oldback: "Mr. Lovel, you tall be judge--I have the learned Pinkerton on my side."

"I, on mine, the indefativable and crudits Chalmers." "Gordon comes into my opinion."

"Sir Robert Sibbald holds mine."

"Innes is with me!" vociferated Oldbuck. "Ritson has no doubt !'' should the Baron

"Truky, gentlemon," said Lovel, "before you mi ster Ir forces and overwhelm me with anthoritic n. I should ar the word in dispute." L 2 K » to icea

Vor IL

"Bennel," unid both the deputance at ence. "Which signifies caput ralk," said Sir Arthur "The head of the wall," enhoed Oldbuck. There was a deep pause.—"It is rather a nare

There was a deep pause.-"It is rather a narrow foundation to build a hypothesis upon," observed the

"Not a whil, not a whit," said Oldbuck; "mea mile for a home-thrust."

fight best in a sarrow ing an inch is as good as a mile for a home-thrust." "It is decidely Celic." said the Baronet; "every hill in the Highlands begins with Ben." "But what say you to Vel, Sir Arthur-is it ast decidedly the Sakos woll?" "It is the Roman sekira." said Sir Arthur, is it set Picts borrowed that part of the word." "No such thing; if they borrowed any thing, it must have been your Bos, which they might have from the neighbouring Britons of Strath Cluyd." "The Pike, or Picts." said Lovel. "must have been singularly poor in disect, since, in the only remaining word of their vocabulary, and that consisting sail of two splitches, they have been confessedly obliged to borrow one of them from mother language; and methinka, gentlemen, with submission, the contro-versy is not unlike that which the two kaichts fought, concerning the shield that had one saids which and the other black. Each of you claim one-half of the west, and seem to string the chied the language which has defl auch alight vestiges behind it." "You are in an error," said Sir Arthur, "it was a copious language, and they were a great and powerful people-built two steeples; one at Breachin, one a state Pictularram." "A childiah legend," said Oldbuck, "invented to

Abernetny. The Flotush maidens of the block-signi-were kept in Edinburgh Castle, thence called Castram Puellarerm." "A childish legend," said Oldbuck, "invented to give consequence to trunpery womankind. At was called the Maiden Castle, quasi licus a non-incessed because it resisted every attack, and woman nemer do." "There is a list of the Pictish kings," persisted fir Arthur, "well authenticated, from Creathenniwech-cryme (the date of whose reign is gomewhat uncertain) down to Drusterstone, whose death concluded their dynasty. Half of them have the Celuc patronymic Mac prefixed-Mac, id est films-what do you say to that, Mr. Oldbuck ? Then is Drust Macmorachin, Trynel Maciachlin, (first of that ancient clan, es it may be judged,) and Gormach Mactonald, Alpin Mac-metegus, Drust Mactallargam, (here he was interrupted by a ht of coughing,) uga, ugh, ugh-Golarge Macchan -ugh, -ugh,-Macchanan-ugh-Macchanala-Kan-neth-ugh,-ugh,-Macferodth, Eachan MacLungus, and twenty more, decidedly Celic names, which I could repeat, if this damnad cough would let me." "Take a glass of wing. Sir Arthur, and drink down

couid repeat, it this damned cough would let me." "Take a glass of wine, Sir Arthur, and drink down that bead-roll of unbaptised jargon, that would choke the devil—why, that last fellow has the only intelligi-ble name you have repeated—they are all of the inbe of Macfungus—musbroom monarchs.every one of them; sprung up from the fumes of conceit, tolly, and falschood, fermenting in the brains of some mad High-load accouncies.

"I am surprised to hear you, Mr. Oldbuck; you indexended for method with the list of these poten-tates was copied, by Henry Maule of Melgum, from the Chronicles of Loch-Leven and Saint Andrews, and put forth by him in his short but satiafactory history of the Picts, printed by Robert Freebairn of Edinburgh, and sold by him at his short but satiafactory history of the year of God seventeen hundred and five, or six, I am not precisely certain which-but I have a copy at home that stands next to my twelvemo copy of the Scots Acts, and ranges on the shelf with them very well--What say you to that, Mr. Oldbuck?" "Say? Why, I laugh at Harry Maule and his his-tory," answered Oldbuck, "and thereby comp' with his request, of giving it entertainment according to its "merita."

"Do not laugh at a better man than yourself," said

Sir Arthur, somewhat scornfully. "I do not conceive I do, Sir Arthur, in Langhing either at him or his history."

"Henry Maule of Melgum was a gentleman, Mr."

"Henry Manle of Melgum was a gentleman, Mr?" Oldbuck." "I presume he had no advantage of me in that particular," replied the Antiquary, somewhat tarly. "Permit me, Mr. Oldbuck—he was a gentleman of high family, and ancient descent, and therefore"— "The descendant of a Westphalian printer should speak of him with deference?—Such may be your opinion, Sir Arthur—it is not mine. I conceive that my descent from that painful and industrious typogra-pher, Wolfbrand Oldenbuck, who, in the month of December, 1493, under the patronage, as the colophon tells us, of Sebaldus Scheyter and Sebastian Kam-mermauster, accomplished the printing of the great Chronicle of Nurmeberg—I conceive, I say, that my descent from that great restorer of learning is more ereditable to me as a man of letters, than if I had numbered in my genealogy all the brawling, bullet-beded, iron-fisted, old Gothic barons since the days of Crentheminachtryme-mot one of whom, I suppose, could write his own name." "If you mean the observation as a sneer at my ancestry," said the knight, with an assumption of dignified superiority and composure, "I have the pleasure to inform you, that the name of my ancestor, Gamelyn de Guardover, Miles, is written fairly with his own haud in the earliest copy of the Rag-man-roll." "Which only serves to show that he was ene of the starliest who set the mean example of submitting to Edward I. What have you to say for the stainless loyalty of your family, Sir Arthur, after such a back-sting as that?" "It's enough, sir," said Sir Arthur, starting up fibre take care how I honour with my company, one who shows himself so ungrateful for my condecen-tion."

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sion." "In that you will do as you find most agreeable, Sir Arthur; I hope, that, as I was not aware of the extent of the obligation which you have done me, by visiting my por house, I may be excused for not having carried my gratitude to the extent of servility." "Mighty well—mighty well, Mr. Oldbuck—I wish you a good evening." Out of the parlour door flounced the incensed Sir Arthur, as if the spirit of the whole Round Table inflamed his single bogom, and traversed with long strides the labyrinth of passages which conducted to the drawing-room.

Innamed his single bogon, and traversed with long strides the labyrinth of passages which conducted to the drawing-room. "Did you ever hear such an old tup-headed ass?" said Oldbuck, briefly apostrophixing Lovel; "but I must not let him go in this mad-like way neither." So saying, he pushed off after the retreating Ba-ronet, whom he traced by the clang of several doors which he opened in search of the apartment for tea, and alammed with force behind him at every disap-pointment. "You'll do yourself a mischief," roared the Antiquary; "Qui ambulat in tenebris, needit quo wadit—You'll tumble down the back stair." Sir Arthur had now got involved in darkness, of which the sedative effect is well known to nurse and governesses who have to deal with petush children. It retarded the pace of the irritated Baronet, if it did not abate his resentment, and Mr. Oldbuck, better acquainted with the locade, got up with him as he had got his grasp upon the handle of the drawing-room door. "Stay a minuta, Sir Arthur," said Oldbuck, oppos-

door. "Stay a minute, Sir Arthur," said Oldbuck, oppos-ing his abrupt entrance; "don't be quite so hasty, my good old friend-I was a little too rude with you about Sir Gamelyn-why, he is an old acquaintance of mine, man, and a favourite-be kept company with Bruce and Wallace-and, I'll be sworn on a black-letter Bible, only subscribed the Rag-man-roll with the legitimate and justifiable intention of circumventing the false Southern-'twas right Scottish craft, my good knight-hundreds did it-come, come, forget and forgive-confeas we have given the young fellow here a right to think us two testy old fools." "Speak for yourself, Mr. Jonathan Oldbuck," said Sir Arthur, with much majesty. "A-well, s-well-a wilful man must have his way." With that the door opened, and into the drawing-

room marched the tail gaunt form of Sir Arthur, fal-lowed by Lovel and Mr. Oklbuck, the countenance of all three a little discomposed.

all three a little discomposed. "I have been waiting for you, sir," said Miss War-dour, "to propose we should walk forward to meet the carriage, as the evening is so fine." Sir Arthur readily assented to this proposal, which suited the angry mood in which he found haself; and having, agreeably to the established custom in cases of pet, refused the refreshment of tea and coffes, he tucked his daughter under his arm; and, after taking a ceremonious leave of the ladies, and a very dry one of Oldbuck---offhe marched.

taking a ceremonious leave of the ladies, and a very dry one of Oldbuck.—ofthe marched. "I think Sir Arthur has got the black dog on his back again," sold Miss Oldbuck. "Black dog !-black devil :-he's more absurd than womankind—What say you, Lovel ?-Why, the had's

"He took his leave, nncle, while Miss Wardour "He took his leave, nncle, while Miss Wardour was putting on her things; but I don't think yea observed him."

"The devil's in the people! This is all one gets by fussing and bustling, and putting one's self out of one's way in order to give dinners, besides all the charges they are put to.-O Seged, Emperor of charges they are put to.-O Seged, Emperor of Ethiopia!" said he, taking up a cup of tea in the one hand, and a volume of the Rambler in the other, -for it was his regular custom to read while he was eating or drinking in presence of his sister, being a practice which served at once to evince his contempt for the society of womankind, and his resolution to lose no moment of instruction,-"0 Seged, Emperor of Ethiopia 1 well hast thou motion -No man should presume to say, This shall be a day of hannineae."

-No man should presume to say, This shall be a say of happiness." Oldbuck proceeded in his studies for the best part of an hour, uninterrupted by the ladies, who each, in profound silence, pursued some female employ-ment. At length, a light and modest tap was heard at the parlour door. "Is that you, Canon?-come in, come in, man." The old man opened the door, and, thrasting in his meager face, thatched with thin gray lock, and one sleeve of his white coat, said in a subdued and mysterious tone of zoice, "I was wanting to most to you sir."

have got to say." "I'll maybe frighten the ladies," said the ex

friseur. "Frighten !" answered the Antiquary, "What do you mean ?-never mind the ladies. Have you seen

you mean 7-never mind the radies. Flaw you want another ghaist at the Humlock-know?" "Na, sir; it's no a ghaist this turn," replied Caros "but I'm no easy in my mind." "Did you ever hear of any body that was?" an-swered Oldbuck; " what reason has an old battered meander will like you to be assy in your mind me

swered Uldouck; "what reason has an old batter powder-puff like you to be easy in your mind, mu than all the rest of the world besides?" "It's no for mysell, sir; but it threatens an av night; and Sir Arthur, and Miss Wardow, pu

"It's no for mysen, sur; out it is the wardow, p night; and Sir Arthur, and Miss Wardow, p "Why, man, they must have met the carriage the head of the loaning, or thereabouts; they m be home long ago." "Na, sir; they didna gang the road by the met the carriage, they gaed by the same "the word operated like electricity on Oh "The word operated like electricity on Oh "The word operated like electricity on Oh "The sands!" he exclaimed; "impossible? "Ou, sir, that's what I said to the gardeary he says he saw them turn down by the Hessen -in troth, says I to him, an that be the case, of I am miscloubling"— "An almanack! an almanack!" said Of starting up in great alarm—"not that finging away a little pocket almanack was inece offered him—" Great God I my poor the Isabella!—Fetch me instantly the Fairpart' nack."—It was brought, consulted, and addea to his agitation. "I'll go myself-call the and ploughman—bid them bring ropes and —bid them raise more help as they come also the top of the cliffs, and halloo down to the go myself."

and Miss M'Intyre. "The tide !--the tide !" answered the alarmed

Antiquary. "Had not Jenny better-but no, I'll run myself," said the younger lady, partaking in all her uncle's terrore-"I'll run myself to Saunders Mucklebackit, and make hig get out his boat." "Thank you, my dear that's the wisest word that

"Thank you, my dear, that's the wisest word that bas been spoken yet-run! Togo by the sands?" seizing his hat and cane; "was there ever such madness heard of ?"

#### CHAPTER VII.

Pleased awhile to view The watery waste, the prospect wild and new; The wave regeling waters give them space, On estime sets, the growing shores to trace ; And then, marring, they contract the scene, Till small and smaller grows the walk between.

#### CRABBE

THE information of Davie Dibble, which had spread such general alarm at Monkbarns, proved to be strictly correct. Sir Arthur and his daughter had net out, according to their first proposal, to return to Knock winnock by the turnpike road; but, when they reached the head of the loaning, as it was called, or great lane, which on one side made a sort of avenue to the house of Monkbarns, they discerned a little way before them, Lovel, who seemed to linger on the way as if to give him an opportunity to join them. Miss Wardour immediately proposed to her father that they should take another direction; and, as the weather was fine, walk home by the sands, afforded at almost all times a pleasanter passage between Knockwinnock and Monkbarns than the high-road, be strictly correct. Sir Arthur and his daughter had

bytween Knockwinnock and Monkbarns than the high-road. Bir Arthur acquiesced willingly. "It would be mmpleasant," he said, "to be joined by that young fellow, whom Mr. Oldbuck had taken the freedom to introduce them to.". And his old-fashioned polite-mess had none of the ease of the present day, which permits you, if you have a mind, to cut the person you have associated with for a week, the instant your feel or suppose yourself in a situation which makes it disagreeable to own him. a Sir Arthur ownly stipulated, that a little ragged boy, for the guer-dorn of one penny sterling, should run to meet his comechman, and turn his equipage back to Knock-

coachman, and turn his equipage back to Knock-wignnock. When this was arranged, and the emissary dis-patched, the knight and his daughter left the high-road, and following a wandering path among sandy hillocks, partly grown over with furze and the long grass called bent, soon attained the side of the ocean. The tide was by no means so far out as they had corraputed; but this gave them no alarm; there were when the cliffs as not to leave a dry passage. But, grower the cliffs as not to leave a dry passage. But, the ordinary flood was accelerated by high winds, the road was altogether covered by the sea; and back is road was altogether covered by the sea; and back is not on such occasions. Still, such dan happened on such occasions. Still, such dan-were considered as remote and improbable; and er served, with other legends, to amuse the ham-frende, than to prevent any one from going seen Knockwintnock and Monkbarns by the ds.

Sir Arthur and Miss Wardour paced along, oying the pleasant footing afforded by the cool ist hard sand, Miss Wardour could not help or ng, that the last tide had risen considerably or the users water and the state of the terms of terms of the terms of the terms of the terms of to be alarmed at the circumstance. The move of the second second

"What is the matter?" inquired Miss Oldbuck | dying splendour gave a somble magnificence to the uping spiencous gave a somote magnineeroe to the massive congregation of vapours, forming out of their unsubstantial gloom, the show of pyramids and towers, some touched with gold, some with pur-ple, some with a bue of deep and dark red. The distant sea, stretched beneath this varied and gor-geous cancey, is y almost portentously still, reflecting back the dazzling and level beams of the descending uppings and the sciencid colonies of the descending Juminary, and the splendic colouring of the clouds amidst which he was setting. Nearer to the beach, the tide rippled onward in waves of sparking silver, that imperceptibly, yet rapidly, gained upon thesand. With a mind employed in admiration of the roman-

With a mind employed in admiration of the roman-tic scene, or peshaps on some more agitating topic, Miss Wardour advanced in silence by her father's side, whose recently offended dignity did not stoop to open any conversation. Following the windings of the beach, they passed one projecting point or headland of rock after another, and now found the mean under a huge and continued extent of the beach, they passed other, and now found themselves under a huge and continued extent of the precipices by which that iron-bound coast is in most places deicnded. Long projecting reefs of rock, extending under water, and only evincing their existence by here and there a peak entirely bare, or by the breakers which foamed over those that were partially covered, rendered Knockwinnock bay dreaded by pilots and ship-masters. The crags which rose between the beach and the meinland, to the height of two or three hundred feet, afforded in their crevices shelter for unnumbered see-fowl, in aituations seemingly secured by their dizzy height from the rapacity of man. Many of these wild tribes, with the instinct which sends them to seek from the rapacity of man. Many of these wild tribes, with the instinct which sends them to seek the fand before a storm arises, were now winging towards their nests with the shrill and dissonant clang which announces disquietude and fear. The disk of the sun became almost totally obscured ere he had altogether sunk below the horizon, and an early and lurid shade of darkness blotted the sereno twilight of a summer evening. The wind began next to arise; but its wild and moaning sound was heard for some time, and its affects became visible on the bosom of the sea, before the gale was feit on shors. The mass of waters, now dark and threatening, began to lift itself in larger ridges, and sink in deeper furrows, forming waves that rose high in fogm upon the breakers, or burst upon the beach with a sound resembling distant thunder. Appalled by this sudden change of weather, Miss Wardour drew close to her father, and held his arm fast. "I wish," at length she said, but almost in a whisper, as if ashemed to express her increasing sporchensions, "I wish we had kept the road we intended, or waited at Monkharns for the carrisge." Sir Arthur looked round, but did no tsee, or would not acknowledge, any signs of an immediate storm. They would reach knock winnock, he said, slong. They wore now near the centre of a deep but nar-row hay, or receas, formed by two projecting capes of high and inaccessible rock, which shot out into the sea like the horns of a creacent; and neither durst communicate the apprehension which each

row bay, or recess, formed by two projecting capes of high and inaccessible rock, which shot out into the sea like the horns of a crescent; and neither durst communicate the apprehension which each began to chiertain, that, from the unusually rapid advance of the tide, they might be deprived of the power of proceeding by doubling the promontory which lay before them, or of retreating by the road which brought them thither. -As they thus pressed forward, longing doubtless to exchange the easy curving line, which the sinuo-sities of the bay compelled them to adopt, for a straighter and more expeditious path, though less conformable to the line of beauty, Sir Arthur ob-served a human figure on the beach advancing to meet them. "Thank God," he exclaimed, "we shall get round Halket-head I that person must have pass-ed it," thus giving vent to the feeling of hope, though he had suppressed that of apprehension. "Thank God indeed!" echoed his daughter, half which she strongly fait.

The figure which advanced to meet them made higher on the iss any signs, which the haze of the atmosphere, now it. Each minite many signs, which the haze of the atmosphere, now disturbed by wind and by a drizzling ram, prevented them from seeing or comprehending distinctly. Some time before they met. Sir Arthur could recog-nise the old blue-gowned beggar. Edie Ochiltree. It is said that even the brute creation lay aside their animosities and antipathies when pressed by an instant and common danger. The beach under Hal-ket-head, rapidly diminishing in extent by the en-creachymets of a prime tide and a porth-wave wind creachments of a spring-tide and a north-west wind, was in like manner a neutral field, where even a jus-tice of peace and a strolling mendicant might meet

"Turn back ! turn back !" exclaimed the vagrant ; "Turn back ! turn back !" exclaimed the vagrant ; "why did ye not turn when I waved to you ?" "We thought "replied Sir Arthur, in great agi-tation," we thought we could get round Halkettation head

bead.". "Halket-head! The tide will be running on Hal-ket-head, by this time, like the Fall of Fyers! It was a' I could do to get round it twenty minutes since-it was coming in three feet abreast. We will maybe get back by Bally-burgh Ness Point yet. The Lord help us, it's our only chance. We can but try."

wat. The Lord help us, it's our our, ean but try?" "My God, my child ?"---"My father, my dear fa-ther ?" acclaimed the parent and deughter, as, fear leading them strength and speed, they turned to re-

ther!" exclaimed the parent and deughter, as isai leading them strength and speed, they turned to re-trace their steps, and endeavoured to double the point, the projection of which formed the southern extremity of the bay. "I heard ye ware here, frac the bit callent ye sent to meet your carriage," said the begger, as he trudg-ed stoutly on a step or two behind Miss Wardour, "and I couldna bide to think o' the dainty young leddy's peril, that has aye been kind to ilka forlorn heart that cam near her. See I lookit at the lift and the rin o' the tide, till I settled it that if I could get down time enough to give you warning, we wad do weel yet. But I doubt, I doubt, I have been be-guiled! for what mortal se ever saw sic a race as the tide is riming e'an now? See, yonder's the Batton's Skerry-he aye held his neb abune the water in my day-but he's aneath it now." Sir Arthur cast a look in the direction in which the old man pointed. 'A huge rock, which in gene-ral, even in spring-tides, displayed a hulk like the keel of a large vessel, was now quite under water, and is place orly indicated by the boiling and break-ing of the eddying waves which encountered its sub-marine registance.

marine revistance. "Mak haste, mak haste, my bonny leddy," conti-rued the old man, "mak haste, and we may do yet! Take haud o' my arm—an suld and frail arm it's

Take haud o' my arm-ma suld and we may do jet. Take haud o' my arm-ma suld and fail arm it's now, but it's been in as sair stress as this is yet. Take haud o' my arm, my winsome leddy! D'ye see yon wer black speck amang the wallowing waves yonder? This morning it was as high as the mast o' a brig-it's sma' eneugh now-but, while I see as muckle black about it as the crown o' my hat, I winna believe but we'll get round the Bally-burgh Ness, for a' that's come and gane yet." Isabella, in silence, accepted from the old man the assistance which Sir Arthur was less able to afford her. "The waves had now encroached so much upon the beach, that the firm and smooth footing which they had bitherto had on the sand must be exchanged for a rougher path close to the foot of the preci-pice, and in some places even raised upon its lower ledges. It would have been utterly impossible for their way along these shilves without the guidance their way along these shelves without the guidance and encouragement of the beggar, who had been

and encouragement of the begger, who had been there before in high tides, though never, he acknow-sedged, "in see awsome a night as this." It was indeed a dreadill evening. The howling et ine storm minuted with the shricks of the sea-towl, and sounded like the dires of the three devoted beings, who, pent between two of the most mage tiffernt, yet most dreadful objects of nature a ra-ging tide and an insurmountable precisive-toiled along their painful and dangerous path, often lashed by the spray of some giant billow, which threw itself

higher on the inset than those that had present it. Each minute did their enemy gain ground ar-ceptibly upon them ! Still, however, loath to rein quish the last hopes of life, they bent their even the black rock peinted out by Ochiltree. It was yo distinctly visible among the breakers, and continued The pract rock perifica out by confirted. If ways distinctly visible among the breakers, and continued to be so, until they came to a turn in their precision path, where an intervening projection of red hei it from their sight. Deprived of the view of the beston on which they had relied, they now experiment the double agony of terror and suppense. They stragged forward, however; but, when they arrived at the point from which they ought to have seen the cag it was no longer visible. The signal of safety was lost mong a thousand white breakers, which, dashing upon the point of the promontory, rose in prodigious steets of emowy form, as high as the mast of a first nis man-of-war, against the dark brow of the precisies. The countenance of the old man fell. Instein gree, a faint shriek, and, "God have mercy upon w!" which her guide solemnly uttered, was pricently echoed by Sir Arthur—"My child 1 my child—to the such a death ?" "My father! my dear father ?" his designer have

echoed by Sir Arthur-"My child! my child!-to de such a death ?" "My father! my dear father ?" his daughter ec-claimed, clinging to him, -- "and you too, who have lest your own hife in endeavourney to suresure!" "That's not worth the counting." suid the old math. "I had lived to be weary o' life; and have or yop-der-at the back o' a dike, in a wreath o' sure, d' a gabertunzie dies?" "Good man," said Sir Arthur, " can you think of nothing ?- of no help ?--I'll make you risk-I'll gw Oor riches will be soon equal," said the bagan, looking out upon the strife of the water-"flay su sae already; for i has nac land, and you would gw your fair bounds and bayony for a square-star with that would be dry for twal hours."

yper that booms and currently for a spentry year with that would be dry for twal hours." While they exchanged these words, they par upon the highest ledge of rock to which they as attain; for it sterned that any further attempt more forward could only serve to affitiones to show progress of the raging element, somethin the situation of the martyrs of the early charact, to exposed by heathen tyrants to be slain by wild be were compelled for a time to winness the inputs and rage by which the animals were agritand, we waiting the signal for undoing their grates, it letting them loose upon the victims. Yet even this farful pause gave Isabells time collect the powers of a mind naturally strong a courageous, and which rallied itself at this term juncture. "Must we yield life," she said, "withous struggle? Is there no path, however drading which we could climb the erag, or at least attain a height above the tide, where we could remain morning, or till help comes? They must be st of our situation, and will raise the county to su us."

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us." Sir Arthur, who heard, but scarcely compress his daughter's question, turned, nevertheless, in ively and eagerly to the old man, as if their first in his gift. Ochiltree paused, "I was a bauke man," he said, "ance in my life, and moor 3 wake's and lungie's nest has I harried up anot very black rocks; but it's lang, lang syn mortal could speel them without a rope--mortal could speet them without a rope-ane, my ee-sight, and my footstep, and i grip, hac a' failed mony a day sinsyne and could I save you?-but there was a path theugh maybe, if we could see it, ye woo bide where we are His name be praised if though maybe, if we could see it, ye would bide where we are—His name be praised !" lated suddenly, "there's ane coming down e'en now !!"—Then, exaiting his voice, its the to the daring adventurer such instruction farmer practice, and the remembrance of cumstances, suddenly forced upon his Insind-right—ye're right—that gate, that gate 1— rope weel round Crummie's-horn, that's it black stane—cast twa plies round it—that's it weize yoursell a wee easel-ward—a wee mu that ither stane—we ca'd it the Cat's-lug-we

to in the root of an aik-tree there-that will do !to be the root o' an aik-tree there—that will do l-camp now, lad—can'ny now—tak tent and tak time— Lord bless ye, tak time.—Vera weel!—Now ye meun get to Bessy's Apron, that's the muckle braid flat blue state—and then, I think, wi' your help and the tow there here, I'll win at ye, and then we'll be able to get up the young leddy and Sir Arthur." The adventurer, following the directions of old Kais, flang him down the end of the rope, which he second around Miss Wardour, wrapping her pre-isonable in his own blue gover to newserve her as much

secured around Miss Wardour, when the top, which he resured around Miss Wardour, when top, which he as possible from injury. Then, availing himself of the rope, which was made fast at the other end, he began to ascend the face of the crag—a most preca-nous and dizzy undertaking, which, however, after one or two perilous escapes, placed him, safe on the broad flat stone beside our friend Lovel. Their joint strangth was able to raise Isabella to the place of safety which they had attained. Lovel then descended in order to assist Sir Arthur, around whom he adjusted the rope; and again mounting to their place of rafes, with the assistance of old Ochiltree, and such aid as Sir Arthur himself could afford, he raised him beyond the reach of the billows.

The sense of reprive from approaching and appa-remely, inevitable death, had its usual effect. The fasher and daughter threw themselves into each other's arms, kiesed and wept for joy, although their ethers arms, kneed and wept for joy, although their assape was connected with the prospect of passing a temposituous night upon a precipitous ledge of rock, which scares afforded footing for the four shivering beings, who now, like the sca-fowl around them, plung there in hopes of some shelter from the devour-ing element which raged beneath. The spray of the beingwe, which attained in fearful succession the foot of the priming overflowing the baseh on which they the practice, overflowing the beach on which they intervises stood, flew as high as their place of tempo-pressinge; and the stanning sound with which they raty refuge; and the stanning sound with which they defined against the rocks beneath, seemed as if they mill demanded the fagitives in acconts of thunder as fusion destined prov. It was a summer night doubt-bergy yet the probability was slender, that a frame so believance as that of Miss Wardour should survive till porning the dreinching of the spray; and the dashing of the rain, which now burst in full-violence, accom-maniced with deep and havy gusts of wind, added to be constrained and perilous circumstances of their items for. eion.

e lassie the pair sweet lassie," said the old "mony such a night have I weathered at hame roud, but, God guide us, how can she ever The la nen; "mony so and abroad, bu rim through it?"

His apprehension was communicated in smothered This apprenension was communicated in smothered Easts to Lovel; for, with the sort of free-masonry which bold and ready spirits correspond in mo-easts of danger, and become almost instinctively the such other, they had established a mutual statistication of the second statistication of the second statistication of the second statistication second statis

"I'm timb up, and call for more assistance." Do so, do so, for heaven's sake ?" said Sir Arthur errin." Are yw und ?" said the mendicant; "Francie o' where a surface of the same of the same of the same and the same of the was the bast craigamen that is the data of the was the bast craigamen that is the Dunbuy of Steines, ) wadna has ventured in the Hasket-head craiga after sun-down-It's a same, and a great wonder benkes, that ye are the more, and a great wonder benkes, that ye are the more, and a great wonder benkes, that ye are the more in the source of the same of the same is the same of the troaring sea wi what ye has the same of the troaring sea wi what ye has the same of the troaring sea wi what ye has the same of the troaring sea wi what ye has the same of the troaring sea wi what ye has the same weather, in the youngest and yablest of the same weather, in the youngest and yablest of the same weather, in the youngest and yablest of the same weather, in the youngest and yablest of the same weather, in the youngest and yablest of the same weather in the to see them quie well-I am the same weather is a same dewn, and there is the same of the to see them quie well-I am the same we fit to sate them quie well-I am the same weather the same to be desman a "if we gaug, I'll gaug too; for between the a weath has main thes weath energh to get to be of the heagh."

"No, no-stay you here and attend to Miss War-dour-you see Sir Arthur is quite exhausted." "Stay yourseli then, and Fil gae," said the old man; "let death spare the green corn and take the

"Stay both of you, I charge you," said Isabella, faintly, "I am well, and can spend the night very well here—I feel quite refreshed." So saying, her voice failed her—she sunk down, and would have fallen from the crag, had she not been supported by Lovel and Ochiltree who placed her in a posture half Lover and versions, beside her father, who, ex-hausted by fatigue of body and mind so extreme and unusual, had already sat down on a stone in a sort of stupor.

"It is impossible to leave them," said Lovel-"What is to be done ?-Hark ! hark !-Did I not hear a halloo?

"The skriegh of a Tammie Norie," answered Ochil-tree, "I ken the skirl weel." "No, by Heaven," replied Lovel, "it was a human

voice

A distant hail was repeated, the sound plainly dis-tinguishable among the various elemental noises, and the clang of the sea-mews by which they were sur-rounded. The mendicant and Lovel exerted their voices in a loud halloo, the former waving Miss Warvoices in a loud halloo, the former waving Miss War-dour's handkerchief on the end of his staff to make them compicuous from above. Though the shouts were repeated, it was some time before they were in exact response to their own, leaving the unfortunate sufferers uncertain whether, in the darkening twilight and increasing storm, they had made the persons who to bring them assistance, sensible of the precipice to bring them assistance, sensible of the place in which they had found refuge. At length their halloo was regularly and distinctly answered, and their ceurage confirmed, by the assurance that they were within hearing, if not within reach, of finendly as-sistance. metince.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

There is a cliff, whose high and bending head Looks fearfully on the confined deep; Bring me bat to the very brim of it, And I'll repair the misery thou dost bear.

King Lear.

The shout of human voices from above was soon augmented, and the gleam of torches mingled with those lights of evening which still remained amidst the darkness of the storm. Some attempt was made to hold communication between the assistants above, and the sufferers beneath, who were still clinging to their precarious place of safety; but the howling of the tempest limited their intercourse to cries, as inar-ticulate as those of the winged denizens of the crac, which shrfaked in chorus, alarmed by the reiterated sound of human voices, where they had seldom been heard

On the verge of the precipice an anxious group had now assembled. Oldbuck was the foremost and now assessing forward with unwonted des-peration to the very brink of the crag, and extending his head (his hat and wig secured by a handkerchied under his chin) over the dizzy height, with an air of determination which made his more timorous assistants tremble.

"Hand a care, hand a care, Monkbarns," cried. Caxon, clinging to the skirts of his patron, and with-

there will be but as wig set in the parton, and it minister's." "Mind the peak there," cried Mucklebackit, an old fisherman and smuggler—"mind the peak—Steenie, Steenie Wilke, bring up the tackle—I'se warrant we'll sune heave them on board, Monkbarns, wad ye it stand out of the cale."

"I see them, "said Oldbuck, "I see them low down on that flat stone—Hilli-hiloa, hilli-ho-a?" "I see them mysell weel encugh," and Muckle-Bachet; "shey are aiting down yonder like hondm-25\*

craws in a mist; but d'ye think ye'll help them wi' skirling that gate like an auld skart before a flaw o' weather?-Steenie, lad, bring up tho mast-Odd, I'se hae them up as we used to bouse up the kegs o' gin and brandy lang syne—Get up the pick-axe, make a step for the mast—inake the chair fast with the rattlin —haul taught and beloy !"

The fishers had brought with them the mast of a boat, and as half of the country fellows about had now appeared, either out of zeal or curiosity, it was soon sunk in the ground, and sufficiently secured. A boat, and as half of the country fellows about had now appeared; either out of zeal or curiosity, it was soon sunk in the ground, and sufficiently secured. A yard, across the upright mast, and a rope stretched along it, and reeved through a block at each end, formed an extempore crane, which afforded the means of lowering an arm-chair, well secured and fastened, down to the flat shell on which the sufferers had roosted. Their joy at hearing the preparations going on for their deliverance was considerably quali-fied when they beheld the precarious vehicle, by means of which they were to be conveyed to upper air. It swung about a yard free of the spot which they occupied, obeying each impulse of the tempest, the empty air all around it, and depending upon the security of a rope, which, in the increasing darkhess, had dwindled to an almost imperceptible thread. Besides the hazard of committing a human being to the vacant atmosphere in such a slight means of conveyance, there was the fearful danger of the chair end its occupant being dashed, either by the wind or the vibrations of the cord, against the rugged face of the precipice. But to diminish the risk as much as possible, the experienced seamen had let down with the chair another line, which, being attached to it, and held by the persons beneath, might serve by way of gy, as Mucklebackit expressed it, to render its descent in some measure steady and regular. Still, to commit one's self in such a vshicle, through a howing tempest of wind and rain, swith a beeting-precipice above, and a raging abyss below, required that courage which despair alone can inspire. Yet wid as the sounds and sights of danger were, both above, beneath, and around, and doubtiul and dan-gerous as the mode of escaping appeared to be, Lovel and the old mendicant agreed, after a moment's con-sultation, and after the former, by a sudden strong pull, had, at his own imminent risk, ascertained the security of the rope, that it would be best to secure Miss Wardour in the chair, and trust to

safety.

"It cannot be, Miss Wardour," said Lovel; "your life must be first secured—the rope which bears your weight may

will not listen to a reason so selfish !"

"I will not insten to a reason so settish " "But ye maun listen to it, my bonny lassic," said Ochiltree. "for a our lives depend on it—besides, when ye get on the tap o' the heugh yonder, ye can gie them a round guess o' what's ganging on in this Patmos o' ours—and Sir Arthur's far by that, as I am thinking."

Patmos of ours-and on an and the reasoning, she ex-thinking." Struck with the truth of this reasoning, she ex-claimed, "True, most true; I am ready and willing to undertake the first risk—What shall I say to our friends above?" "Just to look that their tackle does not graze on the face of the craig, and to let the chair down, and draw it up hooly and fairly—we will halloo when we are ready."

draw it up hooly and fairly—we will halloo when we are ready." With the seduious attention of a parent to a child, Lovel bound Miss Wardour with his handkerchief, neckcloth, and the mendicant's leathern belt, to the back and arms of the chair, ascertaining accurately the security of each knot, while Ochiltree kept Sir Arthur quiet. "What are ye doing wi' my bairn ?--What are ye doing? -She shall not be separated from me-Isabel, stay with me, I command you." "Lordsake, Sir Arthur, haud your tongue, and be tmankful to God that there's wiser folk than you to manage this job," cried the beggar, worn out by the unreasonable exclamations of the poor Baronet. "Farowell, my father," murmured Isabella—"fare-

well, my-my friends;" and, shutting her eyes, as Edie's experience recommended, she gave the signal to those who were above. She Lotte s experience recommended, she gave the agina to Lovel, and he to those who were above. She rose, while the chair in which he sate was kept steady by the line which Lovel managed beneath. With a beauing heart he watched the flutter of her white dress, until the vehicle was on a level with the

white areas, until the vehicle was on a level with the brink of the precipice. "Canny now, lads, canny now!" exclaimed old. Mucklebackit, who acted as commodore; "swerve the yard a bit-Now-there! there she sits safe on dry land !"

A loud shout announced the successful experiment to her fellow-sufferers beneath, who replied with a ready and cheerful halloo. Monkbarns, in his estary of joy, stripped his great-coat to wrap up the young lady, and would have pulled off his coat and wanced for the same purpose, had he not bean withheld by the cautious Caxon. "Hand a care o' us, your honour will be killed wi' the hoast-ye'll no get out o' yeur night-cowl this fortnight-and that will suit us unco ill.-Na, na,-there's the chariot down by, let two o' the folk carry the young leddy there." "You're right," said the Antiquary, re-adjusting the sleeves and collar of his cost, "you're right, Caxon; this is a naughty night to swim in --Miss Wardour, let me convey you to the chariot." "Not for worlds, till I see my father safe." In a few distinct words, evincing how much her resolution had surmounted even the mortal fear of so agitating a hazard, she explained the nature of us estitution beneath, and the wisekes of Lovel and Ochiltree. A loud shout announced the successful experiment

"Right, right, that's right too-I should like to see "Right, right, that's right too-I should like to see the son of Sir Gamelyn de Guardover on dry had myself-I have a notion he would sign the abjuration myself-I have a notion he would sign the abjuration that have a notion he would sign the abjuration that have a notion he would sign the abjuration that have a notion he would sign the abjuration myself-I have a notion he would sign the abjuration that have a notion he would sign the abjuration that have a notion he would sign the abjuration that have a notion he would sign the abjuration that he would be abjurated by the second second second second that he would be abjurated by the second se the soin of Sir Gamelyn de Guerdover on dry land myself—I have a notion he would sign the abjuration oath, and the Ragman-rooi to boot, and acknowledge Queen Mary to be nothing better than she should be, to get alongside my bottle of old port that he ran away from, and left scarce begun. But he's safe now, and here a' comes—(for the chair was again lowered, and Sir Arthur made fast in it, without much cousciousness on his own part)—here a' comes —bowse away, my boys—canny wi' him—a pedigree of a hundred links is hanging on a tenpenny tow—the whole barony of Knockwinnock depends on three plies of hemp—respice finem, respice funem—look us your end—look to a rope's end.—Welcome, welcome, iny good old friend, to firm land, though I cannot say iffy fathom of water, though not in the scane of the base proverb—a fice for the phrase—better sus. per funcem, than sus. per coll." While Oldbuck ran on in this way. Sir Arthur was safely wrapped in the close embraces of the assistanta us for convey him to the chairoit which the circum-stances demanded, ordered some of the assistanta us for whon a sauming that authority which the circum-stances demanded, ordered some of the assistanta us for convey him to the chairot, promising to follow in a few minutes. She lingered on the clift, holding an old countryman's arm, to witness probably the mister

few minutes. She lingered on the clift, holding an old countryman's arm, to witness probably the misry of those whose dangers she had shared. "What have we here?" said Oldbuck, as the we-hicle once more ascended. "What patched and we ther-beaten matter is this?". Then, as the performance illumined the rough face and gray hairs of old Gener tree,—"What ! is it thou ?--come old Mocker, hav needs be friends with thee—but who the devil and up your party besides ?" "Ane that's week worth ony twa of the Mocker, have

12.

"As muckle care as if he were a greyber brandy; and I canna take mair if his bair we John Harlowe's.-Yo, ho, my hearta, bowas with him !"

### Chur. DK.1

THE ANTIQUARY.

Lored did, in fact, run a much greater risk than any of his precursors. His weight was not suffi-ement to render his ascent steady amid such a storm of wind, and he swung like an agitated pendulum at the mogal risk of being dashed against the rocks. But he was young, bold, and active, and, with the assistance of the beggar's stout piked staff, which he retained by advice of the proprisor, contrived to bear himself from the face of the precupice, and the yet more hazardous projecting cliffs which varied its sufface. Toesed in empty space, like an idle and un-substantial feather, with a motion that agitated the brain at once with fear and with dizziness, he retained his alertness of exerction and presence of mind; and it substantial feather, with a motion that agritated the brain at once with fear and with dizziness, he retained his electnoss of exertion and presence of mind; and it was not until he was safely grounded upon the sum-mit of the cliff, that he felt temporary and giddy sick-ness. As he recovered from a sort of half swoon, he cast his eyes cagerly around. The object which they would most willingly have sought, was already in the act of vanishing. Her white gamment was just discernible as she followed on the path which her father had taken. She had lingered till she saw the last of their company recued from danger, and until she had been assured by the hearse voice of Miscklebackit, that "the callant had come off wi' mubrized banes, and that he was but in a kind of dwarm." But Lovel was not aware that she had er-pressed in his fate even this degree of interest, which, though nothing more than was due to a stranger who had assisted her in such an hour of peril, he would have giadly purchased by braving even moreinminent danger thas he had that evening been exposed to. The beggar she had already commanded to come to Knockwinnack that night. He made an accuse,--"Then to-morrow let me see you." The old man promised to obey. Oldbuck thrust something into his hand-Ochiltree looked at it by the torch-light, and returned it.--"Na, na! I never tak gowd-besides, Monkharna, ye wad maybe be rueing it the morn." Then turning to the group of fishersnen and peasants.--"Now, sure, wha will gie me a supper and some clean peas-strae?" "1," "and 1," "and 1," answered many a ready "Orce."

voice

"L," "and L," "and L," answered many a ready wice. "Awveel, since see it is, and I can only sleep in as barn at ance, I'll gas down wi' Saunders Muckle-backtit-he has aye a soup of something comfortable about his bigging and, bairns, I'll maybe live to put anseed me quarters and my awnous;" and away he "ment with the fisherman. Oldbuck haid the hand of strong possession on Lovel-"Deil a stride ye's go to Fairport this night, young man-yoe must go home with me to Monk-barns.-Why, man, you have been a hero-a perfect Sir William Wallace by all accounts.-Come, my good lad, take hold of my arm-I am not a prime support in such a wind-but Caxon shall help us out --And how the deil got you down to that infernal Beasy's-spron, as they call it?-Bess, said they-why, curve her, she has spread out that vile pennon of banner of womankind, like all the rest of her sex, to allure her votaries to death and head-long ruin." "I have been pretty well accustomed to climbing, mat I have hom of all that is wonderful, "Bart how, in the name of all that is wonderful,

I have long observed fowlers practise that pass The chilf." But how, in the name of all that is wonderful, But how, in the name of all that is wonderful, and his far more deserving daughter?" I saw them from the verge of the precipice." From the verge!-umph-And what possessed is not the appropriate epithet-What the deil, is most the appropriate epithet-What the deil, is most the supropriate epithet-what the deil, is supported by the support of the supported by the supported

or a step, not a pace, not an inch, not a shath-as I may say; the meaning of which word has a meany that think themselves antiqueries. I hear we should read samon-length for shath-

YQUARY. Standard Street Control of the second street of the second stree

of body.

#### CHAPTER IX.

CHAFIER LAS. "Be brave," she cried, " you yet may be our guest, Our haunted room was ever held the best. If, then, your valour can the sight sustain Of rusting cirtains and the clinking chain; If your courageous tongue have powers to talk, When round your bed the horrid ghost shall walk; If you dare sak it why it leaves its tomb, If you sheets well air'd, and show the room." True St

-- Story

THEY reached the room in which they had dined, and were clamorously welcomed by Miss Oldbuck. "Where's the younger womankind?" said the An tiquary

uquary. "Indeed, brother, amang a' the steery, Maria wad na be guided by me—she set away to the Halket-craig-head—I wonder ye didna see her." "Eh I-what-what's that you say, sister ?-did the girl go out in a night like this to the Halket-head ?-Good God! the misery of the night is not ended yet!"

"But ye winna wait, Monkbarns-ye are so im-perative and impatient"

"But ye winna wait, Monkbarns-ye are so im-perative and impatient"— "Tittle-tattle, woman," said the impatient and agitated Antiquary, "where is my dear Mary?" "Just where ye suld be yoursell, Monkbarns-up-stairs, and in her warm bed." "I could have sworn it," said Oldbuck, laughing, but obviously much relieved, "I could have sworn it out any monkey did not care if we were all drowned together-why did you say she went out?" "But ye wadna wait to hear out my tale, Monk-barns-she gaed out, and she came in again with the gardener sae sune as she saw that nane o'ye were clodded ower the craig, and that Miss Wardour was safe in the chariot-she was hame a quarter of an hour syne, for it's now ganging ten-sair droukit was she, puir thing, sae I e'en put a glass o' sherry in her "Right, Grizel, right-let womankind alone for codding each other. But hear ye, my venerable sister-Start not at the word venerable; it implies many praise-worthy qualities besides age; though that too is honourable, albeit it is the fast quality for which womankind would wish to be honoured-but perpend my words; let Lovel and ms have forth with the relics of the ohicken-pie. and the reversion of the port."

"The chicken pis the post-ou dear f brother-there was but a wheen banes, and scarce a drap o' the wine."

the wine." The Artiquary's countenance became clouded, though he was too well bred to give way, in the pre-sence of a stranger, to his displeased surprise at the disappearance of the viands on which he had reck-oned with absolute certainty. But his sister unde-sigod these looks of ire. "Ou dear! Monkbarns, what's the use of making a wark ?"

what's the use of making a wark ?" "I make no wark, as ye call it, woman." "Bui what's the use o' looking she ghum and glunch about a pickle banes ?-an ye will has the truth, ye maum ken the minister came in, workhy man-sair distressed he was, nae doubt, about yous precautious situation, as he ca'd it, (for ye ken how veel ha's gifted wi' words) and here he was bide sill he could hear wi, certainty how the matter was likely to gang wi' ye s'-He said fine things on the duty of resunstant to Providence's will, worthy man t that did he." Oldback replied, eatching the same tene, "Worthy man be could not here the same tene, "Worthy

Oldback replied, catching the same tone, "Worthy man —he cares not how soon Monkbarns had de-volved on an heir femals, I've a notion—and while he was occupied in this Christian office of consola-tion against impending evil, I recken that the chick-en-yre and my good port disappeared ?" "Dear brother, hew can you speak of sie frivo-lities, when you have had sic an escape from the craig ?" "Better than my supper has had from the mini-ter's craig, Grinzie—it's all discussed, I suppose ?" "Hout, Monkbarne, ye speak as is there was nee mair meet in the house—well ye not have had me offer the honest man some slight refreshment after his walk frage the manee."

his walk frac the manse ?" Oldbuck half-whistled, half-hummed, the end of

the old Scottish ditty,

" C, first they cated the white puddings, And then they eated the black, C, And thought the gudeman unto brisell, The dust sink down wit that, O !"

His elster hastened to silence his muranus, by proposing some of the relics of the disney. He spoke of another bottle of wine, but recommended in preference a glass of brandy which was really ex-cefient. As no entreatues could prevail on Lovel in preference a glass of brandy which was really ex-ceffent. As no entrefities could prevail on Lovel to indue the velvet night-cap and branched morning-gown of his host, Oldbuck, who pretended to a little knewledge of the medical art, insisted on his going to bed as soon as possible, and proposed to dispatch a measenger (the indefatigable Caxon) to Fairport early in the morning, to procure him a change of clothes.

This was the first intimation Miss Oldbuck had received that the young stranger was to be their quest for the night; and such was the surprise with which she was struck by a proposal so uncommon, that, had she was struck by a proposal so undommon, that, had the superincumbent weight of her head-dress, such as we before described, been less preponderant, her gray locks must have started up on end, and harded it from its position. "Lord haud a care o' us!" exclaimed the astounded

maiden. "What's the matter now, Grizel ?"

"What's the matter now, Grizel?" "Wad ye but just speak a moment, Monthams?" "Speak !--What should I speak about?--I want to get to my bed--and this poor young islow--let a bed be made ready for him instantuly." "A bed ?--The Lord preserve us," again ejaculated

Urizel

Why, what a the matter now 7 are there not beds Why, what is the matter now i are there not so use and roome enough in the house? Was it not an arctient herrifium, in which I am warranted to say, beds were nightly made down for a score of pli-grams." "O dear, Monkbarns! what kens what they wight

"O dear, Monkbarns is what kens what they might is you the meaning of your owngang anxiosy our an oo lang syne?—bat in our time—beds—sy, thou, if the source is a strong of t

tone is the minister, brother)-But now, guda when ton P

" Is there not the Green Room, Grizel ?"

"To the sthere, and it is in decent order too, though nachody has sleepit there since Dr. Eleary-sterne, and"-----

though machagy has sheep in and the second s

Lovel interfered upon hearing this altercation, and protested he would far rather walk home than pat them to the least inconvenince - that the exercise would be of service to him-that he knew the road perfectly, by night or day, to Fairport-that the source was obtained, and as forth; adding all that evidity could suggest as an excuse for excaping from a besp-tality which seemed more inconvenient to his bott than he could possibly have anticipated. But the howling of the wind, and pattering of the rath against the windows, with his knowledge of the preceding fatigues of the evening, must have prohibited Ole-buck, even had he enterthined leas regard for have young friend than he really fell, from permitting him to depart. Besides, he was piqued in honear to show that he himself was not governed by womankind-"Sity edown, sity edown, as the ye down, man," he re-Lovel interfered upon hearing this altercation, and to depart. Intender, he was plotted in nation to rhow "Sity e down, sit ye down, sit ye down, man," he re-"Sity e down, sit ye down, sit ye down, man," he re-iterated; "an ye part so, I would I might never draw a cork again, and here cames out one from a prime bottle of-strong also-right anno domini-mone of year Wassia Quessii decoctions, but brewed of Monk-barns barley-John of the Girnel never drew a better flagon to entertain a wandering minstred, or painer, with the freshest news from Pakestine. And to re-move from your mind the slightest wish to depart, knight is gone for ever-Why, 'tis an adventure man, to sleep in the Green Room at Monkbarns-Bister, pray see it got ready-And, although the bold adven turer, Heavysterne, dreed pain and dohur in that charmed apartment, it is no 'reason why a gallant so heavy, should not encounter and i reak the spell." "Yho is sure, to be sure-every manuson in this "What! a haunted apartment, I suppose?"

"To be sure, to be sure-every mansion in this country of the slightest antiquity has its ghosts and country of the slightest antipuity has its ghosts and its haunted chamber, and you must not suppose as worse off than our neighlours. They are going indeed, somewhat out of fashion. I have seen the day when, if you-had doubted the reality of the short in an old manor-house, you ran the risk of heing made a ghost yourself, as Hamilet says—Yea if your had challenged the exist ner of Redcowl in the casile of Glenstirym, old Sir Pt ter Perperbarmad would have had ye but to his court-yard, made you betwee youn-self to your weapon, and if your tirek of fence were not the better, would have slicked you like a padder on his own haronial middenstend. I once naryweil escaped such an afiny—hat I humbled myzelf and pologized to Redcowl; for even in my yeanger day escaped such an attray-itat I humbled myself and, apologized to Berleowi; for, even in my yearberd and I was no friend to the monomethia, or duck, and was rather, walk with Sir Prest there with Sir King I care not wiso knowe so much of my valoare the God I am old now, ad can include my irrised ner \$1 steel

Here Miss Oldbuck re-entered, with a single expression of countenance. "Mr. Lover's sage expression of counternance. "Mr. Lovef's a ready, brother-chan sheets-weel sheet - x could fire in the chirancy-I am same, Mr. Lovel, (add ing himt,) it's no for the trouble-and I hope you

barns." "My dear mediam," send Lovel, "allow pas you the meaning of your obliging anxiety our .... N,

"Ou, Monkbarns does not like to hear of it

1

Cutto (K.)

the source at the Minori-crang. It had cost a handle sile, Mr. Lovel; for law-pleag were no carried on without siller lang syne mair than they are now—and the Monkbarns of that day—our gudesire, Mr. Lovel, as I said before—was like to be waured afore the Senso for want of a paper—Monkbarn's there ker wei what paper it was, but I'se warrant he'll no help me out wi' my tale—but it was a paper of great sig-mifcance to the plea, and we were to be grant sig-mifcance to the plea, and we were to be waured all not horget the the fifteerr—in presence, as they ca't—and auld Rab earch for the paper that was warring, before our gudesire great into Edinburgh to look after his plea-bo have way, little time uo come and gang on—He

gadesire gract into Edinburgh to look after his plea-so have was little time to come and gang on-He was but a doited smally body, Rah, as I've heard-but then he was the town-oleck of Fairport, and the Monkherne baricers are employed him on account of their commences with the burgh, ye ken." "Burner Grizel, this is abominable," interingted Oldbuck; "I vow to Heaven ye might have rpised the genets of every abbot of Troteomy, since the daynof Waldismir, in the time you have been detailing the ingudaction to this single spectre-Learn to be success: in your narrative-Inniate the concise style of edd Aubrey, an experienced inhosteer, who entered eld Aubrey, an experienced ghostseer, who entered his mensoral of eld Aubrey, an experienced ghosteser, who entered its meansurands on these subjects in a terme basiness-like meanser; conwysi grada...'At Circencester, sch Hareh, 1600, was an apparition...Being dethanded vinstaging and spirit or bad, made no answer, but instaging disseptested with a curious performs, and a melodicup twang.'... Vide his Miscellanies, p. eight-ern, as well as I can remember, and near the middle of the near " ins mel

cert, as were as i can remember, and near use middle of the pape." "O, Monkbarns, man! do ye think every body is as book-learned as yoursell?—Bat ye like to gar folk; look like fools—ye can do that to Sir'Arthur, and the minister his very sell." "Nature has been before hand with me, Grizel, in both these instantes, and in another which shall be nameless;—but take a glass of ale, Grizel, and pro-ord with row for the foor for the second sec

ceed with your story, for it waxes late.

both these instances, and in another which shall be nameless ;-but take a glass of als, Grizel, and pro-ceed with your story, for it waxes late." "Jenny's just warming your bed, Monkharns, and ye maun e'en wait till she's done.-Weel, I was at the search that our gudesire, Monkharns that then was, made wi' auld Rob Teil's assistance;-but ne'er-Be-licket could they find that was to their purpose. And sae after they had touzled out mony a leather poke-full o' papers, the town-clerk had his drap punch at e'en to wash the dust out of his throat-we never were glass-breakers in this house, Mr. Lovel, but the body had got aic a trick of sippling and tupping wi' the basiles and deacons when they met (which was armist. ikka night) concerning, the common gude o' the basiles and deacons when they met (which was armist. ikka night) concerning, the common gude o' the basiles and the bed he gaed-and in the middle of the night he gat a farfu' wakening "-he was never just himself after it, and he was strucken, wi' the deal palsy that very day four years-like throught, Br. Lovel, that he heard the curtains o' his bed final, and out he lookit, fancying, puir man, it mights has been the cat-Buth saw-God has a care o' mi if gave my flesh aye creep, though I has suid the story twenty timds-he saw a weel-fa'awd auk putter the obset of become a lady to particularezze. "This does not become a lady to particularezze. "This is gave my flesh aye creep, though I has suid the story twenty timds-he saw a weel-fa'awd auk puttering about it, and hat part o' his garments, and the they are forgottep now-the story the tand do, but they are forgottep now-the maket the obset on this upper-lip, as lang as a structure with a stopper s-fie had a beard too, and the story wither-and he was lose fard'd than the story to make the stop his upper-lip, as lang as a structure wither wat and what pare forgottep now-the stop sport.-Aweel, Rab was a just-hving man the stop stopper s-fie has a lose for d than they stophe the bries of the aparition wasged in

Field spirit answered in an unknown tongue.-Field said he tried him wir Erse, for he cam in frach fibe the brace of Glerhivat-but it wadna worked, in this strait, he bethought him of the refield words o' Latin, that he used in making mergews's desda, and he had nas sooner tried the wir that, than out cam sic a blatter o' Latin. 2 L

dition." "Tenses seesseif in surse," quoth Oklbuck. "Mar-"Tenses seesseif in surse," quoth Oklbuck. "Mar-there found in a drawer of this forgotten repository, which contained many other curious old papers, now properly labelled and arranged, and which seem to have belonged to my anoestor, the first possessor of Monkbarns. The deed, thus strangely recovered, was the original Charter of Erection of the Abhey, Abbey Lands, and so forth, of Trotcosey, compre-hending Monkbarns and others, into a Lordship of Regality in favour of the first Earl of Glengibber, a favourite of James the Sixth. It is subscribed by the King at Westminster, the seveneentd day of the King at Westminster, the sevence that by January, A. D. one theusand six hundred and twelve. -thirteen. It's not worth while to repeat the wits' names

nesses' names." "I would rather," said Lovel, with awakened curiosity, "I would rather hear your opinion of the way in which the deed was discovered." "Why, if I wanted a partor for my legend, I could find no less a one than Saint Augustine, who tells the story of a decrased person appearing to his son, when sued for a debt which had been paid, and directing him where to find the discharge.\* But I

when sued for a dobt which had been paid, and directing him where to find the discharge." But I "The Legend of Mrs. Grisel Oldbuck was partly taken from an extraordinary story which happened about seventy years since, in the South of Scotland, so peculiar in its circumstances, that it metils being motionof in this place. Mr. R.-O. Gala, was preservited for a vory conductable sum, the accumulated fourier of the store of the store of the store of the time of the store of the seven of the store part of the store of store of the store of store of the store of th

rether opine with Lord Bacon, who says that imagi-nation is much akin to miracle-working faith. There was always some idle story of the room being haunted by the spirit of Aldobrand Oldenbuck, my great-great-great-grandfather-it's a shame to the English lan-guage that we have not a less clumsy way of express-ing a relationship, of which we have occasion to think and speak so frequently-he was a foreigner, and wore his national dress, of which tradition had preserved an accurate description f and indeed there is a print of him, supposed to be by Reginald Elstracke, pulling the press with his own hand, as it works off the sheets of his scarce edition of the Augsburgh Confession. He was a chemist, as well as a good mechanic, and either of whese qualities in this coun-try was at that time sufficient to constitute a white mechanic, and either of these qualities in this coun-try was at that time sufficient to constitute a white witch at least. This superstitious old writer had heard all this, and probably believed it, and in his sleep the image and idea of my ancestor recalled that of his cabinet, which, with the grateful attention to antiquities and the memory of our ancestors not unusually met with, had been pushed into the pigeon-bouse to be out of the way--Add a quantum sufficit of exaggeration, and you have a key to the whole mystery."

"Oh, brother, brother ! But Dr. Heavysterne, bro-ther-whose sleep was so sore broken, that hedeclared he wadna pass another night in the Green Room, to

ther-whose sleep was so sore broken, in a hedeclared he wadna pass another night in the Green Room, to get all 'Monkbarns, so that Mary and I were forced to yield our"----"Why, Grizel, the doctor is a good, honest, pudding-headed German, of much merit in his own way, but fond of the mystical, like many of his countrymen. You and he had a traffic the whole evening, in which you received tales of Mesmer, Shropfer, Caglicosto, and other modern pretenders to the mystery of raising spirits, discovering hidden treasure, and so forth, in exchange for your legends of the green bedchamber --and considering that the *Illustrissimus* ate a pound and a half of Scotch collops to supper, smoked six pipes, and drank ale and brandy in proportion, I am not surprised at his having a fit of the night-mare-But every thing is now ready. Permit me to light you to your apartment, Mr. Lovel-I am sure you have need of rest-and I trust my ancestor is too sen-sible of the duties of hospitality to interfere with the respose which you have so well merited by your manly repose which you have so well merited by your manly and gallant behaviour."

So saying, the Antiquary took up a bedroom can-diestick of massive silver and antique form, which, he observed, was wrought out of the silver found in the mines of the Hartz mountains, and had been the property of the very personage who had supplied them with a subject for conversation. And having so said, he led the way through many a dusky and winding

the led the way through many a dusky and winding Mr. R — d'awaked in the morning with all the words of the vision imprinted on his mind, and thought it worth while to ride across the country to Inversek, instaed of going straight to Edinburgh. When he came there he waited on the senties and though it worth while the reans of the vision and the endled of the vision, he inquired whether he remembered anying conducted such a matter for his decaued father. This old gentleman could not at first bring the circumstance to his recollection, but on mention of the Portugal piece of gold, the whele retarned upon his memory i he made an immediate search which he was on the verge of losing. — The author has often near the facts, who were not likely themselves to be deceived, and were certainly incapable of deception. He cannot therefore relase to give it credit, however sutraordinary the circumstances may appear. The circumstance that the second by the fortuitous contidences of hand were cortainly incapable of deception. He cannot therefore relase to give it credit, however state of by the general class of impressions of the kind which are occasioned by the fortuitous contidence of hand rela support of hand relation from the dead to the living permitted, for the purpose of swing Mr. R — d a certain number of hundred pounda. The author's theory is, that the dream was only the recepitulate of the agreent inpression that the leaded, that the class of hundred pounda. The author's theory have inst during along, the thread or the avence of paving along the time the class and which are which hey have head thing the circumstance were supported, and a special communication of the words of head rela prevised that the leader to the living bernitted. It is not uncommon for persons to recover, during along, the thread of the avence which they have into during their waking hours. It may be added, that this remarkable circumstance were appeared by the fortune the persons and the attention which the there the state of a words the secont

passage, now ascending and anon descending again until he came to the apartment destined for his your guest.

#### CHAPTER X.

URLAFIED A.

WHEN they reached the Green Room, as i was called. Odbuck placed the candle on the toils-table, before a huge mirror with a black japanned frame, surrounded by dressing-boxes of the same, and lost around him with something of a distribut expres-sion of countenance. "I am seldom in this apert-ment," he said, "and never without yielding to a melancholy feeling-not, of course, on a account of the childish nonsense that Grizel was telling you, be owing to circumstances of an early and unkappy attachment. It is at such moments as these, Mr. Lovel, that we feel the changes of time. The same objects are before us-those inanimate things which we have gazed on in wayward infancy and impetu-ous youth, in anxious and the same; but when we look ous youth, in anxious and scheming manhood-they are permanent and the same; but when we look upon them in cold unfeeling old age, can we, changed in our temper, our pursuits, our feelings, —changed in our form, our limbs, and our strength, —can we so ourselves called the same? or do we not rather look back with a sort of wonder upon our former strea, as beings separate and distinct from what we now are? The philosopher, who appealed from Philip inflamed with wine to Philip in his hours of sobristy, did not choose a judge so different, as if be had sp-pealed from Philip in his youth to Philip in his od age. I cannot but be touched with the feeling so beautifully expressed in a poem which I have hear repeated;\* repeated :

My eyes are dim with childish team. My heart is idly stirr'd, For the same sound is in my cars Which in those days I heard. Thus fares it still in our decay; And yet the wiser mind Mourns less for what time takes away, Than what ito leaves behind.

Well, time cures every wound, and though the wound

Well, time cures every wound, and though the wound may remain and occasionally ache, yet the earliest agony of its recent infliction is felt no more "-So saying, he shock Lovel cordially by the hand, winhed him good night, and took his leave. Step after step Lovel could trace his host's retreat along the various passages, and each door which he closed behind him fell with a sound more distant and dead. The guest, thus separated from the live world, took up the candle and surveyed the gue ment. The fire blazed cheerfully. Mins, Grant attention had left some freah wood, should he cheer though not a lively appearance. It was hung a tapestry, which the looms of Arras had produce the pher, so often menutoned, had brought with han sample of the arts of the Continent. The and was a hunting-piece; and as the leaft bought with hand was a hunting-piece; and as the leaver, former, was a hunting-picce; and as the leafy boughs of forest-trees, branching over the tapestry, forms predominant colour, the apartment had theme guired its name of the Green Chamber. Grinn in in the old Flemish dress, with slashed de covored with ribands, short cloaks, and trunk were engaged in holding grey-hounds or stag-in the leash, or cheering them upon the obj their game. Others, with boar-spears, swoth old-finshioned guns, were attacking stags or whom they had brought to bay. The branches woven forest were crowded with fowls of va-kinds, each depicted with its proper plumane ermabely Wordgrout's Lyrical Balad hed as as \*Probably Wordsworth's Lyrical Ballade had not as y

seemed as if the prolific and rich invention of old Chaucer had animated the Flemish artist with its profusion, and Oldbuck had accordingly caused the profusion, and Uldouck nad accounting causes in following verses, from that ancient and excellent post to be embroidered in Gothic letters, on a sort of border which he had added to the tapestry :---

Lot here be oaking rete, streight as a lime, Under the which the grass, so fresh of lime, Be'lin newly sprung—at eight foot or nice. Everich tree well from his fellow grew, With branches broad laden with leaves new, 'That sprongen out against the sonne sheene, Some golden red, and some a glad bright green.

And in another canton was the following similar legend :

And many an hert, and many an Hind, Was both before me and behind. Of hwas, sownders, bucks and does Was full the wood, and many ross, And many somirrells that yeats Huga on the trees and nata ats.

High on the trees and nata ata. The bed was of a dark and faded green, wrought to correspond with the tapestry, but by a more modern and less skilful hand. The large and heavy stuff-bottomed chairs, with black ebony backs, were embroidered after the same pattern, and a lofty myror, over the antique chimney-piece, corresponded in its mounting with that on the old-fashioned toilet. "I have heard," muttered-Lovel, as he took a cur-sory view of the room and its furniture, "that ghosts that the same in the meaning to which

often chose the best room in the mansion to which they attached themselves; and I cannot disapprove of the taste of the disembodied printer of the Auga-burg Confession." But he found it so difficult to fix his mind upon the stories which had been told him of his mind upon the stories which had been told him of an apartment, with which they seemed so singularly to correspond, that he almost regretted the absence of those agitated feelings, half fear, half curiosity, which sympathize with the old legends of awe and wonder, from which the anxious reality of his own hopeless passion at present detached him. For he now only fait emotions like those expressed in the lines,—

Ah i crush mad, how hast thou changed The temper of my mind i My heart, by thee from all cestranged, Becomes like theo unkind.

He endeavoured to conjure up something like the feelings which would, at another time, have been congenial to his situation, but his heart had no room for these vagaries of imagination. The recollection congenial to his situation, but his heart had no room for these vagaries of imagination. The recollection of Miss Wardour, determined not to acknowledge him when compelled to endure his society, and evincing her purpose to escape from it, would have alone occu-pies his imagination exclusively. But with this were united recollections more agitating if less painful-her hair-breadth escape—the fortunate assistance which he had been able to render her—Yet, what was his requital?—She left the cliff while his fate was yet doubtful, while it was uncertain whether her preserver had not lost the life which he had exposed for her so freely.—Surely gratitude, at least, called for some little interest in his fate—But no—she could not be selfish or unjust—it was no part of her nature. She only desired to shut the door against hope, and, even in compassion to him, to extinguish a passion which she could never return. But this lover-like mode of reasoning was not

But this lover-like mode of reasoning was not likely to reconcile him to his fate, since the more amiable his imagination presented Miss Wardour, the more inconsolable he felt he should be rendered by the extinction of his hopes. He was, indeed, conscious of possessing the power of removing her prejudices on some points; but, even in extremity, he determined to keep the original determination which he had formed, of ascertaining that she desired an analyzing the heat indeed one work her desired which he had formed, of ascertaining that she desired as grolanation ere he intruded one upon her. And many the matter as he would, he could not regard his sufficient desperate. There was something of embar-resement as well as of grave surprise in her look when Oklouck presented him, and, perhaps, upon second thoughts, the one was assumed to cover the other. He would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a pursuit which had already the would not relinquish a not entertained them, chased the brain such pains. Plans, suiting the romatic temper of the brain that entertained them, chased the other through his head, thick and irregular as

the motes of the sun-beam, and long after he had laid the motes of us sur-osam, and long after no had tain himself to rest, continued to prevent the repose which he greatly needed. Then, wearied by the uncertainty and difficulties with which each scheme appeared to be attended, he bent up his mind to the strong effort of shaking off his love, "like dew-drops from the lion's mane," and resuming those studies and the lion's mane," and resuming those studies and that career of life which his unrequited affection had that career of life which his unrequited affection had so long and so fruitlessly interrupted. In this last resolution, he endeavoured to fortify himself by every argument which pride, as well as reason, could sug-gest. "She shall not suppose," he's said, "that, pre-suming on an accidental service to her or to her father, I am desirous to intrude myself thoon that notice, to which, personally, she considered me as having no which, if it affords none fairer, has at least many as fair, and less haughty than Miss Wardour. To-morrow I will be deieu to thesen orthern shores, and to her who is as cold and relentless as her climate." When he had for some time brooded over this sturfy resolution, exhausted nature at length grave way, and, despite of

had for some time brooded over this sturdy resolution, exhausted nature at length gave way, and, despite of wrath, doubt, and anxiety, he sunk into alumber. It is seldom that sleep, after such violent agitation, is either sound or refreshing. Lovel's was disturbed by a thousand baseless and confused visions. He was a bird—he was a fish—or he flew like the one, and swam like the other,—qualities which would have been very essential to his safety a few hours before. Then Miss Wardour was a syren, or a bird of Paradise; her father a triton, or a sea-guil; and Old-buck alternately a pomoise and a correst. These Paradise; her father a triton, or a sea-gull; and Old-buck alternately a porpoise and a cormorant. These agreeable imaginations were varied by all the usual vagaries of a foverish dream; the air refused to bear the visonary, the water seemed to burn him—the rocks felt like down-pillows as he was dashed against them—whatever he undertook failed in some strange and unexpected manner—and whatever attracted his attention, underwent, as he attempted to investigate it, some wild and wonderful metamorphosis, while his mind continued all the while in some degree con-scious of the delusion, from which it in vain strugglad to free itself by awaking—feverish symptoms all, with which those who are hounted by the night-hag. scious of the delusion, from which it in vain struggled to free itself by awaking—feverish symptoms all, with which those who are haunted by the night-hag, whom the learned call Ephialtes, are but too well acquainted. At length these crude phantasmata arranged themselves into something more regular, if indeed the imagination of Lovel, after he awoke (for it was by no means the faculty in which his mind was least rich.) did not gradually, insensibly, and umintentionally, arrange in better order the scene, of which his sleep presented, it may be, a leas distinct outline. Or it is possible that his feverish agitation may have assisted him in forming the vision. Leaving this discussion to the learned, we will say,

may have assisted him in forming the vision." Leaving this discussion to the learned, we will say, that, after a succession of wild images, such as we have above described, our hero, for such we must acknowledge him, so far regained a consciousness of locality as to remember where he was, and the whole furniture of the Green Chamber was depicted to his slumbering eye. And here, once more, let me protest, that if there should be so much old-fashioned faith left among this shrewd and sceptical generation, as to suppose that what follows was an impression conveyed rather by the eye ittan by the imagination. as to suppose that what follows was an impression conveyed rather by the eye than by the imagination, I do not impugn their doctrine. He was then, or imagined himself, broad awaks in the Green Cham-ber, gazing upon the flickering and occasional flame which the unconsumed remnants of the fagots sent forth, as, one by one, they fell down upon the red embers, into which the principal part of the boughs to which they belonged had crumbled away. Insen-sibly the legend of Aldobrand Oldenbuck, and hus mysterious visits to the inmates of the chamber. mysterious visits to the immates of the chamber, awoke in his mind, and with it, as we often feel in dreams, an anxious and fearful expectation, which seldom fails instantly to summon up before our unind set of the seldom fails instantly to summon up before our unind set of the set of

crew of deor, mangled by throttling dogs-the shorts of men, and the clatter of horses' hoofs, seemed at once to 'surround him-while every group pursued, with all the fury of the chases, the employment in which the artist had represented them as engaged. Lovel looked on this strange scane devoid of wonder, (which seldom intrudes theil upon the sleeping iffney,) but with an anxions sensation of awful fear. Lovel looked on this strange scale develue is voluer, (which seldom intrudes itself upon the sleeping finny,) but with an anxious sensation of awful fear. At length an individual figure among the itseded huntsmen, as ite gazed upon them more fixedly, seemed to leave the arras and to approach the bed of the slumbeter. As he drew near, his figure appeared te alter. His bugle-hors became a brazen clasped volume; his hunting-cap changed to such a furred head-gear as graces the burgo-masters of Rem-brand; his Flemish garb remained, but his features, no longer agitated with the fury of the chase, were changed to such a state of awful and stern compo-sure, as might best pourtray the first proprietor of Monkbarns, such as the do awful and stern compo-sure, as might best pourtray the first proprietor of Monkbarns, such as he had been described to Lovel by his descendants in the cause of the preceding evening. As this metamorphois took place, the hubbub among the other personages in the arras disappeared from the imagination of the dreamer, which was now exclusively bent on the single figure before him. Lovel strove to interrogate this awful person in the form of exorcism proper for the occa-sion; but his tongue, as is usual in frightful dreams, refused its office and clung, palsied, to the roof of his meuth. Aldobrand held up his finger, as if to impose ailence upon the guest who had intruded on his spart-ment, and began deliberately to uncleap the venerable volume which occupied his left hand. When it was unfölded, he turned over the leaves bastily for a short space, and then raising his figure to its full dimen-sionet, and holding the book aloft in his left hand, pointed to a passage in the page which he thus dis-played. Although the language was unknown to our dreamer, his eve and attention were both strongly crangth by the line which the figure seemed thus to press upon his notice, the words of which appeared to blac with a supernatural light, and remaind riveted upon his neutice, the words of which appeared or the supernatural light, and remaind riveted upon his memory. As the vision shut his volume, a strain of delightful music seemed to fill the apartment -Lovel started, and became completely awake. The music, however was still in his ears, nor ccased till he could distinctly follow the measure of an old Scottish ture.

Could distinctly follow the measure of an old Scottish tune. He sate up in bed, and endeavourd to clear his brain of the phantoms which had disturbed it during this weary night. The beams of the morning sun streamed through the half-closed shutters, and ad-mitted a distinct light into the spartment. He looked round upon the hangings, but the mixed groups of siken and worsted huntsmen were as stationary as tenter-hooks could make them, and only trainbled slightly as the carly breeze, which found its way through an open crevice of the latticed window, glidec along their surface. Lovel knped out of bed, and, wrapping himself in a morning-gown, that had been considerately laid by his bedside, stop ped towards the word of whose billows announced it still disquite by the storm of the preceding evening, although the menuing was fair and series. The window of a tur-rrd, which propected at an angle with the wall, and that gene, and from that quarter he heard sgain the same mosic which had probably broken short his dram. With its visionary character it had lost much of the through of imagination as affecting the fine arts. A female voice aung, with some taste and great supplicity, something between a song and a hymn, unwords to the following effect:-to the following effect :-

"Why sitt'st thou by that ruin'd hal Thou aged earle so stern and yray? Bost thou its former pride recall, Or ponder how it passed away?"---

"Enow'st those not me !" the Deep Ve "Bo long enjoy'd, an oft missed— Alternate, in the fickle pride, Desired, use lested, and ascened f

- Before my breath, like blazing Baz, Man and his maryels pass away ; .nd changing empires wane and wax, Are founded; flourish, and decay.
- Redeem mins hours, the space is brief-While in my glass the sard-grains shiver, not measureless thy joy or grief, When Tlass and thou shall part for ever!"

When This and thou shall perf for ever!" While the verses were yet singing. Lovel had re-turned to his bed; the train of ideas which they awakened was romantic and pleasing, such as his soul delighted in, and, willingly adjourning, ull more broad day, the doubtful task of determining on his future line of conduct, he shandoned himself to the pleasing languor inspired by the music, and fell into a sound and refreshing sleep, from which he was only awakened at a late hour by old Caxon, who came creeping into the room to render the offices of a valet-de-chambre. de-chambre.

creeping into the room to render the offices of a valct-de-chambre. "I have brushed your cost, sir," said the old man, when he perceived Lovel was awake; "The callant brought if frae Fairport this morning, for that ye had on yesterday is scantly feasibly dry, though it's been a' night at the kitchen fire—and I has cleaned your shoon—I doubt ye'll: no be wanting me to the your hair, for (with a gentle sigh) a' the yourg gentleman-wear crops now—but I has the coring-tange here to gie it a bit turn ower the brow, if ye like, beines ye gae down to the leddies." Lovel, who was by this time once more can his legs, declined the old man's professional offices, bas accompanied the refusal with such a doscour as com-pletely sweetened Caxon's mortification. "Its a pity he disna get his hair tied and pou-thered," said the ancient frizer, when he had gos once more into the kitchen, in which, on our spectance or other, he spent three parts of his idle time—that is to say, of his whole time—" it's a great pity, for he's a comely young gentleman." "Hout awa, ye aud gowk," said Jenny Rinthe-ound "would yae crash his hours hours hours hours."

a convely young gendeman." "Hout awa, ye asld gowk," said Jenny Rimthe-ront, "would ye cresh his bonny brown hair wr your nasty ulyre, and then mount it like the said minister's wig?-Ye'll be for your breakfast, Fas warrant ?-liae, there's a soup partich for you-it will set ye better to be slaistering at them and the lapper-milk than middling wi'Mr. Love's head-ye wad spoil the maist natural and beautifast head of heir is a' Deimart heith humb and country." hair in a' Fairport, baith burgh and county."

The poor bather sighed over the disrespect inter which his art had so universally fallen, but Jerny was a person too important to offend by contradic-tion; so sitting quietly down in the kitchen, he di-greted at once his bumiliation, and the contentrof a bicker which held a Scotch pint of substantial calmeal porridge.

#### CHAPTER XI.

Sometimes he thinks that Heaven this pagement. And order'd all the pageants as they went; Sometimes that only 'trace wild Fancy's play,--The loose and scatter'd relices of the day.

The losses and scatter it releases of the day. We must now request our readers to adjourn to a breakfast parlour of Mr. Oldbuck, who, despissing it modern slops of tea and coffee, was substanting regaling himself, more majorum, with cold, run beef, and a ghass of a sort of beverage called man species of fat ale, brewed from wheat and bitter had of which the present generation only know the modificulty refrained from pronouncing it detained but did refrain, as he saw he should other wins great offence to his host, who had the liquor anany recipe bequeathed to him by the so-often measing adjoband Oldenbuck. The hospitality of the stand which he present generation on the source of the appendix of the second part of the appendix the second part of the second part of the second pression of the second part of the second part of the difficulty of the so-often measing recipe bequeathed to him by the so-often measing adjoband Oldenbuck. The hospitality of the source and while he was engaged in partaking of it, he was asselled by indirect inquiries concerning the measing the measin

and write in was charged in partialing of the new assessied by indirect inquiries concerning the new in which he had passed the night. "We canna compliment Mr. Lovel on his in this morning, brother-but he winna condescend any ground of disturbance he has had in the night

time -I am certain be lookes ary sale, and when he came here, he was as fresh as a rose." "Why, sinter, consider this rose of yours has been knocked about by the and wind all yesterday even-ing, as if he had been a bunch of kelp or tangle, and how the devil would you have him retain his colour ?" "I certainly do still feel somewhat fatigued," said Lovel, "notwriftstanding the excellent accommo-dations with which your hospitality so amply sup-bid we " plied me."

blied me." "Ab, sir!" said Miss Oldbuck, looking at him with a knowing smile, or what was meant to be one, "ye'll not allow of ony inconvenience, out of civility

"ye'll not allow of ony inconveniance, out of civility to us." "Beally, madam," replied Lovel, "I had no dis-turbance; for I cannot term such the music with which some kind fairy favoured me." " I doubted Mary wad waken you wi'her akreigh-ing; ehs didna keen I had left open a chink of your window, for, forbye the ghaist, the Green Room disna went weel in a high wind-But, I am judging ye heard mair than Mary's lils yestreen-week; men are hardy creatures, they can gae through wi'a ' thing. I am sure had I been to undergo ony thing of that nature, -that's to say that's beyond nature-I would has streigh'd out at once, and raised the home, be the consequence what like; and sae I hae tandh him,-I ken 'nachody but my brother, Meak-taristimeell, wad gae through the like o't, it, indeed, at binfa you, Mr. Loyel." "A man of Mr. Oldbuck's learning, madam," an-sward the questioned pary, "would not be apposed to the incouvenience sustained by the Highland gea-tleman you mentioned last inght."

tieman you mentioned last night." "Ay! yal, yo understand now where the difficulty fine—language 2 he has ways o' his ain wed banish a' thas seri o' worncowe as far as the hindermost parts of Gideon, (meaning possibly Midian,) as Mr. Mattergowl says—only ane wadas be uncivil to and's forbear though he be a ghaist—I am sure I will try that receipt of gours, brother, that ye showed me in a book, if ony body is to sleep in that reom again, "faugh, I thiak, in Christian charity, ye should rather fit up them atted-roam—it's a wee damp and dark, to be sure, but then we has an soldom occasion for a spare bed."

spare bed."
 "No, so, sister; dampness and darkness are worse
 than spectra-ours are spirits of light—and I would
 rather havedue try the spell."
 "I will do that blothely, Monkbarna, an I had the
 ingredients, as my cookery book ca's them.—There
 was servain and dll.—I mind that—Davio Dibble
 will ken about them, though, maybe, he'll give them
 Latin na nes—and peppercorn, we have wealth o'
 them, for".—.
 "Hunding the for first for first working "thundered Old.
 "Hunding the server in the serv

"Hypericon, thou foolish woman !" thundered Old-buck; "d'ye suppose you're making a haggis-or do you think that a spiri, though he be formed of air, can be arbeiled by a receipt' against wirad?--This wise Grizel of mine, Mr. Lovel, recollects (with what securacy you may judge) a charm which I once men-zioned to her, and which, happening to hit her super-stitious noddle, she remembers better than any thing tending to a useful purpose I may chance to have said for this ten years—But many an old woman besides

1 'Anld woman ! Monkbarns," said Miss Oldbuck, and something above her usual submissive tone, really are less than civil to me." Not less than

Not less than just, Grizel; however, I include in the same class many à sounding name, from Jan-biehas down to Aubrey, who have wasted their time of devising imaginary remedies for non-existing dis-ters. But I hope, my young friend, that, charmed mach-But I hope, my young friend, that, charmed

With veryam and with dill, That hinder witches of their will.

"Nay, but she up bete-i have ast my hearing on it

"I am greatly obliged, my dear sir, but"-----"Look ye there, now--but again !-- I have but ; know no form of expression in which he can appen -E hade best : I know no form of expression in which he can appear, that is amiable, excepting as a but of eack—but is to me a more detestable combination of letters than no itself. No is a surfy, henest failow, speaks his mind rough and round at once. But is a sneaking, eva-sive, half-bred, exceptious nort of a compension, which comes to pull away the cup just when it is at your line-

it doos allay The good precedent - fe apon but But pt is as a jailer to bring feet Some monetrute mainfactor n but put f

"Well, then," answered Lovel, whose motions were really understand in the measure, "you shall not consect the recollection of my name with se churkish a particle-I must soon think of leaving Fairport, I am afraid—and I will, since you are good encough to wish it, take this oppertunity of spending another day here

echool

When courtiers gallop'd o'er four counth The ball's fair parimer to behold, And humbly hope she caught no cold."

"Why, if-if-if you thought it would be expected-but I believe I had better stay." "Nay, may, my good friend, I am not so old in shioned as to press you to what is disagreently, not ther-it is sufficient that I see there is some remark ther-it is sufficient that I see there is some remears, some cause of delay, some mid impedement, which I have no title to inquire into.-Or you are still some-what tired perhape-I warrant I find means to enter-tain your intellects without fatiguing your limbe-I am no friend to violent exercise enough for any thinking being-none but a fool or a fox-hunter would require more.-Well, what shall we set about?-My Essay on Castrainetation-but I have that in petto for varsy upon Ossian's Poems between Mac-Cribb and me-I hold with the acute Orepdian-he with the de--I hold with the soute Orcadian-he with the dems-I hold with the source Orcadian-ne with the ag fenders of the samenticity-the controversy organ in smooth, oily, lady-like terms, but is now waxing more sour an'l cazer as we get on-it already partakes somewhat of old Sculiger's style. I fear the rogue will get some scent of, that story of Ochiltree's-but at worst, I have a hard repartee for him on the affait of the abstracted Antigonus-I will show you his last epistle, and the scroll of my answor-egad, it is a trim mer.!'

mer!" So saying, the Antiquary opened a drawer, and be-gan runmaging among a quantity of miscellaneous papers, ancient and, modern. But it was the misfor-tune of this learned gentleman, as it may be that of many learned and unlearned, that he frequently expo-rienced, on such occasions, what Harlequin calls *l'embarras des richesses*—in other words, the abun-dance of his collection often prevented him from find ing the article he sought for. "Curse the papers !--Il behave." and foldbuck as he shuffled them to and fro. dance of his collection often prevented him from find ing the article he sought for. "Curve the papers I-I helieve," said Oldbuck, as he shuffled them to and fro, -"I believe they make themselves wings, like grass homers, and fiv away bodily—but here, in the mean-homers, and fiv away bodily—but here, in the mean-while, look, at that hitle trassure." So saying, he put into hie hand a case made of oak, fenced at the corper with ailver rossi and studs—"Pivthee, undo the buttor," said he, as he observed Level funding as the 26

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Tession, the foundation at once and the bulwark of the Reformation, drawn up by the learned and vene-rable Melancthon, defended by the Elector of Saxony, and the other valiant hearts who stood up for their faith, even against the front of a powerful and victori-rable and praiseworthy Aldobrand Oldenbuck, my happy progenitor, during the yet more tyrannical at-tempts of Philip II. to suppress at once civil and reli-gious liberty. Yes, sim-for printing this work, that eminent man was expelled from his ungrateful coun-try, and driven to establish his household goda even eminent main was experied rivin its dugitied to com-try, and driven to establish his household gods even here at Monkbarns, among the ruins of papal super-sition and domination. Look upon his venerable efficies, Mr. Lovel, and respect the honourable occu-pation in which it presents him, as abouring person-ally at the press, for the diffusion of Christian and political knowledge—And see here his favourite motto, expressive of his independence and self-reli-ance, which scorned to owe any thing to patronage, that was not earned by desert—expressive also of that firmness of mind and tenacity of purpose, recom-mended by Horace. He was, indeed, a man who would have stood firm, had his whole printing-house, presses, fonts, forms, great and small pica, been shi-vered to pieces around him—Read, I say, his motto,— for each printer had his motto, or device, when that illustrious art was first practised. My ancestor's was expressed as you see in the Teutonic phrase, Kowsr macker Gowsr—that is, skill, or prudence, in availing courselves of our natural talents and advantages, will compel favout and patronage, even where it is with-bald form periodice or improvents. try, and driven to establish his household gods even ourseives of our natural talents and advantages, will compel favout and patronage, even where it is with-held from prejudice, or ignorance." "And that." said Lovel, after a moment's thought-ful silence, 'that then is the meaning of these Ger-man words?"

"Unquestionably—you perceive the appropriate ap-plication to a consciousness of inward worth, and of eminence in a useful and honoursble art.—Each printer in those days, as I have already informed you, had his device, his impress, as I may call it, in the same manner as the doughty chivalry of the age, who frequented tilt and tournament. My ancestor boasted as much in his, as if he had displayed it over a con-quered field of battle, though it betokened the dif-fusion of knowledge, not the effusion of blood. And yet there is a family tradition which affirms him to have chosen it from a more romantic circumstance." "And what is that said to have been, my good air ?" inquired his young friend.

sir?" inquired his young triend. "Why, it rather accraches on my respected pre-decessors fame for prudence and wisdom—Sed se-mel insanivimus omnes—every body has played the fool in their turn. It is baid, my ancestor, during his apprenticeship with the descendant of old Fust, whom popular tradition hath sent to the devil, under the name of Faustus, was attracted by a paltry slip of womankind, his Master's daughter, called Betha— "They booke rings. or went through some idiotical womanking, his Alaster's daugner, cance betting They broke rings, or went through some idiotical ceremony, as is usual on such idle occasions as the plighting of a true-love troth, and Aldobrand setout on his journey through Germany, as became an honest hand-verker; for such was the custom of mechanics wither time to make a tour through the empire and at that time, to make a tour through the empire, and work at their trade for a time in each of the most eminent towns, before they finally settled themselves for life. It was a wise custom; for, as such travellers were received like brethren in each town by those of their own handicraft, they were sure, in every case, to have the means either of gaining or communicating to have the means either of gaining or communicating knowledge. When my ancestor returned to Nurem-burg, he is said to have found his old master newly dead, and two or three gallant young suitors, some of them half-starved sprigs of nobility forsooth, in pur-suit of the Yung-fruss Bertha, whose father was understood to have bequeathed her a dowry which might weigh against sixteen armorial quarters. But Bertha, not a bad sample of womankind, had made a yow she would only marry that man who could work by father's press. The skill, at that time, was as

clasp; --he did so, the lid opened, and discovered a thin quarto curiously bound in black shagreen.--"There, Mr. Lovel--there is the work I mentioned to you last night--the rare quarto of the Augsburgh Con-fession, the foundation at once and the bulwark of the attempt; but hone were sufficiently possessed of the Reformation, drawn up by the learned and venethe mystery-

"By no means; pray, proceed, Mr. Oldback; I listen with uncommon interest."

insten with uncommon interest." "Ab it is all foll—however—Aldobrand srrived in the ordinary dress, as we would say, of a journey-man printer—the same with which he had traversed Germany, and conversed with Luther, Meiancthon, Erasmus, and other learned men, who diskined not his knowledge, and the power he possessed of dif-fusing it, though hid under a garb so homely. But what appeared respectable in the eyes of wisdom, pelizion, learning, and philosophy, seemed men, as religion, learning, and philosophy, seemed mean, as might readily be supposed, and disgueting in those of silly sind affected womankind, and Bertha refused to acknowledge her former lover, in the torn doublet, skin cap, clouted shoes, and leathern apron, of a travelling handicraftsman or mechanic. He claimed his privilege, however, of being admitted to a trial; and when the rest of the suitors had either diclined the contest, or made such work as the devil could not read if his pardon depended on it, all eyes were bent, on the atranger. Aldobrand stepped gracefully for-ward, arranged the types without omission of a sin-gle letter, hyphen, or comma, imposed them without religion, learning, and philosophy, seemed mean, as ward, arranged the types without omission of a ain-gle letter, hyphen, or comma, imposed them without deranging a single space, and pulled off the first proof as clear and free from errors, as if it had been a triple revise! All applauded the worthy successor of the immortal Faustue—the blushing maiden acknow-ledged her error in trusting to the eye more than the intellect, and the elected bridegroom thenceforward chose for his impress or device the appropriate words, *Skill wins favour*."—But what is the matter with you ?—you are in a brown study ?—Come, I told you this was but trumpery conversation for thinking peo-ple—and now I have my hand on the Ossianic con-troversy."

ple-and now I have my name on the converse." "I beg your pardon," said Lovel; "I am going to appear very silly and changeable in your eyes, Mr. Oldbuck, but you seemed to think Sir Arthur might in civility expect a call from me?" "Paha, paha, I can make your apology; and if you must leave us so acon as you say, what signifies how you estand in his honour's good graces?—And I warn you that the Essay on Castramation is some-thing prolix, and will occupy the time we can grare after dinner, so you may lose the Ossianic Contro-versy if we do not dedicate this morning to it—we will go out to my ever-green bower, my sacred holly. will go out to my ever-green bower, my sec tree yonder, and have it fronde super pirid

<sup>1</sup>Sing hey-hot hey-hot for the green holly, Most friendship is feigning, most loving me a fally.'

most menanip is teigning, most loving miss fully." But, egad," continued the old gentleman, "when I look closer at you, I begin to think you may be af a different opinion. Amen, with all my heart--I quar-rel with no man's hobby, if he does not run it a bit against mine, and if he does--let him beware in eyes.-What say you ?--in the language of the ward and worldlings base, if you can condescend is as mean a sphere, shall we stay or go?" "In the fanguage of selfshness then, which is af course the language of the world--let us go is a means."

Amen, amen, quo' the Earl Marshall," "Amen, amen, quo the Lari marsnall." an Oldbuck, as he exchanged his slippers for a stout walking shoes, with *cutkins*, as he called of black cloth. He only interrupted the was slight deviation to the tomb of John o' the remembered as the last bailiff of the abbey, w resided at Monkbarns. Beneath an old oath a 

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Heir lyeth John o' ye Gimeli, Erth has ye alt and hanna ee kin

#### In hys tyme ilk wyfe's hennis clokit, ffen gud mannis horth wi' belfbis was sto He deled a boll o' bear in firlottis fyve, Four for ye halis kirks and ans for pure m a stoleit. ما محمد ما

"You see how modest the author of this sepulchral commendation was—be tells us, that honest John coald make five firlots, or quarters, as you.would say, ort of the boll, instead of four,—that he gave the fifth to the wives of the parish, and accounted for the other four to the abbot and chapter,—that in his time the wives' hens always laid eggs, and devil thank them, if they got one-fifth of the abbcy rents; and that honest men's hearths were never unblest with offspring,— an addition to the miracle, which they, as well as I, must have considered as perfectly unaccountable. But come on—leave we Jock o' the Girnel, and let us repulsed enemy, is now retreating from the ground on which be gave us battle last night." "You see how modest the author of this sepulchral

b) of on to the years saids, where the sea, nke a reguised enemy, is now netreating from the ground on which he gave us battle last night." Thus saying, he led the way to the sands. Upon the links or downs close to them, were seen four or five huts inhabited by fishers, whose boats, drawn high upon the beach, lent the odoriferous vápours of pitch making under a burning sun, to contend with those of the offals of fish and other nuisances, usually collected round Scottish cottages. Undisturbed by these complicated steams of abomination, a middle aged woman, with a face which had defied a thousand storms, sait mending a rist at the door of one of the cottages. A handkerchief close bound about her head, and a coat, which had formerly been that of a max, gave her a masculine air, which was increased by her strength, uncommon stature, and harsh voice. "What are ye for the day, your honour ?" she said, or rather acreamed, to Oldbuck; "caller haddocks and whitings a bannock-fluke and a cock-padle?" "How much for the bannock-fluke and cock-padle?" "Four devils and six of their imps!" retorted the Antiquary; "do ye think," rejoined the yifago, setting her arms a tifs yet outby—and get naething for the ifsh, and be misca'd into the bargain, Monkbarra? It's no fish ye'se butyp—it's men's lives." "Well, Maggie, I'll bid you fain—I'll bid you a shilling for the fluke and the cock-padle, or sixpence separately—and if all your fain are as well paid, I thenk your man, as you call him, and your sons, will make a good voyage."

"Deil gin their boat were knockit against the Bell-Rock rather! it wad be better, and the bonnier woyage o' the twa. A shilling for that twa bonny fish ? Od, that's ane indeed ?" "Well, well, you old beldam, carry your fish up to Bhomkbarns, and see what my sister will give you for

""Na, na Monkbarna, deil a fit--Fill rather deal ""Na, na Monkbarna, deil a fit--Fill rather deal ""I sag Grizel has an unco close grip -Fill gie ye them "I sag Grizel has an unco close grip -Fill gie ye them

Miss Grizel has an unco close grip -I'll gie ye them (in a softened tone) for three-and-saxpence." "Eighteen-pence, or nothing !" "Eighteen-pence!!!" (in a loud tone of astonish-rment, which declined into a sort of rueful whine, when the dealer turned as if to walk away)-"Ye'll probe for the fish then?"-(then louder, as she saw him thoving off)-"I'll gie them-and-and-and a Hanff-a-dozen, o' partans to make the sauce, for three Hain the dealer arm then, Maggie, and a dram." "Haff-a-crown then, Maggie, and a dram." "A week, your honour maun hae't your ain gate, doubt; but a dram's worth siller now-the dia-there is no working."

And I hope they'll never work again in my time,"

J Oldbuck.

Ay, ay—it's easy for your honour, and the like your gentle-folks to say sae, that has stouth and math, and fire and fending, and meat and claith, it's sit dry and canny by the fireside—but an ye was sed fire, and meat, and dry claise, and were marge o' cauld, and had a sair beart, whilk is warst-

ava', wi' just tippence in your pouch, wadna ye be glad to buy a dram wi't, to be eilding and claise, and a supper and leart's case into the bargain, till the morn's morning?" "It's even too true an epology, Maggie. Is your goodman off to see this morning, after his exertions last night?" "In troth is he, Monkbarns; he was awa this morning by four o'clock, when the see was working like barm wi'yestren's wind, and our bit coble dan-cing in't like a cork." "Well, he's an industrious fellow. Carry the fish up to Monkbarns."

"Well, he's an industrious fellow. Carry the fish up to Monkbarns." "It send little Jenny, she'll rin faster; but J'll ca' on Miss Grizzy for the dram my-sell, and say ye sent me." A nondescript animal, which might have pessed for a mermaid; as it was paddling in a pool among the rocks, was summoned ashore by the shrill screams of its dam; and having been made decent, as her mother called it, which was performed by add-ing a short red cloak to a petticoat, which was at first her sole covering, and which reached scanly below her knee, the child was dismissed with the fish in a basket, and a request on the part of Monk-barns, that they might be prepared for dinner. "If would have been long," said Oldbuck, with mach self-complacency, "ere ray womankind could have made such a reasonable bargain with that old skin-fint, though they sometimes wrangle with her for an hour together under my study window, like three sea-gulls screaming and sputtering in a gale of wind. But, come, wend we on our way to Knockwinnock."

#### CHAPTER XIL

Beggs 1-the only freeman of your common weaful ; Froe above Boot Free, blat observe us [aws, Obey no governor, use no religion But what they draw from their own ancienf custom, Or constitute thomselver, yet they are no robels...

WITH our readers' permission, we will outstep the slow, though sturdy pace of the Antiquary, whose halts, as he turned round to his companion at every

halts, as the turned round to his companion at every moment to point out something remarkable in the landscape, or to enforce some favourie topic more emphatically that the exercise of walking permitted, delayed their progress considerably. Notwithstanding the fatigues and dangers of the preceding evening, Miss Wardour was able to rise at her usual hour, and to apply herself to her usual occupations, after she had first satisfied her anxiety concerning her father's state of health. Sir Arthur was no farther indisposed than by the effects of great agitation and unusual fatigue, but these were suffi-cient to induce him to keep his bodchamber. To look back on the events of the preceding day, was, to Isabella, a very unpleasing retrospect. She owed her life, and that of her father, to the very person by whom, of all others, she wished least to be obliged, because she could hardly even express common gratitude towards him without encouraging

be obliged, because she could hardly even express common gratitude towards him without encouraging hopes which might be injurious to them both. "Why should it be my fate to receive such benefits, and con-ferred at so much personal risk, from one whose romantic passion I have so unceasingly laboured to discourage? Why should chance have given him this advantage over me? and why, oh why, should a half subdued feeling in my own bosom, in spite of my sober reason, almost rejoice that he has attained it !" While Miss Wardour thus taxed herself with way-ward caprice, she beheld advancing down the avenue, not her younger and more dreaded preserver, but the old beggar who had made such a capital figure in the melo-drama of the preceding evening.

melo-drama of the preceding evening. She rang the bell for her maid-servant. "Bring the old man up stairs."

the old man up stairs." The servant returned in a minute or two—"He will come up at no rate, madam—he says his clouted shoes never were on a carpet in his life, and that, please God, they never shall.—Must I take him into the servants' hall?" "No; stay, I want to speak with him—Where is

he 17: for she had lost sight of him as he approached the house, "Bitting in the sum on the stone-bench in the court, beside the window of the flagged, parlour." "Bid him stay there—I'll come down to the par-four, and speak with him at the window." She came down accordingly, and found the men-dicant half-seated, half-reclining, upon the bench beside the window. Edie Ochiltree, old man and beggar as he was, had apparently some internal con-sciousness of the favourable impressions connected with his tall form, commanding features, and long white beard and hair. It used to be remarked of him, that he was seldom seen but in a posture which showed these perisonal attributes to advantage. At present, as he lay half-reclined, with his wrinkled yet study check, and keen gray eye, turned up towards the sky, his staff and beg laid beside him, and a cast of homely wisdom and sarcastic irony is the expres-sion of his countenance, while he gazed for a moment accound the court-yard, and then resume his former iso upon the fivolity of mortal pursuits and the precarous tenure of human possessions, end howing up to the servers from which anoth restraschool, musing upon the frivolity of mortal pursuits, and the precarious tenure of human possessions, and looking up to the source from which aught perma-mently good can alone be derived. The young lady, as the presented her tell and elegant figure at the open window, but divided from the court-parid by a grating, with which, according to the fashion of saccient times, the lower windows of the castle were secured, gave an interest of a different kind, and anight be supposed, by a romantic imagination, an imprisoned damael communicating a tale of her durance to a palmer, in order that he might call upon the gallantry of every knight whom he should meet in his wanderings, to reacue her from her oppressive thraktom. thraidom

thraidom. After Miss Wardour had offered, in the terms she thought would be, most acceptable, those thanks which the beggar declined, as far beyond his merit, she began to express herself in a manner which she supposed would spoek more feelingly to his appre-benesion. "She did not know," she said, "what her fathes intended particularly to do for their preserver, but certainly it would be something that would make finm easy for life, if he chose to reside at the castle, "The old man smiled and shock his head. "I word

The old man smiled, and shook his head.

The old man smiled, and shook his head. "I wad be baith a grievance and a disgrace to your fine ser-wants, my leddy, and I have never been a disgrace to ony body yet; that I ken of.". "Sir Arthur would give strict orders"—— "Ye're very kind—I doubtna, I doubtna; but there are some things a master can command, and some "be canna—I dare say he wad gar them keep hands aff me—(and troth, I think they wad hardly venture on that ony gate)—and he wad gar them ge me my soup partich and bit meat.—But trow ye that Sir Arthur's command could forbid.the gibe o' the tongue or the blink o' kindness that gars it digest sae weel, or that he could make them forbear a' the slights and taunts that hurt ane spirit main ner downright misor that he could make them forbear a' the slights and taunts that hurt ane's spirit main nor downright mis-ca'ing ?—Besides, I am the idlest auld carle that ever lived; I downa be bound down to bours o' cating and sleeping; and, to speak the honest truth, I wad be a very bad example in ony weel-regulated family." "Well then, Edie, what do you think of a neat cot-cage and a gorden, and a daily dolg, and nothing to do but to dig a little in your garden when you pleased courself?"

yourself?

yoursell?" "And how often wad that be, trow ve, my leddy? "And how often wad that be, trow ve, my leddy? maybe no ance atween Candlemas and Yule-and, if a' thing were done to my hand, as if I were Sir Ar-thur himsell, I could never bids the staying still in as place, and just seeing the same joists and couples aboon my head night after night.—And then I have a queer humour o' my sin, that sets a strolling beggar weel eneugh, whase word naebody minds—but ye ken Bir Arthur has odd sort o' ways—and I wad be jest-ing or scorning is them—and ye wad be angry, and then I wad be just fit to hang mysel." "O you are a iscensed misn," said Issbella; "we

he 7": for she had lost eight of him as he approached the house, "Sitting in the sum on the stone-bonch in the court, beside the window of the flagged parlour." "Bid him stay there—I'll come down to the parl for, and speak with him at the window." country about do for want o' auld Edie Cchiftree, that brings news and country cracks frae ac farm-stead-ing to anither, and gingerbread to the bases, and helps the lads to mend their fiddles, and the gade-wives to clout their pans, and plaits rush swords and gremadier caps for the weans, and busits the faird's fiese, and has skill o' cow-ills and houses the faird's fiese, and has skill o' cow-ills and houses the faird's fiese, and has skill o' cow-ills and houses the faird's mair auld sangs and talea than a' the baroay bendes, and gars lika body laugh wherever he comes?--troth, my leddy, I canna lay down my vocation; it would be a public less." "Well, Edie, if your idea of your importance is so strong as not to be shaken by the prospect of inde-pendence"." Na, na, Miss--it's because I ant mair indecend

"Ne, ne, Miss-it's because I an mair independ-"Ne, ne, Miss-it's because I an mair independ-ent as I am," answered the old man; "I beg ase mair at ony sindle house than a meal of meas, a maybe but a mouthfour o' t-it it's retured at as place. I

maybe but a mouthfou o't-i' it's refites at ac place, I maybe but a mouthfou o't-i' it's refites at ac place, I set it at anither—sae I canna be said to depend on our body in particular, but just on the country at large. "Well, then, only promises me that you will her me know should you ever wish to estile as you turn old, and more incapable of making your usual rounds; and, in the meantime, take this." "Na, ma, my leddy; I downa take much estile aller at anes, it's against our rule—and—though it's maybe no civil to be repeating the like o' that—they say that siller's like to be source wi' Sir Arthur himsel, and that he's run himsell out o' though wi' hin heukings and minings for lead and copper yonder." Isabella had some anxious anticipations to the same effect, but was shocked to hear that he stather's embarrassments were such public talk; as if scan-dal ever failed to stoop upon so acceptable a guarry, as the failings of the good man, the decline of the good erful, or the decay of the prosperous.—Miss Wardour sighed decity- "Well, Edie, we have caough to pay you is one of the foremost—let me press this sum upon you."

"That I might be robbed and murdered come night between town and town? or, what's as bad, that I might live in constant apprehension o't ?- I am too might live in constant apprehension of 1--I am no -(lowering his voice to a whisper, and looking keenly sround him)-I am no that clean approvided for neither; and though I should die at the back of a dike, they'll find as muckle quilted in this and blue gown as will bury me like a Christian, and gree the isdis and leases a blythe lykewake to; see there's the gaberlunzie's burial provided for, and I need unas mair.-Were the like o' me ever to change a neate, what the deil d'ye think wad be sic fules as to give the charity after that ?--it wad fiee through the coording like wild-fire, that aud Edle sud hae done sicces a like thing, and then, I'se warrant, I might-grame my heart out or ony body wad gie me either a bane ar a bode." bodle.

bodie." "Is there nothing, then, that I can do for you 1 "Ou ay-I'll aye come for my awmous as a and whiles I wad be fain o' a pickle sneeshing, ye mayn speak to the constable and ground all just to overlook me, and anyebe ye'll ge a grader for me to Sandie Netherstanes, the miller, the may chain up his muckle dog-I wadna there is but the write heast for it just does it of these is may chain up his muckle dog—I wadna that it yut does its office in ing at a gaberhunzie like me.—And there's se maybe mair, but ye'll think it's very bauld o' at o' me to speak o't." "What is it, Edie ?—if it respects you it at done, if it is in my power." "It respects yoursell, and it is nour your find and any and my done well-offered at wellowed

and a gude anc, and maybe a weel-to-there d dinna ye sneer awa the lad-Lovel, as yevild sinsyne on the walk beneath the Brierybank 

### Casa XIII.

He attered these words in a low but distinct tone of roice; and, without waiting for an answer, welked wards a low door which led to the apartments of the servants, and so entered the house.

the servants, and so entered the house. Misse Wardour remained for a moment or two in the witastion in which she had heard the old man's last extraordinary speech, leaning, namely, against the bars of the window, nor could she datermine upon aying even a single word, relative to a subject so delicate, until the beggar was out of sight. It was, indeed, difficult to determine what to do. That her haying had an interview and private conversation with this young and unknown stranger, should be a scored possessed by a person of the last class in which s young lady would seek a confident, and at the mar-cy of one who was by profession goesin-seneral to s young lady would seek a confident, and at the mer-cy of one who was by profession gossip-general to the whole-neighbourhood, gave her acute agony. She had no reason, indeed, to suppose that the old man would wilfully do any thing to hurt her feelings, much lass to isjust her; but the mere freedom of speaking to her upon such a subject, showed, as might have been expected, a total absence of delicacy; and what he might take it into his head to do or say next, that the most to do or say next, that would in the hemists to do or say next, that the so much hurt and vexed her, that she half-wished the officious assistance of Lovel and Ochi-me had been absent upon the preceding evening.

where the officious assistance of Lovel and Ucpet-me had been absent upon the preceding evening. While she was in this agitation of spirits, she sud-denly observed Oldbuck and Lovel entering the court. She drew instantly so, far back from the window, that ghe could, without being seen, observe how the Antiquary paused in front of the building, and, pointthat the could, without being seen, observe how the Antiquary paused in front of the building, and, point-ing to the various scutcheons of its former owners, seemed in the act of bestowing upon Lovel much carines and eradits information, which, from the absent look of his auditor, labella might shrewdly gases was entirely thrown away. The necessity that been should take some resolution became instant and pressing—she rang, therefore, for a servant, and ordered him to show the visitors to the drawing-room, while she, by another staircase, gained her own upartment, to conduct were fittest for her to pursue. The guest, spreably to her instructions, were intro-chaced into the room, where company was usually sensing.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

And get it is not that I hated thee And get it is not that I beer thee low Thy company, which end was irknow will oudere

t do not look for fut

As you Li

MINES INATELLA WARDOW'S complexion was con-incrubly heightened, when, after the delay necessary servange her ideas, she presented hereof in the

to arrange her ideas, she presented network in the drawing toom. "I am goal you are come, my fair foe," said the Antioprary, specing her with much kindness, "for I he we had a most refractory, or at least negligent, audi-tor, in my young friend here, while I endeavoured to marke him acquainted with the history of Knockwin-mock Castle. I think the danger of last might has been zone if bying through the night air had been your protect and mest congosial occupation. Your colour protect and the set of 11

Superior of the second CETTIONS.

and excertions." I dare say not-A good down pillew for his good ice based were many meet than a couch so churlish ice based were many meet than a couch so churlish ice based were many meet than a couch so churlish ice and an antipation of the source of the the ground, and speaking with besitation and presence emotion; "I did not-did not mean to the upport Sis Arthur or Mins Wardour the presence the upport Sis Arthur or Mins Wardour the presence the upport of the mean with painful reflections." a 16

"Do not think my father so unjust and ungrateful," "Do not think my father so unjust and ungrateful," maid Mise Werdow. "I dare say," she coginesad, participating in Lovel's embarrassment—"I dare say —I am certain—that my father would be happy to show his gratitude—in any way—that is, which Mr. Lovel could consider it as proper 'o point out." "Why, the deuce," interrupten Oldbuck, "whet sort of a qualification is that ?.—On my word, its reminds me of our minister, who, choosing, like a formal old fop as he is, to drink to my sister's indina-tiona, thought it, necessary to add the saving clause, Provided, madam, they be virtuous. Come, let us have no more of this nonsence—d dare say Six Arthur will bid us welcome on some future day.—And what news from the kingdom of subterraneen darkness and airy hope?—what says the swart spirit of the minef

and, indeed" "No, Miss Wardour," answered Lovel, in a tone of passionate entreasy; "do not go farther-is it not enough to crush every hope in our present relative situation ?--do not carry your resolutions farther-why urge what would be your conduct if Sur Arsturs objections could be removed ?" "It is indeed vain, Mr. Lovel," said Mise Wardour, "horause their resoved is modesible; and I only

"It is indeed vais, mr. Lovel," said saids value of algorithm "because their removal is impossible; and I only wish, as your friend, and as one who is obliged to you for her own and her father's life to entreat you to suppress this unfortunate attachment—to leave a country which affords no scope for your talents, and 260\*

to resume the hold unable line of the profession which you seem to have abandoned." "Well, Miss Wardour, your wishes shall be obeyed "have patience with me one little month, and if, in the course of that space, I cannot show you such reasons for continuing my residence at Fairport, as even you shall a prove of, I will bid adieu to its vici-nity, and, with the same breath, to all my hopes of happiness."

happiness." "Not so, Mr. Lovel; many years of deserved happi-mess, founded on a more rational basis than your present wishes, are, I trust, before you—But it is full time to finish this conversation.—I cannot force you to adopt my advice—I cannot shut the door of my father's house against the preserver of his life and mine—but the sconer Mr. Lovel can teach his mind to submit to the inevitable disappointment of wishes which have been so rashly formed, the more highly he will rise in my esteem—and, in the meanwhile, for his sake as well as mine, he must excuse my putting an interdict upon conversion on a subject so an interdict upon conversation on a subject so painful."

A servant at this moment announced, that Sir Arthur desired to speak with Mr. Oldbuck in his

Arthur desired to speak with Mr. Uldpuck in his dressing-room. "Let me show you the way," said Miss Wardour, who apparently dreaded a continuation of her tête-à-tête with Lovel, and she conducted the Antiquary accordingly to her father's apartment. Sir Arthur, his legs swathed in flannel, was stretch-ed on the couch. "Welcome, Mr. Oldbuck," he said; "I trust you have come better off than I have done from the inclemency of yesterday evening?" "Truly, Sir Arthur, I was not so much exposed to it -I kept terra forma-you fairly committed yourself to the cold night-air in the most literal of all senses. But such adventures become a gallant knight better Italy, but Atala, Yuashord marked back of a series of a series of the cold night-sir in the most literal of all senses. But such adventures become a gallant knight better than a humble esquire—to rise on the wings of the night-wind—to dive into the bowels of the earth.— What news from our subternanean Good Hope? the terms incognite of Glen-Withershine?"
 "Nothing good as yet," said the Baronet, turning himself hastily, as if stung by a pans of the gout; "Uo to bousterswivel does not despair."
 "Does he not?" gouth Oldbuck; "I do though, under his favour—Why, old Dr. H——n\* told me when I was in Edinburgh, that we should never find copper enough, judging from the specimens I showed him, to make a pair of sixpenny knee-buckles—and I cannot see that those samples on the table below differ much in quality."
 "The learned doctor is not infallible, I presume?"
 "No is but he is one of our first chemists; and this trampling philosopher of yours—this Dousterswivel, is, I have a notion, one of those learned adventurers, described by Kircher, Artem habent sine arte, partem sine parte, quorum medium est mentiri, wid corum medium set fundeur; "I comprehend your general meaning—but I hope Mr. Dousterswivel will turn out a more trustworthy character."
 "I doubt it not a little," said the Antiquary, " and we are a foul way out if we cannot discover this infermal vein that he has prophesied about these two years."
 "Yoo much, too much, Sir Arthur—and yet, for the sake of my fair for hese learned to give it all

Oldbuck," said the Baronet. "Too much, too much, Sir Arthur-and yet, for the sake of my fair foe here. I would consent to lose it all so you had no more on the venture." There was a painful silence of a few momenta, for Sir Arthur was too proud to acknowledge the downfall of his golden dreams, though he could no longer disguise to himself that such was likely to be iste termination of the adventure. "I understand," he at length said, "that the young gentleman, to whose gallantry and presence of mind we were so much indebted last night, has favoured me with a visit-I am distressed that I am unable to see him, or indeed any one, but an old friend like you, Mr. Old-buck." buck

A declination of the Antiquary's stiff backbone acknowledged the preference.

\* Probably Dr. Hutton, the celebrated geologist.

"You made acquaintance with this young gentle-man in Edinburgi, I suppose?" Oldbuck told the circumstances of their becoming

Known to each other. "Why, then, my daughter is an older acquaintance of Mr. Lovel than you are," said the Baronet. "Indeed ! I was not aware of that," answered Old-

"Indeed I I was not aware of that," answered Old-buck, somewhat surprised. "I met Mr. Lovel," said Isabella, alightly colour-ing, "when I resided this last spring with my sunt. Mrs. Wilmot." "In Yorkshire ?--and what character did he boar then, or how was he engaged ?" said Oldbuck,--"and why did not you recognise him when I intro-duced you?" Isabella answered the least difficult question, and passed over the other. "He had a commission in the army, and had, I believe, served with reputation; he was much respected, as an anniable and promising young man."

he was much respected, as an amiable and promising young man." "And pray, such being the case." replied the Anti-quary, not disposed to take one reply in answer to two distinct questions, "why did you not speak to the lad at once when you met him at my house?--I throught you had less of the paltry pride of womankind about you, Mias Wardour." "There was a reason for it," said Sir Arthur, with dignity; "you know the opinisme-prejudices, per-party of birth; this young gentleman is, it seems, the illegitimateson of a man of fortune; my daughter did not choose to renew their acquaintence till she

built of our is the young generating in the second the illegitimate son of a man of fortune; in y daughter did not choose to renew their acquaintance till she should know whether I approved of her holding any "If it had been with his mother instead of himself," "If it had been with his mother instead of himself," answered Oldbuck, with his usual dry causticity of humour, "I could see an accellent reason for it. Ah, poor lad! that was the cause then that he seemed an absent and confused while I explained to him the rea-son of the bend of baatardy upon the shield yonder under the corner turret!" "True," said the Baronet with complacency, "it is the shield of Malcolm the Usurper, as he is called. The tower which he built is termed, after him, Mal-colm's Tower, but more frequently Misticot's Tower,

The tower which he ould is termed, after him, that-colm's Tower, but more frequently Misticot's Tower, which I conceive to be a corruption for Misbegrot. He is denominated, in the Latin pedigree of our family, Micolumbus Nothus; and his temporary seizure of our property, and most unjust attempt to establish his own megtimate line in the satas of Kneck-winnock, gave rise to such family feuds and misor-tunes, as strongly to found us in that horne and anti-pathy to defiled blood and illegitimacy, which has been handed down to me from my respected ancestry." "I know the story," said Oldbuck, "and I was telling it to Lovel this moment, with some of the must have been much hurt; I took the wavering of his attention for negligence, and was something piqued at it, and it proves to be only an excess the leas of your like, because it has been preserved a such assistance?"

such assistance'

"Nor the less of my assistant either," said the Baronet; "my doors and table shall be equally even to him as if he had descended of the most unbi-misshed lineage." "Come, I am glad of that—he'll know where he can get a dinner, then, if he wants one. But views can he have in this neighbourhood ?—I make catechise him; and if I find he wants in—or, index whether he does or not-he shall have not be vice." As the Antiquary made this liberal prom-he took his leave of Miss Wardour and her ful-eager to commence operations upon Mr. Lovel B informed him abruptly that Miss Wardour and her compliments, and remained in attendance on ner la ther, and then taking him by the arm, he had hum e of the castle.

Knock winnock still preserved much of the extern attributes of a baronial castle. It had its citra whend though now never drawn up, and its dry rucat, t THE ANTIQUAR ?.

Chan. XIV.] of the evergreen tribes. Above these rose the old bilding, partly from a foundation of red rock scarped sown to the sea-bach, and parlly from the steep green verge of the most. The trees of the avenue avenues of large size, as if to confute the prejudice, that timber cannot be raised near to the ocean. Our where paused, and looked back upon the castle, as they attained the height of a small knoll, over which by their homeward road, for it is to be supposed they did not tempt the risk of the tide by returning along the sinds. The building flung its broad shadow pon the tuffed foliage of the shrubs beneath it, while the fond segrences of that passion which derives its food and nourishment from triffes, is the chameleon is said to live on the air, or upon the invible insects which it contains, endeavoured in conjectme which of the numerous windows belonged to the spartment now graced by Miss Wardow's streaded by the ejaculation of *cito peritura's* as he turned away from the prospect. Lovel, roused from his for smore melancholy cast, and were partly indi-stread by the ejaculation of *cito peritura's* is he turned away from the prospect. Lovel, roused from his presender it windows my heart to say it doubt greetly—and it wrings my heart to say it doubt greetly—and it wrings my heart to say it doubt greetly—and it wrings my heart to say it doubt greetly—and it wrings my heart to say it doubt greetly—and it wrings my heart to say it doubt greetly—and it wrings my heart to say it doubt are in mily is going fast to the greetly—and it wrings my heart when the prospect. When the say it on the say when the prospect is the greetly indi-are in miles is going fast to the greetly. The doubt a saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say it doubt are in the saw it on the say

"We harden ourselves in vait," continued the An-inquary, pursuing his own train of thought and feel-ing..." We harden ourselves in vait to treat with the sreatly "
 "We harden ourselves in vain," continued the An-trousry, pursaing his own train of thought and feel-ing\_\_\_\_\_\_We harden ourselves in vain to treat with the indifference they deserve, the changes of this trum-pery whirliging world--We strive ineffectually to be the self-sufficing invulnerable being, the *icres alque rotundus* of the poet--the stoical exemption which philosophy affects to give us over the pains and vex-ations of human life, ia as imaginary as the state of imystical quietism and perfection aimed at by some craxy enthusiasts."
 "And Heaven forbid that it should be otherwise !" mid Lovel warmly-- 'Heaven forbid that any pro-cess of philosophy were capable so to sear and indu-rate our feelings, that nothing should agitate them but what arose instantly and immediately out of our own selfsb interests ! would as soon wish thy hand to be as callous as horn, that it might escape an occasional cut or scratch, as ! would be antibitons of the stoicians which should render my heart like a piece of the nether mill-stone."
 The Antiquary regarded his youthful companion with a look helf of pity, half of sympathy, and alreaged up his shoulders as he replied, 'Wait young man,-wait till your bark has been battered by the storm of sixty years of mortal vicissitude-you will learn by that time to reef your sails, that world, you will find distrates and sympathies in full exercise, without concerning yourself more in the fate of others than you cannot possibly avoid."
 "Well, Mr. Oldbuck, it may be so; but as yet Ire-manble you more in your practice than in your theory, for I cannot help being deeply interested in the fate of the family we have jost left."
 "And well you may," replied Oldbuck; "Sir Ar-there embarrassments have of fate becomes so many more do pressing, that I am suprised you have not import-a tall, beetle-browed, awkward-built man, be entered upon scientific subjects, as it appeared my ignorance at least, with more assurance than how ledge, was very arbitrary in

may ignorance at least, with more assurance than bowledge, was very arbutrary in laying down, and meeting his opinions, and mixed the terms of science th a strange jargon of mysticism; a simple youth ispered me that he was an *likminé*, and carried an intercourse with the invisible world."

"QUAR'. 2" " O the same-the same-he has enough of practi-cal knowledge to speak scholarly and wisely to those of whose micelligence he stands in awe; and, to say the truth, this faculty, joined to his matchless impu-dence, imposed upon me for some time when I firs, knew him. But I have since understood, that when he is among fools and womankind, he exhibits him-self as a perfect charlatam-talks of the *magisterium*-of sympathies and antipathies-of the cabala-of the divining rod-and all the trumpery with which the Rosycrucians cheated a darker age, and which, to our eternal disgrace, has in some degree revied in our own. My finend Heavysterne knew this fellow abroad, and unintentionally (for he, you must know, is, God bless the mark, a sort of believer) let me into a good deal of his real character. Ah ! were I caliph for a day, as homest Abon Haasan wished to be, I would scourge me these jugglers out of the common-wealth with rods of scorpions-They debauch the spirit of the ignorant and credulous with mystical trash as effectually as if they had besotted their brains with gin, and then pick their pockets with the same facility. And now has this scolling blackguard and mountebank put the finishing blow to the ruin of an ancient and honourable family!" "But how could he impose upon Sir Arthur to any ruinous-extent?"

minous extent?

ancient and honourable family " "But how could he impose upon Sir Arthur to any ruinous-extent?" "Why, I don't know—Sir Arthur is a good honour-able gentlemem.-but, as you may see from his loces ideas concerning the Pikish language, he is by no means very strong in the understanding. His estable is strictly entailed, and be has been always an em-barrassed man. This rapparee promised him moun-tains of wealth, and an English company was found to advance large sums of money—I fear on Sir Arthur's guarantee. Some gentlemen—I was as enough to be one-took simall shares in the concern, and Sir Arthur himself made great outlay ; we were trained on by specious appearances, and more spe-rous lies, and now, like John Bunyan, we awake, and behold it is a dream." "I am surprised that you, Mr. Oldbuck, should have encouraged Sir Arthur by your example." "Why," said Oldbuck, dropping his large grizzled eye-brow, "I am something surprised and ashaned at it myself; it was not the lucre of gain—nobody cares less for money (to be a prodent man) than I do -but I though I am sure I cannot see why) that I should give something to any one who will be kind enough to rid me of that slip of womankind, my niece, Mary M Intyre; and perhaps it may be thought I should do gomething to get that jackanapea, har brother, on in the army. In either case, to treble my yenture would have helped me out. And, besides, J hal songe idee that slip found out my blunt side, and brought strange tales (d-m him) of appear-ances of old shafts, and vestiges of mining opera-tions, conducted in a manner quite different from those of medern times; and I-in short, I was a fool, and there is an end. My loes is not much worth speaking about; but Sir Arthur's engements are, I understand, very deep, and my beart aches for him, and the poor young lady who must share his dia-trees." tree

Here the conversation paused, until renewed in the next chapter,

#### CHAPTER XIV.

If I may trust the flattering eye of sleep, My dreams presses some joylul news at hand; My boson's lord sis lightly on his thrane, Ard all this day, an unaccustond aprint Lifts me above the ground will cheerly in toughts. Romes and M

The account of Sir Arthur's unhappy adventure had led Oldbuck, somewhat aside from his purpose of catechising Lovel concerning the cause of his resi-dence at Fairport. He was now, however, resolved to open the subject. "Miss Wardour was fortneriv known to you, she tells me, Mr. Lovel ?"

nisc me.

nise me." "I am aware of your delicacy; the knight's a punctilious old fool, but I promise you his daughter is above all nonsensical ceremony and prejudice." And now, since you have found a new set of friends here, may I ask if you intend to leave Fairport as soon as you proposed ?" "What if I should answer your question by ano-ther," replied Lovel, "and ask you what is your spinion of dreams ?"

epinion of dreams?" "Of dreams, you foolish lad!-why, what should I think of them but as the deceptions of imagination when reason drops the reins?-I know no difference betwirt them and the hallucinations of madness-the unguided horses run away with the carriage in both cases, only in the one the coachman is drunk, and in the other he alumbers. What says our Mar-cus Tallius-Si insonorum visis fides non est ha-benda, cur credidur somnientium visis, qua multo stiam perturbatiors sunt, non intelligo."

senda, cir creatur somicitum biss, que muito stiam perturbations sunt, non intelligo." "Yes, sir, but Cicero also tells us, that as he who passes the whole day in darting the javelin must mometimes hit the mark, so, amid the cloud of nightly dreams, some may occur consonant to future events.

"A7-that is to say, you have hit the mark in your own sage opinion? Lord! Lord! how this world is given to folly! Well, I will allow for once the One-forritical science-I will give faith to the exposition of dreams, and say a Daniel hath arisen to interpret

given to folly ! Well, I will allow for once the Onei-rocritical science—I will give faith to the exposition of dreams, and say a Daniel hath arisen to interpret them, if you can prove to me that that dream of yours has pointed to a prudent line of conduct." "Tell me then," answered Lovel, "why, when I was hesitating whether to abandon an enterprise which I have perhaps rashly undertaken, I should last night dream I saw your ancestor pointing to a motto which encouraged me to perseverance? Why should have thought of those words which I cannot remember to have heard before, which are in a lan-guage unknown to me, and which yet conveyed, when transfated, a lesson which I could so plainly apply to my own circumstances?" • The Anciquary burst into a fit of laughing. "Ex-cuse me, my young friend, but it is thus we silly motials deceive ourselves, and look out of doors for motives which originate in our own wilful will. I think I can help out the cause of your vision. You were so abstracted in your contemplations yesterday after dinner, as to pay little attention to the discourse between Sir Arthur and me, until we fell upon the courversy concerning the Piks, which terminated so abruptly; but I remember producing to Sir Arthur a book printed by my ancestor, and making him observe the motio; your mind was bent elsewhere, but your ear had mechanically received and retained the sounds, and your busy fancy, stirred by Grizel's lagend, I presume, had introduced this scrap of Ger-man into your dream. As for the waking wisdom which seized on so fivolous a circumstance as an apology for persevering in some course which it could find no better reason to justify, it is exactly one of now and then, to gratify our inclimation at the expense of our understanding." "I own it," said Lovel, blushing deeply—"I believe you are right, Mr. Oldbuck, and I ought to shk in your esteem for attaching a moment's consequence to such a frivolity, but I was toesed by contradictory wishes and resolutions, and you know how slight a

to such a frigolity; but I was tossed by contradictory wishes and resolutions, and you know how slight a line will tow a boat when afloat on the billows, though a cable would hardly move her when pulled up on the beach." "Right, right," exclaimed the Antiquary; "fall in my opinion 1—not, a whit—I love thee the better, man —why, we have story for story against each other, and I can think with less shame on having exposed wysoff about that cumed Pressorium—though I am

"He had had the pleasure," Lovel answered, "to see her at Mrs. Wilmot's, in Yorkshire." "Indeed ! you never mentioned that to me before, and you did not accost her as an old acquaintance." "I-I did not know," said Lovel, a good deal bmbarrassed, "it was the same lady, till we met; and then it was my duty to wait till she should recogn mise me."

"Even so," replied Lovel, patiently submitt an interrogatory which he could not well sw "yet I am so detached from all the world he "yet I am so detached from all the wome, has few in whom I am interested, or who are has in me, that my very state of destitution give independence. He, whose good or evil fortunes himself alone, has the best right to pursue it as ing to his own fancy."

"" Pardon me, young man," said Oldback, isg his hand kindly on his shoulder, and making a halt..." suffamina-a little patience if you please. halt.—"suffamina—a little patience if you plans. I will suppose that you have no friends to shan a rejoice in your success in lite, that you cannot look back to those to whom you ough to afford protection—has to those to whom you ough to afford protection—has it is no less incumbent on you to more steadily in the path of duty—for your active exertions are done only to society, but in humble granitude to the Being who made you a member of it, with powers to serve yourself and others."

who made you a member of it, with powers to esta-yourself and others." "But I am unconscious of possessing such powers," said Lovel, somewhat impatiently: "I ask nothing of society but the permission of walking innoxionity through the path of life, without jostling others, or permitting myself to be jostled.—I owe no man any thing—I have the means of maintaining myself with complete independence, and so moderate are my wiskes in this respect, that even these means, how-ever limited, rather exceed than fall short of them. "Nay, then," said Oldbuck, removing his basil, and turning again to the road, "if you are so twas philosopher as to think you have money exceed there's no more to be said -I cannot pretend to be entitled to advise you—you have attained the are philosophy? It is as if a worshipper of the twa religion had set up his staff by choice among the multifarious idolaters of the land of Egypt. Then is not a man in Fairport who is not a devoted wy to a man in Fairport who is not a devoted wy teouaness-why, even I, man, am ao infected by bad neighbourhood, that I feel inclined occasion to become an idolater myself."

"My principal anusements being light," an-swered Lovel, "and circumstances which I cannot

swered Lovel, "and circumstances which cannot mention having induced me, for a time at least or relinquish the military service. I have piched a Fairport as a place where I might follow my partial without any of those temptations to society, which a more elegant circle might have presented to not. "Aha." replied Oldbuck, knowingly,—"I begin I understand your application of my ancestor's not in the way I first suspected, —you are ambutant shine as a literary character, and you hope to an favour by labour and persevrance?"

favour by labour and perseverance?" Lovel, who was rather closely preased by the quisitiveness of the old gentleman, concluded in the be best to let him remain in the error which is the

be best to let him remain in the error which an grathicously adopted. "I have been at times foolish enough," he was "to nourish some thoughts of the kind." "Ah, poor fellow! nothing can be more was choly; unless, as young men sometimes do, you fancied yourself in low with some trumpery men of womankind, which is, indeed, as Shatta truly says, pressing to death, whipping and in all at once." all at once

all at once." He then proceeded with inquiries, which here sometimes kind enough to answer hirmself. For good old gentleman had, from his an tiquentic searches, acquired a delight in building theories premises which were often far from affording ficient ground for them; and being, as he re-must have remarked, sufficiently opinioffative did not readily broak being corrected, either in a

Case, XIV.

#### (ins XIV.)

ar of fact or judgment, even by these who were principally interested in the subjects on which he specialized. He want on, therefore, chalking out layed's literary career for him.

"Entirely so," replied Lovel. "And that you are determined not to adopt a more strive course of life?"

For the present, such is thy resolution," replied

"For the present, such is fly resolution," replied the young man? "Why, then, it only remains for me to give you my best advice and assistance in the object of your pur-suit. I have mysalf published two essays in the An-ingustian Repository—and therefore am an author of experience. There was my Remarks on Hekme's edition of Robert of Gloucester, signed Scrutator; and the other signed *Indogator*, upon a passage in Tactus—I might add, what attracted conmiderable notice at the time, and that is my paper in the Gen-tleman's Magazine, upon the inscription of CEI Lais, which I subscribed (Edipus—So you see I am net an apprentice in the mysteries of author-craft, and must necessarily understand the taste and tem-per of the times.—And now once more, what do you per of the times.—And now once more, what do you attend to commence with ?"

"" 'I have no instant thoughts of publishing." "I have no instant thoughts of publishing." "Ah I that will never do; you must have the fear of the public before your eyes in all your undertak-inga. Let us see now—A collection of fugitive pieces —but no—your fugitive poetry is apt to become sta-tionary with the bookseller.—It should be something at once solid and attractive—none of your romances er anormalous novelties—I would have you take high ground at once—Let me see—What think you of a real epic ?—the grand old-fashioned historical poem which moved through twelve or twenty-four books— well have it so—I'll supply you with a subject—The battle between the Caledonians and Romans —The Caledoniad; or, Invasion Repelled—Let that be the tide—It will suit the present tasts, and you may throw "But the invasion of Agricols was not repelled."

"But the invasion of Agricola was not repelled." "But the invasion of Agricola was not repelled." "No; but you are a post-free of the corporation, and as listle bound down to trath or probability as Virgil himself-You may defeat the Romans in spite of Tacina."

"And pitch Agricols's camp at the Kaim of -what do you call it," answered Lovel, "in defiance of Edie Ochiltree ?"

No more of that, an thou lovest me-And yet, I Are any remove of task, an inductorest me-and yet, i have any yes may unwritingly speak most correct stuth in both instances, in despite of the toys of the bastorian and the blue gown of the mendicant." "Gallantly counselled-Well, I will do my best-your kindness will assist me with local information."

"Will I not, man?-why I will write the critical and historical notes on each canto, and draw out the plan of the story myself. I pretend to some poetical grams, Mr. Lovel, only I was never able to write wrons." 100

"It is a pity, sir, that you should have fhiled in a milification somewhat essential to the art." "Essential?---not a whit---it is the mere mechanical partment--- A man may be a poet without measur-it sponders and dactyls like the ancients, or clash-it the ends of lines into rhyme like the moderna, as many be an architect though unable to labour like stems mason--Dost think Palladio or Vitravius we carried a hod?" "In that case, there should be two authors to

each poem; one' to think and plan. another to exe-

each poema; one to think and plan, another to exe-cute." "Why, it would not be amiss; at any rate, we'll make the experiment—not that I would wish to give my name to the public—assistance from a learned friend might be acknowledged in the preface after what flourish your nature will—I am a total stranger to authorial vanity." Lovel was much entertained by a declaration not very consistent with the eagements wherewith his friend areand to citch at an experiment of coming

very consistent with the eagemess wherewith his friend seemed to citch at an opportunity of coming before the public, though in a manner which rather resembled stepping up behind a carriage than getting into one. The Antiquary was, indeed, uncommonly delighted; for, like many other men who spend their lives in obscure literary research, he had a setrest am-bition to appear in print, which was checked by cold fits of diffidence, fear of criticism, and habits of in-delence and programment and though the J fits of diffidence, fear of criticism, and habits of im-dolence and procrastination. But, thought he, I may, like a second Teucer, dicharge my shafts from behind the shield of my ally; and admit that he should not prove to be a first-rate poet, I am in no shape answerable for his deficiencies, and the good notes may very probably help off an indifferent text. -But he is-he must be a good poet-be has the real Purnassian abstraction—seldom answers a guestion till it is twice repeated—drinks his tea scalding, and eats without knowing what he is putting into his mouth. This is the real estus, the suces of the Welsh bards, the divinus affatus that transports the poet recollect to send Caxon to see he puts out his candle to night—poets and visionaries are apt to be negli-

recollect to send Caron to see he puts out his candle to-night—poets and visionaries are apt to be negli-gent in that respect.—Thea, turning to his com-panion, he arpressed himself aloud in continuation. "Yes, my dear Lovel, you shall have full notes; and, indeed, I think we may introduce the whole of the Lesay on Castrametation into the appendix—it will give great value to the work. Then we will revive the good old forms so disgracefully neglected in modern times.—You shall invoke the Muse—and certainly she ought to be propitious to an author, who, in an apostatizing age, adheres with the faith of Abdiel to the ancient form of adoration—Then we must have a vision—in which the genus of Calewhich in an apostalizing age, adheres with the latin of Abdiel to the ancient form of adoration—Then we must have a vision—in which the genius of Cale-donia shall appear to Galgacus, and show him a procession of the real Scottish monarchs—and in the notes I will have a hit at Boethius—no; I must not touch that topic, now that Sir Arthur is likely to have vexation enough besides—but Fll annihilate Ossian, Macpherson, and MacCiribs." "But we must consider the expense of publica-tion," said Lovel, willing to try whether this hint would fall like cold water on the blazing zeal of his self-elected condjutor. "Expense !" said Mr. Oldbuck, pausing, and me chanically fumbling in his pocket—"that is true—I would wish to do something—but you would not like to publish by subscription ?" "By no means," answered Lovel. "No, no !" gladly acquiesced the Antiquary. "It is not respectable—I'll tell you what; I believe I know a bookseller who has a value fer my opinion, and will risk print and paper, and I will get as many conserved for you as a subscription and will risk print and paper.

is not respectable.—I'll tell you what; I believe I know a bookseller who has a value for my opinion, and will risk print and paper, and I will get as many copies sold for you as faca... "O, I am ao mercenary author," answered Lovel, smiling; "I only wish to be out of risk of loss." "Hush I hush I we'll take cars of that—throw it all on the publishers. I do long to see your labours commenced. You will choose blank verse, doubt-less ?—it is more grand and magnificent for an his-torical subject; and, what concerneth you, my friend, it is, I have an idea, more easily written." "This conversation brought them to Monkbarns, where the Antiquary had to undergo a chiding from his sister, who, though no philosopher, was waiting to deliver a lecture to him in the portice. "Gride au, Monkbarns, are thing's no dear ensugh already, but ye mann beraising the very fish onus, by giving that ran-dy. Lukie Muck HeackLit, just what the likes to ask?" "Why, Grizel," said the ange, somewhat shashed at this unexpected attack, "I thought I made a very fair barguin."

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 (CMAP. XV

 "A fair bargain ! when ye gied the limmer a full half o' what she seekit — An ye will be a wife-carle, and buy fish at your ain hands, ye suld never the muckle mair than a quarter. And the impudent queen had the assurance to come up and seek a dram —But I trow, Jenny and I sorted her?"
 anchor on't—be's done't wi' ane o' his buttons, Fm thinking."

 "Truly," said Oldbuck, (with a sly look to his companion,) "I think our estate was gracious that well, Grizel, I was wrong for once in my lile—ultra crepidom—I fairly admit. But hang expenses—care killed a cat—we'll eat the fish, cost what it will.— And then, Lovel, you must know I pressed you to stay here to-day, the rather because our cheer will better than usual, yesterday having been a gaudé-day —I love the roversion of a feast better than the feast may call them, of the preceding day's dinner, which appear on such occasion—And ase, there is Jenny going to ring the dinner-bell."
 THE ANTIQUARY.
 (CMAP. XV

 "Whinki, with their occupation required—" haud it lower down—Divy e think naebody can read hand o' wit subject or ling the dinner-bell."
 THE ANTIQUARY.
 (CMAP. XV

#### CHAPTER XV.

"Be this letter delivered with hasts-hasts-post-hasts ! Ride 'villain,ride,-for thy life-for thy life !" Ancient Indorasion of Letters of Importance.

LEAVING Mr. Oldbuck and his friend to enjoy their hard bargain of fish, we beg leave to transport the reader to the back-parlour of the post-master's house at Fairport, where his wife, he himself being absent, was employed in assorting for delivery the letters which had come by the Edinburgh post. This is very often in country towns the period of the day when gossips find it particularly agreeable to call on the man or wofnan of letters, in order, from the our-side of the epistles, and, if they are not belied, occa-sionally from the inside also, to amuse themselves with gleaning information, or forming conjectures about the correspondence and affairs of their neigh-bours. Two females of this description were, at the time we mention, assisting, or impeding, Mrs. Mail-setter in her official duty. "Eh preserve us, sirs," said the butcher's wifs, "there's ten, eleven—twall letters to Tennant & Co. --thas folk do mair business than a' the rest o' the burgh." LEAVING Mr. Oldbuck and his friend to enjoy their

"Ay: but see, lass," answered the baker's lady, "there's twa o' them faulded unco square, and sealed at the tas aide—I doubt there will be protested bills in them."

at the take such a doubt there will be protected bins "Is there ony letters come yet for Jenny Caxon ?" inquired the woman of joints and giblets--" the lieu-tenant's been awa three weeks."

"Just ane on Tuesday was a week," answered the dame of letters.

"Was't a ship-letter ?" asked the Fornarina. "In troth was't."

"It was be frac the liputenant then," replied the mistress of the rolls, somewhat disappointed—"I never thought he wad has lookit ower his shouther

never thought he wad has lookit ower his shouther after her." "Odd, here's another," quoth Mra. Mailsetter. "A ship-letter-post-mark, Sunderland." All rushed to seize it.-" Na. na. leddice," said Mrs. Mailsetter, interfering, "I has had encugh o' that wark-Ken ye that Mr. Mailsetter got an unoo rebuke fras the se-oretary at Edinburgh, for a complaint that was made about the letter of Aily Bisset's that ye opened, Mrs. Shortcake?"

end." "Haud it lower down, madam," exclaimed Mns. Shortcake, in a tone above the prudential whisper which their occupation required—" haud it lower down—Dvy et think nachody can read hand o' wnt but yoursell?" "Whisht, whisht, sirs, for God's sake !" said Mns. Mailsetter, "there's apmebody in the abop,"-chou aloud—" Look to the Customers, Baby an-swered from without in a shrill tone—" It's nachody but Janny Cazon, ma'am, to see if there's ony letters to her."

but Jenny Caron, ma an, to see a many out of the set of

merchants of the town." Poor Jenny, a girl of uncommon beauty and me-desty, could only draw her cloak about her to hide the sigh of disspointment, and return meshy home to endure for another night the sickness of the heart, occasioned by hope delayed. "There's something about a needle and a pole," soid Mrs. Shortcake, to whom her saller rival in goe-siping has at length yielded a peep at the subject of their curionity.

"There's something about a needle and a pole," said Mrs. Shortcake, to whom her taller rival in gos-sping had at length yielded a peep at the subject of their curiosity. "Now, that's downright shamefu'," said Mrs. Heukbane, "to scorn the poor silly gait of a lasse after he's keepit company wi'her sac lang, and had his will o'her, as I make nae doubt he has." "I's but ower muckle to be doubted," echoed Mrs. Shortcake;—"to cast up to her that her father's a barber, and has a pole at his door, and that she's but a manty-maker hersell' | Hout! fy for shame?" "Hout tout, leddies," crited Mrs. Mailsetter, "pe're clean wrang—It's a line out o' ane o' his subor sangs that I have heard him sing, about being tree like the needle to the pole." "Weel, weel, I wish it may be sae," said the chari-table Dame Heukbane,—"but it dima bok weel for a lassie like her to keep up a correspondence wi ane o' the king's officers." "Find only ing that," said Mrs. Mailsetter; "but it's a great advantage to the revenue of the pos-office thes love lettere—See, her's five or six letter there, believe me." "Ay they will be business letters, and ne far ony o' his grand friends, that seals wi their casted will hac a fa'—he hasna settled his account we may andeman, the descon, for this twalmonth—here has trees, "from his son, the captain, I'm thinking-trees, "from his son, the captain, I'm thinking-will has a fa'—he hasna settled his account we may andeman, the descon, for this twalmonth—here has trees, "from his son, the captain, I'm thinking-trees, "from his son, the captain, I'm thinking-trees, "from his son, the captain, I'm thinking-winge. He'll be coming hame to see what he campton out o' the fire." The baronet thus dismissed, they took we fe equire—"Twa letters fos Monkberns—they's and soming a double letter—that's just like Monkberns-they's double letter—that's just like Monkberns-they's written, down to the very seal—and a' the soming a double letter—that's just like Monkberns-

Shortcake ?"
"Me opened ?" answered the spouse of the chief baker of Fairport; "ye ken yoursell, madam, it just the same that ""Nor wi'h huz for sax months," echoed Mirs. Short cam open o' free will in my hand—What could I help it 7—folk suld seal wi' better wax."
"We del I wot that 's true too," said Mirs. Mailsetter, who kept a shop of small wares, "And we have got ome that I can honestly recommend, if ye ken ony ody wanting it. But the short and the lang o't is, that we'll lose the place gin there's ony mar com-plaints o' the kind."
"Hout, lass, the provost will take care o' that." "Hout, lass, the provost will take care o' that." "Na, na; I'll neither trust to provost nor bailie," and neighbourly, and I'm no again your looking at the outside of a letter neither—See, the seal has ap

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wor I wad be broken if I were to gis sic weight to the folk that comes to buy our pepper and brimstone, and such like sweetmeats

such like sweetmeats." "He's a shabby body the laird o' Monkbarns," said Mra. Heukbane, "he'll make as muckle about buy-ing a forequarter o' lamb in August as about a back sey o' beef. Let's taste another drap o' the sinning-(perhaps she meant cinnamon)-waters, Mra. Mail-etter, my dear-Ah ! lasses, an ye had kend his bro-ther as I did-mony a time he wad slip in to see me wi' a brace o' wild deukes in his pouch, when my first gudeman was awa at the Falkirk tryst-weel, weel,-

gudeman was awa at the show?" we'se no speak o' that e'now?" "I winna say ony ill o' this Monkbarna," said Mrs. Shortcake; "his brother ne'er brought me ony wild. "I winns say only ill o'this Monkbarns," said Mrs. Shortcake: "his brother ne'er brought me ony wild-deukes, and this is a douce honest man—wé serve the family wi' bread, and he settles wi' huz ilka week— only he was in an unco kippage when we sent him a book instead o' the nick-sicks, \* whilk, he said, were the true ancient way o' counting between tradesmen and customers; and sae they are, nae doubt." "But look here, lasses," interrupted Mrs. Mailaet-ter, "here's a sight for sair e'en i What wad ye gie to ken what's in the inside o' this letter i--this is new cora—I haena seen the like o' this-For William Lo-vel, Esquire, at Mrs. Hadoway's, High-street, Fair-port, by Edinburgh, N. B. This is just the second setter he has had since he was here." "Lord's sake, let's see, lass! Lord's sake, let's see !--that's him that the hale town kens nasthing sbogt-and a weel-fa'ard lad he is--let's see, let's see ! Thus ejaculated the two worthy representa-tives-of mother Eve. "Not senter."

"Na, na, ara," exclaimed Mrs. Maihester; "haud awa-bide aff, I tell you-this is nane o' your four-penny cuts that we might make up the value to the penny cuts that we might make up the value to the post-office amang surselves if ony mischance befel it-the postage is five-and-twenty shillings-and here's an order frac the Secretary to forward it to the young genleman by express, if he's no at hame. Na, na, ara, bide aff; this maunna be roughly gui-the

"But just let's look at the outside o't, woman." Nothing could be gathered from the outside, except "But just Et's look at the outside o't, woman." Nothing could be gathered from the outside, except remarks on the various properties which philoso-phers ascribe to matter, --length, breadth, depth, and weight. The packet was composed of strong thick paper, imperviable by the curious eyes of the gos-singe, though they stared as if they would burst from their sockets. The seal was a deep and well-cut im-pression of arms, which defied all tampering. "Odd, lass," said Mrs. Shortcake, weighing it in her hamd; and wishing, doubtless, that the too, too solid wax would melt and dissolve itself, "I wad like to ken what's in the inside o' this, for that Lovel dings a' that ever set foot on the plainstanes o' Fair-port-machody kens what to make o' him." "Weel, weel, iedies," said the postmistres, "we'se sit down and crack about it—Baby, bring ben the tea-water-mackle obliged to ye for your cookies, Mrs. Shortcake-and we'll steek the shop, and cry ben Baby, and take a hand o' the cartes till the gudeman comes hame-and then we'll try your braw yeal sweet-bread that ye were so kind as send me, Mrs. Hienkbane."

Henkhane

"But winns ye first send awa Mr. Lovel's letter ?" mid Mrs. Henkbane. "Troth I kenna wha to send wi't till the gude-mian comes hame, for auld Caxon tell'd me that Mr. Lovel stays a' the day at Moakbarns-he's in a high forwer wi' pu'ing the laird and Sir Arthur out o' the

"Silly auld doited carles," said Mrs. Shortcake; "what gar'd them gang to the douking in a night ike yestreen ?"

A cost of taily generally used by bakers of the olden time in setting with their customers. Each family had its own inclusively, and for each leaf are delivered a notch was made on the stick. Accounts in Exchequer, kept by the same kind of backd, may have occasioned the Antiquery's partiality. In process time the English bakers had the same sort of reckoning.

Have you not seen a baker's maid Between two equal panniers sway'd 3 Her tailies useless is and idle, if placed exactly in the middle.

TQUARY. "I was gi'en to understand it was and Edie that saved them," said Mrs. Heukbane; "Edie Ochitree, the Blue-Gown, ye ken--and that he pu'd the bala threepit on them to gang in till't to see the wark o' the monks lang syne." "Hout, lass, nonsense," answered the postmis-trees; "I'll tell ye a' about it, as Caron tell'd it to me. Ye see, Sir Arthur and Mise Wardour, and Mr. Lovel, suld hae dined at Monkbarns"... "But, Mrs. Maileetter," again interrupted Mrs. Heukbane, "will ye no be for sending awa this letter by express 7 there's our powny and the pewray hara gane abune thirty mile the day-Jock was sort-ing him up as I came ower by." "Why, Mrs. Heukbane," said the woman of let-ters, pursing up har mouth. "ye ken my guleman likes to ride the expresses himsell-we maan gie our an fish-guts to our ain see-maws-its a red half-guineat this over y time he munts his mear-and I dare say he'll be ih sume- or I dare to say, it's the same thing whether the gentleman gets the express are y tellen, has ?--but ye ken yer ain ways best." "Mod, weed, Mrs. Heukbane," and ways best." "Mod, weed, Mrs. Heukbane, and even out of constance, "I am sure I am never against being are ye then, has ?--but ye ken yere ain ways best." "Weel, weed, Mrs. 'Heukbane," and ways best." "Maileetter, a little out of humour, and even out of constance, "I am sure I am never against being say; and since I hae been sic a fule as to show you the post-office order-ou, nee doubt, it maun be obeyed-but Pil no need your callant, mony thanks to ye--Fil send little Davie on your powny, and that will be just five-and-threepenee to ilka ane o' us, ye "Davie ! the Lord help ye, the bairn's no ten year and; to be olian wi' ye our new ways best."

"Davie ! the Lord help ye, the baim's no ten year anld ; and, to be plain wi'ye, our powny reists a bit, and it's dooms sweer to the road, and nasbody can

and it's dooms sweet to the orad, and nasbody can manage him but our Jock." "I'm sorry for that," answered the postmistress gravely, "it's like we maun wait then till the gude-man comes hame, after a'-for I wadns like to be responsible in trusting the letter to sic a callant as Jock-our Davie belangs in a manner to the office." "Aweel, aweel, Mrs. Mailsetter, I see what ys wad be at-but an ye like to risk the bairn, I'll risk the beast." Orders were accordingly given. The unwilling pony was brought out of his bed of straw, and again equip-ped for service-Davle (a letthern post-bag atrapped across his shoulders) was perched upon the asddle, with a tear in his sey, and a switchin his hand. Jock good-naturedly led the animal out of the town, and, by the crack of his whip, and the whoop and halloo of his too well-known voice, compelled it to take the road towards Monkbarns."

his too well-known voice, compelled it to take the road towards Monkbarns. Meanwhile the gossipa, like the sibyls after consult-ing their leaves, arranged and combined the informa-tion of the evening, which flew next morning through a hundred channels, and in a hundred varieties, through the world of Fairport. Many, strange, and inconsistent, were the rumours to which their com-munications and conjectures gave rise. Some said Tennant & Co. were broken, and that all their bills had come back protested—others that they had got a great contract from government, and letters from the inrincibal merchants at Ghasgow, desiring to have principal merchants at Glasgow, desiring to have principal merchants at Glasgow, desiring to have shares upon a premium. One report stated, that Lieutenant Taffril had acknowledged a private mar-riage with Jenny Caxon—another, that he had sent her a letter, upbraiding her with the lowness of her birth and education, and bidding her an eternal adieu. It was generally rumoured that Sir Arthur Wardour's affairs had fallen into irretrievable confusion, and her mean two achts de her her was because in aftairs had fallen into irretrievable confusion, and this report was only doubted by the wise, because it was traced to Mrs. Mailsetter's shop, a source more famous for the circulation of news than for their accuracy. But all agreed that a packet from the Secretary of State's office had arrived, directed for Mr. Lovel, and that it had been forwarded by an orderly dragoon, dispatched from the head-quarters at Edinburgh, who had galloped through Fairpor\* 1

shout atopping, except just to inquire the way to funkbarns. The reason of such an extraordinary mason to a very peaceful and retired individual, was arisonly explained. Some said Lovel was an emigraat acobe, summoned to head an insurrection that bad broken out in La Vendee—others that be was a

had broken out in La Vendee—others that be was a apy—others that he was a general officer, who was writing the coast privately—others that he was a prince of the blood, who was travelling incognito. Mean while the progress of the packet, which occa-mond as o much speculation, towards its destined cowner at Monkbarns, had been perilous and inter-supted. The bearer, Davie Mailsetter, as little resem-ling a beid dragoon as could well be imagined, was a pitcd. The bears, Davie Mailsetter, as little resem-bing a bold dragoon as could well be imagined, was coursed onwards Monkbarns by the pony, so long as the animal had in his recollection the crack long as the animal had in his recollection the crack of his neural instrument of chastisement, and the abouts of the butcher's boy. But feeling how Davis, whose short legs were unequal to maintain his balance, swing to and fro upon his back, the peny began to disdain further compliance with the intimations he had received. First, then, he slackened his pase to a walk. This was no point of quarrel between him and his rider, who had been cansiderably discomposed by the rapidity of his former motion, and who now took the opportunity of his abated pace to gnaw a piece of gingerbread, which had been thrust into his hand by his mother, in order to reconcile this youthful smissary of the post-office to the discharge of his daty. By and by, the crafty pony availed himself of this surcease of discipline to twitch the rein out of Davie's hands, and apply himself to browie on the grass by the side of discipline to twitch the rein out of Davie's hands, and apply himself to browse on the grass by the side of the lane. Sorely astomaded by these symptoms of self-willed rebellion, and afraid alike to sit or to fall, poor Davie lifted up his voice and wept aloud. The poor, hearing this pudder over his beed, began appa-rently to think it would be best both for himself and Devis to return from whence they came, and accord-mely a suprement towards. Devise to return from whence they came, and accord-ingly commenced a retrograde movement towards Fairport. But, as all retreats are apt to end in utter rout, so the steed, alarmed by the boy's criss, and by the flapping of the reins, which dangled about his ferefeet-finding also his nose 'turned homeward, began to set off at a rate which, if Davie kept the eaddie, (a matter extremely dubious,) would soon have presented him at Heukens's stable-door, when, et a turn of the road, an intervening auxiliary, in the shape of old Edie Ochiltree, caught hold of the rein, and stopped his farther proceeding. "Wha's aught ye, callant ? whaten a gate's that to ride ?" " 'I caman help it ?" blubbered the express; "they en' me little Dave." "And where are ye gaun ?"

"And where are ye gnun ?" "I'm gaun to Monkbarns wi' a letter." "Stirra, this is no the road to Monkbarns."

But Davie could only answer the expostulation with

But Davie could only answer the expositulation with sighs and tears. Old Edie was easily moved to compassion where childhood was in the case.<sup>1</sup> wasna gaun that gate. be thought, but it's the best o' my way o' life that I canna be weel out o' my road. They'll gie me quar-iers at Monkbarns readily enough, and I'll e'en hirple awa there wi' the wean, for it will knock its harns est, puir thing, if there's no somebody to guide the powny.<sup>---</sup> 'Sae ye has a letter, hinney ? will you let me see': ?''a

ent, puir thing, if there's no somebody to guide the powny.--"Sae ye has a letter, hinney? will you let me see't?" "I'm no gaun to let naebody see the letter," sobbed the boy, "till I ne't to Mr. Lovel, for I am a faithfu' envent o' the office--if it werena for the powny." "Vary right, my little man," said Ochiltree, turning the relactant pomy's head towards Monkbarna, "but we'll guide him atween ua, if he's no a' the sweerer." Upon the very height of Kinprunes, to which Monk-harns had invited Lovel after their dinner, the Anti-quary, again reconciled to the once-degraded spot, was appainsting upon the topics the scenery afforded for a description of Agricola's camp at the dawn of morning, when his grotege. "What the devil "-here comes old Edia, hag and bagrags, I think." "The seggar caplained his errand, and Davie who issued upon a literal ensution of his commission by group on to Monkbarns, was with difficitly prevailed

up on to Monkharns, was with difficulty prevailed IR. to summittee the packet to its proper owner.

although he met kim a mile neater than the place h had been directed to. "But my minnie said, I men be sure to get twenty shillings and five shillings fo

be sure to get twenty shillings and five shillings for the postage, and ten shillings and sixpence for the express-there's the paper." "Let me see-let me see," said Oldbuck, putting on his spectacles, and examining the crumpled copy of regulations to which Davie appealed. "Express, per man and horse, one day, not to exceed ten shil-lings and sixpence.—One day? why, it's not as hear —Man and horse? why, 'tis a monkey on a starved cat!" Cat I

"Father wad has come himsell," said Davis, "on the muckle red mear, an ye wad has bidden till the morn's night."

have fifty—or a hundred guineas at your serves-till—till Whitsunday-or indeed as long as yes please." "I am much obliged, Mr. Oldbuck, but I am amply provided," said his mysterious young friend. "Ex-cuse me—I really cannot sustain further convergention at present. I will write or see yog, before I leave Farport-that is, if I find myself obliged to ga." Se saying, he shook the Antequary's hand warmby, turned from him, and walked repidly towards the town, "staying no longer question." " Very extraordinary indeed," said Oldbuck; "bat there's something about this lad I can never federat; and yet I cannot for my heart think ill of him mether. I must go home and take off, the fire in the Grous-Room, for hone of my womankind will ventues inte-it after twilight."

it after twilight.

And how am I to win hame?" blubbered the di consolate express

consolate express. "It's a fine night," said the Blue-Gown, looking, up to the skies; "I had as gude gang back to the town, and take care o' the wean." "De so, do so, Edie;" and, rummaging for some time in his huge waistcoat pocket till be found the object of his search, the Antiquary added, " there's sixpence to ye to buy sneeshin."

#### CHAPTER XVI.

"I am bewitched with the rogue's company. If the reased has not given me medicine to make me love him, I'll be barry it it could not be else. I have drukk medicines." Scond Part of Floury IT

REGULAR for a fortnight were the inquiries of the Antiquery at the veteran Caxon, whether he had beend what Mr. Lovel was about; and as reput were Caxon's answers, "that the town could large maething about him whatever, except that he had received anither muckle letter or twa frac the bad received anither muckle letter or twa frac the bad received anither muckle letter or twa frac the south and that he was never seen on the plainstames stat "How does he live, Caxon ?" "Ou, Mrs. Hadoway just dresses him a beefsteed or a muttonchop, or makes him some Friar's chickes or just what abe likes heredi, and he cats it in the little red parlour off his bedroom. She camma we him to say that he likes as thing better than anither

#### CHAP. XVL)

and she makes him tes in a morning, and he sattles i becomably wi'her every week." "But does he never stir abroad?"

"He has clean gi'en up walking, and he sits a' day The mas clean green up waiking; a hante letters he has written, but he wadna put them into our post-house, though Mrs. Hadoway officred to carry them hereell, but sent them a' under as cover to the sheriff, and it's Mrs. Mailectter's belief, that the sheriff sent 

"That's wrong; I have a guess what he's busy out : but he must not work too hard neither. I'll go and see him this very day-he's deep, doubtless, in the Caledoniad."

The Caledonised." (Mr. Old-Having formed this manfal resolution, Mr. Old-havin equipped himself for the expedition with his thick walking-shoes and gold-headed cane, muttering the winks the words of Falstaff which we have cho-sen for the motio of this chapter; for the Antiquary was himself rather surprised at the degree of attach-ment which he could not but acknowledge he enter-imed for this atmost." The riddle was now with ment which he could not but acknowledge he enter-tained for this stranger. The riddle was notwith-standing easily solved. Lovel had many attractive gasilities, but he won our Antiquary's heart by being our most occasions an excellent listener. A walk to Fairport had become somewhat of an adventure with Mr. Oldbuck, and one which he did not often care to undertake. He hated greetings in the market place; and there were generally loiterers a the tracter to rememta him either about the news

the market-piace; and there were generally loiterers in the streets to persecute him either about the news of the day, or about some petty pieces of business. So on this occasion, he had no sooner entered the streets of Fairport, than it was "Good-morrow, Mr. O'diback-a.sugit o' you's gude for sair een-what d'ye think of the news in the Sun the day ?--they my the great attempt will be made in a fortnight." "I wrish to the Lord it were made and over, that I msight hear no more about it." "Morakharas, your honout," gaid the nursery and mede-maan, "I hope the plants gied satisfaction ? and f ye wanted ony flower-roots fresh frae Holland, or this in a lower key) an anker or twa o' Cologne gin, are o' our brigs cam in yestrean." "Trank ye, thank ye,-no occasion at present, tr. Crabtree," said the Antiquary, pashing resolutely prward.

Mr. Oldbuck," said the town-clerk, (a more imertant person, who came in front and ventured to were in town, begs on no account that you'll quit were in town, begs on no account that you'll quit werthoust seeing him; he wants to speak to ye about ringging the water fras the Fairwell spring through wert o' your lands."

where the deuce i-have they nobody's land but ime to cut and carve on ?-1 won't consent, tell em

recable

that is, the twa cross-legged figures that is, the twa cross-legged figures that the descent of the other stane, thet they ca'd Desitive, abune the door. It will be very taste-the descent says, and just in the style of modern

2N TL

"Lord deliver me from this Godine generation exclaimed the Antiquary,-"A momenteet of knight-templar on each side of a Grecian porch, ment of orch, and Well, tel a Madona on the top of it - O crimins i- Well, tell the provost I wish to have the stones, and we'll not differ about the water-course.-It's lucky I happened to come this way, to-day." They parted mutually satisfied ; but the wily clerk

had most reason to exult in the dexterity he had dishad most reason to exult in the dexterity he had dis-played, since the whole proposal of an exchange between the monuments, (which the council had determined to remove as a nuisance, because they encroached three feet upon the public road,) and the privilegs of conveying the water to the burgh through the estate of Monkbarns, was an idea which had originated with himself upon the pressure of the moment moment

had originated with himself upon the presence of the moment. Through these various entanglements, Monkharns (to use the phrase by which he was distinguished in the country) made his way at length to Mrs. Hado-way's. This good woman was the widow of a late clergyman at Fairport, who had been reduced, by her husband's untimely death, to that state of atraitened and embarrased circumstances in which the widows of the Scotch elergy are too often found. The tene-ment which she occupied, and the furniture of which she was possessed, gave her the means of letting a part of her house, and as Lovel had been a quiet, regular, and profitable ledger, and had qualified the necessary intercourse which they had together with a great deal of gentlemess and courtesy. Mrs. Hado-way, not, perhaps, much used to such kindly treat-ment, had become greatly statched to her lodger, and was profuse in every sort of personal attention which circumstances permitted her to render him. To cook a dish somewhat better than ordinary for "the poor young gentleman's dinner;" to exert her interest with those who remembered her husband, or loved her for her own sake and his, in order to prointerest with those who remembered her husband, or loved her for her own sake and his, in order to pro-cure scarce vegetables, or something which her simplicity supposed might tempt her lodger's appetite, was a labour in which she delighted, although she anxioualy concealed it from the person who was its object. She did not adopt this secrecy of benevo-lence to avoid the laugh of those who might suppose that an oval face and dark eyes, with a clear brown complexion, though belonging to a woman of five-and forty, and enclosed within a widow's close-drawn pinners, might possibly still aim at making; conquestis; for, to say truth, such a ridiculous suspi conquests ; for, to say truth, such a ridiculous susp could not anticipate its having birth in that of any one else. But an concessed her attentions solely out of delicacy to her guest, whose power of repaying them she doubted as much as she believed in his indirection to do a ord in his birth likely to fead

day thinner and paler, sae that he now really looks as auld as me, that might be his mother no that I might

be just that neither, but something very near it."

"I think we have persuaded him to do that, for be has bought a horse from Gibble Golightly, the gal loging groom. A gude judge e horse-field Gibble 27

tauld our lass that he was-for he offered him a beast he thought wad answer him weel energh, as he was a hookish man, but Mr. Lovel wadha look at it, and bought ane might serve the Master o' Morphie --they keep it at the Greene's Arms, ower the street -unsy keep it at the Græne's Arms, ower the street -and he rode out yesterday morning and this morn-ing before breakfast-But winna ye walk up to his room?"

"Presently, presently; —but has he no visiters?" "O dear, Mr. Oldbuck, not ane; if he wadna re-esive them when he was weel and sprightly, what charice is there of ony body in Fairport looking in apon him now?"

upon him now?" "Ay, ay, very true—I should have been surprised had it been otherwise—Come, show me up stairs, Mrs. Hadoway, lest I make a blunder, and go where I should not." The good landlady showed Mr. Oldbuck up her marrow staircase, warning him of every turn, and immenting all the while that he was laid under the, necessity of mounting up so high. At length, she gently tapped at the door of her guest's parlour. "Come in," said Lovel; and Mrs. Hadoway ushered in the Lnird of Monkbarns. "The little apartment was neat and clean, and do

"Come in," said Lovei; and mis. sindoway ushered in the Laird of Morkbarns. The little apartment was neat and clean, and de-cently furnished—ornamented too by such relics of her youthful arts of sempstress-shifts as Mrs. Hado-way had retained; but it was close, overheated, and, as it appeared to Oldbuck, an unwholesome situation for a young person in delicate health, an observation which ripened his resolution touching a project that had already occurred to him in Love!'s behalf. With a writing-table before him, on which lay a quantity of books and papers. Lovel was seated on a couch in his night-gown and slippers. Oldbuck was shocked at the change which had taken place in his personal appearance. His check and brow had assumed a ghastly white except where a round bright spot of hectic red formed a strong and painful contrast, totally different from the general cast of hale and and somewhat embrowned his countenance. Old-buck observed, that the dress he wore belonged to a deep mourning suit, and a coat of the same colour deep mourning suit, and a coat of the same colour hung on a chair near to him. As the Antiquary entered, Lovel arose and came forward to welcome

entered, Lovel arose and came forward to welcome "This is very kind," he said, shaking him by the hand, and thanking him warmly for his visit; "this is very kind, and the santicipated a visit with which I intended to trouble you—you must know I have become a horseman lately." "I understand as much from Mrs. Hadoway—I only hope, my good young friend, you have been for-sumate in a quiet horse—I myself inadvertently bought one from the said Gibbie Golightly, which brute ran two miles on end with me after a pack of hounds, with which I had no more to do than the last year's two miles on end with me alter a pack of hounds, with which I had no more to do than the last year's snow, and after affording infinite amusement, I sup-pose, to the whole hunting field, he was so good as to deposit me in a dry ditch—I hope yours is a more peaceful beast?" "I hope at least we shall make our excursions on a better plan of mutual understanding." "That is to say, you think yourself a good horse-man?"

"Inst is to be, , , ou summer to be an a to be a set of the set of

you nad experience 7 for, crede experto, a horse in a passion is no joker." "Why, I should be sorry to boast myself as a great horseman, but when I acted as aid-de-camp to Sir — in the cavalry-action at \_\_\_\_\_, last year, I saw many better cavaliers than myself dis-mounted."

Ah 1 you have looked in the face of the grisly God "An I you have looked in the face of the grasy cool of arms then-you are acquainted with the frowns of Mars armipotent? That experience fills up the mea-sure of your qualifications for the epopea! The Bri-tena, however, you will remember, fought in chariots --coordnaris is the phrase of Tacitus-you recollect the fine description of their dashing among the Ro-

man infantry-although the historian tells us how ill the rugged face of the ground was calculated for equestrian combat-and truly, upon the whole what sort of chariots could be driven in Scotland any-where but on turnplike roads, has been to ma alway matter of anazement. And well now-has the Mag

where out on turnplie roads, has been to me slways matter of amazement. And well now-has the Mass visited you?--Have you got any thing to show me?" "My time," said Lovel, with a glance at his black dress, "has been less pleasantly employed." "The death of a friend ?" said the Antiquary. "Yee, Mr. Oldbuck; of almost the only frend I could ever boast of possessing." "Indeed ? well, young man," replied his visite, in a tope of seriousness very different from his affected gravity, "be comforted--to have lost a friend by death while your mutual regard was warm and up painful recollection of coldness or distrust or us-chery, is perhaps an escape from a more heavy dispainful recollection of coloness or distrust or tran-chery, is perhaps an escape from a more heavy dis-pensation. Look round you-how few do you as grow old in the affections of those with whom their early friendships were formed! our sources of com-mon pleasure gradually dry up as we journey on through the vale of Bacha, and we hew pat to our-selves other reservoirs, from which the first compas-ions of our pilgrimage are excluded jealouses, rivalries, envy, intervene to separate ethers from our side, until none remain but those who are connected with us, rather by habit than predilection, or wha, allied more in blood than in disposition, only keep the old man company in his life, that they may not be forgotten at his death--

#### Hec data pena diu vie

Ah! Mr. Lovel, if it be your lot to reach the chill, cloudy, and comfortless evening of life, you will remember, the sorrows of your youth as the light shadowy clouds that intercepted for a moment the beams of the sun when it was rising. But I cram these words into your ears against the stomach of your sense."

"I am sensible of your kindness," answerd is your sense." "I am sensible of your kindness," answerd is youth, "but the wound that is of recent inflictan must always smart severely, and I should be liuk comforted under my present calamity-forgive as for saying so-by the conviction that life had so have for saying so-by the conviction that life had so have in reserve for me but a train of successive sorrow. And permit me to add, you, Mr. Oldbuck, have least reason of many men to take so gloomy a view of life -you have a competent and easy fortune-are gave rally respected-may, in your own phrase, sectors musis, induge yourself in the researches to which society without doors, and within you have the affectionate and sechulous attention of the nearest relatives." relatives.

relatives." "Why, yes; the womankind—for womankind— are, thanks to my training, very civil and tractal —do not disturb me in my morning studies— across the floor with the stealthy pace of a cat, whi it suits me to take a nap in my easy-chair after ner or tea. All this is very well—but I want suits thing to exchange ideas with—something to take "Then why do you not invite your nephew, do tain M'Intyre, who is mentioned by every on the fine spirited young fellow, to become a method your family?" "Who?" exclaimed Monkbarns, "my and Hector?—the Hotspur of the North?—Why, He

your family?" "Who?" exclaimed Monkbarns, "my and Hector"—the Hotspur of the North ?—Why, He love you, I would as soon invite a firebrand stackyard—he's an Almanzor, a Chamont-Highland pedigree as long as his claymort, claymore as long as the High-street of Fu which he unsheathed upon the surgeon the lar he was at Fairport—I expect him here one at days, but I will keep him at staff's end, I for you—He an inmate of my house! to make the here and tables tremble at his hrawle-No. you-He an immate of my house! to make the chairs and tables tremble at his brawls-No. In none of Hector M'Intyre. But hark ye, Low are a quiet, gentle-tempered lad; had not you set up your staff at Monkbarns for a month a since I conclude you do not immediately int leave this country ?-I will have a door opened the garden-it will cost but a trifle-there is the

ICHAD. XVI

had hit on the very arrangement that would suit us both and who knows what might happen in the long run, and whether we might ever part?--Why, I am master of my acres, man-there is the sdvantage of being descended from a man of more sense than pride

master of my acres, man-there is the advantage of being descended from a man of more sense than pride --they cannot oblige me to transmit my goods, chat-tels, and heritages, any way but as I please. No string of subscitute heirs of entail, as empty and un-substantial as the morsels of paper strung to the train of a boy's kite, to cumber my flights of inclina-tios, and my humours of predilection. Well,-I see you won't be tempted at present-But Caledonia goes on, I hope?' "O, certainly," said Lovel, "I cannot think of re-finguishing a plan so hopeful." "It is indeed," so it he Antiquary, looking gravely upward,-for, though shrewd and acute enough in setimating the variety of plans formed by others, he had a very natural, though rather disproportioned, good opinion of the importance of those which origin-tand which himself-"I is indeed one of those under-takings which, if achieved with spirit equal to that which dictates its conception, may redeem from the charge of frivolity the literature of the present gene-ration." mion.

Here he was interrupted by a knock at the room-door, which introduced a letter for Mr. Lovel. The servant waited, Mrs. Hadoway said, for an anawer. "You are concerned in this matter, Mr. Oldbuck," said Lovel, after gancing over the billet; and handed

A but experiment in this matter, m. Outduck, and Lowel, after glancing over the billet; and handed it to the Antiquary as he spoke. It was a letter from Sir Arthur Wardour, couched a extremely civil language, regretting that a fit of the gout had prevented his hitherto showing Mr. Lovel the attentions to which his conduct during a late perflow occasion had so well entitled him-pologizing for not paying his respects in person, but soping Mr. Lovel would dispense with that cere-mony, and be a member of a small party which pro-resed to visit the runs of St. Ruth's priory on the billowing day, and afterwards to dine and spend the billowing at Knockwinnock castle. Sir Arthur con-singed at a tempike-gate, which was about an equal interact from all the points from which the company interact from all the points from which the company interact from all the points from which the company

What shall we do?" said Lovel, looking at the diguary, but pretty certain of the part he would

Go, man-well go, by all means. Let me see-mil epst a post-chaise though, which will hold and me, and Mary M Intyre, very well, and the revenue mankind may go to the manse, and you can be sum in the chaise to Monkbarns, as I will take

**coust** in the chainer to Monkbarns, as I will take the day." Thy, I rather think I had better ride." **Thy, I** rather think I had better ride." **Thy, I** rather think I had better ride." **h** Lad, by the by, for purchasing the brute out-yctu should stick to eighteenpence a side, if 'ill trust any creature's legs in preference. to

Thy, as the forses have the advantage of movown I incline".

them, Fil bring either Grizzle er the minister, them, Fil bring either Grizzle er the minister, tove so have my full pennyworth out of post-

horizer and, we meet at Tirlingen turnpike on Fri-day, at twelve o'clock precisely." And with this agreement the friends separated.

#### CHAPTER XVII.

"Of seats they tell, where pricets, 'mid tapers dim, Breathed the warm prayer or tamed the midnight form To scenes like these the faisting soul retired, Reverges and anger in these cells expired : By pity southed, Remore lost half her fears, And soften'd Pride dropp'd penitential tears." Crabbe's Borrege

And soften't Pride dropp'd penitential tear." Crait's Borngs. THE morning of Friday was as serie and beanti-ful as if no pleasure party had been intended; and that is a rare event, whether in novel-writing or real-life. Lovel, who felt the genial influence of the wea-ther, and rejoiced at the prospect of once more meet-ing with Miss Wardour, trotted forward to the place of rendexvous with better eprints than he had for some time enjoyed. His prospects seemed in many respects to open and brighten before him, and hops, sithough breaking like the morning sun through clouds and showers, appeared now about to illumi-nate the path before him. He was, as might have been expected from this state of spirits, first at the place of meeting, and, as might also have been sati-cipated, his looks were so intently directed towards the, road from Knockwinnock Casile, that he was only apprized of the arrival of the Monkbarns divi-sion by the gee-hupping of the postilion, as the post-chaise lumbored up behind him. In this yeniels were pent up, first, the stately figure of Mr. Oldbuck himself; secondly, the scarce less portly person of the Reverend Mr. Blattergowl, minister of Trotcosey, were both situated. The reverand gentleman was equipped in a buzz wig, upon the top of which was an equilatoral cocked hat. This was the parse, which differed, as Monkbarns und Knockwinnook were both situated. The reverand gentleman was equipped in a buzz wig, upon the top of which was an equilatoral cocked hat. This was the parse, which differed, as Monkbarns undo the comparative, and the overwhelming grizzle of the worthy clergyman figuring as the superlative. The superintendent of these entique garnitures, deeming, or affecting to deem, that he could not well be absent on an occafiguring as the superlative. The superlative the superlative the work of these antique garnitures, deeming, or affecting to deem, that he could not well be absent on an occasion which assembled all three together, had seated himself on the board behind the carriage, "just to be in the way in case they wanted a touch before the gentlemen sat down to dinner." Between the two massive figures of Monkbarns and the clergyman was stuck, by way of bodkin, the alim form of Mary M'Intyre, her annt having preferred a visit to the manse, and a social chat with Miss Beckie Blattergowl, to investigating the ruins of the priory of Saint Ruth.

gowl, to investigating the rains of the priory of Saint Ruth. As greetings passed between the members of the Monkbarns party and Mr. Lovel, the Baronet's car-riage, an open barouche, swept onward to the place of appointment, making, with its smoking bays, smart drivers, arms, blazoned panels, and a brace of out-riders, a strong contrast with the battered vehi-cle and broken-winded hacks which had brought thither the Antiquary and his followers. The prin-tipal seat of the carriage was occupied by Sir Ar-thur and his daughter. At the first glance which passed betwixt Miss Wardour and Lovel, her colour roce considerably; but she had apparently made up her mind to receive him as a friend, and only as such, and there was equal composure and courtesy in the mode of her reply to his futtered saluation. Sir Arthur halted the barouche to shake his preserver kindly by the hand, and intimate the pleasure he had on this opportunity of returning him his personal thanks; then mentioned to him, in a tone of slight introduction, "Mr. Dousterswivel, Mr. Lovel." Lovel took the necessary notice of the German adept, who occupied the front sees of the carriagu, which his subuly onferred upon dependents or in-feriors. The ready grin and supple inclination with which his saluation, theugh slight, was answered by the foreigner, increased the internal dislike which Lovel had already conceived towards him; an? to

was plain, from the lour of the Antiquery's shaggy eye-brow, that he too looked with displeasure on this addition to the company. Little more than distant greeting passed among the members of the party, until, having rolled on for about three miles heyond the place at which they met, the carriages at length stopped at the sign of the Four Horse-shoes, a small hedge inn, where Caxon humbly opened the door, and let down the step of the hack-chaise, while the immetse of the harwche were by their more countly

and let down the step of the flack-chaine, while the immates of the barouche were, by their more courtly attendants, assisted to leave their equipage. Hare renewed greetings passed; the young ladies shock hands; and Oldbuck, completely in his ele-ment, placed himself as guide and Cicerone at the bard of the party who were now to advance on foot mote hands, and Outder, could and Cicerone at the beed of the party, who were now to advance on foot towards the object of their curiosity. He took care to detain Lovel close beside him as the best listener of the party, and occasionally glanced a word of expla-ration and instruction to Miss Wardour and Mary Minityre, who followed next in order. The Baronet and the clergyman he rather avoided, as he was sware both of them conceived they understood such metters as well, or better, than he did; and Douster-swirel, besides that he looked on him as a charitam, were so nearly connected with his supprehended loss in the stock of the mining company, that he could not abide the sight of him. These two latter satellites, therefore, attended upon the orb of Sir Arthur, to when, moreover, as the most important person of the society, they were naturally induced to attach therefore.

the society, they were naturally induced to attach themselves. It fragmently happens that the most beautiful points all scottish scenery lie hidden in some sequestered dell, and that you may travel through the country in overy direction without being aware of your vicinity is what is well worth seeing, unless intention or acci-dent carry you to the very spot. This is pericularly the case in the country around Fairport, which is, generally speaking, open, uninclosed, and bare. But here and there the progress of rills, or small rivers, has formed della, glens, or, as they are provincially three, dens, on whose high and rocky banks trees and shrubs of all kinds find a shelter, and grow with a luxuriant profusion, which is the more grati-fying, as it forms an unexpected contrast with the general face of the country. This was eminently the case with the sports to the ruins of Saint Ruth, which was for some time mersiy a sheep-track, slong the side of a steep and bare hill. By degrees, however, as this path descended, and winded round the hill-side, trees began to appear, at first singly, and blighted, with locks of wool upon their trunks, and their roots hollowed out into recesses, in which the abare here to more the time the recesses, in which the sheep love to repose themselves,—a sight much more gratifying to the eve of an admirer of the peturesque than to that of a planter or forester. By Indicating the second s

which them, if they wished to enjoy in full perfection what they came to see. "You are happy in me for a goode, Miss Wardour," exclaimed the veteran, waving his hand and head in cadence as he repeated with amphasis.

" ' I know each have, and every alloy group Pingle, or bashy dell, of this wild wood; And every peaky hower from side to side."

An ! dence take it i-that spray of a bramble has modened all. Caxon's labours, and nearly canted

my wig into the streets-se much for resistions has

de prozos." "Never mind, my dear sir," said Miss Wadow "you have your faithful attendant ready to rep you have your faithful attendant ready to rep pear with it as restored to its original spindor, I will carry on the quotation :

"So siaks the day-star in the bossa i And yet anon repairs his drooping h And tricks his beams, and with new Flames on the forehead" "-----

"O ensugh, enough !" answer Oldback; "logist

"O ensugh, enough," answer Oldback; "long to have known what it was to give you strain over me-But here is what will stop you ensu satire, for you are an admirer of nature I haw." I fact, when they had followed him through a base in a low, ancient, and ruinous wall, they can us denly upon a scene equally uncorpected and intensis They stood pretty high upon the adds of the which had suddenly opened into a sort of ampliab tre to give room for a pure and probond lake of a scree extent, and a space of level ground aroun The banks then arose every when scendy, and some places were varied by rocks-in others ow with the copse which run up, fathering the infinite charged inself into the hundling and transform the green pasture-ground. Beneth, the lake of charged itself into the hundling and transform from "its parent lake," stood the ruins which had come to visit. They were not ef pres and but the aingular beauty, as well as wid ad and the data extered the spect on which they were ated, gave them an interest and importants spo to that which attaches itself to architecture and houses, and possessing lass romantic conto inst which attaches itself to erchictant to of greater consequence, but placed new to win houses, and possessing less romants commu-entire, with all its ornaments and tracery work, the sides upheld by flying buttresses, when support, detached from the wall against which were placed, and ornamented with pinneds carved work, gave a variety and lightness to building. The roof and western end of the were completely minous, but the latter aparts have made one side of a square, of which the mi the conventual buildings formed other two gardens a fourth. The side of these buildings overhung the brook, was partly founded of a sionally turned to, maintary purposes and and taken with great isonghter, dwring the sub-still marked by a few erchard trees, it a gat elisance from the buildings were detached on the staten with great staughter, dwring the subdistance from the buildings were detaded on elms and chestnuts, growing singly, which it in degreat eize. The rest of the space barry ruins and the hill was a close-cropt survi-the deily pasture of the sheep kept in man order than if it had been subjected to the sy broom. The whole scene had a report, we still and affecting without being monoward dark, deep basin, in which the clear blar posed, reflecting the water likes which gre surface, and the trees which here the durit their arms from the banks, was findly en with the hasts and turnalit of the brook was away from the outlet, as if energing from which the name and times of the brook wave from the outlet, as if eacoping for ment, and hurried down the gien, when the base of the rock on which the runs we and brawling in foam and fury with every stone which obstructed its parages. A s stone which obstructed its passage. A st trast was seen between the level green us which the ruins were scattered over it, can the precipitous banks which arose at a sho around, partly ringed with hight and feah wood, partly ringed with hight and feah wood, partly rome abruptly elevated of gray rock, chequered with lichen, and hardy plants which find root even in the creveces of the orags.

#### CHAP. XVII.

"There was the retreat of learning in the days of vacant niches of the sainted images. "What is the reason," at length Mise Wardow asked the Anti bacapeary had now grouped themselves while they dury, "why tradition has preserved to us such mea-dimed the unexpected opening of a prospect so ger accounts of the inmates of these stately edifices, and task and icompany and now grouped inemastives while they hired the unexpected opening of a prospect so manic; "there reposed the sages who were awary romastic; "there reposed the sages who were aweary of the world, and devoted either to that which was to come, or to the service of the generations who should follow them in this. I will show you pre-sently the library—see that stretch of wall with gauge-shafted windows—there it existed, stored, as many the standard windows—there it existed, stored, as m ell manufactipt in my possession assures me, with is thousand volumes—And here I might well take up the lamentation of the learned Leland, who, mysting the downfall of the conventual libraries, maxims, like Rachel weeping for her children, that file pagel laws, decrees, decretals, clementines, and the mach drugs of the devil, yes, if Heytesburg's ambients, Porphary's universals, Aristotle's logic, and Dunne's divinity, with such other lousy lagorde where a porphyry's universals. Aristotle's logic, and Dunne's divinity, with such other lousy lagerde-name, (beging your pardon, Miss Wardour,) and ruis of the bottomless pit, had leapt out of our libra-ing for the accommodation of grocers, candle-maters, soon-sollers, and other workily occupiers, we again have been therewith contented. But to put transism through a national muniments, to such fiese of contempt and subjection, has greatly winded our nation, and showed ourselves dishon-med in the eyes of posterity to the utmost stretch of mo-O negligence, most unfriendly to our land?" "And, O John Knoz." said the baronet, "through been influence, and under whose suppices, the patri-tic task was accomplished!" "The Aniquary, comowhat in the situation of a

The Antiquary, somewhat in the situation of a residencia caught in his own springe, turned short sund and coughed, to excuse a slight blush as he matered his answer—" As to the Apostle of Scottish information"—

Miss Wardour broke in to interrupt a conver-in so dangerous. "Pray, who was the author

The Miss Wardour broke in to interrupt a conver-stion so dangeross. "Pray, who was the author me-quoted, Mr. Okibuck?" "The learned Leland, Miss Wardour, who lost his maps on witnessing the destruction of the conven-ish ishneries in England." "Now I think," replied the young lady, "his mis-pertune may have saved the rationality of some subdern aniquaries, which would certainly have been pertune di So vast a lake of learning had not been minished by draining." Wwall thank Heaver. there is no danger now-

Well, thank Heaven, there is no danger now-y have hardly left us a spoonful in which to pera the dire feat.

m the dure feat." So mying, Mr. Oldbuck led the way down the nk, by a steep but accure path, which soon placed an on the verdant meadow where the ruins stood. There they lived," continued the Antiguary, " with agent to do but to spend their time in investigating ints of remote antiquity, transcribing manuscripts, d composing new works for the information of attarity."

And," added the baronet, "in exercising the rites

And," added the baronet, "in exercising the rites evolution with a pomp and caramonial worthy of addice of the priesthood." And if Sir Arthur's excellence will permit," said German, with a low bow, "the monksh might make de vary curious experiment in dere labo-hoth in chemistry and maria naturalie." I think," said the clergyman, "they would have to do in collecting the tends of the parsonage marge of three good parshes." I think, " side Miss Wardow, adding to the many, "without interruption from womenkind." The added Miss Wardow, adding to the many, "without interruption from womenkind." The added Miss Wardow, adding to the many, "without interruption from womenkind." The subset by what chance the good fathers to lowe it."

to home it." . such criticisms on the occupations of those orm the runs had been formerly possessed, they and for some time from one mose grown shrine ther, ander the guidance of Oldbuck, who ex-with much plausibility, the ground-plan of the moddering inscriptions which yet were model upon the tembs of the dead, or anter the

raised with such expense of labour and taste, and raised with such expense of incour and taste, and whose owners were in their times personages of social awful power and importance? The meenest tower of a freebooting baron, or squire, who lived by his lance and broadsword, is consecrated by its appropri-ate legend, and the shepherd will tell you with acce-racy the names and feats of its inhabitants; but ask a countryman concerning these beautiful and ext a country han could him a tree or country in a bat-sive remains - these towers, these archaes, and bat-treesees, and shafted windows, reared at such cost, three words fill up his answer—' they were made by the resords lang syne."

The question was somewhat puzzling—Sir Arthus looked upward, as if hoping to be inspired with an answer—Okibuck shored back his wig—the clargy-man was of opinion that his parishingers were to deeply impressed with the true presbyteran doctrian to preserve any records concerning the pepistical cumberers of the land, offshoots as they were of the great overshadowing tree of iniouity, whose roots are in the bowels of the seven hills of abominationin the bowels of the even hills of abomination-Lovel thought the question was best resolved by cas-sidering what are the events which leave the despant impression on the minds of the common people-"These," he contended, "were not such as reasolube the gradual progress of a fertilizing river, but the headlong and precipitous fury of some portentes flood. The eras, by which the valgar compute time, have always reference to some period of fear and the bulation, and they date by a tempest, an earthquake, or burst of civil commotion. When such are the facts most alive in the memory of the common peer facts most alive in the memory of the common per pla, we cannot wonder," he concluded, " that the feet

ple, we cannot wonder," he concluded, "that the **fere**-cious warrior is remembered, and the peaceful abbots are abandoned to forgetfulness and oblivion." "If you pleashe, gentlemens and ladies, and **ashk** ing pardon of Sir Arthur and Miss Wardour, and this worthy clergymansh, and my goot friend **Mr**. Oldesbuck, who is my countrymansh, and of geot young Mr. Lofel also, I think it is all owing to de hand of glory." "The hand of what ?" exclaimed Oldbuck. "De hand of glory, my goot mester Oldsness, which is a vary great and terrible secrets—which de monksh used to conceal their treasures when they were triven from their cloisters by what you call de Reform."

were triven from their cloisters by what you call to Reform." "Ay, indeed I tell us about that," said Okdback, "for these are secrets worth knowing." "Why, my goot Master Oldenbuck, you will entry laugh at me-but de hand of glory is vary well known in do countries whore your worthy progen-tors did live-and it is hand cut off from a dead mean, as has been hanged for murther, and dried very mase in de ahmoks of juniper wood, and if you put a listle of what you call yew wild your juniper, it will not be any better-that is, it will not be no worse-then you do take something of de fatsh of de bear, and of de great chonr, and of de little sucking child as has not been christened, (for dat is very essentials,) and you do proper hour and minute, with de proper creemonist, proper hour and minute, with de proper coremonis and he whoseeksh for treasuresh shall never find not at all "

and ne who seeksh for treasuresh shall never find nose at all." "I dare take my corporal oath of that conclusion," said the Antigaary. "And was it the custom, Mr. Dousterswivel, in Westphalia, to make use of this elegant candelabrum?". "Alwaysh. Mr. Oldenberg

this elegant candelabrum?" "Alwaysh, Mr. Oldenbuck, when you did not want nobody to talk of nething you wash doing about—And de monksh alwaysh did this when they did hids their church-plates, and their great che-lices, and de rings, wid very preshious shtones and jewels." "But, notwithstanding, you knights of the Ray Cross have means, no doubt, of breaking the spell. and discovering what the poor morks have put them selves to so much trouble to cencel ?" "Ab ! gest Mr. Oldenbuck," seplied the enter, gys

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and the set of the set o

suit the purpose of his mystery; and after cutting, and examining, and rejecting several, he at length pro-vided himself with a small twig of hazel terminating vided himself with a small twig of hazel terminating in a forked end, which he pronounced to possess the virtue proper for the experiment that he was about to exhibit. Holding the forked ends of the wand each between a finger and thumb, and thus keeping the rod upright, he proceeded to pace the ruined aisles and cloisters, followed by the rest of the company in admiring procession. "I believe dere was no waters here," said the adept, when he had made the round of several of the buildings, without perceiving any of these indications which he pretended to expect—"I believe those Scotch monksh did find de water too gool for de climate, and alwayah drank de goot com-fortable Rhine wine—but, aha!—see there."—Accord-ingly, the assistants observed the rout to turn in his fingers, although he pretended to hold it very tight.— "Dere is water here about sure enough,"—and, turn-ing this way and that way, as the agitation of the divining rod seemed to increase or diminish, he at length advanced into the midet of a vacant and roof-less enclosure, which had been the kitchen of the priory, when the rod twisted itself so as to poin; almost straight downwards. "Here is de place," "I shall take that license," whispered the Antiin a forked end, which he pronounced to possess the

"I shall take that license," whispered the Anti-marv to Love. "whether the water is discovered quary to Love. or no."

THE ANTIQUARY. [CHAP. XVIII]
shaking his head injectrionaly, "you was very hard to believe; but if you had seen de great huge pieces of de plate so massive, Sir Arthur — so fine fashion. Miss Wardour—and de ailver crose dat we did find (dat was Schrepfer and my ownself) for de Her Treygraff, as you call de Baron Von Blunderhaus, I do believe you would have believed then." "Seeing is believing indeed—But what was your mystery, Mr. Dousterswivel?" "Aha, Mr. Oldenbuck, dat is my little secret, mine store is de dream dat you dream tree times, dat is a friend (with a side-glance to Lovel) who is peculary. Mark what he talks of next. I am much side glare to the source, and plumes himself upon the credit of this is not intended as a prelade to some more sequence, and plumes himself upon the credit of this upstreal piece of the size of the size of more sequence, and plumes himself upon the credit of this upstreal piece of the size of the size of more sequence, and plumes himself upon the credit of the upiece of the size of the size

more serious iraud; see now the rascal assume con-sequence, and plumes himself upon the credit of this success, and how poor Str Arthur takes in the ide of nonsense which he is delivering to him as princi-ples of occult science!" "You do see, my goot patron, you do see, my goot ladies, you do see, worthy Dr. Bladderhowl, and even Mr. Lofel and Mr. Oldenbuck may see, it they do will to see, how art has no enemy at all bat igno-rance. Look at this little slip of hazel nuts-it is fit for nothing at all but to whip de little child."-("I would choose a cat and nine tails for your occa-sions," whispered Oldbuck apart,)-"and you put it in the hands of a philosopher-pat! it makes de grand discovery. But this is nothing, Sir Arthur,-nothing at all, worthy Dr. Botherhowl-nothing at all, ladies-nothing at all, young Mr. Lofel and goot Mr. Oldenbuck, to what art can do. Ah ! if dere we any man that had do spirit and de courage, I would show him better things than de well of water-"and a little money would be necessary also. would show him

The feast was spread fronds super viridi, as bit buck expressed himself, under a huge old tree, called the Prior's Oak, and the company sitting down around it did ample honour to the content of the basket.

### CHAPTER XVIII.

As when a Gryphon through the wilders With winged course, o'er hill and moory Purwes the Arimaspian, who by stealth Had from his wakeful custody purloin'd The guarded gold : So cagerly the Fiend

Paradise Lat.

WHEN their collation was ended, Sir Arthur B sumed the account of the mysterice of the division rod, as a subject on which he had formerly conver-with Dousterswivel. "My friend Mr. Oldberty now be prepared, Mr. Dousterswivel, to instru-more respect to the stories you have told in the late discoveries in Germany by the brethren of

late discoveries in Germany by the brethread association." "Ah, Sir Arthur, that was not a thing to a those gentlemana, because it is want of creat what you call faith—that spoils the great enter "At least, however, let my daughter read the rative she has taken town of the story of Waldeck."

Waldeck." "Ah, that was very true story—but Miss was ahe is so sly and so witty, that she has make like one romance—as well as Goethe or was could have done it, by mine honest wort." "To say the truth, Mir. Dousterswirel," saw Miss Wardour, "the romantic predominated legend so much above the probable, that it was eible for a lower of fairw-land like me to avoid A servan, who had come up with a basket of cold solution above of fairy-land like me to avoid refreshments, was now dispatched to a neighbouring a few touches to make it perfect in its kin forester's hut for a mattock and pick-zec. The losse to serve it is, and if you do not incline to leave stones and rubbiah being removed from the spot in-

# CHAP. XVIIL)

and will have sympathy with my bad composition, parkage Sir Arthur or Mr. Oldbuck will read it to

"Nut L" said Sir Arthur; "I was never fond of

"Nor I," said Sir Arthur; "I was never fond of "Nor I," said Okfbuck, " for I have forgot my speciacies -but here is Lovel, with sharp eyes, and a good voice; for Mr. Blattergowl, I know, never reads any thing, leat he should be suspected of reading his symptone " 1008

serions." The task was therefore imposed upon Lovel, who received, with some trepidation, as Miss Wardour delivered with a little embarrassment, a paper con-taining the lines traced by that fair hand, the pos-session of which he coveted as the highest bleasing the earth could offer to him. But there was a ne-cessity of suppressing his emotions; and after gianc-me over the manufactivit as if to become acousinted with the character, he collected himself, and read the company the following tale.

#### The Fortunes of Martin Waldeck.\*

The solitudes of the Harz forest in Germany, but especially the mountain called Bleckberg, or rather Brockenberg are the chosen scene for tales of witches, demons, and apparitions. The occupation of the in-habitants, who are either miners or foresters, is of a kind that renders them peculiarly prone to supersti-tion, and the natural phenomens which they wincess then the neutral phenomena which they witness in guranit of their solitary or subterraneous pro-ference of gobins or the power of magic. Among there is a favorite one, which supposes the Harz to be haunted by a sort of tutelar demon, in the shape of a wild man, of huge stature, his head wreathed with oak leaves, and his middle cinctured with the same, bearing in his hand a pine torn up by the roots. It is certain that many persons profess to have seen such a form traversing, with huge strides, in a line parallet to their own course, the opposite ridge of a mountain, when divided from it by a narrow glen; and indeed the fact of the apparition is so generally admitted, that modern scepticism has only found refuge by ascribing it to optical deception.<sup>†</sup>

he inhabitants was more familiar, and, according to be traditions of the Harz, he was wont, with the price usually ascribed to these earth-born powers, suprice usually ascribed to these earth-born powers, to interfere with the affairs of mortals, somatimes for their weal, sometimes for their wo. But it was ebserved, that even his gifts often turned out, in the long run, fatal to those on whom they were bestowd, and it was no uncommon thing for the pastors, in their care of their flocks, to compose long sermons, the burden whereof was a warning against having any intercourse, direct or indirect, with the Hara-demon. The fortunes of Martin Waldeck have been often quoted by the aged to their giddy children, when they were heard to scoff at a danger which suppeared visionary. A traveling capuchin had possessed himself of the

A traveling capuchin had possessed himself of the post of the thatched ohurch at a little hamlet called rgenored, lying in the Harz district, from which declarmed against the wickedness of the inhabit , their communication with fiends, witches, and as, and, in particular, with the woodland gobin the Harz. The doctrines of Luther had already the Harz. The doctrines of Luther had already the barread among the peasantry, for the inci-tion in pieced under the reign of Charles V., and they plad to ecorn the zeal with which the venerable immined upon his topic. At length, as his vehe-ther increased with opposition, so their opposition is proportion to his vehemence. The inhabitants pot like towher an accustomed quiet demon, who mhabited the Brockenberg for so many ages, sum-by comfounded with Baalpeor, Ashtaroth, and

outline of this story is taken from the German, though shoer is at present unable to say in which of the various means of the popular legends in that language, the original 

anadow of the censon who sees the phintom, being anadow of the censon who sees the phintom, being a groom a cloud of mist, like the image of the mark a sporm a while sheet, is supposed to have formed the

Besizessis himself, and condemned without reprises to the bottomless Tophet. The apprehensions that the spirit might avenge himself on them for listening to such an illiberal sentence, added to their national insuch an illiberal sentence, added to their national in-terest in his behalf. A travelling friar, they said, that is here to-day and away to morrow, may say, what he pleases: but it is we, the ancient and con-stant inhabitants of the country, that are loft at the mercy of the insulted demon, and must, of course, pay for all. Under the irritation occasioned by these mercy of the matter demon, and must, of course, pay for all. Under the irritation occasioned by these reflections, the peasants from injurious language be-took themselves to stones, and having pebbled the priset, pretty handsomely, they drove him out of the parish to preach against demons elsewhere.

Three young men, who had been present and as-sisting an this occasion, were upon their return to the hut where they carried on the laborious and mean the hut where they carried on the laborious and mean occupation of preparing charcoal for the smelting furnaces. On the way, their conversation naturally turned upon the damon of the Harz and the doctrine of the capuchin. Max and George Waldeck, the two elder brothers, although they allowed the language of the capuchin to have been indiscreet and worthy of censure, as presuming to determine upon the pre-cise character and abode of the spirit, yet contended it was dangerous, in the highest degree, to accept of his gifts, or hold any communication with him. He was powerful they allowed, but wayward and capri-cious, and those who had intercourse with him sel-dom came to a good end. Did he not give the brave knight, Ecbert of Rabenwald, that famous black steed, by means of which he vanguished all the cham-pions at the great tournament at Bremen ? and did pions at the great tournament at Bremen? and did not the same steed afterwards precipitate itself with its rider into an abyss so steep and fearful, that nei-ther horse nor man were ever seen mor? I Had he not given to Dame Gertrude Trodden a curious spell not given to Dame Gertrude Trodden a curious spell for making butter come? and was ake not burnt for a witch by the grand criminal judge of the Electorate, because she availed herself of his gift? But these, and many other instances which they quoted, of mis-chance and ill-luck ultimately attending on the appa-rent benefits conferred by the Harz spirit, failed to make any impression upon Martin Waldeck, the youngest of the brothers.

youngest of the brothers. Martin was youthful, rash, and impetuous; excel-ling in all the exercises which distinguish a mountain-eer, and brave and undaunted from his familiar inter-course with the dangers that attend them. He laughed at the timidity of his brothers. "Tell me not of such folly," he said; "the demon is a good demon-he lives among us as if he were a peasent like ourselves—haunts the lonely crags and receases of the mountains like a huntumer or creatherd-and like ourselves—haunts the lonely crags and recesses of the mountains like a huntsman or goathard—and he who loves the Harz-forest and its wild scentes, cannot be indifferent to the fate of the hardy children of the soil. But, if the demon were as malicious as you would make high, how should be derive power over mortals, who barely avail themselves of his gifts, without binding themselves to submit to his plea-sure ? When you carry your charcoal to the furnace, is not the money as good that is paid you by blas-pheming Blaize, the old reprobate overseer, as if you got it from the pastor himsel? It is not the goolin's gifts which can endanger you then, but it is the use you shall make of them that you must account for. gifts which can endanger you then, but it is the use you shall make of them that you must account for. And were the demos to appear to me at this moment, and indicate to me a gold or silver mine, I would begin to dig away even before his back were turned, and I would consider myself as under protection of a much greater than he, while I made a good use of the wealth he pointed out to me." To this the elder brother replied, that wealth ill won was seldom well spent; while Martin presump-tuously declared, that the possession of all the trea stress of the Harz would not make the slightest al-teration on his habits, morals, or character.

sures of the Harz would not make the slightest al-teration on his habits, morals, or character. , His brother entreated Martin to talk less wildly upon this subject, and with some difficulty contrived to withdraw his attention, by calling it to the consi-deration of the approaching boar-chase. This talk brought them to their hut, a wretched wigwam, situ ated upon one side of a wild, narrow, and romanie dell, in the recesses of the Brockenberg. They re-

Inseed their eister from attending upon the operation of charring the wood, which requires constant at-tention, and divided among themselves the duty of watching it by night, according to their custom, one stways waking while his brothers slept. Max Waldeck, the eldest, watched during the two first hours of the night, and was considerably alarmed, by observing, upon the opposite bank of the glan, or valley, a huge fire surrounded by some figures that appeared to wheel around it with antic gestures. Max at finding it impossible to wake the elder without sleo disturbing Martin—conceiving also what he saw to be an illusion of the demon, sent perhaps in con-sequence of the venturous expressions used by Martin on the preceding evening, he thought it best to be-take himself to the safeguard of such prayers as he could murmur over, and to watch in grave to be

could murnur over, and to watch in great terror and annoyance this strange and alarming appariton. After blazing for some time, the fire faded gradually away into darkness, and the rest of Mar's watch was only disturbed by the remembrance of its terrors. George now occupied the place of Mar, who had retired to rest. The phenomenon of a huge blazing fire, upon the opposite bank of the glen, again pre-sented itself to the eye of the watchman. It was sur-pounded as before by figures, which, distinguished by their opaque forms, being between the spectator and the red glaring light, moved and fluctuated around it easif engaged in some mystical ceremony. George,

their opaque forms, being between the spectator and their opaque forms, being between the spectator and the red glaring light, moved and fluctuated around it as if engaged in some mystical ceremony. George, though equally cautious, was of a bolder character than his elder brother. He recolved to examine more nearly the object of his wonder; and, accordingly, after crossing the rivulet which divided the glen, he dimbed up the opposite bank, and approached within an arrow's fight of the fire, which blazed apparently with the same fury as when he first witnessed it. The appearance of the assistants who surrounded it, resembled those phantoms which are seen in a troubled dream, and at once confirmed the idea he had entertained from the first, that they did not be-long to the human world. Amongst these strange emearthly forms, George Waldeck distinguished that of a giant overgrown with hair, holding an uprooted fir in his hand, with which, from time to time, he seemed to stir the blazing fire, and having no other clothing than a wreach of oak leaves around his fore-head and loins. George's heart sunk within him at recognising the well-known apparition of the Harz demon, as he had been often described to him by the ancient shepherds and huitsmen who had seen his form traversing the mountains. He turned, and was shout to fly is but, upon second thoughts, blaming his own cowardice, he recited mentally the verse of the Psalinist. "All good angels, praise the Lord!" which is in that country supposed powerful as an exorcism, and turned himself once more towards the place. The pale moon alone enlightened the, side of the wherehehad seen hafter. But it was no longer visible. The pale moon alone enlightened the, side of the wherehehad seen hafter. But it was no longer visible.

The pale moon alone enlightened the side of the valley; and when George, with trembling steps, a moist brow, and hair bristing upright under his col-her's cap, came to the spot on which the fire had been so lately visible, marked as it was by a scathed oak-tree, there appeared not on the heath the slightest vestiges of what he had seen. The moss and wild flowers were unscorehed, and the branches of the oak-tree, which had so lately appeared enveloped in wreaths of flame and smoke, were moist with the dews of midnight. George returned to his but with trembling steps.

George returned to his but with trembling steps, and, arguing like his elder brother, resolved to say potting of what he had seen, lest he should awake in Marin that daring caricaity which he almost deemed to be allied with impiety.

It was now Martin's turn to watch. The house-hold cock had given his first summons, and the night was wellnigh spent. Upon examining the state of the furnace in which the wood was deposited in order the narrace in which the wood was deposited in order to its being coked or charrod, he was surprised to find that the fire had not been sufficiently maintained; for in his excursion and its consequences, George had forgot the principal object of his watch. Martin's first thought was to call up the shumberers; but,

observing that both his brokess alors investig deep and heavily, he suspected their repose and an himself to supply the furnace with fuel without remi-ing their aid. What he basged upon it was upor-rently damp and unfit for the purpose, for the im seemed rather to decay than revive. Muris seri-went to collect some boughs from a stack which had been carefully out and died for this games; but when he seturned, he found the fire statigerin guished. This was a serious evil, and theseas day. The want does of their trade for more than an die and been with loss of their trade for more than an dist just of the seturned in the fire statigerin guished. This was a serious evil, and theseas day. The want does of their trade for more than an also pirike a light in order to me-kindle the fire is in the tinder, was more about to call the inder the fire the set of also ineffectual. He was now about to call the is tinder.was moist, and his labour preved is the mease also ineffectual. He was now about is call up his brothers, for circumstances seemed to be present what he is a second be also also also also also also apparition which had before alarmed the second watches of his brethere. His first idea was, that the Muhllerhauseers, their rivals in trade, and with who they had had many quarrels, might have second to word, and he resolved to a wake his brothers, and a revenged on them for their audacity. But a sho reflection and observation on the genures and man per of those who seemed to "work in the far," induced him to dismiss this being and, altong rather sceptical in such matters, to conside the what he saw was a supermature phenomene forester, "that busy themselves youder with and fantastical rites and greatures. I will go and ensure the same time, the idea of awaking his being at a time; he feared also that his bothers as the sceptus that interface of a waking his babe at a time; he feared also that his bothers are been to undertake were accessible only to experime at a time; he feared also that his bothers as the mence; and, therefore, ranketing his being mence; and, therefore, ranketing his babe the adventure alone.

the advanced with tolerable firmness would be advanced with course far superior, Marin crossed he ascended the hill, and approached so near the assembly. that he could recognize, in the real search of the flars dense. A shuddering assailed him for the first time is and even courted the intercourse which we about to take place, confirmed his stagents of the advanced with tolerable firmness would be advanced with tolerable firmness would be approached to the assembly. He was resurd a loud shout of discordant and unnatural the work which, to this stunned eras and approached to the assembly. He was resurd a loud shout of discordant and unnatural the which, to his stunned eras, seemed more a loud shout of discordant and unnatural the shout of the source and price the secondant and unnatural the shout of the source at the second end of the source of the second end of the source a loud shout of discordant and unnaural is which, to his stunned ears, seemed more than a combination of the most disman and choly sounds that could be imagined thou?" said the giant, compressing as an exaggerated features into a sort of forest while they were occasionally agitated by the sion of the laughter which he seemed to see "Martin Waldeck, the forester," and hardy youth;—"and who are you?" "The King of the Waste and of the M swered the spectre;—"and why hast them encroach on my steries?" "I came in search of light to rekindle answered Martin hardily, and then resolut in his turn, "What mysteries are these celebrate here?"

in his turn, "What mysteries are these of celebrate here?" answered the completent "We celebrate?" answered the completent "the wedding of Hermes with the Black but take thy fire that thou carnest to see, th --No mortal may long look upon us and in The peasant struck his spear point into piece of blazing wood, which he heaved up difficulty, and then urmed round to regain the shouts of laughter being renawed behind treble violence, and ringing far down the ne

ter. When Martin returned to the hat, his first carse, inserver much astonished with wrhat he had sees, inserver much astonished with wrhat he had sees might best light the fire of his farmars; but after many efforts, and all exertions of bellows and firegroug, the coal he had brought from the demonis firedemone totally extinct, without kindling any of the sthere. He turned about and observed the fire still blasing on the bill, although those who had been husined around it had disappeared. As he conceived the spectre had been jeeting with him, he gave way to the natural hardihout at the store, he way to the matural hardihout of his tenper, and, determining to see the adventure to an end, resumed the mad to the fire, from which, usepposed by the demon, he brought off in the same rmanner a blazing piece at fastrond, but still without being able to succeed in lighting his fire. Impunity having increased his submens, he resulted upon a third experiment, and carbon had main appropriated a plece of burning read, and had any of the words. "Dare mot to return and supermaural voice which had hefere accested him, pressence these words, "Dare mot to return hitter a fourth time?"

hither a fourth time "" "The attempt to kindle the fire with this last coal having proved as ineffectual as on the former occaments, diartin relinquished the hopelass attempt, and fang himself on his bod of lawyes, meabing to delay fill the next morning the communication of his supermatural adventure to his botchers. He was swatched from a heavy elses into which he had runk, from fatigue of heavy elses into which he had runk, from fatigue of heavy elses into which he had runk, from fatigue of heavy elses into which he had runk, from fatigue of heavy elses into which he had runk, from fatigue of heavy elses and joy. His brothers, attomated at finding the fire extinguished when they swetce, hash proceeded to arrange the final in erder to renew it, have found in the safes three bage insteadil measures, which their skill (for west of the person term the Herz are practical minwelogists) immediately are been been done up on their joyful congratulations

It was some damp upon their joyful compratulations when they learned from Martin the mode in which he had obtained this treasure, to which their own experience of the nocturnal vision induced them to give full credit. But hay were unable to resist the temptation of sharing in their bother's wealth. Taking now upan him as head of the house, Martin Waklack bought issde and forests, built a castle, ab tuined a pattent of nobility, and, greatly to the induce instance of the assistant arcstoracy of the angulatour of the assist transformed in public war, so well as in private fonds, to prove the with the number of retainers whom he kept this courage in public war, so well as in private fonds, to pay, custom of his protessions. . And sow it was soon in the instance of Martin

And have a series of the serie

under all time addition, add southed wither to adjument in proportion to the danger which derived mund him, until an accident precipitated his fall.

around him, until an accident precipitated his fill. A proclamation by the neighing Dake of Brunswick had invited to a solemn 'tournament all Gerran nobles of free and honourable descent, and Marvin Waldeck, splendidly armed, accompanied by his two brothers, and a gallantly equipped reinue had the arrogance to appear among the chavalry of the province, and demanded permission to enter the lists. This was considered as filling up the measure of his presumption. A thousand value exclaimed, "We will have ne enader-sifter mingle in our games of chiralry." Irritated to frenzy, Martin drew his sword and hewed down the herald, who, in compliance with the general outery, opposed his entry into the lists. "A hundred syroute wave unsheathed to avage white the general outery, opposed his entry into the lists. "A hundred syroute wave unsheathed to avage white two is those days regarded as a crime only unfinite base of the lists, and constants of the spot inserting our regicals. Wildesk, after determine to secrilage or regicals. Wildesk, after determine to secrilage or regicals wave presented on a spot proprist spinishment for breaking the proses of his soversign, and violating the assess person of a barald-at-arms, to have his right hand-struck from his wave proprist spinishment for breaking the imposed by this surve sonamore, the unitietion 'strepped of his arms, and unitation the mutilation 'strepped of his arms, and unitation the mutilation 'strepped of his arms, and unitation is strately used with the macromancer and oppressor, which at length orded in violence. His brochers (for his retime wave field and dispersod) at length succeed in resummerly used and the bands of the populace, when a strated with crustry were not permitted, such was the ingenious crubing were not permitted, such was the ingenious crubing were not permitted, such was the ingenious crubing the bands of the populace, when a strated were and out ingersol at length succeed in mousting wave field ant ther bands of the populace, when a strated wer

When the Waldecks, journeying in this ensertility manner, had approached the verge of their native country, in a hollow way, between two uncontains, they perceived a figure advancing towards them. which at first sight seemed to be an eged man. But as he upproached, his limbs and stature increased, the clock fell from his sheutders, his pilgzin's staff year changed into an uprooted pine-tree, and the gigantic figure of the Harz denion passed before them in his terrors. When he came opposite to the cart which contained the miserable Waldeck, his huge features dilated into a grin of unutterable contempt and malignity, as he asked the sufferer, "How like you the firs ary coals kave kindled?" The power of motion, which terror anspended in his two brothers, seemed to be restored to Martin by the energy of his courage. He raised himself on the cart, bett his brows, and, clenching his fist, shook it at the spectre with a ghastly look of hate and defines. The goblin vanished with his usual tremendous and explosive laugh, and left Waldeck exhausted with this effort of expiring nature.

this effort of expiring nature. The terrified brethren turned their vehicle toward the towers of a convent, which arese in a wood of pine-trees beside the road. They were chanitably received by a bare-footed and long-bearded capudain, and Martin survived only to complete the first confusion he had made since the day of his sudden prosperity, and to receive absolution from the very prices, whom, precisely on that day three years, he had assisted to pelt out of the hamlet of Morgenbrodt. The three years of precarious prosperity were sapposed to have a mysterious correspondence with the sumber of his waits to the becetral fire upon the half.

The three years of precarious prosperity were sup posed to have a mysterious correspondence with the number of his visits to the spectral fire upon the hill. The body of Martin Waldeck was interred in the convent where he expired, in which his broken, having assumed the habit of the order, hved unit died in the performance of acts of therity and the tion. His lands, to which no one assured an addition layounts units they were remeasured by the visit.

we a lepsed fiel, and the ruins of the castle, which Waldeck had called by his own name, are still shunwealth, hastily attained and ill-employed, exemplified in the fortunes of Martin Waldeck.

#### CHAPTER XIX.

Here has been such a stormy encounter Betwizt my cousin Captain, and this soldier, About I know not what I-nothing, indeed ; Competitions, degrees, and comparatives Of soldiership I-----

#### A Fair Quarrel

Two extentive audience gave the fair transcriber of the foregoing legend the thanks which politences required. Oldbuck alone curied up his nose, and observed, that Miss Wardour's skill was something like that of the alchymists, for she had contrived to ex-tract a sound and valuable moral out of a very trum-pery and ridiculous legend. "It is the fashion, as I am given to understand, to admire those extravagant fictions—for me, lear an English beert.

Unused at ghosts and rattling bones to start."

Unused at ghosts and ratiling boxes to start." "Under your favour, my goot Mr. Oldenbuck," said the German, "Miss Wardour has turned de story, as ahe does every thing as she touches, very pretty in-deed; but all the history of de Harz goblin, and how be walks among de desolate mountains wid a great fir-tree for his walking-cane, and wid de great green fir-tree for his walking-cane, and wid de great green fir tree is no disputing any proposition so well grarantied," answered the Antiquary dryly. But at this moment the approach of a stranger cut short the conversation.

conversation.

acquaintance.

The young soldier fixed his keen eye upon Lovel, and paid his compliment with more reserve than cor-diality; and as our acquaintance thought his cold-ness almost supercilious, he was equally frigid and haughty in making the necessary return to it; and thus a prejudice seemed to arise between them at the very commencement of their acquaintance. The observations which Lovel made during the remainder of this pleasure party did not tend to re-concile him with this addition to their society. Cap-tain M'Intyre, with the gallantry to be expected from his age and profession, attached himself to the ser-vice of Miss Wardour, and offered her, on every pos-sible opportunity, those marks of attention which lower world to have rendered. vice of Miss Wardour, and offered her, on every pos-sible opportunity, those marks of attention which Lovel would have given the world to have rendered, and was only deterred from offering by the fear of har displeasure. With forlorn dejection at one mo-ment, and with irritated susceptibility at another, he saw this handsome young soldier assume and exer-size all the privileges of a cavalier assume and exer-size all the privileges of a cavalier servente. He handed Miss Wardour's gloves, he assisted her in getting on her shawl, he attached himself to her in She walks, had a hand ready to remove every impedi-

TQUARY. [Case. XIL] ment in her path, and an arm to support her where it was rugged or difficult; his conversation was ad-dressed chiefly to her, and, where circumstances per-mitted, it was exclusively so. All this, Lorel well knew, might be only that sort of egotistical galanty which induces some young men of the present day to give themselves the air of engrossing the attention of the pretitiest woman in company, as if the others were unworthy of their notice. But he thought he observed in the conduct of Captain M Intre some-thing of marked and peculiar tenderness, which was calculated to alarm the jealousy of a love. Miss Wardour allowed they were of a kind which could not be repelled without some strain of affection; yet it galled him to the heart to witness that sheld ao. The heart-burning which these reflections occh-sioned proved very indifferent seasoning to the dy antiquarian discussions with which Oldback, who continued to demand his particular attention, was unremittingly persecuting him; and he underwati, with fits of impatience that amounted almost b loathing, a course of lectures upon monsatic archi-

unremittingly persecuting him; and he underweit, with fits of impatience that amounted almost to loathing, a course of lectures upon monastic archi-tecture, in all its styles, from the massive Saxon 19 the florid Gothic, and from that in the mixed and composite architecture of James the First's time, when, according to Oldbuck, all orders were coa-founded, and columns of various descriptions arcsec side by side, or were piled above each other, as if symmetry had been forgotten, and the elemental principles of art resolved into their primitive confi-sion. "What can be more cutting to the heart that the sight of evila," said Oldbuck, in reputous estab-aisam, "which we are compelled to behold, while we do not possess the power of remedying them?" Loval answered by an involuntary groan. "I see my dear young firend, and most congenial unit, that you feel these enormities almost as much as 1 do. Have you ever approached them, or met then, without longing to tear, to deface, what is so the honourable?" "Dishonourable !" echoed Lovel, " in what reput " Where ? how ?" "Where ? how ?" "Upon the portico, for example, of the schools of Oxford, where, at immense expense, the barboro-fantastic and important architect has chosen to wrette

"Upon the portico, for example, of the schools of Oxford, where, at immense expense, the barbaros fantastic, and ignorant architect has choose to repre-sent the whole five orders of architecture on the fouri of one building." By such attacks as these, Oldbuck, unconcious of the torture he was giving, compelled Love to give him a share of his attention, —as a shifts angler, by means of his line, maintaine an imfluence over the most frantic movements of his agonized prey. They were now on their return to the most where

means of his line, maintains an influence werthe most frantic movements of his sponized prey. They were now on their return to the spot where they had left the carriages; and it is inconceivable how often, in the course of that short walk. Love, exhausted by the unceasing prosing of his work companion, mentally bestowed on the devil, or and one else that would have rid him of heering more them, all the orders and disorders of architecture which had been invented or combined from the building of Solomon's temple downwards. A se-incident occurred, however, which sprinkled a line patience on the heat of his distemperature. Miss Wardour, and her self-elected knight-and path, when the young ledy aparently became do ous to unite herself with the rest of the party, to break off her tête-à-tête with the young off airly made a pause until Mr. Oldbuck, come ing the date of these interesting mins." It would he doing injustice to Miss Wardow length. The Antupnery starting like a ward a question would least to an answer of no be length. The Antupnery starting like a wardow the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the wardow the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the wardow the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the wardow the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the wardow the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the wardow the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the wardow the trumpet sound against the date of 1973 and the sound in the sound in the date of 1973 and the sound in the sound in the the sound in the wardow in the sound in the wardow in the sound in the

the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the war-the trumpet sound, plunged at once into the war-arguments for and against the date of 1273, had been assigned to the priory of St. Ruth by a publication on Scottish architectural an tiquitiest raked up the names of all the priors who had the institution, of the nobles who had beato weat

Casp. XX.

upon it, and of the monarchs who had slept their last [ deep among its rooffess courts. As a train which takes fire is suce to light another, if there be such in the vicinity, the Baconet, catching at the name of one of his ancestors which occurred in Oldbuck's disquisition, entered upon an account of his wars, his conquests, and his trophies; and worthy Dr. Blattergowl was induced, from the mention of a grant of lands, sum decimis inclusis tam vicarils quam garbalibus, sum accounts incluses iam vicaries quam gerbalibus, a nunquam anica separatis, to enter into a long explanation concerning the interpretation given by the Teind Court in the consideration of such a clause, which had occurred in a process for localling his last angmentation of stipend. The orators, like three mores, each pressed forward to the goal, without recers, each pressed forward to the goal, without such regarding how each crossed and jostled his competitors. Mr. Oldbuck harangued, the Baronet sectaimed, Mr. Blattergowl prosed and laid down the law, while the Latin forms of feudal grants were more barbarous phraseology of the Teind Court of Scotland. "He was," exclaimed Oldbuck, speaking of the Prior Adhemar, "indeed an exemplary prelate; and, from his strictness of morals, rigid execution of penance, joined to the charitable disposition of his mind, and the infirmities endured by his great age and ascetic habit?"—

and ascetic habits" Here he chanced to cough, and Sir Arthur burst in, or rather continued—"was called popularly Hell-in-Harness; he carried a shield, gules with a sable fees, which we have since disused, and was slain at the battle of Vernoil, in France, after killing six of "Decrest of certification," proceeded the clergy-man, in that prolonged, steady, prosing tone, which, however overpowered at first by the vehemence of competition, promised, in the long run, to obtain the secondency in this strife of narrators; "Decreet of certification have strife of narrators; "Decreet of certification having gone out, and parties being held escence or y in this strie of narrators; Decret of certification having gone out, and parties being held as confessed, the proof seemed to be held as con-cluded, when their lawyer moved to have it opened up, on the allegation that they had witnesses to bring forward, that they had been in the habit of carrying the ewest to lamb on the teind-free land; which was

a more evasion for"----But here the Baronet and Mr. Oldbuck having recovered their wind, and continued their respective barangues, the three strands of the conversation, to speak the language of a rope-work, were again twined, tog-ther into one undistinguishable string of configuration.

eonits scon. Yet how soever uninteresting this piebald jargon might seem, it was obtained busy Miss Wardour's pur-pose to give it her attention, in preference to yielding Captain M'Intyre an opportunity of renewing their private conversation. So that after waiting for a little time with displeasure ill concealed by his haughty features, he left her to enjoy her bad taste, and taking his sister by the arm, detained her a little behind the mat of the nerty.

"So I find, Mary, that your neighbourhood has either become more lively nor less learned during

we lacked your patience and wisdom to instruct Hector.

"Hector." "Thank you, my dear sister. But you have got a view, if not so lively an addition to your society, han your unworthy brother-pray, who is this Mr. lovel, whom our old uncle has at once placed so the in his good graces?-he does not use to be so incassible to strangers." "Mr. Lovel, Hector, is a very gentleman-like in gran." "Ar, that is to say he hows when he care int

Ay, that is to say, he bows when he comes into born, and wears a coat that is whole at the el-

No, brother; it says a great deal more. It says this manners and discourse express the feelings infuncation of the higher class."

at I desire to know what is his birth and his

in society; and what is his title to be in the cir-which I find him domesticated 7' wood mean how he comes to visit at Monk-th, you must ask my uncle, who will probably

reply, that he invites to his own house such com pany as he pleases; and if you mean to ask Sir Arthur, you must know that Mr. Lovel rendered Miss Wardour and him a service of the most important kind.

What I that romantic story is true then ? -And. what that to the solution of t she was uncommonly dry to me as we walked together, and seemed from time to time as if she watched whether she was not giving offence to her gallant cavailer."

and, as to family, I trust that of M'Intyre is not infe-

"But Hector," continued his sister, "Sir Arthur always considers us as members of the Monkbarns family."

"Sir Arthur may consider what he pleases," an-swered the Highlander, scornfully; "but any one with common sense will consider that the wife takes

with common sense will consider that the wife takes rank from the husband, and, that my father's pedi-gree of fifteen unblemished descents must have encobled my mother, if her veins had been filled with printer's ink." "For God's sake, Hector," replied his anxious sis-ter, "take care of yoursels—a single expression of that kind, repeated to my uncle by an indiscreet or interested eves-dropper, would lose you his favour for ever, and destroy all chance of your succeeding to his estate." estate

"Be it so," answered the heedless young man; "I am one of a profession which the world has never been able to do without, and will far less endure to want for half a century to come; and my good old uncle may tack his good estate and his plebeian name to your apromesting if he pleases, Mary, and you may wed this new favourite of his if you please, and you may both of you live quiet, penceable, well-regulated lives if it pleases Heaven. My part is ta-ken—I'll fawn on no man for an inheritance which should be mine by birth." Miss M'Inityre laid her hand on her brother's arm, and entreated him to suppress his vehemence. "Who," she said, "injures or seeks to injure you, but your own hasty temper ?--what dangers are you delying,

but shart, injurce of stores to increase of the store of conduct to us, and why should you suppose he will in future be otherwise than what he has ever been, since we were left as orphans to his care?"

sunce we were lett as orphants to his care?" "He is an excellent old gentleman, I must own," replied M'Intyre, "and I an enraged at myself when I chance to offend him; but then his eternal ha-rangues upon topics not worth the spärk of a fint-h-investigations about invalided pots and pans and to-bacco-stoppers past-service-all these things put me out of patience-l have something of Hotspur in mo, sister, I must confess."

sister, I must confess." "Too much, too much, my dear brother. Into how many risks, and, forgive me for saying, some of them little creditable, has this absolute and violent temper led you I Do not let such clouds darken the time you are now to pass in our neighbourhood, but let our old benefactor see his kinsman as he is,—gene-rous, kind, and lively, without being rude, headstrong, and impetuous." "Well," answered Captain M'Inivre, "I am school-ded—good manners be my speed!. I'll do the civil thing by your new friend—I'll have some talk with this Mr. Lovel."

With this determination, in which he was for the time perfectly sincere, he joined the party who were walking before them. The treble disquisition was by this time ended; and Sir Arthur was speaking on

the subject of foreign news, and the political and military situation of the country, themes non which every man thinks himself qualified to give an opi-mon. An action of the preceding year having come upon the *tapis*, Lovel, accidentally mingling in the conversation, made some assertion concerning it, of the accuracy of which Captain M Intre seemed not to be convinced, although his doubts were politely expressed.

You must confess yourself in the wrong here, btor," said his uncle, "although I know no man Mector," said his uncle, "although I know no man less willing to give up an argument; but you were in f ngiand at the time, and Mr. Lovel was probably concerned in the affar."

concerned in the affair." "I am speaking to a military man, then," said M'Intyre; "may I enquire to what regiment Mr. Lovel belongs?"-Mr. Lovel gave him the number of the regiment.--"It happens strangely that we should never have met before, Mr. Lovel. I know your regiment very well, and have served along with them at different times." A blush crossed Lovel's countenance. "I have not lately been with my regiment," he replied; "I served the last campaign upon the staff of General "in -----"

served the last campaign upon the stan of General Bir — "" "Indeed! that is more wonderful than the other circumstance; for, although I did not serve with General Sir — , yet I had an opportunity of knowing the names of the officers who held situa-tions in his family, and I cannot recollect that of Lovel."

At this observation, Lovel again blushed so deeply, At this observation, Lovel again blushed so deeply, as to attract the stiention of the whole company, while a scornful laugh seemed to indicate Captain M'Intyre's triumph. "There is something strange an thai," said Oldbuck to himself, "but I will not readily give up my phosnix of post-chaise compan-ions—all his actions, language, and beating, are those of a gentleman." Lovel, in the meanwhile, had taken out his pocket-book, and selecting a letter, from which he took off the envelope, he handed it to M'Intyre. "You know the general's hand in all probability—I own I ought not to show these exaggerated expressions of his re-gard and esteem for me." The letter contained a very handsome compliment from the officer inques-tion for some military service lately performed.

very handsome compliment from the officer incused tion for some military service lately performed. Captain M'Intyre, as he glanced his eye over it, oould not deny that it was written in the general's hand, but dryly observed as he returned it, that the address was wanting. "The address, Captain M'In-tyre," answered Lovel, in the same tone, " shall be at your service whenever you choose to enquire after it."

"I certainly shall not fail to do so," rejoined the soldier.

"Come, come," exclaimed Oldbuck, "what is the meaning of all this ?—Have we got Huren here ?— We'll have no swaggering, youngsters. Are you come from the wars abroad, to stir up domestic strife in our peaceful land? Are you like bull-dog puppies, forscoth, that when the bull, poor fellow, is retmoved from the ring, fail to brawl among themselves, worry each other, and bite honest folk's shins that are standing by ?"

Sir Arthur trusted, he said, that the young gen-tlemen would not so far forget themselves as to grow warm upon such a trifling subject as the back. of a letter.

Both the disputants disclaimed any such intention, not the disputants disclaimed any such intention, and, with high colour and flashing eyea, protected they were never so cool in their lives. But an ob-vious damp was cast over the party; they talked in fauture too much by the rule to be sociable, and Lovel, conceiving himself the object of cold and suspicious locks from the net of the concentrate and sociable conceiving himself the object of cold and suspicious looks from the rest of the company, and sensible that his indirect replies had given them permission to entertain strange opinions respecting him, made a gallant determination to sacrifice the pleasure he had proposed in spending the day at Knock winnock. He affected, therefore, to complain of a violent head ache, occasioned by the beat of the day, to which he had not been expused since his illness, and made a furmal apology to Sir Arthur, who, listening more

to recent anspicion than to the gratitude due for mer services, did not press him to keep his any ment more than good-breeding azactly demands a ûrd

ment more than good-breeding axactly demanded. When Lovel took leave of the ladner, Miss Wat-dour's manner seemed more anxious than he he intherto remarked it. She indicated by a glass af her eye towards Captain M'Intyre, perceptible set by Lovel, the subject of her alarm, and herd, in-voice greatly under her usual tone, .: was not a dem pleasure of Mr. Lovel's company. "No engement had intervened," he assured her; "it was only the return of a complaint by which he had benies some time occasionally attacked."

"The best remedy in such & case is praises a every friend of Mr. Lovel's, will expect in we

I-every friend of Mr. Lovel's, will expect him to ploy it." Lovel bowed low and ordoured deeply; and I Wardour, as if she felt that she had said too m turned and got into the carriage. Lovel had an part with Oldbuck, who, during this interval, with Caxon's assistance; been arranging his ordered periwig, and brushing his cost; which hibited some marks of the rude path they had versed. "What, man ?" said Oldbuck, "ron ass going to leave us on account of shet foolish Hee indiscret curiosity and veherence --Why, ha going to leave us on account of that foolish Heers indiscreet curiosity and vehemence?--Why, he is thoughtess boy--a spoiled child from the sime was in the nurse's same-he threw his coral a bulls at my head for refusing him a bit of same--sy on have too much schee to mind such a shrow boy---moust sorvers mandem is the motio of s friend Horace. I'll school Heotor by and by a put it all to rights." But Lovel persisted in his des of returning to Fairport.

The Antiquary then assumed a graver tone. heed, young man, to your present feeings. Life has been given you for usefal and vehable peees, and should be reserved to illustrate that ture of your country, when you are not shild, to expose it in her defence, or in the reserve the expose is in her defence, or in the rescent innocent. Private war, a practice unknown a civilized ancients is, of all the absordities inter by the Gothic tribes, the most grees, inners and I will show you the treatise upon the d which I composed when the town-clear and p Mucklewhame chose to assume the privilement demen, and challenged each other. I show printing my Kessy, which is signed Parifester there was no need, as the matter was taken a the town-council of the buryough." "But I assure you, my there are not be the tear m between Captain M Intyre and me that can m such respectable interformce necessary."

such respectable interforence necessary." "See it be so, for otherwise, I will stand so both parties."

So saying, the old gentleman got into the da close to which Miss M Intyre had detained has ther, upon the same principle that the owner ther, upon the same principle that the own quarreleaseme dog keeps him by his side to pre-fastening upon another. But Hector cont give her precaution the slip, for, as he was a back, he lingered behind the carriages until fairly turned the corner in the road to Knocket and then wheeling his horse's head round, a the spur in the opposite direction.

the spur in the opposite direction. A very few minates brought him up will who, perhaps anticipating his intention, put his horse beyond a slow walk, where it of hoofs behind him announced Ceptain 1 The young soldier, his natural heat of the asperated by the rapidity of motion, reined up suddenly and violently by Lovel's side, will ing his hat slightly, inquired, in a very has of voice, "What am I to understand, gin "Simply, sin," replied Lovel "that my set "Simply, sin," replied Lovel "that my set Lovel, and that my residence is, for your Lovel, and that my residence is for your to give me?"

to give me?"

"I see no right you have to require more."

# the wang used for, " and I have a right to know who is somitted into files M'Intyre's society." "Ishall take the liberty of disputing that right," maked Lovel, with a manner as haughty as that of the young soldier; "you find me in society who are spinsical with the degree of information on my af-fine which I have thought proper to communicate, and you, a mere stranger, have no right to enquire further." firth

Mr. Lovel, if you served as you say you have"-If?" interrupted Lovel,-" If I have served as J "III

.I have T

Yes, sir, such is my expression—if you have so and, you must know that you owe me satisfaction r in one way or other.

ether in one way or other." "We have the water to give it "If that be your opinion, I shall be preed to give it to, you, Captain M'Intyre, in the way in which the word is generally used athong gentlemen." "Very well, sin," rejoined Hector, and, turning his horse round, galloped off to overtake his party. His, shence had already alarmed them, and his inter, having stopped the carriage, had her neek standard out of the window to see where he wea. "What is the matter with you now ?" said the Attragery, "riding to and fre as your neck were upon the wager-why do yea not keep up with the erriage ?"

appendix the weight with you you not have up with the mariage?"" "Forgot my glove, sir," said Hestor. "Forgot your glove !-- I presence you meant to any you went to thow it down---but I will take order with you, my young gentleman---you shall roturn with me this might to Monkbarns." So saying he bid 

#### CHAPTER XX.

None presence to serve her any more; Bis browell to berve her any more; Bis browell to be integrity of armes, And the hoseurable mane of solder Pall from you, like a shivered wreath of laund By dimades struck from a describes forebead. A Fairs Quarrell.

KARLY the next morning, a gentleman came to mit upon Mr. Lovel, who was up and ready to perive him. He was a military gentleman, a friend Contain M'Innya at wait upon Mr. Lovel, who was up and ready to receive him. He was a military gentleman, a friend of Captain M'Intyre's, at present in Fairport on the recruiting service. Lovel and he were slightly imnown to each other. "I presume, sir," said Mr. Linkey, (anch was the name of the visiter,) "that we guess the occasion of my troubling you so early?" ēΙy

"A measure from Captain M'Intyre, I presume?" "The same—he holds himself injured by the man-er in which you declined yesterday to answer certain

A no same-ne nota himself injured by the man-ner in which you declined yesterday to answer certain committee which he conceived himself entitled to make respecting a geatleman whom he found in intimate acousty with his family." "May I ask, if you, Mr. Lealey, would have in-elihoed to satisfy interogatories so haughtily and meceremonionally put to you?" "Perhaps not: and therefore, as I know the warmith of my friend M'intyre on such occasions, i.e. Lovel's very gentleman-like manners, every one inter strongly which to ge him repe all that sort of thous calumny which will attach itself to one phase strongly which you fully explained. If he will the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the intermed his reel name, for we are led to conclude the state of the state of the intermed his reel name, for the are led to conclude the state of the state of the state intermed his reel have to the state to an end of the state of the st

"Off at least," said Lesley, proceeding, " that it is "the name by which Mr. Lovel has been at all a distinguished—if Mr. Lovel will have the good to explain this circumstance, which, in my opi-the should do in justice to his own character, I answer for the amisable arrangement of this mean at busines." 1

ant huminees

Which is to say, Mr. Lesley, that if I condescend Bawer, questions which no man has a right to ask, unhigh are now put to me under pensity of Cap-Thit tyre's resentment, Captair di Lingue will

2

Ver IL .

Condescend to rest essisted ? Mr. Lesley, I have just one word to say on this subject—I have no doubt my secret, if I had one, might be safely entrusted to your borour, but I do not fer called upon to satisfy the curiosity of any one. Captain M'Intyre met me in society which of itselfayes a warrant to all the world, and particularly ought to be such to him, that I world and particularly ought to be such to him, that I world and particularly ought to be such to him, that I was a genteman. He has, in my opinion, no right to go any further, or to enquire the pedigree, rank, or circum-stances of a stranger, who, without seeking any inti-mate connexion with him, or his, chances to dine with his uncle, or walk in company with his sister." In that case, Captain M'Intyre requests you to be informed, that your farther visits at Monkbarns, and all connexion with Miss M'Intyre must be dropt, as disagreeable to him." Shall certainly," said Lovel, "visit Mr. Old-buck when it wits me, without paying the least re-spect to him nephew's threats or irritable feelings. I respect the your gath's name, too much (though nothing can be slighter than our acquaintance) to introduce it inato such a diacussion." Shore that is your resolution, sir," answered Les-ley, "Captain M'Intyre requests that Mr. Lovel, unless he wishes to be amounced as a very dubious charac-tee, will favour him with a meeting this evening, at resers, at the thorn-tree in the hitle valley, close by the runs of St. Rath."

were, at the thort-two in the fitte value, close by the rease of St. Rath." "Most unquestionably, I will wait upon him. These is only one difficulty—I must find a friend to accompany me, and where to seek one on this short notice, as I have no acquaintances in Fairport— I will be on the spot, however, Captain M'Intyre may be assured of that." I selve bed taken big heat and means for as the

be assured of that." Lesley had taken his hat, and was as far as the door of the apartment, when, as if moved by the peculiarity of Lovel's situation, he returned, and thus addressed him: "Mr. Lavel, there is something so singular in all this, that i cannot help again resum-ing the argument. You must be yourself aware at this moment of the inconvenience of your preserving in convenience of your preserving and the second them can an incomitto, for which, I am convinced, there can be no dishonourable reason. Still, this mystery ren-ders it difficult for you to procure the assistance of a friend in a crisis so delicate—nay, let me add, that many persons will even consider it as a piece of Quixobscurity."

"I understand your innuendo, Mr. Lesley," rejoined. Lovel, "and though I might be offended at its severity, I am not so, because it is meant kindly. But, in my opinion, he is entitled to all the privileges of a gentleman, to whose charge, during the time he has been known in the society where he happens to move, been known in the society where he happens to move, nothing can be laid that is unhandsome or unbecom-ing. For a friend, I dare say I shall find some one or other who will do me that good turn; and if his experience be less than I could wish, I am certain not to suffer through that circumstance when you are in the field for my antagenist "

not to suffer through that circumstance when you, are in the field for my antagonist." "I trust you will not," said Leeley; "but as I must, for my own sake, be anxious to divide so heavy a responsibility with a capable assistant, allow me to say, that Lieutenant Taffil's gun-brig is come into the read-stead, and he himself is now at old Caxon's, where be lodges. I think you have the same degree of acquaintance with him as with me and, as I am sure I should willingly have rendered. you such a service were I not engaged on the other side, I am convinced he will do so at your first re-

he can best escape from Monkbarns-he was with me this morning by five in order to return and present bimself before his uncle was up. Good morning to yoo, Mr. Lovel."--And Lesley left the spartment. Lovel was as brave as most men; but none can internally regard such a crisis as now approached, without these feelings of awe and uncertainty. In a few hours ha might be in another world to answer for an action which his caliver thought told him was 28

unjustifiable in a religious point of view, or he might be wandering about in the present like Cain, with the blood of his brother on his head. And all this might be saved by speaking a su. le word. Yet, pride whispered, that to speak that word now, would be ascribed to a notive which walld degrade him more low than even the nogst injurious reasons that could be assigned for his silence. Every one, Miss War-dour included, must then, he thought, account him a deliver with your own hand." in a mer with the sailor is not we with the sailor is not we who have not the thought, account him a whispered is the sailence. The thought account him a the saile of the saile saile the saile saile saile the saile be assigned to find shence. Every one, instruct dour included, must then, he thought, account him a meeting Captain M'Intyre, the explanation he had refused to the calm and handsome exposultations of Mr. Lesley. M'Intyre's insolent behaviour to him-self personally, the air of pretension which he as-sumed towards Miss Wardour, and the extreme injus-tice, arrogance, and incivility, of his demands upon a perfect stranger, seemed to justify him in repelling his rude investigation. In short, he formed the reso-lution, which might have been expected from so young a man, to shut the eyes, namely, of his calmer rea-son, and follow the dictates of his colfrended pride. With this purpose he sought Lieutenant Taffril. The lieutenant received him with the good-breed-ing of a gentleman, and the frankness of a sailor, and listened with no small surprise to the detail which preceded his request, that he might be favoured

and listened with no small surprise to the detail which preceded his request, that he might be favoured with his company at his meeting with Captain M In-tyre. When he had finished, Taffril nose up and walked through his apartment once or dwice. "This is a most singular circumstance," he said, " and really"—..." I am conscious Mr. Teffril here "..."

"I am conscious, Mr. Taffril, how little I am en-titled to make my present request, but the urgency of circumstances hardly leaves me an alternative." "Permit me to ask you one question," asked the sailor; "is there any thing of which you are ashamed in the circumstances, which you have declined to continunicate?

"Upon my honour, no; there is nothing but what, in a very short time, I trust I may publish to the whole world."

whole world." "I hope the mystery arises from no false shame at the lowness of your friends perhaps, or connexions?" "No, on my word," replied Lovel. "I have little sympathy for that folly," said Taf-fril; "indeed I cannot be supposed to have any; for, speaking of my relations, I may be said to have come myself from before the mast, and I believe I shall very soon form a connexion, which the world will think low enough, with a very amiable girl, to whom I have been attached since we were next-door neigh-bours, at a time when I little thought of the good fortune which has brought me forward in the ser-vice." vice

"I assure you, Mr. Taffril," replied Lovel, "what-"I assure you, Mr. Tatini," replied Lovel, "what-ever were the rank of my parents, I should never think of concealing it from a spirit of petty pride. But I am so situated at present, that I cannot enter on the subject of my family with any propriety." "It is quite enough," said the honset sailor, "give me your hand; I'll see you as well through this busi-ness as I can, though it is but an unpleasant one after all—but what of that? our own honour has the nest call on we store our countrie of a sd of

next call on us after our country-you are a lad of spirit, and I own I think Mr. Hector M'Intyre, with spirit, and I own I think Mr. Hector M'Intyre, with his long pedigree and his airs of family, very much of a jackanapes. His father was a soldier of fortune as I am a sailor—he himself. I suppose, is little better, un-less just as his uncle pleases—and whether one pur-sues fortune by land, or sea, makes no great differ ence, I should fancy." "None in the universe, certainly," answered Lovel. "Well," said his new ally, "we will dine together and arrange matters for this rencounter. I hope you understand the use of the wespon?" "Not particularly," Lovel replied. "I am sorry for that—M'Intyre is said to be a marksman."

marksman.

Lovel; "this small billet contains the key of my escri-toir, and 'my very brief secret—there is one letter ha the escritoir," (digesting a temporary swelling of the heart as he spoke) " which I beg the favour of you to deliver with your own hand." "I understand," said the sailor; " nay, my friend, never be ashamed for the matter—an affectionate heart may overflow for an instant at the eya if the ship were clearing for action—and, depend on it, whatever your injunctions are. Dan Taffril will re-gard them like the bequest of a dying brother. But this is all stuff—we must get our things in fighting order, and you will dine with me and my little sur-goon's-mate at the Græmes-arm, over the way, st four o'clock." "Agreed," said Lovel. "Agreed," said Taffril; and the whole affair was arranged.

arranged.

It was a beautiful summer evening, and the shadow of the solitary thorn-tree was lengthening upon the short green sward of the narrow valley, which was skirted by the woods that closed around the ruins of

skritch by the woods that closed around the rules of St. Ruth. Lovel, and Lieutenant Taffril, with the surgeon, came upon the ground with the purpose of a nature very uncongenial to the soft, mild, and pacific cha-racter of the hour and scene. The sheep, which, during the ardent heat of the day, had sheltered in the breaches and hollows of the gravelly bank, or under the roots of the aged and stunted trees, had now spread themselves upon the face of the hill to enjoy ther evening's pasture, and bleated to each other with that melancholy sound, which at once gives list to a landscape and marks its solitude. Taffril and Love came on in deep conference, having, for fear of de-covery, sent their horses back to the town by the Lieutenant's servant. The opposite party had not yet appeared on the field. But, when they came upon the ground, there sat upon the roots of the del thorn, a figure, as vigorous in his decay as the mos-grown but strong and contorted boughs which served him for a canopy. It was old Ochiltree. "This is embarrassing enough," said Lovel; "how shall we get rid of this old fellow ?" "Here, father Adam," cried Taffril, who knew the ittle inn, you know, and inquire for a servan: with blue and yellow livery. If he is not come, you'll wait for film, and tell him.we shall be with hus mas-ter in about an hour's time. At any rate wait there util we come back, and-get off with you-come, come, weigh anchor." "I thank yo for your awmours," said Ochiltree, now, Mr. Taffril-I canna gang your errand can "Why not, man? what can hinder you." breaches and hollows of the gravelly bank, or under the roots of the aged and stunged trees, had now spread

don, Mr. Talina-1 canna gang you, arases you, now." "Why not, man? what can hinder you?" "I wad speak a word wi young Mr. Lovel." "With me?" answered Lovel." "What would you say with me?' answered Lovel." "What would you say with me?' come, say on, and be brief." The mendicant led him a few paces aside. "An ye indebted ony thing to the Laind o' Monkbarns?" "Indebted l-no; not I-what of that?-what makes you think so?" "Ye maun ken I was at the shirra's the day; fr God help me, I gang about a' gates like the mobile spirit, and whas suld come whirling there in a pos-thaise, but Monkbarns in an unco carfuffle-now ifs no a little thing that will make his honnour may a chaise and post-horse twa days rinin." "Well, well; but what is all this to me?" "Ou, ye'se hear, ye'se hear-Weel, Monkbarns h closeted wi' the shirra whatever pur folk may be led thereout-ye needna doubt that-the gentlemos a

markeman." "I am sorry for it also," said Lovel; "both for his sake and my own—I must then, in self-defence, take my aim as well as I can." "Well," added Taffril, "I will have our surgeon'st manse on the field—a good clever young fellow at caulking a shot-hole. I will let Lealey, who is an

"But I have private business with Lieutenant Taf-

"Weel, weel, a' in gude time," said the beggar-"Weel, weel, a' in gude time," said the beggar-"Ican use a little wee bit freedom wi' Mr. Daniel Taf-fil-mony's the peery and the tap I worked for him langupte, for I was a worker in wood as weel as a tinkler."

drive me ma

"Name o' the twa," said Edie, suddenly changing is manner from the protracted drawl of the mendi-ant to a brief and decided tone; "the shirts sent for eant to a brief and decided tone; "the shirrs sent for his clerk, and, as the lad is rather light o' the tongue. I fand it was for drawing a warrant to apprehend you—I thought it had been on a *fugie* warrant for his hand in his pouch—But now I may haud my tengue, for I see the Mintyre lad and Mr. Leeley coming up, and I guess that Monkbarns's purpose was very find, and that yours is muckle waur than it should be."

The antagonists now approached, and saluted with the stern civility which befitted the occasion, "What has this old fellow to do here?" said M'In-

tyre. "I am an suld fallow," said Edie, "but I am also an auld soldier o' your father's, for I served wi him in the 42d."

in the 48d." "Serve where you please, you have no title to in-trade on ua," said M'Intyre, or"—and he lifted his cane in terroren, though without the idea of touching the old man. But Ochiltree's courage was roused by the insult. "Haad down your switch, Captain M'In-tyre! J am an and soldier, as I said before, and Pil taks muckle frac your father's son; but no a touch of the wand while my pike-staff will hand thegither." "Well, well, I was wrong.—I was wrong," said M'Intyre, "here's a crown for you-go your ways— what's the matter now?" The old man drew himself up to the full advantage

bere was something in the undamnted and inde-dent mammer, hardy sentiment, and manly rude there of the old man, that had its effect upon the seconds, whose pride minterested in bringing the dispute to a bloody terminator, and who, on the contrary, eagerly there for an opportunity to recommend reconci-

"Upon my word, Mr. Lealey," said Tafiril, "old Adam speaks like an oracle—Our friends here were very angry yesterday, and of course very foolish— To-day they should be cool, or at least we must be so in their behalf—I think the word should be forget and forgive on both sides, that we should all shake hands, fire these foolish crackers in the air, and go home to sup in a body at the Gremes-arms." "I would heartily recommend it," said Lesley r. "for, amidst a great deal of heat and irritation on. both sides, I confess myself unable to discover any rational ground of quarrel." "Gentlemen," said M'Intyre very coldly, "all this-should have been thought of before. In my opinion, persons that have carried this matter so far as we-have done, and who should part without carrying it any farther, might go to supper at the Gremes-args very joyously, but would rise the next morning with reoutations as ragged as our friend here, who has

very joyously, but would rise the next morning with reputations as ragged as our friend here, who has obliged us with a rather unnecessary display of his oratory. I speak for myself, that I find myself bound to call upon you to proceed without more.

"Bairns, bairns," cried old Ochiltres; bat, perceiv-ing he was no longer attended to—"Madmen, I should say—but your blood be on your heads?"— And the old man drew off from the ground, which. was now measured out by the seconds, and conti-nued muttering and talking to himself in sullen in-dignation mixed with anxiety and which a summer nued muttering and talking to himself in sullen in-dignation, mixed with anxiety, and with a strong-feeling of painful curiosity. Without paying further attention to his presence or remonstrances, Mr. Lesley and the Lieutenant made the necessary ar-rangements for the duel, and it was agreed that both-parties should fire when Mr. Lesley dropped his. handkerchief

handkercniet, The fatal sign was given, and both fired almost in the same moment. Captain M'Intyre's ball grazed the side of his opponent, but did not draw blood. That of Lovel was more true to the aim; M'Intyre reeled and fell. Raising himself on his arm, his first calculation are all blo nothing at in orbiting the That of Lovel was more true to the aim; M'Intyre reeled and fell. Raising himself on his arm, his first exclamation was, "It is nothing—it is nothing—give . us the other pistola." But in an instant he said in a lower tone, "I believe I have enough, and what's worse, I fear I deserve it. Mr. Lovel, or whatever your name is, fly and save yourself—Bear all witness, I provoked this matter." Then raising himself again on his arm, he added, "Shake hands, Lovel—I believe you to be a gentieman—forgive my rudeness, and I forgive you my death—My poor sister ?" The surgeon came up to perform his part of the tragedy, and Lovel stood gazing on the evil of which he had been the active, though unwilling cause, with a dizy and bewildered eye. He was roused from his trance by the grasp of the mendicant—"Why stand you gazing on your young blood from a shamefu' death—I see the men out by yonder that are come ower late to part ye—but out and alack I sune eneugh, and ower sume to drag ye to prison." "He is right—he is right," exclaimed Taffid, "You must not attempt to get on the high-road— get into the wood ill night. My brig will be under sai by that time, and at three in the morning, when the tide will serve, I shall have the boat waiting for you at the Mussel-crag. Away—away, for Heaven's eake!" "O vee, fir, fir !" repeated the wounded man. his

you at the numer-range. Any state of the mounded man, this "O yes, fly, fly !" repeated the wounded man, this words faitering with convulsive sobs. "Come with me," said the mendicant, almost. dragging him off, "the captain's plan is the best—I'll carry ye to a place where ye might be conceled in the mean time, were they to seek ye will sleuth-hounds." "Go, go," again urged Lieutenant Taffril—" to stay,

"Go, go," again urged Lieutenant Taffil—" to stay here is mere madness." "It was worse madness to have come hither," said Lovel, preseing his hand—" But farewell !" and he followed Ochiltree into the recesses of the wood.

#### CHARTER XXL

e Lord Abbot had a soul ad quick and searching as the das s stains he went as deep as helt, devide pomession gold he kept, it some sure from thencer tig hid in cave eht so to me, to none

The Wooder of a Rines

Loyre, almost mechanically followed the beggar who led the way with a hasty and steady pace, through bush and bramble, avoiding the beaten path, who led the way with a hasty and steady pice, through bush and bramble, avoiding the beaten path, and often turning to listen whether there were, any sounds of pursuit behind them. They sometimes theot a narrow and precarious path, that the sheep (which, with the sluttish negligence towards property, of that sort universal in Scolland, were allowed to stray in the copae) had made along the very verge of its overhamping banks. From time to time Lovel had a glagee of the path which he had traversed the day before in company with Sir Arthur, the Antiquary, and the young ladies. Dejected, embarrassed, and occupied by a thousand inquietades, as he then was what, would he now have given to regain the same of involution of the path which the same a doug and evis! "Yet, then," such was his heaty and involutions with this young main's blood upon my hands 7--the feeling of bride which unsappy, What are I now, with this young main's blood upon my hands 7--the feeling of bride which unsapt me to the deed has now descrited me, as the actual field him," well is said to do those whom he has travest to guilt' fyren, his, affection for Miss Wardour supk for the time before the first pargs of remorse, and he toough the could have encountered every agany of slighted love to have had the conscious freedou from blood guiltiness which he possessed in the morning, "These painful reflections were not integrated by any conversation on the part of his gaide, who threaded the thicket before him, now hadding back the sprays to make his path easy, now embaging him

These painful reflections were not interrupted by any conversation on the part of his guide, who threaded the thicket before him, now hadding back the sprays to make his path easy, now, extrasting him to make haste, now muttering to himself after the custom of solitary and neglected old agg, words which might have escaped Lovel's car even had he listened to isolated to convey any connected measing,—a. nabit which may be often observed among people of the old man's age and calling. At length, as Lovel, exhausted by his late indis-position, the harrowing feelings by which he was agtated, and the exertion necessary to keep up, with his guide in a path so rugged, becan to fag and fall

peation, the harrowing feelings by which he was agitated, and the exertion necessary to keep up, with his guide in a path so rugged, began to flag and fall behind, two or three very precarious steps placed him on the front of a precipice overlung with brushwood and copse. Here a cave, as narrow in its entrance as a fox-earth, was indicated by a small fissure in the rook, screened by the bougha of an aged oak, which, anchored by its thick and twisted roots in the upper part of the cleft, flung its branches almost the totk, screened by the bougha of an aged oak, which anchored by its thick and twisted roots in the upper part of the cleft, flung its branches almost escaped the attention even of those whe had stood at its very opening, so uninviting was, the portal at which the beggar entered. But wathin, the cavern was higher and more roomy, cut indeet have the able of an anchoret of forms times. There are many caves, of the same kind in difference parts of Spolland. I need only instance, these of Giston. Man how way high in de cave was a doubt to the admesses.

near Roslyn, in a scone well known to the admanger of remnantic naime. The light within the cave was a dusky twilight at the cutrance, which failed altogethet in the inser researce. The folls ken o' this place," said the old rana, " to the best o' my knowledge, there's just twa-living by mysell, and that's Jingling Jock and, the Lang, Linker. I have had mony a thought, that when I faund mysell suid and forfairn, and on able to entry God's blessed air ony langer, I wad drag mysell. bere, wi' a nickle, air-mait-and see, there's a hit banny drapping well that popples that self same gate simmer, and, winter-and I wad even streek mysell: out here, and able my removal, like an auld and that

traile its. useless unserve and the serve into serve busics of bracken, no to grie living things a sconner with the sight of t when it's dead. Ay, and then when the door bark set it the lone farm-stead, the gudewife was cay, "Whist, stirre, that'll be auld Kdie," and the bits of weans wad up, puir things, and toddle to the door, te, pu' in the auld Blue-Gown that mends a' their board-uies-but there wad be naw main word o' Edia, I maw." He then led Lovel, who followed hum unresset-ingly, into one of the interior branches of the cave. "Here," he said, "is a bit turnpike-stair that gate up to the auld kirk above. Some folks may the gate, was howkit out by the monks lang syne to hid their the frequer in, and some said that they used to king; things into the abbey, this gate by night, their the during day-And some said, that and o' there sumed durstna asa weal has brought in by the main partangk in open day—And some said that ane o' them tunnels a sant, (or abline wod has had folk think see,) and settled him down in this Saint Ruth's cell, as the sukk folks aye ca'd it, and, gard big the stain, that ha-might gang up to the kirk when they were at this divine service. The Laird o' Monkharns wad has handle to say about, as he has about maint things, he kend only about the place. But whether it was made for man's devices or God's service, I have some over muckle air dhome in it in my der and, Is over made for man's devices or God's service. I have seen, ower muckle ser dome in it in my day, and far ower muckle have I been partaker of -w, even here in this, dark cove. Mony a gudewife's been woodering what, for the red cock didns craw her up in the morning, when he's been romsting, pur fallow, in this deriv-hole-And, choal J. wigh that and the like o' this, had been the warst, o't I Whiles they wad has been the dis we were making in the very bowels o' the earth when Sanders Aikwood, that was forcers in thas days, the father o' Ringan that now-is, was grann daundering about the wood at e'en to see after the. lard's grame-and whiles he wad has essen a grane o' the light fras the door o', the care, fine shear stories as Senders he ad obset was the seen a stories as Senders he ad obset the word-cori-cows and against the hazels on the other bank — and then access stories as Senders had about the worri-cows set gyre-carlins that haunted about the audid wa's at dem, and the lights that he had seen, and the ones that has had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his had heard, when there was nas mortal see open but his give the aud stilly carle granes for grane, and tale for. tale, though I kend muckle better about it than ever he did. Ay, ay—they were dat days thas—tur they were a' vanity and went, and it's fitting that there whan hee led a light and evil life, and abased charity-when they are aud." While Ochiltree was thus recounting the exploits and tricks of his carlier life, with a tome more the grant

and tricks of his earlier life, with a tone in which glea. and computction alternately predominated, his unfortunate auditor had sat down upon the hermit's seat hewn out of the solid rock, and abandoned hims if to that lassitude, both of mind and body, which generally follows a course of events that have agitated Low The effect of his late indisposition, which had muc weakened his system, contributed to this lettarg despondency. "The pur bairn," said suid Edu "an he sleeps in this damp hole, he'll maybe wanted and he sleeps in this damp how, he is have nae mair, or catch some sair disease—it's n same to him as to the like o' us, that can sleep gate an anes our warnes are fu'. Sit up, M Lovel, lad—after a's come and gane. I dare so captain-lad will do weel enough and, after s, no the first that has had this misfortune. I h mony a man killed, and helped to kill them m though there was nae quarrel between us—an isna wrang to kill folk we have nae quarrel wa Isna wrang to kul tolk we have has quarret we because they wear another sort of a cockade speak a foreign 'anguage, I canna see but may have excuse for killing his ain mortal for comes armed to the fair field to kill him. Is say, it's right—God forbid—or that it isna sin take away what ye canna restore, and that's that take away what ye chan't restore, and that's being a of man, whilk is in his nostring—but I have it is a to be forgiven if it's repeated of. Sinfu' men the state of the scent the evil o' his ways, there is as much pro-given the twa boards o' the Testament as wad the warst o' us, could we but think sae."

With such scraps of comfort and of divinity as he manued, the meendicant thus continued to solicit at compel the attantion of Lovel, until the twilight may to fade into night. "Now," said Ochitree,

over near me - But, lauded be grace for it, they canno and the second second second second second second second metry and my backs is a gude projection; and then Miss leaded a Wardour is a tower o' strength, ys ken - (Lovel wighed) - Aweel, dinna be cast down-bowls may a' row right yet-gie the lassie time to ken her mind-abe a the wale o' the county for beauty, and a gude friend o' mine-1 gung by the bridewell as more by the kirk or a Sabbath-dail ouy o' them ider hare a hair o' suid Edie's head now-I keep the graves o' the camey when I gae to the borough, and a' work a borck."

rady showthere w? a builto wi' as intile concern as an ise were a brock." While the mendicant spoke thus, he was busied in removing a few loose stones in one angle of the cave which - obscored the entrance of the staircase of which he had spoken, and led the way into it, fol-lowed by Lovel in passive silence. "The air's free energh," said the old man; " the monks took care of that, for they werena a lang-basahed generation, I reckon-they hae contrived queer trine-wiris holes, that gang out to the open air, and keep the stair as caller as a kail-blade." Lovel accordingly found the staircase well aired, and keep the stair as caller as a kail-blade." Lovel accordingly found the staircase well aired, and though narrow, it was neither ruinous nor long, but speedify admitted them into a narrow gallery constrived to run within the side wall of the chancel, from which it received air and light through aper-tures ingeniously hidden amid the florid ornaments of the Gothic architecture. "This secret passage anes gaed round great part of the bigging," said the beggar, " and through the wa' o" the place I'w heard Monkherns ca' the Refractory, famening probably Refectory, land so awa to the

meaning probably Refectory,] and so awa to the Prior's an house. It's like he could use it to listen what the monks were exping at meal-time, and then he might come ben here and see that they were busy streighing awa wi'the poilms down below there-ned, then, wisten he saw a' was right and tight, he much then, wisten he saw a' was right and tight, he much then wisten were ensure hand the monks upless angent step awa and fetch in a bonnie lass at the cove yonder, for they were queer hands the monks, unless immory bese is made on them. But our folk were at great parts lang syne to big up the passage in some parts, and pu' it down in others, for fear o' some un-canny body getting into it, and finding their way them to the cove-it wad has been a fashious job that by ay cartie, some o' our necks wad has been char king

All of the second secon setter, which his raik expanded him from grath. them. As this mich made one of a ranges which stretched along the wall of the shand in no respect differed from the rest when a below, the secret station, screened as it was one figure of St. Michael and the dragon d as it was he open tracery around the niche, was com-

r king a Bays are, in law phrase, the cow-bars and ham-pet bildense deeps and looks, in ensembles of the king's

confined to its pristine breadth, had originally con-tinued beyond this sent; but the jealous procur-tions of the vagabonds who frequented the cave of

timed beyond this seat; but the jealous precar-tions of the vagabonds who frequented the cave of. St. Ruth had caused them to build it carefully up, with hewn stones from the ruin. "We shall be better here," said Edie, seating him-self on the stone bench, and stretching the lappet of his blue gown upon the spot, when he motioned Lovel to sit down beside him-"We shall be better. here than doun below-the air's free and mild, and the savour of the wall flowers, and siccan shrubs as grow. on thac ruined wa's, is far mair refreshing than the damp smell doun below yonder. They smell sweetest, by night-time thas flowers, and they're maist aye seen about ruined buildings-now, Maister Lovel, can ony o' your scholars gie a gade reason for that?" Lovel replied in the negative. "I am thukking," resumed the begrar, "that they'll be like mony folk's gude gifts, that often seem maist gracious in 'adversity-or maybe it's a parable, to' teach us no to slight them that are in the darkness of sin and the decay of tributation, since God sends pleasant bushes to clothe the ruined buildings. And, now I wad like a wise man to tell me whether Heaven.

now I wad like a wise man to tell me whether Heaven is maist pleased wi' the sight we are looking upon is maist pleased wi' the sight we are looking upon-that are lying say still on the floor o' this auld kirk, and glancing through the great pillars and stan-chions o' the carved windows, and just dancing lika-on the leaves o' the dark ivy as the breath o' wind shakes it-I wonder whether this is mair pleasing to Heaven than when it was lighted up wi' lamps, and candles nae doubt, and roughies, t and wi' the mirth. and the frankingent that they speak of in the Holy. Scripture, and wi' organs assuredly, and men and : women sinters, and aschwirth and men and : and the frankingent that they speak of in the Holy, Scripture, and wi' organs assuredly, and men and women singers, and sackbuts, and ducimers, and a' instruments o' music—I wonder if that was accepta-ble, or whether it is of these grand parafie o' ceremo-nies that holy writ says 'it is an abomination to me' —I am thinking, Maister Lovel, if twa puir contrise spirits like yours and mine fand grace to make our retificor" petition

Here Lovel laid his hand eagerly on the mendi-cant's arm, saying, "Hush ! I heard some one speak." "I am dull o' hearing," answered Edie in a whis-per, "but we're surely safe here-where was the:

sound ?"

sound 7" Lovel pointed to the door of the chancel, which highly ornamented, occupied the west end of the building, surmounted by the carved window, which. let in a flood of moonlight over it. "They can be name of our folk," said Edie in the same low and cautious tone; "there's but twa of them kens of the place, and they're mony a mile off. if they are still bound on their weary pilgrimage. I'll never think its the officers nere at this time of night. I am nae believer in alld w.ves' stories about ghaasta, though this is gey like a place for them—But mortal, of of the other world, here they comal-twa mere and a light."

and a light." And in very truth, while the mendicant spoke, two-human figures darkened with their shadows the en-trance of the chancel which had before opened to the moonlight meadow beyond, and the small lantern-which one of them displayed, glimmered pale in the clear and strong beams of the moon, as the evening; star does among the lights of the departing day. The, first and most obvious idea was, that, despite the asseverations of Edie Ochiltree, the persons whor approached the ruiss at an hour so uncommon must. be the officers of justice in quest of Lovel. But no part of their conduct confirmed the suspicion. A, touch and a whisper from the old man warned Lovel.

touch and a whisper from the old man warned Loval, that his best course was to remain quict, and watch. their motions from their present place of concealmast. Should any thing appear to render retreat necessary, they had behind them the private staircase and ca. wern, by means of which they could escape into the wood long bafore any danger of close pursuit. They, kept themselves, therefore, as still as possible, and phenreel, with eager and anxious curtosity, every, accent and motion of those nocturnal wanderers. 'Links, or tember. 28\*

2 P

After conversing together some time in whispers, the two figures advanced into the middle of the chan-cel, and a voice, which Lovel at once recognised, from its ione and dialect, to be that of Dousterswi-vel, pronounced in a louder but still a smothered tune, "Indeed, mine goot sir,' dere cannot be one finer hour nor season for dis great purpose. You shall see, mine goot sir, dat it is all one bibble-Labble dat Mr. Oldenbuck says, and dat he knows no more of what he speaks than one little shild. Mine soull be expected to get bar ich as one Lew for his poor dirty be expects to get us rich as one Jew for his poor dirty one hundred pounds, which I care no more about, by mine honest wort, than I care for an hundred sti-

he expects to get us rich as one Jew for his poor dirty one hundred pounds, which I care no more about, by mine honest wort, than I care for an hundred sti-vers. But to you, my most munificent and reverend natron, I will show all de secrets dat at can show— ay, de secret of de great Pymandar." "That other ane," whispered Edie, "maun be according to a' likelihood, Sir Arthur Wardour. I sen naebody but himsell wad come here at this time at e'en wi' hat German blackguard—Ane wad think he's bewitched him—he gars him e'en trow that chalk is cheese—Let's see what they can be doing." This interruption, and the low tone in which Sir Arthur spoks, made Lovel lose all Sir Arthur's an-swer to the adept, excepting the three last emphatic words, "Very great expense,"—to which Douster-swivel at once replied,—"Expenses—to be sure—dere must be de great expense,"—to which Douster-swivel at once replied,—"Expenses—to be sure—dere inches and de mine of goot metal, and now de great big chests of plate, they are de crop—vary goot crop too, on mine wort. Now, Sir Arthur, you have sowed this night one little seed of ten guineae like one pinch of snuff, or so big—and if you do not reap de great harvest—dat is de great harvest for de little pinch of seed, for it must be proportions, you must know— then never call one honest man, Herman Douster-swivel. Now you see, mine patron-for I will not conceal mine secret from you at all—you see this little plate of silver—you know de moon measureth de whole zodiack in de space of twerty-eight day— every shild knows dat—well, I take a silver plate when she is in her fifteenth mansion, which mansion is in de head of *Libra*, and I engrave woon one side de worts, Speubauschemott Schartatchan—dat is de Emblems of de Intelligence of de moon\_and I make his picture like a flying sement with a turkey-cock's head—vary well—Then upon this side I make de table of de moon, which is a square of nine, multi-pied, into itself, with eighty-one numbers on every warter-moon dat I shall find by de same propo of expenses I lay out in de suffirmigations, as nine, to de product of nine multiplied into itself—But I shall find no more to-night as may be two or dree times nine, because dere is a thwarting power in de house of control or of the sufficient of the sufficiency of the sufficience of the sufficie of ascendency.

nine, because dere is a thwarting power in de house of ascendency." "But, Dousterswivel," said the simple Baroncy "does not this look like magic ?—I am a true though unworthy son of the Episcopal church, and I will have nothing to do with the foul fiend." "Bah! bah!—not a bit magic in it at all—not a bit —It is all founded on de planetary influence, and de sympathy and force of numbers—I will show you much finer dan dis—I do not say dere is not de spirit in it, because of de suffumigation; but, if you are not afraid, he shall not boinvisible." "I have no curiosity to see him at all," said the Baronet, whose courage seemed, from a certain qua-ver in his accent, to have taken a fit of the ague. "Datis great pity," said Dousterswivel; "I should have liked to show you de spirit dat guard dis trea-sure fike one facre watch-dog—but I know how to manage him—you would not care to see him ?" "Not at all," answered the Baronet, in a tone of fisigned indifference; "I think we have but little "You sha, nardon ma my pairen it is not would "You sha, nardon ma my pairen it is not would "You sha, nardon ma my pairen it is not would the set in the set of set of the one facre watch be set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the one facre watch be set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the set of the set of the set of the set of set of the set of

beigned indiference, a second second

deux we would be like ift one strong caste, and you would hold de sword while I did say de needful word —Den you should see de schid wall open like de rate of ane city, and den—let me see—ay—you should see first one stag pursued by three black greyhounds, and they should pull him down as they do at de skector " great hunting-match—and den one ugty, litte, nasy black negro should appear and take de stag from them—and paf—all should be gone—den you should hear horns winded dat all de ruins should img-mine wort, they should play fine hunting piece, as goot as him you call'd Fischer with his obd-vary well-den comes one heraid, as we call Embold, winding his horn—and den come de great Peoiphan, called the Mighty Hunter of de North, mountad ca hims black steed—but you would not care to set all this "."

hims black steed-but you would not care to se all this?"\* "Why, I am not afraid," answered the poor Bac-net,---"if--that is--does aly thing--any great ma-chiefs, happen on such occasions?" "Bah--mischiefs? no! sometimes if de circle be no quite just, or de beholder be de frightened coward, and not hold de sword firm and straight towards him, de Great Hunter will take his advantage, and drag him exorcist out of de circle and throttle him. Dat does happens." "Well then, Dousterswivel, with every confidence in my courage and your skill, we will dispense with this uppartiton, and go on to the business of the night." "With all mine heart--it is just one thing to me-and now it is de time-hold you de sword till I kin-dle de little what you call chip." Dousterswivel accordingly set fire to a little pile of

dle de little what you call chip." Dousterswivel accordingly set fire to a little pile et chips, touched and prepared with some bitaminous substance to make them burn fiercely; and when the flame was at the highest, and lightened, with its shortlived glare, all the ruins around, the German flung in a handful of perfumes, which produced a strong and pungent odour. The exorcist and his pupil both were so much affected as to cough and sneeze heartily; and, as the vapour floated around the pillars of the building, and penetrated every cre-vice, it produced the same effect on the beggar and Lovel. "Was that an echo?" said the Baronet, astonished

Was that an echo ?" said the Baronet, astoni "Was that an echo?" said the Baronet, astonable at the sternutation which resounded from above; "or"-drawing close to the adept, "can it be the spirit you talked of, ridiculing our attempt mon his hidden treasures?" "N-n-no," muttered the German, who began to partake of his pupil's terrors, "I hope not." Here a violent explosion of sneezing, which the mendicant was unable to suppress, and which could not be considered by any means as the dying fill of

not be considered by any means as the dyng fall of an echo, accompanied by a grunting half-enothered cough, confounded the two treasure-scekers. "Lord have mercy on us !" said the Baronet."

have mercy on us !" said the Baroner. "Alls guten Geistern, loben den Herren?" ejace-lated the terrified adept. "I was begun to think," he continued, after a moment's silence, "that dis would be de bestermost done in de day-light-

was bestermost to go away just now." "You juggling villain," said the Baronet, in what these expressions awakened a suspicion that out came his terrors, connected as it was with the set came his lerrors, connected as it was with the scrap of desperation arising from the apprehension of an-pending ruin,—"you juggling mountebank, this is some legerdemain trick of yours to get off from the performance of your promise, as you have so chan done before. But, before Heaven, I will this night know what I have trusted to when I suffered you is

• A great deal of stuff to the same purpose with that in the mouth of the German adept. may be found in a Sect's Discovery of Witcheraft. Third Editor, folse, to befor. The appendix is entitled, "An Ercellent Disso the Nature and Substance of Devils and Sparite, in two is the First by the aforesaid author, (Reginald Scal.) these now added in the Third Edition as succedanceous to the and conducing to the completing of the whole work." T cond Book, though stated as succedanceous to the first, is entirely at variance with it; for the work of Reginald Sco compilation of the absurd and superstitions idease con-witches so generally entertained at the time, and The per conclusion is a series treatise on the various measures of fing astral phrits. A great deal of stuff to the same purpose with that

fool me.on to my ruin !--Go on, then--come fairy, come fiend, you shall show me that treasure, or con-fiest yourself a knave and an impostor, or, by the faith of a desperate and ruined man, I'll send you where you shall see spirits enough."

yon shall see spirits enough." The treasure-finder, trennbling between his terror for the supernatural beings by whom he supposed himself to be surrounded, and for his life, which seemed to be at the mercy of a desperate man, could only bring out, "Mine patron, this is not the aller-bestmost usage. Consider, mine honoured sir, that de spirits"—

Here Edie, who began to enter into the humour of Here Edie, who began to enter into the humour of the scene, uttered an extraordinary howl, being an exaltation and a prolongation of the most deplorable whine in which he was accustomed to solicit charity —Dousterswivel flung himself on his knees, "Dear Sir Arthurs, let us go, or let me go!" "No, you cheating scounder!" said the knight, masheathing the sword which he had brought for the purposes of the exorcism, "that shift shall not serve you—Moshbarns warned me long since of your jug-gling pranks—I will see this treasure before you leave this place, or I will have you confees yourself an im-postor, or, by Heaven, I'll run this sword through you, though all the spirits of the dead should rise around us i'' "For de lofe of Heaven be patient, mine honoured

"For de lofe of Heaven be patient, mine honoured patron, and you shall hafe all de treasure as I knows of-yes-you shall indeed—but do not speak about de spirits—it makes dem angry." Edie Ochilmee here prepared himself to throw in medie ochilmee here prepared himself to throw in

another groan, but was restrained by Lovel, who be-gan to take a more serious interest, as he observed the gran to take a more serious interest, as he observed the earnest and almost desperate demeanour of Sir Ar-thur. Dousterswirel, having at once before his eyes the fear of the foul fiend, and the violence of Sir Arthur, played his part of a conjurer extremely ill, hesitating to assume the degree of confidence neces-sary to deceive the latter, lest it should give offence to the invisible cause of his alarm. However, after rolling his eyes, muttering and sputtering German exorcisms, with contortions of his face and person, rrachter flowing from the impulse of terror than of the building where a flat stone lay upon the ground, bearing upon its surface the effigy of an armed war-rior in a recumbent posture carved in baa-relief. He mattered to Sir Arthur, "Mine patrons-it is here-Got save as all!"

Got save us all?" Sir Arthur, who, after the first moment of his appenditious fear was over, seemed to have bent up all his faculties to the pitch of resolution necessary to carry on the adventure, lent the adept his assist-ance to turn over the stone, which, by means of a lever that the adept had provided, their joint force with difficulty effected. No supernatural light burst forth from below to indicate the subterranean trea-arthy arthur and the activity arthur forth from below to indicate the subterranean trea-mary, nor was there any apparition of spirits, earthly or infernal. But when Dousterswirel had, with great trepidation, struck a few strokes with a mat-lock, and as hastily thrown out a shoveful or two, of earth, (for they came provided with the tools freester for digging,) something was heard to ring the sound of a falling piece of metal, and Dous-ter the sound of a falling piece of metal, and Dous-ter the sound of a falling piece of metal, and Dous-ter the sound of a falling piece of metal, and Dous-Lice the sound of a falling piece of metal, and Dous-terswivel, hastily catching up the substance which produced it, and which his shovel had thrown out along with the earth, exclaimed, "On mine dear wort, mine patrons, dis is all-it is indeed-I mean all we can do to night,"--and he gazed round him with a covering and fearful glance, as if to see from what come the avenger of his imposture was to start forth.

arc forth. "Lot me see it," said Sir Arthur; and then re-ated still more sternly, "I will be satisfied—I ill udge by mine own eyes." He accordingly held object to the light of the lantern. It was a small see, or casket, for Lovel could not at the distance neuty discern its shape, which, from the Baronet's clamation as he opened it, he concluded was filled the coin. "Ay," said the Baronet, "this is being and in good huck I and if it omens proportional and in good huck I and if it omens proportional the starter venture, the venture shall de. That six hundred of Goldieword's, added

to the other incumbent claims, must have been ruin indeed. If you think we can parry it by repeating this experiment-suppose when the moon next

this experiment—suppose when the moon next changes,—I will hazard the necessary advance, conse by it how I may." ^O mine goot patrons, do not speak about all dat," said Donsterewirel, "as just now, but help me to put de shtone to de rights, and let us beyone our own ways." And accordingly, so soon as the ztone was replaced, he hurried Sir Arthur, who was now resigned once more to his guidance, away from a spot, where the German's guilty conscience and sa-persitious foars represented goblins as lurking be-hind each pillar with the purpose of punishing his treachery.

hind each pillar with the purpose of punishing his treachery. "Saw ony body e'er the like o' that f' said Edie, when they had disappeared like shadows through the gate by which they had entered—"Saw ony creature living e'er the like o' that I-But what can we do for that pur doited deevil of a knight-ba-ronet?—Odd, he showed muckle mair spunk, too, than I thought had been in him—I thought he wad has sent cauld iron through the vagabond—Sir Ar-thur wasan half sae bauld at Bessie's-apron yon night—but then his blood was up even now, and that makes an unco difference. I has seen mony a man wed hae falled another an anger him, that wadna muckle hae liked a clink against Crummis-horn yon time. But what's to be done?" "I suppose," said Lovel, "his faith in this fellow is entirely restored by this deception, which, unques-tionably, he had arranged beforhand." "What I the siller?—Ay, ay—trust him for that— they that hide ken best where to find—be wants to wile him out o' his last guinea, and then escape to his aia country, the land-louper. I wad liket weel just to hae come in at the clipping-time, and gien him a benison frae some o' the auld dead abbots—But it's best no to be rash—sticking diana gang by strength, but by the guiding o' the guily—I'se be upsides wi' him ae day." "What if you should inform Mr. Oldbuck ?" said Lovel. "Ou, I dinna ken—Monkbarns and Sir Arthur

Lovel.

"Ou, I dinna ken-Monkbarns and Sir Arthur are like, and yet they're no like neither-Monk-barns has whiles influence wi'him, and whiles Sir Arthur carcs as little about him as about the like o barns has whiles influence wi' him, and whiles Sir Arthur cares as little about him as about the like o' me. Monkbarns is no that ower wise himsell, in some nings-he wad believe a bodle to be an aud Roman coin, as he ca's it, or a ditch to be a camp, upon ony leasing that idle folk made about it. I has gard him trow mony a queer tale mysell, gude for-gie me. But wi' a' that, he has unco little sympathy wi' ither folks; and he's snell and dure eneugh in casting up their nonsense to them, as if he had nane o' his ain. He'll listen the hale day, an ye'll tell him about tales o' Wallace, and Blind Harry, and Davie Lindsay, but ye maunna speak to him about ghaists or fairles, or spirits walking the earth, or the like o' that-he had anaist flung auld Caron out o' the window, (and he might just as weel has flung awa his best wig after him,) for threeping he had seen a ghaist at the humlock-knowe. Now, if he was tak-ing it up in this way, he wad set up the tother's birse, and maybe do mair ill nor gude-he's done that twiccor thrice about thaeminewarks-ye wad thought Sir Arthur had a pleasure in gaun on wi' them the deeper, the mair he was warn'd against it by Monk-barns. "What sav you then." said Lovel. " to latting Miss

What say you then," said Lovel, " to letting Miss

"What say you then," said Lovel, "to letting Miss Wardour know the circumstance?" "Ou, puir thing, how could she stop her father doing his pleasure?-rand, besides, what wad it help?-There's a sough in the country about that sir hundred pounds, and there's a writer chiel'd in Edinburgh has been driving the spur-rowel's o' the law up to the head into Sir Arthu's sides to gay him pay it, and if he canna, he maun gang to jail or flee the country. He's like a desperate man, and just catches at this chance as a' he has left, to escape uter perdition; so what signifies plaguing the puir lassie about what canna be helped ?-And besides, to say the truth, I wadua like to tell the

aret o' this place. It's unce convenient, ye see wrsell, to has a hading-hole o' ane's ain, and though torms4 8.866 yearsel, to has a hading-hole of ane's ain, and though i I be out o' the line o' needing ane e'en now, and trust in the power o' grace that I'll ne'er do ony thing to need ane again, yet naebody kens what temptation ane may be gien owor to—and, to be brief, I downa bide the thought of ony, body ken-ain about the place—they say, keep a thing seven year, an' ye'll aye find a use for't—and maybe I may need the cove, either for mysell, or for some ither body."

This argument, in which Edge Ochiltree, not-withstanding his scraps of morality and of divinity, seemed to take, perhaps from old habit, a personal interest, could not be handsomely controverted by Lovel, who was at that moment reaping the benefit of the secret of which the old man appeared to be so jealous\_

jedicus. This incident, however, was of great service to Lovel, as diverting his mind from the unhappy occur-rence of the evening, and considerably rousing the emergies which had been stupified by the first view of his calamity. He reflected, that it by no means ne-cessarily followed that a dangerous wound must be a fatal one-that he had been huried from the spet Sitis one-that he had been hurned from the spet even before the surgeon had expressed any opinion of Osptain M'Intyre's situation—and that he had duties en earth to perform, even should the very worst be true, which, if they could not restore his peace of mind or sense of innocence, would furnish a motive for enduring existence, and at the same time rander it a course of active benevolence. Such were Lovel's feelings when the hour arrived, when according to Edid collustion who he serve

when, according to Edie's calculation, who, by some train or process of his own in observing the heavenly bodies, stood independent of the assistance of a watch or timekeeper, it was fitting they should leave their hiding-place, and betake themselves to the sea-shore, in order to meet Lieutenant Taffril's boat according to appointment.

If order to meet Lieutenant taint is nost sectoring to appointment. They retreated by the same passage which had admitted them to the prior ssecret seat of observation, and when they issued from the grotto into the wood, the birds, which began to chirp, and even to sing, announced that the dawn was advanced. This was confirmed by the light and amber clouds that ap-peared over the sea as soon as their exit from the copse permitted them to view the horizon. Morning, said to be friendly to the muses, has probably ob-tained this character from its effect upon the tancy and feelings of mankind. Even to those whe, like breaze of the dawn brings strength and quickening both of mind and body. It was therefore with re-newed health and vigour that Lovel, guided by the tristy mendicant, brushed away the dew as he tra-versed the downs which divided the Den of St. Rath, as the woods surrounding the runn ware popularly verse the downs which avide the runs were popularly called, from the sea-shore. The first level beam of the sun, as his brilliant disk began to emerge from the occan, shot full spon the

he has to encree from the ocean, shi is of full spon the little gun-brig which was lying-to in the offing-close to the shore the boat was already waiting, Taffril himself, with his naval clock wrapped about him, seated in the stern. He jumped ashore when he saw the mendicant and Lovel approach, and, shaking the latter heartily by the hand, begged him not to be cast down. "MIntyre's wound," he said, "Was doubtful, but far from desperate." His atten-tion had got Lovel's baggage privately sent on board the brig, "and," he said, "he trusted that, if Lovel chose to stay with the vessel, the penalty of a shore cruize would be the only disagneeable consequence of his rencontre. As for himself, his time and motions "were a good deal at his own disposal," he said, "cx-resping the necessary obligation of remaining on his station."

ble station." "We will talk of our farther motions," said Lovel, "As we giv on board." Then turning to Edie, he endeavoured to put, menes, into his hand. "I think," said Edie, as he tendered it back again, "the halo. folk here have either gane daft, or they has made a vow to ruin my tender; as they say ower muckle water drowns. the

miller. I has had mair gowd offered me within this twa or three weeks than I ever saw in my life. afore. Keep the siller, lad, ye'll has need e', lee warrant ye, and I has nane-my class is nas grads things, and I get a blue gown overy year, and a mony eller groats as the king, God bless him, is years auld—you and I serve the same master, yeken, Captain Taffril-there's rigging provided tor-and my meat and drink I get for the asking in my roands, or, at an orra time, I can gang a day without, for make it a rule never to pay for nane-Su that it siller I need is just to buy tobacco and aneshin, and These and a fine a set of the set

your gowd, and just gie me a lily-white shing Upon these whims, which he magned inter-connected with the honour of his vagabond pr sion, Edie was flint and adamant, not to be a by rheteric or entrcaty; and therefore Love by rhsterio or entrcaty; and therefore Love will under the necessity of again pocketing his intended bounty, and taking a friendly leave of the mendicat by shaking him by the hand, and assuring him of his cordial gratitude for the very important services which he had rendered him, recommending, at the same time, secrecy as to what they had that might witnessed.—"Ye needna doubt that," said Chiltrees "I means in the secret way that they had that might

witnessed.—"Ye needna doubt that," said Ochiltres, "I never tell'd tales out o' yon cove in up in, though mony a queer thing I has seen in t." The boat now put off. The old man remained looking after it as it made rapidly tewards the big under the impulse of air stout rowers, and Lovel ber held him again wave his blue bonnet as a token farewell ere he turned from his fixed posters, and began to move slowly along the sands as i remained his customary perambulations.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

Wiser-Rymood, as in this close to mat, Langhe at such danger and adventurement, When half this lands are spet to golden same And now his second hopeful glass is broke; But yet, if haply his third furnace hold, Devoletin all his pots and pains to gold."

ABOUT a week after the adventures commemoral in our last chapter, Mr. Oldback, descending to me breakfast-parlour, found that his womankind was not upon duty, his toast not made, and the silver jag, which wont to receive his libations of mans, not dur

which wont to receive his libations of man, bot any aired for its reception. "This confounded hot-brained boy," he said to himself, "now that he begins to get out of damer. I can tolerate this life no longer-All gess to size and sevens—a 'universal' saturnalia seems to be pro-claimed in my peaceful and orderly famale... I as for my sister—no answer—I call, I shoat... invoke my inmates by more names than the Romans gava he their deities—At length, Jenny, whose shrill veiced have heard this half hour lilting in the Tararen replore of the kitchen, condescends to hear me regions of the kitchen, conducting to heat an reply, but without coming up stairs, so the coar-tion must be continued at the top of my have Here he again began to hollow aboud, "A where's Miss Odibuck?" "Miss Grizzy's in the captain's room."

"Umph, I thought so-and where's my nices" "Miss Mary's making the captain's tea."

"Umph, I supposed as much again--and w Caxon

Awa to the town about the captain's fowling

"Awa to the town about the captain's fowlin and his setting-dog." "And who the devil's to dress my perives, m "and who the devil's to dress my perives, m "Mel what could use that Miss Wardonza Arthur were coming here early after breakfas could you let Caron go on such a Tom-fool's su "Mel what could. I hinder him?--your." watch has us contradict the captain e'en at him maybe desing?" "Dying!" said the alarmed Antiquary.--what? has he been worse?" "Na, he's no waur that I ken of."?

\* The setter emoti remember whe und ; perhaps in Bishop Hallis Satire \* It in, I believe, a piges of Summary

"Then he must be better and what good is a dog ad a gun to do here, but the one to destroy all my granture, steal from my larder, and perhaps worry the ut, and the other to shoot somebody through the

band be has had gunning and pistoling enough to serve him one while, I should think ?" Here Miss Oldbuck entered the parlour, at the door of which Oldbuck was carrying on this conversation, as bellowing downward to Jenny, and she again

are belowing downward to Soundy, and and sound screaming upward in reply. "Dear brother," said the old ledy, "ye'll cry your-sell as hoarse as a corbie-us that the way to skreigh

"Dear brother," said the old lady, "ye'll cry your-sell as hoarse as a corbie-is that the way to skreigh when there's a sick person in the house 7" "Upon my word, the sick person's like to have all the house to himself. I have gone without my break-fast, and am like to go without my wig; and I must nat, I suppose, presume to say I feel either hun-ger or cold, for fasr of distriburg the sick gentleman who has six rooms off, and who feels himself well emough to send for his dog and gun, though he knows I detest such implements ever since our elder brother, poor Williewald marched out of the world on a pair of damp feet caught in the Kittlefitting-mose --But that signifies nothing-I suppose I shall be expected by and by to lend a hand to carry Squire Hector out upon his litter, while he indulges his sports-man-like propensities by shooting my puscons, or my turkeys-I think any of the form natures are suff from him for one while." "Miss M Intyre now entered, and began to her usual morping's task of arranging her uncle's breakfast, with the alermess of one who is too late in setting about a task, and is anxious to make up for lost time. But this did not avail har. "Take care, you silly womankind-that mum's too near the fire-the bottle soast to a cinder as a burnt-offaring for Juno, or what ilo you call har-the female dog there, with some ther has, in his first moments of mature reflection, ordered up as a fitting inmate of my house, (I thank him) and meet company to aid the rest of the woman-kind of my household in their daily conversation and intercourse with him."

him,) and meet company to aid the rest of the woman-kind of my househeld in their daily conversation and instarcourse with him." "Dear uncle don'the angry about the poer spaniel; whis's been, tied up at my brother's lodgings at Fair-port, and abe's broke her chain twice, and come run-ning down here to him; and you would not have us beat the faithful beats away from the door--it moans as if it had some sense of poor Hector's misfortune, and will hardly stir from the door of his room." "Wyby," said his uncle, "they said Caxon had gone to Fairport after his dog and gun." "O dear sir, no," answered Miss M'Intyre, "it was to factch some dressings that were wanted, and Hec-tor only wished him to bring out his gun, as he was going to Fairport at any rate." "Well, then, it is not altogether so fooliah a busi-ness, considering what a mess of womankind have is about it-Dressings, quotha?--sid himself in "the glam,—" to make it somewhat decent. An now let as set to broak fast-with what appetite we may will and the old bachelor, looking at himself in "the glam,—" to make it somewhat decent. An now let as set to broak fast-with what appetite we may will down it wit is Moret a cont." ent

T armsre you, sir," replied his nicce, "my brother mite acasible of the rashness of his own behaviour, allows that Mr. Lovel behaved very handequely." And much good that will do, when he has fright-the the lad out of the country t-I tell thee, Mary, stor's understanding, and far more that of femin-in inadequete to commerchand the streat of the is indequate to comprehend the extent of the swhich he has occasioned to the present age and conterity - surroum guiden opus - a poem on such 1

among the Sectish lower orders, never to admit that the doing better. The closest approach to recovery by san be breaght to dilew, is, that the party inquired

a subject with notes illustrative of all that is char, and all that is dark, and all that is neither dark nor clear, but hovers in ducky twilight in the region of Caledonian antiquities. I would have made the Cel-Caledonian antiquities. I would have made the Clel-tic panegyrists look abont them—Fingal, as they con-ceitedly term Fin-Mac-Coul, should have disappeared before may search, rolling himself in his cloud like the spirit of Loda. Such an opportunity can hardly again occur to a ancient and gray-haired man—and to sue occur to a ancient and gray-haired man—and to sue ti tost by the mad-cap spisen of a hot-headed bey t— But I submit—Heaven's will be done."

But I submit-Heaven's will be done." Thus continuted the Antiquary to magnifier, as his sister expressed it, during the whole time of break-fast, while despite of sugar and honey, and all the comforts of a Scottish moraing tea-table, his refino-tions rendered the meal bitter to all who heard them. But they knew the nature of the man. "Monkbarns" bark," asid Miss Griselda Oldbuck, in confidential intercourse with Miss Rebocca Elattergowl, "is muo-kla ware than his his"

intercourse with Miss Rebecca Blattergowl, "is unno-kle waur than his bite." In fact, Mr. Oldbuck had suffered in mind artrendly while his nephew was in actual danger, and new fift himself at hberty, upon his returning health, so in-dulge in complaints respecting the trouble he had been put to, and the interruption of his antiquarian labours. Listened to, therefore, in respectful silence, by his nices and siter, he unloaded his discontent in such grunablings as we have rehearsed, venting many a sarcasm against womankind, soldiers, dogs, and guns, all which implements of noise, discord, and tumult, as he called them, fie professed to hold in utter shomination.

This expectoration of spleen was suddanly inter-rapted by the noise of a carriage without, when, shaking off all sullenness at the sound, Oldbuck ran shaking off all sullenness at the sound, Oldbuck ran nimbly up stairs and down stairs, for both operations were necessary, etc he could receive Miles Wardour and her father at the door of his mansion. A cordial greeting passed on both sides. And 'Sir Arthur referring to his previous incluries by letter sid message, requested to be particularly informed of Captain M'Intyre's health. "Better than he deserves, for disturbing us with his vizen brawls, and breaking God's peace and the king's." "The young gentleman," Sir Arthur said, "hed been imprudent; but he understood they were in-debted to him for the do. ction of a subpicious cha-ranter in the young man Lovel." "No more suspicious than his own," answered the

racter in the young man Lovel." "No more suspicious than his own," answered the Antiquary, eager in his favorite's defence; "the young gentlemen was a little foolish and headstrong, and refused to answer Hector's impertinent interse-gatorics—that is all. Lovel, Sir Arthur, knows how to choose his confidants better—ay, Miss Washow, you may look at me—but it is very true—it was in my bosom that he deposited the secret cause of his residence at Fairport, and no stone should have been left unturned on my part to assist him in the newsuit left unturned on my part to assist him in the pursuit to which he had dedicated himself."

to which he had dedicated himself." On hearing this magnanimous declaration on the part of the old Antiquary, Miss Wardour changed colour more than once, and could hardly trust her own ears. For of all confidents to be eclected as the depositary of love affairs, - and such she naturally supposed must have been the subject of communica-tion, next to Edie Ochiltree, --Oldbuck seemed the most uncouth and extraordinary; nor could she sufficiently admire or fret at the attraordinary com-bination of circumstances which thus three a secont bination of circumstances which thus threw a second bination of circumstances which thus threw a secret of such a delicate nature into the possession of per-sons so unfitted to be intrusted with it. She had next to fear the mode of Oldbuck's entering upen the affair with her father, for such she doubted not, was his intontion. She well knew, that the honest genule-man, however vehement in his prejudices, had no great sympathy with those of others, and she had to fear a most uncleasent explosion upon an echaircissement. sympatry with those of others, and are that for hard so most unpleasant explosion upon an eclaircissement taking place between them. It was therefore with great anxiety that she heard her father request a private interview, and observed Oldbuck readily area, and show the way to his library. She remained behind, attempting to converse with the ladies of

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Monkbarns, but with the distracted feelings of Macheth, when compelled to disguise his evil conscience, by listening and replying to the observations of the preceding inght, while his whole soul is upon the stretch to his term of the alarm of murder, which he knows must be instantly raised by those who have entered the deeping apartment of Duncan. But the conversation of the two virtuosi turned on a subject very different from that which Miss Wardour apprehended.
"Mr. Oldbuck," said Sir Arthur, when they had the a dee exchange of ceremonies, fairly seated themselves in the sanctum sanctorum of the Antiquary,—"you, who know so much of my family matters, may probably be suprised at the question 1 and to you."
"More, Sir Arthur, it relates to money, I am very the seated themselves in the sanctum seated the Antiquary,—"you, who know so much of my family matters, may probably be suprised at the question 1 and to you."
"More, Sir Arthur, it relates to money, I am very the seated the machet and the seated the distracted the Antiquary,—" you, who know so much of any family matters, may probably be suprised at the question 1 and the present state of the money-market-and."
"More, Sir Arthur, it relates to money, I am very """.
"At des relate to money matters, Mr. Oldbuck," said the grave is at the other adventage."
"You mistake my meaning, Mr. Oldbuck," said the devil " exclaimed the Antiquary is any above civil, he proceeded to qualify it by provide the show out there are good bargains of land to be the pawing of very and above civil, he proceeded to qualify it by provide the pawing by leaking of the there being by cleaking of the pawing, "the funde are low at present, as I and to be the pawing by cleaking of the pawing," the funde are low at present, as I and to be the pawing by cleaking of the there potes of hand,"-continued the action for the pawing the pawing the active the set of head," continued the action for the pawing the proceeded to qualify it by personal bond—and the tirrer notes of name, —con-tinued he, taking out of the right-hand drawer of his cabinet a certain red memorandum-book, of which Sir Arthur, from the experience of former frequent appeals to it, abhorred the very sight—"with the interest thereon, amounting altogether to—let me

"Bullion! I suppose you mcan have the full value—that is, if you choose to accept it in bullion." "Bullion! I suppose you mcan lead. What the deuce! have we hit on the vein then at last?—But what could I do with a thousand pounds worth, and upwards, of lead?—the former abbots of Trotcosey might have roofed thur church and monastery with

might have roofed their church and monastery with it indeed—but for me"\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "By bullion," said the Baronct, "I mean the pre-cious metals,—gold and silver." "Ay! indeed ?...And from what Eldorado is this treasure to be imported ?" "Not far from hence," said Sir Arthur, signifi-cantly; "and now I think of it, you shall see the whole process on one small condition." "And what is that ?" craved the Antiquary. "Why, it will be necessar, for you to give meyour friendly assistance, by advancing one hundred pounds or thereabouts." or thereabouts.

or thereabouts." Mr. Oldbuck, who had already been grasping in dea the sum, principal and interest, of a debt which he had long regarded as wellnigh desperate, was so much astounded at the tables being so unexpectedly turned upon him, that he could only re-echo, in an accent of wo and surprise, the words, "Advance one hundred pounds?" "Yce my good sir" continued Sir Arthur, "hut

one hundred pounds?' "Yes, my good air," continued Sir Arthur; "but upon the best possible security of being repaid in the course of two or three days." There was a pause—either Oldbuck's nether-jaw

had not recovered its position, so as to enable him w utter a negative, or his curiosity kept him selest. "I would not propose to you," continued Sir Ar-actual proofs of the reality of those expectations which I now hold out to you. And, I assure you, Mr. Oid-buck, that in entering fully upon this topic, it is my purpose to show my confidence in you, and my sense of your kindness on many former occasions." Mr. Oldbuck professed his sense of obligation, but carefully avoided committing himself by any promise of farther assistance.

of farther assistance. "Mr. Dousterswivel." said Sir Arthur. "having

you turns we found "" "Another spring of water, I suppose, of which the rogue had beforehand taken care to ascertain the situ-ation and source." "No, indeed—a casket of gold and silver coins— here they are "

ation and source." "No, indeed-a casket of gold and silver coins-here they are." With that, Sir Arthur drew from his pocket a large ram's-horn, with a copper cover, containing a coa-siderable quantity of coins, chiefly silver, but with a few gold pieces intermixed. The Antiquary's eyes glistance as he esgerly spread them out on the "Upon my word-Scotch, English, and foregn coins, of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, and some of them rari-et rariores-etiam, rurissing." Here is the bonnet-piece of James V.- the unions of James II.-sy, and the gold testoon of Queen Mary, with her head and the Dauphin's-And these was really found in the ruins of St. Ruth ?" "Most assuredly-my own eyes witnessed it." "Well," replied Oldbuck, "but you must tell me the when-the where-the how." "The when," answered Sir Arthur, "was at mi-night the last full moon-the where, as I have tell you, in the runs of St. Ruth's priory-the how, we by a nocturnal experiment of Dousterswirel, accom-panied only by myself." "Undeed !" said Oldbuck, "and what means of discovery did you employ ?" "Only a simple suffurnigation," said the Baromet, "ecompanied by availing ourselves of the suitable planetary hour."

"accompanied by availing ourselves at the suitable planetary hour." "Simple suffurnigation ? simple nonsensification —planetary hour? planetary fiddlestick—Seriens dominabilur astris.—My dear Sir Arthur, that ichew has made a gull of you above ground and under ground, and he would have made a gull of you in the air too, if he had been by when you was craned up the devil's turnpike yonder at Halkethead—to be sum the transformation would have been then perusate

"Well, Mr. Oldbuck, I am obliged to you for discernment: but I indifferent opinion of my discernment; but I disc you will give me credit for having seen what I and

saw." "Certainly, Sir Arthur," said the Antiquary, this extent at least, that I know Sir Arthur Ward this extent at least, that I know Sir Arthur Ward will not say he saw any thing but what had

"Well then," replied the Baronet, "as there is heaven above us, Mr. Oldbuck, I saw, with my out eyes, these coins dug out of the chancel of St. at midnight—And as to Dousterswivel, although the at materiant—And us to Lousterswivel, although discovery be owing to his science, yet, to the truth, I do not think he would have had firmed-mind to have gone through with it if I had use beside him." "Av! indeed ?" said Oldbuck in the toronom."

"Ay! indeed ?" said Oldbuck, in the tone used a one wishes to hear the end of a story before rate ÷.

"Yes, truly," continued Sir Arthur, "I assur I was upon my guard-we did hear some very

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common sounds, that is certain, proceeding from among the vuins." "Ob, you did ?" said Oldbuck; "an accomplice hid among them, I suppose ?" "Not a jot," said the Baronet; "the sounds, though of a hideous and pretermatural character, rather resembled those of a man who sneezes violently than any otheray other—one deep groan I certainly heard besides and Dousterswivel assures me, that he beheld the -and Dousterswivel assures me, that he bened he print Peolphan, the Great Hunter of the North, (look for him in your Nicolaus Remigius, or Petrus Thyra-cas, Mr. Oklouck.) who minucked the motion of andf-taking and its effects." "These indications, however singular as proceed-

"These indications, however singular as proceed-ing from such a personage, seem to have been apro-see to the matter," said the Antiquary; " for you see the case, which includes these coins, has all the ap-pearance of being an old-fashioned Scottish snuth-mull. But you persevered, in spite of the terrors of this sensering goblin ?" " "Why, I think it probable that a man of infcrior conservence might have given way, but I

sense or consequence might have given way: but I was jealous of an imposture, conscious of the duty I was jealons of an imposture, conscious of the duty a owed to my family in maintaining my courage under every contingency, and therefore I compelled Dous-terswivel, by actual and violent threats, to proceed with what he was about to do; and, sir, the proof of his skill and honevty is this parcel of gold and silver pieces, out of which I beg you to select such coins or medals as will best suit your collection."

medals as will best suit your collection." . "Why, Sir Arthur, since you to select suich coils of medals as will best suit your collection." . "Why, Sir Arthur, since you are so good, and on condition you will permit me to mark the value according to Finkerton's catalogue and appreciation, against your account in my red book, I will with pleasure select"....." Nay," said Sir Arthur Wardour, "I do not mean you abould consider them as any thing but a gift of friendship, and least of all would I stand by the valuation of your friend Pinkerton, who has im-pagned the ancient and trust-worthy authorities, upon which, as your variable and moss grown pillars, the credit of Scottish antiquities reposed." "Ay, ay," rejoined Oldbuck, "you mean. I suppose, Mair and Bocce, the Jachin and Boaz, not of his-tory, but of falsification and forgery. And notwith-standing of all you have told me, I look on your friend Dousterswivel to be as apocryphal as any of them."

them

"Why, then, Mr. Oldbuck," said Sir Arthur, "not to awaken old disputes, I suppose you think, that because I believe in the ancient history of my coun-try, I have neither eyes nor ears to ascertain what modern events pass before me?" "Pardon me, Sir Arthur," rejoined the Antiquary, "bat I consider all the affectation of terror which this worthy gentleman, your coadjutor, chose to play off, as being merely one part of his trick or mystery. And, with respect to the gold or silver coins, they are so mixed and mingled in country and date, that I cannot suppose they could be any genuine hoard, and rather suppose them to be, like the purses upon the table of Hudibras's lawyer-----Moner placed for show.

Lite nost-ogra, to make clients is, And for his false options pay.-It is the trick of all professions, my dear Sir Arthur. Pray, may I ask you how much this discovery cost 2

\*About ten guineas." \*About ten guineas." \*And you have gained what is equivalent to wenty in actual-bullion, and what may be perhaps worth as much more to such fools as ourselves, who you willing to pay for curiosity. This was allowing a a tempting profit on the first hazard, I must wate edimit. And what is the next venture he pro-

A hundred and fifty pounds; I have given him third part of the money, and I thought it likely might assist me with the balance." I should think that this cannot be meant as a ing blow—it is not of weight and importance eacht; he will probably let us win this hand also, herpers manage a raw gamester.—Sir Arthur, I yes believe I would serve you ?"

"Certainly, Mr. Oldback; I think my confidence in you on these occasions leaves no room to doubt that."

that." "Well, then, allow me to speak to Dousterswivel. If the money can be advanced usefully and advan-tageously for you, why, for old neighbourhood's sake, you shall not want it; but if, as I think, I can recover the treasure for you without making such an advance, you will, I presume, have no objec-tion 20 tion 7

"Unquestionably, I can have none whatsoever.""

Antiquary. "To tell you the truth, he is in my carriage below; but knowing your prejudice against him" "I thank Heaven, I am not prejudiced against any Contactory is a systems, not individuals, that man, Sir Arthur; it is systems, not individuals, that inctur my reprobation." He rang the bell. "Jenny, Sir Arthur and I offer our compliments to Mr. Dousterswivel, the gentleman in Sir Arthur's car-riage, and beg to have the pleasure of speaking with him here."

him here." Jenny departed and delivered her message. It had been by no means a part of the project of Douster-swivel to let Mr. Oldbuck into his supposed mystery. He had rehed upon Sir Arthur's obtaining the neces-sary accommodation without any discussion as to the nature of the application, and only waited below, for the purpose of possessing himself of the deposit as soon as possible, for he foresaw that his career was drawing to a close. But when summoned to the presence of Sir Arthur and Mr. Oldbuck, he resolved gallantly to put confidence in his powers of impa-dence, of which, the reader may have observed, his natural share was very libgral.

## CHAPTER XXIIL

And this Doctor, Your sooty smoky-bearded comper, he Will close you so much sold in a bol's head, And, on a turn, convey in the stead another With sublimed mercury, that shall burnt i' the heat, And all fly out in fusion.

#### The Alek mist

"How do you do, goot Mr. Oldenbuck? and I do hope your young gentleman, Captain M'Intyre, is getting better again ?—Ach! it is a bat business when young gentlemens will put lead balls into each other's

Young scattering and werftures of all kinds are very precarious, "Lead adverftures of all kinds are very precarious, Mr. Dousterswivel; but I am happy to learn," con-tinued the Antiquary, "from my friend Sir Arthur, that you have taken up a better trade, and become a

that you have taken up a better trade, and become a discoverer of gold." "Ach, Mr. Oldenbuck, mine goot and honoured patron should not have told a word about dat little matter; for, though I have all reliance—yes, indeed, on goot Mr. Oldenbuck's prudence and discretion, and his great friendship for Sir Arthur. Wardour--yet, my heavens! it is an great ponderous secret." "More ponderous than any of the metal we shall make by it, I fear," answered Oldbuck. "Dat is just as you shall have de faith and de pa-tience for de grand experiment—If you join wid Sir Arthur, as he is put one hundred and fifty-see, here is one fifty in your dirty Fairport bank-note-you put one other hundred and fifty in de dirty notes, and you shall have de pure gold and silver, I cannot tell how much." much

"Nor any one for you, I believe," said the Anti-quary. "But hark you, Mr. Dousterswivel; suppose, without troubling this same sneezing spirit with any having fair day-light and our good consciences to having fair day-light and our good consciences to befriend us, using no other conjuring implements than good substantial pick axes and shovels, "airly trench the area of the chancel in the ruins of St. Ruth, from one end to the other, and so ascertain the existence of this supposed treasure, without putting ourselves to any farther expense: the ruins belong to Sir Arthur himself, so there can be no objection. Do you think we shall succeed in this way of managing the matter ?" THE AND "Beh i-- you will not find one copper thinkle - But fir Archur will do his pleasure - I have showed him how it is possible-- very possible-- to have de great sam of money for his occasions-- I have showed him de real experiment-- If he likes not to believe, goot Mr. Oldenback, it is nothing to Herman Dousser-swivel--he only loses de money and de gold and de silvers--dat is al."

Sir Arthur Wardour cest en intimidated glance at Oldbuck, who, especially when present, held, not-withstanding their frequent difference of opinion, no ogainary influence over his sentiments. In truth, the Baronet felt what he would not willingly have ac-knowledged, that his genus stood rebuked before that of the Antiquary. He respected him as a showd, pene-issting, sercastic character, feared his same, and had memory confidence in the general sourchast of his source confidence in the general sourchases of his source confidence in the general sourchases of his source of the sour

miless he could make some savoaraous and the adviser. "I know, my goot Mr. Oldenbuck, it is one vanity to apeak to you about de spirit and de preblim. But knok at this curious horn; I know you know de curi-senty of all de countries, and how de greet Oldenburgh thorn, as they keep still in the Museum at Copenha-yen, was given to de Duke of Oldenburgh by one tistake spirit of do wood. Now I could not put one tistake spirit of do wood. Now I could not put one tistake spirit of do wood. Now I could not put one trick on you if I were willing, you who know all se neurosity so well, and dere it is de horn full of coins ----if, it had been a' box or case, I woald have said "mathing."

"Benng a born," said Oldbuck, "does indeed strengthen your argument. It was an implement of nature's fashioning, and therefore much used among rude nations, although it may be the metaphorical horn is more frequent in proportion to the progress of civilization. And this present horn," he con-tinued, rubbing it upon his sleeve, "is a curlous and venerable relic, and no doubt was intended to prove a cornucopia, or horn of plenty, to some case or other; tou whether to the adept or his patron may be justly doubted "

"Well, Mr. Oldenbuck, I find you still hard of be-information understood de reagister ism."

"Let us leave talking of the magisterium, Mr. Donsterswivel, and think a listle about the magis-trate. Are you aware that this occupation of yours is against the law of Scotland, and finat both Sir Ar-thur and myself are in the commission of the prace?"

"Mine heaves! and what is dat to de purpose "when I am doing you all de goot I can ?" "Why, you must know, that when the legislather abolished the crue! laws against witchcraft, they had no hope of destroying the superstitious seeings of humanity on which such chimeras had been founded, numenity on which such chimeras had been founded, and to prevent those feelings from being tampered with by artful and designing persons, it is enacted by the *ninth* of George the Second, chap. 5, that who-soever shall pretend, by his alleged skall in any occult or crafty science, to discover such goods as are lost, stolen, or concealed, he shall suffer punishment by pillory and imprisonment, as a common cheat and impostor." mpostor

And is dat de laws?" asked Dousterswivel, with some agitation.

"Thyself shalt see the act," replied the Antiquary. "Den, gentlemens, I shall take my leave of you, dat is all; I do not like to stand on your what you call pillory—it is very bad way to take de air, I think; und I do not like your prisons no more, where one cannot take de air at all."

cannot take de air at all." "If such be your taste, Mr. Dousterswivel," said "the Antiquary," I aivise you to stay where you are, or I cannot let you go, unless it be m the society of a constable, and, moreover, I expect you will attend us just now to the runns of St. Ruth, and point out "the place where you propose to find this treasure." "Mine: heaven, Mr. Oldenbuck I what usage is this 'so your old friend, when I tell you so plain as I can "speak, dat: if you go now, you will get not so much treasure as one poor shabby sixpence ?"

"I will try the experiment, however, e dealt with according to its success; Sir 'Arthur's permiss

Sir Artaur a permission." Sir Artaur a permission, "had acheil extremely embarrassed, and, to use a vulgar bat appressive phrase, choo-fallen. Oldbuck's souther disbetief led him strongly to emspect the important Dousterswivel, and the adopt's mode of kraping the Dousterswivel, and the asept s mode of a ground was less resolute than he had expan-be did not entirely give him up. "Mr. Oldbuck," said the Baronet, "ye Dousterswivel, less than justice. He has a

"yoo do (Mr. mr. Unduct, " send the Herenet, "yee to fir. Dousterswivel less than justice. He has unstand to make this discovery by the use of his at, usit'sy-applying characters descriptive of the 'insidue ap-riment is to be made; and you require him to prove internet is to be made; and you require him to prove the use of any of the prelimingrise which is sup-riment as the means of proximage success." "I did not say that exactly—I only require him some intelligence with the Intelligence you take some intelligence with the Intelligence you take "Well, gentlemens," said Douserswirel substra-of any disappear before we get there." "Well, gentlemens," said Douserswirel substra-of any thing as shall be worth your going preasy out it tell you beforehand, you shall not find so much of any thing as shall be worth your going preasy "We will put that to a fair this," said the Am-soney; and the 'Barenet's equipage being ordered fries Wardour received an intimation from her fasher, that she was to remain at Monkherns und his remain from an airing. "The youry lade was an any law endered from a signing. The youry lade was an any interval on the 'fasher, that she was to remain at Monkherns und his remain from an airing. The youry lade

Muse Wardour received an infinition from set that she was to remain at Monkburns until hi from an airing. The young lady was wonswi loss to reconcile this direction with the come tion which ahe supposed must have passed b Sir Arther and the Antiquary ; but she was so for the present, to remain in a most unplease to the present, to remain in a most unplease of sum

The journey of the treasure-seebers was nine choly enough. Donsterswivel maintained a size silence, brooding at once over disappointed autor ition and the risk of punishment; Sir Arthar, was golden dreams had been gradually fading away, w golden dreams had been gradually fading a veyed, in gloomy prospect, the impending of of his situation; and Oldbuck, who percei-his having so far interfered in his neighbour gave the Baronet a right to expect some so efficient assistance, sadly pondered to while would be necessary to draw open the string purse. Thus each being wrapped in his own sant ruminations, there was hardly a word either side, until they reached the **For Hore** by which sign the little inn was distinguished or concrete at this place the necessary units by which sign the little inn was used with and procured at this place the necessary animate implements for digging, and while they were about these preparations, were suddenly joined old beggar, Edie Ochiltree. "The Lord bless your honour," began the "the the genuine mendicant whime, "an

"The Lord bless your honour," began the Gown, with the genuine mendicant whine, "and life to you-weel pleased am I to hear that we Captain M'Intyre is like to be on his legs agins -Think on your poor bedesman the day." "Ana, old true-penny!" replied the And "Why, thou hast never come to Monthanni they periks by rock and flood-here's some these to buy snuff,"-and, fumbling for his pu pulled out at the same time the horn which and the constant the coins.

the coins. "Ay, and there's something to pit it in." if mendicant, eying the ram's horn—" that has auld acquaintance o' mine. I could take use that sneeching-mull among a thousand—I a for mony a year, till I inflered it for this has auld George Glen, the dammer and sinks took a fancy till't down at Glen-Withershind "Ay I'indeed ?" said Odbuck,—" so your div it with a miner? but I presume you never well filled before?"—and opening it, he dawn

coins. "Troth, ye may swear that, Moth barres was mine it neer had abure the like of worth o' black rapper in't at ance; but I re

#### ORAN XXIII.]

be gaun to make an antic o't as we have due wi' moor an orra thing besides. Odd, I wish ony body wad make an antic o' me; but mony ane will find worth in rousted bits o' capper and horn and airn, that care unco bitle about an auld carle o' their airn chart care unco bitle about an auld carle o' their airn that care unco bitle about an auld carle o' their airn that care unco bitle about an auld carle o' their airn "Richard. called the Red-handed Wardour, marwork in rousted bits o' capper and horn and airn, that care unco bitle about an auld carle o' their ain county and kind."

You may now guess," said Oldbuck, turning to Arthur, " to whose good offices you were indebted

contry and kind." "You may now guess," said Oldbuck, turning to dr Arthur, "to whose good offices you were indebted the other night. To trace this cornucopia, of yours to a miner is bringing it pretty near a friend of ours -I hope we shall be as successful this morning without paying for it." "And whare is your honours gaun the day," said the mendicant, "wi's your picks and shules ?-Odd, this will be some o' your tricks, Monkbarns; ye'll be for whiring some o' the ald monks down by yonder out o' their graves afore they hear the last call-but, w' your leave, I'se follow ye at ony rate, and see what y make o't." "The Barty soon arrived at the ruins of she priory, and, having gained the chancel, stood still to con-siter what course they were to pursue next. The Antigenery, meantime, addressed the adept. "Fay, Br. Dousferswice, what is your advice in this nature ?-Shall we have most likelihood of success if we dig from east to west, or from west to they fail ur our present service, may, at least to bashelor, to still their brawing of arises to supply up with a few thumping blustering terms of ari, which, if they fail ur our present service, may, at least to bashelor, to still their brawing of nine own to thank you for your civilities to me-yes, indeed." "If. Out on a livedy, you will make no good mork at all, and I will find some way of mine own to thank you for your civilities to me-yes, indeed." "If your honours are thinking of triing the floor," "and old Edde, "and wed but take a puir body's al-vice, I would begin below that muckle state that the state the man these streakts out upon his back in the market of the state the Baronet.

"I have some reason for thinking favourably of that "I have some reason for thinking favourably of that "And I have nothing to say against it," said Old-Surek; "it was not unusual to hide treasure in the formable of the deceased-many instances might be guoteed of that from Bartholinus and others." "The tomb-stone, the same honestic which the same

The tomb-stone, the same beneath which the coins ad been found by Sir Arthur and the German, was acc more forced aside, and the earth gave easy way

more more forced acide, and the earth gave easy way the space. "It's travell'd earth that," said Edie, "it howks as existly -f ken it weal, for arice I wrought a sim-arr wit' and Will Winnett, the bedral, and howkit train graves than ane in my day; but I left him in particle, for it was unce cald wark; and then it cam grower Yule, and the folk died thick and fast-for a kers a green Yule makes a fat kirk-yard-and I enver drowed to bide a hard turn o' wark in my life-as aff I gave and left Will to delve his last dwellings y drivers and were now so far advanced in their

The digrers were now so far advanced in their bours at to discover that the sides of the grave bic of the side of the grave by four wells of freestone, forning a paral-meters as to discover that the sides of the grave by four wells of freestone, forning a paral-meters of the reception prebably, of the coffin. "A side worth while proceeding in our labours," said a Ansiquery to Sir Arthur, "were it but for curiosi-tic or the reception prebably, of the coffin. "A side worth while proceeding in our labours," said a Ansiquery to Sir Arthur, "were it but for curiosi-tic or the side of the same with those on work arthe uncommon pains." "The arms or the shield," said Sir Arthur, and head as he spoke it, "are the same with those on work the usurper. No man knew where he was the arth there is an old prophecy in our family, A bedies us no good when his grave shall be dis-1

war, " said the beggar, " I have often heard that I was a baim,

· gr Dialcolm the Misticot's grave were fim',

Wine to with his spectacles on his nose, had at y kneet t down on the monument, and was tracing, out 12 SQ l'as\_

'Richard, called the Red-handed Wardour, mar-"Kichard, called the Keo-named vertour, araw-ried Sybil Knock vinnock the heiress of the Saxon fa-mily, and by that alliance," said Sir Arthur, "brought the castle and estate into the name of Wardour, in the year of God 1150." "Very true, Sir Arthur, and here is the baton-sinje-

"" Year of God 1150." "Yery true, Sir Arthur, and here is the baton-sinis-ter, the mark of illegitimacy, extending diagonalis, through both coats upon the shield. Where can our eyes have been that they did not see this curious monument before 7

monument before "" "Na, whare was the through-stane that it didme come before our een till e'now ?" said Ochiltree ; "for I has kend this auld kirk, man and bairn, for saxty lang years, and I ne'er noticed it afors, and it's nas sio mote neither but what ane might see it in their parritch." All were now induced to tax their memory as to the former state of the mins in the correct of the

All were now induced to tax their memory as to the former state of the ruins in that corner of the chancel, and all agreed in recollecting a considerable pile of rubbish which must have been removed and spread abroad in order to make the tomb visible. Sir Arthur might, indeed, have remembered seeing the monument on the former occasion, but his mind was too much agitated to attend to the circumstance

was too made agriated to attend to the crounstance as a novely. While the assistants were angaged in these recol-lections and discussions, the workmen proceeded with their labour. They had already dug to the depth of nearly five feet, and as the finging out the soil became more and more difficult, they began at

soil became more and more difficult, they began at length to vitre of the job. "We're down to the till now," said one of them, "and the pe'er a coffin or ony thing else is here-some cunninger chiel's been afore us, I reckon ?" and the labourev exambled out of the grave. "Hout, iad," said Edie getting down in his room, "Hout, iad," said Edie getting down in his room, "else me try my hand for as aud bedral-ye're guds seekers but ill finders."

seekers but ill finders." So soon as he got into the grave, he sixuck his pike staff forcibly down—it encountered resistances in its dement, and the beggar exclaimed, like & Sootch schoolboy when he finds any thing, "Nas halvers and quarters—hale o' mine ain and name of my neighbour's." Every bldy from the dejected Baronst to the sultan sdept, now caught the spirit of curiesity, orowded round the grave and would have jumped into it could be space have contained them. The labourers, who

he space have contained them. The labourers, who had begun to flag in their monotonous and apparently rad began to flag in their monotonous and aparentity hopeless task, now resumed their tools, and phied them with all the ardour of expectation. Their sho-vels soon grated upon a hard wooden surface, which, as the earth was cleared away, assumed the distiant form of a chest, but greatly smaller than that of a coffia. Now all hands were at work to heave it out of the grave, and all voices, as it was raised, proclaimed its weight, and augured its value. They were not mistaken mistaken.

When the chest or box was placed on the surface, and the lid forced up by a pick-axe, there was dis-played first a coarse canvas cover, then a quantity of oakum, and beneath that a number of ingots of silver. A general exclamation hailed a discovery so sup-prising and unexpected. The Baronet threw his hands prising and unexpected. The Baronet threw his hands and eyes up to heaven, with the siluar rapture of one who is delivered from inexpressible distress of mind. Oldbuck, almost unable to credit his eyes, lifted one piece of silver after another. There was neither im-scription nor stamp upon them, excepting one, which seemed to be Spanish. He could have no doubt of the purity and great value of the treasure before him. Still, however, removing piece by piece, as examined row by row, expecting to discover that the lower layers were of inferior value; but he could perceive no difference in this respect, and found himself comlayers were of interior value; but he could be be an no difference in this respect, and found himself com-pelled to admit, that Sir Arthur had possessed himself of builton to the value perhaps of a thousand bounds sterling. Sir Arthur now promised the assistants a handmome recompense for their trouble, and began to 99

au air of triumph. "I did tell you, my goot friend Mr. Oldenbuck, dat I was to seek opportunity to thank you for your civil-ity; now do you not think I have found out vary

ity; now do you not think I have found out vary goot way to return thank?" "Why, Mr. Deusterswivel, do you pretend to have had any hand in our good success?—you forget you refused us all aid of your science, man. And you are here without your wcapons that should have fought the battle, which you pretend to have gained in our behalf. You have used neither charm, lamen, sigil, talisman, spell, crystal, pentacle, magic mirror, nor geomanic figure. Where be your penapts, and your abracadabras, man? your May-fern, your vervan,

"Your toad, your crow, your dragon, and your panthe Your sun, your moon, your dirmaneni, your adrop, Your Lato, Azoeli, Zernich, Chibrit, Heautric, With all your broths, your menstrues, your materials, Would burst a man to name?"

Ah ! rare Ben Jonson ! long peace to thy ashes for a scourge of the quacks of thy day !--who expected to so them revive in our own ?"

The answer of the adept to the Antiquary's tirade we must defer to our next chapter.

#### CHAPTER XXIV.

Cleves. You now shall know the king o' the beggans' treasure to Yes-ere to-morrow you shall find your harbour Here,-fail me not, for if I live I'll fit you.

#### The Beggar's Bush.

THE German, determined, it would seem, to assert the vantage-ground on which the discovery placed him, replied with great pomp and stateliness to the

him, replied with great pomp and stateliness to the attack of the Antiquary: "Maister Oldenbuck, all dis may be very witty and comedy, but I have nothing to say—nothing at all— to people dat will not believe dere own eyeasights. It is vary true dat I ave not any of de things of de art, and it makes de more wonder what I has done dis day.—But I would ask of you, mine honoured and goot and generous patron, to put your hand into your right-hand westcoat pocket, and show me what you shall find dere."

shall find dere." Sir Arthur obeyed his directions, and pulled out the amall plate of silver which he had used under the adept's suspices upon the former occasion. "It is very true," said Sir Arthur, looking gravely at the Antiquary, "this is the graduated and calculated sigil by which Mr. Dousterswivel and I regulated our first discovery." "Pshaw! pshaw! my dear friend," said 'Oldbuck, "you are teo wise to believe in the influence of a trumpery crown-piece, beat out thin, and a parcel of scratches upon it. I tell thee, Sir Arthur, that if Dousterswivel had known where to get this treasure himself, you welld not have been Lord of the least share of it."

"In troth, please your honour," said Edie, who put in his word on all occasions, "I think, since Mr. Dunkerswivel has had sae muckle merit in discover-ing a' the gear, the least ye can do is to gie him that o't that's left behind for his labour, for doubtless he that kend where to find sae muckle will has nae dif-ficult to find mair." ficulty to find mair.

Dousterawivel's brow grew very dark at this pro-posed of leaving him to his "ain purchase," as Ochi-tree expressed it; but the beggar, drawing him aside, whispered a word or two in his ear, to which he

whispered a word of two in his ear, to which he accement to give serious attention. Meanwhile, Sir Arthur, his heart warm with his good fortune, said aloud, "Never mind or, friend Monkbarns, Mr. Dousterswivel, but come to the Case-'le to-morrow, and I'll convince you that I am not angrateful for the hints you have given me about this matter, and the firly Fairport dirty notes, as you call them, are heartily at your service. Come, my

lade, get the cover of this precious chest fastened un again.

again. But the cover had in the confusion fallen saids among the rubbish, or the loose earth which had been removed from the grave—in short, it was not to be seen.

Never mind, my good lads, tie the tarpanin over

"Never mind, my good lada, tie the tarpaula over it, and get it away to the carriage. Monkbarns will you walk 9--I must go back your way to take up Mise Wardour." "And, I hope, to take up your dinner also Sr Ar thur, and drink a glass of wine for joy of or bappy adventure. Besides, you should write about bas-ness to the Exchequer, in case of any interference on the part of the crown. As you are lord of the suror, it will be easy to get a deed of gift though." "And I particularly recommend silence to ill who are present," said Sir Arthur, looking route. All bowed and professed themselves dumb. "Why, as to that," said Monkbarns, "recommend-ing secrecy where a dozen of people are acquainted with the circumstance to be concealed, is any priving

ing secrecy where a dozen of people are acquamied with the circumstance to be concealed, is only pating the truth in masquerade, for the story will be circu-lated under twenty different shapes. But never mind, we will state the true one to the Barons, and that is all that is necessary." "I incline to send off an express to-night," said the

Baronet.

Baronet. "I can recommend your honour to a sure hand," said Ochiltree; "little Davis Mailsetter and the butcher's resisting powny." "We will talk over the matter as we go to Monk-barns," said Sir Arthur. "My lads, (to the work-people) come with me to the Four Horse-shoet, ther I may take down all your manes. Douetrawird, I won't ask you to go down to Monkbarns, as the laird and you differ so widely in opinion; but de work-fail to come to see me to-morrow."

fail to come to see me to morrow." Dousterswivel growled out an answer, in which the words, "duty,"—" mine honoured patron,"-and "wait upon Sir Arthurs,"—were alone distinguish

"wait upon Sir Arthurs," — were alone distinguishable; and after the Baronet and his friend had left the runns, followed by the servants and workmen, who in hope of reward and whiskey, joyfully attended their leades, the adept remained in a brown study by the side of the open grave. "Who was it as could have thought this?" he ejaculated unconsciously. "Mine heiligkei! I have heard of such things, and often spoken of such things — but, sapperment! I never thought to see them And if I had gone but two or dree fact deeper down in the earth—mein himme!! it had been eff missers so much more as I have been muddling about to per from this fool's man."

so much more as I have been muching source of from this fool's man." Here the German ceased his soliloony, for, this his eyes, he encountered those of Eds Ochity who had not followed the rest of the compart, i resting as usual on his pike-staff, had plants in self on the other side of the grave. The feature the old man, naturally shrewd and expressive with ٦Ē 5

"Edie Ochiltree, nas maister \_your puir be and the king's' answered the Blue-Gown. "Awell den, goot Edie, what do you the dia?"

"I was just thinking it was very kind (for lat say very simple) o' your honour to gie that the gentles, wha has lands and laidships, and allow out end, this grand pose o' siller and treamak out end, this grand pose o' siller and treamine times tried in the fire, as the Scripture experimen-that might has made yoursell and ony two set honest bodies besides, as happy and contest day was lang." "Indeed, Edie, mine honein friends, dat is true; only I did not know, dat is, I was not where to find de gelt myself." "What! was it not by your honeur's advice

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coussel that Monkbarns and the Knight of Knock-winnock came here then ?" "Aha-yes-but it was by another circumstance; .....Dousterswivel stared at him in ambiguous silence.

winnock came here then?" "Ana-yes—but it was by another circumstance; I did not know dat dey would have found de trea-sure mein friend; though I did guess, by such a tin-tamarre, and cough, and snezze, and groan, among de spirit one other night here, dat there might be treasure and bullion hereabout. Ach, mein hummel 1 the spirit will hone and groan over his gelt, as if he were a Dutch burgomaster counting his dollars after a great dinner at the Stadthaus."

"And do you really believe the like o' that, Mr. Dusterdeevil ?-a skeelfu' man like you-bout fie ?" "Mein friend," answered the adept, forced by cir-

"Mein friend," answered the adept, forced by cir-canstances to speak something nearer the truth than be generally used to do. "I believed it no more than you and no man at all, till I did hear them hone and moan and groan myself on de oder night, and cli I did this day see de cavee, which was an great chest all full of the pure silver from Mexico-and what would you ave me think den ?" "And what way re gis to ony ane." said Edie, "that wad help ye to sic another kistfu' o' ailver ?" "Give - mein himmel --one great big quarter of it."

of u." "Now, if the secret were mine," said the men-dicant, "I wad stand out for a half; for you see, though I am but a puir ragged body, and couldna carry silver or gowd to sell for fear o' being taen up, yet I could find mony folk would pass it awa for me at unco muckle easier profit than ye're think-ing on." Ach, himmed L. Main

mp, yet 1 could find mony folk would pass it awa for me at unco muckle easier profit than ye're think-ing on." "Ach, himmel I-Mein goot friend, what was it I said ?-I did mean to eav you should have de tree guarter for your half, and de one quarter to be my mir half." "No, no, Mr. Dusterdeevil, we will divide equally what we find, like brother and brother. Now look at this board that I just flung into the dark aisle out of the way, while Monkbarns was glowering ower a' the silver youder. He's a sharp chiel Monkbarns. I was glad to keep the like o' this out o' his sight. Ye'll maybe can read the character better than me-I am nase that book-learned, at least I'm no that muckle in practice." With this modest declaration of ignorance, Ochil-tree brought forth from behind a pillar the cover of the box or chest of treasure, which, when forced from its hinges, had been carelessly flung aside during the ardour of curiosity to ascertain the con-tents which it conceiled, and had been afterwards, as it seems secreted by the mendicant. There was a word and a number mon the plank, and the begy made them more distict by spitting upon his magged blose handkerchief, and rubbing off the clay by which the inscription was obscured. It was in the ordinary black letter." "Can ye mak ought o't?" said Edie to the adept. "Starch-dat is what the yomen-washars put into de matewil, ye are mur of a conjurer than a clork-it's mode." "Be rehoed Ochiltree; "na, na, Mr. Due medeavil, ye are mur of a conjurer than a clork-it's "An he I acce it now-it is accrok-number ona. "Ma himmel, then there must be a number fon.

thet." I see it now-it is search number one. A ha !- I see it now-it is search number one. I immed, then there must be a number one, in goot friend; for search is what you call to seek it dig, and this is but number one!- Mine wort, here is one great big prize in de wheel for us, goot priser Ochiltree."

A week, it may be sac-but we canna howk for't week, it may be sac-but we canna howk for't we have nase shules, for they has taen them a' and it's like some o' them will be sent back to the earth into the hole, and mak a' things trig but an yo'll sit down wi' me a while in the d on the only man in the country that could have a shout Malcolm Misticot and his hidden trea-But first we'll rub out the letters on this board for it tell tales." d by the assistance of his knife, the beggar

here was an intelligence and alacrity about all the There was an intelligence and alacrity about all the old man's movements which indicated a person that could not be easily overreached, and yet (for even rogues acknowledge in some degree the spirit of pre-cedence) our adept felt the disgrace of playing a socedence) our adept feit the disgrace of playing a se-condary part, and dividing winnings with so mean an associate. His appetite for gain, however, was sufficiently sharp to overpower his offended pride, and though far more an impostor than a dupe, he was not without a certain degrace of personal faith even in the gross superstitions by means of which he im-posed upon others. Still, being accustomed to act as a leader on such occasions, he felt humiliated at feel-ing himself in the situation of a vulture marshalled to his prey by a carrion-crow. Let me, however, end it will be hard if I do not make mine account in it better, as Master Edie Ochiltrees makes pro-poses.

The adept, thus transformed into a pupil from a teacher of the mystic art, followed Ochiltree in pas-sive acquiescence to the Prior's Oak—a spot, as the reader may remember, at a short distance from the the German satt down, and in silence

reader may remember, at a short distance from the ruins, where the German sat down, and in silence awaited the old man's communication. "Maister Dustandenivel," said the narrator, "it's an unco while since I heard this business treated anent—for the lairds of Knockwinnock, neither Sir Arthur, nor his father, nor his grandfather, and I mind a wee bit about them a', liked to hear it spoken about—nor they dinna like it yet—but nae marter, ye may be sure it was clattered about in the kitchen, like ony thing else in a great house, though it were forbidden in the hal—and sae I hae heard the circum-tance reheared by aud servants in the family: and Torbidden in the ha'-and sae I has beard the circum-stance rehearsed by auld servants in the family; and in thir present days, when things o' that auld-warld sort arena keepit in mind round winter fire-sides as they used to be, I question if there's ony body in the country can tell the tale but mysell—aye out-taken the laird though, for thero's a parchment book about it, as I have heard, in the charter-room at Knock-winnock Castle."

winnock Castle." "Well, all dat is vary well—but get you on with your stories, mine goot friend," said Douster-swivel. "A weel, ye see," continued the mendicant, " this was a job in the auld times o' rugging and riving through the hale country, when it was lika are for himsell, and God for us a'; when nae man wanted property if he had strength to take it, or had it langer than he had power to keep it. It was just he ower her, and ahe ower him, whichever could win upmost, a' through the east country here, and nae doubt through the rest o' Scotland in the self and same manner.

win upmost, a' through the east country here, and nae doubt through the rest o' Scotland in the self and same manner. ""Sae, in these days, Sir Richard Wardour came into the land, and that was the first o' the name ever was in this country.—There's been mony of them sin'syne; and the maist, like him they ca'd Hell-in-Harnese, and the rest o' then, are sleeping down in yon ruins. They were a proud dour set o' men, but unco brave, and are stood up for the weel o' the country, God sain them a'-there's no muckle popery in that wish. They ca'd them the Norman War-dours, though they cam frae the south to this coun-try—So this Sir Richard, that they ca'd Red-hand, drew up wi' the auld Knock winnock o' that day, for then they were Knockwinnock o' that day, for she had fa'en a wee ower thick wi' a cousin o' her sin that her father had some ill-will to; and sae it was, that after she had been married to Sir Richard, jimp four months,—for marry him she maun it's like, —ye'll no hinder her gicing them a present o' a bonny knove bairn. Then there was siccan a cu'-thro', as the like was never seen ; and she's be but ut, and he's be slain, was the best words o' their mourins. But it was a' sowdered up again some gait, and the learn by the assistance of his knife, the beggar be slain, was the best words o' their morrins. But it and defaced the characters so as to make was a' sowdered up again some gait, and the bairs

was sent awa, and bred up near the High-lands, and grow up to be a fine wanle failow, like mony are that comes o' the wrang side o' the blanket; and Sir Richard wi' the Red hand, he bad a fair offspring o' contess of the wrang side of the blanket; and Sir Richard wi' the Red hand, he had a fair offspring of his ain, and a' was lound and quiet till his head was laid in the ground. But then down came Malcolm Misticot-(Sir Arthur says it should be Missicgot, but they aye ca'd him Misticot that spoke o't lang syne) --down came this Malcolm, thelove-begot, frae Glen-isla, wi' a string o' lang-legged Highlanders at his heels, that's aye ready for ony body's mischief, and he threeps the castle and lands are his ain as his mother's oldest son, and turns a' the Wardours out to the hill. There was a sort o' fighting and blode spilling about it, for the gentles took different aides; but Malcolm had the uppermost for a lang time, and keepit the Castle of Knock winnock, and strengthened it, and built that muckle tower, that they ca' Misti-cot's tower to this day." "Mine goot friend, old Mr. Edie Ochitree," inter-rupted the German, "this is all assone like de long histories of a baron of sixteen quarters in mine gold."

instories of a barron of sixteen querters in mine countries; but I would as rather hear of desilver and gold." "Why, ye see," continued the mendicant, "this Malcolm was weel helped by an uncle, a brother o' his father's, that was Pror o' St. Ruth here, and muckle treasure they gathered between them, to secure the succession of their house in the lands of Knock-wisnock-Folk said, that the monks in thas days had the art of multiplying metals—at ony rate they were very rich. At last it came to this, that the young Wardour, that was Rod-hand's son, challenged Misticot to fight with him in the lists as they ca'd them—that's no lists or tailor's runds and selvedges o' elaith, but a pain'-thing they set up for them to fight in like game-cocks. Aweel, Misticot was beaten, and at his brother's mercy—but he wadns touch his life, for the blood of Knockwinnock that was in baith that veins : so Malcolm was compelled to turn a monk, and he died soon after in the priory, of pure despite and veration. Nasbody ever kend whare his unche the prone earded him, or what he did w' halis kirk, and wad gie name account to ony body. But the prophecy gat abroad in the country, that when-ever Misticor's grave was found out, the setue of Knock winnock should be lost and won." "Ach, mine goot old friend, Maister Edie, and dat is not so very unlikely, if Sir Arthurs will quarrel wit his goot firefide to please Mr. Oldenbuck—And so you do tink dat dis solds and silvers belonged to goot Mr. Malcolm Mishdigoat?" "Arth do I, Mr. Dousterdevil." "And you do believe dat dare is more of dat sorts behind ?' "By my certie do I—How can it be otherwise?— Segret, "No. I.—that is as muckle as to say, search

Defined T' "By my cartie do I—How can it be otherwise?— Scarch-No. I.—that is as muckle as to say, search and ye'll find number twa-besides, yon kist is only stror, and I aye heard that Misticot's pose had markle yellow gowd in't." "Dea, mine goot friends," said the adept, jumping up hastily, "why do we not set about our little job directly?"

""Greechy r" "For twa gude reasons," answered the beggar, who quietly kept his sitting posture; "first, because, as I said before, we have nachting to dig wi, for they has taen awa the picks and shules; and secondly, because there will be a wheen idle gowks coming to glowarst the hole as lang as it is daylight, and maybe the laind may send somebody to fill it up—and ony way we wad be catched. But if you will meet me on this place at twal o'clock wi's dark lantern, I'll have tools ready, and we'll gang quietly about our job our twa sells, and nacbody the wiser for't." "Be-be-but, mine goot friend," said Douster-wrvel, from whose recollection his former nocturnal adventure was not to be altogether erased, even by the molendic hopes which Edie's narrative held forth, "it is not so goot or so safe to be about goot Minister Winhodgeat's grave at dat time of night—you have forgot how Mold you der si disturbance dera." ""It was a final of gnaists," answered the meridi-For two gude reasons," answered the beggar,

The second secon

#### CHAPTER XXY.

------ See then shake the bigs Of hearding abbots; angels ingrison Set thou at liberty----Bell, book, and candle, shall not driv & sold and aliver becken to some en No.

Two night set in stormy, with wind and occasis showers of rain. "Eh, sirs," said the old measure as he took his place on the sheltered side of the to oak-tree to wait for his associate..." Eh, sirs, human nature's a wilful and willy and thing !... is a an unco locre o' gain wad bring this Bousser out in a blast o' wind like this, at twal o'close night, to thir wild goesty wa's 1... and amma is a fulle than himsell to bide here waiting for him? Having made these sage reflections, he way himself close in his closk, and fixed in eye or moon as she waded amid the stormy and d clouds, which the wind from time to time d across her surface. The melancholy and spoor gleams that she shot from between the many for instant made distinctly visible in their remove and for and anon became again a dark, undermanned the shot from and anon became again a dark, undermanned the storm of the and anon became again a dark, undermanned the storm of the shot from time to the shot form and anon became again a dark, undermanned the shot from time to the shot from time the shot from the shot from time the shot from the shot from the storm of the shot from the to we foll full upon the fitter archive with own so it is old building, which was and anon became again a dark, undistinguished shadowy maas. The fittle lake had its marker transient beams of light, and showed its broken, whitened, and agitated under the storm, which, when the clouds swept over the were only distinguished by their sullen and the storm which the trees replied to the wintwind, so and suits the beach. The woog faint and passing murnur, resembling the mark of a store of the tree stores in are over. In these sounds, superstition and found ample gratification for that state. I have kept guard on the outposts bards "I have kept guard on the outposts bards".

"I have kept guard on the outposts bar many and America," he said to himself, " waur night than this, and when I kend t maybe a dozen o' their riflemen in the the

maybe a dozen o' their riflemen in the third ma. But I was eye glog at my duty—nadiu catched Edie sleeping." As he muttered thus to himself, he just shouldered his trusty pike-staff, assumed the a sentinel on duty, and, as a step advanced the tree, called, with a tone assorting better military reminiscences than his present "Stand-who goes there?" "De viewl, goot Edia, answerst Douste

Case XXV.]

for the siller 1

"Ay-ay-mine goot friend," said the German, "here it is my pair of what you call saddlebag-one add will be for you, one side for me-I will put dem on my horse to save you de trouble, as you are old

"Have you a home here, then ?" asked Edie Ochil-

"O yes, mine friend, tied yonder by dr stile," responded the adept. "Weel, I has just as word to the bargain-there sall more o' my goar gang on your beast's back." "What was it as you would be afraid of?" said the

when was it as you would be afraid of ?" said the foreigner.
"When was it as you would be afraid of ?" said the foreigner.
"Date of loaing sight of house, man, and momey," again replied the gaberhunde.
"Does you know dat you make one gentlemans out to be one great rogue ?"
"Hous gentlemen," replied Ochiltree, " can make the out for themselves—but what's the sense of quargeting ?--If ye want to gang on, gang on-if no, i'll ge hack to the gode nit-straw in Ringen Aik wood's form thes. I left wi' right ill-will e'now, and I'll pit back the pick and shule whar I got them."
Dousterswivel deliberated a moment, whether, by suffering Edie to depart, he might not accurate the whole of the expected wealth for his own exclusive me. But the want of digging implements, the uncertainty whether, if he has them, he could clear out the grave to a sufficient depth without assistance, and, above all, the rejustance which he felt, owing to the experience of the former night, to venture alone on the terrors of Misticot's grave, satisfied him the stempt would be hasardous. Endeavouring there-make in ochile continues in all such an excellant friend conside propose."

In his acquiescence in all such an excession menu orach propose." "Aweed, aweed, then," said Edie, "tak gade care o' worr feet amang the lang grass and the loose stanes -I wish we may get the light keepit in peint, wi' his fearsome wind—but there's a blink o' moonlight t time

Thus saying, old Edie, closely accompanied by the left, led the way towards the ruins, but presently ade a full halt in front of them.

"Ye're a learned man, Mr. Dousterdeevil, and ken sekie o' the marvellous works o' nature-now, will tell me ac thing ?-D'ye believe in ghaists and spi-blat walk the earth ?-d'ye believe in them, ay, 

New, goot Mr. Edie," whispered Donsterswivel, september tope of voice, " is this a times or

"New, goot Mr. Kile," whispered Dousterswivel, and enpostiatory tope of voice, "is this a times or calcess for such a questions?" "Indeed is it, bath the tage and the tether, Mr. maturatevol; for I mann fairly tell ye, there's ports that suld Misticot walks. Now this wad be a uncanny night to meet-him in, and what kens if was be ower weel pleased wi' our purpose of visit-was pose?" Alls gutter Geister"-muttered the adept.the rest

the guter Geister"-muttered the adept, the rest "How L' and Ochiltree, entering the changel and

**Here L**<sup>\*</sup> said Ockiltree, entering the chancel, and ing abroad his arm with an air of defiance, "I in gie the crack o' my thumb for him were he to are at this mement—he's but a disembodied spi-we are embodied ance,"

"For the lofe of heavens," said Dousterswivel my nothing at all neither about somebodies or no n i

Awcol," said the beggar, (expanding the shade of fantaern.) "here's the stane, and, spirit or no spi-Fae he a wee bit deeper in the grave"—and he and into the phase from which the precious chest that unstaining uses removed. After striking a

why done you aparts so load as a barrenhauter, or they you call a factionary—I mean a continel?" "Just because I thought I was a continel at that memori," enswered the mendicant. "Here's an wrome night—here yo brought the lantern and a pock

Dousterswitch accordingly took the place which the beggar had evacuated, and toiled with all the zeal that awakened avarice, mingled with the anz-ious wish to finish the undertaking and leave the place as soon as possible, could inspire in a mind at once greedy, suspicious, and timorous.

place as soon as possible, could inspire in a mind at once greedy, suspicious, and timorous. Edge, standing much at his case by the side of the hole, contented himself with exhorting his associate to labour hard. "My certic I few ever wrought for siccan a day's wage; an it be but—say the tenth part o' the size o' the kist, No. I., it will double its value, being filled wi' gowd instead of silver.—Odd ye work as if ye had been bred to pick and shuk—ye could win your round half-crown like day. Tak care o' your tees wi' that stane'' giving a kick to a large one which the adept had heaved out with difficulty, and which Edie pushed back again, to the grest annoyance of his associate's shins. Thus exhorted by the mendicant, Dousterswivel struggied and laboured annog the stones and stiff clay, toiling like a horse, and internally blasphereing in German. When such an unhallowed syllable iscaped his lips, Edie changed his baitery upon him. "O dinaa swear, dinna swear i—wha kens wha's intening i—Eh ! gude guide us, what's yon !—Hout, it's just a branch of ivy flightering awa frae the wa'; when the moos was in, it lookit unco like a dead men's arm wi'a taper in': I thought it was Minit.

ic s just a branch of ivy flightering awa free the wa'; when the moos was in, it lookit unco like a dead man's arm wi' a taper in't; I thought it was Misti-cot himsell. But never mind, work you away-fling the earth weel up by out o' the gate-odd if ye're no as clean a worker at a grave as Will Winnet him-sell! What gars ye stop now ?--ye're just at the very bit for a chance."

"Stop P" said the German, in a tone of anger and disappointment, "why, I am down at de rocks dat de cursed ruins (God forgife me!) is founded upon." "Weel," said the beggar, "that's the likelicet bit of ony-it will be but a muckle through-stane laid

down to kiver the gowd; tak the pick till't, and

down to kiver the gowd; tak the pick till't, and pit mair strength, man—ae gude downright deveal will split it, I'se warrant ye—Ay, that will do—Odd, he comes on wi' Wallace's straiks!" In fact, the adept, moved by Edie's exhortations fetched two or three desperate blows, and succeeded in breaking, not indeed that against which he strack, which, as he had already conjectured, was the solid rock, but the implement which he wielded, jarring at the same time his arms up to the shoulder-blades. "Hurra, boys 1—there goes Ringan's pick-aze !" cried Rdie; "it's a shame of the Fairport folk to sell siccan frail gear. Try the shule—at it again, Mr. Dusterdeevil." The adept, without reoly, scrambled out of the pit.

Dusterdeevil." The adept, without reply, scrambled out of the pit, which was now about six feet deep, and addressed his associate in a voice that trembled with anger. "Does you know, Mr. Edies Ochiltrees, who it is you put off your gibes and your jests opon ?" "Brawly, Mr. Dusterdeevil—brawly do I ken ye, and has done mony a day. but thurd neg instimutes

biaway, mr. Distortionerin-brawiy do I Ken ye, and has done mony a day; but there's nas jesting in the case, for I an wearying to see a' our treasurest we should has had baith ends o' the pookmanky filed by this time-I hope it's bowk enough to haud

"the gear?", "into ' he point's toward the incansed "Look you, you base old person," said the incansed philosopher, "if you do put another jest upon mse, . will cleave yous skull-piece with this shovels?"

"And whare wad my hands and my pike-staff be a' the time ?" replied Edie, in a tone that indicated no apprehension. "Hout, tout, Maister Dusterdeevil, no apprenension. "Hout, tout, Maister Dusterdeevil, I haena lived sae lang in the warld neither, to be shaled out o't that gate. What ails ye to be cankered, man, wi' your friends? I'll wager I'll find out the treasure in a minute;" and he jurnped into the pis and took up the method.

"I do swear to you," said the adept, whose suspi-cions were now faily awake, "that if you have played me one by trick, I will give you one his beating, Int. Eddies," sith king up to a sit out the set of the s

"Hear till him now," said Ochiltroo; "he kens 29\*

-Odd, I'm thinking

73 THE ANT how to gar folk find out the gear-Odd, I'm thinking be's been drilled that way himsell some day." At this insinuation, which alluded obviously to the former scene betwitt himself and Sir Arthur, the phi-losopher lost the slender remnant of patience he had left, and being of violent passiona, heaved up the truncheon of the broken mattock to discharge it upon the old man's head. The blow would in all proba-bility have been fatal, had not he at whom it was aimed exclaimed in a stern and firm voice, "Shame to ye, man 1-Do ye think Heaven or earth will utfier ye to murder an auld man that might be your father 7-Look behind ye, man." Dousterswivel turned instinctively, and beheld, to his utter astonishment, a tall dark figure standing to proceed by exorcism or otherwise, but having instantly recourse to the voie de fait, took measure of the adept's shoulders three or four times with blows so substantial, that he fell under the weight of them, and remained senseless for some minutes between fear and stupefaction. When he cams to himself, he was alone in the ruined chancel, lying upon the soft and damp earth which had been thrown out of Misti-cot's grave. He raised himself with a confused sen-sation of anger, pain, and terror, and it was not until he had sat upright for some minutes that he could arrange his ideas sufficiently to recollect how he and damp early which had been inform off of Misti-col's grave. He raised himself with a confused sen-sation of anger, pain, and terror, and it was not until he had sat upright for some minutes that he could arrange his ideas sufficiently to recollect how he came there, or with what purpose. As his recollec-tion returned, he could have hittle doubt that the bait held out to him by Ochiltree to bring him to that soli-tary spot, the sarcasms by which he had provoked him into a quarrel, and the ready assistance which he had at hand for terminating it in the manner in which it had ended, were all parts of a concerted plan to bring disgrace and damage on Herman Dou-serswivel. He could hardly suppose that he was indebted for the faigue, anxiety, and benting which he had an undergone, purely to the malice of Edie Ochil-tree singly, but concluded that the mendicant had acted a part assigned to him by some person of greater importance. His suspicions hesitated be-tween Oldbuck and Sir Arthur Wardour. The former had been at no pains to conceal a marked dislike of him—but the latter he had deeply injured; and al-though he judged that Sir Arthur di not know the extent of his wrongs towards him, yct it was easy to suppose he had gathered enough of the truth to make him desirous of revenge. Ochiltree had aluded to at least one circumstance which the adept had every reason to suppose was private between Sir Arthur and himself, and thereforo must have been learned from the former. The langrage of Oldouck also inti-mated a conviction of his knavery, which Sir Arthur heard without making any animated defence. Lastly, the way in which Dousterswivel supposed the Baro-met to have exercised his revenge, was not incon-sistent with the practice of other countries with those of North Britain. With him, as with many bad men, to suspect an injury, and to nourist ha suppose he had mentally sworn the ruin of his seniants, made self-preservation the saleer 's first exitent, the pace, his own situatien, and perhaps the presence, or

again to present themselves to his disturbed insens-tion. "But bah !" quoth he valiantly to himself, "it is all nonsense-all one part of de dann hig trick and imposture. Devilt that one thick-skulled Scotch Baronet, as I have led by the nose for five yes, should cheat Herman Dousterswivel !"

and impositure. Devin introduce intrace science doctors Beronet, as I have led by the noce for five year, should cheat Herman Dousterswivel!" As he had come to this conclusion, an incident occurred which tended greatly to shake the grounds on which he had adopted it. Amid the meaned or which he had adopted it. Amid the meaned of the ran-drops on leaves and stones, arose, and aparently at no great distance from the instenet, a strain of vocal music so sad and solemn, as if the departed spins of the churchmen who had once inhabited these deserted runs, were mourning the solitude and desiston to which their hallowed precincts had been abandend. Dousterswirel, who had now got upon his feet, and was groping around the wall of the chancel, stod rooted to the ground on the occurrence of this new phenomenon. Each faculty of his soul seemed for the moment concentrated in the sense of hearing, and al rushed back with the unanimous information, that the deep, wild, and prolonged chant which he new heard, was the approprinte music of one of the most solemn dirges of the church of Rome. Why per-formed in such a solitude, and by what class of cho-risters, were questions which the terrified imagina-tion of the adept, stirred with all the German super-stitions of nizies, oak-kings, wer-wolves, hobgoblins, black spirits and white, blue spirits and gray, durst not even attempt to solve. Another of his senses was soon engaged m the investigation. At the extremity of one of the tran-septs of the church, at the bottom of a few descend-ing steps, was a small iron-grated door, opening, as far as he recollected, to a sort of low vault or secrety. As he cast his eye in the direction of the sound, he observed a strong reflection of red light glimmerup

far as he recollected, to a sort of low vault or ascraty. As he cast his eye in the direction of the sound, he observed a strong reflection of red light glimmering through these bars, and against the steps which descended to them. Dousterswivel stood a moment uncertain what to do; then, suddenly forming a de-perate resolution, he moved down the siste to the place from which the light proceeded. Fortified with the sign of the cross, and as many concurrence as his number could score he dramed

Fortified with the sign of the cross, and as many exorcisms as his memory could recover, he advanced to the grate, from which, unseen, he could see what passed in the interior of the vault. As he approached with timid and uncertain steps, the chant, after one or two wild and prolonged cadences, died away into profound silence. The grate, when he reached it, presented a singular spectacle in the interior of the sacristy. An open grave, with four tal harbeens, each about six feet high, placed at the four connerts a birer, having a cornea in its abroud the arms folded and himself, and therefore must have been learned from the former. The language of Oldbuck also inti-mated a conviction of his Knavery, which Sir Arthur heard without making any animated defence. Lastly, the way in which Dousterswivel supposed the Baro-nesteant with the practice of other countries with which the adopt was better acquainted than with many bad mon, to suspect an injury, and to nourish the purpose of revenge, was one and the same move wered his lega, he had mentally sworn the ruin of his beaufactor, which, unfortunately, he possessed too much the power of accelerating. But although a purpose of revenge floated through his brain, it was no time to indulge such specua-tions. The hour, the place, his own situation, and perhaps the preservation the adopt's first object. The lantern had been thrown down and extinguished in the scuffle. The wind, which for-merly howled so loudly through the aisles of the ruins, and kas y was ere such all sole, all one contous, now recitary that he must endeavour to regain the eastern door of the chancel, yet the confusion of his ideas were such that he hesitated for some time ere he could ascertain in what direction he was to seek it. In this per-plexity, the affection, this ideas were such as a substantial, or an uncartily a surplase of darkness and his evil conscience, began

Sectand. He was uncertain whether to abide the essentiation of the ceremony, or to endeavour to regain the chancel, when a change in his position made has visible through the grate to one of the attendant mourners. The persev who first espied him, indi-eased his discovery to the individual who stood apart and nearest to the coffin by a sign, and upon his ensking a sign in reply, two of the group detached themselves, and, gliding along with noiseless steps, as if fearing to disturb the service, unlocked and opened the grate which separated them from the adept. Each took him by an arm, and exerting a degree of force, which he would have been incapable of resisting had his fear permitted him to attempt exposition, they placed him on the ground in the chancel, and sat down, one on each side of him, as if to detain him. Satisfied he was in the power of clusion of the ceremony, or to endeavour to regain to detain him. Satisfied he was in the power of merials like himself, the adept would have put some questions to them; but while one pointed to the vault, from which the sound of the prisat's voice was dis-tinctly heard, the other placed his finger upon his lips in token of silence, a hint which the German thought it most prudent to obey. And thus they detained him until a loud Alleluia, pealing through the deserted arches of SL Ruth, closed the singular ceremony which it had been his fortune to witness. When the hymn had died near with all its othese.

which it had been his fortune to witness. When the hymn had died away with all its echoes, the voice of one of the sable personages under whose guard the adept had remained, said, in a familiar tops and dialect, "Deer sirs, Mr. Dousterswivel, is this you? could not ye have let us ken an ye had wursed til has been present at the ceremony?—My lord couldna tak it weel your coming blinking and jinking in, in that fashion." "In de name of all dat is gootness, tell me what you are?" interrupted the German in his turn. "What I am? why, wha should I be but Ringan Aikwood, the Knockwinnock poinder?—And what are ye doing here at this time o' night, unless ye were come to attend the leddy's burial?" "I do declare to you, mine goot Poinder Aikwood,"

were come to attend the leddy's burtal "" "I do declare to you, mine goot Poinder Aikwood," said the German, raising himself up, "that I have been this vary nights murdered, robbed, and put in fears of my life." "Robbed! wha wad do sic a deed here?-Mur-dered! odd, ye speak pretty blithe for a murdered man.-Put in fear! what put you in fear, Mr. Dous-terswive! ?".

"I line' or believe that," answered Ringan; "Edie "I'll ne' or believe that," answered Ringan; "Edie vws kend to ma, and my father before me, for a true, loyal, and soothfast man; and, mair by token, he's sleeping up yonder in our barn, and has been since ten at e'en-Sae touch ye wha liket, Mr. Douster-swivel, and whether any body touched ye or no, I'm sure Edie's sackless." "Maister Ringan Aikwood Poinders, I do not know what you call sackless, but let' alone all de oils and de soot dat you say he has, and I will tell you I was des night robbed of fifty pounds by your oil and sooty friend, Edies Ochiltree; and he is no more in your barn even now dan I ever shall be in de kingdom of the soot dat you way he he has and sooty friend."

n,

"Weel, sir, if ye will gae up wi' me, as the burial meany has dispersed, we'se mak ye down a bed at be lodge, and we'se see if Edie's at the barn. There was twa wild-looking chaps left the auld kirk when we coming up wi' the corpse, that's certain; all the pricest, wha likes ill that eny heretics should a corr church commonies sout twa o' the **bet** on at our church ceremonies, sent twa o' the **thing** saulies after them; sae we'll hear a' about it **the** them.<sup>33</sup>

Thus speaking, the kindly apparition, with the strance of the nute personage, who was his son, smeambered himself of his cloak, and prepared to orr Dousterswivel to the place of that rest which

adept so truch needed. I will apply to the magistrates to-morrow," said adept; "oder, I will have de law put in force imst all the peoples."

ile he thus muttered vengeance against the of his injury, he tottered from among the runa, hile

supporting himself on Ringan and his son, whose assistance his state of weakness rendered very as cessary.

When they were clear of the priory, and had gained the little meadow in which it stands. Dousterswired could perceive the torches which had caused him so could perceive the torches which had caused him so much alarm issuing in irregular procession from the ruins, and glancing their light, like that of the *ignis fatuse*, on the banks of the lake. After moving, along the path for some short space with a fluctu-ating and irregular motion, the lights were at once

ating and irregular motion, the lights were at once extinguished. "We aye put out the torches at the Halis-cross well on sic occasions," said the forester to his guest; and accordingly no farther visible sign of the proces-sion offered itself to Dousterswivel, although his ser could catch the distant and decreasing echo of horses' hoofs in the direction towards which the mourners had bent their course.

#### CHAPTER XXVI.

O weel may the boatie rowe. And weeter may she speed, And weeter may she speed, That earny the baitie rowe That earny the boatie rows. The boatie rows, the boatie rows, The boatie rows, weel, And lightsome be their life that bear The merin and the orcei I-Old Ballad.

. .

WE must now introduce our reader to the interior of the fisher's cottage mentioned in chapter eleventh of this solitying history. I wish I could say that its of this solifying history. I wish I could say that its inside was well arranged, decently furnished, or tol-erably clean. On the contrary, I am compelled to admit, there was confusion, —there was dilapidations, —there was dirt good store. Yet, with all this, there was about the inmates, Luckie Mucklebackit and "The clartier the cosier." A huge fire, though the her family, an appearance of case, plenty, and com-fort, that seemed to warrant their old skuttish proverb, "The claritor the cosier." A huge fire, though the season was summer, occupied the hearth, and served at once for affording light, heat, and the means of preparing food. The fishing had been successful; and the family, with customary improvidence, had, since unlading the cargo, continued an unremitting opera-ion of broking and frying that part of the produce reserved for home consumption, and the bones and fragments lay on the wooden trenchers, mingled with morsels of broken bannocks and shattered muge of half-drunk beer. The stout and sthistic form of Maggie herself, bustling here and there stong a pack of half-grown girls and younger children, of whom she chucked one now here and another now there, with an exclamation of "Get out o' he gate, ye little sorrow !" was strongly contrasted with the passive and half stupified look and manner of her husband's mother, a woman advaneed to the last stage of hu-man life, who was seated in her wonted chair close by the fire, the warmth of which she covetad, yes hardly seemed to be sensible of, now muttering to herself, now smiling vacently to the children as they pulled the strings of her toy or close cap, or twitched her blue checked apron. With her distaff in her bo-som, and her spindle in her hand, she plied lazily and mechanicelly the old-fashioned Scottish thriit, as-cording to the old-fashioned Scottish thriit, as-cording to the progress of grannie's goindle as it twisted, and now and then ventured to interrupt its progress as it danced upon the floor in those vagaries which the more regulated spinning-wheel has now twisted, and now and then ventured to interrupt its progress as it danced upon the floor in those vagaries which the more regulated spinning-wheel has now so universally superseded, that even the fated Prin-cess of the fairy tale might roam through all Scot-land without the risk of piercing her hand with a spindle, and dying of the wound. Late as the hour was, (and r. was long past midnight,) the whole family were still on foot, and far from proposing to go to bed; the dame was still busy broiling car-cakes on the gradle, and the elder girl, the half-naked mer-maid elsewhere commemorated, was preparing a pile of Findhorn haddocks, (that is, haddocks smoked with green wood,) to be eaten along with these relish-ing provisions.

ing provisions. While they were thus employed, a slight tap at ten

deer, assomptinisd with the question, "Are ye up yet, sim " announced a visiter. The answer, "Ay, ay, -come your ways ben, hinny," occasioned the lifting of the latch, and Jenny Rintherout, the female do-mestic of our Antiquary, made her appearance. "Ay, ay," exclaimed the mistress of the family,-"Hagh, airs I can this be you, Jenny ? a sight o' you's wide for action the me."

gude for sair een, lass.

O, woman, we've been sac taen up wi' Captain Heator's wound up by that I haven a had my fit out ower the door this fortnight; but he's better now, and alld Caxon sleeps in his room in case he wanted ony thing. Sac, as soon as our auld folk gaed to bed, is an include my band as the state of the and auld Caxon sleeps in his room in case and to bed, any thing. Sae, as soon as our suld folk gaed to bed, I san snooded my head up a bit, and left the house-elsor on the latch, in case ony body should be want-ing in or out while I was awa, and just cam down the gate to see an there was ony crecks amang ye." "Ay, ay," answered Luckie Mucklebackit, "I see ye has gotten a' your braws on-ye're looking about for. Steenie now-but he's no at hame the night-and ye'll no do for Steenie, lass-a feckless thing like you's no fit to mainteen a man." "Steenie will no do for ma," retoried Jenny, with a toss of her head that might have become a higher-born dameel.-"I maua has a man that can main-teen his wife."

"Ou sy, hinny-thee's year landward and bur-rows-town notions. My certis! fisher wives ken better-they keep the man, and keep the house, and keep the siller too, lass."

"A wheen poor drudges ye are," answered the mymph of the land to the nymph of the sea..." As sune as the keel o' the coble touches the sand; de'il a bit mair will the lazy fisher loons work, but the

sinc as the keel o' the coble tonches the sand, de'il a thit mair will the laxy fisher loons work, but the wives fhaun kilt their coats, and wade into the surf to tak the fish ashore. And then the man casts off the wat and puts on the dry, and sits down wi'h is pipe and his gill-stoup ahnit the ingle, like ony auld houdie, and ne'er a turn will he do till the coble's afloat again l-And the wife, she maun get the scall the her back, and awa wi' the fish to the next bur-rows-town, and scauld and barn wi' like. wife that will scauld and ban wi'her till it's satid-and shat's the gate fisher-wives live, puir slaving bodies." "Slaves? gas we', lass-Ca' the head o' the house alaves? little ye ken about it, lass-Show me a word my Saunders daur speak, or a turn he daur do about the house, without it be just to tak his meat; and his drink, and his diversion, like ony o' the weans.' He has mair sense than to ca' ony thing about the big-ging his airr, fraé the rooftree down to a crackit imacher on the bink. He kens weel eneugh wha and rape, when his coble is jowing awa in the Firth, puir fallow. Na, na, lass--them that sell the goods aude the purse-them that guide the purse rule the fouse-Show 'me ane o' your bits o' farmer-bodies that wad let their wife drive the stock to the market, and ca' in the debts. Na, na. "\*

and ca' in the debts: Na, na."\*\*

"Awoiel, awoid, Maggie, ike intel has its is lead -But where's Steenie the night, when a's come and gane 1 And where's the gudeman ?" "I has putin' the gudeman to his bed, for he was e'en sair forfairn; and Steenie's awa out about some barns-breaking wi' the ould gaberlanzie, Eds Ochil-tree-they'll be in sune, and ye can sit down." "Troth, gudewife, (taking a seat,) I has that muckle time to stop-but I maun tell ye about the news-Ye'll has heard o' the muckle kint 's gowd that Sir Arthur has fund down by at St. Each? -He'll be grander than ever now-he'll no can haud down has head to ancess, for fear o' seag his shoon."

"Ou sy-a' the country's heard o' that; but said Edie says they ca' it ten times main than our was o't, and he saw them howk it up. Oild, it would be lang or a pur body that needed it got at a windfa'''.

"Na, that's sure entrugh.—And ye'll has hand of "Na, that's sure entrugh.—And ye'll has hand of the Countees o' Glenallen being dead and lying in state, and how she's to be buried at. St. Ruth's as this night fa's, wi' torch-light; and a'the papist cory as to be there, and it will be the grandest shew ever was every

scen," "Troth, hinny," answered the Newid, "if they let "Troth, hinny," answered the Nersid, "if they let nachody but papiess come there, it'll no be markle of a show in this country for the suld harlot, as housed Mr. Blattergowi-ca's her, has few that drink of bar cup of enchantments in this corner of our chosen lands.—But what can all them to bury the suld carlin (a rudar wife she was) in the night time?—I dars say our gudemither will ken." Here she exalted her voice, and exclaimed twice or thrice, "Gudemither! gudemither?" but lost in the spathy of age and deafness, the aged will the addressed continued plying her spindle willow and exclaiming the appeal made to her. "Speak to your grandmither, Jenny—odd, I wan rather hail the coble half a mile aff, and the narwest wind whisting again in my teeth."

"Grannie," said the little mermaid, in a voice w "Grannie," said the little mermaid, in a voice w which the old woman was better accustomed, "min-nie wants to ken what for the Glenallen folk so bury by candle-light in the runa of St. Ruh?" The old woman paused in the act of twilling the

The old woman paused in the act of twilling the spindle, turned round to the rest of twilling the her withered, trembling, and clay-coloured hand, resided up her ashen-hued and wrinkled fine, which the quick motion of two light-blue eyes clain? di-tinguished from the visage of a corpect and, as if catching at any touch of association with the fiving, world, answered, "What gars the **Cheudha** fixing inter shert dead by torch-light, said the hears --there a Glenalkin dead e'en now?" "We might be a' dead and buried toe," and her raising her voice to the stretch of her mother-in-live comprehension, she added, "It's the anthe Counstant gudemither."

gudemither.

gudeminer." "And is she ca'd hame then at last?" said the woman, in a voice that seemed to be agitated much more feeling than belonged to her extrem age, and the general indifference and apathy the manner—"is she then called to her last account her lang race o' pride and power?-O God her

her " "But minnie was asking ye," resumed the i querist, "what for the Glenallan family and their dead by torch-light?" "They has ay dune see," said the grandmi o' the time the Great Karl fell in the said o' the Harlaw, when they say the coronand cried in as day from the mouth o' the Tay of Back of the Cabrach, that ye wad has been folke that had fa'en fighting against Domals i folke that had fa'en fighting against Domals i Isles.—But the Great Earl's mither was living ware a doughty and a doar race the women. were a doughty and a doar race the woin house o' Glenallan-and she wad has nac

eard to characterize a younger damael as "a the had no ambition, and would never," she per heve the summit line of business."

disk for her work but had him laid in the effence of midnight in his place of rest, without either drinking the dinge, or crying the lament.—She said he had hilled enow that day he died, for the widows and daughters of the Highlanders he had slain to cry the corocach for them they had lost and for her son too; and me she laid him in his grave wi'dry eyes, and without a groan or a wail—And it was thought a peoped word o' the family, and they aye stickir by it— and is mair in the latter times, because in the right-time they had mair freedom to perform their popial coremonies by darkmeas and in secrecy than in the

and the insir in the latter times, because in the night-time they had mair freedom to perform their popish careumonies by darkness and in secrecy than in the daylight—at least that was the case in my time— they was has been disturbed in the day-time baith by the law and the commons of Fairport—they may be owerlooked now, as I have heard—the warld's sinuaged—I whiles hardly ken whether I am stand-ing or siting, or dead or living." And looking round the fire, as if in the state of unconscient uncortainty of which she complained, old Elspeth relayed into her hebitial and mesha-mishe occupation of twiring the spindle. "Ek, are?" said Jenny Rintherqut, under her heasth to her genzip, "it's awsome to hear your gude-mather break, out in that, gait—it's like the dead spating to the living." "Ye're no that far wrang, less; she minds nae-thing o' what passes the day—but set her on and take, and she can speak like a prent buke. She kens mather break out he Glan-but set her on and take, and she can speak like a prent buke. She kens mather the Glanzien indice failer for y day. Ye mean het the papasts make a great point o'eating fish—it's nae bad part o' their religion that, what-over the rest is—Loudd are sell the best o' prices for the Countess's ain table, grace be best o' prices for the Countess's ain table, grace be fish-it's nee bad part o' ther reners what, when ever the rest is -Loould are sell the best o' fish at the best o' prices for the Countess's ain table, grace be wit best i capacially on a Friday-But see as our gude mither's hands and lips are gauging-now it's work-ing in her head like barm whe'll speak enough the might-whiles she'll no speak a word in a week, miles it be to the bits o' barms." "Hegh, Mirs. Mucklebackit, she's an aweone wife " saud Jenny in reply. "D'ye think she's a' the-gither right 7-Folk says she down gang to the kirk, or speak to the minister, and that she was ance a pagned; but since her gudeman's been dead nacbody keens what she is D'ye think yoursell, that she's no tracenny?" we silv true it think yo as and wife's

 Winisht, whisht, Maggia," whispered Jenny, your gudemither's gaun to speak again."
 Wanna there some ane o' ye said," asked the old hwyl, "or did I dream, or was it revealed to me, that manufactured, Lady Ghenallen, is dead, an buried this chi?

Yes, gudenither," screamed the daughter-in-law. **\*\***\*\*

o'en ma." And e'm me let it be," said old Elspeth; " she's he troops e mir beart in her day-ay, e'en her an o-is he living yet ?"

20-tis as itying yet?" May, he's living yet-bat how lang he'll live-sever, diama ye mind his coming and asking after in the spring, and leaving siller " in may be see, Maggio-1 dinna mind it-but a dimme gentleman he was, and his father before & Ehl if his father hed lived, they might has been by folk!-But he was gane, and the lady fail it m-ower and out-ower wi' her son, and the hing has were sail has trowed. the trow the thing ha never said has trowed, the thing he has repented a' his life; and will still, were his life as lang as this lang and

; scal, were no in the set lang as the rang and penes are o' mine." what was it, grannie?" -and "What was it ither ?"---and "What wis it, Luckie Elspeth ?" 6

"But what are we to do with this?" said Steenie, the children, the mother, and the visiter, in reach. we call what it was," answered the old sibyl, premy to God that ye area left to the pride and mean of your ain hearts. They may be as power: t\_--O that wear and fearfor night 1 will it producing a pocket-book. "Odd guide us, man," said Edie, in great alarm, "What gar'd ye touch the gear? a very leaf of that pocket-book wad be eneugh to hang us baith." "I dinna ken," said Steenie, "the book had fa'en out of his pocket, I fancy, for I fand it amang my feat when I was grapting about to est him on his logu 100 O that we

To never gang out o' my suld head ?~Eh f or see her lying on the floor wi' her isng hair dreeping wi' the salt water --Heuwen will avenge on a' that had to do wi't-Sirst is my son out wi' the coble this windy o'en ?'

"Na, na, mither-nae coble can keep the sea this wind-he's sleeping in his bed, outower yondes shint the hallan.

Is Steenie out at sea then ?"

"Na, grannie-Steenie's awa out wi' auld Edie Ochiltree, the gaberlunzie-maybe they'll be gaan to see the burial."

That canns be," said the mother of the family, "That canns be," said the mother of the family, ""We kent nacthing o't till Jock Rand cans in, and taild us the Aikwoods had warning to attends they keep that things unco private, and they were to bring the corpes a' the way frac the castle ten miles off, under cloud o' night. She has late in state this ten days at Glenalian-house, in a grand chamber, a' hung wi' black, and lighted wi' wax canne."

cannie." "God assoilzie her!" ejsculated old Elspeth, her head apparently still occupied by the event of the Counters's death..."she was a hard-hearted woman, but she's gaen to account for it a', and His mercy is infihite...God grant she may find it see !"...And abe relapsed into silence, which she did not break again daring the rest of the evening. "I wonder what that suid daft beggs-carle and out son Steenic can be doing out in its a nicht so

"I wonder what that auld daft beggar-carle and our son Steenie can be doing out in sic a night as this," said Maggie Mucklebackit; and her expression of surprise was echoed by her visiter; "Gang awa, ane o' ye, hinnies, up to the heugh head, and gie them a cry in oase they're within floaring—the car-cakes will be burnt to a cinder." The little emissary departed, but in a few minutes came running back with the lotd exciamation, "Eh, minutie the organ to the page chasing.

minnie! eh, grannie! there's a white bogle chasing twa black anes down the heugh."

A noise of footsteps followed this singular annum-ciation, and young Steenie Muckleberckit, closely followed by Edie Ochiltree, bounced into the hut. They were panting and out of breath. The first thing Steenie did was to look for the bar of the door, which his mother reminded him had been broken up

White his mother reminded him had been broken up for fire-wood in the hard winter three years ago; for what use, she said, had the like o' them for bars? "There's naebody chasing ua," said the beggar, after he had taken his breath; "we're e'en like the wicked, that flee when no one pursueth." "Troth, but we were chased" said Steenie, "by a spirit; or something little better."

spirit, or something little better." "It was a man in white on horseback," said.Edie, "for the saft grund, that wadns bear the beast, flung him about, I wot that weel; but I didna think my auld legs could have brought me aff as fast; I ran amaist as fast as if I had been at Prestonpana." "Hout, ye daft gowka," said Luckie Mucklebackit, "it will has been some o' the riders at the Countees"

burial

burial." "What P' said Edie, "is the suld Countess buried the night at St. Rath's ?-Ou, that wad be the hights and the noise that scarr'd us awa; I wish I had kend-I wad has stude them, and no left the man yonder-but they'll take care o' him. Ye strake ower hard, Steenie-I doubt ye foundered the chield." "Ne'er a bit," said Steenie, laughing; "he has braw broad shouthers, and I just took the measure o' them wi' he stang-Odd, if I hadna been some-thing short wi' him, he wad has knockit your auld harns out, lad." "Weel, an I win clear o' this scrace." said folle.

"Weel, an I win clear o' this scrape." said fidie, "I'se tempt Providence nas mair. But I canna think it an unlawfu' thing to pit a hit trick on siz a land-louping scoundrel, that just lives by tricking honester folk."

"But what are we to do with this ?' mid Steenie

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THE ANT
again, and I just pat it in my pouch to keep it safe; and then came the tramp-of horse, and you cried. "An, rin,' and I had nae mair thought o' the book." "We maun get it back to the loon some gait or other; ye had better take it yoursell, I think, wi'peep o' light, up to Ringan Aikwood's. I wadna for a hundred pounds it was fund in our hands." Steenie undertook to do as he was directed. "A bonny night ye hae made o't, Mr. Steenie," said Jenny Rinherout, who, impatient of remaining to long unnoticed, now presented herself to the young fisherman." A bonny night ye hae made o't, tramping about wi' gaberlunzies, and getting yoursel hunted wi' worricows, when ye suld be sleeping in your bed like your father, honest ma."
This attack called forth a suitable response of was now commenced upon the car-cakes and smoked fish, and sustained with great perseverance by assisting of gin. The menticant then retired to the straw of an out-house adjoining,—the children had one by one ghis preceding fatigue, had the gallantry to accompany Miss Rintherout to her own mansion, and at what hour he returned the soury saith not,—and the gapon the first mansion, and at what hour he returned the gains of order, returned to her family, having laid the gathering-coal point family. I waying laid the gathering-coal point family.

# CHAPTER XXVIL

Beggar's Bush.

OLD EDIS was stirring with the lark, and his first inquiry was after Steenie and the pocket-book. The young fisherman had been under the necessity of attending his father before daybreak to avail them-selves of the tide, but he had promised, that, imme-diately on his return, the pocket-book, with all its contents, carefully wrapped up in a piece of sail-cloth, should be delivered by him to Ringas Aikwood, for Dousterswivel, the owner.

should be delivered by him to Ringas Aikwood, for Dousterswivel, the owner. The matron had prepared the morning meal for the family, and, shouldering her basket of fish, tramped sturdily away towards Fairport. The children were idling round the door, for the day was fair and sun-shiny. The ancient grandame, again seated on her wicker-chair by the fire, had resumed her eternal spindle, wholly unmoved by the yelling and scream-ing of the children, and the scolding of the mother, which had preceded the dispersion of the family. Edie had arranged his various bags, and was bound for the renewal of his wandering life, but first advanced with due courtesy to take his leave of the ancient crone. ancient crone.

ancient crone. "Gude day to ye, cummer, and mony ane o' them. I will be back about the fore-end o' har'st, and I trust to find ye baith haill and fere." "Pray that ye may find me in my quiet grave," said the old woman, in a hollow and sepulchral voice, but without the agitation of a single feature. "Ye're auld, cummer, and sae am I mysell; but we maun abide His will-we'll no be forgotten in His good time."

we maun abide His will-we'll no be forgotten in His good time." "Nor our deeds neither," said the crone; "what's dune in the body maun be answered in the spirit." "I wot that's true; and I may weel tak the tale heme to mysell, that has led a misruled and roving life. But ye were aye a canny wife. We're a' frail-but ye canna has sae muckle to bow ye down." "Less than I might have had-but mair, O far mair than wad sink the stoutest brig e'er sailed out o Fairport harbour!-Didna somebody say yes-treen-at least sae it is borne in on my mind-but nuld folk hae weak fancizs-did not somebody say that Joseciind, Countess of Glenallan, was departed "They said the truth whaever said it," answered "They said the truth whaever said it," answered

"They said the truth whaever said it," answered " she was buried yestreen by torch-light at

St. Ruth's, and I, like a fule, gat a ghiff wir scoring the lights and the riders." "It was their fashion since the days of the Great

the lights and the riders." "It was their fashion since the days of the Great Earl that was killed at Harlaw—They did it to show scorn that they should die and be buried like other mortals—The wives o' the house of Glenallan wailed nae wail for the husband, nor the sister for the bro-ther.—But is she d'en ca'd to the lang account?" "As sure," answered Edie, "as we maun a' abide is." "Then I'll unlade my mind, come o't what will." This she spoke with more alacrity than easely attended her expressions, and accompanied her word with an attitude of the hand, as if throwing sense-thing from her. She then raised up her form, once tall, and still retaining the appearance of having been so, though bent with age and rheumatism, and steed before the beggar like a mummy animated by some wandering spirit into a temporary resurrection. Her light blue eyes wandered to and fro, as if she ecca-sionally forgot and again remembered the purpose for which her long and withered hand was searching among the miscellaneous contents of an ample ob-fashioned pocket. At length, she pulled out a small in which was set a braid of hair, composed of two different colours, black and light brown, twined together, encircled with brilliant of considerable value. "Gudeman " aba said to Ochiltze " as we wadd" value.

"Gudeman," she said to Ochiltree, "as ye wad e'er deserve mercy, ye maun gang my errand to the bouse of Glenallan, and ask for the Karl." "The Earl of Glenallan, cummer! on, he wimas see ony o' the gentles o' the country, and what like-lihood is there that he wad see the like o' an and

gaberlunzie?" "Gang your ways and try—and tell him thet El-speth o' the Craigburnfoot-he'll mind me best by that name—maun see him or she be relieved frae her lang pilgrimage, and that she sends him that ring in token o' the business she wad speak o'." Ochiltree looked on the ring with some admiration

Ochiltree looked on the ring with some seminance of its apparent value, and then carefully replacing it in the box, and wrapping it in an old ragged hand-kerchief, he deposited the token in his bosom. "Weel, gudewife," he said, "I'se do your bidding, or it's no be my fault.—But surely there was never sic a braw proping as this sent to a yearl by an and fish-wife, and through the hands of a gaberkanne bezyar."

Bic a oraw proping as the ands of a gaberkanish beggar." With this reflection, Edie took up is pike-staff pet on his broad-brimmed bonnet, and set forts apon his pilgrimage. The old woman remained for some time standing in a fixed posture, her swe directed to the door through which her ambassider had de-parted. The appearance of excitation, which the conversation had occasioned, gradually left her for-tures—she sunk down upon her accustomed seat, and resumed her mechanical labour of the distint and resumed her mechanical labour of the distint and resumed her mechanical labour of the distint and resumed her mechanical abour of the distint and resumed her mechanical in a star resumed her mechanical in a star four hours. With the curiosity belonging to his and four hours. With the curiosity belonging to his and intrusted, or what conscion the proud, we had and powerful Earl of Glenallan could have with the crimes or penitence of an old doing woman, what and powerful Earl of Glenallan could have with crimes or penitence of an eld doting woman, we rank in life did not greatly exceed that of her senger. He endeavouried to call to memory at he had ever known or heard of the Glenallan for yet, having done so, remained altogether und form a conjecture on the subject. He know the whole extensive estate of this ancient and ful family had descended to the Countees the ful family had descended to the Countees the ceased, who inherited, in a most remarkable do the stern, fierce, and unbending character whad distinguished the house of Glenallan since ancestors, she adhered zeslously to the Roman tholic faith, and was married to an English mau of the same communion, and of large to man of the same communion, and of large who did not survive their union two years

Conness was, therefore, left an early widow, with | unrewarded.--I'll maybe get a good awrong that I the ancontrolled management of the large estates | wad hae missed, but for trotting on this suid wife's of her two sons. The elder, Lord Geraldin, who | errand." was to succeed to the title and fortune of Gienalian, | Accordingly, he ranked up with the rest of this was to cally dependent on his mother during her life. The second, when he came of age, assumed the name and arms of his fa her, and took posses-gon of his estate, according to the provisions of the non of his estate, according to the provisions of the Countess's marriage-settlement. After this period, be chiefly resided in England, and paid very few and brief visits to his mother and brother; and these at length were altogether dispensed with, in consequence of his becoming a convert to the re-

consequence of his becoming a convert to the re-formed religion. But even before this mortal offence was given to its mistress, his residence at Glenallan offered few in-ducements to a gay young man like Edward Geraldin Neville, though its gloom and seclusion seemed to suit the retired and melancholy habits of his elder brother. Lord Geraldin, in the outset of life, had been a young man of accomplishment and hopes. Those we have this wing your bis travial extertioned been a young man of accomplishment and hopes. Those who knew him upon his travels entertained the highest expectations of his future career. But such fair dawns are often strangely overcast. The young nobleman returned to Scotland, and after liv-ing about a year in his mother's society at Glenallan-house, he seemed to have adopted all the stern gloom and melancholy of har character. Excluded from politics by the incapacities attached to those of his religion, and from all lighter avocations by choice, Lord Geraldin led a life of the strictest retirement. politics by the incapacities attached to those of his religion, and from all lighter avocations by choice, Lord Geraldin led a life of the strictest returement. His ordinary society was composed of the clergymen of his communion, who occasionally visited his man-sion; and very rarely, upon stated occasions of high festival, one or two families who still professed the Catholic religion were formally entertained at Glen-allan-house. But this was all—their heretic neigh-bours knew nothing of the family whatever; and even the Catholics saw little more than the sumptu-ous entertainment and solernn parade which was enthibited on those formal occasions, from which all returned without knowing whether most to wonder at the stern and stately demeanour of the Countess, or the deep and gloomy dejection which never ceased for a moment to cloud the features of her son. The late event had put him in possession of his fortune and title, and the neighbourhood had already begun to conjecture whether gayety would revive with inde-pendence, when those who had some occasional acquiratance with the interior of the family spread aboved a report, that the earl's constitution was undermined by religious susterities, and that, in all probability, he would soon follow his mother to the prove. This event was the more probable, as his brocher had died of a lingering complaint, which, in the latter years of his life, had affected at once his-first were already looking back into their records to probability of a "great Glenallan cause." As Edde Ochiltree approached the front of Glen-tiest prodern part of which had been designed by o celebrated Inigo Jones, he began to consider in the determent part of which had been designed by o celebrated Inigo Jones, he began to consider in the determined by religions accessed the token to the Earl by the ring in a sealed packet like a petition, result of the smouther be obtained the means of mak-ters. Edde determined, like an old solidier, to not always make their way according to moving the sin

of charity.

Accordingly, he fanked up with the rest of this ragged regiment, assuming a station as near the front as possible, --a distinction due as he conceived, to his blue gown and badge, no less than to his years and experience; but he soon found there was another principle of precedence in this assembly to which he had not adverted.

"Are ye a triple man, friend, that ye press forward sae bauldly ?—I'm thinking no, for there's nae Catho-

see buildly 7--I'm thinking no, for there's nae Catho-lics wear that badge." "Na, na, I am no a Roman," said Edie. "Then shank yoursell awa to the double folk, or single folk, that's the Episcopals or Presbyterians yonder--it's a shame to see a heretic has sic a lang white beard, that would do credit to a hermit." Ochiltree, thus rejected from the society of the Catholic mendicanta, or those who called therheelyes such, went to station himself with the paupers of the communion of the church of England, to whom , the noble donor allotted a double portion of his cha-rity. But never was a poor occasional conformist more roughly rejected by a High-church congrega-tion, even when that matter was furiously agitated in the days of good Queen Anne.

in the days of good Queen Anne. "See to him wi' his badge!" they said; "he hears ane o' the king's Presbyterian chaplains sough out a

ane o' the king's Presbyterian chaplains sough out a sermon on the morning of every birth-day, and now he would pass himsell for ane o' the Episcopal church! Na, na! We'll take care o' that." Edie, thus rejected by Rome and prelacy, was fain to shelter himself from the laughter of his brethrean among the thin group of Presbyterians, who had either disdained to disguise their religious opinions for the sake of an augmented dole, or perhaps knew they could not attempt the imposition without a cer-tainty of detection. tainty of detection.

The same degree of precedence was observed in the mode of distributing the charity, which consisted in bread, beef, and a piece of money, to each indivi-dual of all the three classes. The almoner, an ecclesiastic of grave appearance and demeanour, superin-tended in person the accommodation of the Catholic mendicants, asking a question or two of each as he mendicants, asking a question or two of each as he delivered the charity, and recommending to their prayers the soul of Joscelind, late Countess of Glean-allan, mother of their benefactor. The porter, dis-tinguished by his long staff headed with silver, and by the black gown tuffed with lace of the same colour, which he had assumed upon the general mourning in the family, overlooked the distribution of the dole among the prelatists. The less-favoured kirk-folk were committed to the charge of an aged do-meatic. mestic.

As this last discussed some disputed point with the porter, his name, as it chanced to be occasionally mentioned, and then his features, struck Ochiltree, and awakened recollections of former times. The domestic, again approaching the place where Edie still lingered, said in a strong Aberdeenshire accent, "Fat is the suld feel-body deeing that he canna gang' away, now that he's gotten baits meat and siller?" "Francise Macraw," answered Edie Ochiltree. "d'ye no mind Fontency, and 'Keep thegither, front and rear!" "Obon, ohon ?' cried Francis, with a true north-country yell of recognition, "naebody could has eaid that word but my auld front-rank man, Edie Ochil-tree! But I'm sorry to see ye in sic a peer state, man?"

man!" "No sae ill aff as ye may think, Francie. But I'm laith to leave this place without a crack wi you, and I kenna when I may see you again, for your folk dinna mak Protestants welcome, and that's as reason that I has never been here before." "Fusht, fusht," said Francie, "let that flee stick i' the wa'—when the dirt's dry it will rub out—and come you awa wi' me, and I'll gio ye something better than that beef bane, man." Having then spoke a confidential word with the

porter, (prorably to request his connivance.) and sounded from a distant part of the mansion, and having waited until the almoner had returned into the house with slow and solemn steps, Francie Ma-craw introduced his old comrade into the court of follow me, and step lightly and cannily, Edie." Glenallan-house, the gloomy gateway of which was surmounted by a huge scutcheon, in which the herald our mounted by a nuge seatches, in which the heraid and pudertaker had mingled, as usual, the emblems of human pride and of human nothingness; the Countess's hereditary coat-of-arms, with all its nu-merous quarterings, disposed in a lozenge, and sur-rounded by the separate shields of her paternal and merions quinterings, disposed in a lotzings, and aim mounded by the separate shields of her paternal and maternal ancestry, intermingled with scythes, hour-glasses, skulls, and other symbols of that mortality which levels all distinctions. Conducting his friend the speedily as possible along the large paved court, Macraw led the way through a side-door to a small apartment near the servanis'-hall, which, in virtue of his personal attendance upon the Earl of Glenallan, he was entitled to call his own. To produce cold ment of various kinds, strong beer, and even a glass of spirits, was no difficulty to a person of Francie's importance, who had not lost, in his sense of con-seious dignity, the keen northern prudence which recommended a good understanding with the butler. Our mendicant envoy drank ale, and talked over old steries with his comrade, until no other topic of con-versation occurring, he resolved to take up the theme of his embassy, which had for some time escaped his

"He had a petition to present to the Earl," he maid,—for he judged it prudent to say nothing of the ring, not knowing as he afterwards observed, how far the manners of a single soldier\* might have been

The net manners of a single soldier\* might have been corrupted by service in a great house. "Hout, tout, man," said Francie, "the Barl will look at nae petitions—but I can giv't to the almoner." "But it relates to some secret, that maybe my lord wad like beet to see't himsell." "I'm jeedging that's the very reason that the al-moner will be for seeing it the first and foremost." "But I hae come a' this way on purpose to deliver it, Francie, and ye really maun help me at a pinch." "Ne'er speed then if I dinna," answered the Aber-desenshire man; "let them be as cankered as they like, they can but turn me awa, and I was just thinking to ask my discharge, and gang down to end my days at inverure." at Inverurie

With this doughty resolution of serving his friend at al ventures, since one was to be encountered which could much inconvenience himself. Francie Macraw left the apartment. It was long before he returned, and when he did, his manner indicated wonder and

"I am nae seere gm ye be Edie Ochiltree o' Car-riok's company in the Forty-twa, or gin ye be the deil in his likeness!" "And what makes ye speak in that gait?" de-manded the astonished mendicant.

manded the astonished mendicant. "Because my lord has been in sic a distriss, and merroress, as I ne'er saw a man in my life. But be'll see you-I got that job cookit. He was like a man awa frae himsell for mony minutes, and I thought he wad has swarv't a'thegither, - and fan he can' to himsell, he asked fae brought the packet-and fat trow ye I said ?" "An auld soger," says Edie; "that does likeliest at z gentle's door-at a farmer's it's best to say ye're an auld tinkler, if ye need ony quarters, for maybe the gudewifs will has something to souther." "But I said ne'er ane o' the twa," answered Francie; "my lord cares as little about the tane as the tother-for he's best to them that can souther up our sins. Sae I e'en said the bit paper was brought

the conter-for he's best to them that can souther up our sins. Sae I e'en said the bit paper was brought by an auld man wi'a lang fite beard—he might be accapeechin freer for fat I kend, for he was dressed

a capeechin freer for fat I kend, for he was dressed like an auld palmer. Sae ye'll be sent for up fanever is can find mettle to face ye." I wish I was weel through this business, thought iddie to himself; mony folk surmise that the earl's ne very right in the judgment, and wha can say how is may be offended wi'me for taking upon me see muckle?

But there was now no room for retreat-a helf فلم عامداد بلابا ans, in Scotch, a private soldier.

sounded from a distant part of the mansion, and Macraw said, with a smothered accent, as if abready in his master's presence. "That's my lord's bell !-follow me and step lightly and cannity, Edie." Edie followed his guide, who seemed to tread as if afraid of being overheard, through a long passage, and up a back stair, which admitted them into the family apartments. They were ample and extensive, furnished at such cost as showed the ancient im-portance and splendour of the family. But all the ormaments were in the tasts of a former and distant period, and one would have almost supposed himself traversing the halls of a Scottish nobleman before the union of the crowns. The late Countess, partly from a haughty contempt of the times in which she lived, partly from her senke of family pride, had not permitted the furniture to be altered or modernized during her residence at Glenalian-house. The most magnificent part of the decorations was a valuable collection of pictures by the best masters, whose massive frames were somewhat tarnished by time. In this particular also the gloomy tasts of the family seemed to predominate. There were some fine family portraits by Vandyke and other masters of eminence; but the collection was richest in the Saints and Martyrdoms of Domenchino, Velasquez and Murillo, and other subjects of the same fine sarvial, and sometimes disgusting, subjects were represented, harmonized with the gloomy state of the apartments; a circumstance which was not altogether lost on the old man, as he traversed them under the represented, harmonized with the gloomy state of the apartments; a circumstance which was not altogether lost on the old man, as he traversed them under the guidance of his quondam fellow-soldier. He was about to express some sentiment of this kind, but Francie imposed silence on him by signs, and, open ing a door at the end of the long picture-gallery ushered him into a small antechamber hung with black. Here they found the almoner, with his err turned to a door opposite that by which they entered, in the attitude of one who listens with attention, but is at the same time afraid of being detected in the act. The old domestic and churchman started when they perceived each other. But the almoner fint

they perceived each other. But the almoner first recovered his recollection, and, advancing towards Macraw, said under his breath, but with an author-tative tone, "How dare you approach the Earl's apartment without knocking ? and who is this stran-ger, or what has he to do here?--Retire to the gal-lary, and wait for me there." "It's impossible just now to attend your reverse or," answered Macraw, raising his voice so as to be heard in the next room, being conscious that he prices would not meintain the altercation within beams, of his patron, ---"The Farl's bell has runt." He had scarce uttered the words, when it was rung again with greater violence than before; and the ecclesiastic perceiving further exposubation im-possible, lifted his finger at Macraw with a manuform

attitude, as he left the apartment. "'I'll tell'd ye sae," said the Aberdeea man in an per to Edie, and then proceeded to open the doar which they had observed the chaptain stationed

## CHAPTER XXVIIL

This Hitlering, with notromentic force, Has raised the ghost of Pleasure to my fee Conjured the sense of honour and of longs Into such shapes, they fright me freem my The Freed M This ring,-

The Fast Maser The accient forms of mourning were observed Glenallan-house, notwithstanding the obdum which the members of the family were popular posed to refuse to the dead the usual tribute at tation. It was remarked, that when give nossific fatal letter announcing the death of ther spece as was once believed, her favourite son, the the Countess did not shake, nor her cyclid any more than upon perusal of a letter of business. Heaven only knows whether the sion of maternal sorrow, which her pride comm might not have some effect in hastening

death. It was at least generally supposed, that the r spoplectic stroke, which so soon afterwards termi-nated har existence, was, as it were, the vengeance of outraged Nature for the restraint to which her feedings had been subjected. But although Lady Glenalian forebore the usual external signs of grief the had caused many of the apartments, amongst others her own and that of the RarL to be hung with the exterior trappings of wo. The Earl of Glenallan was therefore seated in an

merriment hung with black cloth, which waved in maky folds along its lofty walls. A screen, also beyered with black baize, placed towards the high covered with black baize, placed towards the high and narrow window, intercepted much of the broken light which found its way through the stained glass, that represented, with such skill as the fourteenth century possessed, the life and sorrows of the pro-plet, Jeremish. The table at which the Earl was sected was lighted with two lamps wrought in silver, shedding that unpleasant and doubtful light which arrises from the mingling of artificial lustre with that of general daylight. The same table displayed a silver eracifix, and one or two clasped parchment monker. A large picture, exquisitely painted by Spag-moletto, represented the martyrdom of St. Stephen, and was the only ornament of the apartment.

The inhabitant and lord of this disconsolate cham-The inhabitant and lord of this disconsolate cham-ber was a man not past the prime of life, yet so bro-tem down with disease and mental misery, so gaint and shastly, that he appeared but a wreck of man-hood; and when he hastily arose and advanced forwards his visiter, the exerction seemed almost to everpower his emaciated frame. As they met in the was very striking. The hale check, firm step, erect status, and understated presence and bearing of the cald mendicant, indicated presence and content in the subremity of age, and in the lowest condition to which interesting of age, and in the lowest condition to which humanity can mink; while the sunkner eye, pallid back, and tottering form of the nobleman with whom he was confronted, showed how little wealth, power, and even the severanges of youth, have to do with that, which gives repose to the mind, and firmness to

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• a. ione or increasing trepidation and agony-" fell a. do you come to say, that all that has been done to presse guilt so horrible, has been too little and too bread for the offence, and to point out new and more ficacious modes of severe penance?—I will not terret from it, father—let me suffer the pains of my increases here in the body, rather than hereafter in the

The did not interrupt the frankness of Lord Glenal-edid not interrupt the frankness of Lord Glenal-edid not interrupt the frankness of Lord Glenal-The had now recollection enough to perceive, that did not interrupt the frankness of Lord Glenal-admissions, he was likely to become the confi-more than might be safe for him to know. Therefore uttered with a hasty and trambling voice Four lerdship's honour is mistaken—I am not of persuasion, nor a clergyman, but, with all rev-only pur Edie Ochiltree, the king's bedesman your honour's." The relation be accompanied by a profound four this manner, and then drawing himself un the state did not to the matter. "A stare as if he did not comprehend the question, was Lord Glenallan's answer. Edie, saw his mind the state did not venture to ropeat a quesy which was so little germain to the matter. "Areyous Catholic, old man ?' demanded the Katl. "No, my lord." said Ochiltree stouly; for the remembrance of the unequal division of the dole rose in his mind at the moment; "I thank Heaven I am a good Protestant:" 20 of more than might be safe for him to know. " our lordship's conour is mistaken-I am not of persuasion, nor a clergyman, but, with all rev-only pur Edie Ochiltree, the king's bedesman your bonours."

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white hair, and fixed his eyes upon the Earl, as he waited for an answer.

"And you are not, then," said Lord Glenallan, after a pause of surprise, "you are not then a Catholis

"God forbid ?" said Edie, forgetting in his confusion to whom he was speaking; "I am only the king's bedesman and your honour's, as I said befora."

The Earl turned hastily away, and paced the room twice or thrice, as if to recover the effects of his mistake, and then, coming close up to the mendicant, he demanded, in a stern and commanding tone, what he demanded, in a stern and commanding tone, what he meant by intruding himself on his privacy, and from whence he had got the ring which he had thought proper to send him. Edie, a man of much spirit, was less daunted at this mode of interrogation than he had been confused by the tone of confidence in which the Earl had opened their conversation. To the reite-rated question from whom he had obtained the ring, he answered composedly, "From one who was better known to the Karl than to him."

naswered composedly, "From one who was better known to the Earl than to him." "Better known to ma, fellow ?" said Lord Gleng-lan; "what is your meaning? Explain yourself in-stantly, or you shall experience the consequence of breaking in upon the hours of family distress." "I twas aud Elspeth Mucklebackit that sent me here," said the beggar, "in order to say"—— "You dote, old man?" said the Earl; "I never heard the name-but this dreadful token reminds me"— "You dote, old man?" said the Earl; "I never heard the name-but this dreadful token reminds me"— "You dote, old man?" said the Earl; "I never heard the name-but this dreadful token reminds me" "I mind now, my lord," said Ochitres; "she tadk me your lordship would be mair familiar wi' her, if I ca'd her Elspeth o' the Craigburnfoot—She had that is, your honour's worshipful mother's that was then— Grace be wi' her !' "Ay," said the appalled nobleman, as his counte-nance sunk, and his cheek assumed a hue yet messe cadaverous; "that name is indeed written in the meat tragic page of a deplorable history—But what can abe desire of me? Is she dead or living ?" "Living, my lord; and entreats to say sake came fit in peace nntil she sees you." "Not until she sees us !- what can that mean ?-but she is doating with age and infirmity—I tell thea, friend, I called at her cottage myself, not a twelve-month since, from a report that enves in distress, and she did not even know my face or voice." "If your honour wad permit me," said Edia, te mis professional audacity and native talkativenees— "if your lordship 'better judgment, that aud

his professional audacity and native talkativeness-"if your honour wad but permit me, I wad say, under correction of your lordship's better judgment, that auld Elspeth's like some of the ancient runed strengths and castles that ane sees 'smang the hills. There are mony parts of her mind that appear, as I may say, laid waste and decayed, but then there's parts that look the steever, and the stronger, and the grander, because they are rising just like to fragments amang the rune o' the rest-She's an awful woman." "She always was so," said the Earl, almost encon-sciously echoing the observation of the mendicant; "she always was different from other women-likest

she always was different from other women-like perhaps to her who is now no more, in her temper and

pernaps to ner who is now no more, in her temper and turn of mind.—She wishes to see me, then ?" "Before she dies," said Edis, "she earnestly en-treats that pleasure." "It will be a pleasure to neither of us," said the Farl sternly, "yet she shall be gratified.—She lives, I think, on the sea shore to the southward of Fair-port ?" port 9

Ust between Monkbarns and Knockwinner the but nearer to Monkbarns. Your lordship

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"He who can conscientiously call himself good, has indeed reason to thank He'aven, be his form of Christianity what it will.—But who is he that shall dare to do so !" "Not I," said Edio; "I trust to beware of the sin

of presumption.

What was your trade in your youth ?" continued the Earl.

"A soldiër, my lord; and mony a sair day's kemp-ing I've seen. I was to have been made a sergeant, but

"A soldier! then you have slain and burnt, and acked and spoiled?" "I winna say," replied Edie, "that I have been better than my neighbours—it's a rough trade—war's sweet to them that never tried it."

"And you are now old and miserable, asking from precarious charity, the food which in your youth you fore from the hand of the poor peasant?"

tore from the hand of the poor peasant?" "I am a beggar, it is true, my lord; but I am nae just sae miserable neither-for my sins, I hae had grace to repent of them, if I might say sae, and to lay them where they may be better borne than by me-and for my food, naebody grudges an auld man a bit and a drink-Sae I live as I can, and am con-tented to die when I am ca'd upon." "And thus, then, with little to look back upon that is pleasant or praseworthy in your past life, with less to look forward too on this side of eternity, you ere contended to drag out the reat of your existence-

resonance of the second second

either in his sleeping or waking moments—Here is something for thee." The Earl put into the old man's hand five or six guineas. Edie would, perhaps, have stated his scru-ples, as upon other occasions, to the amount of the benefaction, but the tone of Lord Glenallan was too absolute to admit of either answer or dispute. The Earl then called his scrvant—"See this old man safe from the castle—let no one ask him any questions— and you, friend, begone, and forget the road that leads to my house."

leads to my house.""", and tonget use road that "That would be difficult for me," said Edie, look-ing at the gold which he still held in his hand, "that would be e'en difficult, since your honour has gien me such gude cause to remember it." Lord Glenallan stared, as hardly comprehending the old man's boldness in daring to bandy words with him, and, with his hand, made him another signal of departure, which the mendicant instantly obeyed.

#### CHAPTER XXIX.

For he was one in all their idle sport, And, like a monarch, ruled their little oou The pliant bow he form'd, the flying ball, The bat, the wicket, were his labour all.

a's Village. Crabi

FRANCIS MACRAW, agreeably to the commands of his master, attended the mendicant, in order to see him fairly out of the estate, without permitting him to have conversation, or intercourse, with any of the Earl's dependants or domestics. But, judiciously considering that the restriction did not extend to him-self, who was the person entrusted with the convoy, and a prover measure in his power to extend the self, who was the person entrusted with the convoy, be used every measure in his power to extort from Edie the nature of his confidential and secret inter-view with Lord Glenallan." But Edie had been in his time accustomed to cross-examination, and easily evaded those of his quondam comrade. "The secrets of grit folk," said Ochiltree within himself, "are just like the wild beasts that are shut up in cages. Keep them hard and fast snecked up, and it's a' very weal or better-but area let them out they will turn weel or better—but anes let them out, they will turn and rend you. I mind how ill Dugald Gunn cam aff for letting loose his tongue about the Major's leddy and Captain Bandilier."

Francie was, therefore, foiled in his assaults upon the fidelity of the mendicant, and, like an indifferent chess-player, became, at every unsuccessful move-ment, more liable to the counter-checks of his opponent.

"Sae ye uphauld ye had nae particulars to say to my lord but about your ain matters ?" "Ay, and about the wee bits o' things I had broughs frae abroad," said Edie. "I kend you papist folk are unco set on the relics that are facthed frae far-kirks and sac forth." "Troth, my lord maun be turned feel outright," said the domestic, "an he puts himsell into sic a curfuffle for ony thing ye could bring him, Edie." "I doubtna ye may say true in the main, peigh-bour," replied the beggar; "but maybe he's had some hard play in his younger days, Francie, and that whiles unsettles folk sar."

"Troth, Edie, and ye may say that -- and since it's like ye'll ne'er come back to the estate, or, if ye dee, that ye'll no find me there, I'se e'en tell you be had a heart in his young time sae wrecked and reat that it's a wonder it hasna broken outright lang afore this day."

"Ay, say ye sae?" said Ochiltree; "that maun has been about a woman, I reckon ?" "Troth, and ye has guessed it," said Francie-"jeest a cusin o'his nain-Miss Eveline Neville, as they suld has ca'd her-there was a sough in the country about it, but it was hushed up, as the gran-

country about it, but it was hushed up, as the gran-decs were concerned—it's mair than twenty years syne—ay, it will be three-and-twenty." "Ay, I was in America then," said the mena-dicant, "and no in the way to hear the country clashes." "There was little clash about it, man," replies Macraw; "he liked this young leddy, and suld hea married her, but his mother fand it out, and then the deil gaed o'er Jock Wabster. At last, the seer lass clodded hersell o'er the scaur at the Craightmoot into the sea, and there was an end o't." "An end o't wi' the puir leddy." said the mendi-cant, "but, as I rackon, nas end o't wi' the yerl." "Nae end o't till his life makes an end," answerd the Aberdonian.

"Nne end o't till his life makes an end," answerst the Aberdonian. "But what for did the auld Countess forbid the marriage?" continued the persevering querist. "Fat for !-she maybe didna weel ken for fat her-sell, for she gar'd a' bow to her bidding, right of wrang-But it was kend the young leddy was in-clined to some o' the hereaice of the country-main by token, she was sib to him nearer than our Church's rule admits of-Sae the leddy was driven to the desperate act, and the yerl has never since held his head up like a man." "Weel away!" replied Ochiltree; "it's e'en queer I ne'er heard this tale afore."

I ne'er heard this tale afore." "It's e'en queer that ye hear it now, for deil ame o' the servants durist hae spoken o't had the aald Countess been living—Eh! man, Ede, but she was a trimmer—it wad has taen a skeely man to he squared wi' her!—But she's in her grave, and may loose our tongues a bit fan we meet a firema-But fare ye weel, Edie, I maun be back to the em-ing service.—An ye come to Inverurie maybe a months awa, dinna forget to ask after Frame Macraw." What one kindly pressed, the other as firema-mised; and the friends having thus parts Lord Glenallan took his road back to the sector master, leaving Ochiltree to trace onward his her pilgrimage.

pilgrimage.

pilgrinings. It was a fine summer evening, and the world is the little circle which was all in all to the vidual by whom it was trodden, lay before Ochiltrie, for the choosing of his night's even When he had passed the less hospitable does Glenallan, he had in his option so many pil-fastidious in the choice. Allie Sim's public with the road-side about a mile before him; but saturday night, and that was a bar to civil of saturday night, and that was a bar to civil of saturday night, and that was a bar to civil of successively presented themselves to his image But one was dead, and could not hear him; but But one was dead, and could not hear him; at toothless and could not make him hear; a

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had a cross temper; and a fourth an ill-natured hease-dog. At MOrkbarns or Knockwihnock he was sure of a favourable and hospitable reception; but they lay too distant to be conveniently reached

hat they lay too distant to be conveniently reached that night. "I dinna ken how it is," said the old man, "but I am nicer about my quarters this night than ever 1 mind having been in my life. I think having seen a' the braws yonder, and finding out ane may be hap-pier without them, has made me proud o' my ain lot -but I wuss it bode me gude, for pride goeth before destruction. At ony fate, the warst barn e'er man lay in wad be a pleasanter abode than Glenallan-house, wi' a' the pictures and black velvet, and silver bonny-waylies belanging to it-Sae I'll e'en settle at ance, and put in for Ailie Sim's." As the old man descended the hill above the little harnlet to which he was bending his course, the set-

hamlet to which he was bending his course, the sethandlet to which he was bending his course, the set-ting sun had relieved its inmates from their labour, and the young men availing themselves of the fine evening, were engaged in the sport of long-bdwls on a patch of common, while the women and elders looked on. The shout, the laugh, the exclamations of winners and losers, came in blended chorus up the path which Ochitree was descending, and awakened in his recollection the days when he himself had been have a the summarity without in grames of

of withlets and inserts, cance in betaded calves by the path which Ochiltree was descending, and awakened in his recollection the days when he himself had been a keen competitor, and frequently victor, in games of strength and agility. These remembrances seldom fail to ercite a sigh, everywhen the evening of life is cheered by brighter prospects than those of our poor mendicant.—At that time of day, was his natural re-flection; I would have thought as little about ony auld peimering body that was coming down the edge of Kenblythemont, as ony o' thes stalwart young chiels does e'enow about auld Edie Ochiltree. He was, however, presently cheered, by finding that-more importance was attached to his arrival than his modestry had anticipated. A disputed cast had oocar-red between the bands of players, and as the gauger favoured the one party, and the school-master the other, the matter might be said to be taken up by the higher powers. The miller and smith, also, had es-poused different sides, and, considering the vivacity of two such disputanta, there was reason to doubt whether the stife might be amicably terminated. But the first person who caught a sight of the men-ticant exclaimed, "Alt here comes aud Edie, that hene the rules of a' country games better than ony man that ever dra'e about, or threw an axie-tree, or putted a stane either—let's has nae quartelling, eal-innes—we'll stand by aud Edie's judgment. Edie was accordingly welcomed, and installed as the modesty of a bishop to whom the mitre is proficered, or of a new Speaker called to the chair, the old man declined the high trust and responsibility with which it was proposed to invest him, and, in re-guital for his self-denial and humility, had the pleasure

which which was proceed to multick min, and, in the security of a baself-denial and humility, had the pleasure and middle-aged, that he was simply the best qualified person for the office of arbiter "in the hail country-inder." Thus encouraged, he proceeded gravely to the percention of his duty, and, strictly forbidding all-merating expressions on either and school-ther and gauger on one ade, the miller and school-ther and gauger on one ade, the miller and school-ther on the other, as junior and senior counsel. The sector of the bler, as junior and senior counsel. The sector is the pleading began; like that of many a time, who must, nevertheless, go through all the argumentation of the bar. For when all had the said on both sides, and much of it said over there than once, our senior, being well and ripely argumentation det moderate and healing judg-there that the disputed cast was a drawn one, and

that the disputed cast was a drawn one, and d therefore count to nather party. This judi-decision restored concord to the field of players; began anew to arrange their match and their with the clamorous mith usual on such occa-of yillage sport, and the more eager were dy stripping their jackets, and committing them, their coloured handkerchiefs, to the care of a sisters, and mistresses. But their mirth was that y interrupted.

On the outside of the group of players began to arise sounds of a description very different from those of sport—that sort of suppressed sigh and ex-clamation, with which the first news of calamity is roceived by the hearers, began to be heard indis-tinctly. A buzz went about among the women of "Eh, sirs! saw young and saw suddenly summoned " —It then extended itself smong the men, and sikenced the sounds of sportive mirth. All understood at once that some disaster had happened in the country, and each inquired the cause at his neighbour, who knew as little as the querist. At length the rumour reached, in a disainct shape, the ears of Edie Ochiltree, whap was in the very centro of the assembly. The boat of Mucklebáckut, the fisherman whom we have so often mentioned, had been swamped at sea, and four men Mucklebsckit, the fisherman whom we have so often mentioned, had been swamped at sea, and four mer-had periabed, it was affirmed, including Mucklebsckit and his son. Rumour had in this, however, as in-other cases, gone beyond the truth. The boat had indext been overset; but Stephen, or, as he was called, Steenie Mucklebackit, was the only man who had been drowned. Although the place of his resi-dence and his mode of life removed the young mer-from the society of the country folks, yet they fride to sudden calamity, which it seldom fails to reserve in cases of infrequent occurrence. To O chiltree, in particular, the news came like a knell, the rather that not to puter in the seldom rais 's) reserves in cases of infrequent occurrence. To O chiltree, in particular, the news came like a knell, the rather that he had so lately engaged this young man's assistance in an affair of sportive mischief; and though seither loss nor injury was designed to the German adept, yet the work was not precisely one in which the latter hours of life ought to be occupied. Misfortunes never come alone. While Ochiltree,

latter hours of life ought to be occupied. Misfortunes never come alone. While Ochiltree, pensively leaning upon his staff, added his regrets to those of the hamlet which bewailed the young man's sudden death, and internally blamed himself for the transaction in which he had so lately engaged him, the old man's collar was seized by a peace-offices, who displayed his baton in his right hand, and ez-claimed, "In the king's namé." The gauger and schoolmaster united their rhetoric, to prove to the constable and his assistant, that he had no right to arrest the king's bedesman as a va-rrant: and the mute eloouence of the miller and

gran (; and the mufe eloquence of the miller and smith, which was vested in their clenched fists, was prepared to give highland bail for their arbiter; his blue gown, they said, was his warrant for traveling

"But his blue gown," answered the officer, "is nas "But his blue gown," answered the officer, "is nas protection for assault, robbery, and murder; and my

warrant is against him for these crimes." "Murder?" said Edie, "murder? wha did I e'er murder ?"

Mr. German Doustercivil, the agent at Glen-

"Mr. German Doustercivit, the agent at trass-Withershins mining-works." "Murder Dustersnivel — hout, he's living, and life-like, man." "Nae thanks to you if he be; he had a sair strugg-gle for his life, if a' be true he tells, and ye maun an-swer for't at the bidding of the law." The defenders of the mendicant shrunk back at begins the atvocitt of the charges against him, but

The defenders of the mendicant shrunk back at hearing the atrocity of the charges against him, but more than one kind hand thrust meat and bread and pence upon Edie, to maintain him in the prison, to which the officers were about to conduct him. . "Thanks to ye-God bless ye a', bairhs-I've got-ten out o' mony a snare when I was waur deserving o' deliverance-I shall escape like a bird from the fowler. Play out your play, and never mind me-I

owler. Play out your play, and never mind me-I am mair grieved for the puir lad that's gane than for

am mair grieved for the puir lad that's gane than for sught they can do to me." Accordingly, the unresisting prisoner was led off, while he mechanically accepted and stored in his wallets the alms which poured in on every hand, and cre he left the hamlet, was as deep-laden as a go-vernment victualler. The labour of bearing this acca mulating burden was, however, abridged, by the offi-cer procuring a cart and horse to convey the old man to a magistrate, in order to his examination and committal. committal.

The disaster of Steenie, and the arrest of Edie, put a stop to the sports of the village, the pensive inhabit-l ants of which began to speculate upon the vicusi

tudes of human affairs, which had so suddenly con-signed one of their comrades to the grave, and placed their master, of the revels in some danger of being hanged. The character of Dousterswivel being pretty hanged. The character of Donsterswivel being pretty generally known, which was in his case equivalent to being pretty generally detested, there were many speculations upon the probability of the accusation being malicious. But all agreed, that, if Edie Ochi-tree behoved in all events to suffer upon this occa-sion, it was a great pity he had not better meried his-fate by killing Dousterswivel outright.

## CHAPTER XXX

Who is he)-One that for the lack of had Bhall fight upon the water-he hath challen Formerly the grand whale; and by his tile Of Levisthan, Bahemoth, and so forth. He tilted with a sword dah-Marry, sir, Th' equatic had the beat-the argument Bail gails our champion's bmoth.

#### ODL Ries

Still sells our champion's basech. OCE First. "Any the poor young follow, Steenis Muckle-backit, is to be buried this morning;" said our old friend the Antiquary, as he exchanged his quilted ment-gown for an old-fashioned black coat in heu of the scaff-coloured vestment which he ordinarily wors, "and, I presume, it is expected that I should attend the fureral?" "Ou ay," answered the faithful Caxon, officiously, trushing the whith threads and specks from his pat-ron's habit; "the body, God help us, was sae broken against the rocks that they're fain to hurry the buriel. The sea's a kittle cast, as I tell my daughter, puir thang, when I want her to get up her spirits-the sea, says I, Jenny, is as uncertain a calling" "As the calling of an old perivity maker, that's rebbed of his buances by crops and the powder-tax. Caxon, thy topics of consolation are as ill chosen as shey are fereign to the present purpose. Quid mitts cum farmina? What have I to do with thy woman-kind, who have enough and to spare of mine own?-I pray of you again, am I expected by these poor peo-se to attend the funeral of their son?" "Ou, doubtles, your honour is expected. Ye ken in this country lika gentleman is wussed to be ace civil s to see the corpose aff his grounds--Ye needna gang honour suld leave the land --it's just a Kelso convoy. "A Kelse convoy!" echoed the inquistive Anti-guery." and why a Kelso convoy more than any "Dear sir," answered Caxon, "how should I ken ?

"Dear sir," answered Caxon, "how should I ken ? "Caxon," answered Oldbuck, "thou art a mere perivage maker-Had I. asked Ochiltree the quea-tion, he would have had a legend ready made to my hand."

"My business," replied Caxon, with more anima-tion than he commonly displayed, "is with the out-side of your honeur's head, as ye are accustomed to say ".". "True, Caxon, true; and it is no reproach to a chapper that he is not an upholsterer."

He then took out his memorandum-book and wrote down, "Kelso convoy-said to be a step and a half ever the threshold. Authority-Cason.-Quare-Whense derived? Mem. To write to Dr. Graysteel

-"" And traly, of the peasant, I approve it, Caxon. It comes from of the peasant, I approve it, Caxon. It comes from ancient times, and was founded deep in the notions of mutual aid and dependence between the lord and cultivator of the soil. And herein I must say, the Endal system (as also in its courtesy towards yeomenkind in which it exceeded)—herein I say, the foundal usages mitigated and softened the stermness of classical times. No man, Caxon, ever heard of a Spartan attending the funeral of a Helot-yet I dare se sworm that John of the Gimeti-we have heard of im Caxon ?"

"Ay. ay, sir," answered Caxon ; " naebody can be been lang in your honour's company without hearing

of that gentleman." "Well," continued the Antiquary, "I would bet a trifie there was not a kolb kert, or bondsman, or pea-sant, ascriptus glebe, died upon the monks' territo-ries down here, but John of the Girnell saw there fairly and decently interred." "Ay, but if it like your bonour, they say he has main to do wi' the births than the burials. Ha ! ha ! ha !" with a gleeful chuckle. "Good, Caxon ! very good ! why, you shine this morning."

"And besides," added Caxon, stily, encouraged by "And besides," added Caxon, stily, encouraged by his metrin's approbation, "they say too that the

"And besides," added Caxen, slily, encoursed by his patron's approbation, "they say too that the Catholic priests in that times gat something for ganging about to burials." "Right, Caxon, right as my glove-by the by, I fancy that phrase comes from the custom of pledges a glove as the signal of irrefragable faith-right, say, as my glove, Caxon-but we of the Protester meendency have the more merit in doing that dra for nothing which cost morey in the reigh of the empress of superstition, whom Spenger, Caxon terms, in his allegorical phrase,

#### The daughter of that woman bi Abas

"What's all this? What do you bespeak my in-tience for ?"
"No particular matter, I should hope, sin," all Hootor, who, with his arm in a sing, was cealed at the breakfast-table; "however, whatever it may amount to I am answerable for it, as I am for made more trouble that I have occasioned, and for which I have little more than thanks to offer." "No, no! heartily welcome, heartily welcome-only let it be a warming to you," shad the Aptemary, "against your fits of anger, which is about mellions to a furor brevis—but what is this new disaster I "My dog, sir, has unfortunately thown down"-"If it please Heaven, not the lackrytnatory from Clochna ben !" interjected Oldbuck. "Indeed, uncle," said the young lady, "I am are in the by meant to cat the pat of fresh batter. "In which she has fully succeeded, I presume, "I which she has fully succeeded, I presume, "In which she has fully succeeded, I presume, "In which she has fully succeeded, I presume, the defiles of these m darms, is gone-annihiling traces of these m darms, is gone-annihiling reduced to such fragmed a broken-flowerpot! "Bat newspot! the of mine."

## But never more be office of mine."

But sever more better of mine." "Why, really, sir, I am a reasing," figure in a regiment of your have you dispatch "At least, Hector, I woulditus or reliefs camp train, and travel arpachion and mentis. You cannot conceiver plary I be this beasts—She commits but ing into this beasts—She commits but ing into the door open when abe weat. dt

esting, will probably unquit poer June of that aggra-vation of guilt which the lawyers call a *clausirum* /berid, and which makes the distinction between bur-giny and privately stealing.) "I am truly sorry, sir," said Hector, "that Juno has commuted so much disorder; but Jack Muir-heat, the breaker, was never able to bring her under command. Site has more travel than any bitch I w knew, but

Then, Hector, I wish the bitch would travel her-

"Then, fileClury, I wise take the water and the set of the set of

U proviner, proviner " ejaculated files M 'Intyre, in ther despair at this vituperative epithet. "Why, what would you have me call it ?" conti-med Hector; "it was just each a thing as they use a Egypt to cool wine, or sharbet, or water—I brought home a pair of them—I might have brought home Penty.

What?" said Oldbuck, " shaped such as that your log threw down

eog threw down ?" "Yes, sir, much such a sort of earthen jar as that which was on the sideboard. They are in my lodg-imps af Fairport; we brought a parcel of them to cool our wine on the passage they answer wonderfully well-if I could think they would in any degree repay well one, or rather that they could alford you plea-mars, I am sure I should be much honoured by your accepting them."

accepting them." "Ind ed, my dear boy, I should be highly gratified by possessing them. To trace the connexion of nations by their usages, and the similarity of the implements which they employ, has been long my fevorais study. Every thing that can illustrate such connexions is most valuable to me." "Well, sir, I shall be much gratified by your "well, sir, I shall be much gratified by your fevorance of them, and a few traces of the same find.—And now, an I to hope you have forgiven me."

"O, my dear boy, you are only thoughtless and aligh."

"But Juno-she is only thoughtless too, I assure ou-the breaker tells me she has no vice or stubomnes

""Well, I grant Juno also a free pardon—condition-el, that you will imitate her in avoiding vice and stubbornness, and that henceforward she banish hereelf forth of Monkbarns parlour." "Then, uncle," said the soldier, "I should have here very sorry and ashamed to propose to you any thing in the way of expision of my own sime, or those of my follower, that I thought worth your acceptance; but now, as all is forgiven, will you peratist the orphan-nephew, to whom you have been a sure offer you a trifle, which I have been assured is really curious, and which only the cross accident of my wand has prevented my delivering to you before? I got it from a French Savant, to whom I memdered some service after the Alexandria effair." ndered some service after the Alexandria effair.

The captain put a small ring-case into the Antisurge names, which, when opened, was found to natain an antique ring of massive gold, with a ca-beo, most beautifully executed, bearing a head of appatra. The Antiquery broke forth into uncr-fuence extrasy, shock his nophaw cordinally by the and, thanked him a hundred times, and showed the to his sister and mice, the latter of whom the tact to give it sufficient admiration; but in grineds (though she had the same affection for a market) had not address answer to follow the nenhew) had not address enough to follow the

d. "It's a barrny thing," she said, "Monkbarns, and, I say, a valuable—bat it's out o' my way—ye ken mae judge o' sic matters." There spoke all Fainport in one voice " exclaim-inneck; " it is the very spirit of the borough has indexed; " it is the very spirit of the borough has the very spirit of the borough has the very spirit of the borough has indexed; " it is the very spirit of the borough has the very spirit of the borough has indexed; " it is the very spirit of the borough has the very 28

one I met, no human creature, from the prevent to the town-crier, would stop to ask me its history. But if I carried a bale of imen cloth under my arm, I could not penetrate to the Horsemarket ere I should be overwhelmed with queries about its precise texture and price. O, one might parody their biutal ignorance in the words of Gray :

"Weave the warp and weave the woof, The winding-sheet of wit and sense, Dull gamment of defensive proof "Gainst all that doth not gainer peace." "

The most remarkable proof of this peace-offering, being quite acceptable, was that while the Antiquargu was in full declamation, Juno, who held him is ave, according to the remarkable instinct by which degr instantly discover those who like or dislate them, hash instantly discover those who lake or dialake them, hash peeped several times into the room, and encountering nothing very forbidding in his aspect, had at leaguing presumed to introduce her full person, and finally, becoming bold by impunity, she actually sate up Mar. Oldbuck's toast, as, looking first at one, then as another of his audience, he repeated with cell-conplacency, 'Weare the Warp and we

ave the se

"You remember the passage in the Fatal Sistern, which, by the way, is not so fine as in the original-But, hey-day 1 may tonst has vanished --I ase, which way—Ah, thou type of womanking no wender they take offence at thy generic appellation !"--(Sw saying: he shock his fist at Juno, who sourced out of the parlour.)--"However, as Junier, according to Homsor could not rule June in heaven, and as Jack Munthemy according to Hector M'Intyre, has been equally unsuccessful on earth, I suppose the must have her easter justly accounted a full pardon for Juno's offences, and sate down well pleased to the morning meet.

When breakfast was over, the Antiquary propered to his nephew to go down with him to account the funeral. The soldier pleaded the want of a mounting habit.

habit. "O that does not signify--your presence is all the is requisite. I assure you, you will see connecting that will entertain--no, that's an improper parame-but that will interest you, from the resemblances which I will point out beliving popular customs on and occasions and those of the ancients." Heaven forgive me! thought M'Intyre; I shall cer-tainly misbehave, and lose all the credit I have so lately and accidentally gained. When they set out, schooled as he was by the warning and entreating looks of his mister, the soldier

made his resolution strong to give no offence by resolutions are frail, when opposed to our peet resolutions are frail, when opposed to our predomi-nant inclinations. Our Antiquary, to leave nothing unexplained, had commenced with the funeral rices of the ancient Scandinavians, when his nephew inter-rupted him in a discussion upon the "age of hills," to remark that a large sea-gull, which flitted around them, had come twice within shot. This error being acknowledged and pardoned, Oldbuck resumen his disquisition.

"These are circumstances you ought to attend to and be familiar with, my dear Hector; for, in the strange contingencies of the present war which agitates every corner of Europe, there is no knowing where you may be called upon to serve. If in Norway, for example, or Denmark, or any part of the ancient Sennia, or Scandinavia, as we term it, what could be more convenient than to have at your fingers' ends the history and antiquities of that accient country, the officing gentium, the mother of modern Europe, the nursery of those heroes, firm to infire, and stubborn to endure, Who smiles in death 7-

How animating, for example, at the conclusion of a weavy march, to find yourself in the vicinity of a Runic monument, and discover that you had pitches your tent beside the tomb of a hero?" "Lara afraid, sir, our mess would be better supplied if it channess to be in the neighbourhood of a good

noultry man:

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"Alas, that you should say so I-No wonder the days of Cresy and Agincourt are no more, when respect for ancient valour has died away in the breasts

"respect for ancient valour has died away in the breasts of the British soldiery." "By no means, sir-by no manner of means. I dare say that Edward and Henry, and the rest of these herces, thought of their dinner, however, before they thought of examining an old tombstone. But I assure you, we are by no means insensible to the memory of our fathers' fame; I used often of as evening to get old Rory M'Alpin to sing us songs out of Ossian about the battles of Fingal and La-mon Mor, and Magnus and the spirit of Muirartach." "And did you believe? asked the aroused Antiquary, "did you absolutely believe that stuff of Macreher-son's to be really ancient, you simple boy?" "Believe it, sit 2-how could I but believe it, when Thave heard the songs sung from my infancy?" "But not the same as Macpherson's English Ossian-you're not absurd enough to say that, I hope?" said the Antiquary, his brow darkening with wrath. But Hector stoudy abode the storm, like many a sturdy Celt, he imagined the mour of his country and native language connected with the authenticity of these popular poems, and would have fought knee-deep, or forfsited life and land, rathef than have given up a lime of them. He therefore undannedly maintain-ed, that Rory M'Alpin could repeat the whole book from one end to snother; and it was only upon cross-examination that he explained an assertion so general, by adding, "At least, if he was allowed whisky enough, be could repeat as long as any body weak hearken to him." "Ay, ay," said ,the Antignary; " and that, I sup-poes, was not very long."

"Ay, ay," said the Antiquary; " and that I sup-pose, was not very long." "Why, we had our duty, sir, to attend to, and sould not sit listening all night to a piper." "But do you recollect, now," said Oldbuck, setting list seath firmly together, and speaking without open-ing them, which was his custom when contradicted —" Do you recollect, now, any of these verses you thought so beautiful and interesting—being a capital judge, no doubt, of such things?" " I don't pretend to much skill, uncle; but it's not very reasonable to be apprexe with me for admiring

the straight of the second to be any with me for admiring the antiquines of my own country more than those of the Harolds, Harfagers, and Macos you are so fand of."

"Why, these, sir, -- these mighty and unconquered Goths,--toers your ancesters! The bare-breeched Calts whom they subdued, and suffered only to exist, like the fearful people, in the crevices of the rocks, were but their Mancipla and Serfs!"

Hector's brow now grew red in his turn. "Sir," he said, "I don't understand the meaning of Man-cipia and Serfa, but I conceive such names are very improperly applied to Scotch Highlanders. No man but my mother's brother dared to have used such language in my presence; and I pray you will observe, that I consider it as neither hospitable, handsome

that I consider it as neither hospitable, handsome, kind, nor generous usage towards your guest and your kinsman. My ancestors, Mr. Oldbuck"— "Were great and gallant chiefs, I dare say, Heo-tor; and really I did not mean to give you such immense offence in treating a point of remote anti-quity, a subject on which I always am myself cool, deterate, and unimpassioned. But you are as hot and hasty, as if you were Hector and Achilles, and Agamennon to boot." "I am sorry I expressed myse: f so hastily, uncle.

"I am sorry I expressed mysc.f so hastily, uncle, especially to you, who have been so generous and good-But my ancestors"-----

"No more about it, lad; I meant them no affront

"I am glad of it, sir; for the house of MIn-

"Peace be with them all, every man of them," "Beace be with them all, every man of them," said the Antiquary. "But to return to our subject— Do you recollect, I say, any of these poems which afforded you such amusement?" Very hard this, thought M'Intyre, that he will speak with such glee of every thing which is ancient, excepting my family.—Then, after some efforts at "excollection, he added aloud," Yes, sir, -I think I do-

remember some lines; but you do not understand the Gaelic language.

And will readily excuse hearing it. But you can give me some idea of the sense in our own verna-cular idiom ?"

cular idiom ?" "I shall prove a wretched interpreter," said M'In-tyre, running over the original, well garnished with aghes, aughs, and oughs, and similar cutturals, and then coughing and hawking as if the translation stuck in his throat. At length, having premised that the poem was a dialogue between the poet Oisin, or Ossian, and Patrick, the tutelar Saint of Ireland, and that it was difficult, if not impossible, to render the exquisite felicity of the first two or three lines, has said the sense was to this purpose:

"Patrick the pealm singer, Since you will not listue to one of my stories, Though you never heard it before, 1 am sorry to tell you You are hitle better than an as"----

"Good 1 good 1" exclaimed the Antiquary; "but go on. Why, this is, after all, the most admirable fooling—I dare say the poet was very right. What says the Saint ?"

says the Saint ?" "He replies in character," said M'Intyre: "but you should hear M'Alpin sing the original. The speeches of Ossian come in upon a strong deep base —those of Patrick are upon a tenor key." "Like M'Alpin's drone and amall pipes, I suppose," said Oldbuck. "Well? Pray, go on." "Well, then, Patrick replies to Ossian:

"Upon my word, son of Fingel." While I am warbling the pealms, The clamour of your old women's tales Disturbs my devotional exercises."

Disturbs my devotional essection." "Excellent — why, this is better and better. I hope Saint Patrick sung better than Blattergow?s precen-tor, or it would be hang-choice between the poet and psalmist. But what I admire is the courtesy of these two eminent persons towards each other. It is a pity there should not be a word of this in Macher-son's translation." "If you are sure of that," said M'Intyre, gravely, "he must have taken very unwarrantable liberties with his original." "It will go pear to be thought so shortly—but page proceed."

"Then," said M'Intyre, "this is the answer of

"Dare you compare your peak You son of a"\_\_\_\_\_

"Son of a what?" exclaimed Oldbuck. "It means, I think," said the young soldier, with some reluctance, "son of a female dog:

"Do you compare your pealms To the tales of the bare arm'd Peakes?"

"Are you sure you are translating that last epithes correctly, Hector ?" "Quite sure, sir," answered Hector, dogredly. "Because I should have thought the nudity might have been quoted as existing in a different part of the hody."

body." Disdaining to reply to this insinuation, Hector pro-

" I shall think it no great harm To wring your bald head from your shoulders

"But what is that yonder ?" exclaimed He

"But what is that yonder?" exclaimed He interrupting himself. "One of the herd of Proteus," said the Antiseu "a phoco, or seal, lying asleep on the beach." Upon which M Intyra, with the eagerneess of a y sportsman, totally forgot both Ossian. Patrick uncle, and his wound, and exclaiming, "I what her I shall have her?" snatched the walking-out of the hand of the astonished Antiquary, as a risk of throwing him down, and set off at the to get between the animal and the sea, as y element, having caught the alarm, she wan p hall b í 🖬

Not Sancho, when his master interrupt account of the combatants of Pentapolin with naked arm, to advance in person to the charmed flock of sheep, stood more confounded than the at this sudden escapade of his nephew.



"Is the devil in him," was his first exclamation, "to go to disturb the brute that was never think-ing of him?"—Then elevaling his, voice, "Heetor —aephew—fool—ist alone the *Pincca*—let alone the *Pincca*—they bite, I tell you, like furies.—He minds me no more than a post—there they are at it—Gad, the *Phoca* has the best of it! I am glad to see it?" said he, in the bitterness of his heart, though really alarmed for his nephew's safety; "I am glad to see it, with all my beart and spirit." In truth, the seal, finding her retreat intercepted by the light-footed soldier, confronted him manfully, and having sustained a heavy blow without injury, the knitted her brows, as is the fashion of the animal when incensed, and making use at once of her fore

when incensed, and making use at once of her fore paws and her unwieldy strength, wrenched the wea-pon out of the assailant's hand, overturned him on both of the search is using overtained into the search into the search is and southed away into the search without doing him any further injury. Captain M'Intyre, a good deal out of countenance at the issue of his argold, just rose in time to receive the ironical congood deal out of countenance at the issue of his exploit, just rose in time to receive the ironical con-gratulations of his uncle, upon a single combat, worthy to be commemorated by Ossian himself, "since," said the Antiquary, "your magnanimous opponent hath fled, though not upon eagle's winga, from the foe that was low—Egad,"she walloped away with all the grace of triumph, and has carried my stick off also, by way of spoita opima." M'Inityfe had litle to answer for himself, except that a Highlander could never pass a deer, a seal, or a salmon, where there was a possibility of having a trial of skill with them, and that he had forgot one of his arms was in a sling. He also made his fall an apology for returning back to Monkbarns, and thus oscaped the farther raillery of his uncle, as well as his lamentations for his waking-stick. " I cut it," he gaid, "in the classic woods of Haw-thornden, when I did not expect always to have been a batchelor—I would not have given it for an ocean of seals—O Hector, Hector 1—thy namesake was born to be the prop of Troy, and thou to be the plague of Monkbarns?"

#### CHAPTER XXXI.

CHAFTER AAAA. Tall me not of it, friend-when the roung weep, Their tears are lake warm brice ;-from our old eyee Borrow falls down like hail drops of the North, Chilling the farows of our withered cheeks, Child as our hopes, and hardend as our feeling-Theirs, as they fall, sink sightloss-ours recoil, Heap the fair plain, and bleaken all before us. Old Play.

Heap the fair plain, and bleaken all before a Of Play. TRE Antiquary, being now alone, hastened his pace, which had been retarded by these various dis-cuassions, and the rencontre which had closed them, and soon arrived before the half-dozen cottages at Mussel-crag. They now had, in addition to their neulan gualid and uncomfortable appearance, the melancholy stiributes of the house of mourning. The boats were all drawn up on the beach4 and, though the day was fine, and the season favourable, the chant, which is used by the fishers when at sea, and is ong of the mother, as she sits mending the shrill song of the mother, as she sits mending at their antique and well-saved suits of black, others a their antique and well-saved suits of black, others a their antique and well-saved suits of black, others a their antique and well-saved suits of black, others a their antique and well-saved suits of black, others a their antique and well-saved suits of black, others be their antique and well-saved suits of black and the dox of mournful sympathy with disress, so suden and an expected, stood gathered around the door of and the Laird of Monkbarns approched, boonnets as he passed, with an air of melancholy areas, and he returned their salutes in the same aner. be inside of the cottage was a scene, which nner.

night-like day. He was apparently revolving his loss in his mind with that strong feeling of painful grief, peculiar to harsh and rough characters, which almost breaks forth into hatred against the world, and all that, remain in it, after the beloved object 18 and an that, returns it is a set of the most des-withdrawn. The old man had made the most des-perate efforts to save his son, and had only been withheld by main force from renewing them at a moment, when, without a possibility of assisting the sufferer, he must himself have perished. All this apparently was boiling in his recollection. His glance was directed sidelong towards the coffin, as to an object on which he could not steadfastly look, and yet from which he could not withdraw his eyes. His answers to the necessary questions which were occasionally put to him, were brief, harsh, and almost fierce. His family had not yet dared to address to him a word, either of sympathy or consolation. His fierce. His family had not yet dared to address to him a word, either of sympathy or consolation. His masculine wife, virago as she was, and absolute mis-tress of the family, as she justly boasted herself, on all ordinary occasions, was, by this great loss, ter-rified into silence and submission, and compelled to hide from her husband's observation the bursts of her female sorrow. As he had rejected food ever since the disaster had happened, not daring herself to approach him, she had that morning, with affec-tionate artifice, employed the youngest and favourits child to present her husband with some nourishment. His first action was to push it from him with an angry violence, that frightened the child; his next, to smatch up the boy and devour him with kisses. "Ye'll be a bra' fallow, an ye be spared, Patie.—but ye'll never—never can be—what he was to me 1—He bas sailed the coble wi'me since he was ten years auld, and there wasna the like o' him drew a net betwirt this and Buchan-ness—They say folks maun submit—I will try." And he had been silent from that moment until compelleri to answer the necessary questions we have already noticed. Such was the disconsolate state of the father. In another corner of the cottage, her face covered by her aroon which was function war it the

compelled to answer the necessary questions we have already noticed. Such was the disconsolate state of the father. In another corner of the cottage, her face covered by her spron, which was flung over it, sat the mother, the nature of her grief sufficiently indicated, by the wringing of her hands, and the convulsive agitation of the bosom which the covering could not conceal. Two of her gossips, officiously whispering into her ear the common-place topic of resignation under irrentediable misfortune, seemed as if they were endeavouring to stun the grief which they could not console. The sorrow of the children was mingled with wonder at the preparations they beheld around them, and at the unusual display of wheaten bread and wine, which the poorest peasant, or fisher, offers to the guests on these moltruful occasions; and thus their grief for their brother's death was almost already lost in admiration of the splendour of his funeral. But the figure of the old grandmother was the most remarkable of the sorrowing group. Seated on her accustomed chair, with her usual air of apathy, and want of interest in what surrounded her, she seemed every now and then mechanically to resume the motion of twirling her spindle—then to look towards her bosom for the distaff, although both had been laid aside—She would then cast her eyes about as if surprised at missing the usual implements of her industry, and appear struck by the black colour of the gown in which they had dressed her, and embar-rassed by the number of persons by whom she was surrounded—then, finally, she would raise her head with a ghastly look, and fix her eyes upon the bed which contained the coffix of her grandson, as if she had at once, and for the first time, acquired sense to comprehend her inexpressible calamity. These alter-nate feelings of embarrassment, wonder, and grief, seemed to succeed each other more than once upon her torpid features. But she spoke not a word, nei ther had a bas bed a tear: nor did one of the finity comprehend her inexpressible calamity. These alter-nate feelings of embarrassment, wonder, and grief, wilk is alone could have painted, with that ex-preding of nature that characterizes his et-tring productions. Body was laid in its coffin within the wooden ad which the ysung fisher had occupied while At a little distance stood the father, whose weather-besten countenance, shaded by his hair, had faced many s stormy night and

obscured by the approaching shadows of desth. When Oldbuck entered this house of mourning; he was received by a general and silent inclination of the head, and according to the fashion of Scotland on such occasions, wine and spirits and bread were offered round to the guests. Elspeth, as these re-freshments were presented, surprised and startled the whole company by motioning to the person who bore them to stop; then, taking a glass in her hand, she rose up, and, as the smile of dotage played upon her shrivelled features, she pronounced with a hollow and tremulous voice, "Wishing a' your healths, size and often may we has such merry meetings." All shrunk from the ominous pledge, and set down the untasted liquor with a degree of shuddering hor-ror, which will not surprise those who know how many superstitions are still common on such occa-sions among the Scottish vulgar. But as the old woman tasted the liquor, she suddenly exclaumed with a sort of shriek, "What's this ?-this is wine-how should there be wine in my son's house ?-Ary," she continued with a suppressed groan, "I mind the sorrowful cause now," and, dropping the glass from ner hand, she stood a moment gazing fixedly on the bod in which the coffin of her grandson was de-posited, and then sinking gradually into her seat, she covered her eyes and forchead with her withered and pallid hand. At this moment the clergyman entered the cottage pallid hand.

posited, and then similing granually into her seat, she covered her eyes and forehead with her withered and pallid hand. At this moment the clergyman entered the cottage. Br. Blattergowl, though a dreadful proser, particu-larly on the subject of augmentations, localities, teinds, and overtures in that session of the General Assembly, to which, unfortunately for his auditors, he chanced one year to act as moderator, was never-theless a good man, in the old Scottish presbyterian phrase, God.ward and man-ward. No divine was more attentive in visiting the sick and afflicted, in catcchizing the youth, in instructing the ignorant, and in reproving the erring. And hence, notwith-standing impatience of his prolixity and prejudices, personal or professional, and notwithetanding, more-over, a certain habitual contempt for his understand-ing, especially on affairs of genius and taste, on which Rlattergowl was apt to be diffuse, from his hope of one day fighting his way to a chair of rhe-prejudices excited against him by these circum-stancea, our friend the Antiquary looked with great regard and respect on the said Blattergowl, though I own he could seldom, even by his sense of decency and the remonstrances of his womankind, be hounded out, as he called it, to hear him preach. But he regularly took shame to himself for his subsence when Blattergowl came to Monkbarns to dinner, to which he was always invited of a Sunday, a mode of testi-fying his respect which the proprietor probably thought fully nas agreeable to the clergyman, and rather more congenial to his own habita. To return from a digression which can only serve to introduce the honest clergyman more particularly to our readers, Mr. Blattergowl had no sooner entered the hut, and received the mute and melancholy silu-tion of the company whom it contained, than he

to introduce the honest clergyman more particularly to our readers, Mr. Blattergowl had no sooner entered the hut, and received the mute and melancholy shlu-tations of the company whom it contained, than he edged himself towards the unfortunate father, and seemed to endeavour to slide in a few words of con-dolence or consolation. But the old man was inca-pable as yet of receiving either; he nodded, however, gruffly, and shook the clergyman's hand in acknow-ledgment of his good intentions, but was either unable or unwilling to make any verbal reply. The minister next passed to the mother, moving along the floor as slowly, silently, and gradually, as if he had been afraid that the ground would, like un-safe ice, break beneath his feet, or that the first echo of a footstep was to dissolve some magic spell, and blunge the hut, with all its inmates, into a subterra-nean abyss. The tenor of what he had said to the poor woman could only be judged by her answers, as, helf-stiffed by sobs ill-repressed, and by the covering which she still kept over her countenance, she faintly answered at each pause in his speech—"Yce, sir, vest-Ye're very gude-ye're very gude L-Nae doubt,

a being in whom the light of existence was already obscured by the approaching shadows of death. When Oldbuck entered this house of mourning; he was received by a general and silent inclination of the head, and according to the fashion of Scotland on such occasions wine and spirits and bread were left to street for yet?" left to greet for ye!

There was no contending with this burst of sor-row and natural affection. Oldbuck had repeated recourse to his sauff-box to conceal the tear which, recourse to his snuff-box to conceal the tears which, despite his shrewd and caustic temper, ware apt to start on such occasions. The female assistants whimpered, the men held their bonnets to their faced, and spoke apart with each other. The clergyman, meantime, addressed his ghostly consolstion to the aged grandmother. At first she listened, or seemed to listen, to what he said, with the apathy of her usual unconsciousness. But as, in pressing this theme, he approached so near to her ear, that the same of his words became distinctly intelligible to her, though unheard by those who stood more distant, her com-tenance at once assumed that stern and expressive cast which characterized her intervals of intelligences. unheard by those who stood more distant, her com-tenance at once assumed that stern and expressive cast which characterized her intervals of intelligence. She drew up her head and body, shook her head in a manner that showed at least impatience, if not scorn of his counsel, and waved her hand slightly, but with a gesture so expressive, as to indicate to all who wir-nessed it a marked and disdainful rejection of the ghostly consolation proffered to her. The minister stepped back as if repulsed, and, by lifting gently and dropping his hand, seemed to show at once wonder, sorrow, and compassion for her dreadful state of mind. The rest of the company sympathized, and stifled whisper went through them, indicating how much her desperate and determined mannet impress-ed them with awe and even horror. In the mean time the funeral company was com-pleted, by the arrival of one or two persons who had been expected from Fairport. The wine and spirits again circulated, and the dumb show of greeting was took a glass in her hand, drank its contents, and ex-claimed, with a sort of laugh,—"He I ha! I has tasted wine twice in ac day—Whan did I that before, the glass down and sunk upon the actual frain whence she had risen to enatch at it. As the general amagement subsided. Wir Okdenck.

she had risen to snatch at it.

she had risen to snatch at it. As the general amazement subsided, Mir. Oklanck, whose heart bled to witness what he considered as the errings of the enfeebled intellect strugging with the torpid chill of age and of sorrow, observed to the clergyman that it was time to proceed with the case-mony. The father was incapable of giving direc-tions, but the nearest relation of the family made a sign to the carpenter, who in such cases sore through the duty of the undertaker, to proceed in him office. The creak of the screw-nails presently announces that the lid of the last mansion of mortahty was in the act of being secured above its tenant. The had the act of being secured above its tenant. The act which separates us for ever, even from the m relics of the person we assemble to mourn, has us its effect upon the most indifferent, selfish, and heatted. With a spirit of contradiction, what may be pardoned for esteeming narrow-minimum Internet of the company whom it contained, than be partoned for esterming narrow-minder of each of the company whom it contained, than be partoned for esterming narrow-minder of each of the contradiction. But the old man was incompable as yet of receiving either is hended, however, gruffly, and shook the clergyman's hand in acknow-unable or unwilling to make any verbal reply. The minister next passed to the mother, moving along the floor as slowly, silently, and gradually, as if he had been afraid that the ground would, like un-safe ice, break beneat h is feet, or that the first end of a footstep was to dissolve some magic spell, and plunge the hut, with all its immates, into a subterra-nean abyss. The tenor of what he had sid to the poor woman could only be judged by her answers, as half-stifted by sobs ill-repressed, and by the covering which she still kept over her countenance, she fairly answered at each pause in his speech—"Yes, sir, we '-Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae of all' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, er, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae doub' 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!—Nae doubt, mae of all's 1—It's our dury to submit 1—But, O dear, 'Yes, 'Ye're very gude—ye're very gude!

be only answered by assuming his hand and his head in taken of refusal. With better intentions than judg-ment, the friends, who considered this as an act of day on the part of the living, and of decency towards the decensed, would have proceeded to enforce their sequest, had not Oldbuck interfered between the dis-The decaded, would interfered between the dis-treased father and his well-meaning tormentors, and informed them, that he himself, as landlord and mas-ter to the deceased, "would carry his head to the grave." In spite of the sorrowful occasion, the hearts of the relatives swelled within them at so marked a distinction on the part of the laird; and old Alison. Breck, who was present among other fish-women, awore almost aloud, "His honour Monkbarns should asser want sax warp of oysters in the season, (of which fish he was understood to be fond.) if she should gang to sea and dredge for them hersell, in the fouliest wind that ever blew." And such is the temper of the Scottish common people, that, by this instance of compliance with their customs, and re-spect for their persons, Mr. Oldbuck gained more popularity, than by all the sums which he had yearly distributed in the parish for purposes of pivate or general charity. general charity.

general charity. The and procession now moved slowly forward, preceded by the beadles, or saulies, with their batons, -miserable-looking old men, tottering as if on the edge of that grave to which they were marshalling mother, and ciad, according to Scottish guise, with threadbare black conts, and hunting-caps, decorated with rusty crass. Monkbarns would probably have remonstrated against this superfluous expense, had he heen consulted; but, in doing so, he would have given more offence than he gained popularity by con-demorphing to perform the office of chief mourner. given more offence than he gained popularity by con-descending to perform the office of chief mourner. Of this he was quite aware, and wisely withheld mence, where rebuke and advice would have been equally unavailing. In truth, the Scottish peasantry are still infected with that rage for funeral ceramo-nial, which once distinguished the grandees of the kingdom so much, that a sumptuary law was made for the Parliannent of Scotland for the purpose of restraining it; and I have known many in the lowest stations, who have denied themselves not merely the comforts, but almost the necessaries of life, in order to save such a sum of money as might enable their to save such a sum of money as might enable their surviving friends to bury them like Christians, as they termed it; nor could their faithful executors be prevniled upon, though equally necessitous, to turn to the use and maintenance of the living, the money vainly wasted upon the interment of the dead,

vanity wasted upon the interment of the dead. The procession to the churchyard, at about half-a-male's distance, was made with the mournful solem-nity usual on these occasions,—the body was con-nity usual on these occasions,—the body was con-nity usual on these one and when the labour of the graveningers had filled up the trench, and covered §: with fruch and, Mr. Oldbuck, taking his hat off, sea (lated the assistants, who had stood by in melancholy melerce, and with that adieu dispersed the mourners. The elegromen offered our Antiouser his company

The clergyman offered our Antiquary his company or walk homeward; but Mr. Oldbuck had been so much struck with the deportment of the fisherman and his mother, that, moved by compassion, and primes has mother, that, moved by compassion, and primes, he preferred a solitary walk by the coast, for the present of a solitary walk by the coast, for the present of again visiting the cottage as he passed.

#### CHAPTER XXXII.

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The mourners, in regular gradation, accord-the mourners, in regular gradation, accord-their rank or their relationship to the deceased, Filed from the cottage, while the younger male filed from the cottage, while the younger male and to view with wonder a ceremonial which read to new with wonder a ceremonial which read to depart, and, with consideration for the

and, the friends, who considered this as an act of the failer, that he himself as and of decency towards the deceased, would have proceeded to enforce their spaces, had not Oldbuck interfered between the disressed father and his well-meaning tormentors, and formed them, that he himself, as landlord and mas-formed them, that he himself, as landlord and mas-first the deceased, "would carry his head to the father, first ascertaining by a hasty glance that no stranger remained, started up, classed his as indication on the part of the laird; and old Alison proce almost aloud, "His honour Monkbarns should ster want sax warp of oysters in the season, (of high he was understood to be fond,) if ahe sould grang to sea and dredge for them herseli, in the season, (of high he was understood to be fond,) if ahe sould ster wind that ever blew." And such is the 

but speak a word to him I-wad ye but bid him be comforted !" To her astonishment, and even to the increase of her fear, her husband's mother heard and answered the appeal. She rose and walked across the floor without support, and without much apparent fee-blenese, and standing by the bed on which aer son had extended himself, she said, "Rise up, my son, and sorrow not for him that is beyond sin and sor-row and temptation-Sorrow is for those that remain in this vale of sorrow, and darkness-I, wha dinna sorrow, and wha canna sorrow for ony ane, has maist need that ye should a sorrow for me." The voice of his mother, not heard for years as taking part in the active duties of life, or offering advice or consolation, produced its effect upon her son. He assumed a sitting posture on the side of the bed, and his appearance, attitude, and gesturea, changed from those of angry despair to deep grief and dejection. The grandmother retired to her nook, the mother mechanically took in her hand her tat-tered Bible, and seemed to read, though her eyes were drowned with tears.

They were thus occupied, when a loud knock was

They were thus occupied, when a loud knock was heard at the door. "Hegh, sirs!" said the poor mother, "wha is it that can 'e coming in that gait e'enow?--They canna hae heard o' our misfortune, I'm sure." The knock being repeated, she rose and opened the door, saying querulously, "Whatna gait's that to dis-turb a sorrowfi' house?" A tall man in black stood before her, whom she instantly recognised to be Lord Glenallan. "Is there not," he said, "an old woman lodging in this or one of the neighbouring cottages, called Elspeth, who was long resident at Craigburnfoot of Glenallan ?" Glenallan ?

"It's my gudemither, my lord," said Margaret; "but she canna see ony body e'enow—Ohon I we're dree-ing a seir weird—we hae had a heavy dispensation !" "God ferbid," said Lord Glenallan, "that I should

"tood terbid," said Lord Glenallan, "that I should on light occasion disturb your sorrow—but my days are numbered—your mother-in-law is in 'he extre-mity of age, and, if I see her not to-day, we may never meet on this side of time." "And what," answered the desolate mother, "wad ye see at an auld woman, broken down wi' age and

sorrow and heartbreak ?-Gentle or semple shall not darken my doors the day my bairn's been carried out

darken my doors she day my baim's been carried out a corpse." While she spoke thus, indulging the natural irrita-bility of disposition and profession, which began to mingle itself in some degree with her grief when its first uncontrolled bursts were gone by, she held the door about one third part open, and placed herself in the gap, as if to render the visiter's entrance impossible. But the voice of her husband was heard form within "Whe's they Magnic's whet for any from within-"Wha's that, Maggie? what for are ye steeking them out?-let them come in-it doesna signify an auld rope's and wha comes in or wha gacs out o' this house frac this time forward." out o'

The woman stood aside at her husband's command, and permitted Lord Glenallan to enter the hut. The and permitted Lord Glenallan to enter the hut. The dejection exhibited in his broken frame and ema-ciated countenance, formed a strong contrast with the effects of grief, as they were displayed in the rude and weatherbeaten visage of the finherman, and the masculine features of his wife. He approached the old woman as she was seated on her usual settle, and asked her, in a tone as audible as his voice could make it, "Are you Elspeth of the Craigburnfoot of Glenallan ?"

Glenalian ?" "Wha is it that asks about the unhallowed resi-dence of that evil woman ?" was the answer re-surned to bis query. "The unhappy Earl of Glenallan." "Earl-Earl of Glenallan !" "He who was called William Lord Geraldin," said the Earl; "and whom his mother's death has made Earl of Glenallan ?" "Open the bole," said the old woman firmly and lastily to her daughter-in-law, "open the bole wi" meed that I may see if this be the right Lord Geral

astily to her daughter-in-law, "open the bole wi's speed, that I may see if this be the right Lord Geral-din-the son of my mistress-him that I received in my arms within the hour after he was born-him that has reason to curse me that I didna smother him

that has reason to curse me that I dona smoother him before the hour was past !" The window, which had been shut, in order that a gloomy twilight might add to the solemnity of the funeral meeting, was opened as she commanded, and threw a sudden and strong light through the smoky and misty atmosphere of the stifting cabin. Falling and misty atmosphere of the stifting cabin. Falling in a stream upon the chimney, the rays illuminated, in the way that Rembrandt would have chosen, the features of the unfortunate nobleman, and those of the old sibyl, who now, standing upon her feet, and holding him by one hand, peered anxiously in his fea-tures with her light-blue eyes, and holding her long and withered fore-finger within a small distance of his face, moved it slowly as if to trace the outlines, and reconcile what she recollected with that she now beheld. As she finished her scrutiny, she said, with a deep sigh, "It's a sair—sair change—and wha's fault is it'l—but that's written down where it will be fault is it?—but that's written down where it will be remembered—it's written on tablets of brass with a pen of steel, where all is recorded that is done in the flesh.—And what," she said, after a pause, "what is Lord Geraldin seeking from a puir auld creatur. like me, that's dead already, and only belangs sae far to the living that she isna yet laid in the moulds ?" "Nay," answered Lord Glenallan, "in the name of Heaven why was it that you mousted accurately

"Nay," answered Lord Glenallan, "in the name of Heaven, why was it that you requested so urgently to see me? and why did you back your request by send-ing a token, which you knew well I dared not refuge?" As he spoke thus, he took from his purse the ring which Edie Ochiltree had delivered to him at Glenal-lan house. The sight of this token produced a strange and instantaneous effect upon the old woman. The

and instantaneous effect upon the old woman. The palsy of fear was immediately added to that of age, The and she began instantly to search her pockets with the tremulous and hasty agitation of one who be-comes first apprehensive of having lost something of The importance—then, as if convinced of the reality of her fears, she turned to the Earl, and demanded, "And how came ye by it, then ?—how came ye by it, ?—I though I had kept it sae securely—what will

the Countess say?" "You know," said the Earl 'at least you must bave heard, that my mother is dead." "Dead I are ye no imposing upon me? has she left s' at last. lands and icrdship and lineage?"

"All, all," said the Earl, "as mortals must leave

"I mind now," answered Elspeth, "I heard of it before; but there has been sic distress in our hom since, and my memory is say muckle impaired—Bat ye are sure your mother, the Lady Countess, is game hame?' hame?

The Earl again assured her that her former min-

The LATI again assured her that her former mis-tees was no more. "Then," said Elpeth, "it shall burden my mind nae langer !--When she lived, wha dared to speak what it wad hae displeased her to hae had noised abroad ?-But she's gane-and I will confess all." Then, turning to her son and daughter-in-isw, she commanded them imperatively to quit the house and leave Lord Geraldin (for so she still called him) above with her. But Maggie Mucklebackit, her first burst of grief being over, was by no means disposed in her own house to pay passive obedispice to the com-mands of her mother-in-law, an authority which is peculiarly obnoxious to persons in her rank of his and which she was the more astonished at framing revived, when it seemed to have been so long rela-quished and forgotten. "It was an unco thing," she said, in a grumbling tone of voice,-for the rank of Lord Glenalian was somewhat imposing-" if was an unco thing to hid a mother leave her ain house wi' the tear in her ee, the moment her eldest son had been carried a corpse out at the door o't."

at the door of." The fisherman, in a stubborn and sullen tone, added to the same purpose, "This is nae day for your add-warld stories, mother—My lord, if he be a lord, may ca' some other day—or he may speak out what he has gotten to say if he likes it—There's name here will think it worth their while to listen to him or you

keep his word.

But the old woman, whom this crisis seemed to repossess in all those powers of mental superiority with which she had once been eminently gifted, arose, and, advancing towards him, said with s solemn voice, "My son, as ye wad not willingly be a witness of her guilt,—as ye wad not willingly be a witness of her guilt,—as ye wad deserve her blessing and avoid her curse. I charge ye, by the body that bore and that nursed ye, to leave me at freedom to speak with Lord Geraldin, what nas mortal ears but this ain maun listen to. Obey my words, that when ye lay the moulds on my head,—and O, that the day were come is a seven of having disobeyed the last earthy command that ever your mother ward on you." But the old woman, whom this crisis seemed to

the reproach of having disobeyed the last earthy command that ever your mother wared on you." The terms of this solemn charge revived in the fisherman's heart the habit of instinctive observed in which his mother had trained him on and which he had submitted implicitly while her power of exacting it remained entire. The reconstru-mingled also with the prevailing passion of this ment; for, glancing his eye at the bed on which the never disobeyed me, in reason or out o' result and what for should I vex her?" Then, taking reluctant spouse by the arm, he led her gendy on and what for should I ver her?" Iften, takin reluctant spouse by the arm, he led her gently ( the cottage, and latched the door behind them) left it.

left it. As the unhappy parents withdrew, Lord Glassi to prevent the old woman from relapsing bills lethargy, again pressed her on the subject of the munication which she proposed to make to him. "Ye will have it sune eneugh," she replied; "Ye will have it sune eneugh," she replied; there is not a chance of my forgetting what h to say. My dwelling at Crzighumfoot is being esn, as it were present in reality—the green with its selvidge, just where the burn met w? the -the twa little barks, wi' their sails furbed, hys

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a natural cove which it formed-the high cliff that | me saturat core which it formed—the high cliff that is not it with the pleasure-grounds of the house of Offenalian, and hung right ower the stream—Ah i yes, I may forget that I had a husband and have fort him—that I hae but ane alive of our four fair sons—that misfortune upon misfortune has devoured our ill-gotten wealth—that they carried the corpse of my son's eldest-born frae the house this morning— But I never can forget the days I spent at bonny Craigburnfoot ?' Craigburnfoot !

"You were a favourite of my mother," said Lord Gienalian, desirous to bring her back to the point, from which she was wandering.

from which she was wandering. "I was, I was, -ye needna mind me o' that. She irrought me up shone my station, and wi' knowledge main than my fellows—but, like the tempter of auld, wi' the knowledge of gude she taught me the know-maine of evil." "For God's sake, Elspeth." said the astoniahed Bark "proceed, if you can, to explain the dreadful hints you have thrown out!-I well know you are confi-dant to one dreadful secret, which should split this roof even to bear it named-but speak on farther." "I will," she said,-"I will-just bear wi' me for a hittle;" and again she seemed lost in recollection, but it was no longer tinged with imbecility or arathy.

is was no longer tinged with imbecility or apathy. She was now entering upon the topic which had long baded her mind, and which doubtless often occupied Sh She was now entering upon the topic which had long headed her mind, and which doubtless often occupied her whole soul at times when she seemed dead to all around her. And I may add, as a remarkable fact, that sach was he intense operation of mental energy upon her physical powers and nervous system, that notwithstanding her infirmity of deafness, each word that Lord Glenallan spoke during this remarkable conference, although in the lowest tone of horror or agony, fell as full and distinct upon Elspath's ear as it could have done at any period of her life. She spoke also herself clearly, distinctly, and slowly, as if anxious that the intelligence she communicated should be fully understood; concisely at the same time, and with none of the verbiage or circumlocu-tory additions natural to those of her sex and condi-tion. In short, her language bespoke a better educa-tion, as well as an uncommonly firm and resolved mind, and a character of that sort from which great virtues or great crimes may be naturally expected. The tenor of her communication is disclosed in the following chapter.

## CHAPTER XXXIII.

Remores-she pe'er forakes us-A bloodhound stanch-she tracks our rapid step Through the wild labyrinith of youthful frenzy, Unheard, perchance, until old age bath tamed us ; Then is our lair, when Time hath chill'd our joints, And main'd our hope of combat, or of flight, "We hear her deop-mouth'd bay, announcing all Of wrath and wo and punishment that bides us... OU PH

"I HERE D DOL TELL YOU," said the old woman address-ing the Earl of Glenalian, "that I was the favourie and confidential attendant of Joscelind, Counters of Glenalian, whom God assolizie?"-(here she crossed borself)-" and, I think farther, ye may not have begotten, that I shared her regard for mony years. Frequenced it by the maist sincere attachment, but the line discrete frage at this are of discharged form Full into disgrace frae a trifling act of disobedience, horted to your mother by ane that thought, and she ma wrang, that I was a spy upon her actions and

"I charge thee, woman," said the Earl, in a voice mobling with passion, "name not her name in my aging ?"

"I mover," returned the penitent firmly and calmly, **how can you understand me?**"

The Earl leased upon one of the wooden chairs of hut, drew his hat over his face, clenched his hands ether, set his teeth like one who summons up cou-to undergo a painful operation, and made a sig-

father that was gane. There was muckle involvery in her history, but wha dared to enquire farther than the Countees liked to tell ? All in Glenallan-house loved Miss Neville—all but twa—your mother and mysell— we baith hated her."

Mise Neville—all but twa—your mothers and myseu— we bath hated her." "God! for what reason, since a creature so mild, so gentle, so formed to inspire affection, never walked on this wretched world ?" "It may has been sae," rejoined Elspeth, "but your mother hated a' that cam of your father's family—a but himsell. Her reasons related to strift which fell between them soon after her marriage; the particu-lars are nacthing to this purpose. But, Oh, doubly did she hate Eveline Neville when she perceived that there was a growing kindness stweet you and that unfortunate young leddy! Ye may mind that the Countess's dislike didna gang farther at first than just showing o' the cauld shouther at least it wasna

unfortunate young leddy! Ye may mind that the Countees's dislike didna gang farther at first than just showing o' the cauld shouther—at least it wasnaseen farther : but at the lang run it brak out into such downright, violence that Miss Neville was even fain to seek refuge at Knock winnock Castle with Sir Arthur's leddy, wha (God sain her) was then wi' the living." "You'rend my heart by recalling these particulars "But go on, and may my present agony be accepted as additional penance for the involuntary crimet" "She had been absent some months," continued. Elspeth, "when I was at night watching in my hut the return of my hueband from fishing, and shedding in private those bitter tears that my proud spirit wrung frae me whenever I thought on my disgrace. The sneck was drawn, and the Countess, your mother, entered my dwelling. I thought I had seen a spectra, for, even in the height of my favour, this was an honour she had never done me, and she looked as pale and ghastly as if she had rise from her hair and cloak, for the night was drizzling, and her walk had been through the plantations, that were a' loaded with dew. I only mention these things that you may understand how weel that night lives in my memory, —and weel it may. I was surprised to see her, but I durst a speak first, mair than if I had seen a phantom—Na, I durst not, my Lord, I that has seen afrom 'And' Lanewerd her as prouldy as heresfit nearly." And I answered her as prouldy as heresfit nearly." And I answered her as prouldy as heresfit nearly." And I answered her as prouldy as heresfit nearly." 'And I answered her as prouldy as heresfit nearly." 'And I answered her as prouldy as heresfit nearly." 'Are sure as you are the daughter of that Earl of Glenallan, whom my father as word that day by his own death." '' Here she made a deep pause.
"'' And little I should value earthly command,'' answered Elspeth, ''wre there not a voice that has swere there mot a voice that has word '-Yet, god or bad, I command you to tell me.''

10 teil me." "And little I should value earthly command," an-swered Elspeth, "were there not a voice that has spoken to me sleeping and waking, that drives me forward to tell this sad tale.-Aweel, my lord-the Countess said to me, 'My son loves Eveline Neville -they are agreed-they are plighted; -should they have a son, my right over Glenallan merges-I sink, from that moment, from a Countess into a miserable stipendiary dowager-I who brought lands and vas-sals, and high blood and encient fame, to my hus-band, I must cease to be mistress when my son has an heir male. But I care not for that-had he mar-ried any but one of the hated Nevilles, I had been patient-But for them-that they and their descend-ants should enjoy the right and honours of my acces-tors, goes through my heart like a two-edged dirk. And this girl-I detest her !"-And I answered, for my heart kindled at her words, that her hate was equalled by mine." "Wretch !" exclaimed the Earl, in spite of his de-termination to preserves ilence,--" Wretched woman ! what cause of hate could have arisen from a being so innocent and gentle?" "I hated what my mistress hated, as was the use And little I should value earthly command," an-red Elspeth, "were there not a voice that has

what cause of nate could have arised from a being so inderected have a signification of the source o

THE ANT wretch whe new speaks with you, carried his shield before him.—But that was not a," continued the bel-dam, her earthly and evil passions rekinding as she became heated in her narration; "that was not a'-I hated Miss Eveline Neville for her ain soke-I brought her frae England, and, during our whole journey, she gecked and scorned at my northern speech and habit, as her southland leddies and kim-iners had done at the boarding-school as they ord it," (and, strange as it may seem, she spoke of an it," (and, strange as it may seem, she spoke of an affront offered by a heedless school-girl without in-

hers had done at the boarding-school as they ca'd it," (and, strange as it may secu, she spoke of an afront offered by a heedless school-girl without in-tention, with a degree of invetgracy, which, at such a distance of time, a mortal offence would neither have authorized or excited in any well-constituted mind)—" Yes, she scorned and jested at me—but let them that scorn the tartan fear the dirk f" "She paused, and then went on. "But I deny not that I hated her mair than she deserved. My mis-tress, the Countess, persevered and said, "Elsneth Cheyne, this unruly boy will marry with the false Ragish blood—were days as they have been. I could throw her into the Massymore" of Glenallan, and fetter him in the Keep of Strathbonnel—But these times are passed, and the authority which the nolses of the land should exercise is delegated to quibbling lawyers and their baser dependants. Hear me, El-speth Cheyne! If you are your father's daughter. as I am mine, I will find means that they shall not marry—She walks often to that clift that overhangs your dwelling to look for her lover's boat,—(ye may remamber the pleasure ye then took on the sea, my lerd)—et him find her forty fathom lower than he espects !—Yes !—ye may stare and frown and clench your hand, but as sure as I am to face the only Being I sver feared,—and O that I had feared him mair !— these ware your mother's words—What avails it to year holy Church they are ower sibb thegither. But I expect nothing but that both with  $\frac{1}{4}$  come hereits aw well as disobedient reprobates, 'flat was her ad-dition to that argument—And then, as the faint my hand with blood.—Then she said, 'By the religion of your holy Church they are ower sibb thegither. But I expect nothing but that both with  $\frac{1}{4}$  come hereits aw well as disobedient reprobates, 'flat was her ad-dition to that argument—And then, as the fam in eyer ower busy wi' brains like mine, that are subible beyond their use and station, I was unhappily per-mitted to add—'But they might be brought to think thems

"The daughter, you would say, of your father?" "The daughter, you would say, of your father?" continued Elspeth; "No-be it a torment or be it a comfort to your-ken the truth, she was nea mair a daughter of your father's house than I am." "Woung, deceive me not-make me not curse the

"Woman, deceive me not-make me not curse the memory of the parent I have so lately laid in the grave, for sharing in a plot the most cruel, the most infernal"-"

"Bothink ye, my Lord Geraldin, ere ye curse the memory of a parent that's gane, is there none of the blood of Glenalian living, whose faults have led to this dreadid' catastrophe?" "Mean you my brother?-he, too, is gone," said

"Mean you my brother ?-he, too, is gone," said the Earl. "No," replied the sibyl, "I mean yourself, Lord Garaldin. Had you not transgressed the obedience of a son by wedding Eveline Neville is scoret while a guest at Knockwinnock, our plot might have sepa-right you for a time, but would have left at least your borrows without remorse to canker them. But your als conduct had put poison in the weapon that we three, and it plerced you with the mair force, because a can wishing to meet it. Had your marriage been ye cam rushing to meet it. Had your marriage been a proclaimed and acknowledged action, our strata-\* processing and acknowledged action, our stratagene to throw an obstacle into your way that couldna be got ower, neither wad nor could has been practiced against ye." "Great Heaven!" said the unfortunate nobleman; "it is as if a film fell from my obscured eyes!-Yee, I now well understand the doubtful hints of consola-

\* alone more, ry ancient mane for a dungeon, derived from the Mooth language, parhane as far back as the time of the

tion thrown out by my witched mother, tending indirectly to impeach the evidence of the hormors of which her arts had led me to believe myself guilty." "She could not speak mair plainly," answered Elspeth, "without confeasing her ain fraud, and she would have submitted to be torn by wild hormes, rather than unfold what she had done; and, if she had still lived, so would I for her sake. They were stout hearts the race of Glenallan, male and firmals, and sae were a' that in auld times eried their gather-ing-word of *Clechnaben*—they stood shouther to shouther—Nae man parted frae his chief for love of gold or of gain, or of right or of wrang.—The times are changed, I hear, now." The unfortunate nobleman was too much wrapped up in his own confused and distracting reflections to

The unfortunate nobleman was too much wrapped up in his own confused and distracting reflections to notice the rude expressions of savage fidelity, in which, even in the latest ebb of life, the unhappy an-thor of his misfortunes seemed to find a stem and stubborn source of consolation. "Great Heaven!" he exclaimed, "I am then free from a guilt the most horrible with which man can be stained, and the sense of which, however in volum-tary, has wrecked my peace, destroyed my health, and bowed me down to an untimely grave. Accept," he fervently uttered, lifting his eyes upwards, "accept," ablant of dis stained with that unnatural guilt — And. thou—proceed, if thou hast more to tell—proceed, while thou hast voice to speak it, and I have powers to listef."

while thou hast voice to speak it, and I have powsers to listen." "Yea," answered the beldam, "the hour when you shall hear, and I shall speak, is indeed passing rapid-ly away—Death has crossed your brow with his fin-ger, and I find his grasp turning every day caulder at my heart.—Interrupt me nae mair with exclamations and groans and accusations, but hear my the to an end ! And then—if ye be indeed sic a Loyd of Glenal-lan as I hae heard of in my day—make your merry-men gather the thorn, and the brier, and the green holin, till they heap them as high as the house-rag-gin', and burn! burn! the auld witch Elspeth, and a' that can put ye in mind that sic a creature ever crawled upon the land!" "Go on," said the Earl, "go on—I will not again interrupt you."

He spoke in a half-suffocated yet determined voice, resolved that no irritability on his part should der rive him of this opportunity of acquiring proofs of the wonderful tale he then heard. But Elspeth had be come exhausted by a continuous narration of such come exhausted by a commodul harrauto of social unusual length; the subsequent part of her sory was more broken, and, though still distinctly instighted in most parts, had no longer the lack concisences which the first part of her narrative had displayed to such an asionishing degree. Lord Glenallan forma it necessary, when she had made some attempts to connecessary, when she had made some attempts to con-tinue her narrative without success, to prompt her memory, by demanding, what proofs she could pro-pose to bring of the truth of a narrative so different from that which she had originally told? "The evidence," she replied, "of Eveline Neville's real birth was in the Counters's possession, with su-cons for its heins, for some time, kent private.

real birth was in the Countess's possession, with sons for its being, for some time, kept private. I may yet be found, if she has not destroyed these the left-hand drawer of the abony cabinet that a in the dressing-room—these she meant to suppre-the time until you want abroad again, when abe t ed, before your return, to send Miss Neville be her ain country, or to get her settled in maringes. "But did you not show me letters of my find which seemed to me, unless my senses also failed me in that horrible moment, to avow her tionship to—to the unharm?"

failed me in that horrible moment, to avow his a tionahip to-to the uphapy" "We did; and, with may testimony, how could doubt the fact, or her either ?-But wasuppressed true explanation of these letters, and that was i your father thought it right the yrang leddy your father thought it right the yrang leddy family reasons that were amang them." "But wherefore, when you learned our union, this dreadful artifice persisted in ?" "It wasna," she replied, "till Lady Gien all an communicated this fause tale that ahe suspects

had actually made a marriage—nor even then did you arww it sac as to satisfy her, whether the ceremony had in verity passed atween ye or no—But ye remem-her. O ye canna but remember weel, what passed in t awfu' meeting ?"

"Woman I you swore upon the gospels to the fact which you now disavow." "I did, and I wad hae taen a yet mair holy pledge os it, if there had been ane—I wad not has spared the blood of my body, or the guilt of my soul, to serve the bogs of Glenallan."

blood of my body, or the guilt of my soul, to serve the house of Glenallan." "Wretch ! do you call that horrid perjury, attended with consequences yet more dreadful—do you esteem that a service to the house of your benefactors?" "I served her, wha was then the head of Glenallan, as she required use to serve her. The cause was be-tween God and her conscience—the manner between God and mine—She is gane to her account, and I mean follow—Have I tauld you a'?" "Ne," enswered Lord Glenallan; "you have yet more to tell—you have to tell me of the death of the angel when your perjury drove to despair, stained, as abe thought herself, with a crime so horrible—Speak tauth—was that dreadful—was that horrible inciden!" —He could scancely articulate the words—" was it as reported ? ar was it an act of yet further, though not more atracions crueity, inflicted by others?" "I understand you," said Elspeth; " but report spike the deed was her an distracted act—On that fear-fur disclosure, when ye rushed frae the Countess's presence, and addled your horse, and left the casts presence, and addled your horse, and left the casts presence, and addled your horse, and left the casts presence, which she had framed this avfur tale to pre-want, had e'en usen place. Ye fied from the house as if the fire o' Heaven was about to fa' upon it, and Miss mion, which she had framed this awfu' tale to pre-mant, had e'en usen place. Ye fied from the house as f the fire o' Heaven was about to fu' upon it, and Miss if the fire o' Heaven was about to fa' upon it, and Miss Nevile, atween reason and the want o't, was put under sare ward. But the ward sleep', and the prisoner waked—the window was open—the way was before har—there was the cliff, and there was the sea !--O, when will if forget that !' "And thus died," said the Earl, "even so as was reported ?' "No, my lord. I had gane out to the cove—the tide was in, and it flowed, as ye'll remember, to the foot of that cliff—it was a great convenience that for my hus-hard's trade—Where an I wandering."-I saw a white

object dart frae the tap o' the cliff like a sca-maw through the mist, and then a heavy flash and sparkle of the waters showed me it was a human creature that had farmine with the waves. I was bold and strong, and familiar with the tide. I rushed in and grasped her gown, and drew her out and carried her on my shouth-ers-I could hae carried twa sic then—carried her to my hat, and laid her on my bed. Neighbours cam and brought beip—but the words she uttered in her ravings when the good back the works she uttered in her ravings, when the good back the use of speech, were such, that I was fain to send them awa, and get up word to Glenal-larn-horms. The Counters sent down her Spanish serlan-house. The Councess sent down her Spanish ser-venus Treess-fic ver there was a fiend on earth in hu-mer form, that woman was ane—She and I were to watch the unhappy leddy, and let no other person spore. God knows what Teress's part was to has been —she tauld it not to me—but Heaven took the channess of travail before her time, hore a male child, which is the arms of me—of her mortal enemy! sensor in the arms or me-or her mortal energy! we may weep-be was a sightly creature to see that thank ye, if I didna mourn her then, that I can the her now?--Na, na !---I left Teresa w? the dead her and new-born babe, till I gaed up to take the without's commands what was to be done. Late t was, I ca'd her up, and she gar'd me ca' up your

Tes, Lord Geraldin, e'en your brother, that some the aye wished to be her heir. At ony rate, he the person maist concerned in the succession and

the succession maint concerned in the succession and succession and the succession and the succession and the sit possible to believe, then, that my brother, of avance to grasp at my inheritance, would lend the succe a base and droadful stratagem?"

"Your mother believed 11," said the old boldam with a fiendish laugh—"it was nae plot of my making—but what they did or said I will not say, because I did not hear. Lang and sair they consulted in the black wainscot dressing room; and when your brother pass-ed through the room where I was waiting, it seemed to me (and I have often thought sae ance sync) that the fire of hell was in his check and een. But he had the fire of hell was in his check and een. But he had left some of it with his mother at ony rate. She en-tered the room like a woman demented, and the first words she spoke were, 'Elspeth Cheyne, did ye ever pull a new-budded flower?' I answered, as ye may believe, that I often had; 'then,' said she, 'ye will ken the better how to blight the spurious and heretical blossom that has sprung forth his night to disgrace my father's noble house—See here;' — (and she gave me a golden bodkin)—'Nothing but gold must shed the blood G Glenallan. This child is already as one of the dead, and since thou and Teresa alone ken that it lives, let it be dealt upon as ye will answer to me?

of the dead, and since that and Teress above ten that it lives, let it be dealt upon as ye will answer to me? and she turned away in her fury, and left me with the bodkin in my hand. Here it is; that and the ring of Miss Neville are a' I has preserved of my ill-gotten gear-for muckle was the gear I got. And weel has I keepit the socret, but no for the gowd or gear either." Her long and bony hand held out to Lord Glenalian a gold bodkin, down which in fancy he saw the blood of his infant trickling. "Wretch! had you the heart ?" "Iterns if I could has had it or no. I returned to my cottage without feeling the ground that I trode on; but Teress and the child were game—a' that was alive was game—naething left but the lifeless corpse." "And did you never learn my infant's fate ?" "I could but guess. I have tauld ye your mother's purpose, and I ken Teresa was a fiend. She was never mair seen in Scotland, and I have heard that she returned to her ain land. A dark curtain has fa'en ower the past, and the few that witnessed ony part of it could only surmise something of seduction and sur-ided Waynownedic" it could only surmise something of seduction and sui-

peace or an hour's rest since these lang wet locks of hair first lay upon my pillow at Craigburnfool?—Has not my house been burned, wi'my bairn in the cradle ? —Have not my boats been wrecked, when a' others weathered the gale ?—Have not a' that were near and dear to me dreed penance for my sin ?—Has not the fire had its share o' them—the winds had their part— the sea had her part ?—And oh ?' (she added, with a lengthened groan, looking first upwards towards hea-ven, and then bending her eyes on the floor)—"Oh ' that the earth would take her part, that's been lang, lang wearying to be joined to it !' Lord Glenallan had reached the door of the cottage, but the generosity of his nature did not permit him to leave the unhappy woman in this state of desperate

but the generosity of his nature did not permit him to leave the unhappy woman in this state of desperate reprobation. "May God forgive thee, wretched wo-man," he said, "as successly as I do I-turn for mercy. to Him, who can alone grant mercy, and may your prayers be heard as if they were mine own I-I will send a religious man." "Na, na, nae pricest i nas priest !" she ejaculated; and the door of the cottage opening as she spoke, pre-vented her form promodiur.

vented her from proceeding.

## CHAPTER XXXIV.

Stall in his dead hand cleach's remain the strings That thrill his-father's heart-son as the limb, Lopp'd off and laid in grave, retains, they tail as, Strange commerce with the mutilated stump, Whose nerves are twinging still in main'd exists

THE Antiquary, as we informed the reader in the and of the tenth chapter, had shaken off the company St

of worthy Mr. Blattergowi, although he offered to en-tertain hum with an abstract of the ablest speech he had ever known in the teined court, delivered by the procurator for the church in the remarkable case of the parish of Gatherem. Resisting this temptation, our senior preferred a solitary path, which again con-ducted him to the cottage of Mucklebacki. When he came in front of the fisherman's hut, he observed a man white increment as it to remain the temptation here. came in mont of the inserman's nut, he observed a man working intentity, as if to repair a shattered boat which lay upon the beach, and, going up to him, was surprised to find it was Mucklebackit himself. "I am glad," he said, in a tone of sympathy-"I am glad, Sunders, that you feel yourself able to make this ex-

ertion.

Saunders, that you feel yourself able to make this ex-erion." "And what would ye have me to do," answered the fisher gruffly, "unless I wanted to see four (hildren starve, because ane is drowned? It's weel wi' you gentics, that can sit in the house wi' handkerchers at your een when ye lose a friend; but the like o' us maun to our wark again, if our hearts were beating as hard as my hammer." "Without taking more notice of Oldbuck he proceed-ed in his labour; and the Antiquary, to whom the display of human nature under the influence of agita-ting passions was never indifferent, stood beside him, in silent attention, as if watching the progress of the work. He observed more than once the man's hard features, as if by the force of association, prepare to accompany the sound of the saw and hammer with his usual symphony of a rude tune hummed or whis-tled, and as often a slight twitch of convulve expres-for suppressing it rushed upon his mind. At length, when he had patched a considerable rent, and was beginning to mend another, his feelings appeared allo-gether to derange the power of attention necessary for beginning to mend another, his feelings appeared alto-gether to derange the power of attention necessary for his work. The piece of wood which he was about to nail on was at first too long; then he sawed it off too short; then chose another equally ill adapted for the purpose. At length, throwing it down in anger, after wright his dim eye with his quivering hand, he ex-claimed, "There is a curse either on me or on this aild black bitch of a boat, that I have hauled up high and dry, and patched and clouted sae mony years, that she might drown my poor Steenie at the end of them, an' be d—d to her !"—and he flung his hammer against the boat as if she had been the intentional cause of might drown my poor Steenie at the end of ihem, an' be d-d to her!"—and he flung his hammer against the boat, as if she had been the intentional cause of his misfortune. Then recollecting himself, he added, "Yet what needs ane be angry at her, that has nei-ther soul nor sense?—though I am no that muckle better mysell. She's but a rickle o' aud rotten deals mailed thegither, and warped wi' the wind and the sea —and I am a dour carle, battered by foul weather at sea and land till I am maist as senseless as hersell. She maun be mended though again' the morning tide—that's a thing o' necessity."

tade—that's a thing o' necessity." Thus speaking, he went to gather together his instruments and attempt to resume his labour, but Oldbuck took him kindly by the arm. "Come, come," he said, "Saunders, there is no work for you this day—I'll send down Shavings the carpenter to mend the boat, and he may put the day's work into morrow, but stay to comfort your family under this

to mend the boat, and he may put the day's work into my account--and you had better not come out to-morrow, but stay to comfort your family under this dispensation, and the gardener will bring you some vegetables and meal from Monkbarns." "I thank ye, Morkbarns," answered the poor fisher; "I am a plain-spoken man, and hae little to say for mysell; I might has learned fairer fashions firse my mither lang syne, but I never saw muckle gude they did her; however, I thank ye. Ye were aye kind and neighbourly, whatever folk says o' your being near, and close; and I hae often said in thae times when they were ganging to raise up the puir yolk against the gentles--I hae often said, ne'er a man should steer a hair touching to Monkbarns while Steenie too. And Monkbarns, when ye laid his head in the grave, (and mony thanks for the respect,) ye weel, though he made little phrase about it." Uklouck, beaten from the pride of his affected cynicism, would not willingly have had any one by

upon that occasion to quote to him his favourne maxims of the Stoic philosophy. The large drops fell fast from his own eyes, as he begged the father, who was now melted at recollecting the bravery and generous sentiments of his son, to forbear useless sorrow, and led him by the arm towards his own home, where another scene awaited our Antiparry. As he entered, the first person whom he behelf was lord Ginzalian Lord Glenallan.

Mutual surprise was in their countenances as they saluted each other, with haughty reserve on the part of Mr. Oldbuck, and embarrassment on that of the Earl

My Lord Glenallan, I think?" said Mr. Old

"Yee-much changed from what he was when he "Yee-much changed from what he was when he knew Mr. Oldbuck." "I do not mean," said the Antiquary, " to intrude upon your lordship-I only came to see this distrement amily." family

And you have found one, sir, who has still greater

"Mu your compassion." "My compassion i Lord Glenallan cannot need my compassion—if Lord Glenallan could need it, I think he would hardly ask it."

Our former acquaintance." said the Karl-

press on you

"Assuredly, my lord, I shall shun no longer th continuation of this extraordinary interview." "I must then recall to you our occasional meeting

upwards of twenty years succe at Knockwin noe Castle, and I need not remind you of a lady who we then a member of that family." "The unfortunate Miss Eveline Neville, my land I remember it well."

"Towards whom you entertained sentiments" "Very different from those with which I before a "Very different from those with which I before since have regarded her sex; her gentenses docility, her pleasure in the studies which I prout to her, attached my affections more than be my age, (though that was not then much advas or the solidity of my character. But I meet remind your lordship of the various modes in you induced your gavety at the expense awkward and retired student, embarrassed I expression of feelings so new to him, and I I expression of leelings so new to him, and I have doubt that the young lady joined you in the deserved ridicule—It is the way of woman know have spoken at once to the painful circumstrance my addresses and their rejection, that your loss may be satisfied every thing is full in my mach and may, so far as I am concerned, tell your i without scruple or needless delicacy." "I will," said Lord Ghenallan; "but firms loss

Char. XXXIV., THE ANT sty, you do injustice to the memory of the gentlest and kindest, as well as to the most unhappy of women, to suppose she could make a jest of the bonest affection of a man like you. Frequently did she blame me, Mr. Oldbuck, for indulging my levity at your expense-may I now presume you will excuse the gay freedoms which then offended you?--my state of mind has never since laid me under the meccessity of apologizing for the inadvertencies of a light and happy temper. "My lord, you are fully pardoned." said Mr. Old-buck. "You should be aware, that, like all others, I was ignorant at the time that I placed myself in competition with your lordspin, and understood that Miss Neville was in a state of dependence which might make her prefer a competent independence and the hand of an hoaset man-But I am wasting time -I would I could believe that the views entertained towards her by others were as fair and honest as Mittel: a state of her and honest as

mine !"

mine?" Mr. Oldbuck, you judge harshly." "Mr. Oldbuck, you judge harshly." "Not without cause, my lord. When I only, of all the magistrates of this county, having neither, like some bi them, the henour to be connected with your powerful family, nor, like others, the meanness to gear it—when I made some inquiry into the manner of Miss Neville's death—I shake you, my lord, but I must be plain—I do own I had every reason to believe that she had met most unfair dealing, and had bither bere insected upon by a counterful marriage

must be plan-1 do own 1 had every reason to believe that she had met most unfair dealing, and had either been imposed upon by a counterfeit marriage, or that very strong measures had been adopted to stiffe and destroy the evidence of a real union. And I cannot doubt in my own mind, that this cruelty on your lordship's part, whether coming of your own free will, or proceeding from the influence of the late Countese, hurned the unfortunate young lady to the desperate act by which her life was terminated." "You are deceived, Mr. Oldbuck, into conclusions which are not just, however naturally they flow from the circumstances. Believe me, I respected you even when I was most embarrassed by your active attempts to investigate our family misfortunes. You showed yourself more worthy of Miss Neville than I, by the spirit with which you persisted in vindicating her reputation even after her death. But the firm belief, that your well-meant efforts could only serve to bring to light a story too horrible to be detailed, induced me to join my unhappy mother in schemes to remove or destroy all evidence of the legal union which had taken place between Eveline and myself. And now let us ait down on this bank, for I feel And now let us ait down on this bank, for I feel unable to remain longer standing, and have the good ness to listen to the extraordinary discovery which I have this day made."

ness to listen to the extraordinary discovery which I have this day made." They sate down accordingly; and Lord Glenallan briefy narrated his unhappy family history—his con-cealed mariage—the hornble invention by which his mother had designed to render impossible that union which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place. He detailed the arts by which had already taken place the taken place the taken her had all box farmily reasons, his father had consented to own that young lady as his natural daughter, and showed how impossible it was that he could either suspect or detect the fraud put upon him by his mother, and the further I went, until I was discovered by my brother. Will not trouble you with an account of my sick-bed the recovery, or how, long alterwards, I ventured to there after the sharer of my misfortunes, and heard ther despair had found a dreadful remody for all ills of life. The first thing that roused me to macht was hearing of your inquiries into this crule inness; and you will hardly wonder, that, believing at I did believe, I should join in those expedients top your investigation, which my brother and there had actively commenced. The information her H I gave them concerning the circumstances and where had actively commenced them to ich the Countess, having all the documents e to Miss Neville's birth in her hands, had de those only relating to a period during which illy reasons, his father had consented to own impossible it was that he could either susport or the fraud put upon him by his mother, and by the oaths of her attendants, Teresa and . "I left my paternal mansion," he concluded the furies of hell had driven me forth, and d with frantic velocity I knew not whither. ve I the slightest pecollection of what I did or 'I went, until I was discovered by my brother. of trouble you with an account of mysick-bed overy, or how, long afterwards, I ventured to after the sharer of my misfortunes, and heard of life. The first thing that roused me to is; and you will hardly wonder, that, believing did beheve, I should join in those expedient syour investigation, which my brother and and a sotively commenced. The information gave them concerning the circumstances and by our private marriage enabled them to the to be noncerning the circumstances and and a sotively commenced. The information gave them concerning the circumstances and be four private marriage enabled them to the to be noncerning the circumstances and by the consequences what they may, and to de jus-tice to be honour of Eveline, whick I have early the the consequences what they may, and to de jus-tice to be honour of Eveline, whick I have early and the theory of the sume set of our private marriage enabled them to

baffle your zeal. The clergyman, therefore, and wincesses, as persons who had acted in the matter only to please the powerful heir of Glensijan, were accessible to his promises and threats, and were so provided for, that they had no objections to leave this country for another. For myself, Mr. Oldbuck," pur-sued this unhappy man, "from that moment. I considered myself as blotted out of the book of the living, and as having nothing left to do with this considered myself as blotted out of the book of the living, and as having nothing left to do with this world. My mother thed to reconcile me to life by every art—even by intimations which I.can now interpret as calculated to produce a doubt of the horrible tale she herself had fabricated. But I con-strued all she said as the fictions of maternal affection. —I will forbear all reproach—she is no more—and, as her wretched associate said, she knew not how the dart mean primer of how dean it must sink, when she her wretched associate said, she knew not how the dart was poisoned, or how deep it must sink, when she threw it from her hand. But, Mr. Oldbuck, if ever, during these twenty years, there crawled upon earth a living being deserving of your pity, I have been that man. My food has not nourished me-my aleep has not refreshed me-my devotions have not comforted man. My food has not nourished me-my alcop has not refreshed me-my devotions have not comforted me-all that is cheering and necessary to man has been to me converted into poison. The rare and limited intercourse which I have held with others has been nost odious to me. I felt as if I were bringing the contamination of unnatural and inexpressible guilt among the gay and the innocent. There have been moments when I had thoughts of another description-to plunge into the adventures of war, or to brave the dangers of the traveller in foreign and barbarous climates-to mingle in political intrgue, or to reitre to the stern seclusion of the anchorites of our religion-All these are thoughts which have alter-nately passed through my mind, but each required an energy, which was mine no longer after the withering stroke I had received. I vegetated on as I could in the same spot,-fancy, feeling, judgment, and health, gradually decaying, like a tree whose bark has been destroyed,-when first the blossoms fade, then the boughs, until its state resembles the decayed and dying trunk that is now before you. Do you now pity and forgive me?" " My lord," answered the Antiquary, much affected, "my pity-my forgiveness, you have not to ask, for your dismal story is of itself not only an ample excuse for whatever appeared mysterious in your conduct, but a narrative that might move your worst enemies (and I, my lord, was never of the number) to tears and to sympathy. But permit me to ask what you now mean to do, and why you have honoured me, whose opinion can be of little consequence, with your confidence on this occasion ?" " Mr. Oldbuck," answered the Earl, "as I could

whose opinion can be of little consequence, with your confidence on this occasion ?" "Mr. Oldbuck," answered the Earl, "as I could never, have foreseen the nature of that confession which I have heard this day, I need not say, that I had no formed plan of consulting you or any one upon affairs, the tendency of which I could not even have suspected. But I am without friends, unused to busi-ness, and, by long retirement, unacquainted alike with the laws of the land and the habits of the living gene-ation: and when, most unexpectedly. I find mwself

permitted to be suspected to avoid discovery of the yet more horrible taint to which I was made to believe it liable."

"And the memory of your mother?" "Must bear its own burden," answered the Earl, with a sigh; "better that she were justly convicted of deceit, should that be found necessary, than that others should that be tound necessary, than that others should be unjustly accused of crimes so much more dreadful."

more dreadful." "Then, my lord," said Oldbuck, "our first business must be to put the information of the old woman, Els-

"Then, my lord," said Oldbuck, "our first business must be to put the information of the old woman, Els-peth, into a regular and authenticated form." "That," said Lord Glenallan, "will be at present, I fear, impossible—She is exhausted herself, and sur-rounded by her distressed family. To-morrow, per-haps, when she is alone—and yet I doubt, from her imperfect sense of right and wrong whether she would speak out in any one's presence but my own—I too am sorely fatigued." "Then, my lord," said the Antiquary, whom the interest of the moment elevated above points of ex-pense and convenience, which had generally more than enough of weight with him, "I would propose te your lordship, instead of returning, fatigued as you are, so far as to Glenallan-bouse, or taking the more uncomfortable alternative of going to a bad inn at Fairport, to alarm all the busy bodies of the town—I for sorrow with hem affords no respite from labour, and we will visit the old woman, Elspeth, alone, and take down her examination." After a formal apology for the encroachment, Lord Glenallan agreed to go with him, and underwent with patience in their return home the whole history of John of the Girnell, a legend which Mr. Oldbuck was never known to spare any ope who crossed his thres-bold.

never known to spare any one who crossed his threshold.

never known to spare any ope who crossed his threshold. The arrival of a stranger of such note, with two sad-dle horses and a servant in black, which servant had holsters on his saddle-bow, and a coronet upon the holsters, created a general commotion in the house of Monkbarns. Jenny Rintherout, scarce recovered from the hysterics wh. is his had taken on hearing of poor Steenie's misfortune, chased about the turkeys and poultry, cackled and screamed louder than they did, and ended by killing one-half too many. Miss Gri-selda made many wise reflections on the hot-headed wilfulness of her brother, who had occasioned such a devastation, by suddenly bringing in upon them a pa-pist nobleman. And she ventured to transmit to Mr. Blattergrowl some hint of the unusual slaughter which had taken place in the basse-cour, which brought the honest clergyman to inquire how his friend Monk-barns had got home, and whether he was not the worse of being at the funeral, at a period so near the ringing of the bell for dinner, that the Antiquary had be choice left but to invite him to stay and bliess the meat. Miss M'intyre had on her part some curiosity are the work of when mill had heard a se part no choice left but to invite him to stay and bless the meat. Miss M'Intyre had on her part some curiosity to see this mighty peer, of whom all had heard, as an Eastern caliph or sultan is heard of by his subjects, and felt some degree of timidity at the idea of encoun-tering a person, of whose unsocial habits and stern manners so many stories were told, that her fear kept at least pace with her curiosity. The aged house-beeper was no less flustered and hurried in obeying the numerous and contradictory commands of her manners pace with ner curiosity and fruit the me numerous and contradictory commands of her mistress, concerning preserves, pastry, and fruit, the mode of marshalling and dishing the dinner, the ne-cessity of not permitting the melted butter to run to ell, and the danger of allowing Juno-who, though formally banished from the parlour, failed not to ma-raud about the out-settlements of the family-to enter the kitchen.

the kitchen. The only inmate of Monkbarns who remained en-trery indifferent on this momentous occasion was Hertor M Intyre, who cared no more for an Earl than he did for a commoner, and who was only interested in the unexpected visit, as it might afford some pro-toction against his uncle's displeasure, if he harboured any, for his not attending the functal, and still more against his satire upon the subject of his gallant but unsuccessful combat with the phoca, or seal.

To these, the inmates of his nonschold, Oldbuck presented the Earl of Glenallan, who underwent, with mesk and subdued civility, the prosing speeches of the meek and subdued civility, the prosing speeches of the honest divine, and the lengthened apologice of Miss Griselda Oldbuck, which her brother in vain eadea-voured to abridge. Before the dinner hour, Lord Glenallan requested permission to reture a while to his chamber. Mr. Oldbuck accompanied his guest to the chamber. Mr. Oldbuck accompanied his guest to the Green Room, which had been hastily prepared for his reception. He looked around with an air of painful recollection. "I think," at length he observed, "I think, Mr. Oldbuck, that I have been in this apartment before." "Yes, my lord," answered Oldbuck, "upon occa-sion of an excursion hither from Knock winnock-and

since we are upon a subject so melancholy, you may perhaps remember whose tasts supplied these ince from Chaucer, which now form the motio of the tapestry.

tapeatry." "I guess," said the Earl, "though I cannot recol-lect—She excelled me, indeed, in literary taste and information, as in every thing else, and it is one of he mysterious dispensations of Providence, Mr. Oldbuck, that a creature so excellent in mind and body should have been cut off in so miscrable a manner, merely from her having formed a fatal attachment to such a wretch as I am."

Wretch as I am." Mr. Oldbuck did not attempt an answer to this burst of the grief which lay ever nearest to the heart of his guest, but, pressing Lord Glenallan's hand with one for this own, and drawing the other across his shargy of his own, and drawing the other across his shargy eyelashes, as if to brush away a mist that intercepted his sight, he left the Earl at liberty to arrange himself previous to dinner.

## CHAPTER XXXV.

CHAPIER Life, with you, Glows in the brain and dances in the arteries; Tis like the wine some joyous guest half qualify, That glads the heart and elevatos the samey --Mise is the poor residurum of the cup, Vapid, and dull, and tasteless, only soiling, With its base dregs, the vessel that contarns it. Old Play

"Now only think what a man my brother is, Mr. Blattergowl, for a wise man and a learned man, so bring this Yerl into our house without speaking a sin-gle word to a body !--And there's the discress of thas Mucklobackits-we canna get a fin o' fish-and we hae nae time to send ower to Fairport for beef, and the mutton's but new killed-and that silly fisk mahoy, Jenny Rintherout, has tacn the exies, and done nae-thing but laugh and greet, the skirl at the tail o' the guffa, for twa days successfully-and now we maun ask that strange man, that's as grand and as grave as the Yerl himsell, to stand at the sideboard 1 And 1 canna gang into the kitchen to direct ony thing, for he's hovering there making some pousowdie \* for my lord, for he doesna eat like ither folk neither-And how to sort the sittange servant man at dinner time-

he is hovering there making some pousowdie \* for my lord, for he doesna cat like ither folk neither—And how to sort the strange servant man at dinner time— I am sure, Mr. Blattergowl, a'thegither, it passes my judgment." "Truly, Miss Griselda," replied the divine, "Monh-barns was inconsiderate. He should have taen a day to see the invitation, as they do wi' the titular's can descendence in the process of valuation and sela-But the great man could not have come on a surface to ony house in this parish where he could have taen that the steam from the kitchen is very gratifying a that the steam from the kitchen is very gratifying a tatend to, Mrs. Griselda, never make a stranger attend to, Mrs. Griselda, never make a stranger me—I can amuse myself very weel with the amusing folio, (the Scottish Coke upon Little Book Second, "of Teinda, or Tythes," and was p sently deeply wrapped up in an abstrase discour-tion descend, "of Teinda, or Tythes," and was p sently deeply wrapped up in an abstrase discour-tion descend, about which Miss Oidward

The entertainment, about which Miss Old expressed so much anxiety, was at length p upon the table; and the Earl of Glenalian. \* Peusowitt. Miscellaneous meas

## CHAP. XXXV

first time since the date of his calamity, sat at a stranger's board surrounded by strangers. He sound to himself like a man in a dream, or one sensed to himself like a man in a dream, or one whose brain was not fully recovered from the effects of an intoxicating potion. Relieved, as he had that morning been, from the image of guilt which had so long hunnted his imagination, he fold has sorrows as a lighter and more tolerable load, but was still unable to take any share in the conversation that persond around him. It was, indeed, of a cast very deform the bluntness of Oldbuck, the tiresome apologe-te harangues of his sister, the nedantry of the divine. The bluntness of Oldbuck, the uresome appropriate harangues of his sister, the pedantry of the divine, and the vivacity of the young soldier, which savoured make more of the camp than of the court, were all new to a nobleman who had lived in a retired and the balk state for so many years, that the mannew to a nobleman who had lived in a retired and melancholy state for so many years, that the man-mers of the world seemed to him equally strange and unpleasing. Miss M'Intyre alone, from the natural goissness and unpretending simplicity of her man-mers, appeared to belong to that class of society to which he had been accustomed in his earlier and

better days. Nor did Lord Gleuallan's deportment less surprise Nor did Lord Glenallan's deportment less surprise the company. Though a plain but excellent family-diamer was provided, (for, as Mr. Blattergowi had justly said, it was impossible to surprise Miss Griselda when her larder was empty.) and though the Anti-quary boested his best port, and assimilated it to the Falernian of Horace, Lord Glenalian was proof to the allarmonts of both. His servant placed before him a small mess of regetables, that very dish, the cooking of which had alarmed Miss Griselda, arranged with the most minute and scrupulous neat-pear. He can smaringly of these provinces : and a arranged with the most minute and scrupilous neat-ness. He cat sparingly of these provisions; and a granned pure water, sparking from the fountain head, completed his repast. Such, his servant said, had been his lordship's diet for very many yeara, unless upon the high fastivals of the Church, or when com-pany of the first rank were entertained at Glonallan-house, when he relaxed a little in the austerity of his diet, and permitted himself a glass or two of wine. Hart at Monkbarns, no anchoret' could have made a more simple and event meel

The Antiquery was a gentleman, as we have seen, in fibeling, but blant and careless in expression, from

"The Analysis a gentleman, as we have seen, in facing, but blant and careless in expression, from the habit of living with those before whom he had mathing to suppress. He attacked his noble guest without scruple on the severity of his regimen. "A few half-cold groens and potatoes—a glass of ice-cold water to wash them down—antiquity gives no warrant for it, my lord. This house used to be secounted a hospitum, a place of retreat for Chris-tians; but your lordship's diet is that of a heathen **Pythagorean**, or Indian Bramin—nay, more severe than either, if you refuse these fine apples. "I am a Catholic, you are sware," said Lord **Gienalian**, wishing to escape from the discussion. "and you know that our church"— "Lays down many rules of mortification," pro-ecoded the danntless Antiquary; "but I never heard that they were quite so rigorously practised—Bear Vortices my predecessor, John of the Girnell, or the Jotly Abbot, who gave his name to this apple, my lord." And as he pared the fruit, in spite of his sister's

Jord." And as he pared the fruit, in spite of his sister's "Oh fie, Monkbarns," and the prolonged cough of the minister, accompanied by a shake of his huge wing, the Antiquary proceeded to detail the intrigue wingch had given rise to the fame of the abbot's ap-phe with more slyness and circumstantiality than was all meccanary. His is et fas may readily be cenwith more slyness and circumstantiality than was it all accessary. His jest (as may readily be con-inved) missed fire, for this anerche of conventual all matry failed to produce the slightest smile on the integre of the Farl. Oldbuck then took up the sub-text of Oseian, Macpherson, and Mac-Cribb, but of the three, so little conversant had he been with odern literature. The conversation was now interview with the antiguary, and was ushered to his librate. Blattergowl, who had just pronounced the for-itable word, 'tend-free,' when the subject of the more face of the Revolution was started; a political event on the three target of flagging, or of falling into the hands interview with the Antiquary, and was ushered to his libraty. "I must withdraw you from your own amtable of an unhappy man. You are acquainted with the word, from which I have long been banished; for 81<sup>th</sup>

herror of a bigoted Catholic and zealous mistocrat. Oldbuck was far from carrying his detestation of its principles to such a length.

"There were many men in the first Constituent Assembly," he said, "who held sound Whiggish dortrines, and were for settling the Constitution with a proper provision for the liberties of the people. And if a set of furious madmen were now in posses-sion of the government, it was," he continued, "what sion of the government, it was," he continued, "what often happened in great revolutions, where extreme measures are adopted in the fury of the moment, and the state resembles an agitated pendulum which swings from side to side for some time ere it can acquire its due and perpendicular station. Or its might be fikened to a storm or hurricane, which, passing over a region, does great damage in its pas-ance we away a staround and unwholesome what sage, yet is seeps away stagmant and unwholesome vapours, and repays, in future health and fertility, its immediate desolation and ravage." The Earl shock his head; but having neither spirit nor inclination for debate, he suffered the argument

nor inclination for debate, he suffered the argument to pass uncontested. This discussion served to introduce the young sol-dier's experiences; and he spoke of the actions in which he had been engaged with modesty, and, at the same time, with an air of spirit and zeal which delighted the Karl, who had been bred up, like others of his house, in the opinion, that the trade of arms was the first duty of man, and believed that to em-ploy them against the French was a sort of holy warfare warfare

ploy them against the French was a sort of holy warfare. "What would I give," said he apart to Oldbuck, as they rose to join the ladies in the drawing-room, "what would I give to have a son of such spint as that young genileman!-He wants something of address and manner, something of polish, whiak mixing in good society would scon give him-but with what zeal and animation he expresses himself -how fond of his profession-how loud in the praise of others-how modest when speaking of himself?" "Hector is much obliged to you, my lord," replied his uncle, gratified, yet not so much so as to suppress the young soldier; "I believe in my heart nobody ever spoke half so much good of him before, except perhaps the seggeent of his company, when he was wheedling a Highland recruit to enlist with him. He is a good lad notwithstanding, although he be noy although my commendations rather attest the kind-ness, than the vivacity of his character. In fact, his high spirit is a sort of constitutional vehemences which attends him in every thing he sets about, and is often very inconvenient to his friends. I saw him to-day engage in an animated contest with a *phoca*, or seal, (*scalgh*, our people more properly call them, retaining the Gothic guttura! gk.) with as much vehemence as if he had fought against Du-mourier-Marry, my lord, the *phoca* had the better, as the said Dumourer had of some other folks. And. mourier-Marry, my lord, the phoca had the better, as the said Dumourier had of some other folks. And he'll talk with equal if not superior rapture of the good behaviour of a pointer bitch, as of the plan of a

"He shall have full permission to sport over my grounds," said the Earl, "if he is so fond of that exercise."

You will bind him to you, my lord," said Monk-ns, "body and soal; give him leave to crack off barns, harms, "body and sour, give him leave to clack our his birding-piece at a poor covey of partridges or moor-fowl, and he's yours for ever. I will enchant him by the intelligence. But O, my lord, that you could have seen ny phænix Lovel!-the very prince and chieftain of the youth of this age; and not des-

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quary, "what this matter?

this matter?" "I wish most especially," answered Lord Glen-allan, "to declare my luckless matriage, and to vin-dicate the reputation of the unhappy Eveline; that is, if you see a possibility of doing so without making public the conduct of my mother." "Suum cuique tribuito," said the Antiquary, "do right to every one. The memory of that unhappy young lady hus too long suffered, and I think it might be cleared without further impeaching that of your mother. In by letting it be understood in

your mother, than by letting it be understood in general that she greatly disapproved and bitterly op-posed the match. All-forgive me, my lord-all who ever heard of the late Countess of Glenallan, will searn that without much surprise."

ever heard of the late Countess of Glenallan, will ever heard of the late Countess of Glenallan, will "But you forget one horrible circumstance, Mr. Oldbuck," said the Earl, in an agitated voice. "I am not aware of it," replied the Antiquary. "The fate of the infant-its disappearance with the confidential attendant of my mother, and the dreadful surmises which may be drawn from my conversation with Elspeth." "If you would have my free opinion, my lord," answered Mr. Oldbuck, "and will not catch too rapidly at it as matter of hope, I would say, that it is very possible the child yet lives. For thus much I accrtained, by my former inquiries concerning the event of that deplorable evening, that a child and woman were carriage and four by your bro-ther Edward Geraldin Neville, whose journey towards England with these companions I traced for several stages. I believed then it was a part of the family compact to carry a child whom you meant to stig-matize with illegitimacy, out of that country, where chance might have raised protectors and proofs of its rights. But I now think that your brother, having reason, like yourself, to believe the child stained with ahame yet more indelible, had nevertheless with drawn it, partly from regard to the honour of his house, party from the risk to which it might have glenallan." As he spoke, the Earl of Glenallan grew extremely pale, and had nearly fallen from his chair.

As he spoke, the Earl of Glenallan grew extremely pale, and had nearly fallen from his chair. The alarmed Antiquary raz hither and thither looking for alarmed Antiquary raz hither and thither looking for rennedies; but his museum, though sufficiently well filled with a vast variety of useless matters, contained nothing that could be serviceable on the present or any other occasion. As he posted out of the room to borrow his sister's salts, he could not help giving a constitutional growl of chagrin and wonder at the various incidents which had converted his mansion, first into a hospital for a wounded duellist, and now into the sick chamber of a dying nobleman. "And yet," said he, "I have always kept algof from the soldiery and the peerage. My canobitium has only next to be made a lying-in hospital; and then, I trow, the transformation will be complete." When he returned with the remedy, Lord Glen-allan was much better. The new and unexpected light which Mr. Oldbuck had thrown upon the melancholy history of his family had almost over-you are capable of thinking, which I am not,—you uhink, then, that it is possible—that is, not impos-sible—my child may yet live?" "I think," said the Antiquary, "it is impossible that it could come to any violent harm through your brother's means. He was known to be a gay and dissipated man, but not cruel nor dishonourable,— nor is it possible, thay if he had intended any foul play, he would have placed himself so forward in the charge of the infant, as I will prove to your lordship be did." remedies; but his museum, though sufficiently well

So saying, Mr. Oldbuck opened a drawer of the cabinet of his ancestor, Aldobrand, and produced a bundle of papers used with a black riband, and label-lon, Kxanunations, &c. taken by Jonathan Oldbuck,

Gknallan-house has been to me rather a prison than | J. P. upon the 18th of Pebruary, 17-; a little under a dwolling, although a prison which I had neither fortitude nor spirit to break from." "Lot me first ask your lordship," said the Anti-thers dropped fast from the Earl's eyes, as he endes-toured, in vain, to unfasten the knot which secured these documents. "How matter?"

these documents. "Your lordship," said Mr. Oldbuck, "had better not read these at present. Agitated as you are, and having, much business before you, you must not exhaust your strength. Your brother's succession is now, I presume, your own, and it will be easy for you to make inquiry among his servants and retain-ers, so as to hear where the child is, if, fortunately, it shall be still alive."

'I dare hardly hope it," said the Earl, with a deep h-"" why should my brother have been size to sigh—'

sugh—" why should my brother have been sike to me?". " "Nay, my lord! why should he have communi-cated to your lordship the existence of a being, whom you must have supposed the offspring of "\_\_\_\_\_"

"Most true-there is an obvious and a kind reason tor his being silent. If any thing, indeed, could have added to the horror of the ghastly dream that has addition the solution of the gradety dream that have been the knowledge that such a child of misery existed." "Then," continued the Antiquary, "although it would be rash to conclude, at the distance of more

would be rash to conclude, at the distance of more than twenty years, that your son must needs be still alive, because he was not destroyed in infancy, I own I think you should instantly set on foot inquires." "It shall be done," replied Lord Glenallan, catch-ing eagerly at the hope held out to him, the first he had nourished for many years; "I will write to a faithful steward of my father, who acted in the same capacity under my brother Neville-bat, Mr. Old-buck, I am not my brother's heir."

"Indeed I-I am not my brother's her." "Indeed I-I am sorry for that, my lord-it is a noble estate, and the ruins of the old cante of Ne-ville's Burgh alone, which are the most superb relies of Anglo-Norman architecture in that part of the country, are a possession much to be covered. I thought your father had no other son or near reli-tive "

country, are a present in the son or near rela-tive." "He had not, Mr. Oldbuck." replied Lord Gim-illan; "but my brother adopted views in politica, and a form of religion, alian from those which had been always held by our house. Our tempers had long differed, nor did my unhappy mother always think him sufficiently observant to her. In short, there was a family quartel, and my brother, whose property was at his own free disposal, availed himself of the power vested in him to choose a strange for his heir. It is a matter which never struck me as being of the least consequence; for, if worldy possessions could alleviate misery. I have enough and to spare. But now I shall regret it, if it throws any difficulty if the way of our inquiries-rand I bethink me that it may; for, in case of my having a leavial con of my body, and my brother dying, without issue, my father's possessions stood entailed upon my son. It is not, therefore, likely that this heir, be who be may, will afford us assistance in making a discovery which may um out so much to his own prejudice."

may turn out so much to his own prejudice." "And in all probability the steward your land ship mentions is also in his service," said the Ann

"It is most likely; and the man being a Prime tant-how far it is safe to intrust him" "I should hope, my lord," said Oldbuck, gravel may be as trustworthy as a G

"I should hope, my lord," said Oldbuck, graved, "that a Protestant may be as trustworthy as a Ca tholic. I am doubly interested in the Protestand faith, my lord. My ancestor, Aldobrand Oldenbuck printed the celebrated Confession of Augsburg, as can show by the original edition now in this house, "I have not the least doubt of what you say," Oldbuck," replied the Earl, "nor do I speak batt bigotry or intolerance; but probably the Protestant steward will favour the Protestant heir rather the the Catholic—if, indeed, my son has been bored in father's faith—or, alas! if indeed he yet lives." "We must look close into this," said Oldbur "before committing ourselves. I have a liter on the subject of the Saxon horn that is present in the Minster thera; we interchanged letters for

## Chur. XXXVI.]

THE ANTI rears, and have only as yet been able to settle the first line of the inscription. I will write forthwith to this gentleman, Dr. Dryasdust, and be particular in my inquiries concerning the character, &c. of your by ther's heir, of the gentleman employed in his affairs, and what else may be likely to further your by ther's heir, of the gentleman employed in his affairs, and what else may be likely to further your by the can still be recovered ?" "Unquestionably," replied the Earl; "the with research are still living. My tutor, who solemnized the marriage, was provided for by a living in France, and has lately returned to this country as an emi-grant, a victim of his zeal for loyalty, legitimacy, and religion."

grant, a victum of his zeal for loyalty, legitimacy, and religion." "That's one lucky consequence of the French Revolution, my lord-you must allow that, at least." said Oldbuck; "but no officace, I will act as warmly in your affairs as if I were of your own faith in poli-tics and religion. And take my advice—if you want an affair of consequence properly managed, put it-into the hands of an antiquary; for, as they are eter-nally exercising their genues and research upon triftes, it is impossible they can be baffled in affairs of im-portance—use makes perfect; and the corps that is most frequently drilled upon the parade, will be most prompt in its exercise upon the day of battle. And, talking upon that subject, I would willingly read to your lordship, in order to pass away the time betwixt this and supper"— "I beg J may not interfere with family arrange-menta," said Lord Glenallan, "but I never taste any thing after sunset." "Nor I either, my lord," answered his host, " not-withstanding it is said to have been the custom of the ancients—but then I dine differently from your orthin, and therefore an better enabled to dispense with those elaborate entertainments which my wo-

(ardship, and therefore an better enabled to dispense with those elaborate entertainments which my wo-mankind (that is, my sister and nicce, my lord) are apt to place on the table, for the display rather of their own housewifery than the accommodation of our wants. However, a broiled bone, or a smokked haddock, or an oyster, or a alice of bacon of our own curing, with a toast and a tankard—or something or other of that sort, to close the orifice of the stomach before going to bed, does not fall under my restric-tion, nor, I hope, under your lordship s." "My no-supper is literal, Mr. Oldbuck; but I will attend you at your meal with pleasure." "Woll, my lord," replied the Antiquary, "I will emideavour to entertain your ears at least, since I can-not banguet your plates. What I ern about to read to your fordship relates to the upland glens." Lord Glenallan, though he would rather have re-curred to the subject of his own uncertainties, was compelled to make a sign of rueful civility and acqui-sore.

CEBCE

The Antiquary, therefore, took out his portfolio of loose sheets, and, after premising that the topogra-phical details here laid down were designed to illusphical details here lad down were designed to illus-trate a slight essay upon castrametation, which had been read with indulgence at several societies of An-tiquaries, he commenced as follows: "The subject, mpy lord, is the hill-fort of Quickens-bog, with the site of which your lordship is doubtless familiar: It is moon your store-farm of Mantanner, in the barony of Clochnaben." "I think I have heard the names of these places," "I think I have heard the names of these places,"

"I think I have heard the memes of these places," "Heard the name? and the farm brings him six standard a year.—O Lord." Such was the scarce subdued ejaculation of the standard. But his hospitality got the better of his supprise, and he proceeded to read his essay with an endible voice, in great giee at having secured a standard, as he fondly hoped, an interested агет.

• Cuickens-bog may at first seem to derive its • Cuickens-bog may at first seem to derive its • cuickens by which, Scottice, • understand couch-grass, dog-grass, or the Tri-• cuickense repeas of Linnæus; and the common English • cuickense repease of Linnæus; and the common English • cuickense repease of Linnæus; and the common English • cuickense repease of Linnæus; and the cuickense of Linnæus; • cuickense repease of Linnæus; and the cuickense of Linnæus; • cuickense repease of Linnæus; and the cuickense of Linnæus; • cuickense repease of Linnæus; and the cuickense of Linnæus; • cuickense repease of Linnæus; • cuickense of L

it may confound the rash adopters of the more obvi-ous etymological derivations, to learn, that the couchgrass or dog-grass, or, to speak scientifically, the *irticum repens* of Linnæus, does not grow within a quarter of a mile of this castrum or hill-fort, whose ramparts are uniformly clothed with short verdant ramparts are uniformly clothed with short verdant turf; and that we must seek a bog or pains at a still greater distance, the nearest being that of Gird-the-mear, a full half-mile distant. The last syllable, beg, is obviously, therefore, a mere corruption of the Saxon Burgh, which we find in the various trans-mutations of Burgh, Burrow, Brough, Bruf, Buf, and Boff, which last approaches very near the sound in question-since, supposing the word to have been originally borgh, which is the genuine Saxon spelling, a slight change, such as modern or create to often a slight change, such as modern organs too often make upon ancient sounds, will produce first Bogh and then, else H, or compromising and sinking the guttural, agreeable to the common vernaculit pra-tice, you have either Boff or Bog as it happens. The word Quickens requires in like manner to be altered, Lice, you have either Bog or Bog as it nappens. The word Quickens requires in like manner to be altered, -decomposed, as it were, -and reduced to its origi-nal and genuine sound, ere we can discern its real meaning. By the ordinary exchange of the Qu into Wh, familiar to the rudget tyro who has opened a book of old Scottish poetry, we gain either Whil-kens, or Whichensborgh--put, we may suppose, by way of question, as if those who imposed the name, struck with the extreme antiquity of the place, had expressed in it an interrogation, 'To whom did this fortness belong?-Or, it might be Whackens-burgh, from the Saxon Whacken, to strike with the hand, as doubtless the skirmishes near a place of such apparent consequence must have legiumated such a derivation," &c. &c. &c. I will be more merciful to my readers than.Old-buck was to his guest; for, considering his opportu-nities of gaining patient attention from a person of such consequence as Lord Glenallan were not many, he used, or rather abused, the present to the utter-most.

most.

## CHAPTER XXXVI.

Crabbed are and youth Cannot five together :--Youth is full of care : Are is full of care : Youth like summer morn, Are like winter weather Youth like summer have, Are like winter bare.

#### SHARSPEARE

In the morning of the following day, the Anti-quary, who was something of a sluggard, was sum-moned from his bed a full hour earlier than his cus-

Moned from his bed a full nour earlier that his com-tom by Caxon. "What's the matter now?" he exclaimed, yawn-ing and stretching forth his hand to the huge gold repeater, which, bedded upon his India alla hand-kerchief, was laid safe by his pillow—"What's the matter now, Caxon ?—it can't be eight o'clock

"Na, sir,—but my lord's man sought me out, for he fancies me your honour's valley-de-sham,— and sae I alm, there's nae doubt o't, baith your ho-and sae I alm, there's nae doubt o't, baith your hoand see 1 am, there's nae doubt o't, baith your ho-nour's and the minister's-at least ye hae nae other that I ken o'-and I gie a help to Sir Arthur too, bui that's mair in the way o' my profession." "Well, well-never mind that," said the Anti-quary, "happy is he that is his own valley-de-sham, as you call it-but why disturb my morning's rest?"

""Ou, sir, the great man's been up since peep of day, and he's steered the town to get awa an express to fetch his carriage, and it will be here briefly, and he wad like to see your honour afore he gaas awa."

and no was have we see you have these great men awa." "Gadso !" ejaculated Oldbuck, "these great men property. Well, it's once and away.—Has Jenny come to her senees yet, Caxon " "Troth, sir, but just middling," replied the bar-ber; "she's been in a swither about the jocolate this morning, and was like to has toomed it a' out

into the slap-bason, and drank it hersell in her ecsta-size-bat she's won ower wi't, wi' the help o' Mise Mintyre."

"Then all my womankind are on foot and scram-

"Then all my womankind are on foot and scram-bling, and I must enjoy my quiet bed no longer, if I would have a well-regulated house-Lend me my gown.—And what are the news at Fairport?" "Ou, sir, what can they be about but this grand mews o' my lord," answered the old man; "that hasna been ower the door-stane they threep to me, for this twenty years—this grand news of his coming to visit your honour?" "Aha!" said Monkbarns, " and what do they say of thet Cayon?"

for this twenty years this grand news of his coming to visit your honour i" "Aha !" said Monkbarns, " and what do they say ef that, Caxon 7" ""Deed, sir, they has various opinions. Thas fal-lows that afe the democraws, as they ca' them, that are again' the king and the law, and hair pow-der and dressing o' gentlemen's wigs - a wheen black-guards—they say he's come down to speak wi' your bonour about bringing doun his hill lads and High-lend tenantry to break up the meetings of the Friends o' the People- and when I said your ho-nour never meddled wi' the like o' sic things where there was like to be straiks and bloodshed, they said if ye didna, your nevoy did, and that he was weel kend to be a kingsman that wad fight knee-deep, and that ye were the head and he was the hand, and that the Yerl was to bring out the men and the siller." "Come." said the Antiquary, laughing, "I am glad the war is to cost me nothing but counsel." "Na, na," said Caxon, " naebody thinks your monour wad either fight yoursel, or gie ony fock o' siller to ony side o' the question." "Umph ! well, that's the opinion of the demo-grave, as you call them—What say the rest of Fair-port." "In troth," said the candid reporter, "I canna say it's muckle better—Captain Coquet, of the volunteers

"In troth," said the candid reporter, "I canna say it's muckle better—Captain Couet, of the volunteers, --that's him that's to be the new collector, --and some of the other gentlemen of the Blue and a Blue

-that's him that's to be the new collector, -and some of the other gentlemen of the Blue and 'a' Blue Club, are just saying it's no right to let papists, that has sae mony French friends as the Yerl of Glenal-ian, gang through the country, and-but your honour will maybe be angry?" "Not I, Caxon, "said Oldbück.—"fire away as if you were Captain Coquet's whole platoon, --I can stand it." "Weel, then, they say, sir, that as ye didna encou-rage the petition about the peace, and wadna petition in favour of the new tax, and as ye were again bring-ing in the yeomanry at the meal mob, but just for settling the folk wi' the constables-they say ye're no a gude friend to government; and that thas ext o' meetings between sic a powerfu' man as the Yerl, and sic a wise man as you,--odd, they think they suld be lookit after, and some say ye should baith be shankit aff till Edinburgh Castle." "On my word," said the Antiquary, "I am infi-mitely obliged to my neighbours for ther good opinion of me! And so, I, that have never interfered with their bickerings, but to recommend quiet and mode-rate measures, am given up on both sides as a man very likely to commit high treason, either against King or People ?-Give me my coat, Caxon., -give me my coat-It's lucky I live not in their report.— Have you heard any thing of Taffiril and his vescel ?" Caxon's countenance [61.—"Na, sir, and the winds hae been high, and this is a fearfu' const to cruise on in thae eastern gales,—the headlands rin sae far out, that a veshell's embayed afore I could

winds has been high, and this is a fearfu' coast to cruise on in thas eastern gales,—the headlands rin mae far out, that a veshell's embayed afore I could sharp a razor; and then there's nae harbour or city of refuge on our coast, a' craigs and breakers. A veshell that rins ashore wt' us fices asunder like the powther when I shake the pluff—and it's as il to gather ony o' again.—I aye tell my daughter thas then she grows wearied for a letter frac Lieu-tenant Tafriti—Its aye an apology for him.—Ye suld na blame him, says I, hinnie, for ye little ken what thay has happened." "Ay, ay, Caxon, thou art as xood a comforter as

cher is the maist fashionable overlay, and that stoke belang to your honour and me, that are auld-wink folk.—I beg pardon for mentioning us twa thegenber, but it was what he said." "The Captam's a puppy, and you are a goog; Capon"

Caxon.

"Its very like it may be sae," replied the scraiss-cent barber,—"I am sure your honour kens best." Before breakfast, Lord Glenallan, who appeared in better spirits than he had evinced in the former evening, went particularly through the various circum-stances of evidence which the exertions of Okhark stances of evidence which the exertions of Othersh had formerly collected; and pointing out the means which he possessed of completing the proof of his marriage, expressed his resolution instantly is go through the painful task of collecting and resumg the evidence concerning the birth of Eveline Neulle, which Elspeth had stated to be in his mother's pe-

which Elspein han stated to be a seed. "And yet, Mr. Oldbuck," he said, "I feel like a man who receives important tidings are he is yet fully awake, and doubt whether they refer to actual life, or are not rather a continuation of his dream. This woman, -this Elspein, -she is in the extremity of age, and approaching in many respects to dorage. Have I not, -it is a hideous question, -have I not been hasty in the admission of her present evidence, against that which she formerly gave me to a very-very different purpose?"

against that which she formerly gave us a very — very different purpose?" Mr. Oldbuck paused a moment, and then answered with firmness—"No, my lord, I cannot think you have any reason to suspect the truth of what she has have any reason to suspect the truth of what she has have any reason to suspect the truth of what she has told you last, from no apparent impulse but the up-gency of conscience. Her confersion was voluntary, disinterested, distinct, consistent with itself, and with all the other known circumstances of the case. I would lose no time, however, in examining and up-red, and I also think her own statement should be taken down, if possible, in a formal manner. We thought of setting about this together. But it will be a relief to your lordship, and, moreover, have a more impartial appearance, were I to attempt di investigation alone, in the capacity of a magistras. I will do this, at least I will attempt it, so soon at I shall see her in a favourable state of mind to under-go an examination." go an examination.

Lord Glenalian wrung the Antiquery's hand in token of grateful acquiescence. "I cannot express to you," he said, "Mr. Oldbuck, how much your countenance and co-operation in this dark and most relation of the second charge of your duty as a magistrate, and as a friend to the memory of the unfortunate. Whatever the

charge of your duty as a magistrate, and as a fixed to the memory of the unfortunate. Whatever the issue of these matters may prove,—and I would him hope there is a dawn breaking on the fortunes of my house, though I shall not live to enjoy its light,—he whatsoever be the issue, you have laid my tank and me under the most lasting obligation." "My lord," answered the Antiquery, "I ment mater sarily have the greatest respect for your lordhigh family, which I am well aware is one of the mat ancient in Scotland, being certainly derived have and in the reign of Alexander II., and who, by the is youched, yet plausible tradition of the country. Clochnaben.—Yet, with all my veneration for ancient descent, I must acknowledge that I find self still more bound to give your lordship what an self still more bound to give your lordship what powther when I shake the pluff-and it's as ill to gather ony o't again.—I aye tell my daughter thas thange when she grows wearied for a letter fracLieu-tenant Tafiril—Its aye an apology for him—Ye suid na blame him, says I, hinne, for ye little ken what may hae happened." "Ay, ay, Caxon, thou art as good a comforter as a valet-de-chambre.—Give me a white stock, man,— d'ye think I con go down with a handkerchief about say neck when I have company?" "Bear sir, the Captain says a three-nookit hanker-

But this was a o part of Lord Glanellan's system : while saluted the company with the grave and mel-boby politeness which distinguished his manners, servant placed before him a slice of coasted bread, with a glass of fair water, being the fare on which he mully broke his fast. While the morning's meal of the young soldier and the old Antiquary was dis-particled in a much more substantial manner, the man of wheels was heard.

"Your lordship's carriage, Ibelieve," said Oldbuck, tapping to the window. "On my word, a hand-one Quadrigs, for such, according to the best facture, was the row signate of the Romans for a haring which, like that of your lordship, was drawn "four horse". r four horses

four hores." "And I will venture to say," cried Hector, eagerly grzing from the window, "that four handsomer or better-matched bays never were put in harness..... What fine fore-hands I-what capital chargers they would make I-Might I ank if they are of your lord-ship's own breeding ?" "I-I-resther believe so," mid Lord Glenallan; "but I have been so negligent of my domestic mat-bert, that I am ashamed to say I must apply to Cal-vert" (looking at the domestic.)

wert, i have obsen so neinigent of any domestic mat-bers, the I am ashamed to easy I must apply to Cal-vert" (looking at the domestic.) "They are of your lordship's own breeding," end Calvert, "got by Mad Tom out of Jemima and Yari-es, your lordship's brood mares." "Are there more of the set " said Lord Glenallan.

"Two, my lord, one rising four, the other five off

Then let Dewkins bring them downs to Monk-wrms to-morrow," said the Earl---"I hope Captain Ministro will accept them, if they are at all fit for

Gastain M'Intyre's eyes sparkled, and he was pro-fuse it grateful acknowledgments; while Oldbuck, on the other hand, seizing the Farl's slower, endewoured the intercept a present which boded no good to his entra-chest and hay-loft. "My lord—my lord—much obligad—much obligad— Mat Hection is a pedestristo, and never mounts on besteback in battle—he is a Highland soldier, more-ower, and his disse ill adapted for cavalry service. Even Macpherson never mounted his assessors on horrseback, though he has the impudence to talk of their being car-borns—aud that, my lord, is what is thermating in Hoctor's head—it is the vahicular, not the squarting in Hoctor's head—it is the vahicular, not the

# " Sent quos curriculo pulverem Olympice Collegine juvat."

The modelle is running on a carriele, which he has without mothey to buy, nor skill to drive if he had it ; and I assure your lordship, that the possession of two much quadrupeds would prove a greater scrape than any of his dusts, whether with human foe or with my right the phoce."

"You wont command as all at present, Mr. Old-bruck," and the Earl politely, "but I trust you will not ultimemedly prevent my gratifying my young friend in prese way that may afford him pleasure?" "Any thing useful, my lord," and Oldbuck, "but no. provide the might as rationally propose

Pressure a protect he might as rationally propose keep a quadriga at once- And now I think of it, but is directed by the second for it." "After any said bloctor rather sitking, for he was pressed by his under anterference to pre-the Kerl's intended generosity, nor particularly termine big while a character or the most form. or his skill as a charioteer, or the mortifying d the seal

and the sel. and the sel. an elicit, or " scheet the Antiquary, in answer to have been information. "And pray, what may be beasing ease with a post-chaise? -- is this opiendich as -- this bigs, as ] may call it-to serve for an be tiors to a quadrigs or a curriculant?" be serve you such a passific explanation, I am to F a report on a little humnest. as serve open on a little humnest. as serve open on a little humnest.

yeas permit me to inquire into the nature of w which who

loved the exarcise of a little brief anthenity over his relative—"I should suppose any regimental affairs might be transacted by your worthy deputy the ser-geant,—an honest gentleman, who is co good as to make Monkbarrs his home since his arrival amoug us—I should, I say, suppose that he may transact any business of yours, without your spending a day's pay on two dog-horses, and such a combination of rotten wood, cracked glass, and leather—such a skeleton of a post-chaise, as that before the door." "It is not regimental business, air, that calls mea

"It is not regimental business, air, that calls mes and, since you maint upon knowing, I must inform you, Caxoa has brought word this morning that old and, since you arought word this morning that our Ochiltree, the beggar, is to be brought up for examina-tion to-day, previous to his being committed for trials and I am going to see that the poor old fallow gets fair play—that's all." "Ay?—I heard comething of this, but could not think it senous. And pray, Captain Hector, who are think it senous. And pray, Captain Hector, who are

total bot services. And pray, Captain Hector, who are so ready to be every man's second on all occasions of strife, civil or military, by land, by water, or on the senset, what is your especial concern with old Edie Ochiltree?"

"He was a soldier in my father's company, sir," replied Hertor; "and besides, when I was about to do a very faolish thing one day, he interfered to pre-

vont ms, and gave me almost as much good advice, sit, as you could have done yourself." "And with the same good effect, I dare be sworn, for it—Eh, Hector?—Come, confess it was thrown

away." "Indeed it was, sir; but I see no reason that my folly should make me less grateful for his intended

folly should make the less grateful ar the interest "Brave, Hector ! that's the most sanshle thing I ever heard you say-but always tell me your plans without reserve -why, I will go with you myself, man -I am sure the old fellow is not guilty, and I will as-sist him in such a scrape much more effectually than you can do. Resides, it will save the half-arguings, my lad, a consideration which I heartily pray you to, here more frequently before your syes."

my lad, a consideration which I heartily pray yes to have more frequently before your eves." Lord Glenallan's politences had induced him to turn away and talk with the ladies, when the dispute be-tween the uncle and nephew appeared to grow rather too animated to be fit for the ear of a stranger, but the Earl mingled again in the conversation when the pla-cable tone of the Antiquary expressed anity. Having received a brief account of the mendicant, and of the accusation brought against him, which Oldbuck did not heritate to ascimbe to the malice of Doustenswirkel, Lord Glenallan asked, whether the individual in guas-tion had not been a soldier formarly ?--He was.an-swered in the affirmative.

wered in the affirmative. "Had he not," continu whered in the affirzative. "Had he met," continued his lordship, "a coarse blue coat, or gown, with a badge ?--Was he not a tall, striking-looking eld man, with gray beard and hair, who kept his bedy remarkably erect, and talked with an air of ease and independence, which formed a strong contrast to his prefersion?" "All this is an exact picture of the man," returned

Oldhuck.

Oldhuck. "Why, then," continued Lord Glenallan, "although I feas I can be of no use to him in his present curdi-tion, yet I dwe him a debt of gratitude for being the first person who brought me some tidings of the ut-most importance. I would willingly offer him a place of comfortable retirement, when he is extricated from his present situation."

"I fear, my lord," said Oldbuck, "he would have "I fear, my lord," said Oldbuck, "he would have difficulty in reconciling his vagrant habits to the ac-ceptance of your bounty, at least I know the experi-ment has been tried without effect. To beg from the ment mes teen used without suffer. To beginder a public at large he considers as independence, in com-parison to drawing his whole support from the bounty of an individual. He is so far a true philosopher, as to be a consentant of all oximary rules of hours and times. When he is hunter he can use the structure he drives We a contemmer of all ordinary pulsaot hours and impac-When he is hungry he eats; when thirsty he drinkes, when weary he steeps; and with such indifference with respect to the means and appliances about which we make a fues, that, I appore, he was never ill duad or ill butwad m his idie. Then he is, to a certain extent the oracle of the district through which he travels-their generalogue, their accession, their unstar of the

21

revels, their doctor at a pinch, or their divine—I pro-mise you he has too many duties, and is too zealous in performing them, to be easily brided to abandon his calling. But I should be truly sorry if they sent the poor light-hearted old man to lie for weeks in a full. I am convinced the confinement would break his heart."

Thus finished the conference. Lord Glenalian, having taken leave of the ladies, renewed his offer to Captain M'Intyre of the freedom of his manors for

Captain M'Intyre of the freedom of his manors for sporting, which was joyously accepted. "I can only add," he said, "that if your soirits are not liable to be damped by dull company, Glenallan-bouse is at all times open to you—On two days of the week, Friday and Saturday, I keep my apartment, which will be rather a relief to you, as you will be left to enjoy the society of my almoner, Mr. Gladsmoor, who is a scholar and a man of the world." Hector, his heart exulting at the thoughts of ranging through the preserves of Glenallan-house, and over the well converted moore of Clexbasher nav. joy of

Hector, his heart exulting at the thoughts of ranging through the preserves of Glenallan-house, and over the well-protected moors of Clochnaben, nay, joy of joys, the deer-forest of Strath-Bonnel, made many acknowledgments of the honour and gratitude he felt. Mr. Oldbuck was sensible of the Earl's attention to his nephew; Miss M'Intyre was pleased because her brother was gratified; and Miss Griselda Oldbuck looked forward with glee to the potting of whole bags of moor-fowl and black game, of which Mr. Blatter-gowl was a professed admirer. Thus,-which is al-ways the case when a man of rank leaves a private family where he has studied to appear obliging, -all were ready to open in praise of the Earl as soon as he had taken his leave, and was wheeled off in his chariot by the four admired bays. But the panegyric was cut short, for Oldbuck and his nephew deposited them-selves in the Fairport hack, which, with one horse truting, and the other urged to a canter, creaked, jingled, and hobbled towards that celebrated seaport, in a manner that formed a strong contrast to the ra-sidity and smoothness with which Lord Glenallan's equipage had seemed to vanish from their eyes.

#### CHAPTER XXXVII

Yns i Hove justice well-as well as you do-But since the good dame's blind, she shall excuse me If, time and reason fitting, I prove dunb ;-The breath i utter now shall be no means To take aw of from me my breath in future.

une. Old Play.

By dint of charity from the town's people, in aid of the load of provisions he had brought with him into durance, Edie Ochiltree had passed a day or two's con-finement without much impatience, regretting his want of freedom the less, as the weather proved

"The prison," he said, "wasna sae dooms bad a place as it was ca'd. Ye had aye a good roaf ower your head to fend aff the weather, and, if the win-dows werens glazed, it was the mair airy and place and for the survey encours and the mair follows ent for the summer season. And there were folk enow to crack wi, and he had bread eneugh to eat, and what need he fash himsell about the rest o't !"

The courage of our philosophical mendicant began, however, to abate, when the sunbeams shone fair on the rusty bars of his grated dungson, and a miserable linnet, whose cage some poor debtor had obtained per-mission to attach to the window, began to greet them with his whistle.

with his whistle. "Ye're in better apirits than I am," and Edie, ad-dreasing the bird, "for I can neither whistle nor sing for thinking o' the bonnie burnaides and green shaws that I should hae been dandering beside in weather like thia.—But hae, there's some crumbs t'ye, an ye are see merry; and troth ye bas some reason to sing an ye kent it, for your cage comes by mae faut o' your am, and I may thank mysell that I am closed up in this weary place."

Ochiltree's soliloouy was disturbed by a peace-of-Uchiltree's solidouty was disturbed by a peace-of- foome in on me that gatt mether." frate. So he set forth in awful procession between two poor creatures, neither of them so stout as he was two poor creatures, neither of them so stout as he was himself, to be conducted into the presence of inquisiti-ward justice. The people, as the aged prisoner was hed I'se do that without loss o' time.—Sae, beighber

along by his decrepit guards, exclaimed to each other, "Fh! see sic a gray-haired man as this is, to have committed a high way robbery, wil as fit in the grave? And the children congratulated the officers, objects of their alternate dread and sport, Puggie Orrock and Jock Ormston, on having a prisoner as old as themselves

Thus marshalled forward, Edie was presented (by no means for the first time) before the worshipful Bailie Littlejohn, who, contrary to what his neme expressed, was a tall portly magistrate, on whom com-poration crusts had not been conferred in vain. He was a zealous loyalist of that zealous time, a mewhat

porsion crusts and not been contributing in value. He was a zealous loyalist of that zealous time, sumwhat rigorous and peremptory in the execution of hisduy, and a good deal inflated with the sense of hisduy, power and importance, otherwise an hones, wel-ineaning, and useful citizen. "Bring him in, bring him in ?" he exclaimed; "upon my word these are awful and unnatural times —the very bedeenen and retainers of his majesty su the first to break his laws—Here has been an old Blue Gown committing robbery ! I supp se the next will reward the royal charity, which supplies h.m with he garb, pension, and begging license, by engaging in high-treason, or sedition at least—But bring him in. Rdie made his obeisance, and then stood, as usual, firm and erect, with the side of his face turned a bittee upward, as if to catch every word which the magis-trate might address to him. To the first general questions, which respected only his neme and calling, the mendicant answered with radiness and accu-ricy; but when the magistrate, having caused his

Trate might address to hm. To the first general questions, which respected only his name and calling, the mendicant answered with radiness and acarracy; but when the magistrate, having caused his clerk to take down these particulars, began to inquire whereabout the mendicant was on the night when Dousterswivel met with his misfortune, Edie demared to the motion. "Can ye tell me now, Bails, you that understands the law, what gude will it does to answer ony o' your questions ?" "Good? no good certainly, my friend, except that giving a true account of yourself, if you are innocal, may entitle me to set you at liberty." "But it seems mair reasonable to me, now, that you, Bailie, or ony body that has ony thing to wy reastnet me, should prove my guilt; and no to be builting ne prove my innocence." "I don't sit here," answered the magistrate, "so dispute points of law with you. I ask yoe, if you ero answer my question, whether you were at Ringan Aik wood the forester's, upon the day I have specified?" "Weath, sir, I dinna feel myself called on to remember," replied the cautious bedesman." "Or whether, in the course of that day or might," continued the magistrate, "you saw Steven, or Steven in Mucklebackit?-you knew him, i suppore?" "Brawie did I ken Steenie, puir fallow," replied the prisoner—"but I canna condeshead as any particular time I have seen him lately." "Were you at the runns of St. Ruth any time in the course of that evening?" "Write down," said the mendicant, "if it is your honour's pleasure, we'll cut a lang take that and 'll just tell ye, I am no minded to answer and the acalities, in a more superised to answer all interrogetories, in respectively and the magistrate, "I have been index on mode to answer and the interview of the a tent and the magistrate, "I have been index on minded to answer and the magistrate, "I have been index on the set of the a motor superised in a 'my memory and practice, I never as a my memory and practice, I never as a my motor of my answer—but I just meant to any mean of the in

"Na, na, Bailie," reiterated Edie, "ye as some in on me that gait neither."

THE ANTI may just write down, that Edie Ochiltree, the decla-rant, stands up for the liberty-may I maunna say that heither—I am nae liberty-boy—I hae fought again' them in the riots in Dubln—bcsides, I have ate the king's bread mony a day.—Stay, let me see—Ay-write that Edie Ochiltree, the Blue-Gown, stands up for the prerogative—(see that ye spell that word right —it's a lang ane)—for the prerogative of the subjects of the land, and winna answer a single word that sall be asked at him this day, unless he sees a reason for t.—Put down that, young man." "Then, Edic," said the magistrate, " since you will give me no information on the subject. I must send you back to prison till you shall be delivered in due course of law." "Aweel, sir, if it's Heaven's will and man's will,

course of law." "Aweel, sir, if it's Heaven's will and man's will, "aweel, sir, if it's Heaven's will and man's will, "I has note great objection to the prison, only that a 'ody canna win out o't; and if it wad please you as weel, Balie, I wad gie you my word to appear afore the Lords at the Circuit, or in ony other court ye like, on ony day ye are pleased to appoint." "I rather think, my good friend," answered Bailie Littlejohn, "your word might be a stender security where your neck may be in some danger. I am apt to think yon would suffer the pledge to be forficited. If you could give me sufficient security. indeed".

where your neck may be in some danger. I am apt to think you would suffer the pledge to be forficited. If you could give me sufficient security, indeed"— At this moment the Antiquary and Captain M'In-tyre entered the apartment.—" Good morning to you, gendemen," said the magistrate: "you find me toil-ing in my usual vocation—looking after the iniquities of the people—labouring for the *respublica*, Mr. Old-buck—serving the King our master, Captain M'Intyre, —for I suppose you know I have taken up the sword T' "It is one of the emblems of justice, doubtless," answered the Antiquary; "but I should have thought the scales would have suited you better, Bailie, espe-cially as you have them ready in the warehouse." " Very good, Monkbarns—cxcellent; but I do not take the sword up as justice, but as a soldier—indeed f should rather say the musket and bayonet—there they stand at the elbow of my gouty chair, for I am scarce fit for dill yet—A slight touch of our old acquaintance podagra—I can keep my feet, however, while our sergeant puts me through the manual. I should like to know, Captain M'Intyre, if he follows the regulations correctly—he brings us but awk-wardly to the present." And he hobbled, towards his weenon to illustrate his doabts and display his proficiency. " Trefoce we have such zealous defenders, Bailie," replied Mr. Oldbuck; " and I dare say Hector will gratify you by communicating his opinion or your progress in this new calling. Why, you rival the Heccate of the ancients, my good sir—a merchant on the Links—quid non pro patria? But my busi-mess is with the justice; so let commerce and war " Well, my good sir," seid the Bailie, " and what commands have you for me m?"

go slumber.

Well, my good sir," said the Bailie, " and what

"Wel, my good sin," sold ine Ballie, "and what commands have you for me?" "Why, here's an old acquaintance of mine, called Redie Ochiltree, whom some of your myrmidons have methed up in jail, on account of an alleged assault on that fellow Dousterswivel, of whose accusation I down to believe one word."

The magistrate here assumed a very grave coun-meance. "You ought to have been informed that he accused of robbery, as well as assault; a very prices matter indeed—it is not often such criminals prime under my cognizance." And," replied Oldbuck, "your are tenacious of me opportunity of making the very most of such as accus. But is this poor old man's case really so very prices.

SCOT.

"It is rather out of rule," said the Bailie; "but as many are in the commission, Monkharns, I have no seritation to show you Donsterswivel's declaration, the rest of the precognition." And he put the perse into the Antiguary's hands, who assumed his ertacles, and sat down in a corner to peruse them. The officers in the mean time had directions to many of their prisoner into another apariment; but have they could do so, M'Intyre took an oppor-

tunity to greet old Edie, and to slip a guinea into his

tunity to greet old Edie, and to slip a guines into he hand. "Lord bless your honour," said the old man; "it's a young sold et's gift, and it should surely thrive wi at aud ane. I'se no refues it, though it's beyond my rules; for if they stock me up here, my friends are like eneugh to forget me-out o' sight out o' mind is a true proverb-And it wadna be creditable for me, that am the King's bedesman, and entitled to beg hy word of mouth, to be fishing for bawbees out at the jail window wi' the fit o' a stocking and a string." As he made this observation he was conducted out of the apartment. of the apartment.

of the apartment. Mr. Dousterswivel's declaration contained an ex aggerated account of the violence he had sustained and also of his loss. "But what I should have liked to have asked him, said Monkbarna, "would have been his purpose up frequenting the ruins of St. Ruth, so lonely a place, at such an hour, and with such a companion as Edia Obbilized. "There is no work licensher up, and I do Ochiltree. There is no roud lies that way, and I do Ochitree. There is no roud lies that way, and I do not conceive a mere passion for the picturesque would carry the German thither in such a night of storm and wind. Depend upon it he has been about some roguery, and, in all probability, hath been caught in a trap of his own setting—*Nice lex justilier ulla.*" The magistrate allowed there was something mys-

terious in that circumstance, and spologized for not pressing Dousterswivel, as his declaration was volun-tarily emitted. But for the support of the main charge, he showed the declaration of the Aikwoods iarily emitted. But for the support of the main charge, he showed the declaration of the Aikwooda concerning the state in which Dousterswivel was found, and establishing the important fact, that tho mendicant had left the barn in which he was quar-tered, and did not return to it again. Two people belonging to the Fairport undertaker, who had that being seen employed in attending the funeral of Lady Glenallan, had also given declarations, that, being sent to pursue two suspicious persons who left the ruins of St. Ruth as the funeral approached, and who, it was supposed, might have been pillsging some of the ornaments prepared for the ceremony, they had lost and regained sight of them more than once, owing to the nature of the ground, which was unfavourable for riding, but had at length fairly lodged them both in Mucklebackit's cottage. And one of the men added, that "he, the declarant, having dis-mounted from his horse, and gone close up to the-window of the hut, he saw the did Blue-Gown and young Steenie Mucklebackit, with others, eating and dirnking in the inside, and also observed the said Steenie Mucklebackit show a pocket-book to the others; and declarant has no doubt that Ochiltree and Steenie Mucklebackit were the persons whom he and kis comrade had pursued, as above men-tioned." And being intermented

others; and declarant has no doubt that Ochiltree and Steenie Mucklebackit were the persons whom he and his commade had pursued, as above men-tioned." And being interrogated why he did not enter the said cottage, declares, "he had no warrants oo to do; and that as Mucklebackit and his family were understood to be rough-handeil folk, he, the declarant, had no desire to meddle or make with their affairs. Causa scientize paied. All which he declares to be truth," &c. "What do you say to that body of evidence against your friend T' said the magistrate, when he had observed the Antiquary had turned the last leaf. "Why, were it in the case of any other person, I own, I should say it looked, prima facie, a little ugly; but I cannot allow any body to be in the wrong for or had but one single flash of your warlike genus, Bailie, I should have done it myself long ago—He is nebulo nebulonum, an impudent, fradulent, menda-cious quack, that has cost me a hundred pounds by bis roguery; and my neighbour Sir Arthur, God, knows how much—And besides, Bailie, I do not hold him to be a sound friend to government." "Indeed?" said Baile Lutlejohn; "if I though that, it would alter the question considerably." "Right; for, in beating him," oliserved Oldbuck, "the bedesman must have shown hus gratitude to the king by humping his chenv: and m rolloung, him, he would only have plundered an Egyptian, whose weight in is lawful to sooil. Now, suppose this interview in the ruins of St. Ruth lind relation se

pelivitics, --and this story of hidden treasure, and so forth, was a bribe from the other side of the water for some great man, or the funde destined to main-tain a sedirious club?" "My dear sir," said the magistrate, catching at the idea, "you hit my very thoughts! How fortunate should I be if I could become the humble means of sifting such a matter to the bottom !--Don't you think we had better call out the volunteers, and put them on duty ?" them on duty ?"

"Not just yet, while podagra deprives them of an essential member of their body.—But will you let me examine Ochiltree ?"

examine Uchiltree 7 "Certainly; but you'll make nothing of him. He gave me distinctly to understand he knew the danger of a judicious declaration on the part of an accused of a judicious declaration on the part of an accused person, which, to say the truth, has hanged many an bonester man than he is." "Well, but, Baike," continued Oldbuck, "you have no objection to let me try him?" "None in the world, Monkbarns.--I hear the ser-gent below,--I'll rehearse the manual in the mean-balls. Boby casery my gun and havenet down

scant below, -1 is reacase the maintain in the mean-while. -Baby, carry my gun and bayonet down to the room below--it makes less noise there when we ground arms."--And so exit the martial magistrate, with his maid behind him bearing his weapons.

ground arms."-And so exit the martial magistrate, "A good equire that weach for a gouty champion," observed Oldbuck.-" Hector, my lad, hook on, book on-Go with him, boy-keep bim employed, man, for half an hour or so-butter him with some warlike terms-praise his dress and address." Captain MIntrye, who, like many of his profession, leoked down with infinite scorn on those citizen sof-diers, who had assumed arms without any profes-sional tills to bear them, rose with great reluctance, obserying that he should not know what to say to Mir.-Littlejohn; and that to see an old gouty shop-leoper attempting the enercise and duties of a privale soldier, was really too ridiculous. "It may be so, Hector," said the Antiquary, who siddom agreed with any person in the immediate proposition which was laid down,--"It may possibly be so in this and some other instances; but at pre-sent the country resembles the suitors in a small-debt court, where parties plead in person, for lack of cash to retain the professed heroes of the bar. I am sure in the other, we may manage to make shift with our hearts and makets, though we shall lack some of the discipling of you martinets." "I have no objection, I am sure, sir, that the whole world should fight if they please, if they will but allow me to be quiet," said Hector, nising with dogged reluctance. "Yes, you are a very quiet personage, indeed," said

allow me to be quiet," said Elector, rising with degree relactance. "Yes, yon are a very quiet personage, indeed," said his ancle; "whose ardour for quarrelling cannot pass so much as a poor phace sleeping upon the beach !" But Hector, who saw which way the conversation was tending, and hated all allusions to the foil he had sestance from the fish, made his escape before the Antiquary concluded the sentence.

#### CHAPTER XXXVIII.

Woll, well, at worst, 'tis noither theft nor comage Grapting I knew all that you charge me with. What, the's the tomb hath horm as second birth, And given the wealth to one that knew got os 's,' Yet fair exchange was never robbery, Par isse pues bounky.

#### Old Plan

The Antiquary, in order to avail himself of the permission given him to question the accused party; chose rather to go to the apartment in which Ochil-tree was detained, than to make the examination appear formal, by bringing him again into the magis-trate's office: He found the old man seated by a sendow which looked out on the sea; and as he gazed on that prospect, large tears found their way, as if menomécionaly, to his eye, and from thence trickab if monosciously, to his eye, and from thence trick-bad down his checks and white board. His features wroe nevertheless, caim and composed, and his whole postare and mina indicated partetics and resig-

nation. Oldbuck hall approached him without being observed, and rouned him out of his musing, by sur-ing kindly, "I am sorry, Edie, to see you so much cast down about this matter."

cast down about this matter." The mendicant started, dried his eyes very hastly with the sleeve of his gown, and, endeavouring to recover his usual tone of indifference and jocularit, answered, but with a voice more trenulous than usual." I might weel has judged. Monkbarms, it was you, or the like o' you, was coming in to distarb me -for it's as great advantage o' prisons and courts of justice, that ye may greet your cen out an ye like, and nane o' the folk that's concerned about them will ever ask you what it's for." "Well, Edie," replied Oldbuck, "I hope your pre-sent caure of distress is not so bad but it may he removed."

"And "I had hoped, Monkbarns," answered the mendicant in a tone of reproach, "that ye had kee me better than to think that this bit triffing troub me better than to think that this bit trifting trouble o' my ain wad bring tears into my auld een, that hes seen far different kind o' distress. -Na, na :-Bet here's been the puir lass, Caxon's daughter, seeking, comfort, and has gotten unco little-there's been mas speerings o' Taffril's gunbrig since the last gple; and folk report on the key that a king's ship had strack on the Reef o' Rattray, and a' hands lost-God for-bid! for as sure as you live, Monkbarns, the pur had Lovel, that ye liked sae weel, must have perimbed. "God forbid indeed ?" echoed, the Antousry, turne-ing pale; "I would rather Monkbarns house were on fire. My poor deat friend and condjutor :--I will down to the quay instantly." "I'm sure ye'll learn naething mair then I has

Inc. my poor acat triend and coadjutor :-- I will down to the quay instantly." "I'm sure ye'll learn naething mair them I has tauld ye, sir," said Ochiltree, "for the officer-folk here were very civil, (that is, for the like o' them? and lookit up a' their letters and authorities, and coad-thraw nae light on't either as way or auchter." "It can't be true-it shall not be true," said the Antiguary, "and I won't believe it if it were.--Tafin's an excellent seaman-and Lovel (my poor Lovel). has all the qualities of a safe and pleasant companies by land or by sea-one, Edie, whom, from the ing-muousness of his disposition, I would choose, did ever go a sea voyage, (which I never do, unless across the ferry,) *fragilem mecur solvers glassien*, to be the companion of my risk, as one apains of the idle jade Rumour, whom I wish hanges and of the idle jade Rumour, whom I wish hanges with an screeck-pwl tones to fright honest folks ard of star of your own." "Are ye axing me as a magnistrate, Modhenne, et al.

Are ye axing me as a magistrate, **Moshburns, et** t just for your ain-satisfaction ?" For my own satisfaction solely," replied the has

is it just for your ain satisfaction 7" "For my own satisfaction solely," replied the har-tiquary. "Put up your pocket-book and your keelyvineous then, for I downa speak out an ye has writing man-rials in your hands—they're a scaur to unlearned bits like me—Odd, ane o' the clerks in the neist rous will clink down, in black and white, as maching wad hang a man, before ane kens what he's anyter and put up his memorandum-book. "Monkbarns complied with the old man's burnets and put up his memorandum-book. "Edie then, went with great frankness through the part of the story already known to the reader, inter-ing the Antiquary of the scane which he had an nessed between Dousterswivel and his patron is the rous of St. Ruth, and frankly confessing the almo-pose of taking a comic revenge upon him for quackers. He had easily persuaded Steenie, with the frolic along with him, and the jest had been and designed. Concerning the pocket-book, he explain that he had expressed his suprise and many the fort a that publicly, before all the invites of contage. Stream had undestaken to return it Charge at a that outly been provented by his unimely for the starge. Stream had undestaken to return it Charge

THE ANTIQUARY.

## ther. XXXVIII.)

The Aatiquary pendered a moment, and then said, "Your account seems very probable, Edie, and I be-fieve it from what I know of the parties-but I think five it from what I know of the parties out a time it likely that you know a great deal more than you have thought it proper to tell me, about this matter of how thought it proper to tell me, acted the part the treasure-trove- I suspect you have acted the part of the Lar Familiarie in Plautus-a sort of Brownie, Edie, to speak to your comprehension, who watched ever hidden treasures.--I do bethink me you were the first person we net when Sir Arthur made his successful attack upon Misticot's grave, and also that when the labourers began to flag, you, Edie, were again the first to leap into the trench, and to make the discovery of the treasure. Now you must suplain all thus to me, unless you would have me use you as ill as Euclid does Staphyla in the Auka-

Lordoake, sir," replied the mendicant, "what do

"Yea knew, however, of the box of treasure being beer?" environment of the box of treasure being beer?" continued Okibuck.

there " continued Oldbuck. "Dear sin," answered Edic, assuming a counte-mage of great simplicity, "what likelihood is there " that? d'ye think see puir an suid creature as me wad here kend o' sic a like thing without getting some male out o't?-and ye wot weel I sought name and at mane, like Michael Scott's man. What concern wid I here wit? "

"That's just what I want you to explain to me," said Oldbuck; "for I am positive you knew it was there.

"Your honour's a positive man, Monkbarns—and, or a positive man, I must needs allow ye're often in the right." "You a

"You allow, then, Edie, that my belief is well-unded ?"

Edie nodded acquiescence.

Kide nodded acquiescence. "Then please to explain to me the whole affair from beginning to end," said the Antiquary. "If it were a secret o' mine, Monkbarns," replied the beggar, "ye suldna ask twice; for I has aye said ahint your beck, that, for a' the nonsense maggots that ye whiles take into your head, ye are the maint wise and discrete of a' our country gentles. But I'so es'an be open-hearted wi' you, and tell you, that this as a friend's secret, and that they suld draw me wi' Is a intend is secret, and that they suid draw me will drem of Ammon, sooner than I would speak a word mair about the matter, excepting this, that there was mase ill intended, but muckle gude, and that the pur-pose was to serve them that are worth tyticity hun-dired o' me. But there's nae law, I rrow, that makes it a sin to kern where ither folk's siller is, if we dinna wit hand till't oursell?'

Others walked once or twice up and down the room in profound thought, endeavouring to find some

Poom in protound though, endeavouring to inde some plassible meason for transactions of a nature so mys-mericon, but his ingenuity was totally at fault. He then placed himself before the prisoner. "This story of yours, friend Edie, is an absolute emisgina, and would require a second Edipus to solve-ing who Edipus was, I will tell you some other time, by wo remaind me—Howeyer, whether it be owing to be write one of the mergens with which you com-Woll remain me --roweyer, whether it is owing to the wischow or to the maggious with which you com-binneant me, I am strongly disposed to believe that have spoken the fruth, the rather, that you have max may ago it here obtestations of the superior mers, which I observe you and your comrades mays make use of when you mean to deceive a "(Here Edge could not suppress a smile.) " If

"Ka" (Here Edie coukl not suppress a smile.) "If, insertore, you will answer me one question, I will "If ye'll let me hear the question," said Edie, with the caution of a canny Scotchman, "I'll tell you be ther I'll answer it or no." "It is simply," said the Antiquary, "Did Douster-rivel know any thing about the concessiment of the term of bullion " "He, the ill-fa'ard-loon " answered Edie, with the spearings o't had Dustananivel kend it was me to the basis of manner." Ver R

"I thought as mues," said Oldbuck. "Well, Edia, if I procere your flexdom, you must keep your day, and appear to clear nie of the bail-bond, for these are not times for prudent men to incur forfeitures, unless

not times for predent men to incur forfeitures, unless you can point out another Aulam auri pleuam qua-drillorem-another Search. No. I." "Ah!" said the beggar, shaking his head, "I doubt the bird's flown that laid that golden eggs-for I winna ca' her goose, though that's the gait it stands in the story-buick-But I'll keep my day, Moik-parns; ye's no loss a penny by me-And troth I wad fain be out again, now the weather's fine-and thea I has the beat chance o' hearing the first news o' my friends." friends.

Well, Edie, as the bouncing and thumping bewell, some, as the bouncing and thumping be-neath has somewhat ceased, I presume Baile Little-john has dismissed his military preceptor, and has retired from the labours of Mars to those of Themis -I will have some conversation with him-But I cannot and will not believe any of those wratched news you were telling me."

"God send your honour may be right!" said the mendicant, as Oldbuck left the room.

mendicant, as Oldbuck left the room. The Antiquary found the magistrate, exhausted with the fatigues of the drill, reposing in his gouty chair, humming the air, "How merrily we first that soldiers be?" and between each bar comforting himself with a sponful of mock-turtle soup. He ordered a similar refreshment for Oldbuck, who-declined it, observing, that, not being a military man, he and not feel inclined to break his habit of keeping regular hours for meals—"Soldiers like you, Bailie, must snaarch, the? food as they find theans Bailie, must snatch their food as they find means and time. But I am sorry to hear ill news of young and time Taffril's brig."

t to the town-much distinguished on the finit

"But," said Oldbeck, "I am shocked to hear you

"But" said or dogers, I am subcased to hear you talk of him in the preterite tense." "Troth, I fear there may be too mitch reason for it, Monkbarns; and yot let us hope the best. The acci-dent is said to have happened in the Rattray reef of rocks, about twenty miles to the northward, near Dirtenalan Bay-I have sent to inquire about it--and your nephew run out himself as if he had been flying

your nepnew rin out himself as it he had been nying to get the Gazette of a victory." Here Hector entered, exclaiming as he came in, "I believe it's all a danined lie—I can't find the least authority for it, but general rumour." "And pray, Mr. Hector," said his uncle, "if it had been true, whose fault would it have been that Love was on board?"

"Not mine, I am sure," answered Hector; "it would have been only my missortune." "Indeed !" said his uncle; "I should not have

said his uncle;

"Why, sir, with all your inclination to find me in the wrong," replied the young soldier, "I sap-pose you will own my intention was not to blame in this case. I did my best to hit Lovel, and, if I had been successful, 'tis clear my scrape, would have been his, and his scrape would have been mine."

And whom or what do you intend to hit now, And whom or what do you intend to fit how, that you are lugging with you that leathern maga-zinethere, marked Gunpowder?" "I must be prepared for Lord Glenalian's more on the twelfth, sir," said B Intyre.

on the twelfth, sir," said M Intyre. "Ah, Hector ! thy great chasse, as the French call it, would take place best-

# 'Omne cum Proteus pecus agitaret.

Could you meet but with a martial phoen instead of an unwarlike heath-bird." "The devil take the seal, sir, or phece, if you chee

"Well, well," said Oldbuck, "I am glad you have the grace to be salarmed of it.--As I detest the whole race of Ninrods, I wish them all as well matched-Nay, never start off at a jest, man

the Bailie could tell us the value of seal-skins just |

The paue could the the magistrate, "they are well ow." "They are up," said the magistrate, "they are well up—the fishing has been unsuccessful lately." "We can bear witness to that," said the torment-ing Antiquery, who was delighted with the hank this incident had given him over the young sportsman: "One word more, Hector, and

"We'll hang a seal skin on thy recreant limbs."

Aha my boy !--come, never mind it, I must go to business-Bailie, a word with you--you must take bail--moderate bail--you understand--for old Ochil-

bail-moderate bail-you understand the second tree's appearance." "You don't consider what you ask," said the Bailie; "the offence is assault and robbery." "Hush I not a word about it," said the Anti-quary, "I gave you a hint before—I/will possess you more fully hereafter—I promise you, there is a secre

suit creait, the entire management, whenever mat-ters are ripe. But, this is an obstinate old fellow, who will not hear of two people being as yet let into his mystery, and he has not fully acquainted me with the clew to Dousterswivel's devices." "Aha! so we must tip that fellow the meract, I suppose?"

"To say truth, I wish you would." "Say no more." said the magistrate, "it shall forthwith be done; he shall be removed tanquam support—I think that's one of your own phress, Monkbarns ?"

"It is classical, Bailte-you imprové." "Why, public business has a late pressed upon me so much, that I have been obliged to take my foreman into partnership.—I have had two several correspondences with the Under Secretary of State; one on the proposed tax on Riga hemp-seed, and

one on the proposed tax on Riga hemp-seed, and the other on putting down political societies. So-you might as well communicate to me as much as you know of this old fellow's discovery of a plot against the state." "I will, instantly, when I am master of it," re-plied Oldbuck—"I hate the trouble of managing such matters myself—Remember, however, I did not say decidedly a plot against the state; I only asy, I hope to discover, by this man's means, a fou plot." "I ti be a plot at all, there must be treason in it, or sedition at least," said the Bailie—"Will you bail him for four hundred merks for an old Blue-Gown !--

or sedition at least," said the Balle-" Will you sail thim for four hundred merks for an old Blue-Gown !-"Four hundred merks for an old Blue-Gown !-Btrike off a cypher from the sum-I am content to bail him for forty merks." "Well, Mr. Oldbuck, every body in Fairport is always willing to oblige you-and besides, I know dhat you are a prudent man, and one that would be as unwilling to lose forty, as four hundred merks. So I will accept your bail-meo periculo-what say you to that law phrase again ?-I had it from a learned counsel.-I will vouch it, my lord, he said, meo periculo." "And I will vouch for Edie Ochiltree, meo periculo, in like manner," said Oldbuck. "So let your clerk draw out the bail-bond, and I will sign it." When this ceremony had been performed, the Anti-quary communicated to Edie the joyful tidings that he was once more at liberty, and directed him to unake the best of his way to Monkbarns-house, to which he himself returned with his nephew, after avoing perfected their good work.

#### CHAPTER XXXIX.

Full of wise saws and modern instaances. As You Like it.

"I wish to Heaven, Hector," said the Antiquary, sent morning after breakfast, "you would spare our

nerves, and not be keeping snapping that arguebuss

"Well, sir, I'm sure I'm sorry to disturb you," said his nephew, still handling his fowling-piece : "but it's a capital gun; it's a Joe Manton, that cost forty gui-pess."

"A fool and his money are soon parted, nephew-there is a Joe Miller for your Joe Manton," answered the Antiquary "I am glad you have so many guineas

to throw away." "Every one has their fancy, uncle, -you are foad of books

"Every one has their lancy, uncle, —you are boad of books." "Ay, Hector," said the uncle, "and" if my collec-tion were yours, you would make it fly to the gua-smith, the horse-market, the dog-breaker, —Cosmos undights nobiles libros-mulase loricis Iberis." "I could not use your books, my dear uncle," said the young soldier, "that's true; and you will do well to provide for their being in better hands-but don't let the faults of my head fall on my heart-I would not part with a Cordery that belonged to an old friend, to get a set of horses like Lord Glenallan's." "I dont' think you would, lad, I don't think you you a little sometimes; it keeps up the spirit of dis-cipline and habit of subordination—You will pass your time happily here having me to command you, instead of Captain, or Colonel, or 'Knight in Arms, as Milton hasit; and instead of the French," he con-tinued relapsing into his ironical humour, "you bays the Gens humida ponti-for, as Virgil says. tinued relapsing into his ironical humour, " the Gens humida ponti-for, as Virgil saya

' Stemant se somno diverse in littore phoces,"

which might be rendered-

# 'Here phoces slumber on the beach. Within our Highland Hector's reach.

Nay, if you grow angry I have done.—Bendes, I we old Edie in the court-yard, with whom I have basi-ness. Good-by, Hector—Do you remember how she splashed into the sca like her master Proteus, d as jactu dedil arguor in altum?"

M'Intyre,-waiting, however, till the door was shut, then gave way to the natural impatience of his

"My uncle is the best man in the world, and in his way the kindest; but rather than hear any more about that cursed phoco, as he is pleased to call it, I would exchange for the West Indies, and never see his face again."

Mise M Intyre, gratefully attached to ber uncle, and Mise M Intyre, gratefully attached to ber uncle, and passionately fond of her brother, was, on such occe-sions, the usual envoy of reconciliation. She hastland to meet her uncle on his return, before he entered the

sions, the usual envoy of reconciliation. She hasthed to meet her uncle on his return, before he entered the parlour. "Well, now, Miss Womankind, what is the mean-ing of that imploring countenance ?-has Juno done any more mischief?" "No, uncle; but Juno's master is in such fear of your joking him about the seal-I assure you, he feas it much more than you would wish--it's very ally of him, to be sure; but then you can turn every body se abarly into rdicule"-----" Well, my dear," answered Oldbuck, propinated by the compliment, "I will rein in my sature, and, by possible, speak no more of the phocs--I will not way speak of sealing a letter, but say umpd, and give a monitoribus apper, but Heaven knows the mean milece, and nephew, guide just as best pleases then. With this little panegyric on his own docility, he Oldbuck entered the parlour, and proposed to mephew a walk to the Mussel-crag. "I have mean sensible witness with me--so, for fault of a tothe Hector, I must be contented with you." "There is old Edie, sir, or Caron--could not the somewhat alarmed at the prospect of a long the tet with his uncle. "Upon my word, young man, you turn me could pretty companions, and I am quite sensible witness, "I have find the with his uncle.

the old Blue-Gown shall go with me-not as a com-patent witness, for he is at present, as our friend Bai-be Luttlejohn says, (blessings on his learning!) tanam suspectus, and you are suspicions major, as our Gw has it.

"I wish I were a major. sir, "said Hector, catch-ing only the last, and, to a soldier's ear, the most more word in the sentence, —"but, without appreprint there is little chance of getting the

Well, well, most doughty son of Priam," said the Antiquary, "be ruled by your ffiends, and there's no Antiquary, "be ruled by your ffiends, and there's no saying what may happen—Come away with me, and you ahall see what may be neeful to you should you ever sit upon a court-martial, sir."

"I have been on many a regimental court-mar-tial, sir," answered Captain M'Intyre.—"But here's a new cane for you."

a new cane for you." "Much obliged, much obliged." "I bought it from our drum-major," added M'In-tyre," who came into our regiment, from the Bengal army when it came down the Red Sea. It was cut on the banks of the Indus, I assure you." "Upon my word, 'us a fine ratan, and well re-places that which the ph----Bab! what was I going

to say ?"

places that which the pro-bant what was I going to say T' The party, consisting of the Antiquary, his nephew, and the old bezgar, now took the sands towards Massel-cras,—the former in the very highest mood of communicating information, and the others, under a nense of former obligation, and the others, under a step and a half behind, just near enough for his patron to speak to him by a slight inclination of his patron to speak to him by a slight inclination of his petro, in his Essay on Good-breeding, dedicated to the magistrates of Edinburgh, recommenda upon his own experience, as tutor in a family of distinction, this attrude to all led captains, tutors, dependants and bottle-holders of every description. Thus escorted, the Antiquary moved along full of his learning, like a lordly man of war, and every now and then yawing to starboard and larboard to discharge a broadside upon his followers.

"And so it is your opinion," said he to the mendi-cant, " that this windfall—this arca auri, as Plautus fas it, will not greatly avail Sir Arthur in his neces-atics?"

Unless he could find ten times as much," said the ger, "and that I am sair doubtful of-I heard Pugogger, "and that I am sair doubtful of -- I heard Pug-ic, Orrock, and the tother thief of a sheriff-officer, or serve, urnocs, and the tother thief of a sheriff-officer, or measurger, speaking about it—and things are ill aff when the like o' them can speak crousely about ony gentleman's affairs. I doubt Sir Arthur will be in stame wa's for debt, unless there's swift help and certain."

"You speak like a fool," said the Antiquary.—"Ne-sphew, it is a remarkable thing, that in this happy country no man can be legally imprisoned for debt." "Indeed, sr?" said M'Intyre; "I never knew that before—that part of our law would suit some of our mass well."

"And if they arena confined for debt," said Ochil-tree, "what is't that tompts ese mony puir creatures to bide in the tolbooth o' Fairport yonder',--they a' may they were put there by their creditors--Odd i they maxim like it better than I do if they're there o' free will " TIL.

"A very natural observation, Edie, and many of your betters would make the same; but it is founded gatirely upon ignorance of the feudal system.—Hector, be so good as to attend, unless you are looking out for amother — Ahem : (Hector compelled himself to give attention at this hint.)—And you, Edie, it may be energin to you, rerum cognoscie cause. The nature and origin of warrant for caption is a thing haud eliensum a Scarola studiis. You must know then ance more, that nobody can be arrested in Scotland be deb."

" I haona muckle concern wi' that, Monkbarna," ad the old man, " for nacbody wad trust a bodle to pberlunzie."

I prythes peace, man-As a compulsitor, there-

fore, of payment,—that being a thing to which ne debtor is naturally inclined, as I have too much reason to warrant from the experience I have had with my own,—we had first the letters of four forms, a sort of gentle invitation, by which our sovereign lord the king, interesting himself, as a monarch should, in the regulation of his subjects' private affairs, at first by mild exhortation, and afterwards by letters of more strict enjoinment and more hard compulsion— What do you see extraordinary about that bird, Heo-tor?—it's but a seamaw." " It's a pictarnie, sir," said Edie. " Well, what and if it were—what does that signify at present?—But I see you're impationt; so I will

"It's a pictarnie, air," said Edie. "Well, what and if it were—what does that signify at present?—But I see you're impatient; so I will warve the letters of four forms, and come to the modern process of difigence.—You suppose, now, a man's committed to prison because he cannot pay his debt? Quite otherwise; the truth is, the king is so good as to interfere at the request of the creditor, and to send the debtor his royal command to do him justice within a certain time—fifteen days, or inner the case may be. Well, the man resists and do —what follows?—Why, that he be lawfully and the fully declared a rebel to our gracious soversign, whose command he has disobeyed, and that by three blasts of a horn at the market-place of Edinburgh, the metropolis of Scotland. And he is then levally im-prisoned, not on account of any civil debt, bu because of his ungrateful contempt, of the royal mandate. What say you to that, Hector?—there's something you never new before." " No, uncle; but, I own, if I wanted money to pay my debts, I would rather thank the king to send me some, than to declare me a rebel for not doing what I could not do." " Your education has not led you to consider these things," reblied his uncle."

court not do." "Your education has not led you to consider these things," replied his uncle; "you are incapable of esti-mating the elegance of the legal fiction, and the manner in which it reconciles that duress, which, for the protection of commerce, it has been found neces-sary to extend towards refractory debtors, with the most scrupulous attention to the liberty of the sub-ject." ject.

"I don't know, sir," answered the unenlightened Hector; "but if a man must pay his debt or go to jail, it signifies but little whether he goes as a debtor part, it signifies out little whether he goes as a decour mand of the king's gives a license of so many days —now, egad, were I in the scrape, I would beat a march, and leave the king and the creditor to settle it among themselves before they came to attremities." "So wad I," said Edie; "I wad gie them leg-bail to a certainty."

to a certainty.

"True," replied Monkbarns; "but those whom the law suspects of being unwilling to abide her formal 

whom patience and favour would be utterly thrown away." "Ay," said Ochiltree, "that will be what they ca" the fugie-warrants—I has some skeel in them. There's Border-warrants too in the south country, unco rash uncanny things—I was taen up on ane at Saint James's Fair, and keepit in the auld kirk at Kelso the haill day and night; and a cauld goustie place it was, Tse assure ye.—But whatne wite's this, w? her creel on her back ?—It's pur Maggie hersell, I'm thinking."

It was so. The poor woman's sense of her loss, if not diminished, was become at least mitigated by the inevitable necessity of attending to the means of supporting her family: and her salutation to Oldbuck was made in an odd mixture, between the usual language of solicitation with which she blied her customers, and the tone of lamentation for her recent calamity. calamity. "How's a' wi' ye the day, Monkbarns?—I havena

<sup>4</sup> The doctrine of Monkbarns on the origin of imprisonment for aivil debt in Scotland, may appear somewhat whimsical but was referred to, and admitted to be correct, by the Bend of the Supreme Scotlish Court, on 5th December, 1828, in the case of Thom v. Black. In Act, the Scotlish law is in this particular more jucipues of the personal liberty of the subject than any other code in Europe.

THE ANT
Into the grace yet to come them to thank your honour for the credit ys did puir Steenie, wi' laying his head in a rath grave, puir fallow."—Here she whimpered and wiped her cyes with the corner of her blue apron.
—"But the fishing comes on no that ill, though the gudeman basna had the heart to gang to sea himsell —Atweel I wad fain tell him it wad do him gude to put hand to wark—but I'm maist fear'd to speak to him—and it's an unco thing to hear ane o' us speak that gate o' a man—however, I hae some dainty caller haddies, and they sall be but three shillings the dozen, for I hae nae pith to drive a bargain e'ennow, and manu just take what ony Christian body will gie, wi' few words and nae flyting."
What shall we do, Hector?" said Oldbuck, gausing; "I got into disgrace with my womankind for making a bad bargain with her before. These maritime animala, Hector, are unlucky to our fa-maritime."

mily.

Pooh, sir, what would you do ?--give poor Maggie tishe asks, or allow me to send a dish of fish up this have " kbarns

Aid he held out the money to her; but Maggie drew back her hand. "Na, na, Captain ; ye're ower young and ower free o' your siller-ye should never tak a fash-wife's first bede, and troth I think maybe a Myte wi't he aud housekeeper at Monkharns, or Miss Grisel, would do me some gude-And I want to see what that hellicate queen Jenny Rintherour's doing-Solk said she wasna weel-She'll be varing hersell about Steenie, the silly tawpie as if he will ever has bookt ower has shouther at the like o' her :-Weel, Monkharns, they're braw caller haddies, and they'll bid me unco little indeed at the house if ye want cranpit-heads the day."

And so on she paced with her burden, grief, grati-fade so in she paced with her burden, grief, grati-fade for the sympathy of her betters, and the habitual love of traffic and of gain, chasing each other through her thoughts.

her thoughts. "And now that we are before the door of their hut," waid Ochitree, "I wad fain ken, Monkbarns, what has gar'd ye plague yoursell wi' me a' this length? I tell ye sincerely I hae nae pleasure in ganging in there. I downa bide to think how the young hae fa'en on a' sides o' me, and left me an useless auld stump wi'hardly a green leaf on't." "This old woman," said Oldbuck, "sent you on a message to the Farl of Gienallan, did she not?" "Ay!" said the surprised mendicant; "how ken ye that sae weel?"

"Lord Glenallan told me himself," answered the Antiquary; "so there is no delation-no breach of trust on your part-and as he wishes me to take her evidence down on some important family matters, I chose to bring you with me, because in her situation, hovering between dotage and consciousness, it is possible that your voice and appearance may awaken trains of recollection which I should otherwise have no means of exciting. The human mind—what are

Trains of recollection which I should otherwise have trains of recollection which I should otherwise have trains of exciting. The human mind—what are you about, Heetor?"
"I was only whistling for the dog, sir," replied the Captain; "she always roves too wide—I know I about be troublesome to you."
"Not at all, not at all," said Oldbuck, resuming the subject of his disquisition—"The human mind is to be treated like a skein of ravelled silk, where you must fuented like a skein of ravelled silk, where you must cautously secure one free end before you can make any progress in disentangling it."
"I kum naething about that," said the gaberlunzie; "but an my auld acquaintance be hersell, or ony thing like hersell, she may come to wind us a pirm. It's ferremore baith to see and hear her when she wanpashes about her arms, and gets to her English, and epeaks as if she were a prent book,—let a-be an auld fisher's wife. But, maded, she had a grant deucation, and was muckle taen out afore she matried function, and was muckle taen out afore she matried function, and was muckle basent. To fastit were wondrous peril, was you cause about her making a half-merk a si she had been ane o' the gentry. But she got muckle siller, and left the Counters's into favour again, and then she loot it egain, as I fight, but specially after the Earl hud, fa'ens; that came ther got muckle siller, and left the Counters's into for the counsel he grave, to fight, but specially after the Earl knd, fa'ens; the ther set of the sould again and the base for the Counters's into for the counsel he grave, to fight, but specially after the Earl knd, fa'ens; the there was that they got muckle siller, and left the Counters's into the charmed her sense, who have a sile and then they got muckle siller, and left the Counters's into a charme, and Aberdown, and American and the sould again and the sould again and the sense in a sile again.

land and settled here. But things never the working and an enever, she's a weel-educate working and an ene win to her English, as I has heard her do at an orra time, she may come to fickle us a'."

## CHAPTER XL.

CITATIENT AL.

OH N

As the Antiquary lifted the latch of the hut, he w surprised to hear the shrill tremulous voice of Real chanting forth an old ballad in a wild and dolsting tative.

"The herring loves the merry moonlight, The mackara loves the wind, But the oyster loves the dredging sung, For love come of a gentle kind."

A diligent collector of these legendary scrape of a cient poetry, his foot refused to cross the threak when his car was thus arrested, and his hand instin tively took pencil and memorandum-book. Fra time to time the old woman spoke as if to the childs --- "O ay, hinnics, whicht, whicht I and Pil begin bonnier ane than that--

'Now haud your tongue, baith wife and cash, And liston, great and anne, And i will sing of Glenalian's Barl That fought on the red Harlaw.

'The crossch's cried on Bennachis, And down the Don and a', And hieland and lawland may mournfu' be For the sair field of Harlaw.'--

I dinna mind the neist yerse weel-my memory's f ed, and there's unco thoughts come ower me-

ed, and there's unco moughts come over any see keep us frae temptation!" "It's a historical ballad," said Oldbuck eagedy, "a genuine and undoubted fragment of minstraisy}-Percy would admire its simplicity-Ritson could not impugn its authenticity

Impugn its autenticity." Ay, but it's a sad thing," said Ochiltree, "to see human nature sae far owertaen as to be shirting at auld sangs on the back of a loss like hers." "Hush, hush "said the Antiquary,—"the her see ten the thread of the story again."—And as be spoke the survey.

she sung :

"They saddled a hundred milk-white stack, They has bridled a hundred black, With a chafron of steel on each heme's band, And a good knight upon hus back."-

"Chafron!" exclaimed the Antiquary,—"equivalent perhaps, to chemeron—the word's worth a dollar," and down it went in his red book.

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## THERE MENTIONE ATENT.

- "'Were I G'enellan's Barl his tide," And ye were Roland Cheyne. The spur should be in my horen's side, And the bridle upon his mane.
- " If they has twenty thousand blades, And we twice ten times ten, ... Yet they has but their tartan plaids, And we are mail clad men.

- And we are not interest taken interest and a " My borne shall ride through ranks and rang As through the movarland fern, Then no're let the grantle Norman binds Grow cauld for Highland kome."

"Do you hear that, nephew ?" said Oldbuck ; " you

"Do you hear that, nophew ?" suid Oldbuck ; " you show your Gaelic ancestors were not held in high mute formerly by the Lowland warriors." "I hear," said Hector, "a silly old woman sing a silly old song. I am surprised, sir, that you, who will not instem to Ossian's conge of Selma, can be pleased with such trash ; I vow, I have not seen or heard a ware halfpenny ballad; I don't believe you could platch it many pedlar's pack in the country. I should be subsumed to think that the honour of the Highlands could be affected by such doggrel."—And, tossing up his head, he snuffed the air indigmantly. Apparently the old woman heard the sound of their voices ; for, cossing her song, she called out, "Come m, sing, come in-good-will never halted at the door time."

tane

They entered, and found to their surprise Kispeth lone, miting "ghasily on the hearth," like the per-pendication of Old Age in the Hunter's song of the bwi, e "winkled, tattered, vile, dim-cycd, discoloured, Owl, • **,**,, Corpid. Th

'They're a' out," she said, as they entered; "but, m pe will sit a blink, somebody will be in. If ye has busness w? my guds-daughter, or my son, they'll be in belyve, -I aever speak on business mysell. -Bairne, fie them seats-the bairns are a' gane out, I tow?-beking around her,-"I was croozing to keep them gust a wee while since; but they has cruppin out amme gate-Sit down, sirs, they'll be in belyve;" and she dismissed her spindle from her hand to twirl upon the floor. and some seemed exclusively occumied in rethe floor, and soon scened exclusively occupied in re-gulating its motion, as unconscious of the presence of the strangers as she appeared indifferent to their rank

or business there. "I wish," said Oldbuck, "she would resume that camiccle, or legendary fragment -- I always suspected there was a skirmish of cavalry before the main battle e Harlaw."†

"If your honour pleases," said Edie, "had ye not etter proceed to the business that brought us a'here?

The very image of dotage speak to her, Edie - try if you can make her recollect how shall we manage? She sits there, the very image of dotage speak to her, Edie-try if you can make her recollect having sent you to Glenal-try. But house."

Edie rose accordingly, and, crossing the floor, placed himself in the same position which he had occupied during his former conversation with her: "I'm fain ø e ye looking sae weel, cummer; the mair, that the black or has tramped on ye since I was aneath ar roof-tree

"Ay," said Elepeth; but rather from a general idea missiontune, than any exact recollection of what had impound, —" there has been distress amang us of late — wonder how younger folk bids it—I bide it ill—I anna hear the wind whistle, and the sea roar, but I

samma hear the wind whistle, and the sea roar, but I "See Mirs. Great on the Highland Repeartitions, vol. it. p. 300, withis direct translation from the Gastic. "The great battle of Harlaw, here and formerly referred to, picks be small to determine whether the Gastic or the Barcon race which all that period the power of an independent avertises, the based at that period the power of an independent avertises, and claims to the Earldon of Ross during the Regency of Ro-rest and the startdon of Ross during the Regency of Ro-rest and the startdon of Ross during the Regency of Ro-rest claims to the Earldon of Ross during the Regency of Ro-rest claims to the Earldon of the northern mobility and gentry of the used Horman davent. The battle was bloody and inde-tes used Norman davent, and sthewards was compelled to make the excited, and sthewards was some piled to make the start are stored in field was gauged to Ross. The excited of the Rosent and renormes his preteneous to Ross, the start was fought with Jair, 1411. 2 V

Her voice roow and became more unimated as the think I ace the coble whomhiled year up, and come of them strugging in the waves !- Eh, ara, so weary dreams as the them strugging in the waves !- Eh, ara, so weary dreams as the her wave steeping and waking, before they win to the large sleep and the sound !--I fore they win to the lang sleep and the sound !---I could amaist think whiles, my son, or else Steenin, my oe, was dead, and thug I had such the burial. Isna that a queer dream for a daft suid carline? what for should ony o' them due before me?---it's out o' the course o' nature, ye ken." "I think you'll make very little of this stupid old woman," said Hector; who still nourished, perhapa, some feelings of the dislike excited by the disparaging mention of his countrymen in her lay----'I think you'll make hut little of her, air: and it's wasting our time

mention of his countrymen in her lay---'' I think you'll make but little of her, sir; and it's wasting our time to sit here and listen to her dotage.'' "Hoctor,'' said the Antiquary indignantly, "if you do not respect her misfortunes, respect at least her old age and gray hairs,--this is the last stage of emis-tence, so finely treated by the Latin poet:

-' Omni Membrorum damao major dementa, que ma Nomina servorum, nec vultus agnoscit amici, Casa quels preterita conservi nocte, nec illos Quos generit, quos eduxit."

Gues speak; eace educit." "That's Latin !" said Elspeth, rousing herself as if she attended to the lines which the Antiquary recited with great pomp of diction,—"That's Latin !" and she cast a wild glance around her—"Has there a priset found me out at last ?" "You see, nephew, her comprehension is almost equal to your own of that fine passage." "I hope you think, sir, that I knew it to be Latin as well as she did ?"

Why, as to that-

-But stay, she is about to

epeak."" "I will have no priest-none," said the beldam, with impotent vehemence-"as I have lived I will die-none shall say that I betrayed my mistress, though it "That beepoke a foul conscience," said the mend-cant; "I wuss she wad mak a clean breast, an' ut were but for her ain sake," and he again assailed hug. "Weel, gudewife, I did your errand to the Yerl." "To what Earl? I ken nae Earl-I kend a Count-ess ance-I wish to Heaven I had never kend her t or by that assuming the cant."-and

ess ance—I wish to Heaven I had never kend hert for by that acquaintance, neighbour, there can,"—aad she counted her withered fingers as she spoke—"first Pride, then Malice. then Revenge, then Fulse Wit-ness; and Murder tirl'd at the door-pin, if he camna ben—And worena thas pleasant guests, think ye, to take up their quarters in ac -woman's heart? I trow there was routh Company." "But, cummer," continued the beggar, "it wnena the Countess of Glenallan I meant, but her son, him that was Lord Geraldin." "I mind it now," she said; "I saw him no that lang syne, and we had a heavy speech theg ther.—Eh, sirs, the comply young lord is turned as auld and frail as I am—it's muckle that sorrow and heart-break, and crossing of true love, will do wi' young blood—But suldna his mither hae lookit to that hereel ?—We were but to do her bidding, ye ken—I am sure there's use-

but to do her bidding, ye ken-I am sure there is use-body can blame me—he wasna my son, and she was my mistress—Ye ken how the rhyme says—I has maist forgotten how to sing, or else the tune's laft my suld head :

'He turn'd him right and round again, Baid, seom as at my mither: Light loves I may get mony a ane, But minnie ne'er anither.'

Then he was but of the half blude, ye ken, and here was the right Glenalian after a'. Na, na, I maun never maen doing and suffering for the Counter Joscelin. Never will I maen for that." Then drawing her flax from the distaff, with the bard drawing her flax from the distaff, with the

Then drawing her fiax from the distant, with the dogged air of one who is resolved to confess nothing, she resumed her interrupted occupation. "I has heard," said the mendicant, taking his con-from what Oldbuck had told him of the family his-tory,—"I has heard, cummer, that some ill tongue suid has come between the Earl, that's Lord Geraldin, and his young bride." Ill tongue?" she said, in hes's alarm; "an i what

had she to fear free an ill tongue ?- she was gode and fair eneugh-at least a' body said sae-But had she keepit her ain tongue aff ither folk, she might hae been

"But I has a leddy for a' that's come and gane vet." "But I has heard say, gudewife," continued Ochil-tree, "there was a clatter in the country, that her hus-

tree, "there was a clatter in the country, that her hus-band and her were ower sibb when they married." "Wha durst speak o' that?" said the old woman hastily; "Wha durst say they were married?—Wha kend o' that?—not the Countese—not I—if they wed-ded in secret they were severed in secret—They drank of the fountains of their ain deceit." "No, wretched beldam," exclaimed Oldbuck, who could keep silence no longer, "they drank the poison that you and your wicked mistress prepared for them." "Ha, ha!" she replied, "I aye thought it would come to this—it's but sitting silent when they exa-mine me—there's nae torture in our days—and if

come to this--it's but sitting silent when they exa-mine me-there's nae torture in our days--and if there is, let them rend me!--lt's ill o' the vasal's mouth that betrays the bread it eats." "Speak to her, Edie," said the Antiquary, "she knows your voice, and answers to it most readiy." "We shall mak naething mairout o' her," said Ochil-tree. "When she has clink it hersell down that way, and foulded her arms also winna sneak a word they

and faulded her arms, she winna speak a word, they say, for weeks thegither. And besides, to my think-ing, her face is sair changed since we cam in. Howwere, I'se try her ance mair to satisfy your honour. So ye canna keep in mind, cummer, that your auld mistress, the Countess Joscelin, has been removed?" "Removed?" she exclaimed; for that name never

"Removed i? she exclamed; for that name never failed to produce its usual effect upon her; "then we maun a' follow. A' maun ride when she is in the saddle-tell them to let Lord Geraldin ken we're on before them-bring my hood and scarf-ye wadna hae me gang in the carriage wi'my leddy, and my hair in this fashion?"

The final statute of the second seco

Lie, and iForm thence sidelong to the motor." \* The concluding circumstance of Eispeth's death is taken from an incident said to have happened at the funeral of John, Duke of Roxburghe. All who were acquainted with that ac-compliande noblerkan must remember, that he was not more remarkable for creating and possessing a most curious and splengid library, than for his acquaintance with the literary treasanse it contained. In arranging his books, fetching and herplacing the volumes which he was not a secretary or library, it was the Duke's custom to employ, not a secretary or librarian, but a livery sevant, called Archie, whom habit had was book, as a shepherd does the individuals of his flock, by what is called head-mark, and could bring his master whatever requime he was used, and callord all the mechanical aid the Duke required in his litorary rescatches. To secure the attendance of Archie, there was a bell hung in his room, which was used en so occasion except to call him individually to the Duke's stary.

required in his literary researcnes. To return in automation of Archie, there was a bell hung in his room, which was used on go occasion except to call him individually to the Duke's stady. This Grace died in Saint James's Square, Loedon, in the year 1964; it is body was to be conveyed to Scotland, id lie in stato at his mansion of Pleurs, and to be removed from thence to the family burnial-place at Bowden. At this time, Archie, who had been long attarked by a liver-complaint, was in the very last stage of that disease. Yet he prepared himself to accompany the body of the master whom he had so long and so flathfully wai'dd upon. The medical persons assured him he could not survive the journey. It signi-be do so long show hot had been insegnator Scotland; he was resolved to assist in rendering the last honours to the xwas person the die of a high the list honours to the third master from whom he had been insegnable for so many pars, even if I schould expire in the attempt. The poor invalid was period to fastaor which announced speedy disso-lution. On the morning of the day fixed for removing the dead body of the Duke to fastaor which announced speed disso-fucton. On the summon his attendant to his study, was very violently. This might easily happen in the confusion of

Edic ran to support har, but hardly got her in his arms, before he said, "It's a' ower, she has passed away even with that last word." "Impossible," said Oldbuck, hastly advancing, as did his nephew. But nothing was more certain. She had expired with the last hurried word that left her had expired with the tast number work that were the hps; and all that remained before them, were the mortal relics of the creature who had so long struggled with an internal sense of concealed suil, joined

gied with an internal sense of concealed guilt, joined to all the distresses of age and poverty. "God grant that she be game to a better place i" said Edie, as he looked on the lifeless body; "bu, oh ! there was something hying hard and heavy at her heart. I have seen mony a sne dee, baith in the field o' battle, and a fair-strae death at hame; but I and motive on the state of th wad rather see them a' ower again, as sic a fearfa fitting as her's I" "We must call in the neighbours," said Oktoack

"We must call in the neighbours," said Okback, when he had somewhat recovered from his horror and astonishment, "and give warning of this additional calamity—I wish she could have been brought to a confession. And, though of far less consequence, I could have wished to transcribe that metrical frag-ment. But Heaven's will must be done?" They left the hut accordingly, and gave the alarm in the hamlet, whose matrons instantly assembled to compose the limbs and arrange the body of her who might be considered as the mother of ther settlement. Oldbuck rownised his assistance for the inparal

Oldbuck promised his assistance for the funeral. "Your honour," said Allison Breck, who was next in age to the deceased, "suld send down something to us for keeping up our hearts at the lyke-wake, for " to us for keeping up our nearts at the lyke-wake, our a Saunders's gin, puir man, was drucken out at the hurial o' Steenie, and we'll no get mony to sit dry-lipped aside the corpse. Elspeth was unco chever in her young days, as I can mind right weel, but there was aye a word o' her no being that chancy—Ane suldna speak ill o' the dead—mair by token, o' ane's cummer and neighbour—but there was queer things said about a leddy and a bairn or she left the Crang-summor And ase in mode troth it will be a re-\$ burnfoot. And sach in gude troth, it will be a rear lyke-wake, unless your honour sends us something to keep us cracking." "You shall have some whisky," answered Oldback

"You shall have some whisky," answered Oldback, "the rather that you have preserved the proper word for that ancient custom of watching the dead.—You observe, Hector, this is genuine Teutonic, from the Gothic Leichnam, a corpse. It is quite erroneously called Laie-track, though Brand favours that modern corruption and derivation." "I believe," said Hector to himself, "my ancies would give a way Wonkharms to and gree who would be

"I believe," said Hector to himself, "my anche would give away Monkbarns to any one who would come to ask it in genuine Teutonic! Not a drop of whisky would the old creatures have got, had their president asked it for the use of the Late-sale." While Oldbuck was giving some further directions, and promising assistance, a servant of Sir Arthur's came riding very hard along the sands, and scoped his horse when he saw the Antiquary. "There has something," he said, "very particular happened at the Castle," (he could not, or would not, explain what, "and Miss Wardour had sent him off express to Moni-barns, to beg that Mr. Oldbuck would come is the attawing to a close - What can I do?" "Do, sit?" exclamed Hector, with his character had how and -you will be at Knock winnock Com

23 in ten minutes.

8,

in ten minutes." "He is quite a free goer," said the servant, mounting to adjust the girths and surrups,..." be pulls a little if he feels a dead weight on him." "I should soon be a dead weight off him, my ful said the Antiquary..." What the devil, hephan you weary of me? or do you suppose me weary of life, that I should get on the back of such a Bus

such a scene, although the people of the neighbourhous believing that the bell sounded of its own accord. Rts ever, it did ; and Archie, roused by the well known any rose up in his bed, and faltered, in broken accersm. Lord Duke-yos-I will wait on your Grace instantly ;" of these words on his lips, he is said to have fallen back Ring hes as that ? No, no, my friend, if I am to be at | the blood-royal was not beyond the sphere of his Knockwinnock to-day, it must be by walking quietly | hores. His son was already a general—and he him-forward on my own fest, which I will do with as little | self whatever ambition could dream of in its wildest

delay as possible. Captain M'Intyre may ride that animal himself, if he pleases." "I have little hope I could be of any use, uncle, but I cannot think of their distress without wishing to show sympathy at least —so I will ride on before, and

mow sympathy at least —so I will ride on before, and announce to them that you are coming.—I'll trouble you for your spurs, any friend." "You will scarce need them, sir," said the man, taking them off at the same time, and buckling them woon Captain M'Intyre's heels, "he's very frank to the road."

the road." Oldbuck stood astonished at this last act of leme-rity. "Are you mad, Hector?" he cried, "or have you forgotten what is said by Quintus Curtue, with whom, as a soldier, you must needs be familiar, Nobilis equus umbra quidem virgæ regitur; ignavus ne calcari quidem excitari polest; which plainly shows that spurs are useless in every case, and, I may add, dangerous in most?"

may and, dangerous in most ?" But Hector, who cared little for the opinion of either Quintus Curtius, or of the Antiquary, upon such a topic, only answered with a heedless "Never lear, never fear, sir."

Mever rear, sit. "With that he gave his able horse the head. And, tending forward, struck his armed heed Against the panting sides of his poor jade. Up to the rowel-head : and starting so. He seem'd in running to derour the way. Starting so longer question.

"There they go, we'll matched," said Oldbuck, looking after them as they started,—" a mad horse and a wild boy, the two most unruly creatures in Christendom I and all to get half an hour sooner to a place where nobody wants him; for I doubt Sir Arthur's griefs are beyond the cure of our light horse-man. It must be the villany of Doustcrswivel, for whom Sir Arthur has done so much; for I cannot help observing, that, with some natures, Tacitus's maxim holdeth good: Beneficia eo usque læta sunt form midendur exception poster sub multum anternere. maxim noncen good: Benencia so usue taid suit dum pidentur creatir posec; ubi multum anicrenere, pro gratia odium redditur-from which a wise man might take a caution, not to oblige any man beyond the degree in which he may expect to be required, lest he ghould make his debtor a bankrypt in gratitude.

Murmuring to himself such scraps of cynical phi-**Enoch** y, our Antiquary paced the saids towards **Enock** winnock; but it is necessary we should out-strip him, for the purpose of explaining the reasons of his being so anxiously summoned thither.

#### CHAPTER XLI.

Bo, while the Goose, of whom the fable told, Incombent, brooded over her ages of gold, With hand outstretch'd, impatient to destroy, Bole on her secret nost the cruel Boy, Whom gripe rapacions changed her splendid dream, -For wings vain fluttering, and for dying errors. The Loves of the Secret

From the time that Sir Arthur Wardour had become possessor of the treasure found in Misticot's prave, he had been in a state of mind more resemgrave, he had been in a state of mind more resem-ling ecstasy than sober sense. Indeed, at one time daughter had become seriously apprehensive for the intellect; for, as he had no doubt that he had the berget of possessing himself of wealth to an un-branded extent, his language and carriage were those at a man who had acquired the philosopher's stone. If a man who had acquired the philosopher's stone. If the were determined to brook no neighbour, save the sen. He corresponded with an architect of emi-tions and phan of renovating the castle of his store. seen. He corresponded with an architect of emi-tee, upon a plan of renovating the castle of his mathers, on a style of extended magnificence that that have rivalled that of Windsor, and laying out sprounds on a suitable scale. Troops of livered in the series of the scale of the series of the series and for what may not unbounded wealth to size its possessor to aspire to ?--the coronet of the series of a duke, was glittering before the scale not look forward ? Even an alliance with

visions

In this mood, if any one endeavoured to bring Sir Arthur down to the regions of common life, his replies were in the vein of Ancient Pistol:

"A fico for the world, and worldings base t I speak of Africa and golden joys!"

The reader may conceive the amazement of Miss Wardour, when, instead of undergoing an investi-gation concerning the addresses of Lovel, as she had expected from the long conference of her father with Mr. Oldbuck, upon the morning of the fated day when the treasure was discovered, the conversation of Sir Arthur announced an imagination heated with the hopes of possessing the most unbounded wealth. But she was personally alarmed when Dousterswivel was sent for to the Castle, and was closeted with her father—his mishap condoled with—his part taken, and his loss compensated. All the supprions which she had long entertained respecting his man became strengthened, by observing his pains to keep up the golden dreams of her father; and to secure for him-self, under various pretexts, as much as possible out self, under various pretexts, as much as possible out of the windfall which had so strangely fallen to Sir Arthur's share.

Other evil symptoms began to appear, following close on each other. Letters arrived every post, which Sir Arthur, as soon as he had looked at the close on each other. Letters arrived every post, which Sir Arthur, as soon as he had looked at the directions, flung into the fire without taking the trou-ble to open them. Miss Wardour could not help suspecting that these epistles, the contents of which seemed to be known to her father by a sort of intui-tion, came from pressing creditors. In the mean-while, the temporary aid which he had received from the treasure, dwindled fast away. By far the greater part had been swallowed up by the necessity of pay-ing the bill of six hundred pounds, which had threat-ened Sir Arthur with instant distress. Of the rest, some part was given to the adept, some wasted upon extravagances which scemed to the poor knight fully authorized by his full-blown hopes,—and some went to stop for a time the mouths of such claimants, who, being weary of fair promises, had become of opinion with Harpagon, that it was necessary to touch something substantial. At length circum-stances announced but too plainly, that it was all ex-pended within two or three days after its discovery; and there appeared no prospect of a supply. Sir Ar-thur, naturally imputient, now taxed Dousterswired are with breach of those promises, through which he had hoped to convext all his lead into gold. But that worthy gentleman's turn was now served; and as he had grace enough to wish to avoid witnessing of art upon Sir Arthur, that at least he might not be tormented before his time. He took leave of him, with assurances that he would return to Knockwin-nock the next morning, with such information as would not fail to relieve Sir Arthur from all his dis-treeses. "For, since I have consulted in such matters, I ave

would not fail to relieve Sir Artnur from all his di-tresses. "For, since I have consulted in such matters, I ave never," said Mr. Herman Dousterswivel, "approach-ed so near de arcanum, what you call de great mys-tery,—de Panchresta—de Polychresta—I do know as much of it as Pelaso de Taranta, or Basilues—and either I will bring you in two and tree days de NG. III. of Mr. Mishdigoat, or you shall call me one knave myself, and never look me in de face again no more at all." The acted denarted with this assurance, in the firm

The adept departed with this assurance, in the firm resolution of making good the latter part of the pro-position, and never again appearing before his injured patron. Sir Arthur remained in a do btful and anx-ious state of mind. The positive assurances of the philosopher, with the hard words Panchresta, Easi-liua, and so forth, produced some effect on his mind. But he had been too often deluded by such jargon to be absolutely relieved of his doubt, and he retired for the evening into his library, in the fearful state of one who, hanging over a precipice, and without the means of retrait, perceives the stone on which is a

rests gradually departing from the rest of the crag, and about to give way with him. The visions of hope decayed, and there increased

in proportion that feverish agony of anticipation with which a man, educated in a sense of consequence, and possessed of opulence,—the supporter of an ancient name, and the father of two promising chil-deren,—foresaw the hour approaching which should deprive him of all the splendour which time had made familiarly necessary to him, and send him forth into the world to struggle with poverty, with rapacity, and with scorn. Under these dire forebodings, his temper, exhausted by the sickness of delayed hope, became peevish and fretful, and his words and ac-tions sometimes expressed a reckless desperation, which airmed Miss Wardour extremely. We have seen, on a former occasion, that Sir Arthur was a man of passions lively and quick, in proportion to the weakness of his character in other respects; he was unused to contradiction, and if he had been hitherto, in general, good-humoured and cheerful, it forded no such frequent provocation as to render his in proportion that feverish agony of anticipation with orded no such frequent provocation as to render his sritability habitual.

Similability habitual. On the third morning after Dousterswivel's depart-ure, the servant, as usual, laid on the breakfast table the newspaper and letters of the day. Miss Wardour sock up the former to avoid the continued ill-humour of her father, who had wrough thimself into a vio-icat passion, because the toast was over-browned. "I perceive how it is," was his concluding speech wan this interesting subject, — "my servants, who have add their share of my fortune, begin to think there is little to be made of me in future. But while I am the scoundrels' master I will be so, and permit no meglect-mo, nor endure a hair s-breadth diminution of the respect I am entilled to exact from them." "I am ready to leave your honour's service this instant," said the domestic upon whom the fault had been charged, "as soon as you order payment of my wages."

Wages

Sir Arthur, as if stung by a serpent, thrust his hand into his pocket, and instantly drew out the money which it contained, but which was short of the man's claim. "What money have you got, Miss Wardour?" he said, in a tone of affected calmness, but which

soncealed violent agitation. Miss Wardour gave him her purse; he attempted to count the bank notes which it contained, but could not recome the bank holes which it contained, but could not reckon them. After twice miscounting the sum, he threw the whole to his daugher, and saying in a stem voice, "Pay the raccal, and let him leave the house instantly "he strode out of the room. The mistress and servant stood alike astonished at

The agriculture and vehemence of his manner. "I am sure, mo'am, if I had thought I was par-ticularly wrang, I wadna has made ony answer when Bir Arthur challenged me-I hao been lang in his Sir Arihur challenged me—I hao been lang in his service, and he has been a kind master, and you a kind mistress, and I wad like ill ye should think I wad start for a hasty word—I an sure it was very wrang o' me to speak about wages to his honour, when maybe he has something to vex him. I had tase thoughts o' leaving the family in this way." "Go down stairs, Robert," said his mistress— "something has happened to fret my father—go down stairs, and let Alick answer the bell." When the man left the room, Sir Arthur re-entered, as if he had been watching his departure. "What's

when the man left the room, Sir Arthur re-entered, as if he had been watching his departure. "What's the meaning of this?" he said hastily, as he observed the notes lying still on the table—"Is he not gone? Am I neither to be obeyed as a master or a father?" "He is gone to give up his charge to the house-keeper, air,—I thought there was not such instant heate."

haste.

"There is haste, Miss Wardour," answered her father, interrupting her;-"What I do henceforth in the house of mv forefathers, must be done speedily, or ever

Bever." He then sate down, and took up with a trembling hand the basin of tea prepared for him, protracting the swallowing of it, as if to delay the necessity of epening the post-letters which lay on the table, and which he eved from time to time, as if they had been:

a nest of adders ready to start into life and some upon him.

upon him. "You will be happy to hear," said Miss Wardour, willing to withdraw her father's mind from the gloomy reflections in which he appeared to be plunged, "you will be happy to hear, sir, that Liwtenant Tafiril's gun-brig has got atte into Leith Roads-I observe there had been apprehensions for his safety -I am glad we did not hear them till they were con-tradicted " tradicted.

"And what is Taffril and his gun-brig to me ?" "Sir ?' said Miss Wardour in astonishment; for Sir Arthur, in his ordinary state of misd, took a fidgety sort of interest in all the gossip of the day

fidgety sort of interest in all the gossup or us say and country. "I say," he repeated, in a higher and still more impatient key, "what do I care who is saved or lost? —It's nothing to mé, I suppose ?" "I did not know you were busy, Sir Arthur; and thought, as Mr. Taffiril is a brave man, and from our own country, you would be happy to hear"— "O, I am happy—as happy is possible—and, is make you happy too, you ahall have some of my good news in return." And he caught up a letin. "I to does not signify which I open first—they are all to the same tune." to the same tune.

He broke the seal hastily, run the letter over, and then throw it to his daughter—"Ay; I could not have lighted more happily i—this places the copeaton

Miss Wardour, in silent terror, took up the letter. "Read it—read it aloud " said her father; " it can not be read too often; it will serve to break you man other good news of the same kind."

She began to read with a faltering voice, "Due Sir."

Sir." "He dears me too, you see-this impadent drug of a writer's office, who, a twelvemonth since, w not fit company for my second table-I screen shall be 'dear Knight' with him by and by." "Dear Sir," resumed Miss Wardour; but inte rupting herself, "I see the contents are unplease sir-it will only vex you my reading them aloud." "If you will allow me to know my own please Miss Wardour, I entreat you to go on-I presen if it were unnecessary, I should not ask you to the the trouble." " Having been of late taken into copartnery," ce tinued Miss Wardour, reading the letter, "by "

Gilbert Greenhorn, son of your late corresponds and man of business. Girnigo Greenhors, Eng. wai to the signet, whose business I conducted as partis ment-house clerk for many year, which busines will in future be carried on under the firm of Grees will in future be carried on under the firm of Grees horn and Grinderson, (which I memorandum for the sake of accuracy in addressing your stars lattern and having had of late favours of yours, directed my horesaid partner, Gilbert Greenhorn, in equi-quence of his absence at the Lamberton races, his the honour to reput to your said favours." Gilbert Greenhorn, son of your late corre

quence of ms assence at the Lamberton root the honour to reply to your said favours? "You see my friend is methodical, and come by explaining the causes which have process so modest and elegant a correspondent. Ge can bear it."

And he laughed that bitter laugh which is the most fearful expression of mental misery. bling to proceed, and yet afraid to dischar Wardour continued to read: "I am, for rom partner, sorry we cannot oblige you by looking partner, sorry we cannot oblige you by looking the sums you mention, or applying for a sum in the case of Goldsbirds' bond, which us more inconsistent, as we have been employed as the said Goldiebirds' procurators and atten which capacity we have taken out a charge of ing against you, as you must be aware by the left by the messenger, for the sum of four as seven hundred and fifty-six pounds five shall aixpence one-fourth of a penny Sterling, which annual rent and expenses effeiring, we present be settled, during the currency of the charge, yent further trouble. Same time, I am us necessity to observe our own account, amount seven hundred and sixty-sine pounds ter al and sizpence, is also the, and sothercent we agreenesic; but as we hold your rights, title-deeds, and documents, in hypothec, shall have no objection to gree reasonable time—say till the next money tem. I am, for myself and partner, concerned to the to when the affection of an Oldbuck is of con-add, that Massrs. Goldiebirds' instructions to us are, sequence to a Wardour!—But when matters come to be the transmission of a transmission of an ordebuck is of con-sed. ecced peremptorie and sine mora, of which I nave the pleasure to advise you to prevent future mistakes, rearving to ourselves otherwise to agé as accords. I am, for self and partner, dear sir, your obliged hum-ble servant, Gabriel Grinderson, for Greenhorn and Grinderson." "Ungrateful villain !" said Miss Wardon."

"Ungrateful villain !" said Miss Wardour. "Why, no; it's in the usual rule, I suppose; the blow could not have been perfoct if dealt by another hard--it's all just as it should be," answered the poor meanet, his allected composure sorely belied by his givening lip and rolling eye-" But here's a postscript I ded not notice-come, finish the epistle." "I have to add, (not for self but partner,) that Mr. Greenhorn will accommodate you by taking your service of pists, or the bay horses, if sound in wind and kimb, sta fair appreciation, in part payment of your accompt."

your accompt." "G-d confound him !" said Sir Arthur, lowing all command of himself at this condescending proposal; "his grandfather shod my father's homes, and this incondant of a scoundrally blacksmith proposes to windle me out of mine! But I will write him a pro-

And he sate down and began to write with great And he sate down and began to write with great sheamence, then stopped and read aloud: "Mr. Hilbert Greenhern, in answer to two letters of a late has, I reserved a lotter from a person calling himself seinderseen, and designing himself as your partner. Then I address any one, I do not usually expect be answered by deputy—I think I have been use-ter the second seco

In prison, sir ?' said Miss Wardour faintly.

Ay, in prison, to be sure. Do you make any stron about that ?-Why, Mr. what's his name's

series about that ?--Way, Mr. what's his name's s detter for self and partner seems to be thrown any on you or else you have got four thousand so gy insudred pounds, with the due proportion of langes, pence, and half-pence, to pay that aforesaid marned, as he calls it." I, sur ?--O if I had the means !--But where's my ther ?--Why does he not come, and so long in sciland ?--He might do something to assist us." When Reginald ?--I suppose he's gone with Mr. bert Gesenhorn, or some such respectable per-t. to the Lamberton races--I have expected him s week pest-but I cannot wonder that my chil-res. But I should beg your pardon, my love, means the neglected or offmaded me in your

Lissing her check as she threw her arms his neck, he experienced that consolation a parent feels, even in the most distressed in the assurance that he possesses the affec-

• Wardour took the advantage of this revul-feeding, to endeavour to soothe her father's composure. She reminded him that he had D COM end

merias many once," said Sir Arthur; "" but of some many austed their kindness with my frantic pro-meners are unable to assist me-others are un-many is all ever with me-I only hops Reginald te example by my folly." marki I sot sead to Monkbarns, sir?" said his L.C.

what purpose? He cannot lend me such a woodd not if he could, for he knows I an inse chrowned in debt; and he would only give the could be and a sensition and sensition." the is shrewd and sensition, and sensition.

mily." "Yes; I balieve he did-it is a fine pass we are come to, when the affection of an Oldback is of con-sequence to a Wardour!-But when matters come to sequence to a Wardour!-But when matters come to extremity, as I suppose they presently will—it may be as well to send for him.—And now go take your walk, my dear-may mind is more composed than when I had this cursed disclosure to make.—You know the worst, and may daily or hourly expect it. Go take your walk—I would willingly be alone for a little while."

When Miss Wardour left the apartment, her first occupation was to avail herself of the half permissions granted by her father, by dispatching to Monkbarns the messenger, who, as we have already seen, met the Antiquary and his nephew on the sea-beach.

the Antiquary and his nephew on the sea-beach. Little recking, and indeed scarce knowing, where she was wandering, chance directed her into the walk beneath the Briery Bank, as it was called. A brook, which, in former days, had supplied the castle-moat with water, here descended through a narrow dell, up which Miss Wardour's taste had directed a natural path, which was rendered neat and eary of sacent. without the air of being formally made and natural path, which was rendered neat and easy of ascent, without the air of being formally made and preserved. It suited well the character of the little glen, which was overhung with thickets and under-wood, chiefly of larch and hazel, intermixed with the usual varieties of the thorn and brier. In this walk, had passed that scene of explanation between Mise Wardour and Lovel, which was overheard by old Edie Ochiltree. With a heart softened by the distress which approached her family, Mise Wardour now recalled every word and argument which Lovel had urred in support of his mit and could not hele conrecalled every word and argument which Lovel had urged in support of his suit, and could not help con-feesing to herself, it was ne small subject of pride to have impired a young man of his talents with a pag-sion so strong and disinterested. That he should have left the pursuit of a profession in which he was said to be rapidly rising, to bury himself m a disa-greeable place like Fairport, and brood over an unse-guited passion, might be ridiculed by others as ro-mantic, but was naturally forgiven as an excess of biftetion by the nerson who was the object of his manue, but was naturally forgiven as an excess of affection by the person who was the object of his attachment. Had he possessed an independence, however moderate, or ascertained a clear and undis-puted claim to the rank in society he was well quali-fied to adorn, she might now have had it in her-power to offer her father, during his misfortence, an asjum in an establishment of her own. These asyum in an establishment of her own. These, thoughts, so favourable to the absent lover, crowdent in, one after the other, with such a minute recepitu-lation of his words, looks, and actions, as plainter inimated that his former repulse had been diotated rather by duty than inclination. Isabella was mus-ing alternative mark this thirt are at the set of the s rather by duty than inclination. Isabella was mus-ing alternately upon this subject, and upon that of her father's misfortunes, when, as the path windea round a little hillock, covered with brushwood, the old Blue-Gown suddenly met her. With an air as if he had something important and mysterious to communicate, he dolled his bonnet,

inysterious to communicate, he doffed his bonnet, and assumed the cautious step and voice of one who would not willingly be overheard. "I has been wishing muckle to meet wi' your leddyship-for ye ken I darena come to the house for Douster-swivel." awiyel

"I heard indeed," said Miss Wardour, dropping as alms into the bonnet, "I heard that you has done a very foolish, if not a very had thing, Edie, and I was

very items, in her it." "Hout, my bonay leddy-fulish ?-A' the warld's fules-and how should auld Edie Ochiltree be arg wise ?-And for the evil-let them wha deal wa Dousterswivel tell whether he gat a grain mair that his dewrita."

Dousterswivel tel whether he gat a grain mair tone his descrite." "That may be true, Edie, and yet," said Miss Was-donr. "you may have been very wrong." "Weel, weel, we'se no dispute that e'enow-site about roursell I'm gaun to opeak-Div ye ken what's hanging ower the house of Knookwinnock ?" "Great distreas. I fast, Edie," answered Miss Wardour; "but I am surprised it is already as makie." public." "Public !-- \$ megalani, the manager, will be them

the day wi a' his tackle. I ken it frae ane o' his concurrents, as they ca' them, that's warned to meet him—and they'll be about their wark belyve—whare they clip there needs nae kame—they sheer close eneugh."

eneugh." "Are you sure this bad hour, Edie, is so very near?

"Are you sure this bad hour, Edie, is so very near T --come, 1 know, it will." "It's e'en as I tell you, leddy! but dinna be cast down--there's a heaven ower your head here, as well as in that fearful night atween the Ballyburgh-ness and the Halket-head. D'ye think He, wha rebuked the waters, canna protect you against the wrath of men, though they be armed with human subpoirs." authority?

"It is, indeed, all we have to trust to." "Ye dinna ken-ye dinna ken-when the night's darkeet, the dawn's nearest. If I had a gude horse, or could ride him when I had him, I reckon there wad be help yet.-I trusted to has gotten a cast wi' the Royal Charlotte, but she's coupit yonder, its like, at Koyal Charlotte, but she's coupt yonder, its like, at Kittlebrig. There was a young genileman on the boh'and he behuved to drive; and Tam Sang, that suld hae mair sense, he behuved to let him, and the dafi callant couldna tak the turn at the corner o' the brig, and odd! he took the curb-stane, and he's whomled her as I wad whomle a toom bicker-it was a luck I hadna gotten on the tap o'her-Sae I came down at ween hope and despair to see if ye wad send me on." "And, Edie--where would ye go?" said the young

"Anu, zono "To Tannonburgh, my leddy," (which was the first stage from Fairport, but a good deal nearer to Knock-winnock,)" and that without delay—it's a" on your ain

affairs?

"Indeed, my sweet leddy," said the gaberlunzie, "ye maun just trust that bit secret to auld Edie's gray pow, and ask nac questions about it-Certainly if I wad hae wared my life for you yon night. I can hae nae reason to play an ill plickie t'ye in the day o' your

"Well, Edie, follow me then," said Miss War-dour; "and will try to get you sent to Tannon-burgh."

"Mak haste, then, my bonny leddy, mak haste, for the love o' goodness!" and he continued to exhort her to expedition until they reached the castle.

#### CHAPTER XLII.

Let those go see who will-1 like it not-Por, say he was a slave to rank and pomp, and all the nothings he is now divorced from By the hard doom of starn necessity; Yet is it sad to mark his alter'd brow, Where Yanity adjusts her dimary well U'er the deep wrinkles of repentant anguish.

Out Play.

Wraw Miss Wardour arrived in the court of the Castle, she was apprised by the first glance, that the visit of the officers of the law had already taken place. There was confusion, and gloom, and sor-row, and curiosity among the domestics, while the retainers of the law went from place to place, making an inventory of the goods and chattels falling under their warrant of distress, or poinding, as it ys called in the law of Scotland. Captain M'Intyre flew to ber, as, struck dumb with the melancholy conviction of her father's ruin, she paused upon the threshold of the gateway.

or ner tather's ruin, she paused upon the threshold of the gateway. "Dear Misse Wardour," he said, "do not make yourself uneasy; my uncle is coming immediately, and 1 am sure he will find some way to clear the house of these racals." "Alast Captain M'Intyre, I fear it will be too hue."

"No," answered Edie, impatiently,--" could I but get to Tannonburgh. In the name of Heaven, Cap-

tain! contrive to get me some way on, and ye'll do this poor ruined family the best day's doing that has been done them since Redhand's days—for as sure as e'er an auld saw came true, Knockwinnock house and had will be lost and won this day." "Why, what good can you do, old man 1" said

Hector.

But Robert, the domestic with whom Sir Arthur had been so much displeased in the morning, as if he had been watching for an opportunity to display his zeal, stepped hastily forward and eaid to his mistres, "If you please, ma'am, this auld man, Ochilire, is very skeely and auld-farrant about mony change, as very skeely and aud-intrant about mony things as the diseases of cows, and horse, and is clake, and I am sure he disna want to he at Tannonburgh the day for naething since he insists on't this gate and, if your leddyship pleases, I'll drive him there a the taxed cart in an hour's time.—I wad fain be of some use—I could bite my very tongue out when I think on this morning." on this morning.

on this morning." "I am obliged to you, Robert," said Miss War-dour; "and if you really thmk it has the least chince of being useful"— "In the name of God," said the old man, "yoksthe cart, Robia, and if I am no o' some use, leve or man, I'll gie ye leave to fing me ower Kittlebrig as re come back again. But O man, haste ye, for time's precious this day." precious this day." Robert looked at his Mistress as she retired into

the house, and seeing he was not prohibited, fire to the stable-yard, which was adjacent to the court in order to yoke the carriage; for, though an ad beggag was the personage least likely to render of fectual assistance in a case of pecuniary disus fectual assistance in a case of pecuniary discress, set there was among the common people of Edie's of-cle, a general idea of his prudence and aspacity, which authorized Robert's conclusion, that be would not so carnestly lave urged the necessity of this et-pedition had he not here convinced of its utility. But so soon as the servant took hold of a horse to here him for the inarcent, an officer touched him as the shoulder—"My friend, you must let that becast siona, he's down in the schedule." "What," said Robert, "am I not to take my sum-ter's horse to go my young iedidy's errard?"

"What," said Robert, "am I not to take my man-ter's horse to go my young leddy's errard?" "You must remove nothing here," said the mas of office, "or you will be liable for all consequences." "What the devil, sir," said Hector, who, having followed to examine Ochiltree more closely on the nature of his hopes and expectations, already began to bristle like one of the terriers of his own native mountains, and sought but a decempatization venti-ing his displeasure, "have you the mpatement of went-vent the young lady's servant from obeying her orders?"

Honest Hector, better accustomed to the artillery of the field than to that of the law, saw this mystical ceremony with great indifference; and with like unconof the field than to that of the law, saw this mystical erramony with great indifference; and with like uncon-erra beheld the messenger sit down to write out an execution of deforcement. But at this moment, to prevent the well-meaning hot-headed Highlander from running the risk of a severe penalty, the Anti-query arrived puffing and blowing, with his handker-end of his stick. "What the deuce is the matter here?" he ex-claimed, hastily adjusting his head-gear; "I have been following you in fear of finding your idle log-gerhead knocked against one rock or other, and here I find you parted with your Bucephalis, and quar-reling with Sweepclean. A messenger, Hector, is a worse fee than a phoca, whether it be the phoca berbaca, or the phoca vitutina of your late conflict." "D-n the shoca, sir," said Hector, "whether it be the one or the other-I say d-n them both particu-larly!-I think you would not have me stand quietly by and see a scoundrel like this, because he calls himself a king's messenger, forsooth-(I hope the king has many better for his meanest errands)-insult a young lady of family and fashion like Miss Wardour." "Rightly argued, Hector," said the Antiquary; "but

Wardour

Wardour?" "Rightly argued, Hector," said the Antiquary ; "but the king, like other people, has now and then shabby-errands, and, in your ear, must have shabby fellows to do them. But even supposing you unacquainted with the statutes of William the Lion, in which, *sapile quarta*, persu quinta, this crime of deforcement is termed despectus Domini Regie, agontempt, to wit, of the king himself, in whose name all legal diligence issues, could you not have inferred, from the information I took so much pains to give you to-day, that those who interrupt officers who come to execute letters of caption, are *tanguam participes* execute, letters of caption, are tanquam participes eriminis rebellionis? seeing that he who aids a rebel,

eriminic rebellionic? seeing that he who ands a rebel, in himself, quodammodo, an accessory to rebellion— Bat I'll bring you out of the scrape." He then epoke to the messenger, who, upon his arrival, had laid aside all thoughts of making a good by-job out of the deforcement, and accepted Mr. Okthouck's assurances that the horse and taxed-cart should be safely returned in the coarse of two or

"Three hours. "Very well, sir," said the Antiquary, "since you are disposed to be so civil, you shall have another job in your own best way—a little cast of state politics— a crime punishable per Legem Juliam, Mr. Sweep-clean—Hark thee hither."

Clean-Hark the hither." And, after a whisper of five minutes, he gave him a aligo of paper, on receiving which, the messenger mounted his horse, and, with one of his assistants, rock away preity sharply. The fellow who remained second to delay his operations purposely, proceeded in the rest of his duty very slowly, and with the cau-tion and precision of one who feels himself overlooked by a stillul and aevere inspector. In the mean time, Oldbuck, taking his nephew by the arm, led him into the house, and they were subered into the presence of Sir Arthur Wardour, the meant, and vain attempts to disguise both and rate a how of indifference, exhibited a spectacle of the armal interest. Happy 10 see you, Mr. Oldbuck-always happy

Happy to see you. Mr. Oldbuck-always happy see my friends in fair weather or foul," said the Baronet, struggling not for composure, but for the nervoos and protracted grasp of his hand, and aggitation of his whole demeanour; "I am happy you you -You are riding. I see-I hope in this con-ber your borses are taken good care of-I always to have my friends' horses looked after-Egad, y will have all my cars.ow, for you see they are to feave me none of my own-he! he! he! he, Oldbuck ?"

his attempt at a jest was attended by a hysterical rle, indifferent laugh.

You know I never ride, Sir Arthur." said the www.

"I beg your pardon; but sure I saw your nephew arrive on horseback a short time since. We must look after officers' horses, and his was a handsome gray charger, as I have seen." Sir Arthur was about to ring the bell, when Mr. Oldbuck said, "My nephew came on your own gray horse, Sir Arthur."

horse, Sir Arthur." "Mine!" said the poor Baronet, "mine, was it? then the sun had been in my eyes—Well, I'm not worthy having a horse any longer, since I don't know my own when I see him." Good Heaven, throught Oldbuck, how is this man altered from the formal stolidity of his usual man

ner!-he grows wanton under adversity-Sed per-unti mille figuræ.-He then proceeded aloud; "Sir Arthur, we must necessarily speak a little on busi-

Arthur, we must necessarily speak a little on busi-ness." "To be sure," said Sir Arthur;.-" but it was so good that I should not know the horse I have ridden these five years—ha! ha! ha!" "Sir Arthur; waid the Antiquary, "don't let us waste time which is precious; we shall have, I hope, many better seasons for jesting—desipere in loco is the maxim of Horace—I more than suspect this has been brought on by the villany of Dousterswivel." "Don't mention his name, sir!" said Sir Arthur; and his manner entirely changed from a fluttered affectation of gayety to all the agitation of fury—his eves sparkled, his mouth foamed, his hands were clenched; "Don't mention his name, sir," he voci-ferated, "unless you would see me go mad in your presence !—That I should have been such a misera ble dolt—such an infatuated idiot—such a beast. presence !--That I should have been such a misera ble dolt--such an infatunted idiot--such a beast, endowed wich thrice a beast's stupidity, to be led and driven and spur-galled by such a rascal, and under such ridiculous pretences --Mr. Oldbuck, I could tear myself when I think of it." "I only meant to say," answered the Antiquary, "that this fellow is like to meet his reward; and I cannot but think we shall frighten scmething out of him that may be of service to you-he has certainly had some unlawful correspondence on the other sule of the water."

had some unlawful correspondence on the other side of the water." "Has he?—has he?—has he, indeed?—then d—n the household-goods, horses, and so forth—I will go to prison a happy man, Mr. Oldbuck—I hope in Henven there's a reasonable chance of his being hanged ?" "Why, pretty fair," said Oldbuck, willing to encou-rage this diversion, in hopes it might mitigate the feelings which seemed like to overset the poor man's understanding; "honester men have stretched a rope, or the law has been sadly cheated—But this unhappy business of yours—can nothing be done?— Let me see the charge."

unhappy business of yours—can nothing be done ?— Lot me see the charge." He took the papers; and, as he read them, his countenance grew hopelessly dark and disconsolata. Miss Wardour had by this time entered the apart-ment, and fixing her eyes on Mr. Oldbuck, as if ahe meant to read her fate in his looks, easily perceived, from the change in his eye and the dropping of his nether-jaw, how little was to be hoped. "We are then irremediably ruined, Mr. Oldbuck ?" said the young lady.

"Irremediably ?—I hope not—but the instant de-mand is very large, and others will, doubtless, pour

"Ay, never doubt that, Monkbarna," said Sir Ar-thur; "where the slaughter is, the eagles will be gathered together. I am like a sheep which I have gathered together.—I am like a sheep which I have seen fall down a precipice, or drop down from sick-ness—if you had not seen a single raven or booded crow for a fortnight before, he will not lie on the heather ten minutes before half-a-dozen will be pick-ing out his eyes, (and he drew his hand over ha own.) and tearing at his heart-strings before the poor devil has time to die. But that d-d long-scented vulture that dogged me so long-you have got him fast. Houre ?"

"Fast enough," said the Antiquary; "the gentle-man wished to take the wings of the morning, and holt in the what d'ye call it,—the coach and four there. But he would have found twigs lined for him at Edinburgh; As it is, he never got as far, for the

tiquary led the way into the library, followed by the unfortunate gentleman. They had been shut up together for about two hours, when Miss Wardour interrupted them with her cloak on, as if prepared for a journey. Her countenance way very pale, yet expressive of the composure which charactenzed her disposition.

"The messenger is returned, Mr. Oldbuck." "Returned ?-- What the devil! he has not let the fellow go?

No-I understand he has carried him to confinement; and now he is returned to attend my father, and says he can wait no longer."

No-a understated in the failed mined that the control of a theory in the is returned to attend my father, and says he can wait no longer."
A loud wrangling was now heard on the staircase, in which the voice of Hector predominated. "You an officer, sir, and these raganuffins a party! a parcel of beggrely tailor fellows—tell yourselves off by nine, and we shall know your effective strength."
The grunnbling voice of the man of law was then heard indistinctly muttering a reply, to which Hector retorted—"Come, come, sir, this won't do; march your party, as you call them, out of this house directly, or I'll send you and them to the right about presently."
"The devil take Hector," said the Antiquary, hastening to the scene of action; " his Highland blood is up again, and we shall have him fighting a duel with the bailiff—Come, Mr. Sweepclein, you must give us a little time—I know you would not wish to thurry Sir Arthur."
"By no means, sir," said the measenger, putting the had thrown on to tesuity define to omach of it already; and I am not justified in leaving my prisoner any longer after the instructions I received, unless I am to get payment of the bad out the caption, pointing with the swind truncheon which the held in my diligence."—And he held out the caption, pointing with the swind truncheon which the held in his right hand, to the formidable line of famines jotted upon the back thereof.

Highland wrath.

Ilighland wrath. Foolish boy, be quiet," said Oldbuck, "and come with me into the room—the man is doing his mise-rable duty, and you will only make matters worse by opposing him.—I fear, Sir Arthur, you must accom-puny this man to Fairport; there is no help for it in the first instance—I will accompany you to consult what farther can be done—My nephew will escort Mise Wardour to Monkbarns, which I hope she will make her residence until these unpleasant matters are settled." "I go with my father," Mr. Oldbuck, said Mise War-dour firmly—"I have prepared his clothes and my own—I suppose we shall have the use of the cair-riage ?" Any thing in reason, madam." said the measure

Any thing in reason, madam," said the messen-ger: "I have ordered it out, and it's at the door—I will go on the box with the coachmam—I have no desire to intrude—but two of the concurrents must attend on horseback."

attend on horseback." "I will attend too," said Hector, and he ran down to secure a horse for himself. "We must go then," said the Antiquary. "To jail," said the Baronet, sighing involuntarily; "And what of that?" he resumed, in a tone affect-edly cheerful-"it sonly a house we can't get out of, after all-Suppose a fit of the gout, and Knockwin-nock would be the same-Ay, ay, Monkbarna, we'll call it a fit of the gout without the d-d pain." Rut his syss swelled with tears as he spake, and

ecoch being overturned-se how sould it go safe with such a Jonah ?--he has had an infernal tumble, us carried into a cottage near Kittlebrig, and, to prevent all possibility of escape, I have sent your frierd, Swrepclean, to bring him back to Fairport, in nomine regis, or to act as his sick-nurse at Kittlebrig, and to the present fitting.--And now, Sir Arthur, permit me to have some conversation with you on the present iunpleasant state of your affairs, that we may see what can be done for their extrication; "and the An-tiquary led the way into the library, followed by the unfortunate genileman. to assume a more prominent and distinct appears than usual, as if to press themselves on their as for the last time.

than usual, as if to preas themselves on those notes for the last time. At the first landing-place, Sir Arthur made as aga-nized pause; and as he observed the Antiquery losit at him antiously, he said with assumed dignity-"Yes, Mr. Oldbuck, the descondant of an ancess line--the representative of Richard Redhand and Gamelyn de Guardover, may be pardomed a sink when he leaves the castle of his fathers thus possi-escorted. When I was sent to the Tower with any late father, in the year 1745, it was upon a charge becoming our birth-upon an accusation of high trai-son, Mr. Oldbuck-we were escorted from High trai-son, Mr. Oldbuck-we were escorted from High game by a troop of life-guards, and committed upon a score-tny of state's warrant; and now, here I am, in any old age, dragged from my household by a numerable creature like that, (pointing to the memenest,) and for a paltry concern of pounds, shillings, and peace." "At least," said Oldbuck, "you have now the com-pany of a dutiful daughter, and a sincese fixed, if you will parmit me to any so, and that may be more be no hanging, drawing, or quartering, on the present

be no hanging, drawing or quartering, on the par occasion. —But I bear that choleric boy as less ever. I hope to God he has got him no new has it was an accuraci chance that breught him at all."

In fact, a sudden clamoor, in which the loud and somewhat northern socant of Hector we pre-eminently distinguished, broke off this of tion. The cause we must refer to the next of

### CHAPTER XLIII.

Fortupe, you azy, file from so-She bug einden, Like the fleef seabird round the fowlers a staff. Lost in the mist one moment, and the seat Brushing the white asin with ther whiter wing, As if to court the sim.-Expansions watches, And has fore on the wheel.----

The shout of triumph in Hector's want was not easily distinguished from that of bot as he rushed up stairs with a packet in he exclaiming, "Long life to an old soldier! her Edie with a whole budget of good news" is obvious that his present cause of clanses w agreeable nature. He delivered the letter to shook Sir Arthur heartily by the hand, an Miss Wardour joy, with all the frankness of instinctive terror for Ca<sub>i</sub> tain M'Intyre, desw his prisoner, keeping an eye of eantion on the motions.

"Don't appose I shall trouble myself about you dirty fellow," said the soldier; "there's a g for the fright I have given you; and bees could old forty-tice man, who is a fitter match for you am."

The messenger (one of those dogs who as scornful to eat dirty puddings) caush in his guines which Hector chucked at his face; as warily and carefully the turn which matters to take. All voices meanwhile were loud in

which ho one was in a hurry to answer. "What is the matter, Captain M'Intyre?" Arthur

Ask old Edie," anid Hestor; "I only line safe and well

"What, is all this, Edie?" said Miss We the mendicant. "Your leddyship maun ask Monkbasse, a gotten the yepistelary curragendensh." "God save the king?" exclaimed the Anta

the first glance of the contents of his packet, and, surprimed at once out of decorum, philosophy, and philegm, he skimmed his cocked hat in the air, from which it descended not again, being caught in its fail by a branch of the chandelier. He next, looking joyously round, laid a grasp on his wig, which he perhaps would have sent after the beaver, had not Edie stop-ped his hand, exclaiming, "Lordsake! he's gaun gyte --mind Caxon's no here to repair the damage."

Every person now assailed the Antiquary, clamour-Levery person now assumed the Anuquary, clamour-ing to know the cause of so sudden a transport, when, somewhat ashamed of his rapture, he tairly, turned tail, like a fox at the cry of a pack of hounds, and ascending the stair by two steps at a time, gained the upper landing-place, where, turning round, he ad-dressed the astoniabed audience as follows. dree

dressed the astoniaded atomerce as solitows .---"My good friends, farete inguis--- To give you in-formation. I must first, according to logicians, be pos-sessed of it myself; and, therefore, with your leaves, I will regire into the library to examine these papers-Sir Arthur and Miss Wardour will have the goodness Sir Arthur and Miss Wardour will have the goodness to step into the parlour-Mr. Sweepclean, seeds pou-lisper, or, in your own language, grant us a supersé-dere of dilgence for five minutes-Hector, draw off your forces, and make your bear-garden flourish else-where-And, finally, be all of good cheer till my re-turn, which will be instanter." The contents of the packet were indeed so little ex-pected, that the Antiquary might be pardoned, first his ecstary, and next his desire of delaying to com-municate the intelligence they conveyed, until it was arranged and digested in his own mind. Within the envelope was a letter addressed to Jo-na than Oldback, Esq. of Monkharns, of the following purport t

purport :-

Arthur is threatened with severe measures by persons who acted formerly as his agents; and, by advice of a creditable man of business here. I have procured the enclosed writing, which I understand will stop their proceedings, until their claim shall be legally discus-sed, and brought down to its proper amount. I also enclose bills to the amount of one thousand pounds enclose bills to the amount of one unousent ponnes to pay any other preasing demands, and request of your friendship to apply them according to your dis-cretion. You will be surprised I give you this trou-be, when it would seem more natural to address my father directly in his own affairs. But I have yet had father directly in his own affairs. But I have yet had no assurance that his eyes are opened to the character of a person against whom you have often, I know, warned him, and whose baneful influence has been the occarion of these distresses. And as I owe the means of relieving Sir Arthur to the generosity of a matchless fined, it is my duty to take the most cer-tain measures for the supplies being devoted to the perpose for which they were destined, and I know your wisdom and kindness will see that it is done. My friend, as he claims an interest in your regard, will explain some views of his own in the enclosed father. The state of the post-office at Fairport being The state of the post-office at Fairport being mber. The state of the post-office at Fairport being mber notorious, I must send this letter to Tannon-ment; but the old man Ochiltree, whom particular particular at the old man Ochiltree (the old man of the old man of th

place, and will take care to forward it. I expect

place, and will take care to forward it. I expect aver soon an opportunity to apologize in person for trouble I now give, and have the hanour to be very faithful servant—RASINALD GARSINA WAR-E. Edinburgh, 6th August, 179-." The Antiquary hastily broke the seal of the enclo-the contents of which gave him equal surprise plenaure. When he had in some measure com-ad himself after such unexpected tidings, he in-med the other papers carefully, which all related measure—put the bills into his pocket-book, and be a short acknowledgment to be dispatched by tday's post, for he was extrainely methodical in Yar, IL 2 W

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money matters;-and, lastly, fraught with all the importance of disclosure, he descended to the parlour. "Sweepclean," said he, as he entired, to the officer who stood respectfully at the door, "you must sweep yourself clean out of Knockwinnock Castle with all your followers, tag-rag and bob-tail. See'st thou this paper, man?" "A site on a bill of summarian "artist the

"A sist on a bill o' suspension," said the measen-ger, with a disappointed look : "I thought it would be a queer thing if ultimate diligence was to be done against sic a genteman as Sir Arthur-Weel, sir, I'se

a queer thing it ultimate difference was to be done against sic a gentleman as Sir Arthur-Weel, sir, I'se go my ways with my party-And who's to pay my charges?" "They who employed thee," replied Oldbuck, " as thou full well dost know.-But here comes another express: this is a day of news, I think." This was Mr. Mailsetter on his mare from Fairport, with a letter for Sir Arthur, another to the messen-ger, both of which, he said, he was directed to for-ward instantly. The messenger opened his, observ ing, that Greenhorm and Grinderson were good enough men for his expenses, and here was a letter from them desiring him to stop the diligence. Ac-cordingly, he immediately left the apartment, and staying no longer than to gather his posse together, he did then, in the phrase of Hector, who watched his departure as a jealous mastiff eyes the retreat of a repulsed beggar, evacuate Flanders. Sir Arthur's letter was from Mr. Greenhorn, and a curiosity in its way. We give it, with the worthy Baronet's comments.

Baronet's comments.

"Sir-[Oh! I am *dear* sir no longer; folks are only, dear to Messrs. Greenhorn and Grinderson when they are in adversity]—Sir, I am much concerned to learn, on my return from the country, where I was called on particular business, [a bet on the sweepstakes, I sup-pose,] that my partner had the impropriety, in my ab-sence, to undertake the concerns of Mesars. Goldis-birds in preference to yours, and had written to you in an unbecoming manner. I beg to make my most humble apology, as well as Mr. Grinderson's—[come I see he can write for himself and partner too,]—and trust it is impossible you can thiak me forgetful of, or ungrateful for, the constant patronage which my family [his family! curse him for a puppy!] have uni-formly experienced from that of Knockwinnock. I am sorry to find, from an interview I had this day with Mr. Wardour, that he is much irritated, and, I must own, with apparent reason. But, in order to are in adversity]-Sir, I am much concerned to learn, i must own, with apparent reason. But, in order to remedy as much as in me lies the mistake of which he complains, [pretty mistake, indeed ! to clap his patron mto jail,] I have sent this express to discharge patron into jail, ] I have sent this express to discharge all proceedings against your person or property; and at the same time to transmit my respectful apology. I have only to add, that Mr. Grinderson is of opinion, that, if restored to your confidence, he could point out circumstances connected with Messrs. Goldiaburds present claim which would greatly reduce its amount [so, so, willing to play the rogue on either side;] and that there is not the slightest hurry in settling the balance of your accompt with us; and that I am, for Mr. G. as well as myself, Dear Si; [O, ay, he has written himself into an approach to familiarity,] your much obliged, and most humble servant, GILSERT GREENHORN. GREENHORN

"Well said, Mr. Gilbert Greenhorn," said Monk-barns; "I see now there is some use in having two attorneys in one firm. Their movements resemble barns; "I see now there is some use in having two attorneys in one firm. Their movements resemble those of the man and woman in a Dutch baby-house. When it is fair weather with the client, out comes the gentleman-partner to fawn like a spaniel; when it is foul, forth bolts the operative brother to pin like a bull-dog—Well, I thank God, that my man of busi-ness still wears an equilateral cocked hat, has a house in the Old Town, is as much afraid of a horse as I arm myself, plays at golf of a Saturday, goes to the kirk of a Sunday, and, in respect he has no partner, hath only his own folly to apologize for."

"There are some writers very honest follows, ' said Hector; "I should like to hear any one say that my cousin, Donald M'Intyre, Strathtudler's seventh son, (the other six are in the army.) is not as honest a fello

"No doubt, no doubt Hector, all the M Intyres are 83

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so; they have it by patent, man—But, I was going to say, that in a profession where unbounded trust is necessarily reposed, there is nothing surprising that fools stibuld neglect it in their idleness, and tricksters abuse it in their knarery—But it is the more to the hortour of those, and I will vouch for many, who unite integrity with skill and attention, and walk honoura-bly upright, where there are so many pitfalls and stambling blocks for those of a different character. To such men their fellow-citizene may safely intrust the care of protecting their patrimonial rights, and their country the more sacred charge of her laws and privileges."

"They are best off, however, that has least to do with them," said Ochiltree, who had stretched his neck into the parlour door; for the general confusion of the family not having yet subsided, the domestics, like waves after the fall of a hurricane, had not yet

of the family not having yet subsided, the domestics, like waves after the fall of a hurricane, had not yet exactly regained their due limits, but were roaming wildly through the house. "Aha, old Truepenny, art thou there?" said the Antiquary; "Sir Arthur, let me bring in the messen-ger of good luck, though he is but a lame one. You talked of the raven, that scented out the slaughter from afar; but here'r a blue pigeon (somewhat of the oldest and toughest, I gram) who smelled the good news six or seven miles off, flew thither in the taxed-cart, and returned with the olive branch." "Ye owe it a' to puir Robie that drave ine--puir fallow," said the beggar, "he doubts he's in disgrace wi' my leddy and Sir Arthur." Robert's repentant and bashful face was seen over the mendicant's choulder. "In disgrace with me?" said Sir Arthur--"'how gotten--"O, I recollect--Robert, I was angry, and you were wrong-go about your work, and never an-swer a master that speaks to you in a passion." "Nor any one else," said the Antiquary; "for a soft answer turneth away wrath." "And tell your mother, who is so ill with the rheu-matigm, to come down to the housekeeper to-mor-row," said Miss Wardour, "and we will see what can be of serveca to her?" "God bless your leddyship,".said poor Robert, " and

"And tell your mother, who is so ill with the rheu-matism, to come down to the housekeeper to-mor-row," said Miss Wardour, "and we will see what can be of scrv.ca to her." "God blees your leddyship,".said poor Robert, "and his honour Sir Arthur, and the young laird, and the house of Knockwinnock in a' its branches, far and near-it's been a kind and a gude house to the puir this mony hundred years." "There"-said the Antiquary to Sir Arthur-" we won't dispute-but there you see the gratitude of the poor people naturally turns to the civil virtues of your family. You don't hear them talk of Redhard, or Hell-in-Harness. For me, I must say, Odi accipi-trem gui semper vivil in armis-so let us eat and drink in peace, and be joyful, Sir Knught." A table was quickly covered in the parlour, where the party sat joyously down to some refreshment. At the request of Oldbuck, Edie Ochiltree was permitted to sit by the sideboard in a great leathern chair, which was placed in some measure behind a screen. "I accede to this the more readily." said Sir Ar-thur, "because I remember in my father's days that chair was occupied by Ailshie Gourlay, who, for sught I know, was the last privileged fool, or jester, maintained by any family of distinction in Scotland." "Aweel, Sir Arthur," replied the beggar, who never hesitated an instant between his friend and his jest, "mony a wise man sits in a fule's seat, and mony a fule in a wise man's, especially in families o' distinction."

distinction." Miss Wardour, fearing the effect of this speech (however worthy of Ailshie Gourlay, or any other privileged jester) upon the nerves of her father, has-temed to inquire whether ale or beef should not be distributed to the servants and people, whom the news had assembled around the Castle. "Surely my love," said her father, "when was it ever otherwise in our families when a siege had been related to

raised ?

"Ay, a suege laid by Saunders Sweepclean the beiliff, and raised by Edie Ochiltree the gaberlunzie par nobile fratrum," said Oldbuck, "and well pitted

gainst each other in respectability. But never mind, against each other in respectability. Dut never mine, Sir Arthur—these are such sieges and such reliefs as our time of day admits of and our escape is not less our time of day admits of and our escape is not less

our time of day admits of and our escape is not less worth commemorating in a glass of this excellent wine—Upon my credit, it is Burgundy, I think." "Were there any thing better in the cellar," said Miss Wardour, "it would be all too little to regale you after your friendly exertions." "Say you so?" said the Antiquary—"why, then, a cup of thanks to you, my fair enemy, and soon may you be besized as ladies love best to be, and sign terms of capitulation in the chapel of Saint Winnoz." Miss Wardour blushed, Hector coloured, and thea arrew nele.

grew pale.

grew pale. Sir Arthur answered, "My daughter is mach obliged to you, Monkbarns; but unless you'll accept of her yourself. I really do not know where a poor knight's daughter is to seek for an alliance in these mercenary times." "Me, mean ye, Sir Arthur ?—No, not I; I will chaim the privilege of the doello, and, as being unable to encounter my fair enemy myself. I will appear by my champion—But of this matter hereafter.—What

do you find in the papers there, Hector, that you hold your head down over them as if your nose were

your head down over them as a your loss the bleeding?" "Nothing particular, sir; but only that, as my arm is now almost quite well, I think I shall relieve you of my company in a day or two, and go to Edin-burgh. I see Major Neville is arrived there. I should like to see him." "Major whom?" said his uncle. "Major Neville, sir," answered the young soldier. "Major Neville, sir," answered the young soldier. "And who the devil is Major Neville?" demanded the Antiouary.

the Antiquar

And who ine devines major reveries ' demained the Antiquary. "O, Mr. Oldback," said Sir Arthur, "you must re-member his name frequently in the newspapers-wery distinguished young officer indeed. But I am happy to say that Mr. M Intyre need not leave Most-burns to see him, for my son writes that the Major is to come with him to Knockwinnaock, and I aeed not say how happy I shall be to make the young gen-tlemen acquainted,--unless, indeed, they are known to each other aiready." "No, not personally," answered Hector, "but I have had occasion to hear a good deal of him, and we have several mutual friends--your son being one of them.--But I must go to Edimburgh; for I see my uncle is beginning to grow tired of me, and I am afraid"

"That you will grow tired of him?" interrupted Olibuck,—"I fear that's past praying for. But you have forgetten that the ecstatic twelfth of August ap-

have forgotten that the ecstatic twelfth of August ap-proaches, and that you are engaged to meet one of Lord Glenallan's gamekeepers, God knows where, to persecute the peaceful feathered creation." "True, true, uncle-I had forgot that," exclaim-ed the volatile Hector,--" but you said sourching just now that put every thing out of my head." "An it like your honours," said old Edie, thrusting his white head from behind the screen, where he had been plentifully regaing himself with ale and cold meat-" an it like your honours, I can tell ye source thing that will keep the Captain wi' us amains as well as the pouling-Liker ye na the French are comment " The French, you blockhead ?" answered Oldback "" I have not had time." said Sir Archev Ward

"I have not had time," said Sir Arthur Wardow "I have not had time," said Sir Arthur warous, "to look over my lieutenancy correspondence for the week-indeed, I generally make a rule to read it the on Wednesdays, except in pressing cases,—for Las every thing by method--but from the glance I and of my letters, I observed some alarm was estat tained." "Alarm?" and Edia.—" troth there's alarm for the

Alarm ?" said Edie, -" troth there's alarm, by th be sorted up (that suld have been sorted half a we syne) in an unco hurry, and the council have half a nae less a man than auld Çaxon himsell to wa the light. Some say it was out o' compliment Licutenant Taffril,—for it's neist to certain that h marry Jenny Caron-some say it's to please ye honour and Monkbarns that wear wige-and som say there's some aud story about a periwig that a

### CHAP. XLIV.]

o' the bailies got and ne er paid for-Ony way, there me is, sitting cockit up like a skart upon the tap o' the craig, to skirl when foul weather comes." "On mine honour, a pretty warder," said Monk-barns; "and what's my wig to do all the while?" "I asked Cazon that very question," answered Ochiltree, "and he said he could look in ilka morn-ing, and gie't a touch afore he gaed to his bed, for there's another man to watch in the day-time, and Cazon says he'll frizz your honour's wig as weel sheeping as wauking."

Caron says nei i frizz your honour s wig as weat sleeping as wauking." This news gave a different turn to the conversation, which ran upon national defence, and the duty of fighting for the land we live in, until it was time to part. The Antiquary and his nephew resumed their walk homeward, after parting from Knockwinnock with the warmest expressions of mutual regard, and an agreement to meet again as soon as possible.

### CHAPTER XLIV

Way, if she love me not, I care not for her : Shall I look pale because the maiden blooms? Or sigh because she smiles, and smiles on others? Not L by Hoaven 1-1 hold my peace too dear, To let it, like the plume upon her cap, Shake at each nod that her caprice shall dictate. Old Play

"HECTOR," said his uncle to Captain M'Intyre, in the course of their walk homeward, "I am some-times inclined to suspect that, in one respect, you are a fool." "If you only think me so in one respect, sr, I am sure you do me more grace than I expected or deserve."

am sure you do me more grace than i expected or deserve." "I mean in one particular, par excellence," an-swored the Antiquary. "I have sometimes thought that you have cast your eyes upon Miss Wardour." "Well, sir," said MIntyre, with much composure. "Well, sir," echoed his uncle, "deuce take the fellow, he answers me as if it were the most reasona-ble thing in the world, that he, a captain in the army, and nothing at all besides, should marry the daugh-"" of a harmet." ter of a baronet.

I presume to think, sir," said the young High-der, "there would be no degradation on Miss War-

"And in point of fortune we are pretty even, since "And in point of fortune we are pretty even, since meither of us have got any," continued Hector. "There may be an error, but I cannot plead guilty to presumption." "But here lies the error, then, if you cill it so," replied his uncle; "she won't have you, Hector." "Indeed, ir ?"

"It is very sure, Hector; and to make it double are, I must inform you that she likes another man. sure, I must inform you that she likes another man. She misunderstood some words I once said to her, and I have snoce been able to guess at the interpreta-tion she put on them. At the time, I was unable to account for her hesitation and blushing; but, my poor Hector, I now understand them as a death-signal to your bopes and pretensions—So I advise you to beat your retreat, and draw off your forces as well as you can, for the fort is too well garrisoned for yoa to "I have no occasion to beat any retreat, uncle,"

"I have no occasion to beat any retreat, uncle," field Hector, holding himself very upright, and march-with a sort of dogged and offended solemnity; more man needs to retreat that has never advanced. Here are women in Scotland besides Miss Wardour, here are women in Scotland besides Miss Wardour, here are women in Scotland besides Miss Wardour,

And better tast," said his uncle; "doubtless are are, Hector; and though I cannot say but that is one of the most accomplished as well as sensi-band be cast away on you. A showy figure, now, bat two cross feathers above her noddle-one green, bat two tress feathers above her noddle-one green, bat the tressure to my phenix ""-(Edie nodded assent.) "By me," said Edie, "and twa o' the brig's men -but they didna ken its contents; and thought it watched day and night i... I saw it in the right hand;

which dragged that vehicle, hoc eral in rolis-These are the qualitics that would subdue you, especially it she had a taste for natural history, and loved a speci-

she had a tasic tor natural mistory, and to be a spread of the phoce." "It's a little hard, sir," said Hector, "I must have that cursed seal thrown into my face on all occasions -but I care little about it-and I shall not break my heart for Miss Wardour. She is free to choose for herself, and I wish her all happiness." "Marganimonaly resolved thou prop of Troy I

"Magnanimously resolved, thou prop of Troy! Why, Hector, I was afraid of a scene-Your sister told me you were desperately in love with Miss Wardour

dour." "Sir," answered the young man, "you would not have me desperately in love with a woman that does not care about me?" "Well, nephew," said the Antiquary, more seriously, "there is doubtless much sense in what you say; yet I would have given a great deal, some twenty, or twenty-five years since, to have been able to think as you do.", "Any body, I suppose, may think as they please on

twenty-five years since, to have been able to think as you do." "Any body, I suppose, may think as they please on such subjects," said Hector. "Not according to the old school," said Oldbuck; "but, as I said before, the practice of the modern seems in this case the most prudential, though, I think, scarcely the most interesting. But tell me your ideas now on this prevailing subject of an inva-sion.—The cry is still, They come." Hector, swallowing his mortification, which he was peculiarly anxious to conceal from his uncle's satirical observation, readily entered into a conversa-tion which was to turn the Antiquary's thoughts from Miss' Wardour and the seal. When they reached Monkbarns, the communicating to the ladies the events which had taken place at the Castle, with the counter information of how long dinner had waited before the womankind had ventured to eai it in the Antiquary's absence, averted these delicate topics of discussion. discussion.

The next morning the Antiquary srose early, and, as Caxon had not yet made his appearance, he began mentally to feel the absence of the petty news and as caxon had not yet made hus appearance, he began mentally to feel the absence of the petty news and small talk, of which the ex-peruquier was a faithful reporter, and which habit had made as necessary to the Antiquary as his occasional pinch of snuff, al-though he held, or affected to hold, both to be of the same intrinsic value. The feeling of vacuity peculiar to such a deprivation, was alleviated by the appear-ance of old Ochiltree, sauntering beside the clipped yew and holly hedges, with the air of a person quite at home. Indeed, so familiar had he been of late that even Juno did not bark at him, but contented herself with watching him with a close and vigilant eye. Our Antiquary stepped out in his night-gown, and instantly received and returned his greeting. "They are coming now, in good earnest, Monk-barns—I just cam frae Fairport to bring ye the news, and then Pill step away back again—the Search has just come into the bay, and they say she's been chased by a French fleet." "The Search ?" said Oldbuck, reflecting a moment. "Oho?"

Oho!

"Ay, ay, Captain Taffril's gun-brig, the Search." "What! any relation to *Scarch No. 117*" said Old-buck, catching at the light which the name of the vessel seemed to throw on the mysterious chest of treasure.

treasure. The mendicant, like a man detected in a frolic, put his bonnet before his face, yet could not help laughing heartily.—"The deil's in you, Monkbarns, for garring odds and evens meet—Wha thought ye wad hae laid that and that thegither?—Odd, I am clean catch'd now"

and then, when that German deevil was glowering at the lid o' the kist, (they liked mutton weel that icket where the yowe lay,) I think some Scottish deevil put it into my head to play bim yon ither can-trip—Now, ye see, if I had said mair or less to Bailie Littlejohn, I behoved till hae come out wi' a' this story; and vexed would Mr. Lovel hae been to have it brought to light—sae I thought I would stand to ony thing rather than that." "I must say he has chosen his confident well," said Oldbuck, "though somewhat strangely." "I'll say this for mysell, Monkbarns," answered

Oldbuck, "though somewhat strangely." "I'll say this for mysell, Monkbarns," answered the mendicant, "that I am the fittest man in the haill country to trust wi'siller, for I neither want it, nor wish for it, nor could use it if I had it. But the lad hadna muckle choice in the matter, for he thought he was leaving the country for ever (I trust he's misteen in that though;) and the night was set in when we learned, by a strange chance, Sir-Arthur's sair distress, and Lovel was obliged to be on board as the day dawned. But five nights after-wards the brig stood into the bay, and I met the boat by appointment, and we buried the treasure where ye fand it."

fand it." "This was a very romantic, foolish exploit," said Oldbuck.—" why not trust me, or any other friend?" "The blood o' your sister's son," replicit Edie, " was on his hands, and him maybe dead outright—what time had he to take counsel?—or how could he ask it of you, by ony body?" "You are night.—But what if Dousterswivel had come before you ?" "There was little fear o' his coming there without "There was little fear o' his coming there without Sir A thur,—he had ogtor a sair diff there in the fore and

come before you 7's "There was little fear o' his coming there without Sir Arthur—he had gotten a sar gliff the night afore, and never intended to look near the place agan, unless he had been brought there sting and ling—He kend weel the first pose was o' his ain hiding, and how could he expect a second? He just havered on about it to make the mair o' Sir Arthur." "Then how," said Oldbuck, "should Sir Arthur have come there unless the German had brought tim?" "Umph !" answered Edie dryly, "I had a story about Misticot wad hae brought him forty miles, or you either. Besides, it was to be thought he would be for visiting the place he fand the first siller im—he kend na the secret o' that job. In short, the siller being in this shape, Sir Arthur in utter difficul-ties, and Lovel determined he should never ken the hand that helped him,—for that was what be insisted maist upon,—we couldna think o' a better way to fing the gear in his gate, though we simmered it and wintered it e' er sae lang. And if by ony queer mischance Doustercivil had got his claws on't, I was unstantly to hae informed you or the Sheriff o' the haill story." "Well, notwithstanding all these wise precau-tions. I think your contrivance succeded better

"Well, notwithstanding all these wise precau-tions, I think your contrivance succeeded better than such a clumsy one deserved, Edie. But how the dence came Lovel by such a mass of silver in-

"That's just what I canna tell yo-But they were put on board wi' his things at Fairport, it's like, and we stowed them into ane o' the ammunition-boxes o' the brig, baith for concealment and convenience of carriage."

we stowed them into ane o the animumon-boxes of the big, baith for concealment and conventence of carriage." "Lord ?" said Oldbuck, his recollection recurring to the earlier part of his acquaintance with Lovel; "and this young fellow, who was putting hundreds on so strange a hazard, I must be recommending a subscription to him, and paying his bill at the Ferry! I never will pay any person's bill again, that's cer-tain.—And you kept up a constant correspondence with Lovel, I suppose?" "I just gat as bit scrape o' a pen frashim, to say there wad, as yesterday fell, be a packet at Tannon-burgh, wi' letters o' great consequence to the Knock-winnock folk; for they jaloused the opening of our litters at Fairport—And that's as true, I hear Mrs. Mailsetter is to lose her office for looking after other folk's business and neglecting her ain." "And what do you expect, now, Edie, for being the advisor, and messenger, and guard, and confidential person in all these matters?"

"Deil hast do I expect-excepting that a' the gen-tles will come to the gaberlunxis's burial; and maybe ye'll carry the head yoursell, as ye did puir Steenie Mucklebackii's.-What trouble was't to me? I was ganging about at ony rate-O but I was blythe when I got out of prison, though; for, I thought, what if that weary letter should come when I am closed up here like an oyster, and a' should gang wrang for want o't? and whiles I thought I mann make a clean breast and tell you a' about it; but then I couldna weel do that without contraven-ing Mr. Lovel's positive orders; and I reckon he had to see somebody at Edinburgh afore he could do what he wussed to do for Sir Arthur and his family." family

do what he wussed to do for Sir Artnur and his family." "Well, and to your public news, Edie—So they are still coming, are they?" "Troth, they say, sir; and there's come down strict orders for the forces and volunteers to be algrt; and there's a clever young officer to zome here forthwith, to look at our means o' defence—I saw the Bailio's lass cleaning his belts and white breeks—I gae her a hand, for ye maun think she wasna ower clever at it, and sae I gat a' the news for my pains." "And what think you, as an old soldier 7" "Troth, I kenna—an they come sae mony as they speak o', they'll be odds against us—But there's mony yauld chields aniang thae volunteers; and I mauma say muckle about them that's no weel and no very able, because I am something that gate mysell—But we'se do our best." "What! so your martial spirit is rising again, Edie ?

Edie ?

'Even in our ashes glow their wonted fires t'

I would not have thought you, Edie, had so much to fight for ?

fight for?" ""Mo no muckle to fight for, sir?—isna there the country to fight for, and the burnsides that is muckle daundering beside, and the burnsides that is gang daundering beside, and the hearths o' the gud wives that gie me my bit bread, and the bits o' weans that come toddling to play wi' me when I come shout a landward town?—Deil?" he continued, grasping his pikestaff with great emphasis, "an I had as gude pith as I hac gude-will, and a gude cause, I should gie some o' them a day's kemping." "Bravo, bravo, Ediel The country's in litle slit-mate danger, when the beggar's as ready to fight for his dish as the laird for his land." Their further converselion reverted to the parti-culars of the night passed by the mendicant and Lovel in the runs of St. Ruth; by the datalls of which the Antiquary was highly amsed.

Cutars of the night passed by the memorant and Lovel in the ruins of St. Ruh; by the dstails of which the Antiquary was highly amused. "I would have given a guinea," he said, "to have seen the scoundrelly German under the agonizes of those terrors, which it is part of his own quackery to inspire into others; and the appartion of some heb-gobin." "Troth," said the beggar, "there was time for him to be cowed; for ye wad hae thought the very spirit of Hell-in-Harness had taken possession of the body of Sir Arthur.—But what will come of the inst-louper?" "I have had a letter this morning, from which I understand he has acquitted you of the charge brought against you, and offers to make such the coveries as will render the settlement of Sir siven some private information of importance government, in consideration of which, I understand he will be sent back to play the knave in him en-gonument, " "And a' the bonny engines, and wheels, end show

country." "And a' the bonny engines, and wheels, and "And a' the bonny engines, and wheels, and coves, and sheughs, down at Glenwithorshine ye what's to come o' them?" said Edie. "I hope the men, before they are dispersed make a bonfire of their gimcracks, as an arm stroy their artillery when forced to raise a And as for the holes, Edie, I abandon them a traps, for the benefit of the next wise men whe choose to down the substance to a snetch choose to drop the substance to snatch at a sha

### CHAP. XLV.1

"Hech, sirs! guide us a'! to burn the engines? that's a great waste—Had ye na better try to get back part o' your hundred pounds wi' the sale o' the maternals?" he continued, with a tone of affected condolence

condolence. "Not a farthing," said the Antiquary peevishly; taking a turn from him, and making a step or two away. Then returning, balf-smiling at his own pet-tishness, he said, "Get thee into the house, Edie, and temember my counsel : never speak to me about a mine, or to my nephew Hector about a phoca, that is a sealgh, as you call it." "I mann be ganging my ways back to Fairport," said the wanderer; "I want to see what they're say-ing there about the invasion-but f'll mind what your honour says, no to speak to you about a sealgh, or to the Captam about the hundred pounds that you gied to Donster".

Confound thes !-- I desired thes not to mention that to me.

"Dear me!" said Edie, with affected surprise; "weel, I thought there was naething but what your bonour could has studden in the way o' agreeable con-versation, unless it was about the Pretorian yonder, or the bodie that the packgnan sauld to ye for an auld

"Pshaw, pshaw," said the Antiquary, turning from him hastily, and retreating into the house. The mendicant looked after him a moment, and

The mendcant looked after him a moment, and with a chuckling laugh, such as that with which a magne or parrot applauds a successful exploit of mis-chick he resumed once more the road to Fairport. His habits had given him a sort of restlessness, much increased by the pleasure he took in gathering news; and in a short time he had regained the town which he left in the morning, for no reason that he knew himself, unless just to "hae a bit crack wi Monk-barns."

### CHAPTER XLV.

Red glared the beacon on Powneli, On Briddaw there were three; The bugie-horn on moor and fell Wey heard continually.

#### JAMES HOGS

This watch who kept his watch on the hill, and cocked towards Birnam, probably conceived himself Looked towards Birnam, probably conceived himself dreaming when he first beheld the fated grove put itself into motion for its march to Dunsinne. Even so, old Caron, as perched in his but, he qualified his thoughts upon the approaching marriage of his daughter, and the dignity of being father-in-law to Lieutenant Taffiil, with an occasional peep towards the signal-post with which his own corresponded, was not a little suprised by observing a light in that chirrection. He rubbed his syes, looked again, adjust-ing his observation by, a cross-staff which had been placed so as to bear upon the point. And behold, the light increased, like a comet to the eye of the astrono-marce, "with fear of change perplexing nations." "The Lord preserve us!" said Caron, "what's to be done now?--But there will be wiser heads than marine to look to that, sae I'se e'en fire the beacon." And he lighted the bescon accordingly, which threw the reddening billows of the eas. The brother the reddening billows of the eas. The brother the mentes of Caron being equally diligent, caught and the reddening billows of the eas. The brother the reddening billows of the eas. The brother the reddening billows of the sac. The brother the mendes of Caron being equally diligent, caught and the subset and inland hills, and the whole distinct was the subset by the signal of invasion."

The story of the false alarm at Fairport, and the conse-ces, are taken from a real incident. Those who witnessed restricts of Britain, and of Scolland in particular, from the pe-linal mecoedied the war which commenced in 1805 to the e of Trahagar, must recollect those times with feelings in we can hardly hope to make the rising generation com-ent we can hardly hope to make the rising generation com-ent we can hardly hope to make the rising generation com-ent we can hardly hope to make the rising second barry of the long suspended threats of invasion, which were echod a wary quarter. Becomes were second along the coast, and means the country, to give the signal for every one to re-the the part where his peculiar duty called him, and men of description fit to surve held themselves in readiness on macterial summers. During this sgitting period, and on

Our Antiquary, his head wrapped warm in two Our Apitquery, nis near wrapper wern in two double night-cape, was quietly enjoying his repose, when it was suddenly broken by the screams of his sister, his niece, and two maid-ervants. "What the devil is the matter?" said he, starting up in his bed.\_\_""womankind in my room at this hour

of night !- are ye all mad ?

of night !-- are ye all mad ??' the evening of the 2d February, 1804, the person who kept watch on the commanding station of Home Casile, being de-ceived by some accidential fire in the county of Nerthumber-land, which he took for the corresponding signal-light in that county with which his orders were to communicate, lighted up his own beacon. The signal was immediately repeated through all the vallers on the English Border. If the beacon at Saint Abbs-head had been fired, the alarm would have run north-ant point indiciously considered, that if there had been an ac-tual or threatened descent on our eastern secoust, the alarm would have come along the coast, and not from the interior of the county.

The second se

"O wha dare meddle wi'me, And wha dare meddle wi'me I My name it is little Joak Elliot, And wha dare meddle wi'me I"

And wha dare meddle wi' me'" The patient was so delighted with this display of ancient By der spirit, that he sprung up in his bed, and began to sing the old song with such vehemence of action and voice, that his sti-tendants, ignorant of the cause of excitation, concluded that the fiver had taken possession of his brain; and it was only the en-resorting to measure of medical coercitation. Concluded that the resorting to measure of medical coercin. The circumstances of this false slarm, and its consequences, may be now held of too little importance even for a noise upon a work of fiction; but, at the period when it happened, it was hailed by the coentry as a propitions ormer, that the national force, to which much must naturally have been intusted, had the spirit to look in the face the danger which they had taken arms to repei; and every one was cohvinced, that on which aver wide God night bestore the victor; the invokers would meet with the most determined opposition from the children et the spil.

"The beacon, uncle !" said Miss M Intyre. "The French coming to murder us!" s Miss Griscida: screatned

Miss Griselda: "The beacon, the beacon !- the French, the French ! -murder, murder ! and waur than murder !"-cried the two handmaidens, like the chorus of an opera. "The French ?" said Oldbuck, starting up,--"get out of the room, womankind that you are, till I get my things oh-And, hark ye, bring me my sword." "Whilk o' them, Monkbarns ?" cried his sister, offering a Roman falchion of brass with the one hand, with the other an Andrea Ferrara without a handle. "The langest, the langest," cried Jenny Rintherout, dragging in a two-handed sword of the twelfth cen-tury.

dragging in a two-handed sword of the twelfth cen-tury. "Womankind," said Oldbuck, in great agitation, "be composed, and do not give way to vain terror— Are you sure they are come "" "Sure !--sure " exclaimed Janny,—"ower sure !--s' the sea fencibles, and the land fencibles, and the volunteers and yeomanry, are on fit, and driving to Pairport as hard as horse and man can gang—and auld Mucklebackit's gane wi' the lave—muckle good he'll do;—Hech, sirs !--he'll be missed the morn wha wad has served king and country weel " "Give me," said Oldbuck, "the sword which my faiher wore in the year forty-five—it hath no belt or bakkrick—but we'll make shift." So saying, he thrust the weapon through the cover of his breeches pocket. At this moment Hector entered, who had been to a neighbouring height to ascertain whether the alarm was actual.

"Where are your arms, nephew?" exclaimed Old-back-" where is your double-barrelled gun, that was never out of your hand when there was no occasion for such vanities ?"

for such vanities ?" "Pooh! pooh! sir," said Hector, "who ever took a fowling-piece on action ?—I have got my uniform on, you see—I hope I shall be of more use if they will give me a command, than I could be with ten double-harrels.—And you, sir, must get to Fairport, to give directions for the quartering and maintaining the men and horses and neventing confusion."

urections for the quartering and maintaining the men and horses, and preventing confusion." "You are right, Hector, —I believe I shall do as much with my head as my hand too—But here comes Sir Arthur Wardour, who, between ourselves, is not fit to accompliah much either one way or other."

Sir Arthur was probably of a different opinion; for, dressed in his lieutenancy uniform, he was also on the road to Fairport, and called in his way to take Mr. Okbuck with him, having had his original opi-

the road to Fairport, and called in his way to take Mr. Oldbuck with him, having had his original opi-nion of his sagacity much confirmed by late events. Arid in spite of all the entreaties of the womankind that the Antiquary would stay to garrison Monk-barna, Mr. Oldbuck, with his nephew, instantly accepted Sir Arthur's offer. Those who have witnessed such a scene can alone conceive the state of bustle in Fairport. The win-dows were ghancing with a hundred lights, which, appearing and disappearing rapidly, indicated the confusion within doors. The women of lower rank assembled and clamoured in the market-place. The yeomanry, pouring from their different glens, galloped through the streets, some individually, some in par-ties of five or siz, as they had met on the road. The drums and fifes of the volunteers beating to arms, were blended with the voice of the officers, the sound of the bugles, and the tolling of the bells from the steeple. The ships in the harbour were lit up, and boats from the armed vessels added to the bustle, by landing men and guns, destined to assist in the de-fence of the place. This pert of the preparations was superintended by Taffril with much activity. Two or three light vessels had already slipped their cables and stood out to sea, in order to discover the sup-posed enemy.

and stood out to see, in order to uscover and poed enemy. Such was the scene of general confusion, when Sir Arthur Wardeur, Oldbuck, and Hector, made their way with difficulty into the principal square, where he town-house is situated. It was lighted up, and the magistracy, with many of the neighbouring gen-tiomen, were assembled. And here, as upon other

TIQUARY. [CRAP. KLV]
so casions of the like kind in Scotland, it was remark-able how the good sense and firmness of the people supplied almost all the deficiencies of inexpensence. The magnitrates were beset by the quarter-master of the different corps for billets for men and horses. "Let us," said Bailie Littlejohn, "take the horses into our warehouses, and the men into our parlours, —share our supper with the one, and our forage with the other. We have made ourselves wealthy under a free, and paternal government, and now is the time to show we know its value." A loud and cheerful acquiescence was given by all present, and the substance of the wealthy, with the persons of those of all ranks, were unanimously devoted to the defence of the country. Tata and displayed a degree of puence of minimum impetuosity, gazed at him with astoniahment from impetuosity, gazed at him with astoniahment from impetuosity, gazed at him with astoniahment from impetuosity, gazed at him with astoniahment for minime to time, as he remarked the calm and steady manner in which the explained the various measure of precaution that his experience suggested, and gave divections for executing them. He found the different corps in good order, considering the irregular man-serials of which they were composed, in great force of much did military experience and spins. And so much did military experience at that moment over balance all other claims to consequence, that even old Edie, instead of being left, like Diogenes at Sh-nope, to roll his tub when all around were proparing to defence, had the duty assigned him of super-into a separate corps, and the armination, which he into a separate corps, and the armination, which he into a coast had been committed, by the com-mander-in-chief, and whose committed by the com-miniter. We have the Earl himself, to the simple weat all whe knew the babits an

the him to take upon himself the full disposal of the military force. At length the bugles of the Glenallan yeomahry were heard, and the Earl himself, to the surprise of all who knew his habits and state of health, appeared at their head in uniform. They formed a very hand-some and well-mounted squadron, formed a very hand-down from the upland glens, with their pipes physing in the van. The clean and serviceshe appearance of this band of feulal dependants called forth the admiration of Captain M'Intyre; but his unche was still more struck by the manner in which, upon this crisis, the ancient military spirit of his house seemed to animate and invigorate the decayed frame of the Earl, their leader. He claimed, and obtained for him self and his followers, the post most likely to be that of danger, displayed great alacrity in making the necessary dispositions, and showed equal acutement the military councils of Fairport, while all concerned were still eagerly engaged in taking preclusions for their defence. At length a cry among the people announces for

their defence. At length a cry among the people announce "There's the brave Major Neville come at last, we another officer;" and their post-chaise, and is drove into the square, amidst the hurzas of the val-teers and inhabitants. The magistrate, with the assessors of the lieutenancy, hastened to the doar their town-house to receive him; but what we it suprise of all present, but most especially that of Ahtiquary, when they became aware, that the ham and features of the pacific Lovel ! A warm embra and features of the pacific Lovel ! A warm embra and a bearty shake of the hand, were necessary assure him that his eyes were doing him justice. Arthur was no less suprised to recognise his Captain Wardour, in Lovel's, or rather Major I ville's company. The first words of the young a core were a possive assurance to all present, that

courage and zeal which they had displayed were en-tirely thrown away, unless in so far as they afforded an acceptable proof of their spirit and promptitude. "The watchman at Halket-head," said Major Ne-ville, "as we discovered hus as institution which

"The watchman at Halket-head," said Major Ne-ville, "as we discovered by an investigation which we made in our route hither, was most naturally mis-led by a bonfire which some idle people had made on the hill above Glenwithershins, just in the line of the beacon with which his corresponded." Oldbuck gave a conscious look to Sir Arthur, who returned it with one equally sheepish, and a shrug of the about down

returned it with one equally sheepish, and a shrug of the shoulders. "It must have been the machinery which we con-demned to the flames in our wrath," said the Anti-guary, flucking up heart, though not a little ashamed of having been the cause of so much disturbance--"The devil take Dousterswivel with all my heart !--I think he has bequeathed us a legacy of blunders and musched, as if he had lighted some train of fireworks at his departure-I wonder what cracker will go off heart arguing our shing. -But yonder comes the proat his departure—I wonder what cracker will go off next among our shins.—But yonder comes the pru-dent Canon.—Hold up your head, you ass—your bet-ters must bear the blame for you.—And here, take this what d'ye-call-it"—(giving him his sword)—"I won-der what I would have said yesterday to any man, that would have told me I was to stick such an appendage to my tail." Here he found his arm gently pressed by Lord Glenallan, who dragged him into a separate shart-man who is so atrikingly like".— "Like the unfortunate Eveline," interrunted Old-

ment. "For God's sake, who is that young gentle-man who is so strikingly like"....." "Like the unfortunate Eveline," interrupted Old-buck. "I felt my heart warm to him from the first, and your lordship has suggested the very cause." "But who—who is he?" continued Lord Glen-ellan, holding the Antiquary with a convulsive grasp. "Formerly I. would have called him Lovel, but now he turns out to be Major Neville." "Whom my brother brought up as his natural son —whom he made his heir—Gracious Heaven! the child of my Eveline." "Hold, my lord-hold!" said Oldbuck, "do not give too hasty way to such a presumption—what pro-bability is there?" "Probability? none! There is certainty! absolute certainty. The secut I mentioned to you wrote me the whole story—I received it yesterday, not sooner -Bring him, for God's sake, that a father's eyes may blees him before he departs." "I will; but, for your own sake, and his, give him for moments for preparation." And, determined to make still farther investigation

nd, determined to make still farther investigation And, determined to make suit rariner investigation before yielding his entire conviction to so strange a trale, he sought out Major Neville, and found him corpediting the necessary measures for dispersing the force which had been assembled. "Pray, Major Neville, leave this basiness for a rmoment to Captain Wardour and to Hector, with worhom, I hope, you are thoroughly reconciled, (Neville Sanghed, and shook hands with Hector across the scable) and grant me a moment's autience."

we hom, I hope, you are thoroughly reconciled, (Neville San, thed, and shook hands with Hector across the table), and grant me a moment's sudience."
"You have a claim on me, Mr. Oldbuck, were my brassiness more urgent," said Neville, "for having granted myself upon you under a false name, and remarding your hospitality by injuring your nephew."
"You served him as he deserved," said Oldbuck;
though, by the way, he showed as much good sense spirit to-day-Egad, if he would rub up his learners, and read reast and real reasts. The Holyburg, and the Strata-table and read Cases and Polyburg, and the Strata-table is heartily deserving of it," said Neville; "and the grant polyburg of the same glad you excuse me, which you may do the sate to have no better right to the name of New," by which I have been generally distinguished, in that of Lovel, under which you knew me."
Meted ! then, I trast, we shall find out one for to which you sall have a firm and legal tile." for the state you do not think the misfortune of the same of New, by which you shall have a firm and legal tile." The trust you do not think the misfortune of the same of New, by which you shall have a firm and legal tile."

"Most true." "Most true." "Most true." "And since that time you have been occupied I "And since that time you have been occupied I "And since that time you have been occupied I "And since that time you have been occupied I "You means, young man," answered the Anti-suppose, with plans for Sir Arthur's relief?" "Yes, sir; with the assistance of Captain War dour at Edinburgh."

you of it, you were educated and known as a natural son of Geraldin Neville of Neville's-burgh, in York-shire, and, is presume, as his destined her?" "Pardon me-no such views were held out to me;

"Pardon me—no such views were held out to me; I was liberally educated, and pushed forward in the army by money and interest; but I believe my sup-posed father long entertained some ideas of marriage, though he never carried them into effect." "You say your supposed father ?—What leads you to suppose Mr. Geraldin Neville was not your real father ?"

"I know, Mr. Oldbuck, that you would not ask these questions on a point of such delicacy for the gra-tification of idle curiosity. I will, therefore, tell you candidly, that last year, while we occupied a small town in French Flangers, I found in a convent, near candidly, that last year, while we occupied a small town in French Flanders, I found in a convent, near which I was quartered, a woman who spoke remark-ably good English-She was a Spaniard-her name Teresa D'Acunha. In the process of our acquaint-ance, she discovered who I was, and made herself known to me as the person who had charge of my infancy. She dropped more than one hint of rank to which I was entitled, and of injustice done to me, promising a more full disclosure in case of the death of a lady in Scotland, during whose lifetime she was determined to keep the secret. She also intimated that Mr. Geraldin Neville was not my father. We were attacked by the enemy, and driven from the town, which was pillaged with savage ferocity by the republicans. The religious orders were the particu-lar objects of their hate and cruelty. The convent was burned, and several nuns perished, among others Teresa-and with her all chance of knowing the story of my birth-tragic by all accounts it must have been." "Raro antecdentem sciestum, or, as I may here say, sciestam," said Oldbuck, "descruit perma-even Epicurenas admitted that-and what did you do upon this?"

upon this?

"I remonstrated with Mr. Neville by letter, and to no purpose—I then obtained leave of absence, and threw myself at his feet, conjuring him to complete the disclosure which Teresa had begun. He refused, the disclosure which Teresa had begun. He refused, and, on my importunity, indignantly upbraided me with the favours he had already conferred I thought he abused the power of a benefactor, as he was compelled to admit he had no title to that of a father, and we parted in mutual displeasure. I re-nounced the name of Neville, and assumed that under which you knew me.—It was at this time, when residing with a friend in the north of England who favoured my disguise, that I became acquainted with Miss Wardour, and was romantic enough to fol-low her to Scotland. My mind wavered on various plans of hife, when I resolved to apply once more to Mr. Neville for an explanation of the mystery of my birth. It was long ere I received an answer; you Mr. Neville for an explanation of the mystery of my birth. It was long ere I received an answer; you were present when it was put into my hands. He informed me of his bad state of health, and conjured me, for my own sake, to inquire no farther into the nature of his connexion with me, but to rest satisfied with his declaring it to be such and so intimate, that he designed to constitute me his heir. When I was preparing to leave Fairport to join him, a second express brought me word that he was no more. The possession of great wealth was unable to suppress the remorseful feelings with which I now regarded my conduct to my benefactor, and some hints in his letter appearing to infinate that there was on my birth a conduct to my benefactor, and some hints in his letter appearing to intimate that there was on my birth a deeper stain than that of ordinary illegitimacy, I remembered certain prejudices of Sir Arthur." "And you brooded over these melancholy ideas until you were ill, instead of coming to me for advice, and telling me the whole story?" said Oldbuck. "Exactly; then came my quarrel with Captain M'Intyre, and my compelled departure from Fairport and its vicinity."

"From love and from poetry-Miss Wardow and the Caledoniad ?" Most true.

And Edie Ochiltree here-you see I know the

"And Edie Ochiltree here-you see I know the whole story. But how came you by the treasure ?" "It was a quantity of plate which had belonged to my uncle, and was left in the custody of a person at Fairport. Some time before his death he had sent orders that it should be melted down. He perhaps did not wish me to see the Glenallan arms upon it?" "Well, Major Neville, or-let me say-Lovel, being the name in which I rather delight, you must, I believe, exchange both of your alias's for the style, and title of the Honourable William Geraldin, com-monly called Lord Geraldin." The Antiquary then went through the strange and

The Antiquary then went through the strange and melancholy circumstances concerning his mother's death.

"I have no doubt," he said, "that your uncle wished the report to be believed, that the child of this enhappy marriage was no more perhaps he might himself have an eye to the inheritance of his brother

anhappy marriage was no more-perhaps he might himself have an eye to the inheritance of his brother -he was then a gay wild young man-But of all intentions against your person, however much the evil conscience of Klspeth might lead her to suspect him from the agitation in which he appeared. Te-reas's story and your own fully acquit him. And, gow, my dear sir, let me have the pleasure of intro-ducing a son to a father." We will not attempt to describe such a meeting. The proofs on all sides were found to be complete, for Mr. Neville had left a distinct account of the whole transaction with his confidential steward in a scaled packet, which was not to be opened until the death of the old Countess; his motive for preserving screey so long appearing to have been an apprehen-sion of the effect which the discovery, fraught with a on the disgrace, must necessarily produce upon her haughty and violent temper. In the evening of that day, the yeomanry and volunteers of Glenallan drank prosperity to their young mester. In a month afterwards, Lord Ge-raldin was married to Miss Wardour, the Antiquary making the lady a present of the wedding ring, a massy crede of antique chasing, bearing the motio of Akdobrand Oldenbuck, Kunst macht gunst.

Old Edie, the most important man that ever we a blue-gown, bowls away easily from one friend's house to another, and boasts that he never travels house to another, and boasts that he never travels unless on a sunny day. Latterly, indeed, he has given some symptoms of becoming stationary, being frequently found in the corner of a sug cottage between Monkbarns and Knockwinnock, he winh Caxon retreated upon his daughter's thermage, in order to be in the neighbourhood of the face paro-chial wigs, which he continues to keep in repur, though oily for annusement. Edie has been head to say, "This is a gey bein place, and it's a confort to has size a corner to sit in in a bad day." It is though, as he grows stiffer in the joints, he will finally sate there. there

The bounty of such wealthy patrons as Lord and The bounty of such wealthy partons as Low and Lady Geraldin flowed copiously upon Mrs. Hadway and upon the Mucklebackita. By the former was well employed, by the latter wasted. They comma however, to receive it, but under the administration of Edie Ochiltree i and they do not accept it without grumbling at the channel through which it is con-

grumbling at the transferred with the army, and has been reveal. Hector is rising rapidly in the army, and has been more than once mentioned in the Gazette, and reso proportionally high in his uncle's favour. And, what scarcely pleases the young soldier here he has also shot two seals, and thus put an emit the fa-tiquary's perpetual harping upon, the nory of the places. People talk of a mariage between lies M'Intyre and Captain Wardour; but the want confirmation.

The Antiquary is a frequent visiter at Knokwin nock and Glenallan-house, ostensibly for its sked completing two essays, one on the mail-shird dis Great Earl, and the other on the left-hand gashed of Hell-in-harness. He regularly inquires where Lord Geraldin has commenced the Caledonia with the left of the state of the state of the left of the state of th Loru Geraldin has commenced the Catedona, and shakes his head at the answers he reduce. As attendard, however, he has completed his now, which, we believe, will be at the service of argum who chooses to make them public, without rat of superson to the service of argum. expense to the ANTIQUARY.

### END OF THE ANTIQUARY.

Case XLY

# ROB ROY.

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For why? Because the good old rule Sufficient them; the simple plan, That they should take who have the power, ' And they should keep who can. Rob Roy's Grase.--Wonnewontm.

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Vol. II. 2 X .

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## ADVERTISEMENT

## TO THE FIRST EDITION OF ROB ROY.

WHEN the Editor of the following volumes published, about two years since, the work called "The Antiquary," he announ-eed that he was, for the last time, intruding upon the public in his present capacity. He might shelter himself under the plea that every assurpments writer is, like the celebrated Junius, only a phantom, and that therefore, although an apparition of a more beaign, as well as much meaner description, he rannot be bound to plead to a charge of inconsistency. A better apology may be found in the imitating the confession of honest Bene-dict, that, when he and he would die a bachelor, he did not thunk he should live to be married. The best of all would be fairmation, form an excuse for the author's breach of promise. Without presuming to hope that this may prove the case, it is of partiest necessary to mention, that un resolution, like that of benedict, fail a sacrifice, to temptation at least, if not to the tage.

of poneduct, rest a section, or temptered the Author, through the Stategen. It is now about six months since the Author, through the medium of his respectible publishers, received a parcel of pa-pers, containing the outlines of this narrative, with a permission, or rather with a request, ouched in highly fractiering terms, that they might be given to the public, with such alterations as

should be found suitable.<sup>6</sup> These were of course so purpose that, besides the suppression of names, and of incinents ap-proaching too much to reality, the work may in a great mea-sure be said to be new written. Several anachroname have probably crept in during the course of these changes; and the mottoes for the chapters have been selected without any refe-rence to the supposed date of the incidents. For these, ed course, the Editor is responsible. Some othern occurred in the original materials, but they are of little consequence. In point of minute accuracy, it may be stated, that the bridge over the Forth, or rather the 4 vondhu. (or Black Kiver,) near the tarried to at the earnor of Aberfoil, had not an cristence thirty years ago. It does not, however, become the Editor to be the first to point out these errors; and he takes this public opportunity to thank the un-known and nameless correspondent, to whom the rester will owe the principal share of any musement which he may derive from the following pages.

1st December, 1817.

As it may be necessary, in the present edition, to speak upon the square, the Author Units it proper to own, that the communication allo-ded to is entirely imaginary.

## INTRODUCTION.

WHEN the author projected this further encreachment on the satement of an indulgent public, he was at some loss for a title , a rood name being very nearly of as much consequence in lite fature as in life. The title of Rou NW was surgested by the series of constable, whose sequencity and axpectine of popularity which it included. The included is a such consequence of the singular character whose name is given to the title page, and who, through sood report and bad report, as maintained a wonderful degree of importance in popular character whose name is given to the title page, and who, through sood report and bad report, as maintained a wonderful degree of importance in popular work, which, though that of a gentleman, had in it nothing of the title requered to a such that the observed his fathe in a great importance to his realing on the very verge of the Highland, and playing such pracks in the beginning of the 18th contur, as are used by introd mining in Kowing archived and so flore of other fragboaters who are the state to his realing the the suble policy, and unrestrained during the Augurd and the title reget to the Highland her a period a vertice of the site is and that within forty miles of Glasgow, a great commercial city, the seat of a learnot aniver in the beginning of the 18th contur, as are used in flore. Annee and Goorge I. Addison, it is probable, Pope, would have been onsiderably surprised if they had work on that there existed in the same sland with them a period of the size is the suble policy and unrestrained during they had be they been onsiderably any side of they had work that there existed in the source side of that idea beaver and that which is they due to the source and with them a period of yone who devid on the oppose is def of that idea beaver a strate the they had work that they existed and cultivated mode and bedree a diventure which were habitable updet the many source and the they had been on this the side of the Highland line, and the wild and beaver a diventure which were habitab

** Far and near, through vale and	ыn,
Are faces that attest the same, And kindle like a fire new stirr'd,	-
At sound of Reb Roy's name."	

At sound of Rob Roy's name." There were several advantages which Rob Roy enjoyed, for maining to advantage the character which he ascuned. The most prominent of these was his descent from, and cog-raison with, the clan MacGregor, so famoys for their mis-timed tharmelves as clah, linked and banded together in spile ( the most severe laws, executed with unheard-of rigour stinet those who hore this forbidden surnames. Thoir history restinet those who hore powerful neighbours, and either ex-transmither the several others of the original Highland clams, who we supported to secure themselves by recouncing their restingt appellation, and assuming that of the congresors. The peculiarity in the story of the MacGregors, is their restin-tage the perselity, their separate existence and union as a line under originatures of the utmost arguers. The history 'fur tribe is briefly as follows. But we must premise that the sequences in some degree on tradition; therefore, excepting is degrends in some degree on tradition; therefore, excepting f th

when written documents are quoted, it must be considered as as nome degree dubious. The sept of MacGregor claimed a descent from Gregor, ere Gregorius, third son, it is said, of Alpin, King of Boots, whe fourished about 767. Hence their orrinal patronymic is Mag-Alpine, and they are usually termed the Chan Alpine. An individual tribe of them relains the same name. They are accounted to the most ancient clans in the Highlands, and it is certain one period very stemaive powessions in Perthabitre and Argyleshire, which they Imprudently continued to hold by the evir a people of original Celtic descent, and occupied at the set of the metal to the Highlands, and it is certain to the set of solicitons set of the set of the set of the set of the set of solicitons set of the set of the set of the set of solicitons set of the set of the set of the set of solicitons set of the set of the set of the set of solicitons set of the set of the set of solicitons set of the set of the set of the set of so

gradually deprived of their possessions, and of all ordinary gradually deprived of their possessions, and of all ordinary means of procuring subsistence, they could not, nevertheless, be supposed likely to starve for famine, while they had the means of taking from strangers what they considered as right-fully their own. Hence they became versed in predatory forays, and accustomed to bloodshed. Their passions were eager, and accustomet to bloodshed. Their passions were eager, and with a little management on the part of some of their most powerful neighbours, they could easily be hounded out, to use a convention Souther horan to comput visionse of which powerful neighbours, they could easily be AbuRadd out, to use an expressive Scottish phrase, to commit violence, of which the wily instigators took the advantage, and left the ignorant MacGregors an undivided portion of biame and purishment. This policy of pushing on the flerce clans of the Highlands and Bordens to break the peace of the country, is accounted by the historian one of the most dangerous practices of his own period, in which the MacGregors were considered as ready

the historian one of the most dangerous practices of his own period, in which the MacGregors were considered as ready agents. Notwithstanding these severe demunciations, which were acted upon in the same spirit in which they were conceived, some of the clan still possessed property, and the chief of the name in 1592 is designed Allaster MacGregor of Glenstrae. He is said to have been a brave and active man; but, from the to-nor of his confession at his death, appears to have been enga-ged io many and desperate feuds, one of which finally proved fittal to himself and many of his followers. This was the ce-berated conflict at Glenfrain, near the south-weatern extremity of Loch Launond, in the vicinity of which the MacGregors continued to exercise mach authority by the coir a Gleiste, or right of the strongest, which we have siready mentioned. The strongest, which we have siready mentioned. The same the been a life and bloody feud etwist the MacGregors working the strongest, which we have siready mentioned. The man house belonging to a dependent of the Columbours, and were refused. They then retreated to an out-house, took a wedder from the fold, killed it, and supped off the carries, for which (it is said) they offered payment to the proprietor. The condemued and executed. The MacGregors weight then, excount of the feud barons had at their command, had them both condemued and executed. The MacGregors weight then, excount of the feud by appealing to a proverb current amongst them, ex-erating the hour (Matf daw as Carda ght)) that the black wed-der with the white tail was ever lambed. To average this, que-erating the hour (Matf daw as Carda ght)) that the black we-der with the white tail was ever lambed. To average this quar-el, the Laid of MacGregor ascendled his class, for the banks of Loch Long, by a pass called *Kaid ana Gael*, or the Hindinan's Pays.

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I have been informed, that, at no very remote period, it was proposed take this large stone, which marks the grave of Dugald C.'sr Mohr,

shown, and where his great strength and courage are the them

hown, and where his great should be the very few of the tribe f many traditions. I Macdregor's brother was one of the very few of the tribe the was slain. He was buried near the field of battle, and the lace is marked by a rude stone, called the Gray stone of Macwho was slain.

White ways the set of the store, called the Gray store of MacGregot. Sir Humphrey Colguboun, being well mounted, excepted for the time to the castle of bianchar, or Benechra. It proved no sure defence, however, for he was shortly after mindered in valit of the castle, the fundip annula say, by the MacGregory hough other accounts charge the deed upon the MacGregory. This buttle of Glentruin, and the second start of the window the minder accounts (the start of the deed upon the MacGregory, This buttle of Glentruin, and the second start of the window the start of the castle of the fundip and the start wall of the castle of the start of the deed upon the MacGregory, the start of the start of the start of the start the start of the start of the start of the start the start of the start of the start of the start wall them in such a case. That James might failt pro-derstand the extent of the slaughter, the widows of the start to the number of eleven acors in deep mounting, riding sput white pathers, and each bearing her hasband's bloody shart on a spear, appeared at Stirling, in presence of a monarch for-sequence for the death of their husbands, upon those by when they had been made desolate. The rundy resorted to was at least as severe as the crashtee which it was designed to yumish. By an act of the Pricy Caseed, dated 3d April, 1603, the name of MacGregor was exposure abolished, and those who should call themsives foregot at MacGregory, the names of their fathers. Under the same being alow how had high the fathers. Under the same probability other marauting parties charged in the act, were probable to when and the on the start of other the resoned to dear mark designed the online of Glentrine, or accessory to other marauting parties charged in the act, were probables to mark the head the contict of Glentrine, or accessory to other marauting parties charged in the act, were probables the probables and the set the same bar of the start of the same bar were bar on the start on the same start of the start of the s

concurrence, the names of their fathers. Under the su naity, all who had been at the condities of Glemfunio, or are to other marauding parties charged in the act, were proj from carrying weapone, except a pointless kinds to set the tanks. By a subsequent act of Council, 54th June, 1613, was denounced against any persons of the tribe formerty Macfiregor, who should presume to assemble in greats bers than four. Again, by an act of Parliamert, 1817, et these have were continued, and extended to the rising filon, in respect that great numbers of the children o against whom the acts of Privy Council had been directes stated to be then approaching to maturity, who, if perm resume the name of their parents, would render the clan a a fit was before.

stated to be then approaching to maturity, who, if permit resume the name of their parents, would render the chan as as it was before. The execution of those severe acts was chiefly intrusted west to the Earl of Arcyle, and the powerfal clan of Cam and to the Earl of Arcyle, and the powerfal clan of Cam and to the Earl of Arcyle, and the powerfal clan of Cam and to the Earl of Arcyle, and the powerfal clan of Cam and to the Earl of Arcyle, and the powerfal clan was so with the most determined courage; and many a valler it west and North Highlands retains memory of the seven flicts, in which the proceribed clan moetimes obtained tran advantage, and always sold their lives dearly. At lengt pride of Affaster MacGregor, the chief of the clan, was so lowered by the sufferings of his people, that he resolved a erader himself to the Earl of Arcyle, with lais principal for ers, on condition that they should be sent out of Scolan the unfortunate chiefs own account be true, he had more sons than one for expecting some favour from the Earl, who in secret advised and encouraged him to many of the desy actions for which he was now called to so severe a recknown afrayle, as old Birrell curverses himself, kept a Harshandh promise with them, fulfilling it to the ear, and breaking it a sense. MacGregor was sont under a strong grand to the free of England, and being thus, in the literal sense, leat of a flart, 20th January, 1663, and found rully. He appears to b been instantly conveyed from the bar to the spikews, for His of the sime date, reports that he was hanged it use Crows, for distinction's sike, was supended higher by his work had than two of his kinder and friends. On the istin of The following, more men of the MacGregors were exceeded, a long imprisonment, and several others in the borker of and future men and were and mem of MacGregor, were have future in the subter is the theore is the borgening of M The Earl of Argyle's service, in conducine to the summary the insolout and wicked men and mem of MacGregor on and onec

The Earl of Argyle's service, in conducate to the sur-time insolent and wicked race and name of MacGregor, and coverf is to the purpose of the lints of a winter, the the formation of the state of the state of the state of the state is hard, we want dename the state of the state of the state is hard, we want dename the state of the state of

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### With many a stiff thwack and many a bang, Hard crabtree and cold from rang.

A slash or two, or a broken head, was easily accommodetel, and as the trade was of benefit to both parties, triling skimish-es were not allowed to interrupt its harmony. Indeed, it was of vital interast to the Highbanders, whose income, so far as derived from their settlew, depended eatirely on the sale of black cattle; and a sagacious and experienced dealer benefited not only himself, but his friends and neighbours, by his speculia-tions. These of Rob Roy were for several years as seconselts,

\* See Statistical Account of Scotland, vol. zvill. Page 339. Parish of Kippea.

es to istiplies general confidence, and raise him in the estimation of the country in which he reaided. His importance was increased by the death of his father, in cousequence of which he succeeded to the management of his nephew Gregor MacGragor of Glengyle's property, and, as his tator, to such influence with the clan and following as was due to the representative of Dougal Ciar. Such influence was the more uncontrolled, that this family of the MacGregors are no have refused adherence to MacGregor of Glencamock, the an-cestor of the present Siz Evan MacGregor, and nasorted a kind of independence. It was at this time that Rob Rov aromined an interest by cur-

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Say, then, that he was wise in brav As wise in thought as bold in desc For in the principles of things He sought his moral creed.

Baid generous Rob, "What need of Books ? Burn all the statutes and their shelves ! They stirks up against our kint, And worse, against our se.

- "We have a passion, make a h Too false to guide us or conta And for the law itself we fight In bitterness of soul:

- " And puzzled, blinded, then we four Distinctious that are plain and four ; These find I graven on my heart, That tells me what todo.
- "The creatures see of flood and field, And those that travel on the wind; With them no strife can last "Buy Live In peace, and peace of mind.

- "For why 7 Because the good old rade Sufficient them; the simple plan, That they should take who have the pe And they should take who have the per-

- An twy moust keep was can <sup>44</sup> A lesson which is quickly learn' A signal through which all can a Thus, nothing here provokes the st To wanton cruelty.

### INTRODUCTION TO BOB ROY.

an freakishness of mind is obser to tamed who feelishly aspire, the to the measure of his might such facilitate his signifi

- "All tinds and creatures stand and fall By strength of provess or of wit; "The God's appointment who must sway, And who is to submit.
- "Since then," said Robin, " right is plain, And longest life in but a day, To have my ends, maintain my rights, I'll take the shortest way."

- And thus among these rocks he lived, Through summer's heat and winter's a The engle, he was lord above, And Rob was lord below.

The set having location violation was it. The set of th

Assether well-vocched case is that of Cunningham of Bo-mary Cunningham, Esq. of Boophan, was a rentleman of the provide the second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second provide the chanced to be in course and second second second second provide the chanced to be in course second se

ge and affectation of foppery were united, which is less ease, writh a spirit of lanate moders. He is thon described ge's satirisal genes, antitid "Argyle's Leve." effic diress had Harry bow'd unseen Before he dared advance; The Duties then, turning round well pleased, find, "Sme pow're been in Fitnes, A more poile and panty man Them Herry how M and hund'd, end haw'd.

- The second m Harry bow'd, and blush'd, and bow'd, at at ratial in the deer." 1 14

tion of Original Posts, by Scotch Gentlemen, vol. H. p. 125.

to pursuit of Rob, and overtaking him, struck at him with his broadsword. A plate of iron in his bonnet saved the MacGre-gor from being cut down to the teeth; but the blow was hoary enough to bear him to the ground, crying as he fell, "O, Mnn-analeister, is there nothing in her?" (I & in the gun.) The trooper, at the same time exclaiming, "D — nye, your mother never wrought your night-cap i' had his any raised for a second blow, when Macanaleister fixed, and the ball pierosd the dra-goon's beart.

blow, when Macanaleister fired, and the ball perced the dra-geon's beart. Such as he was, Rob Roy's progress in his occupation is thus described by a gonuleman of sense and talent, who resided the forbearance with is predatory wars, had probably feit their officita, and speaks of them, as might be expected, with little of the forbearance with which, from their peculiar and romantic claracter, they are now regarded. "This man (Rob Roy's gorgesor) was a person of magnetity and neither wanted stratagem nor address; and, having aban doned himsel to sall licentoushees, set himself at the head of all the loose, vagrant, and desports propies of, that then, in the west end of Perth and Btrinnshires, and infested those whole countries with thefts, robbertes, much desportations. Yvery few who lived, within his reach (that is, within the distance of a nucturnal aspedition) could promise to themselves security, either for their porsons or efficient, withous the distance of a nucturnal aspedition could promise to themselves security. The state the load of a very of the sole of a state theore the ommitted robberter, mised comprise the of estimates of a montant and head of the sole of the sole of a same the size of all as percended to such a degree of sudacionase. He the committed robberter, mised comprise the second quar-The state and successful the of second of the sole of the second as the face of the sole of the sole of a same then, in open day, and in the face of the sole of them was laid in a country when the counter that is some of them was laid in a country when the general habit of cattle-steeling had briddle used that are the sole of a state steel as the briddle second them the sole of the sole o

spected. Having recorded that the general habit of cattle-stealing had blinded even those of the better classes to the infam of the practice, and that as men's property consisted entirely in hords, it was readered in the highest degree processions, Mr. Grahame adda\_\_\_\_

calons by the advice and direction of so exteriorised a feedback as his uncl. The MacGregors-assembled in numbers at that period, and began even to Uircaton the Lowlands towards the lower sca-tremity of Loch Lomond. They suddenly seized all the to-sa-tremity of Loch Lomond. They suddenly seized all the to-sa-tremity of Loch Lomond. They suddenly seized all the to-sa-tremity of Loch Lomond. They suddenly seized all the to-sate which were upon the lakes, and, probably with the to-entorprise of their own, draw them overhobbly with to inverse order to intercept the progress of a large body of west-country whigs who were in arms for the government, and moving in last threaton.

whiss who were in arms for the government, and moving in that direction. The whiss made an accursion for the recovery of the boats. Their forces consisted of volunteers from Paieley, Kilpatrick, and elsewhere, who, with the nesistance of a body of semmen, were towed up the river Levén in long-boats belonging to the ships of war then typing in the Clyde. At Less they were joined by the forces of Sir Humphry Colquinon, and James Graat, his son-in-law, with their followers, attired in the Highland dress of the period, which is petimesruley described. The whole party crossed to Craig-Royaton, but the MacGregors did not offer combat. If we are to believe the account of the ar-pedition given by the historian Rase, alsey leaped on shore at Craig-Royaton with the atmost interpletity, no enemy appear-ing to oppose them, and, by the noise of their artillery are sonali arms, terrified the MacGregors, whom they appear ing to have some out of their fastnesses, and have they appear is a panic to his general camp of the Highland term the first a panic to the general camp of the Highland term the Highland the Highland the discregors, whom they appear are

<sup>4</sup> Mr. Grahame of Gerimore's Cause's the Disturbances in the Fliphande. See Jamisson's edition of Burr's Letters from the North of Sectional Appendix, vol. ii. p. 348. J. At night they arrived at Leas, where they were joined by Sig Flumphry Colophoun of Leas, and James Grant of Plastander, his sentiatar, and and set of them with a weil-fixed grant on his shoulder, strong the and model picking, armed each of them with a weil-fixed grant on his shoulder. Sectors, and picking with a sharp-pointed steel of above his face of the sector of the strong the strong that and the sector of the sector of the strong that an edit by hisside, and picking or two, with a sharp-pointed steel of above has a strong the Modellion, the p. 327.

ntry men succeeded in getting possess at expenditure of noise and courage

les.<sup>6</sup> The low-country uses recorded in setting powersion of the boats, at a great exponditure of noise and courage, and little risk of danger. After this temporary removal from his old haunts, Rob Roy was sont by the Earl of Mar to Aberdeen, he raise, it is believed, a part of the clean Gregor, which is settled in that country. These men were of his own family (the race of the Ciar Nohr). They were the desondrants of about three hundred MacGro-gurs whom the Earl of Murray, about the year 1634, trans-parted from his catates in Monieth to oppose against his ene-muse the MacIntoshos, a race as hardy and restless as they were thememises.

They were the decondants of about three hundred MacGre-pore whom the Earl of Murray, about the year 1884, trans-ported from his eatates in Monteith to oppose against his ene-pore whom the Earl of Murray, about the year 1884, trans-ported from his eatates in Monteith to oppose against his ene-themeelves. But while in the city of Aberdeen, Rob Roy met a relation of a very different class and obstractor from those whom he was sent to summon to arms. This was Dr. James Gregory, (by descent a MacGregor,) the patriarch of a dynasty of profa-ore distinguished for literary and scientific talent, and the grand-father of the late eminent physician and accomplished scholar, professor Gregory of Edinburgh. This rendlema, was at the time Professor of Medicine in King's College, Aberdeen, and son of Dr. James Gregory, distinguished in science as the in-ventor of the-reflecting telescope. With such a family it may seem our friend Rob could have had little communion. But early war is a species of misery which introduces men to formidable and influential. He invited Rob Roy to his house, and treated him with so much kindnes, that he produced in his generous bogons a degree of gratitude which sermed likely to occasion very incorresinet sfields. The Professor bad son about eight or nine years old, -a ively aton by or a las age, with who a poenness our High-ing the theorem bogons and degree of path degree him to the day for his age-prot.---- 'My dear kingdma, 1 have been thinking what I could to to show my sense of your hoopitality. Now, here you have a fine spirited boy of a son, whom you are ruining by cranning, by wy of manifesting my great good-will to you and yours, to take a fine spirited boy of a son, whom you are ruining by cranning, him with your aseless book-learing, and I am determined, by way of manifesting my great good will which he threatened the son was uff the father's system to route who had been deucated in the Lowinda, and on-git to hes, as opended way sense of a most delicate description : and there

land face again. Jamos Gregory, who thus escaped being his kinsman's recruit, and in all probability his henchman, was afterwards Professor of Medicane in the College, and, like molk of his family, dis-tinguisted by his sciontific acquirements. He was ather of an arritable and partinacious disposition; and his friends were wont to remark, when he showed any symptom of these foi-bles, "Ab t this comes of not having been educated by Rob Roy "

Roy." The connection between Rob Roy and his classical kingman did not end with the period of Rob's transient power. At a period considerably subsequent to the year 1715, he was walk-fog in the Castle Sireet of Aberdeen, arm in arm with his hest, Dr. Jamee Gregory, when the druns in the barracks auddenly beat to arms, and soldiers were seen issuing from the barracks. "If these lads are turning out," said Rob, taking leave of his

The Loch Longood expedition was ladged worthy to form a separate amplied, which I have not seen, but, as quoted by the historian Rae, it use be delectable.
"On the morrow, being Thursday the 13th, they wenf on their expedi-tion the morrow, being Thursday the 13th, they wenf on their expedi-

"The Loon Lonson experime was prease to the other handles and the set of the loop and the list of the

N TO ROB ROY. south with great composure, "it is time for me to lack and buy safety." So saying, he dived down a close, and, as Jen Two have already stated that Rub Roy a conduct during the four series of the series of the series of the series of the burgen says. "went upon his way and was seen on more." Two have already stated that Rub Roy's conduct during the investment of 118 was very equivocal. His person and for both the Duke of Arryle's. Yet the insargeths were co-towners were in the Hughland army, but his heart seems to have been with the Duke of Arryle's. Yet the insargeths were co-towners were in the Hughland army, but his heart seems to have been with the Duke of Arryle's. Yet the insargeths were co-form at what are called the Forde of Frew, and wisen they there are the could not be relied upon. This moreoment to the westward, og lie part of the inar-geth, brought on the battle of Sherriff muir, undecisive inden its immediate results, but of which the Duke of Arryle was of the whole advantage. In this action, it will be recellecing that the right wing of Rewards, Mackemekes, and Cambres, were completely routed. During this modify of the size and put, Rok Nor vataised his station on a hill in the course of the Highland position i and though it is mid his attack might hav were to that down who, mable to lead have class a prove of the chary. A could not be prevailed upon a charge, This one and though it was wing to the are and infrared who the chief of that name, who, mable to lead have class as prove objected to his heir apparent, Macpherson of Nord, discingues of they hieroris manded Arender, one of Robe arguing a profession were brinded with their allies the MacGregors. While the vort bis lead, drew has word, and called upon the assess there of that name of great strength and spreaders, while the word the insertive of har the mache, if the will be readers. The model arise of the mass of great strength and spreaders, while the provide to runne mission of spread str

H. Rob Roy he watch On a hill for to dateh The booy for anght that I naw, man ; For he us'er advanced From the place where be stanged, Till nas mair was to do there at a "rem

Till as mair was to there at A<sub>1</sub>-mat. Till as mair was to the there at A<sub>1</sub>-mat. Notwithistanding the sort of neutrality which Robbi did not escape some of its permating. He was included et of attander, and the house in Breadaibaue, which place of retreat, was burned by General Lord Cadogan after the conclusion of the insurrection, he samehad is the Highlands to disarm and panish the offending class inpon going to inversary with about forty or first of the fal-Robb obtained favour, by an apparent structure of the to reduce the transformer of the insurection, he samehad is the Highlands. It disarm and panish the offending class measure sectured from the resentment of government, patabilated this routed or fains the house in the private quarrel with the Duke of Montrose. For pose, he soon got on foch as many men, and well atmo-ted the transformer of the transformer of the to for the or twelve picked followers, and without a to of the or twelve picked followers, and without a the sould increase them to fifty or slatz. The Duke was not wanting in efforts to destroy the sound adversary. His Grace stephied to General Carryes manding the forces in Scolland, and by his achieves the of well which well be observed from the three different parts of under value even a commission of futures are related and by his achieves the of well which well be observed from the three different parts of under of Montrose's relation and factor, shar is of Duke of Montrose's relation and factor, shar is of Duke to Montrose's relation and factor, shar is under well be oblight by a starty, and have the base of these several columns to arrive about the sound is of the observed the civil authority, and have the base of under other birds were flower, severe dus-ted with disapproximated the theory is a starty and severe the and the poset budicety mains, the difference and severe his due to disage the dist of the birds were down avere the dist of the birds were flower, severe dust destrowing the next. They burned Rob Roy's average the destrow Notwithstanding the sort of neutrality which Roh

Rob Roy Avenued himself for first periods the instant 1 The first of these anecdotes, which brings the highest fation to closely in contact with the half-avenue state of a hearit told by the late distinguished Dr. Gregory ; and the lis family have had the kindness to collisite the story with a tions and family nonuments, and furnish the authentic par-second ratio on the recoinciention of an old man, who was Rob took French leave of his literary count on hearing the and communicated the circumstance to Mr. Alexander E medion of Dr. Gregory by marriage, who is still alive

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### LATEDBOUTTON TO BOB BOY.

d disorders of the country were so great, absolutely neglected it, that the sober red to purchase some socurity to their ignorminious.contracts of *Mack-mell*. A d the and by shame by shamed the rest is non-interest of black-well. A groupd with to preserve the lands contracted for from the fir-groupd with to preserve the lands contracted for from the fir-metrian genus to be part prouch. Upon this funds he employed may of the this way to recover stoles cattle, and the other of them to steal, is order to make this agreement and stands contract necessary. The estates of these gentlanes contract necessary. The estates of those scattering of to contract, or give ownernance to that permissions replundered by the theiring part of the watch, in replundered by the theiring part of the watch, in give them to purchase their protection. Their leader of the Caysies of the 1624, and this banditi go by . And as this gives them a kind of authority to tra-country, so it makes them caushed of dust any mis-ess-corps through the Highlands make allogether a density of smer, murch from these isfners to the tagence, and very capable to act is a military way size effects. s, are plundered b force them to mossif the Capit rtegu rant and esthusiastic, who are in abd poid who at

wender will find two original letters of the Date of Mettress which Mr. Graham of Killearn displatched from his prises. We they outlaw's commund, in the Appendix, No. 11. We trade the sather chanced to pash the way will on a second in flightener, a particul, consider of a ingle well and trade in flightener well. The transplating of a ingle well and the sather state of the sather of the sather way will be a sather and the sather state. The transplating of a ingle well and the sather state of the sather of the sather well and the same state of the sather sather sather we well a sather and the same sather sather we were the same we have a sather sather sather sather sather sather sather sather sather the sather sathe

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Thrue consciouses by Reines Calbrille selects, or contening rgreens, and who are not employed for any proporty, may result formed into any mould. They four its dengrue, as they have hing to keep, and so can with ease be indered to alterapt any mg. Nothing can unlike their condition warse; confirment i troubles do commonly indules them in the second second second by these them between the second second second second second by these them between the second secon 10.10 clergramme be formed

in there conscibutes by Restans Galdedia paleate, or confering obspreams, and whe are not masters of any property, as they have nothing to lose, and so can with same be induced to atterned any number of the construction. A set of the construction of the set of the construction of a part of the construction of the set of the construction of a part of the construction of estates in the new found affection of the set of the construction of a part of the construction of estates in the construction of a part of the construction of estates in the construction of a part of the construction of estates in the construction of the set in construction of estates in the construction of a part of the construction of the construction of the set in construction of estates in the construction of the set in the set in the construction of the set in the set in the construction of the set in the set in the construction of the set in the set is the s

The induced armong it to be hills, first head in the section of the international state of the section of the s

of the e Distion was at an end. Ove on the cattlewith little repose W

stars from the North of B otland, vol. H. pp. 34 344

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his belt, struck him down with a blow on the head, from the diffect of which, his descendant said, he never completely recovered. In the success of his repeated escapes from the pursuit of his repeater with the success of his repeated escapes from the pursuit of his friends. The success of his repeated escapes from the pursuit of his render will ind this document in the Appendix. I is written in a good hand, and not particularly deficient in grammar or predime. Our Southern readers must be given to underest of the outlaw, who was too sngneious to propose such a rep-control in reality. This letter was written in the year 178. In the following year Rob Roy composed another epistely, every let body during the civil war of 1715. It is andressed to Gramma Wade, at that time energed in disarming the Highland elans, and making military rods through the country. The letter is migned desire to have offered his service to King General for the outle we offered his service to King General drom for his inbility to be thrown into jul for a civil debt, at the instance of the Duke of Montros. Being the sector drom and making military rods through the country. The letter is migned desire to have offered his service to King General drom for the inbility to be thrown into jul for a civil debt, at the further of the Duke of Montros. Being the kentred from and making the right side, he acknowledged he entraced the wrong on the right do the enterney the source to be del on grap are for the link of the make it. The impossibility of his being neu-tring wrid, than to enterney the source to be del on grap met in provide. At the amot time, while he acknowledges having proposition. At the amot time, while he acknowledges having provide that he end only avoid dation offensively again this his display's formal allowed to be could be done and the provide that he end only avoid dation offensively again this his display's formal allowed be could be done of a tryle. What influence the plate do on General Wade we dave no make of Ruowing.

means of knowing. Rob Roy appears to have continued to live very much as that, His fame, in the meanwhile, passed beyond the narrow the set of the country in which he resided. A pretended listory of which appeared in London during this lifetime, under the title of the Highland Royne. It is a catch-penny publication, bearing in frost the effert of a species of orre, with a beard of a foot in longth; and his actionater as much exagerated as in versional appearance. Rome for w of the best known advented of the sem are tood, though with fittle accuracy; but the gradeer part of the pamphilet is entirely factitious. It is great pity so excellent

• The winds which every a wild give in Badenosh are so off

N TO ROB ROY. a theme for a surrative of the kind had not fallen into the bank of De Foe, who was engaged at the time be achieved in more timilar, though inferior in dignity and interest. As kob Roy advanced in years he became more parenable in his habits, and his negleter within the Duke of Monroe by which his uncle had been diringuished. The policy of that great family had latterly been rather to attach this will had been hitherto inefficiually feooried to. Lease at a low provide the surger had been diringuished. The policy of that great family had latterly been rather to attach this will had been hitherto inefficiually feooried to. Lease at a low prot were granted to many of the MacGragory, who had haves fore hold possedions in the Duke's Highlind property early by occupancy; and Glengrie, (or Binck knee), who contained to act as coloritor of bisck man, managed his policy, as a co-mander of the Highland watch arrayed at the concerns of is further state. He had been diriks the concerns of is further state. He had been diriks the concerns of is further state. He had been diriks the is said to have a somfortable religion for one of his calling. He is said to have a somfortable religion for one of his calling. He is said as here allowed as the course of his convegion, a desiry to grath the subtained, that Rob Roy for one of his calling. He is said as here allowed as the course of his convegion, a desiry to grath the bar somfortable religion for one of his consiling. He is said as here allowed as the course of his convegion, a desiry to grath the sub to the prestand day no complianent worth the Dat of Pertific acceptance, are complianed worth worth the Dat of Pertific acceptance, are complianed worth worth the bad were probable failty of Pertific when presed closely on the subject to justify all the tenets of Catholicism, and acknowledged that as terme unciden all and papersed low in a grate worth of action or it.

Rob did not presend, when presend cleasily on the subject, in puttify all the insets of Catholicions, and acknowledged that a trome unction always appeared to him a great wate of afri, or oil." In the last years of Rob Roy's life his clan was involved in a dispute with one more powerful than themsenses. Showart of Appin, a chief of the tribe so hanned, was propriete of a bil-form in the frace of Balqubider, called Inversenty. The Mac Gregors of Rob Roy's tribe claimed a right to it by moust oe-cupancy, and declared they would oppose to the uttarnact the settlement of any person upon the farm not being of their own, was med, to do themselve justice by main farce. The Mac Gregor took fine field, but were unable to meeter an equal strengt. Rob Roy, finding himself the weaker party, nated a party, and that he was unwilling they should be weakered by analy-conflict, and thus made a merit of an errendoring to Appin the prototook find fineself. The MacGregors. When all this had tem minicably equation to the Superson, a damby dy-pendant on the Stewarts, and from whose character for strengt moth the represented that but claus were fracted, a simily dy-pendant on the Stewarts, and from whose character for strengt municably equated, in presenso of the two claus draw a party minicably equated in a merit in the MacGregors. When all this had tem product the risk of Balqubidder, Rob Roy, apparently family of if anonyed by the MacGregors. When all this had tem product a trial of skill, and thereford he too claus draw a party without a trial of skill, and thereford he too shows a first of bows with him for the honour of their respective dam. The product of skill, and thereford he too shows a first were flowed to whole one of the stark, Aha-er Stewart of Invernatyle, accorded the there deam draw without a trial of skill, and thereford he too shows a first bows with him for the honour of their respective dam. The protech-in-law of Appin, and accord chief the deam Alba-reng orouther due to the stark too starker to more flow

country, and now you would place enmity God."

country, and now you would place ermity between me as God." There is a tradition, no way inconsistent with the for the character of Rub Roy be justly considered, that will his death-bed, he jeared that a person, with whom he s enmity, proposed to vinit hum. "Raise me from my bed, the invalid : "throw my plaid around me, and bring me re more, dirk, and pistola-t shall never be said that a forest Rob Roy MacGregor defenceless and unarmod." His for conjectured to be one of the MacLarens before and althe tioned, entered and, paid his compliments, incurring althe bealth of his formidable neighbour. Rob Roy maintained haughty civility, during their short conference, and so as he thad left the hoize." Now "he mut," all is ever-piper play He fill mildet, "(we return no more,") and less to have aspind before the dirgs was finished. This singular man died in bed in line worn bourse, in the of Balquildder. He was buried in the concluy and of the parisit, where his tombatone is only distinguisticated by an temps at the figure of a broadsword.

of the s

mission is ascribed to the robber, Donald Bern Loss, b

J Such ar adminion is ascribed to the robber, Donald Been Leo Waveley, p. 126. 5 Some accounts state, that Appin himself was Rob Roy's study this occursion. My recollection, from the account of human harding accounts of the text. But the period when I receive any formation is now so distant, that it is possible i many be minimized variable was rather of low stature, but very well made, attraction a stability revertimes.

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This fam piece was taken from Robin Oir, when he was actual any pairs allowards. It remained in possession of the magistrates, new whom he was brought for examination, and north makes part of a all collection of arms belonging to the author. It is a Banish bar-gan, marined with the letters R. M. C. for Robert Mac Gregor all colles led gras,

and extertions of arms belonging to the author. It is a fipshish-barrow large started with the letters R. 44. C for Robert Mass (irregor any started) apportunity of observing over an Ha over these, that the d a personal apportunity of observing over an Ha over these, that the d a personal apportunity of observing the started of Balgehilder or the started with the started of the started of Balgehilder or another's family.) which were likely to be last to be creditors, if g could not be made available out of this must farm of havenetity. For started were started of the started of the started of the started or another's family.) which were likely to be last to be creditors, if g could not be made available out of this must farm of havenetity. For family, consisting of everal starguing desc-stafters, still possessed for zero, agreed to sell have least to be creditors, if g could not be made available out of this must for the the started of the started started to be an experimental into by the started of the started of the starters, agreed to sell have least to the scale of starts and the second to sell have least to the scale for the started of the starters agreed to sell have least to the scale of starts at the starter agreed to sell have least to the scale to primit a forther south the descreted against the least to the scale to remain a start wave start expands of resisting the legal execution of warming by effect that means, no king's measured with the supersist inpre-sont the subgroup of a military force. An recent of a arrived at more was obtained from a highland regiment by ing in Sitting i wave about the starter apprenties, equivalent the supersisting in the subgroup of the starter and the starter starter by the starter of the starter of a starter ergonalities, when a writer's and the starter of the starter by a starter of the starter was a boother of the starter by a starter of the starter was a shorter of the starter of the starter of the ergonalities. The strengts was bestored with the supersist be the

To ROB ROY. 51 The spirit of clamship was at that time so strong—to which must be added the wish to secure the adherence of stout, a<sup>th</sup> be bodied, and, as the Soutch phrase them went, pretty men-that the representative of the noble family of Perth condescended to not openity as patron of the MacGregors, and appeared as used upon their trial. Bo at least the author was informed by it is take Robert MacGroub, East, advocate. The circumstance may, however, have occurred later than 1786—the year in which this first trial took, pice. Advocate. The circumstance may, however, have occurred later than 1786—the year in which this first trial took pice. The instructure of the mobile farming of the standard of the former and wounded. He was accleanced, returned to Scotland, and obtained hus discingree. He afterwards appeared openity in the MacGregor's country; and, notwithstanding his outlawrg, merred a daugither of Graham of Drughtee, a graudfalther of full to the daugither of for the wish graud and the standard of the former and wounded. He was accleanced, returned to Scotland, and obtained hus discidingree. He afterwards appeared openity in the MacGregor's country; and, notwithstanding his outlawrg, merred a daugither of for the vision enner, and graudfalther of fibr of the wish the claim received in that character, naised a Like the docting of the vision have standard of the foregor myment, with which the joined the standard of the foregor myment, with which the joined the standard of the fore the irbanch of Claim Moler, however, affecting independ fore the irbanch of Claim Adulter, show they regarded di-there is the there of Claim counts in the standard of the fore of the irbanch of Claim Adulter, how they regarded di-ble for irbanch of Claim Adulter, how they regarded di-ble for irbanch of Claim Adulter, how they regarded di-ble doctor have the learne of Claim Poly in the standard to be fore of the irbanch of Claim Adulter, how sa laso called Jampin hend of the standard adulter

Roy, after his father, and James Money or Sig James, irons my begitt. His corps, the rolice of his father Rob's band, bestern with great activity ; with only twelve men he succeeded in supraing and burning, for the scond time, the fort at lassent nead, constructed for the express purpose of bridling the could also of the MacGingors. What rank or command James MacGregor had, is uncertains the calls timeself Major ; and Chevalier Johnstone calls also Capitals. He must have held rank under Ghluue Diu, his king-man, but hus entre and audacious character placed him. About the suprised the want of grans and swords with scythe-blacknew stanght spon their handles. At the battle of Prostonpans, James Roy distinguished him-self. "The company," says Chevalier Johnstone, "skid gram stanght spon their handles. At the battle of Prostonpans, James Roy distinguished him-self. "The company," says Chevalier Johnstone, "skid gram the suprised his words, the subdie of their bokins. Jame in two; the riders through the middle of their bokins. Jame withmiscial and singular. When advancing to the charps with his ourjaury, he received for words, two of them them. Battle but pierced his body through and through. Birectlerd on the round, with his inclust resting of his called capit the bills ourjaury, he received for words, two of them them. Battle but Highlanders of his company, " My lada, I am not denom the suprised his body through and through and was prayers by the hartle of Callodes. A flor this actual with his heat they together is a body through the bis daug? I alway it is proved with his inder with some and was the state of the battle of callodes. After that defeat the cill blacker is the test reproved the away with his companies, and was prayers if the battle of callodes. After that defeat the cill blacker there in a litter, and, without theory particularly almost state the market is a throw state in the MacGregor's coustry. Jamas, with was permitted to reside in the MacGregor's coustry. Jamas, with with persons of more impor

#### The wealthy are slaughter'd, the lovely are spared.".

244

The MacLarsee, who probably never thought of any series opposite tion, received their meney and wend to America, white, howing IDS source sight share in money and wend to America, white, howing iDS The rest of Inversence particular prose from 102 to 702 or 817, and when sold, the farm was purchased [1 think by the late Last] of Rest Nab) at a price sight in properties than what even the sucders, Ma authorized in Benchmonia Magazine, vol. 11, page 202.

INTRODUCTION TO ROB BOT.

the set of estateptice was to common slong the Haylend hvere so give rise to a veriety of serge and balled. The annuals of beland, swell as those of Socitand, prove the crime to have been common in the more lavies parts of both countries ; and may woman with anopened to places a man of spirit when errors in the country was not presented in the intermed the melves, may interested in the immanities of their ser, were, oppong the lower channe, accustomed to regard set morringos as that which is presently to be detailed as "pretty Fanay's very," or rathor, the way of Donald with pertury Fanay's very," or rathor, the way of Donald with pertury Fanay's very," or rathor, the supresently to be detailed as "pretty Fanay's very," or rathor, the supresently cobe detailed as "pretty Fanay's very," and the supresently to be detailed as "pretty Fanay's very," or rathor, the way of Donald with pertury fanay's very," or rathor, the supresently cobe detailed as "for the MacGregore on the occasion in quedled. Site said "that there was no tas in the costion in quedled. Site said "that there was no tas the suprese were the happiest lang grae which had been the suprese were the happiest lang grae which had been the Lenner, with the Themes of their calls, and there ind not been a happier couple in the country." Jamee Drummood and his breatmen having similar opinions with the author's of trunes by striking up as advan-tingoos marriagn betwirts Robin Oig and one Jean Koy, or "Barbe, Jone to the worke she wither the said of the ha-base. At this pleon, in the night of 3d December, 1730, the cou-trate, the sourt two means has widow why the death of har the-base. At this pleon, in the night of 3d December, 1730, the cou-trate, a start of the source and by the death of her theory and the start have the solution the solution to the theory, and particularly James Moly and Robin Oig, particular the horis of the commander as, a share the develop and the night of ad December, trate, ware the develop and the night her develop the reals of t

the world withman min protection in they totaled to mission at juberty. Is brother resolved therefore to liberate the unhapp but providently had recourse to every measure which a

hap-bask providency man revenue a second star providence of the Agence o

Characterization of the second map of a second map of the secon

7

such as offered to assist her to escape, not even the spec-stitute. The jury brought in a special verdict, finding that Jes or Wright, had boor forcibly carried off from her had a charged in the indictment, and that the accussed had a show that she was iteraily privily and commuting to this outrage. But they found the forcible marringe, much ash yrielence was not proved; and also found, is allowing the of other four who were absent, sharringe the of other four who were absent, sharring it was their purpose and desire by asch upon a to other four who were absent, sharring the of other four who were absent, sharring it was their purpose and desire, by such upon a tating it was their purpose and desire, by such upon a tating it was their suprover and desire by a such upon the verdict, which much be allowed a very malic cases as cumstances, were laid before the High Court of Ju Tais poid is very learning in the Grown, and the sector of Ju

buer ; but James Mohr did not wait at of they t's decision. itled to the Castle of Edinburgh on would be attempted. Yet he cont

<text><text><text><text><text><text>

or Lord Holdenesse, James Druismond was ordered ally creating and. his scream to Prance his condition recens to have been ui-desaware to be a seized with fever and gravel, ill con-batly in body, and workened and disputied in mind. Allan botly in body, and workened and disputied in mind. Allan to Cow art line discussed to put hum to death in revenys of the to its discussion of the scream of the scream of the scream of the to be a bat harboured against hum. The Stewart clan were

Hars Bowel Stewart was a man likely in such a matter to keep his James Drummoni MacGregor and he, like Katherine and Pa-well gatachel "for a couple of quiet over." Allan Breck Status Der Statung of the Preuch Revolution. About 17.9, a frieud

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

of mise, then residing at Paris, was invited to see some procession which was supposed likely to interest kina, from the windows of an apartment occupied by a Scottish Benedictine priest. He found, airing by the firs, a fail, thin, raw-bound, prim-looking oild man, with the petil Groit of SL Louis. His visage was strongly marked by the irregular projections of the check bounce such chun. Ilis eyes were gray. His grizzled hair ex-bidited marks of having been red, and has complexion was weather-beaten, and remarkably freeld. Some evilties un Freuch passed be-tween the old man and my friend, in the course of which they talked or be atreets and squares of Paris, till at length the old solder. (or such ba-semmed, and such he was, said with a wyb, in a sharp Highland accer-" Bed ance of them 2's worth the High street of Minimy I' Ob inquiry this admirer of Audi Ickin, which he was never to see again, proved be elaber 18 the Stewart. He High I die Johnen any Highland, accer-bed line in on subsequent period of his life, shown any dung of the asrage mode, in which he is generally believed to have asmanted the sensary and express, as he supposed him, of his family and clan-

### INTRODUCTION TO BOB BOY.

also elapsed since the poor woman died, which is always a site of perspective in guilt, and crimes of an old date seem less sort of perspective in guilt, and crimes of an old date seem less any solicitude to save his life, as they had done that of James. They found him guilty of being art and part in the foreible ab-diaction of Jeam Key from her own dwelling.<sup>20</sup> Robin Oig was condemned to death, and excented on 14th Freinary, 174. At the place of execution he belaved with great devency; and professing himself a Catholic, imputed all is misfortune to his severying from the row chart of James. They nare before. He confessed the violent methods he had suped to gain Mars. Key, or Wright, and hoped his fate would stop further proceedings against his body, after hanging the "The newspapers observe that his body, after hanging the "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as a stad near thres sents hore, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as "Jame ald near thres sents before, but havectes of Humself as the

usual time, was delivered to his friends to he Highland. To this the secollection of a was couly taken from us in the fitness of years, if at Linitiuow, enables the author to add, the body of MacGragors than had cared to advance received the sources at that place with the source wild emblems of Highland mourning, and so as quhidder. Thus, we may conclude this long Roy and his family, with the classic phrase, it

### " ITE. CONCLAMATON BET."

There only to add, that I have selected the ansodotes of Rob Roy, which were, and may among the mountains where he flourished; b warranting their exact authenticity. Clausia d the abo ny still b at I a arranuag trans exact autoaution. Chaosials part very api to puids the tongue and pen as well as the olaymore, and the features of as associate are wook each or exaggerated, as the story is told by a Mas Campbell. a partialium

## APPENDIX TO INTRODUCTION

### No. L

Edinburgh E Inter Courses, 10 June 31. 4. D.

1712. (20. 1008.) "That Robert Campbell, commently known by the name of the Roy MacGregor, being lately intrasted by several mobie-ment gentlement with considerable stims for birjing cover r them in the Highlands, has treacherously gove of with the several mobies of issue string, which he carries along the second and the Highlands and Officers of his Majest's forcer sets in the second string of the context of the mostly high he carries with him, until the, persons concerned in the one of the beard argument him ; and that notice be given, when be apprehended, to the keepers of the Coffie-house at Glasgow, sever use parties concerned will be advertised, and the seizers all be very reasonably rewarded for their pains."

It we unfortunate that this Hue and Cry, which is afterwards separated in the same paper, contains no description of Rob Roy's person, which, of course, we must suppose to have been person and the same of the same of the same second personally, it would seem to exclude the idee of the cattle be-ing curried of by his partner, MacDonaid, who would certainly have been meritoned in the advertisement, if the creditors con-merned had supposed him to be in possession of the money.

### No. II.

LETTERS FROM AND TO THE DUKE OF MONTROSE, RESPE-

### The Duke of Monirose to

LATTIENS FROM AND TO THE DURK OF MONTROSS, RESPECTIVE BOB BOY'S ALERST OF MA CORLARS OF MILLARM. "GLAGOW, the 21st November, 1716. "GLAGOW, the 21st November, 1716. "MT LORD, -I was surprised late insolving the the security? A very remarkable instance of the insolvance of that very soluti-tions requered to kay, when your lordship has often heard named. The honour of his Majesty's government being concerned in it, it nought it my duty to acquaint your lordship has often heard named. The honour of his Majesty's government being concerned in it, it nought it my duty to acquaint your lordship has often heard named. The honour of his Majesty's government being concerned in it, it nought it my duty is acquaint your lordship has to be these for the origin it end the heart in the vision of the part of the part to be the it in my the it being usual for him to be these for two promotes, for the conversion of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account. The same hight, about 5 of the clock, Rob Roy, with account their gruse h at the windows of the room where where where been paid at the same time with others inserved at the door, with cocked pistole, and made Mr. Gra-mere prover their gruse h at the better view of this mere prover the one-half had been paid last year, and the other inserved of the one-half had been paid last year, and the other had rockers, and naise to acrost. "That your Lockship may have the better view of this mere the first forms a latter every opportunity to appear and the made dormer, and have been the constant harbourers and ea-mere the solver that a hooded infor you, that this fir-had rockers, and naise hear or b

well jadging that it was possible to assyrise him, he, with show forty-five of his followers, west to laverary, and made a sham surrender of their arms to Coll. Campabel of Finab. Command-er of one of the independent Companies, and returned home with his men, each of them having the Coll's protection. This happened is the beginning of summer just; yet and leag after he appeared with his men twice in arms, in ophosition to be King's froops; and one of those times attackt them, ret-cued a prisoner from them, and all this while sent abroad having the couldrie, plundering the countrie people, and arms, in ophosition of these discounties people, and arms, in ophosition, plunders after I came to Sociland, happind to Lissil. Genil. Carpenter, who ordered three parties from Classow, Guring, and Finders after I came to Sociland, happind to Lissil. Genil. Carpenter, who ordered three parties march of the twops, on a sent verification of the set up of the countries of these discounts in the target by discuss, while, in order to parprise him, and his men. is their march of the twops, on a sent verificit had not wanded in a more of the twops, on a sent verification was been and upon the occasion was to burg a countrie house, where Rob Buy upon the occasion was to burg a countrie house, where Rob Buy upon the disc, after some of his class had, from the rocks, first upon the disc, after some of his class had, from the rocks, first and doubles, will now meet with the worth where the Bug upon the disces will now meet with the worth the above. The abarbous people on that account. Besides, that he is my hade return to large kinow how active he has been in the serv-rism of the government—all which, your Lordship may beliese, the address will be partial the count of rule was beliesed to address, will now meet with the worth sement from the same time. I can forsee no manner of way how to rule was building of some barreks, as the only expedient for supressing the same time. I can forsee no into chance and here wan scheme of it in

### COPY OF GRAHAME OF KILLEARN'S LETTER ENGLOSED IN THE PRECEDING.

IN THE PRECEDING. "Charpellerrock, Nov. 1848, 1716. "Charpellerrock, Nov. 1848, 1716. "MAY IT PLEASE YOTS GRACK.—I am obliged to give your Grace the trouble of this, by Robert Roy's commands, being so unfortunate at pessent as to be his privener. I refer the way and manner I was apprehended, to the bears, and shall only, in short, and give him the source of 3400 merks for his loss and damages sustained by him, bolh at Cragrostown and at his house, At-ehinchisallen ; and that your Grace shall give your word not to trouble or prospecte him alterwards; till which time the carries entres, not yet paid, along with him, with assurances of had there, all the money I rescived this day, my books and bonds for entress, not yet paid, along with him, with assurances of had this day, conform to the nearest computation I can make be-for several of the gentlemene, is 3221. 324. 85. Gools, of which I gave them notes. I shall wit your Grace's return, and ever am, "Your Grace's most. fact hild, fulling ever am, "Your Grace's most."

#### THE DUKE OF MONTBOSE TO ----

#### 98th Nov. 1718 .- Willegra's Release.

Sizk Nov. 1716. — Killeern's Release. "Glasgow, 282A Nov. 1716. "Size, — Having acquainted you by my last, of the Size instant, of what had happened to my friend Mr. Grahame of Killearn, Tm.very gied now to toil you, that last night I was very agree-ably resprised with Mr. Grahame's coming here himself, and giving me the first account I had hed of him from the time of his being carried away. It seems Rob Roy, when he came to consider a little better of if, found that he could not meed his matters by retaining Killearn his prisoner, which could only therefore thought fit to dismiss him on Sunday evening lasd therefore thought fit to dismiss him on Sunday evening lasd therefore thought fit to dismiss him ooking agents, and bonds, bat kept the money. "I am, with great trath, Sir, your most humble sorvant." "Mostraces."

### No. III.

### CHALLENGE OF BOB BOY.

## ROB ROY to air his and mighty Prince, JAMES DUKE OF MONTROSE.

" Argets, 1718. Minneel, To Mr. Patrick Anderson, At Haig-These. Sa shui, a stag-no bad smblem of a wild caterran.

of a vise course. It appears form the envelope that Rob Roy still continued to act as socializencer to the Baits of Argyle and base posts. The war he allades to is probably some vague sport of invasion from Bonin. Bach remours were likely moving to be affect, in genergements of the discubertation of the langue who were falses at Glanslegi in the proceeding year, 575

### No. IV.

PROM ROBERT CANDERLL, ALIAS 3"GREGOR, COMMONLY CALLED ROB ROY,

TO FIELD-MARSHAL WADE,

#### Then manipulate the subniming of disaffected Chiefe ins and Class."

To FIELD-MARSHAL WADB, Thes manifing the submitties of disaffected Glieffettes and Glass.\* Bit,-The great humanity with which you have constantly actual in the destinange of the trast repower in which you were varied, as the means of doing good and charitable offices to such as ye found proper objects of compassion, will, hope, and your Ex-phasinety us worthy of that mercy and favour which your Ex-phasinety us worthy of that mercy and favour which your Ex-phasinety us worthy of that mercy and favour which your Ex-phasinety is worthy of that mercy and favour which your Ex-phasinety is morting of that mercy and favour which your Ex-phasinety is of that of Rebellion. But if humably begins to thing an be alledged sufficient to excue an great a crume as i have ben guilty of, that of Rebellion. But if humably beginser to be liable to legal difference and aption, of the Duke of Moor-trowork instance, for dobt allogged due to him. The world being any asifortane, all the time the Exbilies brake out, to be liable to legal difference and aption, of the Duke of Moor-trowork instance, for dobt allogged due to him. The world being any the indications in joining the king's troops at Stirling. I was forcead to take party with the adheresis of the Presender for the custory being all in arms, it was neither affects and and the indications in joining the king's troops at Stirling. The strend my being forced into that unnatural Robellion against his Majesty. Hen George, if I could not at the same the con-tery ment his flagscipt forces upon all occusions, but on the con-tery ment his flagscipt forces upon all occusions, but on the con-tery ment his flagscipt forces upon all occusions, but on the con-tery ment his flagscipt is to save the institution of the phase interes to the doke the with his Adaesty for the solution of the phase interes of the three the with his askey for the parton is molimation. I hould always have a stude for his ary twain the discustion force in the institution of

curions epistle is copied from an autoentic narrative of Marshal proceedings in the Highlands, communicated by the lane emi-legary, George Chalasers, E-q. to Mr. Robert Jamieson of the Mouse, Edisburgh, and published in the Appendix to an edite's procee at as

ation, and h ity, ma as a

### NG. 9.

There are many productions of the Reottush Balled Poets are the lion-like mode of wooing practised by the ancient high landers when they had a fancy for the person for property af Lowinnd damset. One example is found in Mr. Robert Jame son's Popular Scottish Songs :--

Bonny Babby Livingstone -Gaed out to see the dys, And she has met with Gienlyon, Who has stelen her away-

He took fune her her antin cost, But an her ailten gown, Syne roud her in his tartan plaid, And happed her sennet and sour-

In another ballad we are told how

Pour-and-twenty Hisland men Came donn by Fiddock.side. d they have sworn a dead lean Muir said be a bride :

1.

And they have every a deadly all like man upon his during. That she should wet with Pearse Ur they'd make bloody works.

This test we have from tradition, but there exceed of the in the collections of Scottish Ballads to the mary speet. The achievement of Robert Our, or young Rol Bry, at Lowlanders called him, was celebrated in a build of which there are twenty different and variess editions. The work of interior and wild, and we select the following was build

Rob Roy is franche Hielands.com Down to the Lowland boder; And he has stolen that lady away, Te hand his house in order.

He set her on a milk-white stael, Of mane he stood in ave; Until they reached she Hisland hifs, Aboon the Balmaha'4;

flaving, Be content, be contest, Be contest with me, lady; Where will ye field in Lenson lass, Sae braw a man as me, lady?

Rob Roy, he was my father called, MacGregor was his same, lair; A' the country, far and usar; Have beard MacGregor's issue, lair.

nia (cianda

He was a berige about his friends A hookle to his form, lady; If any man did him gainay, He felt his deadly blows, indy.

I am as bold, I am as bold, I am as bold and more, lady ; Any ean that cloubts my west, Bday wy my gude claymore, is

Then he content, he content, Be content with me, lady ; For now you are my wedded will, Until theday ye die, lady.

## No. VL

### GHLUME DEV.

es concerning this thief all us

THE following notices concerning this third all water Author's one arbite the shoats water in Cr. s. idensity that the press. They soon in manuscript sometime, while it This Chief had the important fack intrusted to bin dy faming the easthed Dource, in which the Cheviler pint garrison to protect his communication with the Highendr Chief had statis which might be made from String to Ghiuse Dhu distinguished himself by his good communication

Chlime Dhu distinguished hissestr by au gue-Charge. Charge. Charge is thus described :-- "Glengric is, in pr bandsame man, and han more of the moise of the ansi than our modern fine peotlesson are possessed of integrid-and horn one of the bast partisms in B elser, the whole people of their bast partisms in baring so much as lost a chicken while he could have go someth as lost a chicken while he could be some of Balcoch, as correct in a hore on Wave manuel the garrhoo of bounc. Balcoch angle, no oeed MacCinger in the artistics.

tion of Burt's Letters from the North of Sociand, 2 whith burgh, 1318. † A pass on the contarn conrgin of Look Lessand, and any the Highlands.

. .

# ROB ROY.

### CHAPTER L

are i simple, that this affliction d light so beary on mo? I have no : his no more mine own. --My grand o'er his head that thus transform'd M my house to state the transform'd m'd then !- Travel ?

Monamus Tu

Yoe have requested me, my dear friend, to bestow some of that leisure with which Providence has blessed the decline of, my life, in registering the ha-mards and difficulties, which attended its commencesards and difficulties which stiended its commence-ment. The recollection of those adventures, as you are pleased to term them, has indeed left upon my mind a chequered and varied feeling of pleasure and of pain, mingled, I trust, with no slight gratitude and veneration to the Disposer of human events, who guided my carly course through much risk and la-boux, that the ease with which he has bleased my prolonged life, might seem softer from remembrance and contrast. Neither is it possible for me to doubt, what you have often affirmed, that the incidents in their government and manners, have something in their government and manners, have something interesting and attractive for those who love to hear on eld man's stores of a past ege. man's stories of a past age.

interesting and attractive for those who love to hear an eld man's stories of a past age. Still, however, you must remember, that the tale table by one friend, and listened to by another, loses that its charms when committed to paper; and that the marnetives to which you have attended with in-terest, as heard from the voice of him to whom they occurred, will appear less deserving of attention when permeed in the seclusion of your study. But your greener age and robust constitution promise longer fife than will, in all hyman probability, be the lot of your friend. Throw, then, these sheets into some percent drawer of your escritor till we are separated from each other's society by an event which may happen at any moment, and which must happen within the course of a few-a very few years. When we are parted in this world, to meet, I hope, in a bet-ter, you will, I am well aware, cherish more than it deserves the memory of your departed friend, and will find in those details which I am now to commit to paper, matter for melancholy but not unpleasing re-flection. Others bequeath to the confidants of their theory and a faithful transcript of my thoughts and facelings, of my virtues and of my failings, with the measured bope, that the follies and headstrong impe-ments of my natured age. The divantage, among the many, of addressing I the faults of my matured age.

Bree devantage, among the many, of addressing Memoirs (if I may give these sheets a name so seeing) to a dear and intimate friend, is, that I y space some of the details, in this case unneces-ty, with which I must needs have detained a strany which we tell, often disregards the attention which we tell, often disregards the attention the time and patience of the addience, and the tell as for the folges of the time and patience of the addience, and the tell often attention the time and patience of the addience, and the the patient and patience of the addience in the tell often attention the time and patience of the addience and the the tell often and patience of the addience in the tell often attention the time and patience of the addience and the the tell often and patience of the addience and the tell often as you have the patient attention the time and patience of the addience, and the tell often as you have the patient is more that the tell often as you have the patience with the tell often attention and the fortil the mattention and the tell often as you have the patience with the tell often as you have the patience of the addience, and the tell often as you have the patience of the addience and the tell often attention and the fortil the mattention and the tell often as you have the patience of the addience and the tell often attention and the fortil the mattention and the tell often as you have the patience of the addience, and the tell as for the folges of the mind, and trade has all of the tell often as you have the you the tell often as you have the you the singular instance winder the tell often as you have the you the tell often as you have the you the solution of the you you have the you the solution of the you have the you the you tell you the solution of the you have the you the you have tha

collector) insist upon preferring to that which is re-duced to the useful and ordinary form of Memoirs but which I think curious, solely as illustrating how far so great a man as the author was accessible to the foible of self-importance. If I recollect rightly that venerable peer and great statesman had appoint-ed no fewer than four gentlemen of his household to morials of the Sage and Royal Affairs of State, Do-mestic, Political, and Military, transacted by Henry IV, and so forth. These grave recorders, having made their compilation, reduced the Memoirs containing all the remarkable events of their master's life inte s narrative, addressed to himself in *propris* persona. And thus, instead of telling his own story, in the like most who, in the hall, or the study, undertake to be the herces of their own tale, Sully anjoyed the re-fined, though whimsical pleasure, of naving the events of his life told over to him by his secretaries, being himself the auditor, as he was also the hero, and pro-bably the author, of the whole book. If must have been a great sight to have seen the ex-ministary as bolt upright as a starched ruff and laced cassock could make him. seated in state beneath his cancey, and listening to the recitation of his compilers, while standing bere in his presence, they informed him gravely, "Thus said the duke—so did the duke infor —such were your grace's sentiments upon this im-portant to inter emergency,"—circumstances, all of which must have been much better known to their hearer than to thenselves, and most of which could only be derived from his own special communication. My situation is not quite so ludicrous as that of the great Sully, and yet there would be something whim-sical in Frank Osbaldistone giving. Will Tresham a formal account of his birth, education, and connex-ione in the world. I will, therefore, wrestle with the tempting spirit of P. P., Clerk of our Parish, as I best may, and endeavour to tell you nothing that is familiar to you already. Some things, however, I must r

Through lapse of the short the about the short work of my destiny. You must remember my father well; for as your own was a member of the mercantile house, you knew him from infancy. Yet you hardly saw him in his ardent spirit of enterprise and speculation. He would have been a poorer man indeed, but perhaps as happy, had he devoted to the extension of science those active energies, and actue powers of observa-tion, for which commercial pursuit found occupa-tion. Yet, in the fluctuations of mercantile specu-lation, there is something captivating to the ad-venturer, even independent of the hope of gain. He who embarks on that fickle sea, requires to pos-sess the skill of the pilot and the fortitude of the na-vigator, and after all may be wrecked and lost, unleas the gales of fortune breather in his favour. This mix ture of necessary attention and inevitable hazard,

interview. You recollect the brief, abrupt and some

but it was only for a moment.

"Dubourg writes to me that he is satisfied with you, Frank.

"I am happy, sir"\_\_\_\_\_. "But I have less reason to be so," he added, sitting

"I an sorry, air"-----"Sorry and happy, Frank, are words that, on most occasions, signify little or nothing-Here is your last letter.

Hetter.". He took it out from a number of others tied up in a parcel of red tape, and curiously labelled and filed. There lay my poor epistle, written on the sub-ject the neerest to my heart at the time, and couched in words which I had thought would work compasin words which I had thought would work compas-sion, if not conviction, —there, I say, it lay, squeezed up among the letters on miscellaneous business in which my father's daily affairs had engaged him. I cannot help smiling internally when I recollect, the mixture of hug vanity, and wounded feeling, with which I regarded my remonstrance, to the penning of which therahad gone, I promise you, some trouble, as I beheld if extracted from amongst letters of ad-vice, of credit, and all the commonplace lumber, as I then thought them, of a merchant's correspondence. Surely, thought I, a letter of such importance (I dared not say, even to myself, so well written) deserved a not say, even to myself, so well written) deserved a separate place as well as more anxious considera-tion, than those on the ordinary business of the counting-house.

But my father did not observe my dissatisfaction, and would not have minded it if he had. He pro-ceeded, with the letter in his hand. "This, Frank, ceeded, with the letter in his hand. "This, Frank, is yours of the 21st ultimo, in which you advise me, (reading from my letter,) that in the most important business of forming a plan, and adopting a profession for life, you trust my paternal goodness will hold you ontitled to at least a negative voice; that you have insuperable—ay, insuperable is the word—I wish, by has uperable—ay, insuperable is the word—a wise, op the way, you would write a more distinct current hand—draw a score through the tops of your 's, and open the loops of your 's—insuperable objections to the arrangements, which I have proposed to you, There is much more to the same effect, occupying There is much nore to the same effect, occupying four good pages of paper, which a little attention to perspiculty and distinctness of expression might have comprised within, as many lines. For, after all, Frank, it amoughs but to this, that you will not do as I would have you." "That I cannot, sir, in the present instance; not that I will hav." "Works avail very little with me, young man," said my father, whose inflexibility always possessed the air of the most. perfect calmness and self-posses-sion..." Can not may be a more civil phrase than pill not, but the expressions are synonymous where

sion..." Can not may be a more civil phrase than will not, but the expressions are synonymous where there is no moral impossibility. But I am not a friend to doing business hastily: we will talk this matter ever after dinner...Owen !!"

Owen appeared, not with the silver locks which you were used to when the same, for he was then little more than fifty; but he nad the same, or an exactly simi-har uniform suit of light brown clothes,—the same pearl gray silk stockings—the same stock, with its giver buckle,—the same plaited cambric ruffles, grawn down over his knuckles in the parlour, but

in the counting-house carefully folded back i in the counting-house carefully folded beck many the sleeves, that they might remain unstained by the ink which he daily consumed — In a word, the same grave, formal, yet bonevolent cast of features, which continued to his death to distinguish the head cleft of the great house of Oebaldistone and Tresham. "Owen," said my father, as the kind old man shock me affect onately by the hand, "yos mout due with us to-day, and hear the news Frank has brought us from our iriends in Bourdeaux."

us from our triends in Bourdeaux

us from our friends in Bourdeaux." Owen made one of his stiff bows of respectful gratitude; for, in those days, when the distance be tween superiors and hereiors was enforced in a man-ner to which the present times are strangers, such a invitation was a favour of some little consequence. I shall long remember that dinner-party. Deepy affected by feelings of anxiety, not unmingled with displeasure, I was unable to take that active share in the conversation which my father seemed to expect from me; and I too frequently gave unsati-factory answers to the questions with which be assailed me. Owers, hovering betwirt his respect for his patron, and his love for the youth he had daadled on his knee in childhood, like the timorous, yet an-ious ally of an invaded nation, encleavoured at every blunder I made to explain my no-meaning, and to cover lous ally of an invaded nation, endeavoured at every blunder I made to explain my no-meaning, and is cover my retreat; manceuvres which added to my father's pettish displeasure, and brought a share of it upon my kind advocate, instead of protecting me. I had not, while residing in the bouse of Dubourg, abso-lutely conducted myself iske

A clerk condemn'd his father's soul to crean Who yenn'd a stanza when he should engro

Who pend a stanza when he should engrow :--but, to say truth, I had frequented the counting home no more than I had thought absolutely necessary to secure the good report of the Frenchman, long a correspondent of our firm, to whom my father had trusted for initiating me into the mysteries of com-merce. In fact, my principal attention had been dedicated to literature and manly exercises. My fa-ther did not allogether discourage such accouragene whether mental or personal. He had too much goed sense not to perceive, that they sate grancfully used every man, and he was sensible that they releved and dignified the character to which he wished mo to aspire. But his chief ambition was, that I should succeed not merely to his fortune, but to the views and plans by which he imagined he could extend and perpetuate the wealthy inheritance which he designed for me

Love of his profession was the motive which he chose should be most ostensible, when he used ma to tread the same path; but he had others with which a state a bate model. to tread the same pain; but he had others with which I only became acquainted at a later period. Im-petuous in his schemes, as well arskildul and daring, each new adventure, when successful, became as once the incentive, and furnished the means for fur-ther speculation. It seemed to be necessary to him, as to an ambitious conqueror, to push on from sche ment to achievement, without stopping to secure, i less to enjoy, the acquisitions which he made. I customed to see his whole fortune trembling, in t ents for casting the balance in his favour, his his and spirits and activity seemed ever to increase the animating hazards on which he staked his we the animating hazards on which he staked his weak and he resembled a sailor accustomed to brave a billows and the foe, whose confidence rises on the of tempest or of battle. He was not, however, the sible to the changes which increasing age or who we have an a state of the secure in me and and was anxious in good time to secure in me and sistant, who might take the helm when his he grew weary, and keep the vessel's way accustor his counsel and instruction. Paternal affections is well as the furtherance of his own place destinations well as the furtherance of his own plans, dense him to the same conclusion. Your father, t him to the same conclusion. Your lather, m his fortune was vested in the house, was only a ing partner, as the commercial phrase goas Owen, whose probity and skill in the details of metic rendered his services invaluable as a **bead** was not possessed either of information or a sufficient to conduct the mysteries of the gris management. If my father were suddenly

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mened from his wint would become of the world of schemes which he had formed, unless his con were moulded into a commercial Hercules, fit to sustain the weight when relinquished by the falling Atlas? and what would become of that son himself, it is himself at once involved in the labyrinth of mercan-himself at once involved in the labyrinth of mercan-himself at once involved in the labyrinth of mercan-hope of jum in a state course. Actual est of hum for a commer-sary for his artraction ? For all these reasons, avowed and secret, my father was determined, the resolution of no man was more immoveable. I, bowever, was also a party to be consulted, and with however, was also a party to be consulted, and with comething of his own pertinacity, I had formed a de-

termination precisely conwary. It may, I hope, be some palliative for the resist-ance which, on this occasion, I offered to my father's wishes, that I did not fully understand upon what wishes, that I did not fully understand upon what they were founded, or how deeply his happiness was involved in them. Imagining myself certain of a large succession in future, and ample maintenance in the meanwhile, it never occurred to me that it might be necessary, in order to secure these blessings, to cubmit to labour and limitations unpleasant to my taste and temper. I only saw in my father's propo-sal for my engaging in business, a desire that I should add to those heaps of wealth which he had himself acquired; and imagining myself the best judge of the path to my own happiness, I did not conceive that I abould increase that happiness by augmenting that I abould increase that happiness by augmenting a fortune which I believed was already sufficient and more than sufficient, for every use, comfort, and

and more than someten, for every use, contort, and elegant enjoyment. Accordingly, I am compelled to repeat, that my time at Bourdeaux had not been spent as my father had proposed to himself. What he considered as the chief end of my residence in that city, I had post-poned for every other, and (would had I dared) have neglected it allogether. Dubourg, a favoured and benefited correspondent of our mercantile house, was here hold a shered noticition to make such retoo much of a shrewd politician to make such re-ports to the head of the firm concerning his only child, as would excite the displeasure of both; and child, as would excite the displeasure of both; and he might also, as you will presently hear, have views of selfish advantage in suffering me to neglect the purposes for which I was placed under his charge. My conduct was regulated by the bounds of decency and good order, and thus far he had no evil report to make, supposing him so disposed; but, perhaps, the crafty Frenchman would have been equally com-plaisant, had I been in the habit of induiging worse lealings than those of indolence and aversion to mer-cantile business. As it was, while I gave a decent portion of my time to the commercial studies he re-commended, he was by no means envious of the portion of my time to the commercial studies he re-commended, he was by no means envious of the hours which I dedicated to other and more classical attantments, nor did he ever find fault with me for dwelling upon Corneille and Boileau, in preference to Postlethwayte, (supposing his folio to have then existed, and Monsieur Dubourg able to have pro-pounced his name,) or Savary, or any other writer on commercial economy. He had picked up some where a convenient expression, with which he round-we all."

where a convenient expression, with which he round-and off every letter to his correspondent,—"I was all," a said, "that a father could wish." My father never quarrelled with a phrase, however requently repeated, provided it seemed to him dis-inset and expressions so satisfactory to him as, Yours received, and duly honoured the bills enclo-ated, as per margin." Knowing, therefore, very well what he desired me be, Mr. Osbaldistone made no doubt, from the fre-mer expression of Dubourg's favourite phrase. that

be, BT.r. usoaldistone made no doubt, from the fre-net repetition of Dubourg's favourite phrase, that year the very thing he wished to see me; when, in year the very thing he wished to see me; when, in year the very thing he wished to see me; when, in year the very thing he wished to see me; when, in the firm, and a desk and stool in the corner of the the firm, and a desk and stool in the corner of the the courting-house in Crane-Alley, surmounting in the these of Owen, and the other clerks, and only the firm of the thereaft all uses nor to the tripod of my father himself. for to the tripod of my father himself. All was for to the tripod of my father himself. All was for that moment. Dubourg's reports became spicious as if his bills had been noted for dis-ur I was summoned home in all haste, and

BEN JONSON'S Barthelemes Fast. My father had, generally speaking, his temper un-der complete self-command, and his anger rarely in-dicated itself by words, except in a sort of dry testy manner, to those who had displeased him. He nerver used threats, or expressions of loud reseminent. All was arranged with him on system, and it was his practice to do "the needful" on every occasion, with-out wasting words about it. It was, therefore, with a bitter smile that he listened to my imperfect an-awars concerning the atme of commerce in France. a bitter since that he instende to my imperied an-swers concerning the state of commerce in France, and unmercifully permitted me to involve myself deeper and deeper in the mysterize of agio, tariffs, tare and tret; nor can I charge my memory with his having looked positively angry, until he found me unable to explain the exact effect which the deprecishaving looked positively sngry, until he found me unable to explain the exact effect which the deprecia-tion of the louis d'or had produced on the negotiation of bills of exchange. "The most remarkable national occurrence in my time," said my father, (who never-theless had seen the Revolution,) " and he knows no more of it than a post on the guay "" "Mr. Francis," suggested Owen, in his timid and conciliatory manner, "cannot have forgotten, that by an arret of the King of France, dated 1st May, 1700, it was provided that the porteur, within ten days after due, must make demand"— "Mr. Francis," said my father, interrupting him, "will, I dare say, recollect for the moment any thing you are so kind as hint to him.—But, body o' nel how Dubourg could permit him !—Hark ye, (wen, what sort of a youth is Clement Dubourg, his nephew there, in 'he office, the black-haired lad ?" "One of the cleverest clerks, sir, in the house; a prodigious young man for his time," answered Owen; for the gatety and civility of the young Frenchman had won his heart. " Ay, ay, I suppose he knows something of the na-

"Ay, ay, I suppose he knows something of the na-ture of exchange. Dubourg was determined I should have one youngster at least about my hand who un-derstood business; but I see his drift, and he shall find that I do so when he looks at the balance sheet. owen, let Clement's salary be paid up to next quarter-day, and let him ship himself back to Bourdeaux in his father's ship, which is clearing out yonder." "Dismiss Clement Dubourg, sir?" said Owen, with

a faltering voice.

"Yes, sir, dismiss him instantly; it is enough to have a stupid Englishman in the counting-house to make blunders, without keeping a sharp Frenchman there to profit by them." I had lived long enough in the territories of the

*Grand Monarque* to contract a hearty aversion to arbitrary exertion of authority, even if it had not been instilled into me with my earliest breeding; and I could not refrain from interposing, to prevent an incould not retrain from interposing, to prevent an in-nocent and meritorious young man from paying the penalty of having acquired that proficiency which my father had desired for me. "I beg pardon, sir" when Mr. Osbaldistone had done speaking, "but I think it but just, that if I have

done speaking, "but I think it but just, that if I have been negligent of my studies, I should pay the forfeit myself. I have no resson to charge Monsieur Du-bourg with having neglected to give me opportuni-ties of improvement, however little I may have pro-fitted by them; and, with respect to Monsieur Cle-ment Dubourg."

"With respect to him, and to you, I shall take the measures which 1 see needful," replied my father; heasures which I see needful," replied my father; but it is fair in you, Frank, to take your own blame but it is fair in you, Frank, to take your own blame on your own shoulders-very fair, that cannot be de-nied.-I cannot acquit old Dubourg," he said, looking to Owen, "for having merely afforded Frank the means of useful knowledge, without either seeing that he took advantage of them, or reporting to me if he did not. You see, Owen, he has natural notions of equity becoming a British marchant." Francis," said the head clerk, with his usual nclination of the head, and a slight elevation ght hand, which he had acquired by a habit ng his pen behind his ear before he spoke-rancis seems to understand the fundamental

of all moral accounting, the great ethic rule Let A do to B, as he would have B do to e product will give the rule of conduct re-

ther smiled at this reduction of the golden rithmetical form, but instantly proceeded. his signifies nothing, Franks, you have been a way your time like a boy, and in future it learn to live like a man. I shall put you wen's care for a few months, to recover the ud." ind

about to reply, but Owen looked at me with upplicatory and warning gesture, that I was arily silent.

will then," continued my father, "resume the f mine of the 1st ultimo, to which you sent nswer which was unadvised and unatisfaco now, fill your glass, and push the bottle to

of courage-of audacity, if you will-was y failing. I answered firmly? I was sorry letter was unsatisfactory, unadvised it was I had given the proposal his goodness had o my instant and anzious attention, and it

h no small pain that I found myself obliged ie it.

ther bent his keen eye for a moment on me, antly withdrew it. As he made no answer, at myself obliged to proceed, though with sitation, and he only interrupted me by moles.

s impossible, sir, for me to have higher re-any character than I have for the commer-n were it not yours." ed !"

nects nation with nation, relieves the wants, tributes to the wealth of all; and is to the ge-mmonwealth of the civilized world what the ercourse of ordinary life is to private society, r, what air and food are to our bodies."

Bir ?

yet, sir, I find myself compelled to persist in g to adopt a character which I am so ill qualiinnort.

Il take care that you acquire the qualifications ry. You are no longer the guest and pupil of ry.

my dear sir, it is no defect of teaching which but my own inability to profit by instruction." secnse ; have you kept your journal in the desired ?"

sir. leased to bring it here."

olume thus required was a sort of common-ok, kept by my father's recommendation, in had been directed to enter notes of the mis-us information which I had acquired in the us information which I had acquired in the f my studies. Foreseeing that he would de-ispection of this record, I had been attentive cribe such particulars of information as he nost likely be pleased with, but too often the l discharged the task without much corres-with the head. And it had also happened, head being the manufactured, e book being the receptacle nearest to my had occasionally jotted down memoranda ad little regard to traffic. I now put it into er's hand, devoutly hoping he might light on that would increase his displeasure against wen's face, which had looked something blank wen's face, which had looked something blank is question was put, cleared up at my ready and wore a smile of hope, when I brought y apartment, and placed before my father, a 'cial-looking volume, rather broader than it is, having brazen clasps and a binding of alf. This looked business-like, and was en-ag to my benevolent well-wisher. But he smiled with pleasure as he beard my father r sume nait of the contents muttering his r some part of the contents, muttering his remarks as he went on.

"Brandies-Barils and berriounts, al "Brendles-Barils and barrisenth, electronance, -At Nantz 29-Velles to the barique at Cognec end Rochelle 27-At Bourdeaux 39-Very right, Frank-Duties on tonnage and custem-house, see Saxbye Tables-That's not well; you should have trans-cribed the passage; it fixes the thing in the memory cribed the passage; it fixes the thing in the memory -Reports outward and inward-Corn debentures-

Over-sea Cockets-Lineus-Isinghom-Gentish-Slock-fish-Tilling-Cropling-Lub-fish. You should have noted that they are all, nevertheless, to be entered as titlinga.-How many inclusion is a titlingal. titling?

titling?" Owen, seeing me at fault, hezarded a whisper, of which I fortunately caught the import. "Eighteen inches, sir" "And a lub-fish is twenty-four-very right. It is important to remember this, on account of the Por-tuguese trade.—Bat what have we here ?—Baurdenze founded in the year—Castle of the Trompetic-Pa-lace of Gallienue-Well, well, that's very right tea.-This is a kind of wasto-book, Owen, in which all the transactions of the day, competing normers.

This is a kind of watch-book, Owen, in which all the transactions of the day, emptions, orders, psyments, receipts, acceptances, draughts, commission, and advices, are entared missellaneously." "That they may be requirely transferred to the day-book and leger," answered Owen; "I am glad libr. Francis is so mathodical." I pepcetved myself getting so fast into favor, that I began to fear the consequence would be uy father's more obstinate perseverance in his russistion that I must become a merchant; and, as I was determined on the contrary. I began to wish I had wot, so use up friend Mr. Owen's phrase, been so methodical. Bu I had no reason for apprehension on that score; fu a blotted piece of paper dropped out of the book, and being taken up by my father, be interrupted a lidt from Owen, on the propriety of securing loose memo-randa with a little paste, by exclaiming, "To the memory of Edward the Black Prince-What's all blockhead than I supposed you ?"

Must blockhead than I supposed you ?' My father, you must recollect, as a man of a ness, looked upon the labour of poets with content and as a religious man, and of the dissenting per **ي ا**ر trivial sion, he considered all such pursuits as equality and profane. Before you condemn him, you mar recall to rememberance how too many of the poets e poets 🛍 It and of the seventeenth century had led their human and employed their talents. The sect also to which my father belonged, felt, or perhaps affected, a part tanical aversion to the lighter exercises of lisergature. So that many causes contributed to sugment the un-pleasant surprise occasioned by the fil-timed discovery of this unfortunate copy of verses. As for poer Own could the beb-wig which he then were have uncan itself, and stood on end with horror, I am convine the moraing's labour of the friscur would have be undone, merely by the excess of his astonishment this enormity. An inroad on the stong-box, or a erasure in the leger, or a mis-summation in a final account, could hardly have surprised him more day gressibly. My father read the lines sometime sense,-sometimes in a mouthing tone of most ic,-always with an emphasis of the most irony, most irritating to the nerves of an author

"' O for the voice of that wild horn, On Fonturabian echoes borne, The dying here's call, That told imperial Charlemagne, How Paynim sous of swarthy Spain Had wrought his champion's full."

"Fontarabian echoes!" continued my fi romardonan errors: continued in y nu terruping himself; "the Fontarabian Fair bave been more to the purpose.—Paynin ?— Paynim ?—Could. you not say Pagan as w write English, at least, if you must needs write sense ?-

"Poitiers, by the way, is always spelt with

and I know no season why osthography should give place to rhyme.---

"'Brise my faint head, my squires,' he said, "And let the casement be display'd, "Inst i may see once more The spinndows of the setting sun Glenun on hy marror'd wave, Garonne, And Blay's unpurpled shore.

" Geronne and sun is a bad rhyme. Why, Frank, an do not even understand the beggarly trade you eve chasen.-

"'Like me, he sinks to Glory's sleep, His fall the daws of evening steep, As if is servow shed. So soft shall full the trickling tear, When England's made and matrows hear Of their Black Edward daad

"And though my sun of clory set, Nos France, nor England, shall forget The isrror of my nama; And oft shall Britain's heroes rise, New planets is these southern skries, Through clouds of blood and fi

"A cloud of fizme is something new-Good-mer-w, my masters all, and a merry Christmas to you!

"A cloud of fiame is something new-Good-mer-row, my masters all, and a merry Christmas to you ! -Why, the bellman writes better lines." He then tensed the paper from him with an air of superlative contempt, and concluded,-" Upon my credit, Frank, yea are a greater blockhead than I took you for." What could I say, my dear Treebam?-There I stood, swelling with indignant mertification, while may father regarded me with a calm but stern look of seorn and pity; and poor Owen, with uplified hands and eyes, looked as striking a picture of herror as if he had just read his patron's name in the Gazotte. At length I took courage to speak, endeavouring that my tome of voice should betray my feelings as little speakible. "I arm quite sware, sir, how ill qualified I am to play the commissions part in monisty way have destin-

"I arm quite aware, sir, how ill qualified I am to "I arm quite aware, sir, how ill qualified I am to play the conspicatous part in society you have destin-ed for me; and, luckily, I am not ambitious of the wanth I might acquire. Mr. Owen would be a much more effective assistant." I said this in some malice, for I consudered. Owen as having deserted my cause a little tos soon. "Oween ?" said my father—" The boy is mad, ac-tanly insens. And pray, sir, if I may presume to impure, having couly turned me over to Mr. Owen, (although I may expect more attention from any one that from my son.) what may your own sage pro-ters be ?"

sta be 3

'I should wish, sir," I replied, summoning up my arage, "to travel for two or three years, should courage, "to travel for two or three years should that consist with your pleasure; otherwise, although late. I would willingly spend, the same time at Ox-ford or Cambridge." "In the name of common sense! was the like

"In the name or common concernance were heard 3-to put yourself to school among pedants and Jacobites, when you might be pushing your for-turne is the world! Why not go to Westminster or Etoes at once, man, and take to Lilly's Grammar and Accidence, and to the birch, too, if you like it?" 'Then, sir, if you think my plan of improvement too late, I would willingly return to the Continent." "You have already spent too much time there to little purpose, Mr. Francis." "Then I would choose the army, sir, in preference to any other active line of life." I wolfeas you make me

wany other active line of lite." "Choose the d-l," answered my father, hastily, and then checking himself-" 1 profess you make me as great a fool as you are yourself.--Is he not enough bo drive one mad, Owen?"-Poor Owen shook his band, and looked down. "Hark ye, Frank," continu-tery father, "I will cut all this matter very short-bary father, "I will cut all this matter very shortwhen at your age when my father turned me out of the at your age when my father turned me out of the ad settled my legal inheritance on a younger where. I left Osbaidistone Hall on the back of a er. I have never crossed the treshold again, and I never mve never crosseu me tresmoid agam, and i never sill. I know not, and I care not, it my fox-hunting ruther is nlive, os has broken his neëk; but he has hibron. Frank, and one of them shall be my son if wa cross me further in this matter." "You will de your pleasure," I assword, rather, I

four, with more suffer indifference than respect, "with what is your own " "Yee, Frank, what I have is my own, if labour in getting, and care in angenening, ean make a right on property; and no drone shall fect on my honeycomb. Think on it well; what I have said is not without re-

Think on it well; what I have said is not without re-flection, and what I resolve upon I will execute." "Honoured sir,-dear er," cyclaimed Owen, tears rushing into his eyes, "you are not wont to be in such a hurry in transacting business of importance. Let Mr. Francis run up the balance before you abut the account; he loves you, I am sure; and when he puts down his filial obedience to the per contra, I am sure his objections will disappear." "Do you think I will ask him twice," said my fa-ther sternly, " to be my friend, my assistant, and my confident I--to be a partner of my cares and of my for-

ther sternly, "to be my friend, my assistant, and my confident 1-to be a partner of my cares and of my for-tune 1-Owen, I thought you had known me better." He looked at me as if he meant to add something more, but turned instantly away, and left the rooth abruetly, I was, I own, affected by this view of the case, which had not occurred to me; and my father would probably have had hitle reason to complain of we had he commerced the discussion with this ar me, had he commenced the discussion with this argument.

me, and he commenced the discussion with this ar-gument. But it was too hate. I had much of his own obdu-racy of resolution, and Heaven had decreed that my sin should be my punishment, though not to the ex-tent which my transgression merited. Owen, when we were left alone, continued to look at me with eyes, which tears from time to time moistened, as if to discover, before attempting the task of interces-sailable. At length he began, with broken, and dis-concerted accents,—"O L-d, Mr. Francis!-Good Heavens, sir I-My stars, Mr. Osballistone!-that I should ever have seen this day-and you so young a gentleman, sir-For the love of Heaven! look at both sides of the account-Think what you are going to loss-a noble fortune, sir-one of the finest houses in the City, even under the olf firm of Tresham and Trent, and now Osbaldistone and Tresham-You might roll in gold. Mr. Francis-And, my dear young Mr. Frank, if there was any particular thing in the business of the house which you disliked. I would" (sinking his voice to a whisper) "put it my order for you termily, or weekly, or daily, if you will in the business of the nouse which you usiner a would" (sinking his voice to a whisper) "put it is order for you termly, or weekly, or daily, if you will -Do, my dear Mr. Francis, think of the honour due to your father, that your days may be long in the land." "I am much obliged to you, Mr. Owen," said L--" very much obliged indeed; but my father is best index how to based in his more that talks of one of

Judge how to bestow his morney. He talks of one of my cousins-let him dispose of his wealth as he pleases, I will never sell my liberty for gold." "Gold, air?-I wigh you saw the balance-shoet of

profits at last term-It was in five figures-five figures to each partner's sum total, Mr. Frank-And all this is to go to a Papist, and a north-country booby. this is to go to a Papiet, and a north-country boobg, and a disaffected person besides—It will break my heart, Mr. Francis, that have been toiling more like a dog than a man, and all for love of the firm.—Think how it will sound, Osbaldistone, Tresham, and Os-baldistone—or, perhaps, who knows," (again lower-ing his voice.) "Osbaldistone, Cabaldistone, and Tre-sham, for our Mr. Osbaldistone can buy them all out." "But, Mr. Owen, my cousin's name being also Osbaldistone, the name of the company will sound every hit as well in your ears?"

less." "There are many very good men Catholics, Mr.

Owen," rejoined I. As Owen was about to answer with unusual anima-

As Owen was about to answer with unusual anima-tion, my father re-entered the npartment. "You were right," he said, "Owen, and I was wrong; we will take more time to think over this matter.—Young man, you will prepare to give me aa answer on this important subject this day month." I bowed in silence, sufficiently glad of a reprises, and presting it might indicate some relaxation is an.

father's determination.

The time of probation passed elewly, unmarked by any accident whatever. I went and came, and disposed of my time as I pleased, without question or criticism on the part of my father. Indeed, I rare-ly saw him, save at meal-times, when he studiously avoided a discussion which you may well suppose I was in no hurry to press on ward. Our conversation was of the news of the day, or on such general topics as strangers discourse upon to each other; nor could any one have guessed from its tenor, that there remained undecided betwirt us a dispute of such im-portance. It haunted me, however, more than once, remained undecided betwixt us a dispute of such im-portance. It haunted me, however, more than once, like the nightmare. Was it possible he would keep his word, and disinherit his only son in favour of a nephew, whose very existence he was not perhaps quite certain of? My grandfather's conduct, in similar cir-cumstances, boded me no good, had I considered the matter rightly. But I had formed an erroneous idea of my father's character, from the importance which I recollected I maintained with him and his whole family before I went to France. I was not awara. family before I went to France. I was not aware, that there are men who indulge their children at an that there are men who indulge their children at an early age, because to do so interests and a musses them, and who can yet be sufficiently severs, when the same children cross their expectations at a more ad-vanced period. On the contrary, I persuaded myself, that all I had to apprehend was some temporary all-mations of adjustment as matication of a forthat all 1 had to apprehend was some temporary all-emation of affection; —perhaps a rustication of a few weeks, which I thought would rather please me than otherwise, since it would give me an opportunity of setting about my unfinished version of Orlando Fu-rioso, a poem which I longed to render into English verse. I suffered this belief to get such absolute poe-session of my mind, that I had resumed my blotted session of my mind, that I had resumed my blotted papers, and was busy in meditation on the oft-recur-ring rhymes of the Spenserian stanza, when I heard a low and cautious tap at the door of my apartment. "Come in," I said, and Mr. Owen entered. So regu-lar were the motions and habits of this worthy man, that in all probability this was the first time he had ever been in the second story of his patron's house, however conversant with the first; and I am still at a loss to know in what manner he discovered my spartment. apartment.

"Mr. Francis," he said, interrupting my expres-sions of surprise and pleasure at seeing him, "I do do not know if I am doing well in what I am about

wons on surprise and pleasure at seeing him, "I do do not know if I am doing well in what I am about to say-it is not right to speak of what passes in the compting-house out of doors-one should not tell, as they say, to the post in the warehouse, how many lines there are in the leger. But young Twineall has been absent from the house for a fortnight and more, until two days since." "Very well, my dear sir, and how does that con-cern us?" "Stay, Mr. Francis-your father gave him a pri-vate commission; and I am sure he did not go down to Falmouth about the pitchard affair; and the Ex-ster business with Black well and Company has been settled; and the mining people in Cornwall, Treva-mion, and Treguliam, have paid all they are likely to pay; and any other matter of business must have been put through my books:--in short, it's my faithful belief that Twineall has been down in the morth."

"Do you really suppose so ?" said I, somewhat

startled. "He has spoken about nothing, sir, since he re-turned, but his new boots, and his Rippon spurs, and a cock-fight at York—it's as true as the multi-plication-table. Do, Heaven bless you, my dear child, make up your mind to please your father, and to be a man and a merchant at once."

I felt at that instant a strong inclination to submit. and to make Owen happy by requesting him to tell my father, that I resigned myself to his disposal. But

and with the same tone and manner which he has and with the same tone and manner which he had employed an exact month before, he receptulated the proposal he had made for taking me into partnership, proposal he had made for taking me into partnershin, and assigning me a department in the counting-house, and requested to have my final decision I thought at the time there was something unkind in this; and I still think that my father's conduct was injudicious. A more conciliatory treatment would, in all probability, have gained his purpose. As it was I stood fast, and, as respectfully as I could, decined the proposal he made to me. Perhaps-for who can judge of their own heart ?-I felt it unmanly to yield on the first summons, and expected further solicit-tion, as at least a pretext for changing my mind. If so, I was disappointed; for my father turned coolly to Owen, and only said, "You see it is as I tod you. -Well, Frank, (addressing me,) you are menty of age, and as well qualified to judge of what will om-stitute you own heppiness as you ever are like to be; stitute your own happiness as you ever are like to be; therefore. I say no more. But as I am not bound to

therefore, I say no more. But as I am not bound to give in to your plans, any more than you are com-pelled to submit to mine, may I ask to know if you have formed any which depend on my assistance?" I answered, not a little abashed, "That being breat to no profession, and having no funds of my own, it was obviously impossible for me to subsist without some allowance from my father; that my wishes were very moderate; and that I hoped my aversion for the profession to which he had designed me, would not occasion his altogether withdra wire his naternal not occasion his altogether withdrawing his paternal support and protection."

"That is to say, you wish to lean on my arm, and yet to walk your own way? That can hardly be, Frank;—however, I suppose you mean to obey my directions, so far as they do not cross your own he mour ?

mour ??' I was about to speak.—"Silence, if you please," he continued. "Supposing this to be the case, you will instantly set out for the North of England, to puy your uncle a visit, and see the state of his family. I have chosen from among his sons (he has six, I be lieve) one who, I understand, is most worthy to fill the place I intended for you in the comming-house. But some further strangements may be measure. But some further arrangements may be necessary, But some further arrangements may be necessary, and for these your presence may be requisite. Yow shall have further instructions at Osbahlstone Hal, where you will please to remain until you hear from me. Every thing will be ready for your departure to morrow morning." With these words my father left the spartment. "What does all this mean, Mr. Owen " said I to my sympathetic friend, whose consistenance wore a cast of the deepest dejection. "You have runned yourself, Mr. Frank, that's all; when your father talks in that quiet determined man-ner, there will be no more change in him than in a fitted account."

fitted account.'

fitted account." And so it proved; for the next morning, at for o'clock, I found myself on the road to York, moust on a reasonably good horse, and with fifty guiness i my pocket; travelling, as it would seem, for the pu pose of assisting in the adoption of a successor myself in my father's house and favour, and, for the I knew, eventually in his fortune also.

### CHAPTER III.

The slack sail shifts from side to side, The boat, untrimm'd, admits the tide, Borne down, adrift, at random tost, The oar breaks short, the radder's lost

I HAVE tagged with rhyme and blank verse the divisions of this important narrative, in order a duce your continued attention by powers of ca and to make Owen happy by requesting him to tell duce your continued attention by powers of cases of the provided attention by powers of the provided attention by provided attention by powers of the provided attention by powers attention by powers of the provided attention by powers attention by power

pers, en the ocean of human life. There had been f such unexpected case in the manner in which my father slipt a knot, usually esteemed the strongest which binds society together, and suffered me to de-part as a sort of outcast from his family, that it strangely lessened the confidence in my own personal accomplishments, which had hitherto sustained me. Prince Prattyment, now a prince, and now a fisher a

Prince Prettyman, now a prince, and now a fisher's son, had not a more awk ward sense of his degrada-tion. We are so apt, in our engrossing exolism, to consider all those accessories which are drawn around us by prosperity, as pertaining and belonging to our ows persons, that the discovery of our unimportance, when left to our own proper resources, becomes inex-pressibly morifying. As the hum of Löndon died away on my ear, the distant peal of her steeples more than once sounded to my ears the admonitory "Tum again," erst heard by her future Lord Mayor; and when I looked back from Highfate on her dusky magnificence, I felt as if I were leaving behind me comfort ooulence, the charms of society, and all the

when I looked back from Highgate on her dusky magnificence, I felt as if I were leaving behind me comfort, opulence, the charms of society, and all the pleasures of cultivated life. But the die was cast. It was, indeed, by no means probable that a late and ungracicus compliance with my father's wishes would have reinstated me in the situation which I had lost. On the contrary, firm and strong of purpose as he himself was, he might rather have been disgusted than conciliated by my tardy and compulsory acquiescence in his desire that I should engage in commerce. My constitutional obstinacy came also to my aid, and pride whispered how poor a figure I should make, when an airing of four miles from London had blown away resolutions formed during a month's scrious deliberation. Hope, too, that never forsakes the young and hardy, lent her lastre to my future prospects. My father could not be serious in the sentence of foris-familiation, which he had so unhesitatingly pronounced. It must be but a trial of my disposition, which, endured with patience and steadiness on my part, would raise me in his es-timation, and lead to an amicable accommodation of the point in dispute between us. I even settled in my ewm mind how far I would concede to him, and on what articles of our supposed treaty I would make a firm stand; and the result was, according to my commputation, that I was to be reinstated in my full rights of filiation, paying the easy penalty of some

computation, that I was to be reinstated in my full rights of filiation, paying the easy penalty of some estemaible compliances to atone for my past rebellion. In the meanwhile, I was lord of my person, and experienced that feeling of independence which the youthful boson receives with a thrilling mixture of pleasure and apprehension. My purse, though by no means amply replenished, was in a situation to sup-ply all the wants and wishes of a traveller. I had been accustomed, while at Bourdeaux, to act as my and the booyancy of my spirits soon surmounted the meanscholy reflections with which my journey com-meanced. menced

I should have been glad to have journeyed upon a firse of road better calculated to afford reasonable obfine of road better calculated to afford reasonable ob-jects of curiosity, or a more interesting country, to the tradiller. But the north road was then, and perhaps fill is, singularly deficient in these respects; nor do i believe you can travel so far through Britain in my other direction without meeting more of what is woorthy to engage the attention. My mental rumi-nations, notwithetanding my assumed confidence, worth of always of an unchequered nature. The lines too, -- the very coquette who had led me into this wilderness, -- like others of her sex, deserted be in my utmost need; and I should have been re-rect to rather an uncomfortable state of dulness. m my thinks an uncomfortable state of dulness, it not been for the occasional conversation of movers who chanced to pass the same way. But the practers whom I met with were of a uniform and teresting description. Country parsons, jogging ewards after a visitation; farmers or graziers, ming from a distant market; clerks of traders, elling to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in finding to collect what was due to their masters in the country when the matulities are set of the country when the matulity of the country when the country when the matulity of the country when incial towns; with now and then an officer going apprehension by the progress of his own narrative, I in into the country upon the recruiting service, otherwed that he usually eved me with a glance of at this period, the persons by whom the turn-and tapsters were kept in exercise. Our speech, him that he night, at that very moment, be in com

ROY. **19** therefore, was of tithes and croeds, of herves and grain, of commodities wet and dry, and the solvency of the retail dealers, occasionally varied by the descrip-tion of a seige, or battle in Flanders, which, perhaps, the narrator only gave meat second hand. Robbere, a fer-tile and alarming theme, filled up every vacancy; and the names of the Golden Farmer, the Flying High-wayman, Jack Needham, and other Berggar's Opera ho-roce, were familiar in our mouths as household words. At such tales, like children closing their circle round the fire when the ghost story draws to its climax' the riders drew near to each other, looked before an behind them, examined the priming of their pistols, and vowed to stand by each other in case of danger : an engagement which, like other offensive and do-fensive alliances, sometimes glided out of remem-brance when there was an appearance of actual peril. Of all the fellows whom I ever saw haunted by ter-rors of this nature, one poor man, with whom I travel-

Of all the fellows whom I ever saw haunted by ter-rors of this nature, one poor man, with whom I travel-led a day and a half, afforded me most amusement. He had upon his pillion a very small, but apparently a very weighty portmenteau, about the safety of which he seemed particularly solicitous; never trusting it out of his own immediate care, and uniformly repress-ing the officious zeal of the waiters and hostlers, who officied their services to carry it into the house. With the same precaution he laboured to conceal, not only the purpose of his journey, and his ultimate place of destination, but even the direction of each day's route. Nothing embarrased him more than to be of destination, but even the direction of each day's route. Nothing embarraseed him more than to be asked by any one, whether he was traveling upwards or downwards, or at what stage he intended to bait. His place of rest for the night he scrutinized with the most anxious care, alike avoiding solitude, and what he considered as bed neighbourhood; and at Grantham, I believe he sate up all night to avoid sleeping in the naxt room to a thick-set squinting fellow, in a black, wig, and a tarnished gold-laced waistcoat. With all these cares on his mind, my fellow traveller, to judge by his thewa and sinewa, was a man who might have these cares on his mind, my fellow traveller, to judge by his thews and sinewa, was a man who might have set danger at defiance with as much impunity as most men. He was strong and well built; and, judg-ing from his gold laced bat and cockade, seemed to have served in the army, or, at least, to belong to the military profession in one capacity or other. His conversation also, though always sufficiently vulgar, was that of a man of sense, when the terrible bug-bears which haunted his imagination for a moment capacity occupy his attention. But very accidental

bears which haunted his insignation for a moment ceased to occupy his attention. But every accidental association recalled them. An open heath, a close plantation, were alike subjects of apprehension; and the whistle of a shepherd lad was instantly converted into the signal of a depredator. Even the sight of a gibbet, if it assured him that one robber was safely disposed of by justice, never failed to remind him how many remained still unhanged. I should have wearied of this fellow's company, had I not been still more tired of my own thoughta. Some of the marvellous stories, however, which he related, had in themselves a cast of interest, and another whimsical point of his peculiarities afforded me the occasional opportunity of smusing myself at his expense. Among his tales, several of the infor-tunate travellers who fell among theves, incurred that celamity from associating themselves on the pread, with a well-dreased and outerianing stranger, that calamity from associating themselves on the road with a well-dressed and entertaining stranger, in whose company they trusted to find protection as well as amusement; who cheered their journey with tale and song, protected them against the evils of overcharges and false reckoninga, until at length, under pretext of showing a near path over a desolate common, he evduced his unsuspicious victims from the public road into some dismal glen, where, sud-deply blowing his whisle, he assembled his com-rades from their lurking-place, and displayed him-self in his true coleurs, the captain, namely, of the band of robbers to whom his unwary fellow-travel-lers had forfeited thei, purses, and perhaps their lives Towards the conclusion of such a tale, and when my companion had wrought himself into a fever of apprehension by the progress of his own narrative, I pany with a character as dangerous as that which has tale described. And ever and anon, when such suggestions pressed themselves on the mind of this ingenous self-tormentor, he drew off from me to the opposite side of the high-road, looked before, behind, and around him, examined his arms, and seemed to prepare himself for flight or defence, as circumstances might require

The suspicion implied on such occasions seemed to me only momentary, and too ludicrous to be of fensive. There was, in fact, no particular reflection on my dress or address, although I was thus mison my dress or address, although I was thus mis-taken for a robber. A man in those days might have all the external appearance of a gentleman, and yet turn out to be a highwayman. For the division of labour in every department not having then taken place so fully as since that period, the profession of the polite and accomplished adventurer, who nicked yea out of your money at White's, or bowled you out of it at Marybone, was often united with that of the professed rullian, who, on Bagshot Heath, or Finch-ley Common, commanded his brother beau to stand and deliver. There was also a touch of coarseness and hardness about the manners of the times, which ley Common, commanded his brother beau to stand and deliver. There was also a touch of coarseness and hardness about the manners of the times, which has aince, in a great degree, been softened and shaded away. It seems to me, on recollection, as if despe-rate men had less reluctance then, than now, to em-brace the most desperate means of retrieving their fortune. The times were indeed past, when Anthony-se-Wood mourned over the execution of two men, goodly in person, and of undisputed courage and ho-nour, who were hanged without mercy at Oxford, merely because their distress had driven them to raise contributions on the highway. We were still further removed from the days of "the mad Prince and Poins." And yet, from the number of unenclosed and extensive heaths in the vicinity of the metropo-lis, and from the less populous state of remote dis-tricts, both were frequented by that species of mounted highwaymen, that may possibly become one day un-Rnown, who carried on their trade with something like courtesy; and, like Grobet in the Beaux Strata-gem, piqued themselves on being the best behaved men on the road, and on conducting the best betaven all appropriate civility in the exercise of their voca-tion. A young man, therefore, in my circumstances, was not entitled to be highly indignant at the mis-take which confounded him with this worshipful

class of depredators. Neither was I offended. On the contrary, I found smusement in alternately exciting, and lulling to sleep, the suspicions of my timorous companion, and im purposely so acting as still further to puzzle a brain third purposely so acting as still further to puzzle a brain which nature and apprehension had combined to ren-der none of the clearest. When my free conversa-tion had lulled him into complete security, it required only a passing inquiry concerning the direction of his journey, or the nature of the business which occasioned it, to put his suspicions once more in arms. For example, a conversation on the comparative strength and activity of our horses took such a turn as follows :-"O sir,"

tot is the true pace for a hackney; and, were we near a town, I should like to try that daisy-cutter of yours upon a picce of level road (barring canter) for

yours upon a piece of level road (barring canter) for a quart of claret at the next inn." "Content, sir," replied I; "and here is a stretch of ground very favourable." "Hen, ahem." answered my friend with hesita-tion; "I make it a rule of travelling never to blow my horse between stages; one never knows what occasion he may have to put him to his mettle; and besides, sir, when I said I would match you, I meant with even weight; you ride four stone lighter than I." "Very well; but I am conteut to carry weight." "My p-p-portmanteau 7" replied he hesitaing.-"O very littb-afeather-just a few shir's and stock-ters."

"I should think it beavier, from its app I'll hold you the quart of claret is makes the twixt our weight."

rwist our weight." "You're missiken, sir, I assure you quite mis-taken," replied my friend, edging off to the side of the road, as was his wont on these alarming occasions. "Well, I'm willing to venture the wine; or, I will bet you ten pieces to five, that I carry our sortmena-teau on my croupe, and out-trot you into the bar sain." gain

gain." This proposal raised my friend's alarms to the st termost. His nose changed from the natural capped hue which it had acquired from many a comfortable cup of claret, or sack, into a paljah brassy tint, and his teeth chattered with apprehension at the unveiled audacity of my proposal, which seemed to place the bare-faced plunderer before him in full atvocity. As he faltered for an answer, I relieved him in some day he faltered for an answer, I relieved him in some de-gree by a question concerning a steeple, which new became visible, and an observation that we were new so near the village as to run no risk from interre-tion on the road. At this his countenance cleared up: but I easily perceived that it was long ere he forgot a proposal which seemed to him so franger with suspicion as that which I had now hazarded. I trouble you with this detail of the mar's disposi-tion, and the manner in which I practised upon it, because, however trivial in themselves, these partice lars were strended by an importent infinition on for because, nowever trivial in themselves, these particle lars were attended by an important influence on fa-ture incidents which will occur in this narrative. As the time, this person's conduct only inspired me with contempt, and confirmed me in an opinion, which if already entertained, that of all the propensities which teach mankind to torment themselves, that of came-less fast is the mast irritering have mainfall and less fear is the most irritating, busy, painfed, st pitiable

### CHAPTER IV.

# The Scots are poor, eries surly English pri True is the charge; nor by themselves des Are they not, then, in strictest reason cless Who wisely come to mend their fortunes i

THERE was, in the days of which I write, an off fashioned custom on the English road, which I am-pect is now obsolete, or practised only by the writer, Journeys of length being made on horseback, and, of course, by brief stages, it was usual always to make a halt on the Sunday in some town where the travel-ler might attend dvine service, and his horse have the benefit of the day of rest, the institution of which is as humane to our brute labourers as profitable to ourselves. A counterpart to this docent practices, and a remnant of old English hespitality, was, that the landlord of a principal inn laid aside his charac-ter of publican or the seventh day, and invited up

and a remnant of old English hospitality, was, the the landlord of a principal inn laid aside his chara-ter of publican on the seventh day, and invited the guests who chanced to be within his waffs to the part of his family beef and pudding. This invited was usually complied with by all whose distinguing rank did not induce them to think compliance a di-guing and the proposal of a bottle of winer dinner, to drink the landlord's health, was the recompense ever officed or accepted. I was born a citizen of the world, and my infi-tion led me into all scenes where my knowled imankind could be enlarged: I had besides, as a tensions to sequester myself on the score of Sunday's hospitality of mine host; whether a Garter, Lion, or Bear. The honest publican, and importance, while presiding among the game whom it was his ordinary duy to attend formed their revolutions. The wits and ham formed their revolutions. The wits and ham formed their revolutions. The wits and ham formed their revolutions. The town or the apothecary, the attorney, even the corrange the apothecary, the attorney, even the curate self, did not disdain to partake of this hebres festivity. The guests, assembled from different ters, and following different professions, for languaga, manners, and scatiments, a curri

### Gutr. IV:

desired to possess a knowledge of manking in its va-

It was on such a day, and such an occasion, that It was on such a day, and seen in occasion, that my timorous acquaintance and I were about to grace the board of the ruddy-faced host of the Black Hear, in the town of Darlington, and Bishoprick of Dur-ham, when our landlord informed us, with a sort of apologetic tone, that there was a Scotch gende-

of apologetic tone, that there was a Scotch gentle-man to done with us. "A gentleman ?--what sort of a gentleman ?" said my companion, somewhat hastily, his mind, I suppose, running on gentlemen of the pad, as they were then termed. "Way, a Scotch sort of a gentleman as I said be-fore," returned mine flost; "they are all gentle, ye man know, though they ha' narra shirt to back; but this is a decentish hallion-a canny North Briton are er crossid Berwick bridge-I trow he's a dealer in cattle."

"Let us have his company, by all means," snawer-ed my companion; and then, turning to me, he gave year to the tenor of his own reflections. "I respect the Scotch, sir; I love and honour the nation for their sense of morality. Men talk of their filth and their poverty; but commend me to sterling honesty, though clad in rags, as the poet saith. I have been credibly assured, sir, by men on whom I can depend, that there was never known such a thing in Scotland as

there was never known such a thing in Scotland as a highway robbery." "That's because they have nothing to lose," said mine host, with the chuckle of a self-applauding wit. "No, 'no, landlord," answered a strong deep voice behind him, "it's e'en because your English gaugers 'and supervisors,\* that you have sent down benorth the Tweed, have taen up the trade of thievery over the Easds of the native professors." "Well said, Mr. Campbell !!" answered the landlord; "I did nay think thoud's heen are near us mon

"Well said, Mr. Campbell !" answered the landlord; "I did nat think thoud'st been see near us, mon. But thou kens I'm an outepoken Yorkshire tyke-And how go markets in the south ?" "Even in the ordinar," replied Mr. Campbell ; wise folks buy and sell, and fools are bought and sold."

"But wise men and fools both eat their dinner," answered our jolly entertainer; "and here a comes-as prime a buttock of beef as e'er hungry mon stuck fork in "

So saying, he eagerly whetted his knife, assumed his

So saying he eagerly whetted his knife, assumed his see to f empire at the head of the board, and loaded he plates of his sundry guests with his good cheer. This was the first time I had heard the Scottish sector, or, indeed, the I had familierly met with an indivibual of the ancient nation by whom it was spoken. Yet, from an early period, they had occu-pied and interested my imagination. My father, as well known to you, was of an ancient family in Northumberland, from whose seal I was, while eating the sformation divide the state. The guard betwirt him and his relative was such, that the scarcely ever mentioned the tace from which he spring, and held as the most contemptible species of waity, the weakness which is contemptible species be sprung, and held as the most contemptible species of vanity, the weakness which is commonly termed hearily pride. His ambition was only to be distin-method as William Osbaldistone, the first, at least one of the first, merchants on Change; and to have proved him the lineal representative of William the Conqueror, would have far less flattered his unity than the hum and bustle which his approach has wornt to produce among the bulls, hears, and others of Stock-alley. He wished, no doubt, that theorem is spirate and in the subject, But' err ency feelings and his own on this subject, But designs, as will happen occasionally to the insert, were, in some degree at least, counteracted as being whom his pride would never have suppos-First portance advante to influence them in any His nurse, an old Northumbrian woman, atmined to him from his infancy, was the only person increased with his native province for whom he initiand any regard; and when fortune dawned

The production of reasons, supervisors, and examiners, prove oper the provision enquients of the Soutist, matters, though which even is the Union. SA

aver. upon him, one of the first uses which he made of her favours, was to give Mabel Ruckets a place of resi-dence within his household. After the death of my dence within his household. mother, the care of nursing me during my childish illnesses, and of rendering all those tender attention which infancy exacts from female affection, devolved on old Mabel. Interniticted by her master from speak-ing to him on the subject of the heaths, glades, and dales of her beloved Northunberland, she poured herself forth to my infant car in descriptions of the scenes of her youth, and long narratives of the events which tradition declared to have passed amongs them. To these I included my ear much more series ously than to graver but less animated instructors. Even yet methicks I see old Mabel, her head slightly agitated by the palsy of age, and shaded by a close cap, as white as the driven snow-her face wrinkled. but still retaining the healthy tings which it had ac-quired in rural labour,—I think I see her look around on the brick walls and narrow street which present. of the brick waits and narrow street which presented with a sigh the favourite old ditty, which I then pre-ferred, and—why should I not tell the truth ?—which I still prefer to all the opera airs ever mitted by the capricious brain of an Italian Mus. D—

### Oh, the oak, the ash, and the bonny ivy tree, They fourly best at home in the North Country

Now, in the legends of Mabel, the Scottish nation was ever freshly remembered, with all the embittered declamation of which the narrator was capable. The declamation of which the narrator was capable. The inhabitants of the opposite frontier served in her nar-ratives to fill up the parts which oares and giants with seven-leagued boots occupy in the ordinary nur-fory tales. And how could it be otherwise? Was it not the Black Douglas who slew with his own hand the heir of the Oobsidistone family the day after hes took possession of his estate, surprising him and his vascals while solemnizing a feast suites to the occa-sion? Was it not Wat the Devil who drove all the war-old boars off the brees of Lanthorm.nde in the sion ? Was it not Wat the Devil who drove all the year-old hogs off the braces of Lenthorm-ende, in the very recent days of my grandfather's father ? And had we not many a trophy, but, seconding trold Ma-bel's version of history, fur more honourably gamed, to mark our revenge of these wrouge? Did not Sir Henry Osbaldistone, fifth baron of the name, carry off the fair maid of Fairnington, as Achilles did his Chryseis and Briseis of old, and detain her in his fore-ress against all the power of her friends, supported by the most mighty Scottish chiefs of warkke fame ? And had not our swords shone foremost at must of those fields in which England was victorious over her rival? All our family reasown was acquired,— all our family misfortunes were occasioned,—by the northern wars.

Warmed by such tales, I looked upon the Scottisk warmed by such thes, I looked upon the Scottney people during my childhood, as a race heatile by ma-ture to the more southern inhabitants of this real my and this view of the matter was not much corrected by the language which my father sometianes held with respect to them. He had engaged in some large speculations concerning ouk-woods, the pro-perty of Highland proprietors, and alleged, that he found them much more ready to make bargains, and extort earnest of the purchase-money, than punctus in complying on their side with the terms of the on-gagements. The Scotch mercantile men, whom he gagamenta. The solice intercent inter, whom a middle-men on these occasions, were also supported by my father of having secured, by one means of other, more than their own share of the wroft which ought to have accrued. In short, if Mabel complained of the Scottish arms in ancient times, Mr. Oshaldi tone inveighed no less against the arts of these motone inveighed no less against the arts of these mo-dern Sinons; and between them, though without any fixed purpose of doing so, they inspressed my youthful maind with a sincere aversion to the northern inhuba-auts of Britain, as a people bloodthirty in time of war, treacherous thring truce, interested, selfast avaririous, and tricky in the business of peacets, life, and having few good qualities, unless three should be accounted such, a fereity which resembled reac-ters in married affinism and a sort of will versit, which rage in martial affairs, and a sort of wily craft, which supplied the place of wisdom in the ordinary conthose who entertained such prejudices, I must re-mark, that the Scotch of that period were guilty of similar injustice to the English, whom they branded universally as a race of purse-proud arrogant epicures. Such aseds of national dislike remained between the such seeds of national distinct remained between the two countries, the natural consequences of their ex-istence as separate and rival states. We have seen recently the breath of a demagogue blow these sparks into a temporary flame, which I sincerely hope is now extinguished in its own ashes.\*

It was, then, with an impression of dislike, that I contemplated the first Scotchman I chanced to meet contemplated the inst bottom about him that coin-in society. There was much about him that coin-cided with my previous conceptions. He had the hard features and athletic form, said to be peculiar to his country, together with the national intonation and slow pedantic mode of expression, arising from a desire to avoid peculiarities of idiom or dialect. I could also observe the caution and shrewdness of his near the observations which he made, There was much about him that coincountry in many of the observations which he made, and the answers which he returned. But I was not and the answers which he returned. But I was not prepared for the air of easy self-possession and supe-riority, with which he seemed to predominate over the company into which he was thrown, as it were by accident. His dreas was as coarse as it could be, being still decent; and, at a time when great expense was lavished upon the wardrobe, even of the lowest who pretended to the character of gentlemen, this indicated medicaritor of simultaneous indicated mediocrity of circumstances, if not poverty. His conversation intimated, that he was engaged in His conversation intimated, that he was engaged in the cattle-trade, no very dignified professional pur-suit. And yet, under these disadvantages, he seemed, as a matter of course, to treat the rest of the comm-my with the cool and condescending politeness, which implies a real, or imagined, superiority over those to-wards whom it is used. When he gave his opinion on any point, it was with that easy tong of confidence used by those superior to their society in rank or in-formation, as if what he said could not be doubted, and was not to be questioned. Mine host and his Sunday guesta, after an effort or two to support their consequence by noise and bold averment, sunk gra-dually under the authority of Mr. Campbell, who thus fairly possessed himself of the lead in the con-versation. I was tempted from curiosity, to dispute thus fairly possessed himself of the lead in the con-versation. I was tempted from curiosity, to dispute the ground with him myself, confiding in my know-ledge of the world, extended as it was by my resi-dence abcoad, and in the stores with which a tolera-ble education had possessed my mind. In the latter respect, he offered no competition, and it was easy to see that his natural powers had never been culti-vated by education. But I found him much better acquainted than I was myself with the present state of France, the character of the Duke of Orleans, who had just succeeded to the regency of that kingdom, and that of the statesmen by whom he was surround-ed; and his shrewd, caustic, and somewhat satirical

had just successed to the regency of that kingdom, and that of the statesmen by whom he was surround-ed; and his shrewd, caustic, and somewhat satirical remarks, were those of a man who had been a close observer of the affairs of that country. On the subject of politics, Campbell observed a silence and moderation which might arise from cau-tion. The divisions of Whig and Tory then shock England to her very centre, and a powerful party, en-graged in the Jacobite interest, menaced the dynasty ef Hanover, which had been just established on the throw. Every alchouse resounded with the brawls of contending politicians, and as mine hoef's politics were af that liberal description which quarrelled with no good customer, his hebdomadal visitants were often divided in their opinion as irreconcisiably as if be had feasted the Common Council. The cursts and the spothecary, with a little man, who made no boast of his vocation, but who, from the flourish and sinep of his fingers. I believe to have been the barber, trongly espoused the cause of high church and the Stewart line. The exciseman, as in duty bound, and the attories, who looked to source petty office under the crown: together with my fellow-traveller, who seema to enter keerly into the contest, stanchly supported the cause of King George and the Protes-tant succession. Dire was the screaming-deep the

This need 

oaths! Each party appealed to Mr. Campbell, anz-ious, it seemed, to which his approbation. "You are a Scor-hman, sir; s gentleman of your country must star.i up for hereditary right," cried

one party. "You are a Presbyterian," assumed the other class of disputants; "you cannot be a friend to arbitrary power.

"Gentlemen," said our Scotch oracle, after having gained, with some difficulty, a moment's pause, "I havena much dubitation that King George weel de-serves the predilection of his friends; and if he can navena much dubitation in a King George weet de-serves the predilection of his friends; and if he can haud the grip he has gotten, why, doubtless, he may make the gauger, here, a commissioner of the rem-nue, and confer on our friend, Mr. Quitam, the pre-ferment of solicitor-general; and he may also grant some good deed or reward to this honest genteman who is sitting upon his portmanteau, which he pre-fers to a chair: And, questionless, King James is also a grateful person, and when he gets his hand is play, he may, if he be so minded, make this reverse gentleman arch-prelate of Canterbury, and Dr. Minit, chief physician to his household, and commit his royal beard to the care of my friend Latherum. But as I doubt mickle whether any of the competing sovereigns would give Rob Campbell a tass of aqua-yite, if he lacked it, I give my vote and interest to Jonathan Brown, our landlord, to be the King and Prince of Skinkers, conditionally that he fetches us another bottle as good as the last."

another bottle as good as the last." This sally was received with general applause, in which the landlord cordially joined; and when he had given orders for fulfilling the condition on which his preferment was to depend, he failed not to ac-quaint them, " that, for as peaceable a gentleman as Mr. Campbell was, he was, moreover, as bold as a lion-seven highwaymen had he defeated with his single arm, that best him as he came from Whitsen-Tryste."

"Tryste." "Thou art deceived, friend Jonathan," said Camp-bell, interrupting him; "they were but barely two, and two cowardly loons as man could wish to mest withal."

and two cowardly loons as man could wish to mest withal." "And did you, sir, really," said my fellow-travelier, edging his chair (I should have said his portmanteas) nearer to Mr. Campbell, "really and actually best two highwaymen yourself alone ?" "In troth did I, sir," replied Campbell; "and I think it nee great thing to make a sang about." "Upon my word, sir," replied my acquaintance, "I should be happy to have the pleasure of your com-pany on my journey—I go northward, sir." This piece of gratuitous information comerning the route he proposed to himself, the first I had heard my companion bestow upon any oas failed to excate the corresponding confidence of the Scotthman. "We can scarce travel together," he replied, dryty, "You, sir, doubtless, are well mounted, and I, for the present, travel on foot, or on a Highland abely, the does not help me much faster forward." So aying, he called for a reckoning for the vina, and throwing down the price of the additional hat which he had himself introduced, rose as if a state the introduced, rose as if a state of the taking him by the button, drew him as it comparises the tow as if he thought the argument abears of the journey, which Mr. Campbell seemed to come "I will pay your charges, sir," said the travel of a tone, as if he thought the argument abears of the journey, which Mr. Campbell seemed to come "I will pay your charges, sir," said the travel of down all opposition. "It is quite impossible," said Campbell, accurate the contemptuously; "I have business at Roybharg."

"It is quite impossible," said Campbell, a contemptuously; "I have business at Roth "But I am in the second second

contemptuously; "I have business at Rothing", "But I am in no great hurry; I can ride entern "Upon my faith, si," said Campbell, "I render you the service you reem to desiderate. In he added, drawing himself up baughtily, "trend on my own private affairs, and if ye will set by advisement, sir, ye will neither unite yourself an absolute stranger on the road, nor community your line of journey to those who are making y questions about it." He then extincated his be not very ceremoniously, from the hold which den

ed him, and, counting up to me as the company were dispersing, observed, "Your friend, sir, is too commu-nicative, considering the nature of his trust." "That gentleman," I replied, looking towards the traveller, "is no friend of mine, but an acquaintance whom I picked up on the road. I know neither his name nor business, and you seem to be deeper in his

"I only meant," he replied flastily, "that he seems a thought rash in conferring the honour of his com-pany on those who desire it not." "The centleman." replied L "know@his.own

pany on uncer who desure it not." "The gentleman," replied I, "knows his own stairs best, and I should be sorry to constitute my-self a judge of them in any respect." Mr. Campbell made no further observation, but merely wished me a good journey, and the party dis-persed for the evening. Next of us I preval and the party dis-location."

persed for the evening. Next day ] parted company with my timid com-panion, as I left the great northern road to turn more westerly in the direction of Osbaldistone Manor, my unclo's set. 1 cannot tell whether he felt relieved or embarrassed by my departure, considering the 'du-bious light in which he seemed to regard me. For my own part, his tremors ceased to amuse me, and, to say the truth, I was heartily glad to get rid of him.

#### CHAPTER V.

w melts my beating heart, as I behold, eh lovely symph, our island's boast and pride, als on the graceous stoed, that sweeps along ar rough, o'er smooth, nor hveds the skeepy hill, a falters in the extended vale below 1

**LAPPROACHED** my native north, for such I esteemed it, with that enthusiasm which romantic and wild scenery inspires in the lovers of nature. No longer intervupted by the babble of my companion, I could now remark the difference which the country exhi-bited from that through which I had hitherto travelled. Bited from that through which I had hitserio travelido. The streams now more properly deserved the name, for, instead of slumbering stagnant among reeds and, willows, they brawled along beneath the shade of na-ral copewood: were now hurried down decilivities, and now purled more leisurely, but still in active mo-tion, through little lonely valleys, which opening on the road from time to time, seemed to invite the tra-veller to explore their receases. The Cheviots rose before me in froming missient - not indeed with veller to explore their recesses. The Cheviots rose beforp me in frowning majesty; not, indeed, with the sublime variety of rock and cliff which charac-serisons, mountains of the primary class, but huge, round-headed, and clothed with a dark robe of russet, gaining by their extent and desolate appearance, an imfluence upon the imagination, as a desett district possessing a character of its own. The abode of my fathers, which I was 'now ap-proaching, was situated in a glen, or narrow valley, which an up among those hills. Extensive estates, which once belonged to the family of Osbaldistone, had been long dissipated by the misfortunes or mile conduct of my necestors; but enough was still at-

this is the one belonged to the family of Osbaldhetone, ad been long divergisted by the misfortunes or mis-medisct of my ancestors; but enough was still at-single to the old mansion, to give my uncle the title of the old mansion, to give my uncle the title given to understand by some inquiries which I be on the road) in maintaining the prodigal hospic of a morthern squire of the period, which he made essential to his family dignity. The summit of an eminence, I had already a distant view of Osbaldistone Hall, a large and the summit of an eminence, I had already a distant view of Osbaldistone Hall, a large and the summit of an eminence, I had already a distant view of Osbaldistone Hall, a large and the summit of an eminence, I had already a distant view of Osbaldistone Hall, a large and the summit of an eminence, I had already a distant view of Osbaldistone Hall, a large and the summit of an eminence, I had already a distant view of Osbaldistone Hall, a large and the summit of a special y as the windings of a find ifferent road would permit, when my horse, as he was priced up his cars at the emivening of a pack of hounds in full cry, cheered by the source the constant accompaniment to the chase. I are doubt that the pack was my uncle, and a prot any horse with the purpose of suffering the grame to pass without notice, aware that a huriting was not the proper scene to introduce myself was not the proper scene to introduce myself keen sportsman and determined, when they had storn, to proceed to the mansion house at my perce, and there to await the return of the pro-

prietor from his sport. I paused, therefore, on a rising ground, and, not unmoved by the sense of in terest which that species of sylvan sport is so much calculated to inspire, (sithough my mind was net at the moment very accessible to impressions of this nature,) I expected with some eagerness the appearance of the buntsmen.

ance of the huntsmen: The fox, hard run, and nearly spent; first made his appearance from the copse which clothed the right-hand side of the valley. His drooping brush, his soiled appearance, and jaded trot, proclaimed his fate impending; and the carrion crow, which hovered over him, already considered poor Reynard as soon to be his prey. He crossed the stream which divides the little valley, and was dragging himself up a ra-vine on the other side of its wild banks, when the hendmost hounds, followed by the rest of the pack in full cry, burst from the coppice, followed by the hunts-man, and three or four riders. The dogs pursued the trace of. Revnard with unerring instinct; and the

headmost hounds, followed by the rest of the pack in full cry, burst from the coppice, followed by the hunts-man, and three or four riders. The dogs pursued the trace of. Reynerd with unerring instinct; and the hunfers followed with reckless haste, regardless of the broken and difficult nature of the ground. They were tall, stout young men, well mounted, and dress-ed in green and red, the uniform of a sporting asso-siation, formed under the auspices of old Sir Hilde-brand Osbaldistone. My cousins1 thought I, as they were tall, stout young men, well mounted, and tress-ed in green and red, the uniform of a sporting asso-siation, formed under the auspices of old Sir Hilde-brand Osbaldistone. My cousins1 thought I, as they were tall, stout young it hese worthy successors of Nimrod7 and how improbable is it, that I, know-ing hitle or nothing of rural sports, shall find myself at ease, or happy, in my uncle's family. A vision that passed me interrupted these reflections. It was a young lady, the hoteliness of whose very striking features was enhanced by the animation of the chase and the glow of the exercise, mounted on a beautiful horse, jet black, unless where he was flecked by spots of the strow-white foam which am-bosed has bridle. She wore, what was then some-what unusual, a coat, vest, and hat, resembling those of a man, which fashion has since called a riding-habit. The mode had been introduced while I was in France, and was perfectly new to me. Her long black hair streamed on the breeze, having in the hurry of the chase escaped from the ribbon which she guided her horse with the most admirable ad-dress had presence of mind, retarded her course, and prough ther closer to me than any of the other riders. had passed. I had, therefore, a litl view of her un-commonly fine face and person, to which an inex-pressible charm was added by the wild gayety of the scene, and the comance of her singular dress and un-expected appearance. As she passed me, her horse sit was not a stumble, nor a fale step; and,

no more occasion for haste, since the chase was at a close. One of the young men whem we had seen approached us, waving the brush of the fox in triumph, as if to upbraid my fair companion. "I see," she replied,—"I see; but make no noise about it; if Phœbe," said she, patting the neck of the beautiful animal on which she rode, "had not got among the cliffs, you would have had little cause for boasting."

They met as she spoke, and I observed them both ray met as she spoke, and i observed them both look at me and converse a moment in an under tone, the young lady apparently pressing the sportsman to do sornething which he declined shyly, and with a sort of sheepish sullenness. She instantly turned her home's head towards me, saying—" Well, well. Thornia, if you won't, I must, that's all.—Sir,' she continued, addressing me, "I have been ondeavouring to persuade this cultivated young gontleman to make inquiry of you, whether in the course of your travels in these parts, you have heard any thing of a friend of ours, one Mr. Francis Osbaldistone, who has been for some days expected at Osbaldistone Hall?

was too happy to acknowledge myself to be the party inquired aiter, and to express my thanks, for

party inquired aiter, and to express my thanks, for the obliging inquiries of the young lady. "In that case, sin," she rejoined, "as my kins-man's politeness seems to be still slumbering, you will permit me (though I suppose it is highly impro-per) to stand mistress of ceremonies, and to present to you young Squire Thorncliff Osbaldistone, your cousin, and Die Vernon, who has also the honour to be your accomplished cousin's poor kinswonnan." There was a mixture of boldness, satire, and sim-plicity in the inanner in which Miss'Vernon pro-nounced these words. My knowledge of life was sufficient to enable me to take up a corresponding tone as I expressed my gratitude to her for her con-descension, and my extreme pleasure at having met

descension, and my extreme pleasure at having met descension, and my extreme pleasure at having thet with them. To say the truth, the complement was so expressed, that the lady might easily appropriate the greater share of it, for Thorncliff seemed an arrant country bumpkin, awkward, shy, and somewhat sulky withal. He shock hands with me, however, and then intimated his intention of leaving me that he might help the huntsman and his brothers to country by the huntsman and his brothers to count the hunda of muchan be the couple up the hounds, a purpose which he rather communicated by way of information to Miss Vernon

Communicated by way of information to raise y criteria than as apology to me. "There he goes," said, the young lady, following him with eyes in which disdain was admirably paint-ed,—"the prince of grooms and cock-fighters, and biackguard horse-coursers. But there is not one of them to mend another.—Have you read Markham?" said Miss Vernon.

" Read whom, ma'am ?-I do not even remember the author's name.

the author's name." "O lud! on what a strand are you wrecked!" re-plied the young lady. "A poor forlorn and ignorant stranger, unacquainted with the very Alcoran of the savage tribe whom you are come to reside among— Never to have heard of Markham, the most cele-brated author on farriery ! then I fear you are equally a stranger to the more modern names of Gibson and Bartlet?" Bartlett 7

Bartiett ?" "I am, indeed, Miss, Vernon." "And do you not blush to own it ?" said Miss Vernon. "Why, we must forswear your alliance. Then, I suppose, you can neither give a ball, nor a mash, nor a horn ?" "I confess I trust all these matters to an ostler or

to my groom ?"

to my groom ?" "Incredible carelessness !—And you cannot shoe a horse, or cut his mane and tail; or worm a dog, or crop his ears, or cut his dew-claws; or reclaim a "To sum up my insignificance in one word," re-plied I, "I am projoundly ignorant in all these rural

accomplishments."

Then, in the name of Heaven, Mr. Francis Osbaldistone, what can you do ?". "Very little to the purpose, Miss Vernon; some-

hing, however, I can pretend to-when my groom has dressed my horse, I can ride him, and when my hawk is in the field I can fly him." "Can you do this?" said the young lady, putting

her horse to a canter.

There was a sort of rude overgrown fence crossed There was a sort of rude overgrown ience crossed the path before us, with a gate, composed of piecee of wood rough from the forest; I was about to move forward to open it, when Miss Vernon cleared the obstruction at a flying leap. I was bouthd, it point of honour to follow. and was in a moment again at her side. "There are hopes of you yet," she said. "I was afra: I you had been a very degeneratesOsbaldistone. "But what on earth brings you to Cub-Castle?-for

But what on earth brings you to Cub-Castle?-for so the neighbours have christened this hunting.hall of ours. You might have staid away I suppose, if you would ?

I felt I was by this time on a very infimate footing with my beautiful apparition, and therefore replied in

a confidential under tone,-" Indeed, my dear Mine Vernon, I might have considered it as a sectific to be a temporary resident in Osbaldistone Hall, the inmates being such as you describe them ; but I am convinced there is one exception that will ninke amends for all deficiencies."

"O, you mean Rashleigh ?" said Miss Vernon. "Indeed, I do not; I was thinking-forgive me of some person much nearer me."

I suppose it would be proper not to understand "I suppose it would be proper not to understand your civility — But that is not my way---I don't make a curtae for it, because I am sitting on horseback. But, seriously, I deserve your exception, for I an the only conversible being about the Hall, except the still priest and Rashleigh." "And who is Rashleigh, for Heaven's wake "" "Rashleigh is one who would fain have every one like him for his own aske.--He is Sir, Hilderand's conversion and your age but not so-make

voungest con-about your own age, but not so-1 looking, in short. But nature has given him a mou bushelful of learning-be is what we call a very clever man in this country, where clever men as scarce. Bred to the church, but in no hurry is take orders." . "To the Catholic Church?"

"To the Catholic Church ?" "The Catholic Church ! what Church else?" said the young Lady. "Bul I forgot, they told me you are a heretic. Is that true, Mr. Oebaldistone?" "I must not deny the charge." "And yet you have been abroad, and in Catholic constrint"?"

countries?

For nearly four years." ....

You have seen convents ?"

"Often; but I have not seen much in them "Are not the inhabitants happy?"

" Some are unquestionably so, whom either a s found sense of deroion, or an experience of the p secutions and misfortunes of the world, or a man apathy of temper, has led into retirement. The who have adopted a life of secusion from sudden s who have adopted a life of scothsion from sudden sai overstrained enthusiasm, or in hasty researches a some disappointment or mortification, are very m serable. The quickness of sensation scoth returns and, like the wilder animals in a meangerie, they en restless under confinement, while others masse a fatten in cells of no larger dimensions than there." "And what," continued Miss Vernon, "hereaver of those victims who are condemned to a convert by the will of others; ? what do they remained 7 exponently what do they resemble, if they are bars to enjoy the and feel its blessings T". "They are like imprisoned singuischings."

what do they resemble, if they are term to enjoy a and feel its blessings 7" "They are like imprisoned singing-birds," weak I, "condemned to wear out their lives in confination which they try to beguile by the exercise of accor-plishments, which would have solonood society, they been left at large." "I shall be," returned Mine Vernov-""that said she, correcting hereif,--"I should be rather the wild hawk, who, barred the free exercise of soar through heaven, will deah himself to against the bars of his cage. But to return to leigh," said she, in a more-lively tone, "yea think him the plasaments time you over sever life, Mr. Osbaldistone, that is, for a week at here he could find out a blind mistress, never sever that onchants the car. But here we are in the of the old hall, which looks as wild and old-fail as any of its immattes. There is ne grees to be and the hest hurts my forchead too," constants lively girl, taking it off, and ensking dows-fit ison of sable ringets, which helf hurdher blushing, she separated with her white elements in order to clear them away from har becauted in dows any fit here was any of the there is any blushing, she separated with her white elements in order to clear them away from har becauted in order to clear them away from har becauted in order to clear them away from har becauted in order to clear them away from har becauted blushing, she expanded with her white stender in order to clear them away from her beautin and piercing hazie eyes. If there was any or in the action, it was well disquised by the or indifference of her manner. I could not help a "that, judging of the family from what I about suppose the to dette a vary unrecensary "That's very politely said; though, perform

#### Chap. YL.

such that to understand in what sense it was meant," replied Miss Vernon; "but you will see a better apo-logy for a little negligence, when you meet the Or-sons you are to live smongst, whose forms no toilett-could improve. But, as I said before, the old dinner-bell will clang, or rather clark, in a few minutes—it cracked of its own accord on the day of the landing of King Willie, and my uncle respecting its prophetic talent, would never permit it to be mended. So do you hold my palfrey, like a duteous knight, until I send some more humble squire to relieve you of the tharse." charge.

She threw me the rein as if we had been acquaint-d from our childhood, jumped from her saddle, trip-

charge." She threw me the rein as if we had been acquaint-d from our childhood, jumped from her saddle, trip-red across the court-yard, and entered at a side-door, maving me in admiration of her beauty, and asto-nished with the overfrankness of her mannera, which asomed the more extraordinary, at a time when the dictates of politeness, flowing from the court of the Grand Monerque Louis XIV., prescribed to the fair wardly enough stationed in the centre of the court of the old hall, mounted on one horse, and holding an-other in my hand. The building afforded little to interest a stranger, had I been disposed to consider it attentively; the sides of the quadrangle were of various architectura, and, with their stone-shafted latticed, windows, pro-jecting turrets, and massive architraves, resembled the misde of a convent, or one of the older and less splendid colleges of Oxford. I called for a domestic, but was for some time totally unattended to; which was the more provoking, as I could perceive I was the object of curiosity to several servants, both male to the attention of any individual. The return of the hustsment and hounds relieved me from my embar-resement, and with some difficulty I got one clown to relieve me of the charge of the horses, and another stu-pid boor to guide me to the presence of Sir Hildebrand. This service he performed with much such grace and good-will, as a peasant who is compelled to act as guide to a hostile patrol; and in the same manner I was obli-ged to guard against his deserting me in the labyrinth of low vaulted passages which conducted to "Stun Hall," as he called it, where a range of oaken ta-bles, of a weight and size toe massive ever to be mo-tion, work and eitered to muche. We did, however, at length reach a long vaulted boor is aveight and size toe massive ever to be mo-tion.

room, floored with stone, where a range of oaken ta-bles, of a weight and size too massive ever to be mobles, of a weight and size too massive ever to be mo-wed aside, were already covered for dinner. This venarable apartment, which had witnessed the feasts of several generations of the Osbaldistone family, bore also evidence of their success in field-sports. Hage antlers of deer, which might have been tro-phies of the hunting of Chevy Chace, were ranged around the walls, interspersed with the stuffed skins of badie wetter the stuffed skins. of badgers, otters, martins, and other animals of the chase. Amidst some remnants of old armour, which had, perhaps, served against the Scotch, hung the more valued weapons of sylvan war, cross-bows, guns of varieds device and construction, nets, fishinggrans of various device and construction, nets, hashing-pode, otter-spears, hunting-poles, with many other singular devices and engines for taking or killing masse. A few old pictures, dimmed with smoke, and takined with March beer, hung on the walls, repre-grating knights and ladies, honoured, doubliess, and **theorem in their day; those frowning fearfully from theorem in their day; those frowning fearfully from theorem in their might at the roses which hey brandished in their hands.** hey

I had just time to give a glance at these matters, when about twelve blue-coated servants burst into hall with nuch tumult and talk, each rather embe hall with nuch turnult and talk, each rather em-loyed in directing his contrades than in discharging a own daty. Some brought blocks and billets to the fire, which roared, blazed, and ascended, half in moke, half in flame, up a huge tunnel, with an open-ng wide enough to accommodate a stone-seat within a ample vault, and which was fronted, by way of dimmery-piece, with a huge piece of heavy architer-ter, where the monsters of heraldry, embodied by the

art of some Northumbrian chisel, grinned and ramp ed in red free-stone, now japanned by the smoke of centuries. Others of these old-fashioned serving-nies centuries. Others of these old-fashioned serving-nien bore huge smoking dishes, loaded with substantial irre; others brought in cups, flagons, bortles, yes barrels of liquor. All tramped, kicked plunged, shoul-dered, and jostled, doing as little service with as much-tumult as could well be imagined. At length, while the dinner was, after various efforts, in the net ad-being arranged upon the board, "the clamour much of men and dogs," the cracking of whips, calculated for the intimidation of the latter, voices loud and high, steps which, impressed, by the heavy-heeled bools of the period, clattered like those in the statue of the *Featin de pierre*, announced the arrival of those for whose benefit the preparations were made. The hub-bub among the servants rather increased than dimi-nished as this crisis approached, —some called to make haste,-others to take time,-some exhorted to stand out of the way, and make room for Sir Hildebrand out of the way, and make room for Sir Hildebrand and the young squires,—some to closeround the table, and be in the way,—some bawled to open, some to shut a pair of folding-doors, which divided the hall from a sort of gallery, as I afterwards learned, or withdrawing-room, fitted up with black wainscot. Opened the doors were at length, and in rushed curs and men,—eight, dogs, the domestic chaplain, the village doctor, my six cousins, and my uncle.

#### CHAPTER VJ.

IF Sir Hildebrand Osbaldistone was in no hurry to greet his nephew, of whose arrival he must have been informed for some time, he had important avocations to allege in excuse. "Had seen thee sooner, lad," he exclaimed, after a rough shake of the hand, and a hearty welcome to Osbaldistone Hall, "but had to see the hounds kennelled first. Thou art welcome to the Hall, lad—here is thy cousin Percie, thy cousin Thornie, and thy cousin John—your cousin Dick, your cousin Wilfred, and—stay, where's Rashleigh—take thy long body aside, Thornie, and let's see thy brother a bit—your cousin Rashleigh.—So, thy father has thought on the old Hall, and old Sir Hiklebrand at last—better late than never—Thou art welcome, lad, and there's enough.— Where's my little Dic?—ay, here she comes—this is my nicce Die, my wife's brother's daughter—the pret-tiest girl in our dales, be the other who she may—and so now let's to the sirloin."—

So now let s to the strioun. — To gain some idea of the person who held this language, you must suppose, my dear Tresham, a man aged about sixty, in a hunt ng suit which had once been richly laced, but whose splendour had been ternished by many a November and December storm. Sir Wildbird hourd by the binner of Sir Hildebrand, notwithstanding the abruptness of his present manner, had, at one period of his life, known courts and camps; had held a commission in the army which encamped on Hounslow Heath previous to the Revolution, and, recommended perhaps by his religion, had been knighted about the same period by the unfortunate and ill-advised James II. But the Knight's dreams of further preferment, if a ever entertained any, had died away at the critics which dreams his mattern from the throug and support which drove his patron from the throne, and since that period he had spent a sequestered life upon his native domains. Notwithstenanug his risticity, how ever, Sir Hildebrand retained much of the exterior of a gentleman, and appeared among his cons as the remains of a Corinthian pillar, defaced and over-grown with moss and lichen, might have looked, is contrasted with the rough, unhewn masses of upright The sons were, indeed, heavy unadorned blocks as the cye would desire to look upon. Tall, stout, and comely, all and each of the five eldest seemed to want alike the Promethean fire of intellect, and the exterior " Now called Don Juan.

for II.

ward appearance. But, as if to indennify herself for a uniformity so uncommon in her productions, Dame Nature had rendered Rashleigh Osbaldistone a striking contrast in person and mainer, and, as I afterwards learned, in temper and talents, not only to his brothers, but to most men whom I had hitherto met with. When Percis, Thornie, and Co. had respectively nodded, grinned, and presented their shoulder, rather than their hand, as their father named them to their new kinsgman, Rashleigh stepped forward, and welcomed me to Osbaldistone Hall, with the air and manner of a man of, the world. His appearance was not in itself prepossessing. He was of low stature, whereas all his brethren seemed to be descendants of Anak; all his brethren seemed to be descendants of Anak : and, while they were handsomely formed. Rashleigh, though strong in person, was bull-necked and cross-made, and, from some early injury in his youth, had an imperfection in his gait, so much resembling an absolute halt, that many alleged that it formed the absolute halt, that many alleged that it formed the obstacle to his taking orders; the church of Rome, as is well known, admitting none to the clerical pro-fession who labours under any personal deformity. Others, however, ascribed this unsightly defect to a more awkward habit, and contended, that it did not amount to a personal disqualification from holy orders. The features of Rashleigh were such as, Iraving looked upon, we in vain wish to banish from our memory, to which they recur as objects of painful curiosity, although we dwell upon them with a feel-ing of dislike, and even of disgust. It was not the actual plainness of his face, taken separately from the

actual plainness of his face, taken separately from the meaning, which made this strong impression. His features were, indeed, irregular, but they were by no means vulgar; and his keen dark eyes, and shaggy eyebrows, redeemed his face from the charge of com-monplace ugliness. But there was in these eyes an expression of art and design, and, on provocation, a ferocity tempered by caution, which nature had made obvious to the most ordinary physiognomist, perhaps with the same intention that she has given the rattle to the poisonous snake. As if to compensate him for these disadvantages of exterior, Rashleigh Osbaldis-tone was possessed of a voice the most soft, mellow, and rich in its fomes, that I ever heard, and was at no organ. His first sentence of welcome was hardly ended, ere I internally agreed with Miss Vernon, that my new kinsman would make an instant conquest of a mistress whose cars alone ware to judge his actual plainness of his face, taken separately from the my new kinsman would make an instant conquest of a mistress whose cars alone were to judge his cause. He was about to place himself beside me at dinner, but Miss Vernon, who, as the only female in the family, arranged all such matters according to her own pleasure, contrived that I should sit betwixt Thorncliff and herself; and it can scarce be doubted that I favoured this more advantageous arrangement. "I want to speak with your" she said, " and I have pliced honest Therme betwixt Rashleigh and you on parpose. He will be like— Fasture hour to track the set of the set of the said that I favoured the set of the set of the set of the set of the pliced honest Therme betwixt Rashleigh and you

Feather-bod 'twixt castle wall And heavy brunt of cannon ball :

while I, your earliest acquaintance in this intellec-

"A very comprehensive question, Miss Vernon, yousidering how short while I have been at Osbal-distone Hall."

distone Hall."
"O, the philosophy of our family lies on the surface --tuere are minute shades distinguishing the indi-visuals, which require the eye of an intelligent ob-server; but the species, as naturalists I believe call "may be distinguished and characterised at once." "My five elder cousins, then, are, I presume, of pretty nearly the same character." "Yes, they form a happy compound of sot, game-

keeper, bully, horse-jockey, and fool; but as they say there cannot be found two leaves on the same tree exactly alike, so these happy ingredients, being mincases; and, so these nappy ingredients, being min-gled in somewhat various proportions in each indi-vidual, make an agreeable variety for those who like to study character."

to study character." "Give me a sketch, if you please, Miss Vernon." "You shall have them all in a family-piece, at full length—the favour is too easily granted to be tefused. Percie, the son and beir, has more of the sot than of the gamekceper, bully, horse-jockey, or fool—My pre-cious Thornie is more of the bully than the sot, gamecious Thornie is more of the built than the sol, game-keeper, jockey, or fool-John, who elseps whole weeks amongst the hille, has most of the gamekeeper -The jockey is powerful with Dickon, who radee two hundred miles by day and night to be bought and sold at a horse-race-And the fool predominates so much over Wilfred's other qualities, that he may be

termed a fool positive." "A goody collection, Miss Venon, and the ind-vidual varieties belong to a most interesting species But is there no room on the canvans for Sir Hilds brand ?

"I love my uncle," was her reply: "I owe him some kindness, (such it was meant for at least,) and I will leave you to draw his picture yourself, when you how him better."

Come, thought I to myself, I am glad there is some forbearance. After all, who would have looked for such bitter satirs from a creature so young and so exquisitely beautiful ?"

"You are thinking of me," she said, bending ber dark eyes on me, as if she meant to pierce through

dark eyes on me, as it are meant to pierce through my very soul. "I certainly was," I replied with some embarrans, ment at the determined suddenness of the question, and then endeavouring to give a complimentary una to my frank avowal. "How is it possible I should think of any thing else, seated as I have the happi-ness to be?"

Interest to be?" She snuled with such an expression of concer-trated haughtiness as she alone could have thrown into her countenance. "I must inform you at once, Mr. Osbaldistone, that compliments are entirely lost upon me; do not, therefore, throw away your preity sayings—they serve fine gentlemen who travel in the country, instead of the loys, beads, and braceles, which navigators carry to propitate the savare in-habitants of newly discovered lands. Do not en-haust your stock in trade—you will find neuros in Northumberland to whom your fine things will re-commend you—on me they would be starty thrown away, for I happen to know their real value." I was silepcod and confounded.

away, for i happen to know their new vares." I was silenced and confounded. "You remind me at this moment," said the young lady, resuming her lively and indifferent manner, "o the fairy tale, where the man finds all the mone; which he had carried to market suddenly changes into pieces of slate. I have cried down and runne into pieces of slate. I have cried down and rame your whole stock of complimentary discourse by our umlucky observation. But, come, never mind is-You are belied, Mr. Osbaldistone, unless you have much better conversation than these fadeurs, while every gentleman with a toupet thinks himself oblight to recite to an unfortunate girl, merely because should dressed in silk and gauze, while he wears suparing for my five cousins might say, are far proferable if your complimentary amble. Endeavour to forget and unlucky sex; call me Tom. Vernon, if you have mind, but speak to me as you would to a friend and companion , you have no idea how much I shall and you.

companion , you have no idea now much a snau you." "That would be a bribe indeed," returned I. "Again ?" replied Miss Verion, holding up hards-ger; "I told you I would not bear the shadow a a compliment. And now, when you have pleiged up uncle, who threatens you with what he calls a brin-mer, I will tell you what you, think of me." The bumper being pledged by me, as a duriful my phew, and some other general intercourse of the table having taken place, the continued and business clang of knives and farks, and the devotion of company Thorncliff on my right hand, and cousin Dicks.

who sate on Miss Vernen's left, to the huge quanti-ses of meat with which they heaped their plates, made them serve as two occasional partitions sepapring us from the rest of the company, and leaving us to our *tele-a-tele*. "And now," said I, "give me isave to ask you frankly, Miss Vernon, what you sop-pose I am thinking of you 7-I could tell you what I really do think, but you have interdicted praise."

really do think, but you nave interacted praise." "I do not want your assistance. I am conjurer mongh to tell your thoughts without it. You need not open the casement of your boson; I see through it. You think me a strange bold girl, half coquete, half-romp; desirous of attracting attention by the freedom of her manners and loudness of her convermedom of her manners and joudness of her conver-sation, because she is ignorant of what the Specta-tor calls the softer graces of the sex; and perhaps you into admiration. I should be sorry to shock your self-opinion, but you were never more mistaken. All the confidence I have reposed in you, I would have given as readily to your father, if I thought he could have understood me. I am in this happy family as much schuded from intelligent listance as Sache in much secluded from intelligent listeners as Sancho in the Sierra Morena, and when opportunity offers, I must a word of all this curious intelligence, had I cared a pin who knew it, or knew it not. "It is very crue in you, Miss Vernon, to take away all particular marks of favour from your communi-

cations, but I must receive them on your own terms. You have not included Mr. Rashleigh Osbaldistone

You have not included arr. Reamining conductions in your domestic aketchea." She shrunk, I thought, at this remark, and hastily answered, in a much lower tone, "Not a word of Rashleigh! His ears are so acute when his selfish-mess is interested, that the sounds would reach him even through the mass of Thorneliff's person, stuffed in the interest of the sound indiding."

as it is with beef, venison-pasty, and pudding." "Yes," I replied; " but peeping past the living creen which dwides us, before I put the question, I perceived that Mr. Rashleigh's chair was empty—he has left the table."

perceived that Mr. Rushieign 5 chair was emply-ne has left the table." "I would not have you to be too sure of that," Miss Wernon replied. "Take my advice, and when you speak of Rashleigh, get up to the top of Otterscope-hill, where you can see for twenty miles round you in every direction-stand on the very peak, and speak in whispers; and, after all, don't be too sure that the bird of the air will not carry the matter. Rashleigh has been my tutor for four years; we are mutually tired of each other, and we shall heartily rejoice at coar approaching separation." "Mir. Rashleigh leaves Osballistone-Hall, then?" "Yea, in a few days;-did you not know that ?--Your father must keep his resolutions much more secret than Sir Hildebrand. Why, when my uncle was informed that your father desired to have one of his hoppeful sons to fill up the lucrative situation in his expending house, which was vacant by your obstinacy,

counting house, which use vacant by your obstinacy, **Mr. Francis**, the good knight held a *cour plénière* of **this family**, including the buller, housekeeper, and **purnekceper**. This reverend assembly of the peers and household officers of Osbaldistone Hall was not ad household officers of Osbaldistone Hall was not mycked, as you may suppose, to elect your sub-frate, because, as Rashleigh alone possessed more inthemetic than was necessary to calculate the odds a fighting-cock, none but he could be supposed mainfield for the situation. But some solemn sanc-mainfield for the situation. But some solemn sanc-sen was necessary for transforming Rashleigh's metination from starving as a Catholic priest, to riving as a wealthy banker; and it was not with-the some reluctance that the acquiescence of the method was obtained to such an act of degra-

I can conceive the scruples-but how were they

can conceive the scrupts—but now were they over ?"
 By the general wish, I believe, to get Rashleigh of the house," replied Miss Vernon. "Although, ingrest of the family, he has comehow or other got cantire management of all the others; and every, is sensible of the subjection, though they cannot be it off. If any one oppose him, he is sure to f having done so before the year goes about; and

if you do him a very important service, you may rue it still more.

"At that rate," answered I, smiling, "I should look about me; for I have been the cause, however unin-tentionally, of his change of situation."

about the i for 1 have ocen the cause, nowever unin-tentionally, of his change of situation." "Yes I and whether he regards it as an advantage or disadvantage, he will owe you a grudge for it-But here come cheese, radishes, and a bumper to church and king, the hint for chaplains and ledies to church and king, the sole representative of woman-hood at Oabaldistone Hall, retreat, as in duty bound." She vanished as she spoke, leaving me in astonish-ment at the mingled character of shrewdness, ada-city, and frankness, which her conversation display-ed. I despair conveying to you the least idea of her manner, although I have, as nearly as I can remem-ber, imitated her language. In fact, there was a mixture of untaught simplicity, as well as native shrewdness and haughty boldness in her manner, and all were modified and recommended by the play of the most beautiful features I had ever beheld. It is not to be thought that, however strange and un-common I might think her liberal and unreserved communications, a young man of two-and-tweity communications, a young man of two-and-tweaty was likely to be severely critical on a beautiful girl of eighteen, for not observing a proper distance towards him. On the contrary, I was equally diverted and flattered by Miss Vernon's confidence; and that not-withstandung, her declaration of its being conferred on me solely because I was the first auditor who oo With the presumption of my age, certainly not di minished by my residence in France, I imagined, that well-formed features, and a handsome person, both which I conceived myself to pussess, were not both which I conceived myself to possess, were not unsuitable qualifications for the confidant of a young beauty. My vanity thus enlisted in Miss Vernon's behalf. I was far from judging her with severity, merely for a frankness which, I supposed, was in some degree justified by my own personal merit; and the feelings of partiality, which her beauty, and the singularity of her situation, were of themselves cal-culated to excite, were enhanced by my opinion of her penetration and judgment in her choice of a friend. friend

After Miss Vernon quitted the apartment, the bot-tle circulated, or rather flew around the table in un-ceasing revolution. My foreign education had given me a distaste to intemperance, then and yet too com-mon a vice among my countrymen. The conversation which seasoned such organs was as little to my taste, and, if any thing could render it more disgust-ing, it was the relationship of the company. I there. ing, it was the relationship of the company. I there-fore seized a lucky opportunity, and made my escape through a side-door, leading I knew not whither, rather than endure any longer the sight of father and sons practising the same degrading intemperance, and holding the same coarse and diagusting conver-sation. I was pursued, of course, as I had expected, to be reclaimed by force, as a descrite from the shrine of Bacchus. When I heard the whoop and holle, and the tramp of the heavy boots of my pursuers on the winding stair which I was descending, I plainly foresaw I should be overtaken unless I could get into the open air. I therefore threw open a casement in foresaw I abould be overtaken unless I could get into the open air. I therefore threw open a casement in the staircese, which looked into an old-fashioned garden; and, as the height did not exceed six feet, I jumped out without hesitation, and soon heard, far behind, the "hey whoop I stole away! stole away!" of my baffled pursuers. I ran down one alley, walked fast up another; and then, conceiving myself out of all danger of pursuit. I slackned my pace into a quiet stroll, enjoying the cool air which the heat of the wine I had been obliged to swallow, as well as that of my ranid retreat, rendered doubly grateful.

wine I had been obliged to swallow, as well as that of my rapid retreat, rendered doubly grateful. As I sauntered on, I found the gardener hard at his evening employment, and saluted him, as I paused to look at his work. "Good even, my friend." "Gude e'en-gude e'en t'ye," answered the man, without looking up, and in a tone which at once in dicated his northern extraction. "Fine weather for your work, my friend." "It's no that muckle to be compleened o'," answer-ed the man, with that limited degree of praise which

partieners and farmers usually bestow on the very best weather. Then raising his head, as if to see who spoke to him, he touched his Scotch bonnet with an air of respect, as the observed, "Eh, gude save us !--it's a sight for sair een, to see a gold-laced jestiecor in the Ha' garden sae late at e'en."

"A gold-laced what, my good friend?" "Ou, a jesticcor\*—that's a jacket like your sin, here. They has other things to do wil them up there. yonder--unbuttoning them to make room for the beef and the bag-puldings, and the claret-wine, nae doubt -that's the ordinary for evening lecture on this side

"that's the ordinary for evening lecture on this side the Border." "There's no such plenty of good cheer in your country, my good friend," I replied, "as to tempt you to sit so late at it." "Hout, sir, ye ken little about Scotland; it's no for want of gude vivers—the best of fish, flesh, and fawi has we, by sybos, ingans, turneeps, and other garden fruit. But we has mense and discretion, and are moderate of our mouths; but here, frae the kitchen to the ha', it's fill and fetch mair, frae the tae end of the four-and-twenty till the tother. Even the best of sen fish frae Hartlepool and Sunderland by land carriage, forbye troute, grilace, salmon, and by land carriage, forbye troute, grilses, salmon, and a the lave o't, and so they make their very fasting a kind of luxury and abomination ; and then the awfu' masses and matins of the puir deceived souls—but I abouting speak about them, for your honour will be a Roman, I'se warrant, like the lave?" "Not I, my friend; I was bred an English presby-thing of disconter

"Not I, my friend; I was bred an English presoy-tarian, or dissenter." "The right hand of fellowship to your honour then," quoth the gardener, with as much alacrity as his hard features ware capable of expressing, and, as is to show that his good-will did not rest on words, he plucked forth a huge horn snuff-box, or mull, as he called it, and profiered me a pinch with a most interaction." fraternal grin.

Having accepted his courtery, I asked him if he had been long a domestic at Osbaldistone Hall?

"I have been fighting with wild beasts at Ephe-us," said he, looking towards the building, " for the best part of these four-and-twenty years, as sure as

may name's Andrew Fairservice." "But, my excellent friend Andrew Fairservice, if your religion and your temperance are so much of-fended by Roman rituals and southern horpitality, forded by Koman rituals and source in horpitally, it seems to me that you must have been putting your-self to an unnecessary penance all this while, and that you might have found a service where they eat less, and are more orthodox in their worship. I dare say is cannot be want of skill which prevented your be-ier placed more to your satisfaction.<sup>40</sup> ing placed more to your satisfaction.

ing placed more to your satisfaction.<sup>36</sup> <sup>46</sup> It disna become me to speak to the point of my gualifications," said Andrew, looking round him with great complacency; "but nae doubt I should under-stand my trade of horticulture, seeing I was bred in the parish of Droepdaily, where they raise lang-kale under glass, and force the early nettles for their spring kale.—And, to speak truth, I hae been flitting every term these four-and-twenty years; but when the time comes, there's aye something to saw that I would like to see asym.—or something to saw that would like to see sawn, -or something to maw that Fwould like to see mawn, or something to ripe that I would like to see ripen, and sas I een daker on wit the family free year's end to year's end. And I wad say for certain, that I am gaun to quit at Canwed say for certain, that I am gaun to quit at Can-memas, only I was just as positive on it twenty years yme, and I find mysell still turning po the moule here, Br a' that. Forbye that, to tell your honour the even-dewn truth, there's mae better place ever offered to Andrew. But if your honour wad wush me to ony place where I wad hear pure doctrine, and has a free cow's grass, and a cot, and a yard, and mair than two pands of annual fee, and where there's nae leddy about the town to count the apples, I'se hold mysell about the town to count the apples, I'se hold mysell muckle indebted t'ye.

"Brand, Andrew; I perceive you'll lose no prefer-inent for want of asking putronage." "I cauna see what for I should," replied Andrew;

\* Patinters from the Postols Jun

"it's no a generation to want full and's worth's disco-vered, I trow." "But you are no friend, I observe, to the ladies." "Na, by my troth, I keep up the first gardeners quarrel to them. They're fasheous bargains-ays

crying for apricocks, pears, plums, and apples, sum-iner and winter, without distinction o' seasons; but we had using the space of the s sister's weans, when they come to drink tea in a bo-liday in the housekeeper's room, and wi' a when codlings now and then for her ain private acoper."

"You forget your young mistress."
 "What mistress do I forget? — what's that?"
 "What mistress do I forget? — what's that?"
 "Your young mistress, Miss Vernon."
 "What it the lassie Vernon ?— She's nee mistres
 o' mine\_man. I wish she was her ain mistres; in

o' mine, man. I wish she was her ain mistress; and I wish she mayna be some other body's mistress at it's lang-She's a wild slip that." "Indeed !' said I, more interested than I cared is own to myself, or to show to the fellow-"why, Andrew, you know all the secrets of this family." "If I ken them, I can keep them," said Andrewy "they winta work in my wame like barm in a barred, I'se warrant ye. Miss Die is-but it's acther beef nor brose o' mine." And he becan to dig with a great emblance of

And he began to dig with a great semblance of ssiduity.

"What is Miss Vernon, Andrew? I are a friend of the family, and should like to know." "Other than a gude ane, I'm fearing," suid An-drew, closing one eye hard, and shaking his head with a grave and mysterious look.-" consting glee'd-your honour understands me?" "I cannot say I do," said I, "Andrew; bu I should like to hear you explain yourself." and there withal I alipped a crown-picee into Andrew's hom-hard hand. The touch of the silver made him gra frastly smile, as he nodded slowly, end thrust it sub lis breeches pockst; and then, like a man who well understood that there was value to be returned, and up, and rested his arms on his spade, with his for up, and rested his arms on his spade, with his feetures composed into the most important gravity, a

"For what, sir?" said I, sternly. "I insist, "For what, sir?" said I, sternly. "I insist, knowing the plain meaning of all this." "Ou, just for the bitterest Jacobits in the hill shire." "I insist, 🗰

shire.

"Pshaw! a Jacobite?---is that all?" Andrew looked at me with some astonish hearing his information treated so lightly; and muttering, "Aweel, it's the warst thing I loss a the lassie, howsoe'er," he resumed his spade, the King of the Vandals, in Marmontel's late novel.

#### CHAPTER VII.

Bardbird. The sheriff, with a monstrous watch, is at Heary IV. Fin 1.

I FOUND out with some difficulty the ap which was destined for my accommodation: having secured myself the necessary good-v section from my uncers domestics, by use means they were most capable of comprehens secluded myself there for the remainder of the ing, conjecturing, from the fair way in which left my new relatives, as well as from the state mosts which continued to eche from the state

(so their banquetage room was called,) that they were not likely to be fitting company for a sober man. What could my father mean by sending me to be an inmate in this strange family i was my first and most natural reflection. My uncle, it was plain, re-ceived me as one who was to make some stay with him, and his rude hospitality rendered him as indif-ferent as King Hal to the number of those who fed and, and his rude hospitality rendered time is indi-ferent as King Hal to the number of those who fed at his cost. But it was plain my presence or absence would be of as little importance in his eyes as that of one of his blue-costed serving-men. My coupins wate mere cubs, in whose company I might, if I liked it, unlearn whatever decent manners, or elegant ac-complishments, I had acquired, but where I could atcompliahments, I had acquired, but where I could at-tan no information beyond what regarded worming down, rowelling horses, and following forzes. I could only imagine one reason, which was probably the two ose. My father considered the life which was led at Owheldistone Hall as the natural and inevita-ble pursuits of all country gentlemen, and he was demons, by giving me an opportunity of seeing that with which he knew I should be disgusted, to recon-cile me, if possible, to take an active share m his own business. In the mean time, he would take Rashcile me, if possible, to take an active share in his own business. In the mean time, he would take Rash-leigh Oubsaldistone into the counting-house. But he had a hundred modes of providing for him, and that advantageously, whenever he chose to get rid of him. So that, sithough I did feal a certain qualm of con-science at having been the means of introducing Rashbeigh, being such as he was described by Miss Vernon, into my father's business-perhaps into his confidence-I subdued it by the reflection, that my father was complete mester of his own effaire-a mean act to be immosed imon or unfranced by any mean not to be imposed upon, or influenced by any one, and that all I knew to the young gentleman's projudice was through the medium of a singular and periodice was through the medium of a singular and gridy girl, whose communications were made with an injudicious frankness, which might warrant me in supposing her conclusions had been hastily or in-accurately formed. Then my mind naturally turned to Miss Vernon herself; her extreme beauty; her very peculiar situation, relying solely upon her reflec-tions and her own mirit for guidance and protocvery pocular stuarton, relying solely upon her rence-tions, and her own spirit, for guidance and protec-tion; and ber whole character offering that variety and spirit which piques our curiosity, and engages our attention in spite of ourselves. I had sense enough to consider the neighbourhood of this singular young Ledy, and the chance of our being thrown into very close and frequent intercourse, as adding to the dan-gars, while it relieved the dunces, of Osbaldistone Hall; but I could not, with the fallest exertion of my prudence, prevail upon myself to regret excessively this new and particular hazard to which I was to be exposed. This scruple I also settled as young men settle most difficulties of the kind—I would be very cantious, always on my guard, consider Miss Vernon rather as a companion than an intimate; and all model to well enough. With these reflections I fell andeep, Miss Vernon, of course, forming the last sub-ject of my contemplation. Whether I dreamed of her or not, I cannot satisfy acty, and the chance of our being thrown into very

Sect of my contemplation. Whether I dreamed of her or not, I cannot satisfy year, for I was tired, and slept soundly. But she was the first person I thought of in the morning, when waked at dawn by the cheerful notes of the imating-horn. To start up, and direct my horse to be enddled, was my first movement; and in a few imating-there, was in the court-yard, where men, dogs, pershaps, was not entitled to expect a very alert sports-ments and horses, were in full preparation. My uncle, who, pershaps, was not entitled to expect a very alert sports-ments and horses and the resurved to see me. and I thought m, seemed rather surprised to see me, and I thought morning solution wanted something of the ray and hospitable tone which distinguished his welcome. "Art there, lad?-ay, youth's aye but look to thysell-mind the old song, lad-

"He that gailops his horse on Blackstone edge Riay chance to catch a fail."

believe there are few young men, and those very by moralists, who would not rather be taxed with renoral peecadillo than with want of knowledge or memanship. As I was by no means deficient or in skill or courses I resented my uncle's n-mation scoredingly, and secured him he would find up with the hounds.

"I Roubins, lad," was his raphy; "thou'rt a rank rider, I'se warrant thee-but take herd. Thy father sent thee here to me to be bitted, and I doubt 1 must ride thes on the curb, or we'll has some one to ride thes on the halter, if I taken a the better head."

As this speech was totally unital lightle to me; as besides, it did not evem to be delivered for my use, or benefit, but was spoken as it were aside, and as if expressing aloud something which was passing through the mind of my much-honoured uncle, I concluded it must either refer to my desertion of the bottle on the preceding evening, or that my uncle's morning hours preceding evening, or that my uncle's morning hours being a little discomposed by the revels of the sight bafore, his temper had sufficred in proportion. I only made the passing reflection, that if he played the un-gracious landlord, I would remain the shorter while his guest, and then hastened to salute Miss Vernoa, who advanced cordially to meet me. Some show of greeting also passed between my cousins and me; but as I saw them maliciously bent upon criticising my dress and accoutrements, from the cap to the stirrup-iroha, and sneering at whatever had a new or foreign appearance, I exempted myself from the task of paying them much attention; and assuming, in requital of their grins and whispers, an air of the ytmost indifference and contempt, I a tachede myself in requital of their grins and whispers, an air of the utmost indifference and contempt, I attached myself to Miss Vernon as the only person in the party whom I could regard as a suitable companion. By her side, therefore, we sallied forth to the destined cover, which was a dingle or copse on the side of an extensive common. As we rode thither, I observed to Diana, that I did not see my cousin Rashleigh in the field ; to which she replied,—"O no—he's a mighty hunter, but it's after the fashion of Nimrod, and his game is man." man."

man." The dogs now brushed into the cover, with the appropriate encouragement from the hunters-all was business, busile, and activity. My cousins were soon too much interested in the business of the morn-ing to take any further notice of me, unless that I overheard Dickon the horse-jockey whisper to Wil-fred the fool-"Look thou, an our French cousin be not aff a' first burst." To which Wilfred answered, "Like enew, for he has a oner outlandish binding on's castor."

has a queer outlandish binding on's castor." Thorncliff, however, who, in his rude way, seemed not absolutely insensible to the beauty of his kinsnot absolutely insensible to the beauty of his kins-woman, appeared determined to keep us company more closely than his brothers, perhaps to watch what passed betwixt Miss Vernon and me-perhaps to enjoy my expected mishaps in the chase. In the last particular he was disappointed. After beating in, vain for the greater part of the morning, a fox was at length found, who led us a chase of two hours, in the course of which, notwithstanding the ill-omened French binding upon my hat, I sustained my character as a horseman to the admiration of my uncle and Miss Vernon, and the secret disappointment of those who expected me to disgrace it. Reynard, and Miss Vernon, and the secret disappointment of those who expected me to disgrace it. Reynard, however, proved too wily for his pursuers, and the hounds were at fault. I could at this time observe in Miss Vernon's manner an impatience of the close attendance which we received from Thorncliff Os baldistone; and, as that active-spirited young lady never hesitated at taking the readiest means to gratify any wish of the moment, she said to him in a tone of reproach—"I wonder, Thornic, what keeps you dang-ling at my horse's crupper all this morning, when you know the earths above Wolverton mill are not stopt." stopt

stopt." "I know no such an thing then, Miss Die, for the miller swore himself as black as night, that he stopt them at twelve o'clock, midnight that was." "O fie upon you, Thoraie, would you trust to a miller's word?—and these earths, too, where we-lost the fox three times this season, and you on your gray mare that can gallop there and back in ten minutes" ""Wall Wiss Die Use so to Woolverton then and

"Well, Miss Die, I'se go to Woolverton then, and "Well, Miss Die, I'se go to Woolverton then, and if the earths are not stopt, I'se raddle Dick the uni-ler's bones for bim." "Do, my dear Thornie; horsewhip the rascal to purpose-via-fly away, and about it;"-Thornchiff went off at the gallop-"or get horsewhipt yourself, 36\*

St BOB : which will earry my purpose just as well.—I must teach thrm ul discipline and obedience to the word of command. I am raising a regiment, you must know. Thornie shall be my aergeant-major, Dickon my riding mauter, and Wilfred, with his deep dub-a-dub tones, that apeak but three syllables at a stume my kettle-drummer." "And Rashleigh?" "Anableigh shall be my scout-master." "And will you find no employment for me, most lovely colonel?" "You shall have the choice of being paymaster, or plunder-master, to the corps. But see how the dogs purple about there. Come, Mr. Frank, the scent's cold; they won't recover it there this while; follow me, I have a view to show you." And, in fact, she cantered up to the top of a gentle hill, commanding an extensive prospect. Casting her eyes around, to see that no one was near us, she drew up her horse beneath a few birch-trees, which screened us from the rest of the bunting-field.—" Do you see yon peaked, brown, heathy hill, having seme-ting live a which smock wout the are?"

you see yon peaked brown, heathy hill, having seme-thing like a whitish speek upon the side ?" "Terminating that long ridge of broken moorish uplands ?—I see it distinctly." "That whitish speek is a rock called Hawkesmore-orgs and Hawkesmore.cmg is in Sectiond."

"Indeed? I did not think we had been so near Scotland." Scotland.

"It is so, I assure you, and your horse will carry you there in two hours." "I shall hardly give him the trouble; why, the dis-ance must be eighteen miles as the crow flies." "You may have my mare, if you think her less blown—I say, that in two hours you may be in Scot-land." land.

"And I say, that I have so little desire to be there, that if my horse's head were over the Border, I would not give his tail the trouble of following. What should I do in Scotland?"

abould I do in Scotland?"
"Provide for your safety, if I must speak plainly.
Do you understand me now, Mr. Frank."
"Not a whit; you are more and more oracular."
"Then, on my word, you either mistrust me most
imustly, and are a better dissembler than Rashleigh
Osbaldistone himself, or you know nothing of what
is imputed to you; and then no wonder you stare at
me in that grave manner, which I can scarce see
without laughing."
"Upon my word of honour Miss Voricon "said I

"Upon my word of honour, Miss Vernon," said I, with an impationt feeling of her childish disposition to mirth, "I have not the most distant conception of what you mean. I am happy to afford you any subject of amusement, but I am quite ignorant in what it corrects."

subject of amusement, but I am quite ignorant in what it consists." "Nay, there's no sound jest after all," said the young lady, composing herself, "only one looks so very ridiculous when he is fairly perplexed; but the matter is serious enough. Do you know one Moray, or Morris, or some such name?" "Not that I can at present recollect." "Think a moment—Did'you not lately travel with somebody of such a name?" "The only man with whom I travelled for any

"The only man with whom I travelled for any length of time was a fellow whose soul seemed to lie in his pormanteau

"Then it was like the soul of the licentiate Pedro "Then it was like 'he soul of the licentiate Pedro Garcias, which lay among the ducats in his leahern parse. That man has been robbed, and he has lodged an information against you, as connected with the violence done to him." "You jest, Miss Verhon !" "I do not, I assure you—the thing is an absolute face."

fag:

fac<sup>5</sup>. "And do you," said I with strong indignation, "And do you," said I with strong indignation, "which I did not attempt to suppress, " do you sup-pose me capable of ineriting such a charge 7. "You would call me out for it I suppose, had I the atvantage of being a man-You may do so as it ia, if you hke it-I can shoot flying, as well as leap a five-barred gate." "And are colonel of a regiment of horse besides," pepind I, reflecting how idle it was to be angry with her-" Bc: do explain the present jest to me I

"There's no jest whatever," said Diana; "yos are accused of robbing this man, and my unde bo-lieves it as well as I did."

"Upon my honour, I am greatly obliged to my friends for their good opinion !"

"Now do not, if you can help it, mort, and star, and snuff the wind, and look so exceedingly like a startled horse. There's no such offence as you supvulgar felony-by no means. This felow was cary ing money from government, both specie and bila to pay the troops in the north; and it is said he has been also robbed of some despatches of grat consequence.

consequence." "And so it is high treason, then, and not simple robbery, of which I am accused ?" "Certainly; which, you know, has been in allege accounted the crime of a gentleman. You will and plenty in this country, and one not far from yourd-bow, who think it a merit to distress the Hanoverian government by every means possible." "Neither my politics nor my morals, Miss Venos, are of a description as accommodating."

"I really begin to believe that you are speedyto-rian and Hanoverian in good earnest. But what do

"Instanti vianoverian in good earnest. But what do "Instantly to refute this atrocious calumy. Be-fore whom," I asked, "was this extraordnary scor-sation laid ?" "Before ald Samin Tork.

Before old Squire Inglewood, who had sufficient into Scotland, out of reach of the warrant. Bai my uncle, I suppose, that he might smuggle yos away into Scotland, out of reach of the warrant. Bai my uncle is sensible that his religion and old prelise. in y unce as sensible that his religion and old prelise tions render him o'noxious to government, and day, were he caught playing booty, he would be disarred, and probably diamounted, (which would be the wors evil of the two,) as a Jacobite, Papist, and suspected person."\*

I can conceive that, sooner than lose his bunters,

"His nephew, nicces, sons-daghter, if he had them, and whole generation," said Diana; "there trust not to him, even for a single moment, but make the best of your way before they can serve the wat rant." rant.

"That I shall certainly do; but it shall be to the house of this Squire Inglewood-Which way does it lie?

"About five miles off, in the low ground, behind yonder plantations—you may see the tower of the clock-house

I will be there in a few minutes," said I, pating

Is not-permit me the freedom of a friend-it is not proper, scarcely even delicate in you to go with mean such an errand as I am now upon." "I understand your meaning," said Miss Versa, a. slight blush crossing her haughty brow ;- is plainly spoken, "-- and after a moment's pana, a "ded, " and I believe kindly meant." "I is indeed, Miss Vernon; can you think man for it?" said I, with even more exmestmen und

sensible of the interest you show in me, or using for it " said I, with even more carnestness is could have wished to express. "Yours is not for true kindness, shown best at the hour of an But I must not, for your own sake for the case of misconstruction—suffer you to parsue the detail of your generosity; this is so public an occasion in almost like unput invited in the case

of your generosity; this is so public an open court of junct is almost like venturing inte an open court of junct "And if it were not almost, but allogether want of junctice, do you ing into an open court of justice, do you the would not go there if I thought it right, and with to protect a friend? You have no one to stat you-you are a stranger; and here, in the out of the kingdom, country justices do odd things, uncle has no desire to embroil himself in your all

\* On occasions of public alarms, in the baginning o totalh contary, the horses of the Catholics were o upon, as they were always supposed to be on the or in rebellion. ing et m oft

-Rashleigh is absent, and were he here, there is no knowing which side he might take; the rest are all more stupid and brutal one than another. I will go more stupid and brutal one than another. I will go with you, and I do not fuer being able to serve you. I am no fine lady, to be terrified to death with law books, hard words, or big wigs." "But, my dear Mir. Francis, be patient and quiet,

and let me take my own way; for when I take the bit between my teeth, there is no bridle will stop me."

bit between my teetn, there is no bridle will stop me." Flattered with the interest so lovely a creature seemed to take in my fate, yet vexed is the ridicu-lous appearance I should make, by carrying a girl of eighteen along with me as an advocate, and seriously concerned for the misconstruction to which her mo-tives might be exposed, I endeavoured to combat tives might be exposed, I endeavoured to combat aerresolution to accompany me to Squire Inglewood's. The self-willed girl told me roundly, that my dissua-sions were absolutely in vain; that she was a true Vernon, whom no consideration, not even that of being able to do but little to assist him, should induce to abandon a friend in distress; and that all I could say on the subject might be very well for pretty, well-educated, well-behaved misses from a town boarding-school, but did not apply to her, who was accustomed to mind nobody's opinion but her own. While the moke thus, we were advancing heatily

While' she spoke thus, we were advancing hastily towards Inglewood-Place, while, as if to divert me towards Inglewood-Place, while, as if to divert me from the task of further remonstrance, she drew a fudicrows picture of the magistrate and his cierk. Inglewood was, according to her description, a white-washed Jacobite, that is, one who, having been long a non-juror, like most of the other gentlemen of the country, had lately qualified himself to act as a jus-tice, by taking the oaths to government. "He had done so," she said, "in compliance with the urgent request of most of his brother squires, who saw with het the the halladium of avivan most the came. regret, that the palladium of sylvan sport, the game-laws, were likely to fall into disuse for want of a maaws, were likely to fall into disue for want of a ma-sistrate who would enforce them; the nearest acting matice being the Mayor of Newcasile, and he, as be-my rather inclined to the consumption of the game when properly dressed, than to its preservation when have, was more partial of course, to the cause of the oacher than of the sportsman. Resolving, therefore, hat it was expedient some one of their number bould sacrifice the scruples of Jacobitical loyalty to is good of the community, the Northumbran coun-ry gen themen imposed the duty on Inglewood, who, many very inert in most of his feelings and senti-sed without much repugnance. Having thus oursed we body of justice, they proceeded," conti-ned Miss Vernon, "to attach to it a clerk, by way of uil, to direct and animate its movements. Accord-giv, they got a sharp Newcasile attorney, called boood, who to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail justice at the sign of Squire genough to retail pustice at the sign of Squire genough to retail pustice at the sign of Squire genough to retail pustice at the sign of Squire genough to retail pustice at the sign of Squire is a left clerk, Mr. Joseph Jobson. But the right clous scenes occur when affaire come be-mate for; so that no apple-wife within the circuit. The relicculous scenes occur when affaire come be-mate for, is the then the protestant religion, and a refriend to the present establishment in church is a left clerk, Mr. Joseph Jobson (for which, by the lass his own very sufficient reasons) is before attachment to the opinions which he pro-generalty, until herelaxed his political greed, with rate. Now, his principal, retaining a sort of review attachment to the opinions which he pro-opperate with his earlier fai sistrate who would enforce them; the nearest acting ustice being the Mayor of Newcastle, and he, as be-

cipal defight is in eating and drinking, he is an alert, joyous, and lively old soul, which makes his assumed dulness the more diverting. So you may see Johson on such occasions, like a bit of a breken-down blood-uit condemned to drag an overloaded cart, puffing, strutting, and spluttering, to get the Justice put in motion, while, though the wheels groan, creak, and revolve slowly, the great and preponderating weight of the vehicle fairly frustrates the efforts of the willof the vehicle fairly frustrates the efforts of the will-ing quadruped, and prevents its being brought into a state of actual progression. Nay more, the unfortu-nate pony, I understand, has been heard to complain, that this same car of justice, which he finds it so hard to put in motion on some occasions, can on others run fast enough down hill of its own accord, dragging his reluctant self backwards along with it, when any thing can be done of service to Squire Inglewood's about reporting his principal to the Secretary of State for the Home Department, if it were not for his par-ticular regard and friendship for Mr. Inglewood and his family." his family." As Miss Vernon concluded this whimsical descrip-

tion, we found ourselves in front of Inglewood Place, a handsome, though old-fashioned building, which showed the consequence of the family.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

"Bir," quoth the Lawyer, " not to failer ye, You have as good and fair a battery, As heart could wish, and need not shame The proudert man alive to claim."

The proudest man alive to claim." BUTLER. Our horses were taken by a servant in Sir Hilds brand's livery, whom we found in the court-yard, and we entered the house. In the entrance-hall I was somewhat surprised, and my fair companion still more so, when we met Rashleigh Osbaldistone, who could not heip showing equal wonder at our rencontra. "Rashleigh," said Miss Vernon, without giving him time to aak any question, "you have heard of Mr. Francis Osbaldistone's affair, and you have been talking to the Justice about it?" "Certainly," said Rashleigh, composedly, "it has been my businees here. I have been endeavouring," he said, with a bow to me, "to render my cousin what service I can. But I am sorry to mate him here." "As a friend and relation, Mr. Osbaldistone, you ought to have been sorry to have met me any where else, at a time when the charge of my reputation re-quired me to be on this spot as soon as possible."

ense, at a time when the charge of my reputation, re-quired me to be on this spot as soon as possible." ""True; but, judging from what my father said, I should have supposed a short retreat into Scotland— just till matters should be smoothed over in a quiet. way

way" — I answered with warmth, "That I had no proden-ial measures to observe, and desired to have nothing smoothed over; on the contrary, I was come to in-quire into a rascally calumny, which I was determined to probe to the bottom." "Mr. Francis Osbaldistone is an innocent man, Rashleigh," said Miss Vernon, wand he demands an investigation of the observe asgingt him and I intend

"Mr. Francis Ososicilisons of an in movie and in the demands an investigation of the charge against him, and I intend to support him in it." "You do, my pretty cousin ?—I should think, now, Mr. Francis Osbaldistone was likely to be as effectually, and rather more delicately, supported by my presence than by yours." sence than by yours." "O certainly; but two heads are better than one,

"O certainly; but two heads are better that one, "Especially such a head as yours, my preity Die," advancing, and taking her hand with a familiar fond-ness, which made me think him fifty times uglier than nature had made him. She led him, however, a few steps aside; they conversed in an under voice, and she appeared to insist upon some request, which he was unwilling or unable to comply with. I never saw so strong a contrast betwizt the expression of two faces. Miss Vernon's from being carnesi becams angry. Her eyes and cheeks became more aninates, her colour mounted, she clenched her little hand, and stamping on the ground with her tury fool, seemed stamping on the ground with her tury foot, seemed, to listen with a mixture of contempt and indignation to the apologies, which, from his look of civil defe-

BUTLER

ence, his composed and remetful smile, his body ra-they drawing back than advanced, and other signs of look and person, I concluded him to be pouring out The there is a second s

addressing ine

"You are not mad?" said she, interrupting him. "Would you think it?" said he, without attending her hint-"Miss Vernon insists, not only that I "Would you turns it is set as, not only that I to her hint-" Miss Vernon insists, not only that I know your innocence, (of which, indeed, it is impos-sible for any one to be more convinced,) but that I must also be acquainted with the real perpetrators of the outrage on this fellow--if, indeed, such an outrage has been committed. Is this reasonable, Mr. Osbal-distone ?" distone I

"I will not allow any appeal to Mr. Osbaldistone, Rashleigh," said the young lady; "he does not know, as I do, the incredible extent and accuracy of your information on all points."

"As I am a gentleman, you do me more honour than I deserve."

than I deserve." "Justice, Rashleigh—only justice—and it is only justice which I expect at your hands." "You are a tyrant, Diana," he answered, with a sort of sigh—"a capricious tyrant, and rule your friends with a rod of iron. Still, however, it shall be as you desire. But you ought not to be here—you know you ought not—you must return with me." Then turning from Diana, who seemed to stand undecided, he came up to me in the most friendly manner, and said, "Do not doubt my interest in what regards you, Mr. Osbaldistone. If I leave you just at this moment, it is only to act for your advantage. But you must use your influence with your cousin to return; her presence cannot serve you, and must pre-

But you must use your influence with your coustn to return; her presence cannot serve you, and must pre-judice herself." "I assure you, sir," I replied, "you cannot be more convinced of this than I; I have urged Miss Vernon's return as anxiously as she would permit me to do." "I have thought on it," said Miss Vernon, after a pause, "and I will not go till see you safe.out of the hands of the Philistines. Cousin Rashleigh, I dare hands of the Philistines. Cousin Kashleigh, I dare say, means well; but he and I know each other well. --Rashleigh, I will Nor go:--I know," she added, in a more soothing tone, "my being here will give you more motive for speed and exertion." "Stay, then, rash, obstinate girl," said Rashleigh; "you know but too well to whom you trust;" and hastening out of the hall, we heard his horse's feet a minute Alterwards in rapid motion. ""Thank Hanton he is come ?" and Dings." And

minute alterwards in rapid motion. "Thank Heaven, he is gone " said Diana. "And flow, let us seek out the Justice." "Had we not better call a servant ?" "O, by no means; I know the way to his den-we must burst on him suddenly-follow me." I did follow her accordingly, as she tripped up a few gloomy steps, traversed a twilight passage, and en-tered a sort of anteroom, hung round with old maps, architectural elevation and genealogical trees. A pair of folding-doors opened from this into Mr. Ingle-wood's atting anattment from which was heard the wood's sitting apartment, from which was heard the fag-end of an old ditty, chanted by a voice which had been in its day fit for a jolly boule-song.

"O, in Skinton-in-Craven, Is never a haven. Bur many a day foul weather; And he that would say A pretty girl nay, I wish for his cravat a tether."-

"Hey-day !" said Miss Vernon, " the genial Justice must have dined already-I did not think it had been ao late.

Mr. Inglewood's appetite having It was even so. It was even so, mr. inglewood's appeule naving been sharpened by his official investigations, he had ante-dated his meridian repast, having dined at twelve instead of one o'clock, then the general dining hour in England. The various occurrences of the morning occasioned our arriving some time after this hour, to the Justice the most important of the four-and-twenty and he had not neglected the interval. 'Stay you here," said Diana; "I knew the house, and I will call a servant; your sudden appearance

might startle the old gentleman even to choking? and she escaped from me, leaving me unceram whether I ought to advance or retreat. It was impossible for me not to hear some part of what passed within the dinner apartment, and particularly severa. apologies for declining to sing, expressed in a deject-ed croaking voice, the tones of which, I concerved, were not entirely new to me.

were not entirely new to me. "Not sing, sir? hy our Lady! but yos must-What! you have cracked my silver-mounted coose nut of sack, and tell me that you cannot sing!-Se, sack will make a cat sing, and speak too; so up with a merry stave, or trundle yourself out of my dom-Do you think you are to take up all my valuable time with your d-d deciarations, and then tell are you cannot sing ?" "Your worship is narfarily in rule" and mother

"Your worship is perfectly in rule," said maker voice, which, from its pert conceited accent might be that of the clerk, "and the party must be ca-formable; he hath ecaret written on his for a court hand," to the "which the inter a set at

"Up with it, then," said the Jusües, "or, by & "Up with it, then," said the Jusües, "or, by & Christopher, you shall crack the cocos-nut ful of sait-and-water, according to the status is such disk made and provided." Thus exhorted and threatened, my quotien fil-low-traveller, for I could no longer down the is was the recursent in queestion, up litted, with a vace smi-lar to that of a criminal singing his is typeling the could be a most delabel at the to the following effect. scaffold, a most doleful stave to the following effect:

"Good people all, I pray give est, A woful story you shall bear, The of a robber as stout as ever Bade a true man stand and deliver. With his foodle deo & ledde is-

"This knave, most worthy of a cord, Being arm'd with pistol and with sree "Twixt Kensington and Brentford then Did boldly stop six hosen mom. With his fuedle deo, &r.

"These horest men bid at Brestford dim Having drank each man his pist of wim, When this bold thief, with many case. Did say, You dogs, your lives or pares. With his foodle dos, &c.

I question if the konest men, whose metrical commemorated in this pathetic dity, were more star-led at the appearance of the bold thief than the map ten as the appearance of the bold they use of the set o uccent ballad. The high tone, will want to started, died away in a quaver of consersion, finding himself so near one where churcher he pored to be little less suspicious that is to of his madrigal, and he remained dien, with a ma gaping as if I had brought the Gorgan bed in hand.

nand. The Justice, whose eyes had closed using fluence of the somniferous lullaby of the som ed up in his chair as it suddenly coused, and with wonder at the unexpected addition company had received, while his organs of in abeyance. The clerk, as I conjectured from his company or a superson of the commonstant from his appearance, was also commondation of the provided of the property of the provided of not why.

I broke the silence of surprise occasion abupt entrance.—" My name, Mr. Inter-Francis Osbaldistone; I understand that and drel has brought a complaint before you me with being concerned in a loss which has sustained." has sustained

Sir," said the Justice, somewhat peev sin, sau use ustice, somewhat peri aro matters I never enter upon after dissi a time for every thing, and a justice of pesi as well as other folks."

The goodly person of Mr. Inglewood by

whether in the service of the law or of read "I beg pardon for an ill-timed visit, sur reputation is concerned, and as the diamet

"It is not concluded, sir," replied the magistrate; "man requires digestion as well as food, and I protest I cannot have benefit from my victuals, unless I am

I cannot have benefit from my victuals, unless I am allowed two hours of quiet leisure, intermixed with harmless mirth, and a moderate circulation of the bottle." "If your honour will forgive me," said Mr. Jobson, who had produced and arranged his writing imple-ments in the brief space that our conversation afford-ed; "as this is a case of felony, and the gentleman seems something impatient, the charge is contra "De domini regis" said the impatient Jus-tree—"I hope it's no treason to say so;-but it's ensagen to make one mad to be worried in this way— have I a moment of my life quiet, for warrants, or-

have I a moment of my life quiet, for warrants, or-ders, directions, acts, bails, bonds, and recognisan-ces?—I pronounce to you, Mr. Jobson, that I shall send you and the justice-ship to the devil one of these

daye

fice of which Sir Edward Coke wisely saith. The whole Christian world hath not the like of it, so it be day executed."

Well," said the Justice, partly reconciled by this edogium on the dignity of his situation, and guiping down the rest of his dissatisfaction in a huge bumper of claret, "let us to this gear then, and get rid of it as down the rest of his dissatisfaction in a huge bumper of claret, "let us to this gear then, and get rid of it as we can.—Here you, sir—you, Morris—you, knight of the sorrowlul countenance—is this Mr. Francis Os-baldistone the gentleman whom you charge with being art and part of felony ?" "I, sir ?" replied Morris, whose scattered wits had hardly yet re-assembled themselves—"I charge no-thing—I say nothing against the gentleman." "The we dismise your complaint, sir, that's all, and a good riddance—Push about the bottle—Mr. Os-baldistone, help yourself." Jobson, however, was determined that Morris ebould not back out of the scrape so ensily. "What do you mean, Mr. Morris ?—Here is your own de-taration—the ink scarce dried—End you would re-tract it in this scandelous manner!"

estaration—the ink scarce dried—and you would re-tract it in this scandalous manner!" "How de I know," whispered the other, in a tre-malous tone, "how many rogues are in the house to back him?—I have read of such things in Johnson's Eives of the Highwaymen. I protest the door spens"

And it did open, and Diana Vernon entered—" You heep fine order here, Justice-not a servant to be keep or heard of."

"A b" said the Justice, starting up with an ala-erity, which showed that he was not so engrossed by his devotions to Themin, or Comus, as to forget what as due to beauty—"Ah, ah! Die Vernon, the heath-"Bell of Chaviot, and the blosson of the Border, come so are how the old bachelor keeps house?—Art wel-comme, and as nowers in Mar."

Como, girl, as flowers in May." A fine, open, hospitable house you do keep, Jus-tice, that must be allowed—not a soul to answer a niter." wi

"Ab ! the knaves, they reckoned themselves secure ff me for a couple of hours-But why did you not sense carlier ?-Your cousin Rashleigh dined here, and **Based on the applicant state of the first bottle was out Based your have not dined—we'll have something cost and lady-like—sweet and pretty, like yourself, used up in a trice.**"

"I may eat a crust in the anteroom before I set may eat a crust in the anteroom before I set this morning, but I can't stay long, Justice-I more with my cousin Fram Osbaldistone, there, and moust show him the way back again to the Hall, or The bimself in the wolds."

Whew! sits the wind in that guarter?" inquired . Justice.

Bies show'd him the way, and she show'd him the way, Sign show'd him the way to won.'

bring my uncle to ding with you maxt week, and we'll

oring my arrest to dury with you that week, and wou expect merry doings." "And you shall find them, my pearl of the Tyne-Zookers, lass, I never envy these young fellows their rides and scampers, unless when you come acrues me. But I must got keep you just now, I suppose 7 —I am quite satisfied with Mr. Francis Osbaldis-

-I am quite satisfied with Mr. Francis Osbaldis-tone's explanation-here has been some mistake, which can be cleared at greater leisure." "Pardon me, sir." said I, "but I have not heard the nature of the accusation yet." "Yes, sir," said the clerk, who, at the sppearance of Miss Vernon, had given up the matter in despain, but who picked up courage to press further investi-gation, on finding himself supported from a quarter whence assuredly he expected no backing—"Yes, as a felon shall not be discharged upon any man's discretion, but shall be held either to bail or commit forment, paying to the clerk of the neace the usual form ment, paying to the clerk of the peace the usual fees

for recognisance or commitment." The Justice thus goaded on, gave me at length a few words of explanation.

It seems the tricks which I had played to this man, Morris, had made a strong impression on his imagin-ation; for I found they had been arrayed against use in his evidence, with all the exaggerations which a uin discriticates, with all the exaggerations which a u-morous and heated imagination could suggest. It ap-peared also, that, on the day he parted from me, be had been stopped on a solitary spot, and eased of his beloved travelling-companion, the portmanteau, by two men, well mounted and armed, having their faces covered with vizards.

These coverous with vizana. One of them, he conceived, had much of my shape and air, and in a whispering conversation which took place betwirt the freebooters, he heard the other apply to him the name of Osbaldistone. The twos place betwirt the freebooters, he heard the other apply to him the name of Osbaldistone. The declaration further set forth, that upon inquiring into the principles of the family so named, he, the said declarant, was informed, that they were of the worst description, the family, in all its members, hav-ing been Papists and Jacobites, as he was given to understand by the dissenting clergyman at whose house he stopped after his rencontre, since the days of William the Conqueror. Upon all, and each of these weighty reasons, he charged me with being accessory, to the felony com-mitted upon his person; he, the said declarant, them travelling in the special employment of government, and having charge of certain persons of offiail trust and importance in Scotland. Having heard this extraordinary accusation. I re-plied to it, that the science

Having heard this extraordinary accusation, I re-plied to it, that the circumstances on which it was founded wear such as could warrant no justice, or nagistrate, in any attempt on my personal liberty. I admitted that I had practised a little upon the ter-rors of Mr. Morris, while we travelled togetite, but in such triffing particulars as could have excited appea-hension in no one who was one whit less timorous and jealous than himself. But I added, that I had never seen him since we parted, and if that which he feared had really come upon him, I was in nowing accessory to an action so unworthy of my charac-ter and station in life. That one of the robbers was called Osbaldistone, or that such a name was men-tioned in the course of the conversation betwixt them, was a trifling circumstance, to which no weight was due. And concerning the disaffection alleged against me, I was willing to prove to the satisfaction of the Justice, the clerk, and even the witness himself, that I was of the same persuasion as his friend the dis-tention discourses, bod how advanted as a grad subject in the principles of the Revolution, and as subject in the principles of the Revolution, and as such now demanded the personal pratection of the laws which had been assured by that great event.

I usuce. I have show'd him the way, and she show'd him the way, She show'd him the way to won.' The Justice fidgeted, took snuff, and seemed con-siderably embarrassed, while Mr. Attorney Jobson, with all the volubility of his profession, ran over the statute of the 34th Edward III., by which justices of the paces are allowed to arrest all those whom they find by indictment or suspicion, and to put them into prise's business, and let us canter home again, I'll

spanist me, alleging, " that since I had confessedly, upon my own showing, assumed the bearing or de-portmetit of a robber or malafactor, I had voluntarily subjected myself to the suspicions of which I com-plained, and brought myself within the compass of the act, having wilfully clothed my conduct with all the colour and livery of guilt.".

I combated both his arguments and his jargon with much indignation and scorn, and observed, "that I should, if necessary, produce the bail of my relations, which I conceived could not be refused, without sub-

which I conceived could not be reliesed, without sub-jecting the magistrate in a misdemeanour." "Pardon me, my good sir,--parlon ma," said the insatiable clerk, "this is a case in which neither bail nor mainprize can be received, the felon who is liable to be committed on heavy grounds of suspicion, not being replevisable under the statute of the 3d of King Edward, there being in that act an express exception couvaru, there being in that act an express exception of such as be charged of commandment, or force, and aid of felony done;" and he hinted, that his worship would do well to remember that such were no way repleyisable by common writ, nor without writ.

At this period of the conversation a servant entered, and delivered a letter to Mr. Jobson. He had no soon-er run it hastily over, than he exclaimed, with the air of one, who wished to appear much vexed at the interruption, and felt the consequence attached to a man of multifarious avocations-"Good God !-why, at this rate, I shall have neither time to attend to the public concerns nor my own-no rest-no quiet-I wish to Heaven another gentleman in our line would

"God forbid!" said the Justice, in a tone of sotto-rece deprecation; "some of us have enough of one of "he tribe."

This is a matter of life and death, if your worship pleases."

In God's name! no more justice business, I hope,"

said the alarmed magistrate. "No-no," replied Mr. Jobson, very consequential-y; "cld Gaffer Rutledge of Grime's-hill, is subpœng'd

Jy: "cld Gaffer Rutledge of Grime's-hill, is subpcona'd for the next world; he has sent an express for Dr. Kill-down to put in bail-another for me to arrange his worldly affairs." "Away with you, then," said Mr. Inglewood hastily; "his may not be a replevisable case under the statute, you know, or Mr. Justice Death may not like the doc-tor for a main perner, or bailsman." "And yet," said Jobson, lingering as he moved to-wards the door, "if my presence here be necessary-Loculd make out the warrant for committal in a mo.

wards the door, "if my presence here be necessary-Icould make out the warrant for committal in a mo-ment, sifd the constable is below-And you have heard," he said, lowering his voice, "Mr. Rashleigh's opinion"-the rest was lost in a whisper. The Justice replied aloud, "I tell thee no, man, no -we'll do nought till thou return, man; 'tis but a four mile ride-Come, push the bottle, Mr. Morris-Don't be cast down, Mr. Osbaldistone-And you, my 'ose of the wilderness-one cup of claret to refresh the bloom of your checks."

Diana started, as if from a reverie, in which she appeared to have been plunged while we held this dis-cussion. "No, Justice, I should be afraid of transfersppeared to nave occup, I should be afraid of transter-ring the bloom to a part of my face where it would show to little advantage. But I will pledge you in a cooler beverage;" and, filling a glass with water, she drank it hastidy, while her hurried manner belied her

I had not much leisure to make remarks upon her demeanour, however, being full of vexation at the in-terference of fresh obstacles to an instant examina-tion of the disgraceful and impertinent charge which tion of the disgraceful and impertiment charge which was brought against me. But there was no moving the Justice to take the matter up in absence of his lerk, an incident which gave him apparently as much pleasure as a holiday to a school-boy. Ho persisted in h.s endegwours to inspire jollity into a company, the individuals of which, whether considered with reference to each other, or to their respective situa-tions, were by no means included to mirth. "Come, there is no body and the first man they's here Master Morris, you're not the first man that's been Tcbbed, I trow-grieving ne'er brought back loss, mon.—And yon, Mr. Frank Osbaldistone, are not the first bally-boy that has said stand to a true man.

KOY. (CRAP. 12) There was Jack Winterfield, in my young days, kept the best company in the land—at horse-races and cock-fights who but he—hand and glove was I with Jack.—Push the bottle, Mr. Merris, it's dry talking— Many quart bumpers have I cracked, and thrown many a merry main with phor Jack—good family— ready wit-quick eye—as honest a fellow, barring the deed he died for—we'll drink to his memory, gentle-mem—Poor Jack Winterfield—And since that d-d clerk of mine has taken his gibberish elsewhere, and since we're snug among ourselves, Mr. Osl\_idisions if you will have my best advice, I would take up this matter—the law's hard—very severe—hauged pour Jack Winterfield at York, despite family connexions and great interest—all for easing a fat west-county grazier of the price of a few beasts—Now, here is bo-ment Mr. Morris has been frightened, and so forth— D—n it, man, let the poor fellow have back his par-manteau, and end the frolic at once." Morris seves brightened up at this suggestion, and he began to hesitate forth an assurance that be time-ed for no man's blood, when I cut the proposed as-gestion as an insult, that went directly to suppose me guity of the very crime which I had come to his house with the express intention of disavowing. We were in this awkward predicament, when a servant, open-ing the door, announced, "A strange gouldenan be the wait upon his honour;" and the party whom he the wait upon his honour;" and the party whom he the

### CHAPTER IX.

One of the thieves come back again t 'T'll stand d He dares not wrong me now, so year the house, And call in vain 'tis, till I see him offer it.

"A STRANGER !" echoed the Justice,-" not upon business, I trust, for I'll be

-his countenance became the colour of tallow -nis countenance became the colour of theorem teeth chattered, and he gave visible signs of the most consternation. "Take heart of grace, ma said Campbell, "and dinna sit clattering your j there like a pair of castanets! I think there can nae difficulty in your telling Mr. Justice, that ye 9 nae difficulty in your telling Mr. Justice, that y seen me of yore, and ken me to be a caviling tune, and a man of honour.—Ye ken fa' weet be some time resident in my vicinity, whee have the power, as I will possess the inclinant do you as good a turn." "Sir-air-I believe you to be a man of honon as you say, a man of fortune.—Yes, Mr. Inclus he added, clearing his voice, "I really believ gentleman to be so." "And what are this gentleman's commentation men's aid the Justice, somewhat poevisibly.

"And what are this gentleman's comments me " said the Justice, somewhat peeristy, man introduces another, like the rhymes in the that Jack built, and I get company without peace or conversation !" " " Both shall be yours, sir," answered Out " in a brief period of time. I come to relate mind from a piece of troublesome duty, not in increment to it." " Body o' me i then you are welcome as even was to England, and that's not saying mach get on, man, let's hear what you have got to a

once

"I presume this gentleman," continued the The Briton, "told you there was a person of the man Campbell with him, when he had the mischastic tota his willing" lost his value?"

"He has not mentioned such a name, from begin-ning to end of the matter," said the Justice. "At 1 I conceive-I conceive," replied Mr. Camp-bell : "Mr. Morrie, was kundly afcared of committing bell; "Mr. Morris was kindly steared of committing a stranger into collision wi' the judicial forms of the jountry; but as I understand my evidence is neces-mry to the compurgation of ane honest gentleman here, Mr. Francis Osbaldistona, what has been most unjustly suspected, I will dispense with the precau-tion - Y e will, therefore, (he added, addressing Morris with the same determined look and accent,) please tell Mr. Justice Inglewood, whether we did not travel when ar, subject intervolut, whether we do not travel several nulse together or the road, in consequence of your own anxious request and suggestion, reiterated ance and again, bath on the evening that we were at Northallerton, and there declined by me, but afterwards accepted, when I overtook ye on the road near Cloberry Allers, and was prevailed on by you to resign my aim intentions of proceeding to Rothbury; and, for my misfortune, to accompany you on your proposed route."

It's a melancholy truth," answered Morris, hold is a mean cooly fruit, answered norma, hold-ing down his head, as he gave this general assent to the long and leading question which Campbell put to him, and seeming to acquisece in the statement it contained with metul docility.

"And I presume you can also asseverate to his worship, that no man is better qualified than I am to bear testimony in this case, seeing that I was by you, and near you, constantly during the whole oc-

you, and near you, constanty, "said Morris, correuce?" "No man better qualified, certainly," said Morris, with a deep and embarrassed sigh. "And why the devil did you not assist him then," said the Justice, "since, boy Mr. Morris's account, there were but two robbers; so you were two to two, and you are both stout likely men?" "Sir, if it please your worship," said Campbell, "I have been all my life a man of peace and quiet-men no ways given to broils or batteries. Mr. Mor-"I have been all my life a man of peace and quiet-mess, no ways given to broils or batteries. Mr. Mor-rie, who belongs, as I understand, or hath belonged, to his Majesty's army, might have used his pleasure in resistance, he travelling, as I also understand, with a great charge of treasure; but for me, who had but my own small peculiar to defend, and who am, moreover, a man of a pacific occupation, I was unwilling to commit myself to hazard in the matter."

looked at Campbell as he uttered these words. and never recollect to have seen a more singular conand never recollect to have seen a more singular con-trast than that between the strong daring sternness expressed in his harsh features, and the air of com-posed meekness and simplicity which his language assumed. There was even a slight ironical smile larking about the corners of his mouth, which seem-ed, involuntarily as it were, to intimate his disdain of the quist and pesceful character which he thought proper to assume, and which led me to entertain strange suspicions that his concern in the violence dome to Morris had been something very different from that of a fellow-sufferer, or even of a mere spec-tantor. tator.

Perbas Perbaps some such suspicions crossed the Justice's red at the moment, for he exclaimed, as if by way of culation, "Body o' me I but this is a strange story." ind at the moment, for the catalance, and any series of the present of the series of t text had made him obnoxious to suspicion, and say with a more frank and unconstrained air, "To say truth, I am just ane o' those canny folks why not to fight, but when they has gotten something when I fell in wi' these loons. But, that your when I fell in wi' these loons. But, that your they may know that I am a person of good fame ich aracter, please to cast your eye over that billet." T. Inglewood took the paper from his hands, and half aloud, "These are to certify, that the bearer, ert Campbell of — of some place which I can-promosunce," interjected the Justice, — "is a per-son basic lineage, and peaceable demennour, traor grandlineage, and peaceable demenour, tra-ing towards England on his own proper affairs, the development of the state of the state of the state wer - Inverse rare-Abortz."

"MacCallum who, air ?" said the Justice. "MacCallum who, air ?" said the Justice. "Whom the Southern call the Duke of Argyle." "I know the Duke of Argyle very well to be a no-bleman of great worth and distinction, and a true lover of his country. I was one of those that stood by him in 1714, when he unhorsed the Duke of Marl-borough out of his command. I wish we had more noblemen like him. He was an honest Tory in those days, and hand and glove with Ormond. And he had acceded to the present government, as I have done myself, for the peace and quiet of his country; for I mysel, for the peace and quiet of his country; for a cannot presume that great man to have been actua-ted, as violent folks pretend, with the fear of losing his places and regiment. His testimonial, as you call it, Mr. Campbell, is perfectly satisfactory; and now, what have you got to say to this matter of the

now, what have you got to say to this matter of any robbery?" "Briefly this, if it please your worship; that Mr. Morris might as weel charge it against the babe yet to be born, or against myself even, as against this young gentleman, Mr. Oabaldistone; for I am not only free to depone that the person for whom he took him was a shorter man, and a thicker man, but also, for I chanced to obtain a glisk of his visage, as his fause-face slipped aside, that he was a man of other features and complexion than those of this young

fause-face slipped aside, that he was a man of other features and complexion than those of this young gentleman, Mr. Osbaldistone. And I believe." he added, turning round with a natural, yet somewhat sterner air, to Mr. Morris, "that the gentleman will allow I had better opportunity to take cognizance wha were present on that occasion than he, being, I believe, much the cooler o' the twa." "I agree to it, sir—I agree to it perfectly," said Morris, shrinking back, as Campbell moved his chair towards him to fortify his appeal-"And I inclina, sir," he added, addressing Mr. Inglewood, "to retract my information as to Mr. Osbaldistone; and I re-ship may have business to settle with Mr. Campbell, and I am rather in haste to be gone."

"Then, there go the declarations," said the Justice, "Then, there go the declarations," said the Justice, throwing them into the fire-"And now you are at perfect hierty, Mr. Obbaldistone-And you, Mr. Mor-

perfect liberty, Mr. Osbaldistone—And you, Mr. Mor-ris, are set quite at your case." "Ay," said Campbell, eyeing Morris as he assented with a rueful grin to the Justice's observations, "much like the ease of a tosd under a pair of har-rows—But fear nothing, Mr. Morris; you and I maun leave the house thegither. I will see you sufe—I hope you will not doubt my honour, when I say sac—to the next highway, and then we part company; and if we do not meet as friends in Scotland, it will be year ain fault."

do not meet as mends in Scounna, it will be year ain fault." With such a lingering look of terror as the com-demned criminal throws, when he is informed that the cart awaits him, Morris arose; but, when on his legs, appeared to hesitate. "I tall thee, man, fear ta-thing," reiterated Campbell; "I will keep my word with you-Why, thou sheep's heart, how do ye keen but we may can pick up some speerings of your ve-horses are ready. Bid the Justice fareweel, man, and show your southern breeding." Morris, thus exhorted and encouraged, took his-leave, under the secort of Mr. Campbell; but, appa-rently, new scruples and terrors had struck him be-fore they left the house, for I heard Campbell reite-rating assurances of safety and protection as they left the antercom-" By the soul of my body, man, thou'rs as safe as in thy father's kail-yard-Zounds ! that a chield wi' sic a black beard, should hae nae mair heart than a hen-partridgel-Comeon wi'ye, like a frank fallow, anes and for aye."

Trank fallow, ance and for aye. The voices died away, and the subsequent tramp-ling of their horses announced to us that they had left the mansion of Justice Inglewood.

The joy which that worthy magistrate received at this easy conclusion of a matter which threatened him with some trouble in his judicial capacity, was somewhat camped by reflection on what he clerk's yiews of the transaction might be at his return. "Now, I shall have Jobson on my shoulders about these d.—d papers—I doubt I should not have de-stroyed them, after all—But, hang it, it is only paying his fees, and that will make all smooth—And now, Miss Die Vernon, though I have liberated all the others, I intend to sign a writ for committing you to the custody of Mother Blakes, my old housekeeper, for the evening, and we will send for my neighbour Mra. Musgrave, and the Miss Dawkins, and your cousing, and have old Cobs the fiddler, and be as merry as the maids; and Frank Osbaldistone and I will have a carouse that will make us fit company for you in half an hour." "Thanks, most worshipful," returned Miss Ver-mon; "but, as matters stand, we must return instantsomewhat asymped by reflection on what his clerk's

non; "but, as matters stand, we must return instant-ty to Osbaldistone Hall, where they do not know what

ly to Osbaldistone Hall, where they do not know what has become of us, and relieve my uncle of his saxiety on my cousin's account, which is just the same as if one of his own sons were concerned." "I believe it truly," said the Justice: "for when his eldest son, Archie, came to a ball end, in that un-lucky affair of Sir John Fenwick's, old Hildebrand used to holla out his name as readily as any of the monitories air and then complain that he could not sucky affair of Sir Join Fenwick's, old Hildebrand used to holla out his name as readily as any of the remaining six, and then complain that he could not recollect which of his sons had been hanged. So, pray hasten home, and relieve his paternal solicitude, since go you must.—But, hark these hither, heath-bloasom," he said, pulling her towards him by the hand, and in a good-humoured tone of admonition, "another time let the law take its course, without putting your pretty finger into her old musty pic all full of fragments of law gibberish—French and dog-Latin—And Die, my beauty, let young fellows abbw each other the way through the moors, in case you should loss your own read, while you are pointing out theirs, my pretty Will o' the Wiap." With this admonition, he saluted and dismissed **M**iss Vernon, and took an equally kind farewell of me. "Thou seems to be a good tight lad, Mr. Frank, and I remember thy father too—he was my play-fel-low at school. Hark thee, lad, ride early at night, 'and don't swagger with chance passengers on the Ring's highway. What, man! all the king's liego subjects are not bound to understand joking, and it's ill cracking jents on matters of felony. And here's

subjects are not bound to understand joking, and it's ill cracking jests on matters of felony. And here's poor Die Vernon too-in a manner alone and desert-ed on the face of this wide earth, and left to ride, and run, and scamper at her own silly pleasure. Thou must be careful of Die, or, egad, I will turn a young fellow again on purpose, and fight thes myself, al-though I must own it would be a great deal of trouble. And now, get ye both gone, and leave me to my pipe of tobacco, and my meditations; for what save the concsays the song-

"The Indian leaf doth briefly burw; Bo doth man's strength to weakness tur The fire of youth extinguish'd quite, Comes age, like embers, dry and white, Think of this as you take tobact ness turn :--

I was much pleased with the gleams of sense and feeling which escaped from the Justice through the 'vapours' of sloth and self-indulgence, assured him of my respect to his admonitions, and took a friendly fat well of the honest magistrate and his hospitable mansion.

We found a repast prepared for us in the ante-room, which we partook of slightly, and rejoined the same servant of Sir Hildebrand who had taken our horses servant of Sir Hildebrand who had taken our horses at our entrance, and who had been directed, as he informed Miss Vernon, by Mr. Rashleigh, to wait and attend upon us home. We rode a little way in silence, for, to sny truth, my mind was too much be-wildered with the events of the morning to permit me to be the first to break it. At length Miss Vernon exclaimed, as if giving vent to her own reflections, "Wea, Rashleigh is a man to be feared and wonder-end at and all but loved; he does whatever he pleases, and ...kes all others his puppets — has a player ready to perform every part which he imagines, and an in-"wanton and readiness which supply expedients for overv emergency." "You mank then," said I, answering rather to he

meaning, than to the enquire that this Mr. Campbell, where e appears opportune, and who trussed up and carried off my ac user as a fulcon traces a partridge, was an ag

cuser an a thicker trasses a partrage, was as agent a Mr. Rashleigh Osbaldistone's ?... "I do guess as much," replied Diana, "an shrewdly suspect, morsover, that he would bard had not heppened to meet Rashleigh in the hell i the Justice's." <sup>16</sup> 102

in that case, my thanks are chiefly due to you, an

"An that case, my thanks are chiefly due to you, my fair preserver." "To be sure they are," returned Diana, " and you, suppose them paid, and sceepted with a gracing smile, for 1 do not care to be treubled with hearing them in good earnesst, and are much more likely to yawn than to behave becoming. In short, Mr. Frask, I wished to serve you, and I have fortunately bea able to do so, and have only one favour is mk in return, and that is, that you will say no more sheet it.—But who comes here to meet us, 'bleedy will spurring, fary-red with haste? It is the subordinate man of law, I think; no less (han Mr. Joseph Jobean, And Mr. Joseph Jobeon it proved to be, in great haste, and, as it speedily supersed, in most extreme bad numour. He came up to us, and stopped his horse, as we were about to pase with a sight sula-tation.

tation.

"So, sir—so, Miss Vernon—aye— I see well ense how it is—bail put in during my absence, I singu —I should like to know who drew the recognized

-1 should like to know who drew the recognized as that's all. If his worship uses this form of preacher often, I advise him to get another clork, that's all, for I shall certainly demit." "Or suppose he get his present clerk statched whis sleers. Mr. Jobson," said Diana, "would not that do as well? And pray how does Farmer Retlege, Mr. Jobson 7 I hope you found him able to sign, said and deliver?"

Jobson ? I hope you found him able to sign sel, and deliver ?" This question seemed greatly to increase the writh of the man of law. He looked at Miss Vernee with such an air of spite and resentment, as laid meander a strong temptation to knock him off his home with the butt of my whip, which I only suppressed in consideration of his insignificance. "Farmer Ruledge, ma'sm?" said the derit, so sum as his indignation permitted him to articulate, "Par-mer Ruledge is in as handsome enjoyment of his health as you are -it's all a bam, ma'sm - all e bam-health as you are -it's all a bam, ma'sm - all e bam-hoozle and a bits that sflar of his blasse, and if you did not know as much before, you how it mow, ma'am." "La you there now !" replied Miss Vernen, with an affectation of extreme and maple wander, "sume you don't say so, ma'am." rejeated the increased scribe; "and moreover I say, that the old manuf clod-breaker called me petufogger - petufogger ma'am-and said I came to hum for a in, ma'am-and said a first to the peace, having and have cially as I am clerk to the peace, baving and have said office under Trigesime.Scyline Hener and Prime Gulielmi-the first of King ma'am, of glorious and immortal memory-mortal deliverer from penate and preter wooden shoes and warming pana

clark of peace to the county; and 'Gamer' Rutledge anys you are a pettilogger; and in neither capacity are you entitled to be impertment to a young lady of faction."

Miss Verson faid her hand on my arm, and ex-chaimed, "Come, Mr. Osbaldistone, I will have no assaults and battery on Mr. Jobson; I am not in sufficient charity with him to permit a suggle touch of your whip—why, he would have on it for a term at best. Besides, you have already hurt his feelings afficiently-you have called him impertinent."
 "I don't value his language, Miss," said the clerk, senswhat creat-fallen; "besides, impertinent is not a standard by the hurt his feeding.

"I don't value his inneuroge, many and the state of the s

rame to the breach of the public peace, and the taking away of my private good name." "Never mind that, Mr. Jobson," said Miss Ver-mon; "you know, where there is nothing, your own haw aflows that the king himself must lose his rights; and, for the taking away of your good name, I pity the poot follow who gets it, and wish you joy of lo-sing it with all my heart." "Very well, ma'am-good evening, ma'am-I have no more to my-only there are laws against papista, which it would be well for the land were they better exacted. There's third and fourth Edward VI. of institutionar. missils, gradies, processionals, manuals,

antiphoners, missals, grailes, processionals, manuals, legends, pies, portnasses, and those that have such trinkets in their possession, Miss Vernon—and there's makets in their possession, suss vernon—and there a managing of papies to take the gather and there are popish recusant convicts under the first of his are popial recusant convicts under the first of his present Majesty-ay, and there are penalties for hear-ing mass. See twenty-third of Queen Elizabeth, and third James First, chapter twenty-fifth.—And there are estates to be registered, and deeds and wills to be enrolled, and double taxes to be made, accord-ing to the acts in that case made and provided"— "See the new edition of the Statutes at Large, pub-Bished under the careful revision of Joseph Jobson, "Also, and above all," continued Jobson,—" for I speak to your warning—you, Diana Vernon, spin-etrees, not being a femme couverte; and being a

tress, not being a femme couverte; and being a convict popish recusant, are bound to repair to your own dwelling, and that by the nearest way, under own dwelling and that by the nearest way, unwen pernalty of being held felon to the king—and dil-gently to ack for passage at common ferrice, and to tarry there but one ebb and flood; and unless you than have it in such places, to walk every day into the tarry is the business assuming to mass over."

farry there but one ebb and flood; and unless you
can have it in such places, to walk every day into the
water up to the knees, assaying to pass over."
 "A sort of Protestant penance for my Catholic errora, I suppose," said Miss Vernon, lauching. "Well
I thank you for the information, Mr. Jobson, and will
has us home as fast as I can, and be a better housekeeper in time coming. Good night, my dear. Mr.
Johson, thou mirrer of clerical courtesy."
 Good night, ma'ana, and sentember the law is not
 be trified with."
 And we rode on our separate ways.
 "There he goes for a troublesome mischief-making
 mach a paltry pick-thank as that, merely for believ g as the whole world believed not much above a
 mached years ago-for certainly our Catholic faith
 in the catantage of antiquity.st least."
 You would have acted very like a hasty young
 mach a sound have acted very like a hasty young
 mach as onne heavier than it is, I think I should
 ye laid its weight upon him.-Well, it does not sig
 your you have any compassion upon the index of any own
 market to be pitied, if any one thought it worth
 "A not we take any compassion upon the mean."
 "And what are there things, Miss Vernon,
 "are there there begive than it is, I think I should
 you wate any compassion upon the index of any own
 mached be pitied, if any one thought it worth
 "A not what are there things, Miss Vernon,
 "And what are there things, Miss Vernon,
 "And this weight one thought it worth
 "A not what are there things, Miss Vernon,
 "and what are there things, Miss Vernon,

And what are these three things, Miss Verson,

k ?"

Will you promise me your deepest sympathy, if I 3

indy: - can you doubt it? I replied, closing of the Moon, we nearer to hers as I moke with an expres-than that in the t IL

sion of interest which I did not emempt of flaguine. "Well, it is very soducing to be pitted, after all; so here are my three grievances—In the first place, i at a a gifl, and not a young fellow, and would be shut up in a mad-house, if I did half the things that I have a mind to; and that, if I had your happy prerogative of acting as you list, would make all the world mad with imitating and applauding me." "I can't quite afford you the sympathy you expect upon this acore," I replied; "the misfortune is so general, that it belongs to one half of the species; and the other half"—

and the other half

general, that it belongs to one half of the species; and the other half' —— "Are so much better cared for, that they are jea-lons of their prerogatives," interrupted Miss Vermon; "I forgot you were a party interstead. Nay," said she, as I was going to speak, "that soft smile is in-tended to be the preface of a very pretty compli-ment respecting the peculiar advantages which Die Vernon's friends and kinsmen enjoy, by her being born one of their Helots; but spare ms the utterance, my good friend, and let us try whether we shall agree better on the second count of my m.lictment signifist fortune, as that quill-driving puppy would call it. I belong to an oppressed sect and antiquated seligion, and, instead of getting credit for my devoluen, as is due to all good girls beside, my kind friend, Jas-tice Inglewood, may send me to the house of cor-rection, merely for worshipping God in the way of my ancestors, and say, as old Penneke did to the Abbess of Wilton, " when heusuped her convest and establighment, 'Go spin, you jade, --Go spin.'" "This not a cureless cu'l, " said (gravely." "Con suit some of our learned divines, or consult your own eventeent understuding."

"This is not a cureless cvil," said 1, gravely. "Con suit some of our learned divines, or consult your own excellent understanding. Miss Vernon; and surfly the particulars in which our religious cred differs from that in which you have been educated". "Hush!" said Diana, placing her fore-finger on her mouth, -"Hush! no more of that. Forsake the faith of my gallant fathers!--I would as soon, where I a man, forsake their banner, when the tide of bat-tle pressed hardest against it, and turn, like a hare-ling recreant, to join the victorious enemy." "I honour your spirit, Miss Vernon; and as to the inconveniences to which it exposes you. I can only

inconveniences to which it exposes you, I can oply day, that wounds sustained for the sake of conscience

say, that wounds sustained for the sake of conscience carry their own balsam with the blow." "Ay; but they are fretful and irritating, for all that. But I see, hard of heart as you are, my chance of beating hemp, or drawing out flax into marvel-lous coarse thread, affacts you as little as my con-demnation to coif and pinners, instead of beaver and cockade; so.I will spare inysolf the fruities pains of telling my third cause of vexation." "Nay, my dear Miss Vernon, do not withdraw your confidence, and I will promise you, that the ithreefold symmetry due to your yery unusual same

threefold sympathy due to your very unnual causes of distress shall be all duly and truly paid to account of distress shall be all duly and truly paid to account of the third, providing you assure me, that it is one which you neither share with all womankind, mor even with every Catholic in England, who, God bless yoe, are still a sect more numerous than we Pro-testants, in our zeal for church and state, would do aire them to be." "It is, indeed," said Diana, with a memore greatly altered, and more serious than I had yet seen her assume, "a misfortune that well merits compas-ion. I am by nature, as you may easily observe, of

ber assume, "a misfortune that well merits compas-sion. I am by nature, as you may easily observe, of a frank and unreserved disposition -a plain trac-hearted girl, who would willingly act openly and honestly by the whole world, and yst fate has in-volved me in such a serice of nets, and totls, and an-tanglements, that I dare hardly epock a word for fear of consequences--not to myself, but to others."

The numery of Wilton was remarked to the Earl of Pachiteke upon its dissolution, by the maristerial authority of Henry Will, or his son Edward VI. On the accounted of Guess Mary of Catholic memory, the Earl fourd it necessary to epishel the Abbess and her fair recluses, which he did with many explo-sions of his removes, thereing turnby to the vestals, and indice-ing them into the convent and possessions from which he had copelled them. With the accounters of Birnherth, the abcoun-modating Barl again reserved his Protestant firth, and a mean of the Abbess, who remarked his restant firth, and a mean of the Abbess, who remarked to the remover transme of the Abbess, who remarked the two indicesting then the in the text-

"That is indeed a misfortune, Miss Vernoe, which I do most sincerely compassionate, but which I should hardly have anticipated." "O, Mr. Osbaldistone, if you but knew—if any one thew, what difficulty I sometimes find in hiding an aching heart with a smooth brow, you would indeed pity me. I do wrong, perhaps, in speaking to you even thus far on my own situation; hut you are a young man of sense and penetration—you cannot but fong to ask me a hundred questions on the events of this day—on the share which Rashleigh has in your where fine Inis day—on the share which Rasheigh has in your deliverance from this petty scrape—upon many other points which cannot but excite your attention—and I cannot bring inyself to answer with the necessary falsehood and finesse—I should do it awkwardly, and lose your good opinion, if I have any share of it, as well as my own. It is bost to say at once, Ask me no questions, I have it not in my power to reply to them.

Miss Vernon spoke these words with a tone of feeling which could not but make a corresponding impression upon nue. I assured her ane had neither to fear, my urging he with imperunent questions, hor my misconstruing her declining to answer those which might in themselves be reasonable, or at least matural.

which might in themselves be reasonable, or at least natural. "I was too much obliged," I said, "by the interest me had taken in my affairs, to misuee the opportunity her goodness had afforded me of prying into hers—I only trusted and entreated, that if my services could at any time be useful, she would command them, without doubt or hesitation." "Thank you—thank you," she replied; "your voice does not ring the cuckoo chime of compliment, but speaks like that of one who knows to what he pledges himself. If—but it is impossible—but yet, if an op-portunity should occur, I will ask you if you remem-ther this promise; and I assure you, I shall not be angry if I find you have forgotten it, for it is enough that you are sincere in your intentions just now— much may occur to alter them ers I call upon you, should that moment ever come, to assist Die Vernon, as if you were Die Vernon's brother." "And if were Die Vernon's brother." sistance—And now I am afraid I must not ask wh-sher Rashleigh was willingly accessory to my deliver-ance?"

"Not of me; but you may ask it of himself, and, depend upon it, he will say yee; for rather than any good action should walk through the world like an unappropriated adjective in an ill-arranged sentence, 'he is always willing to stand noun substantive to it timmelf."

"And I must not ask whether this Campbell be mimeelf the party who eased Mr. Morris of his port-manteau, or whether the letter, which our friend the attorney received, was not a finesse to withdraw him from the scene of action, lest he should have marred the happy event of my deliverance? And I must not as?

"You must ask nothing of me," said Miss Vernon; "so it is quite in vain to go on putting cases. You are to think just as well of me, as if I had answered all these queries, and twenty others besides, as glibly as Rashleigh could have done; and observe, when-ever I touch my chin just so, it is a sign that I cannot speak upon the topic which happens to occupy your attention. I must settle signals of correspondence with you, because you are to be my confidant and my counsellor, only you are to know nothing whatever of my affairs." "Nothing can be more reasonable," I replied, laugh-ing; " and the extent of your confidence will, you may rely upon it, only be equalled by the sagneity of my counsels." You must ask nothing of me," said Miss Vernon;

This sort of conversation brought us, in the highest god-aumour with each other, to Osbaldistone Hall, where we found the family far advanced in the revels

"Get some dinner for Mr. Osbaldistone and me in the library," said Miss Vernon to a servant.--"I must have some compassion upon you," she added, during to me, " and provide against your starving in

this mathion of brutal abundance; otherwise I an not sure that I should show you my private haunta. This same library is my den-the only corner of the This same infrary is my den—the only corner of the Hall-house where I am as fe from the Ourang-Outanga, my cousins. They never venture there, I suppose, for fear the folios should fail down and crack their skulls; for they will never affect their heads in any other way —So follow me."

And I followed through hall and bower, vasited passage and winding stair, until we reached the room where she had ordered our refreshments.

#### CHAPTER X.

In the wide pile, by othern headed not, Here was one macred solitary apot, Whose cloomy aisles and banding shelvas ou For moral hunger food, and cures for moral p

For moral lunger tood, and cures for moral para-Languages. THE library at Osbaldistone Hall was a gloomy room, whose antique oaken shelves bent benesth the weight of the ponderous folios so dear to the serec-teenth century, from which, under favour be it so-ken, we have distilled matter for our quartos and co-ken, we have distilled matter for our quartos and co-ken, we have distilled matter for our guartos and co-ken, we have distilled matter for our guartos and co-ken, we have distilled matter for our guartos and co-ken, we have distilled matter for our guartos and co-ken, we have distilled matter for our guartos and co-scives, be still further reduced into thodecimes and pamphlets. The collection was chiefly of the classics, as well foreign as ancient history, and, above all, di-vinity. It was in wretched order. The prisets, who in succession, had acted as chaplains at the Hall, were, for many years, the only persons who catered lied him to disturb the venerable spiders, who had muffied the fronts of the presens with their tapentr-His destination for the church rendered his consect less absurd in his father's eyes, than if any of his other descendants had betrayed so strange a propen-sity, and Sir Hildepirand acquiesced in the library re-ceiving some repairs, so as to fit if for a sitting roof. other descendants nad betrayed so strange a propen-sity, and Sir Hildebrand acquiesced in the library re-ceiving some repairs, so as to fit it for a sitting roch. Still an air of dilapidation, as obvious as it was uncomfortable, pervaded the large apertment, and announced the neglect from which the knowledge which its walls contained had not been able to ex-empt it. The tattered tapestry, the worm-estim shelves, the huge and clumsy, yet tottering, tables, desks, and chairs, the rusty grate, seldom gleddenod by either sea-coal or fagois, intimated the contempt of the lords of Osbaldistone Hall for learning, and for the volumes which record its treasures. "You think this place somewhat disconsoless, I suppose?" said Diana, as I glanced my cyround the forlorn apartment; "but to me it seems like a little forlorn apartment; but to me it seems like a little were friends." "And are you no longer so?" was my natural ques-tion.

tion

tion. Her fore-finger immediately touched her diracted chin, with an arch look of prohibition. "We are still allice," she continued, "bound, is

"We are still allies," she continued, "bound, and other confederate powers, by circumstances of anti-al interest; but I am afraid, as will happen in edu-cases, the treaty of alliance has survived the anti-ble dispositions in which it had its origin. As an through that door, there, I vanish through this do have and as having made the discourse this do here; and so, having made the discovery that t two were one too many for this apartment, as as it seems, Rashleigh, whose occasions free call him elsewhere, has generously made a car his rights in my favour; so that I now endeav prosecute alone the studies in which he used for to be my guide." "And what are those studies, if **Fmay prose** ask?" "Indeed you may without the two were one too many for this apartment, as

"Indeed you may, without the least four of a my fore-finger raised to my chin. Science and tory are my principal favourites; but I also a postry and the classics." "And the classics? Do you road them in a

ginal?"

"Unquestionably; Rashleigh, who is no co

 Char. X.1
 BOB ROY.
 same

 soot of the languages of modern Europe. I assume you, there has been some pains taken in my educa-tion, although I can neither aew a tucker, nor work cross-stitch, nor make u pudding, nor; as the vicar's fat wife, with as much truth as elegance, good-will, and politeness, was pleased to say in my behalf, do any other useful thing in the varsal world." "And was this selection of studies Rashleigh's choice, or your own, Miss Vernon T' I asked. "Um!" said she, as if hesitating to answer my question,—" it's hot worth while-lifting any finger about, after all—why, parity his, and parily mine-and saddle him in case of necessity, and to elear a fwo-barred gate, and fire a gun without winking, find all other of those masculine secomplishments, that my brute cousins, to read Greek and Latin within doors, and make my complete approach to tha treot to yourselves, in revenge, I suppose, for our common mother's share in the great original transgression." "And Rashleigh readily indulged your propensity" "What I is it possible ?—Why, even my uncle reads Gwillym sometimes of a winter night—Net know

to learning ?" "Why, he wished to have me for his scholar, and be could bat teach me that which he knew himself-be was not likely to instruct me in the mysterice of washing lace ruffles, or hemming cambric-handker-chiefa, I suppose."

"I admit the temptation of getting such a scholar, and have no doubt that it made a weighty considera-tion on the tutor's part."

"" O, if you begin to investigate Rashleigh's motives, my finger touches my chin once more. I can only be frank where my own are inquired into. But to re-sume-be has resigned the library in my favour, and never enters without leave had and obtained; and so I have taken the liberty to make it the place of de-posit for some of my own goods and chattels, as you may see by looking round you." "I beg pardon, Miss Vernon, but I really see no-thing around these walls which I can distinguish as ikkely to claim you as mistress." "That is, I suppose, because you neither see a chepherd or shepberdees wrought in worsted, and handsomely framed in black ebony,-or a stuffed par-rot,-or a breeding-cage, full of canary-birds,-or a toilette-table, with a nest of japanned boxes, with

Pot,--or a breeding-cage, tuil of canary-brids,--or a housewife-case, broidered with tarnished silver,--or a toiletto-table, with a nest of japanned boxes, with as many angles as Christmas minced-pice,--or a broken-backed spinet,--or a luse with three stimma,--or rock-work,--or shell-work,--or needle-work, or work of any kind,--or a lap-dog, with a litter of blind puppies-None of these treasures eto I posses," she continued, after a pause, in order to recover the breath she had lost in enumerating them---'' But there stands the sword of my ancestor Sir Richard Vernon, alain at Shrewsbury, and sorely slandered by a sad fellow. called Will Shakspeare, whose Lancastrian partisli-ties, and a certain knack at embodying them, has turned history upside down, or rather inside out ;--amd by that redoubted weapon hangs the mail of the state is the reverse of his descendant's, since he is more indebted to the bard, who took the trouble to escledrate him, for good-will, than for talenta,--\_Amidde the mute rou mint descen ose\_-

\* Amiddes the mute you might descern one Brave kaught, with pipes on shield, yeleped Vermon; Like a borne fond along the plain he thunders', Prest to be carving throtes, while others plusdered.

Then there is a model of a new martingale which I wented myself - a great improvement on the Duke Newcastle's; and there are the hood and bells of factor Cheviot, who spitted himself on a heron's If alcon Cheviol, who spitted himself on a heron s at Horsely-moss-poor. Cheviol, there is not a period on the perches below, but are kites and riffers perpend to him; and there is my own light fowling-ce, with an improved fire-lock; with twenty other memory, each more valuable than another-And met, that speaks for itself."

She pointed to the carved oak-frame of a full-length erait by Vandyke, on which were inscribed, in the letters, the words Vernon semper viret. I find at her for explanation—"Do you not know"

"With chance itself is a plummet over you." "With channe I confess it, my dear Miss Vernon, The mysterics couched under the grim hieroglyphics of heraldry are to me as unintelligible as those of the pyramids of Egypt."

"What is it possible ?--Why, even my uncle reads Gwillym sometimes of a winter night--Net know the figures of heraldry ?---of what could your father be thinking?

"Of the figures of arithmetic," Lanswered; "the most insignificant unit of which he holds more high-ly than all the blazonry of chivelry. But, though I am ignorant to this inexpressible degree, I have knowledge and taste enough to admire that molendid picture, in which I think I can discover a family like--what richness of colouring-what breadth and depth of shade !"

"Is it really a fine painting ?" she asked. "I have seen many works of the renowned artist," replied, "but never beheld one more to my liking," "Wall the never beheld one more to my liking,"

"I have seen many works of the renowned artist," I replied, "but never beheld one more to my liking," "Well, I know as little of pictures as you do ot heraldry," replied Miss Vernon; "yet I have the ad-vantage of you, because I have always admired the painting without understanding its value." "While I have neglected pipes and tabors and all the whimaical combinations of chivalry, still I am informed that they floated in the fields of ancient fame. But you will allow their exterior appearanced spectator as that of a fine painting.—Who is the per-son here represented ?" "By grandfather—he shared the misfortunes of this son. Our patrimonial estate was greatly impair-ed by his prodigality, and was altogether lost by his successor, my unfortunate father. But peace be with-them who have go it—it was lost in the cause of loyalty." loyalty.

loyaity." "Your father. I presume, suffered in the political dissensions of the period !" "He did indeed; he lost his all. And hence is his child a dependant orphan; eating the bread of others; subjected to their caprices, and compelled to study their inclinations ? Yet proud of having had such a father, than if, playing a more prudent, but less up-right part, he had left me possessor of all the rich and far heronies which his family once possessed." fair baronies which his family once possessed.

As she thus spoke, the entrance of the servants with dinner cut off all conversation but that of a general nature.

When our hasty meal was concluded, and the wine placed on the table, the domestic informed us, " that Mr. Rashleigh had desired to be told when our din-

Mr. Rashleigh had desired to be told when our din-ner was removed." "Tell him," said Miss Vernon, "we shall be happy to see him if he will stop this way-place another wine-glass and chair, and leave the room. — You must retire with him when he goes away," she continued, addressing herself to me; "even my liberality cannot spare a gentleman above eight hours out of the twenty-four; and I think we have been together for at least that length of time." "The old scythe-man has moved so rapidly," I au-swered, "that I could not count his strides." "Hush ?" said Miss Vernon, "here comes Rash leigh;" and she drew off her chair, to which I had

ad mine rather closely, so as to place a great-

approached mins rather closely, so as to place a greater er distance between us. A modest tap at the door, —a gentle manner of opening when invited to enter, —a studied softness and humility of step and deportment, announced that the education of Rashleigh Osbaldistone at the Col-lege of St. Omers accorded well with the ideas I en-tertained of the manners of an accomplished Jesuit. I need not add, that, as a sound Protestant, these ideas were not the most favourable. "Why should you use the ceremony of knocking," said Miss Ver-non, "when you knew that I was not alone?" This was spoken with a burst of impatience, as if

non, "when you knew that I was not alone?" This was spoken with a burst of impatience, as if she had felt that Rashleigh's air of caution and reene man reit that restniegn's air of caution and re-serve covered some insinuation of impertinent suspi-tion. "You have taught me the form of knocking at this door so perfectly, my fair cousin," answered Rashleigh, without change of voice or manner, " that hebit has become a second nature."

habit has become a second nature." "I prize sincerity more than courtesy, sir, and you 'now I do," was Mines Vernon's reply. "Courtesy is a gallant gay, a courtier by name and by profession," replied Rashleigh, "and therefore most fit for a lady" s bower." "But Sincerity is the true knight," retorted Miss Vernon, " and therefore much more welcome, cousin. But Social a debits not over any sing to your.

Vernon, and a debate not over annualing to your stranger kinaman, si down Rashleigh, and give Mr. Francis Osbaldistone your countenance to his glass of wine. I have done the honours of the dinner, for

Dut, to end a docue not over anusing to your stranger kinaman, sit down Rashleigh, and give Mr. Francis Obbaldistone your countenance to his glass of wine. I have done the honours of the dinher, for the credit of Osbaldistone Hall."
Rashleigh sate down, and filled his glass, glancing his eye from Diana to me, with an embarrassment which his utmost efforts could not entirely diaguise. I thought he appeared to be uncertain concerning the extent of confidence she might -have 'reposed in me, and hastened to lead the conversation into a channel which should sweep away his subjection that Diana might have betrayed any secrets which rested between them. " Mise Vernon." I said. "Mr. Rashleigh, has recommended me to return my thanks to you for my speedy disengagement from the ridicalous accusation of Morris; and, unjustly fearing my gratitude might not be warm enough to remind me of this duty, she has out my curiosity on its side, by referring me to you for an account, or rather argulant, " (looking keenly at Mise Vernon.) " that the lady herself might have betod interpreter;" and his eye, reverting from her face, sought mine, as if to search, from the expression of my features, whether Diana's communication had been as narrowly limited as my words had intimated. Mise Vernon's to leave me in ignorance, I must necessarily submit; but, pray, do not withold war information from me, on the ground of imagining that I have already obtained any on the subject. For I tail you as a man of hoour I am as ignorant as that picture of any thing relating to be write with ereoning your thing the series of the diver." "Mise Vernon his vernon that picture of any thing relating to the events of the day."

"Indeed'?--I am much your debtor for procuring such a scasonable evidence in my behalf. But I can-act see why, (having been, as he said, a fellow-suf-ierer with Morris,) it should have required much

trouble to passuale him to stap forth and denoe, whether to convict the actual robi an innecent person."

dence, whether to coverict the actual rebbar, or me an innecent person." "You do not know the genius of that man's com-try, eir," answered Rashleigh; "discretion, predence, and foresight, are their leading gualities; these are only modified by a nerrow-spirited, bet yet andeat patriotism, which forms as it were the continues of the concentric bulwarks with which a Soocchasm forti-fes himself against all the attacks of a generous philatthyopical principle. Surmourt this means you find an inner and still dearer barrier—the low of his province, his village, or, most probably, his clas; storm this eccond obstacle, you have a thard—bis d-thechment to his own family—his father, mether, sona, daughters, uncles, aunta, and cousins, to the ninth generation. It is within these limits that a Scotchman's social affection expands itself, sower reaching those which are outermost, till all mesnel discharging itself in the interior circles that his hear throbs, each pulsation being fainter and fainter, all beyond the widest boundary, n is almost mfait. An what is worst of all, could you surmount all these com-'ognitic outworks, you have an inner citadel, deeper,

what is worst of all, could you surmount all these case contric outworks, you have an inner citadel, deeper higher, and more efficient than them all-s Scotch-man's love for himself." "All this is extremely eloquent and metaphorical, Rashleigh," said Miss Vernon, who instand with ma-represend impatience; " there are only two objections (b) it; first it is not true; secondly, if true, it is nothing the purpose."

"It is true, my fairest Dians," returned Ra "It is true, my fairest Diana," isturned Rashi "and moreover, it is most instantly to the put It is true, because you cannot deny that I kne country and people intimately, and the charac drawn from deep and accurate consideration it is to the purpose, because it answess Mr. P. Osbaldistone's question, and shows why this wary Scotchman, considering our kineman neither his constryman, nor a Campbell, as cousin in any of the inextricable combination which they extend their pedigree; and, show seeing no prospect of personal alvantage; is the constrary, much heard of loss of time and of business." īi

"With other inconveniences, perhaps, of a m "With other inconveniences, perhaps, of a m yet more formidable," interrupted Miss Vencon, "Of which, doubtless, there might be many," "or which, doubliese, there might be many," at Rashleigh, continuing in the same tone" is also hay theory shows why this man, hoping for so a vantage, and afraid of some inconvenients, might require a degree of persussion so he could be per valled on to give his testimony in favour of Mr. G hald store " might baldistone.

"It seems surprising to me," I observed, "that during the glance I cast over the declaration, or whatever it is termed, of Mr. Marris, he should never have meationed that Campbell was in his company

when he met the marauders." "I understood from Campbell, that h a unuerstood from Campbell, that he had h his solemn promise not to mention that cirr stance," replied Rashleigh ; " his remon for sum such an engagement are the provided of the sole of stance," replied Rashleigh ; "his reason for sent such an engagement you may guess from what? hinted—he wighed to get back to his own cu undelayed and unemberransed by any of the ju inquiries which he would have been under the a sity of attending, had the fact of his being prus the robbery taken air while he was on this sider Border. But let him once be as distant as the f Morris will, I warrant you, come forth wither knows about him, and, it may be a good deals Besides, Campbell is a vary extensive dealar int and has often occasion to send great drowes int and has often occasion to send great dro ves thumberland; and, when driving such a would be a great fool to embrail himself. Northumbrian thieves, than whom no men

Northumbrian thieves, than whom no men are more vindictive." "I dare be sworn of that," said Mines Verr a tone which implied something more than acquiescence in the proposition. "Still," said I, resuming the subject, " the force of the reasons which Campbell us for desiring that Morris shead as elemet us 5.

#### · Chap. Mitt

to his gramme when the tobbery was committed, I | nestly engaged in our play. I thought I perceived in cannot yet see how he could attain such an influence | this triffing for amusement (for the stake which

cannet yet see how he could attain such an influence over the man as to make him suppress his evidence in that particular, at the manifest risk of subjecting-his story to diagreed." Rashleigh agreed with me, that it was very extra-ordinaty, and seemed to regret that he had not ques-tioned the Scutchman more closely on that subject, which he allowed looked extremely mysterious. "But," he saked immediately after this acquisesence, "are you very sure the circumstance of Morris's being accumpanied by Campbell, is really not alluded to in his aramination?" "I read the paper over hastily." and I. " have is in

"I read the paper over hastily," said I; " but it is a strong inspression, that no such droumstance is instigned; at least it must have been touched on

"Trans, tong inspression, the next at the set of the se

If the with You observed that Mr. Campoei has at-times where and animated manner—something of a martial cast in his tone and bearing." "I own," I replied, "that his expression struck me as being occasionally fierce and sinister, and little adapted to his peaceable professions. Has he served in the army ?"

adapted to his peaceable professions. Has he served in the srms?"
 "Yes-no-not, strictly speaking, served; but has has been, I believe, like most of his countrymen, trained to arms. Indeed, among the hills, they carry them from boybood to the grave. So, if you know any thing of your fellow-traveller, you will easily judge, that, goung to such a country, he will take care to a you'd a quarrel, if he can help it, with any of the matives.-But, come, I see you decline your wine-and I too am a degenerate Osbaldistone, so far as respects this circulation of the bottle. If you will go to my roorm, I will hold you a hand at piquet."
 We fose to take leave of Miss Vernon, who had from time to time suppressed, apparently with diffi-culty, a strong temptation to break in upon Rash-hugh a details. As we were about to leave the room, the amothered fire broke forth. "It Obaldistone," she said, " your own obser-tion will enable you to verify the justice, or in-ice, of Rashleigh's suggestions concerning such resting solutand, he has borne false witness maximist a whole country; and I request you will allow restift to his evidence."
 "Penape," I answered, "I may find it somewhat in standaring Soothand, he has borne false witness maximist a whole country; and I request you will allow restift to his evidence."
 "Penape," I answered, "I may find it somewhat if restift the time faighter of a Scotchwoman if a standaring to your good opinion. Preserve your the standard of your good opinion. Preserve your

you to respect the land which gave ner parents until your own observation has proved them uniorthy of your good opinion. Preserve your and contempt for dissimulation, baseness, and and contempt for dissimulation, baseness, and and contempt they are to be met with. You The state of the s

rest distribution of the door, while the manner of a person distribution of the door, while the manner of a person stribution of the door of the door of the door of the person stribution to prose Rashleigh no further on the

Rashleigh proposed was a mere trifle) something of Rashleigh proposed was a mere triffe) something or a farce and ambitious temper. He seemed per-fectly to understand the beautiful game at which he played, but preferred, as it were on principle, the risk-ing bold and precarious strokes to the ordinary rules of play; and precarious strokes to the ordinary rules anced chances of the game, he hazarded every thing inced chances of the game, be hazarded every thing lanced chances of the game, he hazarded every thing for the chance of piqueing, repiqueing, or capoting his adversary. So spon as the intervention of a game or two at piquet, like the music between the acts of a drama, had completely interrupted our pre-vious course of conversation, Rashleigh appeared to the of the game, and the cards were superseded by discourse, in which he assumed the lead.

discourse, in which he assumed the lead. More learned than soundly wise better acquainted with men's minds than with the moral principles that ought to regulate them, he had still powers of conversation which I have rarely seen equalled, never excelled. Of this his manner implied some con-sciousness; at least, it appeared to me that he had studied hard to improve his natural advantages of a melodious voice, fluent and happy expression, apt language, and fervid imagination. He was never load, never overbearing, never so much occa-pied with his own thoughts, as to outrun either the patience or the comprehension of those he conversed with. His ideas successed each other with the gen-With, inits ideas successes each other with the gan-tle but unintermitting flow of a plentiful and boun-teous spring; while I have heard those of others, who aimed at distinction in conversation, rush along like the turbid gush from the sluice of a mill-pond, as here the throw gust how the states of a min-point, at hyrried, and as easily exhausted. It was late at night ere I could part from a companion so fascina-ting; and, when I gained my own apartment, it cost me no small effort to recall to my mind the character of Rashleigh, such as I had pictured him previous to this tête-à-tête.

So effectual, my dear Tresham, does the sense of being pleased and amused blunt our faculties of perception and discrimination of character, that I can only compare it to the taste of certain fruits, at once luscious and poignant, which renders our palate totally unfit for relishing or distinguishing the viands which are subsequently subjected to its critician.

# CHAPTER XI. What gars ye gaunt, my menymen a'? What gars ye look see dreary ? What gars ye hing your head sue sair In the castle of Balwearie ?

Old Scotch Bollad

Old Rootes Boliad. The next morthing chanced to be Sunday, a day peculiarly hard to be got rid of at Osbaldistone Hall; for after the formal religious service of the morning had been performed, at which all the family regularly attended, it was hard to say upon which individual. Rashleigh and Miss Vernon excepted, the field of ennui descended with the most abundant outpouring of his spirit. To speak of my vesterday's embarrass-ment amused Sir Hildebrand for several minutes, and he congratulated me on my deliverance from Morpeth or Hexham jail, as he would have done if I had fallen in attempting to clear a five-barred sate

Morpeth or Hexham jail, as he would have done if I had fellen in attempting to clear a five-barred gate, and got up without hurting myself. "Hast had a lucky turn, lad; but do na be over venturous again. What, man!. the king's road is free to all men, be they Whigs, be they tories." "On my word, sir, I am innocent of interrupting it; and it is the most provoking thing on earth, that every person will take, it for granted that I am acces sory to a crume which I despise and detest, and which would, moreover, deservedly forfeit my life to the laws of my country."

"Well, well, lad; even so be it; I ask no questions "Well, well, lad; even so be it; I ask no questions -no men bound to tell on himself—that's fair phay, br the devil's in't."

of the day. A myster, and, as I though, a favourable complexion, appeared to hang the as necessary to throw him off his we can for the deal, and were soon ear-to establish it. 37\*

"In your own house, my dear sir-and your own nephew-you will not surely persist in hurting his feelings, by seeming to discredit what he is so strongly iteration in affiring. No doubt, you are fully de-serving of all his confidence, and I am sure, we're there any thing you could do to assist him in this strange affair, he would have recourse to your good-mess. But my cousin Frank has been dismissed as

mess. But my cousin Frank has been dismissed as an innocent man, and no one is entitled to suppose him otherwise. For my part, I have not the least doubt of his innocence; and our family honour, I conceive, requires that we should maintain it with tongue and sword against the whole country." "Rashleigh," suid his father, looking fixedly at him, "thou art a sly loon-thou hast ever been too cunning for mis and too cunning for thysell-two faces under one hood is no true heraldry.—And since we talk of heraldry, I'll go and read Gwillym." This resolution he intimated with a yawn, resist-less as that of the Goddess in the Dunciad, which was responsively echoed by his giant sons, as they dispersed in quest of the pastimes to which their minds severally inclined them.—Percis to discuss a got of March beer with the steward in the buttery, minds severally inclined them—Percie to discuss a pot of March beer with the steward in the buttery,— Thorncliff to cut a pair of cudgels, and fix them in their wicker hilts,—John to dress May-flics,—Dickon to play at pitch and toes by himself, his right hand against his left,—and Wilfred to bite his thumbs, and hum himself into a slumber which should last till dinner time, if possible. Miss Vernon had retired to the library.

the library. Rashleigh and I were left alone in the old hall, from which the servants, with their usual bustle and awkwardness, had at length coutrived to hurry the awk wardness, had at tength Southves to wurry the remains of our substantial breakfast. I took the op-portunity to upbraid him with the manner in which he had spoken of my affait to his father, which I frankly stated was highly offensive to me as it seemed rather to exhort. Sir Hildebrand to conceal his suspicions, than to root them out.

pictons, than to root them out. "Why, what can I do, my dear friend?" replied **Rash**leigh; "my father's disposition is so tenacious of suspicions of all kinds, when once they take root; which, to do him justice, does not easily happen, that I have always found it the best way to sikence him upon such subjects, instead of arguing with him. Thus I get the better of the weeds which I cannot erdinate the cutting them out? There is neither wisdom not profin a week which I cannot eradicate by cutting them over as othern as they ap-open, until at length they, die away of themselves, There is neither wisdom nor profit in disputing with such a mind as Sir Hildebrand is, which hardcars it-self against conviction, and believes in its own inepi-metrions as formly as more code Catholicu do in themself

"At a safirmly as we good Catholics do in those of the Holy Father of Rome." "It is very hard though, that I should live in the bouse of a man, and he a near relation too, who will

This very mind though, that I should here in the bouse of a man, and he a near relation too, who will persist in believing me guilty of a hichway robb ry." "My father's foolish opinion, if one may give, that spithet to any opinion of a father's, does not affect your real innocence; and as to the disgrace of the fact, depend on it, that, considered in all its bearings, golitical as well as moral, Sir Hildebrand regards it a acoiling of the Amalektics—and you will stand the higher in his regard for your supposed accession to it." "I desire no man's regard, Mr. Rashleigh, on such terms as must sink me in my own; and I think these inturious suspicions will afford a very good reason for quitting Osbeldistone Hall, which I shall do whenever I can communicate on the subject with my father." The dark countenance of Rashleigh, though little accustomed to betray its master's feelings, exhibited a suppressed smile, which he instantly chastened by introduction of the stand with the statened by introduction of the statened by intervention of the statened by introduction of the statened by intervention of the statened by

Suppressed summer, where it listers with your ad-as the wind bloweth where it listers. With your ad-dress, taste, and talents, you will soon find circles where they will be more valued, than amid the dull inmates of this mansion; while I — " he paused. "And what is there in your bot that can enake you

er any one c: vy mine, an outcast, as I may almost seem myself, from my father's house and favour?"

"Ay, but," answered Rashleigh," consider the gra-tified sense of independence which you must have timen sense of independence which you must alway attained by a very temporary sacrifice, for such I an sure yours will prove to be consider the power of acting as a free agent, of cultivating your own talents in the way to which your task determines you, and in which you are well qualified to distinguish yourself. In which you are well qualified to distinguish yoursell —Fame and freedom are cheaply purchased by a few weeks' residence in the North, even though your place of exile be Osbaldistone Hall.—A second Ovid in Thrace, you have not his reasons for writing Tristia T "I do not know," said I, blushing as became a young scribbler, "how you should be so well ac-quinted with my truant studies" "There was an emission of your father's here are

"There was an emissary of your father's here some time since, a young coxcomb, one Twineall, who is formed me concerning your secret sacrifices to the muses, and added, that some of your verses had been

Normal me concerning your secret secr

"You shall give me an evening in my own apart-ment," he continued; "for I must soon loss the charms of literary society for the drudgery of comworld. I repeat it, that my compliance with my fa-ther's wishes for the advantage of my family, is in-deed a sacrifice, especially considering the caim and peaceful profession to which my education destinat me."

me." I was vain, but not a fool, and this hypocrisy was too strong for me to swallow.—"You would not persuade me," I replied, "that you really regret to archange the situation of an obscure Catholic prist, with all its privations, for wealth and society, and the plea-sures of the world?" Rashleigh saw that he had coloured his affectation of medication to highly, and, after a second s page.

Its pivaling, for womin and solver, and solver, and surve of the world?" Rashleigh saw that he had coloured his affectation of moderation too highly, and, after a second s passe, during which, I suppose, he calculated the degree of candour which it was necessary to use with me, (that being a quality of which he was never needleasily gw-fuse,) he answered with a smile,—"At my age, to be condemned, as you say, to wealth and the world does not, indeed, sound so alarming as perturns if ought to do. But, with pardon be it spoken, you have mistaken my destination—a Catholic privat, if you will, but not an obscure one—No, sir, Rashleyn the baldistone will be mere obscure, should he may ball addistone will be mere obscure, should he may be been as a member of a church, whose minimum the rest the richest citizen in London, than he rhight have been as a member of a church, whose minimum the and the weight which that court ought to pass and does posses, at Rome, is yet higher—may the for high eminence in the church—in the domain fancy, to the very highest—Why might not, and do, posses, at Rome, is yet higher—may the for high eminence in the church—in the domain fancy, to the very highest—Why might not, and do, posses, at Rome, is yet higher—may the for high eminence in the church—in the domain fancy, to the very highest—Why might not, action of, his discourse apparently betwirt for arrest,)—" why might not Cardinal Orshall here awayed the fortunes of empires, well-heart well-connected, as well as the low-born Massac Alberoni, he son of an Italian gardener ?" "Nay, I can give you no reason to the comput chance of such precarious and invidious.elemma "Neither would I," be replied, "were I amore and the weap is a should not mach regret low chance of such precarious and invidious.elemma "Neither would I," be replied, "were I amore "Neither would I,

chance of such precarious and invideous.cle "Neither would L" he replied, "were I

my present establishment was more certain ; but that must depend upon circumstances, which I can only sum by experience—the disposition of your father, for example," ERY DIS for example

for example." "Confess the truth without finesse, Rashleigh; you would willingly know something of him from me?" "Since, like Die Vernon, you make a point of fol-lowing the banner of the good knight Sincenty, I

"Well, then, you will find in my father a man who has followed the paths of thriving more for the exer-cise they afforded to his talents, than for the love of the gold with which they are strewed. His active mind would have been happy in any situation which mind would have been happy in any situation which gave it scope for exertion, though that exertion had been its sole reward. But his wealth has accumugive it scope for exertion, though that exertion had been its sole reward. But his wealth has accumu-lated, because, moderate and frugal in his habits, no new sources of expense have occurred to dispose of his increasing income. His is a man who hates dis-simulation in others; never practises it himself; and is peculiarly alert in discovering motives through the colouring of language. Himself silent by habit, he is readily disgusted by great takers; the rather that the circumstances by which he is most interested af-ford no great scope for conversation. He is severely strict in the duties of religion; but you have no rea-son to fear his interference with yours, for he regards toleration as a sacred principle of political economy. But if you have any Jacobiteal partialities, as is na-turnly to be supposed, you will do well to suppress them in his presence, as well as the least tendency to the highlying or Tory principles; for he holds both in utter detestation. For the rest, his word is his own bond, and must be the law of all who act ander him. He will fail in his duy to no one, and will permit no one to fail towards him; to cultivate his favour, you must execute his commands, instead will permit no one to fail towards him; to cultivate his favour, you must execute his commands, instead of echoing his sentiments. His greatest failings arise out of prejudices connected with his own profession, or rather his exclusive devotion to it, which makes him see little worthy of praise or attention, unless it be in some measure connected with commerce." "O rare-painted portrait!" exclaimed Rashleigh, when I was silent—"Vandyke was a dauber to you, Frank. I see thy sire before me in all his strength and weakness: lowing and bonouring the King as a

and weakness; loving and honouring the King as a sort of lord mayo of the empire, or chief of the board

sort of lord mayor of the empire, or chief of the board of trade; --vanerating the Commons, for the acts re-gulating the export trade; ---and respecting the Peers, because the Lord Chancellor sits on a woolsack." "Mine was a likeness, Rashleigh; yours is a cari-sature. But in return for the carte du pays which I have unfolded to you, give me some lights on the geo-graphy of the unknown lands"------"On which you are wrecked" sai. Rashleigh. "It is not worth while; it is no Isle of Calypso, umbra-geous with shade and intricate with sylvan labyrinth has bee respect Northumbrian moor, with as lit-

but a bare ragged Northumbrian moor, with as lit-

-but with state minimize with syven habyrnin -but a bare ragged Northumbrian moor, with as lit-tle to interest curosity as to delight the eye-you may descry it in all its nakedness in half an hour's survey, as well as if I were to lay it down before you by line arad compass." O, but something there is, worthy a more atten-tive survey-What say you to Miss Vernon ? Does not able form an interesting object in the landscape, where all round as rude as Iceland's coast?" I could plainly perceive that Rashleigh disliked the being now presented to him; but my frank communi-tering of the landscape, and the landscape, and the survey of the pro-tering of the survey of the survey of the pro-tering of the survey of the survey of the pro-tering of the survey of the pro-tering of the survey of the pro-tering of the survey of the prony various avocations, — the gravity of the pro-ing my various avocations, — the gravity of the pro-to a to which I was destined, — the peculiar nature engagements, —our mutual situation, in short, arred a close and constant intimacy dangerous imaproper. I believe Miss Vernon might consider proper a unkindness, but it was my duty; I felt much as she seemed to do, when compelled to give prodence. But where was the safety in culti-an initimacy with a beautiful and successible

girl, whose heart, you are awars, must be given either to the cloister or to a betrothed husband?" "The cloister or a betrothed husband?" I echoed-

"The cloister or a betrothed husband is a conver-"Is that the alternative destined for Miss Vernon ?" "Is that the alternative destined for Miss Vernon ?"

It is indeed," said Rashleigh, with a sigh. need not, I suppose, caution you against the danger of cultivating too closely the friendship of Miss Ver-non; you are a man of the world, and know how far non; you are a man of the world, and know how tar you can indulge yourself in her society, with safety to yourself and justice to her. But I warn you, that, considering her ardent temper, you must let your ex-perience keep guard over her as well as yourself, for the specimen of yesterday may serve to show her ex-treme thoughtlessness and neglect of decorum."

There was something, I was sensible, of truth, as, well as good sense, in all this; it seemed to be given as a friendly warning, and I had no right to take it amiss; yet I felt I could with pleasure have run Rashleigh Oubaldistone through the body all the time he was speaking.

The deuce take his insolence I was my internal me-ditation. Would he wish me to infer, that Muss Ver-non had fallen in love with that hatchot-face of his and become degraded so low as to require his shyne to cure her of an imprudent passion? I will have his meaning from him, was my resolution, if I should drag it out with cart-rope

drag it out with cart-ropes. For this purpose, I placed my temper under as ac-curate a guard as I could, and observed, "That, for a lady of her good sense and acquired accomplish-ments, it was to be regretted that Miss Vernon's manners were rather blunt and rustic." "Frank and unreserved, at least, to the extreme," replied Rashleigh; "yet, trust me, she has an ex-cellent heart. To tell you the truth, should she con-tinue hor extreme averging to the choirer and to her

tinue her extreme aversion to the cloister, and to her destined husband, and should my own labours in the acestinea nuscana, and should my own ispours in the mine of Plutus promise to secure me a decent inde-pendence, I shall think of renewing our acquaintance, and sharing it with Miss Vernon." With all his fine voice, and well-turned periods, thought I, this same Rashleigt Osbaldistone is the uglicat and most conceited coxcomb I ever met with.

"But" continued Rashleigh as if thinking aloud, "But" continued Rashleigh as if thinking aloud, "I should not like to supplant Thorncliff." "Supplant Thorncliff.—Is your brother Thorn-cliff." I inquired, with great surprise, "the destined husband of Diana Vernon?"

"Supplant Thornchill—Is your brother Thorn-cliff," I inquired, with great supprise, "the destined-busband of Diana Vernon?" "Why, sy; her father's commands, and a certain family-contract, destine her to marry one of Sir-Hildebrand's sons. A dispensation has been obtained from Rome to Diana Vernon to marry Blank Osbaldistone, Eeq., son of Sir Hildebrand Osbaldis-tone, of Osbaldistone Hall, Bart, and so forth; and it only remains to pitch upon the happy man, whose-name shall fill the gap in the manuscript. Now, as Percie is seldom sober, my father pitched on Thora-cliff, as the second prop of the family, and therefora most proper to carry on the line of the Osbaldistones." "The young lady," said I, forcing myself to as-sume an air of pleasantry, which, I believe, became me attremely ill, "would perhaps have been inclined to look a little lower on the family-tree, for the branch to which she was desirous of clinging." "I cannot say," he replied. "There is room for little choice in our family; Dick is a gambler, John a boor, and Wilfred an ass. I believe my father really made the best selection for poor Die, after all." "O, my destination to the church placed me ont of the question ; otherwise I will not affect to say, that, qualified by my education both to imstruct and guide choice than any of my elders." "Asd so thought the young lady, doubtless?" "You are not to suppose so," answered Rashleigh, with an affectation of denial, which was contrived to convey the strongest affirmation the case admitted. of-" Friendship-only friendship-formed the tie be-twizt us, and the tender affection of an opening minit to its only instructer-Love came not near us-I toles, you I was wise in time." I solut little inclination to pursue this conversatios

any firsther, and shaking symals clear of Reabbigs, witherew to my own apartmens, which I recollect I traversed, with much vehamence of agitation, repeat-ing cloud the expressions which had most offended mg. "Succeptible-ardent-tender affection-Love! -Disma Vernon, the most beautiful creature I ever beheld, is love with him, the bandy-legged, bull-nearbest, imping scoundrel !-Richard the Third in all but his hump-beck !-And yet the opportunities he must have had during his cursed course of lectures; and the fellow's flowing and easy strain of sentiment; and the fellow's flowing and easy strain of sentiment; and the fellow's flowing and easy strain of sentiment; and scale with common servery one who spoke pique at him, mixed with admiration of his telents, which loaked as like the result of neglected attach-ment as any thing else. Well, and what is it to me that i sheads storm and rage at it? Is Dinns Ver-nom the first pretty girl that has loved or married an agay fellow? And if she were free of every Oabal-distone of them, what concern is it of mine 7--A.Ca-thelies-a Jacobie-e tennegant into the boost-for meve look that way were user madness." By throwing such reflections on the fiame of my displeasance, I subdued it into a seri of smouldering heart-burning, and appeared at the dinner-table in as subly shuman a could well be imagined.

#### CHAPTER XIL

Drunk !---and speak parrot ?---and squabble ?---swagger ?--Meser ?--- and dimourse fustion with one's own shedow ?---OTHELLO.

T may already told you, my dear Tresham, what probably was no news to you, that my principal fault was an uncomplerable pitch of pride, which exposed me to frequent mortification. I had not eyen whis-pared to myself, that I loved Diana Veraon; yet no seemen did I hear Rashleigh talk of her as a prize which the more to carry off, or neglect, at his pleasure, than every stop, which the poor gui had taken, in the innocence and openness of her heart, to four asort of friendship with me, seemed in my eyes the meet insulting country. "Solt she would se-cuse use as a pis aller. I suppose, in caso Mr. Rash-leigh Osbaldistone should not take compassion upon hear! but I will satisfy her that I am not a person to leigh Ospataistone strong but the compassion upon her but I will satisfy her that I am not a person to be troppaned in that manner—I will make her sensi-ble that I see inrough her arts, and that I scorn them." I did not reflect for a mement, that all this indig-

a use hot meter to a moment, that an use hot matten; which I had no right whatever to entartain, proved that I was any thing but indifferent to Miss Vernor's charms; and I sate down to table in high ill-barnour with her and all the daughters of Eve.

Miss Vernon heard me, with aurprise, return us-gracious answers to one or two playful strokes of sa-tire, which she threw out with her usual freedom of

tise which she three work with her usual freedom of speech; but, having ne suspicion that offence was meant, she only replied to my rude repartees with jetts womewhat similar, but polished by her good tem-per, though painted by her wit. At length she per-conved it was really out of humour, and answered one of my rude speeches thus: "They say, Mr. Frank, that one may gather same. from fools—i heard coman Wilfred refuse to play any longer at sudgets the other day with cousin Thornic, because cousin Thornic got angry, and siruck harder than the rules of amicable combet, it seems, per-mitted 'Were I to break your head in good earnest, "and' Honest Wilfred, 'I care not how angry you are, for J should do it so much the more easily — but H's back is mano-behaves — De you understand the massed of this, Frank ?" you back in make-beli moral of this, Frank?

"<sup>A</sup> have never felt myself under the necessity, inadam, of studying how to extract the alender por-tion of squae with which this family season their conversation." "Necessity! and madem !-You surprise me, Mr. Chimblistone."

am unfortunate in doing so."

"An anormanto in tong on "An I to appose that this capricious tone is ac-tions: ob is it any accurch, to make your good-ha-Hour more valuable?"

"You have a zight to the attention of samany

gentlemen in this family, Miss. Vernee, that is eas, not he worth your while to inquire into the came at . my stupidity and had spirits. "What?' she said, "am I to understand, then, that you have deserted my faction, and gone over to

the oneny?". Then, looking across the table, and observing that Rashleigh, who was seated opposite, was watching us with a singular expression of intereston his hard features, she continued,

"Horrible thought t-Ay, new I see 'tis true,, For the grim-viaged Rashleigh smiles on me, And points at thee for his t-----

was, shalk reaven, and the unprotected state which has taught me endurance. I do not take offence easily, and that I may not be forced to quarrel, whether I like it or no. I have the honour, earlier than used, to wish you a happy digestion of your dinner and your bad humour." Well, thank Heaven, and the unprotected state which

bad humour." And she left the table accordingly. Upon Miss Vernon's departure, I found mynelf very little satisfied with my own conduct. I had baried back offered kindness, of which circumstances hed but lately pointed out the honest suncerity, and I hed but just stopped short of insulting the besutiful, and, as she had said with some emphasis, the unprotected being by whom it was profilered. My conduct seem-ed brutal in my own eyes. To combat or drewn these painful reflections, I applied mynel more fre-quently than usual to the wine which circulated on the table.

the table. The agitated state of my feelings combined with my habits of temperance to give rapid effect to the beverage. Habitual topers, I believe, acquire the power of soaking themselves with a quantity of i-quor that does little more than maddy those intellects. quor that does little more than mandy those untileters, which, in their sober state, are none of the clearst; but men who are strangers to the voice of drunken-ness as a habit, are more powerfully acted upon by intoxicating liquors. My spirits, once aroused, be came extravagant; I talked a great deal, argued upon what I knew nothing of, told stories of which I for-with the nothing of, told stories of which I forgot the point, then laughed immoderately at my own forgetfulness; I accepted several bets without having the least judgment; I challenged the giant John ts wrestle with me, although he had kept the ring s Hexham for a year, and I never tried so much as e single fail

Hexham for a year, and I never trace so makes as single fall. My unclo had the goodness to interpose and pro-vent this consummation of drunken fally, which I suppose, would have otherwise ended in my seck be-ing broken. It has even been reported by maligners, that I same, a song while under this vincous influence; but, as I remember nothing of it, and never attempted to brra-a tune in all my lice before or since, I would willingly incom there is no actual foundation for the calumar. a tune in all my life before or since, I would willingty hope there is no actual foundation for the calumny. I was absurd enough without this exergentions Without positively loaing my senses. I speadily loss all command of my temper, and my isspensors while down sulky and discontented, and disposed to be ab-tent wire sensered ma houracions, disputations How survy and discontentier, and disposed to be lent-the wine readered me loquacious, disputation and quarteleome. I contradiced whatever was a ded, and attacked, without any respect to my uni-table, both his politics and his relation. The et anderstion of Rashleigh, which he well inner to o malify with initiation reading to man and the ed moderstion of Rashleigh, which he well know to qualify with irritating ingredients, was even protoking to me than the noisy and bullyne guage of his obstreperous brothers. My uncle, him justice, endeavoured to bring us to order his authority was lost amidst the tumult of wi passion. At length, frantic of some real, or a injurious insinuation, I actually struck Reashler inty fist. No Stoic philosopher, superior to the passion and that of others, could have result inself did not think it apparently worth while to .m Thorachiff resented for him. Swords were a and we exchanged one or two passes, when that brothers separated us by main force; and I sho we forget the diabolical snew which writhed leigh's wayward features, as I was forced from apartment. by the main strength of two of the

## Casta MILL.

youndal Titms. They seemed me is may apartment by locking the door, and I heard them, to my inex-pressible rage, laugh heartily as they descended the stars. I essayed in my fury to break out; but the windaw-grates, and the strength of a door clenched with iron, resisted my efforts. At length I threw myself on my bed, and fell asleep amidst vows of dime revenue to be taken in the ensuing day. But with the morning cool repentance enne. I felt, in the keenest manner, the violence and absurd-ity of my conduct, and was obliged to confess that wine and pession had lowered my intellects even be-low those of Wilfred Osbaldistone, whom I held in so means soothed by meditating the necessity of an spelogy for my improper behaviour, and recollecting

no means southed by meditating the necessity of an apalogy for my improper behaviour, and recollecting that Miss Vernon must be a witness of my submis-sion. The impropriety and unkindness of my con-duct to her personally, added not a little to these gal-ing comsiderations, and for this I could not even plead the missrable excuse of intoxication.

ing.commerstions, and for this I could not even plead the missrable excuse of intoxication. Under all these aggravating feelings of shame and degradation, I descended to the breakfast-hall, like a criminal to receive seatence. It chanced that a hard froze had rendered it impossible to take out the hoands, so that I had the additional mortification to meet the family, excepting only Rashleigh and Miss Verpoo, in full divan, surrounding the cold venison-pasty and chine of beef. They were in high glee as I entered, and I could easily imagine that the jests were furnished at my expense. In fact, what I was disposed to consider with serious pain, was regarded as an excellent good joke by my uncle, and the greater part of my cousins. Sir Hildebrand, while he rallied me on the exploits of the preceding evening, swore he thought a young fellow had better be thrice drunk in cons day, than sneak sober to bed like a presbyte-rian, and leave a batch of honest fellows, and a dou-ble quart of elaret. And to back this comsolatory speech, he poured out a large bumper of brandy, ex-horing me to swallow "a hair of the deg that had bit me." " Never mind these lads laughing, nevoy." he con-

Northers are an event of the second s

Ill-nature was not the fault of my cousins in gene-Ill-nature was not the fault of my cousins in gene-ral, they saw I was vexed and hurt at the recollec-tions of the preceding evening, and endeavoured, with crumsy kindness, to remove the painful impression they, had made on me. Thorncliff alone looked sul-lem, and unreconciled. This young man had never liked me from the beginning; and in the marks of attention occasionally shown me by his brothers, awkwand as they were, he alone had never joined. If it was true, of which, however, I began to have my doubts, that he was considered by the family, or re-garded himself, as the destined husband of Miss Ver-moon, a semiment of jealousy might have sprung up

gravided himself, as the destined husband of Miss Ver-mon, a sentiment of jealousy might have spring up inf his mind from the marked predilection which it was that young lady's pleasure to show for one, whom Thorncliff might, perhaps, think likely to become a dangerous rival. Rashleigh at last entered, his visage as dark as mourning wed, brooding, I could not but doubt, over the unjustifiable and disgraceful insult I had offered to him. I had already settled in my own mind how I was to behave on the ecossion, and had schooled my-more to behave on the aconsion, and had schooled mythe penave on the eccession, and had schooled myling, but in apologizing for, an injury so much provocation I might have to TEC

The many set of the excessive hospitality of Os-firstone Hard and the excessive hospitality of Os-transment of the set of the set

dr-a me, if I call him son more I-Why, Rachie, does stand there like a log? Sorry for it is all a gentle-man can say, if he happens to do any thing awry, especially over his claret.—I served in Hounslow, and should know something, I think, of affairs of honour. Let me hear no more of this, and we'll go in a body and rummage out the badger in Birken-wood-bank." Rachiet?

in a body and rummage out the bauger in bursen-wood-bank." Rashleigh's face resembled, as I have already no-ticed, no other countenance that I ever saw. But in the mode of changing their expression. Other coun-tenances, in altering from grief to joy, or from anger to satisfaction, pass through some brief interval, ere the expression of the predominant passion supersedes entirely that of its predecessor. There is a sort of twilight like that between the clearing up of the darkness and the rising of the sun, while the swollow muscles subside, the dark eye dears, the forehead re-laxes and expands itself, and the whole countenance loaces its sterner shades, and becomes serene and placid. Rashleigh's face exhibited none of these the expression of one passion to that of the contrary. I can compare it to nothing but the sudden shifting of a scene in the theatre, where, at the whistle of the prompter, a cavern disappears, and a grove arises.

of a scene in the theatre, where, at the whistle of the prompter, a cavern disappears, and a grove arises. My attention was strongly arrested by this pecu-liarity on the present occasion. At Rashleigh's first entrance, "black he stood as night?" With the same iuffexible countenance he heard my excuse and his-father's exhortation; and it was not until Sir Hilde-brand had done speaking, that the cloud cleared away. at once, and he expressed, in the kindest and most will terms his neffect estifaction with the war

at once, and he expressed, in the killuest and knows civil terms, his perfect satisfaction with the very, handsome apology I had offered. "Indeed," he said, "I have so poor a brain myself, when I impose on it the least burden beyend my usual three glasses, that I have only, like bonest Cas-in a war usual satisfaction of the confision of last Vitin 1 impose on the least batter batter cas-sio, a very vague recollection of the confusion of lagt night-remember a mass of things, but nothing dis-tinctly-a quarrel, but nothing wherefore—So, my dear cousin," he continued, shaking me kindly by the hand, "conceive, how much I am relieved, by finding that I have to receive an apology, instead of having to make one—I will not have a word said, upon the subject more; I should be very foolish to institute any scratiny into an account, when the balance, which I expected to be against me, has been so unexpectedly and agreesbly struck in my favour. You see, Mr. Osbaldistone, I am practising the lan-guage of Lombard Street, and qualifying myself for my new calling." my new calling."

As I was about to answer, and raised my eyes for the purpose, they encountered those of Miss Vernon, who, having entered the room unobserved during the who, having entered the room unobserved during the conversation, had given it her close attention. Abash-ed and confounded, I fixed my eyes on the ground, and made n.y escape to the breakfast-table, where I herded among my busy cousine. My uncle, that the events of the preceding day might not pass out of our memory without a practi-cal moral lesson, took occasion to give Rashleigh

cal morn) lesson, took occasion to give Rashleigh and me his serious advice to correct our milkson. Itabits, as he termed them, and gradually to inure our brains to bear a gentlemanlike quantity of liquor, without brawls or breaking of heads. He recom-mended that we should begin puddling with a regular quart of claret per day, which, with the aid of March, beer and brandy, made a handsome competence for a-beginner in the art of toping. And for our encou-ragement, he assured us that he had known many a-man who had lived to our vers without having drunk. regement, he assured us that he ned known many as man who had lived to our years without having drink. a pint of wine at a sitting, who yet, by failing into honest company, and following hearty example, had afterwards been numbered among he best good fellows of the time, and could carry off their six bottles under their belt quietly and comfortably, without, brawling or babbling, and be neither sick nor sorry

Two field, and consider how much of my miscon-the next morning. Superstance Hall." The next morning. Superstance Hall." The next morning. Superstance Hall." The next morning. Superstance Hall." Superstance Hall." The next morning. Superstance Hall." Superstan

non's looks fixed on me, in which I thought I could read grave compassion blended with regret and disread grave compassion blended with regref and dis-pleasure. I began to consider how I should seek a scene of explanation and apology with her also, when she gave me to understand she was determined to save me the trouble of soliciting an interview. "Cou-sin Francia" she and addression interview. save me the trouble of soliciting an interview. "Cou-sin Francis," she said, addressing me hy the same title she used to give to the other Osbaldistones, al-though I had, properly speaking, no title to be called her kinsman, "I have encountered this morning a difficult passage in the Divina Commédia of Dante; will you have the goodness to step to the library and

will you have the goodness to step to the library and give me your assistance ? and when you have un-earthed for me the meaning of the obscure Floren-tine, we will join the rest at Birkenwood-bank, and see their luck at unearthing the badger." I signified, of course, my readiness to wait upon her. Rashleigh made an offer to accompany us. "I am something better skilled," he said, "at tracking the sense of Dante through the metaphors and eli-sions of his wild and gloomy poem, than at hunting the poor inoffeneius hermit wonder out of his cave."

sions of his wild and gloomy poem, than at hunting the poor inoffensive hermit yonder out of his cave." "Pardon me, Rashleigh," said Miss Vernon; "but as you are to occupy Mr. Francis's place in the count-ing-house, you must surrender to him the charge of your pupil's education at Osbaldistone Hall. We shall call you in, however, if there is any occasion; so pray do not look so grave upon it. Beaides, it is a shame to you not to understand field-sports-What will you do should our uncle in Crane-Alley ask you the signs by which you track a badger ?" "Ay, true, Die,-true," said Sir Hildebrand, with a sign. "I misdoubt Rashleigh will be found short at the leap when he is put to the trial. An he would ha'

sigh. "I misdoubt Rashleigh will be found short at the leap when he is put to the trial. An he would ha' learned useful knowledge like his brothers, he was bred up where it grew, I wues; but French antics, and book-learning, with the new turnips, and the rata, and the Hanoverians, ha' changed the world that I ha' known in Old England—But come along with us, Rashie, and carry my hunting-staff, man; thy cousin tacks none of thy company as now, and I wonna ha' Die crossed—M's ne'er be sid there was but one woman in Osbaldistone Hall, and she died for lack af her will."

of her will." Rashleigh followed his father, as he commanded, mot, however, ere he had whispered to Diana, "I sup-goes I must in discretion bring the courtier, Cere-mony, in my company, and knock when I approach the door of the library?" "No, no, Rashleigh," said Miss Vernon; "dismiss from your company the false archimage Dissimula-tion, and it will better ensure your free access to our classical consultations." So asying, she lad the way to the library and I fol-

So saying, she led the way to the library, and I fol-forwed—like a criminal I was going to say, to excer-tion; but, as I bethink me I have used the simile once, if not twice before. Without any simile at all, once, if not twice before. Without any simile at all, then, I followed, with a sense of awkward and con-scieus embarrasament, which I would have given a great deal to shake off. I thought it a degrading and unworthy feeling to attend one on such an occasion, awing breathed the air of the Continent long enough to have imbided the notion that lightness gallantry, and something approaching to well-bred self-assu-fady selects for her companion in a *tite-2-tite*. My English feelings, however, were too many for my French education, and I made, I believe, a very gitful figure, when Miss Vernon, seating herseff inajestically in a huge elbow-chair in the library, like a judge about to hear a cause of importance, signed to me to take a chair opposite to her, (which I did, much like the poor fellow who is going to be tried,) and entered upon conversation in a tone of star irony.

itter irony.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

Dire was his thought, who first in poison stoop'd The weanog form'd for slaughter-direr his, And worthier of damastion, who instill'd The mortal venous in the social cup, To fill the weise with desth instead of life. Amer

"Upow my word, Mr. Francis Osbeldistone," said Biss Vernon, with the air of one who thought her-

self fully entitled to assume the privilege of ironical reproach, which she was pleased to exert, "your character improves upon us, sir—I could not have thought that it was in you. Yesterday might be coa-sidered as your assuy-piece, to prove yourself ended to be free of the corporation of Osbaldistone Hall. But it was a masterpiece." "I am quite scnsible of my ill-breeding, Miss Ver-

a m quite sensible of my ill-breeding, Miss Ver-non, and I can only say for myself, that I had re-ceived some communications by which my spirits were unusually agitated. I am conscious I was im-pertinent and absurd."

perment and ansurd." "You do yourself great injustice," said the merci-less monitor—"you have contrived, by what I saw and have since heard, to exhibit in the course of one evening a happy display of all the various masterly qualifications which distinguish your several cousies; "the genuite and greater the heart of the heart of the several cousies." quaincations which distinguish your several cousas; -the genetic and generous temper of the benevolent Rashleigh, -the temperance of Percie, -the cool courage of Thorncliff, -John's akill in dog-breaking, -Dickon's aptitude to betting, -all exhibited by the single individual Mr. Francis, and that with a selec-

single individual Mr. Francis, and that with a selec-tion of time, place, and circumstance, worthy the taste and sagacity of the sepient Wilfred." "Have a little mercy, Miss Vernon," said I; for I confess I thought the schooling as severe as the case merited, especially considering from what quar-ter it came, "and forgive me if I suggest, as an eff-cuse for follies I am not usually guilty of, the costom

cuse for follies I am not usually guilty of, the custom of this house and country. I am far from approving of it; but we have Shakspeare's authority for saying, that good wine is a good familiar creature, and that any man living may be overtaken at some time." Ay, Mr. Francis, but he places the panegyric and the apology in the mouth of the greatest villais his pencil has drawn. I will not, however, abuse the ad-vantage your quotation has given me, by overwhelm-ing you with the refutation with which the victim Cassio replies to the tempter I ago. I only wish you toknow, that there is one person at least sorry to see a youth of talents and expectations sink into the

see a youth of talents and expectations sink into the slough, in which the inhabitants of this house are nightly wallowing." "I have but wet my shoe, I assure you, Mise Vernon, and am too sensible of the filth of the pad-dle to step further in." "If such be your resolution," she replied, "it is a wise ons. But I was so much vexed at what I heard, that your concerns have pressed before my own.— You behaved to me vesterday during dinner, as it something had been told you which lessend or low-ered me in your opinion.—I beg leave to ask you what it was?" it was?

I was stupified-the direct bluntness of the demand

it was ?" I was stupified—the direct bluntness of the demand was much in the style one gentleman uses to another, when requesting explanation of any part of his con-duct in a good-humoured yet determined manner, and was totally devoid of the circumlocutions, aba-dings, softenings, and periphrasis, which usually so-company explanations betwirt persons of different sexes in the higher orders of society. I remained completely embarrassed; for it pressed on my recollection, that Rashleigh's communica-tions, supposing them to be correct, ought to have rendered Miss Vernon, rather an object of my com-passion, than of my pettigh resontment; and have they furnished the best apology fossible for my even in detailing what inferred such necessary and nature offence to Miss Vernon's feelings. She observed my peremptory, but still temperate and civil. "I hope Mr. Osbaldistone does not dispers and who can protect me; it is, therefore, just that its permitted to protect myself." I endeavoured with hesitation to throw the biasy of my rude behaviour upon indisposition—upon disposition—upon the

of my ride behaviour upon indisposition — upon a agreeable letters from London. She suffered use t exhaust my apologies, and fairly to run me aground, listening all the while with a smalle of the

Inte incredulity. "And now, Mr. Francis, having gone throw prologue of excuses with the same bad gre igh y which all prologues are delivered, please to draw the curtain, and show me that which I desire to see. In a word, let me know what Rashleigh says of me; for he is the grand cugineer and irst mover of all the machinery of Ostaldistone Hall.

"But supposing there was any thing to tell, Miss Vernon, what does he deserve that betrays the secrets of one ally to another ?-Rashleigh, you yourself told ma, remained your siv, though no longer your friend." "I have neither patience for evasion, nor inclina-

tion for jesting, on the present subject in Michine cannot—ought not—dars not, hold any language re-specting me, Diana Vernon, but what I may demand to hear repeated. That there are subjects of secrecy spectrum; me, Liana vernon, out what I may demand to hear repeated. That there are subjects of secrecy and confidence between us, is most certain; but to such, his communications to you could have no rela-tion; and with such, I, as an individual, have no con-cert." carn

I had by this time recovered my presence of mind, and hastily determined to avoid making any disclo-sure of what Rashleigh had told me in a sort of confidence. There was something unworthy in retailing fidence. There was something unworthy in retailing private conversation; it could, I thought, do no good, and must necessarily give Miss Vernon great pain. I therefore replied, gravely, "that nothing but frivo-lous talk had passed between Mr. Rashleigh Osbald-istone and me on the state of the family at the Hall; and I protested, that nothing had been said which left a serious impression to be disadvantage. As a gentlement, I said, I could not be more explicit in re-porting survets conversation."

sorting private conversation." She started up with the animetion of a Camilla about to advance into battle. "This shall not serve your turn, sir, -- I must have another enswer from you." Her features kindled-her brow became flushed you." Her features kindled—her brow became flushed —ker eye glanced wild fire as she proceeded. "I de-mand such an explanation, as a woman basely slan-dered has a right to demand from every man who calls himself a gentleman—as a creature, motherjess, friendless, slone in the world, left to her own gui-dance and protection, has a right to require from every being having a happier lot, in the name of that God who sent them into the world to enjoy, and her to suffer. You shall not deny me—or," she added, look-ing solemnly upwards, "you will rue your denial, if there is justice for wrong either on earth or in hea-wen." ren

I was utterly astonished at her vehemence, but felt, thus conjured, that it became my duty to lay aside ecrupulous delicacy, and gave her briefly, but dis-tinctly, the heads of the information which Rashleigh had conveyed to me.

She sate down and resumed her composure, as **con as I entered upon the subject**, and when I stop-ed to seek for the most delicate turn of expression, she repeatedly interrupted me, with "Go on-pray go on; the first word which occurs to you is the plain-est, and must be the best. Do not think of my feel-ings, but speak as you would to an unconcerned third energy." party

Thus urged and encouraged, I stammered through all the account which Rashleigh had given of her early contract to marry an Osbaldistone, and of the succertainty and difficulty of her choice; and there I would willingly have paused. But her penetration discovered that there was still something behind, and

wen guessed to what it related. Well, it was ill-natured of Rashleigh to tell this Well, it was ill-natured of Rashleigh to tell this the oa me. I aru like the poor girl in the fairy tale, who was betrothed in her cradle to the Black Bear af Norway, but complained chiefly of being called Bruzia's bride by her companions at school. But be-the set is this, Rashleigh said something of himself who was the Rashleigh said something of himself "He certainly hinted, that were it not for the idea a supplanting his brother, he would now, in conse-sence of his change of profession, be desirous that word Rashleigh should fill up the blank in the memsation, instead of the word Thoracliff." Ay 7: indeed 7" she replied; "was he so very con-mending 1- Too much honour for his humble haad-mad, Diana Vernon-And she, I suppose, was to be be protored with joy could such a substitute be effect-

"To confees the truth, he intimated as much, and even further insinuated

What !-- Let me hear it all !" she exclaimed

hastily. "That he had broken off your mutual intinacy, lest it should have given rise to an affection by which his destination to the church would not permit him to profit."

"I am obliged to him for his consideration," re-plied Miss Vernon, every feature of her fine counte-nance taxed to express the most supreme degree of scorn and contempt. She paused a moment, and then said, with her usual composure, "There is but little I have heard from you which I did not expect Ittle I have heard from you which I did not expect to hear, and which I ought not to have expected; because, bating one circumstance, it is all very true. But as there are some poisons so active, that a few drops, it is said, will infect a whole fountain, so there is one falsehood in Rashleigh's communication, pow-erful enough to corrupt the whole well in which Truth herself is said to have dwelt. It is the lead-ing and four source of the work of the lead-Truth herself is said to have dwelt. It is the lead-ing and foul falsehood, that, knowing Rashleigh as I have reason too well to know him, any circum-stance on earth could make me think of sharing my lot with him. No," she continued, with a sort of in-ward shuddering that seemed to express involuntary horror, "any lot rather than that—the soi, the gamb-ler, the bully, the jockey, the insensate fool, were a thousand times preferable to Rashleigh;—the con-vent—the jail—the grave, shall be welcome before them all."

There was a sad and melancholy cadence in her voice, corresponding with the strange and interest ing romance of her situation. So young, so beauti-ful, so untaught, so much abandoned to herself, and deprived of all the support which her sex derives from the countenance and protection of female friends, and even of that degree of defence which arises from the forms with which the sex are approached in civi-lized life,—it is scarce metaphorical to say, that my heart bled for her. Yet there was an expression of heart bled for her. Yet there was an expression of dignity in her contempt of ceremony—of upright feel-ing in her disdain of falsehood—of firm resolution in the manner in which she contemplated the dangers by which she was surrounded, which blended my pity with the warmest admiration. She seemed a princess descried by her subjects, and deprived of her princess descried by her subjects, and deprived of her power, yet still scorning those formal regulations of society which are created for persons of an inferior rank; and, amid her difficulties, relying boldy and confidently on the justice of Heaven, and the un shaken constancy of her own mind. I offered to express the mingled feelings of sym-pathy and admiration with which her unfortunate situation and her high spirit combined to impress we but he impress plane on the store.

situation and her high spirit combined to impress me, but she imposed silence on me at once. "I told you in jest." she said, "that I disliked com-pliments—I now tell you in carnest, that I do not ask sympathy, and that I despise consolation. What I have borne. I have borne—What I am to bear, I will sustain as I may no word of commiseration can make a burden feel one feather's weight lighter to the make a burden del one reacher sweight lighter to take alave who must carry it. There is only one human being who could have assisted me, and that is be who has rather chosen to add to my embarrassment -Rashleigh Osbaldistone. Yes! the time once was that I might have learned to love that man-But, -Kasnieigh Usbaldistone.-Yes! the time once was that I might have learned to love that man-But, great God! the purpose for which he insinuated him-self into the confidence of one already so forlorn-the undeviating and continued assiduity with which he underisting and continued assiduity with which he pursued that purpose from year to year, without one single momentary pause of remorse or compassion— the purpose for which he would have converted inte poison the food he administered to my mind—Gra-cious Providence I what should I have been in this world and the next, in body and soul, had I fallen under the arts of this accomplished villain " I was so much struck with the scene of perfidious freachery which these words disclosed, that I rose from my chair, hardly knowing what I did, laid my hand on the hilt of my sword, and was about to leave the apartment in search of him on whom I mighs discharge my just indignation. Almost breathless, and with eyes and loss in which scorn and indig-

nation had given way to the most lively alarm. Miss

Vernon threw hersell between me and the door of the apartment. "Stay," she said,--"stay; however just your re-sentment, you do not know half the secrets of this fearful prison-house." She then glanced her eyes anxiously round the room, and sunk her voice almost to a whisper--"He bears a charmed life; you cannot to a whisper—" He bears a charmed life; you cannot assail him without endangering other lives, and wider destruction. Had it been otherwise, in some hour of justice he had hardly been safe even from this weak hand. I told you," she said, motioning me back to my seat, "that I needled no comforter—I now tell you, I seed no avenger."

I resumed my seat mechanically, musing on what she said, and recollecting also, what had escaped me in my first glow of resentment, that I had no title whatever to constitute myself Miss Vernon's champion. She paused to let her own emotions and mine subside, and then addressed me with more composure.

"I have already said, that there is a mystery con-mented with Rashleigh, of a dangerous and fatal na-tura. Villain as he is, and as he knows he stands coavicted in my eyes, I cannot-dare not, openly break with or defy him. You also, Mr. Osbaldistone, ment bear with him with patience, foil his artifices by opposing to them prudence, not violence; and, above all, you must avoid such scenes as that of last which cannot but give him write us darger night, which cannot but give him perilous advantages over you. This caution I designed to give you, and it was the object with which I desired this interview; but I have extanded my confidence further than I proposed."

proposed." I assured her it was not misplaced. "I do not believe that it is," she replied. "You have that in your face and manners which authorizes trust. Let us continue to be friends. You need not fear," she said, laughing, while she blushed a little, yes speaking with a free and unembarraseed voice, "that friendship with us should prove only a specious name, as the poet says, for another feeling. I belong, in habits of thinking and acting, rather to your sex, with which I have always been brought up, than to may own. Besides, the fatal veil was wrapt round may own. Besides, the fatal veil was wrapt round may remove it. The time," she added, "for express-ing my final determination is not strived, and I would is have the freedom of wild heath and open as wish the other commoners of nature, as long as air with the other commoners of nature, as long as air wild the ether commoners of nature, as long as I can be permitted to cajoy them. And now that the passage in Dante is made so clear, pray go and see what is become of the badger-baiters—My head aches so much that I cannot join the party." I left the library, but not to join the banters. I felt that a solitary walk was necessary to compose my spinis, before I again trusted myself in Rashleigh's common, whose derith of calculating will any had been

spania, before I again trusted myself in Rashleigh's company, whose depth of calculating villany had been any strikingly exposed to me. In Dubourg's family, (as he was of the reformed persuasion,) I had heard many a tale of Romish prisets, who gratified, at the expense of friendship, hospitality, and the most sa-cuse uses of social life, those passions, the blamelees instiguence of which is denied by the rules of their order. But the deliver a system of underships. orden. But the deliberate system of undertaking the matched allied to his own family, with the perfidi-matched allied to his own family, with the perfidi-remrpose of ultimately seducing her, detailed as it by the intended victim with all the glow of vir-Citing in ar researtment, seemed more atrocious to me than worst of the tales I had beard at Bourdeaux, and at it would be extremely difficult for me to meet £ A near it would be extremely difficult for me to meet Realizing, and yet to suppress the abhorrance with which he inspressed me. Yet this was absolutely necessary, not only on account of the mysterious charge which Diana had given me, but because I had, in reality, no estensible ground for quartelling with him.

I therefore resolved, as far as possible, to meet The therefore resourced, as here as possible, to most analysis of the same family; and and along our residence in the same family; and along a should depart for London, I resolved to give Derve at least such a hint of his character as might a data an his grand over my father's interests.

Avarice or ambition, I thought, might have a greater charms, for a mind constituted like fast leight's, than unlawful pleasure; the energy of hidds racter, and his power of assuming all seeming so qualities, were likely to procure him a high degre NTHE O confidence, and it was not to be hoped, that aith good faith or gratitude would prevent him from the sing it. The task was somewhat difficult especially in my circumstances, since the caution which there out might be imputed to jealousy of my ival, or m-ther my successor, in my father's lavour. Yet I thought it absolutely necessary to frame such a letter leaving it to Owen, who, in his own line, was way, prudent, and circumspect, to make the necessary up of his knowledge of Rashleigh's true character. Such a letter, therefore, I indited, and dispatched to the put-

A letter, therefore, I matted, and answer with the first orgorithmity. At my meeting with Rashleigh, he, as well as, appeared to have taken up distant ground, and to be disposed to avoid all pretext for collision. He we probably conscious that Miss Vernou's communic-tions he down we for any the taken to be the taken to be the second to be a second probably conscious that Miss Vemon's communic-tions had been unfavourable to him, though beself not know that they extended to discoverage is me-ditated villany towards her. Our intercourse, there-fore, was reserved on both sides, and turned a mi-jects of little interest. Indeed, his star at the interest interest. Indeed, his star at the during which I only remarked two circumstances in-specting him. The first was, the rapid and almost specting him. The first was, the rapid and almost intuitive manner in which his powerful and stars mind seized upon and arranged the elementary pom-cilles necessary in his new morfession. Which has ciples necessary in his new profession, which he studied hard, and occasionally made parale of in progress, as if to show me how light it was for him to lift the burden which I had flung down from very The other weariness and inability to carry it. weathers and inability to carry it. The owner markable circumstance was, that, notwithstandig the injuries with which Miss Vernon charged Bab leigh, they had several private interviews together considerable length, although their bearing together each other in public did not seem more cordia is usual.

When the day of Rashleigh's departure arrived in father bade hum farewell with indifference; his in thers, with the ill-concealed gles of schoolbors, who see their taskmaster depart for a season, and ind a see their taskmaster depart for a senson, and het a joy which they dare not express; and I myself with cold politoness. When he approached Miss Verson, and would have saluted her, she drew back with a look of haughty diadain; but said, as she examine her hand to him, "Farewell, Rashleigh, God small you for the good you have done, and forgive you for the evil you have meditaded." "Amen, my fair cousin," he replied, with an sired sanctity, which belonged, I thought to be senanty of Saint Omers; "happy is he whose god insert thoughts have perished in the blossom." These were his parting words, "Accompliable byportiel," said Miss Voron to method.

These were his parting words, "Accompliant bypocrite!" said Miss Vernon to me as the user closed behind him-" how nearly can what we men despise and hate approach in outward manner to that which we most venerate!

I had written to my father by Rashleigh, and a few lines to Owen, besides the confidential let which I have already mentioned, and which I thou it more proper and prudent to dispatch by and conveyance. In these epistles, it would have b natural for me to have pointed out to my father avoiat for me to have pointed out to my rama-my friend, that I was at present in a situation who I could improve myself in no respect unless m the mysteries of hunting and hawking; and was was not unlikely to forget, in the company of me manne and have grooms and horse-boys, any useful knowless elegant accomplishments which I had hilterate quired. It would also have been natural that land have expressed the disgust and tudium which I a itely to feel among beings; whose whole souls w centred in field-sports or more degrading pasting that I should have complained of the habitant temperance of the family in which I was a guest, the difficulty and almost resentment with which uncle Sir Hildebrand received any apology for a which ray father, himself a man of severe temper-ance, was likely to be easily alarmed, and to have souched upon this spring would to a certainty have opened the doors of my prison-house, and would be doors of my prison-house, and would either have been the means of abridging my exile, or at less would have procured me a change of resi-

dence during my rustication. I say, my dear Treshame that, considering how very uppleasant a prolonged residence at Oshaldistone Hall must have been to a young man of my age, and with my habita, it might have seemed very na-tural that I should have pointed out all these disadtural that I should have pointed out all these disad-vantages to my father, is order to obtain his consent for leaving my uncle's mansion. Nothing, however, as more certain, than that I did not say a single word to this purpose in my letters to my father and Owen. If Oubaldistone Hall had been Athens in all its pris-time glory of learning, and inhabited by sages, heroes, and peets, I could not have expressed less inclina-tion to have it.

If they hast any of the salt of youth left in thee, Treakam, they will be at no less to account for my silence on a topic seemingly so obvious. Mise Ver-noa's actreme beauty, of which are herself seemed as non's extreme beauty, of which she herself seemed so bitle conscious, —her romantic and mysterious situr-tion, —the evils to which she was exposed, —the cour-age with which she seemed to face them, —her man-mers, more frank than belonged to her sex, yet, as it meaned to me, exceeding in frankness only from the dauntiess consciousness of her innocence, —shows all, the obvious and fastering distinction which she made in my favour over all other persons, were at ourse calculated to interest my best feelings, to excite any surface of the she may imagination, and gratify ousse calculated to interest my best feelings, to excite any curiosity, awaken my imagination, and gratify easy vanity. I darged not, indeed, confess to myself the depth of the interest with which Miss Vernoa impired me, or the large share which she occupied in my thoughts. We read together, walked together, rade together, and sate together. The studies which she had broken off upon her quarrel with Rashleigh, she now resumed under the supices of a tutor, whose views were uses sincers, though his capacity was eva were ason ir more limited.

In much, I was by no means qualified to assist her an the procession of several profound studies which who had commenced with Eashleigh, and which ap-peared to me more fitted for a churchman than for a Searciful female. Neither can I conceive with what view he should have engaged Diama in the gloomy annees of casuistry which schoolmen called philosophy, or in the equality abstrues, though more certain sci-meses of mathematics and astronomy; unless it were to break down and confound in her mind the dif-ference and distinction between the seres, and ha-bitunts her to trains of suble reasoning, by which the might at his own time invest that which is wrong with the colour of that which is right. It was in the seame opini, though in the latter case the evil purpose In much, I was by no means qualified to assist her me epsit, though in the latter case the evil purpose means and the state of the second of the second of the second ad encouraged Miss Vernon in setting at nought deepising the forms and ceremonial limits which and drays nound females in modern society. It is are drawn round females in modern society. It is are, she was sequestered from all female company, and could not learn the usual rules of decorum, Ther from example or precept; yet such was her mate modesty, and accurate sense of what was ight and wrong, that she would not of herself have append the bold uncompromising manner which truck me with so much surprise on our first ac-maintance, had she not been led to conceive, that a setund of ceremony indicated at once superiority moderstanding and the confidence of conscious moderse. Her wily instructer had, no doubt, his in views in leveling those outworks which reserve s caution crect around virtue. But for these, and his other crimes, he has long since answered at a er tribunal.

were in banal. usides the progress which Miss Vernon, whose serful mind readily adopted every means of infor-tion offered to it, had made in more abstract dice, I found her no contemptible linguist, and acquainted both with ancient and modern lite-trac. Were it not that strong talents will often inclusive when they seem to have least assistance. Ver. IL

it would be almost incredible to tell the repidity of Miss Vernen's progress in knowledge; and it was still more extraordinary, when her stock of mental still more extraordinary, when her stock of mental acquisitions from books was compared with her total ignorance of actual life. It seemed as if she saw and knew every thing, except what passed in the world around her; and I believe it was this very ignorance and simplicity of thinking upon ordinary subjects, so strikingly contrasted with her fund of general know-ledge and information, which rendered her conver-sation so irresistibly fascinating, and riveted the attention to whatever she said or did; since it was absolutely impossible to anticinate whether her mert absolutely impossible to anticipate whether her next absolutely impossible to anticipate whether her next word or action was to display the most acute per-ception, or the most profound simplicity. The degree of danger which necessarily stiended a youth of my age and keen feelings from remaining in close and constant intimacy with an object so annia le, and so peculiarly interesting, all who remember their own sectiments at my age may easily estimate

#### CHAPTER XIV.

# Yon lamp its line of quivering light Shoots from my lady's bower; But why should Beauty's lamp be bright At midnight's leavity hour 3 Off B

Two mode of life at Osbaldistone Hall was too uniform to admit of description. Diana Vernon and I enjoyed much of our time in our mutual studies ; the rest of the family killed theirs in such sports and pastimes as suited the seasons, in which we also took the rest of the family killed theirs in such sports and pastimes as suited the seasons, in which we also took a share. My uncle was a man of habits, and by habit became so much accustomed to my presence and mode of life, that, upon the whole, he was rather fond of me than otherwise. I might probably have risen yet higher in his good graces, had I employed the same arts for that purpose which were used by Rashleigh, who, availing himself of his father's dis-inclination to business, had gradually insinuated him-self into the management of his property. But although I readily gave my uncle the advantage of my pen and my arithmetic so often as he desired to correspond with a neighbour, or settle with a tenagt, and was, in so far, a more useful immeties in his family than any of his sona, yet I was not willing to oblige Sir Hildebrand, by relieving him entirely from the management of his due that nevoy Frank was asteady.' handy lad, he seldom failed to remark in the same breath, that he did not think he should ha' missed Rashleigh so much as he was like to do. As it is particularly unpleasant to reside in a fa-mily where we are at variance with any part of it, I made some efforts to overcome the ill-will which any cousins entertained against me. I acknanged my laced hat for a jockey-cap, and made some progressin their opinion ; I broke a young colt in a meaner which pledged with Percie, placed me on an easy and fa-miling there already noticed the dislike entertained against me by this young fellow, who, as he had ra-

I have already noticed the dislike entertained against me by this young fellow, who, as be had ra-ther more sense, had also a much worse temper, than any ôf his brethren. Sullen, dogged, and quarrel-some, he regarded my residence at Osbaldistone Hall some, he regarded my restance of obstantiations from as an intrusion, and viewed, with envious and jealous eyes, my intimacy with Diana Vernon, whom the effect proposed to be given to a certain family-com-pact assigned to him as an intended source. That pact assigned to him as an intended spouse. pact assigned to nim as an intended spouse. That he loved her could scarcely be said, at least without much misapplication of the word; but he regarded her as something appropriated to himself, and re-sented internally the interference which he knew net how to prevent or interrupt. I attempted a tone of how to prevent or interrupt. I attempted a tons of conciliation towards Thorncliff on several occasions; but he rejected inv advances with a manner about as gracious as that of a growling mastiff, when the ani mal shung and resents a stranger's attempts to car ress him. I therefore abandoned him to his ill-bar mour, and gave myself no further trouble about the matter.

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**St Such was the footing upon which I stood with the** family at Osbaidistone Hall; but I ought to mention another of its inmates with whom I occasionally held some discourse. This was Andrew Fairservice, the gardener, who (since he had discovered that I was a Protostant) rarely suffered me to pass him without protestant) rarely suffered as to expense, for I never took snuff; and, secondly, it afforded an excellent apology to Andrew (who was not particularly fond of hard labour) for laying aside his spade for several minutes. But, above all, these brief interviews gave Andrew an opportunity of venting the news he had collected, or the satirical remarks which his shrewd northern humour suggested. "I am saying, sir," he said to me one evening, with a face obviously charged with intelligence, "I has been down at the Trinlay-knowe." "Well, Andrew, and I suppose you heard some news at the alchouse?" "Na, sir; I never gang to the yillhouse—that is, where a nu porthous use to gain me a, but, or the

news at the alchouse "" "Na, sir; I never gang to`the yillhouse—that is, unless ony neighbour was to gie me a pint, or the like o' that; but to gang there on ane's an coat tail, is a waste o' precious time and hard-won siller.—But I was down at the Trinlay-knowe, as I was saying, about a wee bit business o' my ain wi' Mattie Simp-con the twants a finit of was of met the trill about a wee bit business of my ain wi' Mattie Simp-son, that wants a forpit or twa o' peers, that will ne-ver be missed in the Ha'-bouse—and when we were at the thrangest o' our bargain, wha suld come in but Pate Macready the travelling merchant?" "Pedler, I suppose you mean?" "E'en as your bonour likes to ca' him; but its a creditable calling and a gainfu', and has been lang in use wi' our folk. Pate's a far awa cousin o' mine, and we were blythe to meet wi ane anither." "And you went and had a jug of ale together, I suppose, Andrew ?—For Heaven's sake, cut short your story."

your story.

your stor?." "Bide a wee-bide a wee; you southrons are aye in sic a hurry, and this is something concerns your-sell, an ye wad tak patience to hear 't-Yill ?-deil a drap o' yill did Pate offer me; but Mattie gae us baith a drap skinnmed milk, and ane o' her thick ai jan-nocks, that was as wat and raw as a divot.-O, for the bonnie girdle cakes o' the North !-and sae we sat down and took out our clavers." "I wish you would take them out just now. Pray,

But what does all this mean? or what business

have I with the devil or Jack Webster?" "Umph I" said Andrew, looking extremely know-ing, "it's just-because—just that the dirdum's a about yon man's pokmanty."

yon man's pokmanty." "Whose portmanter 1 or what do you mean ?" "Ou, just the man Morris's, that he said he lost yonder; but if it's no your honour's affair, as little is it mine; and I mauma lose this gracious evening." And, as if suddenly seized with a violent fit of in-dustry, Andrew began to labour most diligently. My attention, as the crafty knave had foreseen, was now arrested, and unwilling, at the same time, c acknowledge any narticular interest in the affair

was now arrested, and unwilling, at the same time, to acknowledge any particular interest in that affair, by asking direct questions, I stood waiting till the spirit of voluntary communication should again prompt him to resume his story. Andrew dug on manfully, and spoke at intervals, but nothing to the purpose of Mr. Macready's news; and I stood and listened, cursing him in my heart, and desirous, at the same time, to see how long his humour of con-tradiction would prevail over his desire of speaking upon the subject, which was obviously uppermost in his mind. 'Am trenching up the sparry-grass, and am graun to saw sum Misegun beans; they winna want them to theirs wine's flesh, I'se warrant-muckle guder may 't do them. And sicklike dung as the grieve has gien

ROY. [Caa. & IV. me; it should be wheat-strae, or siten at the wrnt o't, and it's pease-dirt, as fizzenless as chuckes stand. But the huntaman guides a' as he likes about thusa-ble-yard, and he's selled the best o' the lite, I've warrant. But, howsoever, we mauma loces t and this Saturday at e'en, for the wather's sair b way, and if there's a fair day in seven, Sunday's arts come and lick if op-Howsomerer, I'm no de ying that it may settle, if it be Heaven's will, ill Maday morning, and what's the use o' my breaking my back at this rate—I think, I'll e'en awa' hame, for ya's the curfew, as they ca' their jowing-in bell." Accordingly, applying ben his hands to his sade digging, and, looking at me with the air of superior-ty of one who knows himself possessed of important information, which he may communicate or time at

ty or one who knows nimeer possesse or informa-information, which he may communicate or faste at his pleasure, pulled down the sleeves of his shit, and walked slowly towards his coat, which hay careful or the slowly towards his coat, which hay careful

folded up upon a neighbouring garden-seat. I must pay the penalty of having interrupted the tiresome rascal, thought I to myself, and even grady Mr. Fairservice by taking his communication on the output of the seat of the seat of the seat of the seat of the line of the seat of the own terms. Then raising my voice, I adressed bin, "Ault after all, Andrew, what are these London news you had from your kinsman, the traveling merchant?"

merchant?" "The pedler, your honour means?" revited An-drew—" but ca' him what ye wull, they's a great convenience in a country-side that's scanto' brough-towns, like this Northumberland—That's on the cas, now, in Scotland—There's the kingdom of Fig fue Culross to the East Nuik, it's just like a great comb-ned city—Sae mony royal boroughs yoked on de end, like ropes of ingrans, with their hiestress, and their booths, nae doubt, and their kremes, and house of stane and lime and forestairs—Kinkealdy, the all o't, is langer than oney town in Radiand."

their booths, nae doubt, and their kræme, and loue of stane and lime and forestairs-Kirkeldy, desel o't, is langer than ony town in England." "I dare say it is all very spiendid and ver her-but you were Calking of the London news a lide while ago, Andrew." "Ay," replied Andrew; "but I dima thin you honour cared to hear about them-howaover, the continued, grinning a ghastly smile, "Pae lise rendy does any, that they are sair miscreed yoader in their Parnament-House about the aubotr o' lir. Morris, or whatever they ca' the dise." "In the House of Pariament, Andrew! Howcase they to mention it there?" "Ou, that's just what I said to Pate; if the your honour, I'll tell you the very word; it as owth making a lie for the matter ' Pata,' said i, 'was ado had the lords and lairds and genies at Lanam wi' the carle and his wallse? - When we had South Parliament, Pate;' says I, (and dei nu ther thrap ples that reft us o'!!) 'they sait dower down af made laws for a haill country and kinet, and new fashed their beards about things that were compar-to the judge ordinar o' the bounds; buil thin, and they wad has the twasorme o' them no the Pate way and he lows of a file pourd aff her neighbour annea they wad has the twasorme o' them no the Pate they wad has the twasorme o' them no the Pate they wad has the twasorme o' them no the Pate they wad has the twasorme o' the matter is dis here the pate the sail wife pourd aff her neighbour annea they wad has the twasorme o' them no the Pate they wad has the twasorme o' them no the Pate L, 'that if ac kail wife pou'd aff her neighbour's more they wad has the twasome o' them mue her Parts ment-House o' Lunnun. It's just,' soil as a soilly as our auld daft laird here and his goungo' sona, wi' his huntsmen and his bounds, and has ing cattle and horna, riding haild asy abre to beast that winna weigh sax punds when uny catched it.'

You argued most admirably, Andrew," willing to encourage him to get into the man

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geed to, be had fund the two loons that did the deed birling and drinking wi' him, wha but they ; and the justice took the word o' the tane for the compensance

justics took the word o' the tane for the compearance o' the tither; and that they e'en gachim leg-beil, and the honest man that had lost his siller was fain to iswe the country for fear that waur had come of it." "Can this be really true?" said L "Pate swears it's as true as that his ellwand is a ward lang—(and so it is, just bating an inch, that it may meet the English measure)—And when the chield had said his warst, there was a terrible cry for names, and out comes he wi' this man Morris's name, and your uncle's, and Squire Inglewood's, and other folk'abeside," (looking sly at me)—"And then another dragon o' a chield got up on the other side, and said, and your uncle's, and Squire Inglewood's, and other folk's beside," (looking siy at me)—"And then snother folk's beside," (looking siy at me)—"And then snother dragon o' a chield got up on the other side, and said, wad they accuse the best gentlemen in the land on the oath of a broken coward,—for it's like that Mor-ris had been drummed out o' the army for rinning awa in Flanders; and he said, it was like that Mor-ris had been drummed out o' the army for rinning awa in Flanders; and he said, it was like the story had been made up between the minister and him or ever he had left Lunnun; and that, if there was to be a search-warrant granted, he thought the siller wad be find some gato near to St. Jamc's Palace. Aweel, they trailed up Morris to their bar, as they ca't, to see what he could say to the job; but the folk that were again him, gae him sic an awfu' throughgaun about his rinnin' awa, and about a' the ill he had ever dune or said for a' the forepart o' his life, that Patie says, he looked mair like and clead than living; and they cou'dna get a word o' sense out o' him, for downright fright at their growling and routing.—He maun be a saft asp, wi a head nase better than a foxp frosted turnip—it wad hase ta'en a hantle o' them to scaur Andrew Fairservice out o' his tale." " And how did it all end, Andrew ? did your friend happen to learn ?" " Ou, ay; for as his walk's in this country, Pate put aff his journey for the space of a week or thereby,

Andrew Fairservice out o' his tale." "And how did it all end, Andrew ? did your friend happen to learn ?" "Ou, ay; for as his walk's in this country, Pate put aff his journey for the space of a week or thereby, because it wad be acceptable to his customers to bring down the news. It just a' gaed aff like moon-shine in water. The fallow that began it drew in his horns and said, that though he believed the man had been rubbit, yet he acknowledged he might has been mista' en about the particulars. And then the other chield got up, and said, he cared na whether Morris was rubbit or no, provided it wasnas to become a stain on ony gentleman's honour and reputation, especial-ly in the north of England; for, said he before them, I come frace the .north mysell, and I carena a boddle wha kens it. And this is what they ca' explaining--the tane gies up a bit, and the tither gies up a bit, and a' friends again. A weel, after the Commons' Parlia-ment had tuggit, and rived, and ruggit at Morris and his ruf'sery till they were tired o't, the Lorde' Parlia-ment they behoved to has their spell o't. In puir and Scotland's Parliament they a' sate thegither, cheek by choul, and than they didna need to has the same blethers twice ower again. But till't their lordships went wi' as muckle teeth and gude-will, as if the matter had been a' speck and span new. Forbye, there was something said about ane Campbell, that said that he suld hac had a warraft frae the Duke of Argyle, as a testimonial o' his character. And this put MacCallum More's beard in a bleize, as gude rea-son there was; and he gat up wi' an unco bang, and garr'd them a' look about them, and wad rann it even doom their throats, there was never ane o' the Camp-bells but was as wight, wise, warlike, and worthy trust, as auld Sir John the Græme. Now, if your honour's sure ye arena a drap's buid a.kin to a Campbell, as I am name mysell, see far as I can count my kin, or hea had it counted to me, I'll gis ye say mind on that matter.

wer with any gentleman of the name.

"Ou, than we may speak it quietly amang oursells. "Ou, than we may speak it quietly amang oursells. There's baith gude and bad o' the Campbells, like where names. But this MacCallum More has an inco sway and say baith, amang the grif folk at Lun-ing even now; for he canna precessely be said to being to ony o' the twa sides o' them, sae deil ane them likes to quarrel wi'hin; sae they een voted corris's tale a fause calumnions libel, as they ca's

BOY.
and if be hadna given them leg-beil, he was likely to has ta'en the air on the pillory for leasing-making." So speaking, honest Andrew collected his dibbles, spedes, and hoes, and threw them into a wheel-barrow,—leisurely, however, and allowing me full time to put any further questions which might occur to me before he trundled them off to the tool-house, there to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I thought it best to repose during the ensuing day. I should integrate the truther to the repose during the to see this countryman of yours. Andrew grinned a most significant grin,) " and I should wish to see your cousin the merchant, to ask him the particulars of what he heard in London, if it could be done without much trouble."
" Naething mair easy," Andrew observed; " he had but to hint to his consin that I wanted a pair or twe o' hose, and he wad be wi'me as fast as he could lay leg to the grund."
" Oye, assure him I shall be a customer; and an he night is, as you say, settled and fair, I shall walk in the garden until he comes; the moon will soon rise over the fells. You may bring him to the little back-gate; and I shall have pleasure, in the meanwhile, in looking on the bushes and evergreems by the bright froety moonlight."
Yara right—vara right—that's what I has after while, it os kinsman the sale of some artickes of his trade, though t is probable he would not have

him sixpence to treat him to a quart of ale. The good-will of an Englishman would have displayed both will be an angle statistic the serverse of Andrew's, thought I, as I paced along the smooth cut velves walks, which, embowered with high hedges of yaw and of holly, intersected the ancient garden of Oshal-distone Hall.

As I turned to retrace my steps, it was natural that I should lift up my eyes to the windows of the old li-brary; which, small in size, but several in number, stretched along the second story of that side of the house which now faced me. Light glanced from their house which now faced me. Light glanced from their casements. I was not surprised at this, for I knew Miss Vernon often gate there of an evening, though from motives of delicacy I put a strong restraint up-on myself, and never sought to join her at a time when I knew, all the rest of the family being engaged for the evening, our interviews must necessarily have been strictly *tete-a-tete*. In the mornings we usually read together in the same room; but then it often hapread together in the same room; but then it often hap-pened that one or other of our cousins entered to seek some parchment duodecimo that could be converted into a fishing-book, despite its gildings and illumina-tion, or to tell us of some "sport toward," or from mere want of knowing where else to dispose of themselves. In short, in the mornings the library was a sort of public room, where man and woman might meet as public room, where man and woman might meet as on neutral ground. In the evening it was very differ-ent; and, bred in a country where much attention is paid, or was at least then paid, to bienséarte, I was desirous to think for Miss Vernon concerning those points of propriety where her experience did not af-ford her the means of thinking for herself. I made her therefore comprehend, as delicately as I could, that when we had evening lessons, the presence of a third neutry was around

that when we had evening leasons, the presence of a third party was proper. Miss Vernon first laughed, then blushed, and was disposed to be displeased; and then, suddenly check-ing herself, said, "I believe you are very right; and when I feel inclined to be a very busy scholar, I will bribe old Martha with a cup of tea to sit by me and be my accen?" be my screen.

Martha, the old housekeeper, partook of the tasts of the family at the Hall. A toast and tankard would have pleased her better than all the tea in China. However, as the use of this beverage was than our

ned to the higher ranks, Martha Alt some vanity in sing asked to partake efit; and by dint of a great deal of sugar, many words scarce less sweet, and abundance of toast and batter, she was sometimes prevailed upon to give us her countenance. On other occasions, the servants almost unanimously shunned On other the library after njshfall, because it was their foolish pleasure to believe that it isy on the haunted side of the honse. The more timorous had seen sights and heard sounds there when all the rest of the house was quiet; and even the yours squires were far from ha-ving any wish to enter these formidable precincts after nightfall without necessity.

ving any wish to enter these formidable precincts af-ter nightfall without necessity. That the library had at one time been a favourite "resource of Rashleigh—that a private door out of one order of it communicated with the sequestered and "emote spartment which he chose for himself, "rather increased than disarmed the terrors which the household had for the dreaded library of Osbal-distone Hall. His extensive information as to what "passed in the world,—his profound knowledge of "wcience of every kind,—a few physical experiments which he occasionally showed off, were, in a house of so much ignorance and bigotry, estermed good rea-"sons for supposing him endowed with powers over "the spiritual world. He understood Greek, Latin, and Hebrew, and therefore, according to the appro-"mended not to care " for ghaist or barghaist, devil or dobbie." Yea, the servants perseved that they had sheard him hold conversations, in the library, when and that he spent the night in watching for bogles, and that he spent the night in watching for bogles, and that he spent the night in watching for bogles, and the morning in sleeping in his bod, when he, and the morning in sleeping in his bod, when he and the morning in sleeping in his bod, when he all there sheard memotive I had heard in bedre haldistone.

All these abourd ramours I had heard in broken All these absord ramound i had heard in broken thats and imperfect sentences, from which I was left to draw the inference; and, as easily may be sup-spend. I laughed them to acorn. But the extreme solitude to which this chamber of evil fame was committed every right after curfew time, was an ad-ditional reason why I should not intrude on Miss Wernon when ahe chees to sit there in the evening. To ream when the use a print I was not a unreaded To ream when the use a print I was not a unreaded the set of the se

"Wernon when ahe chees to sit there in the evening. To resume what I was saying, I was not surprised to see a glimmering of light from the library windows; but I was a little struck when I distinctly perceived the shadows of two persons pass along and intercept the light from the first of the windows, throwing the casement for a moment into shade. It must be old Martha, thought I, whom Diana has engaged to be "her companion for the evening, or I must have been "mistaken and taken Diana's shadow for a second casemon. No by Heaven I it appears on the second window, --two figures distinctly traced; and now it is boat again -- it is seen on the third -- on the fourth --the darkened forms of two persons distinctly seen in The darkened forms of two persons distinctly seen in each window as they pass along the room, betwixt the windows and the lights. Whon can Diana have got for a companion 7—the passage of the shadows between the lights and the casements was twice ro-peated, as if to satisfy me that my observation served me truly; after which the lights were extinguished, and the shades of course were seen no more.

Trifling as this circumstance was, it occupied my raind for a considerable time. I did not allow mysch to suppose, that my friendship for Miss Vernon had any directly selfish view; yet it is incredible the dis-pheasure I felt at the idea of her admitting any one to private interviews, at a time, and in a place, where, for her own sake, I had been at some trouble to show

"Ger that it was improper for me to meet with her. "Silly, romping, incorrigible girl!" suid I to myself, "on whom all good advice and delicacy are thrown away! I have been cheated by the simplicity of her manner, which I suppose she can assume just as she manner, which I suppose the can assume just as the sould a straw bonnet, were it the fashion, for the mere sake of celebrity. I suppose, notwithstanding the excellence of her understanding, the society of half a dozen of clowns to play at whisk and swabbers would give her more pleasure than if Ariosto himself were to awake from the dead." This reflection came the more powerfully across the milet because, having mastered up course to

show to Diana my version of the line husing a osto, I had requested her to invite Martha was party in the library that evening; to which amag ment Miss Vernon had refused her coasen, alog ment raise version and returned ner coasent, angon some appology which I thought firvious at the back I had not long speculated on this disagreeable shirt, when the back garden-door opened, and the figures at Andrew and his countryman, bending under haped, crossed the moonlight alley, and called my attended backberry elsewhere.

elsewhere. I found Mr. Macready, as I expected, a tough, a-gacious, long-headed Scotchman, and a collector of news both from choice and profession. He was also to give me a distinct account of what had paud in the House of Commons and House of Lords and the affair of Morris, which, it appears, had been saids the affair of Morris, which, it appears, had been made by both parties a touchstone to ascertain the taper of the Partiament. It appeared also, that, so like learned from Andrew by second-hand, the master ind proved too weak to support a story, inviving the character of men of rank and importance, at resting upon the credit of a person of such indifferent fame as Morris, who was, moreover, confused and contradictory in his mode of telling the story. Mor ready was even able to supply me with a copy of a printed journal, or News-Letter, seldon estanting beyond the capital, in which the substance of the de-bate was mentioned; and with a copy of the Date of beyond. the capital, in which the substance of the bate was mentioned; and with a copy of the Buteof Argyle's speech, printed upon a broadside, if with he had purchased several from the hawken, besaue, he said, it would be a saleable article on the maker between the Tweed. The first was a meage statement, find and the information I had from the Sentherman; and the Duke's speech, though spirited and eloquent, contained chiefly a panegyrit on inseas try, his family, and his clan, with a few compliance, equally sincere, perhaps, though less glowing, which he took so favourable an opportunity of prints of himself. I could not end that this person Campbell, standly Norris to have been the most active robber of the that the behalf of a Mr. Ostahlmons and by the connivance of the Justice, proceed is there would's. Veced upon the whole, as well septimized that state particular, Morris's story joursed with this extraordinary story, I dismission for the sense induced in a spectra whole, so effect on the behalf of a Mr. Ostahlmons and by the connivance of the Justice, proceed is framely independent of the state argument of a story and a small compliment to framely and a small compliment to consider you? bate was mentioned ; and with a copy of the D ought to do in defence of my character than pu attacked.

## CHAPTER XV.

s, and whigt art thos -- afterost

Average exhausting a sleeploss night in motion on the intelligence I had received, I was at fac-clined to think that I ought, as speeding as pa-to return to London, and by my open spearast pet the c. lumny which had been spread against But I hesitated to take this course on recollection with the dispective this course on recollection te in hird my father's disposition, singularly absolute t cisions as to all that concerned his family. most able, certainly, from experience, to the I ought to do, and from his acquaitance we most distinguished Whigs then in power, and ence enough to obtain a hearing for my cu upon the whole. I judged it most safe to whole story in the shape of a narrative, add my father; and as the ordinary opportunited tercourse between the Hall and the post-war and

rerourse between the Hall and the post-unva-red rarely, I determined to ride to the town, was about ten miles' distance, and deposit my in the post-office, with my own hands. Indeed I began to think it strange, that the verail weeks had elepsed since my departur home, I had received no letter, either from my or Gwan, although Rashleigh and writter a

defauld of bis safe arrivel in London, and of the kind reception he had net with from his uncle. Admitting was imperceptibly diminishing. This source of any at 1 might have been to blame, I did not deserve, in my own opinion at least, to be so totally forgotten by the Hall, I found that Sir Hildebrand and all bis offmy father; and I thought my present excursion might have the effect of bringing a letter from him to hand more early than it would otherwise have reached me. more early than it would ornerwise have reached me. But before concluding my letter concerning the af-fair of Morris, I failed not to express my earnest hope, and wish, that my father would honour me with a few fines, were it but to express his advice and com-mands in an affair of some difficulty, and where my knowledge of life could not be supposed adequate to my own guidance. I found it impossible to prevail on myself to urge my actual return to London se a place of residence, and I disguised my unwillinguess whice of residence, and I disguised my unwillinguess to do so under apparent submission to my father's will, which, as I imposed it on myself as a sufficient reasons for mot urging my final departure from Oebal-distone Hall, would, I doubted not, be received as such by my parent. But I begged permission to come to London, for a short time at least, to meet and re-fisted, concerning me, in so public a manner. Having unade ap my packet, in which my earnest desire to vindicate my character was strangely blended with reductance to quit my present place of residence, I rode over to the post town, and daposited my letter in the office. By doing so, I obtained possession, somewhat earlier than I should otherwire have done. of the following letter from my friend Mr. Owen.

"DEAR ME. FRANCIS, "YOUR received per favour of Mr. R. Oebaldistone, and note the contents. Shall do Mr. R. O. such civiand note the contents. Shall do Mr. R. O. such civi-lities as are in my power, and have taken him to see the Bank and Custom-house. He seems a sober, standy young gentleman, and takes to business; so will be of service to the firm. Could have wished another person had turned his mind that way; but God's will be done. As each may be scarce in those jearts, have to trust you will accuse my enclosing a golrismith's bill at an days' sight, on Massre. Hooper and Girder of Newcastle, for 100., which I doubt not will be dally knowered. I remain, as in duty bound, desar Mr. Frank, your very respectful and obedient servant, "*Pootecriptum.*—Hope you will advise the above

"Postscriptam.-Hope you will advise the above corning safe to hand. Am sorry we have so few of pourrs. Your father says he is as usual, but looks poorry,"

From this epistic, written in old Owen's formal syle, I was rather emprised to observe that he made acknowledgment of that private letter which I had written to him, with a view to possess him of Rash-leight's real character, although from the course of post, it seemed certain that he ought to have received st. Yes had sent it by the usual conveyance from the st. Yet had sent it by the usual conveyance from the Hall, and had no reason to suspect that it could mis-carry upon the road. As it comprised matters of great importance both to my father and to myself. I sat down in the post-office, and again write to Owen, recapitulating the heads of my forum tetter, and re-questings to know, it course of post, if it had reached him in safety. I also acknowledged the receipt of the init, and promised to make use of the contents, if encourted have any coession for money. I thought, indexed, it was odd that my father should leave the unre of supplying my necessities to his clork; but I mprocluded it was a matter arranged between them. It any rate, Owen was a bachelor, rich in his way, and participately attached to me, so that I had no meret friend to mis oblight of a small sum, which I resolved to consider as a loan, to be returned which I resolved to consider as a loan, to be returned with may earliest ability, in case it was not previously rich ray earliest ability, in case it was not previously paid by my father; and I expressed myself to this project to Mr. Owen. A shop-keeper in a hitle town, who'rn the post-master directed me, readily give in gold the amount of my bill on Messis. Hooper Carroler, so that I returned to Oshaklistone Half a al richer than I had set forth. This recruit my formances was not a matter of indifference to as I was necessarily involved in some expressos to all creates, that the sum which my traventing a E

the Hall, I found that Sir Hildebrand and all his off-spring had gone down to the little hamlet, called Triniay. Rnowes, "to see," as Andrew Fairservice expressed it, "a wheen midden cooks pike ilk ithers harns out." "It is indeed a brutal amusement, Andrew; I sup-pose you have none such in Scotland?" "Wa, na," answered Andrew boldly; then shaded away his negative with, "unless it be on Fastern's-e'en, or the like o' that-But, indeed, it's no muckle matter what the folk do to the midden pootry, for

matter what the folk do to the midden pootry, for they haud siccan a ekarting and scraping in the yard, that there's nag setting a bean or peak scepit for them. —But I am wondering what it is that leaves that tur-ret-door open; now that Mr. Rashleigh's away '' canna be him. I trow." The turret-door, to which has siluded, opened to the gardien at the bottom of a winding-stair, leading down from Mr. Rashleigh's spectraments. This, as I have already mentioned, was situated in a sequestered part of the house, communicating with the library by a private entrance, and by another intricate and dark vaulted passage with the rest of the house. A long marrow turf-walk led, between two high holly hedges, from the turret-foor to a little postern in the wall of from the turret-door to a little postern in the wall of the garden. We means of these communications Rashleigh, where movements were very independen of those of the rest of his family, could leave the Hall or return to it at pleasure, without his absence or pre-sence attracting any observation. But during his absence the stair and the turret-door were entirely disused, and this made Andrew's observation some-what remarkable.

'Have you often observed that door open ?" was

"Have you often observed that door open ?" was my question. "No just that often neither; but I has noticed it ance or twice. I'm thinking it maun has been the priset, Father Vaughan, as they ca' him. Ye'll no oatch ane o' the servants ganging up that stair, puir frightened heathens that they are, for fear of bogles and brownies, and lang-nebbit things fras the neist warld. But Father Vaughan thinks himsell a pri-vileged person-set him up and lay him down !-- I'se be baution the warst stibbler that ever stickit a ser-mon out ower the Tweed -wonder, wad lay a ghaist twige sa fast as him, wi' his boly water and his idola-trous trakets. I dima believeihe speaks gude Latin neither; at least he dime take me up when I tell him the learned names o' the plants!" Of Father Kaughan, who divided him time and his ghostly case between Osboldistone Hall, and about half-a-dozen mansions of Catholic gentemen in the

half-a-dogen manesons of Catholic-genthemen in the neighbourlood, I have as yet said nothing, for I had eeen but little. He was aged about sixty, of a good family, as I was given to understand, in the north ; of a striking and impecing passence, grave in his ox-terior, and much respected among the Catholics of Northumberland, as a worthy and upright man. Yot Farher Vaughan did not alogether lack those pecu-liarities which distinguish his order. There hung about him an air of mystary, which, in Protestant eyes, amouned of priverant. The natives (sech they might as well term.d) of Ochaldistone Half looked up to him with much more far-or ntleast mona awa. half-a-dozen mansions of Catholic-gentlemen in the up to him with much more fear, or at least more awe, than affection. His condemnation of their revels was evident, from their being discontinued in some monsure when she pricat was a resident at the Hall, Even Sir Hildebrand hime-haut some restraint upon his conduct at such times, which, perhaps, rendered Father Vaughan's presence rether inksome than otherwise. We had the well-bred, insingating, and almost flattering address previator to the elergy of his persuasion, especially in England, where the lay Catholic, hermed in by penal laws, and by the re-strictions of his sect and recommendation of his passurgiums of mis section recommendation of his pas-tor, often exhibits a **sucrowd, and** indust a timed mainer, in the society of Protestants; while the priorit privileged by his order to mingle with persons of all creatly, is open, alers, and therat in his inter-course with them, desirons of popularity, and usually which in the mode of advances.

Father Vaughan was a particular acquaintaites of Rashieigh's, otherwise, in all probability, he would scarce have been able to maintain his footing at Osbaldistone Hall. This gave me no desire to culti-vate his intimacy, nor did he seem to make any ad-vances towards mine; so our occasional intercourse was confined to the archarge of more multivances towards mine; so our occasional intercourse was confined to the exchange of mere civility. I considered it as extremely probable that Mr. Vaugdan might occupy Rashleigh's apartment during his oc-casional residence at the Hall; and his profession rendered it likely that he should occasionally be a tenant of the library. Nothing was more probable than that it might have been his candle which had was the price of the start of the start of the start was the start of the start o This excited my attention on a preceding evening. This led me involuntarily to recollect that the intercourse

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times and seasons their influence over the mind of their followers. But now I was disposed to assign to these communications a deeper and more myste-rious import. Did he hold private meetings with Miss Vernon in the library? was a question which occupied my thoughts; and if so, for what purpose? And why should she have admitted an intimate of the deceitful Rashleigh to such close confidence? These questions and difficulties pressed on my mind with an interest which was greatly increased by the impossibility of resolving them. I had al-ready begun to suspect that my friendship for Diana Vernon was not altogether so disinterested as in wisdom it ought to have been. I had already felt myself becoming jeslous of the contemptible lout Thorneliff, and taking more notice, than in prudence or dignity of feeling I ought to have one, of his ally attempts to provoke me. And now I was scrutim-sing the conduct of Mise Vernon with the most close and case observation, which I in vain andswoured to paim on myself as the offspring of idle curiosity. All these, like Benedick's brushing his hat of a morning, were signs that the sweet youth was in love; and while my judgment still denied that I had been guilty of foeling in oncoment so imprudent, she resembled those ignorant guides, who, when they have led the traveller and themselves into irre-they have led the traveller and themselves into irre-two his error, persist in obstinately affirming it to be impossible that they can have missed the way.

#### CHAPTER XVI.

happened one day about soon, going to my best, I was dingly surprised with the print of a man's neked foot on sore, which was very plain to be seen on the and." A. ()

Rollans Orane Wirm the blended feelings of interest and jealousy which were engendered by Miss Vernon's singular Miss Vernon," I replied, something monthed

situation, my observations of her looks and scions became acutely sharpened, and that to segme, which, notwithstanding my efforts to cosed it, could not secape her penetration. The same that could not escape her penetration. The small hat she was observed, or, more properly speaking, that she was watched by my looks, seemed to graphing a mixture of embarrassment, pain, and petitikness. At times it seemed that she sought an opportunity of resenting a conduct which she could not but set at resenting a conduct which she could not but set as offensive, considering the frankness with which as had mentioned the difficulties that surrounded be. At other times she seemed prepared to expossible upon the subject. But either her course failed, or some other sentiment impeded her seeking an edu-cisesement. Her displeasure evaporated in rearray, and her expostulations died on her lips. We stard as cleaement. Her displeasure evaporated in marria, and her expostulations died on her lips. We seed a a singelar relation to each other, spending ad by mutual choice, much of our time in close society with each other, yet disguising our mutual actinumit, and jealous of, or offended by, each other's stime. There was betwigt us intimacy without confidence; on one side Jove without hope or purpose, ad any osity without any rational or justifiable motive; ad on the other embarrassment and doub; secaionally mingled with displeasure. Yet I belawe that his agitation of the passions, such is the sature of the human bosom, as it continued by a theused inti-ting and interesting, though petty circumstance, to render Miss Vernon and me the constant opens of each other's thoughts, tended, upon the whet, un vanity early discovered that my presence at Obalis-tone Hell had given Diana some additional reas for disliking the cloister, I could by no means can for disliking the cloister, I could by no means can for disliking the cloister, I could by no means can for disliking the cloister of completely substimate to the mysteries of her singular situation. Has Ver to the mysteries of her singular situation. In non was of a character far too formed and derm to permit her love for me to veryower site her sense of duty or of prudence, and she gave me stod of this in a conversation which we had together about this period.

We were sitting together in the library. Miss Ve non, in turning together in the intering the original function of the original function of the original function of the original from between the leaves. I hastened to in a between the leaves.

from between the leaves. I hastened to lift it, bet she prevented me. "It is verse," she said, on glancing et the paper; and then unfolding it, but as if to wait by asswer before proceeding..." May I take the ident 1-asy, nay, if you blush and stammer, I use de videoe to your modesty, and suppose that permission is granted." "It is not worthy your perusal-a scrap of a trank-tion...My dear Miss Vernon, it would be too severa trial, that you, who understand the organ as wel-should et in judgment."

ehould sit in judgment." "while Dana, "do not, if "Mine honest friend," replied Dana, "do not, if you will be guided by any advice, bait your hook wit too much humility if for, ten to one, it will not easily a single compliment. You know I belong to the popular family of Tell-truths, and would not any Apollo for his lyre." "She proceeded to read the first stans, which we nearly to the following purpose :--"Losing, and knichts and some and how the first

- " Of dauntiese Roland, too, my strain shall so In import never known in prose or styme, How He, the chief, of judgesent deem' prot For ischiese love was orized upon a time-

"There is a great deal of it," said the great along the paper, and interrupting the sweets the which mortal ears can drink in, -these of a poet's verses, namely, gend by the lips which such

took the verses from her unreluctant hand-" and yet," I continued, " shut up as I am in this retired situation, I haya felt sometimes I could not amuse situation, I have left sometimes I could not amuse myself better than by carrying on, merely for my own ammement you will of course understand, the version of this fascing author, which I began some months since, when I was on the banks of the Garonne." "The question would only be," said Diana, gravely, "whether you could not spend your time to better purpose?"

"You mean in original composition," said I, greatly fastered; "but, to say truth, my genius rather lies in finding words and rhymes than ideas; and, there-fore, I am happy to use those which Ariosto has pre-pard to my hand. However, Miss Vernon, with the mount remant you give..."

"Pardon me, Frank: it is encouragement not of my giving, but of your taking. I meant neither ori-ginal composition nor translation, since I think you

ginal composition nor translation, since I think you might employ your time to far better purpose than in either. You are mortified," she continued, " and I an sorry to be the cause." "Not mortified,--certainly not mortified," said I, (with the best grace I could muster, and it was but indifferently assumed;) "I am too much obliged by the interest you take in me." "Nay, but," resumed the relentless Diana, " there is both mortification and a little grain of anger in that constrained tone of voice; do not be angry if I probe your feelings to the bottom--pertaps what I am about to say will affect them still more."

probe your feelings to the bottom--perings what I am about to say will affect them still more." I felt the childishness of my own conduct, and the superior manliness of Miss Vernon's, and assured her, that she need not fear my wincing under criti-cism which I knew to be kindly meant. "That was honesily meant and said," she replied; "I knew full well that the fiend of poetical irritability flew away with the little preluding cough which ush-ered in the declaration. And now I must be serious. —Have you heard from your father lately ?" "Not a word." I replied; "he has not honoured rrne with a single line during the several months of may residence here." "That is strange; you are a singular race, you bold Osbadilstones. Then you are not aware that he I has gone to Holland, to arrange some pressing affairs. "I never heard a word of it until this moment?" "And further, it must be news to you, and I pre-reme earcely the most agreeable, that he has left **Brash**leigh in the almost uncontrolled management of his affairs until his return ?" I started, and could not suppress my surprise and supprehension.

I started, and could not suppress my surprise and "Typrehension". "You have reason for alarm," said Miss Vernon, "erry gravely; "and were I you, I would endeavour the react and obviate the dangers which arise from so erractesirable an arrangement." "And how is it possible for me to do so?" "Every thing is possible for me to do so?" "Every thing is possible for inm who possesses prarage and activity," she said, with a look resem-bring one of those heroines of the age of chivalry, "Boog be encouragement was wont to give champions bring be valour at the hour of need; "and to the timid the desitating every thing is impossible, because it error 80."

And hesitating every thing is impossible, because it And what would you advise, Miss Vernon? 1 "And what would you advise, Miss Vernon? 1 "Died, wishing, yet dreading, to hear her answer. "That you instantly leave Osbaldistone Hall, and return to London. You have perhaps fiready," she continued, in a softer tone, "been here too long; that in the softer tone. You have perhaps fiready," she continued in a softer tone, "been here too long; that in the softer tone. You have perhaps fiready," she in the softer tone. You have perhaps fiready," she in the softer tone. You have perhaps fiready," she in the softer tone. You have perhaps fiready," she in the softer tone. You have perhaps fiready." Softer in the softer tone. You are not found to the top in the softer tone. You may consider his ruin as consummated." "How is this possible?" Act. no questions," she said; "but, believe me, height's views extend far beyond the possession

**The information** is the state in the intervention of the possession **Crease** of commercial weath: He will only make **Crease** of comm and extensive schemes. While your father Britain this was impossible; during his abin

sence, Rashleigh will possess many opportunities, and he will not neglect to use them." "But how can I, in disgrace with my father, and divested of all control over his affairs, prevent this danger by my mere presence in London ?" "That presence alone will do much. Your claim to interfere is a part of your birthright, and is in-alienable. You will have the countenance, doubtless, of your father's head-clerk, and, confidential friends and partners. Above all, Rashleigh's schemes are of a nature that?"—(is he stopped abrugbty, as if farful of saying too much)—" are, in short," she resumed, "of the nature of all selfish and unconscientious plans, which are as speedily abandoned as soon as those "of the flattheoi all seman and unconscience or party which are as speedily abandoned as soon as those who frame them perceive their arts are discovered and watched. Therefore, in the language of your favourite poet-

To home ! to home ! urge doubts to those that fear.' "

A feeling, irresistible in its impulse, induced me to reply..." Ah I Diana, can you give me advice to leave. Osbaldistone Hall?--then indeed I have already been a resident here too long !"

a resident here too long " Miss Vernon coloured, but proceeded with great firmness; "Indeed, I do give you this advice-not only to quit Osbaldistone Hall, but to never return to it more. You have only one friend to regret here," she continued, forcing a smile, "and she has been long accustomed to sacrifice her friendships and her com-ferts to the welfare of others. In the world you will meet a hundred whose friendship will be as disinte-rested-more useful-less encumbered by untoward circumstances-less influenced by evil tongues and evil times." evil times.

Never!" I exclaimed, " never ! the world can af-

"Never " I exclaimed, " never ! the world can af-ford me nothing to repay what I must leave behind me." Here I took ber hand and pressed it to my lips. "This is folly !" she exclaimed—" This is mad-ness !" and she struggled to withdraw her hand from my grasp, but not so stubbornly as actually to suc-ceed, until I had held it for nearly a minute. " Hear me, sir !" she said, "and curb this unmanly burst of passion. I am, by a solemn contract, the bride of Heaven, wless I could prefer being wedded to villany in the person of Rashleigh Osbaldistone, or brutality in that of his brother. I am, therefore, the bride of Heaven, beirothed to the convent from the cradle. in the person of Rashleigh Osbaldistone, or brutality in that of his brother. Lam, therefore, the bride of Heaven, betrothed to the convent from the cradle. To me, therefore, these raptures are misapplied— they only serve to prove a further necessity for your departure, and that without delay." At these words she broke suddenly off, and said, in a suppressed tone of voice, but leave me instantly—we will meet here again, but it must be for the last time." My eyes followed the direction of hers as she spoke, and I thought I saw the tapesary shake, which co-vered the door of the secret passage from Rashleigh's room to the library. I conceived we were observed, and turhed an inquiring glance on Miss Vernon. "It is nothing," said she, faintly; " a zat behind the arras."

"The holding, bad she, taility, a retroching use "Dead for a ducat," would have been my reply, had I dared to give way to the foelings which rose indignant at the idea of being subjected to an eves-dropper on such an occasion. Prudence and the ne-cessity of suppressing my passion, and obeying Diana's reiterated command of "Leave met leave "" me l'came in time to prevent any rash action. I left the apartment in a wild whirl and giddiness of mind, which I in vain attempted to compose when I re-

A chaos of thoughts intruded themselves on me at once, passing hastify through my brain, intercepting and overshadowing each other, and resembling those fogs which in mountainous countries are wont to because volumes and disfigure or oblits fogs which in mountainous countries are wont to descend in obscure volumes, and disfigure or oblite-rate the usual marks by which the traveller steers his course through the wilds. The dark and undefined idea of danger arising to my father from the machina-tions of such a man as Rashleigh Osbaldistone,-the half-declaration of love which I had offered to Miss Vernon's acceptance,-the acknowledged difficulties of her situation, bound by a previous contract to sac-rifice herself to a cloister, or  $\omega$  an ill-assorted mar-riage,-all pressed themselves at once upon my ray

collection, while my juigment was unable deliber-ately to consider any of them in their just light and bearings. But chiefly, and above all the rest, I was perplexed by the manner in which Miss Vernon had received my tender of affection, and by her manner, which, fluctuating betwixt sympathy and firmness, seemed to intimate that I possessed an interest in her bosom, but not of force sufficient to counterbaner ousom, our not of force sumcleaf to counterba-hance the obstacles to her avowing a mutual affection. The giance of fear, rather than surprise, with which the had watched the motion of the tapestry over the concerled door, implied an appreliension of danger which I could not but suppose well-grounded; for Diana Yernon was little subject to the nervous emo-Diana vernon was inthe subject to the bervous end-tions of her sex, and totally unapt to fear without actual and rational cause. Of what nature could those mysteries be with which she was surrounded as with an enchanter a spell, and which seemed continually to exert an active influence over her thoughts and actions, though their agents were never visible? On this subject of doubt my mind finally rested, as if glad to shake itself free from investigating the pro-If glad to shake itself free from investigating the pro-priety or prudence of my own conduct, by transfer-ring the inquiry to what concerned Miss Vernon. I will be resolved, I concluded, ere I leave Osbaldistone Hall, concerning the light in which I must in future regard this fascinating being, over whose life frank-pess and mystery seem to have divided their reign, the former inspiring her words and sentiments, the latter spreading in misty influence over all her action.

Joined to the obvious interests which arose from surjosity and anxious passion, there mingled in my feelings a strong, though unavowed and undefined, infusion of jealousy. This sentiment, which springs sp with love as naturally as the trres with the wheat, was excited by the degree of influence which Diana sppeared to concede to those unseen beings by whom her actions were limited. The more I reflected upon her actions were limited. The more I reflected upon her actions were limited. The was internally though un-willingly convinced, that she was formed to set at definite all control, excepting that which arose from suppcion, that such was the foundation of that in-fluence by which she was overawed. These tormenting double strengthened my desire Joined to the obvious interests which arose from

These tormenting doubts strengthened my desire to penetrate into the secret of Miss Vernon's conduct, and in the prosecution of this sage adventure I form-ed: a resolution, of which, if you are hot weary of these details, you will find the result in the next Chapter.

## CHAPTER XVIL

I hear a voice you cannot hear, Which says, I must not stay; I see a hand you cannot see, Which beckons me away.

I nave already told you, Tresham, if you deign to bear it in remembrance, that my evening visits to the library had seldom been made except by appoint-ment, and under the sanction of old Dame Martha's ment, and under the sanction of old Dame Martha's presence. This, however, was entirely a tacit con-ventional arrangement of my own instituting. Of hate, as the embarransements of our relative situation had increased. Miss Vernon and I had never met in the evening at all. She had therefore no reason to suppose that I was likely to seek a renewal of these interviews, and especially without some previous no-fice or appointment betwist us, that Martha might, as usual, be placed upon duty; bnt, on the other hand, this cautionary provision was a matter of un-derstanding. not of express enactment. The library nana, this califormary provision was a matter of un-derstanding, not of express enactment. The library was open to me, as to the other members of the family, at all hours of the day and night, and I could not be accused of intrusion, however suddenly and onexpectedly I might make my appearance in it. My belief was strong, that in this apartment Miss, Vernon occasionally received Vaughan, or some other person, by whose opinion she was accustomed to regu-ta her conduct and that it times times whon ahe could ate ber conduct, and that at the times when she could do so with least chance of interruption. The lights which gleamed in the library at unusual hours, - the cassing shadows which I had myself remarked, - the motsteps which might be traced in the morning dew

sounds and sights which some of the service. Andrew Fairservice in particular, had observed an accounted for in their own way,-all tended to accounted for in their own way, -all tended to show that the place was visited by some one different from the ordinary inmates of the hell. Connected as the visitant must probably be with the fates of Diane Vernon, I did not hesitate to form a plan of discover-ing who or what he was, -how far his influence was likely to produce good or evil consequences to be a whom he acted, -above all, though I enderword to personde myself that this was a mere subordinane consideration, I desired to know by what means the person had acquired or maintained his influence way Diana, and whether he ruled over her by fear of by affection. The proof that this jealous curiosity way Drana, and whather he ruled over the by lead wight affection. The proof that this jealous curoisly was uppermost in my mind, arose from my imaginize always ascribing Miss Vernon's conduct to its in-fluence of some one individual agent, although an ought I knew about the matter, her advises miss ought I knew about the matter, her advises night be as numerous as Legion. I remarked the over an over to myself, but I found that my mind still stild back in my original conviction, that one single is dividual, of the masculine sex, and in all probabily young and handsome, was at the bottom of Min Vernon's conduct; and it was with a burning design of discovering, or rather of detecting, such a real, that I stationed myself in the garden to watch he moment when the lights should appear in the braw windows. windows.

So eager, however, was my impatience, that los

moment when the lights should appear in the horm windows. So engre, however, was my impatience, thailcom menced my watch for a phenomenon, which could an appear until darkness, a full hour before the daviant disappeared, on a July evening. It was Subaia and all the walks were still and solitary. I walke up and down for some time, enjoying the relaxed coolness of a summer evening, and meditaing arbs probable consecuences of my enterprise. The full and balmy air of the garden, impregnated with fir-grance, produced its usual sedative effects a up over-heated and feveriah blood; as these took pac-the turmoil of my mind began proportionally aban, and I was led to question the right I had to infine with Miss Vernon's secrets, or with those of my ar-cie's family. What was it to me whom ay act might choose to conceal in his house, where I we myself a guest only by tolerance?. And what did had I to pry into the affairs of Miss Vernon, frankt, as see had avowed them to be, with myser, sin which she desired no scrutiny? Passion and self-will were ready where an important service to Miss Vernon, whose fand we might choase to my set probably gnost of the far Hildebrand, who was probably gnost of the far a person of doubtful or dangerous character. I wait naill probability about to do servee n for Hildebrand, and protecting his server, a person of doubtful or dangerous character. I with the generous and disinterested (rea, I was important service to Miss Vernon, whose fand was maintaining a private correspondence, perhage a person of doubtful or dangerous character. I with the generous and disinterested (rea, I was an and which conscience, like a grumbling about was contented to accept, rather than come to an breach with a customer, though more than down that the lender was spurious. While I paced the green alleys, debeting thead was contented to accept, rather than come to an breach with a customer, though more than down that the lender was spurious.

While I paced the green alleys, debating that pro and con, I suddenly lighted upon Andre service, perched up like a statue by a range hives, in an attitude of devout contemplate ious hornows watching the mations of the stat eye however watching the motions of the gain table citizens, who were extelling in the thatched mansion for the evening, and the du ed on a book of devotion which and the du thatched mansion for the evening, and the own, ed on a hook of devotion, which much stringer deprived of its corners, and worn into an oral a circumstance, which, with the close prat-dingy colour of the volume in question, gave in of most respectable antiquity. "I was e'en taking a spell o' worthy Mender Quackleben's Flower of a Sweet Savour savae in

#### Gunn XVII.I

Niddenstead of this World," said Andrew, closing his book at my appearance; and putting his horn Beolacce, by way of mark, at the place where he had been reading. "And the boes, I observe, were dividing your at-tantion, Andrew, with the learned author?"

"They are a contumacious generation," replied the gardener; "they has sax days in the week to have on, and yet it's a common observe that they will ayeawarm on the Sabbath-day, and keep folk at hame free hearing the word.—But there's nas preaching at Graneagain Chapel the e'an—that's aye as mercy."

"You might have gone to the parish church as I id, Andrew, and heard an excellent discourse." "Clauts o' cauld paritch-clauts o' cauld paritch,"

did, Andrew, and beard an accellent discourse." "Claute o' cauld parritch.--claute o' cauld parritch," "gplied Andrew, with a most sepercilious sneer,---"gude aneuch for dogs, begging your honour's par-gude aneuch for dogs, begging your honour's par-gunday I might nae doubt has beard the curate imking awa at it in his white sark yonder, and the manicana playing on whiteles, mair like a penny wedding than a sermon-and to the boot of that, I might has game to even-song, and heard Dadkie Doobarty mumbing his mass-manchle the better I wad has been o' that !" "Dockerty !' said i, (this was the name of an old priset, an Irishman, I think, who sometimes officiated game to Heall.)" I thought Father Vauchan had been at the Hall. He was here yesterday." " Ay," replied Andrew; " but he left it yestreen, to gang to Greystock, or some o' thas west-country haulds. There's an unco stir amang them a' e'enow. They are as busy as my bees are-God sain them ! that I suid even the puir things to the like o' papists. Ye see this is the second swarm, and whiles they will swarm off in the afternoon. The first swarm set off sune in the morning. But I am thinking they are settled in their stars for the night. Sae I was your

swarm off in the afternoon. The irst swarm set on sume in the morning. But I am thinking they are settled in their skeps for the night. See I wuss your honour good-night, and grace, and muckle o't." So saying, Andrew retreated; but often cast a part-

So saying, Andrew retreaten; but often cast a part-ing glance upon the *skeps*, as he called the bes-hives. I had indirectly gained from him an important piece of information, that Father Vaughan, namely, was not supposed to be at the Hall. If, therefore, there appeared light in the windows of the library this even-ing, it either could not be his, or he was observing interim the set of the set o a very secret and suspicious line of conduct. I waited

ЪГо

In removing energy two books to get at that which I mean ded to seek, I was, in truth, meditating to make handsome retreat from an investigation to which felt my assurance indequate, when I perceived a glove lying upon the table. My eyes encoun-takes of Miss Varnon, who blushed desply.

replying not to my words, but to my looks; "it is one of the gloves of my grandfather, the original of the superb Vandyke which you admire." As if is the thought something more than her have

assertion was necessary to prove her statement true, she opened a drawer of the large onken table, and, taking out another glove, threw it towards me. When taking out another glove, threw it towards me. a temper naturally ingenuous stoops to equivocate of to dissemble, the anxious pain with which the un-worted task is laboured, often induces the hearer to doubt the authenticity of the tale. I cast a hasty 

deeply

"You do right to expose me," she replied, with bit, terness; "some friends would have only judged from what I said, that I chose to give no particular expla-nation of a circumstance which calls for non-st nation of a circumstance which calls for none-st least to a stranger. You have judged better, and have made me feel, not only the meanness of duplicity, but my own inadequecy to sustain the task of a dissem-bler. I now tell you distinctly, that that glove is not the fellow, as you have acutely discerned, to the one which I just now preduced. It belongs to a friend yet dearer to me than the original of Vandyke's pic-ture a friend by whose counsels I have been, and wilt be, guided-whom I honour-whom 1'-She paused, I was irritated at her manner, and filled up the blank in my own way. "Whom she loves, Miss Ver-non would say.

i continued, with some emphasis, for I was now piqued in return, "I hope Miss Vernon will pardon a friend, from whom she seems disposed to withdraw

"Observe nothing, sir," she interrupted, with some vehemence, "except that I will neither be doubted nor questioned. There does not exist one by whom I nor questioned. There does not exist one by whom I will be either interrogated or judged; and if you sought this unusual time of presenting yourself, in order to spy upon my privacy, the friendship or inte-rest with which you pretend to regard me, is a poor excuse for your uncivil curiosity." "I relieve you of my presence," said I, with prids equal to her own; for my temper has ever been a stranger to stooping, even in cases where my feelings were most deeply interested—"I relieve you of my presence. I awake from a pleasant, but a most de-lusive dream: and-but we understand each other."

lusive dream; and-but we understand each other.

I had reached the door of the apartment, when Miss Vernon, whose movements were sometimes so Tapid as to seem almost institution of overtook me, and, catching hold of my arm, stopped me with that air of authority which she could so whimsically as-source, and which, from the naived and simplicity of

sume, and which, from the neiveté and simplicity of her manner, had an effect so peculiarly interesting. "Stop, Mr. Frank," she said; "you are not to leave me in that way neither; I am not so amply provided with friends, that I can afford to throw-away even the ungrateful and the selfish. Mark what I say, Mr. Francis Osbaldistone. You shall know nothing of this mysterious glove," and she held it up as she spoke--"nothing--no, not a single iota more than you know already; and yet I will not permit it to be a gauntlet of strife and deflance betwixt us. My time here," she said, sinking into a tone somewhat softer, "must necessarily be very short; yours must be still shorter: Woars soon to part, never to meet again g time nero, such a seasify be very short; yours must us soller, "must necessarily be very short; yours must us still shorter; Wo are soon to part, never to meet again; do not let us quarrel, or make any mysterious miseries" the pretext for further embittering the few hours we shall ever pass together on this side of eternity." I do not know, Tresham, by what witchery this fan-cinating creature obtained such complete manage management ever a temper, which I cannot at all times

cinating creature obtained such complete manage meant over a temper, which I cannot eq all times manage myself. I had determined, on entering the library, to seek scomplete explanation with Miss Ver-non. I had focus dhat she refused it with indiganas defines, and swowed to my face the preference of g

rival; for what other construction could I put on her

rival; for what other construction could I pat on her declared preference of her mysterious confident? And yet, while I was on the point of leaving the apartment, and breaking with her for ever, it cost her but a change of look and tone, from that of real and haughty resemment to that of kind and playful despotism, again shaded off into melancholy and serious feeling, to lead me back to my seat, her wil-ling subject, on her own hard terms. "What does this avail? is all as a te down. "What does this avail? said I, as I sate down. "What can this avail, Miss Vernon? Why should I witness embarrassments which I cannot relieve, and mysteries which I offend you even by attempting to penetrate? I nexperienced as you are in the world, you must still be aware, that a beautiful young wo-man can have but one male friend. Even in a male third party unknown and conceased; but with you, Miss Vernon"—"You are, of course, jealous, in all the tenses and

"You are, of course, jealous, in all the tenses and moods of that amiable passion ? But, my good friend, you have all this time spoke nothing but the pairry gos-sip which simpletons repeat from play-books and rosup which aimpletons repeat from play-books and ro-mances, till they give mere cant a real and powerful unfluence over their minds. Boys and girls prate them-selves into love; and when their love is like to fall asleep, they prate and teaze themselves into jealousy. But you and I, Frank, are rational beings, and nei-ther silly nor idle enough to talk ourselves into any other relation, than that of plain honest disinterested friendship. Any other union as a far out of our reach there slity nor inte enough to taik ourselves into any other relation, than that of plain bonest disinterested friendship. Any other union is as far out of our reach as if I were man, or you woman.—To speak truth," she added, after a moment's hesitation, "even though I am so complaisant to the decorum of my sex as to blush a little at my own plain dealing, we cannot marry, if we would; and we ought not, if we could." And certainly, Tresham, she did blush most an-gelically as she made this cruel declaration. I was about to attack both her positions, ehirely forgetting those very suspicions which had been confirmed in the course of the evening, but she proceeded with a cold firmness which approached to severity. "What I say is sober and indisputable truth, on which I will neither hear guestion nor explanation. We are therefore friends, Mr. Ossialdistone—are we not?" She held out her hand, and taking mine, add-ed,—"And nothing to each other now, or hencefor-ward, except as friende."

She let go my hand. I sunk it and my head at once, fairly overcround, as Spenser would have term-ed it, by the mingled kindness and firmness of her

manner. She hastened to change the subject. "Here is a letter," she said, "directed for you, Mr. Osbaldistone, very duly and distinctly; but which, notwithstanding the caution of the person who wrote and addressed it, might perhaps never have reached your hands, had it not fallen into the possession of a certain Pacolet, or enchanted dwarf of mine, whom, like all distressed damsels of romance, I retain in my server service?

In opened the latter and glanced over the contents-the unfolded sheet of paper dropped from my hauda, with the involuntary exclamation of "Gracious Hea-ven! my folly and disobedience have ruined my father !

Miss Vernon rose with looks of real and effection-ate alarm-"You grow pale-you are ill-shall I 

I assented, hardly knowing what I said. She read it with great attention. "Who is this Mr. Treeham, who signs the letter ?" "My father's partner," (your own good father, Will,) "but he is little in the habit of acting person-ally in the basiness of the house." "He writes herb said Miss Vernon, " of various letters sent to you previously." And it appears," she coatinued, " that Rashleigh, who has taken the full management of affairs during " who has taken the full management of affairs during"

your father's ubsence in Holland, has some time since left London for Scotland, with effects and re-mittances to take up large bills granted by your father to persons in that country, and that he has not since been heard of."

"It is but too true." "It is but too true." "And here has been," she added, looking at the let-ter, "a had-clerk. or some such person,-Owenson -Owen-dispatched to Glasgow, to find out Rash-leigh, if possible, and you are entreated to repart is the same place, and assist him in his researches." "It is even so, and I must depart instantly." "Stay but one moment," said Miss Vernon. "It seems to me that the worst which can come of this matter will be the loss of a certain sum of money; and can that bring tears into your eyes ? For shame, Mr. Osbaldistone !?

Mr. Osbaldistone ?" "You do me injustice, Miss Vernon," I answerd. "I grieve not for the loss, but for the effect which I know it will produce on the spirits and health of my father, to whom mercantile credit is as honour; and who, if declared insolvent, would sink into the grava, oppressed by a sense of grief, remorse, and despai, like that of a soldier convicted of cowardice, or a man of honour who had lost his rank and character in society. All this I might have prevented by a triling sacrifice of the foolish pride and indolence which recoiled from sharing the labours of his honourable and useful profession. Good Heaven ! how shall I and usaful profession. Good Heaven ! how shall I

and useful profession. Good Heaven ! how shall I redeem the consequences of my error!" "By instantly repairing to Glasgow, as you are conjured to do by the friend who writes this letter." "But if Rashleigh," said I, "has really formed this base and unconscientious scheme of plundering his benefactor, what prospect is there that I can find means of frustrating a plan so deeply laid?" "The prospect," she replied, "indeed, may be uncertain; but, on the other hand, there is no poss-bility of your doing any service to your father by re-maining hera.—Remember, had you been on the past destined for you, this disaster could not have her pened; hasten to that which is now pointed ont, and it may possibly be retrieved.—Yet stay—do not leave this room until I return." She left me in confusion and amagement; and

She left me in confusion and amazement; and which, however, I could find a lucid interval to ad mire the firmness, composurerand presence of mind which Miss Vernon seemed to pose es on every crists however sudden.

which Miss Vernon seemed to possess as every check however sudden. In a few minutes she returned with a sheet of paper in her hand, folded and sealed like a letter, but without address. "I trust you," she said, "with this proof of my friendship, because I have the mest per-fect confidence in your honour. If I understand the nature of your distress rightly, the funds in Rash-leigh's possession must be recovered by a certain day —the 18th of Spotember, I think, in named—in order that they may be applied to pay the bills in question; and, consequently, that, if adequate funds be pro-vided before that period, your father's credit is safe from the apprehended calamity." "Certainly—I so understand Mr. Tresham"--I looked at your father's letter again, and added, "There cannot be a doubt of it." "Well," said Diana, "in that case my little Para-let may be of use to you.—You have heard of a que contained in a letter. Take this packet; do not opt ut until other and ordinary means have failed; if per-succeed by your own exertions, I trust to your beard

It unti other and ordinary means have failed; if y succeed by your own exertions, I trust to your head for destroying it without opening or eaffering it to opened. But if not, you may break the seal with ten days of the fated day, and you will find duration which may possibly be of service to you. A sup-Frank; we never meet more but sometimes that on your friend Die Vernon."

CHAP. XVIII

traction which they afford by their contradictory operation prevents the patient from being overwhelmed raider either. I was deeply grieved at my separation from Misa Vernon, yet not so much so as I should have been, had not my father's approhended distresses have been, had not my father's approhended distresses forced themselves on my attention; and I was distressed by the news of Mr. Tresham, yet less so than if they had fully occupied my mind. I was nej-ther a failse lover nor an unfeeling son; but man can give but a certain portion of distressful emotions to the causes which demand them, and if two operate at once, our sympathy, like the funds of a compound-ing bankrupt, can only be divided between them. Such were my reflections when I gained my anartmg bankrupt, can only be divided between them. Such were my reflections when I gained my apart-ment—it seems, from the illustration, they already began to have a twang of commerce in them. I set myself seriously to consider your father's let-ter. It was not very distinct, and referred for several particulars to Owen, whom I was entreated to meet

with as soon as possible at a Scotch town, called Glasgow; being informed, moreover, that my old friend was to be heard of at Messre, Macvittie, Macfin, and Company, merchants in the Gallowgate of the said town. It likewise alluded to several letters, the said town. It likewise alluded to several letters, which, as it appeared to me, must have miscarried or have been intercepted, and complained of my ob-durate silence in terms which would have been high-by unjust, had my letters reached their purposed des-tination. I was amazed as I read. That the spirit of Rushleigh walked around me, and conjured up these doubts and difficulties by which I was sur-rounded, I could not doubt for one instant; yet it was frightful to conceive the extent of combined villany and nower which he must have employed in the per-Fightful to conceive the extent of combined villany and power which he must have employed in the per-petration of his designs. Let me do myself justice in one respect; the evil of parting from Mise Vernon, however distressing it might in other respects and at another time have appeared to me, sunk into a subordi-mate consideration when I thought of the dangers im-pending over my father. I did not myself set a high estimation on wealth, and had the affectation of most young men of lively imagination, who suppose that they can better dispense with the possession of money. they can better dispense with the possession of money, than resign their time and faculties to the labour neman resign their time and faculties to the labour ne-cessary to acquire it. But in my father's case, I knew that bankrupicy would be considered as an uiter and irretrievable disgrace, to which life would afford no comfort, and death the speciest and sole relief. My mind, therefore, was bent on averting this ca-tastrophe, with an intensity which the interest could be an averticed bed it when the interest could be a set of the interest of the interest could be a set of the interest of the interest could be a set of the interest of the interest could be a set of the interest of the interest could be a set of the interest of the interest could be a set of the interest of the interest of the interest could be a set of the interest of the inter

not have produced had it referred to my own for-tunes; and the result of my deliberation was a firm resolution to depart from Osbaldistone Hall the nart day, and wend my way without loss of time to meet Owen at Glasgow. I did not hold it expedient to in-Owen at Glasgow. I did not hold it expedient to in-timate my departure to my uncle, otherwise than by leaving a letter of thanks for his hospitality, assuring him that sudden and important business prevented my offering them in person. I knew the blunt old knight would readily excuse coremony, and I had such a belief in the exist and decided character of Rashleigh's machine one, that I had some appre-mention of his heim one wided means to interset a hension of his having provided means to intercept a journey which was undertaken with a view to dis-soncert them, if my departure were publicly announ-und at Osbaldiatone Hall.

I therefore determined to set off on my journey rith daylight in the ensuing morning, and to gain the righbouring kingdom of Scotland before any idea impediment of consequence was likely to prevent that **maged which was the soul of my expedition.** I did not now the shortest, nor indeed any road to Glasgow ; nd as, in the circumstances in which I stood, dis-stch was of the greatest consequence, I determined sconsult Andrew Fairser counter subject, as the encest and most authentic authority within my lach. Late as it was I set off with the intention of best fairing, this important point, and after a few instein and the second with the hammer, and having the second s

windows and doors decorated with hugs heavy archi-traves, or lintels, as they are called, of hewn stona, and its roof covered with broad gray flags, instead of elates, thatch, or tiles. A jargonelle pear-tree at one end of the cottage, a rivulet, and flower-plot of a rood in extent, in front, and a kitchen-garden behind; a paddock for a cow, and a small field, cultivated with several crops of grain, rather for the benefit of the cottager than for sale, announced the warm and cor-dial comforts which Old England, even at her most northern extremity, extends to her meanest inhabit-ants. ants.

As I approached the mansion of the sepient An As I approached the managon of the septent As-drew, I heard a noise, which, being of a nature pect-liarly solema, nasal, and prolonged, led me to think that Andrew, according to the decent and meritorious custom of his cowintymen, had, assembled some of custom of his countrymen, had assembled some of his neighbours to join in family exercise, as he called evening devotion. Andrew had indeed neither will, child, nor female inmate in his family, "The first of his trade," he said, "had had eneugh o' thas cattle." But, notwithstanding, he sometimes contrived to form an audience for himself out of the neighbouring pariets and Church of Bealtd and the board form an audience for nimesit out or the neighbourning Papists and Church-of-England-men, brands, as be expressed it, snatched out of the burning, on whom he used to exercise his spiritual gifts, in defiance alike of Father Yaughan, Father Docharty, Rashleigh, and all the world of Catholics around him, who deemed all the world of Catholics around him, whe deemed his interference on such occasions an act of heretical interloping. I conceived it likely, therefore, that the well-disposed neighbours might have assembled to hold some chapel of ease of this nature. The noise, however, when I listened to it more accurately, seem-ed to proceed entirely from the lungs of the said An-drew; and when I interrupted it by entering the house, I found Fairservice alone, combating, as he best could, with long words and hard names, and reading aloud, for the purpose of his own edification. best could, with long words and nard harmes, and reading aloud, for the purpose of his own edification, a volume of controversial divinity. "I was just ta-king a spell," said he, laying aside the huge folio vo-lume as I entered, "of the worthy Doctor Lightfoot." "Lightfoot". I replied, looking at the ponderous volume with some surprise; "surely your author was

Lightfoot was his name, sir; a divine he was, "Lightfoot was his name, sir; a divine he was, and another kind of a divine than they has now-a-

and another kind of a divine than they has now-a-days. Always, I crave your pardon for keeping ye standing at the door, but having been mistrysted (gude preserve us!) with as bogle the night already, I was dubious o' opening the yett till I had gaen through the etening worship; and I had just finished the fifth chapter of Nehemiah--if that winna gar them keep their distance, I wotna what will." "Trysted with a bogle!" said I; "what do you mean by that, Andrew ?" "I said mistrysted," replied Andrew; "that is as muckle as to say, flay'd wi' a ghaist-gude preserve us, I say again." "Flay'd by a ghost, Andrew I how am I to under-stand that ?"

"I did not say flay'd," replied Andrew, "bat floy'd, that is, I got a floy, and was ready to jump out o' my akin, though nasbody offered to whird it all my body as a man wad bark a tree."

as a man wad bark a tree." "I beg a truce to your terrors in the present case, Andrew, and I wish to know whether you can direct me the nearest way to a town in your country of Scotland, called Glaggow?" "A town ca'd (Gaggow?" echoed Andrew Fais-service. "Glasgows a ceety, man.—And wi't the way to Glasgow ye were speering if I kend ?—What suld all me to ken it ?—it's no that dooms far frae my ain parish of Dreepdaily, that lies a bittock further to Glasgow for ?" to Glasgow for ?"

Particular business," replied I.

"Perticular business," replied 1. "That's as muckle as to say, spear nae questions, and I'll tell ye nae less—To Glasgow?"—he made a short pause—"I am thinking ye wad be the better o some ane to show you the road." "Certainly, if I could meet with any person going" that war"

that way." "And your honour, doubtless, wad consider the time and trouble ?"

"Unpositionally my business to pressing, and if you can find any guide to accompany me, I'll pay him andcomely."

This is no a day to speak of carnal matters," said Andrew, casting his eyes upwards; "but if it werena Sabbath at e'en, I wad speer what ye wad be content to gie to ane that wad bear ye pleasant company on the road, and tell ye the names of the gentlemen's and noblemon's seats and castles, and count their

and noblemon's seate and castles, and count their "I tell you, and I want to know is the road I must travel; I will pay the fellow to his satisfaction—I will give him any thing in reason." "Ony thing," replied Andrew, "is maching; and this lad that I am speaking o' kenn a' the short cuts and quear bye-paths through the hills, and"——— "I have no time to talk about ft, Andrew; do you make the bargein for me your own way." "Aha! that's speaking to the purpose," answered findrew. "I am thinking, since sue be that sae it is, I'll be the lad that will guide you mysell." "You, Andrew? how will you get away from your employment?"

employment ?

"I toll'd your honsur a white same, that it was lang "I toll'd your honsur a white same, that it was lang as frue the first year I came to Osbaldistone Hall; and now I am of the mind to gang in gude carnest-bet-ber soon as same-bettef a finger aff as are wagging." "You leave your service then 7-but will your not

"You leave you." lose your wages?" "Nee doubt there will be a certain loss; but then I has siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the laird's in my hands that I took for the siller o' the siller o' the siller of the sille the apples in the aud orchyard—and a sair pargain the folk had that bought them—a wheen green trash—and yet Sir Hildebrand's as keen to hae the siller (that is, yet Sir Hildebrand's as keen to mae me siner (unat is, the stoward is as pressing about it) as if they had been s' gowden pipping- and then there's the siler for the seeds-I'm thinking the wage will be in a manner decently made up.-But doubless your honour will seeds—I'm thinking the wage will be in a manner decently made up.—But doubtless your honour will consider my risk of loss when we won to Glasgow— and yell be for setting out forthwith ?" "By day-break in the morning," I answered. "That's something o' the suddenest—whare am I to find a naig ?—Stay—I ken just the beast that will

At five in the morning, then, Andrew, you will

"At new in the morning, sten, Andrew, you will imeet me at the head of the avenue." "Deil a fear o' me (that I suld say sae) missing my tryate: "replied Andrew very briskly; "and, if I might advise, we wad be off twa hoursearlier. I ken the way, dark or light, as weel as blind Ralph Ronaldson, that's travelled ower every moor in the country-side, and disma ken the colour of a heather-cowe

When a's dune." I highly approved of Andrew's amendment on my original proposal, and we agreed to meet at the place appointed at three in the morning. At orice, how-ever, a reflection came across the mind of my in-the degiter traveling companion. "The bogle! the bogle! what if it should come out apon us?-I downe forgether wit these things twice in the four-and twinty hours." "Posen I pooh !!" I exclaimed, breaking away from him, "fear nothing from the next world--the earth bends thout assistance, were the whole host that fell with Lucifer to return to aid and abet them." With these words, the impagi of which was sug-

Lucifie to return to and and about nost must reli with Lucifie to return to and and about host."" With these words, the impost of which was sug-gested by my own situation, both Andrew's habita-tion, and returned to the Hall. I made the few preparations which were necessary for my proposed journey, examined and loaded my yistols, and then threw myself or my bed, to obtain, if passible, a brief sleave before the fatigure of a long and anxious journey. Nature, exhausted by the tu-multuous agitations of the day, was kinder to me than I expected, and I senth into a deep and profound slumber. I instandly arose, strock a light, wrote the states I proposed to heave for my ancle; and leaving bahing, me such articles of dress as were cumbrons the carrings, I deposited for rest of my wardrobe in any values, glided down stairs, and geneed the stable!

without impetitiment. Without being quite such a groom as any of my cousins, I had learned at Outsi-distone Hall to dress and saddle my own horse, and in a few minutes I was mounted and ready for my solly.

As I paced up the old avenue, on which the waning moon threw its light with a pale and whitish tuge I boked back with a deep and boding sigh towards the walls which contained Diana Vernon, under the despondent impression that we had probably parted to spondent impression that we had probably para a meet no more. It was impossible, among the long and irregular lines of Gothic casements, which now looked ghastly white in the moon-light, to distinguish that of the apartment which she inhabited. She is lost to me already, thought I, as my eye wandered over the dim and indistinguishable intricacies of over the dim and indistinguishable intricacies of ar-chitecture offered by the moonlight view of Osbalar-tone Hall-She is lost to me already, ere I have left the place which she inhabits! What hope is there if my maintaining any correspondence with her when leagnes shall lie between ? While I paused in a reveris of no very pleasing na-ture, the "iron tongue of time told three upon the drowsy ear of night," and reminded me of the accos-sity of keeping my appointment with a person of a less interesting description and appearance\_Andrew

Fairservice.

Fairservice. At the gate of the avenue I found a horseness sta-tioned in the shadow of the wall, but it was not call I had coughed twice, and then called "Andrew," that the horticulturist replied, "I'se warrant it's Andrew," "Lead the way, then," said I, " and be silent if yes can till we are past the hamlet in the valley." Andrew led the way accordingly, and at a mode brisker pace than I would have recommended; and so well did he obey my injunctions of keeping alexa, that he would return no answer to my repeated mon-ries into the cause of such unnecessary basts. Extrathat he would return no answer to my repeated man-ries into the cause of such unnecessary haste. Extri-from the numerous stony lanes and by paths wind intersected each other in the vicinity of the Hal, we reached the open heath; and riding swiftly acress is, took our course among the barren hills which drive Fingland from Scotland on what are called the Mid-die Marches. The way, or rather the broken trick which we occupied, was a happy interchange of bog and shingles; nevertheless, Andrew releated noting of his speed, but trotted manfully forward at the are of eight or ten miles an hour. I was saptimed and provoked at the fellow's obstinate persistance, for we provoked at the fellow's obstinate persistance for we made abrupt ascents and descents over ground d very break-neck characten and enversed de edge of precipices, where a slip of the home's fet would have consigned the rider to certain death. The moon, best, afforded a dubious and imperfect light; but a some places we were so much under the made of the mountain as to be in total darkness, and then I cu only trace Andrew by the clatter of his howes a and the fire which they struck from the finit, first, this rapid motion, and the attention which the sake of personal safety. Was compelled the to the conduct of my horse, was of service, by cibly diverging my thoughts from the various pu-reflections which must otherwise have presed of mind. But at length, after hallooing represent mind. But at length, after hallooing repeat Andrew to ride alower, I became seriously in Angrew to ride alower, I became seriously in at his impudent perseverance in refusing either obey or to reply to me. My anger was, however, impotent. I attempted once or twice to get up side of my solf-willed guide, with the purpose of ing him off his horse with the but-end of my but Andrew was better mounted than I, and the spirit of the animal which he has the second but Andrew was better mounted than I, as the spirit of the animal which he bestrode. probably some presentiment of my kind if towards him, induced him to quicken his pa towards him, induced him to quicken his parts ever I attempted to make up to him. On dat hand, I was compelled to extert my spurs to hear in sight, for without his guidance I was to aware that I should never find my way through howing wilderness which we now traversed at an unwonted pace. I was so many at length, threatened to have recourse to my pistola, and to built after the Horspur Andrew, which have he his fisty footest career, if head not abates how the

second. Apparently this first made some impression on the tympanum of his car, however deaf to all my milder entreaties; for he relaxed his pace upon hearing it, and suffering me to close up to him, observed, "There wasna muckle sense up to him, observed, "Let gate."

It gate." "And what did you mean by doing so at all, you self-willed scoundrel?" replied 1; for I was in a tow-gring passion, to which, by the way, nothing contri-butes more than the having recently undergone a spice of personal fear, which, like a few drops of wa-ter flung on a glowing fire, is sure to inflame the ar-dour which it is insufficient to quench. "What's your honour's wull?" replied Andrew, "the investigation of the state of the st

"My will, you rascal ?- I have been roaring to you

this hour to ride slower, and you have never so much answered me-Are you drunk or mad to behave

"An it like your honour, I am something dull o' bearing; and I'll no deny but I might have maybe tash a stirrup-cup at parting fras the auld bigging whane I has dwalt sas lang; and having nasebody to pickge, nas doubt I was obliged to do mysell rea-norm, or else leave the end o' the brandy stoup to thas manuers and that thad he a wrate as your honour prists --- and that wad be a waste, as your honour 116.

This might be all very true, and my circumstances required that I should be on good terms with my sinde; I therefore satisfied myself with requiring of him to take his directions from me in future concern-

and the rate of travelling. Andrew, emboldened by the mildness of my tone, slevated his own into the pedantic, conceited octave, which was familiar to him on most occasions.

which was familiar to nim on most occasuous. "Your honour winna persuade me, and nasbody thall persuade me, that it's either halesome or pru-dent to tak the night air on thas moors without a cordial o' clow-gilliflower water, or a tass of brandy er aquavitz, or sic-like creature.comfort. I hae tass the bent ower the Otterscape-rigg a hundred times, day and night, and never could find the way unless I had taen my morning; mair by token that I had whiles twa bits o' ankers o' brandy on ilk side o'

whiles twa bits o' ankers o' pranty on an and "In other words, Andrew," said I, "you were a smnggler-how does a man of your strict principles recorncile yourself to cheat the revenue?" "It's a mere spoiling o' the Egyptians," replied Andrew; "puir auld Scotland suffers eneugh by thae Mackguard loons o' encisemen and gaugers, that has come down on her like locusts since the sad and sor-rowfur Union; it's the part of a kind son to bring her a sour o' something that will keep up her auld heart, and that will they nill they, the ill-fa ard thieves." Upom more particular inquiry, I found Andrew had they have been and after his establishment at Oe-haldistone Hall; a circumstance which was so far

requery inverse income mountain-paths as a smig-rier, both before and after his establishment at Os-baldistone Hall; a circumstance which was so far of importance to me, as it proved his capacity as a project, notwithstanding the escapade of which he had en guilty at his outset. Even now, though travelat a more moderate pace, the stirrup-cup, or the ver else had such an effect in stimulating An-sector structure and not totally to have lost its He often cast a nervous and startled look bence. bind him; and whenever the road seemed at all bind bins; and whenever the road seemed at all bind bins; showed symptoms of a desire to acceleticable, showed symptoms of a desire to accele his pace, as if he feared some pursuit from the the appearances of alarm gradually dimi-ted as we reached the top of a high bleak ridge, ich ran nearly east and west for about a mile, with the morning were now enlightening the horizon, and raw cast a look behind him, and not seeing appearance of a living being on the moors which had travelled, his hard features gradually unbent, he first whistled, then sung, with much glee and method y, the end of one of his native songs : Jonn, less I binkt has her

tion being discussed by that social to the annual, I in-stantly recognized a favourite mare of Thornelit Osbaldistone. "How is this, sir ?! said I starsly "that is Mr. Thorneliff's mare !?" "I'll no say but she may ablans hae been his ho nour's Squire Thorneliff's in her day-but she's

mine now

You have stolen her, you rascal."

"Na, na, sir, nae man can wyte me wi' theft-The thing stands this gate, ye see-Squire Thorneliff bor thing stands this gate, ye see—Squire Thornellf bor-rowed ten punds o' me to gang to York Races—deil a boddle wad he pay me back again, and spake o' raddling my banes, as he ca'd it, when I asked him but for my ain back again—now I think it will riddle him or he gets his horse ows' the Border again—un-less he pays ms plack and bawbee, he sail never see a hair o' her tail. I ken a canny chield at Lough-maben, a bit writer lad, that will put me in the way to sort him—Steal the mear! na, na, far be the sin o' theft frae Andrew Fairservice—I have just arrested her jurisdictiones fandandy causey. Thes are bon-ny writer words—amaist like the language o' hus gardeners and other learned mem—i's a pity they're use dear—thas three words were a' that Andrew got for a lang law-ples, and four ankers o' as gude bran-dy as was e' er coupit ower craig—Hach, airs! bus law's a dear thing." "You are likely to find it much dearer than yee suppose, Andrew, if you proceed in this mode of psy-ing yourself, without legal authority." "Hou tout, we're in Scotland now, (be praised for't) and I can find baith friends and lawyers, and judges too, as weel as ony Osbaldistone o' hem a'. My mither's mither's third cousin was cousin to the Provost o' Dumfrics, and he winna see a drap o' her you side, when a chield may be whuppit awa' wi' sae o' Clerk Jobson's warrants, afore he kens where he is. But they will hae little eneugh law annang them by and by, and that is as grand reason that I hae gi'en them gude day." rowed ten punds o' me to gang to York Races-deil

I was highly provoked at the achievement of An-drew, and considered it as a hard fate, which a se-cond time threw me into collision with a person of such irregular practices. I determined, however, to buy the mare of him, when we should reach the end of our journey, and send her back to my cousin at Osbaldistone Hall; and with this purpose of repara-tion. I method the marks on which are used a second to the

of our journey, and send her back to my cousin at Oebaldistone Hall; and with this purpose of repara-tion I resolved to make my uncle acquainted from the next post-town. It was needless, I thought to quarrel with Andrew in the meantime, who had, after all, acted not very unnaturally for a person in his circumstances. I therefore smothered my re-sentment, and asked him what he meant by his last expressions, that there would be little law in Nor-thumberland by and by ? "Law?' said Andrew, "hout, ay-there will be club-law eneugh. The pricets and the Irish officers, and thas papist cattle that has been sodgering, abroad, because they duritan bide at hame, are a fleeing thick in Northumberland o'enow-and thas corbies dinna gather without they smell carrion. As sure as ye live, his honour Sir Hildebrand is gatin to stick his horn in the bog-there's naething but gun and pistol, sword and dagger, amag them --and they'll be laying on, I'se warrant; for they're fearlees fules the young Osbaldistone squires, aye craving your honour's pardon." This speech recalled to my memory some suspi-cions that I myself had entertained, that the jsco-bies were on the eve of some descrete enternine

These appearances of alarm gradually dimi-the as we reached the top of a high bleak ridge, ich ran mearly east and west for about a mile, with store descent on either side. The pale beams the morning were now enlightening the horizon, many lase i luink i has her first whiseled, then sung, with much glee and first whiseled. The servants, "he stated, " with the tranantry and others, had been all regularly enrolled and numerersd, and they, wanted me to take arms also. But 111 ride in nee siccan troop- they little kend Andrew that and they wanted me to take arms also. But 111 ride in nee siccan troop- they little kend Andrew that and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms also. But 211 ride and they wanted me to take arms

#### CHAPTER XIX.

# Where longs to fall yon rifted spire, As weary of the insulting air, -The poet's thoughts, the warrior's fire, 'The lover's sight, are sleeping that. As Th

LANGHORNE

Ar the first Scotch town which we reached, my uide sought out his friend and counsellor, to conult upon the proper and legal means of converting into his own lawful property the "bonny creature," which was at present his own only by one of those slight-of-hand arrangements, which still sometimes took place in that once lawless district. I was some-what diverted with the dejection of his looks on his feturn. He had, it seems here rether to have been what diverted with the election or his looks on his feturn. He had, it seems, been rather too commu-picative to his confidential friend, the attorney; and learned with great dismay, in return for his unsus-secting frankness, that Mr. Touthope had, during his becting frankness that Mr. Touthope had, during his learned with great dismay, in return for his 'nsuspecting frankness, that Mr. Touthope had, during his absence, been appointed clerk to the peace of the county, and was bound to communicate to justice all such achievements as that of his friend. Mr. Andrew Fairservice. There was a necessity, this alert member of the police stated, for arresting the horse, and placing him in Baile Trumbull's stable, therein to remain at livery, at the rate of, twelve shillings (Scotch) per diem, until the question of property was duly tried and debated. He even talked as if, in strict and rigorous execution of his duty, he ought to detain honest Andrew himself: but on my guide's most piteously entreating his forbearance, he not only desided from this proposal, but made a present to Andrew an absolute cension of his right and interest in the guilant palfrey of Thorncliff Osbaldistone; a transference which Mr. Touthope represented as of very little consequence, since his unfortunate friend, as he facetiously observed, was likely to get nothing of the mare excepting the halter. Andrew seemed woful and disconcerted, as I acrewed out of him these particulars; for his northeren pride was cruelly pinched by being compelled to admit that attorneys were attorneys on both sides of the Tweed : and that Mr. Clerk Touthope responded.

screwed out of him these particulars; for his north-ern pride was cruelly pinched by being compelled to admit that attorneys were attorneys on both sides of the Tweed; and that Mr. Clerk Touthope was not a furthing more sterling coin than Mr. Clerk Jobson. "It wadna hae vexed him half sae muckle to hae been cheated out o' what might amaist be said to be won with the peril o' his craig, had it happened amang the Inglishers; but it was an unco thing to see hawks pike out hawks' een, or see kindly Scot cheat anither. But nae doubt things were strangely changed in his country sin' the sad and sorrowfu Union;" an event to which Andrew refered every symptom of depravity or degeneracy which he re-marked among his countrymen, more especially the inflammation of reckonings, the diminished size of pint-stoups, and other grievances, which he pointed out to me during our journey. For my own part, I held myself, as things had turned out, acquitted of all charge of the mare, and wrote to my uncle the circumstances under which the was carried into Scotland, concluding with in-

the was carried into Scotland, concluding with in-forming him that she was in the hands of justice, and her worthy representatives. Baile Trumbull and Mr. Clerk Touthope, to whom I referred him for fur-ther particulars. Whether the property returned to ther particulars. Whether the property returned to the Northumbrian fox-hunter, or continued to bear the person of the Scottish attorney, it is unnecessary

To me at present to say. We now pursued our journey to the north-west-ward, at a rate, much slower than that at which we had achieved our nocturnal retreat from England. One chain of barren and uninteresting hills succeeded another, until the more fertile vale of Clyde opened upon us; and with such dispatch as we might we gained the town, or, as my guide pertinaciously term-ed it, the city, of Glasgow. Of late years, I under-stand it has fully deserved the name, which, by a

asked him. I'll fight when I like mysell, but it sall neither be for the hure o' Babylon, nor ony hure in England.' perity, which if carefully strengthened and built pon, may one day support an immense fabric of comme-cial prosperity; but, in the earlier time of which I speak, the dawn of this splendour had not anen. The Union had, indeed, opened to Scotland the trade of the English colonies; but, betwirt want of cap-tal, and the national jealousy of the English, ha merchants of Scotland were as yet excluded, in great measure, from the exercise of the privileges which that memorable treaty conferred on them, Glasgow lay on the exon yet on the save as yet onessee of the Son-Glasgow lay on the wrong side of the island for ma-ticipating in the east country or continental trate, by which the trifling commerce as yet possessed by Sos-land chiefly supported itself. Yet, though she hat gave small promise of the commercial emission to which. I am informed, she seems now likely oneds to attain, Glasgow, as the principal central towa of the western district of Scotland, was a place of coa-siderable rank and importance. The broad and bris-ming Clyde, which flows so near its walls, gave the means of an inland navigation of sorme importance. Not only the fertile flains in its immediate neigh-bourhood, but the districts of Ayr and Dunfres re-garded Glasgow as their consumption required. The dusky mountains of the Western Highland often sent forth wilder tribes to frequent the marts of St. Mungo's favourite city. Hordes of wild, shagg, dwarfish cattle and ponies, conducted by Highland-era, as wild, as shaggy, and sometimes as dwarfab as the animals they had in charge, often traverad the streets of Glasgow. Strangers gazed with semise on the antique and fantastic dress, and listened to the unknown and dissonant sounds of their languest while the mountaineers, armide even while engaged with the mountaineers, armide even while engaged

the tink nown and cissonant sounds of their impress, while the mountaineers, armid even while engaged in this peaceful occupation with musket and prod, sword, dagger, and target, stared with astonishment on the articles of luxury of which they knew no the use, and with an avidity which seemed somewhat alarming on the articles which they knew and val-d. It is alware with unwillingmane that the Highalarming on the articles which seenth somewhat ed. It is always with unwillingness that the High-lander quits his deserts, and at this early period it was like tearing a pine from its rock, to plast hav elsewhere. Yet even then the mountain gives were over-peopled, although thinned occassonally by fattime or by the sword, and many of their inhabitants stray-ed down to Glasgow-there formed settlement there sought and found employment, although differ-ent, indeed, from that of their naive hills. This supply of a hardy and neeful population was of com-sequence to the prosperity of the place, farmined the means of carrying on the few manufactures which the town already boasted, and laid the foundation af its future prosperity.

The exterior of the city corresponded with a promising circumstances. The principal street broad and important, decorated with public builds of an architecture rather striking than correct in g or an architecture rather striking than correct and of tasts, and running between rows of tail had built of stone, the fronts of which were occases richly ornamented with mason-work; a circumst which gave the street an imposing air of digging grandsur, of which most English towns are in a measure deprived, by the slight, unsubstantis, perishable quality and appearance of the bridge which they are constructed.

which they are constructed. In the western metropolis of Scotland, my and I arrived on a Saturday evening, too lass the tertain thoughts of business of any kind. Wester ed at the door of a jolly hostler wife, as Andrew we were civilly received. On the following morning the bells pealed to every steeple, announcing the sanctity of the word in the tertain distribution, however, what I had heard of severity with which the Sabbath is observed in the out own j but on inquiry I found that my start would be in vain, " until kirk-time was ower."

ny Kirk

ny Kirk. On this occasion, however, I had little need of his guidance; for the crowd which forced its way up a steep and rough-paved street, to hear the most popu-lar preacher in the west of Scotland, would of itself have swept me along with it. On attaining the summit of the hill, we turned to the left, and a large summit of the hill, we turned to the left, and a large pair of folding-doors admitted us, amongst others, into the open and extensive burying-place, which surrounds the Minster, or Cathedral Church of Glas-gow. The pile is of a gloomy and massive, rather than of an elegant, style of Gothic architecture; but its peculiar chara:ter is so strongly preserved, and so well suited with the accompaniments that surround it, that the impression of the first view was awful and solemn in the extreme. I was indeed so much attruck, that I resisted for a few minutes all Andrew's efforts to drag me into the interior of the building, so deeply was I engaged in surveying its outward cha-racter. racter.

Situated in a populous and considerable town, this ancient and massive pile has the appearance of the most sequestered solitude. High walls divide it from the buildings of the city on one side; on the other, it the buildings of the city on one side; on the other, it is bounded by a ravine, at the bottom of which, and invisible to the eye, murmurs a wandering rivulet, adding, by its gentle noise, to the imposing solemnity of the scene. On the opposite side of the ravine rises a steep bank, covered with fir-trees closely planted, whose dusky shade extends itself over the cemetery with an appropriate and gloomy effect. The church-yard itself had a peculiar character; for though in reality extensive, it is small in proportion to the num-ber of respectable inhabitants who are interred within it, and whose graves are almost all covered with tombstones. There is therefore no room for the long mank grass, which, in most cases, partially clothes the surface of those retreats, where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest. The broad fat monumental stones are placed so close to each

**Grav. XX.] BOB ROY. and Company.** To which Owen's letter referred with grant of the serve with graderies and company." to which Owen's letter referred me, but, moreover, "far less would I find any of the partners there. They were serious men, and wald be where a' gude Christians ought to be at sice a time, and that was in the Barony Laigh Kirk." Andrew Fairservice, whose diaguat at the law of her earled professions of the preacher who was to perform the duty, to which my hostess replied with many foot this popular place of worship, as much with the privace of learning, if possible, whether Owen had arrived in Glasgow, as with any greet expectation of the relauld hinder end. Sae the commons o' Renging in the land of life, he would surely honour the Barony with the privace of learning if possible, whether Owen had arrived in Glasgow, as with any greet expectation of the secont of my faithful Andrew it set for the formed may much the trained with the privace of worship, as much with the privace of learning if possible, whether Owen had arrived in Glasgow, as with any greet expectation of the grane within his greeonce; and if he chanced to have a stranger within his greeonce; and if he chanced to have a stranger within his greeonce; and if he chanced to his occasion, how were. I had little need of him the is occasion, how were. I had little need of him the is occasion. Now were i had did the trained with the origing in the the duty along with him. This probability determined my motions, and, under the cort of my faithful Andrew i set fort for the Barony is to be duty along with him. This has occasion, how were. I had little need of him the keener to a such were be hered downright battle to the courmons, rather and with the origing in the trained my motions, and, under the cort to my faithful Andrew. I set forth for the Barony is the common ball, and assembled, and there were the the the strained bar in the keener to a such were bard to with the the origing is a the the town and the the twere at base the bar frew, and o' the Barony, and the Gorbais and a' about they behoved to come into Giasgow se fair morning, to ry their hand on purging the High Kirk o' Popish nick-nackets. But the townsmen o' Glas-gow, they were feared their auld edifice might slip the girths in gaup through siccan rough physic, sae they rang the common ball, and assembled the train-bands wi took o' drum-by good luck, the worthy James Rabat was Dean o' Guild that year-(and a gude mason he was himsell, made him the keener to keep up the auld bigging) and the tradee assembled, and offared downright battle to the courmons, raiber than their kirk abould coup the crans, as others had done elsewhere. It wasna for luve o' Paperie-na, na!-nane could ever say that o' the tradee o' Glas-gow-Sae they sume came to an agreement to take a' the idolatrous statues of sants (sorrow be on them) out o' their neuke-And sae the bits o' stane idols into the Molendinar burn, and the auld kirk stood as crouse as a cat when the flase are kaimed alf her, and a'body was alike pleased. And I hae heard wise folk say, that if the same had been done in ilka kirk in Scotland, the Reform wad just hae been as pure as it is e'en now, and we wad has mair Christian-like kirks; for I hae been sae lang in England; that neathing will drived out o' my head, that the dog-kennel at Oebaldistone Hall is better than mony a house o' God in Scotland." Thus saying, Andrew led the way into the place of worship.

worship.

## CHAPTER XX.

And terror on my sching sight ; the tombs And monumental caves of death look cold, And shoot a chiliness to the trembling heart. Mournet

raing Bride.

And shoot a chillness to the trembling heart. *Riournag Brids*. Norwithstrand the impatience of my conductor, I could not forbear to pause and gaze for some mi-nutes on the exterior of the building, rendered more impressively dignified by the solitude which ensued when its hitherto, open gates were closed, after ha-ving, as it were, devoured the multitudes which had lately crowded the churchyard, but now, enclosed within the building, were engaged, as the choral swell of voices from within announced to us, in the solemn exercises of devotion. The sound of so many voices, united by the distance into one harmony, and freed from those harsh discordances which is in the ear when heard more near, combining with the mur-muring brock, and the wind which sturg among the old firs, affected me with a sense of sublimity. All nature, as invoked by the Paalmist whose verses they chanted, seemed united in offering that solemn praise in which trembling is mixed with joy as she addresses her Maker. I had heard the service of high mass in France, calebrated with all the eclat which the choi-cest music, the richest dresses, the most imposing ceremonies, could confer on it; yet it fell short in ef-fact of the simplicity of the Presbyterian worship. The devotion, in which every one took a share, seemed so superior to that which was recited by mu-sicians, as a lessor which they had learned by rote, that it gave the Scottish worsh p all the advantage of reality over acting. The surface of those retreats, where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest. The borned fat monumental stones are placed so close to each other, that the precincts appear to be flagged with them, and, though roofed only by the heavens, re-semble the floor of one of our old English churches, where the pavement is covered with sepulchral in-scriptions. The contents of these sad records of mortality, the vain sorrows which they preserve, the stern lesson which they teach of the nothingness of humanity, the extent of ground which they so closely cover, and their uniform and melancholy tenor, reminded me of the roll of the prophet, which was written written within and without, and there was written there in larmentations and mourning and wo." The Cathedral itself corresponds in impressive majesty with these accompaniments. We feel that is appearance is heavy, yet that the effect produ-cad would be destroyed were it lighter or more ora-ingd, e.ccepting, as I am informed, the cathedral of Markwwall, in the Orkneys, which remained uninjured

awa', we mauma be late of gaun in to disturb the worship; if we bide here, the searchors will be on us, and carry us to the guard-house for being idlers in kirk-time."

Thus admonished, I followed my guide, but not, as I had supposed, into the body of the cathedral. "This gate—this gate, sir!" he exclaimed, dragging ms off as I made towards the main entrance of the building. —"There's but cauldrife law-wark gaun on yonder earnal morality, as dow'd and as fusionless as rue leaves at Yule—Here's the real sayour of doctrine."

leaves at Yule-Here's the real savour of doctrine." So saying, we entered a small low-arched door, secured by a wicket, which a grave-looking person seemed on the point of closing, and descended several steps as if into the funeral valits beneath the charch. It was even so; for in these subterranean precincts, why chosen for such a purpose I know not, was established a very singular place of worship. Conceive Trenham an extensive renge of how-brow-

Conceive, Tresiam, an extensive range of low-browed, dark, and twilight raults, such as are used for sepalchies in other countries, and had long been dedicated to the same pyrpose in this, a portion of which was seated with pews, and used as a church. The part of the vauits thus occupied, though capable of containing a congregation of many hundreds, bore a small proportion to the darker and more extensive esverns which yawned around what may be termed the inhabited space. In those wasts regions of oblivion, dusky banners and tattered escutcheons indicated the graves of those who were once, doubtless, "princes in Israel." Inscriptions, which could only be read by the painful antiquary, in language as obsolates as the act of devotional charity which they implored, invited the passengers to pray for the souls of these whose bodies resten beneath. Surrounded by these receptacles of the last remains of mortality, I found a numerous congregation engaged in the act of prayer. The Sectch perform this duy in a standing, instead of a kaceling posture, more, perhaps, to take as broad a distinction as possible from the ritual of Rome than for any better reason, since I have observed that in their family worship, as doubless in their private devotions, they adopt, in their immediate address to the Deity, that posture which odier Christians use as the humblest and most reversential. Standing, therefore, the men being uncovered, a crowd of several hundreds of both seczes, and all ages, listened with great revernes and attention to the extempore, at least the unwritten, prayer of an aged clergyman,\* who was very popular in the city. Educated in the same religious persuasion, I seriously bent my mind to join in the devotion of the day, and it was not till the congregation resumed their seats that my attention was diverted to the consideration

At the conclusion of the prayer, most of the men put on their hats ar bonnets, and all who had the happiness to have seats sate down. Andrew and I were not of this number, having been too late of entering, the church to secure such accommodation. We stood among a number of other persons in the same situation, forming a sort of ring around the setted part of the congregation. Behind and around us were the valuts I have already described, before us the devout audience, dimly shown by the light which streamed on their faces through one or two low Gothie windows, such as give air and light to of countenances, which are generally turned towards a Scotch pastor on such occasions, almost all composed to attention, unless where a father or mother here and there reculis the wandering eves of a lively child, or disturbs the slumbers of a dull one. The high-boned and harsh countenance of the mation, which it frequently exhibits, is seen to more advan-

I have in vain laboured to discover this contenant's came, and the period of his incumbency. I do not, however, despaiting the theory of the second by one of the second sec tage in the set of devotion; or in the ranks of was, than on lighter and more cheerful occasions of assemblage. The discourse of the preacher was well qualified to call forth the various feelings and facities of his audience.

Age and infimilies had impaired the powers of a voice originally strong and sonorous. He red his text with a pronunciation somewhat inaniculars but when he closed the Bible, and commenced his sertnon, his tones gradually strengthened, as he entered with vehemence into the arguments which he maintained. They related chieffy to the abstrat points of the Christian faith, subjects grave, desp and fathomless by mere human reason, but for which, with equal ingenuity and propriety, he sought a kg in liberal quotations from the inspired writings. My in liberal quotations from the inspired writings. My prehended his positions. But nothing could be man impressive than the easer enthusiastic manner of the good old man, and nothing more ingenious than his mode of reasoning. The Sootch, it is well know, are more remarkable for the exercise of their inchastual powers, than for the keenness of their inchastual powers, than for the keenness of their inchastive reasoning on doctrinal points, than infimeoded by the enthusiastic appeals to the heart and to be pasions, by which popular preachers in other counting win the favour of their hearers.

win the favour of their hearers. Among the attentive group which I now are, might be distinguished various expressions amily to those of the audience in the famous cartoos of Paul preaching at Athens. Here sut a salous and intelligent Calvinist, with hows bent just as make as to indicate profound attention; lips slightly com-pressed; cyes fixed on the minister, with an expre-sion of decent pride, as if sharing the triumph of he argument; the forefinger of the right hand toeches successively those of the left, as the preacher, from argument to argument, ascended towards his cade-sion. Another, with flercer and sterner lock, mi-mated at once his contempt of all who doubted the creed of his pastor, and his joy at the appropriate stori. Another, with here'r and sterner ton, m mated at once his contempt of all who doabted the creed of his pastor, and his joy at the approxima-punishment denounced against them. A third per haps belonging to a different congregation, and pe-sent only by accident or curiceity, had the appearance of internally impeaching some link of the resuming; and you might plainly read, in the sight motion of his head, his doubts as to the soundness of the preacher's argument. The greater pur interned with a calm satisfied countenance, aprenive of a orn-scious merit in being present, and in fatening to each an ingenious discourse, although, printen, under entirely to comprehend it. The woman in general be-longed to this last division of the audiacci, the de-however, seeming more grimly intent wow the dehowever, seeming more grimly intent work the stract doctrines laid before them; while the yo stract doctrines faid before them; while the yo females permitted their eyes occasionally to in modest circuit around the congregation; and of them, Tresham, (if my vanity did not great ceive me,) contrived to distinguish your frist servent, as a handsome young stranger, and an lishman. As to the rest of the congregation stupid graped, yavned, or aleyt, till awakaned spplication of their more zealous neighbours' their shins; and the idle indicated their insul-by the wandering of their eyes, but david g more decided token of weariness. Amid the land costume of cost and cloak, I could he land costume of cost and close, I could on there discern a Highland plaid, the wearer of resting on his basket-hill, sent his cryst and audience with the unrestrained caricosity of wonder; and who, in all probability, was ind wonder; and who, in all probability, was ma to the sermon, for a very pardonable reason-he did not anderstand the language in which delivered. The matial and wild look, how these stragglers, added a kind of character the congregation could not have excludied w them. They were more numerous, Audren wards observed; owing to some dettle-fair neighbourhoad.

neighbourhood. Such was the group of countemaness, visit

### BOB BOY.

Com X2.d

supposed as forced their way through the narrow Gothic lattices of the Laigh Kirk of Glasgow; and, bound is a set of the Lagran Link of Glasgow; and, having illuminated the attentive congregation, lost themselves in the vacuity of the vaults behind, giving to be nearer part of their labyrinth a sort of imper-fect wilight, and leaving their recesses in an utter garkness, which gave them the appearance of being marminable.

Thave already said that I stood with others in the meterior circle, with my face to the preacher, and my ack to those vaults which I have so often mentioned. My position rendered me particularly obnoxious to any interruption which arose from any slight noise any interruptions which arose from any singlif horse occurring amongst these retiring arches, where the feast sound was multiplied by a thousand echoes. The occasional sound of rain-drops, which, admitted through some cranny in the ruined roof, fell succes-sively, and plashed upon the pavement beneath, caused one to how my head more then once to the place form me to turn my head more than once to the place from The to turn my head more than once to the place from whence it seemed to proceed; and when my eyes took that direction. I found it difficult to withdraw them; such is the pleasure our imagination receives from the attempt to ponetrate as far as possible into an in-tricate labyrinth, imperfectly lighted, and exhibiting objects which irritate our curiosity, only because they acquire a mysterious interest from being undefined and dividual. My eyes became habituated to the gloomy atmosphere to which I directed them, and insensibly my mind became more interested in their discoveries than in the metaphysical subilities which the preacher was enforcing. My father had often checked me for this wandering

mod of mind, arising perhaps from an excitability of imagination to which he was a stranger; and the finding myself at present solicited by these tempta-tions to inattention, recalled the time when I used to walk, led by his hand, to Mr. Shower's chapel, and the earnest injunctions which he then laid on me to The earnest injunctions which he then had on his to redeem the time, because the days were evil. At present, the picture which my thoughts suggested, far from fixing my attention, destroyed the portion 1 had yet left; by conjuring up to my recollection the peril in which his affairs now stood. I endeavoured, in the lowest whisper I could frame, to request Anin the lowest whisper I could frame, to request An-drew to obtain information, whether any of the gen-ilemen of the firm of MacVittis & Co. were at pre-sent in the congregation. But Andrew, wrapped in profound attention to the sermon, only replied to my maggestion by hard punches with his elbow, as sig-sals to me to remain silent. I next strained my eyea, with equally bad success, to see if, among the sea of mp-turned faces which bent their eyes on the pulpit as a common centre, I could discover the sober and basiness-like physicsromy of Owen. But not among is a common centre, I could discover the sober and basiness-like physiognomy of Owen. But not among the broad beavers of the Glasgow citizens, or the yet broader brimmed Lowland bonnets of the peasants of Lanarkshire, could I see any thing resembling the facent periwig, starched ruffles, or the uniform suit of light brown garments, appertaining to the head yerk of the establishment of Osbaldistone and Trefram. My anxiety now returned on me with such iolence, as to overpower not only the novelty of the cene around me, by which it had hitherto been diseried, bot moreover my sense of decorum. I pulled portew hard by the sleeve, and intimated my wish betwee the church, and pursue my investigation as could. Andrew, obdurate in the Laigh Kirk of lasgow as on the mountains of Cheviot, for some mago w as on the mountains of Cheviot, for some pe deigned me no answer; and it was only when i found I could not otherwise be kept quiet that he moisscended to inform me, that, being once in the brech, we could not leave it till service was over, sause the doors were locked so soon as the prayers gan. Having thus spoken in a brief and prevish resper, Andrew again assumed the air of intelligent leave there are asternion to the previsher's I critical importance, and attention to the preacher's 201178

I endeavoured to make a virtue of necessity, ville a endeavoured to make a virtue of necessity, recall my attention to the sermon I was again urbed by a singular interruption. A voice from and whispared distinctly in my ear, "You are in ger in this city."-I turned round as if mechani-Vhile

car two starched and ordinary-looking mecha-

nics stood-beside and behind me, stragglers, wh like ourselves, had been too late in obtaining en like ourselves, had been too late in obtaining en-trance. But a glance at their faces satisfied ma, though I could hardly say why, that none of these was the person who had spoken to me. Their coun-tenances seemed all composed to attention to the ser-mon, and not one of them returned any glance of in-telligence to the inquisitive and startled look with which I surveyed them. A massive round pillar, which was close behind us, might have concented the speaker the instant he uttered his mysterioug caution, but wherefore it was given in such a ulace. caution; but wherefore it was given in such a place, or to what species of danger it directed my attention,

or to what species of danger it directed my attention, or by whom the warning was uttered, were points on which my imagination lost itself in conjecture. Is would, however, I concluded, be repeated, and I re-solved to keep my countenance turned towards the clergyman, that the whisperer might be tempted to renew his communication, under the idea that the first had passed unobserved.

had passed unobserved. My plan succeeded. I had not resumed the appear-ance of attention to the preacher for five minutes, when the same voice whispered, "Listen—but do not look back." I kept my face in the same direc-tion. "You are in danger in this place," the voice proceeded; "so am I—Meet me to-night on the Brigg, at twelve proceesely—keep at home till the gloaning, and avoid observation." Here the voice ceased, and I instantly turned my head. But the sneaker had with still greater proper-

head. But the speaker had, with still greater promp-titude, glided behind the pillar, and escaped my observation. I was determined to catch a sight of him. servition. I was determined to catch a sight of him, if possible, and, extricating myself from the outer cir-cle of hearers, I also stepped behind the column. All there was empty; and I could only see a figure wrepped in a mantle, whether a Lowland cloak, or a Highland plaid, I could not distinguish, which tra-versed, like a phantom, the dreary vacuity of vaulue which I have described.

I made a mechanical attempt to pursue the myste-rious form, which glided away, and vanished in the vaulted cemetery, like the spectre of one of the nu merous dead who rested within its precincts. I had little chance of arresting the course of one obviously little chance of arresting the course of one obviously determined not to be spoken with; but that little chance was lost by my stumbling and falling before I had made three steps from the column. The ob-scurity which occasioned my misfortune covered my disgrace; which I accounted rather lucky, for the preacher, with that stern authority which the Scottish ministers assume for the purpose of keeping intermeted in their accurations intermined his dis-Scottish ministers assume for the purpose of Keeping order in their congregations, interrupted his dis-course, to desire the "proper officer" to take into custody the causer of this disturbance in the place of worship. As the noise, however, was not repeated, the beadle, or whatever else he was called, did not the cease, or wherever use he was called, did hot think it necessary to be rigorous in searching out the offender; so that I was enabled, without attracting further observation, to place myself by Andrew's side in my original position. The service proceeded, and closed without the recurrence of any thing else worthy of notice.

worthy of notice. -As the congregation departed and dispersed, my friend Andrev exclaimed, "See, yonder is worthy Mr. MacVittie and Mrs. MacVittie, and Miss Alisoo MacVittie, and Mr. Thamas MacFin, that they say is to marry Miss Alisoo, if a' bowls row right-she a hear hearth sullar if cherg no that honny "

is to marry Miss Alison, if a Dowls row right—show has a hantle siller, if she's no that bonny." My eyes took the direction he pointed out. Mr. MacVittie was a tall, thin, elderly man, with hard features, thick gray cychrows, light eyes, and, as I imazined, a sinister expression of countenance, from which my heart recoiled. I rememb red the warning I had received in the church, and hesitated to address this person, though I could not allege to myscif any resional ground of disilito as suspicion rational ground of dislike or suspicion.

I was yet in suspense, when Andrew, who mistook ny hesitation for bashfulness, proceeded to exhort me to lay it aside. "Spenk till him-speak till him, Mr. Francis-he's no provost yet, though they say he'll be my lord neist year. Speak till him, then-he'll gie ye a decent answer for as rich as he is, unless ye were wanting siller frac him-they say he's doug to-draw his purse."

i .

It immediately occurred to me, that if this merenant were really of the churlish and avaricious disposition which Andrew intimated, there might be some caution necessary in making myself known, as I could not tell how accounts might stand between my father and him. This consideration came in aid of the mysterious hint which I had received, and the dislike which I had conceived at the man's countenance. Instead of addressing myself directly to him, as I had designed to have done, I contented myself with desiring Andrew to inquire at Mr. MacVittie's house the address of Mr. Owen, an English gentleman; and I charged him not to mention the person from whom he received the commission, but to bring me the result to the small inn where we lodged. This Andrew promised to do. He said something of the duty of my attending the evening service; but added, with a causticity natural to him, that "in troth, if folk couldna keep their legs still, but wad needs be couping the creets ower through stanes, as if they wad raise the very dead folk wi' the clatter, a kirk wi' a chimley in't was fittest for them."

### CHAPTER XXI.

#### On the Rialto, every night at twelve, I take my evening's walk of meditation: There we two will meet.

#### Venice Preserved.

FUL of sinister augury, for which, however, I could assign no satisfactory cause, I shut myself up in my apartment at the inn, and having dismissed Andrew, after resisting his importunity to accompany him to St. Enoch's Kirk, \* where, he said, "a soul-searching divine was to haud forth," I set myself seriously to consider what were best to be done. I never was, what is properly called superstitious; but I suppose all men, in situations of peculiar doubt and difficulty, when they have exercised their reason to little purpose, are apt, in a sort of despair, to abandon the reins to their imagination, and be guided either altogether by chance, or by those whimsical impressions which take possession of the mind, and to which we give way as if to involuntary impulses. There was something so singularly repulsive in the hard features of the Scotteh trader, that I could not resolve to put myself into his hands without transgressing every caution which could be derived from the rules of physiognomy; while, at the same time, the warning voice, the form which flitted away like a vanishing shadow through those vaults, which might be termthing captivating for the imagination of a young man, who, you will further please to remember, was also a young poet.

man, who, you will further please to remember, was also a young poet. If danger was around me, as the mysterious communication intimated, how could I learn its nature, or the means of avering it, but by meeting my unknown counsellor, to whom I could see no reason for imputing any other than kind intentions. Rashleigh and his machinations occurred more than once to my remembrance; but so rapid had my journey been, that I could not suppose him apprised of my arrival in Glasgow, much less prepared to play off any stratagem against my person. In my temper also I was Jold and confident, strong and active in person, and in some measure accustomed to the use of arms, in which the French youth of all kinds were then initiated. I did not fear any single opponent; assassination was neither the vice of the age nor of the country; the place selected for our meeting was too public to admit any suspicion of meditated violence. In a word, I resolved to meet my mysterious counsellor on the bridge, as he had requested, and to be afterwards guided by circumstances. Let me not conceal from you, Tresham, what at the time I endeavoured to conceal from myself-the subdued, yet secretlycheriabed hope, that Diana Vernon might-by what chance I knew not-through what means I could not guess—have some connexion with this strange and dubious intimation, conveyed at a time and place, and in a manner as o surprising. She alone — whisper-'This I believe to be an anschronism, as Saint Eooch's Caurch

ed this insidious thought—she alone knew of m jour ney; if to there own account, she possessed made and influence in Scotland; she had furnished mewich a talisman, whose power I was to invoke when all other aid failed me: who, then, bu Dians Verna, possessed either means, knowledge, or inclination for averting the dangers, by which, as it seemed, wy steps were surrounded? This flattering view of my very doubtful case pressed itself upon me again again. It insinusted itself into my thoughts, though very bashfully, before the hour of dinner; it display ed its attractions more boldly during the course of my frugal meal, and became so coursgeoush intrsive during the succeeding half hour, (aide) perings by the flavour of a few glasses of most excelled the ret,) that, with a sort of desperate to excee my dinner, seized my hat, and rushed into the que air with the feeling of one who would fly from is own thoughts. Yet perhaps I yielded to the very feelings from which I seemed to fly, since my ring insensibly led me to the bridge over the Clyte, the place assigned for. the rendezvous by my mysterious monitor.

prace assigned for the renuezvous of my enserved monitor. Although I had not partaken of my repart and the hours of evening church-service were over, - in which by the way, I complied with the religious scrubes of my unknown friend, to keep my apartment ill wi-light, --several hours had still to pass avay being the time of my appointment and that at which reached the assigned place of meeting. The inserval, as you will readily credit, was wearsome compt and I can hardly explain to you how it passed away various groups of persons, all of whon, young and old, seemed impressed with a reverential feding of the sanctity of the day, passed along he have open meadow which lies, on the northern hat of the Clyde, and serves at once as a bleaching fed-suit he southern district of the communicate with the southern district of the communicate remember of them was the general, set of appears remember of them was the general, yet not unplease remember of them was the general, yet not makes ing, intimation of a devotiogal character impression on each little party, formally assumed perhaps by some, but sincerely characterising the grater number, which hushed the petulant gayety of the yong into a tone of more quiet, yet more interesting introdange of sentiments, and suppressed the referred argo-ment and protracted disputes of these of more a vanced age. Notwithstanding the numbers who passed me, no general sound of the human work was heard; few turned again to take some minutes yet lon tary exercise. to which the leisure of the remark lantary exercise, to which the leisure of the events, and the beauty of the surrounding sceney, scened in invite them and the surrounding sceney, scened in and the beauty of the surrounding sceney, sensitivity to the surrounding sceney, sensitivity to the sensitivity of the sensitiv the same time striking and affecting, in this mode of keeping the Sabbath holy. Insensibly, I felt as mode of sauntering by the side of the river, and case more or sauriering by the side of the rive, and ing successively the various persons who were pain ing homeward, and without tarrying or delay, and expose me to observation at least, if not a compu-and I slunk out of the frequented path, and found trying locempation for my which is marchalling must be a supersonal to the second in marchalling must be a supersonal to the second in marchalling must be a supersonal to the second in marchalling must be a supersonal to the second in marchalling must be a supersonal to the second in marchalling must be a supersonal to the second in marchalling must be a supersonal to the second s trivial occupation for my mind in marshalling up to volving walk in such a manner as should less man the obnoxious to observation. The different d voiving walk in such a manner as should least the me obnoxious to observation. The different and lined out through this extensive meadow, and are planted with trees, like the Park of St. Jare in London, gave me facilities for carrying in a these childish manœuvres. As I walked down one of these avenues, I herd, my suprise, the sharp and comparish wing of Astro-

As I walked down one of these avenues, I han, my surprise, the sharp and conceited voice of Marker Fairservice, raised by a sense of self-consequence to pich somewhat higher than others seemed to mak consistent with the solemnity of the day. To she hind the row of trees under which I walked wayse haps no very dignified proceeding; but it water easiest mode of escaping his observation, and peaks his impertinent assiduity, and still more intraw

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In the latter part of this instructive communica-tion, Mr. Fairservice lowered his voice to a tone bet-ter bescening the conversation in a place of public resort on a Sabbath evening, and his companion and he were soon beyond my hearing. My feelings of hasty resentment soon subsided under the conviction, that, as Andrew himself might have said, "A heark-ener always hears a bad tale of himself," and that whoever should happen to overhear their character discussed in their own servants hall, must prepare to undergo the scalpel of some such anatomist as Mr. Fairservice. The incident was so far useful, as, in-eluding the feelings to which it gave rise, it sped away

to undergo the scalpel of some such anatomist as Mr. Fairservice. The incident was so far useful, as, in-cluding the feelings to which it gave rise, it speed away a part of the time which hung so heavily on my hand. Evening had now closed, and the growing dark-ness gave to the broad, still, and deep expanse of the brimful river, first a hue sombre and uniform, then a dismal and turbid appearance, partially lighted by a waning and pallid moon. The massive and ancient bridge which stretches across the Clyde was now but dimly visible, and resembled that which Mirza, in his unequalled vision, has described as traversing the yalley of Bagdad. The low-browed arches, seen as imperfectly as the dusky current which they bestrode, seemed rather caverae which swallowed up the imperfective as the dusky current which they bestrode, seemed rather caverns which swallowed up the gloorny waters of the river, then apertures contrived for their passage. With the advancing night the stillness of the scene increased. There was yet a fwinkling light occasionally seen to glide along by the stream which conducted home one of two of the

small parties, who after the abstinence and religions duties of the day, had partaken of a social supper, the only meal at which the rigid presbyterians made some advance to sociality on the Sabbath. Occa-sionally, also, the hoofs of a horse were heard, whose rider, after spending the Sunday in Glasgow, was directing his steps towards his residence in the coun-try. These sounds and sights became cradually of directing his steps towards his residence in the coun-try. These sounds and sights became gradually of more rare occurrence. At length they altogether ceased, and I was left to enjoy my solitary walk on the shores of the Clyde in solemn silence, broken only by the tolling of the successive hours from th steeples of the churches.

only by the toiling of the successive nours from a steeples of the churches. But as the night advanced, my impatience at the uncertainty of the situation in which I was placed increased every moment, and became nearly ungo-vernable. I began to question whether I had been imposed upon by the trick of a fool, the raving of a madman, or the studied machination of a villain, and paced the little quay or pier adjoining the entrance to the bridge in a state of incredible anxiety and veration. At length the hour of twelve o'clock swang its summons over the city from the belfrey of the metropolitan church of St. Mungo, and was an-swered and vouched by all the others like duiful diocesans. The echoes had scarcely ceased to repeat the last sound, when a human form-the first I had seen for two hours—appeared passing along the bridge from the southern shore of the river. I ad-pended on the result of the interview, so much had pended on the result of the interview, so much had my anxiety been wound up by protracted expecta-tation. All that I could remark of the passenger as It is all that I could remark of the passenger as we advanced towards each other was, that his frame was rather beneath than above the middle size, but apparently strong, thick-set, and muscular ihis dreas, a horseman's wrapping coat. I slackened my pace, and almost paused as I advanced, in expectation that he would address me. But to my inexpressible disappointment, he passed without speaking, and I had no pretence for being the first to address one, who, notwithstanding his appearance at the very hour of appointment, might nevertheless be an abso-lute stranger. I stopped when he had passed me, and looked after him, uncertain whether I ought not to follow him: The stranger walked on till near the northern end of the bridge, then paused, looked back, and, turning round, again advanced towards me. I resolved that this time he should not have the apology for silence proper to apparitions, who it is vulgarly supposed, cannot speak until they are spoken to. "You walk late, sir," said I, as we met a second time.

"Before following you, I must know your name and purpose," I answered. "I am a man," was the reply; " and my purpose is friendly to you." "A man," I repeated. "That is a very brief de-

"A man," I IEVENOL. scription." "It will serve for one who has no other to give," said the stranger. "He that is without name, with-out friends, without coin, without country, is still at least a man; and he that has all these is no more." "Yet this is still too general an account of your self, to say the least of it, to establish your credit with a stranger."

"It is all I mean to give, howsos'er; you may choose to follow me, or to remain without the infor-mation I desire to afford you." "Can you not give me that information here?" I demanded.

"You must receive it from your eyes, not from my tongue-you must follow me, or remain in ignorance of the information which I have to give you." There was something slort, determined, and even stern, in the man's manner, not certainly well cal-culated to conciliate undoubting confidence. "What is it you feer?" he said impatiently. To

"Are you afraid?" "I retort your own words," I replied ; "wherefore should I fear?"

"Because you are with a stranger-perhaps an enemy, in a place where you have no friends and many enemies" many enemies

I neither fear you nor them ; I am young, active, and armed.

and armed." "I am not armed." replied my conductor; "but no matter, a willing hand never lacked weepon. You say you fear nothing; but if you knew who was by your side, perhaps you might underlie a tremor." "And why should 1?" replied 1. "I again repeat, I fear nought that you can do." "Nought that I can do?—Be it so. But do you not fear the consequences of being found with one, whose yeary name whispered in-this lonely street would make the stones thamselves rise, us to aporchend him—on the stones themselves rise up to apprehend him-on whose head half the men in Glasgow would build whose nead naif the men in Glasgow would build their fortune as on a found treasure, had they the luck to grip him by the collar-the sound of whose apprehension were as welcome at the Cross of Edin-burgh as ever the news of a field stricken and won in Flanders ?"

in Flanders ?" "And who then are you, whose name should create eo deep a feeling of terror ?" I replied. "No enemy of yours, since I am conveying you to a place, where, were I myself recognised and identi-fied, iron to the heels, and hemp to the craig, would be my brief dooming." I paused and stood still on the pavement, trawing back so as to have the most perfect view of ty com-panion which the light afforded, and which was suf-ficient to guard me against any sudden motion of seasult assault.

"You have said." I answered, "either too much or too,little-too much to induce me to confide in you as a mere stranger, since you avow yourself a person amenable to the laws of the country in which we are --and too little, unless you could show that you are unjustly subjected to their rigour."

As I caused to speak, he made a step towards me. I drew back instinctively, and laid my hand on the

hilt of my sword. "What," said b said he, "on an unarmed man, and your

"I am yet ignorant if you are either the one or the other," I replied; "and, to say the truth, your lan-guage and manner might well entitle me to doubt both."

both." "It is manfally spoken," replied my conductor; 'and I respect him whose hand can keep his head.— I will be frank and free with you—I am conveying you to prison." 'I exclaimed; "by what warrant, or for what officnce?—You shall have my life sooner than my liberty—I defy you, and I will not follow you a step further."

than my liberty-1 dely you, and 1 will not louow you a step further." "I do not," he said, "carry you there as a prisoner. 7 am," he added, drawing himself haughtily up, "nei-ther a messenger nor sheriff's officer; I carry you to see a prisoner from whose lips you will learn the risk in which you presently stand. Your liberty is little risked by the visit; nime is in some peril; but that I medily account for 1 care not for

when, think ye, year life is of such consequence, that they should seek to be eave ye of it "" "I fear nothing," I replied firmly, though some-what hastily. "Walk on-I attend you." We proceeded, contrary to my expectation, to re-side, up its empty and silent streets. The high and gloomy stone fronts, with the variegated ornaments and pediments of the windows, looked yet taller and more sable by the imperfect moonshine. Our walk was for some minutes in perfect allence. At length

lost lodger before to-morrow-But come on what stint ye for ?" As he spoke thus, he tapped at a low wicks, and was answered by a sharp voice, as of one avakand from a dream or reverie, -- "Fa's tat?-Wha's has it wad say?-and fat a deil want ye at this here e'en?-Clean again rules-clean again rules, so hay ca' them." The protracted tone in which the last work was uttered, betokened that the speaker was again twe posing himself to slumber. But my guide moke in a loud whisper, "Dougal, man! has ye forgotter He num Gregorach ?" "Deil a bit, deil a bit," was the ready and live

"Deil a bit, deil a bit," was the ready and her response, and I heard the internal guardian of an prison-gate bustle up with great sizenity. A fer prison-gate busile up with great slacing. A few words were exchanged between my cooluctor and the turnkey, in a language to which I we as aba-lute stranger. The bolts revolved, but with a con-tion which marked the approhension that he sub-might be overheard, and we stood within the sub-bule of the prison of Glasgow, a small, but word guard-room, from which a narrow statuces led we wards, and one ar two lows materiase led we wards, and one or two low entrances conducts apartments on the same level with the outward all secured with the jealous strength of wicks, he and bars. The walls, otherwise naket, were unsuitably garnished with iron fetters, and uncouth implements, which much be design purposes still more inhuman, increased with a sans, guns, pistols of antique manufacture, and weapons of defence and offence. At finding myself so unexpectedly, formisets,

Weapons of detence and offence. At finding myself so unexpectedly, fortuitonin, and as it were, by stealth, introduced within one of the legal fortresses of Scotland, I could not help work lecting my adventure in Northumberland, and the ting at the strange incidents which again, who any demerits of my own, threatened to place as as any demaits of my own, threatened to place me dangerous and disagreeable collision with the law a country, which I visited only in the capacity stranger.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

CHAPTER XII. "Look round thee, young Astolphe: Both Brite Wilch men (for boing sond) are sold beausing-Rude remedy. I tow, for a ro discase. Within these walls, stiffed by despite and some Doth Hope's fair torch expire; and at the some The desperato revolves of wild despite. Kindling tueir child how considered That he poor captive would have died are present Thil bondage such his soul to his condition. The Prior, Some The Are providered to a source of the source of the source the source of the source of the source of the source the source of the source of the source of the source the source of the the source of the source of the source of the source of the the source of the source of the source of the source of the the source of the source of the source of the source of the the source of the source of the source of the source of the the source of the source of the source of the source of the the source of the the source of the source of the source of the source of the the source of the so a, Some III. A

The Prior, See Ita Ar my first entrance I turned an eagr gion wards my conductor; but the lamp in the real was too low in flame to give my curosity up a faction by affording a distinct perusal of his fact As the turnkey beld the light in his hand, the fell more fullon his own scarce less interesting He was a wild shock-based conting animal. He was a wild shock-headed looking animal, profusion of red hair covered and obscured in tures, which were otherwise only character the extravagant joy that affected him at the meridian of the statement of the I do not." In statt, "carry yon there as a prisoner. T am," he added, drawing himself haughtily up, "nei-ther a messenger nor akcrift"s officer: I carry you see a prisoner from whose lips you will learn the risk in which you presently stand. Your liberty is little risked by the visit; mine is in some peril; but that readily encounter on your account, for I care not for risk, and I love a free young blod, that kens no pro-tector hut the cross o' the sword." While he spoke thus, we had reached the principal thread, and were pausing before a large building to huwn stone, garnished, as I thought I could perceive, with grutings of iron before the windows. Muckle," said the stranger, whose language beRota-bit ensured in the same uniquear tange in rates he had communicated with my conductor while we were on the outside of the init door. My made received all this excess of joyful gratulation much like a prince too early accustomed to the ho-mars of, those around him to be much moved by it, put willing to requite it by the usual forms of royal pourtesy. He extended his hand graciously towards the turnkey, with a civil inquiry of "How's a' wi' "me. Doug al?"

Doingal?" - a cara manuary ot "How's a' wi "Oigh, oigh !" exclaimed Dougal, softening the app exclamations of his surprise as he looked around the an eye of watchful alarm-"Oigh, to see you pro-to see you here-Oigh, what will come o' ye is the bailies suld come to get witting--ta filthy, ity indices, at they are?" My guide placed his finger on his lip, and said, for nothing, Dougal; your hands shell never draw bott on me."

"Tet mail they no," said Dougal; "she suld—she md—that is, she wishes them hacked aff by the el-swe finet—But when are ye gaun yonder again ? ad ye'll no fouget to let her ken—she's your puir ogan, God kens, only seven times removed." "I will let you ken, Dongal, as soon as my plans

re settled "

And, by her sopth, when you do, an it were twal the Sunday at e et, abell fling her keys at the pro-ste head or she as them anither turn, and that or a Monday morning begine - so if also winns."

are Monday morning begine—see if she winna." My mysichicas arranger cut his acquaintance's anisans bort by smin addressing him, in what I af-arrange anderstood to be the Irish. Earse, or Gaolic, instanting probably, the services which he required thus head. The surver, "Wi's' her heart—wi's' arresnl," with a good deal of indistinct muttering in singular tone, intum and the turnkey's acquisesence press and made a sign to me to follow him. "Do you not go with us ?" said I, looking to my aductive.

notor.

It is unnecessary," he replied; "my company g he incompanient for you, and I had better remain people our scient."

"I do not suppose you mean to beingy me to dan-

"" said L "To nose but what I partake in doubly," answered estranger, with a voice of esserance which it was prossible to mustrust. I fallowed the turnley, who, leaving the inner estart underked behind him, led me up a turnpick, the Scotch call a winding stair), then along a rrow gallery, -then opening one of several doors mich field into the passage, he ushered use into a pall apartment, and casting his eye on the pallet bed inch scotpied one corner, said with an under voice, he placed the lamp on a littlevient table, "She's seping."

Shalt-who?-can it be Diana Verson in this bode of misery?".

bode of misery?". I turned any eye to the bod, and it was with a mix-se of disappointment oddy mingled with pleasure, ast I new my first suspision had deceived me. I saw head mether young nor heautiful, semished with a my heard of two day's growth, and accommodeted is gred nighten. The first glance put me at ease the score of Diana Vernon; the second, as the pubberser swoks from a heavy sloop, yawned, and head his eyes, presented me with features very dif-ment, and eod-oven these of my poor friend Owen. I ment and eod-oven these of my poor friend Owen. back out of view en instant, that he might have
 back out of view en instant, that he might have
 bast an intruder on those cells of sorrow, and
 any alarm might be attended with unhappy con-

and scatching his cap with the assistance of one and scatching his cap with the other, exclaim-a woice in which as much pewishness as he cannable of feeling, contended with decowiness, and you what, Mr. Dequeil, or whetever your many be, the sam total of the matter is, that if many less the test segue."

"Sheatemana to mean wi'her," replied Daumi, resuming the true dogged sullen tone of a turnkey, an exchange for the shrill clang of Highland congratulation with which he had welcomed my mysterious guide; and turning on his heel, he laft the apartment

It was some time before I could prevail upon the unfortunate sleeper awakening to recognize thes and when he did so, the distress of the worthy creature was attrems, at supposing, which he naturally did, that I had been east thither as a partner of his cap-

when he did so, the distress of the worthy creature was axtrems, at suppoints, which he naturally did, that I had been east thither as a partner of his cap-tivity. "O, Mr. Frank, what have you brought yourself at the house to I--I think mothing of myself, that arm a mass cipher, so to speak; hat you, that wes your for-ther's source to I--I think mothing of myself, that arm a mass cipher, so to speak; hat you, that wes your for-ther's source to I--I think mothing of myself, that arm a mass cipher, so to speak; hat you, that wes your for-ther's source to I--I think mothing of myself, that arm a mass cipher, so to speak; hat you, that wes your for-ther's source to I--I think mothing of myself, that arm a more stainless brown coat, which had now shared seene of the impuries of the floor of his prison-house. -his habits of extreme punctilious nearases acting. "O Heaves he gracious to us !" he cantinued. "What news this will be on 'Change! There has mat-the like come there since the battle of Almanna, where the total of the British lose was suppord if "I broke in on his lamontations to estimate the in-new that Oabeldistone and Treahan have stopped if I broke in on his lamontations to estimate this, that I was no prisoner, though source able to some the own miting suggested; and at length obtained. If was mone of the most distinct; for, however clean-headed in his over a routine of commercial busines. It was mone of the most distinct; for, however clean-headed in his over a routine of commercial busines, in our miting suggested; sing at the ot-respondents of my father's firm hat of the sour-respondents of my father's firm able of portion during to angagements is Gootland former all defait on his over a such as the of on the singer finger father and Orwen had found the house of finger modating. They had defarred to the great finger house hims. However areall the abare of posit langt. house on every possible boccession; and in histicher fanglish house hims. However areall the abare of posit langt. lower and. Interverse small use searce of prost-side-ted to them, it was always, as they expressed at "enough for the like of them;" however large the portion of trouble, "they were sensible they could not do too much to deserve the costinued provenant and good opinion of their benound friends in Canne. Alle

Alley. "The dictates of my father were to MacVittie and MacFin the laws of the Medes and Persens, not to be altered, innovated, or even discussed; and the punctiling exacted by Owen in their businesser" to be altered, innovated, or even discussed; and the punctilies exacted by Owen in their business transactions, for he was a great love of form, mare especially when he could distate it ar celledra-seemed scarce less manotimonicus in their ayen; This tone of deep and respectful observance wood all currently down with Owen ; but my father looked a little closer into men's bosoms, and whether suspi-cious of this excess of defenses, or, as a lover inf bravity and simplicity to business, tired with the gentiemen's long-winded professions of regard, he had uniformly resisted their desure to become his sole agents in Scotland. On the centres, he trans-acted many affinirs through a correspondent of e character perfactly different.-a man whose good opinion of himself amounted to self-conceit, and what ther did the Sontch, would hold no communications but on a facting of absolute equality j salose, mean-but on a facting of absolute equality j salose, mean-ory; and to form as Owen could be of here and testily indifferent, the own opinions in point of form as Owen could be affin-ted marked, the sontch, would hold no constantion in a bat on a facting of absolute equality j salose, mean-but on a facting of absolute equality i salose, mean-opinions in point of form as Owen could be in the and testily indifferent, though the own private comment. Here that assed against the own private comment.

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Owen had a small share, as I believe is usual, in Owen had a small share, as I believe is usual, in the house to which he acted as head clerk, and was therefore personally liable for all its obligations. This was known to Mesars. MacVitte and MacFin; the which is a size of making him feel their power, or therefore personally liable for all its obligations. This was known to Mesers. MacVities and MacKin; and, with a view of making him feel their power, or rather in order to force him, at this emergency, into those measures in their favor, to which he had ex-pressed himself so repugnant, they had recourse to a summary process of arrest and imprisonment, which it seems the law of Scotland (therein surely liable to much abuse) allows to a creditor, who finds his con-science at liberty to make oath that the debtor medi-tates departing from the realm. Under such a war-rant had poor Owen been confined to durance on the day proceeding that when I was so strangely guided to his prison-house. Thus possessed of the alarming outline of facts, ihe question remained, what was to be done? and it was not of easy determination. I. plainly perceived the porils with which we were surrounded, but it was more difficult to suggest any remedy. The warning which I had already received seemed to intimate, that my own personal liberty might be endangered by an open appearance in Owen's behalf. Owen entertain-et the same apprehension, and, in the exaggeration of his terror, assured me that a Scotchman, rather i

than run the risk of losing a farthing by an Excisio-man, would find law for arresting his wis, diker, man-servant, maid-servant, and stranger with his household. The laws concerning debt, in mest con-tries, are so unmercifully server, that I could not a together disbelieve his statement; and my suret, is the present circumstances, would have been a serv-de-grace to my father's affairs. In this dieman, 1 asked Owen if he had not thought of having recome to my father's affairs.

the present circumstances, would have been a sup-de-grace to my father's affairs. In this dilemm, I asked Owen if he had not thought of having resur-to my father's other correspondent in Giangus, Mr. Nicol Jarvie? "He had sent him a letter," he replied, " the morning; but if the smooth-tongued and ciril hour in the Gallowgate had used him thus, what was be expected from the cross-grained crab-stock in the Sait-Market? You might as well ask a boke to give up his per centrage, as expect a favour from im without the per centra. He had not even," Own said, "answered his letter, though it was put into in hend that morning as he went to church." And han the despairing man-of-figures threw himself down a his pathet, exclaiming,—" My poor dear master My poor dear master? O, M', Frank, Mr. Frank, the is all your obstinacy i-But God forgive me for ay-ing so to you in your distress! It's God's deposed and man must submit." My philosophy, Tresham, could not prevet my aharing in the honest creature's distress. If what the midst of our mingled sorrow we wave do up to my conscience as the cause of all this affations. In the midst of our mingled sorrow we wave do turbed and surprised by a food knocking at the of ward door of the prison. I ran to the top of the star-case to listen, but could only hear the wiss of turnker, alternately in a high tone, asswring to some person without, and in a whisper, advines ing—she's coming," aloud ; them in a low key, "O hon-a-ri ! O hon-a-ri ! what'll she do nov? Hear up to the prison. I ran to the top of the star-case to listen, but could only hear the wiss of turnker, alternately in a high tone, asswring to some person without, and in a whisper, advines in a guard--and ta captain's coming as fast as the cir-Ahelianay! it's my lord provosts, and ta main, and ta guard--and to captain's coming as fast as the tra-det person without, whose impathers beam clamourous, my guide ascended the wines far, and sprang into Owen's apartment, we wish day as possible, undid the various fastenes the o

mittance to those without, whose impaires see clamourous, my guide ascended the winter sai and sprang into Owen's apartment, so with is lowed him. He cast his eyes had not be looking for a place of concealment, the sai to m "Lend me your pistols—yet it's so metter. I can without them—whatever you see nike a had, s do not mix your hand in another ma's fast-Ti gear's mine, and I must manage it al dow; be have been as hard bested, and worse, then I am of now."

Now," As the stranger spoke these words, he stray from his person the cumbrons upper cost is the he was wrapt, confronted the door of the spartner on which he fixed a keen and determined hav drawing his person a little back to concentrate force, like a fine horse brought up to the leans the I had not a moment's doubt that he meant to cate himself from his embarrassment, who might be the cause of it, by springing full upon who should appear when the doors opened, an cing his way through all opposition into the sum much was the automatic of attempts and such was the appearance of strength and a displayed in his frame, and of determination a look and manner, that I did not doubt a sta

look and manner, that I did not down a but hat he might get clear through his even miess they employed fatal means to stop har It was a period of awful suspense betwist hi ing of the outward gate and that of the loss apartment, when there appeared—no gam beyonets fixed, or watch with clubs, bills as ana, but a good-looking young wounn, with peticoats, tucked up for trudging through the sud holding a lantern in ber hand. This and holding a lantern in her hand. usbered in a more important personage, in steet, short, and somewhat corpulent; and by dig-nity, as it soon appeared, a magistrate, bobwigged, bustling, and breathless with peevish impatience. My conductor, at his appearance, drew back as if to accepe observation; but he could not elude the pene-trating twinkle with which this dignitary reconnoi-tered the whole apartment. "A bonny thing it is, and a beserving that I

ared the whole apartment. "A bonny thing it is, and a beseeming, that I should be kept at the door half an hour, Captain Sanchella," said he, addressing the principal jailer, who now showed himself at the door as if in attend-ance on the great man, "knocking as hald to get into the tolbooth as ony body else wad to get out of it, could that avail them, poor fallen creatures!—And how's this?—how's this ?—strangers in the jail after lock up hours, and on the Sabbath evening !—I shall how a this this checkella, you may desend ou't accaup nours, and on the Sabbath evening [--] shall hok after thus, Stanchella, you may depend on't-Keep the door locked, and I'll speak to these gentlé-men in a gliffing-But first I maun has a crack wi' an aud acquaintance here.-Mr. Owen, Mr. Owen, hows a' wi'ye, man ?"

Keep the door locked, and 1/1 speak to these gentle-men in a gliffing-But first I maun has a crack wi' an add acquaintance here. -Mr. Owen, Mr. Jarvie," "Pmtty well in body, I thank you, Mr. Jarvie," "The doubt, nae doubt-ay, ay-it's an awfu' "but are afficted in spirit." "Nos doubt, nae doubt-ay, ay-it's an awfu' whumine-and for ane that held his head see high too-humian nature, human nature -Ay, ay, we're a' aubject to a dewncome. Mr. Osbaldistone is a gude lonest gentleman; but I aye said he was ane o' them worthy deacon used to say. The deacon used to aay to me, 'Nick-ycung Nick,' (his name was Nicol as woel as mine; sae folk ca'd us in their daffin' young Nick and auld Nick,'- 'Nick,' said he, 'never put out your arm further than ye can draw it easily back again." I has said see to Mr. Osbaldistone, and he diffus deacourse, delivered with prodigious volubility, and a great sppearance of self complacency, as he recollected his own advice and predictions, gave little gromise of assistance at the hands of Mr. Jarvie. Yet it soon appeared rither to proceed from a total want of delicacy tham any deficiency of real kindness; for when Owen typensed himself somewhat hurt that these things should be recalled to memory in his pre-sent situation, the Glaswegian took him by the hand and back him '' Cheer up a gliff I D'ye think I wid hase comed out at twal o'clock at night, and amaist to keen how thy faher's the deacon afore him. "Why, meni if's my rule never, to think on wardly benchesing-And it's my rule to gang to my bed wi' the yellow curtains preceeping at the society at the o'clock wi' an eighbour, or a neigh-bour wi'' me-aak the lass-quean there, if it isma a fundamental rule in my household; and here hae I aitten up reading gude books, and gaping as if I wad swallow St. Enpz. Kirk, till it chappit twal, whilk www a lawwfu' hour to gie & look at my leget tual, whilk www a lawwfu' hour to gie & look at my leget tual, whilk swallow St. Enpz. Kirk, till it chappit twal, whilk swallow with gue alook and gaping a man and came slipping my ways here to see what ha be dume anent your affairs. Bailie Jarvie can summand entrance into the tolbooth at ony hour, day r sight; sase could my father the descon in his time,

r sight ; sae could my father the deacon in his time, and though Owen groaned at the mention of the ser, leading me grievously to fear that here also balance stood in the wrong column ; and al-cough the worthy magistrate's speech expressed nich self-complacency, and some ominous triumph his own superior judgment, yet it was blended ich a sort of frank and blunt good nature, from then I couldnot help deriving some hopes. He re-trod to see some papers he mentioned, snatched in hastily from Owen's hand, and sitting on the to " rest his shanks," as he was pleased to ex-te the accommodation which that posture afforded his servant girl held up the lantern to him, while awwing, muttering, and sputtering, now at the

imperfect light, now at the contents of the packet, he ran over the writings it contained,

Seeing him fairly engaged in this course of study, the guide who had brought me hither seemed dis-posed to take an unceremonious leave. He made a

the guide who had brought me hither seemed dis-posed to take an unceremonious leave. He made a sign to me to say nothing, and intimated by his change of posture, an intention to glide towards the door in such a manner as to attract the least possi-ble observatioa. But the alert magistrate (very different from my old acquaintance Mr. Justice Ingle-wood) instantly detected, and interrupted his purposes. "I say, look to the door, Stanchells-shut and look it, and keep watch on the outside." The stranger's brow darkened, and he seemed for an instant again to meditate the affecting his retreat by violence; but ere he had determined, the door closed, and the ponderous bolt revolved. He muttered an exclamation in. Gaelic, strode across the floor, and then, with an air of dogged resolution, as if fixed and prepared to see the scene to an end, sale himself down on the oak table and whistled a strathepty. Mr. Jarvie, who seemed very alert and expeditions in going through business, soon showed himself master of that which he had been considering, and addressed himself to Mr. Owen in the following strain; " Weel, Mr. Owen weil-your house are awin certain sums to Messra. MacVittie and MacFin mair out o' a bargain about the sik-woods at Glea-Caliziechet, that they took out stween my teeth-wi help o'your gude word. I main needs asy. Mr. Owen -but that makes nas odds now.)-Weel, sir, your house awsethem this siller; and for this and relief of other engagements they stand in for you, they has putten a double turn o' Stanchells' muckle key os ya.-Weel, sir, ye awe this siller-and maybe ye awe some mair to some other body too-maybe ye awe some to mysell, Baille Nicol Jarvie." " I cannot deny, sir, but the balence may of this date be brought out against un Mr. Jarvie," said

some to mysell, Baile Nicol Jarvie." "I cannot deny, air, but the balance may of this date be brought out against na, Mr. Jarvie," said "Owen; "but you'll please to consider "---------" "I has nast time to consider elow, Mr. Owen-----See nast Sabbath at even, and out o' are's warm bed at this time o' night, and a sort o' drow in the air besides—there's nae time for considering—But, sir, as I was saying, yo awe me money—it winna deny—ye awe me money, less or mair, I'll stand by it—But then, Mr. Owen, I canna see how you, an active man that understands business, can redd out the business ye're come down about, and clear us a' aff—as I have gritt hope ye will—if ye're keepit lying here in the tol-booth of Glasgow.—Now, sir, if you can find cauton *judicio sisti*, that is, that ye winna flee the country but appear and relieve your caution when ca'd for in our legal courts, ye may be set at liberty this very morning." "Mr. Jarvia," said Owen, "if any friend would be--there's nae time for considering-But, sir, as

morning. "Mr. Jarvie," said Owen, "if any friend would be-come surety for me to that effect, my liberty might be usefully employed, doubtless, both for the house and all connected with it."

all connected with it." "Aweel, sir," coffinmed Jarvie, "and doubtless such a friend wad expect ye to appear when ca'd on, and relieve him o' his engragement." "And I should do so as certainly, bating sickness or death, as that two and two make four.". "Aweel, Mr. Owen," resumed thegatizen of Glas-gow, "I dinna misdoubt ye, and I'll prove it, sir-I'll prove it. I aim a carefu' man, as is weel kend, and industrious, as the hale town can testify; and I can win my crowns, and keep my crowns, and count my crowns, wi' ony body m the Saut-Market, or it may-be in the Gallowgate. And I'm a prudent man, as iny father the deacon was before mie; but rather than an honest civil gentleman, that understands business, and is willing to do justice to all men, should lie by an nonest cryn gentieman, tnat understands oudiness, and is willing to do justice to all men, should lie by the heels this gate, unable to help himsell or ony body else-why, conscience, man ! I'll be your bail mysel. —But ye'll mind it's a bail judicio sisti, as our town, clerk says, not judicatus solor; y e'll mind that, fo there's muckle difference."

Mr. Owen assured him, that as matters then stood the could not expect any one to become scenty for the actual payment of the debt, but that there was not the most distant cause for apprehending less alled upon.

"I believe ye—I believe ye. Encugh said—encog id. We'se has your legs loose by breakfast-time, And now let's hear what this chamber chiels o' yours has to say for themselves, or how, in the name of un-vale, they got here at this time o' night."

## CHAPTER XXIII.

#### Old Steer.

Without the leave o' me " Old Stag. Turn magistrate took the light out of his servant-maid's hand, and advanced to his servainy, like Dio-gence in the street of Athens, lantern-in-hand, and probably with as little expectation at that of the cynic, that he was likely to encounter any especial transure in the centre of his resourches. The first values on a table as I have already described him, with his eyes firmly fixed on the wall, his features arranged into the atmost inflexibility of expression, his bands folded on his breast with an air betwirkt foot of the table, to keep time with the tame which he continued to whistle, submitted to Mr. Jarvie's investigation with an air of absolute confidence and assurance, which, for a moment, placed at fault the vestigator.

E'sa as ye see, Bailie," was the laconic as

"Conscience! if I am na clean bumbaized-you, ye chest-the-wuddy rogue, you here on your venture in the tolbest o' Glasgow?-What d'ye think's the

in the tologent of Giangow?-- what d ye think's the "Umph ?--why, fairly weighed, and Dutch weight, it might weigh down one provos?, four bailies, a tewn-clark's, sindescons', besides stent-masters"----"Ab, we reiving villain ?' interrupted Mr. Jarvie. "But tell ower your sins, and prepare ye, for if I say

"But tell ower your source the word" "True, Bailia," said he who was thus addressed, "Stake Bailia," said he who was thus addressed, folding his hands behind him with the utmost non-chalance, "but ye will never any that word." "And why suld in not, sin" a schemen dhe magis-trate-" Why suld I not? Answer me that why suld "I addressed"

I mot?" "For three sufficient reasons, Bailie Jarvie.-

-First for auid langeyne; - second, for the sake of the auid wife ayont the fire at Stuckavrailachan, that made where a point the law is built, to my own proper shame be it speken! that has a cousin wi accounts, and yarn winnles, and looms, and shuttles, like a mere machanical person; - and lastly, Bailie, because if I saw a sign o' your betraying me, I would plaster that wa' with your harns ere the hand of man could res-cue you !" "Ye're a banid desperate villain, sir," retorted the umdanned Bailie; " and yo ken that I ken ye to be sae, and that I wadna stand a moment for my ain risk." "I ken weel," said the other, "ye has gentle bluid in your venna, and I wad be laith to hurt my ain sinsanan. But I'll gang out here as free as I came in, I the very wa's o' Glasgow tolbooth shall tell o't thase ten years to come." ome mixture of our blaids, to my own proper shame

"Weel, weel," said "Weel, weel," said Mr. Jarvie, "bluid's thicker than water; and it lieson in kith, kin, and ally, to see motes in its other's een if other een see them no. It wad he sair news to the said wife below the Ben of Suckavarallachan, that you, ye Hieland limmer, had heachit out my harna, or that I had killed you up in Allow Bat we'll own, ye door dayal, that were it as

UNAF INH: your very cell, I wad has grippit the best main the Hielands."

Histands." "Ye wad has tried, cousin," answered my pile, "that I wot weel; but I doubt ye wad has consel wi' the short measure; for we gang thetecout His land bodies are an unchancy generation what ye speak to us o' bondage. We downa bide the cornea of gude braid-claith about our hinderlans; let als breeks o' freestone, and garters o' iron." "Ye'll find the stane breeks and the am garter, sy, and the hemp eravait, for a' that, neighbour," s-pled the Bailie. "Nae mant in a civilized cousing ever played the plishes ye has done but e'an arts in your ain pook-neuk-I has given ye warning." "Well, cousin," said the other, "ye'll war that at my burial ?"

in your ain poek-neuk- I has giren ye waming. "Well, cousin," said the other, 'yell wer blat at my burial?" "Dell a black cloak will be there, Robin ha the corbies and the hoodie-craws. I'se go ye my band a that. But whar's the guidthonsand pund Scan hat I lent ye, man, and when am I to see it sgan? "Where it is," replied my guide, after the shes-tion of considering for a moment, "I canast just coll-probably where last year's snaw is." "And that's on the tsp of Schehallion, we Rishei dog." said Mr. Jarvie; "and I look for payment for you where ye stand." "Ay." replied the Highlander, "but I kee where snaw nor dellars in my sporran. And u u wa you'll see it—why, just when the king enjoy is m again, as the suid sang sys." "Warst of a', Robin," restorted the Glaswein-"I mean, ye disloyed traiter-Wayst of a'-Thay bring popery in on us, and arbitrary power, sai feist and a warming-pan, and the st forms and the crates, and the and charmits to sumper show theft-boot, black-mail, spreachs, and glinyage" better stealing nove than running ustons." "Hout, man, whisht wi'y your whigey," saysed day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day day. Fee take care your comting-tom is of day

day. I'se take care your comming tom is no day ed out when the Gillon-a-naille come to not Glasgow builts, and clear them of the sale and wares. And, unless it just fa' in the presses with

wares. And, unless it just fa' in the process of your dety, ye mauma see me oftener, Riss, the am disposed to be seen." "Ye are a dawring villain, Roh," moved Bailie; " and ye will be hanged, that will be and heard tell o'; but I'se no'er be the ill has foul my nest, set apart strong receiver at t

"Ye are a daming villain, Rob" arrend in Bailie; " and ye will be hanged, that will be and foul my nest, set apart strong necesy at inobediant.-And wha the decvil and the set of inobediant.-And wha the decvil are set of inobediant.-And wha the decvil are set of the listed, I daur say. He looks at the set of heat is to the high way, and a long craiser he new itryself, had been struck dumb duma in sum recognition, and no less strange dalage, that took place between these extraording the set are set of the high way, and a long craiser he new recognition, and no less strange dalage, that took place between these extraording the have been taken into our firm at the time fir. "This, good Mr. Jarvie, is young Mr. France, and have been taken into our firm at the time fir. and the set of the set of our house, who have been taken into our firm at the time fir. "Good, and the obstimate and first the set of taken into it"-(Here Owen could not segme). "O, I have heard of that small," said the are rechant, interropting him; "it is be view as strolling stage-player, in pure distite to the a strolling stage-player, in pure distite to the sistance, you have afforded Mr. Owen, to a My only business here was to do what I com-ment of my father's affairs. My disting of the set and no set for the first of the set and sole judge." "I protest," said the Highlander, "I have a strolling stage and an too grateful far istance, you have afforded Mr. Owen, in the ment of my father's affairs. My disting of the set and sole judge." "I protest," said the Highlander, "I have a strolling the set affairs of the set and sole judge." "I protest," said the Highlander, "I have a time of father's affairs.

" The lade with the kilts or antheonis.

the him; but now I homour him for his contempt of weaves and episness, and sic-like mechanismi per-sense and their pursuits." " Yore mad, Rob." said the Bailie-""mad as a nt of

In him ; but now I homour him for his continue of weavers and gommers, and so-like mechanismi parsues and their pursuits." "Ye re mad, Rob," said the Baille—" mad as a March mair than at Martinmas, is mair than I tan well say. Weavers! Deil shuke ye out o' the web the weaver craft made. Spinners !--yo'll spin and wind yournell a bonny pirn. And this young birkie here, that ye're hoying and hounding on the shortest tool to the gallows and the deevil, will his stage-plays and his poetries help him here, d'ye think ey mair than your deep on the shortest tool to the gallows and the deevil, will his stage-plays and his poetries help him here, d'ye think ey mair than your deep on the and the deevil, will his stage-plays and his karnes and galla-glasses, and your awn to boot. Rob, procure him five thousand pounds to answer the bills which fall due ton days hance, ware they a' rauped at the Crose, bashat-hilts, Andra-Ferrara, leather targets, brogues, breehen, and all hi karnes to keep the seel seel secred, I hastily broks it open. A sealed letter fell from a blank enclosure, owing to the trajestion with which found its way through a broken pane of the window, wafted the stdness with uncerementous entrossy, and, us my astonishment, handed it to his Highland thingman asying." Here's a wind hes blows a letter to is right owner, though those were to a thousand chances against its coming to hend." The days against the solite open without the least corrents, proke the letter open without the least corrents, and chances against its coming to hend." The days again the solite open without the least corrents.

andersoured to interrupt his proceeding. "You must catiafy me, sir," said I, "that the let-tag is intended for you before I can permit you to peruse it."

"Make yourself quite easy, Mr. Oebaldistone," re-plied the mountaineer, with great composure;— "remember Justice Inglewood, Clerk Jobeon, Mr. Morris—above áll, remember your vera humble ser-vant Robert Cawmil, and the beautiful Dians Vernon. Remember all this, and doubt no longer that the letter is for me."

Interview is for me." I rememed astomished at my own stapidity.— Through the whole night, the voice, and even the features of this man, though imperfectly seen, haunt-ad me with recollections to which I could assign no araset local or personal associations. But now the light dawned on me at once,—this men was Camp-bell himself. His whole peculiarities flashed on me at once, — the deep strong voice, —the inflexible, stern, yet considerate sease of features,—the Scottish brogue, with its corresponding dialect and imagery, which, although he possessed the power at times of lay-ing them saide, recurred at every moment of emotion, and gave pith to his sarcasm, or vehemence to his emposite strong. Rather beneath the middle size than above 15, his limbe ware formed upon the very strongacquestatetion. Rather beneath the middle size than above 15, his limbs were formed upon the very strong-est medical that is consistent with sullity, while, 'from the remarkable case and freedom of his movements, you could not doubt his possessing the latter quality in a high degree of perfection. Two points in his permon interfered with the rules of symmetry--bis theoretic were so bread in proportion to his height, measure were so bread in proportion to his height, the presence of the source of being too the frame, gave him something the air of being too re in respect to his statute; and his artas, though and, sinewy, and strong, were so very long as to smaller a deformity. I afterwards beard that this moth of arm was a circumstance on which he pri-d bizmeelf; that when he wore his native Highland ind binneelf; that when he wore his native Highland arb, he could tie the garters of his hose withost toopping; and that it gave him great advantage in a the use of the broadsword, at which he wis very exterous. But certainly this want of symmetry de tooped the claim he might otherwise have set up, to be used very handsome main; it gave some inger wild, irregular, and, as it were, uncerthly, of tables which Misbel us d to tail of the old Picts Vor. II.

who ravaged Northumbertand is succent threes, who, according to her tradition, were a sort of half-gobin half-human beings, distinguished, like this man, for courage, cunning, ferocity, the length of their arms, and the squareness of their shoulders.

When, however, i recollected the circumstances in which we formerly met, I could not doubt that the billet was most probably designed for him. He had made a marked figure among those mysterious per-sonages over whom Diana seemed to exercise an insonages over whom Diana seemed to exercise an in-flasnce, and from whom she experienced an influence in her turn. It was painful to think that the fate of a being so areiable was involved in that of despera-does of this man's description; yet it seemed impus-sible to doubt it. Of what use, however, could this person be to my father's affairs '-- I could think only of one. Rashleigh Obaldistone had, at the instiga-tion of Miss Vernon, certainly found means to pro-duce Mr. Campbell when his presence was necessary to excellpate me from Merris's accusation-Was it not possible that her influence, in like manner, mighter provait on Campbell to produce Rashleigh ? Speak-ing on this supposition, I requested to know where

not possible that her influence, in like manner, might prevail on Campbell to produce Rashleigh ? Speak-ing on this supposition, I requested to know where my dangerous kineman was, and when Mr. Camp-bell had seen him. The answer was indirect. "It's a kittle cast she has given me to play; but yet it's fair play, and I winna bauk her. Mr. Os-baldistone, I dwell net very far from hence-my kingman can show you the way-Leave Mr. Owne te do the best he can in Glasgow-do you come and see me in the giena, and it's like I may pleasure you, and stead your father in his extremity. I am but a poor man; but wit's better than wealth-and, cousin," (turning from me to address Mr. Jarvie,) "if ye daar renture sase muckle as to eat a dish of Scotch collopa, and a leg o' red-deer venison wi' me, come ye wi' this Sassenach geutleman as far as Drymen. og Bucklive, or the Clachan of -Aberfoil will be better than ony o' them, and I'll hae somebody waiting to waise ye the gate to the place where I may be for the une-What say ye, man ?-There's my thumb, I'll ne'er beguils thee." "Na, na, Robin," said the cautious burgher, "I

time-What say ye, man 7-There's my thumb, I'll ne'er beguile thee." "Na, na, Robin," said the cantious burgher, "I eeldom like to leave the Gorbals; I have nas free-dom to gang amang your wild hills, Robin, and yeur kitted red-shanks-it disna become my place. man." "The devil damn your place and you baith!" rei-terated Campbell. "The only drap o' gentle blaid that's in your body was our great grand-uncle's that was justified at Dumbarton, and you set yourself op to say ye wad derogate frae your place to visit me !-Hark thee, man, I owe thee a day in hars-I'll pay up your thousan pund Scots, plack and bawbee, gin ye'll be an honest fallow for anes, and just daiks" up the gate wi' the Sassenach." "Hous awa' wi' your gentifity," replied the Bailies "carry your gente bluid to the Cross, and see what ye'll buy wi't.-But, if *usere* to come, wad ye really and soothfastly pay me the siller ?" "I swear to ye," said the Highlander, "upor the halidome of him that sleepe beneath the gray stame at Inch-Cailleach." "Say nae mair, Robin,-esy nae mair-We'l' see what may be dume,-Bat ye maunna expect me to rang ower the Highland line -I'll gas boyond the and soothfastly pay me the soot Bucklive or the Clachan of Aberfoil, and dinna forget the nest ful." "Nae fear-nae fear," said Campbell. "I'lt be as

"Nae fear-nae fear," said Campbell, "I'll be as troe as the steel blade that never failed its master.--But I must be budging, cousin, for the air o' Ghasgew toibooth is no that ower salutary to a Highlander's constitution."

"Troth," replied the merchant, " and if my duty were to be dume, ye couldna change your atmosphere, as the minister ca's it, this as were while.—Ochen, that I and ever be concerned in aiding and abetting an escape frae justice! it will be a shame and a du-grace to me and mine, and my very father's memory, for ever."

"Hont tout, man, let that fice stick in the wa'," answered his kinsman; "when the dirt's dry it will rub but—Your father, honest man, could look ower a friend's fault as weel as anither." "Ya may be right Rohun." replied the Bailie, after

friend's fault as weel as anither." "Ye may be right, Robin," replied the Bailie, after a moment's reflection; "he was a considerate man the deacon; he kend we had a' our frailties, and he lo'ed his friends—Ye'll no hae forgotten him, Robin?" This question he put in a softened tone, conveying as much at least of the ludicrous as the pathetic. "Forgotten him," replied his kınsman, " what suld ail me to forget him?-a wapping weaver he was, and wrought my first pair o' hose—But come swa' kinsman,

"Corhe fill up my cap, come fill up my cans, Come andle my honses, and call up my mas; Come open your gates, and let me gas ree, I dauma stay langer in bonny Dundee."

<sup>1</sup> Whisht, ar !?' said the magistrate, in an authoritative tone—" litting and singing sae hear the latter and o' the Sabbath ! This house may hear ye sing anither tune yet—Aweel, we hae a' backslidings to answer for—Stanchella open the door." The jailer obeyed, and we all sallied forth. Stanchells looked with some suprise at the two strangers, wondering, doubtless, how they came into these premises without his knowledge; but Mr. Jarvie's "Friends o' mine, Stanchells—friends o' mine," silenced all disposition to inquiries. We now descended into the lower vestibule, and holloed more than once for Dougal, to which summons no answer was returned; when Campbell observed, with a sardonic amile, "That if Dougal was the lad he kent him, he would scarce wait to get thanks for his ain share of amile, "That if Dougal was the lad he kent him, he would scarce wait to get thanks for his ain share of

would scarce wait to get thanks for his ain share of the night's wark, but was in all probability on the full trot to the pass of Ballamaha"—— "And left us—and, abune a', me, mysell, locked up in the tolbooth a' night l' exclaimed the Bailie, in ire and perturbation. "Ca' for fore-hammers, sledge-bammers, pinches, and coulters; send for Descon Yetlin, the smith, and let him ken that Bailie Jar-vie's shut up in the tolbooth by a Hieland blackguard, whom he'll hang up as high as Haman"— "When ye catch him," said Campbell, gravely; "but stay, the door is surely not locked."

Indeed, on examination, we found that the door was not only left open, but that Dougal in his retreat had, by carrying off the keys along with him, taken care that no one should exercise his office of porter

"He has glimmerings o' common sense now, that creature Dougal," said Campbell ; "he kend an open

creating Dougal," said Campbell; "he kend an open door might has served me at a pinch." We were by this time in the street. "I tell you, Robin," said the magistrate, "in my puir mind, if ye live the life ye do, ye shuld has ane o' your gillies door-keeper in every jail in Scotland, in case o' the warst." "Ane o' my kinsmen a bailie in ilka burgh will just do as weel, cousin Nicol-so, gude-night or gude-morning to ye; and forget not the Clacham of Aberfoil."

Aberfoil." And without waiting for an answer, he sprung to the other side of the street, and was lost in darkness. Immediately on his disappearance, we heard him give a low whistle of peculiar modulation; which was instantly replied to. "Hear to the Hieland deevils," said Mr. Jarvie; "they think themselves on the skirts of Benlomond already, where they may gang whewing and whist ling about without minding Sunday or Saturday." Here he was interrupted by something which fell with a heavy clash on the street before us-"Gude Here he was interrupted by something which fell with a heavy clash on the street before us-" Gude guide us! wiat's this main o't?-Mattie, haud up theiantern-Conscience ! if it isna the keys-Weel, that's just as weel-they cost the burgh siller, and there might has been some clavers about the loss o' there. O, an Bailie Grahame were to get word o' this night's job, it wad be a sur hair in my neck!" As we ware still but a few steps from the tolbooth soor, we carried back these implements of office, and consigned them to the head jailer, who, in lieu of the usual mode of making good his post by turning the keys, was keeping centry in the vestibule till the

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#### CHAPTER XXIV.

"Will it please your worship to accept of my peer sarv I beseech that I may feed upon your bread, though it is brownest, and drink of your drink, though it be of the smal for I will do your worship as much service for forty shalling another man aball for three pounds." Gazar's Tr Gues

I REMEMBERED the honest Bailie's parting char but did not conceive there was any incivility in an ing a kiss to the half-crown with which I remut rated Mattie's attendance; nor did her "Fie ahame, sir," appress any very deadly researcher the affront. Repeated knocking at Mrs. Flyter's me wakened in due order, first, one or two stray of who began to bark with all their might; next, we three night capped-heads, which were thrust es the neighbouring windows to reprehend me for turbing the solemnity of the Sunday night by an untimely noise. While I trembled lest the the tone of their wrath might dissolve in showers like the Xantippe, Mrs. Flyter herself awake, and began to tone of objurgation not unbecoming the philosoph spouse of Sogrates, to scold one or two kinesses I REMEMBERED the honest Bailie's parting char spouse of Socrates, to scold one or two loise her kitchen, for not hastening to the door to p

her Russen, for nor nastering to the court to per-a repetition of my noisy summons. These worthies were, indeed, nearly concerns the fraces which their laziness occasioned, base other than the faithful Mr. Fairservice, wish friend Mr. Hanmongaw, and another permon, will afterwards found to be the town-crice, whe

siting over a cog of ale, as they called it, (at my ex-ponse, as my bill afterwards informed me,) in order to devise the terms and style of a proclamation to be ande through the streets the next day, in order that "the unfortunate young-gentleman," as they had the forpudence to qualify me, might be restored to his founds without further delay. It may be supposed that I did not suppress my displeasure at this imper-ument interference with my affairs; but Andrew set me such eigenlations of transport at my arrival, as p such ejaculations of transport at my arrival, as airly drowned my expressions of resentment. His we such ejsculations of transport at my arrival, as fairly drowned my expressions of resentment. His traptures, perchance, were partly political; and the tears of joy which he shed had certainly their source in that noble fountain of emotion, the tankard. How-ever, the tunultuous give which he falt, or pretended to feel at my return, saved Andrew the broken head which I had twice destined him; first, on account of the colloquy he had held with the precentor on my affairs; and, secondly, for the impertinent history he had thought proper to give of me to Mr. Jarvie. I how-over contented myself with slapping the door of my bed-room in his face as he followed me, praising Heaven for my safe return, and mixing his joy with admoni-tions to me to take care how I walked my own ways in future. I then went to bed, resolving my first business in the morning should be to discharge this troublesome, pedantic, self-conceited coxomb, who seemed so much disposed to constitute himself rather a preceptor than a domestic. Accordingly in the morning I resumed my purpose, and calling Andrew into my apartment, requested to know his charge for gniding and attending me as far as Glaagow. Mr. Firstervice looked very blank at this demand, justy considering it as a presage to approaching dismission. "Your honour," he said, after some hesitation, wuma think--wanna think".

wunna think-wunna think" "Speak out, you rascal, or I'll break your head," said I, as Andrew, between the double risk of losing all by asking too much, or a part, by stating his de-mand lower than what I might be willing to pay, stood gasping in the agony of doubt and calculation. Out it came with a bolt, however, at my threat; as the kind violence of a blow on the back sometimes delivers the windering from an intraview moreal

as the kind volence of a blow on the back sometimes delivers the windpipe from an intrusive morsel. "Anghteen pennies sterling per diem-that is by the day-your honour wadna think unconscionable." "It is double what is usual, and treble what you smerit, Andrew; but there's a guinea for you, and get about your busines."

about your busine

\*\* The Lord forgi'e us! Is your honour mad?" ex-

"No; but I think you mean to make me so-I gir you a third above your demand, and you stand starin and expostulating there as if I were cheating you. -I give

o't; and I account in the my wage, board-wage, in, and bountith, ay, so that length o't at the least." "Come, come, sir," reylied I, "these impudent pre-tensions won't serve your turn; and if I hear any more of them, I shall convince, you, that Squire Thornetiffe is not the only one of my name that can use his fingers." use his fingers.

use his fingers." While I spoke thus, the whole matter struck me as or ridiculous, that, though really angry, I had some difficulty to forbear laughing at the gravity wa's which Andrew supported a ples so utterly extrava-gant. The rascal, aware of the impression he had made on my muscles, was encouraged to perserve-rance. He judged it safer, however, to take his pre-tensions a peg lower, in case of overstraining at the same time both his ples and my patience. "Admitting that my benour could part with a faith-ful servant, that had served me and mine by day and night for twenty years, in a strange place, and at a

ful servant, that had served me and mine by day and night for twenty years, in a strange place, and at a moment's warning, he was weel assured," he said, "it wasna in my heart, nor in no true gentleman's, to pit a puir lad like himsell, that had come forty or fifty, or say a hundred miles out o' his read purely to bear my honour company, and that had nae hauding but his penny-fee, to sice hardship as this comes to." I think it was you, Will, who once told me, thet, to be an obstinate man, I am in certain things the most guilable and mallesble of mortals. The fact is, and cold contract man be in the strength of the strength that it is only contraduction which makes me person

most gullable and malleable of mortals. The fact is, that it is only contradiction which makes me peramp-tory, and when I do not feel myself called on to give battle to any proposition, I am always willing to grant it, rather than give myself much trouble. I knew this fellow to be a greedy, tiresome, meddling cox-comb; still, however, I must have some one about me in the quality of guide and domestic, and I was so much used to Andrew's humour, that on some co-casions it was rather-amusing. In the state of inde-cision to which these reflections led me. I saked Fairs. casions it was rather-amusing. In the state of inde-cision to which these reflections led me, I asked Fair-service if he knew the roads, towns, dc. in the north of Scotland, to which my father's concerns with the proprietors of Highland forests were likely to lead ma, I believe if I had asked him the road to the terrestrial paradise, he would have at that moment undertaken to guide me to it; so that I had reason afterwards to think myself fortunate in finding that his actual to guide me to it; so that I had reason afterwards to think myself fortunate in finding that his actual knowledge did not fall very much short of that which he asserted himself to possess. I fixed the amount, of his wages, and reserved to myself the privilege of diamissing him when I chose, on paying him a week in advance. I gave him finally a severe lecture on his conduct of the preceding day, and then dismissed him, rejoicing at heart, though somewhat creet-fallen in countenance, to rehearse to his friend, the precen-tor, who was taking his morning draught in the kitchen, the mode in which he had "cuitled up the daft young English squire."

you a third above your demand, and you stand staring and expossiblating there as if I were cheating you— "Take your money, and go about your business." "Gais save us?" continued Andrew, "in what can I has effected your honour?—Certainly a' flesh is but as flowers of the field, but if a bed of camonie that where is medicine, of a surety the use of Andrew, "airservice to your honour is nothing lees evident "I pon my honour," replied I, "it is difficult to say "her ther you are more knave or fool.—So you intend the deil be in my feet gin I leave yo—and there's as guide servant, I ken when I has a guide master, "Torek, I was e' en thinking sae," replied Andrew, "are the deil be in my feet gin I leave yo—and there's as guide servant, I ken when I has a guide master, "Torek is a singer it? sail I was e' merely a guide, where's as guide servant, I ken when I has a guide master, "Tore place and the lang o',—besides, I has received "Your place at it." sailed my self of on "Torek and the lang o',—besides, I has received "Your place at a hour's notice, to comply "Your place at an hour's notice, to comply "your honour is solicitations. A man might make my ang wir your honour to the term's end at the least "your honour to the term's end at the least "your honour to the term's end at the least "your honour to the term's end at the least "your honour to the term's end at the least "your honour to the term's end at the least "your honour to the term's end at the least

"Shot and she his Scatch drive selmon, his Lechfine herrings, and even to the deable damask table-cloth, "wrought by ne hand, as yee may guess," save that of his decased faither the worthy Descon Jarvis. Having conciliated our good-humoured host by those little attentions which are great to most men, I endeavoured in my turn to gain from him some information which might be useful for my guidance, as well as for the astignation of my content. Wo as well as for the satisfaction of my caricety. We had not bitherto made the least allusion to the trans-Wa as well as for the satisfaction of my carlosity. We had not bitherto made the least allusion to the trans-excitons of the preceding night, a circumstate which made my question sound somewhat abrupt, when, without any previous introduction of the subject, I took advantage of a pause when the history of the tablecloth ended, and that of the napkins was about to commence, to inquire, "Pray, by the by, Mr. Jar-vie, who may this Mr. Robert Campbell be whom we met with last night?" The interrogatory seemed to strike the honest ma-gistrate, to use the vulgar phrase, "all of a heep," and instead of answering, he returned the question, --" Whae's Mr. Robert Campbell ?-aben-abay! --" Whae's Mr. Robert Campbell, quo' he ?" "Yes," said I, "I mean who, and what is he ?" " Why, he's-abay the's-abeen-Where did ye meet with Mr. Robert Campbell, as ye ca'him ?" " I met him by chance," I replied, " some months ago, in the north of England." " Ou then, Mr. Osbaldistone," said the Bailie dog-gediy, " ye'll ken as muckle about him as I do." " There is some cousin-red between us, doubtless," " There is some cousin-red between us, doubtless," " and bail prejuctandy." but we have seen little o

"There is some cousin-red. between us, doubtless," said the Bailie reluctantly, "but we has seen little o' ilk other since Rob gas up the cattle-line o' dealing, poor failow 1 he was hardly guided by them might has used him better—and they hasna made their plack a bawbee o't neither. There's mony and this day wad rather they had never chased nur Robin frae the

has back and netter—and they hasna made incir plack, a bawbee o't neither. There's mony ane this day wad rather they had never chased puir Robin frae the Cross o' Glasgow—there's mony ane wad rather see him again at the tail o' three bundred kyloes, than at the head o' thirty waar cattle?" "All this explains nothing to me, Mr. Jarvie, of Mr. Campbell's rank, habits of life, and means of subsistence," I replied. "Rank 7" said Mr. Jarvie; "he's a Hieland gentle-man, nae doubt—better rank need nane to be; —and for habit, I judge he wears the Hieland habit amang the hills, though he has breaks on when he comes to Glasgow;—and as for his subsistence, what needs we care about his subsistence, see lang as he asks maathing frae us, ye kea. But I has nae time for cla-yering about him e'en now, because we maun look into your father's concerns wi's speed." So suying, he put on his spectacles, and sate down to examine Mr. Owen's states, which the other thought it most prudent to communicate to him without re-serve. I knew enough of business to be aware that

serve. I knew enough of business to be aware that serve. I knew enough of business to be aware that nothing could be more acute and sagacious than the views which Mr. Jarvie entertained of the matters submitted to his examination; and, to do him jus-tice, it was marked by much fairness and even libe-rality. He scratched his ear indeed repeatedly, on observing the balance which stood at the debit of Osbaldistone and Tresham in account with himself personally.

"It may be a dead loss," he observed; "and, con-science! whate'er are o' your Lombard-street gold-smiths may say to it, it's a snell ane in the Saut-Market o' Glasgow. It will be a heavy deficit—a staff out o' my bicker. I trow. But what then?—I 'trust the house wunna coup the crans for a' that's come and gane yet; and if it does, I'll never bear sate base a mind as thace corbics in the Gallow-gate—an I am to lose by ye, I'se ne'er deny I hae won by ye mony a fair pund sterling—Sae, an it come to the wurst, I'se e' en lay the head o' the sow to the tail o' the grice."\* I did no: altogether understand the proverbial ar-fangement with which Mr. Jarvie consoled hittiself,

rangement with which Mr. Jarvie consoled hittself, but I could easily see that he took a kind and friendly interest in the arrangement of my father's affairs, suggested several expedients, approved several plans Anglice, the head of the soy at tail of the pig.

proposed by Owen, and, by his countenance alies set, greatly abated the gloom upon the baow of a afflicted delegate of my father's establishment. As I was an idle spectator on this coession, perhaps, as I showed come inclination mase

pernaps, as a showen wome incumences measures once to return to the prohibited, and, appearent pazzling subject of Mr. Campbell, Mr. Jarvied ed me with little formality, with an advice to up the gate to the college, where I was find chields could speak Greek and Latin week, ntly, j chields could speak Greek and Latin wool,—at least they got pienty o' siller for doing deil hast else, if hay worthy Mr. Zachary Boyd's translation o' the Scrip-ures—better postry need name to be, as he hal hay tell'd by them that kend, or suid has kend, about sit things." Bat he beasoned this dismission with a kind and hospitable invitation, "to come back mit this part o' has faxily-chack, at ane proceeding--there wil be a leg o' mutton, and, it might he, at tup's best, for the ywere in season i' but, above all. I was to return at "ane c'clock proceesity-- it was the how he suit the denson his father aye dired at—they pat it all for nactings me for nacedy."

#### CHAPTER XXV.

So stends the Thruchan bedraman with his ap Fwill in the gap, and hopes the hunted bear; Avid heurs tim in the ratiling wood, and see His course at distance by the bending theses, and thinks-Here others my mortal esseny, and sinks - Here others in fight, or L

I rook the route towards the college, as read mended by Mr. Jarvie, less with the intention seeking for any object of interest or amoustness, the to arrange my own ideas, and medicate on my same conduct. I wandered from one quadrangle of dd-fashiened buildings to another, and from thenes to

is a line of buildings to another, and from these to the College-yards, or walking-ground, where, please with the solitude of the place, most of the suders being engaged in their classes, I took several arm, pondering on the waywardness of my own destin-ing my first meeting with this person Campbell, has he was engaged in some strangely desperate corner, and the reluctance with which Mr. Jorvie alladed to his person or pursuits, as well as all the scene of the preceding night, tended to confirm these suspicions. Yet to this man Drana Vernon had not, if would seem, hestitated to address herself in my behalf; and the conduct of the magistrate himself towards him showed an odd mixture of kindness, and even supper, with pity and censure. Something there must be un-common in Campbell's situation and character; and what was still more extraordinary, it seemed that the fate was doamed to have influence over, and comwhat was still more extraordinary, it served that fate was doomed to have influence over, and con-nexion with my own. I resolved to kring kir, less to close quarters on the first proper opportunity, learn as much as was possible on the unblest of mysterious person, in order that I might judge with ther it was possible for me, without prejudition to reputation, to hold that degree of further convey ence with him, to which he seemed to invite. While I was musing on these subjects, style then use attracted by three persons who summer

tion was attracted by three persons who app the upper and of the walk through which I was tering, seemingly engaged in very earnest tion. That intuitive impression which man us the approach of whomsoever we love or us the approach of whomsoever we love or has intense veriemence, long before a nore indicate can recognise their persons, flushed upon an the sure conviction that the misimost of the men was Rishleigh Ostadistons. To adden was my first impulse; my second was, to way until he was alone, or at least to recomber in a panions before confronting him. The party is at such distance, and engaged in such deep dis that I had time to step unobserved to the out of a small hedge, which imperfectly screened ley in which I was walking. It was at this period the fashion of the von

It was at this period the fushion of the yo gay to wear, in their morning walks a scarl often laced and cabroidered, above their oth and it was the trick of the time for stillen

by to dispuse it as as to manife a part of the face. So imitating this fachies, with the degree of shelter which I received from the hedge, anabled me to meet my cousin, unobserved by him or the others, except where as a passing stranger. I was not a little Series as a particle of the companions that very Marris on whose account I had been summoned he-fore Justice Inglewood, and Mr. Mac Vitte the mer-chant, from whose starched and severe aspect I had recoiled on the preceding day,

A more ominous conjunction to my own affairs, A those of my father, could scarce have been form-I remembered Morris's false accusation against ed. I remembered Morra's faise accusation against me, which he might be as easily induced to renow as he had been intimidated to withdraw; I recollected the inauspicious influence of Mac Vitte over my fa-ther's affairs, testified by the imprisonment of Owen; and I now saw both these men combined with one, whose talents for mischief I deemed little inferior to these of the great author of all ill, and my abhorence of whom almost amounted to dread.

those of the great author of all ill, and my shhortence of whem almost amounted to dread. When they had passed me for some poces, I turned and followed them mobestved. At the end of the walk they separated, Motris and MacVittie leaving the walks. I was now determined to confront him, and demand reparation for the injuries he had done my father, though in what form redress was likely to be remdered remained to be known. This, how-ever, I trusted to chance; and, flinging back the sloak in which I was muffied, I passed through a gap of the low hedge, and presented myself before Rash-leigh, as, in a deep reverse, he paced down the avenue. Hashleigh was no man to be sarprised or thrown off his guard by sudden occurrences. Yet he did not find me thus close to him, wearing undoubtedly in tay face the marks of that indignation which was glowing in my boson, without visibly starting at an apparition so sudden and so menacing. "You are well met, sir," was my commencement; "I was about to take a long and doubtful journey in quest of you."

Reshleigh, with his usual undaunted composure. "I am easily found by my friends-still more easily by

"In that of your foes, sin," I answered; "in that of your benefactor, my father, by accounting for his to your benefactor, my father, by accounting for his

To your benefactor, my latner, by accounting for his peroperty." "And to whom, Mr. Osbaldistone," answered **Bashleigh**, "am I, a member of your father's com-mercial establishment, to be compelled to give any account of my proceedings in those concerns, which are in every respect identified with my own? Surely not to a young gentleman whose exquisite taste for literature would render such discussions disgusting and unintelligible."

"Your meer sir, is no answer; I will not part with you until I have full satisfaction concerning the frand you meditate-you shall go with me before a

"Be it so," said Rashleigh, and made a step or two "He it so," said Rashleigh, and made a step of two if to accompany me; then pausing, proceeded :--Were I inclined to do as you would have me, you acculd soon feel which of us had most reason to said the presence of a magistrate. But I have no that to accelerate your fate. Go, young map ! amuse same if in your world of postical imaginations, and me: the business of life to these who understand the instantion. The light was to provoke me and the instantion. hould

Fig. intention, I believe, was to provoke me, and succeeded. "Mr. Osbaldiatone," I said, "this of calm insolence shall not avail you. You with to be aware that the name we both bear ne-submitted to insult, and shall not in my person be osed to it."

3 H

never to be washed out but by blood i-for the ve-rious times you have crossed my path, and always is my prejudice-for the persevering folly with which you seek to traverse schemes, the importance of which you need to traverse schemes, the importance of which you neither know nor are capable of estimating, for all these, sir, you owe me along account, for which there shall come an early day of reckoning." "Let it come when it will," I replied, "I shall be willing and ready to meet it. Yet you seem to have forgotten the heaviest article—that I had the pleasure

to ad Miss Vernor's good serve and virtuous feeling in extricating her from your infamous toils." I think his dark eyes flashed actual fire at this home-tunt, and yeths voice retained the same calm expressive tone with which he had hitherto con-

Notified the conversation. "I had other views with respect to you, young man," was his answer; "less hazardous for you and more suitable to my present character and former edu-cation. But I see you will draw on yourself the per-sonal chastisement your boyish insolence so well merits. Follow me to a more remote spot, where we are less likely to be interrupted." I followed him accordingly, keeping a strict eye out his motions, for I believed him capable of the very worst actions. We reached an open spot in a sort of wildernees laid out in the Dutch taste, with clipped hedges, and one or two statues. I was on my great, and it was well with me that I was se; for Bash-leigh's sword was out and at my breast ere I could and it was well with me that I was so; for Rask-leigh's sword was out and at my breast are I could throw down my cloak, or get my weapon unsheathed, so that I only seved my life by springing a pace or two backwards. He had some advantage in the dif-ference of our weapons; for his sword, as I recol-lect, was longer than mine, and had one of those bayonet or three-cornered blades which are now ge-nerally worn; whereas, mine was what we then called a Saxoh blade-narrow, flat, and two-edged and searcely so manageable as that of my enemy. In other respects we were prety equally matched; for what advantage I might poseess in superior address In other respects we were pretty equally matched; for what advantage I might possess in superior address and agility, was fully counterbalanced by Rashleigh's great strength and coolness. He fought, indeed, more like a fixed than a man—with concentrated spite and desire of blood, only allayed by that cool conside-ration which made his worst actions appear yet worse from the air of deliberate premeditation which seemes to accompany them. His obvious malignity of pur-pose never for a moment threw him off his guard, and he exhausted every feint and attrategen proper and he exhausted every feint and stratagein proper to the science of defence; while, at the same time, he meditated the most desperate catastrephe to our rencounter.

On my part, the combat was at first sustained with more moderation. My passions, though hasty, were not malevolent ; and the walk of two or three up. not malevolent; and the walk of two or three my-nutes' space, gave me time to reflect that Rashleigh was my father's nephew, the son of an uncle, who after his fashion had been kind to me, and that his failing by my hand could not but occasion much family distress. My first resolution, therefore, was to attempt to disarm my antagonist; a manœuvre in which, confiding in my superiority of skill and practice, I anticipated little difficult?. I found, how-ever, I had met my match; and one or two foils which I received, and from the consequences of which I narrowly escaped, obliged me to observe more caution in my mode of fighting. By degrees I became exasperated at the rancour with which Rash leigh sought my life, and returned his passes with ac leigh sought my life, and returned his passes with an inveteraty resembling in some degree his own; and that the combat had all the appearance of being des tined to have a tragic issue. That issue had nearly that the combat had all the appearance of being dee tined to have a tragic issue. That issue had nearly taken place at my expense. My foot slipped in a full loung: which I made at my adversary, and I could not so a recover myself as completely to parry the thrust with which my pass was repaid. Yet it took but partial effect, running through my waistcoat, grazing my ribs, and passing through my coat be hind. The hilt of Rashleigh's sword, so great was the vigour of his thrust, struck against my breast with such force as to give me great nain, and conwith such force as to give me great pain, and con-firm me in the momentary belief that I was mortally wounded. Esger revenge, I grappled with us

enemy, seizing with my left hand the hill of his sword, and shortening my own with the purpose of running him through the body. Our death-grapple was interrupted by a man who forcibly threw him-self between us, and pushing us separate from each other, exclaimed, in a loud and commanding voice, "What! the sons of those fatherp who sucked the strangers'!-By the hand of my father, I will cleave to the brisket the first man that mints another stroke!" I looked up in such other's bud as it sweeter was no

I looked up in astonishment. The speaker was no other than Campbell. "He had a basket-hilted broadother than Campbell. "He had a basket-hitted broad-sword drawn in his hand, which he made to whistle around his head as he spoke, as if for the purpose of en-forcing his mediation. Rashleigh and I stared in silence at this unexpected intruder, who proceeded to exhort us alternately: "Do you, Maister Francis, opine that yè will re-establish your fattler's credit by cutting your kinsman's thrapple or getting your ain sneckit instead thereof in the College-yards of Glasgow?-Or do you, Mr. Rashleigh, think men will trust their hives and fortunes wi' ane, that, when in point of trust and in point of confidence wi's a great political interest, gangs about brawling like a drunken gillie ? -Nay, never look gash or grim at me, "man-if ye're angry, ye ken how to turn the buckle o' your bell be-hind you." "You presume on my present situation," replied Rashleigh, "or you would have havits denait at in

angry, ye kan now to turn the buckle o' your bell be-hind you." "You presume on my present situation," replied Rashleigh, "or you would have hardly dared to in-terfere where my honour is concerned." "Hout, tout, tout - Presume ?—And what for whould it be presuming ?—Ye may be the richer man, Mr. Obslidistone, as is maist likely; and ye may be the mair learned man, whilk I dispute not: but I reckon ye are neither a prettier man nor a better gentleman than mysell—and it will be news to me when I hear ye are as gude. And dare too?—Muckle daring there's about it—I trow here I stand, that hae slabled as bet a haggin as ony o' the twa o' ye, and thought nae muckle o' my morning's wark when it was dune. If my foot were on the heather as it's on, the causeway, or this pickle gravel, that's little bet-ter, I hae been waur mistrysted than if I were set to gie ye beith your sering o't." Rashleigh had by this time recovered his temper completely. "My kinsman," he said, "will acknow-ledge he forced this quarrel on me. It was none of my seeking. I am gliad we are interrupted before I chesting this function.

my seeking. I am glad we are interrupted before I chastised his forwardness more severely." "Are ye hurt, lad,?" inquired Campbell of me, with

"A very hight scratch," I answered, "which my kind equain would not long have boasted of flad not you come between us.

"In troth, and that's true, Maister Rashleigh," said Campbell; "for the cauld iron and your, best bluid were like to has become acquaint when I mastered Mr. Frank's right hand. But never look like a sow

Mr. Frank's ngit hand. But nover look like a sow playing upon a trump for the luve o' that, man-come and walk wi' me. I has news to tell ye, and ye'll cool and come to yoursell, like Mac.Gibbon's crow-dy, when he set it out at the window-bole." "Pardon me, sir," said ..." Your intentions have seemed friendly to me on more occasions than one; but I must not, and will not, quit sight of this person, muil he yields up to me those means of doing fustice to my father's engagements, of which he has trea-cherously possessed himself." "Ye're daft, man," replied Campbell, "it will serve ye maething to follow us e'enow; ye has just enow o' as man, wad ye bring twa on your head, and might bide guiet T

Vide quiet ? Twent

Coras. XXV. cers, constables, and sic-like black cattle, that has been the plagues o' pulr suld Scotland this bander year, -- it was a merry ward when every man had his ain gear wi' his in grin, and when the comming side wasna fashed wi' warrants and pointings and apprizings, and a' that cheatry craft. And afce mair I say it, my conscience winne see this puir thought-less lad ill-guided, and especially wi' that sort o' mde. I wad rather ye fell till't again, and fought it out like douce honest men."

"Your conscience, MacGregor!" said Rashleigh "you forget how long you and I have known ead other

"you forget how long you and I have known each other." "Yee, my conscience," reitorated Campbell or Mico-Gregor, or whatever was his name; "I has such a thing about me, Maister Osbaldistone; and therein it may weel chance that I hae the better o' you. As to our knowledge of each other,—if ye ken what I an; and, whatever you may think, I would not change states with the proudest of the oppressors that hae for being what you are, is between your ain heart and for being what you are, is between your ain heart and the lang day.—And now, Maister Francia, let go his collar; for he says truly, that ye are in meir danger straight as an arrow, he wad find a way to put you wrang—So let go his craig, as I was saying." He seconded his words with an effort so eadden and unexpected, that he freed Rashleigh from my twa age of has craig, as I was saying." "You may thank this gentleman, kinsman," sind Rashleigh, "if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I leave any part of my debt to you wunfdi; and if I words word, wiped it, sheathed n, and interruption."

He took up his sword, wiped it, sheathed n, and was lost among the bushes. The Scotchman, partly by force, partly by remoa-strance, prevented my following him; indeed, I be-gan to be of opinion my doing so would be to hithe purpose:

purpose: "As I live by bread," said Campbell, when, she one or two struggles in which he used much forbau-ance towards me, he perceived me inchised to stand quiet, "I never saw sae daft a callant! I wal has gien the best man in the country the breadth of his back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien me sic-a kenning as ye has back gin he had gien ye of we have been been been been a' the auld story again, and ye maun look for man help frae me hore, as ye got at Justice Inglewood e-It isna good for my health to come in the gate o' the whigamore ballie bodies. Notw gang your ways hasas

It isna good for my health to come in the gate of it whigamore bailie bodies. Now gang your ways has like a gude bairn-jouk and het the jaw gas by -Ka out o' sight o' Rishleigh, and Morris, and that in Vittie animal-Mind the Clachan of Aberfoil, as I is before, and, by the word of a gentleman, I wunna ye wranged. But keep a calm sough till we us again-I maun gas and get Rashleigh out o' the is afore waur comes o't, for the neb o' him's news o' mischief-Mind the Clachan of Aberfoil." He turned upon his heel, and left me to rewind the singular events which had befallen me. My disposing it so as to conceal the blood which fit down my right side. I had scarcely account that, when, the classes of the College being dis students. I therefore left them as soon as part students. I therefore left them as soon as parts

bide quiet?" 'I replied, "if it be necessary." "I wenty," I replied, "if it be necessary." Takid my hand on Rashisgit's collar, who made no resistance, but said, with a sort of scornful smile, "You tear him, MacGregor! he rushes on his fate-are by this time ready, and all is prepared." The Scotchman was obviously embarrassed. He said: "The ne'er a bit will I yield my consent to his being ill-guided, for standing up for the father the father the father the father the father rust in audience of this learned pharmacopolia opened the door of the báck-shop, where I father the state of the second pharma and increase we magistrates, justices, bailies the father the father the father the second pharma and mine to a' sort we magistrates, justices, bailies the father the father the door of the báck-shop, where I fa

· CHAR XXVL1

at some idle account I gave him of having been wounded accidently by the button breaking off my antagonist's foil while I was engaged in a fencing

match. When he ad applied some int and some-what else he thought proper to the trifting wound I had received, he observed, "There never was button on the foil that made this hurt. Ah ! young blood ! on the foil that made this hurt. An ; young blood !- But we surgeons are a secret genera-tion-If it werena for hot blood and ill blood, what would become of the twa learned faculties?"

With which moral reflection he dismissed me ; and I experienced very little pain or inconvenience after-wards from the scratch I had received.

# GHAPTER XXVI. An iron race the mountain-cliffs mainter Fore to the gentler genius of the plain.

Who, while their rocky ramparts round they of The rough abode of want and liberty, As lawless force from confidence will grow, inwis the plenty of the sales below.

G= 1 7

WHAT made ye sae late ?" said Mr. Jarvie, as atered the dining-parlour of that honest gentleman ; "it is chappit and the best feck o' five minutes by gane. Mattie has been twice at the door wi' the din-

"it is chappit, and the best fock o' five minines by-game. Mattie has been twice at the door wi' the din-mer, and weel for you it was a tuy's head, for that canna suffer by delay. A sheep's head ower muckle boiled is rank poison, as my worthy father used to say-he likit the lug o' ano weel, hondst man." I made a suitable apology for my breach of puno-tuality, and was soon senied at tuble, where Mr. Jar-vis presided with great glee and hospitality, compel-ling, however, Owen and myself to do rather more justice to the Scottish dainties with which his board was charged, than was quite agreeable to our southern plates. I escaped pretty well, from having those habits of society which enable ope to elude this species of well-meant persecution. But it was ridicu-ious enough to see Owen, whose ideas of politeness were more rigorous and formal and who was wil-ling, in all acts of lawful compliance, to evince his respect for the frend of the firm, eating, with rusful complaisance, mouthful after mouthful of singed wood, and pronouncing it excellent, in a tone in which disgust almost overpowered eivility. When the cloth was removed, Mr. Jarvie com-pounded with his own hands a very small bowl of prandy-punch, the first which I had ever the fortune to see. "The lines " he asserted us "more from his are

brandy-punch, the first which I had ever the sorume to see. "The limes," he assured us, "were from his own tittle farm yonder-awa," (indicating the West Indies with a knowing shrug of his shoulders,) "and he had learned the art of composing the liquor from sold Captain Cofinkey, who acquired it," he added in a whisper, "as maist folk thought, amang the Bucca-miers. But it's excellent liquor," said he, helping us round; "and good ware has aften come frae a wick-ed market. And as for Captain Cofinkey, he was a decent man when I kent him, only he used to swear awfully—But he's dead, and gaon to his account, and I trust he's accepted..." We found the liquor exceedingly palatable, and it host on the opening which the Union had afforded to trade between Glasgow and the British colonies in

nose on the opening which the Union has should be trade between Ghasgow and the British colonice in America and the West Indies, and on the facilities which Ghasgow possessed of making ap sortable car-goes for that market. Mr. Jarvie answered some objection which Owen made on the difficulty of sort-

objection which Owen made on the difficulty of sort-ing a cargo for America, without buying from Eng-sand, with vehemence and volubility. "Na, na, sir, we stand on our ain bottom-we pickle in our ain pock-neuk.-We has our Stirling erges, Musselburgh stuffs, Aberdeen hose, Edinburgh dalloons, and the hks, for our woollen or worsted goods-and we hae linens of a' kinds better and cheaper than you has in Lunnon itsell-and we can bey your north o' England wares, as Manchester wares, Sheffeld wares, and Newcastle earthen-ware; a fair spell at cottom and muslins-Na, na 1 let every herring hing by its ain head, and every sheep by its ain sharek, and ye'll find, sir, us Glasgow folk no sae

far ahint but what we may follow. "This is but pour entertainment for you, Mr. Osbaldistone." (observing that I had been for some time silent,) "but ye ken cadgers maun aye be speaking about cart-saddles." I apologized, alleging the painful circumatances of my own situation, and the singular adventures of the

my own situation, and the singular solventures of the morning, as the causes of my abstraction and ab-sence of mind. In this manner I gained what I sought—an opportunity of telling my story distinctly and without interruption. I only omitted mention-ing the wound I had received, which I did not think worthy of notice. Mr. Jarvie listened with great at-tention and apparent interest, twinkling. his little gray eyes, taking snuff, and only interrupting me by brief interjections. When I came to the account of the rencounter, at which Owen folded his hands and cast up his eyes to Heaven, the very image of world surprise. Mr. Jarvie broke in upon the narration with "Wrang-now-clean wrang—to draw a sword on your kinsman is inhibited by the laws o'.God and iman ; and to draw a sword on the streets of a royal with "Wrang now-clean wrang-to draw a sword on your Kinsman is inhibited by the laws o'. God and man; and to draw a sword on the streets of a royal burgh, is punishable by fine and imprisonment-and the College-yards are nase better privileged-they should be a place of peace and quietness, I trow. The College didna get gude 600!, a-year out o' bishops rents, (sorrow fa' the bread o' bishops and their rents too I) nor yet a lease o' the Archbishoprick o' Glas-gow the sell o't, that they suld let folk tuikze in their yards, or the wild caliants bicker there wi's naw-ba's as they whiles do, that when Mattie and I gaethrough, we ard fain to make a baik and a bow, or in the risk o' our harns being knocked out-it suld be looked to. --But come awa' wi' your tale--what fell nest T On my mentioning the supearance of Mr. Camp-bell, Jarvie arose in great suprise, and paced the room, exclaiming, "Robin 'sgain t--Robert's mad-clean wud, and waur-Rob will be hanged, and dis-grace a' his kindred, and that will be seen and heard tell o'. My father the deacon wrought him his first hose--odd, I am thinking Deacon Threeplie, the

hose-odd, I am thinking Descon Threeplie, the response of the secon Threeplie, the response of the secon Threeplie, the response of the second the second

ay, pur Robin is in a fair way o' being hanged-But come awa'-come awa'-let's hear the lave o't." I told the whole story as pointedly, as I could, but Mr. Jarvie still found something lacking to make it clear, until I went back, though with considerable reluctance, on the whole story of Morris, and of my meeting with Campbell at the house of Justice Ingle-wood. Mr. Jarvie inclined a berious ear to all this, and remained silent for some time after I had finished way achieves. my narrativo.

<sup>10</sup>Upon all these matters I am now to ask your advice, Mr. Jarvie, which, I have no doubt, will point out the best way to act for my father's advantage and at our honor " my own honour

"Yo're right, young man-ye're right," said the Baile. "Aye take the counsel of those who are sulder and wiser than yoursell, and binna like the godless Rehoboam, who took the advice o' a wheen beurdless callants, neglecting the suld counsellors who had sate at the feet o' his father Solorion, and, as it was weel put by Mr. Meiklejohn, in his lecture on the chapter, were doubtless partakers of his sa-pience. But I maan hear ndething shout honour-we ken nasthing here but about credit. Honour is a houncide and a bloodspiller, that gange about making frays in the street; bus Credit is a decent honast man, that sits at hame and makes the pat play." "Assuredly, Mr. Jarvie." and our friend Green

"Assuredly, Mr. Jarvie," said our friend Owsa, "credit is the sum total; and if we can but save that, at whatever discount"

\* The boys in Scotland used formerly to make a sort turnalia in a snow storm, by pelling passedgers with snow But those exposed to that sacorname wire scatted from it eary penalty of a baik (spirit) from a female, or a boy a man. It was any two starts of the store was the so

He expectation over to see back my thousand pund doots that he promises me cenow, yet I will never say but what Robin means fairby a' men." I am then to consider him," I replied, " as an ho-

t man?

ment man "" "Umph!" replied Jarvie, with a precautionary sort of cough,—" Ay, he has a kind o' Hieland honesty— he's honest after a sort, as they say. My father the denoon used aye to laugh when he tauld me how that season used aye to laugh when he table he now the by-word came up. Ano Captein Costlett was crack-ing crouse about his loyalty to King Charles, and Clerk Pettignew (yo'll has heard mony a tale about him) asked him after what manner he served the Aim) asked him after what manner he served the king, when he was fighting again him at Wor'ster in Gromwel's army; and Captain Costlett was a ready body, and said that he served him after a sert. My honest father used to laught weel at that mort-end as the hy word came up?

my moment rainer user to laught weel at that aport-and ase the by-word came up." "But do you think," I said, "that this mass will be able to serve me after a sort, or should I triat myself to this place of rendezvour which he has given me?" "Frankly and fairly, it's month the mass given me?"

"Frankly and fairly, it's worth trying. Ya see yoursell there's some risk in your staying here. This yoursell there's some risk in your staying here. This, bit bedy Morris has gotten a custom-house place down at Greenock—that's a port on the Firth down by here; and tho'a' the warld kens him to be but a twa-leggit creature, wi'a goose's head and a hen's heart, that goes about on the quay plaguing fork's about permits, and cockits, and dockits, and a hen's the strade, yet if he ledge an information—ou, mae doubt a man in magisterial duty maus attend to ut, and ye might come to be clapped up between four "Wa's, whilk wad be ill-conventent to your father's affairs."

"True," I observed; "yet what service am I likely to reader him by leaving Glasgow, which, it is pro-bable, will be the principal scene of Rashleigh's mawhinations, and committing myself to the doubtful faith of a man of whom I know hitle but that he fears sense of a man of whom 4 know intile but that he fears justice, and has doubless.good reasons for doing so; and that for some scoret, and probably dangarous purpose, he is in close league and alliance with the very person who is like to be the author of our main ?" min ?

"At 1 but ye judge Rob hardly," said the Bailie,---"At 1 but ye judge Rob hardly," said the Bailie,---"ye judge him hardly, puir chield; and the truth is, that ye ken neething about our hill country, or Hie-lands, as we ca' them. They are clean annuer set free the like o' huz; there's nas bailie-counts amang them-nee magistrates that dinna beer the sword in vain, like the worthy deacon that's awa'-and, I may eay't, like mysell and other present magistrates in this city-But it's just the laird's command, and the loon main loop; and the never another law has they but the length o' their dirks—the broadsword's pur-der, or flaintiff, as you Englishers os' it, and the target is defender; the stoutest head bears langest out-and there's a Hieland plea for ye." Owen groaned deeply; and I allow that the de-scription did not greatly increase my desire to tast imyself in a country so lawless as he described these Sectilish mountains. "Now, sir," said Jarvie, "we speak little o' these things because they are familiar to outputs; and \* 14 m---nae magistrates that dinna bear the sword in

Scottish mountains. "Now, sir," said Jarvie, "we speak little o' that thiags, because they are familiar to oursells; and where's the use o' vilifying ane's country, and bring-ang a discredit on ane's kin, before southroas an "Well, sir, but as it is no unpertanent curiesity of mine, but real necessity, that obliges me to make these inquiries, I hope you will not be offended at my pressing for a little further information. I have to deal, on my father's account, with several gentlemen of these wild countries, and I must trust your good sense and experience for the requisite lights upon the subject." subject

This little morsel of flattery was not thrown out

"Experience !" said the Baille, "I has had experi-Ay, and to speak quietly amang oursells. I has made some calculations— Ay, and to speak quietly amang oursells. I has made some perquisitions through Andrew Wylis, my and derk; he's wi' MacVittie and Co. now—but he whiles drinks a gill on the Esturday afternoons wi' his suld mester. And since the ay years willing to be

guided by the Glasgow wave-bety's string I me nor the man that will refuse it to the sen of a all correspondent, and my father the descen we sum sic afore me. I have while thought of king m lights burn before the Duke of Argyle or his work Lord Hay, (for wherefore should have hide make a bushel ?) but the like of the grit men wake min the like of me, a puir waketer-body-they buk and of wha says a thing than o' what the thing it have said. The mair's the pity-mair's the pity. Not the I was appeak ony ill of this MacCellum More-Cam not the rich in your bedchamber,' such the san of a 'rach, for a bird of the air shall carry the claus, and pint-stoups has lang lugs." pint-stoups hae lang lugs

pint-scoups has lang lugs." I interrupted these prolegomena, in which Mr. Jarvis was apt to be somewhat define, by pring him to rely upon Mr. Owen and myself as percent secret and safe confidants. "It's no for that," he replied, "for I far me um -what for suld I ?-I speak mae treason-Oby the Hielandmen has lang grups, and I while gains we hit up the glens to see some suid kinedits. Hielandmen hae lang grips, and I while and a w bit up the glens to see some sold kinably an wedne willingly be so had blude wi ony o hards Howsomever, to proceed-Ye man mierrand, found my remarks on figures, whilk a lift ow here weel kens, is the only true demostration root human knowledge." Owen readily essented to a proposition to make his own way, and our orator proceed. "These Hielands of ours, as we or the sol of heights and howes, woods, cavera, ledn mu and mountains, that it wad the the work of an to flee to the tap o' them. And in this county, a a mont d

and mountains, that it was inclus, arwas, rearises to fice to the tap o' them. And in this county, in the isles, whilk are little better, or is an about twa junder and thirty percenter, includ-about twa junder and thirty percenter, includ-the Orkneys, where, whether they speak Genter it wonns, but they are an uncivitized perce-mate of eight hunder examinable percent in one fifth to stame for bairns of may years being onlidren under, time years of ago, and then dean one fifth to stame for bairns of may years being under, the whole population will reach the main one fifth to stame for bairns of may years being under, the whole population will reach the and -let us add one fifth to Ston to be he mailipier, "The product," said Mr. Owen, who stand of 190,000 """"

220,000.

230,000." "Right, air—perfectly right; and he milis of this Hieland country, were a the model and fither and fifty-six brought at the case arms, couldna come weel short of the arm and five hundred inco. Now, in its as a wfue truth, that there is neither way are the hundred inco. Was in the tas fashion nor appearance of wark, is is us hi thas puir creatures; that is to say, that is us to be pasturage, the fasheries and every set honest industry about the comiry, cause a the one moiety of the population, for then we lazily as they like, and they do work as if a or a spade burnt their fingers. Awel, sit, than of unemployed bodies, encounting """ "To one hundred and fitnes themand set Owen, "being the builf of the above protect. "Ye has', Massier Owen-ye has't when may be twenty-eight thousand even burnet fashion nor appearance of wark, for the tas

I to naw i, Manster Owen-ye has ye may be twenty-sight thousand even but bodied sillies fit to bear arms, and that o and will tobeh or look at mae heast me lihood even if they could get it-which they cannot."

"But is it possible," said L. "Mr. Jarwa, can be a just picture of so large a porta-island of Britana?" "Srr. I'll make it as plain as Peter Paul istaff--I will allew that ills parochine, on at employs fifty pleughs, whilk is a great paul sic missrable soil as thas creature has t and that there much a mature mean for and that there not as that creater and house, and owsen, and forty or fay over take care o' the pleaghs and catte, w seventy-five families of six lives in it a we'se add fifty mair to make even semist has five hundred souls, the tas half e' de p

situation.

"In the name of God I" said I, "what do they do, Mr. Jarvie? It makes me shudder to think of their "ituation." "Sir," replied the Bailie, "ye wad maybe shudder mair if ye were living near-hand them. For, admit-ing that the tas hall of they may make some little thing for themsells/topsetly in the Lowlands by shear-ing in harst, droving, haymaking, and the like; ye has still mony hundreds and thouseands o' lang-degged Hieland gillies that will neither work sor want, and mann gang thigging and sorning a blout on their se-quaintance, or live by doing the laird's bidding, be't right or be't wrang. And mair especially, mony hun-dieds o' them come down to the borders of the low country, where there's gear to grip, and live by steal-ing, reving, lifting cows, and the like dependations! A thing deplorable in ony Christian country—the mair especially, that they take pride in it, and reckon driving a spreagh (whilk is, in plein Scutch, stealing a herd of news) a gallant, manly action, and mail befitting of greatyf men (as siz revers will ca' them-sells) than to win a day's wage by only honest thrift. And the laird's are as bad as the koons; for if they, dimme bid them gas reive and harry, the deil a bi't they forthid them; and they shelter them, or let them shear thermells, is their woods, and mountains, and then they are wi'gen and pixels, as mony, as can in ony fashion, fair or foul, meinteen thermelle—and they take ware wi'gen and pixels, as mony, as can in ony fashion, fair or foul, meinteen thermelle—and they takes are wi'gen and pixels lawes the and sourcher, is be one of these grees of the country whenever the shared likes is and the is then fixed and sourcherd. "The will are and has been for this thenese." "And this kineman of yours, and friesd of mines, is be one of these cores is then and of mines. "Though he's weak born, and likes these o' your great granthese o' ohies, as they ca' them, neither. Though he's weak born, and likes and of mines in any of chiefs, weak bord, are inear o' your great granthese o

my father Descon Jarvie, (peace he wi'his memory!) begianing, Dear Descon, and ending, your loving: kineman to command, --they are smeast a about bor-rewad siller, see the gude descon, that's dead and gane, keepit them as documents and evidents--He was a careful man." "But if he is not," I reanned, "one of their chiefs or patriarchal leaders, whom I have heard nu father tak of, this kinemas of yours has, at least, much to any in the Highlands, I pussume?" "Ye may say that--use name better kenned be-tween the. Lennox and Brendalbane. Robin was ans a weel-doing, pains-taking drover, as ye wad see imang ten thousand --It was a planer to to see him in

ances a weel-doing, pains-taking drover, as ye wad see wang ten thousand.—It was a pleasure to see him in his batted plaid and brogues, wi' his target at his batk, and claymore and dick at his belt, following a hundred Highland stots, and a dozen o' the gillies. arrough and ragged as the beats they drave. And he was bath civil and just in his dealings, and if he thought his chapman had made a hard sargain, he was gie hans a luck-penny to the menda. I has kend he me shellings out o' the pund sterling." "Twenty-five per cent," said Gwen.—" a heavy discome: "

liscoun: Ho wad gie it though, sir, as I tell ye; mair es

The gring both through, and us four yop much co-"The gring four service was a kind of gentoel, beggins, or ra-we consoline between begging and sobbins, by which the sty in Bootland used to exist cattle, or the means of subspi-ing, fram these who had not so give. "The wrong practice, and means a galant, alart follow, present desays it his wroapons. R, BOI

employed and maintained in a sort o' fashion, wi' passally if he thought the huper was a pur man, and some chance of sour-milk and crowdie; but I wad be couldna stand by a loss. But the times can have and how was vanturesome. It wasna my fast-"In the name of God !" said I, " what do they do, " o't—And the credityra, main appecially some gr couldna stand by a loss. But the times cars hard, and Rob was venturesome. It wasna my feat-it wisse my feat; he canna wyte ma. I are tend him o't-And the creditors, mair especially some grit neighbours o' his, grippet to his living and land; and they may his wife was turned out o' the house to the hill-side, and sair misguided to the boot. Shamee's' i shamee's' l-I am a pacean' man and a magistrate, but if ony are had guided as my cars, while as my servent queen. Mattie, as it's like they guided Rob's wife, I think it suid has ast the shabbest that my father the descon had at Both well brig a-walking again. Weel, Rob came hame, and fand desolation. God pity me' where he left plenty; he looked east, west, 'south-porth, and aw nother hand nor hope - neither beid nor shelter; me he e'en pu'd the bonnet over him brow, beited the breadeword to his side, mak to the bread and a bonase a broken man.''s

brow, belted the broadsword to his side, task to the brooking, and became a broken man."s "The voice of the good critizen was broken by his contending feelings. He abviously, while he pre-fessed to contemn the pedigree of his Highland kins-rman, attached a secret feeling of consequence to the connerios, and he spoke of his friend in his propp-rity with an overflow of affection, which despend his sympathy for his misfortunes, and his regret for their consequences.

their consequences. "Thus tempted, and unged by despuis," said I, see-ing Mr. Jarvie did not present in his narrative, "I suppose your kinaman because one of those depreda-tors rea have described to as?" "No are as bad as that," said the Glaswegian,---"no a' thagither and outright sas bad as that; but he because a levier to blast-mail, while and further than ever it was raised in our day, a' through the Lennox and Menteith, and up to the gates-o' Stirling Cased."

Onsile." "Black-mail ?-- I do not understand the phrase," I

Castle." "Black-mail ?--I do not understand the phrase," I "Black-mail ?--I do not understand the phrase," I "Go, you see, Rob soon gathered an unco band o' blas hommets at his back, for he comes o' a rough name where he's kent by his aim, and a name that's held its aim for meny a lang year, baith spain king-end partiquent, and kirk too, for ought I ken-am and antiquent, and kirk too, for ought I ken-am and antiquent, and kirk too, for ought I ken-am and and hadden down and oppressed. My mo-ther was a MascGragor-I carena wha home it-And the Bob had soon a gallant hand; and as it grieved him (he and) to see aic hership, and waste, and de-predation to the south o' the Hielend line, why, if ony heritor or farmer wad pay him four punds Scots ont af each hundred punds of valued rent, whith was deukties a moderate consideration. Rob engaged to keep them senthless-let them send to him if they lost als mmethe as a single clost by thieving, and Rob engaged to get them again, or pay the value-nad he aye hough this word-I carma deny but he kangt his word-a' men allow Rob keeps his word." "This is a very singular contract of assummer,"

"It's clean again our statute law, that must be owned," said Jarvie, "clean again law; the lawying and the paying black-mail are baith punishable: but if the law canna protect my barn and byre, whatfor suld I no engage w? a Hisland gentleman that can ?

tisped, "I suppose he has rendered himself amenable to the laws of the country?" "Amenable?--ye may say that; his craig wad ken the weight o' his hurdice if they could get haud o' Rob. But he has gude friends amang the grit folks; and I could tell ye o' se grit family that keeps him up as far as they decently can, to be a thorn in the side of another. And then he's sic an suld-farran lang-headed chield as never took up the trade o' cateran in our time; mony a daft reik he has played--mair than wad fill a book, and a queer ane it wad be-as gude as Robin Hood, or William Wallace- a' fu' o' ven-turesome deeds and eacapes, sic as folk tell ower at a winter-ingle in the daft days. It's a queer thing o' me, gentlemen, that am a man o' peace mysell, and a winter-ingle in the deft days. It's a queer thing o' me, gentlemen, that am a man o' peace mysell, and a peacefu' man's son, for the deacon my father quar-relled wi' name out o' the town-council-it's a queer thing, I say, but I think the Hieland blude o' me warms at these daft tales, and whiles I like better to hear them than a word o' profit, Gude forgie me!-But they are vanities—sinfu' vanities—and, moreover, again the statute law—again the statute and geoged law. I now followed up my investigation, by inquiring what means of influence this Mr. Robert Campbell could possibly possess over my affairs, or those of my father.

fathe

Tather. "Why, ye are to understand," said Mr. Jarvie, in a very subdued tone—"I speak amang friends, and under the rose—Ye are to understand, that the Hievery subdued tone-"I speak amang friends, and under the rose-Ye are to understand, that the Hie-lands has been keepit quiet since the year aughty-pine-that was Killierrankie year. But hew has they been keepit quiet, think ye' I By siller, Mr. Owen -by siller, Mr. Owendalistone. King Wilham casted Breadalbane distribute twenty thousand gude punds sterling amang them, and it's said the auld Hieland then Qneen Anne, that's dead, gae the chiefs bits o' pensions, sae they had wherewith to support their gillies and caterans that work nae wark, as I said afore; and they lay by quiet eneugh, saving some spreagherie on the Lowlands, whilk is their use and wont, and some cutting o' thrapples amang them-sells, that nae civilized body kens or carei ony thing ament.-Weel, but there's a new wark! come up wr' this King George, (I say, God bless.him, for ane.)-there's neither like to be siller nor pensions gaun amang them; they haona the means o' mainteening the clans that cat them up, as ye may guess frae what I said before; their credit's gane in the Low-land's fifty punds on his band at the Cross e' Glasgow-This canna stand lang-there will be an outbreak for the Stewarts-there will be an outbreak mooth gangs round." "Yet still," I said, "I do not see how this con-come Mr. Campbel, much less my father's affairs." "Rok ean levy five hundred men, as no dithere.

and thet will be scont and Active and Active and the second." "Yet still," I said, "I do not see how this con-cerne Mr. Campbell, much less my father's affairs." "Beb can levy five hundred men, air, and there-fore war suld concern him as muckle as maist folk," replied the Bailie; "for it is a faculty that is far less profitable in time o' peace. There, to tell ye the trath, I doubt he has been the prime agent between some o' our Hieland chiefs and the gentlemen in the north o' England. We a' heard o' the public money that was taon frase the chield Morris somewhere about the fit o' Cheviot by Rob and ane o' the Osbaldistone lads; and, to tell ye the truth, word gad that it was yournell, Mr. Francis, and sorry was I that your fa-ther's son suld has then to sic practices—Na, ye yoursell, Mr. Francis, and sorry was I that your fa-ther's son suld has then to sio practices—Na, ye meddna say a word about it—I see weel I was me taen; but I wad believe ony thing o'a stage-player, whilk I concluded se to be. But now, I doubtna, it has been Rashleign himself, or some other o' your consine—they are a' tar'd wi' the same stick—rank Jacobices and pepista, and wad think the govern-meant siller and government papers lawfu' prize. And this hour he daurna say that it was Rob took was filte band, served with the pertmenteau aff him; and trath he's right, for your system-beuse and excise cattle are ill liket on a'

sides, and Rob might get a back-handed lick at him, before the Board, as they ca't, could help him." ... "I have long suspected this, Mr. Sarvie," sid I.

and perfectly agree with you ; but as to my father's effaire

affairs" — it's certain—it's certain—I kee "Suspected it?—it's certain—it's certain—I kee them that saw some of the papers that were use aff Morris—it's needless to say where. But to your fa-ther's affairs—Ye maun think that in that twenty years by-gane, some o' the Hieland lairds and chief has come to some sma's sense o' their ain interest-and share and share has hought the words of Glem. has come to some sma's ense o' their ain interst-your father and others has bought the woods of Gles-Disseries, Glen Kissoch, Tober-nk-Kippoch, and mony mair besides, and your father's house has granted large bills in payment,—and as the credit o' obsaldistone and Tresham was gude—for I'll sty be-fore Mr. Owen's face as I wad behind his back, the bating misfortunes o' the Lord's sending, are mea could be mair honourable in business—the Hieland gentlemen, holders o' thas bills, has found credit in Glasgow and Edinburgh—(I might amaist say in glasgow wholly, for it's little the pridefu' Edinburgh ik do in real business—for all, or the greater part of the contents o' thas bills.—So that—Ahst' d'ye see me now ?"

Wilk do in real business — for all, or the greater part of the contents o' thas bills.—So that—Aks? d'ye see me now?" I confessed I could not quite follow his drift. "Why?" said he, "if these bills are not pail, the Glasgow merchant comes on the Hieland laiths, what has deil a boddle o' siller, and will like ill to spew up what is item a' speat.—They will turn despe-rate—five huadred will rise that might has siten at stopping of your father's house will hasten the out-break that's been see lang biding ns." "You think, then," said I, surprised at this same has done this injury to my father, merely we accelerate a raing in the Highlands, by distremined if the greater on, Mr. Osbaldistons. I doubtna but what the mist res-son, Mr. Osbaldistons. I doubtna but what the mist res-on, Mr. Osbaldistons. I doubtna but what the mist res-that makes comparatively but a smay part o' your fa-ther's loss, though it might make the main res-son are into whom it use to him than if he were to high his pipe wi' them. He tried if Mac Vities and Ca wad gie him sills on them—that I has by Andre Wylie—but they were ower auld caus to draw that stree afore them—they keepit aff and gas far words. Rashleigh Osbaldistone is better least 's mords. Rashleigh Osbaldistone is better least 's words. Rashleigh Osbaldistone is better least 's may that papistical tooking in seventien and seven and left debt ahint him. Na, na, he cause is some o' the hauds in the Hielands, and I daw say wy couse Rob could get at it gin he liked." "But have of the disposed for my sake fuer of the Jacobite party, and deeply connected the maps of the disposed to serve so in the papistical tooking in seventien he some to the hauds in the Hielands, and I daw say wy couse Rob could get at it gin he liked." "But would he be disposed for my sake

agent of the Jacobite party, and deeply connected in their intrigues; will he be disposed for my sake, m if you please, for the sake of justice, to make a so of restitution, which, supposing it in his part, would, according to your view of the case, material interfere with their plans?"

"I canna precessely speak to that—the grades among them are doubtfu' o' Rob, and be's doubtfu' them—and he's been weel friended wi' the Arry family, wha stand for the present model of gover ment.—If he was freed u' his hornings and capitan he wad rather be on Argyle's side than he wad bey Breadalbane's, for there's ault ill-will here Breadalbane's, for there's auld ill-will between Breadalbane family and his kin and trame-truth is, that Rob is for his ain hand, as Henry W feight+-he'll take the side that suits him

the deil was laird. Rob wad be for being tenant, and ye canna blame him, puir fallow, considering his cir-cumstances. But there's as thing sair again ye-Rob has a gray mear in his stable at hame." "A gray mare?" said I. "What is that to the

A gray mare ?"

"The wife, man-the wife, an awfu' wife she is. "The wife, man-the wife, an awfu' wife she is. She downa bide the sight o' a kindly Scot, if he come frae the Lowlands, far less of an Inglisher, and she'll be keen for a' that can set up King James, and ding

he keen for a' that can set up King James, and diag down King George." "It is very singular," I replied, " that the mercan-tile transactions of London citizens' should become involved with revolutions and rebellions." "Not at a', man-not at a'," returned Mr. Jarvie, ' that's a' your silly prejudications. I read whiles in the lang dark nights, and I has read in Baker's Chronicle, that the merchants o' London could gar the Bank of Genoa break their promise to advance a mighty sum to the King of Spain, whereby the sailing of the Grand Spanish Armada was put aff for a hail year-What think you of that, sir?" "That the merchants did their country goldeff service, which ought to be honourably remembered in our histories."

"I think sae too; and they wad do weel, and de-serve weel baith o' the state and o' humanity, that wad save three or four honest Hieland genitemen frae houping heads ower heels into destruction, wi' a' their pur sackless' followers just because they canna pay back the siller they had reason to count upon as their aim-and save your father's credit-and my ain gude siller that Osbaldistone and Tresham awas me into the bargain-I say if ain could manage a' this, I think it suld be done and said unto him, even if he were a puir ca' the shuttle body, as unto one whom the king delighteth to honour." "I cannot pretend to estimate the extent of public gratitude," I replied; " but our own thankfulness, fr. Jarvie, would be commensurate with the extent of the obligation." "Which," added Mr. Owen, "we would endeavour to balance with a per contra, the instant our Mr. Os-baldistone returns from Holand."

baldistone returns from Holland." "I doubtna—I doubtna—be is a very worthy gen-tleman, and a sponsible, and wi' some o' my lights might do muckle business in Scotland—Weel, str. if these assets could be redeemed out o' the hands o' the Philistines, they are gude paper—they are the right stuff when they are in the right hands, and that's yours, Mr. Owen.—And I'se find ye three men in Glasgow, for as little as ye may think o' us, Mr. Owen,—that's Sandie Steemeon in the Trade's-Land, and John Pirie in Candleriggs, and another, that sall be nameless at this present, sall advance what sours are sufficient to secure the credit of your house, and seek nae better security." Owen's eyes sparkled at this prospect of extrica-tion; but hue countenance instantly fell on recollect-ing how improbable it was that the recovery of the assets, as he technically called them, should be suc-cessfully achieved. "Digna despair, sur-diana despair," said Mr. Jar.

asserts, as he technically called them, should be suc-censulty achieved. "Diana despair, sur-diana despair," said Mr. Jar-vie : "I has taen see muckle concern wi'your affairs al-ready, that it mann een be ower shoon ower boots wi' me now. I am just like my father the deacon, (praise be wi'him f) I canna meddle wi's friend's business, but I aye end wi' making it my sin-Sae I'll een pit on my boots the morn, and be jogging ower Drymen-Muir wi'Mr. Frank here; and i'I canna mak Rob hear reason, and his wife too, I dinna ken wha can-I hae been a kind freend to them afore now, to say maething o' ower-looking him last night, when na-ming his name wad hae cost him his life-I'll be hearing o' this in the council may be frae Bailie Gra-tame, and MacVittie and some o' them. They hae coost up my kindred to Rob to me already-set up their nashgabs! I tauld them I wad vindicate nae man's faults; but set apart what he had done again the law o' the country, and the hership o' the Lennox, and thacVitte o' so foil life by him, he was an honester man than stude on ony o' their shanks-And whatfor suld I mind their clavers ?-I'l Backless, that is, isnocent.

Rob is an outlaw, to himsell be it said-there is na laws now about reset of intercommuned persons, as there was in the ill times o' the last Stewarts-I trow has a Scotch tongue in my head-if they speak

I has a total where a many more a way be belie gradually surmount the barriers of caution, under the united influence of public spirit and good-natured in-terest in our affairs, together with his natural wish to

united influence of public spirit and good-natured in-terest in our affairs, together with his natural wish to avoid loss and acquire gain, and not a little harmless vanity. Through the combined operation of these motives he at length arrived at the doughty resolu-tion of taking the field in person, to aid in the reco-very of my father's property. His whole informations led me to believe, that if the papers were in posses-sion of this Highland adventure, it might be possi-ble to induce him to surrender what he could not keep with any prospect of personal advantage; and I was conscious that the presence of his kinsman was likely to have considerable weight with him. I there-fore cheerfully acquiesced in Mr. Jarvie's proposal, that we should set out early next morning. That honest gentleman was indeed as vivacious his jack-boots greased and set before the kitchen-fire all night, and to see that his beast be corned, and a' this riding geat in order." Having agreed to meet him at five o'clock next morning, and having settled that Owen, whose presence could be of no use to us upop rined. I installed Owen in an apartment in my lodg-ings, contiguous to my own, and, giving orders to Andrew Fairservice to attend me next morning at the hour appointed. I retired to rest with better hopes than it had lately been my fortune to entertain.

#### CHAPTER XXVII.

Par as the eye could reach no tree was seen, Barth, clad in russet, scorn'd the lively groun; No birds, except as birds of passare, flew; No bee was beard to hum, no dore to coo; No streams, as amber smooth as arber clear, Were seen to glide, at heard to warble here. Prophacy of Passis

IT was in the bracing atmosphere of a harvest morning, that I met by appointment Fairmervice, with the horses, at the door of Mr. Jarvie's house, which was but little space distant from Mrs. Flyter's which the horses, at the door of Mr. Javrie's house, which was but little space distant from Mrs. Flyter's hatel. The first matter which caught my attentior what that whatever were the deficiencies of the pony whigh Mr. Fairservice's legal adviser, Clerk Tout-hope, generously bestowed upon him in exchange for Thorncliff's mars, he had contrived to part with it, and procure in its stead an animal with so curious and complete a lanceness, that it seemed only to make use of three legs for the purpose of progression, while the fourth appeared as if meant to be flourished in the air by way of accompaniment. "What do you mean by bringing such a creature as that here, sh ? and where is the pony you rode to Glasgow upon ?" were my very natural and impatient inquiries. "I sell't it, sir. It was a slink beast, and wad has eaton its head aff, standing at Luckie Flyter's at livery. And I has bought this on your honour's account. It's a grand bargain—cost but a pund-stering the foot-that's four a thegither. The string-halt will gas aff when its gaen a mile; it's a weel-kend gager; they cai it Soulder she, continued to battle the point, as he said it, "you will never rest til-my supple-jack and your shoulders become acquaint-ed. If you do not go instantly and procure the other brute, you shall pay the penalty of your ingenuity." Andrew, notwithstanding my threats, continued to battle the point, as he said it would cost him a guinee of rue bargain to the man who had bought his pony. Battet the gound it has beast it would cost him a guinee of rue bargain to the man who had bought hus pony. How the sould efficiency it back again. Like's true Eng-lishman, though sensible I was duped by the rascal, i was about to pay his exaction rather than lose time, when forth sallied Mr. Jarvie, chaked, anather hooded, and beoted, as if for a Siberian winter, while

no apprentices, under the immediate direction of fattie, ied forth the decent ambling steed which had the honour on such accessions to asport the person of the Ginsgew magistrate. Ere he "olombe to the sidle." an expression more descriptive of the Bailie's adde of mounting than that of the knights-errent to dle." thom Spenser applies it, he inquired the cause of the pute betwixt my servant and me. Having learned the mature of honest Andrew's manceuvre, he in-stantly cut short, all debate by pronouncing, that if mentuy cut snort, all debate by pronouncing, that if **Paireervice** did not forthwith return the three-legged palfrey, and produce the more useful quadruped which he had discarded, he would send him to prison, and ameroe him in half his wages. "Mr. Osbaldistone," said he, "contracted for the service of both your home and you--twa brutes at ance--ye meconscionable macali--bat I'se look weel after you during this immoy."

"It will be nonsense fining me," said Andrew doughtily, "that heans a gray groat to pay a fine wil "if a ill taking the breeks aff a Hielandman."

-ers all taking the breeks all a Hielandman." "If ye has not purse to fine, ye has fiesh to pine," suplied the Bails, "and I will look weel to ye getting year deserts the tae way or the tither." "To the commands of Mr. Jarvie, therefore, Andrew wras compelled to submit, only muttering between his testh, "Ower mony maisters—ower mony maisters, as the paddook said to the harrow, when every tooth me her a tig."

a her as is a suit to the name of the sectory when so here at is,". Apparently he found no difficulty in getting rid of supple Tam, and recovering possession of his former-morphalus, for he accomplished the exchange with the teng namy minutes absent; nor did I ther fur-her of his having paid any smort-money for breach t bargain.

• Dargain. We now set forward, but had not reached the top of the street in which Mr. Jarvie dwelt, when a loud hallooing, and breathless call ef "Stop, stop!" was heard behind us. We stopped accordingly, and were overtaken by Mr. Jarvie's two lade, who bore two parting tokens of Mattie's care for her master. The first was conveyed in the form of a voluminous silk handkerchief, like the main-seil of one of his own West-Indianen, which Mrs. Mattie particularly de-sired he would put about his neak, and which, thus West-Indiamen, which Mrs. Matte particularly de-sired he would put about his neck; and which, thus entreated, he added to his other integuments. The second youngster brought only a yerbal charge (I thought I saw the rogue disposed to laugh as he de-fivered it) on the part of the housekeeper, that her mester would take care of the waters. "Pooh 1 pooh 1 Hvered it) on the part of the housekeeps, that her meter would take care of the waters. "Pooh 1 pooh 1 eithy hussy,"! answered Mr. Jarvie; but added, turn-ing to me, "it shows a kind heart though-it shows a kind heart in use young a quean-Mattie's a careful has." So speaking, he pricked the sides of his palfred, and we left the town without further interruption. While we paced easily forward, by a road which conducted us north-eastward from the town, I had an ouportunity to estimate and admire the good quali-ties of my new friend. Although like my father, he

ties of my new friend. Although, like my father, he considered commercial transactions the most impertant objects of human life, he was not wedded to them so as to undervalue more general knowledge. On the contrary, with much oddity and vulgarity of menner, --with a vanity which he made much more ridiculous by disguising it now and then under a thin weil of humility, and devoid as he was of all the ad-vantages of a learned education, Mr. Jarvic's convermation showed tokens of a shrewd, observing, liberal, and, to the extent of its opportunities, a well-improved mind. He was a good local antiquary, and entertained me, as we passed along, with an account entertained me, as we passed along, with an account of remarkable events which had formerly taken place in the scenee through which we passed. And as he was well acquainted with the ancient history of his district, he saw with the prospective eye of an en-ightened patriot, the buds of many of those future advantages, which have only blossomed and ripened within these few years. I remarked also, and with speat pleasure, that although a keen Scotchman, and abandantly zealous for the honour of his country, he mes dismosed to think liberally of the sizer kingdom. as disposed to think liberally of the sister kingdom. From Andrew Fairservice (whom, by the way, the sile could not abide) chose to impute the accident -accident the horner casting his short is the distric-

rating inf nce of the Unice, he is curred ase

rating influence or in-bake from Mr. Jarvie, "Whisht, eir - whisht i it's ill-ecrapat to "Whisht, eir - whisht i shine at woon hose "Whith, eit --whisht i it's ill-ecraped tange like yours, that make mischief atween neighbs hoods and nations. There's meething sac guide this side o' time but it might has been better, and it may be said o' the Union. 'None warek comer again it than the Giasgow folk, wi' their rabblings a their risings, and their mobs, as they ca' than to a-days. Hat it's an ill wind blaws nachody guid Let ilka ane roose the ford as they find it -- I any, i Giasgow flourish ! whilk is judienously and elegan putsen round the town's arms, by way of by-meet Now, since St. Mungo catched herrings in the Gia and tobacco-trade ? Will ony bedy tell me that, grumble at the treaty that opened us a road watter youder ?" onder?

grumble at the treaty that opened us a roas wanswar yonder ?" Andrew Fairservice was far from acquisensing in these arguments of arpedience, and sven vencensit enter a grumbling protect. "That it was an unce change to has Scotland's laws made in England; and that, for his share, he wadna for a' the harring-berrus in Glangow, and a' the toheoco-cashe is short, he gien up the riding o' the Soots Parliament, or sent awa' our crown, and our sword, and ar acc-tre, and Mons Meg, to be keepit by the England; Sir William Wallco, or sold Davie Lindow, hes said to the Union, or them that made is?" The road which we travelled, while diverting the way with these discussions, had become wild and open, as soon as we had left Glasgow a mile or two behind us, and was growing more dreary as weat on the orange with awamps, green with treacherous wenture, or sable with ur, or, as they call them in Scotland, peat-bogs, and now swelling in the heave discussion.

treachereus variates, or sable with turf, or, as they call them in Scotland, peat-bogs, and now swelling into huge heavy-searchts, which wanted the denity and form of hills, while they were still more to have to the passenger. There were neither trees nor busise to reliave the eye from the russet livery of absolute sterility. The very heath was of that stinted imper-fect kind which has little or no flower, and affords the coarsest and meanest covering, which as far at my experience enables me to judge, mother Earth as ever errayed in. Living thing we saw none, except occasionally a few straggling sheep of a strange di-veraity of colours, as black, bluish, and orange. The very brids seemed to show ther faces and legs. The very brids seemed to show ther wastes, and no wonder, since they had an easy method of escaping from them; at least I only heard the monoescaping from them; at least I only heard the monotonous and plaintive cries of the lapwing and curlew which my companions denominated the peasweep an

whaup. At dinner, however, which we took about noon, at a most miserable alehouse, we had the good fortunat to find that these tiresome screamers of the me were not the only inhabitants of the moore goodwife told us, that "the gudeman had been a hill;" and well for us that he had been so, for w joyed the produce of his chasse in the shape of a broiled moor-game, a dish which gallantly eke

by the the produce of, his charge in the standy a \* More Mey was a large old-fushioned piece of or great favourite with the Sootiah common pescale ; bricated at Mons, in Flanders, in the toign of James I bricated at Mons, in Flanders, in the toign of James I bricated at Mons, in Flanders, in the toign of James I the time, where we find charges for greass to pri-mouth withal, (to increase, as every schoolboy known mess of the report) rhands to deck her corriage; any before her view is the was brooght from the Castlo-any the Scottish army on any distant expedition the corrido to England to complete the otions army tional independence. The Regalia, sequentered has be carried to England to complete the otions army tional independence. The Regalia, sequentered has of the public, were generally anyposed to have be in this manner. As for Mons Meg, she retained to a estimation of the order of the Baers of Sodeans and the special command, have been brought for the paice of special commond, have been brought for bains i and, in this very wingt a looked upon, with penote, by special commond, have been brought for bains i and, in this very wingt of 1828-3 Mona Mey estored to the country, where that, which in every a curious monument of antiquity.

the even milk choose, dried salmon, and oaten bread, bung all besides that the house afforded. Some very adifferent two-nenny als and a the indifferent two-penny ale, and a glass of excellent brandy, crowned our repast; and as our horses had, in the meantime, discussed their corn, we resumed y journey with renovated vigour.

Ser journey with renovated vigour. I had need of all the spirits a good dinner could give, to resist the dejection which crept insensibly on my mind, when I combined the strange uncertainty of my errand with the disconsolate aspect of the country through which it was leading me. Our road continued to be, if possible, more waste and wild than that we had travelled in the forencon. The few serable hovels that showed some marks of human abitation, were now of still rarer occurrence; and at length, as we began to ascend an uninterrupted swell of moorland, they totally disappeared. The only excise which my imagination received was, when where particular turn of the road gave us a partial view, to the left, of a large assemblage of dark-blue view, to the left, of a large assemblage of dark-blue mountains stretching to the north and north-west, which promised to include within their recesses, a country as wild perhaps, but certainly differing great-by in point of interest, from that which we now tra-velled. The peaks of this screen of mountains were as wildly varied and distinguished as the hills which we find seem on the right were tame and lumpish; and while I gazed on this Alpipe region, I felt a long-ing to explore its recesses, though accompanied with out and danger, similar to that which a sailor feels when he wishes for the risks and animation of a bat-the or a sale, in exchange for the inseportable mowhen he wishes for the mass and animation of a car-the or a gale, is exchange for the insupportable mo-actony of a protracted calm. I made various inqui-ries of my friend Mr. Jarvie, respecting the names and positions of these remarkable mountains; but it s a subject on which he had no information, or was a subject on which he had no information, or fail not choose to be communicative. "They're the Histand hills—the Michard hills—Ye'll see and hear mengh about them before ye see Glasgow Cross again —I downa look at them—I never see them but they gar me grew.—It's no for fear—no for fear, but just for pried, for theopur blinded half starved creatures that in-E abit them—But say nae mair about it—jt's ill speak-ing o' Hislandmen sae near the line. I has kend mony an honest man wed as has ventured this length with-est he had made his last will and testament-Mattic ad ill-will to see me set awa on this ride, and grat

and III-will to see me set awa on this ride, and grat aware, the sillie tawpie; but if's nae mair ferhe to see a woman great than to see a goose gang barsfit." I next attempted to lead the discourse on the cha-meter and history of the person whom we were going to visit; but on this topic Mr. Jarvie was totally in-accessible, owing perhaps in part to the attendance of Mr. Andrew Fairservice, who choes to keep so chose in our rear that his cars could not fail to catch ware werd which was moken while his tonewas every word which was spoken, while his tongue as-

semical the freedom of mingling in our conversation as often as he saw an opportunity. For this he co-casionally incurred Mr. Jarvie's reproof. "Keep back; sir, as best sets ye," said the Bailie, as Andrew pressed forward to catch the answer to some question I had asked about Campbell.—" Ye wad fain ride the fore-horse, an ye wist how—That chield's aye for being out of the cheese-fat he was proulded in.—Now, as for your questions, Mr. Osbal-distone, now that chield's out of ear-shot, I'll just tell ye it's free to you to speer, and it's free to me to an-swer, or no—Gude I canna say muckle o' Rob, puir chield'; ill I winna say o' him, for, forby that he's my county, we're coming free this ain country, and there **Integlis:** 111 I winna say of him, for, fordy that here my **country**, we're coming near his ain country, and there **may be ane** of his gillies abint every whin-bush for **what I ken-And if ye'll be guided by my advice, the set ye speak** about him, or where we are gaun, or **what we are gaun to do, we'll be the mair likely to pact use in our errand.** For it's like we may fa in a bin our errand. some o' his unfreends-there are e'en owe r mon∀ there about and his bonnet aits even on his brow t for a' that; but I doubt they'll be upsides wi'Rob t he last-air day or late day, the for's hide finds the last-air day or late day, the for's hide finds the flaying knife" I will containly,' I replied, "be entirely guided by

erience

Right, Mr. Osbaldistone-right,-but I mass i ak to this gabbling skyte too, for bairns and fules Vor IL 3 I

peak at the Cross winst they have as the ingle D'ye hear, you, Andrew—What's your name-69 -Bain service l'

Andrew, who at the last rebuff had fallen a good way behind, did not choose to acknowledge the summone

"Andrew, ye scoundrel?" repeated Mr. Jarvier: "here, sir! here!" "Here is for the dog," said Andrew, coming up sul-

"I judged as muckle," said Andrew. "Haud your peace, ye knave, and hear what I have to say till ye—We are gaun a bit into the Hielands"— "Ye tauld me sae already," replied the incorrigible Andre

Anarow. "I'll break your head," said the Baille, rising in wrath, "if ye dinna hand your tongue." "A hadden tongue," replied Andrew, "makes a, glabbered mouth."

incomerce mount." It was now necessary I should interfere, which I did by commanding Andrew, with an authoritative tone, to be silent at his peril. "I am silent?" said Andrew. "I see do a' your law-for bidding without a nay-say.--My puir mither used

aye to tell me,

"Be it better, be it worse, Be ruled by him that has the purse."

Say ye may e'en speak as lang as ye like, baith the tane and the tither o' you, for Andrew." Mr. Jarvie took the advantage of his stopping after guoting the above proverb, to give him the requisite

Mr. Jervie took the advantage of his stopping after quoting the above proverb, to give him the requisite instructions. "Now, air, it's as muckle as your life's worth-that wad be dear o' little siller, to be sure-but it is as muckle as a' our lives are worth, if ye dinam mind what I say to ye. In this public whar we are genue to, and whar it is like we may has to stay a' night, men o' a' clans and kindred-Hieland and Lawland -tak up their quarters-And whiles there are main drawn dirks than open Bibles amang there, when the usquebaugh gets uppermoet. See yo meithes meddle nor mak, nor gie na offence wi' that clawar-ing tongue o' yours, but keep a caim sough, and is "Muckle needs to tell me that," said Andrew contemptuously, "as if I had never near Hieland-man before, and kend nee how to munage them. Nae man alive can cuille up Donald better than app-sell-I has bought wi' them, sauld Mr. Jarvis. " Did ye ever fight wi' them?" said Mr. Jarvis. " Na a," answered Andrew, "I took care o' that it wad ill has eet me, that am an artist and helf a scholar to my trade, to be fighting amang a whose wilted for " and K. Jarvis. " "No and " beins whose wilt a to my trade, to be fighting amang a whose wilt an bours that dinna ken the name o' a single befor or flower in braid Scots, let abee in the Latin tongue."

Kilted looms that dinna ken the name of a single new or flower in braid Scots, let abee in the Latin tongae." "Then," said Mt. Jarvie, "as ye wad keep sthere your tongue in your mouth, or your lugs in your head, fand ye might miss them, for as saucy memp-bers as they are.) I charge ye to say mee word, spude or bad, that ye can weel get by, to ony body that may be in the Clachan. And ye'll specially andes-stand that ye're no'to be bleezing and blasting about your master's name and mine or seving that this a stand that ye're no' to be bleezing and blasing about your master's name and mine, or saying that this is Mr. Baile Nicol Jarvie o' the Saut-Market, son o' the worthy Deacon Nicol Jarvie, that a' body has iten about; and this is Mr. Frank Osbaldistone, son of the managing partner of the great house of Osbaldis-tone and Tresham, in the City." "Eneuch said," answered Audrew-"ensuch shiff What need ye think I wad be speaking about your names for 7-1 has mony things o' mair importance to speak about. I tww."

names for i-1 nae mony things o' mair importance to speak about, I trow." "It's that very things of importance that I feared for, ye blethering goose; ye mauna speak thing, gude or bad, that ye can by any possibility bein"

"If ye diuna think me fit," replied Andrem in huff, "to speak like ither folk, gie me my wages at my hoard-wages, and I'se gas back to Singer 41

v's sma' sorrow at our parting, as the anld mear

"Phere's sma' sorrow at our parting, as the and mear said to the broken cart." Finding Audrew's perversences again rising to a point which threatened tootcasion me inconvenience, I was under the necessity of explaining to him, that he might return if he thought proper, but that in that came I would not pay him a single farthing for his past services. The argument ad crumenam, as it has been called by jocular logicians, has weight with the greater part of mankind, and Andrew was in that particular far from affecting any trick of singularity. the greater part of mankind, and Andrew was in inau particular far from affecting any trick of singularity. He "drew in his horns," to use the Bailie's phrase, on the instant, professed no intention whatever to disoblige, and a resolution to be guided by my commands, whatever they might be. Concord being thus happily restored to our small party. We continued to pursue our journey. The road

Concord being thus happily restored to our small party, we continued to pursue our journey. Theroad, which had ascended for six or seven English miles, began now to descend for about the same space, through a country which, neither in fertility or inferest, could boast any advantage over that which we had passed already, and which afforded no variety, unless when some tremendous peak of a Highland mountain appeared at a distance. We continued, however, to ride on without pause; and even when night fell and overshadowed the desolate wilds which yet traversed, we were, as I understood from Mr. Jarvie, still three miles and a bittock distant from the place where we were to spend the night.

# CHAPTER XXVIII.

Baron of Bucklivie, May the fool fond drive ye, And a' to piecce rive ye, For building sic a town, there's neither home-meat, nor n to sit down. Scottisk Popular

or man's meat, nor a chai: uiar Rhymes on a bad Inn.

For building sic a town, When there's neither formerment, nor man's meet, nor a chair to sit down. Scottest Popular Rhymes on a bad Ins. Two night for our journey. Under her rays, the ground over which we passed assumed a more in-meeting appearance than during the broad day-light, which discovered the extent of its wasteness. The mingled light and shadows gave it an interest which nat, maly did not belong to it; and, like the effect of a verifung over a plain woman, irritated our curiosity on a subject which had in itself nothing gratifying. The descent, however, still continued, turned, winded, left the more open heaths, and got into stepper ravines, which promised soon to lead us to the banks of some brook or river, and ultimately made good their presage. We found ourselves at leagth on the bank of a stream, which rather resem-bled one of my native Rnglish rivers than those I had hitherto seen in Scotland. It was narrow, deep, still, and silent; although the imperfect light, as it gleamed on its placid waters, showed also that we were now among the jofty mountains which formed by tose who dwell on their banks with a sort of respect and pride, and I have known duels occasioned by sny word of disparagement. I cannot say I have the basis quarter with this sort of harmless enthu-stam. I received my friend's communication with the importance which he seemed to think appertained to it. In fact I was not a little pleased, after so long and dull a journey, to approach a region which pro-mised to emgage the imagination. My faithful squire, Andrew, did not seem to be quite of the same opinion, for he received the solem information, "That is the Forth, however, as far as the imperfect light made that's the public house, it wad hae been mair to the public house, it wad hae been mair to the public house, it wad hae been mair to her words.

that's the public noise, a manufacture of the purpose." The Forth, however, as far as the imperfect light permitted me to judge, seemed to merit the admira-tion of those who claimed an interest in its stream. A beautiful eminence of the most regular round shade, and closed with copsewood of hazela, mountain-ash, and dwarf-okk, intermixed with a few magni-floent old trees, which, rising above the underwood, encoded their forked and bared branches to the silver

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BOY. [Char. XIVIS] moonshine, seemed to protect the sources from which the river sprung. If I could trust the tale of my companion, which, while professing to disblers every word of it, he told under his breath, and with an air of something like intimidation, this hill, so re-gularly formed, so richly verdant, and garlanded with such a beautiful variety of ancient trees and throng copsewood, was held by the neighbourhood to con-tain within its unseen caverns, the palaces of the fairies; a race of airy beings, who formed an inte-mediate class between men and demons, and who, do to positively malignant to humanity, were yet to be avoided and feared, on account of their capricions, undicitive, and irritable disposition." "They ca' them," said Mr. Jarvie, in a whisger "Mosine Schie, whilk signifies, as 'I understand men of peace; meaning thereby to make their gude-wil. And we may e'en as weel ca' them that too Mr. Osbaldistone, for there's nae gude in speaking it o' the laird within his ain bounds." But he added presently after, on seeing one or two lights which winkle before us, "It's decisits of Statan, after s', and yonder are the lights in the Clachan of uberfoil."

Aberioil." I own I was well pleased at the circumstance to which Mr. Jarvie alluded; not so much that it set his tongue at liberty, in his opinion, with all safety to declare his real sentiments with respect to the Daoine Schie, or fairies, as that it promised some hours' repose to ourselves and our horses, of which, after a ride of fifty miles and upwards, both stood in sume need. some need.

We crossed the infant Forth by an old-fashioned stone bridge, very high and very narrow. My con-ductor, however, informed me, that to get through this deep and important stream, and to clear. If its tributary dependencies, the general pass from the Highlands to the southward lay by what was called

\* The lakes and precipices amidst which the Aven Dua river Forth, has its birth, are still, according to popular u tion, haunted by the Elfin, people, the most peculiar, but a pleasing, of Uie creations of Celtic superstitions. The spice

The lakes and precipies amids which the Aron-river Forth, has its birth, are still, according to popula itin, haunted by the Elfn, people, the most peculiar, be pleasing, of the creations of Celtic superstitutions. The op-entertained about these beings, are much the same wild of the trial, so exquisitely well parated by Wr. Crofton 4 An eminently beautiful little conical hill, pear the easi tremity of the value of Aberfold, is supposed to be one operating, but the value of Aberfold is supposed to be one operating the value of Aberfold is supposed to be one peculiar haunts, and is the seme which awakeen, in A Fairservice, the terror of their power. If is remarkably two successive clergymen of the parish of Aberfold have ployed thereality well power. If is the remarkable was an end to be any set of the transformer of the power of the sum of the early age of forty-twe. Arfold in 1689, at the early age of forty-twe. The was a thou of the rest, as Contino sind that are a from the test of the reary age of forty-twe. The was a thou of the rest, as Contino sind that are a from of these test of deviat believer. He deviate the two sum powers and qualities ascribed to such beings in and the sum of the rest, as cleares the With the of the said treating, is believer. He deviate believer away by the fairing, in preces, perhaps, for having let much-field upon the accute Site of mem of pecs. The Rev. Robert Kirke Grahame, also no to to use on the Davies Site of Perthetion, has not for to to the said the set Site of the rest memory which is at the on the set of the present teams, walking upon from of the present General Graham Strifting, and the rest of the present teams, walking upon from the faith. The two models the read the dress in which has the to mode at flat down in a swoon, and was carried in far his function of the present deviated at the teams of the present de human or provided. This, has and the read the present General Graham Strifting, and dwaler flates memory of the down, and so Duclear spide he ham to save

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the Fords of Frew, at all times deep and difficult of pushage, and often altogether unfordable. Beneath these fords there was no pass of general resort until so far cast as the bridge of Stirling; so that the river of Forth forms a defensible line betwixt the High-lands and Lowlands of Scotland, from its source nearly to the Frith, or inlet of the ocean, in which it terminates. The subsequent events which we wit-nessed led me to recall with attention what the ahrewdness of Bailie Jarvie suggested, in his prover-bal expression, that "Forth bridles the wild High-izndman." the Fords of Frew, at all times deep and difficult of ( landman

landman." About half a mile's riding, after we crossed the bridge, placed us at the door of the public-house where we were to pass the evening. It was a hovel rather worse than better than that in which we had dined; but its little windows were lighted up, voices were heard from within, and all intimated a prospect of food and shelter, to which we were by no means midifierent. Andrew was the first to observe that there was a peeled willow-wand placed across the half-open door of the little inn. He hung back, and advised us not to enter. "For," said Andrew, "some of their chiefs and grit men are birling at the usque-bagin in by there, and dinna want to be disturbed; ot their chiefs and grit men are bring at the usque-baugh in by there, and dinna want to be disturbed; and the least we'll get, if we gang ram-stam in on them, will be a broken head, to learn us better hav-ings, if we dinna come by the length of a cauld dirk in our wame, whilk is just as likely." I kooked at the Bailie, who acknowledged, in a whisper, "that the gowk had some reason for sing-ing, ance in the year."

whisper, "that the gowk had some reason for sing-ing, ance in the year." Meantime a staring half-clad wench or two came out of the inn and the neighbouring cottages, on hearing the sound of our horses feet. No one bade us welcome, nor did any one offer to take our horses, from which we had alighted; and to our various in-guiries, the hopeless response of "Hs niel Sassenach." was the only answer we could extract. The Baile, however, found (in his experience) a way to make them speak English. "If I gie ye a bawbee," said be to an unchin of about ten years old, with a frag-meant of a taitered plaid about him, "will you under-stand Sassenach?" "Av. av. that will L" replied the brat, in very de-

"Ay, ay, that will I," replied the brat, in very de-cent English. "Then gang snd tell your mammy, my man, there's twa Sassenach gentiemen come to speak wither."

"The landlady presently appeared, with a lighted piece of split fir blazing in her hand. The turpentine in this species of torch (which is generally dug from out the turf-bogs) makes it blaze and sparkle readily, so that it is often used in the Highlanda in lieu of candles. On this occasion such a torch illuminated se that it is often used in the Angeler illuminated candles. On this occasion such a torch illuminated the wild and anxious features of a female, pale, thin, and rather above the usual size, whose soiled and ranged dress, though aided by a plaid or tartan screen, harely served the purposes of decency, and certainly not those of comfort. Her black hair, which escaped in uncombed elf-locks from under her coif, as well as the strange and embarrassed look with which she re-garded us, gave me the idea of a witch disturbed in the midst of her unlawful rices. She plainly refused a with us into the house. We remonstrated anxadmit us into the house. We remonstrated anx-sly, and pleaded the length of our journey, the state our horses, and the certainty that there was not other place where we could be received nearer than ilander, which the Bailie stated to be seven Scots **Thes distant.** How many these may exactly amount **gins distant.** How many these may exactly amount **gins English** measurement. I have never been able **c accertain**, but I think the double ratio may be **by safely** taken as a medium computation. The **burrate** hostess treated our exposulation with con-mert.—" Better gang farther than fare waun" she are burg the Security L submit distant to be speaking the Scottish Lowland dialect, and be indeed a native of the Lennox district,—" Her was taen up wi' them wadna like to be intrud-a wi' strangers.—She didna ken wha mair might redecate it might be fractions with a function."

as mony a gude blade does in the scabbard-the wasna muckle flow-moss in the shaw, if we took u

a armony a gude blade does un the scabbard-there waana muckle flow-moss in the shaw, if we took up our quarters right, and we might pit up our horses to the hill, nabody wad sae neething against i." "But my good woman," said I, while the Baifle groaned and remained undecided, "it is six hours since we dihed, and we have not taken a morsel since. I am positively dying with hunger, and I have no taste for taking up my abode supperless among these moun-tains of yours. I positively must enter; and make the best apology you can to your gueets for adding a stranger or two to their number.-Andrew, you will see the horses put up." The Hecate looked at me with surprise, and then elaculated, "A wilfu' man will have his way-them that will to Cupar maun to Cupar !-To see thas Eag-lish belly-gods-he has had a fu' meal the day slready, and he'll venture life and liberty rather than he'll want a het supper ! Set roasted beef and pudding on the opposite side o' the pit o' Tophet, and an Englishman will make a spang at it-But I wash: my hands o't--Follow me, sin," (to Andrew.) " and I'se show ye where to pit the beasts." I own I was somewhat dismayed at my landlady's expressions, which scened to be ominous of some

expressions, which scenned to be ominous of some approaching danger. I did flot, however, choose to sbrink hack after having declared my resolution, and accordingly I boldly entered the house; and after accordingly I boddy entered the house; and alter narrowly escaping breaking my shins over a turf back and a salting tub, which stood on either side of the narrow exterior passage. I opened a crasy half-decayed door, constructed not of plank, but of wicker, and, followed by the Bailie, entered into the principal apartment of this Scottish caravamary.

The interior presented a view which seemed singu-lar enough to southern eyes. The fire, fed with bla-zing turf and branches of dried wood, blazed metrily in the centre; but the smoke, having no means to escape but through a hole in the root, eddied round the rafters of the cottage, and hung in sable folds at the height of about five feet from the floor. The space beneath was kept pretty clear, by innumerable currents of air which rushed towards the fire from the broken panel of bakket-work which served as a door, from two square holes, designed as ostensible windows, through one of which was thrust a plaid, and through the other a tattered great-coat; and moreover, through various less distinguishable aper-tures, in the walls of the tenement, which, being built of round stones and turf, cemented by mud, let in the atmosphere at innumerable crevices. in the atmosphere at innumerable crevices

At an old oaken table, adjoining to the fire, sat At an old oaken table, adjoining to the me, see three men, guests apparently, whom it was impos-sible to regard with indifference. Two were in the Highland dress; the one, a little dark-complexioned man, with a lively, quick, and irritable expression of features, wore the trews, or close pantaloons, wore out of a sort of chequered stocking stuff. The Bailie whispered me, that "he behoved to be a man of some whispered me that "he behoved to be a man of some consequence, for that nacbody but their Duinhéwas-sels wore the trews; they were ill to weave exactly to their Highland pleasure."

to their Highland pleasure." The other mountaineer was a very tall, strong man, with a quantity of reddish hair, freckled face, high chesk-bones, and long chin—a sort of caricature of the national features of Scotland. The tartan which he wore differed from that of his companion, as it had much more scarlet in it, whereas the shades of black and dark-green predominated in the chequers of the other. The lhird, who sate at the same table, was in the Lowland dress,—a bold, stout-looking man, with a cast of military daring in his eye and manner, his riding-dress showily and profusely laced, and his cocked hat of formidable dimensions. His and ins cocked not of formidable dimensions. Final hanger and a pair of pistols lay on the table before him. Each of the Highlanders had their naked dirks stuck upright in the board beside him, -an emblem, I was afterwards informed, but surely a strange one, that their corrotation was not to be interrupted by any braul A midbu source measure containing wery strong emphasis.) "The night 's he said, failer our ploads we might sleep in our class' tice, was placed before these worthies. A broken

ches, with a wooden foot, served as a drinking ctp to the whole-party, and circulated with a rapidity, which, considering the potency of the liquor, secmed absolutely marveloas. These men spoke loud and eagerly together, sometimes in Gaelic, at other times in English. Another Highlander, wrapt in his plaid, reclined on the floor, his head resting on a stone, from which it was only separated by a wisp of straw, and slept, or seemed to sleep, without attending to what was going on around him. He also was pro-bably a stranger, for he lay in full dress, and accou-tred with the sword and target, the usual arms of his countrymen when on a journey. Cribs there ware of

being a stranger, for he fay in the dess, and according tred with the sword and target, the usual arms of his countrymen when on a journey. Cribs there were of different dimensions beside the walls, formed, some of fractured boards, some of shattered wicker-work or plaited boughs, in which slumbered the family of the house, men, women, and children, their places of spose only concealed by the dusky wreaths of vapour which arose above, below, and around them. Our entrance was made so quietly, and the ca-rousers I have described were so eagerly engaged in their discussions, that we escaped their notice for a minute or two. But I observed the Highlander who isy beside the fire raise himself on his elbow as we entered, and, drawing his plaid over the lower part of his face, fix his look on us for a few seconds, after which he resumed his recumbent posture, and seemed again to betake himself to the repose which our en-trance had interrupted. trance had interrupted.

trance had interrupted. We advanced to the fire, which was an agreeable spectacle after our late ride, during the chiliness of an autumn evening among the mountains, and first at-tracted the attention of the guests who had preceded us, by calling for the landlady. She approached, looking doubtfully and timidly, now at us, now at the other party, and returned a hesitating and doubtful

was party, and returned a neartaining and doubtill answer to our request to have something to eat. "She didna ken," she said, "she wasna sure there was ony thing in the house," and then modified her refusel with the qualification,—" that is, ony thing fit for the like of us."

for the like of us.<sup>37</sup> I assured her we were indifferent to the quality of our supper; and looking round for the means of ac-commodation, which were not easily to be found, I arranged an old hen-coop as a seat for Mr. Jarvie, and turned down a broken tub to serve for my own. Andrew Fairservice entered presently afterwards, and took a place in silence behind our backs. The natives, as I may call them, continued staring at us with an air as if confounded by our assurance, and we, at least I myself, disguised as well as we could, under an appearance of indifference, any secret anxiety we might feel concerning the mode in which we were to be received by those whose privacy we had dis-turbed. turbed.

turbed. At length, the lesser Highlander, addressing him-self to me, said, in very good English, and in a tone of great haughtiness, "Ye make yourself at home, sir, I see." "I usually do so," I replied, "when I come into a house of public entertainment." "And did she na see," said the taller man, "by the white wand at the door, that gentlemans had taken up the public-house on their ain business?" "I do not pretend to understand the customs of this country; but I am yet to learn." I replied, "how threspersons should be entitled to exclude all other uravellers from the only place of shelter and refresh-ment for miles round."

"There's nave reason for't, gentlemen," said the Bailie; "we mean nave offence—but there's neither law nor reason for't—but as far as a stoup o' gude brandy wad make up the quarrel, we, being peaceable folk wad be willing" folk wad be willing

desire neither your brandy nor your company," and up he rose from his seat. His companions also arose, muttering to each other, drawing up their plaids, and smorting and snuffing the air after the manner of their countrymen when working themselves into a ion.

Îady,

ye out o' my house, and mitten as disturbance in there's nae gentleman be disturbed at Jeanis Mi pine's an she can hinder. A wheen idle Pa loans, gaus about the country under cloud of my and disturbing honest peaceable gentlemen that drinking their drap drink at the fireside !"

At another time I should have thought of the Latin adage,

"Dat venjam corvis, vezat censura columbas

But I had not any time for classical quotation i there was obviously a fray about to ensue, at was feeling myself indignant at the inhospitable inseles with which I was treated, I was totally indifferent unless on the Baille's account, whose person a qualities were ill qualified for such an adventur.

unless on the Balle's account, whose person a qualities were ill qualified for such an adventure, started up, however, on seeing the others rise, a dropped my cloak from my shoulders, that I mig be ready to stand on the delensive. "We are three to three," said the lessor Highland glancing his eyes at our party; "if ye be pretty may draw !" and, unsheathing his broadsword, he adva ced on me. I put myself in a posture of defence, as aware of the superiority of my weapon, a repor small-sword, was little afraid of the issue of the co test. The Bailie behaved with unexpected motif As he saw the grantic Highlander confront has we his weapon drawn, he tugged for a second er two is the hilt of his shabble, as he called it; but finding loth to quit the sheath, to which it had long bean a ployed in arranging the fire by way of a pokes, a brandished it with such effect, that at the first p he set the Highlander's plaid on fire, and coused him to keep a respectial distance till he could at him to keep a respectial distance till he could at to have faced the Lowland champion, had, I giv him to keep a respectful distance till he could g extinguished. Andrew, on the contrary, who a to have faced the Lowland chempion, had, I g to say it, vanished at the very common connects fray. But his antagonist, crying, "Fair play? play?" seemed courteously disposed to take as a in the scuffie. Thus we commenced our rener on fair terms as to numbers. My own sim we possess myself, if possible, of my antagonist's y post i was deterred from closing for fair of dirk which he held in his left hand, and used in wing the throus of my anime. Meanime the dirk which he held in his left hand, and used in a rying the thrusts of my repier. Meantime the Bu notwithstanding the success of his first onset, we sorely bested. The weight of his weapon, the corr lence of his person, the very efferve scence of his or passions, were rapidly exhausting both his strengt and his breath, and he was almost at the mery whis and his breath, and he was almost at the mery with his antagonist, when up started the sleeping Hu lander from the floor on which he reclined, with naked sword and target in his hand, and threw h naked sword and target in his hand, and threw him-self between the discomfited magistrate and his as sailant, exclaiming, "Her nainsell has eaten the town pread at the Cross o' Glasgow, and py her trout she'll fight for Bailie Sharvie at the Clachan of Aber foil-tat will she e'en !" And seconding his word with deeds, this unexpected auxiliary made h sword whistle about the ears of his tall country ma-who, nothing abashed, returned his blows with in rest. But being both accounted with round targe made of wood, studied with brass and exceed as made of wood, studded with brass, and covered leather, with which they readily partied each of strokes, their combat was attended with much noise and clatter than serious risk of damage. peared, indeed, that there was more of bravado of serious attempt to do us any injury; for the Le land gentleman, who, as I mentioned, had stood as for want of an antagonist when the brawl comm ced, was now pleased to act the part of moders and peace-maker.

"Haud your hands-haud your hands-encude encugh done !- the quarrel's no mortal. The sur gentlemen have shown themselves men of her and gien reasonable satisfaction. I'll stand on honour as kittle as ony man, but I hate unnee bloodshed."

It was not, of course, my wish to protract th ion. taukd ye what wad come, gentlemen," said the sword-the Bailie, gasping for breath, might b lady, "an ye wad has been tauld-get awa' wil sidered as hors de combat, and our two sword

such is many gave up their contest with as much in-difference as they had entered into it. "And now," said the worthy gentleman who act-ed as unprice, "let us drink and gree like honest fel-news-The house will had us a'. I propose that this base that conclusions that more any forfourth this good hitle gentleman that seems sair forfoughen, as good hitle gentleman that seems sair forfoughen, as I may say, in this tuizie, shall send for a tass o' brandy, and I'll pay for another, by way of archi-lowes, and then we'll birlour bawbees a' round about, ike brothren.

lowe, and hen we'll bir aboute, by way of archi-lowe, and hen we'll bir aboute, by way of archi-"And fa's to pay my new pomie plaid," said the larger Highlander, "wi'a hole burnt in't ane might put a kail-pat through 1 Saw ever ony body a decent somtieman fight wi's firstrand before?" "Lot that be mae hinderance," said the Bailie, who had now recovered his breath, and was at orice dis-posed to enjoy the triumph of having behaved with might, and avoid the necessity of again resorting to such hard and doubtful arbitrement;---"Gin I has broken the bead," he said, "I sall find the plaister. A new plaid sall ye bae, and o' the best-your ain chan-colaura, man-an ye will tell me where it can be sant t'ye frae Ghasco." "I meeting name my clan-I am of a king's clan, ma is week kand," said the Highlander; "but ye may tak a bit o' the plaid-figh, she smells like a singit aberofs the plaid-figh, she smells like a singit aberofs the plaid is a cousin o' my ain, that carries genteman, neist ime ye fight, and ye hae ony re-spect for your athversary, let it be wi' your sword, man, since ye wear ane, and no wi' thas het cultars mand do as he dow-my sword hasna seen the light since Bothweil Brigg, when my father, that's ded and gane, ware it; and I kenna weel if it was forth-coming than either, for the bailie, "every man man do as he dow-my sword hasna seen the light since Bothweil Brigg, when my father, that's ded and gane, ware it; and I kenna weel if it was forth-coming than either, for the battle was o' the brief-cent At ony rate, it's glewed to the scabbard now be-yond my power to part them; and, finding .that, I ver grippi at the first thing I could make a fend wi'. I trow my fighting days is done, though I like ill to take the scorn, for a' that.-But where's the honest is dat taik my quarrel on himsel as frankly?--Pae bestow a gill o' squavitz on him, an I suld never had that taik my quarrel on himsell sae frankly?--Pee bestow a gill o' aquavitæ on him, an I suld never o' for anither

The champion for whom he looked around was, wever, no longer to be seen. He had escaped, un-The champion for whom he pooked around was, however, no longer to be seen. He had escaped, un-observed by the Bailie, immediately when the brawl was ended, yet not before I had recognised, in his wild features and shaggy red heir, our acquaintance Dougat, the fugitive turnkey of the Glasgow jail. I semmannicated this observation in a whisper to the Babila, who answered in the same tone, "Weel, weel, I see that him that ye ken o' said very right. There is man elimination of common same about that is some glimmering o' common sense about that esenture Dougal; I mann see and think o' something

is some glimmering. countere Dougal; I mann see and think of sourcement will do him some gude." Thus saying, he sat down, and fetching one or two deep aspirations, by way of recovering his breath, called to the landlady; "I think, Luckie, now that I and that there's nae hole in my wame, whilk I had mackle reason to doubt frac the doings of your house, I wad be the better of something to pit intillt." The dame, who was all officiousness so soon as the storm had blown over, immediately undertook to there is ententhing confortable for our supper. Indeed, mething suprised me more, in the course of the whole mether, than the extreme calmness with which she tend her household seemed to regard the martial fu-ments, that had taken place. The good woman was the word to call to some of her assistants, "Steek Will or he killed, het naeand, that had taken place. The good woman was only heard to call to some of her assistants, "Steek the door-steek the doort-Kill or be killed, let nae-body pass out till they hae paid the lawin." And as he door-steek the doorl-Kill or be killed, let nae-ody pass out till they has paid the lawin." And as or the alumbeters in those lairs by the wall, which greed the family for beds, they only raised their hirtiess bodies to look at the fray, ejaculating, "Oigh!" in the tone suitable to their respective sex and ges, and were, I believe, fast asleep again, ere our works were well returned to their scabbards. Our landlady, however, now made a great bustle get some victuals ready, and, to my surprise, very Archilows, of unknown derivation, signifies a peace offering.

soon began to prepare for us, in the frying-pan, a se-youry mess of venison collope, which she dressed in a manner that might well satisfy hungry men, if not epicures. In the meantime the brandy was placed on the table, to which the Highlanders, how-ever partial to their native strong waters, showed no objection, but much the contrary; and the Lowland gentleman, after the first cup had passed round, be-came desirous to know our profession, and the object of our iourney.

came desirous to know our profession, and the object of our journey. "We are bits o' Glasgow bodies, if it please your honour," said the Bailie, with an affectation of great humility, "travelling to Stirling to get in some siller that is awing us." I was so silly as to feel a little disconcerted at the unassuming account which he chose to give of us; but I recollected my promise to be silent, and allow the Bailie to manage the matter his own way. And really, when I recollected, Will, that I had not only brought the honest man a long journey from home, which even in itself had been some inconvenience, (if I were to judge from the obvious pain and reluct-ance with which he took his seat or arose from it.) (if I were to judge from the obvious pain and reluct-ance with which he took his seat or arose from it,) but had also put him within a hairs-breadth of the loss of his life, I could hardly refuse him such a com-pliment. The spokesman of the other party, snuffing up his breath through his nose, repeated the words with a sort of sneer;—"You Glasgow tradesfolks hae naething to do but to gang frae the tae end o' the west o' Scolland to the idler, to plague honest folks that may chance to be awee ahint the hand, like me." "If our debtors were a sic honest gentlemen as I

that may chance to be awee shint the hand, like me." "If our debtors were a sic honest gentlemen as I believe you to be, Garschattschn," replied the Bailie, "conscience! we might save ourselves a labour, for they wad come to seek us." "Eh! what! how!" exclaimed the person whom he had addressed, "as I shall live by bread, (not for getting beef and brandy,) it's my saud friend Nicol Jarvie, the best man that ever counted down merks on a band till a distressed gentleman. Were ye na coming up my way?-were ye na coming up the coming up my way?-were ye na coming up the Endrick to Garschattachin?",

Endrick to Garschattachin?". "Troth no, Maister Galbraith," replied the Bailie, "I had other eggs on the spit—and I thought ye wad be saying I cam to look about the annual rent that's due on the bit heritable band that's between us." "Damn the annual rent!" said the laird, with an appearance of great heartinesa,—"Deil a word o' business will you or I speak, now that ye're sae near my country—To see how a trot-cosey and a Joseph can disguise a man—that I suldna ken my suld feal friend the deadon!"

"The bailie, if ye please," resumed my companion; "The bailie, if ye please," resumed my companion;

friend the deadon?" "The bailie, if ye please," resumed my companion; "but I ken what gars ye mistak—the band was granted to my father that's happy, and he was dea-con; but his name was Nicol as weal as mine. I dinna mind that there's been a payment of principal sum or annual rent on it in my day, and doubtlese that has made the mistake." "Weel, the devil take the mistake and all that oc-easioned it ?" replied Mr. Galbraith. "But I an glad ye are a baile. Gentlemen, fill a brimmer—this is my excellent friend, Bailie Nicol Jarvie's health--I kend him and his father these twenty years. Are ye a' cleared kelty aff ?-Fill anither. Here's to his being sume provost—I say provost—Lord Provost Nicol Jarvie!--snd them that affirms there's a man welks the Hie-street o' Glasgow that's fitter for the office, they will do weel not to let me, Duncan Gal-braith of Garschattachin, hear them say sae-that's all." And therewith Duncan Galbraith martially cocked his hat, and placed it on one side of his head with an air of definee. The brandy was probably the best recommendation for the company father the target to the target head.

The brandy was probably the best recommendation of these complimentary toasts to the two Highland-ers, who drank them without appearing anxious to ers, who drank them without appearing anxious to comprehend their purport. They commenced a con-versation with Mr. Galbraith in Gaelic, which he talked with perfect fluency, being, as I afterwards learned, a near neighbour to the Highlands. "I kend that Scant-o'-grace weel eneugh fras the very outset," said the Bailie, in a whisper to me-"but when blude was warm, and swords were out as ony rate, wha kens what way he might has though" 41\*

o' paying his debts? it will be lang or herdoes it in common form. But he's an bonest isd, and has a warm heart too; he disna come often to the Cross o' Glasgow, but mony a buck and black-cock he sends us down frae the hills. And I can want my siller weel eneugh. My father the deacon had a great regard for the family of Garschattachin." Supper being now nearly ready. I looked round for

Supper being now nearly ready, I looked round for Andrew Fairservice; but that trusty follower had not been seen by any one since the beginning of the ren-contre. The hostess, however, said that she believed

been seen by any one since the beginning of the ren-contre. The hostess, however, said that she believed our servant had gone into the stable, and offered so light me to the place, saying that "no entreaties of the bairns or hers could make him give any answer; and that truly she caredna to gang into the stable hersell at this hour. She was a lone woman, and it was weel kend how the Brownie of Ben-ye-gask-guided the gude wife of Ardnagowan; and it was aye judged there was a Brownie in our stable, which was just what garr'd me gue ower keeping an hostler." As however, she lighted me towards the miserable hovel into which they had crammed our unlucky steeds, to regale themselves on hey, every fibre of drawing me aside from the company than that which her words implied. "Read that," she said, slipping a piece of paper into my hand as we arrived at the door of the shed; "I bless God I am rid o't. Between sogers and Saxons, and caterans and cattle-lifters, and hership and bluidshed, an honest woman.wad her deter in hell than on the Highland line." So saying, she put the pine-torch into my hand, and relived into the how

So saying, she put the pine-torch into my hand, and returned into the house.

### CHAPTER XXIX.

Bagpipes, not lyres, the Highland hills adorn, MacLean's loud hollo, and MacGregor's horn. John Cooper's Reply to Allon Remsay.

Join Cooper's Reply to Allen Ransay. Join Cooper's Reply to Allen Ransay. place be entitled to that name where horses were stowed away along with goats, poultry, pigs, and cowa, under the same roof with the mansion-house; although, by a degree of refinement unknown to the rest of the hamlet, and which I afterwards heard was imputed to an overpride on the part of Jeanie Mac-Alpine, our landlady, the apartment was accommo-dated with an entrance different from that used by her bined customers. By the light of my torch. I deber biped customers. By the light of my torch, I de-ciphered the following billet, written on a wet, crump-led, and dirty piece of paper, and addressed, "For the bonoured hands of Mr. F. O. a Saxon young gentle-man-These." The contents were as follows : hon... man-'i m "Sta,

"There are night-hawks abroad, so that I cannot give you and my respected kinsman, B. N. J., the meeting at the Clachan of Aberfoil, whilk was my meeting at the Clachar of Aberfoil, whilk was my purpose. I pray you to avoid unnecessary commu-nication with those you may find there, as it may give future trouble. The person who gives you this is faithful, and may be trusted, and will guide you to a place where, God willing, I may safely give you the meeting, when I trust my kinsman and you will visit my poor house, where in despite of my enemies, I ean still promise sic cheer as ane Hielandman may gie his friends, and where we will drink a solemn health to a certain D. V. and look to certain affairs whilk I hope to be your aidance in ; and I rest, as is wont among gentlemen, your servant to command: R. M. C."

K. M. U." I was a good deal mortified at the purport of this fetter, which seemed to adjourn to a more distant place and date the service which I had hoped to re-ceive from this man Campbell. Still, however, it was some comfort to know that he continued to be n my interest, since without him I could have no bope of recovering my father's papers. I resolved, therefore, to obcy his instructions; and, observing all caution before the guests, to take the first good opportunity I could find to procure from the landledy directions how I was to obtain a meeting with this Anysterious person. My next business was to seek out Andrew Fairser-

vice, whom 1 called several times by tame, without receiving any answer, surveying the stable all round, at the same time, not without risk of setting the pre-mises on fire, had not the quantity of wet litter and mud so greatly counterbalanced two or three bunches of straw and hay. At length my repeated cries of "Andrew Fairservice-Andrew! Fool-Ass, where are you "produced a doleful "Here," in a greaning tone, which might have been that of the Brownis it-self. Guided by this sound, I advanced to the come of a shed, where ensconced in the angle of the wall, behind a barre, full of the feathers of all the fowls which had died in the cause of the public for a month past, I found the manful Andrew; and partly by force, which had ded in the cause of the pathe in a more past, I found the manful Andrew, and partly by force, partly by command and exhortstice, competed and forth into the open air. The first words he space were, "I am an honest lad, sir."

forth into the open air. The first words he spoke were, "I am an honest lad, sir." "Who the devil questions your honesty?" said i; "or what have we to do with it at present? I de sire you to come and attend us at supper." "Yes," reitersted Andrew, without apparently me-derstanding what I said to him, "I am an honest lad, whatever the Bailie may say to the contrary. I grant the warld and the warld's gear sits ower near my heart whiles, as it does to mony a mae-But I am an honest lad; and though I spake o' leaving ye in the muir, yet God knows it was far frae my purpose, but just like idle things folk says when they re driving a bargain, to get it as far to their ain side as they can - And I like your honour weel for sace young a bad, and I wadna part wi'ye lightly." "What the deuce are you driving at now?" I re-plied. "Has not évery thing been settled again and again to your satisfaction? And are you to taik of leaving me every hour, without either rhyme or re-son?"

leaving me every hour, without either rhyme or re-son ?" "Ay, but I was only making fashion before," re-plied Andrew; "but it's come on me in sair earnest now-Lose or win, I daur gae nas farther wi" you honour; and if ye'll tak my foolish advice, ye'll had by a broken tryste, rather than gang forward yoursel --I hae a sincere regard for ye, and I'm sure ye'l be a tredit to your friends if ye live to saw out your wild aits, and get some mair sense and steediness-Bat I can follow ye nas farther even if tre sulf founder and

a credit to your fineds if ye live to saw out you wild aits, and get some mair sense and attendiness-Ball can follow ye nas farther, even if ye suld founder and perish from the way for lack of guidance and com-sel-to gang into Rob Roy's country is a mere tempt-ing o' Providence." "Rob Roy?" said I, in some surprise; "I know ne such person. What new trick is this, Andrew?" "It's hard." said Andrew-"very hard, that a men canna be believed when he speaks Heaven's truth just because he's whiles owercome, and tells less a little when there is necessary occasion. Ye need as what Rob Roy is, the reiving lifter that he 's-God forgie mel. I hope nacbody hear us -when ye has a jetter frash im in your pouch. I heard and y has a jetter frash im in your pouch. I heard and y hear slittle who has the reiving lifter that he 's-God forgie mel. I hope nacbody hear us -when ye has a gude guess at what I hear them say-I need thought to has tauld ye that, but in a fight a them yee nacting to that suld is hear them say-I need thought to has tauld be keepit in. O, Maneter Frank 'your uncle's follies, and a' your cousin's plash gemething to that suld be keepit in. O, Maneter Frank 'your uncle's follies, and a' your cousin's plash gemethe, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, like Richard; win souls to the Pope usit deevil, and gang nae near Rob Roy !" Andrew's alarm was too sincere to permit

-But, merciful Providence I take care o' your w bluid, and gang nae near Rob Roy I'' Andrew's alarm was too sincere to permit suppose he counterfeited. I contented royself, ever, with telling him, that I meant to remain a alchouse that night, and desired to have the b well looked after. As to the rest, I charged hi observe the strictest eilence upon the subject a alarm, and he might rely upon it I would not any serious danger without due precaution. Hi lowed me with a dejected air into the house, ob ing between his teeth, "Man suld be served beast-I haena had a morsel in my mouth, bu

with legs o' that said muirosok, this haill blessed

The harmony of the company seemed to have referred some interruption since my departure, for I found Mr. Galbraith and my friend the Bailie high in

"A'll hear ness is language," said Mr. Jarvie, as I "A'll hear ness is language," said Mr. Jarvie, as I smitted, "tespecting the Duke o' Argyle and the same o' Campbell. He's a worthy public-spirited noble-man, and a credit to the country, and a friend and benefactor to the trade o' Glasgow." "I'll see necthing ggainst MacCallum More and the Slioch-nan-Diarmid," said the lesser Highlander, Janghing. "I live on the wrang side of Glascrove to guarrel with Inverar."

Janghing. "I live on the wrang side of Glencroe to gnarrel with Inverara."
"Our loch ne'er saw the Cawmil lymphada," said the bigger Highlander. "She'll speak her nind and fear nacbedy.—She, doesne value a Cawmil mair as a Cowan, and ye may tell MacCallum More that Allan Iverach shid sae.—It's a far'ery to Lochow."?
Mr. Galbraith, on whom the repeated pledges which he had quaffed had preduced some influence, alapped his hand on the table with great force, and gend in a stern voice, "There's a bloody debt due by that family, and they will pay it one day.—The banes of a loyal and a gallant Grahame hae lang rattled in their coffin for vengeance on thae Dukes of Gulle and Lords for Lorn. There ne'er was treason in Bootland but a Cawmil was at the bottom o't; and mow that the wrang side's uppermost, wha but the Cawmills for keeping down the right? But this warld winna last lang, and it will be time to than the maiden 3 for shearing of craigs and thrapples. I hope to see the auld rusty lase linking at a blindy harst agam."

a; "fy, for shame, sir ; wad ye say sic things before magistrate, and bring yoursell into trouble ?- How

a magistrate, and bring yoursell into trouble?—How d'ye think to mainteen your family and satisfy your eraditors, (mysell and othera) if ye gang on in that wild way, which cannot but bring you under the law, to the prejudice of a' that's connected wi'ye?" "D-n my oreditors," retorted the gallant Gal-braith, "and you, if ye be ane o' them. I say there will be a new ward suns—And we shall has nee Cawmils cocking their bonnet sase hie, and hounding their dogs where they daurns come themsells, nor protecting thieves, nor murderers, and oppressors, to farry and spoil better mon and mair loyal clane than themsells." "The Rails had a great mind to have continued the

herry and spoil better men and mair loyal clans than themsells." The Balie had a great mind to have continued the dispute, when the savoury vapour of the broiled veni-son, which our landlady now placed before us, proved so powerful a mediator, that he betook himself to his issucher with great esgerness, leaving the strangers to carry on the dispute among themselves. "And tat's true," said the taller Highlander, whose mame I found was Stewart, "for we suldna be plagued and worried here wi' meetings to pit down Rob Roy, if the Cawmils didna gie him refutch. I was ane of thirty o' my ain name-part Glenfinlas, and part men dist came down frae Appine. We shased the Mac-Glenfielloch's country, and the Cawmils raise and wordna let us pursue nas farder, and sace we lost our becar; but her wad gie twas and a plack to be as easur Rob as she was tat day." It seem'd to happen very unfortunately, shat in every topic of discourse which these warlike gentle-men introduced, my, friend the Balie found some. matter of discourse which these is bot sown matter of offence. "Ye'll forgie me speaking my mind, sir; but ye wad maybe has gien the bost bowl fa your bonnet to has been as far awa frae Rob as ye pre e'en now-Odd, my het plaugh-culter wad hae

a your bonnet to me been as mar awa me noo as your reserved now-Odd, my het pleugh-culter wad have een maething to his claymore." "She had better speak mae mair about her culter, r, by G-, ber will gar her eat her words, and twae madfills of cauld steel to drive them ower will" And,

Compact. The salley which the family of Argyle and here of the Clan Campbell carry in their arms. J Lochow and the adjocnt districts formed the original seat the Campbella. The expression of a "far ary to Lochow" a proverbial.

kind of suillotine formerly used in S

with a most insuspicious and menacing look, the mountaineer laid his hand on his darger. "We'll have naw quarrelling, Allan," said his shorter companion; "and if the Glasgow gendeman has ony regard for Rob Roy, he'll maybe see him in cauld ifons the night, and playing tricks on a tow the morn;

irons the night, and playing tricks on a tow the morn; for this country has been ower lang plagued wi'him, and his race is near hand-run-And it's time, Allan, we were ganging to our lads." "Hout awa, Inverschalloch," said Galbraith.-"Mind the auld saw, man-Lys a bauld moon, duoth Bennygask-another pint, duoth Lesley-we'll no' start for another chappin."

start for another chappin." "I has had chappins enough," said Inverashalloch ; "Ill drink my quart of usquebaugh or brandy wi' ony honest fellow, but the deil a drab mair, when I has wark to do in the morning. And, in my puir think-ing, Garachattachin, ye had better be thinking to bring up your horsemen to the Clachan before day, that we may a' start fair.'s ""What the desvil are ye in sic a hurry for ?" said

that we may a start fair." "What the deevil are ye in sic a hurry for ?" said Garschattachin i "meat and mass never hinder-ed wark. An it had been my directing, deil a bit o' me wad has fashed ye to come down the gions to help us. The garrison and our ain horne could has taen Rob Roy easily encugh. There's the hand," he said, holding up his own, "should lay him on the green, and never ask a Hielandman o' ye a' for his help." "Ye might has loot us bide still where we were, then," said Inversaballoch. "I didna come sixty miles ywithout being sent for. But an ye'll hae my opinion, I redd ye keep your mouth better steekit, if ye hope to speed. Shored folk live lang, and sae may him ye ken o'. The way to catch a bird is no to fing your bannet at ber. And also thae gentlemen has heard had na been ower bauld for your brain, Major Gal

some things they suldra has heard, and the brandy hadna been over bauld for your brain, Major Gal braith. - Ye needna eock your hat and bully wir me, man, for I will not bear it." "I has said it," said Galbraith, with a solemn air of drunken gravity, "that I will quarrel no more this night either with broadcloth or tartan. When I am off day, I'll quarrel with you or ony man in the Hie-lands or Lowlands, but not on duty-no-no.-I wish we heard o' these red-coats.-If it had been to do ony thing against King James, we wad has seen them lang syne-but when it's to keep the peace o' the country, they can lie as lound as their neighbours." As he spoke, we heard the measured footsteps of a body of infantry on the march, and an officer, fol-lowed by two or three files of soldiers, entered the apartment. He spoke in an English accent, which

apartment. He spoke in an English accent, which was very pleasant to my ears, now so long accustom-ed to the varying brogue of the Highland and Low "You are, I suppose, Major Galbraith, of the squa-dron of Lennoz Militia, and these are the two Highland gentlemen with whom I was appointed to meet in this place ?" They assented, and invited the officar to take some refreshments, which he declinec. "I have been too late, gentlemen, and am desirous to make up time. I have orders to search for and arrest two persons guilty of treasonable practices." "We'll wash our hands of that," soid Inversabal-loch. "I came here wi' my men to fight against the red MasGregor that killed my cousin seven times apartment. He spoke in an English accent, which

removed, Duncan Mac Laren in Invernenty but I will have nothing to do touching honest gentlemen that may be gaun through the country on their ain

that may be seen and the second secon

because as it happene, my commission nugy rin in his name—but one commission being good, sir, does not make another bad; and some think, that James may be just as good a name as George. There's the king be just as good a name as George.

• This, as appears from the introductory matter to this Take an anachronism. The slauthier of MacLaren, a rutainer of he chief of Appine, by the MacGregor, did not trice place tak for Rob Roy's death, since it happened in 1734.

that is and there's the king that sold of right be -I say, an honest man may and suid be loyal to them holh, Captain. -But I am of the Lord Lieutenant's opinion for the time, as it becomes a militis officer and a depute-Lieutenant,—and about treason and all that, it's lost time to apeak of it—least said is sunst mended."

mended." "I am sorry to see how you have been employing your time, sir," replied the English officer,—as indeed the honest gentleman's reasoning had a strong relish of the liquor he had been drinking,—" and I could wish, sir, it had been otherwise on an occasion of this consequence. I would recommend to you to try

wish, air, it had been otherwise on an occasion of this consequence. I would recommend to you to try to sleep for an hour-Do these gentlemen belong to your party ?"-looking at the Bailie and me, who, engaged in eating our supper, had paid little attention to the officer on his entrance.
"Travellers, sir," said Galbranth-"lawful travellers by see and laad, as the prayer-book hath it."
"My instructions," said the Captain, taking a light the survey us closer, "are to place under arreat an alderly and a young person, and I think these gentlemen answer nearly the description."
"Take care what you say, eir," said Mr. Jarvie;
"I takin not be your red cost nor your laced hat shall protect you, if you put any affront on me, Jee convenent-I am a free burgess and a magistrate o' Glasgow; Nicol Jarvie is my name, sae was my father's afore me-I am a ballie, be praised for the honour, and my father was a deacon."
"He was a prick-cared cur," said Major Galbraith," and fought agone the King at Balbraith, "and what he ought and what he bought, Mr. Galbraith," said the Ballie, and was an homester "I have no time to attend to all this," said the officer; "I must positively detain you, gentlemen, unless you can produce some respectable accurity that you are loyal subjects."

you are toyal subjects." I desire to be carried before some civil magis-trate, " said the Baile,—" the sherra or the judge of the bounds—I am not obliged to answer every red-evat that speers questions at me." "Well, sir, I shall know how to manage you if you are silent—And you, sir," (to me) " what may your ""Francis Obablictore"

iame be?" "Francis Obaldistone, sir." "What, a son of Sir Hildebrand Osbaldistone, of Morthumberland 7" "No, sir," interrupted the Bailie: "a son of the great William Osbaldistone, of the House of Osbal-disione and Tresham, Crane-Alley, London." "I am afraid," sir, said the officer, "your name only increases the suspicions against you, and lays me under the pecessity of requesting that you will give un what papers you have in charge." Tobserved the Highlanders look anxiously at each other whon this proposal was made. "I had none," I replied, "to surrender."

other when this proposal was made. "I had none," I replied, "to surrender." The officer commanded me to be disarmed and gearched. To have reasted would have been mad-ness. I accordingly gave up my arms, and submitted to a search, which was conducted as civily as an operation of the kind well could. They found nothing group the hole which I had received that night "This is different from what I expected," said the efficer; "but it allords us good grounds for detaining four. Here I find, you in written communication with the outlawed robber, Robert MacGregor Campbell, who has been as long the plaque of this district-How de you account for that ?" "Spiss of Rob "mid Inversahalloch—" we wad serve them right to strip them up till the neist tree." " We are gaun to see after some gear o' our ain, metamon "said the Beilin with the strip the Beilin and the

"We are goun to see after some goar o' our ain, sentlemen," said the Bailic, " that's fa'en to bis hands by accident—there's nas law agane a man looking after his ain. I hope?" "How did you come by this letter?" said the offi-cer, addressing himself to me.

**BOY. Check Like** offloor, looking at Andrew, where inves were claster-ing like a pair of castancts at the threats thrown and by the Highlander. "O ay, I ken a' about it—It was a Hieland here and the letter to that lang-tongued jand the gudewith there—I'll be sworn my maister kend maething about the the's will' to gang up the hills and speak wi Rob; and O, sir, it wad be a charity just to send a wheen o' your red-coats to see him safe back to Glasgow again whether he will or no—And yo can keep Mr. Jurvie as lang as ye like—He's responsible enough for ony fine ye may lay on him—and so's my master for that matter—for me, I'm just a pair gen-dener lad, and no worth your steering." "I believe." said the officer, " the best thing I can sho is to send these persons to the garrison under us scott. They seem to be in immediate correspon-singe with the enouny, and I shall be in no respon-answerable for suffering them to be at liberty-Gendermen, you will consider youralves as my pri-soners. So soon as down approaches I will end you to a place of security. If you be the permons you describe yourselves, it will soon appear, and you will con-sub out the science in a the stating way from the Bailie, "you're will con us on to address him." the service I am argive me no time for idle discussions." "Awed—sweel, sin," and the Bailie, "you're wel-coma to a tune on your an iddle j but ase if I dama gar ye dance till' aftre a's dune." An anxious consultation now took place between the offhoer and the Highlandery, but carried on in we

An anxious onnaultation, now took place between the officer and the Highlanders, but carried on in so low a tone, that it, was impossible to catch the sense So soon as it was concluded they all left the being

So soon as it was concluded they all left the home At their departure, the Ballie thus expressed himself "Thas Hislandruce are o' the westland clans and just as light-handed as theirsneighbours, an a' then be true, and yet yo see they has brought them free the head o' Argyleshire to make war wi' pur fac-for some suld 10-will that they has a thirm and he simanne-And there's the Grahames, and the Be-chanana, and the Lonnox gentry, a' mounted and in order. -It's weak kend their guarrel--and I dame blame thom-mashody likes to lose his kye-and the thero's sodgers, pur things, heyed out frac the gra-rison at a' body's bidding--Pur Rob will has he hands in' by the time the sun comes own the hill Weel--it's wrang for a magistrate to be wishing em-wed break my heart to hear that Rob had gim them a' their pulks!"

#### CHAPTER XXX.

Hear me, and mark me well, and look a Directly in my face-my woman's face. See if one feur, ous shadow of a terror. One peluenes dare appear, but fram my Ta tayloid on your marcine.

To highed on your marcine. We were permitted to eluminer out the num of the night in the best manner that they may accommodations of the alcouse permitte Ballie, fatigued with his journey and the sul sconce, less interested size in the areas of our which to him could only be matter of the inconvenience, perhaps less mice than habit deted me shoul the elessificate of the scal cauch, tumbled himself into one of the scal I have already described, and conserve while I rested my head upon the table, was refreshment. In the social of the match of the scale of the scale of the match of and heating in the motione of the soldies were sould out and the motione of the soldies were sould that there are do the match of apparently without bringing any semantic to into their commanding officer. He visually ager and anxious, and again do 

The morning had broken, when a corporal and two on rushed into the hut dragging after them, in a sort triumph, a Highlander, whom I immediately re of triumph, a Highlander, whom I immediately re-recognized as my acquaintance the ex-turnkey. The Baille, who started up at the noise with which they entered, immediately made the same discovery, and exclaimed, "Mercy on us! they has grippit the puir creature Dougal-Captain, I will put in bail-suffi-cient bail, for that Dougal creature." To this offer, dictated undoubtedly by a grateful re-collection of the late interference of the Highlander m his behalf, the Captain only answered by request-mg Mr. Jarvie to "mind his own affairs, and remem-tions of the sumself for the preser"

mg Mr. Jarvie to "mind his own sitairs, and remem-ber that he was himself for the present a presser." "I take you to witness, Mr. Oshaklistone," said the Bailie, who was probably better acquainted with be process in civil than in military cases, "that be has refused sufficient bail. It's my opinion that the greature Dougal will have a good action of wrongous prisonment and damages aganchim under the det weatern hundred and one, and I'll see the creature ghud."

The officer, whose name I understood was Thorn-The officer, whose name I understood was Thom-ton, paying no attention to the Bailie's threats or gragentiations, instituted a very close inquiry into Dougal's life and conversation, and compelled him to admit, though with apparent relactance, the suc-cessive facts,—that he knew Rob Roy MacGregor— that he had seen him within these twelve monthe-within these six monthe-within this month-within this week in fine that he had nexted from him only within these any months—within this month—within this week; in fine, that he had parted from him only an hour ago. All this detail came like drops of blood from the prisoner, and was, to all appearance, only extorted by the threat of a halter, and the sext tree, which Captain Thornton assured him should be his doom, if he did not give direct and special informa-

And now, my friend," said the officer, "you will

next now, my next, "said the other, "you will please inform me how many men your master has with him at present." Dougal looked in every direction anosot at the querist, and began to answer, "She canna just be sure about that."

"Look at me, yon Highland dog," said the officer, " and remember your life depends on your answer. How many romes had that outlawed scoundred with hims when you left him ?"

ing when you let nim ; "Ou, no abeen sar regues when I was gaue." "And where are the rest of his banditti?" "Gane w? the Lieutenant agane to westland carles."

"Cane wi the Lieutenant agane to westland carles." "Against the westland chans?" said the Captain, "Umph-that is likely enough; and what rogue's erread were you dispatched upon?" "Just to see what your honour and ta gentlemen pad-coats were doing down here at the Clachan?" "The creature will prove fause-hearted after a'," and the Bailie, whe by this time had planted him-self close behind use; "it's lucky I didna pit mysell to expresses then thim."

gh i eigh ?' exclaimed Dongal, in the extremity mean and perplexity, "she canna do tat-she do tat-she'll rather be hanged" do tat

anaged, then, you shall be, my friend," soid the singled, then, you shall be, my friend," soid the sind your blood ye upon your own head.--and Cranup, do you play Provost-Marahal--away

corporal had confronted poor Dougal for some Constructed by the second seco

"Awa wi' the creature?" said the Bailie, "be-serves hanging mair now than ever-awa wi' him, corporal-why dinna ye tak him awa?" "It's my belief and opinion, honest gentleman," said the corporal, "that if you were going to be hangod yourself, you would be in no such d---d hurry." This by-dialogue prevented my hearing what pass-ed between the prisoner and Captain Thornton, but I heard the former snivel out, in a very subdued tone, "And ye'll ask her to gang nas further than just to shew you where the MacGregor is 2--Ohon 1 chon!" "Silence your howling, you rascal-No; I give you my word I will ask you to go no further.--Corporel, make the mea fall-in in frout of the houses. Get out

my word I will ask you to go no further.—Corporal, make the men fall-in in front of the houses. Get out these gentlemen's horses; we must carry them with us. I cannot spare any mea to guard them here.— Come, my lads, get under arms." The soldiers bustled about, and were ready to move. We were led out, along with Dougal, in the capacity of prisoners. As we left the but, I beard our corpa-nion in captivity remind the Captain of "th fewe kuineas. kuiness.

"Here they are for you," said the officer, putting gold into his hand; "but observe, that if you attempt to mislead me, I will blow your brains out with my own hand. own hand.

own hand." "The creature," said the Bailie, "is waur than I udged him—it is a warldly and a perfidious creature— O the filthy lucre of gain that men gies themsells up to! My father the descon used to say, the penny silter slew mair scals than the nsked sword slew bodies." The landlady now approached, and demanded pey-ment of her reekoning, including all that had been quaffed by Major Galbraith and his Highland friends. The English officer remonstrated, but Mrs. Mac-Al-pine deflared, if she "hadna trusted to his honour's new heige used in their company she wad never name being used in their company, she wad nave has drawn them a stoup o' liquor; for Mr. Galbraith

has drawn them a stoup o' liquor; for Mr. Galbraith she might see him again, or she might no, but weak did she wot she had ama' chance of seeing her ailler -and she was a puir widow, had naething but her custom to rely on." Captain Thomton put a stop to her remonstrances by paying the charge, which was only a few English shillings, though the amount sounded very formide-ble in Scottish denominations. The generous officer would have included Mr. Jarvie and me in this gene-ral acquittance; but the Baile, disregarding an inti-mation from the landlady, to " make as muckle of the laglishers as we could, for they were sure to giv us plague enough," went into a formal accounting respecting our share of the reckoning, and paid it ac-cording!. The Captain took the opportunity to make respecting our bare of the reckoning, and paid it me-cardingly. The Captain took the opportunity to make us some elight apology for detaining us. "If we were loyal and peaceable subjects," he said, "we would not regret being stopped for a day, when it was essen-tial to the king's service ; if otherwise, he was acting according to his duty." We were compelled to accept an apology which it would have served no purpose to refuse, and we sal-lied out to attend him on his march.

would have served no purpose to refuse, and we sal-lisd out to attend him on his march. I shall never forget the daightful sensation with which I exchanged the dark, smeky, unothering as-masphere of the Highland hut, in which we had passed the night so uncomfortably, for the refreshing fragence of the magning air, and the glorious beams of the rising sun, which, from a tabernacle of purple and golden clouds, were darted full on such a secure of maining the beautiful detached hill, with all its greated my eyes. To the left lay the valley, down which the Forth wandered on its castely course, surrounding the beautiful detached hill, with all its garland of woods. On the right, amid a profession of thickets, knolls, and crags, isy the bed of a broad mountain lake, lightly curled into tiny waves by the breats of the morning breeze, each glittering in its course under the influence of the subseams. High-hills, rocks, and banks, waving with natural forests of birch and eak, formed the isomiers of the subseams. High-ing sheet of water; and, as their leaves rustled to the wind and twinkled in the sources rustled to the solude a sort of life and vivacity. Man alone seemed to be placed in a state of inferiority, in a scene where all the ordinary features of nature were rusted and the be placed in a state of inferiority, in a scene where a state of more seemed and the state of the state of an state of the state of an scene where a state of more seemed and state of inferiority.

exatted. The miserable little bourocks, as the Bailie exaited. The miscrapic little bourocks, as the ball termed them, of which about a dozen formed the vil-lage called the Clachan of Aberfoil, were composed of loses stones, cemented by clay instead of mortar, and thatched by turfs, laid rudely upon rafters formed of native and unkewn birches and oaks from the woods around. The roots approached the ground so nearly, that Andrew Fairservice observed we might have ridden over the village the night before, and ne-

have ridden over the village the night before, and ne-ver found out we were near it, unless our horses' feet had "gane through the riggin." 'From all we could see, Mrs. MacAlpine's house, niserable as were the quarters it afforded, was still y far the best in the hamlet; and I dare say (if my lescription gives you any curiosity to see it) you will hardly find it much improved at the present day, for the Scotch are not a people who speedily admit in-novation, even when it comes in the shape of im-arroverment.\* provement.4

The inhabitants of these miserable dwellings were disturbed by the noise of our departure; and as our party of about twenty soldiars drew up in rank before snarching off, we were reconnoitred by many a bel-dum from the half-opened door of her cottage. As these sybils thrust forth their grey heads, imperfectly covered with close caps of flannel, and showed their shrivelled brows, and long skinny arms, with various grestures, shrugs, and muttered expressions in Geelic addressed to each other, my imagination recurred to the witches of Macbeth, and I imagined I read in the features of these cornes the malevolence of the weird sisters. The little children also, who began to crawil forth, some quite naked, and others very imperfectly covered with tatters of tartan stuff, clapped their tiny handa, and grinned at the English soldiers, with an expression of national hate and malignity which seemed beyond their years. I remarked particularly that there were no men, nor so much as a boy of ten

names, and granned at the English solutiers, which an expression of national hate and malignity which seemed beyond their years. I remarked particularly that there were no men, nor so much as a boy of ten or twelve years old, to be seem among the inhabitants of a village which seemed populous in proportion to its extent; and the idea certainly occurred to me that we were likely to receive from them, in the course of our journey, more effectual tokens of ill-will than those which lowered on the visages and dicta-ted the murmurs, of the women and children. It was not not until we commenced our march that the malignity of the elder persons of the community broke forth into expressions. The last file of men had left the village, to pursue a small broken track, formed by the sledges in which the natives transport-ed their peats and turfs, and which led through the woods that fringed the lower end of the lake, when a shrilly sound of female exclamation broke forth, mixed with the screams of children, the hooping of boys, and the clapping of hands with which the Highland dames enforce their notes, whether of rage or lamentation. I asked Andrew, who looked as pale is death, what all this meant. " I doubt we'll ken that ower sune," said he. "Means 7-it means that the Highland wrives are cursing and banning the red-coats, and wishing ill-auck to them, and ilks ane that ever spoke the Saxon fongue. I have heard wives fiyte in England and Secoland—it's nae marvel to hear them fiyte ony gate —but sic ill-ecrapit tongues as the Hieland carlines" —and sic grewsome wishes, that men should be slaughtered like sheep—and that they may lapper their hands to the allows in their heart's blude— and that they suld dee the death of Walter Caming of Guiyock, f wha'hadna as muckle o' him laft the-" to sot know how this might stand in Mr. Osbaldistone's with the anset the received in mediatione's him

cars.  $\uparrow$  A great fended oppressor, who, riding on some cruel purpose brough the forest of Guiyook, was thrown from his home, and, is foot being marght in the stirrup, was dragged along by the fightened animal till he was torn to pieces. The expression, Waitent of Guiyuek's carse, is proverbial.

gither as would supper a mossific dog mic awsome language as that I ne'er heard out o' a human unap-ple; -- and, unless the deil wad risc amang hem to gis

Inguage as that I ne'r heard ont o's human tarap-ple;-and, unless the deil wad risc arhang hem to gie them a lesson, I thinkna that their talent at cavang could be amended. The warst o't is, they bid us aye gang up the loch, and see what we'll land in." Adding Andrew's information to what I had myself observed. I could scarce doubt that some attack was meditaled upon our party. The road, as we advanced, seemed to afford every facility for such an unpleasant interruption. At first it winded apart from the lake through marshy meadow ground, overgrown wit copsewood, now traversing dark and close thickes which would have admitted an ambuscade to be sheltered within a few yards of our line of marsh, and frequently crossing rough mountain torreats some of which took the soldiers up to the knees, and ran with such violence, that their force could only be stemmed by the strength of two or three men holding fast by each other's arms. It certainly appeared is me, though altogether unacquainted with milinar affairs, that a sort of half-savage warriore, as I had passes as these, attack a party of regular forces with great advantage. The Ballie's good sense and showing terms:-" Captain, it's no to freech ony favour out of ye, for I scorn it--and it's under protest that I reserve my action and bleas of oppression and wrongsom im-prisonment;--but, being a friend to King George and his army, I take the liberty to speat-Dinna ye that half a hunder men strong when he's at the fewart; and if a brings in the Glengyle folk, and the Gla-finlas and Balquidder lada, he may come to ge your vice, as a king's friend, ye had better tak back sam to the Clachan, for thas women at Aberfoil are how the secare and maximum with the Glaw if a nuder men strong when he's at the fewart; and if he brings in the Glengyle folk, and the Glaw is and Balquidder lada, he may come to gie ym your kail through the reek; and it's my sincere af-yrice, as a king's friend, ye had better tak back sam

your kail through the reek; and it's my sincer id vice, as a king's friend, ye had better tak back spin to the Clachan, for the women at Aberfoil are in the scarts and sea-maws at the Cumrica, there's are foul weather follows their skirling." "Make yourself easy, sir," replied Captain Thera-ton, "I am in the execution of my orders. And as you say you are a friend to King George, you will be glad to learn, that it is impossible that this gang of rufflans, whose license has disturbed the country so long, can escape the measures now takes to exact the long. Can escape the measures now takes to exact the rumans, whose license has disturbed the country a long, can escape the measures now taken to supprese them. The horse squadron of militis, conzended by Major Galbraith, is already joined by two ar mour 'troops of cavalry, which will occupy all the lower passes of this wild country; three handred Highlan-ders, under the two gentlemen you saw at the inc, ar in possession of the upper part, and various stroop by the first the lower the line are included by the second stroop of the second stroop of the upper part, and various stroop parties from the garrison are securing the hills and glens in different directions. Our last accounts glens in different directions. Our tast scoresses Rob Roy correspond with what this fellow has go fessed, that, finding himself surrounded on all su he had dismissed the greater part of his follows with the purpose either of lying concealed, or making his escape through his superior knowledge

making his escape through his superior knowless the passes." "I dima ken," said the Bailie; "there's "I dima ken," said the Bailie; "there's brandy than brains in Garschattachin's hes morning—And I wadna, an I were you, Capter my main dependance on the Hielandmen-winna pike out hawks' een. They may quarrels therasells, and gie ilk ither ill names, and m slash wi's claymore; but they are sure to join lang run against a' civilized folk, that wear ber their hinder ends, and has purses in their pom Apparently these admonitions were not abut thrown away on Captain Thornton. He

Apparently these admonitions were not alter thrown away on Captain Thornton. He real his line of march, commanded his soldiers to be their firelocks and fix their bayonets, and for advanced and rear-gnard, each consisting of a commissioned officer and two soldiers, who as stirct orders to keep an alert look-out. Dougal went another and very close examination, in he steadfastly asserted the truth of what he he fore affirmed; and being resulted on account of suspicious and dangerous appearance of the real which he was guiding them, he answered we

our progress.

Our route, though leading towards the lake, had hitherto-been so much shaded by wood, that we only from time to time obtained a glimpse of that beautifrom time to time obtained a glimpse of that beauti-ful sheet of water. But the road now suddenly emer-ged from, the forest ground, and, winding close by the margin of the loch, afforded us a full view of its spacious mirror, which grow, the breeze having total-ly subsided, reflected in still magnificence the high dark heathy mountains, huge gray rocks, and shaggy banks, by which it is encircled. The hills now sunk, on its margin so closely, and were so broken and pre-principal as to afford up names a special provides. on its margin so closely, and were so broken and pre-cipitous, as to afford no passage except just upon the marrow line, of the track which we occupied, and which was overhung with rocks, from which we might have been destroyed merely by rolling down stones, without much possibility of offering resistance. Add to this, that, as the road winded round every promontory and bay which indented the lake, there was rarely a possibility of seeing a hundred yards be-fore us. Our commander appeared to take some starm at the nature of the pass in which he was enwas rarely a possibility of sceng a mainten rates so-fore us. Our commander appeared to take some sharm at the nature of the pass in which he was en-gaged, which displayed itself in repeated orders to his soldiers to be on the alert, and in many threats of in-start death to Dougal, if he should be found to have led them into danger. Dougal received these threats with an air of stupid impenetrability, which might grise either from conscious innocence, or from dog-

with an air of stupic imperetracitity, which might mise either from conscious innocence, or from dog-ged resolution. "If shentlemans were seeking ta Red Gregarach," he said, "to be sure they couldna expect to find her without some weedenger." Just as the Highlander uttered these words, a halt was made by the corporal commanding the advance, who sent back one of the file who formed it, to tell the Captain that the path in front was occupied by Highlanders stationed on a commanding point of particular difficulty. Almost at the same instant a soldier from the rear came to say, that, they heard the sound of a bagpipe at the woods through which we had just passed. Captain Thornton, a man of conduct as well as courage, instantly resolved to force the pass in front, without waiting till he was assailed from the rear; and, assuring his soldiers that the bagpipes which they heard were those of the friendly Highlanders, who were advancing to their massistance, he stated to them the importance of ad-vancing and securing Rob Roy, if possible, before vancing and securing Rob Roy, if possible, before these auxiliaries should come up to divide with them vancing and securng Kob Koy, if possible, before these auxiliaries should come up to divide with them the honour, as well as the reward which was placed on the head of this celebrated freebooter. He there-fore ordered the rear-guard to join the centre, and both to close up to the advance, doubling hus files, so as to occupy with his column the whole practica-ble part of the road, and to present such a front as its breadth admitted. Dougal to whom he said in a whisper, "You dog, if you have decived me you shall die for it!" was placed in the centre, between two grenadiers, with positive orders to shoot him if he attempted an escape. The same situation was assigned to us, as being the safest, and Ceptain Thornton, taking his half-pike from the soldier who tarried it, placed himself at the head of his little de tachment, and gave the word to march forward. The party advanced with the firmess of English soldiers. Not so Andrew Fairservice, who was frightened out of his wits; and not so, if truth must feeling the same degree of trepidation, could not with stoical indifference see our lives exposed to hazard in a guarrel with which we had no concern. But there was neither time for remonstrance nor remedy. We approached within about twenty vards of the

a quartel with which we had no concern. But there was neither time for remonstrance nor remedy. We approached within about twenty yards of the spot where the advanced guard had seen some ap-pearance of an enemy. It was one of those promon-forms which run into the take, and round the base of which the road had hitherto winded in the manner there are however the I have described. In the present case, however, the path instead of keeping the water's edge, scaled the premontory by one or two rapid sigzags, carried in a

cort of testiness that seemed very hatural, "Her broken track along the precipitous face of a sing naincell didna mak ta road—an shentlemans likit grand roads, she suid has pided at Giasco." All this passed off well enough, and we resumed Intely inaccessible. On the top of this rock, only so as approached by a road so broken, so narrow, and so precarious, the corporal declared he had seen the sonnets and long-barrelled gues of several moun taineers, apparently couched among the long heath and brushwood which crested the essingnce. Cap-tain Thornton ordered him to move forward with three files, to dislodge the supposed ambuscada, while at a more slow but steady pace, he, advanced to his support with the rest of his party. The stock which he mediated was prevented by

The attack which he meditated was prevented by the unexpected apparision of a female upon the sum-mit of the rock. "Stand I" she said, with a com-manding tone, " and tell me what ye seek in Mao-Gregor's country ?

Gregor's country "" I have seldom seen a finer or more commanding form than this woman. She might be between the term of forty and fifty years, and had a countrnance which must once have been of a masculine cast of beauty; though now, imprinted with deep lines by exposure to rough weather, and perhaps by the wasting influence of grief and passion, its foatures were only strong, harsh, and expressive. She wore her plaid, not drawn around her head and shoulders, as is the fashion of the women in Scotland, but dis-noeed around her body as the Highland soldiers wear posed around her body as the Highland soldiers wear theirs. She had a man's bonnet, with a feather in it, an unsheathed sword in her band, and a pair of

it, an unsheathed sword in her hand, and a pair of pistols at her girdle. "It's Helen Campbell, Rob's wife," said the Bai-lie, in a whisper of considerable alarm; "and there will be broken heads amang us or it's lang." "What seek ye here I" she asked again of Captain Thornton who had bimself advanced to reconnoitra. "Who copy the unitary Bob Bor Mac Cartage."

"We seek the outlaw, Rob Roy Mac Gregor Campbell," answerd the officer, " and make no war on women; therefore offer no vain opposition to the king's troops, and assure yourself of civil

to the kings upper and it is an another the kings upper to treatment. "Ay," retorted the Amazon, "I am no stranger to your tender mercies. Ye have left me neither name nor fame-my mother's bones will shrink skide in their grave when mine are laid beside them-Ye have left me and mine neither house nor hold, blanket nor bidding settle to feed us, or flocks to clothe us-Ye bedding, cattle to feed us, or flocks to clothe us-Ye have taken from us all-all !- The very name of our ancestors have yo taken away, and now ye come for our lives " our lives.

"I seek no man's life," replied the Captain; "I only execute my orders. If you are alone, good woman, you have nought to fear—if there are any woman, you have nought to fear useless resistance, theu with you so rash as to offer useless resistance, their own blood be on their own heads-Move forward, sergeant."

sergeant." "Forward—march," said the non-commissioned officer. "Huzza, my boys, for Rob Roy's head and a purse of gold !" He quickened his pace into a run, followed by the six soldiers; but as they attained the first traverse of the ascent, the flash of a dozen of firelocks from various parts of the pass parted in quick succession and deliberate aim. The sergeant, shot through the body, still struggled to gain the ascent, raised him-self by his hands to clamber up the face of the pock but relaxed his grasm. after a defore the first

body, still struggiet to gate the second, later inter-self by his hands to clamber up the face of the rock, but related his grapp, after a desperate effort, . and failing, rolled from the face of the cliff into the deep lake, where he perished. Of the soldiers three fell, slain or disabled; the others retreated on their main body, all more or less wounded. "Grenadiers, to the front !" said Captain Thornton. —You are to recollect, that in these days this descrip-tion of soldiers actually-carried that destructive spe-cies of fire-work from which they derive their name The four grenadiers moved to the front accordingly. The officer commanded the rest of the party to be ready to support them, and only saying to us, "Look to your safety, gentlemen," gave, in rapid succession, the word to the grenadiers "Open your pouches— handle your grenades—blow your matches—fail on." The whole advanced with a shout, headed by Cap-tain Thornton, the grenadiers preparing to throw theg

tain Thornton, the grenadiers preparing to throw theg grenades among the bushes where the ambuscade

wisely crept into the thicket which overhung that part of the road where we had first haled, which he as-cended with the activity of a wild cat. I followed his example, instinctively recollecting that the fire of the Highlanders would aweep the open track. I clam-bered until out of breath; for a continued spattering fire, in which every shot was multiplied by a thou-mand ochoes, the hissing of the kindled fusees of the grennedes, and the successive explosion of those mis-siles, pingled with the hazars of the soldiers, and the yells and cries of their Highland antagonists, formed a contrast which added—I do not shame to own it— wings to my desire to reach a place of safety. The

secontrast which added—I do not shame to own it-wings to my desire to reach a place of safety. The shifficulties of the accent soon increased so much that I despaired of reaching Dougal, who seemed to swing himself from rock to rock, and stump to stump, with the facility of a squirrel, and I turned down my eyes to see what had become of my other companions. Both were brought to a very awkward stand-still. The Bailie, to whom I suppose fear had given a temporary share of agility, had ascended about twenty feet from the path, when his foot slipping, as he straddled from one huge fragment of rock to another, he would have alumbered with his father the deacon, whose acts and words he was so fond of quoting, antchinghold of the skirts of his riding coat, support-ed him in mid air, where he dangled not unlike to the sign of the Golden Fleece over the door of a mercer in the Trongsto of his native city.

is the Trongate of his native city. As for Andrew Fairservice, he had advanced with better success, until he had attained the top of a bare

As for Andrew Fairservice, he had advanced with better success, until he had attalhed the top of a bare iff, which, raing above the wood, exposed him, at least in his own opinion, to all the dangers of the asighbouring skirmish, while at the same time, it was of such a precipitous and impracticable nature, that he dared neither to advance nor retreat. Footing it up and down upon the narrow space which the top of the cliff afforded, (very like h fellow at a country-fair dancing upon a trencher.) he roared for mercy in Gaelic and English alternately, according to the side on which the scale of victory seemed to predominate, while his exclamations were only answered by the groans of the Ballie, who suffered much, not only from apprehension, but from the pendulous posture in which the scale of victory seemed to predominate, while his exclamations were only answered by the groans of the Ballie, who suffered much, not only from apprehension, but from the pendulous posture in which he hung suspended by the loins. On perceiving the Ballie's precarious situation, my first idea was to attempt to render him assist-ance; but his was impossible without the concur-pence of Andrew, whom neither sign, nor entreaty, sor command, nor exposulation, could imspire with courage to adventure the descent from his painful elevation, where, like an unskildul and obnoxious mi-inster of state, unable to ascape from the eminance to which he had presumptuously ascended, he con-tuned to pour forth piteous prayers for mercy, which no one heard, and to skip to and fro, writhing his bedy into all possible antick ahapes to avoid the balls which he conflict was eoncluded. To gain some spet from which I could see how the day had gene was now my object, in order to suppel to the tween heaven and earth, without lending a hand to disengrage him. At length, by dint of scrambling, I found a work which commanded a view of the field of battle. It was indeed eaded is and, as my mind already augured, from the place and circumstances attending the cont

the road in has year was occupied, and that protrain resistance would be only wasting the lives of his brave followers. By the Highlanders, who fought under cover, the victory was cheaply bought, at the expense of one man slain and two wounded by the grenades. All this I learned afterwards. At preset I only comprehended the general result of the day, from seeing the English officer, whose face was over vered with blood, stripped of his hat and arma, and his men, with sullen and dejected countenance, which marked their deep regret, enduring, from the severe measures to which the laws of war shift the vanguished for security of the victors.

#### CHAPTER XXXI.

"We to the wanquich'd!" was store Brenn When such proud Rome beneath the Galiy "Wo to the wanquich'd!" when his remain Bore down the scale against her ransom w And on the field of fougation battle still, Wo knows no limit awe the victor's will. ive b

I ANXIOUSLY endeavoured to distinguish Des among the victors. I had little doubt that the p he had played was assumed, on purpose to lead t English officer into the defile, and I could not he admiring the address with which the isnorant, as apparently half-brutal savage, had veiled in purpose and the affected reluctance with which he had u fered to be extracted from him the false informat which it must have been his purpose from the begin ing to communicate. I foresaw we should in some demographic purpose from the begins of the with the same the same the same should be the same demographic the without the same demographic same should be the same demographic same same same demographic same same same demographic same same same same same same same some danger on approaching the vicers in the flush of their success, which was not unstand crucity, for one or two of the soldiers, whose prevented them from rising, were poniaries victors, or rather by some ragged Highland had mingled with them. I concluded, the

Victors, or rainer by some ragged right and many had mingled with them. I concluded, therefore would be unsafe to present ourselves without an mediator; and as Campbell, whom I now easily but identify with the celebrated freebooter like is was nowhere to be seen, I resolved to clain the p fection of his emissary, Dougal. After gazing everywhere in vain. I at length reten my steps to see what assistance I could individu render to my unlucky friend, when, to my great j I saw Mr. Jarvie delivered from his state of suprent and though very black in the face, and much derand in the garments, safely seated beneath the rock, hastened to join him and offer my comprehension which he was at first far from norming in the spit of cordiality with which they was edicated. A new to express the broken hints which he throw a gain of my sincerity.

It is coughing scatce permitted which be that to express the broken hints which be that against my sincerity. "Ub! uh! uh! uh!-they say a friend-w -a friend sticketh closer than a brither-uh!-When I came up here, Maister Oble to this country, cursed of God and man-wh Heaven forgie me for swearing-on nas ment but yours, d ye think it was fair-uh! uh!-me, first, to be shot or drowned atween Highlanders and red-costs; and next, to be between heaven and carth, like an and pots without as muckle as trying-uh! uh!-as trying to relieve me?" I made a thousand apologies, and haboars to represent the impossibility of my affordin lief by my own unassisted exertions, that a succeeded, and the Bailie, who was as ph hasiy in his temper, extended his favoar b more. I next took the liberty of asking his had contrived to extricts himself.

more. I next took the liberty of asking h had contrived to extricate himself. "Me extricate! I might has hung there of jadgment, or I could has helped mys head hunging down on the tas aide, and m the tother, like the yars scales in the we It was the creature Dougal that extricate did yestreen—hs cuttit all the tails of mys durk, and another gills and him set mas as clevely as if I had never been all the see what a thing gude braid claith is—has

er e' your rotten French camlets now, or your drab--berries, it would has screeded like an auld rag i' sic a weight as mine, ---But fair fa' the weaver that W mcav and the weight of --- I swung and bobbit yonder as as a gabbart\* that's moored by a three-plie cable omislew. at the Br

at the Breeminaw." I now inquired what had become of his preserver. "The creature," so he continued to call the High-hadman, "contrived to let me ken there wad be dan-ger in gaun near the leddy till he came back, and bade mestay here I am o' the mind," he continued, "that by seeking after you-sis a considerate creature-and troth, I wad swear he was right about the leddy as he ca's her, too-Helen Campbell was name o' the we met-I am clear for waiting for the Dougal crea-we met - I am clear for whiting for the Dougal crea-

re or we gang near her." I signified my acquiescence in this reasoning; but was not the will of fate that day that the Bailie's

it T Andrew Fairservice, though he had ceased

Andrew Fairservice, though he had cased to caper on the pinnacle upon the case ation of the firing, which had given occasion for his whimsical exercise, con-tinued, as perched on the top of an exposed cliff, too conspications an object to encape the sharp eyes of the Highlanders, when they had time to look a little

senspicaous an object to escape the sharp eyes of the Highlanders, when they had time to look a little ground them. We were apprised he was discovered, by a wiki and loud halloo set up among the assembled inctes, three or four of whom instantly plunged into the expressed, and ascended the rocky side of the hall in different directions towards the place where they had discovered this whimsical apparition. Those who arrived first within gunshot of poor fundrew, did not trouble themselves to offer him any question in the ticklish posture of his affairs, but imaliang their long Spanish-barrelled guns, gave him to understand by signs, which admitted of no mis-temstruction, that he must contrive to come down and submit himself to their mercy, or be marked at from beneath, like a regimental target set up for bell-encertion. Andrew Pairservice could no longer hesi-tate ; the more insminent peril overcame his sense of dent which sermed less inswitable, and he began to dent stumps, and projecting fragments of rock, with an alracet fovenia anxity, and never failing, as cir-furnationes if the sense inswitable, and he began to dent stumps, and projecting fragments of rock, with an alracet fovenia anxity, and never failing, as cir-furnationes if the sense in attitude of supplica-forn, as if to deprecate the discharge of their levelled the plaided gentry below in an attitude of supplica-tion as if to deprecate the discharge of their levelled the accumentancing mating for the or chiverse i a sofer a commutancing matin for the seliow, under the influence erms. In a word, the fellow, under the influence in arrans. In a word, the fellow, under the influence of a counteracting motive for terror, achieved a safe inscent from his perilous eminence, which, I verily actions, nothing but fear of instant death could have moved him to attempt. The awkward mode of An-new's descent greatly annued the Highlanders be-new, who fired a shot or two while he was engaged a it, without the purpose of injuring him, as I berrow have marked the annuemby they dee, but merely to calance the anusement they de-al from his extreme terror, and the superlative retions of agility to which it excited him.

At length he attained firm and comparatively level and, or rather, to speak more correctly, his foot pring at the tast point of descent, he fell on the in at his full length, and was raised by the assistof the Highlanders, who stood to receive him, who, ere he gained his legs, stripped him not of the whole contents of his peckets, but of perie of the shart coat, doublet, stockings, and shocs, per-ming the feat with such admirable gelerity, that, hough he fell on his back a well-clothed and de-thurgher-scening serving-man, he arose a ferked, mased, bald-patch, beggarly-looking scarecrow. thout respect to the pain which his undefended a stocking which they hurried him, those who had based Andrew proceeded to drag him downward ards the road through all the intervening ob-

the course of their descent, Mr. Jarvie and I betrivel of lighter used in the river Chyde, probably from the

YOL IL

came exposed to the lynx-eyed observation, an stantly half-a-dozen armed Highlanders thro around us, with drawn dirks and swords pointed our faces and throats, and cocked pistols presented against our bodies. To have offered resistance would against our policies. To have outer to reastance would have been madness, especially as we had no weapons capable of supporting such a demonstration. We therefore submitted to our fate; and, with gress roughness on the part of these who assisted at our roughness on the part of these who assisted at our toilette, were in the act of being reduced to as unao phisticated a state (to use King Lear's phrase) as the plumeless biped Andrew Fairservice, who stood sha vering between fear and cold at a few yards' distance Good chance, however, saved us from this extremity of wretchedness; for, just as I had yielded up m cravat, (a smart Stankirk, by the way, and richl laced,) and the Bailie had been disrobed of the frag incest,) and the Ballie had been disrobed of the frag-ments of his riding-coat-center Dougal, and the scene was changed. By a high tone of expostnlation, mine with oaths and threats, as far as I could conjectur the tenor of his language from the violence of hi gestures, he compelled the plunderers, however raises gestures, he compelled the plunderers, however raise tant, not only to give up their further depredations a our property, but to restore the spoil they had alread appropriated. He snatched my cravat from the fal-low who had seized it, and twisted it (in the zeal o his restitution) around my neck with such sufficient energy, as made me think that he had not only bear during his residence at Ghagow, a substitute of the juiler, but must moreover have taken besons as a summitie of the summer. He furne the states apprentice of the hangman. He fung the tattere remnants of Mr. Jarvie's cost around his shoulden remnants of Mr. Jarvie's cost around his shoulden and as more Highlanders began to flock towards u from the high road, he led the way downwards, d recting and commanding the others to allow us, by particularly the Bailie, the assistance necessary to or descending with comparative case and safety. It was however, in vain that Andrew Faureervice samploys his lungs in obsecrating a share of Dougal's protec-tion, or at least his interference, to procure restore tion of the shore.

tion, or at least his interference, to procure restore tion of his shoes. "Nama," said Dongal in reply, "she's na genet body, I trow; her petters has ganged parefoot, c ahe's muckle mista'en." And, leaving Andrew 4 follow at his leisure, or rather at such leisure as the surrounding crowd were pleased to indulge him with he hurried us down to the pathway in which the skirmish had been fought, and hastened to presen us as additional captives to the female leader of he hand band

We were dragged bafore her accordingly, Doug fighting, struggling, screaming, as if he were it party most apprehensive of hurt, and repulsing it threats and efforts, all those who attempted to tal a nearer interest in our capture than he seemed to d himself. At length we were placed before the heroir himself. At length we wave placed before the heroir of the day, whose appearance, as well as those of it savage, uncouth, yet martial figures who surrounde us, struck me, to'own the truth, with considerab apprehension. I do not know if Heles MacGragy had personally mingled in the fray, and indeed I we afterwards given to undewtand the contrary; b the specks of blood on her brow, her hands, and naks arme, as well as on the blade of the sword whis she continued to hold in her hand—her fisshed com tenance, and the disordered state of the raven loci which escaped from under the red bonnet and plun that formed her heed-drees, seemed all to intusa that formed her head-dress, seemed all to intima that she had taken an immediate share in the col flict. Her keen black eyes and features expressed a flict. Her Keen black eyes had hannon expressed i imagination inflamed by the pride of gratified r venge, and the triumph of victory. Yet there we nothing positively sanguinary, or cruel, in her depoi ment; and she reminded nue, when the immedia alarm of the interview was over, of some of the pairs in the depoint the interview here one of the pairs alarm of the interview was over, of some of the pair ings I had seen of the inspired heroines in the cathol churches of France. She was not, indeed, suf ciently beautiful for a Judith, nor had she the i spired expression of features which painters have giv to Deborah, or to the wife of Heber the Kanite, whose feet the strong oppressor of Israel, who dwell in Harosheth of the Gentiles, bowed down fell, a Isy a dead man. Nevertheless, the esthusiasm. which she was agitated, gave ber countenance a 42

deportment, wildly dignified in themselves, an air which made her approach nearly to the ideas of those wonderful artists who gave to the eye the heroines of Scripture history.

J was uncertain in what terms to accost a person-age so uncommon, when Mr. Jarvie, breaking the ice with a preparatory cough, (for the speed with which he had been brought into her, presence had again im-peded his respiration.) addressed her as follows :-"Uh 1 uh ! &c. &c. I am very happy to have this joy-"id opportunity," (a quaver in his voice strongly be-lied the emphasis which he studiously laid on the word joyful)—" this joyful occasion," he resumed, trying to give the adjective a more suitable accentua-tion, " to wish my kusman Robin's wife a very good morning—Uh 1 uh 1—How's a' wi' ye" (by this time he had talked himself into his usual jog-trot manner, which exhibited a mixture of familiarity and self-importance)—" How's a' wi' ye this lang time? Ye'll has forgotten me, Mrs. Mac Gregor Campbelt, as your cousin—uh 1 uh 1—but ye'll mind my father, Desson Nicol Jarvie, in the Saut Market o' Glas-gow?—a honest man he\_was, and a sponsible, and I was uncertain in what terms to accost a person-

as your cousin—uhi uhi—but ye'll mind my father, Descon Nicol Jarvie, in the Saut Market o' Glas-gow 7-an honest man he was, and a sponsible, and respectit you and yours—Sae, as I said before, I am right glad to eee you, Mrs. Mac Gregor Campbell, as my kinsman's wile. I wad crave the liberty of a kins-man to salute you, but that your gillies keep such a dolefu' fast haud o' my arms; and, to speak Heaven's truth and a magistrate's, ye wadna be the waur of a cooffu' o' water before ye welcomed your friends." There was something in the familiarity of this in-troduction which ill suited the exalted state of tem-per of the person to whom it was addressed, then busied with distributing dooms of death, and warm from conquest in a perilous encounter. "What fellow are you," she said, "that dare to claim kindred with the Mac Gregor, and heither wear his dress nor speak his language?—What are you, "I dinna ken," said the undaunted Bailie, "if the kindred has ever been weel redd out to you ye, cou-sim—but it's kend and can be proved. My mather, Elspeth Mac Farlane, was the wife of my father, Descon Nicol Jarvie—peace be wi' there baith—and Elspeth was the dangtter of Parlane Mac Farlane, at o' Stuckavrallachan, can testify, stood as near to your gudeman, Robin Mac Gregor, as in the fourth degree of kindred, for" gudeman, Robin Mac Gregor, as in the fourth degree of kindred, for"-----

The virage lopped the genealogical tree, by demand-ime baughtily, "If a stream of rushing water acknow-ledged any relation with the portion withdrawn from it for the mean domestic uses of those who dwelt on its banks?

its banks?" "Vera true, kinswoman," said the Bailie; "but for a' that, the burn wad be glad to hae the mill-dam back again in simmer, when the chuckie stanes are white in the sun. I ken weel eneugh you Hieland folk haud us Glasgow people light and cheap for our language and our claes; but every body speaks their mative tongue that they learned in infancy; and it would be a daft-like thing to see me wi' my fat wame in a short Hieland coat, and my puir short houghs gartered below the knee, like ane o' your lang-legged fillies—Mair by token, kinswoman," he continued, in defiance of various intimations by which Dougal seemed to recommend ailence, as well as of the marks of impatience which the Amazon evinced at his loseemed to recommend sitence, as well as of the marks of impatience which the Amazon evinced at his lo-quacity, "I wad hae ye to mind that the king's er-rand whiles comes in the cadger's gate, and that, for as high as yer may think o' the gudeman, as it's right every wife should honour her husband—there's Scripevery wife should honour her husband—there's Scrip-bure warrant for that—yet as high as ye haud him, as I was saying, I has been serviceable to Rob ere now; —forbye a set o' pearlins I sent yoursell when ye was grun to be married, and when Rob was an honest whet-doing drover, and name o' this unlawfu' wark, wi'fighting, and flashes, and fluf-gibb, disturbing the king's peace and disarming his soldiers." He had apparently touched on a key which his kins-woman could not brook. She drew herself up to her

full height, and betrayed the acuteness of her feelings by a laugh of mingled score and bitterness. "Yea." she said, "you, and such as you, night claim a relation to us when we stooped to be the paltry wretches fit to exist under your dominion, as your hewers of wood and drawers of water-to find cattle for your banquets, and subjects for your laws to oppress and trample on-But now we are fre-free by the very act which left us neather house new hearth, food nor covering-which bereaved me of all -of all-and makes me groan when I think I matt still cumber the carth for other purposes than them

and the second s our behalf.

our behalf. His mistress replied to him, or rather cat short is harangue, by exclaiming in English. (as if determine to make us taste in anticipation the full bitterness death.) "Base dog, and son of a dog, do you dign my commands?—Should I tell ye to cut out the tongues and put them into each other's threats, try which would there best knap Southron, or is an out their hearts and put the minto the other abased out their hearts and put the minto the other abased try which would there best knap Southron, or as int out their hearts and put them into each other's brank, to see which would there best plot treasons a spinst the Mac Gregor—and such things have been done of the in the day of revenge, when our fathers had wrany to redress—Should I command you to do this, which it be your part to dispute my orders ?" "To be sure, to be sure," Dougal replied, with as cents of profound submission; "her pleasure shill be done—tat's but reason—but an it were—tat is, an it could be thought the same to her to coup the ill-faur-ed loon of ta red-coast Cantain and hims command

ed loon of ta red-coat Captain, and hims corport Cramp, and twa three of the red-coats into the loc hersell wad do't wi' muckle mair great satisficties than to hurt ta honest civil sheatlemans as were friends to the Gregarach, and came up on the Chief's assurance, and not to do no treason, as hersell coals tostify.

testify." The lady was about to reply, when a few wild strain of a phroch were heard advancing up the road fro Aberfoil, the same probably which had reached the ars of Captain Thornton's rear-gamd, and den mined him to force his way onward rather than a turn to the village, on finding the pass occupied. T skirmish being of very short duration, the armed u who followed this martial melody, had not, althou quickening their march when they heard the fai been able to arrive in time aufficient to take are

quickening their march when they heard the fa been able to arrive in time sufficient to take any in the rencontre. The victory, therefore, was come without them, and they now arrived only to abar the triumph of their countrymen. There was a marked difference betwixt the ap ance of these new comers and that of the par which our escort trad been defeated, and it was a by in favour of the former. Among the Highlar who surrounded the Chieftainess, if I may present call her as without offence to grammar. who surrounded the Chieftainess, if I may present call her so without offence to grammar, were mu-the extremity of age, boys scruce able to bear a su and even women-all, in short, whom the last cessity urges to take up arms; and it added a of bitter shame to the dejection which clouded The ton's manly countenance, when he found that numbers and position of a foc, otherwise so densiti had enabled them to conquer his brave vector and the thirty or forty Highlanders who now joins others, were all men in the prime of youth or hood, active clean-made fellows, whose ahous and belted plaids set out their sinewy himber to furth and antage. Their arms were as appearance. Gas. XXXL.] ROB I followars of the famale Chief had area, scythes, and over artique weapons, in aid of their guns, and some is lon'y clubs, daggers, and long knives. But of the scroud party, most had pistols at the belt, and almost all had dirks hanging at the pouches which they wore in front. Bach had a good gun in his hand, and a broadsword by his side, besides a stout round target, made of light wood, covered with leather, and cu-riously studded with brass, and having a steel pike screwed into the centre. These hung on their left shoulder during a march, or while they were engaged is exchanging fire with the enemy, and were worn on the left arm when they charged with sword in hand. But it was easy to see that this chosen band had not arrived from a victory such as they found their ill-appointed companions possessed of. The pibroch sent forth occasionally a few wailing notes, arpressive of a very different sentiment from triumph, and when they appeared before the wife of their

expressive of a very different sentiment from friumpn, and when they appeared before the wife of their Chieftain, it was in silence, and with downcast and melancholy looks. They paused when they approach-ed her, and the pipes again sent forth the same wild and melancholy strain. Helen rushed towards them with a countenance in

which anger was mingled with a porcheasion. "What means this, Allaster?" she said to the minstrel. "Why a lament in the moment of victory ?-Robert -Hamish-Where's the MacGregor?-where's your father ?

father ?" Her sons, who led the band, advanced with slow and irresolute steps towards her, and murmured a faw words in Gaelic, at hearing which she set up a abriek that made the rocks ring again, in which all if the women and boys joined, clapping their hands in the yelling, as if their lives had been expiring in the n or pind. The mountain echoes, silent since the mili-e's but sounds of battle had ceased, had now to answer again the frantic and discordant shrieks of sorrow, which done over the very night-birds from their haunts in the had woks, as if they were startled to hear orgies more this, who and ill-omened than their own, performed in face of open day.

and wrotes, as if they were startled to hear orgies more his worous and ill-omened than their own, performed in face of open day. d, with a Taken !' repeated Helen, when the clamour had are suid ided -'' Taken !- captive!- and you live to say it is an -Coward dogs! did I nurse you for this, that the linearchould spare your blood on your father's ene-me covered or see him prisoner, and come back to tell it ?' to the lots sons of MacGregor, to whom this expostul-suid factors and reached were youths, of whom the eldest are subjected and much handsomer than his brother; furbelle eyes, with a profusion of fair hair, widering etreamed from under his smart blue bonnet, reached the the Highland youth. The younger was call and det erri; but, to distinguish him from his father, we han we such a dark features, with a ruddy glow of armed me and animation, and a form streng and well-the day of most the year. With exert with counte-tie arms and animation, and a form streng and well-the first most the loaded them. At length, when he is some as clouded with grief and shame, and listened, and animation, before their mother with counte-ters the most respectful submission, to the reproaches in the new stood before their mother with counte-ters the most respectful submission, to the reproaches in the new stood before their mother with counte-ters the most respectful submission, to the reproaches in the most respectful submission to the reproaches in the most respective in some degree to subside, the in the submit as to a so near him as to are prehend much of what he said; and, as it was of

ectfully to vindicate himself and his brother from mother's reproaches. I was so near him as to prehend much of what he said; and as it was of the consequence to me to be possessed of informa-in this strange crisis, I failed not to listen as at-vely as I could. The MacGregor," his son stated, "had been the d out upon a trysting with a Lowland hallion, the d out upon a trysting with a Lowland hallion, the macGregor," he said, "accepted of the number of the MacGregor," he said, "accepted of the number of the detained, as a hostage that good the bound be observed to him. Accordingly he other to the place of appointment," (which had some

ROY. "Iso wild Highland name that I cannot remember," as-tended only by Angus Breck and little Roy, com-manding-no one to follow him. Within half an hour Angus Breck came back with the doleful tidings that the MacGregor had been surprised and made prisoner by a party of Lennox militia, under Gal-braith of Garechattachin." He added, "that Gal-braith of Garechattachin." He added, "that Gal-braith, on being threatened by MacGregor, who, upon his capture, menaced him with retaliation on the person of the hostage, had treated the threat with great confempt, replying, 'Let each side haug his man; we'll hang the thief, and your catherans may hang the gauger, Rob, and the country will be rid of two dammed things at once, a wild Highlander and a revenue officer.' Angus Breck, less carefully looked to than his master, contrived to escape from the hands of the captors, after having been in their cus-tody long enough to hear this discussion, and te bring off the news." "And did you learn this, you false-hearted traitor." "The young MacGregor moderly replied, by re-presenting the very superior force of the enemy, and stated, that as they made no preparation for leaving the country, he had fallen back up the glen with the purpose of collecting a band sufficient to attempt a rescne with some tolerable chance of success. At length he said, "The militiamen would quarter, ho understood, in the neighbouring house of Garatrian, or the old castle in the port of Monteith, or some other stronghold, which, although strong and defen-sible, was nevertheless capable of being surprised, out the store ware divided invito two strong the tords afterwards that the rest of the free-bortor's followers ware wide divided in the two two

suble, was nevertheless capable of being suprised, could they but get enough of men assembled for the purpose." I understood afterwards that the rest of the free-booter's followers were divided into two strong bands, one destined to watch the remaining garrisofd of Inversnaid, a party of which, under Captain Thornton, had been defeated; and another to show front to the Highland clans, who had united with the regular troops and Lowlanders in this hostile and combined invasion of that mountainous and desolate territory, which, lying between the lakes of Loch-Lomond, Loch-Katrine, and Loch-Ard, was at this time currently called Rob Roy's, or the MacGregor country. Messengers were dispatched in great hasto, to concentrate, as I supposed, their forces, with a view to the purposed attack on the Lowlanders; and the dejection and despair, at first visible on each counte-nance, gavé place to the hope of rescuing their leader, and to the thirst of vengeance. It was under the burning influence of the latter passion that the wile of MacGregor commanded that the hostage sz-changed for his safety should be brought into her presence. I believe her sons had kept this unfortu-nate wretch out of her sight, for fear of the comes-quences; but if it was so, their humane precaution only 'postponed his fate. They dragged forward at her summons a wretch already half dead with terror, in whose agonized features I recognised, to my hor: . He fell prostrate before the female Chief with an effort to clasp her knees, from which she drew back, as if his touch had been pollution, so that all he could do in token of the extremity of his humiliation, was to kiss the hem of the right. In wer heard entreat-ies for life poured forth with such agony of spirit. The ecstacy of fear was such, that, instead of para-ity in stong, as on orunary occasions, it even rendered him eloquent; and, with cheeks pale as

The ecstacy of fear was such, that, instead of para-lyzing his tongue, as on orunary occasions, it even rendered him eloquent; and, with cheeks pale as ashes, hands compressed in agony, eyes that seemed to be taking their last look of all mortal gbjects, he protested, with the deepest catha, his total gmorance of any design on the person of Rob Roy, whom he swore he loved and honoured as his own soul. In the inconsistency of his terror, he said, he was but the agrent of others, and he muttered the name of Rasn-leigh. He prayed but for life-for life he would give nIl he had in the world: it was but life he asked-life, if it were to be prolonged under tortures and priva-tions: he asked only breath, though it should be drawm in the damps of the lowest caverns of their hills

It is impossible to describe the worm, the loathing, f and contempt, with which the wife of MacGregor regarded this wretched petitioner for the poer been of existence. existence.

"I could have bid you live," she said, "had life been to you the same weary and wasting burden that it is to me—that it is to every noble and generous mind. But you—wretch you could creep through the world unaffected by its various disgraces, its inthe world unaffected by its various dispraces, is in-effable miseries, its constantly accumulating inasses of crime and sorrow ; you could live and enjoy your-self, while the noble-minded are betrayed - while nameless and birthless villains tread on the neck of nameless and birthless villants treas on the neca or the brave and the long-descended: you could enjoy yourself, like a butcher's dog in the shambles, bat-tening on garbage, while the slaughter of the oldest and best went on around you! This enjoyment you shall not live to partake of; you shall die, base dog,

shall not live to partake of; you shall die, base dog, and that before yon cloud has passed ever the sun." She gave a brief command in Gaelic to her attend-ants, two of whom seized upon the prostrate suppli-ant, and hurried him to the brink of a cliff which overhung the flood. He set up the most piercing and dreadful crief that fear ever uttered—I may well term them dreadful, for they haunded my sleep for years afterwards. As the murderers, or executioners, call them as you will, dragged him along, he recognised me even in that moment of horror, and exclaimed, in the last articulate words I ever heard him utter, "O, Mf. Osbaldistone, save me !--save me !"

the last articulate words I ever heard him utter, "O, Mn. Oshaldistone, save me!—save me!" I was so much moved by this horrid spectacle, that, although in momentary expectation of sharing his fate, I did attempt to speak in his behalf, but, as might have been expected, my interference was stern-ly disregarded. The victim was held fast by some, while others binding a large heavy stone in a plaid, uted it round his neck, and others again eagerly stripped him of some part of his dress. Half-naked, and thus manacled, they hurled him into the lake, there about tweave feet deen with a loud balloo of vindioand thus managed, they indice in the thesa test. There about twelve feet deep, with a loud halloo of vindic-tive triumph, above which, however, his last death-shrick, the yell of mortal agony, was distinctly heard. The heavy burden splashed in the dark-blue waters, and the Highlanders, with their pole-axes and swords, and the raignianders, with their pole-axes and swords, watched an instant, to guard, lest, extricating himself from the load to which he was attached, the victim might have struggled to regain the shore. But the knot had been securely bound; the wretched man sunk without effort; the waters, which his fall had disturbed, settled calmly over him, and the unit of the life or which he had blacked. that life for which he had pleaded so strongly, was for every withdrawn from the sum of human existence.

#### CHAPTER XXXII.

And be he safe restored are evening set, Or, if there's vengeance in an lajured liteart, And power to wreak it in an armod hand, Your land shall ache for't. `e Old Play.

I KNOW not why it is, that a single deed of vio-lence and cruelty affects our nerves more than when these are exercised on a more extended scale. I had seen that day several of my brave countrymon fall in battle -it seemed to me that they met a lot appropri-Dattie -it seemed to me that they met a lot appropri-ate to humanive; and my boson, though thrilling with interest, was affected with nothing of that sick-ening horror with which I beheld the unfortunate Morris put to death without resistance, and in cold olood. I looked at my companion Mr. Jarvie, whose face reflected the feelings which were painted in mine. Indeed, he could not so suppress his horror, but that the words escaped him in a low and broken whisper.

"I take Tp my protest against this deed, as a bloody and cruel murder—it is a cursed deed, and God will avenge it in his due way and time."

hen you do not fear to follow ?" said the virago,

"Then you do not fear to follow T" said the virago, bending on him a look of death, such as that with which a hawk looks at his prey ere he pounces. "Kinswoman" said the Bailte, "nae man willingly wad cut short his thread of life before the end o' his pira was fairly measured off on the yarn-winles—And i has mackle to do, an I he spared, in this warld— public and private business as weel that belanging

to the magistracy as to my air swritcular-and mae doubt I has some to depend on me, as pur Mattin, what is an orphan-She's a farawa' cousin of the Laird o' Limmerfield-Sae that, laying a' this the gither-skin for skin, yes all that a man hath will be give for his life" "And were I to set you at liberty," said the impo-rious dame, "what name would you give to the drowning of that Saxon dog?" "Uh uh-ben I hem?" said the Bailie, clearing his throat as well as he could, "I suld study to my as kitle on that score as might be-least said as summi mended."

mended."

"But if you were called on by the courts, as you term them, of justice," she scain demanded, " w then would be your answer?" The Bailie looked this way and that way, likes p

The Bailie looked this way and that way, likes pe-son who meditates an escape, and then answered is the tone of one who, seeing no means of accomplish-ing a retreat, determines to stand the brunt of batta-"I see what you are driving me to the wa' abait. But I'll tell you't plain, kinswoman, I behoved just b speak according to my ain conscience; and though your ain gudeman, that I wish had been bere is his ain sake and mine, as weel as the pair Hieland treature Dougal, can tell yo that Nicel Jarvie can wink as hard at a friend's failings as ony body, yet fise tell yo, kinswoman, mine's ne'er be the tagge ta belie my thought; and sooner than eavy that works

tell ye, kinswoman, mine's ne'er be the taking to belie my thought; and sooner than say that yosier puir wretch' was lawfully slaughtered. I was consent to be laid beside him—though I think ye are the first Hieland woman wad mint sie a doom to her has band's kinsman but four times removed." It is probable that the tone of firm news assumedly the Ballie in his last speech was better suited to use an impression on the hard heart of his kinswamer than the tone of supplication he had hishers w-sumed, as gems can be cut with steel, though they resist softer metals. She commanded us both to by placed beforg her. "Your name," she said to make "is Obstidistone ?--the dead dog, whose dealt yes resist offer metals. She commanded us bom w w placed before her. "Your name," she said to m is Osbaldistone?--the dead dog, whose deal yet have witnessed, called you so." "My name is Osbaldistone," was my answer. "Rashleigh, then, I suppose, is your Christian name?" she pursued. "No ; my name is Francis." "But you know Rashleigh Osbaldistone?" der continued. "He is your brother, if I mistake mot st least wert kinsman and near friend?"

continued. "He is your brother, if I ministe not, at least your kinsman, and near friend?" "He is my kinsman," I replied, "her not are friend. We were lately engaged together in a rear-contre, when we were separated by a person whom I understand to be your husband. By blod in herding yet dried on his sword, and the wound on my and a yet green. I have little reason to acknowledge blan as a friend." "Then," she replied, "if a stranger to his intrigue you can go in safety to Garschartachin and his part without fear of being detained, and carry them a sage from the wife of the MacGregor?" I answered, "That I knew no reasonable can why the militia gentlemen should detain rue; the

had no reason, on my own account, to tear bein their hands; and that if my going on her can would act as a protection to my friend and servant, were her prisoners, I was ready to set out dire I took the opportunity to say, "That I had cos I took the opportunity to say, "That I had come this country on her husband's invitation, and he uns country on her husband s invitation, and be surance that he would aid me in some input matters in which I was interested; that my ce nion, Mr. Jarvie, had accompanied me on the errand.

errand." "And I wish Mr. Jarvie's hoots had been boiling water when he drew them on for size pose," interrupted the Bailie. "You may read your father," said Helen He gor, turning to her sons, "in what this young t tells us—Wise only when the bounet is on her and the sword is in his hand, he never exchan-tartan for the broad-cloth, but he runs hims the miscrable intrigues of the Lowlanders, a comes again, after all he has suffered, their their tool-their alave." "Add, madam," said I, " and their beneficien

#### Chan XXXII.)

"Bs it ex," she suid: "for it is the most empty title of them all, since he has unifolmly sown bene-fits to reap a harvest of the most foul ingratitude.-But scough of this.-I shall cause you to be guided to the enemy's outposts-ask for their commander, and daliver him this message from me, Helen MacGre-gor, --that if they injure a hair of MacGregor's head, and if they do not set him at liberty within the space of twelve hours, there is not a lady in the Laenox but of twelve hours, there is not a lady in the Lennox but shall before Christmas cry the coronach for them she aball before Christmas cry the coronach for them she will be loath to lose, —there is not a farmer but shall sing well-a-ws over a burit barnyard and an empty. byre, —there is not a laird nor heritor shall lay his head on the pillow at night with the assurance of being a live man in the morning, —and, to begin as we are to end, so soon as the term is expired, I will send them this Glasgow Ballie, and this Saxon Cap-teins, and all the rest of my prisoners, each bundled in a plaid, and chopped into as unany pieces as there one chocks in the tertan." a checks in the tartan.

As she paused in her demanciation, Captain Thorn-ton, who was within hearing, added with great cool-mess, "Present my compliments—Captain Thorn-ton's of the Royais, compliments—to the command-ing officer, and tell him to do his duty and secure his grasoner, and not waste a thought upon me. If I have been fool enough to have heen led into an ambuseade by these artful savages, I am wise enough to know how to die for it without disgracing the service. I am only sorry for my poor fellows," he said, " that have failen into such butcherly hands." "Whish I, which It" exclaimed the Bailie; " are ye weary o' your life?—Ye'll gis my service to the com-manding officer, Mr. Oshdiston—Railie Nicol Jar-mes service, a magistrate o' Glasgow, ab his father

manning officer, Mr. Osbaldistone—Bailie Nicol Jar-wa's service, a magnistrate o' Glasgow, as his father the descon was before him—and tell him, here are a wheen honest men in great trouble, and like to come is mair; and the best thing he can do for the com-mon good, will be just to let Rob come his wa's up he given, and nae mair abous it—There's been some B dune here already, but as it has lighted chiefly on he gauger, it winna be muckle worth making a stir here.

With these very opposite injunctions from the par-tice chiefly intersted in the success of my embassy, and with the reiterated charge of the wile of Mac-foregor, to remember and detail every word of har in-menctions. I was at length suffered to depart; and functions I was at length suffered to depart; and functions, I was at length suffered to depart; and functions, I was at length suffered to depart; and functions, I was at length suffered to depart; and functions, I was at length suffered to depart; and functions, and the suffered to depart; and function of the suffered to depart and the classifier of the suffered to depart and with two followers, attended, as well to show me the wary, as to reconnoitre the strength and position of the energy. Dougal had been at first ordered on this party, bat he contrived to clude the service, with the party of fidelity, he considered as entitled to his good there of fidelity, he considered as entitled to his good the energy and master. With these very opposite injunctions from the par-

For walking with great rapidity about an hour, arrived at an emissics covered with brushwood, internation watching with great rapidity about an hour, perrived at an emiasance covered with bushwood, high gave us a commanding prospect down the busy, and a full view of the poat which the military busiced any attempt to penetrate the pass which had an so masuccessfully assayed by Captian Thorito, the military had taken up their situation with some military form a rising ground in the centre of the little would deliver up the very author of all these disorder and fallen, but that it was folly to suppose that had an offences, and so encourage his followers in the its enritest course, and which is formed by two its enritest course, and which is formed by two its enritest course, and which is formed by two its enritest dwith barriestes of linestone instemated with barriestes of linestone instemated with barriest of breadth enough to taken in erms, and deserving death by a breaks of dey, as an outley attain the river Forthers instemated with barriestes of breadth enough to taken in erms, and deserving death by a breaks of dey, as an outley taken in erms, and deserving death by a breaks of dey, as an outley taken in erms, and deserving death by a breaks of violence; that I should be most jurney he unworthy of my situation and commission did I ac-thowwork, left the valley of breadth enough to the scalar from any sudden surprise by atta around they had stationed senturely and atta around the bread from this main abody, in atta around the this motars and body and taken in or and prostonese senturely and and that if they injure a hair of the head of any of atta are proper distances from this main body, in atta are around the bread from this motars are and by a breadth enough to atta are around the bread from this motars and body and are around the bread from this motars around by the bread from the bre

every direction, so that they might secure full time to mount and get under arms upon the least slarm. It was not indeed expected at that time, that Highlandwas not indeed expected at that time, that Highland-ers would attack evalry in an open plan, though late events have shown that they may do so with success.\* When I first knew the Highlanders, they had almost a superstitious dread of a mounted troop-er, the horse being so much more fierce and imposing in his appearance than the little *shellice* of their own hills, and moreover being trained, as the more igno-rant mountaineers balieved, to fight with his feet and in the text of the shell and the shell and the shell and the shell and the text of the shell and the shell and the shell and the shell is a set of the shell and his teeth.

his teeth. The appearance of the picqueted horses, feeding in the little vale; the forms of the soldiers, as they sate stood, or walked, in various groups in the vicinity of the beautiful river, and of the bare yet romantic ran-ges of rock which bedge in the landscape on either side, formed a noble fore-ground, while far to the castward the eye caught a glance of the lake of Men-teith; and Stirling Castle, dimly seen along with the blue and distant line of the Ochill Mountains, closed the scene.

bue and dastant line of the Ochili Mountains, closed the scene. After gazing on this landscape with great earnest ness, young 'MacGregor intimated to me that I wai to descend to the station of the milities and execute my errand to their commander, enjoining me at the same time, with a menacing gesture, neither to in form them who had guided me to that place, not where I had parted from my escort. Thus tutored, I descended towards the military post, followed by An drew, who, only retaining his breches and stocking of the English costume, without a hat, bare-legged with brogues on his feet, which Dougal had giver him out of compassion, and having a tattered plait to supply the want of all upper garments, looked at if he had been playing the part of a Highland Tom of Hediam. We had not proceeded far before we be came visible to one of the videttes, who, riding to wards us, presented his carabine and commander me to stand. I obsyed, and when the soldler, came up, desired to be conducted to his commanding off cers. I was immediately brought where a circle of off cers, sitting upon the grass, seemed in attendance cer. I was immediately brought where a circle of officers, sitting upon the grass, seemed in attendance upon one of superior rank. He work a cuirase o polished steel, over which were ilrawn the insigning of the ancient Order of the Thistic. My friend Gars, chattáchin, and many other gratiemen, some in uniform, others in their ordinary dress, but all armed an well attended, seemed to receive their orders from this person of distinction. Many servatis in rich li veries, apparently a part of his household, were also in waiting.

Veries, apparently a part of his household, well any in waiting. Having paid to this nobleman the respect which his rank appeared to demand. I sequainted him that I had been an involuntary witness to the king's sol diers having suffered a defeat from the Hightander, at the pass of Loch-Ard, (such I had herned was the name of the place where Mr. Thoriton was mass prisoner,) and that the victors threatened every spe-cies of extremity to those who had fallen into the power, as well as to the Low Country in general unless their Chief, who had that morning been mad prisoner, were returned to them uningued. The Duke (for he whom I addressed was of no lower with listened to me with great composure, and then re plied, that he should be extremely sorry to espose the unfortunate gentlemen who had been made prisoner to the gruelty of the barbarians into whose finance the

ROB the unfortunate gentiomen whom an unlucky acci-dent has thrown into their power, I will take such ample vengeance, that the very stones of their glans stall sing wo for it this hundred years to come !" I humbly begged leave to remonstrate respecting the bonourable mission imposed on me, and touched upon the obvious danger attending it, when the noble commander replied, " that, such being the case, I might send my servant." "The deil be in my feet," said Andrew, without either having respect to the presence in which he stood, or waiting till I replied—" the deil be in my feet, if I gang ny tae's length. Do the folk think I hae another trapple in my pouch after John High-landman's sneckit this ane wi'h is joctaleg 1 or that I can dive down at the tae side of a Highland loch and rise at the tother, like a shell-drake? Na, na-jik ane for himsell, and God for us a'. Folk may just mak a page o' their ain age, and serve themsells till their bairns grow up, and gang their ain errands for Andrew. Rob Roy nevet came near the parish of Dreepdaily, to steal either pippia or pear frae me or mie." mine

Silencing my follower with some difficulty, I repre-sented to the Duke the great danger Captain Thorn-ton and Mr. Jarvie would certainly be exposed to, and entreated he would make me the bearer of such and entreated he would make me the bearer of such modified terms as might be the means of saving theu lives. I assured him I should decline no danger if I could be of service; but from what I had heard and seen, I had little doubt they would be instantly mur-dered should the chief of the outlaws suffer death. The Duke was obviously much affected. "It was a hard case," he said, "and he felt it as such; but he had a paramount duty to perform to the country.

had, a paramount duty to perform to the country-Rob Roy must die !"

I own it was not without emotion that I heard this threat of instant death to my acquaintance Camp-bell, who had so often testified his good-will towards me. Nor was I singular in the feeling, for many of those around the Duke ventured to express themselves in his favour. "I would be more advisable," they said, "to send him to Stirling Castle, and there de-tain him a close prisoner, as a pledge for the submis-sion and dispersion of his gang. It were a great pity to expose the country to be plundered, which, now that the long nights approached, it would be found very difficult to prevent, since it was impossible to guard every point, and the Highlanders were sure to select those that were left exposed." They added, that there was great hardship in leaving the unfortu-nate prisoners to the almost certain doom of mas-secre deaseunced against them, which no one doubted I own it was not without emotion that I heard this sacre denounced against them, which no one doubted would be executed in the first burst of revenge.

Garschattachin ventured yet further, confiding in the honour of the nobleman whom he addressed, al-though he knew he had particular reasons for dislik-ing their prisoner. "Rob Roy," he said, "though a kittle neighbour to the Low Country, and particularly obnoxious to his Grace, and though he maybe carried the catheran trade farther than ony man o' his day, was an auld-farrand carle, and there might be some means found of making him hear reason; whereas his wife and sons were teckless fiends, without either fear or mercy about them, and, at the head of a' his limmer loons, would be a worse plague to the coun-try than ever he had been." "Poob I pooh !' replied his Grace, "it is the very sense and cunning of this fellow which has so long maintained his reugn - a mere Highland robber would have been put down in as many weeks as he has flouriahed years. His gang, without him, is no more to be dreaded as a permanent annoyance-it will no longer exist—than a wasp without its head, which may sting once perhaps, but is instantly crushed into abnihilation." Garschattachin ventured yet further, confiding in

friend, and Hob's supposed to be no enemy a Major Galbraith's friends over the water." "If it be so, my lord," said Garchattachin it he same tone of jocularity, "it's no the warst has I have heard of him. But I wish we heard some new from the clans, that we have waited for see lang. I yow to God they'll keep a Hislandman's word w us-I never kend them better-it's ill drawing bots

upon trews." "I cannot believe it," said the Duke; "these gen-tlemen are known to be men of honour, and I used necessarily suppose they are to keep their upont-ment. Send out two more horsemen to look for our friends. We cannot, till their arrival, presed to attack the pass where Captain Thomton has safeed himself to be surprised, and which, to my knowldge, ten men on foot micht make our ageingt ten men on foot might meke good against a rega of the best horse in Europe-Meanwhile let man ments be given to the men " ments be given to the men.

I had the benefit of this last order, the more near I had the benefit of this last order, the more near sary and acceptable, as I had tasted nothing more our fiasty meal at Aberfoil the evening before. The videttes who had been dispatched, returned without tidings of the expected auxiliaries, and sumer we approaching, when a Highlander belongar to fan clans whose co-operation was expected, appeard as the bearer of a letter, which he delivered to the Data with a most profound congé. "Now will I wad a hogsheed of claret," wid Gun-cnattachin, "that this is a message to tall as that these curaed Highlandmen, whom we have feld here at the expense of so much plague and versions.

constaction, "that this is a message to tell with these cursed Highlandmen, whom we have fetched here at the expense of so much plague and version, are going to draw 'ff, and leave us to do on we business if we can." "It is even so, gentlemen," said the Duka re-dening with indignation, after having perusit is letter; which was written upon a very dirty ara di paper, but most punctiliously addressed. For he much-honoured hands of Ane High and Might Prince, the Duke, "have deserted us, gentence, as have made a separate peace with the minn?" "It's just the fate of all alliances," said Garshet tachin; "the Dutch were gaun to serve the and gate; if we had not got the start of them at Urech." "You are facetous, sir" said the Duke, with a frown which showed how little he liked the pleasan-ty, "but our business is rather of a grave cast on attempting to penetrate further into the county, unsupported either by friendly Highlanders, or by unsupported either by friendly Highlanders, or by would be netreet medmone

infantry from Inversnaid ?" A general answer announced that the attempt would be perfect madness. "Nor would there be great widom," he Duts added, "in remaining exposed to a ugint attack in this place. I therefore propose that we should be treat to the house of Duchray and that of Gararan, and keep safe and sure watch and ward unti moring. But before we separate, I will examine Ro Roy fore you all, and make you sensible by your own and cars, of the extreme unfitness of leaving ingly, and the prisoner was brought before him. spate for further outrage." He gave orders and ingly, and the prisoner was brought before him arms belted down above the elbow, and see his body by a horse-girth buckled tight behan Two non-commissioned officers had hold a

"Yooh 1 pooh 1" replied his Grace, "it is the very maintained his reign - a mere Highland robber would have been put down in as many weeks as he has flourished years. His gang, without him, is no more to be dreaded as a permanent annoyance—it will no honger exist—than a wasp without its head, which may sting once perhaps, but is instantly crushed into annihilation." Garschattachin was not so easily silenced. "I am sure, my Lord Duke," he replied, "I have no favour for Rob, and he as little for me, seeing he has two tenants; but, however." "But, however, Garschattachin," said the Duke, with a smile of peculiar expression, "I fancy you think such a fryedom may be pardoned in a friend"s

from their sinewy appearance of extreme strength, the limbs of a' red-coloured Highland bull. Upon the whola, betwixt the effect produced by the change of dress, and by my having become acquanted with his real and formidable character, his appearance had acquired to my eyes something so much wilder and more striking than it before presented, that I could scarce recognise him to be the same person. His manner was bold, unconstrained unless by the actual bonds, haughty, and even dispified. He

the actual bonds, haughty, and even dignified. He bowed to the Duke, flodded to Garschattachin and others, and showed some surprise at seeing me

among the party. "It is long since we have met, Mr. Campbell," said the Duke.

"It is so, my Lord Duke; I could have wished it had been," (looking at the fastening on his arms,) "when I could have better paid the compliments I owe to your Grace—but there's a gude time coming." "No time like the time present, Mr. Campbell," answered the Duke, "for the hours are fast flying that

must settle your last account with all mortal affairs. must settle your last account with all mortal affairs. I do not say this to insult your distress; but you must be aware yourself that you draw near the end of your career. I do not deny that you may sometimes have done less harm than others of your unhappy trade, and that you may occasionally have exhibited marks of talent, and even of a disposition which promised better things. But you are awarehow long you have been the terror and the oppressor of a peaceful neigh-bourhood, and by what acts of violence you have maintained and extended your usurped authority. You know, in short, that you have destred death

You know, in short, that you have deserved desit, and that you must prepare for it." "My lord." said Rob Roy, "although I may well lay my misfortunes at your Grace's door, yet I will lay my missfortunes at your Grace's door, yet I will never say that you yourself have been the wilful and writing author of them. My lord, if I had thought sae, your Grace would not this day have been aitting in judgment on me; for you have been three times writhin good rifle distance of me when you were thinking but of the red deer, and few people have kend me miss my aim. But as for them that have abused your Grace's ear, and set you up against a man that was ance as peacefu' a man as ony in the land, and made your name the warrant for driving land, and made your name the warrant for driving me to utter currenity,—I have had some amends of them, and, for a' that your Grace now says, I expect

to live to have mair." "I know," said the Duke, in rising anger, "that you are a determined and impudent villain, who will

you are a determined and impudent villain, who will keep his oath if he swears to mischief; but it shall be my care to prevent you. You have no enemies but your own wicked actions." "Had I called myself Grahame, instead of Camp-bell, I might have heard less about them," answered Rob Roy, with dogged resolution. "You will do well, sir," said the Duke, " to warn your wife and family and followers, to beware how they use the gentlemen now in their hands, as I will mentic tenfold on them, and their kin and allies, the inchast injury done to any of his majest's liege ightest injury done to any of his majesty's liege

"My lord," said Roy in answer, " none of my ene-"My lord," said Roy in answer, " none of my ene-tics will allege that I have been a bloodthirsty man, were I now wi' my folk, I could rule four or five addred wild Hielanders as easy as your Grace those that or ten lackeys and foot-boys. But if your Grace tor ten lackeys and foot-boys. But if your Graces your account there will be misrele amang the mobers.—However, come o't what like, there's an ten beers.—However, come o't what like, there's an ten ten at kineman o' my ain, maun come by a kaith.—Is there ony body here wad do a gude of for MacGregor 1—he may repay it, though his ds be now tied." The Highlander who had delivered the letter to the ter replied, "I'll do yous will for you, MacGregor; I'll grang back up the gien on purpose." He act vanced, and received from the prisoner a more to his wife, which, being in Gaelic, I did

mage to his wife, which, being in Gaelic, I did understand, but I had little doubt it related to measures to be taken for the safety of Mr.

Do you hear the fellow's impudence ?" said the

Duke; "he confides in his character of a messenger. Hisconduct is of a piece with his masters, who invited us to make common cause against these free-Videt us to make common cause against these hoo-booters, and have deserted us so soon as the Mac-Gregors have agreed to surrender the Balquidder lands they were squabbling about. "No truth in plaids, no faith in tartan trews! Cameloon-like, they change a thousand huse.""

"Your great ances to make a housand must swered Major Galbraith; "and, with submission, neither would your Grace have occasion to say it, wad ye but be for beginning justice at the well-head Give the honest man his mear again - Let every head wear its ain bannet, and the distractions of the Lea-nox wad be mended wi' them o' the land." "Hush! hush! Garschattachin," said the Dukes

"Hush! hush! Garschattachin," said the Duke; "this is language dangerous for you to talk to any one, and especially to me; but I presume you reckon yourself a privileged person. Please to draw off your party towards Gartartan; I shall myself see the prisoner escorted to Duchray, and send you orders to-

soner escorted to Buchray, and send you orders to-morrow. You will please grant no leave of absence • to any of your troopers." "Here's auld ordering and counter-ordering," mut-tered Garschattachin between his teeth. "But pa-tience! patience!--we may as day play at Change seats, the king's coming."

seats, the king's coming." The two troops of cavairy now formed, and prepared to march off the ground, that they might avail them-selves of the remainder of daylight to get to their evening quarters. I received an intimation, rather than an invitation, to attend the party; and I percei-ved, that, though no longer considered as a prisoner, I was yet under some sort of suspicion. The times were indeed so dangerous,—the great party questions of Jacobite and Hanoverian divided the country so effectually.—and the constant disputes and jealousies between the Highlanders and Lowlanders, besides a number of inexplicable causes of feud which separa-ted the great leading families in Scotland from each ted the great leading families in Scotland from each other, occasioned such general suspicion, that a solitary and unprotected stranger was almost sure to meet with something disagreeable in the course of his travels.

I acquiesced, however, in my destination with the best grace I could, consoling myself with the hope that I might obtain from the captive freebooter some information concerning Rashleigh and his machinaintermation concerning Kasniegn and his machina-tions. I should do myself nojustice did I not add, that my views were not merely selfish. I was too much interested in my singular acquaintance not to be desirous of rendering him such services as his un-fortunate situation might demand, or admit of his receiving receiving.

#### CHAPTER XXXIII.

And when he came to broken brigg, He bent his bow and swam ; And when he came to grass growing, Set down his fost and ran. Gli Morrice.

Set down his foot and ran. Gil Morrie. Thus echoes of the rocks and ravines, on either side, now rang to the trumpets of the cavalry, which, forming themselves into two distinct bodies, began to move down the valley at a slow trot. That com-manded by Major Galbraith soon took to the right hand, and crossed the Forth, for the purpose of taking up the quarters assigned them for the night, when they were to occupy. as I understood, an old castle in they vicinity. They formed a lively object while cross-ing the atream. but were soon lost in winding up the ing the stream, but were soon lost in winding up the bank on the opposite side, which was clothed with wood

We continued our march with considerable good We continued our march with considerable goed order. To ensure the safe custody of the prisoner, the Duke had caused him to be placed on horseback behind one of his retainers, called, as I was inform-ed, Ewan of Briggiands, one of the largest and strongest men who were present. A horse-belt, pass-ed round the bodies of both, and buckled before the yeoman's breast, rendered it impossible for Rob Roy to free himself from his keeper. I was directed to keep close beside them, and accommodated for the purpose with a troop-horse. We were as closely em-

younded by the soldiers as the width of the road would pounded by the solchers as the width of the road would permit, and had always at least one, if not twe, on each side, with pistol in hand. Andrew Fairservice, farnished with a Highland pony of which they had made prey somewhere or other, was permitted to ride among the other domestics, of whom a great number attended the line of march, though without failing into the ranks of the more regularly trained troopers. In this manner we travelled for a certain distance, while we survived at a place where we also were to

In this manner we traveled for a certain distance, multi we arrived at a place where we also were to cross the river. The Forth, as being the outlet of a lake, is of considerable depth, even where less im-portant in point of width, and the descent to the ford portant in point of whith, and the descent to the ford was by a broken precipitous ravine, which only per-mitted one horseman to descend at once. The rear and centre of our small body halting on the bank while the front files passed down in succession, pro-duced a considerable delay, as is usual on such occa-sions, and even some confusion; for a number of shoer idents, who made no proper part of the quad-son, crowded to the ford without regularity, and made the militia cavairy, although tolerably well drilled, partake in some degree of their own disorder.

It was while we were thus haddled together on the bank that I heard Rob Roy whisper to the man be-hind whom he was placed on horseback, "Your fa-her, Ewan, wadna hae carried an aud friend to the shambles, like a calf, for a' the Dukes in Christendom."

Birdi, Ewail, Walth has value and the substantial to the semination of the semina

ed no other but mine, who certainly saw myself in The skape called upon to destroy his prospects of es-expe-"It's a sair thing, that Ewan of Brigglands, whom Roy MacGregor has helped with hand, sword, and puges, suid mind a gloom from a great man mair an a friend's life.

Ewan seemed sorely agitated, but was silent. We and the Duke's voice from the opposite bank call,

Beard the Duke's voice from the second secon Boy say, "Never weigh a MacGregor's bluid against a broken whang o' leather, for there will be another accounting to gie for it baith here and hereafter," they

waved me hastily, and dashing forward rather pre-monately, entered the water. "Not yet; sh-not yet," said some of the troopers o me, as I was about to follow, while others pressed forward into the stream.

saw the Duke on the other side, by the waning I saw the Duke on the other side, by the waning bight, engaged in commanding his people to get into exter, as they landed dispersedly, some higher, some lower. Many had crossed, some were in the water, and the rest ware preparing to follow, when a sudden splash warned me that MacGregor's elognence had provided on Ewan to give him freedom and a charoce for life. The Duke also hasrd the sound, and in-manity greesed its meaning. "Dog !" he exclaimed b. Ewan as he landed "where is rown prisoner?" tantly guessed its meaning. "Dog !" he exclaime Ewan as he landed, "where is your prisoner?

**b.** Ewan as he landed, "where is your prisoner?" and, without waiting to hear the spology which the terrified vaseal began to faiter forth, he fired a pistol at his head, whether fatally I know not, and exclaim-ed. "Gentlemen, disperse and pursue the villain-An hundred guineas for him that secures Rob Roy !" All became an in "ant scene of the most lively con-femen. Rob Roy, disengaged from his bonds, doubt-head by Ewan's alipping the buckle of his belt, had deupped off at the horse's tail, and instantly dived, penung under the bely of the troop-horse which was an his left hand. But as he was obliged to come to the surface an instant for air; the ghimpee of his taran his left hand. But as no was opuged to come to the surface an instant for air; the glimpse of his tar-tan plaid drew the attention of the troopers, some of mhom phunged into. the river with a total disregard to their www safety, rushing, according to the appresICHAP. XXXIII

sion of their country, through pool and stream, some times swimming their horses, sometimes losus, them and strugging for their own lives. Others less zea-lous, or more prudent, broke off in different directions, and galloped up and down the banks, to witch the places at which the fugitive might possibly land. The holloing, the whooping, the calls for aid at different points, where they saw, or conceived they saw, some vestige of him they were seeking, -the frequent re-port of pistols and carabines, firred at every object which excited the least suspicion, -the sight of so many knowner ning about, in and out of the rive, and striking with their long broadswords at whatever and striking with their long broadswords at whatever and Burking with their attention, joined to the varin exercises used by their attention, joined to the varin exercises and all this in so wild a scene, and visible only by the and all this in so wild a scene, and visible only by the imperfect twilight of an autumn evening, made the most extraordinary hubbub I had hitherto winnered. I was indeed left alone to observe it, for our while cavalcade had dispersed in pursuit, or at least to so the event of the search. Indeed, as I partly suspects at the time, and afterwards learned with certains many of those who seemed most active in their as tempts to waylay and recover the fugitive were, in actual truth, least desirous that he should be taken and only joined in the ery to increase the guident confusion, and to give Rob Roy a better opportunity of escaning.

of escape, indeed, was not difficult for a swimmer a Escape, indeed, was not difficult for a swimmer a expert as the freebooter, as soon as be had ended the expert as the freebooter, as soon as he had cluded th first burst of pursuit. At one time he was cloud pressed, and several blows were made which fishs in the water around him; the scene much resemblin one of the otter-hunts which I had seen at Obbidin tone-Hall, where the animal is detected by the head from his being necessitated to put his nose above in stream to went or breathe, while he is consider the head effective water again so seen the head refreshed himself by respiration. MacGraph however, had a trick beyond the otter; for in our trived when years cloudy muraned to dimension trived, when very closely pursued to discuss himself unobserved from his plaid, and suffer # finited with the stream, where in its progress it such attracted general attention; many of the history were thus put upon a false scent, and several show stabs were averted from the party for when it were designed.

were designed. Once fairly out of view, the recovery of the pri-became almost impossible, since, in so array pl the river was rendered inaccessible by the same of its banks, or the thickets of alders, porters, birch, which, overhanging, its banks, provided y pla birch, which, overhanging, its banks, spproach of horsemen. Errors and also happened among the pursues, w approaching night rendered every man less. Some got themselves in volved in the stream, and required the assistance nos of parions to save them from drowning. £ by shots or blows in the confused n help or threatened vengeance, and in one or t stances such accidents led to actual strike. trumpets, therefore, sounded the retreat, sum trampets, therefore, sounded the retreat, sum that the commanding officer, with what never important prize which had thus unexpected caped his grasp, and the troopers began is rejustantly, and brawing with each other returned, again to assume their ranks. I co them darkening, as they formed on the su-bank of the river, whose murmurs long drow the houder crise of waveful transit 

bank of the river, whose murmurs long drown the louder cries of vengeful pursuit, were now hoarsely mingling with the deep, discontents repreachful voices of the disciplointed horsense Hitherto I had been as it were a mere ap though far from an uninterested one, of the si seene which had passed. But how I head i suddealy arclaim, "Where is the English set It was he gave Rob Roy the knife to cart the "Cleave the pock-judding to the chafts"

"Weize a brace of balls through his him

said a second.

"Drive three inches of cauld aim impo his in the line inches and the line inches of cauld aim impo his it is the line inches and the line inches a

And I heard several horses gallaping to and fro with the kind purpose, doubtless, of executing these denunciations. I was immediately awakened to the sense of my situation, and to the certainty that armed men, having no restraint whatever on their irarmed men, naving no resuraint whatever on their in-ritated and inflamed passions, would probably begin by shooting or cutting me down, and afterwards investigate the justice of the action. Impressed by this belief, I leaped from my horse, and turning him loose, plunged into a bush of alder trees, where conloose, plunged into a blish of alder-trees, where con-sidering the advancing obscurity of the night, I thought there was little chance of my being discovered. Had I been mear enough to the Duke to have invoked his personal protection, I would have done so; but he had stready commeaced his retreat, and I saw no officer on the left bank of the river of authority suffidicer on the left bank of the river of authority suffi-ient to have afforded protection, in case of my sur-endering myself. I thought there was no point of noncer which could require, in such circumstances, in unnecessary exposure of my life. My first idea, when the tunuit began to be appeased, and the clat-aref the horses' feet was heard less frequently in the ter of the horses' feet was heard less frequently in the immadiate vicinity of my hiding-place, was to seek out the Duke's quarters, when all should be quiet, and give myself up to him, as a liege subject, who had nothing to fare from his justice, and a stranger, who had every right to expect protection and hospitality. With this perpose I crept out of my hiding-place, and lasked sevend me. The twilight had now meltid nearly into darkness:

two ar none of the troopers were left on my side of the Forth, and of these who were already across it, the Forth, and of these who were lend of my file of the Forth, and of these who were already across it, I only heard the distant trample of the horses' fest, and the waiting and prolonged sound of their tram-pets, which rang through the woods to recall strag-glers. Here, therefore, I was left in a situation of emainterable difficulty. I had no horse, and the deep and wheeling struem of the river, rendered turbid by the late turnuit of which its channel had been the access, and seeming yet more so under the doubtful influences of an imperfect moonlight, had no inviting influences of a pedestrian by no means accustomed to wade rivers, and who had lately seem horsemen weltering, in this dangerous passage, up to the very mained on the side of the river on which I then stood, coculd be no other than of concluding the various fa-ingness of this day and the preceding night, by passing that which was now closing, in the side of a Highland hill. a Highland hill.

After a moment's reflection, I began to consider after a moment's reflection, I began to consider at Fairnervice, who had doubtless crossed the river is the other domestics, according to his forward in imperiment custom of putting himself always mong the foremost, could not fail to satisfy the other, or the competent authorities, respecting any attent squire my immediate appearance, at the risk mong showned in the river, —of being unable to more the other side in safety. —or, finally, of being cut was, right or wrong, by some straggler, who might the such a piece of good service a convenient ex-prime to measure my staps back to the little inn, stree for not sooner rejoning his ranks. I therefore The for not sconer rejoining his ranks. I therefore indived to measure my stops back to the hitle inn, me I had passed the preceding night. I had hing to apprehend from Rob Roy. He was now beerty, and I was certain, in case of rmy falling in a ray of his people, the news of his scone would be rme protections. I might thus also show, that in no intestion to desert fur. Jarviein the delicate intion in which he had engaged himself, chiefly on account. And lastly, it was only in this quarter I consult hops to learn tidings concerning Rash-Etion in which he has suggest and this quarter account. And hastly, it was only in this quarter i could hope to learn tidings concerning Rash-and my father's papers, which had been the inside cause of an expedition so fraught with per-indeventire. I therefore abendoned all thoughts account in the Forth that evening; and, turning back on the Fords of Frew, begun to retrace my scownards the little village of Aberfoil. absorp frost-wind, which made itself heard and from time to time, removed the clouds of mist accounts the totherwise have sumhered till morning be walky; and, though it could not totally dis-

perse the clouds of vapour, yet threw them in confi-sed and changeful massee, now hovering round the heads of the mountains, now filling, as with a dense and voluminous stream of smoke, the various deep guilies where masses of the composite rock, or brescia, tumbling in fragments from the cliffs, have rushed to the valley, leaving each behind its course a rept and torn ravine resembling a deserted water-course. The form ravine resemuling a descrice water-course. The moon, which was now high, and twinkled with all the viracity of a frosty atmosphere, silvered the wind-ings of the river and the peaks and precipices which the mist left visible, while her beams escened as is were absorbed by the fleecy whiteness of the mist, where it lay thick and condensed; and gave to the more light and various models which were absorbed more light and vapoury specks, which were elsewhere more light and vapoury specks, which were elsewhere visible, a sort of filmy transparency resembling the lightest veil of silver gauze. Despite the uncertainty of my situation, a view so romantic, joined to the active and inspiring influence of the frosty atmos-phere, elsevated my spirits while it braced my nerves. I felt an inclination to cast care away, and bid do fiance to danger, and involuntarily whistled, by way nance to danger, and involuntarily whistled, by way of cadence to my steps, which my feeling of the cold led me to accelerate, and I felt the pulse of existence best prowder and higher in proportion as I felt coaf-dence in my own strength, courage, and resources. I was so much lost in these thoughts, and in the feel-ings which they arrived that the head in the feel-I was so much lost in these thought, and in the feel-ings which they excised, that two horsemen came up behind me without my hearing their approach, until one was on each side of me, when the left-hand rider, pulling up his horse, addressed me in the English tongue. "So ho, friend, whither so late ?" "To my supper and bed at Aberfoil," I replied. "Are the passes open ?" he inquired, with the same commanding tone of voice. "I do not know," I replied ; "I shall learn when J get there; but," I added, the fate of Morris recarring to my recollection, "if you are an English stranger, I advise you to turn back till deylight; there has been some disturbance in this neighbourhood, and I should hesitate to asy it is perfectly safe for stranger."

mitate to may it is perfectly safe for strangers." "The soldiers had the worst ?-- had they not ?" was

"The Southers has the value the reply. "They had indeed; and an officer's party were de-stroyed or made prisoners." "Are you sure of that?" replied the horseman. "As gure as that I hear you speak," I replied. "I was an unwilling spectator of the skirmish." "Unwilling ?" continued the interregator. "Were the interregator. "Were

you not engaged in it then ?" "Certainly no," I replied ; "I was detained by the "On what suspicion ? and who are you? or what

is your name?" he continued

I really do not know, sir," said I, " why I should "I really do not know, sn," said I, " why I should answer so many questions to an unknown stranger. I have told you enough to convince you that you are going into a dangerous and distracted county. M you chouse to proceed, it is your own affair; but as I ask you no questions respecting your name and busi-ness, you will oblige me by making no inquiries after mine." mine

mme." "Mr. Francis Osbaldistone," said the other rider, in a voice the tages of which thrilled through every nerve of my body, "should not whistle his favouries airs when he wishes to remain undiscovered." And Diana Vernom-for she, wrapped in a horse-man's cloak, was the last speaker-whistled in play-ful mimicry the second part of the tune, which was on my ling when they error in

on my lips when they came up. "Good God !" I exclaimed, like one thunderwirner

lett Corporal (vym is the best and an "unity income as they may -pauce serba." While she was thus speaking, I cagerly took advan-tage of an unusually bright gleam of moonshine, to study the appearance of her companion. for it may be easily supposed, that finding Miss Vernon is a place so solitary, engaged in a journey so dangerous, and under the protection of one gantleman only, were circumstances to escie sway facing of jeakung, es

well as surprise. The rider did not speak with the deep melody of Rashleigh's voice; his tones were more high and commanding; he was taller, more-over, as he sate on horseback, than that first-rate object of my hate and suspicion. Neither did the stranger's address rescrible that of any of my other cousings; it had that indescribable tone and manner by which we recognise a man of sense and breeding, even in the first few sentences he speaks. The object of my anxiety seemed desirous to get rid

"Diana," he said, in a tone of mingled kindness and authority, "give your cousin his property, and let us not spend time here." Miss Vernon had in the meantime taken out a

small case, and leaning down from her horse towards me, she said, in a tone in which an effort at her usual me, she said, in a tone in which an effort at her usual quaint lightness of expression contended with a deep-er and more grave tone of sentiment, "You see, my dear coz, I was born to be your better angel. Rash-leigh has been compelled to yield up his spoil, and had we reached this same village of Aberfoil last night, as we purposed, I should have found some Highland sylph to have wafted to you all these re-gresentatives of commercial wealth. But there were giants and dragons in the way; and errant-knights and dameels of modern times, bold though they be, must not, as of yore, run into useless danger—Do not you do so either, my dear coz." "Diana," said her companion, "let me once more warn you that the evening waxes late, and we are

warn you that the evening waxes late, and we are still distant from our home."

"I am coming, sir, I am coming—consider," she "I am coming, sir, I am coming—consider," she added, with a sigh, "how lately I have been subjected to control—besides, I have not yet given my cousin the packet—and bid him farewell—for ever.—Yes, Frank," she said, "for ever!—there is a gulf between us—a gulf of absolute perdition—where we go, you must not follow—what we do, you must not share im—farewell—be happy!"

The aguin of account permitton where we go, you must not follow-what we do, you must not share in-farewell-be happy ?" In the attitude in which she bent from her horse, which was a Highland pony, her face, not perhaps altogether unwillingly, touched mine-She pressed my hand, while the tear that trembled in her eye found its way to my check instead of her own. It was a moment never to be forgotten-inexpressibly bitter, yet mixed with a sensation of pleasure so deeply soothing and affecting, as at once to unlock all the flood-gates of the heart. It was but a moment, however; for, instantly recovering from the intimated to her companion she was ready to attend him, and putting their horses to a brisk pace, they were soon far distant from the place where I stood. Heaven knows, it was not apathy which loaded

him, and putting their horses to a brisk pace, they were soon far distant from the place where I stood. Heaven knows, it was not apathy which loaded my frame and my tongue so much, that I could nei-ther return Miss Vernon's half embrace, nor even answer her farewell. The word, though it rose to my tongue, seemed to choke in my throat like the fa-lal guildy, which the delinquent who makes it his plea knows must be followed by the doom of death. The suprise-the sorrow, almost stupified me. I remain-ed motionless with the packet in my hand, gazing after them, as if endeavouring to count the sparkles which flew from the horses' hoofs. I continued to look after even these had ceased to be visible, and to listen for their footsteps long after the last distant trampling had died in my ears. At length, tears rushed to my eyes, glazed as they were by the exer-tion of straining after what was no longer to be seen. I wiped them mechanically, and almost without be-ing aware that they were flowing, but they came thicker and thicker. I felt the tightening of the throat and breast, the *hysterica* passic of poor Lear; nd, sitting down by the wayside, I shed a flood of ne first and most bitter tears which had flowed from my eyes since childhood.

#### CHAPTER XXXIV.

Dangis Egad, I think the interpreter is the harder to be un erstood of the two.

I HAD scarce given vent to my feelings in this paraxysm, ere I was ashamed of my weakness. I

remembered that I had been for some timendes vouring to regard Diana Vernon, when he idea intruded itself on my remembrance, as a friend, for whose welfare I should indeed always be anious but with whom I could have little further commu cation. But the almost unrepressed tendemess of cation. But the almost unrepressed tendeness of her manner, joined to the romance of our sudden meeting where it was so little to have been capeted, were circumstances which threw me entirely of my guard. I recovered, however, sooner than might have been expected, and without giving mysel use accurately to examine my motives, I resumd he path on which I had been travelling when overtaken by this atrange and unperpeted annurity

by this strange and unexpected apparition. I am not, was my reflection, transgressing bris-junction so pathetically given, since I am but pass-ing my own journey by the only open route. If have succeeded in recovering my father's propert, is still remains incumbent on me to see my Ga friend delivered from the situation in which he has involved himself on my account; besides, what one place of rest can. I obtain for the night excepting at the little inn of Aberfoil? They also must say that since it is impossible for travellers on horecack to go further—Well, then, we shall meet again-meet for the last time perhapse—but I shall see and har her-I shall learn who this happy man is who encreas over her the authority of a husband—I shall kan the there remains, in the difficult course in which me seems engaged, any difficulty which my effors may remove, or aught that I can do to express my grad-tude for her generosity—for her disintersied insi-ship. involved himself on my account ; besides, what other ship.

As I reasoned thus with myself, colouring will every plausible pretext which occurred to my inter-putty my passion sta desire once more to my internuity, my passionate desire once more to

every plausible pretext which occurred to mine-nuity, my passionate desire once more to as an econverse with my cousin, I was suddenly hald by a touch on the shoulder; and the deep voie d Highlander, who, walking still faster than i hag a touch on the shoulder; and the deep voie d I was proceeding at a smart pace, accosed me was "A braw night, Maister Osbaldistone-we have at the mirk hour before now." There was no mistaking the tone of MscGraft he had escaped the pursuit of his entemes, and way the bad also contrived to arm himself probaby the house of some secret alchernt, for he had a make the noise of some secret alchernt, for he had a make character in such a situation, and at he isa have a the evening, might not have been pleasarts me n any ordinary mood of mind; for duest habitant to bink of Rob Roy in rather a finding weard view, I will confess frankly that new hard in intonation of the mountaineers gives habital depa and hollowness to the sound of their stond, own, and hollowness to the sound in the rational to the numes to the sound of their sound, own, and hollowness to the sound of their stond, own, to the guitural extression ac comment in the targent and hollowness to the sound of their words, owin and nollowness to the sound of their words, owner to the guitural expression so common in thermore language, and they usually speak with a good deal emphasis. To these national peculianus Reb For added a sort of hard indifference of secent and ma-ner, expressive of a mind neither to be duanted, are surprised, nor affected, by what passed before how owever dreadful, however, under a horecrafticate surprised, nor affected, by what passed beaut however dreadful, however studien, however affirm. Habitual danger, with unbounded confidence own strength and sagacity, had rendered him me ferent to fear; and the lawless and precanous like led had blunted, though its dangers and eros in 00 destroyed his fairners. not destroyed, his feelings for others. And it was be remembered, that I had very lately sen the for lowers of this man commit a cruel slaughter on a marmed and suppliant individual.

Yet such was the state of my mind, that I adore the company of the outlaw leader as a man to my own overstrained and painful thoughts; # was not without hopes, that through his mean might obtain some clew of guidance through maze in which my fate had involved me. I the answered his greeting cordially, and court him on his late escape in circumstances when es seemed impossible.

"Ay," he replied, " there is as much between the m craig and the woodle, as there is between the m i. e. The throat and the withy. Twigs of willow, m

1

#### GRAP. XXXIV.1

and the lip. But my paril was less than you may think, being a stranger to this country. Of those that were summoned to take me, and to keep me, and to retake me again, there was a moiety, as cousin Nicol Jarvie calls it, that had nae will that I suld be sither taen, or keepit fast, or retaen 3 and of tother moiety, there was as half was feared to stir me; and so I had only like the fourth part of fifty or sixty men te deal withal." to deal withal.

to deal withal." "And enough too, I should think," replied I. "I dinna ken that," said he; "but I ken, that turn every ill-willer that I had argang them out upon the green before the Clachan of Aberfoil, I wad find them play with broad-sword and target, one down and another come on."

them play with broad sword and target, one down and another come on " He now inquired into my adventures aince we canner of the battle we had in the inh, and at the exploits of the Bailie with the red-hot poker. "Let Glaggow Flourish !" he exclaimed, " The eurse of Cromwell on me, if I wad hag wished better sport than to see cousin Nicol Jarvie singe Iverach's plaid, like a sheep's head between a pair of tongs. Bat my cousin Jarvie," he added more gravely, "has some gentleman's bluid in his veine, although he has been unhappily bred up to a peaceful and mechanical craft, which could not but blunt any pretty man's spirit.—Ye may estimate the resson why I could not receive you at the Clachan of Aberfoil, as I purposed. They had made a fine hoeenet for me when I was absent twa or three days at Glaggow, upon the king's busines—but I think I broke up she leagne about their lags—they'll no be able to hound one clan against another as they has dune.—I hope soon to see the day when a' Hislandmen will stand shouther to shouther.—But what chanced next?"

to abouther.-But what chanced next?" I gave him an account of the arrival of Captain Thornton and his party, and the arrest of the Ballie and myself, under pretext of our being suspicious per-eone; and upon his more special inquiry, I recollect-the officer had mentioned that, besides my name bounding suspicious in his ears, he had orders to se-

"As man lives by bread," he said, "the buzzards have mission my friend the Said, "the buzzards have mission my friend the Said for his Excel-lancy, and you for Diana Vernon-O, the most egre-

Hency, and you for Diana Verhon-O, the most egregions night-howlets !"
"Miss Vernon " said I, with hesitation, and trembling for the answer-" Does she still bear that name ?-She passed but now, along with a gentleman who seemed to use a style of authority."
"Ay ay !" answerd Rob, "shear under lawfu' authority now; and full time, for she was a daft hempis --Bat she's a mettle quean. If a pity his Excellency is a thought eldern. The like o' yoursell, or my son Hamish, wed be mair sortable in point of years." Here, then, was a complete downfall of those castles of cards which my fancy had, in despite of my reason, so often amused herself with building. Although in truth 1 had scarcely any thing else to expecting in such a country, at such an hour, with any but for the second state of the second secon ince i could not suppose that Diana could be trave-ing in such a country, at auch an hour, with any but and who had a legal title to protect her, I did not feel the blow less thereby when it came, and MacGregor's resice, urging me to pursue my story, sounded in my many without conveying, any exact import to my

"You are ill," he said, at length, after he had spo-ten twice without receiving an answer: "this day's wark has been ower muckle for ane doubtless unused sic things.

to sic things." The tone of kindness in which this was spoken mealling me to myself, and to the necessities of my ituation, I continued my narrative as well as I could. Hob Roy expressed great exultation at the success-it skirmish in the pass. "They say," he observed, "that king's chaff is pter than other folk's corn; but I think that canna said o' king's soldiers, if they let themselves be matem wi's a wheen auld carles that are past fighting, nd bairns that are no come till't, and wives wi' their then wi' a wheen auld carles that are past fighting by struck me. "Was the letter I brought you, then, from this per-son you call his Excellency? Who is he? and what is his rank and proper name?"

rocks and distaffs, the very wally-draigles o' the country-side—and Dougal Gregor, too, wha'wad has thought there had been as muckle sense in his taity pow, that ne'er had a better covering than his ain shaggy hassock of hair!—But say away—though 1 dread what's to come neist,—for my Helen's an m-carnate devil when her bluid's up—puir thing, she has ower muckle reason."

I observed as much delicacy as I could in commu-

I observed as much delicacy as I could in commu-nicating to him the usage we had received, but I obviously saw the detail gave him great pain. "I wad rather than a thousand merka," he said, "that I had been at hame! To misguide strangers, and forbye a'' my ain natural cousin, that had showed me sic kindness—I wad rather they had burned half the Lennox in their folly! But this comes o' trust-ing women and their barns, that have neither mea-sure nor reason in their dealings—however, it's a' owing to that dog'of a gauger, wha betrayed me by pretending a message from your cousin Rashleigh, to meet him on the king's affairs, whilk I thought was very like to be anent Garschattachin and a party of the Lennox declaring themselves for King James. Faith but I kend I was clean beguiled when James. Faith but I kend I was clean beguiled when I heard the Duke was there; and when they strapped the horse-girth ower my arms, I might had judged what was biding me; for L kend your kinsman, be-ing, wi' pardon, a slippery loon himsell, is prone to employ those of his ain kidney-I wish he mayna has been at the bottom o' the ploy himsell-I thought the chield Morris looked devilish queer when I deter-mind he should remain a way or hostage for my the chiefd moris looked deviating queer when a deter-mined he should remain a wad, or hostage, for my safe back-coming. But I am come back, nee thanks to him, or them that employed him, and the question is, how the collector-loon is to win back himsell—I-

is, how the collector-loon is to win back himsell-T promise him it will not be without ransom." "Morris," said I, "has already paid the last ran som which mortal man can owe." "Eh! What?" exclaimed my companion hastily ; "What d'ye say? I trust it was in the skirmish he was killed?" "He was alam in cold blood, after the fight was over, Mr. Campbell." "Cold blood?-Damnation?"-he said, muttering betwirt his teeth-"How fell that, sir?-Speak out, sir, and do not Maister or Campbell me-my foot is on my native heath, and my name is MacGregor?" His passions were obviously irritated; but without

and, and the mainset of Campbell me thy lock and on my native heath, and my name is MacGregor!" His passions were obviously irritated; but without noticing the rudeness of his tone, I gave him a short and distinct account of the death of Morris. He struck the but of his gun with great vehemence against the ground, and broke out, "I vow to God, such a deed might make one forswear kin, clan, country, wife, and bairns!—and yet the villain wrought long for it. And what is the difference between warsling below the water wi'a stane about your neck, and wavering in the wind wi'a tither round it ?—it's but choking after a', and he drees the doom he ettled for me. I could have wished, though they had rather putten a ball through him, or a dirk; for the fashion of removing him will give rise to mony idle clavers—but every weight has his weird, and we maun a' dee when our day comes—And nae-body will deny that Helen MacGregor has deep wrongs to avenge." wrongs to avenge.

So saying, he seemed to dismiss the theme alto-gether from his mind, and proceeded to inquire how I got free from the party in whose hands he had seen me.

My story was soon told; and I added the episode of my having recovered the papers of my father, though I dared not trust my voice to name the name of Diana.

Diana. "I was sure ye wad get them," said MacGregor; "the letter ye brought me contained his Excellency's pleasure to that effect; and nae doubt it was my will to have aided in it. And I asked ye up into this gien on the very errand. But it's like his Excellency has forgathered wi' Rashleigh sooner than I expected." The first part of this answer was what most forci-ble struck me

"I am thinking " said MacGragor, "that since ye dinne ken them already, they canna be o' muckle con-sequence to you; and sae I shall say nachting on that score. But weel I wot the letter was frae his ain hand, or, having a sort of business of my ain on my hand, build bus weel was used into a my the security of the s

hands, or, having a sort of business of my sin on my hands, being, as ye weel may see, just as much as I can fairly manage, I canna: say I would have fashed-mysell sae muckle about the matter." I now recollected the lights seen in the library—the various circumstances which had excited my jealousy —the glove—the agitation of the tapestry which co-vered the secret passage from Rashleigh's apartment; and, 'above all, I recollected that Diana retired, in or-der to write, as I then thought, the billet to which I was to have recourse in case of the last necessity. Her hours, then' were not smart'in solitude but y was to have recourse in case of the last necessity. Her hours, then; were not spent'in solitude, but in listening to the addresses of some desperate agent of Jacobitical freason, who was a secret resident within the mansion of her uncle! Other young women have sold themselves for gold, or suffered themselves to be seduced from their first love from vanity; but Diana had saarificed my affections and her own to partake

sended from their mist love from vanity; out Diana had sagrificed my affections and her own to partake the haunts of freebooters through midnight deserts, with na better hopes of rank or fortune than that minicry of both which the mock court of the Stew-arts at St. Germains had in their power to bestow. "I will see her," I said internally, "if it be possi-ble, once more: I will argue with her as a friend-as a kineman--on the risk she is sincerring, and I will facilitate her retreat to France, where she may, with facilitate her retreat to France, where she may, with facilitate her retreat to France, where she may, with facilitate her netters in the political trepan-ger, to whom she has united her fate, is doubtless bushed in putting into motion. "I conclude, then," I said to MacGregor, after about five minutes' silence on both sides, " that his Excellency, since you give me no other name for him, was residing in Osbaddistone Hall at the same time with myself?" "To be sure-to be sure-and in the young lady's stpartment, as best reason was." This gratuicous

was residing in Oabaldistone Hall at the same time with myself ?" "To be sure—to be sure—and in the young lady's spartment, as best reason was." This gratuitous information was adding gall to butterness. "But swith a substrate and start the second start grate out o' the question; and the young lads have your out o' the question; and the young lads have your out o' the question; and the young lads have your out o' the question; and the young lads have with eaugh to ca' the cat frace the cream—But it's a bra' auld-fashioned house; and what I specially ad-maire, is the shomilance o' holes and bores and con-cealments—ye could put twenty or thirty men in ac-corner, and a family might live a week without find-fing them out—whilk, nac dobt, may on occasion be a special convenience. I wish we had the like o' Os-baldistone-Hall, on the brase o' Craig Royston—But we maun gar woods and taves serve the like o' us pur Hieland bodies." "I suppose his Excellency," said I, "was privy to the first accident which befall"— I could not help hesitating a moment. "Ya were going to say. Morris" said Rob Roy wolly, for he was too much accustomed to deeds of violence for the agitation he had at first expressed to he of long continuance. "I used to laugh heartily at that relk, but I'll hardly have the beart to do't again, inco.the ill fard accident at the Loch—No. ... his

spelly, for he was too much accustomen to decus of the solution of the second second second second second be of long continuance. "I used to laugh heartily at that refk, but I'll hardly has the heart to do't again, since the ill-fard accident at the Loch-Na, na, his Excellency kend nought o' that ploy--it was a' ma-maged atween Rashleigh and mysell. But the sport that came after—and Rashleigh's shift o' turning the suspicion aff himsell upon you, that he had vas grit arour to frace the beginning—and then Miss Die, she imaun hae us sweep up a' our spiders' webs again, and bet you out o' the Justice's claws—and then the finght-ened craves, Morris, that was cared out o' his seven 'man be us sweep up a' our spiders' webs again, and bet you out o' the Justice's claws—and then the finght--and the drunken carle of a justice—Ohon 1 chon 1 -mony a laugh that job's gien me—and now, a' that for his soul." "May I ask," said I, "how Miss Vernon came to have as monon influence over Rashleigh and his ac-comprised, as to derange your projected plan ?" "Mine? it was none of mine. No man can say "\_\_\_\_\_ er laid my burden on other folk's shoulder—it it "...

was a' Rashieigh's doings-But, undoubtedly, sie h great influence wi'us bath on account of his Exc n Eres

was a' Rashieigh's doings-But, undoubtedly, she had great influence wi' us waith on account of his Exol-lency's affection, as weel as that ahe kend far own mony secrets to be lightlied in a matter o' that kind. -Deil tak' him," he ejaculated, by way of summang up, "that gics women either secret to keep or power to abuse-fules shouldna has chapping sticks." We were now within a quarter of a mile from the village, when three Highlanders, springing upon us with presented arms, commanded us to stand and tell our business. The single word Gregerage, is the deep and commanding voice of my companion, was answered by a shoat, or rather yell, of loyfal reco-nition. One, throwing down his firefock, classed his leader so fast round the knees, that he was unable to extricate himself, muttering, at the use time, a torrept of Gaelic gratulation, which sever now and then rose into a sort of acream of glaham. The two others, after the first howing 'was out, set off literally with the speed of deers, contending which should first carry to the village, which is frong party of the MacGregor now accessiad, the joyful news of Rob Roy's seeage and reture. The intelligence excited such shouts of jubilation that the very hills rung again, and young and edi, and women, and children, without distinction af set of the tumultaous speed and classow of a uscesting which ing precaution to remind MacGregor thas I was a stranger, and under his protection. He accessingly held me fast by the hand, while the assesting ung precaution to remind MacGregor that I v stranger, and under his protoction. He account held me fast by the hand, while the assess crowded around him with such shouts of de attachment, and joy at his return, as were real focting; nor did he extend to his followers we experiy.sought, the grasp, namely, of his hand, he had made them understand that I was to be

he had made them understand that I was to be in and carefully used. The mandate of the Sultan of Dahi could not he been more promptly obeyed. Indeed, I now sum ed nearly as much inconvenience from their with meant attentions as formerly from their volume They would hardly allow the friends of their issue walk upon his own legs, so carfact were they in fording me support and secondaries again the wi-and at length, taking is dvantuge of a slight som which I made over a stone, which the press dis som by the in their arms in triumph towards Mrs. An Alprine's. Alpine's.

On arrival before her hospitable wigwa power and popularity had its inconvenie Highlands, as everywhere ener; for, wise gor could be permitted to enter the bow gor could be permitted to enter the home where was to obtain rest and refreshment, he was chi to relate the story of his escape at least a drawn to over, as I was told by an efficience old man, chose to translate it at least as often for my of tion, and te whom I was in policy colliged to an pay a docent degree of a tiention. The surfaced at length estimated, group after group departed to their bed upon the heatil, or in the neighboaring some curring the Duke and Garcodattachim, lamonting the probable danger of Thomas of glades, incurred by his friendship to MacGreg aft agreeing that the escape of Rob Roy himes nothing in comparison with the exploit of a of their chiefs since the days of Documal-Cir founder of his line.

The friendly outlaw, now taking me by conducted me into the interior of the but. roved round its smoky recesses in qubet of I t of D her companion; but they were nowhere and I felt as if to make inquiries might t secret metices, which were best concealer secret monves, which were best concended. I known countenance upon which my eyes su that of the Bailie, who, seated on a stool by side, received, with a sort of reserved diamity, comes of Rob Roy, the apologies which he r his indifferent accommodation, and him inguin his health. "I am prety week, kinaman," said the Bail different week i thank way and the Bail

"I am pretty week, kineman," sould the Ba different week, I thank ye; and for account

are comma expect to curry about the "aut-Market at is tail as a snail does his caup and I am blythe har ye has gotten out of the hands o' your unfreends." "Weel, weel, then," answered Roy, "what is't if's ye, man ?-a's weel that ends weel !--the wardd will bet out daw more take a curr o' hendur werd

"Weel, weel, then," answered Roy, "what is't, ail's ye, man 1-a's weel that ends weel 1-the warld will last out day-come, take a cup o' brandy-your father the deacon could tak ane at an orra time." "It might be he might do sae, Robin, after faigue-whilk has been my lot mair ways than ane this day. But," he continued, slowly filling up a little wooden stopp which might bold about three glasses, "he was a moderate man of his bicker, as I am mysell-Here's wurning health to ye, Robin," (a sip.) " and your weel-fare here and hereafter," (a nother taste,) " and also to my cousin Helen-and to your twa hopefu' lada, of whom mair anon." Bo saying, he drank un the contents of the one with

Bo saying, he drank up the contents of the cup with great gravity and deliberation, while MacGregor winked aside to me, as if in ridicule of the air of wis-hom and appende authority which the Bailie assumed ands him in their intercourse, and which he exer-d when Rob was at the head of his armed clan, in and when nos wis at the need of his inned can, in biles great, or a greater degree, than when he was at he Halis's mercy in the Tolboath of Glasgow. It eemed to me, that MacGregor wished me as a transfer, to undowstand that if he submitted to the tone disch his kinemen assumed, it was partly out of de-mence to the rights of hospitality, but still mere for

and a state of the regime of nonpharty, but shift and to be a state asks. As the Bailie set down his cup he recognized me, d giving me a cordial welcome on my retarn, he myred farther communication with me for the pre-

I will speak to your matters anon ; I maun begin,

' I will speak to your matters anon ; I mann begin, s an reason, wi' those of my kinsman. -- I prosume, shin, there's nashedy here will carry anght o' what am gaun to say, to the town-council or elsewhere, any prejudice or to yours ?" " Make yourself easy on that head, cousin Nicol," aswered MacGregor; "the tae half o' the gillies juna ken what ye say, and the tother winna care-middes, that I wad stow the tongue out o' the head o' any o' them that suld presume to say over again ony peech held wi'ms in their presence."

Aweel, cousin, sic being the case, and Mr. Osbal "A weel, cousin, sic being the case, and Mr. Osbal-distone here being a prudent youth, and a safe friend —I'se plainly tell ye, you are breeding up your family to grang an ill gate."—Then clearing his voice with a preliminary hem, he addressed his kinsman, check-ing, as Malvelio proposed to do when seated in his state, his familiar smile with an austere regard of control.—"Ye hen yoursell ye hend light by the haw-and flor. my cousin Helen, forby that her reception o' rans this blassed day, whilk I excuse on account of particulation of mind, was muckle on the north file o'

Accord, a we's late that be a pass-over-I during miching motion of making motion and her husband to be a pass-over-I during motion. The set of rill call them see in fature—there comes nas of Hamishes, and Eachines, and Angusses, az-ahast they're the names are are chances to see in indictments at the Western Circuits for cowindictments at the Western Circuits for cow-indictments at the Mestern Circuits for cow-indication of the set of the set of the set of the set and the set of t race It's my belief they can neither read, ract cipher, if sic a thing could be believed of min connexions in a Christian land."

The theory could, kineman," said Mand. If they could, kineman," said Mac Gregor, with at irredifference, "their learning must have come o' weill, for what the deal was I to get them a teacher ? and ye has not more the gate o' your Drumity-4 Yoz. II. 3 L I Y H

Hall at Glasgow College, "Wanted, a tutor for Reb

Roy's bairns?" "Na, kinsman," replied Mr. Jarvia, "but ye might has sent the lads whar they could has learned the fear o'. God, and the usages o' civilized creatures. They are as ignorant as the kyloes ye used to drive to market, or the very English churls that ye sauld tham to, and can as do nothing whatever to purpose." "Umph!" answered Rob; "Hamish can bring down a black-cock when he's on the wing wi' a sin-gle bullet, and Rob can drive a dirk through a twa-inch board."

gle billet, and roop can drive a dirk through a twe-inch board." "Sae muckle the waur for them, cousin I Sae mus-kle the waur for them baith P answered the Glasgow. merchant in a tone of great decision; "an they ken neething better than that, they had better no ken that ting, and stabbing, and shooting, and driving of dirks, whether through human flesh or fir deals, dune for yourneall? and werena yea happier man at the tail o' your newte-bestial, when ye were in an honest call-ing, than ever ye has been since, at the head o' your Hieland kernes and gally-glasses?" I observed that MacGregor, while his well-meaning kinsman spoke to him in this manner, turned fine writhed his body like a man who indeed suffers pain, but is determined no groun shall escape his lips; and strain, in which Jarvie addressed this artraordinary person. The dialogue, however, came to an end without my interference.

desler-And-and" He saw a storm gathering on Rob's brow, which probably induced him to throw in, as a sweetener of an obnoxious proposition, what he had reserved to crown his own generosity, had it been embraced as an acceptable one:—" and Robin, lad, ye needma look sas glum, for I'll pay the prentice-fee, and never plegne ye for the thousand merks neither." " *Ceade millis disout*, hundred thousand devils (" exclaimed Rob, rising and striding through the hut. " My sons weavers - *Millia mbligheart* ! but I wad the marks thous in Glussow heam inddlea and

"My some weavers! - Malia multipheart I but I wad see every loom in Glasgow, beam, traddles, and shuttles, burnt in heliare soones !" With some difficulty I made the Bailie, who was preparing a reply, comprehend the risk and impro-

priety of pressing our host on this topic, and in a mi-nute he recovered, or reassumed, his serenity of temper.

temper. "But ye mean weel-we mean weel," said he; "so gie me your hand, Nicol, and if ever I put my sons aprentice, I will gie you the refusal o' them. And, as you say, there's the thousand marks to be settled between us.-Elere, Eachin MacAnaleister, bring me y sporran." The person he addressed, a tall, strong moun-timesr. Who seented to act a MacMinetoria insta-

The person he addressed, a tall, strong moun-taineer, who seemed to act as MacGregor's heutecancer, who seemed to act as macorregor's heute-nant, brought from some place of safety a large lea-thern pouch, such as Highlanders of rank wear be-fore them when in full dress, made of the skin of the sen otter, richly garnished with silver ornaments and sinds.

"I advise no man to attempt opening this sporran till he has my secret," said Rob Ray; and then twisting one button in one direction, and another in another, pulling one stud upward, and pressing another down-ward, the mouth of the purse, which was bound with massive silver-plate, opened and gave admittance to his hand. He made me remark, as if to break short the ambet on which Bailie Javie had snoken. that ints mand. He made me remark, as it to break shown the subject on which Bailie Jarvie had spoken, that a small steel pistol was concealed within the purse, the trigger of which was connected with the mount-ing, and made part of ther machinery, so that the weepon would certainly be discharged, and in all probability its contenus lodged in the person of any 43 one, who, being unacquainted with the secret, should tamper with the lock which secured his treasure. "This," said he, touching the pistol—" this is the keeper of my privy purse." The supplicity of the contrivance to secure a furred

The simplicity of the contrivance to secure a furred pouch, which could have been ripped open without any attempt on the spring, reminded me of the verses in the Odyssey, where Ulysses, in a yet ruder age, is content to socure his property by casting a curious and involved complication of cordage around the sea-chest in which it was deposited. The Bailie put on his spectacles to examine the mechanism, and when he had done, returned it with a smile, and a sigh, observing, "Ah ! Rob, had ither folk's purses been as weel guarded, I doubt if your sporran wad has been as weel filled as it kythes to be by the weight." "Never mind, kinsman," said Rob, laughing, "it will aye open for a friend's necessity, or to pay a just due—and here," he added, pulling out a rouleau of gold, "here is your ten hundred merks—count them, and see that you are full and justly paid." Mr. Jarvie took the money in silence, and weigh-ing it in his hand for an instant, laid it on the table, and replied, "Rob, I canna tak it—I downa intro-mit with it—there can nae gude come o't—I hae seen ower weel the doay what sort of a gate your gowd is

mit with it—there can nae gude come o't—I has esen ower weel the day what sort of a gate your gowd is made in—ill-got gear ne er prospered; and, to be plain wi'you, I winna meddle wi'e—it looks as there might be bluid on't." "Troutsho !" said the outlaw, affecting an indiffer-ence which, perhaps, he did not altogether feel, "it's gude French gowd, and ne'er was in Scotchmen's pouch before mine—look at them, man—they are a' louis-d'ors, bright and bonnie as the day they were coined."

"The waur, the waur—just sae muckle the waur, Robin." replied the Bailie, averting his eyes from the money, though, like Cæsar on the Lupercal, his fin-gers, seemed to itch for it.--"Rebellion is waur than witchcraft, or robbery either; there's gospel warrant

witchcrait, or robbery enter, units and the free-fort." "Never mind the warrant, kinsman," said the free-booter; "you come by the gowd honestly, and in payment of a just debt—it came from the one king, you may gie it to the other, if ye like; and it will just serve for a weakening of the enemy, and in the point where puir King James is weakent too, for, God knows, he has hands and hearts eneugh, but I doubt he wants the siller." he wants the siller." "He'll no get mony Hielanders then, Robin," said

Mr. Jarvie, as again replacing his spectacles on his nose, he undid the rouleau, and began to count its contents

"Nor Lowlanders neither," said MacGragor, arch-ing his cyclored at me, directing a glance towards Mr. Jarvie, who, all unconscious of the ridicule, weighed each piece with habitual scru-pulosity; and having told twice over the sum, which amounted to the discharge of his debt, principal and interest, he returned three pieces to buy his kinswo-man a gown, as he expressed himself, and a brace more for the twa bairns, as he called them, request-ing they might buy any thing they liked with them except guapowder. The Highlander stafed at his kinsman's unexpected generosity, but courteously accepted his gift, which he deposited for the time in his well-secured pouch.

The Bailie next produced the original bond for the debt, on the back of which he had written a formal discharge, which, having subscribed himself, he re-quested me fo sign as a winess. I did so, and Bai-lie Jarvie was looking anxiously around for another, the Societa have would be another the ambending of the lie Jarvie was looking anxiously around for another, the Scottish law requiring the subscription of two winnesses to validate either a bond or acquitance. "You will hardly find a man that can write save curseives within these three miles," said Rob, "but I'll settle the matter as easily;" and, taking the pa-per from before his kinsman, at threw it in the fra-failte Jarvie stared in his turn, but his kinsman con-tinued, "That's a Hieland settlement of accounts-the time might concentration of the time. the time might come cousin, were I to keep a' these charges and discharges, that friends might be brought tuto trouble for having dealt with me.

The Bailie attempted no reply to this argument, and our supper now appeared in a style of abundance, and even delicacy, which, for the place, might be con-sidered as extraordinary. The greater part of the pro-visions were cold, intimating they had been prepared at some distance; and there were some bottles of good French wine to relish pasties of various sorts of game, as well as other dishes. I remarked that MacGregor, while doing the honours of the table with MacGregor, while doing the honours of the table with great and anxious hospitality, prayed us to excaus the circumstance that some particular dish or party had been infringed on before it was presented to us "You must know," said he to Mr. Jarvie, but with ott looking towards me, "you are not the only guests this night in the MacGregor's country, whilk, don't lees, ye will believe, since my wife and the two lads would otherwise have been maist ready to attend yea, as weel begeens them." Buille Jarvie looked as if he felt shad at any cin

as weel beneams them." Bailie Jarvie looked as if he felt glad at any ci-cumstance which occasioned their absence; and I should have been entirely of his opinion, had it as been that the outlaw's apology seemed to imply the were in attendance on Diana and her companion, whom even in my thoughts I could not bear to deag

whom even in my thoughts I could not bear to design nate as her husband. While the unpleasant ideas arising from this agg-gestion counteracted the good effects of appetus, wel-come, and good cheer, I remarked that Reb Roy's attention had extended itself to providing us better bedding than we had enjoyed the night before. Twe of the least fragile of the bedsteads, which stood by tife wall of the hut, had been stuffed with besth, then in full flower, so artificially arranged, that, the flow-crs being uppermost, afforded a mattrees at eace elastic and fragrant. Cloaks and such bedsing as could be collected, stretched over this vegetable couch, made it both soft and warm. The Bails seemed exhausted by fatigue. I resolved to adjourn my communication to him until next morning; and therefore suffered him to betake himself to bad so soon as he had finished a pleutiful supper. Though anxiety, which led to some further discourse betwirts me and MacGregor.

#### CHAPTER XXXV

A hopeless darkness settles o'er my fats ; I've seen the last look of her heavenly er I've heard the last sound of her bleased w I've seen her fair form from my sight daps My doorn is closed. COST BAS

"I KEN not what to make of yea, Mr. Osbakh-stone," said MacGregor, as he pushed the flash to wards me. "Youcat not, you show no wish for year wards me. "Youest not, you show ne wan her and yet you drink not, though that flash af Bourds might have come out of Sir Hildebrand's ain e Hid you been always as abstinent, you would escaped the deadly hatted of your coursen Rashis "Had I been always prudent," said I, blushi the scene he recalled to my recollection, "I al have escaped a worse evil-the reproach of my conscience."

MacGregor cast a keen and somewhat force on me, as if to read whether the reproof, where a set of the set o followed his example, and each remained for minutes wrapt in his own painful reverse. An hut were now asleep, or at least silent, exception

hut were now asteep, or at test such, catches selves. MacGregor first broke silence, in the tone of who takes up his determination to enter on a pair subject. "My cousin Nicol Jarvie means walk said, "but he presses ower hard on the temper situation of a man like me, considering what I been—what I have been forced to become man all, that which has forced me to become what I all the paused; and, though feeling the delicate walk of the discussion in which the conversation likely to engage me, I could not help replying, the did not doubt his present situation had much when

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must be most unpleasant to his feelings. "I should be happy to learn," ladded, "that there is an honour-able chance of your escanne from it"

The happy to learn." I added, "that there is an honour-able chance of your escaping from it." "You speak like a boy," returned MacGregor, in a low tone that growled like distant thunder—" like a boy, who thinks the auld gnarled oak can be twisted as easily as the young sapling. Can I forget that I have been branded as an outlaw,—stigmatized as a traitor,—a price set on my head as if I had been a wolf.—my family treated as the dam and cubs of the hill-for, whom all may torment, vilify, degrade, and insult,—the very name which came to me from a long and noble line of martial ancestors, denounced, as if it were a spell to conjure up the devil with?" As he went on in this manner, I could plainly see, that, by the enumeration of his wrongs, he was lash-ing himself up into a rage, in order to justify in his own eyes the errors they had led him into. In this he perfectly succeeded ; his light gray eyes contract-ing alternately and dilating their pupils, until they seemed actually to flash with flame; while he thrust forward and drew back his foot, grasped the hilt of his dirk, extended his arm, clenched his fist, and finally rose from his seat. "And they should find " he said in the same mutter

bis dirk, extension and the seat. finally rose from his seat. "And they shall find," he said, in the same mutter-"And they shall find," he said, in the same mutter-"And they shall find," he said, in the same mutuer-ed, but deep tone of stifled passion, "that the name they have dared to proscribe—that the name of Mac-Gregor—is a spell to raise the wild devil withal.— They shall hear of my vengeance, that would scorn to histen to the story of my wrongs—The miserable Highland drover, bankrupt, barefooted,—stripped of all, dishonoured and hunted down, because the ava-rice of others grasped at more than that poor all could "nav. shall burst on them in an awful change. They rice of others grasped at more than that poor all could pay, shall burst on them in an awful change. They that scoffed at the grovelling worm, and trode upon him, may cry and howl when they see the stoop of the flying and fiery-mouthed dragon.—But why do I speak of all this?" he said, sitting down again, and in a calmer tone—"Only ye may opine it frets my patience, Mr. Osbaldistone, to be hunted like an otter, and that in a calmer tone-"Only ye may opine it frets my patience, Mr. Osbaldistone, to be hunted like an otter, or a sealgh, or a saimon upon the shallows, and that by my very friends and neighbours; and to have as many sword-cuts made, and pistols fashed at me, as I had this day in the ford of Avondow, would try a saint's temper, much more a Highlander's, who are not famous for that gude gift, as ye may has heard, Mr. Osbaldistone.-But as thing bides wi' meo' what I'k icol said.-I'm vexed for the bairns-I'm vexed when I think o' Hamish and Robert living their fa-ther's life." And yielding to despondence on account of his sons, which he felt not upon his own, the fa-ther 's life." And yielding to despondence on account of his sons, which he felt not upon his own, the fa-ther as his head upon his hand. I was much affected, Will. All my life long I have been more melled by the distress under which a strong, provid, and powerful mind is compelled to give way, "han by the more easily excited sorrows of softer dis-possitions. The desire of aiding him rushed strongly om my mind, notwithstanding the apparent difficulty, and even impossibility, of the task. "We have extensive connexions abroad," said I j "might not your sons, with some assistance-and they are well entitled to what my father's house can have \_ find an honourable resource in foreign service?" I believe my countenance showed sime of sincere

The verse we used to what my father's house can be used an honourable resource in foreign service?" I believe my countenance showed signs of sincere motion; but my companion, taking me by the hand I was going to speak further, said, "I thank-I mak ye-but jet us say nae mair o' this. I did not ink the eye of man would again have seen a teer on the back of his hand. "To-morrow morning," we the back of his hand. "To-morrow morning," a fairs-for we are early starters in the dawn, when we have the luck to have good beds to be in. Will ye not pledge me in a grace cup?" I then, by the soul of St. Maronoch ! I must that a quart of wine. I mid myself down to repose, resolving to delaw

**I hall a quart of wine. I hall a myself down to repose, resolving to delay own** inquiries until his mind should be in a more reposed state. Indeed, so much had this singular **possessed himself of my imagination, that I felt possesses inself of my imagination, that I felt possible to avoid watching him for some minutes** 

after I had fung myself on my heath mattress to seeming rest. He walked up and down the hut, crossed himself from time to time, muttering over some Latin prayer of the Catholic church; then wrapped himself in his plaid, with his naked sword on one side, and his pistol on the other, so disposing the folds of his manile, that he could start up at a moment's warning, with a weapon in either hand, ready for instant combat. In a few minutes his heavy breathing announced that he was fast asleep. Overpowered by fatigue, and stunned by the various unexpected and extraordinary scenes of the day. L in my turn, was soon overpowered by a slumber deep my turn, was soon overpowered by a slumber deep and overwhelming, from which, notwithstanding every cause for watchfulness, I did not awake until

and overwhelming, from which, notwithstanding every cause for watchfulness, I did not awake until the next morning. When I opened my eyes, and recollected my situa-tion, I found that MacGregor had already left the hut. I awakened the Bailie, who, after many a snort and groan, and some heavy complaints of the sore-ness of his bones, in consequence of the unwonted exertions of the preceding day, was at length able to comprehend the joyful intelligence, that the assets carried off by Rashleigh Osbaldistone had been safely recovered. The instant he understood my meaning he forgot all his grievances, and, bustling up in a great hurry, proceeded to compare the con-tents of the packet, which I put into his hands, with Mr. Owen's memorandums, muttering as he went on, "Right, right—the real thing—Bailie and Whit-tington—where's Bailie and Whittington?—seven hundred, six, and eight—exact to a fraction—Pollock and Peelman—twenty-eight, seven—exact—Praise be blest !-Grub and Grinder—better men cannot be— three hundred and seventy—Gliblad—twenty, I doubt Gliblad's ganging—Slipprytongue—Slipprytongue's stuff, and may leave this doleful country. I shall never think on Loch-Ard but the thought will gar me grew again." "I am sorry, cousin," said MacGregor, who en-tered the hut during the last observation, "I have not been altogether in the circumstances to make yoou

tereu ine nui during the iast observation. "I have hot been altogether in the circumstances to make your reception sic as I could have desired—natheless, if you would condescend to visit my puir dwelling"..... "Muckle obliged, muckle obliged," answered Mr Jarvie, very hastily. "But we maun be ganging— we maun be jogging, Mr. Osbaldistone and me-business canna wait."

we main be jogging, Mr. Osbaldistone and me-business canna wait." "Aweel, kinsman," replied the Highlander, "ye ken our fashion-foster the guest that comes-fur-ther him that maun gang.—But ye cannot return by Drymen—I must set ye on Loch Lomond, and boat ye down to the Ferry o' Balloch, and send your nage round to meet ye there—It's a maxim of a wise man never to return by the same road he came, providing another's free to him." "Ay, ay, Rob," said the Bailie, "that's ane o' the maxims ye learned when ye were a drover—ye cared-na to face the tenants where yout beasts had been taking a rig of their moorland grass in the by-gang-it was then."

ing-and I doubt your road's waur marked now than it was then."
"The mair need not to travel it ower often, kins-man," replied Rob; "but I'se send round your nage to the ferry wi' Dougal Gregor, wha is converted for that purpose into the Bailie's man, coming-not, as ye may believe, from Aberfoil or Rob Roy's country, but on a quiet jaunt from Surling.—See, here he is." "I waina has kend the creature," said Mr. Jarvis; nor indeed was it easy to recognise the wild High-lander, when he appeared before the door of the cot-tage, attingt in a hat, periwig, and riding-coat, which

namer, when he appeared before the door of the col-tage, attired in a hat, periwig, and riding-coat, which had once called Andrew Fairservice master, and mounted on the Bailie's horse, and leading ming. He received his last orders from his master to avoid certain places where he might be exposed to suspicion -- to collect what intelligence he could in the course of bioing what intelligence he could in the course

of his journey, and to await our coming at an appointed place, near the Ferry of Balloch. At the same time MacGregor invited us to accom-pany. him upon our own road, assuring us that wa must necessarily march a few miles before breakfast,

cept and example." "Very true, kinsman," replied Rob, "for which reason we, who are Children of the Mist, have a right to drink brendy from morning till night." The Bailie, thus refreshed, was mounted on a small which have a small state of the state

Highland pony; another was offered for my use, which, however, I declined, and we resumed, under ery different guidance and auspices, our journey of the preceding day.

Our escort consisted of MacGregor, and five or six of the handsomest, best armed, and roost athletic mountaineers of his band, and whom he had generally in immediate attendance upon dia own person.

When we approached the pass, the scene of the skirmish of the preceding day, and of the still more direful deed which followed it, Mac Gregor hastened to speak, as if it were rather to what he knew must be mocessarily passing in my mind, that to any thing I mocessarily passing in my mind, that to any thing I mod said—he spoke, in short, to my thoughts, and not to my words.

"You must think hardly of us, Mr. Osbaldistone, it is not natural that it should be otherwise. But remember, at least, we have not been unprovoked -we are a rude and an ignorant, and it may be a vio--we are a ruse and an ignorant, and it may be a vio-lant and passionate, but we are not a cruel people—the land might be at peace and in law for us, did they allow us to enjoy the blessings of peaceful law. But we have been a persecuted generation." "And persecution," said the Baile, "maketh wise man read."

"What must it do then to men like us, living as is fathers did a thousand years since, and possess-is scarce more lights than they did?-Can we view their bluidy edicts against us-their hanging, head-ing, hounding, and hunting down an ancient and ing, hoanding, and hunting down an ancient and homourable name, as deserving better treatment than that which enemies give to enemies?—Here I stand, have been in twenty frays, and never hurt man but when I was in het bluid; and yet they wad betray me and hang me like a masterless dog, at the gate of ony great man that has an ill will at me." I replied, "that the proscription of his name and family sounded in English ears as a very cruel and arbitrary law;" and having thus far soothed him, I resumed may propositions of obtaining military en-ployment for himself, if he chose it, and his sone, in farsing para. MacGregor abook me very cordiality by the hand, and detaining me, so as to persait Mr.

Beeign parts. MacGregor shook me very coratany by the hand, and detaining me, so as to persuit Mr. Jarvie to precede us, a mancauve for which the nar-rowness of the road served as an excuse, he said to me, "You are a kind-hearted and an honourable posth, and understand, doubliess, that which is due is the feelings of a man of honour.—But the heather that I have trod upon when kving, must bloom ower """" that I have trod upon when kving, must bloom over me when I am dead-my heart would eink, and my sma yould shrink and wither like fern in the frost, were I to lose sight of my native hills; nor has the were I to seene that would console me for the loss of the rocks and cairns, wild as they are, that you see strund uz.--And Helen-what could become of her, were I to leave her the subject of new insult and atro-city?--or how could she bear to be removed from the more when the subject of her mark for the loss of these scenes, where the remembrance of her wrongs is ave sweetened by the recollection of her revenge? -I was once so hard put at by my Great enemy, as I any well ca' him, that I was forced e'en to gie way to the tide, and remove myself and my people and family from our dwellings m our native land, and to withdraw for a time into MacCallum More's country -and Helen made a Lawent on our deputture, as well as MacRimmon\* himsell could has framed it and so piteously sad and wassome, that our hearts amaist broke as we sate and listened to her-it was

\* The MacRimmons or MacCrimonds were hereditary pipers to the chiefs of MacLeod, and celebrated for their takents. The pibrach wait to have been composed by Helen MacGregor is still in unstand. Bee the Introduction to their Nevel.

like the wailing of one that mourns for the m that bore him-the tears came down the rough face that bore time-the tears cause own it de rouga how of our gillies as they hearkened-and I wed not have the same touch of heartbreak again, no, not to have all the lands that ever were owned by MacGregor." "But your sons," I said, "they are at the age when

your countrymen have usually po objection to see the world?

And I should be content," he replied, " that they pushed their fortune in the French or Spanish service as is the wont of Scottish cavaliers of honour. as is the wont of Scottish cavaliers of bonour, and fast night your plan seemed feasible enough - But Las seen his Excellency this morning before ye weren. "Did he then quarter so near us?" said I, say bosom throbbing with anxiety. "Nearer than ye thought," was MacGregor's reply; "but he seemed rather in some ehape to palous yes

"There was no occasion for jealousy," I answerd with some haughtines; "I should not have intrust on his privacy.

on his privacy." "But ye must not be offended, or look out fun amang your curis then, like a wild-cat out of an ivy-tod, for ye are to understand that he windhes not core weel to you, and has proved it. And its partly that whilk has set the heather on fire on sww." "Heather on fire" said I. "I do not understand

"Why," resumed MacGregor, " ye ken wel can that women and gear are at the bottom of a' then chief in this warld—I has been mindoubing y Chief in this ward—i nae been manounces, y-cousin Rashleigh since ever he saw that he want i get Die Vernon for his marrew, and I think he to grudge at his Excellency mainly on that account Bat then came the splore about the surrendering yo papers—and we has now gude evidence that, as an as he was compelled to yield themap, he radeput Stirling, and tauld the government all, and mar he all, that was gaun doucely on amang us helf-fil and, doubtless, that was the way that the could make sic an unexpected raid on me. And I has little doubt that the pur deevil Morris, when I and some of the Lowland gentry, to tropus us in d gate he tried to do. But if Rashleigh Oxbaddsho were baith the last and beest of his name; an granting that he and I ever forgather again, de far go down my weesand with a bare blade at his far if we part before my dirk and his best the far is not equal the the put deevil here the far go down my weesand with a bare blade at his far if we part before my dirk and his best this far is not equanted thegither !" cousin Rashleigh since ever he saw that he w - C. L. - 65 acquainted thegither !"

He pronounced the last threat with an entire own, and the appropriate gestue of this hand w

Now in same the second of the rash and desperate intrigues, my

"Trow ye na that," said Rob Roy;" never yet hurt honest cause. He was . never yet hurt honest cause. He was ou our secrets, that's true; and had it not be ling and. Edinburgh Castles would have in our hands by this time, or briefly heres is now scarce to be hoped for. But them mony engaged, and far over gude a cause up for the breath of a traitor's tale, and t seen and heard of ere it be lang. And a about to say, the best of my thanks to y offer anent my sons, whilk last night 1 thoughts to have embraced in their bel see that this villain's treason will convince of folks that they must instantly draw to a la make a blow for it, or be taen in their h NO. up like hounds, and driven up to London Iil nest noblemen and gentlemen in the yes Aundred and seven. Civil whr is like a cockas havesitten hatching the egg that held it for a and might has sitten on for ten years mean, comes Rashleigh, and chips the shell, and a the wonder amang us, and cries to fire an Now in sic a matter I'll has need o' a' the can mak; and; nas disparagement to the 1 France and Span, when I wisk very work

James is as gude a man as ony o' them, and has the best right to Hamish and Rob, being his natural-born abjects.

I easily comprehended that these words boded a general national convulsion; and, as it would have general national convulsion; and, as it would have been alike useless and dangerous to have combatted the political opinions of my guide, at such a place and moment, I contented myself with regreting the promiscuous accene of confusion and distress likely to arise from any general exertion in favour of the ax-iled royal family. "Let it come, man—let it come," answered Mac-Gregor; "ye never saw dull weather clear without a shower; and if the world is turned upside down, why, honest men have the better chance to cut bread out of it."

I again attempted to bring him back to the subject of Diana; but although on most occasions and sub-jects he used a freedom of speech which I had no great delight in listening to, yet, upon that alona, which was most interesting to me, he kept a degree of scrupulous reserve, and contented himself with in-timating, "that he hoped the leddy would be soon in a quieter country than this was like to be for one while." I was obliged to be content with this an-swer, and to proceed in the hope that accident might, as on a former occasion, stand my friend, and allow me at least the sad gratification of bidding farewell to the object who had occupied such a share of my affections, so much beyond even what I had supposed, till I was about to be separated from her for ever. I again attempted to bring him back to the subject

.w the object who has occupied such a share of my affectiones, so much beyond even what I had supposed, till I was about to be separated from her for ever. We pursued the margin of the lake for about six English miles, through a devious and beautifully va-riegated path, until we attained a sort of Highland farm, or assembly of hanlets, near the head of that fine sheet of water, called, if I mistake not, Lediart, or some such name. Here a numerous party of Mac-Gregor's men were stationed in order, to receive us. The taste, as well as the eloquence of tribes, in a sa-vage, or, to speak more properly, in a rude state, is smually just, because it is unfettered by system and affectation; and of this I had an example in the choice these mountaineers had made of a place to receive their guests. It has been said that a British monarch would judge well to receive the embassy of a rival power in the cabin of a man-of-war; and a Highland feeder acted with some propriety in choosing a situ-ation, where the natural objects of grandeur proper to his country, might have the full effect on the mind of his guests.

ation, where the natural objects of grandeur proper to his contry, might have the full effect on the mind eff his guests. We ascended about two hundred yards from the thores of the lake, guided by a brawling brook, and left on the right hand four or five Highland huts with patches of arable land around them, so small as to show that they must have been worked with the spade rather than the plouch, cut as it were out of the surrounding copsewood, and waving with crops of barley and coats. Above this limited space the hill became more steep; and on its edge we de-scried the glittering arms and waving drapery of about fifty of MacGrigor's followers. They were stationed on a spot, the recollection of which yet trikes me with admiration. The brook, huring its waters downwards from the mountain, had in this spot encountered a barrier rock, over which it had made its way by two distinct leaps. The first fall, arross which a magnificent old oak, slanting out from the farther bank, partly extanded itself as if to shout the dusky stream of the cascade, might be about twelve feet high; the broken waters ware re-ceived in a beautiful stone basin, almost as regular as if hewn by a scuptor; and after whealing around its finty margin, they made a second precipitous the the dusk and narrow chasm, at least fifty bet in depth, and from thence, in a hurned, but com-paratively amore gest course, escaped to join the lake. With the natural taste which belongs to moun-

Bet in depth, and from thence, in a hurried, but com-paratively a more gest le course, escaped to join the lake. With the natural taste which belongs to moun-taineers, and especially to the Scottish Highlanders, whose feedings I have observed are often allied with the romantic and poetical, Rob Roy's wife and fol-sowars had propared our morning repast, in a scene well calculated to impress strangers with some feed-ne of the row of the set of the row and some feedings of awa. They are also naturally a grave and provide and, however rude in our estimation,

carry their ideas of form and politeness to an access that would appear overstrained, except from the do-monstration of superior force which accompanies the monstration of superior force which accompanies the display of it; for it must be granted that the air ot punctitious deference and rigid etiquette which would seem ridiculous in an ordinary peasant, has, like the salute of a corps-de-garde, a propriety when tendered by a Highlander completely armed. There was, ac-cordingly, a good deal of formality in our approach and reception.

cordingly, a good deal of formality in our approach and reception. The Highlanders, who had been dispersed on the side of the hill drew themselves together when we came in view, and, standing firm and motionless, appeared in close column behind three figures, whom I soon recognised to be Helen MacGregor and her two sons. MacGregor himself arranged his attend-ants in the rear, and, requesting Mr. Jarvie to dis-mount where the ascent became steep, advanced slowly, marshalling us forward at the head of the troop. As we advanced, we heard the wild notes of the bagoipes, which lost their natural discord from being mingled with the dashing sound of the cascade. When we came close, the wife of MacGregor came forward to meet us: Her dress was studiously ar-ranged in a more feminine taste than it had been on the preceding day, but her features wore the same folded my friend the Builie in an unexpected and ap-parently unwelcome embrace, I could perceive, by the agitation of his wig, his back, and the calves of his legs, that he felt much like to one who feels him-self studdenly in the gripe of a she-bear, without being able to distinguish whether the animal is in kindness or in wrath. "Kinaman" she mid. "won are welcome-and you

able to distinguistic whether the animal is in kindness or in wrath. "Kinsman," she said, "you are welcome—and you too, stranger," she added, releasing my alarmed com-panion, who instinctively drew back and settled his wig, and addressing herself to me,—" You also are welcome. You came," she added, " to our unhappy country, when our bloods were chafed, and our hands were red Excuse the rudeness that gave you a weicome. You came," she added, "to our unhappy country, when our bloods were chaited, and our hands were red. Excuse the rudeness that gave you a rough weicome, and lay it spon the swil times and not upon us." All this was said with the manners of a princess, and in the tone and style of a court. Nor was there the least tincture of that vulgarity, which we naturally attach to the Lowland Scot-tish. There was a strong provincial accentuation, but, otherwise, the language rendered by Helen Mac-Gregor, out of the native and poetical Gaelic, inte-English, which she had acquired as we do learned tongues, but had probably never heard applied to the mean purposes of ordinary life, was graceful, flowing and declamatory. Her husband, who hed in his time played many parts, used a much less elevated and emphatic dialect,—bat even Ais language rose in purity of expression, as you may have remarked, if I have been accurate in recording it, when the affairs which he discussed were of an agitating and impor-tant nature; and it appears to me in his case, and in that of some other Highlanders whom I have known, that, when familiar and facctious, they used the Lowland Scottish dialect,—when serious and im-pessioned, their thoughts arranged themselves in the thore accurate an recording ideas in English, the expressions sounded wild, elevated, and poeticak In fact, the language of passion is almost always pure as well as vehement, and it is no uncommon thing to hear a Scotchman, when overwhelmed by a countryman with a tone of bitter and fluent upbraid-ing, reply by way of taunt to his adversary, "You us to a refreshment spread out on the grass, which abounded with all the good things their mountains could offer, but was clouded by the dark and undia-turbed gravity which ast on the brow of our hosters, as well as by our deep and anxious recollection of what had taken place on the preceding day. It was in vain that the leader exerted himself to excites mirth: A chill buag over our minds as if the feast had been finnereal ; an

it was ended. "Adieu, consin," she said to Mr. Jarvio, as we 43"

stern voice, " what means this ?-have you forgotten the charge?" "MacGregor," she replied, "I have forgotten nought that is fitting for me to remember. It is not such hands as these," and she stretched forth her long sinewy, and bare arm, "that are fitting to con-vey love-tokens, were the gift connected with aught but misery.-Young man," she said, presenting me with a ring, which I well remembered as one of the few ornaments that Miss Vernon bonetimes wore, "this comes from one whom you will never see more. If it is a joyless token, it is well fitted to pass through the hands of one to whom you will never see more. Her last words were-Let him forget me for ever." "And can she," I said, almost without being con-scious that I spoke, "suppose that is possible ?" "All may be forgotten," said the actraordinary fe-male who addressed me,-----that the sense of dis-honour, and the desire of vengeance." "Seid suas I'\* cried the MacGregor, stamping with impatience. The bagpipes sounded, and, with their thrilling and jarring tones, cut short our confe-rence. Our leave of our hostess was taken by silent gestures; and we resumed our journey, with an ad-ditional proof on my part, that I was beloved by Di-ana, and was separated from her for ever.

#### CHAPTER XXXVI.

Farewell to the land where the clouds love to rest, Like the shroud of the dead on the mountain's cold breast; To the cataract's roar where the cagies ronly, And the lake her lose bosom expands to the sky.

And the lake her lone bosom expands to the sky. Own route lay through a dreary, yet romantic coun-try, which the distress of my own mind prevented me from remarking particularly, and which, therefore, I will not attempt to describe. The lofty peak of Bon Lomond, here the predominant monarch of the moun-taine, lay on our right hand, and served as a striking land-mark. I was not awakened from my apathy, until, after a long and toilsome walk, we emerged through a pass in the hills, and Loch Lomond opened before us I will mare you the attempt to describe until, after a long and toilsome walk, we emerged through a pass in the hills, and Loch Lomond opened before us. I will spare you the attempt to describe what you would hardly comprehend without going to see it. But certainly this noble lake, boasting innume-rable beautiful islands, of every varying form and out-ine which fancy can frame,—its northern extremity marrowing until it is lost among dusky and retreating mountains,—while, gradually widening as it extends to the southward, it spreads its base around the in-dentures and promontories of a fair and fertile land, affords one of the most surprising, beautiful, and sub-lime spectacles in nature. The eastern side, pecu-liarly rough and rugged, was at this time the chief seat of MacGregor and his clan, to curb whom a small garifeon had been stationed in a central posi-tion betwixt Loch Lomond and another lake. The extreme strength of the country, however, with the numerous passes, marshes, caverns, and other places of concealment or defence, made the establishment of this little fort seem rather an acknowledgment of lagainst it. On wore then one covarion as wall as on thet

 Its
 ROB ROY.
 [CMAP. XXXVI

 Toge from the entertainment; " the best wish Helen MacGregor can give to a friend is, that he may see her no more."
 pleasure that he had caused the captives of the pre-ceding day to be liberated in safety; and many traits end and melancholy stermess of her countenases bore down and disconcerted the mechanical and for-mal importance of the magistrate. He coughed,-hemmed,-bowed,-and was silent. "For you, stra-ger," she said, "I have a token, from one whom you can never"—
 A boat waited for us in a creek beneath a buge to the second to keave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and our host took leave of us with great cordiality, and which formed a strong contrast to their different oe usigh that is fitting for me to remember. It is not such hands as these," and she stretched forth her long, sinewy, and bare arm, "that are fitting to con-ver love-tokens, were the gift connected with agreeting the but misery.—Young man," she said, presenting me with a ring, which I well remembered as one of the few ornaments that Mise Vernon bometimes wore, "this comes from one whom you will never see more." "this comes from one whom you will never see more." "this comes from one whom you will never see more." "this comes from one whom you will never see more." "this comes from one whom you will never see more." "this come from one whom you will never see more." "this

With these assurances of mutual aid and continued good-will, we bore away from the shore, and took our course for the south-western angle of the lake, where it gives birth to the river Leven. Rob Roy re-mained for some time standing on the rock from be-neath which we had departed, conspicuous by him long gun, waving tartaus, and the single plume in his cap, which in those days denoted the Highland gentleman and soldier; although I observe the pro-sent military taste has decorated the Highland bos-net with a quantity of black plumage, resembling that which is borne before funerals. At length, so the distance increased between us, we saw him tart With these assurances of mutual aid and continued the distance increased between us, we saw him teri and go slowly up the side of the hill, followed by his immediate attendants or body guard.

immediate attendants or body guard. We performed our voyage for a long time in silence, interrupted only by the Gaelic chant which one of the rowers sung in low irregular measure, rising occa-aionally into a wild chorus, in which the others joined. My own thoughts were sad enough; yet I felt something soothing in the magnificent scenery with which I was surrounded; and thought, in the enther of Rome, I could have consented to live and die a lonely hermit in one of the romantic and besutiful islands amongst which our host sided

lonely hermit in one of the romanic and beautiful islands amongst which our boat glided. The Bailie had also his speculations, but they were of somewhat a different complexion; as I found when, after about an hour's silence, during which has had been mentally engaged in the calcolations noton-sary, he undertook to prove the possibility of draining the lake, and "giving to plough and harrow manny hundred, ay, many a thousand scrae, from whilk me man could get earthly gude e'enow, miles it were a gedd, t or a dish of perch now and then." Amidst a long discussion, which he "craumed in to mine ear against the stomach of my sense," I con remember that it was part of his project to pre-a portion of the lake just deep enough and bare

enough for the purposes of water-carriage, a coal-barges and gabbards should pass as can tween Dunbarton and Glenfalloch as between

dentures and promonitories of a fair and fertile land, affords one of the most surprising, beautiful and sub-imery rough and rugged, was at this time the chief is and parties in ature. The eastern side, pecu-iarly rough and rugged, was at this time the chief is as of MacGregor and his clan, to curb whom a small garrison had been stationed in a central posi-tion betwirk Loch Lomond and another lake. There we found Dougal with the a commercus passes, marshes, caverns, and other places of concealment or defence, made the establishment of this little fort seem rather an acknowledgment of the danger, than an effectual means of securing garinst it. On more than one occasion, as well as on that adventurous spirit of the outlaw and his followers. These advantages were never sullied by ferocity when he himself was in command; for equally goot tempered and sagacions, he understood well the dan-gor of incurring unnecessary odiupt. I learnt with

be employed in the warehouse till something better cast up.

suld cast up." "Her nainsell muckle obliged till the Bailie's ho-nour," replied Dougal; "but teil be in her shanks fan she gangs on a causeway'd street, unless she be drawn up the Gallowgate wi' tows, as she was before." In fact, I afterwards learned that Dougal had ori-gingally come to Glasgow as a prisoner, from being concerned in some depredation, but had somehow found such favour in the eyes of the jailer, that, with rather overweening confidence, he hud retained him in his service as one of the turnkeya: a task which in his service as one of the turnkeys; a task which Dougal had discharged with sufficient fidelity, so far as was known, until overcome by his clannish prejudices on the unexpected appearance of his old leader.

Astonished at receiving so round a refusal to so favourable an offer, the Bailie, turning to me, observ-ed, that the "creature was a natural-born idiot." I eq that the "creature was a natural-born idiot." I testified my own gratitude in a way which Dougal much better reliabed, by slipping a couple of guineas into his hand. He no sooner fait the touch of the gold, than he sprung twice or thrice from the earth with the agility of a wild buck, finging out first one heel and then another, in a manner which would

with the agnity of a wild buck, minging out mist one heel and then another, in a manner which would have astopiahed a French dancing-master. He ran to the boatmen to show them the prize, and a small gratuity made them take part in his raptures. He then, to use a favourite expression of the dramatic John Bunyan, "went on his way, and I saw him no more." The Bailie and I mounted our horses, and proceed-ed on the road to Glasgow. When we had lost the view of the lake, and its superb amphitheatre of mountains, I could not help expressing, with enthu-siasm, my sense of its natural beautes, although I was conscious that Mr. Jarvie was a very unconge-nial spirit to communicate with on such a subject. "Ye are a young gentleman," he replied, " and an Englishman, and a 'this may be very fine to you; but for me, wha am a plain man, and ken something o' the different values of land, I wadna gie the finest sight we hae seen in the Hielands, for the first keek o' she Gorbals o' Glasgow; and if I were ance there, mt suldna be every fule s errand, begging your pardon, Mr. Francis, that suld take me out o' sight o' Saint Murngo's steeple again 1" The bonest man had his wish; for, by dint of tra-

Mungo's steeple again !" The honest man had his wish; for, by dint of tra-velling very late, we arrived at his own house that night, or rather on the succeeding morning. Having seen my worthy fellow-traveller safely consigned to the charge of the considerate and officious Mattie, I proceeded to Mrs. Flyter's, in whose house, even at this unwonted hour, light was still burning. The door was opened by no less a person than Andrew Fairservice himself, who, upon the first sound of my voice, set up a loud shout of joyfal recognition, and without uttering a syllable, ran up stairs towards a parlour on the second floor, from the windows of which the light proceeded. Justly conceiving that he went to announce my return to the anxious Owen, followed him upon the foot. Owen was not alone,— were was another in the apartment,—it was my

There was another in the apartment,—it was my there. The first impulse was to preserve the dignity of his mail equanimity,—"Francis, I am glad to see you."— the next was to embrace me tenderly,—" My dear— ther son?"—Owen secured one of my hands, and steed it with his tears, while he joined in gratula-ing may return. These are scenes which address massives to the eye and to the heart, rather than the car.—My old eye-lids will moisten at the re-thection of our meeting; but your kind and affec-mate feelings can well imagine what I should find "manodystible to describe.

The feelings can well imagine what I should find when the tunult of our joy was over, I learnt that **Father** had arrived from Holland shortly after an had set off for Scotland. Determined and id in all his movements, he only stopped to pro-the means of discharging the obligations incum-the means of discharging the obligations incumin his house. By his extensive resources, with a emlarged, and credit fortified, by eminent suc-irn his continental speculation, he easily accom-ire deviate the perhaps his absence alone rendered for it, and set out for Scotland to exact justice from hieigh Osbaldistone, as well as to put order to his

affairs in that country. My father's arrival is full credit, and with the ample means of supporting his engagements honourably, as well as benefiting his engagements ionourably, as we a stunning blow to MacVittie and Company, who had conceived his star set for ever. Highly incensed at the usage his con-fidential clerk and agent had received at their hands, Mc Osbalistone refused every tender of apology and accommodation; and, having settled the balance of their account, announced to them, that, with all its numerous contingent advantages, that leaf of their

its numerous contingent advantages, that leaf of their leger was closed for ever. While he enjoyed this triumph over false fright, h was not a little alarmed on my account. Owen, good man, had not supposed it possible that a journey of fifty or sixty miles, which may be made with so much ease and safety in any direction from Lon-don, could be attended with any particular danger. But he caught alarm, by sympathy, from my father, to whom the country, and the lawless character of its inhabitants, were better known.

These apprehensions were raised to agony, when, These apprehensions were raised to agony, when, a few hours before I arrived, Andrew Fairservice made his appearance, with a dismal and exaggrated account of the uncertain state in which he had left me. The nobleman with whose troops he had been a sort of prisoner, had, after examination, not only dismissed him, but furnished him with the means of returning rapidly to Glasgow, in order to announce to my friends my precarious and unpleasant situation. Andrew was one of those persons who have no ob-

jection to the sort of temporary attention and woful importance which attaches itself to the bearer of bad

importance which attaches itself to the bearer of bad tidings, and had therefore by no means smoothed down his tale in the telling, especially as the rich London merchant himself proved unexpectedly one of the audi-tors. He went at great length into an account of the dangers I had escaped, chiefly, as he insinuated, by means of his own experience, exertion, and asgacity. "What was to come of me now, when my better angel, in his (Andrew's) person, was removed from my side, it was," he said, "sad and sait to conjec-ture; that the Bailie was 'nae better than just nae-body at a pinch, or something waur, for he was a conceited body-and. Andrew hated conceit-but cer-tainly atween the, pistols and the carabines of the troopers, that rappit aff the tane after the tother as fast as hail, and the dirks and claymores o' the His-landers, and the deep waters and weils o' the Avon dow, it was to be thought there wad be a puir account of the young gentleman."

This statement would have driven Owen to de-This statement would have driven Owen to de-spair, had he been alone and unsupported; but my father's perfect knowledge of mankind enabled him easily to appreciate the character of Andrew, and the real amount of his intelligence. Stripped of all exag-geration, however, it was alarming enough to a parent. He determined to set out in person to obtain the bar and a parent was alarming to be a set of the set of the set. geration, however, it was alarming enough to a parent. He determined to set out in person to obtain my liberty, by ransom or negotiation, and was busied with Owen till a late hour, in order to get through some necessary correspondence, and devolve on the latter some business which should be transacted during his absence; and thus it chanced that I found them watchers

It was late ere we separated to rest, and, too imp tent long to endure repose. I was stirring early the next morning. Andrew gave his attendance at my levee, as in duty bound, and, instead of the scarecrow figure to which he had been reduced at Aberfoil, now

figure to which he had been reduced at Aberfoil, now appeared in the attire of an undertaker, a goodly suit, namely of the deepest mourning. It was not till afte one or two queries, which the rascal affected as long as he could to misunderstand, that I found out he "had thought it but decent to put on mourning, on account of my inexpressible loss; and as the brokes at whose shop he had equipped himself, declined to receive the goods again, and as his own garments had been destroyed or carried off in my honour's ser-vice, doubless I and my honourable father, whom .Providence had blessed wi' the means, wadna suffer a puir lad to sit down wi' the loss; a stand o' class for't,) especially to an auld and attached servant of the house."

As there was something of justice in Andrew's plea of loss in my service, his finesse succeeded; and he came by a good suit of mourning, with a beaver and

came by a good suit of mourning, with a beaver and oll things conforming, as the exterior signs of wo for a master who was alive and merry. My father's first care, when he arose, was to visit Mr. Jarvie, for whose kindness he entertained the most grateful sentiments, which he expressed in very fow but manly and nervous terms. He explained the altered state of his affairs, and offered the Bailie, on such terms as could not but be both advantageous and acceptable, that part in his concerns which had been hitherto managed by MacVittie and Company. The Baihe heartily congratulated my father and Owen on the changed posture of their affairs, and, without affecting to disclaim that he had done his best to erve them, whon matters looked otherwise, he said, "He had only just acid as he wad be done by that rie nau oniy just acted as he wad be done by that, as to the extension of their correspondence, he frank-fy accepted it with thanks. Had MacVittie's folk be-haved like honest men," he said, "he wad hae liked ill to hae come in ahinit them, and out afore them, this gate. But it's otherwise, and they maun e'en stand the loss."

mis gate. Dut it's otherwise, and they main e'en stand the loss." The Bailie then pulled me by the sleeve into a cor-ner, and, after again cordially wishing me joy, pro-ceeded in rather an embarrassed tone. "I wad heartily wish, Maister Francis, there suld be as little said as possible about the queer things we saw up yonder awa-There's nae gude, unless ane were judicially examinate, to say ony thing about that awfu' job o' Morris-and the members o' the council wadna think it creditable in ane of their body so be fighting wi' a wheen Hielandmen, and singeing their plaidens-And abune a', though I am a decent sponsible man, when I am on my right end, I canna but think I maun hae made a queer figure without my hat and my periwig, hinging by the middle like baw-drons, or a cloak flung ower a cloak-pin. Bailie Gra-hame wad hae an unco hair in my neck an he got I could not suppress a smile when I recollected the

that tale by the end." I could not suppress a smile when I recollected the Baille's situation, although I certainly thought it no faughing matter at the time. The good-natured mer-chant was a little confused, but smiled also when he shook his head. "I see how it is—I see how it is. But say naching about it—there's a gude callant; and charge that lang-tongued, conceited, upsetting serving-man o' yours, to say naching neither. I wad-ita for ever sae muckle that even the lassock Mattie kend ony thing about it. I wad never hear an end o't." He was obviously relieved from his impending fears of ridicule, when I told him it was my father's inten-

tend ony thing about it. I wad never hear an end o't." He was obviously relieved from his impending fears of ridicule, when I told him it was my father's inten-tion to leave Glasgow almost immediately. Indeed he had now no motive for remaining, since the most valuable part of the papers carried off by Rashleigh had been recovered. For that portion which he had converted into cash and expended in his own or on political intrigues, there was no mode of recovering it but by a suit at law, which was forthwith com-menced, and proceeded, as our law-agents assured es, with all deliberate speed. We spent, accordingly, one hospitable day with the Bailie, and took leave of him, as this narrative now does. He continued to grow in wealth, honour, and credit, and actually rose to the highest civic honours in his native city. About two years after the period I have mentioned, he tired of his bachelor life, and gromoted Mattie from her wheel by the kitchen fire, for all men have their enemies, especially in the counciles a royal burgh.) ridiculed this transforma-tion. "But," said Mr. Jarvie, "let them say their so, the upper end of his table, no lose my liking for sae for all men have their enemies, especially in the counciles a notal word, burgh. pridiculed this transforma-tion. "But," said Mr. Jarvie, "let them say their so, the upper end of his table, nor lose my liking for sae fockless a matter as a nine days' clash. My honest here the deacon had a byword, 'Breot brow and tily skin.

Besides," as he always concluded, " Mattie was nae erdinary lassock-quean; she was skin to the Laird o' Limmerfield."

gifts, I do not pressure to decide; but Mattie behaved excellently in her exaltation, and relieved the appro-hensions of some of the Bailie's friends, who had deemed his experiment somewhat hazardous. not know that there was any other incident of his quiet and useful life worthy of being particularly recorded.

#### CHAPTER XXXVII.

"Onne ye hither, my 'air' good sona, Gallant men I trow ye be, How many of you, my children dear, Will stand by that good Eart and me

Will stand by turn. ... " Five's of them spoke hastily, ' Five's of them spoke hastily, ' o father, till the day wg dis, We'll stand by that good Earl and thee."" The Rising in the Spoke Sector Sector

On the morning when we were to depart from Gia gow, Andrew Fairservice bounced into my apartmen like a madman, jumping up and down, and singing with more vehemence than tune,

"The kiln's on fire-the kiln's on fire-The kiln's on fire-site's a' in a lowe."

With some difficulty I prevailed on him to cease hi confounded clamour, and explain to me what the mag-ter was. He was pleased to inform me, as if he had been bringing the finest news imaginable, "that the

ter was. He was pleased to inform me, as if he had been bringing the finest news imaginable, "that the Hielands were clean broken out every man of them and that Rob Roy, and a' his breekless bands, was be down upon Glasgow, or twenty-four hoars o' the clock gaed round." "Hold your tongue," said I, "you rescal! Yes must be drunk or mad; and if there is any truth is your news, is it a singing matter, you scoundref 7 "Drunk or mad ? nae doubt," replied Andrew dauntlessly; "ane's aye drunk or mad I he tells what grit folks dinna like to hear—Sing 7 old, the class will make us sing on the wrang side o' our mosth, if we are sae drunk or mad as to bide their coming." I roke in great haste, and found my fasher and Owen also on foot, and in considerable alarm. Andrew's news proved but too true in the main. The great rebellion which agitated Britain in the year of Mar's setting up the standard of the Stewart family in an ill-omened hour, to the rain of many, honourable families, both in England and Scottand in a part of the first's governmear sequenties with the extensive ramifications of a compired with the extensive ramifications of a compired with effect upon the country, which, however, was planaged into much confusion. This great public event served to confirm and des cidats the obscure explanations I had received from MacGregor ; and I could easily see why the west as clans, who were brought against him, should have

MacGregor ; and I could easily see why the we MacGregor; and I could easily see why the westland clans, who were brought against him, should have waived their private quarrel, in consideration that they were all shortly to be engaged in the same public cause. It was a more melancholy reflection to my mind, that Diana Vernon was the wife of one of these who were most active in turning the world upset down, and that she was herself exposed to all the privations and perils of her husband's hazardes trade.

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Sures we were to adopt in this crisis, and accurate in my father's plan, that we should instanting et up in my father's plan, that we should instanting et up in my father's plan, that we should instanting et up in the second magnetic of Mrs.
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We traveled in hot mustering We held an immediate consultation on the m

#### CHAP. XXXVII.]

the Whige assembled themselves in the principal towns, armed the inhabitants, and prepared for civil war. We narrowly escaped being stopped on mere occasions than one, and were often compelled to take circuitous routes to avoid the points where forces were

When we reached London, we immediately asso-ciated with those bankers and eminent merchants who agreed to support the credit of government, and who agreed to support the credit of government, and to meet that run upon the funds, on which the con-spirators had greatly founded their hopes of fur-thering their undertaking, by rendering the govern-ment, as it were, bankrupt. My father was chosen one of the members of this formidable body of the monied interest, as all had the greatest confidence in his zeal, skill, and activity. He was also the organ by which they communicated with government, and contrived, from funds belonging to his own house, or over which he had command, to find purchasers of a quantity of the national stock, which was sud-denly flung into the market at a depreciated price when the rebellion broke out. I was not idle myself, but obtained a commission, and levied, at my father's but obtained a commission, and levied, at my father's expense, about two hundred men, with whom I join-

expense, about two numers men, with whom a joint-ed General Carpenter's army. The rebellion, in the mean time, had extended itself to England. The unfortunate Earl of Derwentwater had taken arms in the cause, along with General Foster. My poor uncle, Sir Hildebrand, whose estate was reduced to almost nothing by his own careless-

Foster. My poor uncie, Sir Hildebrand, whose estate was reduced to almost nothing by his own careless-ness and the expense and debauchery of his sons and household, was easily persuaded to join that unfortu-nate standard. Before doing so, however, he exhibit-ed a degree of precation of which no one could have suspected him-he made his will ! By this document he devised his estates at Osbaldis-'one-Hall, and so forth, to his sons successively, and their male heirs, until he came to Rashleigh, whom, on account of the turn he had lately taken in politics, he detested with all his might, —He cut him off with a shilling, and settled the estate on me, as his next heir. I had always been rather a favourite of the old gentleman; but it is probable that, confident in the number of gigantic youths who now armed around him, he considered the destination as likely to re-main a dead letter, which he inserted chiefly to show his displeasure at Rashleigh's treachery, both public and domestic. There was an article, by which he dismonds belonging to her late aunt, and a great sil-ver ewer, having the arms of Vernon and Osbaldis-tone quarterly engraven upon it. But Heaven had decreed a more smeady attinction

ver ever, having the arms of Vernon and Qabaldis-tone quarterly engraven upon it. But Heaven had decreed a more speedy extinction of his numerous and healthy lineage and more pro-bably, he himself had reckoned on. In the very first nuster of the conspirators at a place called Green-ling, Thorncliff Osbaldistone quartelled about pre-edence with a gentleman of the Northumbrian bor-ter, to the fall as fierce and intractable as himself. In spite of all reinonstrances, they gave their com-mander a specimen of how far their discipline might be relied upon, by fighting it out with their rapiers, and my kinsman was killed on the spot. His death thanding his infernal temper, he had a grain or two of more sense than belonged to the rest of the bro-therhood, Rashleigh always excepted.

of more sense than belonged to the rest of the bro-therhood, Rashleigh always excepted. Perceval, the sot, died also in his calling. He had a wager with another gentleman, who, from his exploits in that line, had acquired the formidable epithet of Brandy Swalewell, which should drink the largest cup of strong liquor when King James was proclaimed by the insurgents at Morpeth. The exploit was something enormous. I forget the exact quantity of brandy which Percie swallowed, but it occasioned a fever, of which he expired at the end of three days, with the Word seafer, rinder.

when he expired at the end of three days, with the word seater, water, perpetually on his tongue. Dickon broke his neck hear Warrington Bridge, in an attempt to show off a foundered blood-mare which he wished to palm upon a Manchester mer-chant who had joined the insurgents. He pushed he animal at a five-barred gate; she fell in the leep, and the unfortunate jockey lost his life. 3 M

Wilfred the fuol, as sometimes befalls, had the best Willied the tool, as sometimes betails, had the best fortune of the family. He was alain at Proud Pres-ton, in Lancashire, on the day that General Carpen-ter attacked the barricades, fighting with great bravery though I have heard he was never able ex-actly to comprehend the cause of quarrel, and did not uniformly remember on which king's side he was en-gaged. John also behaved very boldly in the same engagement, and received several wounds, of which he was not then ye arough todie no the smot

engagement, and received several wounds, of which he was not happy enough to die on the spot. Old Sir Hildebrand, entirely broken hearted by these successive losses, became by the next day's sur-render, one of the unhappy prisoners, and was lodged in Newgate with his wounded son John. I was now released from my military duty, and lost

no time, therefore, in endeavouring to relieve the dis-tresses of these near relations. My father's interest with government, and the general compassion exciled by a parent who had sustained the successive loss of so many sons within so short a time, would have prevented my uncle and cousin from being brought to trial for

many sons within so short a time, would have prevent-ed my uncle and cousin from being brought to trial for high treason.; but their doom was given forth from a greater tribunal. John died of his wounds in New-gate, recommending to me with his last breath, a cast of hawks which he had at the Hall, and a black spaniel bitch called Lucy. My poor uncle seemed beaten down to the very carth by his family calamities, and the circumstances in which he unexpectedly found himself. He said little, but scemed grateful for such attentions as cir-cumstances permitted me to show him. I did not witness his meeting with my father for the first time for so many years, and under circumstances so melancholy; but judging from my father's extreme depression of spirits, it must have been melancholy in the last degree. Sir Hildebrand spoke with great bitterness against Rashleigh, now his only surviving child; laid upon him the ruin of his house, and the deaths of all his brethren, and declared, that neither he nor they would have plunged into political in-trigue, but for that very member of his family who had been the first to desert them. He once or twices mentioned Diana, always with great affection; and once he said, while I sate by his bedside—" Nevoy, since Thorncliff and all of them are dead, I am sorry you cannot have her."

The expression affected me much at the time: for it was a usual custom of the poor old Baronet's, when joyously setting forth upon the morning's chase, to distinguish Thorncliff, who was a favourite, while he summoned the rest more generally; and the loud jolly tone in which he used to hollo, "Call Thornie-call all of them," contrasted sadly with the wobegone and self-abandoning note in which he uttered the dis-consolate words which I have abave guoted. He mentioned the contents of his will, and supplied me with an authenticated copy—the original he had de-posited with my, old acquaintance Mr. Justice Engle-wood, who, dreaded by no one, and confided in by all as a kind of neutral person, had become, for aught I know, the depositary of half the wills of the fighting men of both factions in the county of Northumber-land. The expression affected me much at the time: for land

land. The greater part of my uncle's last hours were spent in the discharge of the religious duties of his church, in which he was directed by the chaplain of the Sar-dinian ambassador, from whom, with some difficulty, we obtained permission to visit him. I could not as certain by my own observation, or through the me-dical attendants, that Sir Hildebrand Osbaldistone died of any formed complaint, bearing a name in the science of medicine. He seemed to me completely worn out and broken down by fatigue of body and distress of mind, and rather ceased to exist than died of any positive struggle just as a vessel, buffeted and tossed by a succession of tempestuous gales, her tim-bers overstrained, and her joints loosened, will some-times spring a leak and founder, when there are nu apparent causes for her destruction.

umes spring a leak and founder, when there are no apparent causes for her destruction. It was a remarkable circumstance that my father, after the last duties were performed to his brother, appeared suddenly to imbibe a strong anxiety that I should act upon the will, and represent his father a house, which had hitherto seemed to be the thing in

the world which had least charms for him. But for-The world which had least charms for him. But for-merly, he had been only like the fox in the fable, con-terming what was beyond his reach; and, moreover, I doubt not that the excessive dislike which he en-tertained against Rashleigh (now Sir Rashleigh) Os-baldistone, who loudly threatened to attack his faher Sir Hildebrand's will and settlement, corroborated

my father's desire to maintain it. "He had been most arjustly disinherited," he said. "by his own father—his brother's will had repaired the disgrace, if not the injury, by leaving the wreck of the property to Frank, the natural heir, and he was

of the property to Frank, the natural heir, and he was 'determined the bequest should take effect.'' In the meantime, Rashleigh was not altogether a contemptible personage as an opponent. The inform-ation he had given to government was critically well-timed, and his extreme tplausibility, with the 'extent of his intelligence, and the artful manner in which he contrived to assume both merit and influ-ence hed to a certain extent procured him naturang which he contrived to assume both merit and influ-ence, had, to a certain extent, procured him patrons among ministers. We were already in the full tide of litigation with him on the subject of his pillaging the firm of Osbaldistone and Tresham; and, judging from the progress we made in that comparatively simple lawsuit, there was a chance that this second course of litigation might be drawn out beyond the period of all our natural lives. To avert these delays as much as possible, mu fa-

course of nugation might be drawn out beyond the period of all our natural lives. To avert these delays as much as possible, my fa-ther, by the advice of his counsel learned in the law, paid off and vested in my person the rights to certain farge merigages, affecting Osbaldistono-Hall. Per-haps, however, the opportunity to convert a great share of the large profits which accrued from the vapid rise of the funds upon the suppression of the rebellion, and the experience he had so lately had of the perils of commerce, encoursed him to realize, in this manner, a considerable part of his property. At any rate, it so chanced that, instead of commanding me to the desk, as I fully expected, having intimated my willingness to comply with his wishes, however they might destine me, I received his directions to go down to Osbaldistone-Hall, and take possession of it as the heir and representative of the family. I was directed to supply to Squire Inglewood for the copy of my uncle's will deposited with him, and take all necessary measures to secure that possession, which sages say makes nine points of the law. all necessary measures to secure that possession, which sages say makes nine points of the law.

At another time I should have been delighted with At another time I should have been designed with this change of destination. But now Oebaldistone-Hall was accompanied with many painful recollec-tions. Still, however, I thought, that in that neigh-bourhood only I was likely to acquire some informa-tion respecting the fate of Diana Vermon. I had every reason to fear it must be far different from what I could have wished it. But I could obtain no pre-tion respecting the subset. It must be the problem of the sub-tion the subset is the subset. cise information on the subject. It was in vain that I endeavoured, by such acts of kindness as their situa-tion admitted, to conciliate the confidence of some tion admitted, to concluse the confidence of some distant relations who were among the prisoners in Newgate. A pride which I could not condemn, and a natural suspicion of the Whig, Frank Osbaldistone, cousin to the double-distilled traitor Rashleigh, closed every heart and tongue, and I only received thanks, cold and extorted, in exchange for such benefits as I had power to offer. The arm of the law was also gradually abridging the numbers of those whom I endeavoured to serve, and the hearts of the survivors became gradually more contracted towards all whom they conceived to be concerned with the existing gothey conceived to be concerned with the existing go-vernment. As they were led gradually, and by de-tachments, to execution, those who survived lost in-terest in mankind, and the desire of communicating with them. I shall long remember what one of them, with them. I shall long remember what one of them, Ned Shafton by name, replied to my anxious inquiry, whether there was any indulgence I could procure him? "Mr. Frank Osbaldistone, I must suppose you mean me kindly, and therefore I thank you. But, by G—, men cannot be fattened like poultry, when they see their neighbours carried off day by day to the place of execution, and know that their own necks are to be twisted round in their turn." Upon the whole, therefore, was also to exceen from

Upon the whole, therefore, I was glad to escape from London, from Newgate, and from the scenes which both exhibited, to breathe the free air of Northum-

berland. Andrew Fairservice had continued in my service, more from my father's pleasure than my own. At present there seemed a prospet that he own. At present there seemed a prospect hat he local acquaintance with Osbaldistone-Hall as in vicinity might be useful; and, of course, be som-panied me on my journey, and I enjoyed the proper of getting rid of him, by establishing him in had quarters. I cannot conceive how he could peen upon my father to interest himself in him, when i were by the art, which he possessed in no incomis-able degree, of affecting an extreme attachment be no master, which theoretical attachment he may compatible in practice with playing all meaner tricks without scruple, providing only agains he master being cheated by any one but himself. We performed our journey to the North with

We performed our journey to the North with any remarkable adventure, and we found the con any remarkable adventure, and we tounn necousay so lately agitated by rebellion, now peaced an in good order. The nearer we approached to the distone-Hall, the more did my heart suck at by thought of entering that deserted mansing; so that in order to postpone the evil day, I reader at the make my visit at Mr. Justice Inglewoods

That venerable person had been much distribution with thoughts of what he had been and what he now was; and natural recollections of the part h interfered considerably with the active day, which in his present situation, might have been emp from him. He was fortunate however, is our spect; he had got rid of his clerk, Jobson, was finally left him in dudgeon at his inactivity, and come legal assistant to a certain Squire Stand who had lately commenced operations in the year as a justice, with a zeal for King George and the testant succession, which, very different from the ings of his old patron, Mr. Jobson had more so son to restrain within the bounds of the last to stimulate to exertion

Old Justice Inglewood received me with get tesy, and readily exhibited my uncle's with seemed to be without a flaw. He was for any in obvious distress, how he should speak as a my presence; but when he found, that though i was disposed to think with pity on those was opposed it on a mistaken feeling of loyaly and his discourse became a very diverting medie he had done, and what he had left undone,

nis curces became a very diverting matter at he had done, and what he had left undon, "myn he had taken to prevent some squires from inset and to wink at the escape of others, who had he so unlucky as to engage in the affor. We were *tete-a-tete*, and several burgers had he quaffed by the Justice's special done, these sudden, he requested me to fill a bens factoring the health of mor Die Vernon, the rese of the w erness, the heath-bell of Chevet, and the blan that's transplanted to an infernal convext. "Is not Miss Vernon married then? I exclude in great astonishment. "I thought his Kreeling "Pooh 1 pooh 1 his Excellency and his Lord all a humbug now, you know-mere St. Go titles-Earl of Beauchamp, and ambassader a tentiary from France, when the Duke Regent leans scarce knew that he lived, I dare ssy-must have seen old Sir Frederick Vermon at when he played the part of Father Vaughan vas "Good Hervens ! then Vaughan was Jim "To be sure he was," said the Justice, "Those a sure he was," said the Justice, we

"To be sure he was," said the Justice, "There's no use in keeping the secret not must be out of the country by this time of no doubt, it would be my duity to appreciate Come, off with your bumper to my dear last.

And let her health so round, around, around, And let her issalth so round; For though your stocking be of silk, Your knees near kins the ground, aground, ag

I was unable, as the reader may easily con join in the Justice's jollity. My head swart shock 1 had received. "I never heard," I Miss Vernon's father was living," "It was not our government's fault that

\* This pithy verse occurs, it is believed, m S Bury Fair.

#### CHAT. XXXVIII.]

CHAT. XXXVIII.] ROB replied Inglewood, "for the devil a man there is whose head would have brought more money. He was condemned to death for Fenwick's plot, and was thought to have had some hand in the Knights-bridge affair, in King William's time; and as he had married in Scotland a relation of the house of Bread-albane, he possessed great influence with all their chiefs. There was a talk of his being demanded to be given up at the Peace of Ryswick, but he shammed ill, and his death was given publicly out in the French papers. But when he came back here on the old score, we old cavaliers knew him well, --that is to soy, I knew him, not as being a cavalier myself, but no information being lodged against the poor gentle-man, and my memory being shortened by frequent stacks of the gout, I could not have sworn to him, you know." "Was he, then, not known at Osbaldistone-Hall ?" I inquired.

I inquired.

"Was he, then, not known at Osbaldistone-Hall T I inquired. "To none but to his daughter, the old knight, and Rashleigh, who had got at that secret as he did at every one else, and held it like a twisted cord about poor Die's neck. I have seen her one hundred times she would have spit at him, if it had not been fear for her father, whose life would not have been worth five minutes' purchase if he had been discovered to the government-But don't mistake me, Mr. Os-baldistone; I say the government is a good, a gra-sious, and a just government; and if it has hanged one half of the rebels, poor things, alk will acknow-ledge they would not have been touched had they staid peaceably at home." Waving the discussion of these political questions. I brought back Mr. Inglewood to his subject, and I found that Diana, having positively refused to marry any of the Osbaldistone family, and expressed her particular detestation of Rashleigh, he had from that inffe begun to cool in zeal for the cause of the Pre-tender; to which, as the youngest of six brethren, and bold, artful, and able, he had hitherto looked forward as the means of making his fortune. Proba-bly the compulsion with which he had been forced for generic poils which he had been forced from my father's counting-house by the united authority of Sue Erederick Yaron and tha Scattigh Chick he had

my father's counting-house by the united authority of Sir Frederick Vernon and the Scottish Chiefs, had Sir Frederick Vernon and the Scottish Chiefs, had determined his resolution to advance his progress by changing his opinions, and betraying his trust. Perhaps also, for few men were better judges where his interest was concerned, he considered their means and talents to be, as they afterwards proved, greatly inadequate to the important task of overthrowing an established government. Sir Frederick Vernon, or, as he was called among the Jacobites, his Excellency Viscount Beauchamp, had, with his daughter, some difficulty in escaping the consequences of Rashleigh's information. Here Mr. Inglewood's information was at fault; but he did not doubt, since we had not heard of Sir Frederick being in the hands of the govern-ment, he must be by this time abroad, where, agreea-ble to the cruel bond he had entered into with his brother-in-law, Diana, since she had declined to select a husband out of the Osbaldistone family, must be confined to a convent. The original cause of this fundament Mr. Inglewood could not per-fectly explain; but he understood it was a family fectly explain ; but he understood it was a family

determining the next day, before breakfast, to ride over to Osbaldistone-Hall. Mr. Inglewood acquiesced in my proposal. "I would be well," he said, "that I made my appear ance there before I was known to be in the country, the more especially as Sir Rashleigh Osbaldistone was now, he understood, at Mr. Johson's house, hatching some mischief doubtless.—They were fit company," he added, "for each other, Sir Rashleigh having lost all right to mingle in the society of men of honour; but it was hardly possible two such d—d rascals should collogue together without mischief to honest people." He concluded, by earnestly recommending a toast and tankard, and an attack upon his venison pasty, before I set ont in the morning, just to break the cold air on the wolds.

air on the wolds.

## CHAPTER XXXVIII

His master's zone, and no one now Dwells in the hale of Ivor ; Men, dogs, and horses, all are dead, If is the sole survivor. Wondsworrm.

THERE are few more melancholy sensations than those with which we regard scenes of past pleasure, when altered and descred. In my ride to Osbaldis-tone-Hall, I passed the same objects which I had seen in company with Miss Vernon on the day of our memorable ride from Inglewood Place. Her spirit seemed to keep me company on the way; and, when I approached the spot where I had first seen her, I almost listened for the cry of the hounds and the notes of the horn, and strained my eye on vacant space, as if to descry the fair huntress again descent like an apparition from the hill. But all was silent, and all was solitary. When I reached the Hall, the closed doors and windows, the grass-grown pave-ment, the courts, which were now so silent, presented a strong contrast to the gay and bustling scene I had oo often seen them exhibit, when the merry hunters were going forth to their morning sport, or returning to the daily festival. The joyous bark of the fox-hounds as they were uncoupled, the crise of the huntsman, the clang of the horses' hoofs, the loud laugh of the old knight at the head of his strong and numerous descendants, were all silenced now and for ever. THERE are few more melancholy sensations than

While I gazed round the scene of solitude and emp-tiness. I was inexpressibly affected, even by recollect-ing those whom, when alive, I had no reason to regard with affection. But the thought that so many youths of goodly presence, warm with life, health, and confidence, were within so short a time cold in the grave, by various yet all violent and unexpected modes of death, afforded a picture of mortality at which the mind trembled. It was little consolation to me that I returned a proprietor to the balls, which I had left almost like a fugitive. 'My mind was not habituated to regard the scenes around as my property, and I felt myself an usurper, at least an intruding stronger, and could hardly divest myself of the idea, that some of the bulky forms of my deceased kinsmen were, like the gigantic spectres of a romance, to appear in the gateway, and dispute my entrance. While I was engaged in these sad thoughts, my follower, Andrew, whose feelings were of a very dif-

The derive and dispute inty entrance. The derive are not been vested in the Osbaldistone family by some legal manceuvre; in short, a family compact, in which, like many of those undertaken at that time of day, the feelings of the principal parties interested were no more regarded than if they had been a part of the live-stock upon the lands. I cannot tell, such is the waywardness of the human heart, whether this intelligence gave me joy that Miss Vernon was eternally divided from me, not by marriage with another, but by seclusion in kind, my regret for her loss was aggravated rather than diminished. I became dull, low-spirited, absent, and unable to support the task of conversing with Justico Inglewood, who in his turn yawned, and pro-posed to reture carly. I took leave of him over night.

Checking with some difficulty the forwardness of my follower, I explained to Syddall the nature of my right, and the title I had to demand admittance into the Hall, as into my own property. The old man seemed much agitated and distressed, and testified manifest reluctance to give me entrance, although it was couched in an humble and submissive tone. I allowed for the agitation of natural feelings, which really did the old man honour; but continued peremp-tory in my demand of admittance, explaining to him that his refusal would oblige me to apply for Mr. In-glewood's warrant, and a constable.

That his retains would only the to appy for bar. An-glewood's warrant, and a constable. "We are come from Mr. Justice Inglewood's this morning," said Andrew, to enforce the menace, " and I saw Archie Ruitelge, the constable, as I came up by -the country's no to be lawless as it has been, Mr. Syddall, letting rebels and papists gang on as they best listed.

The threat of the law sounded dreadful in the old der which he himself lay, from his religion and his der which he himself lay, from his religion and his derotion to Sir Hildebrand and his sons. He undid, devotion to Sir Findebrand and his sons. Fie undid, with fear and trembling, one of the postern entran-ces, which was secured with many a bolt and bar, and humbly hoped that I would excuse him for fide-lity in the discharge of his dury.—I reassured him, and told him I had the better opinion of him for his

hit in the discharge of his duty.—I reassured him, and told him I had the better opinion of him for his caution. "Sae have not I," said Andrew ; "Syddall is an auld sneck-drawer; he wadna be looking as white as a sheet, and his knees knocking thegether, unless it were for something mair than he's like to tell us." "Lord forgive you, Mr. Fairservice," replied the butler, "to say such things of an old friend and fellow-servant I—Where,"—following me humbly along the passage, "where would it be your honour's pleasure to have a fire lighted 7 I fear me you will find the house very dull and dreary—But perhaps you mean to ride back to Inglewood Place to dinner f?" "Light a fire in the library." I replied. "In the library I"—answered the old man; "no-body has sat there this many a day, and the room smokes, for the daws have built in the chimmey this pring, and there were no young men about the Hall to pull them down." "Our ain reek's better than other folk's fire," said Andrew; "his honour likes the library. He's nane o' your Papishers, that delight in blinded ignorance, Mir. Sydall." Very reluctantly, as it appeared to fhe, the butler led the way to the library, notwithstanding what Syddall had reported of the vent. Taking up the tongs, as if to arrange the wood, but rather perhaps to conceal his own confusion, the butler observed, "it was burning clear now, but had smoked woundily in the morning."

was barning," Wishing to be alone, till I recovered myself from the first painful sensations which every thing around me recalled, I desired old Syddall to call the land-stew-Ine met paintui sensations which every thing around me recalled, I desired old Syddall to call the land-stew-ard, who lived at about a quarter of a mile from the Hall. He departed with obvious reluctance. I naxt ordered Andrew to procure the attendance of a couple of stout fellows upon whom he could rely, the popu-lation around being Papists, and Sir Rashleigh, who was capable of any desperate enterprise, being in the meighbourhood. Andrew Fairservice undertook this task with great cheerfulness, and promised to bring ine up from Trinlay-Knowe, "twa true-blue Presby-terians like himsell, that would face and out-face baith the Pope, the devil, and the Pretender-and lythe will I be o' their company mysell, for the very last night that I was at Osbaldistone Hall, the blight he on fika blossom in my bit yard, if I sidna see that in the garden ! I tauld your honour I was fleyed wi' a bogie that night, but you wadan listen to me-I age thought there was witchcraft and deevilry amang the Papishers, but I ne'er saw't wi' bodily een till that awin' night"

"Get along, sir," said I, "and bring the felow you talk of; and see they have more sense than yun-self; and are not frightened at their own shadow." "I have been counted as gude a man as my sag-bours ere now," said Andrew, petulanty; "bal dinna pretend to deal wi evil spints." As a la made his exit, as Wardlaw the land-steward mas his appearance.

his appearance. He was a man of sense and honesty, without when careful management my uncle would have bend i difficult to have maintained himself a house or so long as he did. He carnined the nature of my right of possession carefully, and admitted it can be To any one else the succession would have hen a poor one, so much was the land encumbers win debt and mortgage. Most of these, howers, wu already vested in my father's person, and he waited train of acquiring the rest; his large gains, by here cent rise of the funds, having made it a mist of are affected his patrimony. I transacted much necessary business with in-

I transacted much necessary business with it. Wardlaw, and detained him to due with me. We preferred taking our repast in the librar, slibuth Syddall strongly recommended our removing to be Stone-Hall, which he had put in onle for the or-casion. Meantime Andrew made his spearance Stone right, which he had but in our water casion. Meantime Andrew made his separate with his true-blue recruits, whom he recommended in the highest terms, as "sober decent ma, we founded in doctrinal points, and, abore all as had as liona." I ordered them something to drak and they left the room. I observed old Syddal shakes head as they went out, and maisted upon haven

head as they went out, and insisted upon invest-the reason. "I maybe cannot expect," he said, " that we he nour should put confidence in what as, with Heaven's truth for all that - Ambrose Wingfeing honest a man as lives, but if there is a fair inves-the country, it is his brother Lance the weat country knows him to be a say for Clerk John of the poor gentlemen that have been in trook the he's a dissenter, and I suppose that's cough wea-days."

Having thus far given vent to his feelings to white Having thus far given vent to his feelings to white however, I was little disposed to pay attention a having placed the wine on the table the old but the have another the same on the table the old but

having placed the wine on the taus, are left the apartment. Mr. Wardlaw having remained with me and de evening was somewhat advanced, at length badded up his papers, and removed himself bis out has tation, leaving me in that confused one of sum in which we can hardly say whether so demicompany or solitude. I had not, however, the checke betwak them; for I was left alone in the room, of all other most calculated to inspire me with melancholy in flections. flections.

Anote the control of inspire into the spartment, any fractions. As twilight was darkening the spartment, any thad the sagacity to advance his head at the loss to ask if I wished for lights, but to reommend as a measure of precaution against the body still haunted his imagination. I reject his somewhat peevishly, trimmed the wood in placing myself in one of the large leather which flanked the old Gothic chimer. I we which flanked the old Gothic chimer. I unconsciously the bickering of the blaze when fostered. "And this," said I aloud, is the and the issue of human wishes! Nursel by the triftes, they are first kindled by fance, nay, upon the vapour of hope till they consume his passions, and desires, and kind a worthleme empty and ashes!" embers and ashes !"

There was a deep sigh from the opposite site roon, which seemed to reply to my refect started up in amazement—Diana Vernos start started up in amazement—Diana Vernon size me, resting on the arm of a figure so strengt bling that of the portrait so often mention looked hastily at the frame, expecting to see My first idea was, either that I had goe distracted, or that the spirits of the deal and and been placed before me. A second gas vinced me of my being in wasness and vinced me of my being in my sense, and forms which stood before me were real and tial. It was Diana herself, though pairs and

#### CHAP. XXXVIII.

We are your suppliants, 'Mr. Osbaldistone," he

said, "and we claim the fetuge and protection of your roof till we can pursue a journey, where dun-geobs and death gape for me at every step." "Surely," I articulated with great difficulty—"Miss Vernon, cannot suppose—you, sir, cannet believe, that I have forgot your interference in my difficulties, or that I am capable of betraying any one, much less you ?

"I know it," said Sir Frederick; "yet it is with the most inexpressible reluctance that I impose on the most inexpressible reluctance that I impose on you a confidence, disagreeable perhaps—certainly, dangerous—and which I would have specially wished to have conferred on some one else. But my fate, which has chased me through a life of perils and escapes, is now pressing me hard, and I have no al-ternative."

At this moment the door opened, and the voice of the officious Andrew was heard. "A'm bringin' in the caunles-Ye can light then gin ye like-Can do is easy carried about wi, ane." I ran to the door, which, as I hoped. I reached in time to prevent his observing who were in the spari-membering his two companions below, knowing his taktative humour, and recollecting Syddall's remark, that one of them was supposed to be a spy, I follow-ed him as fast as I could to the servants' hall, in which they were assembled. Andrew's tongue was loud as I opened the door, but my unexpected appear-ance silenced him. "What is the matter with you, you fool?" said I;

Iquid as I opened the door, but my unexpected appearance silenced him.
"What is the matter with yon, you fool ?" said I;
"you stare and look wild, as if you had seen a ghost."
"N-n-no-no-thing," said Andrew; "but your worship was pleased to be hasty."
"Because you disturbed me out of a sound sleep, you fool. Syddall tells yife he cannot find beds for these good fellows to night, and Mr. Wardlaw thinks there will be no occasion to detain them. Here is a crown-piece for them to drink my health, and thanks for their good-will.—You will leave the Hall immediately, my good lada."
The men thanked me for my bounty, took the silver, and withdrew, apparently unsuspicious and contented. I wardched their departure until I was sure they could have no further intercourse that night with honest Andrew. And so instantly had I followed on his heels, that I though the could not have time to speak two' words with them before I interrupted him. But it is wonderful what mischief may be done by only two words. On this occasion they could have no the speak two lives.

Having made these arrangements, the best which occurred to me upon the pressure of the moment, to secure privacy for my guests, I returned to report my proceedings, and added, that I had desired Syddall to

proceedings, and added, that I haddesired Sydfall to snswer every summons, concluding that it was by his connivatice they had been secreted in the Hall. Diana raised her eyes to thank me for the caution. "You now understand my mystery," she said "you know, doubtiess, how near, and dear that rela-tive is who has so often found shelter here; and will be no longer suprised, the Rasfileigh, having such a secret at his command, should rule me with a rod of iron."

Her father added. "that it was their intention to trouble me with their presence as short a time as was possible."

I entreated the fugitives to waive every considera-tion but what affected their safety, and to rely on my stmost exertions to promote it. This led to an ex-planation of the circumistances under which they

"I always suspected Rashleigh Osbaldistone," said Bur Frederick; "but his conduct towards my unpro-Vol. II.

than her former self; and it was no tenant of the i tected child, which with difficulty I wrung from her, grave who stood beside her, but Vaughan, or rather Sir Frederick Vernon, in a dress made to imitate that of his ancestor, to whose picture his countenance poo-sessed a family resemblance. He was the first that spoke, for Diana kept her eyes fast fixed on the ground, astonishment actually riveted my tongue to the roof of my mouth. "We are work suppliants. WE Obseldigtone" the the conservance of Max he a callent hate and despise him. In our last interview I con-cealed not my sentimests, as I should in prudence have attempted to do; and in resentment of the scorn with which I treated him, he added treachery and apostacy to his catalogue of crimes. I at that time fondly hoped that his defection would be of lit-tile consequence. The Earl of Mar had a gallant army in Scotland, and Lord Derwentwater, with Forster, Kenmure, Winterton, and others, were as-sembling forces on the Border. As my connexions with these English nobility and gentry ware exten-sive, it was judged proper that I should accompany a detachment of Highlanders, who, under Brigadier MacIntosh of Borlum, crossed the Frith of Forth, traversed the low country of Scotland, and united themselves on the Borders with the English insur-gents. My daughter accompanied me through the perils and fatigues of a march so long and difficult."

gents. My daughter accompanied me through the perils and fatigues of a march so long and difficult." "And she will never leave her dear father !" ex-claimed Miss Vernon, clinging fondly to his arm. "I had hardly joined our English friends when I became sensible that our cause was lost. Our num-bers diminished instead of increasing, nor were we joined by any except of our own persussion. The To-ries of the High Church remained in general unde-cided, and at length we were cooped up by a superior force in the little town of Preston. We defended our-selves resolutely one day. On the next, the hearts of our leaders failed, and they resolved to surrender at discretion. To yield myself up on such terms, were to have laid my head on the block. About twenty or thirty gentlemen were of my mind: We mounted our horses, and placed my daughter, who insisted on sharing my fate, in the centre of our lit-at rest called Fishergate, which leads to a marshy ground or meadow, extending to the river Ribble, ibnow, which needs to a marshy ground or meadow, extending to the river Ribble, ground or meadow, extending to the river Ribble, through which one of our party promised to show us a good ford. This marsh had not been strongly invested by the energy, so that we had only an affair invested by the energy, so that we had only an affair with a patrol of Honeywood's dragoons, whom we dispersed and cut to pieces. We crossed the river, gained the high road to Liverpool, and then dispersed to seek several places of concealment and safety. My fortune led me to Wales, where there are many gen-tlemen of my religious and political opinions. I could not, however, find a safe opportunity of escaping by sea, and found myself obliged again to draw towards the North. A well-tried friend has appointed to meet me in this neighbourhood, and guide me to a sea-port on the Solway, where a sloop is prepared to carry me from my native country for ever. As Osbaldistone-Hall was for the present uninhabited, and under the charge of old Syddall, who had been our confidant on former occasions, we drew to it as to a place of known and secure refuge. I resumed a dress which had been used with good effect to scare the superst-tious rustics, or domestics, who chanced at any time han over used will good anex, to secar the subpracti-tions rustices, or domestice, who chanced at any time to see me; and we expected from time to time to hear by Syddall of the arrival of our friendly guida, when your sudden coming hither, and occupying this apartment, laid us under the necessity of submitting

to your mercy." Thus ended Sir Frederick's story, whose tale sound Thus ended Sir Frederick's story, whose tale sound-ed to me like one told in a vision; and I could hardly bring myself to believe, that I saw his daughter's form once more before me in flesh and blood, though with diminished beauty and sunk spirits. The buoyant vivacity with which she had resisted every touch of adversity, had now assumed the air of composed and submissive, but dauntless restlution and constancy. Her father, though aware and jealous of the effect of her praises on my mind, could not forbear expatia-ting upon them.

her presees on my muse, ...... ting upon them. "She has endured trials," he said, 'which might have dignified the history of a martyr;...she has faced danger and death in various shapes;...she has undergone toil and privation, from which men of the strongest frame would have shrunk;...she has spent the day in derkness, and the night in vigil, and has 44

RIPE ROY. [CRAP. XXXIX never breathed a murmur of weakness or complaint. In a word, Mr. Oshaldistone," he concluded, "she is a worthy offering to that God, to whom," crossing himself, "I shall dedicate her, as all that is left dear or precious to Frederick Vernon." There was a silence after these words of which the silence of the the silence after the second size of the si

or precious to Frederick Vernon." There was a salence after these words, of which I weil understood the mournful import. The father of Diana was still as anxious to destroy my hopes of being united to her now, as he had shown himself during our brief meeting in Scotland. "We will now," said he to his daghter, "intrude no further on Mr. Osbaldistone's time, since we have acquainted him with the circumstances of themiser-sho success who claim his noncetion."

able guests who claim his protection.

solo guests who claim his protection." I requested them to stay, and offered myself to teave the apartment. Sir Frederick observed, that my doing so could not but excite my attendant's sus-picion; and that the place of their retreat was in every respect commodious, and furnished by Syddall with all they could possibly want. "We might per-haps have even contrived to remain there, concealed from your observation that it would have been un-

haps have even contrived to remain there, concealed from your observation; but it would have been un-just to decline the most absolute reliance on your "You have done me but justice," I replied. "To vou, Sir Frederick, I am but little known; but Miss Vernon, I am sure, will bear me witness that"— "I do not want my daughter's evidence," he said politely, but yet will an air calculated to prevent my addressing myself to Diana, "since I am prepared to believe all that is worthy of Mr. Francis Osbaldia-tone. Permit us pow to retire; we must take renose tone. Permit us now to retire; we must take repose when we can, since we are absolutely uncertain when we may be called upon to renew our perilous journey

He drew his daughter's arm within his, and, with a profound reverance, disappeared with her behind the tapestry.

#### CHAPTER XXXIX.

## But now the hand of fate is on the curtain, And gives the scene to light. DON SEBASTIAN.

And gives the scene to light DON SERASTIAN. I FRLT stunned and chilled as they retired. Ima-gination, dwelmag on an absent object of affection, paints her not only in the fairest light, but in that in which we most desire to beloold her. I had thought of Diana as she was, when her parting tear dropped on my check; when her parting token, received from the wife of MacGregor, magured her wish to convey into exile and conventual seclusion the remembrance of my affection. I are ther and her cold measurements into exile and conventual sectusion the remembrance of my affection. I saw her; and her cold passive man-ner, expressive of little except composed melancholy, disappointed, and, in some degree, almost offended me. In the egotiam of my feelings, I accused her of indifference—of insensibility. I upbraided her father with pride, with cruelty, with fanaticism; forgetting that both were sacrificing their interest, and Diana her inclination, to the discharge of what they regard-ed as their duty.

that both were sacrificing their interest, and Diana her inclination, to the discharge of what they regard-ed as their duty. Sir Frederick Vernon was a rigid Cathofic, wha thought the path of selvation too narrow to be trod-den by a heretic; and Diana, to whom her father's safety had been for many years the principal and moving spring of thoughts, hopes, and actions, felt that abe had discharged her duty in resigning to his will, not alone her property in the world, but the dear-set affections of her heart. But it was not surprising that I could not, at such a moment, fully appreciate these honourable motives; yet my spleen sought no ignoble means of discharging itself. "I am contemmed, then," I said, when left to run over the tenor of Sir Frederick's communications, i "I am contemmed, and thought unworthy even to exchange words with ther. Be it so; they shall not at least prevent me from watching over her safety. Here will I remain as an outpoet, and, while under my roof at least, no danger shall threaten her, if it be such as the arm of one determined man can avert." I summoned Syddall to the library. He came, but ing of great things in consequence of my taking pos-session of the Hall and the annexed enates, was re-solved to lose nothing for want of keeping himself in

attentions rectious and inconvenient. His unrequired presence prevented me from speak-ing freely to Syddall, and I dared not send him away for fear of increasing such suspicions as he might entertain from his former abrupt dismisseal from he library. "I shall sleep here, sir," I said, giving hem directions to wheel nearer to the fire an old-fashioned day-bed, or settee. "I have much to do, and shall go late to bed."

Syddall, who seemed to understand my look, offered to procure me the accommodation of a mattress and some bedding. I accepted his offer, diamissed my a-tendant, lighted a pair of candles, and desired that I might not be disturbed till seven in the ensuing nonint I

ing. The domestics retired, leaving me to my painful and ill-arranged reflections, until nature, worn ou, should require some repose.

I endeavoured forcibly to abstract my mind from the singular circumstances in which I found mysic placed. Feelings which I had gallantly combated placed. Feelings which I had gallantly combiled while the exciting object was remote, were now sa-asperated by my immediate neighbourhood to be whom I was so soon to part with for ever. Her name was written in every book which I attempted to pe-ruse; and her imige forced itself on me in whatever train of thought I strove to engage myself. It was like the officious slave of Prior's Solomon,— Abag was read ere I named ber name

## Abra was ready ere I named her name, And when I call'd another, Abra came

I alternately gave way to these thoughts, and sug-I alternately gave way to these thoughts, and stug-gled against them, sometimes yielding to a mood of melting tenderness of sorrow which was scare m-tural to me, sometimes arming myself with the bart pride of one who had experienced what he essend unmerited rejection. I paced the library until had chafed myself into a temporary fever. I then they myself on the couch, and endeavoured to disgon my-self to sleep; but it was in vain that I need every e-fort to compose myself—that I lay without movement of finger or of muscle, as still as if I had been streaky a convertibut I endeavoured to disgon and the of finger or of muscle, as still as if I had been array a corpse—that I endeavoured to divert or bank de-quieting thoughts, by fixing my mind on some act at repetition or arithmetical process. My blood throb-bed, to my feverish apprehension, in palsations which resembled the deep and regular strokes of a distant fulling-mill, and tingled in my veins like streams of liquid fire.

At length I arose, opened the window, and stood by it for some time in the clear moonlight, receiving, in part at least, that refreshment and dissingtion of these from the clear and calm scene, without which they had become beyond the command of my own we-tion. I resumed my place on the couch with a har, Heaven knows, not lighter, but firmer, and more se solved for endurance. In a short time a share trept over my senses; still, however, though y senses sumbered, my soul was awake to the part feelings of my situation, and my dreams were of tal anguish and external objects of terror. I remember a strange agony, under which I i ceived myself and Diana in the power of MacGuy wife, and about to be precipitated from strok the lake; the signal was to be the discharge and non, fired by Sir Frederick Vernon, who, in the of a cardinal, officiated at the ceremony. We could be more lively than the impression when ceived of this imaginary scene. I could pain at this moment, the mute and courageous ashed expressed in Diana's feature, the wild and faces of the executioners, who crowded are with "mooping and mowing," grimacce ever ing, and each more hideous than that which add. I saw the rigid and inflexible fanations ded. I saw the rigid and inflexible fanations at non again and again, in rival thunder echoes of the surrounding cliffs, and I away fancied horror to real apprehension. The sounds in my dream were not ideal. Theorem on my waking ears, but it, was the rest of the surrounding cliffs, and I away

The sounds in my dream were not ideal. I verberated on my waking ears, but it was three minutes ere I could collect myself so as d

y to understand that they proceeded from a violent is form is warm-the greyhounds will have her by knocking at the gate. I leaped from my couch in the haunches yet." and hastened to forbid the admission of any one. But my route was necessarily circuitous, because the library looked not upon the quadrangle, but into the yernon and his daughter as prisoners. "The for," gardens. When I had reached a staircase, the win-heard the feeble and intimidated tones of Syddall ar-the garden gaits. Such a staircase, which demanded staircase, which opened upon the emtrance court, I heard the feeble and intimidated tones of Syddall ar-the garden gaits. Sir Frederick-or, if that tile suits better, most noble Lord Beauchamt." heard the feeble and intimidated tones of Syddall ac-postulating with rough voices, which demanded ad-mittance, by the warrant of Justice Standish, and in the King's name, and threatened the old domestic with the heaviest penal consequences, if he refused instant obedience. Ere they had ceased, I heard, to my unspeakable provocation, the voice of Andraw bid-ding Syddall stand aside, and let him open the door. "If they come in King George's name, we have naching to fear-we has epent both bluid and gowd for him-We dinna need to darn ourselves like some folks, Mr. Syddall-We are neither Papists nos Jaco-bites; I trow." It was in vain I accelerated my pace down stairs;

bites, I trow." It was in vain I accelerated my pace down stairs; I heard bolt after bolt withdrawn by the efficious scoundrel, while all the time he was boasting his own and his master's loyalty to King George; and I could easily calculate that the party must enter be-fora I could arrive at the door to replace the bars. Devoting the back of Andrew Fairservice to the cudget so soon as I should have time to pay him his deserts I ran back to the library baricaded the deserts, I ran back to the library, barricaded the door as I best could, and hastened to that by which Doing and her father entered, and begged for instant admittance. Diana herself undid the door. She was ready dressed, and betrayed neither perturbation nor fear

"Danger is so familiar to us," she said, "that we are always prepared to meet it—My father is already up—he is in Rashleigh's apartment—We will escape up—he is in Rashleigh's apartment—We will escape into the garden, and thence by the postern gate (I have the key from Syddall in case of need) into the wood—I know its dinglee better than any one now alive—Keep thôm a few minutes in play.—And, dear, dear Frank, once more, fare thee well i' She vanished like a meteor to join her father, and the intruders were rapping violently, and attempting to force the library door by the time I had returned

"You robber dogs!" I exclaimed, wilfully mis-taking the purpose of their disturbance, "if you do not instantly quit the house I will fire my blunderbuse through the door." ""The office houble!" said Andrew Fairmervice;

"Fire a fole's bauble!" said Andrew Fairservice; "'Fire a fole's bauble!" said Andrew Fairservice; "to Search for, take, and apprehend," said the voice of that execrable pattifogger, "the bodies of certain persons in my warrant named, charged of high treason under the 13th of King William, chapter third."

third." And the violence on the door was renewed. "J am rising gentlemen," said I, desirous to gain as much time as possible—"commit no violence—give me leave to look at your warrant; and, if it is formal and logal, I shall not oppose it." "God save great George our King !" ejaculated Andrew. "I tauld ye that ye would find nae Jaco-bites here."

Spinning out the time as much as possible, I was at length compelled to open the door, which they would otherwise have forced.

Would otherwise have forced. Mr. Jobson entered, with several assistants, among whom I discovered the younger Wingfield, to whom, coubless, he was oblight for his information, and exhibited his warrant, directed not only against Frederick Vernon, an attainted traitor, but also against Diana Vernon, spinster, and Francis Os-baldistone, gentleman, accused of misprison of trea-son. It was a case in which resistance would have here walcase. I thurefore after couble here

been madness; I therefore, after capitulating for a few minutes delay, surrendered myself a prisoner. I had next the mortification to see Jobson go "traight to the chamber of Miss Vernon, and I learned that from thence, without hesistion or difficulty, he went to the room where Sir Frederick had slept. "The hare has stolen away" said the brute, "but

A scream from the garden announced that he pro-phesied too truly. In the course of five minutes Rashleigh entered the library with Sir Frederick Vernon and his daughter as prisoners. "The for," he said, "knew his old earth, but he forgot it could be stopped by a careful huntsman—I had not forgot the garden gate, Sir Frederick—or, if that title suits you better, most noble Lord Beauchamp." "Rashleigh," said Sir Frederick, "thou at a de-testable villain ?"

"I better deserved the name, Sir Knight, or my Lord, when, under the direction of an able tutor, k sought to introduce civil war into the bosom of a

sought to infroduce civil war into the bosom of a peaceful country. But I have done my best," said he, looking upwards, "to atone for my errors." I could hold no longer. I had designed to watch, their proceedings in silence, but I felt that I must speak or die. "If hell," I said, "has one complexion more hideous than another, it is where villany is masked by hypocrisy."

"Hal my gentle cousin," said Rashleigh, holding a candle towards me, and surveying me from head to foot; "right welcome to Osbaldistone-Hall !--can forgive your spleen--It is hard to loss an estate and a mistress in one night; for we shall take poe-session of this poor manor-house in the name of the hawful heir. Sir Rashleigh Osbaldistone." While Rashleigh braved it out in this manner, k

While Rashleigh braved it out in this manner, is coald see that he put a strong force upon his feelings, both of anger and shame. But his state of mind was more obvious when Diana Vernon addressed him. "Rashleigh," she said, "I pity you-for, deep as the evil is which you have laboured to do me, and the evil you have actually done, I cannot hate you so much as I scorn and pity you. What you have now doae may be the work of an hour, but will furnish you with reflection for your life—of what nature is leave to your own conscience, which will not slumber for ever." for ever

Rashleigh strode once or twice through the room, came up to the side-table, on which wine was suils standing, and poured out a large glass with a trem-

Standing, and poured out a large glass with a trem-bling hand; but when he saw that we observed his tremor, he suppressed it by a strong effort, and, look-ing at us with fixed and daring composure, carried the bumper to his head without spilling a drop. "It is my father's old burgundy," he said, looking to Jobson; "I am glad there is some of it left—You will get proper persons to take care of the house and property in my name, and turn out the doating old butler, and that foolish Scotch rascal. Meanwhile, we will convey these persons to a more proper place of custody.—I have provided the old famfly cosch for your convenience," he said, "though I am not igno-rant that even she lady could brave the night air on foot or on horseback, were the errand more to her mind." mind."

Andrew wrung his hands.—" I only said that my master was surely speaking to a ghaist in the library— and the villain Lancie to betray an auld friend, that sang off the same Psalm-book wi'him every Sabbath for twenty years!"

sang oft the same Psaim-book wi'him every Sabbath for twenty years!" He was turned out of the house, together with Syddail, without being allowed to conclude his la-mentation. His expulsion, however, led to some singular consequences. Resolving, according to his own story, to go down for the night where Mother Simpson would give him a lodging for old acquaint-ance' sake he had just got clear of the avenue, and into the old wood as it was called, though it was now used as pasture-ground rather than woodland, when he suddenly lighted on a drove of Scotch cattle, which were lying there to repose themselves after the day's journey. At this Andrew was in no way surprised, it being the well known custom of his grass-ground they can find, and depart before day-break to escape paying for their night's lodginga. But he was both surprised and startled, when a Highlander, springing up, accused him of disturbing the cattle, and refused him to pass forward till he had

and from the questions they put to me, i judged they had other tow on their rock." They questioned him closely about all that had passed at Osbaldisone-Hall and seemed surprised

passed at Osbaldistone-Hall and seemed surprised and concerned at the report he made to them. "And troth," said Andrew, "I tauld them at I kend; for-dirks and pistols were what I could never efuse information to in a "my life." They talked in whispers among themselves, and at length collected their cattle together and drove them close up to the entrance of the avenue, which might be half a mile distant from the house. They proceeded to draw torgether some folledtrees which here them close up to the entrance of the avenue, which might be half a mile distant from the house. They proceeded to drag together some felled trees which lay in the vicinity, so as to make a temporary barricade across the road about fifteen yards beyond the ave-nue. It was now near daybreak, and there was a pale eastern gleam mingled with the fading moon-light, so that objects could be discovered with some distinctness. The lumbering sound of a coach, drawn by four horses, and escorted by six men on horseback, was heard coming up the avenue. The Highlanders listened attentively. The carriage contained Mr. Jobson and his unfortunate prisoners. The escort consisted of Rashleigh, and several horsemen, peace-officers and their assistants. So soon as we had there for that purpose. At the same time the car-riage was impeded in its further progress by the cattle, amongst which we were involved, and by the barri-gendo in front. Two of the escort dismounted to remove the felled trees, which they might think were left there by accident or carelessness. The others began with their winps to drive the cattle from the road. mad.

"Who dare abuse our cattle ?" said a rough voica.

ane l epoke

Claymore !" cried the leader of the Highlanders and a scuffle instantly commenced. The officers of the law, surprised at so sudden an attack, and not the law, surprised at so sudden an attack, and not usually possessing the most desperate bravery, made but an imperfect defence, considering the superiority of their numbers. Some attempted to ride back to the Hall, but on a pistol being fired from behind the gate, they conceived themselves surrounded, and at length gallopped off in different directions. Rash-leigh, meanwhile, had dismounted, and on foot had maintained a desperate and single-banded conflict with the leader of the band. The window of the car-riage, on my bide, permitted me to witness it. At length Rashleigh dropped. "Will you ask forgiveness for the sake of God, King James, and auld friendship?" said a voice which I knew right well. "No, never," said Rashleigh, firmly. "Then, traitor, die in your treason !" retorted Mac-fergor, and plunged his sword in his prostrate an-tagonist.

tagonist.

In the next moment he was at the carriage door-handed out Miss Vernon, assisted her father and me to alight, and dragging out the attorney, head fore-

The coaching and main and the attorney, head fore-most, threw him under the wheel. "Mr. Oabaldistone," he said, in a whisper, "you have nothing to fear—I must look after those who have-Your friends will soon be in safety—Farewell, and forget not the MacGregor." He whistled—his band gathered round him, and, harrying Diana and her father along with him, they were almost instantly lost in the glades of the forest. The coaching and rostillion had abandoned their horses, and fied at the first discharge of firearms ; but the animals, stopped by the barricade, remained perfectly still; and well for Jobson that they did so, for the slightest motion would have dragged the wheel over his body. My first object was to relieve him, for such was the rascal's terror that he never seeki have risen by his own exertions. I next com-

more of his master. The mountaineer conducted in the observe, that I had neither taken part and rew into a thicket, where he found three or four more of his countrymen. "And," said Andrew, "I saw sume they were ower mony ment for the drove; and from the questions they put to me, I judged they had other tow on their rock." They questioned him closely about all that had the drove is the sound for more they need that all that had the master they ment was totally incapable of moving. I now resolved to the sound the taken the taken they have the sound that had the master they have the more than the taken they have the sound they have the more taken the taken they have the sound they have they have the sound the sound they have the sound they have the sound they have the sound they have the sound the sound they have they was totally incapable of moving. I now resolved is go myself, but in my way I stumbled over the body of a man, as I thought, dead or dying. It was how-ever, Andrew Fairservice, as well and whole as ser-he was in his life, who had only taken this retundent posture, to avoid the slashes, stabs, and pistol-buils, which, for a moment or two, were flying in vanue directions. I was so glad to find him that I de su inquire how he came thither, but instantly cam-manded his assistance.

manded his assistance. Rashleigh was our first object. He groaned when I approached him, as much through spite as through pain, and shut his eyes, as if determined, like lags, to speak no word more. We lifted him into the en-riage, and performed the same good office to another wounded man of his party, who had been left on the field. I then with difficulty made Jobson understand that he must enter the coach also, and support Sr Rashleigh upon the seat. He obeyed, but with as air as if he but half comprehended my meaning. Andrew and I turned the horses' heads round, and, opening the gate of the avenue, led them slowly back to Osbaldistone-Hall. Some fugitives had already reached the Hall by

to Usbalustone-risu. Some fugitives had already reached the Hall by circuitous routes, and alarmed its garrison by the news that Sir Rashleigh, Clerk Jobson, and all the news that Sir Kashleigh, Clerk Jobson, and all that escort, save they who escaped to tell the tak had been cut to pieces at the head of the avenue, by a whole regiment of wild Highlanders. When we reached the mansion, therefore, we heard such a series arises when bees are alarmed, and mustering m ther hives. Mr. Jobson, however, who had now is some measure come to his senses, found woice enough is make himself known. He was the more animation be released from the catrings, as one of his commu-

make himself known. He was the more antows to be released from the carriage, as one of his comp-nions (the peace-officer) had, to his inexpressible ar-ror, expired by his side with a hideous groan. Sir Rashleigh Osbaldistone was still alive, but so dreadfully wounded that the bottom of the coech was filled with his blood, and long traces of it left from the entrance-door into the Stone-Hall, where he was niced in a chair some attempting to state the

from the entrance-door into the Stone-Hall, where he was placed in a chair, some attempting to stop the bleeding with Cloths, while others called for a surgers, and no one seemed willing to go to fetch one. "I know no assistance can avail me. I am a dying man." He raised himself in his chair, chough the damps and chill of death were stready on his brow, and epoke with a firmness which seemed beyond his strength. "Cousin Francis," he said, "draw near to me." I approached him as he requested..." I wish you only to know that the pangs of death do not the fer one lots of my feelings towards you. I hate you?" you only to know that the pangs of teach to hot we ter one tota of my feelings towards you. I hate you? he said, the expression of rage threwing a hadem glare into the eyes which were soon to be closed in ever—"I hate you with a hatred as intense, now while I lie bleeding and dying before you, as if m foot trode on your neck."

"I have given you no cause, sir," I replied, "st for your own sake I could wish your mind in a best temper.

"" You Asse given me cause," he rejoined..." in her in ambition, in the paths of interest, you have cross and blighted me at every turn. I was born to be honour of my father's house...I have been its di grace...and all owing to you...My very patrime has become yours...Take it," he said, " and may a curse of a dying man cleave to it?" In a moment after he had uttered this fright wish, he fell back in the chair; his eyes been glated, his limbs stiffened, but the grin and grave will dwell no longer on so painfif a picture, per a any more of the death of Rashleigh, than that its me access to my rights of inheritance without far any more of the death of rannering, than that me access to my rights of inheritance without oballenge, and that Jobson found himself com to allow, that the ridiculous charge of mispra high-treason was got up on an affidavit wh

#### CHAR XXXIX.

made with the sole purpose of favouring Rashleigh's yews, and removing me from Osbuldistone-Hall. The rascal's name was struck off the list of attorneys,

and he was reduced to poverty and contempt. I returned to London when I had put my affairs in yrder at Osbaldistone-Hall, and felt bappy to escape

sider at Osbaldistone-Hall, and feit happy to escape from a place which suggested so many painful recol-ections. My anxiety was now acute to learn the ite of Diana and her father. A French genuleman who came to London on commercial business, was ntrusted with a letter to me from Miss Vernon, which pat my mind at rest respecting their selecty. It gave me to understand, that, the opportune ap-earance of MacGregor and his party was not fortu-pus. The Scottish nobles and gentry, engaged in he insurrection, as well as those of England, were erick Vernon, who, as an old and trusted agent of he house of Stiewart, was pussessed of matter cnough a have runned half Scotland. Rob Roy, of whose agacity and courage they had known so many proofs, ras the person whom they pitched upon to as ust his scape, and the place of meeting was fixed at Osbal-istone-Hall. You have already heard how nearly istome Hail. You have already heard how nearly he plan had been disconcerted by the unhappy Rash-igh. It succeeded, however, perfectly: for when nee Sir Frederick and his daughter were again at urge, they found horses prepared for them, and, by lacGregor's knowledge of the country.—for every art of Scotland, and of the north of Fagland, was amiliar to him, were conducted to the western sea-oast, and safely embarked for France. The same entireman told me, that Sir Frederick was not exentienten told me, that Sir Frederick was not ex-ceted to survive for many months a lingering dis-ase, the consequence of late hardships and privations. Lis daughter was placed in a convent, and although was her father's wish she should take the veit, he as understood to refer the matter entirely to her. when these news reached me, I frankly told the

When these news renched me, i irankly joid the ste of my affections to my father, who was not a tile startied at the idea of my marrying a Roman atholic. But he was very desirous to see me "sci-ed wh life," as he called it; and he was winsible rat, in joining him with heart and hand in his com-sercial labours, I had sacrificed my own inclina-ons. After a brief heattation, and several questions and the several questions and several questions

asked and answered to his satisfaction, he broke out with—"I little thought a son of mine should have been Lord of Osbaldistone Manor, and far less tha been Lord Of Osbaldistone Manor, and far less that he should go to a Prench convent for a sponse. But so dufful a daughter cannot but prove a goul wife. You have worked at the desk to please me, Frank c it is but fair you should wive to please yourself."

How I sped in my wooing, Will Tresham, I need not tell you. You know, too, how long and happily I lived with Diana. You know how I lamented her. But you do not-cannot know, how much she deryed her husband's sorrow. I have no more of romantic adventure to tell, nor,

served her husband's sorrow. I have no more of romantic adventure to tell, nor, indeed, any thing to communicate further, bilice the later incidents of my life are so well known to one who has shared, with the most friendly sympathy, the joys as well as the sorrows, by which its scenes have been chequered. 'I often visited Scotland, but never arean saw the bold Highlander who had such an in-fluence on the early events of my life. I learned, however, from time to time that he continued to maintain his ground among the mountains of Loch Lomond, in d-spite of his powerful enemies, and that he even obtained, is a certain degree, the connivance of the Lennox, in virtue of which he levied black-mail with as much regularity as the proprietors did their ordinary rents. It seemed impossible that has life should have concluded without a violent end. Nevertheless, he died in old age and by a peaceful death, some time about the year 1733, and is still re-membered in his country as the Robin Hoori of Scotland, the dread of the wealthy, but the friend of the poor, and possested of many qualities both of head and heart, which would have graced a less enuvoral profession than that to which his faite condenned him. Old Andrew Fairservice used to say, that " there

Old Andrew Fairservice used to say, that "there were many things ower bad for blessing, and ower gude for banning, like Ros Rov."

[Here the original manuscript ends somewhat ab-ruptly. I have reason to think that what followed ruptly. I have reason to related to private affairs.]

#### END OF ROB ROY.

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# TALES OF MY LANDLORD.

## FIRST SERIES.

Hear, I.and o' Cakes and brither Soots, Frae Maidenkirk to Jonny Grouts', If there's a hole in a' your coats, I rode ye tent it; A chiel's amang you takin' notes, An' faith he'll prent it ! Buss

Ahora, bien, dizo il Cura, tracame, senor huésped, aquesos Horos, que es quiero ver. Que me pas respondité el y entrando, en su aposento, sucò, del una maletilla vieva cerrada con una cadenilla, y estin cola, hulló en ella tres libros grandes y unos papeles de muy buena letra escritos de mano, — Dos Quesa, Parte I. Capitulo 32.

It is mighty well, said the priest; pray, landlord, bring me those books, for I have a mind to see them. With all my heart, answered the host; and going to his chamber, he brought out a little old cloak-bag, with a padlock and chain to it, and o sening it, he took out three large visatics, and some manuscript papers written in a fine character.-JARVIS'S Translation.

## TALES OF MY LANDLORD.

COLLECTED AND REPORTED BY.

### JEDEDIAH CLEISHBOTHAM,

GROOLMASTER AND PARISH-CLERK OF GANDERCLEUGH.

#### INTRODUCTION.

As I may, without vanity, prenume that the name and official cription prefixed to this Proem will becure it, from the sedate ecting part of mankind, to whom only I would be under and ref s myself, such attention as is due to the sodulous stand to addre structer of youth, and the careful performer of my Sabbath dution. I will forbear to hold up a candle to the davlight, or to comt out to the judicious those recomm endations of my labo which they must necessarily anticipate from the perusal of the title-page. Nevertheless, I am not unaware, that, as Envy always dogs Merit at the heels, there may be those who will sper, that albeit my learning and good principles cannot auded be the heavens) be denied by any one, yet that my situation at Ganderclough hath been more favourable to my acouisitions in learning than to the enlargement of my views of the ways and works of the present generation. To the which obstion, if, peradventure, any such shall be started, my answer hall be threefold :

First, Gandercleugh is, as it were, the central part-the nave al fas elt dicers) of this our native realm of Scotland ; so that on, from every corner thereof, when travelling on their con communities of business, either towards our metropolis of law, by which I mean Edinburgh, or towards our metropolis and art of gain, whereby I insinuate Glasgow, are frequently led to make Gandercleugh their abiding stage and place of rest for the night. And it must be acknowledged by the most sceptical, that I, who have sat in the leathern arm-chair, on the leftd side of the fire, in the common room of the Wallace Inn. winter and summer, for every evening in my life, during forty years bypast, (the Christian Sabbaths only excepted,) must we seen more of the manners and customs of various tribes and people, than if I had sought them out by my own painful travel and bodily labour. Even so doth the toliman at the well-frequented turnpike on the Wellbrae-head, sitting at his e in his own dwelling, gather more receipt of custom, than il, moving forth upon the road, he were to require a contribution from each person whom he chanced to meet in his journey when. according to the vulgar adage, he might possibly be meted with mo re kicks than halfpence

But, secondly, suppoing it again urred, that Ithacus, the most wise of the Grocks, acquired his renown, as the Roman poet hath assured us, by visiting slates and mon, I reply to the Zoilus who shall adheve to this objection, that, de facto, I have seen states and men also; for I have visited the famous cities of Edinburgh and Glasgow, the former twice, and the latter three times, in the course of my earthly pilgrimaze. And, moreover, I had the honoar to sit in the General Assembly, meaning, as an auditor, in the galleries thereof, and have heard as much goodly speaking on the law of patronage, as, with the fractification thereof in mine own understanding, hath made me be considered as an oracle upon that doctrine ever since my eafs and happy return to Gandercleraft.

Again—and thirdly, If it be nevertheless pretended that my morrmation and knewledge of mankind, however extensive, and however painfully acquired, by constant domestic inquiry, and by foreign travel, is, natheless, incompatent to the task of recording the pleasant narratives of my Landlord, I will lat these critics know, to their own eternal shame and confusion, as well as to the abashment and discomfure of all who shall rashly take up a soig against me, that I am NOT the writer, redacter, or compiler, of 'the Tales of my Landlord; nore an I, in one fingle iofa, airwarable for their contents, more or less. And sow, ye generation of critics, who raise yoursolves up as if it were brazen serpents, to hiss with your tonguse, and to mile

acknowledge that yours have been the thoughts of ignorance, and the words of vain foolishness. Lot ye are claught in your own anare, and your own pit bath yawned for you. Turn, then, aside from the task that is too heavy for you; destroy not your teeth by gnawing a file; waste not your strength by spurnage against a castle wall; nor spend your breath in contending in swiftness with a floet steed; and let those weigh the Tales of my Landlord, who shall bring with them the scales of candour cleaned from the rust of prejudice by the hands of intelligen; modesty. For tilese alone they were compiled, as will appear from a brief narrative which my seal for truth compelled me to make supplementary to the present Proem. It is well known that my Laudiord was a pleasing and a face-

It is well known that my Laudlord was a pleasing and a facetious man, acceptable unto all the parish of Gandercleugh, escepting, only the Laird, the Exciseman, and those for whom he refused to draw liquor upon trust. Their causes of disike I will touch-separately, adding my own refutation thereof.

His honour, the Laird, accused our Landlord, deceased, of having encouraged, in various times and places, the destruction of hares, rabbins, foults black and gray, participes, moor pouts, roo-deer, and other birds and quadrupeds, at unlawful spasnes, and contrary to the laws of this realm, which have secured, in their wisdom, the slaughter of such animals for the great of the earth, whom I have remarked to take an uncommon (though to me, an unintelligible) pleasure fluerein. Now, in humble deference to his horour, and in justifiable defence of my friend deceased I reply to tiffs charge, that howsoever the form of such animals might appear to be similar to those so protented by the law, yet it was a mere deceptie oriss; for what resembled hares were, in fact, All kids, and those partaking of the appearance of moorfowl, were truly used-pigeons, and consumed and eaten co assetse and not otherwise.

Again, the Excissman pretended, that my deceased Landtord, did encourage that species of manufacture celled distillation, without having an especial permission from the Great, isclinically called a license, for doing so. Now, I stand up to confront this falsehood; and in defance of him, his gauging stick, and peu and inkhora, I tell him, thigt I never saw, or tasted, a glass of unlawful agua vites in the house of my Landtord; may, that, on the contrary, we needed not such devices, in respect of a pleasing and somewhat seductive liquor, which was vemidel and consumed at the Wallace Inn, under the name of mesnusia dese. If there is a pecality against manufacturing such a liquor, let him show me the statute; and when he does, I'll tell him if i will obey it or no.

Concerning those who came to my Landlord for liquor, and went thirsty away, for lack of present coin, or future credit, I cannot but say it has grieved my bowels as if the case had bee mine own. Nevertheless, my Landlord considered the necemities of a thirsty soul, and would permit them, in extreme need, and when their soul was impoverished for lack of moisture, to drink to the full value of their watches and wearing apparel. exclusively of their inferior habiliments, which he was uniformly inegonable m obliging them to retain, for the credit of the house. As to mine own part, I may well say, that he never refused me that modicum of refreshment with which I am wont to recruit nature after the fatigues of my school. It is true, I taught his five sone English and Latin, writing, book keeping, with a tincture of mathematics, and that I instructed his daughter in pailmody. Nor do I remamber me of any fee or hone-rarfness received from him un acrount of these my labours, encept the compotations aforesaid. Nevertheless titls com tion suited my humour well, suce it is a hard sentence to bid a dry throat wait till quarter-day.

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE TALES OF MY LANDLORD.

it, truly, were I to speak my simple conceit and belief, [ ] in respect his papers had been left in my care, its u think my Landlord was chiefly moved to waive in my behalf the ual requisition of a symbol, or reckoning, from the pleasure he was wont to take in my conversation, which, though solid and edifying in the main, was, like a well-built palace, decorates with facetious narratives and devices, tending much to the enlisherment and ornament thereof. And so pleased was my Landlord of the Wallaos in his replies during such colloquies, that there was no district, in Scotland, yea, and no pecuhier, and, as it were, distinctive custom therein practiced, but was discussed betwixt us; insomuch, that those who stood by were wont to say, it wills worth a bottle of als to hear us communicate with each other. And not a few travellers, from distant parts, as well as from the remote districts of our kingdom; were wont to mingle in the conversation, and to tell news that had been gathered in foreign lands, or preserved from oblivion in this our owp.

Now I chanced to have contracted for teaching the lower class classes with a young person cannot be ever, or Patrick, Pattieson, who had been educated for our Holy Kirk, yes, had, by the ticense of presbytery, his voice opened therein as a preacher, who delighted in the collection of olden tales and legends, and an garaishing them with the flowers of possy, whereof he was a vain and frivolous professor. For he followed not the example of those strong poets whom I proposed to him as a pattern, but formed versification of a flimsy and modern texture, to the comounding whereof was necessary small pains and less thought. And hence I have chid him as being one of those who bring forward the fatal revolution prophesied by Mr. Robert Carey, in his Vaticination on the Death of the celebrated Dr. John Donne :

- Now thou art gone, and thy strict hws will be Teo hard for likertines in poetry ;
- Till verse (by thes refined) in this last age Turn balled rhyme.

I had also disputations with him touching his indulging rather a flowing and redundant than a concise and stately diction in his prose exercitations. But notwithstanding these symptoms of inferior tasts, and a humour of onstradicting his betters upon sages of dubious construction in Latin authors, I did gravvously ismont when Peter Pattieson was removed from me by ath, even as if he had been the offspring of my own long. And

and death-bed expenses,) I concerved myself entities in the of one parcel thereof, entitled, " Tales of my Landiers," is us cunning in the trade (as it is called) of bookmiling. He was a mirthful man, of small stature, emoing in counterfering d voices, and in making facetions talk and remote te and a I have to laud for the truth of his dealings towards no

Now, therefore, the world may see the mustice that do me with incapacity to write these narratives, seeig the though I have proved that I could have written then if I work yet, not having done so, the censure will deservedly fail, if it al iue, upon the memory of Mr. Peter Pattesun; wieros i and be justly entitled to the praise, when any is due, seeing that a the Dean of St. Patrick's wittily and loncelly expresses it,

#### That without which a thing is not. In Cause sine fue non.

The work, therefore, is unto me as a child is to a pumi: a the which child, if it proveth worthy, the parent hath he and praise ; but if otherwise, the diagrace will desiver a tach to itself alone.

I have only further to intimate, that Mr. Peter Patie arranging those Tales for the press, hath non mashe he own fancy than the accuracy of the narrative ; my, that wint sometimes blended two or three stories togethe in the mo-grace of his plots. Of which infidelity, although I dampered and enter my testimony against it, yet I have not then and me to correct the same, in respect it was the will of the de ceased, that his manuscript should be sebuted to the prowithout diminutioneor alteration. A funciful state a state the part of my deceased friend, who, if thinking wait, at 1 rather to have conjured me, by all the under us of ow ine ship and common pursuits, to have carefully retail, all and augmented, at my judgment and discretion. But the of of the dead must be acrupatously obeyed, even when we week over their pertinacity and self-deignoa. So, rade note, bid you farewoll, requestering you to such far atte and tains of your own country produce ; and I will only forther pe mue, that each Tale is preceded by a short mue tunning the persons by whom, and the sites which, the materials thereof were collected.

JOSELLE CLEARING

THE BLACK DWARF.

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### INTRODUCTION TO THE BLACK DWARE.

This ideal being who is here presented as residing in soffuide, and haunted by a consciousness of his own deformity, and a picion of his being generally subjected to the scorn of his fellow-men, is not altogether imaginary. An individual existed many years since, under the author's observation, which suged such a character. This poor unfortunate man's name as David Ritchie, a native of Tv veeddale. He was the son of A labourer in the slate-quarries of Stobe, and must have been born in the mis-shapen form which he exhibited, though he sometimes imputed it to ill-usage when in inflancy. He was bred a brush-maker at Edinburgh, and had wandered to several plas, working at his trade, from all which he was chased by the -10 scable attention which his hideous singularity of form and face attracted wherever he came. The author understood him to say he had even been in Dublin.

Tired at length of being the object of shoulds, laughter, an sion, David Ritchie resolved, like a deer hunted from the ard, to retreat to some wilderness, where he might have the ist possible communication with the world which scoffed at He settled himself, with this view, upon a patch of wild suborland at the bottom of a bank on the farm of Woodhouse, lathe sequestered vale of the small river Manor, in Peebles shire The lew people who had occasion to pass that way were much forfied, and some superstitious persons a little alarmed, to see ings a figure as Bow'd Davie (i. s. Creeked David) emwell in a task, for which he seemed so toolly unit, as that wedting a house. The bottige which he built was extremely fi, but the walls, as well as those of a little garden that sur ed it, were constructed with an ambitious degree of solity, being composed of inyers of large stones and tarf; and some of the constant station were so weighty, as to put b 'the some of the context stokes were so weighty, as to permute un spectators, how such a person as the architect could peechly have raised them. In fact, David received from pateengors, or those who sume strated by curiority, a good deal of assist-ance; and as no one knew how much aid had been given by others, the wonder of each individual remained undiminished.

The proprietor of the ground, the late Sir James Nacemith, sronet, chanced to pass this singular dwelling, which, having on placed there without right or leave asked or given, forme a exact parallel with Falstaff's simile of a "fair hous e huilt or ther's ground ;" so that poor David might have lost his edidoe by mistaking the property where he had erected it. Of quarse, the proprietor entertained no idea of amacting such a 0 forfeiture, but readily sanctioned the harmless encroachment.

The personal description of Eishender of Mucklestane-Moor as been generally allowed to be a tolerably exact and unexaggerated portrait of David of Manor Water. He was not quite three feet and a half high, since he could stand upright in the door of his mansion, which was just that height. The following articulars concerning his figure and temper occur in the Scots Magazine for 1817, and are now understood to have been com municated by the ingenious Mr. Robert Chambers of Edinburgh who has recorded with much spirit the traditions of the Good Town, and, in other publications, largely and agreeably added to the stock of our popular antiquities. He is the countryman of David Ritchie, and had the best access to collect anecdotes of him

"His skull," mys this authority, " which was of an oblong and rather unusual shape, was said to be of such strength, that the could strike it with ease through the panel of a door, or the d of a barrel. His laugh is said to have been quite horrible : and his screech-owl voice, shrill, uncouth, and dissonant, corponded well with his other peculiarities.

"There was nothing very uncommon about his dress. He sally wore an old slouched hat when he went abroad; and when at home, a sort of cowl or night-cap. He never wore ces, being unable to adapt them to his mis-shapen finlike feet, but always had, both feet and legs quite concealed, and wrapt p with pieces of cloth. He always walked with a sort of pole or nike-staff, considerably taller than himself. His habits were in many respects, singular, and indicated a mind congenial to its uncouth tabernacle. A jestous, misanthropical, and irritable sper, was his promisent characteristic. The sea se of his branity haunted him like a phantom. And the insults and  $\nabla \alpha_L$  1L 3O

sourn to which this exposed him, had poisoned his heart will force and bitter feelings, which, from other points in his cha racter, do not appear to have been more largely infused into his original temperament than that of bis fellow-men.

"He detested children, on account of their propensity to infult and persecute him. To strangers he was generally reserved, crabbed, and surly ; and though he by no means refu ance or charity, he seldom either expressed or exhibited mus gratitude. Even towards persons who had been his greatest mefactors, and who possessed the greatest share of his goodwill, he frequently displayed much caprics and lealousy. A lady who had known him from his infancy, and who has furnified us in the most obliging manner with some particulars respecting him, says, that although Davie showed as much respect and attachment to her father's family, as it was in his pature to show to any, yet they were always obliged to be very cautions in their deportment towards him. One day, having gone towist him with another fady, he took them through his garden, and was showing them, with much pride and 'rood-humour, all his rich and tastefully assorted borders, when they happened to se near a plot of cabbages which had been somewhat injered b the caterpillurs. Davie, observing one of the ladles smile, is-standy assumed his storage, scowling hapeot, rashed assong the subbages, and dashed then to pieces with his librit, excitationing in its state in the state of the state of

"Another lady, likewise a friend and old acquaintance of very unintentionally gave David mortal officies on a shallar of Throwing back his jestous glattee as he was ushe citin da. bet into his garden, he funcied he observed her spit, and the calanced, with great ferocity, And I a trad, would not that you spit at 'me-that ye spit at 'me'? and without intening to any eror excluse, drove her out of his garden with impredation and insult. When irritated by persons for whom he substant little respect, his misanthrapy displayed itself in words, a sometimes in actions, of still greater rudeness ; and he us such occasions the most unusual and singularly savage im cations and threats.""

Nature maintains a certain balance of good and evil in all her works ; and there is no state perhaps so utterly desolate, which does not possess some source of gratification peculiar to inself. This poor man, whose misanthropy was founded in a sense of his own pretematural deformity, had yet his own particular enjoyments. Driven into solitude, he became an admirer of the beauties of nature. His garden, which he sedulously cultivated, and from a piece of wild moorland made a very productive spot was his pride and his delight ; but he was also an admirer of re natural beauty : the soft sweep of the green hill, the bu bling of a clear fountain, or the complexities of a wild thicket, scenes on which he often gazed for hours, and, as he said, with inexpressible delight. It was perhaps for this reason that he was fond of Shenstone's pastorals, and some parts of Para-dise Lost. The author has heard his most unmusical voice repeat the celebrated description of Paradise, which he seemed fully to appreciate. His other studies were of a different cast. chiefly polemical. He never went to the parish church, and was therefore suspected of entertaining insterodax opinions, though his objection was probably to the concourse of spect tors, whom he must have exposed his unseemly deformity. He spoke of a future state with intense feeling, and even with tears. He expressed disgust at the idea of his remains being mixed with the common rubbish, as he called it, of the church-yard, and selected with his usual taste a beautiful and wild spot in the glen where he had his hermitage, in which to take his last repose. He changed his mind, however, and was finally interred in the common burial-ground of Manor parish.

The author has invested Wire Elshie with some qualities which made him appear, in the eyes of the vulgar, a man per ased of supernatural power. Common fame paid David Ritchie a similar compliment, fer some of the poor and ignorant, as well as all the children, in the neighbourhood, held him to be what is called smeansy. He himself did not altogether discourage the idea ; it enlarged his very limited sircle of power, and in so far gratified his conceit; and it soothed his misanthropy by in · Soots Magazine, vol. 80, p. 107.

ereasing his means of giving terror or pain. But even in a rode Scottish gien thirty years back, the fear of screery was very much out of date.

David Ritchie affected to frequent solitary scenes, especially such as were supposed to be haunted, and valued himself upon his courage in doing so. To be sure he had little chance of meeting any thing more ugly than himself. At heart, he was superstitious, and planted many rowans (mountain asbes) around his hat, as a certain defence against necromancy. For the same reason, doubtless, he desired to have rowan-trees set above his grave.

We have stated that David Ritchie loved objects of natural beauty. His only living favourites were a dog and a cat, to which he was particularly attached, and his bees, which he breated with great cars. He took a sistar, latterly, to live in a aut adjacent to his own, but he did not permit her to enter it. She was weak in intellect, but not deformed in person ; simple, or rather silly, but not, like her brother, sullen or bizarre. De wid was never affectionate to her ; it was not in his nature ; but he endured her. He maintained himself and her by the sale of the produce of their garden and be-hives ; and, latterly, they had a small allowance from the parish. Indeed, in the simple and patriarchal state in which the country then was, persons in the situation of David and his sister were sure to be supported. otable ምኩ ey had only to apply to the next gentleman or res farmer, and were sure to find them equally ready and willing to supply their very moderate wants. David often received gratuities from strangers, which he never asked, never refused, and mever seemed to consider as an obligation. He had a right, ined. to regard himself as one of Nature's paupers, to whom she gave a title to be maintained by his kind, even by that deformity which closed against him all ordinary ways of supporting himself by his own labour. Besides, a bag was suspended in the shill for David Ritchie's benefit ; and those who were carrying home a melder of meel, seldom failed to add a goupes" to the alms-bag of the deformed cripple. In short, David had no occasion for money, save to purchase muff, his only lucury, in which he indulated himself liberally. When he died, in the iginaing of the present century, he was found to have hourded about twenty pou nds, a habit very consistent with his disposition; for wealth is power, and power was what David Ritchie as, as a compensation for his exclusion from denired to poss where a subject v.

• Handful

His sister survived till the publication of the tale to which this brief notice forms the introduction ; and the anther is corry to learn that a cort of "local sympathy," and the eximity then expressed concerning the Author of Waverley and the sujects of his Novels, acposed the poor woman to ioquiries which gave her pairs. When pressed about the brother's pooliniting, she asked, in her turn, why they would not permit the dead is rest 1 To others, who pressed for some account of her parents, abe unwared in the seme tone of feeling.

The author saw this poer, and, it may be said, unhappy main automn, 1797. Being then, as he has the happineas still we remain, connected by ties of intimatic friendship with the heavy of the venerable Dr. Adam Fergusson, the philosopher and historian, who then resided at the mansion-house of Halyarsh, is author was upon a visit at Halyards, which lasted for seven days, and was made acquainted with this singular metherk, whom Dr. Fergusson considered as an extraordinary characte, and whom he assisted in various ways, particularly by the consional loan of books. Though the taste of the philosopher and the poor peasant did not, it may be supposed, always campond,\* Dr. Fergusson considered him as a man of a powerld capacity and original ideas, but whose mind was thrown offic gated by the sense of ridicule and contempt, and avaging itself upon society, in idea at loast, by a gloomy minuflappi.

existence, had been dead for many years, when it eccuted to the author that such a character might be made a newsrifi agent in fictitious parative. He, accordingly, sketches that of Elshie of the Mucklestane Moor. The story was intended to be ded to be longer, and the catastrophe more artificially brought o nta hel a friendly critic, to whose opinion I subjected the work is its progress, was of opinion, that the idea of the Solitary was of a kind too revolting, and more likely to disgust then to it the reader. As I had good right to consider my advi er na 20. excellent judge of public opinion, I got off my subject tening the story to an end, as fast as it was possible; huddling into one volume, a tale which was designed to jeat ly b as and, by huddling into one volume, a tale which was de two, have perhaps produced a narrative as much dime ed and distorted, as the Black Dwarf, who is its sal

1 remember David was particularly antices to an a bast, while alled, i think, Lotters to the Elect Ladies, and which, he and, out to best composition he had over read ; but Dr. Purguene's Energy dd at mpply the vermes.

# BLACK DWARF.

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#### CHAPTER I. PRELIMINARY.

# Hast any philosophy in thee, Shepherd ? As You Line R.

IT was a fine April morning (excepting that it had It was a fine April morning (excepting that it had mowed hard the night before, and the ground remain-ed covered with a dazzling mantle of six inches in depth) when two horsemen rode up to the Wallace Inn. The first was a strong, tail, powerful man, in a gray riding-cost, having a hat covered with wax-cloth, a huge silver-mounted horsewhip, boots, and dreadnought overails. He was mounted on a large a give in this could be a stand of the second of the secon

he was,) shaking his head, "he'll be anco busy amang the morts this season." "The Black Dwarf !" said my learned friend and petron,\* Mr. Jedediah Cleishbotham, " and what sort of a personage may he be?" "Hout awa" man," answered the farmer, "yo'll has heard o' Canny Elshie the Black Dwarf, or I am muckie mista'en-A' the warld tells tales about him, but it's but daft nonsense after a'-I dinna believe a woord o's frae beginning to end." "Your father believed it unco stievely, though," said the old man, to whom the scepucism of his measter gave obvious displeasure.

said the old man, to whom the scepicism of his master gave obvious displeasure. "Ay, very true, Bauldie, but that was in the time o' the blackfaces-they believed a hantle queer things in these days, that naceody beeds since the long sheep carn in." "The mair's the pity, the mair's the pity," said the old man. "Your father, and sae I have after tell'd ye, maister, wad het been sair vexed to have seen the sund peel-house was pu'd down to make park dykea; and the bonny knowe, where he liked sae weel to sit at e'en, wi' his plaid about him, and look at the kye as they can down the loaning, ill wad he

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hae liked to hae seen that braw sunny knowe a' tives out wi' the pleugh in the frashion it is at this day." "Hout, Baudie," replied the principal, 'tak ye that dram the landlord's offering ye, and never fash your head about the changes o' the warld, sae lang as ye're blithe and bien yoursell." "Wussing your health, sirs," said the shepherd; and having taken off his glass, and observed the whisky was the right thing, he continued. "It's no for the like o' us to be judging, to be sure; but it was a bomy know that broomy knowe, and an unco braw shelter for the lambs in a severe morning like this." "Ay," said his patron, "but ye ken we maun hae turnips for the lang sheep, bille, and muckle hard wark to get them, baith wi' the pleugh and the howe; and that wad sort ill wi' sitting on the broomy knowe, and cracking about Black Dwarfs, and siccan clavers, as was the gate lang syne, when the short

knowe, and cracking about Black Dwaris, and secan clavers, as was the gate lang syne, when the short sheep were in the fashion." "Aweel, aweel, maister," said the attendant, " short sheep had short rents, I'm thinking." Here my worthy and tearned patron again inter-posed, and observed, " that he could never perceive any material difference, in point of longitude, between one sheep and another." one sheep and another.

one sheep and another." This occasioned a loud hoarse laugh on the part of the farmer, and an astonished stare on the part of the shepherd. "It's the woo', man,—it's the woo', and no the beasts themselis, that makes them be ca'd lang or short. I believe if ye were to measure their backs, the short sheep would be rather the langer-bodied o' the twa; but it's the woo' that pays the rent in thas days, and it had muckle need." "Odd, Bauldie says very true,—short sheep did make short rents—my father paid for our steading usat threescore punda, and it stands me in three hun-

make short rents-my father paid for our steading just threescore punds, and it stands me in three hun-dred, plack and bawbee, -- And that's very true-- I has nae time to be standing here clavering-- Landlord, get us our breakfast, and see an' get the yaudg fed--I am for down to Christy Wilson's, to see if him and me can gree about the luckpenny I am to gite him for his year-aulds. We had drank fax mutchkins to the making the bargain at St. Boswell's fair, and some safe we canne gree wron the next invita a percent. making the bargain at St. Boswell's fair, and some gate we canna gree upon the particulars precessely, for as mackle time as we took about it—I doubt we draw to a plea—But hear ye, neighbour," addressing my worthy and learned patron, "if ye want to hear ony thing about lang or short sheep, I will be back here to my kail against ane o'clock; or, if ye want, ony auld-warld stories about the Black Dwarf, and sic-like, if ye'll ware a half-mutchkin upon Bauldie there, he'll crack tye like a pen-gun. And I'se gis ye a mutchkin mysell, man, if I can settle weel wi' Christy Wilson."

Ye a mutchakin mysell, man, if I can settle weel wr Christy Wilson." The farmer returned at the hour appointed, and which him came Christy Wilson, their difference having been fortunately settled without an appeal to the gentlemen of the long robe. My learned and worthy patron failed not to attend, both on account of the refreshment promised to the mind and to the of the refreshment promised to the mind and to the body, although he is known to partake of the latter in a very moderate degree; and the party, with which my Landlord was associated, continued to ait late in the evening, seasoning their liquor with many choice tales and songs. The last incident which I recollect, was my learned and worthy patron falling from his chair, just as he concluded a long lecture upon tem-perance, by reciting from the Genite Shephard, a couplet, which he right happily transferred from the vice of avarice to that of ebriety: He that an are soundly sleen.

He that has just enough may soundly ale The owername only fishes folk to keen.

In the course of the evening the Black Dwarf had not been forgotten, and the old shepherd, Baudie, told so many stories of him, that they excited a good deal of interest. It also appeared, though not till the third punch-bowl was emptied, that much of the far-mer's scepticism on the subject was affected, as evincing a liberality of thinking, and a freedom from ancient prejudices, becoming a man who paid three hundred pounds a-year of rent, while, in fact, he had a lurking belief in the traditions of his forefathers. After my usual manner, I made further inguiries of other persons connected with the wild and pastoral district in which the scene of the following narrative is placed, and I was fortunate enough to recover mais placed, and I was fortunate enough to recover ma-ny links of the story, not generally known, and which account, at least in some degree, for the circumstan-ces of exaggerated marvel with which superstition has attired it in the more vulgar traditions.

#### CHAPTER II.

## Will some put Hearne the Hunter serve your tan Merry Wisse of

In one of the most remote districts of the south of Scotland, where an ideal line, drawn along the tops of lofty and bleak mountains, apparates that land of lofty and bleak mountains, separates that hand from her sister kingdom, a young man, called Hal-lert, or Hobbie Elliot, a substantial farmer, who boasted his descent from old Martin Elliot of the Pteakin tower, noted in Border story and song, was an his return from deer-stalking. The deer, once so numerous among these solitary wastes, were now re-duced to a very few herds, which, sheltering them-selves in the most remote and inaccessible recesses, rendered the task of pursuing them equally toilsome and precarious. There were, however, found many youth of the country ardenity attached to this sport,

The field red. the task of pursuing them equally transumer and precarious. There were, however, found many youth of the country ardenily attached to this sport, " The Block Dwarf, now almost forgotten, was case held a famidable persoage by the delement of the Border, where he may the blame of whatever mischief befell the sheep or cattle. The was, "a sp Dr. Leyden, who makes coosiderable was of him in the balled callest the Cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of whatever mischief befell the sheep or cattle. The was," and the balled callest the Cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of whatever mischief befell the sheep or cattle. The was," are port. Eviden, who makes coosiderable was of him in the balled callest the Cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of the cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of the cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of the cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of the cowt of Keeldar, " a fairy of the blane of the cowt of the c

airy hill

Suc's is the last and most authentic account of the apparition

with all its dangers and fatigues. The sword had been sheathed upon the Borders for more than a hundred years, by the peaceful union of the covers in the reign of James the First of Great Brunn. in the reign of James the First of Great Britain Still the country retained traces of what it had been in former days; the inhabitants, their more pascell avocations having been repeatedly interrupted by the civil wars of the preceding century, were acare we broken in to the habits of regular industry, see-farming had not been introduced upon any consider-ble scale, and the feeding of black cattle was the chif purpose to which the fulls and vallers were apied. Near to the farmer's house, the tenant usually co-trived to raise such a crops of onts or barley, as afford meal for his family; and the whole of this slowely and imperfect mode of cultivation left mach since upon his own hards, and those of his domestic. This his own hands, and those of his domestics.

his own hands, and those of his domestics. This was usually employed by the young men is baring and fishing; and the spirit of adventure, which is merly led to raids and forays in the same district was still to be discovered in the engeness with wint they pursued those rural sports. The more high-spirited among the your was about the time that our marative begins, specing rather with hope than apprehension, an experimen-grather with hope than apprehension, an experim-ments, the recital of which formed the char state their amusement within doors. The passing the Scottish act of security had given the same tag. and, as it seemed to point at a separation of the two British kingdoms, after the decease of Queen the reigning sovereign. Godolphin, then at the he of the English administration, foresaw that these no other mode of avoiding the probable extremit a a civil war, but by carrying through an incompanies union. How that treaty was managed, and has h tle it seemed for some time to promise the be Tresults which have since taken place to such atter, may be learned from the history of the pend. It enough for our purpose to say, that all Scollard we indignant at the terms on which their legislaur is surrendered their national independence. The gensurrendered their national independence. In ge-ral resentment led to the strangest leagues and the wildest plans. The Cameronians were about to the arms for the restoration of the house of Sawar, whom they regarded, with justice, as their open-sors; and the intrigues of the penod present the strange picture of papists, prelatists, and pressysteans, caballing among themselves against the B government, out of a common feeling that the The fr try had been treated with injustice. tion was universal; and, as the population of Seat act of security, they were not indifferently on for war, and waited but the declaration of s the nobility to break out into open hospity.

the nobility to break out into open normal at this period of public confusion that ar say open The cleugh, or wild ravine, into which Hobse E liot had followed the game, was alread for bain him, and he was considerably advanced on his real Densided, when the winch the same of the same of the same and the same of the considerable when the winch the same of the same nim, and ne was considerably advance on instance homeward, when the night began to close upon his This would have been a circumstance of great no ference to the experienced sportsman, who could walked blindfold over every inch of his nu heaths, had it not happened near a spot, which cording to the traditions of the country, was mitremely bad fame, as haunted by supernatural pearances. To fales of this kind Hobbie had in pearances. To fales of this kind Hobble and his childhood, lent an attentive ear; and as no an of the country afforded such a variety of legens, no man was more deeply read in their fearing than Hobbie of the Heugh-foot; for so our sale was called, to distinguish him from a round doma like the second secon Elliots who bore the same Christian name. It co im no efforts, therefore, to call to memory the b fic incidents connected with the extensive waste which he was now entering. In fact, they pre themselves with a readiness which he felt to be s what dismaying.

What dismaying. This dreary common was called Muckless Moor, from a huge column of thewn granic, whe raised its massy head on a knoll near the cente the heath, perhaps to tell of the mighty deal alept beneath, or to preserve the memory of so

insuently an investor of inclose as a preserver of truth, had supplied its place with a supplementary legend of her own, which now came full upon Hob-he's memory. The ground about the pillar was strewed, or rather encumbered, with many large fragments of stone of the same consistence with the co-lamn, which, from their appearance as they lay scatlama, which, from their appearance as they lay seatured on the waste, were popularly called the Gray Genes of Mucklestane-Moor. The legend accounted for this name and appearance by the catastrophe of a noted and most formidable witch who frequented these hills in former days, causing the ewes to keb, and the kine to cast their calves, and performing all the feats of mischief ascribed to these evil beings. On this moor abe used to hold her revels with her no grass nor heath ever grew, the turf being, as it wure, calcined by the scorching hoofs of their diaboli-cal partners. ware, calcine

cal partners. Once upon a time this old hag is said to have crossed the moor driving before her a flock of genes, which she proposed to sell to advantage at a neigh-bouring far; - for it is well known that the fiend, however liberal in imparting his powers of doing mischief, ungenerously leaves his allies under the ne-cessity of performing the meanest rustic labours for which says. The day was for a dispatch and the same consist of performing the meanest rustic labours for mbissionce. The day was far advanced, and her chance of obtaining a good price depended on her being first at the market. But the geose, which had hitherto preceded her in a pretty orderly manner, when they came to this wide common, interspersed with markes and pools of water, scattered in every direction, to plunge into the element in which they designed. Incensed at the obstinacy with which they designed. Incensed at the obstinacy with which they designed. delighted. Incensed at the obstinacy with which they defined all her efforts to collect them, and not remem-hering the precise terms of the contract by which the fixed was bound to obey her commends for a cer-tain space, the sorceress exclaimed, "Deevil, that neither I nor they ever air from this spot more!" "The words were hardly uttered, when by a metamor-phosis as suden as any in Ovid, the hag and her refractory flock were converted into stone, the angel-whom she served, being a strict formalist, grasping cagerly at an opportunity of completing the ruin of her body and soul by a literal obsdience to her orders. It is said, that when she perceived, and felt the trans-formation which was about to take place, she ex-claimed to the tracherous fiend, "Ah, thou false, that i, lang hast thou promised me a gray gown, and Claimed to the treacherous fiend, "Ah, thou faise thiad.! lang heat thou promised me a gray gown, and now I am getting ane that will last for ever." The dimensions of the pillar, and of the stones, were often appealed to, as a proof of the superior stature and size of old women and genee in the days of other years, by those praisers of the past who held the comfortable opinion of the gradual degeneracy of mankind. All particulars of this legend Hobbie called to mind as he passed along the moor. He also respen-baned, that, since the catastrophe had taken place, the scene of it han even avoided, at least taken place, the scene of it han even avoided, at least taken place, the scene of it has ocen avoided, at least after night-bill, by all human beings, as being the ordinary resort of kelpices, spunkies, and other demons, once the ompanions of the witch's diabolical revels, and now ontimizing to rendezvou upon the same spot, as if

antinuing to readictive scheduler revels, and now antinuing to readictive upon the same spot, as if ill in stiendance on their transformed mistress. [abbie's natural hardihood, however, manfully comin this is natural hardhood, however, manfully com-stead with these intrusive sensations of ave. He immoned to his side the brace of large greyhounda, ho were the compasions of his sports, and who were out, in his own phrase, to fear neither dog nor devil; , booked at the priming of his piece, and, like the ywar in Hallowe'en, whisled up the warlike dity of ck of the Side, as a general causes his drimes beat immpirit the doubtful courage of his soldiers. In this state of mind, he was very glad to hear a antify voice shout in his rear, and propose to him wartner on the road. He slackened his pace, and is quickly joined by a youth well known to him, profleman of some fortune in that remote country, i who had been abroad on the same errand with martly Young Earnscliff, of that ilk," had lately mean erest erest and succeeded to a moderate fortune, a in device the same distributed by a moderate fortune, a in device the same distributed by a moderate fortune, a in device distributed at the share his family had

stodyskirmish. The real cause of its existence had, | taken in the distorbances of the period. They were never, passed away; and tradition, which is as | much and genefally respected in the country; a me meuently an inventor of fiction as a preserver of putation which this young gentleman seemed likely mak, had supplied its place with a supplementary | to sustain, as he was well educated, and of excellent dispositions.

dispositions. "Now, Earnschff," exclaimed Hobbie, "I am glad to meet your honour ony gate, and company's blithe on a bree moor like this—it's an unco bogilly bit— Where has ye been sporting?". "Up the Carla Cleugh, Hobbie," answered Earns-clift, refurming his greeting. "Deil a fear o' mine," said Hobbie, "they has scaree a leg to stand on.—Odd I the deer's field the country, I think ! I have been as far as Inger-fell-foot, and deil a horn has Hobbie seen, excepting three red-wud rises that never let me within shot of them, toot, and dell a born has Hobbie seen, axcepting three, red-wud raes, that never let me within shot of them, though Lgaed a mile round to get up the wind to them, an' a'. Deit o' me wad care muckle, only I wanted some venison to our aild gude-dame. The carline, she sits in the neuk yonder, upbyo, and cracks about the grand shooters and hunters lang syne—Odd, I think they has killed a' the deer in the country, for my nert."

my part." "Well, Hobbie, I have shot a fat buck, and cent him to Earnscliff this morning—you shall have half of him for your grandmother.

"" Mony thanks to ye, Mr. Patrick, ye're kend to a' the country for a kind heart. It will do the auld wife's the country for a kind heart. It will do the auld wife'ss heart gude—main by token, when she kena it comes frae you-mand maist of a'gin ye'll come up and take your share, for I retko: ye are lonesome now in the auld tower, and a' your folk at that weary Edinburgh. I wonder what they can find to do amang a whean ranks o' stane houses wi' slats on the tap o' them, that might live on their ain bonny green hills." "My dducation and my sisters has kept my mo-ther much in Edinburgh for several years," said Earnselifi, "but I promise you I propose to make up for lost time."

for lost time."

"And ye'll rig out the auld tower a bit," said Hob-bie, " and live hearty and neighbour-like wi' the auld family friends, as the Laird o' Earnscliff should? I can bell ye, my mother-my grandmother I mean-but, since we lost our ain mother, we ca' her some-times the tane, and sometimes the tother-but, ony gate, she conceits hersell no that distant connected we' own'

times the tane, and sometimes up to the second state of the second

take amerus u..., 'I can tell je the country to a find the bargain-I can tell je the country to a find the bargain-I can tell je the country to a find the start is '' you, that profess religion, to stir your friend up te break the law, and take vengeance at his own hand, and in such a bogilly bit too, where we know and what beings may be listening to us'' '' Hush, hush '' said Hobbie, drawing nearer te his companion, ''I was nae thinking o' the like o' them—But I can guess a wee bit what keeps your frage, but the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the start he twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like o' the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like the twa gray cen of a bonny law. Misse Instead of the like the like

"I assure you, Hobbie," said his companion, ra-ther angrily, "I assure you you are mistaken; and it is extremely wrong of you, either to think of, or to utter such an idea; I have no idea of permitting free-doms to be carried so far as to connect my name with thet of any wonng leady."

doms to be carried so far as to connect my name with that of any young lady." "Why, there now—there now!" retorted Elliot; "did I not say it was nae want o' spunk thet made ye sac mim ?--Weel, weel, I meant nae offence; but there's just ac thing ye may notice frae a friend. The wuld Laird of Ellieslaw has the auld riding blood far hetter at his heart than ye hae—troth, he kens nae-thing about the newfangled notions o' peace and quietness—he's a' for the auld-warld doings o' lifting and laving on, and he has a wheen stout lada at his thing about thae newfangled notions o' peace and quietness—he's a' for the auld-warld doings o' lifting and laying on, and he has a wheen stout lads at his back too, and keeps them well up in heart, and as fu' o' mischief as young colts. Where he gets the gear to do't nane can say; he lives high, and far abune his rents here; however, he pays his way—Sae, if there's ony outbreak in the country, he's likely to oreak out wi' the first—and weel does he mind the auld quarrels between ye. I'm surmizing he'll be for a touch at the auld tower at Earnscliff." "Well, Hobbie," answered the young gentleman, "if he should be so ill advised, I shall try to make the old tower good against him, as it has been made good by my betters against his betters many a day ago." "Very right—very right—that's speaking like a man now." said the stout yeomar: "end, if sae should be that this be sae, if ye'll just gar your ser-vant jow out the great bell in the tower, there's me, and my twa brothers, and little Davie of the Sten-house, will be wi' you, wi' a' the power we can make, in the snapping of a fint." "Many thanka, Hobbie," answered Earnscliff;"but I hope we shall have no war of so unnatural and un-christian a kind in our time." "Hout, sir, hout," replied Elliot; "it wad be but a wee bit neighbour war, and Heaven and carth would make allowances for it in this uncultivated place—it's just the nature o' the folk and the land—we canna live quiet like Loudon folk—we hacna sae muckle to do, It's impossible." "Well, Hobbie," said the Laird, "for one who be-

live quiet like Loudon folk— we have a sae muckle to do, It's impossible." "Well, Hobbie," said the Laird, "for one who be-lieves so deeply as you do in supernatural appearances, I must own you take Heaven in your own hand ra-ther audaciously, considering where we are walking." "What needs I care for the Mucklestane-Moor ony mair than ye do yoursell, Earnscliff ?" said Hobbie, something offended; "to be sure, they do say there's a sort o' worricows and lang-nebbit things about the land, but what need I care for them? I have a good conscience, and little to answer for, unless it be about a rant among the lasses, or a splore at a fair, and a rant among the lasses, or a spiore at a fair, and that's no muckle to speak of. Though I say it my-sell, I an as quiet a lad and as paceable" "And Dick Turnbull's head that you broke, and Willing of Winton whom you shot at ?" said his tra-velling companies.

#### CHAPTER III.

Brown Dwarf, that for the mooriand strays, "Thy same to Keeldar tell " The Brown Man-of the Moor, that stays Beamult the heatter bell." JOHN LEYDEN.

The best which alarmed the young farmer in the at least A soft road, is a road through quantity at least A soft road, is a road through quantity at least A soft read in a road through the soft soft is the soft of the soft

moment even his less prejadiced companies. The moon, which had arisen during their conversion, was, in the phrase of that country, wading or stag-gling with clouds, and shed only a doubtil and occasional light. By one of her beams which they now approached, they discovered a form spe-tently human, but of a size much less than ordinar, which moved slowly among the large gray store, new like a person intending to journey oward, be with the alow, irregular, flitting movement of a b-ing who hovers around some spot of melanchely recollection, uttering also, from time to time, a w of indistinct muttering seund. This so much rese-bled his idea of the unctions of an appariton, hat Hobbie Elliot, making a dead pause, while his har arected itself upon his scalp, whispered to his com-panion, "It's Adil Alite hersell! Shall ig be a boot, in the name of God?" "Ye're distracted yoursell, for thinking of going so near to her," said Elliot, holding his companies in his turn, as he prepared to advance. "Will pri-he time to pit ower a bit prayer (an load) bet mind ane) afore she comes this length-field his companion's confidence, and the little notes the apparting see the to advance. "She high like a hen on a het girdle. I redd ye, Emstand (this he, added in a gentle whisper,' 'is to sub bad company." \* moment even his less prejudiced companion. The moon, which had arisen during their conversion.

bad company." Earnacliff, however, in spite of his companies resistance and remonstrances, continued to array on the path they had originally pursued, and som confronted the object of their investigation. The height of the figure, which appeard ere is decrease as they approached it, seemed to be and four feet, and its form, as far as the imperied fight afforded them the means of discerning, was very nearly as broad as long, or rather of a submer shape, which could only be occasioned by some strang-personal deformity. The young sportsman halled the extraordinary appearance twice, without mering any answer, or attending to the pinche by which four course was to walk on, without giving further de-turbance to a being of such singular and mereatu-ral exterior. To the third repeated demand of Who are you? What do you here at this hour of whith nant tones made Elliot step two pace bed, and startled even his companion, "Pass or your without and ask nought at them that ask hoight af you. "What do you do here so far from abelier 1 and you benighted on your journey? Will you follow us home, ('God forbid!' ejaculated Hobbe Klint, inv-untarity, and I will give you a lodging?" "I would sooner lodge by mysell in the deemet the Tarras-flow," again whispered Hobbis. "Pass on your way," rejoined the figure, the here tones of his voice still more exalted by passion. want not your guidance—I want not your lodges the the star look of auid: Humphrey Etteras for induct it was for the last time." "He has a look of auid: Humphrey Etteras tones of his voice still more exalted by passion. "As on your way," rejoined the figure, the here tones of his voice still more exalted by passion. "As on your way," rejoined the figure, the here to the your guidance—I want not your lodges "He has a look of auid: Humphrey Etteras for is five years since my head in this very mose about for years syne," answerted his superstitions company "but Humphrey wasma that awfu' big in the box. "Dat safe us?" whispered

an par test, in ter

Canar, III.)

"Come, my friend," said Earnschiff, " you seem to t "Company niend," saud Karnstelli, you seem to suffer under some strong affliction; common huma-nity will not allow us to leave you here." "Common humanity !" exclaimed the being, with

"Common humanity " exclaimed the being, with a scornful laugh that sounded like a shriek, " where got ye that catch-word—that noose for woodcocks— that common disguise for man-traps—that bait which the wretched idiot who swallows, will soon find co-vers a hook with barbe ten times sharper than those you lay for the animals which you murder for your innury!" "I tall sound the sound of the sou

"I tell you, my friend," again replied Earnscliff, "you are incapable of judging of your own situation -you will persh in this wilderness, and we must, in compassion, force you along with us." "I'll has neither hand nor foot in't," said Hobbie; "I'lt the ghaist take his ain way, for God's sake?" "My blood be on my own head, if I perish here," said the figure; and, observing Earnscliff meditating to lay hold on him, he added, "And your blood be goog yours, if you touch but the skirt of my garments, to infect me with the taint of mortality !"

The moon shone more brightly as he spoke thus, ad Eamsciff observed that he held out his right and Earnsciiff observed that he held out his right hand armed with some weapon of offence, which gittered in the cold ray like the blade of a long knife, or the barrel of a pistol. It would have been mad-ment to persevere in his attempt upon a being thus armed, and holding such desperate language, espe-cially as it was plan he would have little aid from his companion, who had fairly left him to settle mat-ters with the apparition as he could, and had pro-ceeded is we paces on his way homeward. Earns-chiff, therefore, turned and followed Hobbie, after looking back towards the supposed maniac, who, as if raised to fremsy by the interview, roamed wildly around the great stone, exhausting his voice in shrieks and imprections, that thrilled wildly along the waste backth.

The two sportsmen moved on some time in silence, snii they were out of hearing of these uncouth mounds, which was not ere they had gained a consi-derable distance from the pillar that gave name to the moor. Each made his pirate comments on the scene they had witnessed, until Hobbie Elliot sud-denly exclaimed, "Weel, I'll uphaud that yon ghaist, if it be a ghaist, has baith done and suffered muckle evil in the flesh, that gars him rampauge in that way after he is dead and gane."

"It secures to me the very madness of misanthropy," mid Earnschiff, following his own current of thought. "And ye didna think it was a spiritual creature, then ?" asked Hobbie at his companion. "Who, I ?- No, surely." "Weel, I am partly of the mind mysell that it may

se a live thing—and yet I dinna ken, I wadna wish o see ony thing look liker a bogle." "At any rate," said Earnscliff, "I will ride over to-

sorrow, and see what has become of the unhappy

sorrow, and see what are occursed a sing." "In fair daylight?" queried the yeoman; "then, race o' God, I'es be wi'ys. But here we are nearer "Hengh-foot than to your house by twa mile,---ulna ye better even gae hame wi'me, and we'll send a callant on the powny to tell them that you are i' me, though I believe there's nasbody at hame to sit for you but the servants and the cat." "Have with you then, friend Hobbia." said the mag hunter; "and as I would not willingly have here the servants be anxious, or puse forfeit her sup-r, in my absence, I'll be obliged to you to send the r as you propose."

A weel, that is kind, I must say. And ye'll gas, A weel, that is kind, I must say. And ye'll gas, to Heasth-foot? They'll be right blithe to see

A weel, that is kind, I must say. And ye'll gas, me to Hengh-foot? They'll be right blithe to see that will they." This affair settled, they walked briskly on a little ther, when, coming to the ridge of a pretty steep Hobbie Elliot exclaimed, "Now, Earnaciff, I aye glad when I come to this very bit—Ye see the t below, that's in the ha' window, where grannis, grash and carline, is sitting birling at her wheel— ye see you other light that's gaun whiddin' back forrit through among the windows? that's my sin, Grace Armstrong.—she's twice as clever about

the house as my sisters, and eac they say themsells, for they're good-natured lasses as ever trode on hea-ther ; but they confess themsells, and say does grannic, that she has far maint action, and is the best goor about the toun, now that grannic is off the foot her-sell.—My brothers, and or them's away to wait upon the chamberlain, and ane's at Mose-phadraig, that's our led farm—he can see after the stock just as west as I can do.

ou are lucky, my good friend, in having so many valuable relationa.

"Troth am I-Grace make me thankful, I'se never deny it. But will ye tell me now, Earnacht, you that have been at college, and the high-school of Edindeny it.—But will ye tell me now, Earnschiff, you that have been at college, and the high-school of Edin-burgh, and got a' sort o' lair where it was to be best gotten—will ye tell me—no that it's ony concern of mine in particular,—but I heard the priest of St. John's, and our minister, bargaining about it at the Winter fair, and troth they baith spak very weel— Now, the priest says it's unlawful to marry ane's cousin; but I cannot say I thought he brought out the Gospel authorities half sas weel as our minister —our minister is thought the best divine and the best preacher atween this and Edinburgh—Dinna ye think he was likely to be right?" "Certainly marriage, by all protestant Christians, is held to be as free as God made it by the Levitical law; so, Hobbie, there can be no bar, legal or reli-gions, betwirt you and Miss Armstrong." "Hout awa' wi' your joking, Earnschiff," replied his companion,—"yo are angry eneugh yourrell if ane touches you a bit, man, on the sooth side of the jest—No that I was asking the question about Graes for ye main ken side's no my cousin-germain out and out, but the daughter of my uncle's wife by her first marriage, so she's new kin nor kin to me—only a connexiton like. But now we're at the Sheeling-hill —Pill fire off my gun, to let them ken I'm coming, they's a way wey, and if I has edder I or is them

that, to see it my norms support to ready, pre-beasts." "Love me, love my dog," answered Earnscliff. "Ah, Hobbie, you are a lucky young fellow !" This observation was uttered with something like a sigh, which apparently did not escape the ear of his

a sign, which apparently in not secape the ear of his companion. "Hout, other folk may be as lucky as I am—O how I have seen Miss Isbel Vere's head turn after some-body when they passed are another at the Carlisse races! Wha kens but things may come round in this world ?"

Earnscliff muttered something like an answer; but scarasciil muttered something like an answer; but whether in assent of the proposition, or rebuking the application of it, could not easily be discovered; and it seems probable that the speaker himself was will-ing his meaning should sest in doubt and obscurity. They had now descended the broad loaning, which, winding round the foot of the steep bank, or heugh, brought them in front of the thatched, but comfort-able farm-house, which was the dwelling of Hobbie Elliot and his family.

able farm-nouse, which was the twesting of Floore Elliot and his family. The doorway was thronged with joyful faces; but the appearance of a stranger blunted many a gibe which had been prepared on Hobbie's lack of success in the deer-stalking. There was a little bustle among the background of the state of the stranger of the state in the deer-stalking. There was a little bustle among three handsome young women, each endeavouring to devolve upon another the task of unhering the stranger cevore upon another the task of unhering the stranger into the apartment, while probably all were anxious to escape for the purpose of making some little per-sonal arrangements, hefore presenting themselves to a young gentleman in a dishabille only intended for their brother. Hobbie, in the meanwhile, bestowing some heavy and general abuse upon them all (for Green was and

and general abuse upon them all, (for Grace was not of the party,) enatched the candle from the hand of one of the rustic cequettes, as ahs stood playing pretty

while it is it is the mark, and unhared his gnest into the family parlorn, or rather hall; for the place having permean a house of defence in former times, the sitting grantment was a valued and pawed room, damp and dismal enough compared with the lodgings of the yearnanry of our days, but which, when well lighted up with a large sparkling fire of turf and bog-wood, for the darkness and bleak blast of the hill. Kindly and reserved with the load of the hill. Kindly for the darkness and bleak blast of the hill. kindly and repeatedly was he welcomed by the venerable old dame, the mistress of the family, who, dressed in her coif and pinners, her close and decent gown of home-spun wool, but with a large gold necklace and ear-rings, lookad, what she really was, the lady as well as the farmer's wife, while, seated in her chair of mistre by the compact the more binner the we as the terms wile, while, scated in her chair of wocker, by the corner of the great chinney, also discoted the evening occupations of the young wo-men, and of two or three stout serving wanches, who easts plying their distaffs behind the backs of their young mistresses.

As soon as Earnseliff had been daly welcomed, and hasty orders issued for some addition to the evening meal, his grand-dame and sisters opened their hat-tery upon Hobbie Elliot for his lack of success against

tary upon Hobbie hands are kept up her hischen-fire for a' "Janny needna have kept up her hischen-fire for a' that Hobbie has brought hane," said one sister. "Troth no, lass," said another; "the gathering peat, " if it was weel blawn, was doesn a' our Hob-bie's venison." " 'the or the low of the candle, if the wind word is

"Ay, or the low of the candle, if the wind wad let stblide steady," said a third; "if I were him, I would bring hame a black craw, rather than come back three times without a buck's horn to blaw on."

Hobbic turned from the one to the other, regarding them elternately with a frow a on his brow, the au-gury of which was confuted by the good-humoured hund on the lower next of his countries. gury of which was confuted by the good-humoured haugh on the lower part of his countenance. He then astove to propitifie them, by mentioning the intended present of his companion. "In my young days," said the old lady, "a man wat has been ashamed to come back frac the hill without a buck hanging on each side o' his horse, like a cadger carrying calves." "I wish they had left some for as then, grannie," metosted Hobbie; "they'we cleased the country o' them, these and first overs, I'm thinking." "Ye see other folk can find game, though you can-not, Hobbie," said the eldest sister, glancing a look at young Earneditf.

To be other tolk can mad game, thougn you can-not, Hobbie," said the eldest sister, glancing a look at young Earnschiff. "Weel, weel, woman, hame every dog his day, begging Earnschiff's pardot for the ald saying— diayna I has his hak, and he mine, another time? -It's a braw thing for a man to be out a' day, and fighted—ma, I wanna say shat neither—but mis-typuted wi' bogles in the hame-coming, an' then to the to flyre wi's wheen women that hae been doing mestiang a' the live-img day, but whirling a bit stick, wi' a thread trailing at it, or boring at a clout." "Frighted wi' bogles I' suchaimed the females, one end all,—for great was the regard then paid, and per-imps shil paid, in these glens, to all such finntasies. "I did not say frighted, now—I only said missed wi' the thing—And there was but ac bogle, neither— Bamecliff, ye saw it as weel as I did ?" And he proceeded, without very much exaggers-tion. to dstail, in his own way, the meeting they had with the imyetsenes being at Mucklestane-Moor, concluding, he "could not conjecture what one cart is unable be proceeded, without very much exaggers-tion. to dstail, in his own way, the meeting they had with the imyetsenes being at Mucklestane-Moor, concluding, he "could not conjecture what one cart is unable be, unless it was either the Faneny himsel, or

much be, unless it was either the Enemy himself, or muse of the and Paghts that held the country lang yme."

"And Pent !" exclaimed the grand-dame; "na, ma-bles thee fras scathe, my beim, it's been mae Pent that-it's been the Brown Man of the Moors ! O meary fa' that evil days !-- what can evil beings be coming for to distrat a poor country, now it's peace-fully settled, and living in love and law ?--O weary sa him ! he ne'er brought gade to these lands or the indwellers. My father aften tauld me he was seen an the year o' the sloody fight at Marsten-Moor, and

"The gathering peat is the pleas of tarf left to treasure up because teachs of fire, without any recovery consumption of the data with, to how the fraction

• • that I cannot speak to sate proceeded -- it was in a the west.--O, beirns, ha's never permitted but has ill time, sate mind like anso'y to daw to Him ha can help in the day of trouble."

can teep in the day of treuble." Exernectiff now interposed, and expressed his im-conviction that the person they had seen was sum poor maniac, and had no commission from their-visible work to announce either was or will. Be his opinion found a very cold sudiance, and all justify deprovate his numers of netwines to the set his set his deprecate his purpose of returning to the spet in

deprecate his purpose or some of the set day. "O, may boany baim," mid the old dame, (in a the kindness of her heart, abe extended her pursuit style to all in whom she was interested." He should bewase main than other folk-there banks heavy breach made in your house wi your fains bloodshed, and wi' law-plans, and leases anyour and you are the flower of the flock, and the ind the will build up the auld bigging again (if it to his will to he an honour to the country, and a seignate will build up the auld bigging again (if it is lie will to be an honour to the country, and a segment those that dwell in it—you, before other, are said upon to put yoursell in no rash, adventure-frame was gye over venturesence a race, and amiliation they have got by it." "But I am sure, my good friend, you wait as have me be afraid of going to an open mor show daylight?" "I dinna ken," said the good old dans; "I will never hid could or friend o' mane hand that had had in a guide cause whether it was a firmad's that

never bid son or friend o' mine hand ther had he in a gude cause, whether it were a friend or the aur-that should be by nae bidiagof mine of a body that's come of a gentile kindsed. Bet the gang out of a gray head like mine, that to gut a seek for evil that's no fashing wi'you, is clean up law and Scripture." Earnschiff resigned an argument which he see prospect of maintaining with good effect, as h entrance of supper broke off the convenien. In Grace had by this time state has manufacture.

Grace had by this time made her spontato, Hobbie, not without a conscious glance if farm placed himself by her side. Mirth ad her or satien, in which, the old lady of the heres of good-humowed share which so well been restored to the cheeks of the damass the Their broker's tale of the aparition had a and they danced and sung for an bor for if there ware no such theres as gobiers.

#### CHAPTER IV.

Fum Musanthropos, and hate mattin For thy part, I do wish thus set of That I might love these comething. Time #

On the following morning, after breakfast in cliff took seave of his hospitable friend, row to roturn in time to partake of the venice, which arrived from his house. Hobbin, who went took loave of him at the door of his hainsten, eat, however, and jeined him at the too of the "Ye'll be grate vander. We burick : fund

Cal, however, and jenned man at us we "Ye'll be gamm yonder, Mr. Patrick ; will mistryst yed for a may making sign it best to slip out questly though, in case mislippen something of what we're gam mentane ver her at nee sate-it we

word my father caid to use on his desided. "By no means, Hobbie," said Remeal, "Treat, dor that matter, also would be a ser-amaist for you as for me. But d'ye really think d mas presumption in yeastering back yeads to the nas especial commission, yerken." "It I thought as you do, Hobbie," said by 7 gendersam, "E would not perhaps ingure father this business; but as I am of opinion that you tural visitations are either cased showing," a matter uninvestigated which a may commend of a gene districted being,"

"Aweel, aweel, if no makes, think that," answered "Aweel, aweel, if no makes, think that," answered Robbie, doubtfuily—"And it's for certain the very farines—I mean the very good neighbours themsells (for they say folks suldna ca' them fairies) that used table seen on every green knows at e'gen, are no healt mo eften visible in our days. I canna depone to ha-ting ever seen ane mysell, but I ance heard ane whis-The ever seen and mysell, but 1 ance heard and when the shint me in the moss, as like a whenp\* as se thing could be like anither. And mony ane my father new when he used to come hame frace the fairs at fern, wi's drap drink in his head, honcest man." **Example if was some what entertained with the gra** 

deal declassion of supersition from one generation as enother which was inferred in this last observa-tion; and they continued to reason on such subjects, until they came in sight of the upright stone which

until they came in sight of the upright stone which we manne to the moor. "As I shall answer," says Hobbie, "yonder's the case are grapping about yet!-Bat it's daylight, and pen have your gun, and I brought out my bit whinger -I think we may wenture on him.". "By all manner of means," said Earnseliff; "but in the name of wonder, what can be be doing there ?" "Biggin a dry-stame dyke, I think, wi' the gray pense, as they ca' thes great loose stance-Odd, that as they approached, mearer, Earnschiff could net heb agreeing with his companion. The figure they

help agreeing with his companion. The figure they where the inght organs seemed solving and toll-ownerly labouring to pile the large stokes one upon mother, as if to form a small enclosure. Materials by around him in great pleaty, but the labour of car-yong on the work was immease, from the side of acet of the stones; and it seemed astonishing that a bar of the stones; and it seemed astonishing that most of the stones; and it seemed astonishing that he should have succeeded in moving several which he had already arranged for the foundation of his edifice. He was struggling to move a fragment of great size when the two young men came up, and was so intent upon executing his purpose, that he did not perceive them till they were close upon hits. In straining and heaving at the stone, in order to place it scoording to his wish, he displayed a degree of strength which seemed utterly inconsistent with his size and apparent deformity. Indeed, to judge from the diff-codities he had already surmounted, he must have been of Herculean powers; for some of the stones he had of Herculean powers; for some of the stones he had incceeded in raising apparently required two men's interest to have moved them. Hobbie's suspicious to revive, on seeing the preternatural strength is exerted.

I am amaist persuaded it's the ghaist of a stane-man-see siccan band-stanes as he's laid !--An it be a an, after a', I wonder what he wad take by the rood build a march dyke. There's are sair wanted beto build a march dyke. Would a march dyke. There's are sair wanted be-tween Cringlehope and the Shawa.-Honest man," (taising his voice,) "ya make good firm wark there'?" The being whom he addressed raised his eyes with

a ghasily stare, and, getting up from his stowning posture, stood before them in all his native and hide-ous deformity. His head was of uncommon size, severed with a fell of shaggy hair partly grizzled with Wered with a beild shargy mair party grizzed with ges; his sysbrows shargy and prominent, overhung a pair of small, dark, piercing eyes, set far back in their sockats, that rolled with a portentous widness, indicative of a partial insanity. The rest of his fea-tures were of the coarse, rough-hown stamp, with which a painter would equip a giant in romance; to which a painter would equip a giant in romance; to which was added, the wild, irregular, and peculiar appreciation, so often seen in the countenances of those whose persons are deformed. His body, thick and square, like that of a man of middle size, was upres the And square, like that of a man or middle size, was mounted upon two large feet; but nature seemed to have forgotten the legs and the thighs, or they were to very short as to be hidden by the dress which he wore. His arms were long and brawny, furnished with two muscular hands, and, where uncovered in the experiments of his labour, were shagged with coarse black hair. It seemed as if nature had originally in-tended the separate parts of his body to be the memtens of a giant, but had alterwards capriciously as-ligned them to the person of a dwarf, so ill did the length of his arms, and the ion strength of his frame caprespond with the shortness of his stature. His "Curkew.

This remarkable Dwarf gazed on the two youths in silence, with a dogged and irritated look, until Earnscliff, willing to soothe him into better temper observed, "You are hard tasked, my friend; allow us to save two." observed, "You us to assist you.

Elliot and he accordingly placed the stone by the out efforts upon the rising wall. The Dwarf watch-Joint efforts upon the raing wall. The Dwart watch-ed them with the eye of a taskmaster, and testified, by peevish gestures, his impatience at the time which they took in adjusting the stone. He pointed to another-they raised it also-to a third, to a fourth-they continued to humour him, though with some trouble, for he assigned them, as if intentionally, the

Iney contained to humour him, though with some trouble, for he assigned them, as if intentionally, the heaviest fragments which lay near. "And now, friend," said Elliot, as the unrea-enable Dwarf indicated another store larger than any they had moved, "Earnschiff may do as he likes; but be ye man or be ye wear, deil be in my fingers if I break my back wi'h eaving thas stanes any langer like a barrow-man, without getting, sas muckle as thanks for my pains." "Thanks?" exclaimed the Dwarf, with a motion expressive of the atmost contempt—"There-take them, and fatten upon them ! Take them, and may they thrive with you as they have done with me-as they have done with every mortal worm that ever heard the word spoken by his fellow repuile ! Hence —either labour or begone?" "Thais is a fine reward we have, Earnscliff, for building a tabernacle for the devil, and prejudicing our ain sculls into the bargain, for what we ken." "Our presence," answered Earnscliff, "seems only to irritate his fronzy; we had better leave him, and send some ome to provide him with food and necessaries."

They did so. The servant despatched for this par-pose found the Dwarf still labouring at his wall, but could not extract a word from him. The lad, infected with the superstitions of the country, did not long permist in an attempt to intrudequestions or advice

long persist in an attempt to intrudequestions or advice on so singular a figure, but having placed the articles which he had brought for his use on a stone at earae distance, he left them at the miseathrope's disposal. The Dwarf proceeded in his laboux, day after day, with an assiduity so incredible as to appear almost supernatural. In one day he often seemed to have done the work of two men, and his building soon as-sumed the appearance of the wells of a but, which, though very small, and constracted only of stones and tarf, without my morare, exhibited, from the unusual size of the stones employed, as appearance of solidity very uncommon for a cottage of such as-rew dimensions and rude construction. Extracting of selidity very uncommon for a cottage of such as rew dimensions and rade construction. Earnselif, stentive to his motions, no sooner perceived to what they tended, than he sent down a number of spars of wood suitable for forming the roof, which he caused to be left in the neighbourhood of the spot, recolving next day to send workmen to put them up. But his purpose was anticipated, for in the owning, during the night, and early in the anoming, the Dwarf hed bedured so hard, and with such ingenuity, that he had nearly completed the adjustment of the rafes. His next labour was to cut runnes and thatch his dwelling, a task which he performed with singular detxenty. dexterity.

As he seemed averse to receive any aid beyond t occasional assistance of a passenger, materials s occasion a sessimilation of a passenger, material sector blot on his purpose, and tools, were supplied to him, in the use of which he proved to be skilful. He con-structed the door and window of his cot, he adjusted a rude bedstead, and a flow shelves, and appeared to become somewhat soothed in his temper as his ac commodations increased.

His next task was to form a strong enclosure. at to cultivate the land within it to the best of his powe until, by transperting mould, and wosking up wh twee upon the spet, he formed a patch of guide

8 P

around. It must be naturally supposed, that, as above innted, this solitary being received assistance occa-sionally from such travellers as crossed the moor by chance, as well as from several who went from curi-osity to visit his works. It was, indeed, impossible to see a human creature, so unfitted, at first sight, for hard labour, toiling with such unremitting assi-his task; and, as no one of his occasional assistants was acquainted with the degree of help which the Dwarf had received from others, the celerity of his progress lost none of its marvels in their eyes. The strong and compact appearance of the cottage, form-di ns overy short a space, and by such a being, and the superior skill which he displayed in mechanica, and in other arts, gave suspicion to the surrounding meighbours. They insisted, that, if he was not a strong and compact appearance of the cottage, form-ed in so very short a space, and by such a being, and the superior skill which he displayed in mechanics, and in other arts, gave suspicion to the surrounding neighbours. They insisted, that, if he was not a phantom, -an opinion which was now abandoned, since he plainly appeared a being of blood and bone with the meelves, - yet he must be in close league with the invisible world, and have chosen that sequestered spot to carry on his communication with them un-disturbed. They insisted, though in a different sense from the philosopher's application of the phrase, that he was never less alone than when alone; and that from the heights which commanded the moor at a distance, passengers often discovered a person at From the heights which commanded the moor at a distance, passengers often discovered a person at work along with this dweller of the desert, who regu-larly disappeared as soon as they approached closer to the cottage. Such a figure was also occasionally seen sitting beside him at the door, walking with him in the moor, or assisting him in fetching water from his fountain. Earnscliff explained this phenomenon by supporting it to the the Dwerfs shourd

by supposing it to be the Dwarf's shadow. "Dell a shadow has he," replied Hobbie Elliot, who was a strenuous defender of the general opinion; who was a strenuous defender of the general opinion; "he's ower far in wi' the Auld Ane to have a sha-dow. Besides" he argued more logically, "wha ever heard of a shadow that cam between a body and the sun? and this thing, be it what it will, is thinner and taller than the body himsell, and has been seen to come between him and the sun mair than anes or twice either."

These suspicions, which, in any other part of the country, might have been attended with investiga-tions a little inconvenient to the supposed wizard, tions a little inconvenient to the supposed wizard, were here only productive of respect and awe. The recluse being seemed somewhat gratified by the marks of timid veneration with which an occasional passenger approached his dwelling, the look of stari-led surprise with which he surveyed his person and his premises, and the hurried step with which he pressed his retreat as he passed the awful spot. The boldest only stopped to gratify their curiosity by a hasty glance at the walls of his cottage and garden, and to apologize for it by a courteous salutation, which the inmate sometimes deigned to return by a word or a nod. Earnscliff often passed that way, and seldom without inquiring after the solitary in-mate, who seemed now to have arranged his estab-distance to life.

which the inmate sometimes deigned to return by a word or a nod. Earnecliff often passed that way, mate sidom without inquiring after the solitary in-lishment tor life. It was impossible to engage him in any conversa-tion on his own personal affairs; nor was he com-munacetive or accessible in talking on any other sub-ject whatsver, although he seemed to have consider-by or releast for these entered to have consider-by, or rather to be less frequently visited with the lenst foot hing. Multiple of derangement of which this was a symptom. No argument could prevail upon him to accept any thing beyond the simpleet necessaries, although much motives. The benefits of these last he repaid by advice, when consulted (as at length he slowly was) on their dis-senses, or those of their cattle. He often furnished them with medicines also, and seemed possessed, no only of such as were the produce of the country, but its proular epithet soon came to be Canny Elshie, or the Wise Wight of Mucklestane-Moor. Some with a more with an oracular shrewdness that greatly is provide their queries beyond their bodily complaints, and requested advice upon other matters, which he deiversed with an oracular shrewdness that greatly.

with milk. When Earnscliff found his gift had been revised the soon afterwards paid the hermit a visit. The so-den door, which was the seat of science he same occupied when disposed to receive his patients of ents. The inside of his hut, and that of his same he kept as scored from human intrusions at he so tives of Otaheits do their Morai - apparathyle woll here do not of the batt of here a two of when a line of the same it was of Otaheits do their Morai - apparathyle woll here do not do the start of the start of the same tives of Otaheits do their Morai - approximate he

tives of Otaheite do their Morai; -appracht is well have desened it pollated by the step of ary kenas ing. When he shut himself up in his hains are entreaty could prevail upon him to make himself ri-sible, or to give audience to any one whenever. Earneofif had been fishing in a small rive it use distance. He had his rod in his hand, and his built filled with trout, at his shoulder. He stedom yet a store nearly opposite to the Dwarf, who fisher ized with his presence, took no further note of an than by elevating his huge mis-shape had is will upon his bosom, as if in profound mediates. Re-riff looked around him, and observed that the tent had increased his accommodations by the cases tion of a shed for the reception of his goat. "You labour hard, Elshie," he said, willing and

"You labour herd, Elabia," he said, willing a lad this singular being into conversation. "Labour," re-echoed the Dwarf, "is the aided evil of a lot so miscrable as that of mahind; been to labour like me, than sport like you." "I cannot defend the humanity of our ordinary for ral sports, Elshia, and yet"— "And yet," interrupted the Dwarf, "they are been than your ordinary business; better to errors and and wanton crucity on mute fishes than as you will should not the whole human herd but are so low-creatures. Yet why should I say so the should not the whole human herd but are porge upon each other, till al as compared as and throttled and gnawed the bones of a bis islow-the, when his prey failed him, to be rearing whe days for lack of food, and, finally, to do, inch by and of famine—it were a consummation worky di race."

"It is his emplem—it is interpretent tame, quiet, and domes-ficated, for lack of opportunity to exercise his inborn propensities; but let the trumpet of war sound—let the young blood-hound snuff blood, he will be as fe-rocious as the wildest of his Border ancestors that ever fired a helpless pessant's abode. Can you deny, that even at present he often urges you to take bloody revenge for an injury received when you were a boy? —Earnscliff started; the Recluse appeared not to ob-serve his surprise, and proceeded—"The trumpet will an blood, and I serve his surprise, and proceeded —"The trampet will blow, the young blood-hound will lap blood, and I will laugh and say. For this I have preserved thee!" He paused, and continued, —"Such are my cures,— He paused, and continued, -" Such are my cures;-their object, their purpose, perpetuating the mass of misery, and playing even in this desert my part in the general tragedy. Were you on your sick bed, I might, in compassion, send you a cup of poison." "I am much obliged to you, Elshie, and certainly shall not fail to consult you, with so comfortable a hope from your assistance."

Booe from your assistance." Do not flatter yourself too far," replied the Her-mit, "with the hope that I will positively yield to the frailty of pity. Why should I snatch a dupe, so well fitted to endure the miseries of life as you are, from fitted to endure the miseries of life as you are, from the wretchedness which his own visions, and the villany of the world, are preparing for him? Why should I play the compassionate Indian, and, knock-ing out the brains of the captive with my tomahawk, at once spoil the three days' amusement of my kin-dred tribe, at the very moment when the brands were lighted, the pincers heated, the caldrons boil-ing, the knives sharpened, to tear, scorch, seethe, and scarify the intended victim?"

"A dreadful picture you present to me of life, El-enie; but I am not deunted by it," returned Earne-cliff. "We are sent here, in one sense, to bear and to suffer; but, in another, to do and to enjoy. The

to suffer; but, in another, to do and to enjoy. The active day has its evening of repose; even patient sufferance has its alleviations, where there is a con-solatory sense of duty discharged." "I spurn at the slavish and bestial doctrine," said the Dwarf, his eyes kindling with insane fury—"I spurn at it, as worthy only of the beasts that perish; but I will waste no more words with you." He nee heatily but on he with work is the but

He rose hastly; but, ere he withdrew into the hut, he added, with great vehemence, "Yet, lest you still think my apparent benefits to mankind flow from the stupid and servile source, called love of our fellow-creatures, know, that were there a man who had an-nihilated my soul's dearest hope—who had torn my heart to mammocks, and seared my brain till it glowed like a volcano, and were that man's fortune and life in my nower as completely as the frail not. heart to mammocks, and seared my brain till it glowed like a volcano, and were that man's fortune and life in my power as completely as this frail pot-sherd," (he snatched up an earthen cup which stood beside him.) "I would not dash him into atoms thus" -(he flung the vessel with fury against the wall,)-"No!" (he spoks more composedly, but with the utmost bitterness.) "I would pamper him with wealth and power to inflame his evil passions, and to fulfil his evil designs; he should lack no means of vice and yillany; he should be the centre of a whirpool that itself should know neither rest nor peace, but soil with unceasing fury, while it wrecked every goodly ship that approached its limits I he should be an earthquake capable of abaking the very land in which he dwelt, and rendering all its inhabitants firendless, outcast, and miserable-as I am !" The wretched being rushed into his hut as he uttered these last words, shutting the door with fu-cious violence, and rapidly drawing two bolts, one after another, as if to arclude the intrusion of any one of that hated race, who had thus isshed his soul to frenzy. Earnscliff left the moor with mingled sensatione of pity and horror, pondering what strange and melancholy cause could have reduced to so mi-

apeak in their folly. Have you marked the young exb of a wild cat that has been domesticated, how sportive, how playful, how gentle,—but trust him with your game, your lambs, your poultry, his inbred serocity breaks forth; he gripes, tears, ravges, and serours." "Such is the animal's instinct," answered Earns-"Such is the animal's instinct," answered Earns-"It is his emblem—it is his picture," retorted the Recluse. "He is at present tame, quiet, and domes itcated. for lack of ovoortunity to exercise his inbored.

much particular information a person who had uven in that country so short a time, and in so recluse a manner, had been able to collect respecting the dis-positions and private affairs of the inhabitants. "It is no wonder," he said to himself, "that with, such extent of information, such a mode of life, so uncouth a figure, and sentiments so virulently mis-anthropic, this unfortunate should be regarded by the vulgar as in league with the Knemy of Mankind."

#### CHAPTER V.

CHATTER V. The bleakest rock upon the loneliest heath Feels, in its barrenness, some touch of spring; And, in the April dew, or beam of May, Its mose and lichen freshen and revive; And thus the hear, most east'd to human pleasure, Melts at the tear, joys in the smille, of woman. BRAUMONT.

As the season advanced, the weather became more genial, and the Recluse was more frequently found occupying the broad flat stone in the front of his occupying the broad flat stone in the front of his mansion. As he sate there one day, about the hour of noon, a party of gentlemen and ladies, well mount-ed, and numerously attended, swept across the heath at some distance from his dwelling. Dogs, hawks, and led-horses, swelled the retinue, and the air re-sounded at intervals with the cheer of the hunters, and the sound of horns blown by the attendants. The Recluse was about to petire into his mansion at the sight of the into hypothese when the sound of the sight of the interval The Rectine was about to retire into his mansion at the sight of a train eo loyous, when three young ladies, with their attendants, who had made a circuit, and detached themselves from their party, in order to gratify their curiosity by a sight of the Wise Wight of Mucklestane-Moor, came suddenly up, ere he could effect his purpose. The first ehricked, and put her energy in purpose. The max shrinked, and put her hands before her eyes, at sight of an object so un-usually deformed. The second, with a hysterical giggle, which she intended should disguise her tar-rors, asked the Recluse, whether he could tell their fortune. The third, who was best mounted, best dressed, and incomparably the best-looking of the three, advanced, as if to cover the incivility of her companions.

We have lost the right path that leads through we have lost the right path that leads through these-morasses, and our party have none forward without us." said the young lady. "Seeing you, father, at the door of your house, we have turned this way to" "Hugh!" interpreted the Dwarf. "an unsure and

way to"\_\_\_\_\_\_ "Hush!" interrupted the Dwarf; "so young, and already so artful? You came-you know you came, to exult in the consciousness of your own youth, wealth, and beauty, by contrasting them with age, poverty, and deformity. It is a fit employment for the daughter of your father; but O how unlike the child of your mother" "Did you, then, know my parents, and do yow know me?" "Yes; this is the first time you have crossed my waking even but I have seen you in my dreams."

"Yos; this is the first this you have crossed any "Yos; this is the first this you have crossed any "Yos; transmission of the second of the second at "Ay, Isabel Vere. What hast thou, or thins, to do with my waking thoughts?"

withing waking thoughts?" "I have a training to the "Your waking thoughts, sir," said the second of Miss Vers's companions, with a sort of mock gravity, "are fixed, doubtless, upon wisdom; folly can oaly intrude on your elesping moments." "Over thine," retorted the Dwarf, more splene-tically than became a philosopher or hermit, "folly exercises an unlimited empire, asleep or awake." "Lord bless us i" asid the lady, "he's a prophet sure enough."

-flowers and butterflies in spring butterflies and thiaile-down in summer-withered leaves in autumn and winter-all pursued, all caught, all flung aside.-Stand apart; your fortune is gaid." "All caught, however," retorted the laughing fair one, who was a cousin of Miss Vere's; "that's something, Nancy," she continued, turning to the timid damsei who had first approached the Dwarf; "will you ask your fortune?" "Not for worlds," said she, drawing back; "I have heard enough of yours." "Well, then," said Miss Ilderton, offering money to the Dwarf; "I'll pay for mine, as if it were spoken by an oracle to a princess."

an oracle to a princes." "Truth," said the Soothayer, "can neither be bought nor sold;" and he pushed back her profiered

offering with morose disclain. "Well, then," said the lady, "I'll keep my money, Mr. Elshender, to assist me in the chase I am to DUTBUE

pursue." "You will need it," replied the cynic; "without it, few pursue successfully, and fewer are themselves pursued.--Stop!" he said to Miss Vere, as her com-paniens moved off, "with you I have more to say. You have what your companions would wish to have, or be thought to have,--beauty, wealth, station, ac-complishments."

"Forgive my following my companions, father; I am proof both to fattery and fortune-telling," "Stay," continued the Dwarf, with his hand on

"Stay," continued the Dwarf, with his hand on ar horse's rein, "I am no common soothsayer, and are no flatterer. All the advantages I have detailed, Tame no naturer. All the soventages I have detailed, all and each of them have their corresponding evils --ansuccessful love, crossed affections, the gloom of a convent, or an odious allence. I, who wish ill to all manshand, cannot wish moore evil to you, so much is your course of life crossed by it."

and the second secon

The old man answered with a broken voice, and impost without addressing minself to the young

"Hencet without addressing immetit to the young, "Yes, 'tis thus thou shouldst think-'tis thus then "Yes, 'tis thus thou shouldst think-'tis thus then mouldst speak, if ever human speech and theught heps touch with each other. They do not-they do not -Alas I they cannot. And yet-wait here an instant -stir not till my return." He went to his little gar-then, and retarned with a half-blewn rose. "Thou hast made mo shed a tear, the first which has wet any eyslids for many a year; for that good deed re-ceive this token of gratitude. It is but a common rose; preserve it, however, and do not part with it. Genns to me in your hour of adversity. Show me that rose, or but one leaf of it, were it withered us my there is -if it should be in my fictoest and wildest invoements of rege against a hatefelt world, still it will recall gentier thoughts to my besom, and perhaps afford happier prospects to thine. But no measage." afford happier prospects to thine. But no message," he exclaimed, rising into his usual mood of misan-

the exclaimed, rising into his usual mood of misan-thropy,—"no message—no go-between ! Come thy-self; and the heart and the doore that are shut against every other earthly being, shall open to thee and to thy sorrows. And now pass on." "He let go the bridle-rein, and the young hady rode on, after expressing her thanks to this singular being, is well as her surprise at the extraordinary nature of his address would permit, often turning back to look at the Dwarf, who still remained at the door of his habitation, and watched her progress over the moor towards her forther's castle of Ellicelaw, until the saw of the hill hid the party from his signt. The ladies, meanime, jested with Miss Vere som as range interview they had just had with the

far-famed Wizard of the Mnor. 'Isabella ha al in luck at home and abroad ! Her hawk strikedow the black-cock ; her eyes wound the galant, m chance for her poor companions and know even the conjuror cannot escape the foror of m charms. You should, in compassion, case is is such an engrosser, my dear isabel, or at lest et a shop, and sell off all the goods you do not man's keep for your own use? keep for your own use." "You shall have them all," replied Miss Ver,

keep for your own use." "You shall have them all," replied Min Ve, "and the conjurct to boot, at a very easy rate." "No4 Nancy shall have the conjurct," and Min Iderton, "to supply deficiencies; sho's net enter witch herself, you know." "Lord, sister," answerd the younger Min Min ton, "what could I do with so fraphile a sentry I kept my eyes shut, after once glassing at him and I protest, I thought I saw him still, though I wan as close so ever I could." "That's a pity," said her sister; "ever white ind by winking at them.—Well, then, I must all myself, I suppose, and put him into memeric white an oabinet, in order to show that Sociand on pathe toon and Pekin, fertile as they are in memeric toon and Pekin, fertile as they are in memeric has accode the something," and Mine Vet, "o will the source outry, living, as he does, at and will an ever on the situation of the por ma, del carmot enter into yoar mirth, Lacy, so will this waste country, living, as he does, at and all the source outry, living, as he does, at and all secting occasional assistance will not the source prime that he is nomened of the her mather this waste country, living, as he does, at and all secting occasional assistance will not the source will secting occasional assistance will not the source will be the the her in comened of the sour mather this waste country, living, as he does, at and all and the the in comened of the source will not the source theor the her in comened of the source the source of the so

tance from markind? and if he has the me securing occasional assistance, will not have piction that he is possessed of them, exact he plunder and assassination by some of exact neighbours?" "But you forget that they say he is a well asid Nancy Ilderton. "And, if his magic diabolical should full joined her sister, "I would have his trust bis natural, and throat his enormous head, as an ternatural visage, out at his door or winford, a

ternatural visage, out at his door or walow view of the assainants. The boldest rober rode would hardly bide a second gines Well, I wish I hed the use of that Gogen as for only one bail hour."

for only one half hour." "For what purpose, Lucy ?" said list "O! I would frighten out of the en-stiff, and stately Sir Frederick Land great a favourite with your father, and favourite of yours. I protest I del hou Wizard as long as I hive, if it saves hour's relief from the sman's compary

nour retiet trom that man's county "What would you say, then," and low tone, so as not to be heard by the who rode before them, the narrow pa of their moving all three abreast,-"

and the set of the set

"And Sir Fruierick would say then, I

"That," replied Miss Lacy. "deper "But if your father," said Miss Vere, "

Thus do, or"\_\_\_\_\_\_ "I would stand to the conseq "And what if he threatened ""And what if he threatened "Then "seid Miss Liderton, "It

"Then," send Miss liderton, "I water with a protestant son-in-law, and be go portunity to disobey him for constitute now that. Nancy is out of bearing, let n t think you would be excussible before for resisting this propositional methics."

is your power. A proad, dark, ambitions man; a cabuller spainst the state; infamous for his avarice and severity; a bad son, a bad brother, unkind and ungenerous to all his relatives—Isabel, I would die rather than have him." "Don't let my father hear you give me such ad-vice," said Miss Vere, "or valieu, my dear Lucy, to Ellieslaw-Castle."

Ellieslaw-Castle." "And adjeu to Ellieslaw-Castle, with all my heart," "sid her friend, "if I once saw you fairly out of it, and settled under some kinder protector than he whom nature has given you. O, if my poor father had been in his former health, how gladly would he have received and sheltered you, till this ridiculous

have received and sheltered you, till this ridiculous and cruel permecution were blown over!" "Would to God it had been so, my dear Lucy?" "snswered isabelia; "but I fear, that, in your father's weak state of health, he would be altogether unable to protect me against the means which would be im-mediately used for reclaiming the poor fugitive." "I fear so indeed," replied Miss Ilderton; "but we will consider and deviae something. Now that your father and his guests seem so deeply engaged in some mysterious plot, to jadge from the passing and returping of messages, from the strange faces which appear and disappear without being announced by their names, from the coastle, it may not be impos-able for us (always in case matters be driven to ex-temaily) to shape out some little supplemental con-spiracy of our own. I hope the gantlemen have not they at that I would gladly admit to our coansel." "Not Namor?"

"Not Nancy?" "Not Nancy?" "O, no?" said Miss Ilderton; "Nancy, though an excellent good girl, and fondly attached to you, would make a dull conspirator—as dull as Renault and all the other subordinate plotters in Venice Preserved. No; this is a Jaffier, or Pierre, if you like the charac-tw better; and yet; though I know I shall please you, I am afraid to mention his name to you, lest I vex you at the same time. 'Can you not guess?' Some-ting about an eagle and a rock--it does not begin with eagle in English, but something very like it in Sectch." "You cannot mean young Earnacliff, Lucy 7" said

You cannot mean young Earnecliff, Lucy ?" said

Hou cannot mean young searchan, and Kiss Vere, blushing deeply. "And whom else should I mean?" said Lucy. "Juffers and Pierres are very scarce in this country, I take it, though one could find Renaults and Bedamars enow.'

mars enow." "How can you talk so wildly, Lucy? Your plays and romances have positively turned your brain. You how, that, independent of my father's consent, with-out which I never will marry any one, and which, in the case you point at, would never be granted; inde-pendent, too, of our knowing nothing of young Earne-cill's inclinations, but by your own wild conjectures and fancies—besides all this, there is the fatal brawl!" "When his father was killed?" said Lucy. "But that was very long ago; and I hope we have outlived for time of bloody feud, when a quarrel was carried fown between two families from father to son, like a spanish game at chees, and a murder or two committed

Spanish game at chess, and a murder or two committed Joanish game at chees, and a murder or two committee nevery generation, just to keep the matter from go-may eleep. We do with our quarrels now-a-days as with our clothes; cut them out for ourselves, and weat them out in our own day, and should no more think of resenting our father's feida, than of wearing their alashed doublets and trunk-hose." "You treat this far too lightly, Lucy," answered ling Vere. "Not a bit my deay Isabella" said Lucy. "Con-

Not a bit, my dear Isabella," said Lucy "Con-Not a bit, my dear isabclin, said Lucy. Refer, your father, though present in the unhappy af-ing, is never supposed to have struck the fatal blow;

The field results of the second secon

the love of Barnsellf, from the very obstacle which yon suppose so insurmountable." "But these are not the days of romance, but of sail reality, for there stands the castle of Ellieslaw." "And there stands Sir Frederick Langley at the gate, waiting to assist the ladies from their palfreys. I would as lief touch a toad; I will disappoint him, and take old Horsington the groom for my master of the horse." the horse

the norse." So saying, the lively young lady switched her pal-frey forward, and passing Sir Frederick with a fami-liar nod as he stood ready to take her horse's reing, she cantered on, and jumped into the arme of the old groom. Fain would Isabella have done the same had she dared; but her father stood near, displeasure already darkening on a countenance peculiarly qualified to express the harsher passions, and she was compel-led to receive the unwelcome assiduities of her de-tested saitor.

#### CHAPTER VI.

Let not us that are equires of the night's body be called thieves of the day's booty ; let us be Diana's foresters, gentle-men of the shade, minious of the moon.

ry the Fourth, Part L

The of the shade, minious of the moon. Henry de Fourn, Fert I. Thus Solitary had consumed the remainder of the day in which he, had the interview with the young again found him seated on his favourite stone. The sun setting red, and among seas of rolling clouds, threw a gloomy lustre over the moor, and gave a desper purple to the broad outline of heathy mountains which surrounded this desolate spot. The Dwari sate watching the clouds as they lowered above sech other in masses of conglomerated vapours, and, as a strong lurid beam of the sinking luminary darke full on his solitary and uncouth figure, he might well have seemed the demon of the storm which was gathering, or some gnome summoned forth from the receases of the earth by the subterranean signals of its approach. As he sate thus, with his dark eye turned towards howe breathe for an instant, made a sort of obsenance to the machoret, with an air betwirk effontery and embarrasement. embarrassment

the the anchoret, what an air betwikt enrontery and embarrassment. The figure of the rider was thin, tall, and slendes, but remarkably athletic, bony, and sinewy; like ours who had all hus life followed those violent exercises which prevent the humain form from increasing in bulk, while they harden and confirm by habit its muscular powers. His face, sharp-featured, sun-burnt, and freckled, had a sinister expression of violence, impudence, and cunning, each of which seemed alter-nately to predominate over the others. Sandy-co-loured hair, and feddish eyebrows, from under which looked forth his sharp gray yees, completed the inaz-spicious outline of the horseman's physiognomy. He had pistols in his holsters, and another pair peeped from his belt, though he had taken some pains to conceal them by buttoning his doublet. He wore a rusted steel head-piece; a buff jacket of rather an an-tique cast; gloves, of which that for the right hand was covered with small scales of iron, like an sncient gauntlet; and a long broadsword completed his equi-parts and a long broadsword completed and such and an another gaunt and a long broads word completed his equi-parts and a long broads word completed his equi-

Bathite; and a tong storage of a star of a sta

"All clear away, with the water-saps and panaca," "All clear away, with the water-saps and panaca," returned the unabashed convalescent. "Ye ken, Edshie, for they say ye are weel acquent wi' the gentle-

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worst of all." "And you like me the better for it, Father Elshie, "And you like me the better for it, Father Elshie, "I have cause to like all," answered the Solitary, "that are scourges to their fellow-creatures, and thou art a bloody one." "No-I say not guilty to that—never blaidy unless

"No-1 say not guilty to that never black unless there's resistance, and that sets a man's brietles up, ye ken. And this is nae great matter, after a'; just to cut the comb of a young cock that has been craw-ing a little ower crousely." "Not young Earnscliff " said the Solitary, with some emotion.

Ing a little ower crousely." Not young Earnschiff ?" said the Solitary, with some emotion. "No; not young Earnschiff -not young Earnschiff yet; but his time may come, if he will not take warning, and get him back to the burrow-town that he's fit for, and no keep skelping about here, de-stroying the few deer that are left in the country, and pretending to act as a magistrate, and writing let-turbed state of the land. Let him take care o' himsell." "Then it must be Hobbie of the Haugh-foot," said Elshie. "What harm has the lad done you?" "Harm ! nae great harm; but I hear he says I staid away from the Ba'spiel on Fastern's E'en, for fear of him; and it was only for fear of the Country Keeper, for there was a warrant against me. I'll stand Hobbie's feud, and a' his clan's. But it's not so much for that, as to gie him a lesson not to let his tongue gallop ower freely about his betters. I trow he will hae lost the best pen-feather o' his wing before to morrow morning.—Farewell, Elshie; there's some camy boys waiting for me down amang the shaws, owerby; I will see you es I come back, and bring ye a blithe tale in return for your leech-craft." Ere the Dwarf could collect himself to reply, the animal, starting at one of the stones which lay scat-tered about, flew from the path. The rider exercised his spure without moderation or merey. The horse became furious, reared, kicked, plunged, and bolted like a deer, with all his four feet off the ground at once. It was in vain ; the unrelenting rider sate as if he had been a part of the horse which he bestrode; and, after a short but furious context, compelled the subdued animal, to proceed upon the path at a rate

and, after a short but furious conteat, compelled the

and, after a short but furious contest, compelied the subdued animal to proceed upon the path at a rate which soon carried him out of sight of the Solitary. "That villain," exclaimed the Dwarf,—"that cool-blooded, hardened, unrelenting ruffian,—that wretch, whose every thought is infected with crimes,—has thewes and sinews, limbs, strength, and activity enough, to compel a nobler animal than himself to carry him to the place where he is to represent he enough, to compel a nobler animal than himself to carry him to the place where he is to perpetrate his wickedness; while I, had I dhe weakness to wish to put his wretched victim on his guard, and to save the helpless family, would see my good intentions fustrated by the decreptude which chains me to the spot.--Why should I wish it were otherwise? What have my screech-owl voice, my hideous form, and my mis-shapen features, to do with the fairer work-manship of nature? Do not men receive even my benefits with shrinking horror and ill-suppressed diagust? And why should I interest myself in a race which accounts me a prodigy and an outcast, and which has treated me as such? No; by all the in-gratitude which I have resped-by all the wrongs which I have sustained-by my imprisonment, my stripes, my chains, I will wrestle down my feelings of rebellious humanity! I will not be the fool I have been, to swerve from my principles whenever there been, to swerve from my principles whenever there was an appeal, forsooth, to my feelings; as if I, to-wards whom none show sympathy, ought to have

"Why, what would you have me to do? I i's born with me-lies in my very blude and bane. Why, man, the lads of Westburnflat, for ten lang descents, have bived high, taking deep revenge for light offence, and inver wanted gear for the winning." "Right; and thou art as thorough-bred a wolf," waid the Dwarf, "as ever leapt a lamb-fold at night. On what hell's errand art thou bound now?" "Thus far I know," said the Dwarf, "that thy pur-cose is bad, thy deed will be worse, and the issue worst of all." "And you like me the better for it, Father Elshie, "And you like me the better for it, Father Elshie," Wizard, the Hunch-back, may save from destrain some fair form or some active frame, and all the world clap their hands at the exchange? No, never !—And yet this Elliot—this Hobbie, so young and gallant, so frank, so—I will think of it no leage, I cannot aid him if I would, and I arn resolved— firmly resolved, that I would not aid him, if a win were the pledge of his safety !" Having thus ended his soliloguy, he retreated ins his hut for shelter from the storm which was far approaching, and now began to burst in large an heavy drops of rain. The last rays of the sun now disappeared entirely, and two or three claps of is tant thunder followed each other at brief interda

echoing and re-echoing among the range of hat

### CHAPTER VII.

Proud hird of the mountain, thy plugge shall be tam !-

Return to thy dwelling ; all lonely, return ; For the blackness of ashes shall mark where it stood And a wild mother scream o'er her furgishing broad.

This night continued sullen and stormy; but mom-ing rose as if refreahed by the rains. Even the Ma-lestane-Moor, with its broad bleak swells of burst grounds, interspersed with marshy pools of wais, seemed to smile under the serence influence of the sky. ground, interspersed with marshy pools of was seemed to smile under the series influence of the si-just as good-humour can spread a certain magnet sible charm over the plainest human courtenance. The heath was in its thickest and deepest human The bees, which the Solitary had added to his rear establishment, were abroad and on the wing an filled the air with the murmurs of their industry. A filled the air with the murmurs of their industry. A the old man crept out of his little hat, his two she goats came to meet him, and licked his hands in gra-titude for the vegetables with which he supplied ther from his garden. "You, at least," he said—you, a least, see no differences in form which can alter you feelings to a benefactor—to you, the finest shape the ever statuary moulded would be an object of infine-ence or of alarm, should it present itself instead to the mis-shapen trunk to whose services you are an customed. While I was in the world, did I was an e-customed. While I was in the world, did I was and the mis-shapen trunk to whose services you are an customed. While I was in the world, did I was and customed. While I was in the world, did I was and customed. While I was in the world of the dimension whom I had bred from infancy and for whose services the has supported with my fortune, and for whose services I has even stained—the stopped with strong converse shudder,) even he thought me more fit for the user of lunatics—for their disgraceful restrants—E has was of wickedness, selfishness and ingravity will one day abandon me. All are of a pinon, mass of wickedness, selfishness and ingravity wretches who sin even in their devotions; you such hardness of heart, that they do not, hypoorisr, even thank the Deity himself for his will sun and pure air." As he was plunged in these gloorny solilogial ~~ sun and pure air.'

As he was plunged in these gloomy solilogi heard the tramp of a horse on the other side enclosure, and a strong clear bass voice single the liveliness inspired by a light heart,

Canny Hobbie Elliot, canny Hobbie now, Canny Hobbie Elliot, I're gang alang wi' ye

At the same moment, a harge deer go sprung over the hermit's fence. It is well to the sportsmen in these wilds, that the appears the sportsmen in these wilds, that the appearant scent of the goat so much resemble those a usual objects of chase, that the best-brokk grey will sometimes fly upon them. The dog is instantly pulled down and throttled one of the she-goats, while Hobbie Elliot, who came is jumped from his horse for the purpose, west to extricate the harmless animal from the family a few moments, the convulsive starts of his Char. VII.] THE BLACI favourite, until the poor goat stretched out her limbs with the twitches and shivering fit of the last agony. He then started into an excess of frenzy, and un-sheathing a long sharp knife, or dagger, which he wore under his coat, he was about to launch it at the deg, when Hobbie, perceiving his purpose, interposed, and caught hold of his hand, exclaiming, "Let a be the hound, man-let a be the hound !--Na, na, Kill-back maunna be guided that gate, neither." The Dwarf turned his rage on the young farmer; and, by a sudden effort, far more powerful than Hobbie expected from such a person, freed his wrist from his grasp, and offered the dagger at his heart. All this wesdone in the twinkling of an eye, and the incensed Rocluse might have completed his ven-gence by plunging the weapon in Elliot's bosom, and he not been checked by an internal impulse which made him hurl the knife to a distance. "No," he exclaimed, as he thus voluntarily de-prived himself of the means of gratifying his rage; "not again-not again !"

prived himself of the means of gratifying his rage; "not again—not again !" Hobbic retreated a step or two in great surprise, discomposure, and disdain, at having been placed in such danger by an object apparently so contemptible. "The deil's in the body for strength and bitter-ness!" were the first words that escaped him, which he followed up with an apology for the accident that had given rise to their disagreement. " I am no justifying Killbuck a'thegither neither, and I am sure it is as varing to me as to you. Elshie, that the mis-This as varing to me as to you. Elshie, that the mis-chance should has happened; but I'll send you twa goats and twa fat gimmers, man, to make a' straight again. A wise man like you shouldna bear malice

goats and twa fat gimmers, man, to make a' straight again. A wise man like you shouldna bear malice against a poor dumb thing; ye see that a goat's like first-cousin to a deer, see he acted but according to his nature after a'. Had it been a pet-lamb, there wad has been mair to be said. Ye suld keep sheep, Elshie, and no goats, where there's sae mony deer-hounds about—but I'll send ye baith." "Wretch I' said the Hermit, "your cruelty has de-stroyed one of the only creatures in existence that would look on me with kindness !" "Dear Elshie," answered Hobbie, "I'm wae ye suld has cause to say sae; I'm sure it wasna wi' my will. And yet, i's true, I should has minded your goats, and coupled up the dogs. I'm sure I would rather, they had worried the primest wether in my faulds.-Come, man, forget and forgie. I'm e'en as vexed as ye can be—But I am a bridegroom, ye see, and that puts a' things out o' my head, I think. There's the marriage-dinner, or gude part o't, that my two brithers are bringing on a sled round by the Ridgras' Slack, three goodly bucks as ever ran on Dellomles, as the saft grund. I wad send ye a bit vanison, but ye wadna take it weel maybe, for Kill-buck catched it." During this long speech, in which the good-natur-d Rowdraw condewoursed to promitist to the offended

ranison, but ye wadna take it weel maybe, for Kill-back catched it." During this long speech, in which the good-natur-if Borderer endeavoured to propitate the offended sm with his eyes bent on the ground, as if in the sepest meditation, and at length broke forth—" Na-yme? — yee! it is indeed in the usual beaten path of fature. The strong gripe and throttle the weak; the ich depress and despoil the reedy; the happy (those rho are idiots enough to think themselves happy) wilt the misery and diminish the consolation of the retched.—Go hence, thou who hast contrived to ive an additional pang to the most miserable of hu-an beings—thou who hast deprived me of what I alf considered as a source of comfort. Go hence, ad ernjoy the happiness prepared for the at home!" " Never stir," said Hobbie, "if I wadna take you " me, man, if ye wid but say it wad divert ye to be the bridal on Monday. There will be a hundred rapping Elliots to ride the brouze—the like's no wer—I wad send the sled for ye wi' a canny powny." " Is it to me you propose once more to mix in the size of deep disgust. " Commons if " retorted Hobbie, " nas siccan com-tant of deep disgust." " Commons if " retorted Hobbie, " nas siccan com-tant of deep disgust."

K DWARF 34 "Hence ! begone !" reiterated the Dwarf ; "may the same evil luck attend thee that thou hast left be-hind wild, me! If I go not with you myself, see if you can escape what my attendants, Wrath and Mi-sery, have brought to thy threshold before thee." "I wish yo wadna speak that gate." said Hobbis. "Ye ken yoursell, Elshie, naebody judges you to be owar canny; now, I'll tell ye just ae word for a'-ye hae spoken as muckle as wussing ill to me and mine; now, if ony mischance happen to Grace, which God forbid, or to mysell, or to the poor dumb tyke; or if I be skathed and injured in body, gudes, or gear, I'll no forget wha it is that it's owing to." "Out, hind !" acclaimed the Dwarf; " homet home to your dwelling, and think on me when you find what has befallen there." " Aweel, aweel, " said Hobbie, mounting his horse, " it serves naething to strive wi' cripples,-they are aye cankered; but I'll just tell ye as thing, neigh-bour, that if things be otherwise than weel wi' Grace Armatrong, I'se gie you a scouther if there be a tar-barrel in the five naveher "

bour, that it things be otherwise than weat wr Grace Armstrong, I'se gie you a scouther if there be a tar-barrel in the five parishes." So saying, he rode off; and Elshie, after looking at him with a scoutful and indignant laugh, took spade and mattock, and occupied himself in digging

a grave for his deceased favourite. A low whistle, and the words, "Hisht, Elshie, hisht," disturbed him in this melancholy occupation. He looked up, and the Red Reiver of Westburnfat was before him. Like Banquo's murderer, there was blood on his face, as well as upon the rowels of his spurs and the sides of his over-ridden horse. "How now, rufflan ?" demanded the Dwarf, "is thy job chared ?"

"Ay, ay, doubt not that, Elshie," answered the freebooter; "when I ride my free man answered the have had mair light than comfort at the Heugh-foot this morning; there's a toom byre and a wide, and a wail and a cry for the bonny bride."

this morning; there's a toom byre and a wide, and a wail and a cry for the bonny bride." "The bride ?" "Ay: Charlie Cheat-the-Woodie, as we ca' him, that's Charlie Foster of Tinning Beck, has promised to keep her in Cumberland till the blast blaw by. She saw me, and kend me in the splore, for the mask fell frae my face for a blink. I am thinking it wad concern my safety if she were to come back here, for there's mony o' the Elliout, and they band weel the-gither for right or wrang. Now, what I chiefly come to ask your rede in, is how to make her sure ?" "Wouldst thou murder her, then ?" "Upph i no, no; that I would not do, if I could help it. But they say they can whiles get folk can-nity away to the plantations from some of the out-ports, and something to boot for them that brings a bonny wench. They're wanted beyond seas thas female cattle, and they're no that scarce here. But I think o' doing better for this lassie. There's a leddy, that, unlease she be a' the better bairn, is to be sent to foreign parts whether she will or no; now, I think of sending Grace to wait on her—she's a bonny lassie. Hobbie will has a merry morning when he comes hame, and misses baith bride and gear." "Ay; and do you not pity him ?" said the Recluse. "Wad he pity me were I gening up the Castle hill at sie; but he'll get anither, and now, you that like to hear o' splores, heard ye ever o' a better ane than I has had this morning ?" "Air, ocean, and fire," said the Dwarf, speaking to himself, "the earthquake, the tempest, the volcano, are all milf and moderate, compared to the wrath of man. And what is this fellow, but one more skilled than others in executing the end of his existence?-" "Ay; and tell him, Elshender the Recluse com-mands him to give thee gold. But, hear me, let the maiden he discharged free and uninjured , return her to her friends, and let her swear not to discover thy villany.

"Swear ?" said Westburnflat ; "but what if she The place of execution at that ancient burgh, where many Westburnfist's profession have made their final exit.

break her ath ? Women are not 'famous for keeping their plight. A wise man like you should ken that.— And uminjured—wha kens what may happen were she to be left lang at Tinning Beck ? Charlie Cheeping the-Woodie is a rough customer. But if the gold could be made up to twenty pieces, I think I could chasure her being wi'her friends within the twenty-four hours." The Dwarf took his tablets form his nocket mark.

The Dwarf took his tablets from his pocket, mark-le line on them and tore out the leaf. "There," The Diwart took his tablets from his pocket, mark-est a line on them, and tore out the leaf. "There," he said, giving the robber the leaf.—"But, mark me; thou knowest I am not to be fooled by thy treachery; if thou darest to disobey my directions, thy wretched life, be sure, shall answer it." "I know," said the fellow, looking, down, " that "I know," cast however you came by it.

"I know," said the fellow, looking down, "that you have power on earth, however you came by it; you can do what mee other man can do, baith by physic and foresight; and the gold is shelled down when ye command, as fast as I have seen the ash-ters fall in a fresty morning in October. I will not disobey you." "Begone, then, and relieve me of thy hateful measure "

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The robber set spurs to his horse, and rode off

The rooter set spurs to his house, and root on without reply. Hobbic Elliot had, in the meanwhile, pursued his journey rapidly, harassed by those oppressive and indistinct fears that all was not right, which men-usually term a presentiment of misfortane. Ere he reached the top of the bark from which he could look for the out he bits our hebitstion he was met by his nurse. reached the top of the bank from which he could look down on his own habitation, he was met by his nurse, a person then of great consequence in all families in Scotland, whether of the higher or middling classes. The connexion between them and their foster-child-ren was considered a tie far too dearly intimate to be broken; and it usually happened, in the course of years, that the nurse became a resident in the family off het foster-son, assisting in the domestic duties, and receiving all marks of attention and regard from the heads of the family. So soon as Hobbie recog-mined the figure of Annaple, in her red cloak and thack hood, he could not help exclaiming to himself, "What ill luck can has brought the auld nurse sae fur fras harse, her, that never stirs a gun-shot fras the "What ill luck can have brought the suld nurse save für frae hame, her that never stirs a gun-shot frae the door-stane for ordinar ?-Hout, it will just be to get orane-berries, or whorlle-berries, or some such stuff, out of the moss, to make the pies and tarts for the feast on Monday.-I cannot get the words of that cankered auld cripple deil's-buckie out o' my head-the least thing makes me dread some ill news.-O, Killbuck, man ! were there nae deer and goats in the country besides, but ye behooved to gang and worry his creature, by a' other folk's?" By this time Annaple, with a brow like a tragic volume, had hobbled towards him, and caught his borse by the bridle. The despair in her look was so evident as to deprive even him of the power of asking the cause. "O my bairn !" she cried, "gang na for-its alane thee."

ward-gauge to a service let alane thee." "In God's name, what's the matter?" said the astonished horseman, endeavouring to extricate his bridle from the grasp of the old woman; " for Hea-bridle from the grasp of the old woman; " for Hea-bridle from the grasp of the old woman; " for Hea-bridle from the grasp of the old woman; " for Hea-bridle from the grasp of the old woman; " for Hea-hor H

"While from the grapp of the old woman; "for Hea-yen's sake, let me go and see what's the matter." "Ohon ! that I should have lived to see the day !--The steading's a' in a low, and the bonny stack-yard bying in the red-ashes, and the gear a' driven away. But gang na forward; it wad break your young heart, hinny, to see what my auld een has seen this more ing "." morning." "And who has dared to do this? let gomy bridle,

Annaple—where is my grandmother-my sisters ?— Where is Grace Armstrong ?—God !—the words of the warlock are knelling in my ears !"

He sprang from his horse to rid himself of Anna-ple's interruption, and, ascending the hill with great present soon came in view of the spectacle with which she had threa ened him. It was indeed a heartbreak-ing sight The habitation which he had left in its the had threatener must a subject to the had left in its is seclusion beends the mountain-stream, surrounded with every evidence of rustic plenty, was now a wasted and blackened ruin. From amongst the shattered and sable walls the smoke continued to ruse. The turf-stack, the barn-yard, the offices the state of the s

and my grandmother, and my sisters weel, I can to the wars in Flanders, as my sustained and the Bacleucies and the Bacleucies. A set of the Bacleucies and the Bacleucies at the Balleucies and the set of the set o

rate, I will keep up a summer of the state o were in arms and clamorous for revenge allo they knew mot upon whom; the dar were a measures for the relief of the distrassed an 10 10 2 measures for the relief of the distance from the scittated down brook, at some distance from the science and rad been hastily adapted for the temporary science dation of the old lady and her daughters, with a

dation of the old lady and her daughen, with sub articles as had been contributed by the mightons for very little was seved from the wreck. "Are we to stand here a'day, sire" establish tall young man, " and look at the bern wrest or kinsman's house? Every wreath of the set set of shame upon us! Let us to home, and als chase. Who has the nearest blood-houst?" "It's young Earnschiff," answered anoths? he's been on and away w? six horse lang wa, bern if he can track, them.

be's been on and away wi' six horse lang syn, but "Let us follow him then, and raise the twen, and mak main help as we ride, and then inwai Cumberland reivers! Take, burn, and syn-syn that lie nearest us shall smart first." "Whish! hand your tongues, daft called," an old man, "ye dinna ken what ye spet, and What! wad yo raise war at ween twe point countries?" "And what signifies deaving us w? talesdoi of fathers," retorted the young man, "if whe b in see our friends' houses burnt over their hada, seine put on thand to revenae them? Our father of an put out hand to revenge them? Our intest, as and other that I trow?"

do that I trow ?" "I are no saying ony thing against reneing Ho bie's wrang, pur chield; but we man the le in wi' us in that days, Simon," answere the are in dent elder. "And border" and another at un "I days

"And besides," said another of put, "finite believe there's ane now living that has the white mode of following a fray across the Borks. That f Whittran kend a' about it; but he did in the bark winter.

""Ay," said a third, "he was at the real sathering, "Ay," said a third, "he was at the real sathering, when they chased as far as Thirtwall; it was year after the fight of Philiphaugh." "Flout," exclaimed another of these disording counsellors, "there's nac great skill needed; just pa a lighted peat on the end of a spear, or hat sign a sickle, and blaw a horn, and cry the gathering was and then it's lawful to follow gear into England, recover it by the strong hand, or to take gar as some other Englishman, providing ye lift nas than's been lifted frae you. That's the aud ban law, made at Dundrennan, in the days of the Sat Douglas. Deil ane need doubt it. It's as clear se

Douglas. Low and new constructions, "all sun," "Come away, then, lads," cried Simon, "all your geldings, and we'll take aud Cudie the use tasker wi'us; he kens the value o' the stok blenishing that's been lost. Hobbie's stall stakes shall be fou sgain or night; and if we big up the auld house sae soon, we'se lay an far ane as low as Heugh-foot is—and that's far par the warld ower."

This animating proposal was received with applause by the younger part of the assemblag a whisper ran among them, "There's Hobbis has puir fallow! we'll be guided by him." The principal sufferer having now reconst

and with a similar feeling, his kinemen, without re-ply, pointed to the hut into which Hobbie preopitated himself with the desperate air of one who is resolved to know the worst at once. A general and powerful arrestation of sympathy accompanied him. "Ah expression of sympathy accompanied him. pur fail to w-pur Hobbie 1"

"He'll learn the warst o't now !" "But I trust Farnscliff will get some speerings o' the puir lassie.

Such were the exclamations of the group, who, having no acknowled and leader to direct their mo-

naving no acknowled to leader to direct their mo-tions, passively awaited the return of the sufferer, and determined to be guided by his directions. The meeting between Hobbie and his family was in the highest degree affecting. His sisters threw themselves upon him, and almost stiffed him with

themselves upon him, and almost stifled him with their caresses, as if to prevent his looking round to distinguish the absence of one yet more beloved. "God help thee, my son! He can help when world-ly trust is a broken reed."—Such was the welcome of the natron to her unfortunate grandson. He looked engerly round, holding two of his sisters by the hand, while the third hung about his neck.—"I see you, I count you-my grandmother, Lilias, Jean, and Annot; but where is — "" (he hestitated, and then continued as if with an effort,) where is Grace? Surely this is not a time to hide hersell frae me-there's nae time for dafing now."

Surely this is not a time to hide hersell frae me-there's nae time for daffing now." "O, brother !" and "Our poor Grace!" was the only answer his questions could produre, till his grandmother rose us, and gently disengaged him from the weeping girls, led him to a seat, and with the affacting serenity which sincere piety, like oil sprinkled on the waves, can throw over the most aceta feelings, she said, "My bairn, when thy grand-father was killed in the wars, and left me with six combane around me, with score bread to eat or a ranner was killed in the wars, and left me with six orphans around me, with scarce bread to eat, or a roof to cover us, I had strength, —inot of mine own —but I had strength given me to say, The Lord's will be done!—My son, our penceful house was last night broken into by moss-troopers, armed and mask-ed; they have taken and destroyed all, and carried off, our dear Grace! Pray for strength. to say his will be done?"

Mother! mother! urge me not-I cannot-not

win be done:"
"Mother! mother! urge me not--I cannot--not now--1 am a sinful man, and of a hardened race. Masked --armed --Grace carried off!" Gie me my sword, and my father's knapsack.-I will have ven-geance, if I should go to the pit of Darkness to seek it!"
"O my bairn, my bairn! he patient under the rod. Who knows when He may lift his hand off from us? Young Earnsoliff, Heaven bless him, has taen the chase, with Davie of Stenhouse, and the first comers. I cried to lct house and plenishing burn, and follow the reivers to recover Grace, and Earnseliff and his men were ower the Fell within three hours after the deed. God bless him! he's a real Earnscliff; he's his father's true son-a leal friend."
"A true friend indeed; God bless him !" exclaimed Höbbie; "let's on and away, and take the chase after thm."
"O, iny child, before you run on danger, let me bear you but say. His will be done!"

orge me not, meiner-not now." He was rush-ing eus, when, looki at back, he observed his grand-mether make a nute attitude of affliction. He re-turned hastily, threw himself into her arms, and said, "Yes, mother, I can say, Hiz will be done, since it will confort you."

May He go forth-may He go forth with you, my dear bairn; and O, may He give you cause to say on your return. His name be praised?" "Farwal, mother !--farwell, my dear sisters ?" exclaimed Film?, and maked out of the house.

30

#### OHAPTER VIII.

Now horse and hattock, cried the Laird, Now horse and hattock, speedline ; They that winns ride for Telfor's kys, Let them never look in the face o' mo.

Barder Rallad

"Honss ! horse ! and spear !" exclaimed Hobbis tehis kinsmen. his kinsmen. Many a ready foot was in the stirrup ;. and, while Elliot hastily collected arms and accoutroment: no easy matter in such a confusion, the glast resounded with the approbation of his younger friends. "Ay, ay !" exclaimed Simon of Hackburn, "that's.

"Ay, ay!" exclaimed Simon of Hackburn, "that's, the gate to take it, Hobbie. Let women sit and greet. at hame, men filust do as they have been done by it's the Scripture says'." "Haud your tongue, si," said one of the seniors; sternly; "dinna abuse the Word that gate, ye dinna ken what ye speak about." "Hae ye on yt dings ?—Hae yeony speerings, Hob-bie ?—O, callants, diana be ower hasty," said old Dick of the Dingle. "What signifies preaching to us, e'enow?" said

"What signifies preaching, to us, e'enow?" seid Simon; "if ye canna make help yoursell, dinna keep-back them that can." "Whish, sir; wad ye take vengeance or ye keen wha has wrang'd ye?"

D'ye think we dinna ken the road to England as weel as our fathers before us ?-All evil comes out of weel as our fathers before us ?-All evil comes out o' thereaway—it's an auld saying and a true; and we'll: e'en away there, as if the devil was blawing us south." "We'll follow the track o' Earnschiff's horses ower( the waste," cried one Elliot. "I'll prick them out through the blindest moor in the Border, an there had been a fair held there the day before," said Hugh, the blackanith of Ringle--burn, "for I aye shoe his horse wi'my ain hand." "Lay on the dear-hounds," cried another; "where-are they?"

day before," said Hugh, the blacksmith of Ringle-burn, "for I sye shoe his horse wi' my ain hand."
"Lay on the dear-hounds," cried another, "where.
are they?"
"Hout, man, the sun's been lang up, and the dow
is aff the grand-the scent will never lie."
Hobbie instantly whistled on his hounds, which,
were roving about the runs of their old habitation,
abd filling the air with their deleful howls.
"Now, Killbuck," said Hobbie, "try.thy skill thisday"-and then, as if a light had suddenly broke on
him, --" that ill-faur'd goblin soak something o' this i,
He may ken mair o't, either by, villains on earth, or;
devil abolw--Tll hae it frae him, if 1-should cut it
out o' his mis-shapen bouk wi' myrwhinger." Het
then hastily gave directions to his comrades: "Fouro' ye, wi' Simon, haud right forward to Græmesgap. If they're English, they'll be for being back thet
way. The rest disperse by twasome and threesomethrough the waste, and meet me at the Trysting-pool
Tell my brothers, when they come up, to follow and
meet us there. Poor lads, they will an he sherts wegetnigh as sair as mine; little taink they what a sorrowful house they are bringing their venisoe to t I'llrido over Mucklestane-Moor mysell."
" And if I were you," said Dick of the Dingle, "I'
would speak to Carmy Elahie. He can tell you.whatever betides in this land, if he's sae minded."
" "He shall tell me," said Hobbie, who was busyputting his arms in order, ' what he kens o' thusingit's job, or I shall right weel hen whervlore hey
does not."
" "Ay, but speak him faïr, my bonny men -speak...
" Mad being now fully equipped, be threw hingself on '.
" As being now fully equipped, be threw hingself on '.
" ther st that in my breast the day. the weak dowermaister a' the warlocks on carth, and a' the devitahe store accont

And being now fully equipped, he threw himself on ... his horse, and spurged him at a rapid pace. against ... the steep ascent.

the steep ascent. Elliot speedily surmounted the hill, rode down the . other side at the same rate, crossed a wood, and tra-versed a loag glen, ere he at length regained Muckle-stans-Moor. As he was obliged, in the course-of his.. journey, to relax his speed in consideration of, the hour which has horse night still have to underge, 46°

he had time to consider maturely in what manner he at least, each huthan wrotch readily thinks-Bu should address the Dwarf in order to extract from return twice as wealthy as thou yet before be had time to consider manners in what manner he should address the Dwarf, in order to extract from him the knowledge which he supposed him to be in possession of, concerning the authors of his misfor-tances. Hobbie, though blunt, plain of speech, and hot of disposition, like most of his countrymen, was by no means deficient in the shrewdness which is also their characteristic. He reflected, that from what be had observed on the memorable night when the be had observed on the memorable night when the Dwarf was first seen, and from the conduct of that mysterious being ever since, he was likely to be ren-dered even more obstinate in his sullenness by threats

dered even more overland and violence. "I'll speak him fair," he said, "as auld Dickon advised me. Though folk say he has a league wi' Satan, he canna be sic an incarnate devil as no to take some pity in a case like mine; and folk threep "" the some of the second charitable sort o' things. I'll take some pity in a case liké mine; and folk threep he'll whiles do good, charitable sort o' things. I'll keep my heart down as weel as I can, and stroke him wi'the hair; and if the warst come to the warst, it's but wringing the head o' him about at last." In this disposition of accommodation he approached the hut of the Solitary. The old man was not upon his seat of audience, nor could Hobbie perceive him in his garden, or en-

closures.

nor could Hobbie perceive him in his garden, or en-closures. "He's gotten into his very keep," said Hobbie, "maybe to be out o' the gate; but I'se pu' it doun about his lugs, if I canna win at him etherwise." Having thus communed with himself, he raised his voice, and invoked Elshie in a tone as suppli-cating as his conflicting feelings would permit. "El-shie, my gude friend I" Noreply. "Elshie, canny Fa-ther Elshie!" The Dwarf remained mute. "Sor-row be in the crooked carcass of thee I" said the Bor-derer between his teeth; and then again attempting a soothing tone, -- "Good Father Elshie, a most mise; rable creature desires some counsel of your wisdom." "The better !" answered the shrill and discordant woice of the Dwarf through a very small window, resembling an arrow-sit, which he had constructed mear the door of his dwelling, and through which he could see any one who approached it, without the possibility of their looking in upon him. "The better f" said Hobbie impatiently; " what is the better, Elshie? Do you not hear me tell you I am the most miserable wretch living 1" "And do you not hear me tell you it is so much the better f and did I not tell you this morning, when you thought yourself so happy, what an evening was coming upon you ?" "That ye did e'en," replied Hobbie, " and that gars " That ye did e'en," replied Hobbie, " returned the Dwarf; "or, if I did, why should I help others, when

The could be you for advice now; they that ioresaw the trouble maun ken the cure." "I know no cure for earthly trouble," returned the Dwarf; "or, if I did, why should I help others, when none hath aided me? Have I not lost wealth, that would have bought all thy barren hills a hundred times over ? rank, to which thine is as that of a pea-sant? society, where there was an interchange of all that was amiable—of all that was intellectual? Have I not lost all this? Am I not residing pare, the vericest eutcast on the face of Nature, in the most hideous and most solitary of her retreats, myself more hide-ous than all that is around me? And why should ether worms complain to me when they are trodden on, since I am myself lying crushed and writhing un-der the chariot-wheel?" "Ye may have lost all this," answered Hobbie, in "Ye may have lost all this," answered Hobbie, in abe sae sair a heart as mine, for ye ne'er lost nae Grace Armstrong. And now my last hopes are gane, and I shall ne'er see her mair."

Grace Armstrong. And now my last hopes are gane, and I shall ne'er see her mair." This he said in the tone of deepest emotion—and there followed a long pause, for the mention of his bride's name had overcome the more angry and irri-able feelings of poor Hobbie. Ere he had again addressed the Solitary, the bony hand and long fingers of the latter, holding a large leathern bag, was thrust forth at the small window, and as it un-ent: ted the burden, and let it drop with a clang upon the ground, his harah voice again addressed Elliot. ""There—there lies a salve for every human ill so,

return twice as wealthy as thou wert before rear day, and torment me no more with questions on-plaints, or thanks; they are alike odious to me." "It is a' gowd, by Heaven!" said Eliot having glanced at the contents; and then again addressing the Hermit, "Muckle oblighed for your good-wil; and I wad blithely gie you a bond for some o' the ailler, or a wadset ower the lands o' Wideopen. Bu I dinna ken, Elshie; to be free wi' you, luins his to use siller unless I kend it was decently come by; and maybe it might turn into sclate-stanes, and chast some poor man." some poor man

some poor man." "Ignorant idiot !" reterted the Dwarf; "the tunk is as genuine poison as ever was dug out of the bowels of the earth. Take it—use it, and may i thrive with you as it hath dons with me !" "But I tell you," said Elliot, "it wasna about hus yeard, doubtless, and thirty head of finer cattle the werena on this side of the Cat-rail; but It the gen werena on this side of the Cat-rail; but It the gen werena on this side of the Cat-rail; but let the gas gang, --if ye could but gie me spearings of pu Gna, I would be content to be your slave for life, in ory thing that didna touch my salvation. O, Edma, speak, man, speak i" "Well, thren," answered the Dwarf, so i won out by his importunity, "since thou hast not enough of woes of thine own, but must needs seek to buden thyself with those of a partner, seek her when hou hast lost in the West." "It is the last," said the Dwarf, "which I desga to utter;" and he drew the shutters of his widen leaving Hobbie to make the most of the hint he had given.

given

The west! the west 1-thought Elliot; the comprise pretty quiet down that way, unless it were lead o' the Todholes; and he's ower aukinow for the life o' the Todholes; and he's ower aukinow for the life o' that joba.--West!--By my life, it must be West-burnflat. "Ellshie, just tell me one word. An f right? Is it Westburnflat? If I am wrang again. I wadna like to wyte an innocent neighbeur wir we lence--No answer?--It must be the Red Reim--lididna think he wad hae ventured on me nether, mi saa mony kin as there's o' us--I am thinking le' hae some better backing than his Cumberland finad. --Fareweel to you, Ellshie, and most the des--downa be fashed wi' the siller e'en now, for man awa' to meet my friends at the Trysing-her-Sea if ye carena to open the window, ye can feat it is after I'm awa'." Still there was no reply. "He's deaf, or he's daft, or he's bait; bet has nae time to stay to claver wi'hin."

"He's deal, or he's dait, or he's baun warms nae time to stay to claver wi'him." And off rode Hobbie Elliot towards the place of rendezvous which he had named to be france. Four or five riders were already galared at the Trysting-pool. They stood in close constraints is gether, while their horses were permitted to pro-among the poplars which overhung the break the pool. A more purpose a store ware also comp pool. A more numerous party were seen crists from the southward. It proved to be Earnstit his party who had followed the track of the atile formation that a considerable force was drawn by formation that a considerable force was drawn by they under some of the inclusive methanem in that rar as the English border, but had halted on the a formation that a considerable force was drawn top ther under some of the jacobite gentleman in that ent parts of Scotland. This took away from the at swhich had been perpetrated the appearance of grave animosity, or love of plunder; and Eanschi we now disposed to regard it as a symptom of cirl we now disposed to regard it as a symptom of cirl we now disposed to regard it as a symptom of cirl we now disposed to regard it as a symptom of cirl we had received. "The young gentleman greeted Hobbie with the are sincere sympathy, and informed him of the news" had received. "If and Elliselaw is not at the bottom of the villany 1 Ye see he's leagued wi'the Camber, Catholics; and that agrees weel wi' what Elli-hinted about Westburnflat, for Elliselaw ave prove ed him, and he will want to harry and disam, country about his ain hand before he breaks out. Some now remembered that the party of refl had been heard to say they were acting VIII., and were charged to disarm all rebels. Other

#### CHAP. IX.]

CHAR. [X.] THE BLACK had heard Westburnfist boast, in drinking parties, that Ellieslaw would soon be in arms for the Jaco-bite cause, and that he himself was to hold a com-mand under him, and that they would be bad neigh-bours for young Earnscliff, and all that stood out for the established government. The result was a strong belief that Westburnfist had headed the party under Ellieslaw's orders; and they resolved to proceed in-stantly to the house of the former, and, if possible, to secure his person. They were by this time joined by so many of their dispersed friends, that their number amounted to upwards of twenty horsemen, well mounted, and tolerably, though variously, armed. A brook, which issued from a narrow glen among the hills, entered, at Westburnfist, upon the open marshy level, which, expanding about half a mile in every direction, gives name to the spot. In this place the character of the stream becomes changed, and, from being a lively briak-running mountain-torrent, it stagnates, like a blue swollen snake, in dull deep windings, through the swampy level. On the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the side of the stream, and nearly about the centre of the faw remaining strongholds formerly so numerous upon

plain, arose the tower of Westburnflat, one of the few remaining strongholds formerly so numerous upon the Borders. The ground upon which it stood was gently elevated above the marsh for the space of about a hundred yards, affording an esplanade of dry turf, which extended itself in the immediate neighbour-bood of the tower; but, beyond which, the surface-presented to strangers was that of an impassable and dangerous bog. The owner of the tower and his in-mates alone knew the winding and intricate paths, which, leading over ground that was comparatively sound, admitted visiters to his residence. But among the party which were assembled under Earnscliff se directiona, there was more than one person gualified sound, admitted visiters to his residence. But among the party which were assembled under Earnschiff's directions, there was more than one person qualified to act as a guide. For although the owner's charac-ter and habits of life were generally known, yet the laxity of feeling with respect to property prevented his being looked on with the abhorrance with which he must have been regarded in a more civilized coun-try. He was considered, among his more peaceable neighbours, pretty much as a gambler, cock-fighter, or horse-jockey, would be regarded at the present day; a person, of course, whose habits were to be condemned, and his society, in general avoided, yet who could not be considered as marked with the in-delible infamy attached to his profession, where laws have been habitually observed. And their indigna-tion was awakened against him upon this occasion, not so much on account of the general nature of the transaction, which was just such as was to be ex-pected from this marader, as that the violence had nead no cause of quarrel,—gainst a friend of their own,—above all, against one of the name of Elliot, therefore, wonderful, that there should be several in the band pretty well acquainted with the locality of the hand pretty well acquainted with the locality of the space of firm ground in front of the Tower of Westburnfist.

#### CHAPTER IX.

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So spak the knicht ; the geaunt sed, Lead forth with the, the sely maid, And mak me quite of the and sche ; For glaunsing es, or brow so brent, or check with rose and lilye blent, He lists not ficht with the. Researce of

#### ance of the Feicen

The tower, before which the party now stoodswas a small square building, of the most gloomy aspect. The walls were of great thickness, and the windows, or alits which served the purpose of windows, seemed in ther calculated to afford the defenders the means of employing missile weapons, than for admitting air or light to the apartments within. A small battlement projected over the walls on every side and afforded ight to the apertments within. A small particle and projected over the walls on every side, and afforded further adventage of defence by its niched parapet, within which arose a steep roof, flagged with gray stones. A single turret at one angle, defended by a foor studded with huge iron nails, rose above the

battlement, and gave access to the roof from within, by the spiral staircase which it enclosed. It seemed to the party that their motions were watched by some to the party that their motions were watched by some one concealed within this turret; and they were con-firmed in their belief, when, through a narrow loop-hole, a female hand was seen to wave a handker-chief as if by way of signal to them. Hobbie was almost out of his senses with joy and eagerness. "It was Grace's hand and arm," he said; "I can swear to it amang a thousand. There is not the like of it on this side of the Lowdens-We'll have her out, lads, if we should carry off the Tower of Westburn-flat stame by stame."

flat stane by stane." Earnscliff, though he doubted the possibility of re-

from the eye of the lover, would say nothing to damp his friend's animated hopes, and it was resolved to summon the garrison.

The shouts of the party, and the winding of one or two horns, at length brought to a loophole, which fianked the entrance, the haggard face of an old woman.

man.
"That's the Reiver's mother," said one of the Elliots; "she's ten times waur than himsell, and is wyted for muckle of the ill he does about the country."
"Wha are ye? What d'ye want here?" were the queries of the respectable progenitor.
"We are seeking William Græme of Westburnflat," said Earnschift.

said Earnscliff. "He's ne at hame," returned the old dame. "When did he leave home?" pursued Earnscliff. "I canna tell," said the portreas. "When will he return ?" said Hobbie Elliot. "I dinna ken nacthing about it," replied the mex orable guardian of the keep. "I a there any body within the tower with you ? again demanded Earnscliff. "Nacbody but fiveel and handware " or the set

Naebody but mysell and baudrons," said the old woman.

"Then open the gate and admit us," said Earns-cliff; "I am a justice of peace, and in search of the evidence of a felory." "Deil be in their fingers that draws a bolt for ye," recorded the portrees; "for mine shall never do it.

"Deal be in their ingers that uraws a too, to yo, retorted the portress; "for mine shall never do it. Thinkna ye shame o' yoursells, to come here siccan a band o' ye, wi' your swords, and spears, and steel-caps, to frighten a lone widow woman ?" "Our information," said Earnschiff, "is positive ; we are seeking goods which have been forcibly car-ried off to a great amount."

ried off to a great amount.'

"And a young woman, that's been cruelly made prisoner, that's worth mair than a' the gear, twice told," said Hobbie.

And I warn you," continued Earnecliff. " that

"And I warn you," continued Earnscliff, " that your only way to prove your son's innocence, is to give us quiet admittance to search the house." "And what will ye do if I carena to thraw the keys, or draw the bolts, or open the grate to sic a clamjamfrie?" said the old dame, scoffinglv. "Force our way with the king's keys, and break the neck of every living soul we find in the house, if ye dinna gieitower forthwith !" menaced the incensed Hobbe. "Threatened folks live lang," said the hag, in the same tone of irony; "there's the iron grate-tryyour skeel on't, lads—it has kept out as good men as you, or now."

So saying, she laughed and withdrew from the aperture through which she had held the parley.

The besiegers now opened a serious consultation. The immense thickness of the walls, and the small The immense thickness of the wais, and the small size of the windows, might, for a time, have even re-sisted cannon-shot. The entrance was secured, first, by a strong grated door, composed entirely of ham-mered iron, of such ponderous strength as seemed calculated to resist any force that could be brought against it. "Pinchers or forehammers will never pick upon't," said Hugh, the blacksmith of Ringle-burn; "yernight as weel batter at it wi pipe-staples." Within the doorway and at the distance of nine

pick upon t, usual as well batter at it wi' pipe-staples." Within the doorway, and at the distance of nine feet, which was the solid thickness of the wall, there was a second door of oak, crossed both breadth and lengthways, with clenched bars of iron, and studded full of broad-headed nails. Besides all these de-

fences, they were by no means confident in the truth feices, they were by no means confident in the truth of the old dame's assertion, that she slone composed the garrison. The more knowing of the party had observed hoof-marks in the track by which they ap-proached the tower, which seemed to indicate that several persons had very lately passed in that direction. To all these difficulties was added their want of means for attacking the place. There was no hope of procuring ladders long enough to reach the battle-ments, and the windows, besides being very narrow, were securel, with iron hars. Scaling was therefore

ments, and the windows, besides being very narrow, were secured with iron bars. Scaling was therefore out of the question; mining was still more so, for want of tools and gunpowder; neither were the be-siegers provided with food, means of shelter, or other conveniences, which might have enabled them to convert the siege into a blockade; and there would, at any rate, have been a risk of relief from some of the maranuler's contrades. Hobbie grinded and gnashed his teeth, as, walking round the fastness, he could devise no means of making a forcible entry. At length he suddenly exclaimed, "And what for no do as our fathers did lang syne?-Put hand to the wark, lads. Let as cut up bushes and briers, pile them before the door and set fire to them, and smoke that

wark, lads. Let as cut up pushes and priers, pile them before the door and set fire to them, and smoke that auld devil's dam as if she were to be reested for bacon." All immediately closed with this proposal, and some went to work with swords and knives to cut down the alder and hawthorn bushes which grew by down the alder and hawthorn bushes which grew by the side of the sluggish stream, many of which were sufficiently decayed and dried for their purpose, while others began to collect them in a large stack, properly disposed for burning, as close to the iron-grate as they could be piled. Fire was speedily obtained from one of their guns, and Hobbie was already advancing to the pile with a kindled brand, when the surly face of the robber, and the muzzle of a musquetoon, were partially shown at a shot-hole which flanked the entrance. "Mony, thanks to ye," fleesid, scoffingly, "for collecting sae muckle winter eilding for us; but if ye step a foot nearer it wi' that lunt, it's be the if ye step a foot nearer it wi' that lunt, it's be the

destreat step ye ever made in your days." "We'll sune see that," said Hobbie, advancing fearlessly with the torch.

The marauder snapped his piece at him, which, fortunately for our honest friend, did not go off; while Earnschiff, fring at the same moment at the narrow aperture and slight mark afforded by the rob-ber's face, grazed the eide of his head with a bullet. He had apparently calculated upon his post affording him more security, for he no sconer felt the wound, though a very slight one, than he requested a parley, and demanded to know what they meant by attack-ing in this fashion a peaceable and honest man, and shedding his blood in that lawless manner? "We want your prisonen," said Earnschiff, "to be delivered up to us in safety." "And what concern have you with her?" replied the marauder.

delivered up to us in safety." "And what concern have you with her ?" replied the marauder. "That," retorted Earnscliff, "you, who are detain-ing her by force, have no right to inquire." "Aweel, I think I can gie a guess," said the roh-ber. "Weel, sirs, I am laith to enter into deadly feud with you by spilling ony of your bluid, though Earns-cuff hasna stopped to shed mine—and he can hit a mark to a groat's breadth—so, to prevent mair skaith, I am willing to deliver up the prisoner, since nae less will please you." "And Hobbie's gear ?" cried Simon of Hackburn. "D yo tunk you're to be free to plunder the faulds and byres of a gentile Elliot, as if they were an auld wife's han's cave? ?? "As I live by bread," replied Willie of West-burnfat—"As I live by bread, I have not a single loot o' them ! They're a' ower the march lang yne ; there's no a horn o' them about the tower. Bus f'll see what o' them can be gotten back, and I'll take th a day twa days to meet Hebbie at the Castleton wi' twa friends on ilka side, and see to make an agreement about s' the wrangthe can wyte mew?." "Ay ay," said Elliot, "that will do weel enough." -And then aside to his kinsman. "Murrain on the prear! I ordsake, man I asy, nought about them. Let us b.t get pairs Grace out o' that and hellioat's clarthes.

"Will ye gis me your word, Esmacliff," seit the, marauder, who still lingared at the shot-hole, your faith and troth, with hand and glove, that I am free to come and free to gae, with five minutes to open the grate, and five minutes to steek it and to draw the boils? less winna do, for they want creishing sariy. Will ye do this?" "You shall have full time," said Earnscliff; "I. plight my faith and trot's, my hand and my glove." "Wait there a moment, then," said Westkam-fat; "or hear ye, I wad rather ye wad fa' back a pistol-shot from the door. It's no that I mistnat your word, Earnscliff; butit's best to be sure." O, friend, thought Hobbie to himself, as he daw back, an I had you but on Turne's-holm, and me body by but twa honest lads to see fair play, I wad make ye wish ye had broken your leg ere ye had

body by but twa honest lads to see lair play, I wal make ye wish ye had broken your leg ere ye had touched beast or body that belanged to me? "He has a white feather in his wing this same Westburnflat, after a'," said Simon of Hackburg, somewhat scandalized by his ready surreader.-"He'll ne'er fill bis father's boots."

In the meanwhile, the inner door of the tower we opened, and the mother of the freebooter appeared in the space betwixt that and the outer grace. Will himself was next seen, leading forth a fermale, and the old woman carefully bolung the grate behind Willie

them, remained on the post as a sort of sentinel. "Ony ane or twa o'ye come forward," said theoret law, "and take her frae my hand haill and sound."

law, "and take her frae my hand haill and sound." Hobbie advanced eagerly to meet his betrothed bride. Earnscliff followed more slowly to gaze against treachery. Suddenly Hobbie slackened his pace in the deepest mortification, while that of Earnscliff was hastened by impatient surprise. It was not Grace Armstrong, but Miss Isabella Van, whose liberation had been effected by their appar-ance hefters the stream.

ance before the tower. "Where is Grace? Where is Grace Armstrong?" exclaimed Hobbie, in the extremnty of wrath and

exclaimed Hobbie, in the extremity of wrath and indignation. "Not in my hands," answered Westbarnfat; "ye may search the tower if ye misdoubt me." "You false villain, you shall account for bes, or see on the spot," said Elliot, presenting his gam. But his companions, who now came up, instandy disarmed him of his wespon, exclaiming, all at one "Hand and glove! faith and troth f Hand a care-Hobbie; we mann keep our faith wi Westbarnfall were he the greatest rogue over rode." Thus protected, the outlaw recovered his andarity, which had heen somewhat danned by the managing.

gesture of Elliot.

"I have kept my word, sire," he said, "and I krik-"I have kept my word, sire," he said, and I krik-to have nae wrang emang yes. If this is no the pre-source ye sought," he said, addressing Karasahift, "ye'll render her back to me again. I an answerable for her to there about not be again.

Tender ner oack to me again. A an answerten ser-her to those that aught her." "For God's sake, My. Barnschiff, protect me?" said Miss Vere, clinging to her deliverer; do net you abandon one whom the whole world essente to have sbaudoned."

have abandoned." "Fear nothing," whispered Earnscliff, "I will pro-tect you with my life." Then turning to Westham-fiat, "Yillain!" he said, "how dared you to insul flat, " Villa this lady ?"

this lady ?" "For that matter, Farnschiff," answared the free booter, "I can answer to them that has better right to ask me than you have; but if you come with as armed force, and take her awa' from them that her friends lodged her wi', how will you answer that ?-But it's your ain affeir-Nae single man can keep a tower, against twartw-A' the mas o' the Minut down do main than they dow." "He iss most falsely," said Isabella ; "he cannot me off by violence from up; dather."

"Maybe he only wonted the back in "Maybe he only wonted ye to think eas, hi replied the robber; "butit's has business of mi it be as it may... So ye winna resign har back m

\* These is a level aneadew, s agdema, called Turaw's bulns, issop joins the Littel. It is at its a piece fragmenter and its at

.

"Back to you, fellow? Surelyno," answered Earns-iff; "I will protect Miss Vere, and escort her safely cliff:

. clif; "I will protect Miss Vers, and escort her safely wherever she is pleased to be conveyed." "Ay, ay, maybe you and her has actiled that al-ready," and Willie of Westburnflat. "And Grace?" interrupted Hobbie, shaking him-self loose from the friends who had been preaching to him the sanctity of the safe conduct, upon the faith of which the freebooter had ventured from his tower. "Where's Grace?" and he rushed on the marauder.

eword in hand. sword in hand. Wesburnflat, thus pressed, after calling out "God-sake, Hobbie, hear me a gliff!" fairly turned his back and fiel. His mother stood ready to open and shut the grate; but Hobbie struck at the freebooter as he entered with so much force, that the sword made a considerable cleft in the lintel of the vaulted door, which is still shown as a memorial of the superior strangth of those who lived in the days of yore. Fre Hobbie ould remark the blow the door was shut and Hobbie could repeat the blow, the door was shut and secured, and he was compelled to retreat to his companions, who were now preparing to break up the siege of Westburnflat. They insisted upon his accom-

mage of Westouriniat. They insisted upon his accom-panying them in their return. "Ye has broken truce already," said old Dick of the Dingle; "an we taken a the better care, ye'll play mair gowk's tricks, and make yoursell the laughing-stock of the haill country, besides having your friends charged with alaughter under trust. Bide till the meeting at Castleton, as ye has greed; and if he diana make meeting at Castleton as ye has greed; and if he diana make ye amends, then we'll hae it out o' his heart's blood. But let us gang reasonably to wark and keen blood. But let us gang reasonably to wark and keep our tyst, and I'se warrant we get back. Grace, and the kye and a." Thus cold-blooded reasoning went ill down with the

This cold-blooded reasoning went ill down with the unfortunate lover; but, as he could only obtain the assistance of his neighbours and kinamen on their own terms, he was compelled to acquiesce in their notions of good faith and regular procedure. Earnschift now reguested the assistance of a few of the party to convey Miss Vere to her father's castle of Ellieslaw, to which she was peremptory in desiring to be conducted. This was readily granted; and five or six young men agreed to attend him as an escort. Hobbie was not of the number. Almost heart-broken by the events of the day, and his final disappoint-ment, he returned moodily home to take such mea-sures as he could for the sustenance and protection of his family, and to arrange with his neighbours the sources as ne could for the sustenance and protection of his family, and to arrange with his neighbours the further steps which should be adopted for the recove-ry of Grace Armstrong. The rest of the party dis-persed in different directions, as soon as they had crossed the morass. The outlaw and his mother watched them from the tower, until they entirely disappeared.

#### CHAPTER X.

Lieft my ladye's bower last night-ft was clad in wreaths of snaw,-Fil seek it when the sun is bright, And sweet the roses blaw.

#### Old Ballad

INCERNED at what he deemed the coldness of his friends, in a cause which interested him so nearly, Hobbie had shaken himself free of their company, and was now on his solitary road homeward. "The founder thee!" said he, as he spurred impatient-hy his over-fatigued and stumbling horse; "thou art like a' the rest o' them. Hae I not bred thee, and fed thee, and dressed thee wi'mine ain hand, and the thou support power and break my peck at my wouldst thou snapper now and break my neck at my would's thou snapper now and break my neck at my memory need? But thou'rt e'en like the lave—the farthest off o' them a' is my cousin ten times re moved, and day or night I wad hae served them wi' my best blood; and now, I think they show mair re-gard to the common thief of Westburnflat than to their ain kinsman. But I should see the lights now in Heugh-foot—Wae's me!' he continued, recollect-ing himself, "there will neither coal nor candle-light in the Hersh-foot now mair? An it werean for thing in the Heugh-foot ony mair! An it werena for my mother and sisters, and poor Grace. I could find finas made in breaking into the house, and by the in gray heart to put spurs to the beast, and loup over the secaur into the water to make an end o't a'. - In this disconsolate-mood he turned his horse's bridle her and down stars, and having seen, in the scale.

towards the cottage in which his family had found refuge

As he approached the door, he heard whispering and tittering amongst his sisters. "The deevil's in the women," said poor Holbie; "they would nicker, and laugh, and giggle, if their best friend was lying" a corp—and yet I am glind they can keep up their hearts sace weel, poor silly things; but the dirdurn fa's on me, to be sure, and ne on them." While he thus meditated, he was engaged in fast-ening up his horse in a shed. "Thou maun do with-out horse-sheet and surcingle now, lad," he said, ad-dressing the animal; "you and me hae had a down-come alike; we had better hae fa'en in the deepest pool o' Tarras." He was interrupted by the youngest of his sisters. As he approached the door, he heard whispering

He was interrupted by the youngest of his sisters,

He was interrupted by the youngest of his sisters, who came running out, and, speaking in a constrain-ed voice, as if to suffe some emotion, called out to him, "What are ye doing there, Hobbie, fiddling about the naig, and there's are frae Cumberland been waiting here for ye this hour and mair? Haste ye in, mas; I'll take off the saddle." "Ane frae Cumberland to the hand of his sister, he rushed into the cottage. "Where is he?" where is he?" he exclaimed, glancing eagerly around, and seeing only females; "Did he bring news of Grace?" and seeing only females; Grace?"

He doughtna bide an instant langer." said the

"He doughta bide an instant langer," said the elder sister, still with a suppressed laugh. "Hout file, bairns," said the old lady, with some-thing of a good-humoured reproof, "ye shouldna ver your billy Hobbie that way.—Look round, my bairn, and see if there isna ane here mair than ye left this morning." Hobbie looked eagerly round. "There's you, and the three itties."

There's four of us now, Hobbie, lad," said the youngest, who at this moment entered.

In an instant Hobbie had in his arms Grace Arm-

In an instant Hobbie had in his arms Grace Arm-strong, who, with one of his sister's plaids around her, had passed unnoticed at his first entrance. "How dared you do this?" said Hobbie. "It wasna my fault," said Grace, endeavouring to cover her face with her hands to hide at once her blushes, and escape the storm of hearty kisses with which her bridegroom punished her simple strata-gem,—"It wasna my fault, Hobbie; ye should kiss Jeanie and the rest o' them, for they has the wyte o't." "And so I will," said Hobbie, and embraced and kissed his sisters and grandmother a hundred times, while the whole party half-laughed, half-cried, in the extremity of their joy. "I am the happiest man," said Hobbie, throwing himself down on a seat, al-most exhausted,—"I am the happiest man in the world?"

"Then, O my dear bairn," said the good old dame, who lost no opportunity of teaching her lesson of rewho lost no opportunity of teaching her lesson of re-ligion at those moments when the heart was best open to receive it, ---- "Then, O my son, give praise to Him that brings smiles out o' tears and joy out o' grief, as he brought light out o' darkness and the world out o' neathing. Was it not my word, that if ye could say His will be done, ye might hae cause to say His name be praised ?" "It was-it was your word, grannie; and I do praise Him for his mercy, and for leaving me a good parent when my ain were game." Said honest Hob-bie, taking her hand, "that puts me in mind to think of Him, baith in happiness and distress."

There was a solemn pause of one or two minutes employed in the exercise of mental devotion, which expressed, in purity and sincerity, the gratitude of the affectionate family to that Providence who had unexpectedly restored to their embraces the friend whom they had lost.

Whom they had lost. Hobbie's first inquiries were concerning the ad-ventures which Grace had undergone. They were told at length, but amounted in substance to this :-That she was awaked by the noise which the ruf-fians made in breaking into the house, and by the resistance made by one or two of the servants, which

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Westburnflat's vizard drop off, improdently named him by his name, and besought him for mercy; that the ruffian instantly stopped her mouth, dragged her from the house, and placed her on horseback, behind one of his associates.

"I'll break the accursed neck of him," said Hob-bie, "if there werena another Græme in the land but himsell !"

She proceeded to say, that she was carried south-ward along with the party, and the spoil which they drove before them, until they had crossed the Border. Westburnflat, came riding very fast after the ma-to keep up. it wad be a shame," said Hobbie, "to rauders, and told their leader, that his cousin had burden him wi' our distress. And I'll tell ye, gran-learnt from a sure hand that no luck would come of nic, i's needless to sit thyming over the style of a' it unless the lass was restored to her friends. After your kith, kin, and allies, as if there was a circum in some discussion, the chief of the party seemed to acguiesco. Grace was, placed behand is r new guar-dian, who pursued in silence, and with great spe d, the least frequented path to the Heigh-foot, and ere gvening closed, set down the fatigued and tyrified damsel within a quarter of a mile of the dwelling of

damsel within a quarter of a mile of the dwelling of her friends. Many and sincere were the congratula-tions which passed on all sides. As these emotions subsided, less pleasing conside-rations began to intrude themsolves. "This is a miserable place for ye a," said Hobbic looking around him; "I can sleep weel encugh mysell outly beside the naig, as I hae done mony a lang night on the hills; but how ye are to put yoursells up, I canna see! And what's waur, I canna mend it; and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's waur than a', the morn may come, and it and what's use it hing," said one of the sisters, looking round, "to harry a puir family to the bare wa's this gate." "And leave us neither stirk nor stot," said the

And leave us neither stirk nor stot," said the ngest brother, who now entered, "nor sheep nor

"And leave us neither stirk nor stot," said the youngest brother, who now entered, "nor sheep nor lamb, nor sught that eats grass and corn." "If they had ony quarrel wi'us," said Harry, the second brother, "were we na ready to have fought it out? And that we should have been a' free hame, too, -ane and a' upon the hill-Odd, an we had been at hame, Will Græme's stamach shouldna hae wanted its morning; but it's biding him, is it na, Hobbie" Hobbie?

"Our neighbours has taen a day at the Castleton to gree wi' him at the sight o' men," said Hobbie, mournfully; "they behooved to have it a' their ain gate, or there was nae help to be got at their hands." "To gree wi' him !" exclaimed both his brothers at once, "after siccan an act of stouthrife as hana been

Lo gree wi num " exclaimed both his brothers at once, "after siccan an act of stouthrife as hasna been heard o' in the country since the auld riding days!" "Very true, billies, and my blood was e'en bolling at it; but—the sight o' Grace Armstrong has set-tled it brawly."

tled it brawly." "But the stocking, Hobbie ?" said John Elliot; "we're utterly ruined. Harry and I hae been to gather what was on the outby land, and there's scarce a cloot left. I kenna how we're to carry on -We maun a' gang to the wars. I think. Westburn-flat hasna the means, e'en if he had the will, to make up our loss; there's nae mends to be got out o' him, but what ye take out o' hie banes. He hasna a four-footed creature but the vicious blood thing he rides on, and that's sair trash'd wi' his night wark. We are ruined stoop and roop."

Hobbic cast a mournful glance on Grace Arm-strong, who returned it with a downcast look and a genile sigh.

"Dinua be cast down, bairns," said the grand-mother, "we hae gude friends that winna forsake us in adversity. There's Sir Thomas Kittleloof is my third cousin by the mother's side, and he has come by a hantle siller, and been made a knight-baronet .nto the bargain, for being ane o' the commissioners at the Union." at the Union.

"He wadna gie a bodle to save us frae famishing," said Hobbie; " and, if he did, the bread that I bought wi't would stick in my throat, when I thought it was gart of the price of puir auld Scotland's crown and independence." "There's the Laird o' Dunder, ane o' the auldest families in Tiviotdale."

"He's in the tolbooth, mother-he's in the Hear of Mid Louden for a thousand merk he borrowed from Saunders Wyliecoat the writer." "Poor man!" exclaimed Mrs. Elliot, "can we no

send him something, Hobbie 7

sena nim somerning, flooder" "Ye forget, grannie, ye forget we want help our-sells," said Hobbie somewhat peevishly. "Troth did I, hinny," replied the good-natured lady, "just at the instant; it's sae natural to think on ane's blude relations before themsels.—But there's young Earnseliff."

your ran, an, and ances as a thread was a correct with their braw names to do us good; the grand es has forgotten us, and those of our ain degree has just li-the enough to gang on will themsells; never a friend have we that can, or will, help us to stock the farm again?

"Then, Hobbie, we maun trust in Him that can raise up friends and fortune out o' the bare moor, as

How any in the second state of the second stat

b) the bate moot, that bath can be and the bath of the ba righteousness, the like o' them suidna be suffered to live! The wizard and the witch are the abomination

righteousness, the like o' them suidna be sumerou we live! The wizard and the witch are the abomination and the evil thing in the kand." "Troth, mother," answered Hobbie, "ye may say what ye like, but I am in the mind that witches and warlocks haven half the power they had lang spre-at least, sure am I, that as ill-deviser, like and El-liealaw, or as ill-doer, like that d-d villain West-burnflat, is a greater plague and abomination in a country-side than a hall curnie o' the warst witches that ever capared on a broomstick, or played cantrips on Fastern's E'en. It wad has been lang or Elshie had burnt down my house and barns, and I am do-termined to try if he will do anght to build them up again. He's week kend a skilfu' man ower a' the country, as far as Brough under Stanmore." "Bide a wee, my bairn; mind his benefits havens thriven wi' a'body. Jock Howden died o' the very same disorder Elshie pretended to cure him of, about the fa' o' the leaf; and though he helped Lambeide's cow weel out o' the moor-ill, yet the louping-ill's been seirer amang his sheep than ony season before. And then I have heard he uses sie words abusing hu-man nature, that's like a fleeing in the face of Provi-dence; and ye mind ye said yoursell, the first time ye ever saw him, that he was mair like a bogle than a living thing."

"Hout, mother," said Hobbie, "Elshie's no that "Hout, mother," said Hobbie, "E'shie's no that bad a chield; he's a grewsome spectacle for a crooked disciple, to be sure, and a rough talker, but his bark is waur than his bite; sae, if I had ance something to eat, for I havena had a morsel ower my throat this day, I wad streek mysell down for twa or three boars aside the beast, and be on and awa' to Mucklestane wi' the first skreigh o' morning." "And what for no the night. Hobbie." asid Harry.

"And what for no the night, Hobbie," said Harry,
"and I will ride wi'ye?"
"My naig is tired," said Hobbie.
"Ye may take mine, then," said John.
"But I am a wee thing wearied mysall."
"You wearied?" said Harry; "shame on ye! I

"The night's very dark," said Hobbie, rising and sooking through the casement of the cottage; "and, to speak truth, and shame the deil, though Elshie's a real honest fallow, yet somegate I would rather take daylight wi'me when I gang to visit him."

This frank avowal put a stop to further argument; and Hobbie, having thus compromised matters be-tween the rashness of his brother's counsel, and the tinuid cautions which he received from his grandmo-ther, refreshed himself with such food as the cottage afforded; and, after a cordial salutation all round, retired to the shed, and stretched himself beside his

trusty palicy. His brothers shared between them some tusses of clean straw, disposed in the stall usually occupied by old Annaple's cow; and the females arranged themselves for repose as well as the accommodations of the cottage would permit.

With the first dawn of morning, Hobbie arcse; and, having rubbed down and saddled his horse, he set forth to Mucklestane-Moor. He avoided the com-pany of either of his brothers, from an idea that the Dwarf was most propitious to those who visited him alone.

The creature," said he to himself, as he went along, " is no neighbourly; ac body at a time is fully mair than he weel can abide. I wonder if he's looked

mair than he weel can abide. I wonder if he's looked out o' the crib o' him to gather up the bag o' siller. If he hasna done that, it will hae been a braw windfa' for somebody, and I'll be finely flung.—Come, Tar-ras, 'said he to his horse, striking him at the same time with his spur, 'make mair fit, man; we maun be first on the field if we can." He was now on the heath, which began to be illu-minated by the beams of the rising sun; the gentle de-clivity which he was descending presented him a dis-tinet, though distant view, of the Dwarf's dwelling. The door opened, and Hobbie witnessed with his own eyes that phenomenon which he had frequently heard men ioned. Two human figures (if that of the Dwarf men folded. Two numan ngures (it that of the Dwarn could be termed such) issued from the solitary abode of the Recluse, and stood as if in converse together in the open air. The taller form then stooped, as if taking something up which lay bestle the door of the but, thes both moved forward a little way, and again halded, as in deep conference. All Hobbie's superstitious terrors revived on witnessing this spectade. That the Dwarf would open his dwelling to a mortal guest, was as improbable as that any one would choose voluntarily to be his nocturnal visiter; and, ander full conviction that he beheld a wizard holding intercourse with his familiar spirit, Hobbis pulled in at once his breath and his bridle, resolved not to incar the indignation of either by a hasty intrusion on their conference. They were probably aware of his approach, for he had not halted for a moment bafore the Dwarf returned to his cottage; and the taller figure who had accompanied him, glided round the succours of the garden, and seemed to disappear from the eyes of the admiring Hobbie. "Saw ever mortal the like o' that f' said Elliot; "bat my case is desperate, sas, if he were Beekzebub immeell. I'se venture down the bree on him." Yet, notwithstanding his assumed courage, he suckened his pace, when, nearly upon the vary spot where he had last seen the tall faure, he discerned, is if lurking among the long heather, a small black ough-looking object, like a terrier dog. "He has nae dog that ever I heard of," said Hob-ie, "but mony a deil about his hand-Lord forgie to for saying sic a word I-It keeps its grund, be rhat it like -I'm judging it's a badger; but whas earns what shapes thas bogles will take to fright a for if it change its shape when I'm ower near, arras will never stand it; and it will be ower uckle to hae him and the deil to fight wi' baith at tee." tious terrors revived on witnessing this spectacle. That the Dwarf would open his dwelling to a mortal

He therefore cautionaly threw a stone at the object, high continued motionless. "It's nas living thing, her a'," said Hobbie, approaching, "but the very

vanced and lifted the heavy for me." He then ad-vanced and lifted the heavy for pouch, which was quite full of gold. "Mercy on us?' said Hobbia, whose heart fluttered between glee at the revival of his honse and merceting the said the revival of his hopes and prospects in life, and suspicion of the purpose for which this assistance was afforded him-

Mercy on us! it's an awfu' thing to touch what has I canna shake mysell loose o' the belief that there has been some jookery-paukery of Satan's in a' this; but I am determined to conduct mysell like an honest man and a good Christian, come o't what will.'

Inan and a good Christian, come o't what will." He advanced accordingly to the cottage door, and having knocked repeatedly without receiving any answer, he at length elevated his voice, and addressed the inmate of the hut. "Elshie! Father Elshis! I ken ye're within doors, and wauking, for I saw ye at the door-cheek as I cam ower the bent; will ye come out and speak just a gliff to ane that has mony thanks to gie ye?—It was a' true ye tell'd me about Westburnfiat; but he's sent back Grace safe and skuithless, age there's nee ill bappened we hut what westournally out ness sent Dack Grace sale and skuithless, sae there's nae ill happened yet but what may be suffered or sustained—Wad ye but come out a gliff, man, or but say re're listoning?—Aweel, since ye winna anewer, Tse e'en proceed wi'my tale. Ye see I hae been thinking it wad be a sair thing on twa young folk, like Grace and me, to put aff our mar-riage for mony years till I was abroad and came back young tok, the Grace and the, to but an our mar-riage for mony years till I was abroad and came back again wi' some gear; and they say folk maunna take booty in the wars as they did lang syne, and the queen's pay is a sma' matter; there's me gathering gear on that—and then my grandame's auld—and my isisters wad sit peengin' at the ingle-side for want o' me to ding them about—and Earnschiff, or the neigh-bourhood, or maybe your ain sell, Elshie, might want some good turn that Hob Elliot could do ye—and it's a pity that the anld house o' the Heugh-foot should be wrecked a'thegither. Sae I was thinking—but deil hae me, that I should say sae.' con nued he, checking himself, "if I can bring mysell to ask a fa-vour of ane that winna sae muckle as ware a word on me, to tell me if he hears me speaking till him." "Say what thou wilt—do what thou wilt," an-swered the Dwarf from his cabin, "but begone, and heave me at peace."

swered the Dwarf from his cabin, "but begone, and leave me at peace." "Weel, weel," replied Elliot, "since ye are willing to hear me, I'se make my tale short. Since ye are sac kind as to say ye are content to lend me as muckle siller as will stock and plenish the Heugh-foot, I am content, on my part, to accept the courtesy wi'mony kind thanks; and troth, I think it will be as safe in my hands as yours, if ye leave it flung about in that gate for the first loon body to lift, forbye the risk o' bad neighbours that can win through steekit doors and lockfast places, as I can tell to my cost. I say, since ye has ease muckle consideration for me, I'se be blithe to accept your kindness; and my mother and me (she's a life-renter, and I am fiar, o' the lands o'. Wideopen) would grant you a wadget, or an hariand me (she's a life-renter, and I am mar, o' the mange o' Wideopen) would grant you a wadset, or an heri-table bond, for the siller, and to pay the annual-rent half-yearly; and Saunders Wyliecoat to draw the bond, and you to be at nac charge wi' the writings." "Cot short thy jargon, and begone," said the Dwarf; "thy loquacious bull-headed honesty makes thes a more intolerable plague than the light-fingered courtier who would take a man's all without troubling in with either thanks a valenation or anclowr

courser who would take a man's all without troubling him with either thanks, explanation, or apology. Honce, I say! who art one of those tame slaves whose word is as good as their bond. Keep the money, principal and interest, until I demand it of thea!"

thee."' "continued the pertinacious Borderer, "we are a' life-like and death-like, Elsbie, and there reality should be some black and white on this transaction. enould be some black and white on this transaction. Sae just make me a minute, or musive, in ony form ye like, and l'se write it fair ower, and subscribe it before famous witnesses. Only, Elshia, I wad wuss ye to pit naething in't that may be prejudicial to my salvation; for I'll has the minister to read it ower, and it wad only be exposing yoursell to nae purpose. And now I'm ganging awa', for ye'll be wearned o' my cracks, and I am wearied wi' cracking without an

year or, mayoe, no torugant 1 was speaking of nea-veniy grace, and no of Grace Armatrong. Poor man, I am very doubtfu' o' his condition; but I am sure he is as kind to me as if I were his son, and a queer-looking father I wad has had, if that had been den see OR BIC

Hobbie now relieved his benefactor of his presence, : and rode blithely home to display his treasure, and con suit upon the means of repairing the damage which his fortune had austained through the aggression of the Red Reiver of Westburnflat.

#### CHAPTER 'XI.

Three raffans seized me yester morn, Alas: a maiden moet feriorn ; They cohode my orise will wicked might, And bound me on a galfrey while : As mer as Heaven shall pity me, I cannot tell what men 'irey be. Car

#### Christahella

m course of our story must here revert a little to "Here course of our story must have revert a future to redetail the circumstances which had placed Miss Vere or in the unpleasant situation from which she was un-

orn the unpleasant situation from which she was un-expectedly and indeed unintentionally liberated, by the appearance of Earnscliff and Elliott, with their friends and followers, before the tower of Westburnflat. On the morning preceding the night in which Hobbie's house was plundered and burnt, Miss Vere was requested by her father to accompany him in a walk through a distant part of the romantic grounds which lay round his castle of Ellieslaw. "To hear walk through a distant part of the romantic grounds which lay round his castle of Ellieslaw. "To hear was to obey," in the true style of Oriental despotism ; but Isabella trembled in silence while she followed her father through rough paths, now winding by the side of the river, now ascending the cliffs which serve for its banks. A single servant, selected perhaps for his stopidity, was the only person who attended them. From her father's silence, Isabella little doubted that he had chosen this distant, and sequestered scene to resume the argument which they had so frequently maintained upon the subject of Sir Frederick's ad-dresses, and that he was meditating in what manner he should most effectually impress upon her the nohe should most effectually impress upon her the necessity of receiving him as ber suitor. But her fears weemed for some time to be unfounded. The only sentences which her father from time to time ad-tressed to her, respected the beauties of the romantic landscape through which they strolled, and which varied its features at every step. To these observa-tions albourn they seemed to come form a beauties. tions, although they seemed to come from a beart occupied by more gloomy as well as more important cares, Isabella endeavoured to answer in a manner as free and unconstrained as it was possible for her to assume; amid the involuntary apprehensions which

. crowded upon her imagination. Sustaining with mutual difficulty a desultory conversation, they at length gained the centre of a small wood, composed of large oaks, intermingled with birthes; mountain-seles, hasel, holly, and a variety of underwood. The boughs of the tail trees net colosely above, and the underwood filled up each in-terval between their trunks below. The spot on which they declarate the select of the tail trees and the underwood filled up each interval between their trunks below. The spot on writen they stood was rather more open; still, however, smoowered under the natural arcade of tall trees, and darkened on the sides for a space around by a great and lively growth of cope-wood and bushes. "And hers Isabella," said Mr. Vere, as he sursued the conversation, so often resumed, so often dropped, "here I would erect an altar to Friendship."

"here I would erect an altar to Friendship." "To Friendship, sir !" said Miss Vere; " and why or this gloomy and sequestered spot, rather than lsewhere?

"O, the propriety of the *locals* is easily vindicated," "splied her father with a sneer. "You know, Miss Vere, (for you, I am well aware, are a learned young bady;) you know, that the Romans were not satisfied with embedving, for the purpose of worship, each ametul quali, y and moval virtue to which they could give: a name; but they, moreover, worshipped the which

"shae days, and maybe bring Grace to see you. Ye wad like to see Grace, man, for as dour as ye are— Fh, Lord I wish he may be week, that was a sair grane! or, maybe, he thought I was peaking of hera-venty grace, and no of Grace Armstrong. Poor man, I am very doubtful o' his condition; but I am sure he is as bird to me se if I were his son, and a super-cont of the grace to see the set of the friends, as they have to the set of the set of the friends, as they have to the set of the set of the friends, as they have to the set of the set of the friends, as they have to the set of the set of the friends of the friends of the friends as they have to the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the friends of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of the set of the set of the set of the friends as they have the set of and nepperton on the part of the menos, as key and petty intraue." "You are severe, sir," said Miss Vere. "Ouly just," said her father; "an humble copier I

am from nature, with the advantage of contempla-ting two such excellent studies as Lucy Ilderton and yourself

ting two such excellent studies as Lucy liderton asd yourself." "If I have been unfortunate enough to offend, sr. I can conscientiously excuse Miss liderton from being either my counsellor or confident." "Indeed 1 how came you, then," said Mr. Vere, "by the fippancy of speech, and pertness of argument, by which you have disgutted Sir Frederick, and green me of late such deep offence ?" "If my manner has been so unfortunate as to fo-please you, sir, it is impossible for me to avologies too deeply, or too sincerely; but I cannot confers the same contrition for having answered Sir Frederick filopantly when he pressed me rudely. Since he for-got I was a lady, it was time to show him that I am at least a woman." "Reserve, then, your pertness for those who years you on the topic, isabolla," said her father coldr; "for my part, I am weary of the subject, and will never speak upon it again." "God bless you, my dear father," seid Isabela-impose on me, save the task of listening to the same's persecution, that I will call, or think, a hardsin," "You are very obliging Miss Vere, when it happens to suit you to be duitul," said her unrelenting father, forcing himself at the same time from the affection-te grapp of her hand; "but henceforward, chid, I

to suit you to be duitud," said her unretening same forcing himself at the same time from the affectin-ate grasp of her hand; "but benceforward, child, I shall save myself the trouble of offering you updra sant advice on any topic. You must look to yourself." At this moment four ruffians rushed upon them.

Mr. Vere and his servant drew their hangers, which it was the fashion of the time to wear, and attemp to defend themselves and protoct Isabella. But we each of them was engaged by an antagonist, she w forced into the thicket by the two remaining ville torced into the thicket by the two remaining villations who placed her and themselves on houses which stood ready behind the copes-wood. They sense at the same time, and, placing her between them, set off at a round gallop, holding the reins of but have on each side. By many an obscure and winding path, was dale and down, through mose and mose, she was on veyed to the tower of Westburnshit, where she re mained strictly watched, but not otherwise the other under the guardinghin of the old mained strictly watched, but not otherwise ill-free under the guardianship of the old werea, is up son that retreat belonged. No cattesion could vail upon the hag to give Miss Vere any informe on the object of her being carried forcibly off, confined in this sealuded place. The arrival of m alift, with a strong party of horsemen, being tower, alarmed the robber. As he had already rected Grace Armstrong to be restored to her for it did not occur to him that this unwelcome visit on her account. and assense at the head of that It did not occur to him that this un welcause white on her account; and seeing at the head of the pr Earnself, whose attachment to Miss Year whispered in the country, he doubted not that liberation was the sole object of the attack upon fastness. The dread of personal consequences of pelled him to deliver up his prisoner; in the sum we have already related.

At the moment the tramp of horses was a which carried off the daughter of Eilieslaw, ber full to the earth, and his servant, a stout your low, who was gaining ground on the raffied whom he had been engaged, left (is combat to to his master's assistance, hitle doubting that to received a mottal wound. Both the villation in ately desisted from further combat, and, n 

Gas XL1

and stumbled, it seemed, over the root of a tree, in a making too eager a blow at his antegonist. The despair he felt at his daughter's disappearance, was in Dixon's phrase, such as would have melted the heart of a whin stane, and he was so much exhausted b; his feelings, and the vain researches which he made to discover the track of the ravishers, that a cansiderable time clansed ere he reached home and co.usiderable time elapsed ere he reached home, and communicated the alarm to his domestics.

All his conduct and gestures were those of a des perate man.

perate man. "Speak not to me, Sir Frederick," he said impa-tiently; "you are no father—she was my child, an angrateful one, I fear, but still my child—my only child. Where is Miss Ilderton? she must know something of this. It corresponds with what I was informed of her schemes. Go, Dixon, call Ratelife here—Let him come without a minute's delay." The person he had named at this moment entered the room.

"I say, Dixon," continued Mr. Vere, in an altered tone, "let Mr. Ratcliffe know, I beg the favour of his company on particular business.—Ahl my dear sir," he proceeded, as if noticing him for the first time, you are the very man whose advice can be of the

"you are the very man whose advice can be of the utmost service to me in this cruel extremity." "What has happened, Mr. Vere, to discompose you?" said Mr. Ratcliffe, gravely; and while the Laird of Ellieslaw details to him, with the most ani-mated gestures of grief and indignation, the singular adventure of the morning, we shall take the opportu-nity to inform our readers of the relative circumstan-ces in which these gentlemen stood to each other. In early youth, Mr. Vere of Ellieslaw had been re-markable for a career of dissipation, which, in ad-vanced life, he had exchanged for the no less destruc-tive career of dark and turbulent ambition. In both had readed with the set of t

cases, he had gratified the predominant passion without respect to the diminution of his private fortune, although, where such inducements were wanting, he was deemed close, avaricious, and grasping. His af-fairs being much embarrassed by his earlier extravagance, he went to England, where he was understood to have formed a very advantageous matrimonial conto have formed avery advantageous matrimonial con-nexion. He was many years absent from his family estate. Suddenly and unexpectedly he returned a widower, bringing with him his daughter, then a girl of about ten years old. From this moment his ex-pense seemed unbounded, in the eyes of the simple inhabitants of his native mountains. It was sup-posed ha must necessarily have plunged himself deep-ly in debt. Yet he continued to live in the same lavish expense, until some months before the commence-ment of our narrative, when the public opinion of his ment of our narrative, when the public opinion of his embarrassed circumstances was confirmed, by the residence of Mr. Ratcliffe at Ellieslaw Castle, who, resource or par. reacture at Ellieslaw Castle, who, by the tacit consent, though obviously to the great displeasure, of the lord of the mansion, scemed, from the moment of his arrival, to assume and exercise a predominant and unaccountable influence in the management of his private affairs.

Management of his private allairs. Mr. Rateliffe was a grave, steady, reserved man, in an advanced period of life. To those with whom he had occasion to speak upon business, he appeared un-commonly well versed in all its forms. With others he held little communication; but in any casual inhe held little communication; but in any casual in-tercourse, or conversation, displayed the powers of an active and well-informed mind. For some time be-fore taking up his final residence at the castle, he had been an occasional visitor there, and was at such times treated by Mr. Vere (contrary to his general practice towards those who were inferior to him in rank) with marked attention, and even deference. Yet his arrival always appeared to be an embarrass-ment to his host, and his departure a relief; so that, when he became a constant inmate of the family, ut was impossible not to observe indications of the diswhen he became a constant inmate of the family, it was impossible not to observe indications of the dis-pleasure with which Mr. Vere regarded his presence. Indeed, their intercourse formed a singular mixture of confidence and constraint. Mr. Vere's most im-portant affairs were regulated by Mr. Ratcliffe; and although he was none of those indugent men of for-tune, who, too indolent to manage their own business, are glad to devolve it upon another, yet, in many in-Ver. 1. 3.28 3.R Vol., II.

stances, he was observed to give up his own judgment, and submit to the contrary opinions which Mr. Ratcliffe did not hesitate distinctly to expre

Nothing seemed to vex Mr. Vere more than when strangers indicated any observation of the state of tutelage under which he appeared to labour. When it was noticed by Sir Frederick, or any of his inti-mates, he sometimes repelled their remarks haugh-tily and indignantly, and sometimes endeavoured to evade them, by saying with a forced laugh. "That Ratcliffe knew his own importance, but that he was the most homest and skilful fellow in the world; and that it would be impossible for him to manage has English affairs without his advice and assistance." Nothing seemed to vex Mr. Vere more than when English affairs without his advice and assistance." Such was the person who entered the room at the moment Mr. Vere was summoning him to his pre-

moment Mr. Vere was summoning him to his pre-sence, and who now heard with surprise, mindled with obvious incredulity, the hasty narrative of what had befallen Isabella. Her father concluded, addressing Sir Frederick and the other gentlemen, who stood around in assoniah-ment, "And now, my friends, you see the most un-happy father in Scotland. Lend me your assistance, gentlemen-give me your advice, Mr. Ratcliffe. I am incapable of acting, or thinking, under the unex-pected violence of such a blow." "Let us take our horses, call our attendants, and acour the country in pursuit of the villains," said Sir Frederick.

Frederick.

Frederick. "Is there no one whom you can suspect," said Ratcliffe, gravely, "of having some motive for this strange crime? These are not the days of romance, when ladies are carried off merely for their beauty." "I fear," said Mr. Vere, "I can too well account for this strange incident. Read this letter, which Miss Lucy Ilderton thought fit to address from my house of Ellieslaw to young Mr. Earnscliff, whom, of all men, I have a hereditary right to call my enemy. You see she writes to him as the confidant of a pas-ion which he has the assurance to entertain for me sion which he has the assurance to entertain for my daughter; tells him she serves his cause with her friend very ardently, but that he has a friend in the garrison who serves him yet more effectually. Look particularly at the pencilied passages, Mr. Ratciffe, where this meddling girl recommends bold measures, with an assurance that his suit would be successful anywhere beyond the bounds of the barony of Ellies-law." sion which he has the assurance to entertain for my

anywhere beyond the boltnus of the barrohy of Eines-iaw." "And you argue, from this romantic letter of a very romantic young lady, Mr. Vere." said Ratcliffa, "that young Earnacliff has carried off your daughter, and committed a very great and criminal act of vio-lence, on no botter advice and assurance than that of Miss Lucy Ilderton?" "Where the row of the low of the low of the low or of the low of th

miss Lucy Ilderton ?" "What else can I think ?" said Ellieslaw. "What else can you think ?"-said Sir Frederick; " or who else could have any motive for committing such a crime ?" " Were that the best mode of fixing the guilt," said Mr. Ratcliffe, calmly, " there might easily be pointed out persons to whom such actions are more conge-nial, and who have also sufficient motives of instiga-tion. Supposing it were indeed advisable to remove niat, and who have also sumclent induces of instrga-tion. Supposing it were judged advisable to remove Miss Vere to some place in which constraint might be exercised upon her inclinations to a degree which cannot at present be attempted under the roof of El-lieslaw Castle—What says Sir Frederick Langley to

that supposition?" "I say," Frequenck Languer to "I say," returned Sir Frederick, "that although Mr. Vere may choose to endure in Mr. Ratcliffe free-doms totally inconsistent with his situation in life, I

doms totally inconsistent with his situation in life, I will not permit such license of innendo, by word or look, to be extended to me, with impunity." "And I say," said young Mareschal of Mareschal-Wells, who was also a guest at the castle, " that you are all stark-mad to be standing wrangling here, in-stead of going in pursuit of the ruffians." "I have ordered off the domestics already in the track most likely to overtake them," said Mr. Vere s. "if you will favour me with your company, we will follow them, and assist in the search." The efforts of the party were totally unsuccessful, probably because Ellieslaw directed the pursuit to proceed in the direction of Earnscliff-Tower, under 47

the supposition that the owner would prove to be the author of the violence, so that they followed a direcantior of the violence, so that they followed a direc-tion diametrically opposite to that in which the ruffians had actually proceeded. In the evening they returned, harassed and out of spirits. But other guests had, in the meanwhile, arrived at the castle; and, after the recent loss sustained by the owner had been related, wondered at, and lamented, the recollection of it was, for the present, drowned in the discussion of deep political intrigues, of which the crisis and explosion were momentarily looked for.

and explosion were momentarily looked for, Several of the gentlemen who took part in this di-van were Catholics, and all of them stanch Jacobites, whose hopes were at present at the highest pitch, as an invasion, in favour of the Pretender, was daily ex-pected from France, which Scotland, between the defenceless state of its garrisons and fortified places, and the general disaffection of the inhabitants, was rather prepared to welcome than to resist. Rateliffe, who neither sought to assist at their consultations on this subject, nor was invited to do so, had, in the mean while, retard to his own apartment. Miss IIderton was sequestered from society in a sort of ho-nourable confinament, "until," said Mr. Vere, "she should be sofely conveyed home to her father's house," an opportunity for which occurred on the following

The domestics could not help thinking it remarka-ble how soon the loss of Miss Vcre, and the strange manner in which it had happened, seemed to be for-They knew gotten by the other guests at the castle. They knew not, that those the most interested in her fate were well acquainted with the cause of her being carried wen acquaintea with the cause of her being carried off, and the place of her retreat; and that the others, in the anxious and doubtful moments which preceded the breaking forth of a conspiracy, were little acces-sible to any feelings but what arose immediately out of their own machinations.

#### CHAPTER XII.

Some one way, some another--Do you know

The researches after Miss Vere were (for the sake

The researches after Miss Vere were (for the sake of sppearances, perhaps) resumed on the succeeding day, with similar bad success, and the party were re-turning towards Ellieslaw in the evening. "It is singular," said Mareschal to Ratcliffe, "that four horsemen and a female prisoner should have passed through the country without leaving the slight-est trace of their passage. One would think they had traversed the air, or sunk through the ground." "Men may often," answered Ratcliffe, "arrive at the knowledge of that which is, from discovering that which is not. We have now scoured every road, path, and track leading from the castle, in all the va-rious points of the compass, saving only that intri-cate and difficult pass which leads southward down the Westburn, and through the morasse." "And why have we not examined that ?" said Ma-reechal. "O, Mr. Vere can best answer that question," re-plied his companion, drily.

"O Mr. Vere can best answer that question," re-plied his companion, drily. "Then I will ask it instantly," said Mareschal; and, addressing Mr. Vere, "I am informed, sir," said be, "there is a path we have not examined, leading by Westburnflat." "O," said Sir Frederick, laughing, "we know the owner of Westburnflat well--a wild lad, that knows little difference between his neighbour's goods and his ------ the withal very honest to his nrinciplas; Ha

little difference between his neighbour's goods and his own; but, withal, very honest to his principles: He would disturb nothing belonging to Ellieslaw." "Besides," said Mr. Vere, smilling mysteriously, "he had other tow on his distaff last night. Have you not heard young Elliot of the Heugh-foot has had his house burnt, and his cattle driven away, because he refused to give up his arms to some honest men that think of starting for the king?" The company smiled upon each other, as at hearing of an exploit which favoured their own views. "Yet, nevertheless," resumed Mareschal, "I think we ought to ride in this direction also, otherwise we shall certainly be blamed for our negligence." No reasonable objection could be offered to this

proposal, and the party turned their horser's head towards Westburnfiat. They had not proceeded very far in that direction when the trampling of horses was heard, and a sman body of riders were perceived advancing to meet

them. "There comes Earnscliff," said Mareschal; "I

know his bright bay with the star in his front." "And there is my daughter along with him," ex-claimed Vere, furiously. "Who shall call my su-picions false or injurious now ? Gentlemen-friend. -lend me the assistance of your swords for the re covery of my child."

He unsheathed his weapon, and was imitated by Sir Frederick and several of the party, who property to charge those that were advancing towards taen

to charge those that were advancing towards here But the greater part besitated. "They come to us in all peace and security," suc Marsechal-Wells; "het us first hear what account they give us of this mysterious affair. If Miss Vers has sustained the slightest insult or injury from Farnschiff, I will be first to revenge her; but let us hear what they say ' hear what they say.

hear what they say." "You do me wrong by your suspicions, Man-schal," continued Vire; "you are the last I would have expected to hear express them." "You injure yourself, Ellieslaw, by your violence, though the cause may excuse it." He then advanced a little before the rest, and called out, with a loud voice,—"Stand, Mr. Earnselinf; or do you and Miss Vore advance alone to meet us. You are charged with having carried that lady of from her father's house; and we are here in arms to shed our best blood for her recovery, and for hunging "And who would do that more willingly than I, Mr. Mareschal?" said Farnscliff, haughtly, "than

I, who had the satisfaction this morning to liberate her from the dungeon in which I found her confined, and who am now escorting her back to the castle of Ellieslaw?

Ellieslaw?" "Is this so, Miss Vere?" said Mareschal. "It is," answered Isabella, eagerly,—"it is so; for Heaven's sake sheathe your swords. I will swear by all that is sacred, that I was carried off by ruffiand, whose persons and object were alike unknown to me, and am now restored to freedom by means of this gentleman's gallant interference."

gentleman's gallant interference." "By whom, and wherefore, could this have been done?" pursued Marcschal.-" "Had you no knowledge of the place to which you were convered ?-Barns-cliff, where did you find this lady ?" But ere either question could be answared, Eflics-law advanced, and, returning his sword to the scab-bard, cut short the conference. "When I know," he said, "exactly how much I owe to Mr. Earnscliff, he may rely on suitable ac-knowledgments; meantime," taking the bridle af Miss Vere's horse, "thus far I thank him for regis-cing my daughter in the power of her natural goar-dian." A sullen bend of the head was returned by Karns-

dian." A sullen bend of the head was returned by Earns-cliff with equal haughtiness; and Ellieslaw, turning back with his daughter upon the road to his own house, appeared engaged with her in a conference so earnest, that the rest of the company judged it im-proper to intrude by approaching them too nearly. In the meantime, Earnscliff, as he took leave of the other gentlemen, belonging to Ellieslaw's party, and aloud, "Although I am unconscious of any circuit-stance in my conduct that can authorize such a same stance in my conduct that can authorize such a picion. I cannot but observe, that Mr. Vere scens to believe that I have had some hand in the atrocious violence which has been offered to his daughter. I reviolence which has been offered to his daughter. I re-quest you, gentlemen, to take notice of my explicit denial of a charge so dishonourable; and that, al-though I can pardon the bewildering feelings of a fa-ther in such a moment, yet, if any other gentleman (he looked hard at Sir Frederick Langley) "thinks my word and that of Miss Vere, with the evidence of my friends who accompany me, too slight for my exculpation, I will be happy-most happy-to repar-the charge, as becomes a man who counts his honory dearer than his life." "And I'll be his second," said Simon of Hackburn, "and take up ony twa o' ye, gentle or semple, laird or lon; it's a' ane to Simon." "Who is that wurch loaking follow?" said Su

or loon; it's a ane to Simon." "Who is that rough-looking fellow?" said Sur Frederick Langley, "and what has he to do with the quarrels of gentlemen?" "I'se be a lad frae the Hie Te'iot," said Simon, "I'se quarrel wi' ony body I like, except the king, or the laird I live under." "Come," said Mareschal, "let us have no brawls.— "Come," said Mareschal, "let us have no brawls.— W. Farnschiff although we do not thick alike in the king solid."

Mr. Earnscliff, although we do not think alike in some things, I trust we may be opponents, even encmies, it fortune will have it so, without losing our respect for birth, fair-play, and each other. I believe you as the beint of this matter as I am myself; and I will pl deemyself that my cousin Ellieslaw, as soon as the perolexity attending these sudden events has let his indament to its free exercise, shall handsomely reflacewings the very important service you have

"To have served your cousin is a sufficient re-"To have served your cousin is a sufficient re-ward in itself.—Good evening, gentlemen," continued Farnseliff, "I see most of your party are already on their way to Ellieslaw."

Then saluting Marcschal with courtesy, and the rest of the party with indifference, Earnscliff turned his horse and rode towards the Heugh-foot, to concert measures with Hobbie Elliot for further researches after his bride, of whose restoration to her friends he

after his bride, of whose restoration to her friends he was still ignorant. "There he goes," said Mareschal; "he is a fine, gallant young fellow, upon my soul; and yet I should has well to have a thrust with him on the green turf. I was second at college nearly his equal with the foils, and I should like to try him at sharps." "In my opinion," answered Sir Frederick Lang-ky, "we have done very ill in having suffered him, and those men who are with him, to go off without taking away their arms; for the Whigs are very likely to draw to a head under such a sprightly young fellow as that."

"For shame, Sir Frederick !" exclaimed Mare-schal; "do you think that Ellieslaw could, in honour, consent to any violence being offered to Earnscliff, when he entered, his bounds only to bring back his daughter? or, if he were to be of your opinion, do you think that I, and the rest of these gentlemen, you think that I, and the rest of these gentenses, would disgrace ourselves by assisting in such a trans-action ? No, no, fair play and auld Scotland for ever 1 . When the sword is drawn, I will be as ready to use it as any man; but while it is in the sheath, let us behave like gentlemen and neighbours." Soon after this colloquy they reached the castle, when Killioslaw, who had been arrived a few minutes

"How is Miss Vere? and have you learned the cause of her being carried off?" asked Mareschal "She is retired to her apartment greatly fatigued; "She is retired to her apartment greatly fatigued;

"She is retired to her apartment greatly fatigued; and I cannot expect much light upon her adventure till her spirits are somewhat recruited," replied her father. "She and I were not the less obliged to you, Marsechal, and to my other friends, for their kind inquiries. But I must suppress the father's feelings for a while to give myself up to those of the patriot. You know this is the day fixed for our final decision - time presser our friends are arriving, and I have time presses our friends are arriving, and I have opened house, not only for the gentry, but for the unopened house, not only for the gentry, but for the un-der spur-leathers whom we must necessarily employ. We have, therefore, little time to prepare to meet them.-Look over these lists, Marchie (an abbrevia-tion by which Mareschal-Wells was known among his friends.) Do you, Sir Frederick, read these let-ters from Lothian and the west—all is ripe for the sickle, and we have but to summon out the reapers." "With all my heart," said Mareschal; "the more mischief the better sport." "Sir Frederick looked grave and disconcerted. "Walk aside with me, my good friend," said El-fealew to the sombre baronet; "I have something for your private ear, with which I know you will be gratified."

They walked into the house, leaving Ratcliffe and Mareschal standing together in the court.

"And so," said Ratcliffs, "the gentlemen of your political persuasion think the downfall of this go-vernment so certain, that they disdain even to throw a decent disguise over the machinations of their

"Faith, Mr. Ratcliffe," answered Mareschel, "the actions and sentiments of your friends may require to be veiled, but I am better pleased that ours can go barefaced.

"And is it possible," continued Ratcliffe, " that you, who, notwithstanding your thoughtlessness and heat of temper, (I beg pardon, Mr. Mareschal, I am a plain man)—that you, who, notwithstanding these constitutional defects, possees natural good sense and acquired information, should be infatuated enough to embroil yourself in such desperate proceedings? How does your head feel when you are engaged in these dangerous conferences?" "Not quite so secure on my shoulders," answered Mareschal, "as if I were talking of hunting and hawking. I sen not of so indifferent a mould as my cousin Ellieslaw, who speaks treason as if it were a And is it possible," continued Ratcliffe, " that

Marcian, is if I were taking or mould as my cousin Ellieslaw, who speaks treason as if it were a child's nursery thymes, and loses and recovers that sweet girl, his daughter, with a good deal less emo-tion on both occasions, than would have affected me had I lost and recovered a greyhound puppy. My tem-had I lost and recovered a greyhound puppy. My temper is not quite so inflexible, nor my tem-per is not quite so inflexible, nor my hate against government so inveterate, as to blind me to the full danger of the attempt." "Then why involve yourself in it?" said Ratcliffa.

"Why, I love this poor exiled king with all my heart; and my father was an old Killiecrankieman, and I long to see some amends on the Unionist courtiers, that have bought and sold old Scotland, whose crown has been so long independent."

has been so long independent. "And for the sake of these shadows," said his monitor, "you are going to involve your country in war, and yourself in trouble?" "I involve? No!-but, trouble for trouble, I had rather it came to -morrow than a month hence. Come,

I know it will; and, as your-country folks say, bet-ter soon than syne—it will never find me younger— and as for hanging, as Sir John Falstaff says, I can become a gallows as well as another. You know the end of the old ballad;

"Bae dauntonly, sae wantonly, Sae rantingly gued he, He play'd a spring, and danced a round, Beneath the gallows tree."

"Mr. Mareschal, I am sorry for you," said his grave

"Mr. Mareschal, i am sorry for you," said his grave adviser. "I am obliged to you, Mr. Ratcliffe; but I would not have you judge of our enterprise by my way of vindicating it; there are wiser heads than mine at the work." "Wiser heads than yours may lie as low," said Ratcliffe, in a warning tone. "Perhaps so; but no lighter heart shall; and, to prevent it being made heavier by your remonstrances, when you shall see that my apprehensions have not spoiled my appetite."

#### CHAPTER XIII.

To face the gament of rebellion With some fine colour, that may please the eye Of fickle changelings, and poor discontents, Which gape and rub the elbow at the news Of hurlyburly innovation.

Benry the Fourth, Part 11.

THERE had been great preparations made at Rilice-law-Castle for the entertainment on this important day, when not only the gentlemen of note in the neighbourhood, attached to the Jacobite interest, were neignoournood, attacned to the Jacobite Interest, were expected to rendezvous, but also many subordinate malecontents, whom difficulty of circumstances, love of change, resentment against England, or any of the numerous causes which inflamed men's passions at the time product act to time in molecule action the numerous causes which infiamed men's passions at the time, rendered apt to join in perlous enter-prise. The men of rank and substance were not many in number; for almost all the large proprietors stood aloof, and most of the smaller genutry and yeo-many were of the Presbyterian persuasion, and there fore, however displeased with the Union unwilling sto engage in a Jacobite compiracy. But there were | some gentiemen of property, who, either from early principle, from relianous notives, or sharing the am-bitious views of Ellieslaw, had given countenance to his scheme; and there were, also, some fiery young men, like Mareschal, desirous of signalizing by which they hoped to vindicate the independence of their country. The other members of the party were persons of inferior rank and desperate fortunes, who were now ready to rise in that part of the country, as they did afterwards in the year 1715, under try, as they did alterwards in the year 1/16, sender Forster and Derwentwater, when a troop, com-manded by a Border gentleman, named Douglas, consisted almost entirely of freebooters, among whom the notorious Luck-in-a-bag, as he was called, held a distinguished command. We think it neces-ter and the sender and the sender and the sender of the sender and the sender and the sender and the sender of the sender and the sender and the sender and the sender of the sender and the sender and the sender and the sender of the sender and the sender and the sender and the sender of the sender

held a distinguished command. We think it neces-sary to mention these periodiars, applicable solely to the province in which our scene lies; because, un-questionably, the Jacobite party, in the other parts of the kingdom, consisted of much more formidable, as well as much more respectable, materials. One long table extended itself down the ample hall of Elljealaw Castle, which was still left much in the state in which it had been one hundred years before, -stretching, that is, in gloomy length, along the whole side of the castle, valted with ribbed arches of free-istone, the groins of which spring from projecting figures, that, carved into all the wild forms which the fantastic imagination of a Gothic architect could de-vise, grinned, frowned, and gnashed their tunks, at the

Vise, grinned, irowned, and gnashed their tusks, at the assembly below. Long narrow windows lighted the banqueting room on both sides, filled up with stained glass, through which the sun emitted a dusky and discoloured light. A banner, which tradition averred to have been taken from the English at the battle of Sark, waved over the chair in which Ellieslaw pre-sided, as if to inflame the courage of the guests, by reminding them of ancient victories over their neigh-ours. He himself a north former dread on the bours. He himself, a portly figure, dressed on this occasion with uncommon care, and with features, which, though of a stern and similar procession, might well be termed handsome, looked the old feudal baron well be ternied handsome, looked the old feudal beron extremely well. Sir Freilerick Langley was placed on his right hand, and Mr. Mareschal of Mareschal-Wells on his left. Some gentlemen of consideration, with their sons, brothers, and nephews, were seated at the upper end of the table, and among these Mr. Rat-cliffe had his place. Beneath the salt-cellar (a mas-sive piece of plate which occupied the midst of the table) sate the sinc nomine turba, men whose vanity was gratified by holding even this subordinate space at the social board, while the distinction observed in ranking them was a salve to the pride of their sup-Tanking them was a salve to the pride of their supe-riors. That the lower house was not very select must be admitted, since Willie of Westburnflat was one of the party. The unabashed audacity of this fellow, in daring to present himself in the house of a gentieman, to whom he had just offered so flagrant an insult, can only be accounted for by supposing him conscious that his share in carrying of Miss Vere was a secret, safe in her possession and that of ber father

Before this numerous and miscellaneous party was placed a dinner, consisting, not indeed of the delicacies of the season, as the newspapers express it, delicacies of the season, as the newspapers express it, but of viands, ample, solid, and sumptuous, under which the very board groaned. But the mirth was not in proportion to the good cheer. The lower end of the table were, for some time, chilled by constraint and respect on finding themselves members of so sugnet an assembly; and those who were placed around it had those feelings of awe with which P. P., clerk of the parish, describes himself oppressed, when be first uplifted the psalm in presence of those per-sons of high worship, the wise Mr. Justice Freeman, the good Lady Jones, and the great Sir Thomas Truby. This ceremonious frost, however, soon gave inversion the lower description. They became talk-sture, is and, and as liberally consumed by the guests of the lower description. They became talk-tive, is and and a so is of the barries of the lower description.

"But it was not in the power of wine or brandy to devate the spirits of those who held the higher places

at the banquet. They experienced the chilling roul-sion of spirits which often takes place, when set are called upon to take a descente resolution, she having placed themselves in circumstance when is alike difficult to advance or to recede. e turi pice looked deeper and, more dapgerous as the p proached the brink, and each waited with an invest subcion of awe, expecting which of his confeder would set the example by plunging hirmself do This inward sensation of fear and reluctance at differently, according to the various habits and racters of the company. One looked grave; and looked silly; a third gazed with apprehension as empty seats at the higher end of the table, dan for members of the conspiracy whose prodence provailed over their political zeal, and who had sented themselves from their consultations at critical period; and some seemed to be reckcoal in their minds the comparative rank and prome those who were present and absent. Sir Freid emotion of awe, expecting which of his confe those who were present and absent. Su F those who were present and absent. Sir Free Langley was reserved, moody, and discontenue, iseakaw himself made such forced efforts to rain spirits of the company, as plainly marked the ging of his own. Ratcliffe watched the scase the composure of a vigilant but uninterested a tator. Mareschal alone, true to the thoughtless city of his character, east and drank, insight jested, and seemed even to find amassement in emberrasement of the company.

emberrassment of the company. "What has damped our noble courage this man ing?" he exclaimed. "We seem to be met a sk ing?" he exclaimed. "We seem to be met at meral, where the chief mourners must not space at their breach, while the mutes and the semilars (meral their breach, while the mutes and the semilars (meral the lower end of the table) are carousing to Ellicelaw, when will you *Uff*?\* where shape is spirit, man? and what has quelled the high set the Knight of Langley-dale?" "You speak like a madman," said **Ellicelaw**; "

"You speak like a madman," said Ellinder," "And what of that," said Mareschalt "Did yu not see how many are absent ?" "And what of that," said Mareschalt "Did yu not know before, that one half of the world are but ter talkers than doers? For my part, I are use encouraged by seeing at least two thirds of our find true to the rendersvous, though I suspect one half these came to secure the diamer in case of the world. "There is no news from the coast which as smount to certainty of the king's arrival," assigned to the company, in that tone of subdue and fund-lous whisper which implies a failure of newstand. "Not a line from the Earl of D----, sort, a substand."

gentleman from the southern side of hold a third.

"Who is he that wishes for more and from land," exclaimed Marcschal in a thermost we affected heroism,

"My cousin Ellieslaw ? No, myfeir an If we are doom'd to die' "----

"For God's sake," said Ellieslaw, " ap

folly at present, Marsechal." "Well, then," said his kinaman, "I wisdom upon you instead, such as it is gone forward like look, do not let us cowards. We have done enough to dr both the suspicion and vangeau eof ( do not let us give up before we have de to deserve it. --What, will no one speal lesp the ditch the first." And startin a beer gives to the brim with charts, as hand, commanded all to follow his exnand, commanded all to below has easy rise up from their seats. All obeyed—e lifted guests as if passively, the other sissm. "Then, my friends, I give you the day—The independence of Scott health of our hawful sovereign, Kin Eighth, now landed in Lothian, and, , nion of his bieve, in full possession of his and He quaffed off the wine, and three

his head. "It should never," he said, " be

meaner toast." All followed his example, und, armid a glasses and the shouts of the company, pi

" To lift, measing to lift the

#### CHAP: SELLEY

elves to stand or fell with the principles and political

"You have leaped the ditch with a witness," snid Ellisatewit which their to ast expressed. "You have leaped the ditch with a witness," snid Ellisatew, apart to Marcachal; "but I balieve it is all for the best; at all events, we cannot now retreat from our undertaking. One man alone" (looking at Ratchiffe) "has refused the pledge; but of that by and by.

Then, rising up, he addressed the company in a style of inflammatory invective against the governstyle of inflammatory investive against the govern-ment and its measures, but especially the Union; a treaty, by means of which, he affirmed, Scotland had been at once cheated of her independence, her com-merce, and her honour, and haid as a fettered slave at the foot of the rivel against when the foot of the rivel against whom, through such a length of ages, through so many dangers, and by so much blood, she had honourably defended her rights. This was touching a theme which found a responsive chord in the boson of every man present. "Our commerce is destroyed." holloed old John

Rewcastle, a Jedburgh sunuggler, from the lower end of the table.

"Our agriculture is ruined," said the Laird of Broken-girth-flow, a territory, which, since the days of Adam, had borne nothing but ling and whorueerries

"Our religion is cut up, root and branch," said the pimple-nosed pastor of the Episcopal meeting-house Cirk whistle. at

We shall shortly neither dare shoot a deer nor kies a wench, without a certificate from the presby-tery and kirk-treasurer," said Mareschal-Wells. "Or make a brandy jeroboam in a frosty morning, without license from a commissioner of excise," said

without license arous a second second

Let us remember our wrongs at Darien and ncoe," continued Ellieslaw, "and take arms for Glencoe the protection of our rights, our fortunes, our lives, and our families." and

"Think upon genuine episcopal ordination, with-out which there can be no lawful clergy," said the

"Think of the piracies committed on our East-"Think of the piracies committed on our East-hudian trade by Green and the English thieves," said William Williegon, half owner and sole skipper of a William Williegon, balf owners annually between Cock-Wanam Williebon, nat owner and sole skipper of a brig that made four voyages annually between Cock-pel and Whitebaven. "Remember your liberties," rejoined Mareschal, who seemed to take a mischievous delight in precipi-

whe seemed to take a mischievous delight in precup-taing the movements of the enthusiasm which he had ercited, like a roguish boy, who, having lifted the sluice of a mill-dam, enjoys the clatter of the wheels which he has put in motion, without thinking of the mischief he may have occasioned. "Rememwheels which hs has put in motion, without thinking of the mischief he may have occasioned. "Remem-ber your liberties," he exclaimed; "confound cess, press, and presbytery, and the memory of old Willie that first brought them upon us!" "Damn the gauger? schoed old John Rewcastle; "I'll cleave him wi' my ain hand." "And confound the country-keeper and the con-stable i'r e-choed Westburnfat; "I'll weize a brace of balls through them before morning." "We are agreed, then," said Ellieslaw, when the shouts had somewhat subsided, "to bear this state of, things no longer ?"

The set of the set of

"Stone-walls may have cata," returned Killesian eying him with a look of triumphant maignuy, "but domestic spies, Mr. Ratcliffe, will soon find them-selves without any, if any such dares to continue his , abode in a family where his coming was an usau-thorized intrusion, where his conduct has been that of a presumptuous meddler, and from which his exit shall be that of a baffied knave, if he does not know how to take a hint." "Mr. Vere," returned Ratcliffe, with calm con-tempt, "I am fully aware, that as soon as my pre-sence becomes uscless to you, which it must through the rash step you are about to adopt, it will imme-

the right. I am inity swars, that as soon as my pre-sence becomes uscless to you, which it must through the rash step you are about to adopt, it will imme-diately become unsafe to mysolf, as it has always been hateful to you. But I have one protection, and it is a strong one; for you would not willingly hear me detail before gentlemen, and men of honour, the singular circumstances in which our connexion took its rise. As to the rest, I rejoice at its conclusion; and as I think that Mr. Marcschal and some other gentlemen will guarantee the safuty of my ears and of my throat (for which last I have more reason to be apprahensive) during the course of the night, I shall not leave your casile till to-morrow morning." "Be it so, sir," replied Mr. Vere; "you are entirely safe from my resentment, because you are beneath it, and not because I am afraid of your disclosing any family secrets, although, for your own sake, I warn

sue from my resentment, because you are beneath it, and not because I am straid of your disclosing any family secrets, although, for your own sake, I warn you to beware how you do so. Your agency and in-termediation can be of little consequence to one who will win or lose all, as lawful right or unjust usurpa-tion shall succeed in the struggle that is about to en-sue. Farewell, sir." Ratcliffe arose and cast upon him a look, which Vere seemed to sustain with difficulty, and, bowing, to those around him, left the room. This conversation made an impression on many of the company, which Ellieslaw hastened to dispet, by entering upon the business of the day. Their hasty deliberations went to organize an immediate insur-rection. Ellieslaw, Mareschal, and Sir Frederick Langley, were chosen leaders, with powers to direct their further measures. A place of rendezvous was, appointed, at which all agreed to meet early on the ensuing day, with such followers and friends to the cause as each could collect around him. Several of the guests retird to make the necessary prepara. Cause as each could collect around him. Several or the guests retird to make the necessary preparations; and Ellieslaw made a formal apology to the others, who, with Westburnflat and the old smuggler, continued to ply the bottle stanchly, for leaving they head of the table as he must necessarily hold a sepa-rate and sober conference with the coadjutors whom, they had associated with him in the command. The spology was the more readily accepted, as he prayed, hear the area time to configure them. apology was the more readily accepted, as ne prayea; them, at the same time, to continue to amuse them-selves with such refreshments as the cellars of the castle afforded. Shouts of applause followed their retreat; and the names of Vere, Langley, and, above all, of Mareschal, were thundered forth in chores, and bathed with copious bumpers repeatedly, during; the remainder of the evening. When the principal conspirators had retired into a superstrict present they gazed on each other for

When the principal conspirators had retired into a separate spartment, they gazed on each other for a minute with a sort of embarrassment, which, in Sir Frederick's dark features, amounted to an expression, of discontented sullenness. Marsechal was the first to break the pause, saying, with a loud burst of laugh-ter,—"Well I we are fairly embarked now, gentle-men-wogue la gatere?" "We may thank you for the plunge," said Ellieslaw, "Yes; bat I don't know how far you will thank me," answered Marsechal, "when I show you this letter which I received just before we sat down. My, servant told me it was delivered by a man he had" never seen before, who went off at the gallop, ster charging him to put it into my own hand." Ellieslaw impatiently opened the letter, and read aloud—

in Dunkurk, I think it right to send you this early and private information, that the vessels you expected have been driven off the coast, without having been able to break bulk, or to land any part of their cargo; and that the west-country partners have resolved to with from her, and the excluses with which we own self retain possession of the estates which when self retain possession of the estates which ave my by right, and make me, in the meanwhile, a whi your desperate enterprise, by holding out hops in expectations which you are resolved never to relian ful for your own security, I rest your humble servant, Nith NAMELESS.

NIHIL NAMELESS.

# For RALPH MARESCHAL, of Mareschal Weils - These, with care and speed."

-These, with cars and speed." Sir Frederick's jaw dropped, and his countenance blackened, as the letter was read, and Ellieslaw ex-claimed,—" Why, this affects the very main-spring of our enterprise. If the French fleet, with the king on board, has been chased off by the English, as this d-d scrawl seems to intimate, where are we?" " Just where we were this marging 1 think " crid

d-d scrawl seems to intimate, where are we?"
"Just where we were this morning, I think," said Mareschal, still laughing.
"Pardon me, and a truce to your ill-timed mirth, Mr. Mareschal; this morning we were not committed publicly, as we now stand committed by your own mad act, when you had a letter in your pocket apprising you that our undertaking was desparate."
"Av. av. I expected you would say so. But in the

own mad act, when you had a letter in your pocket apprising you that our undertaking was desperate." "Ay ay, I expected you would say so. But, in the first place, my friend Nihil Nameless and his letter may be all a flam; and, moreover, I would have you know that I am tired of a party that does nothing but form bold resolutions over night, and sleep them away with their wine before morning. The govern-ment are now unprovided of men and ammunition; in a few weeks they will have enough of both: the country is now in a flame against them; in a few weeks, betwixt the effects of self-interest, of fear, and of lukewarm indifference, which are already so visi-ble, this first fervour will be as cold as Christmas. So, as I was determined to go the vole, I have taken care you shall dip as deep as I; it sgniffes nothing plunging. You are fairly in the bog, and must strug-gle through." "You are mistaken with respect to one of us, Mr. Mareschal," said Sir Frederick Laggley; and, ap-plying himself to the bell, he desired the person who entered to order this servants and horees instantly. "You must not leave us, Sir Frederick," said Ellieslew; "we have our musters tog over." "I will go to-night, Mr. Vere," said Sir Frederick, and write you my intentions in this matter when I am st home." "Ay," said Mareschal, " and send them by a troop

"I will go to-night, Mr. Vere," said Sir Frederick, "and write you my intentions in this matter when I am at home." "Ay," said Mareschal, " and send them by a troop of horse from Carlisle to make us prisoners? Look ye, Sir Frederick, I for one will neither be deserted nor betrayed; and if you leave Ellieslaw Castle to-night, it shall be by passing over my dead body." "For shame! Mareschal," said Mr. Vere, "how can you so hastily misinterpret our friend's inten-tions? I am sure Sir Frederick can only be jesting with us; for, were he not too honourable to dream of deserting the cause, he cannot but remember the full proofs we have of his accession to it, and his eager activity in advancing it. He cfannot but be conscious, besides, that the first information will be readily received by government, and that if the ques-tion be, which can fast lodge intelligence of the affair, we can casily save a few hours on him." "You should say you, and not we, when you talk of priorities in such a race of treachery; for my part, I wont enter my horse for such a plate," said Mare-schal; and adde betwizt his teeth, "A pretty pair of fellows to trust a man's neck with ?" "I am not to be intimidated from doing what I think proper," said Sir Frederick Langley; " and my first step shall bo to leave Ellieslaw. I have no reason to keep faith with one" (looking at Vere) who has kept none with me." In what respect," said Ellieslaw, silencing, with a motion of his hand, his impetuous kingman—"how inver I disappointed you, Sir Frederick ?" "In the nearest and most tender point-you have

a motion of his hand, his impetuous kinsman—"how maye I disappointed you, Sir Frederick?" "In the nearest and most tender point—you have trified with me concerning our proposed alliance, which you well knew was the gage of our political undertaking. This carrying off and this bringing back of Miss Vere,—the cold reception I have met

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it, I believe to be more evasions, that you may our-self retain possession of the estates which are here sell retain possession of the search while a w your desperate enterprise, by holding out hops and expectations which you are resolved never to mains. "Sir Frederick, I protest, by all that is sorre!"— 'I will listen to no protestations; I hare ben cheated with them too long." answered Sir Frederic. "If you leave us," said Ellieslaw, "you cannot be know both your ruin and ours is certain; all deste on our adhering together."

on our adhering together." "Leave me to take care of myself," retared in knight; "but were what you say true, I would num perish than be fooled any further." "Can nothing—no surety, convince you of myse-cerity?" said Elliesiaw, anxiously; "this mormage should have repelled your unjust suspicions is an whit, but stimuted are non accurate."

should have repelled your unjust suspicions as an "You feel yourself compelled to be sincer?" torted Sir Frederick. "If you would have me the so, there is but one way to convince me of in-terms of the second is so much for your advantage to conserve the set is so much for your advantage to conserve the set I trust you to-morrow, when I shall stard conserve "And I arn to understand, that, if you can be not my son-in-law to-night, our friendship is reave!"

said Ellieslaw

"Most infallibly, and most inviolably," min Sr

Frederick. "Then," said Vere, "though what you at is mature, indelicate, and unjust towards my derace, yet, Sir Frederick, give me your hand-my derace, shall be your wife ?"

"This night?" "This very night," replied Ellieslaw, "bain in clock strikes twelve."

With her own consent, I trust," said Marschal "for I promise you both, gentlemen, I will not sunt tamely by, and see any violence put a the wild my pretty kinswoman."

"Another pest in this hot-headed falor," antere Ellieslaw; and then aloud, "With her concentration For what do you take me, Mareschal dat you should suppose your interference necessary a protest and daughter against here for here." Doesd much her

suppose your interference necessary a power of daughter against her father? Deen on it as has no repugnance to Sir Frederic Luczer. "Or rather to be called Lody Lander I inthe enough—there are many women might be dur mind; and I beg your parlon, bet these such demands and concessions alarmed me a little of br account."

"I will consider nothing, Mr. Vere-your drug ter's hand to-night, or I depart, were it at min-

"I embrace it," said Ellieslaw; "and I will he you to talk upon our military preparations, while to prepare my daughter for so sudden a change condition.

So saying, he left the company.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

He brings Earl Osmond to receive my yows. O dreadful change i for Tanered, haughty Osmoti Tanered and Sybri

**Case. XIV.]**THE BLACK DWARF.

The solution of the solution o pulsion. I have but one remedy betwixt me and ruin

-her consent to take a suitor whom she dislikes, up-on such short notice as would disgust her, even were he a favoured lover—But I must trust to the romantic generosity of her obscience ever so strongly, I cannot overcharge its reality."

generosity of her disposition; and lêt me paint the necessity of her obschence ever so strongly, I cannot overcharge its reality." Having finished this sad chain of reflections upon his perilous condition, he entered his daughter's spartment with every nerve bent up to the support of the argument which he was about to sustain. Though a decetiful and ambitious man, he was not so devoid of natural affection but that he was shocked at the part he was about to act, in practising on the feelings of a dutiful and affectionate child; but the recollec-tions, that, if he succeeded, his daughter would only be trepanned into an advantageous match, and that, if he failed, he himself was a lost man, were quite sufficient to drown all scruples. He found Miss Vere scated by the window of her dressing-room, her head reclining on her hand, and sither sunk in slumber, or so deeply engaged in medi-tation, that she did not hear the noise he made at his entrance. He approached with his features compo-sed to a deep expression of sorrow and sympathy, and, sitting down beside her, solicited her attention by quietly taking her hand, a motion which he did pat fail to accompany with a dom aird

by quietly taking her hand, a motion which he did

But fail to accompany with a deep sigh. "My father !" said Isabella, with a sort of start, which expressed at least as much fear, as joy or afoction.

"Tes, Isabella," said Vere, "your umhappy father, "bis daughter for an injury done to her in the excess of "a affection, and then to take leave of her for ever." "Bir 7 Offence to me? Take leave for ever? What des all this mean?" said Mies Vere. "Yes, Isabella, I am serious. But first let me aak wa, have you no suspicion that I may have been "You, sir?" answered Isabella, stammering be "You, sir?" answered Isabella, stammering be the daghter to acknowledge a suspicion so degrading "You sir?" he continued, "your hesitation conferees that you entertained such an opinion, and I have now "the peinful task of acknowledging that your suspi-tions to a match where the advantages were, in mose that you could have any permanent object ions to a match where the advantages were, in most appecta, on your side. In a worse, I entered with

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desirous of serving, by communicating to you the injurious cagerness with which he pursued his object? Injurious eageness with which he pursued his object? Could I do so honourably, having promised to assist his suit?—But it is all over. I and Mareachal have made up car minds to die like men; it only remains to seid you from hence under a safe secort." "Great powers! and is there no remedy?" said the terrified young woman. "None, my child," answered Vere, gently, "unless-one which you would not advise your father to adopt— to he the first to betray his friends"

"None, my child," answered vere, genty, "inless one which you would not advise your father to adopt-to be the first to betray his friends." "O, no ! no !" she answered, abhorrently yet hastily, as if to reject the temptation which the alternative presented to her. "But is there no other hope-through flight--through mediation--through suppli-cation ?-I will bend my knee to Sir Frederick ?! "It would be a fruitless degradation; he is deter-mined on his course, and I am equally resolved to stand the her zard of my fate. On one condition only he will turn aside from his purpose, and that condi-tion my lips shall never utter to you." "Name it, I conjure you, my dear father ?! ex-claimed Isabella. "What can he ask that we ought not to grant, to prevent the hideous catastrophe with never know, until your father's head has rolled on the blody scaffold; then, indeed, you will learn there was one sacrifice by which he might have been saved." "And why not speak it know?" said Isabella; "do you fare I preservation ? or would you bequeath for your preservation ? or would you bequeath

fal tale is only told to inflashee my conduct and subdue my scruples.

"My daughter,") replied Ellieslaw, in a tone where offended authority seemed to struggle with parental affection, "my child suspects me of inventing a false tale to work upon her feelings! Even this I nust beer, and even from this unworthy suspicion I must descend to vindicate myself. You know the stain-less honour of your cousin Mareschul-mark what I shall write to him, and jadge from his answer, if the danger in which we stand is not real, and whether I have not used every means to avert it.

He sate down, wrote a few lines hastily, and handed them to Isabella, who, after repeated and painful efforts, cleared her eyes and head sufficiently to dis-

"Dear cousin," said the billet, "I find my daughter, "Dear cousin," said the billet, "I find my daughter, as I expected, in despair at the untimely and prema-ture urgency of Sur Frederick Langley. She cannot ture usency of Sir Frederick Langley. She cannot even comprehend the peril in which we stand, or how much we are in his power-Use your influence with, him, for Heaven's sake, to medify proposals, to the acceptance of which I cannot, and will not, urge my child against ah her own feelings, as well as those of delicacy and propriety, and oblige your loving cousin, -K. V."

In the agitation of the moment, when her swim-In the agitation of the moment, when her swint-ming eyes and dizzy brain could hardly comprehend the sense of what she looked upon, it is not sur-prising that Miss Vere should have omitted to re-mark that this letter seemed to rest her scruples rather upon the form and time of the proposed union, than on a rooted dislike to the suitor proposed to her. Mr. Vere rang the bell, and gave the letter to a cer-want to be delivered to Mr. Mareschal, and, rising from his chair, continued to traverse the apartment in silence and in great agitation until the answer was returned. He glanced it over, and wrung the hand of his daughter as he gave it to her. The tenor was as follows :

"My dear kinsman, I have already urged the knight on the point you mention, and I find him as fixed as on the point you mention, and I find him as fixed as Cheviot. I am truly sorry my fair cousin should be pressed to give up any of her maidenly rights. Sir Frederick consents, however, to leave the castle with me the instant the ceremony is performed, and we will raise our followers and begin the fray. Thus there is great hope the bridegroom may be knocked on the head before he and the bride can meet again, so Bell has a fair chance to be Lady Langley  $\delta trbs$ ben march. For the rest, I can only say, that if ahe can make up her mind to the alliance at all-it is po can make up her mind to the alliance at all—it is no time for mere maiden ceremony—my pretty cousin must needs consent to marry in haste, or we shall all repent at leiaure, or rather have very little leisure to repent; which is all at present from him who resta your affectionate kinsman,—R. M." "P. S. Tell Isabella that I would rather cut the knight s throat after all, and end the dilemma that way, than see her constrained to marry him against her wil."

her will.

When Isabella had read this letter, it dropped from her hand, and she would, at the same time, have fal-len from her chair, had she not been supported by her fathe

My God, my child will die !" exclaimed Vere, the "My God, my child will die!" scolaimed Vera, the featings of nature overcoming, even in his breast, the sentiments of selfish policy." look up, Isabella-look up, my child—come what will, you shall not be the sacrufice—I will fall myself with the conscious-mess I leave you happy—My ohild may weep on my grave, but she shall not—not in this instance—re-proach up memory." He called a servant.—" Go, bid Ratcliffe come hither directly." During this interval, Mise Vers became deadly upgether, closed her eyes, and drew her lips with strong compression, as if the severe constraint which she put upon her internal feelings extended even to

strong compression, as it the severe constraint which be out upon her internal feelings extended even to be suice out upon her internal feelings extended even to her muscular organization. Then raising her head, and drawing in her broath strongly ere she spoke, she said, with firmness,—" Father, I consent to the marriage." Yoa shall not,—my, child-my you have sacrificed yourself to save firm whe

free me from uncertain danger." dear child-you shall not en

So exclaimed Ellieslaw; and, strange and moneov excisines killestaw; and, strange and mon-sistent beings that we are! he expressed the war though momentary feelings of his heart. "Father," repeated Isabella, "I will consent to this marriage."

this marrings." "No, my child, no-not now at least—we will hun-ble ourselves to obtain delay from hum; and ya, is-bella, could you overcome a dislike which has sored foundation, think, in other respects, what a match-

ioundation, tains, in other respects, what a mark-wealth-rank-importance." "Father." reiterated isabella, "I have consented." It seemed as if she had lost the power of saying any thing else, or even of varying the phrase which, with such afforts, she had compalied herself to an "Heaven bless thee, my child i-Heaven bless that "And it will bless thee with riches, with plessing."

with pewer." Miss Vere faintly entreated to be left by heredia

"But will you not receive Sir Frederick ?" said to

"I will meet him," she replied, "I will met him, when I must, and where I must; but spare me now. "Be it so, my dearest; you shall know so restrain the it so, my dearest; you shall know so restrain

that I can save you from. Do not think too hardly of Sir Frederick for this,-it is an excess of passion."

I sabella waved her hand impatiently. "Forgive me, my child-I go-Heaven bless thes. At eleven-if you call me not before-at eleven I come."

At a tere in "you can not be blocked to the set of the set you." When he left Isabella she dropped upon her kness -- "Heaven aid one to support the resolution I have taken-Heaven only can-O, poor Earpsciff who shall comfort him? and with what contempt will be pronounce her name, who listened to him to-day and gave herself to another at night ! But let hun despise me-better so than that he should tasw set. truth-Let him despise me; if it will but leave bu grief, I should feel comfort in the loss of his cases.

She wept bitterly; attempting in vain, from the to time, to commence the prayer for which she has sunk on her knees, but unable to calm her such sufficiently for the exercise of devotion. As the me mained in this agony of mind, the door of her agent ment was slowly opened.

#### CHAPTER XV.

The darksome cave they antar, where The woful man, low sitting on the gre Musing full sadly in his salien miss.

Musing full usedy in his sallen man. The intruder on Miss Vere's sorrows was Bate cliffe. Rilieslaw had, in the agtation of his ming forgotter to countermand the order has given in the shither so that he opened the door with a words "You sent for me, Mr. Vere." Then loo around—" Miss Vere, alone! on the ground ! and the ground " Miss Vere, alone! on the ground ! and the ground !!

around — "Misa Vere, alone: on the ground : " "Leave mo-leave me, Mr. Ratcliffe," said that happy young lady. "I must not leave you," said Ratcliffe; "The been repeatedly requesting edmittance to the leave of you, and have been refused, until your the himself sent for me. Blance me wot, if I are back intrusive; I have a duty to discharge which set

"I cannot listes to you-I cannot speak to Mr. Ratcliffe; take my best wishes, and for sake leave me."

sake leave me." "Tell me only," said Ratchiffe, "is it true the monstrous match is to go forward, and the night? I heard the servants prochaim it as Ly the great staircase I heard the directions gr clear out the chapel." "Spare me, Mr. Ratchiffe," replied the lat bride; " and from the state in which you are judge of the cruelty of these questions." "Married? to Sir Frederick Langley? and might? It must not compressions."

#### CHAP: XV.].

let the virtue of the child atone for the faults of the father-it is no time to rake them up.-What can be done? Thme presses-I know but one remedy-with Vere, you must implore the protection of the only hu-man being who has it in his power to control the course of events which threatens to hurry you before it."

"And what human being," answered Miss Vere, "has such powel?" "Start not when I name him," said Ratcliffe, co-ming near her, and speaking in a low but distinct voice. "It is he who is called Elshender the Recluse of Mucklestane-Moor."

"You are mad, Mr. Ratcliffe, or you mean to insult my misery by an ill-timed jest l"

"I am as much in my senses, young lady," an-swered her adviser, "as you are; and I am no idle jester, far less with misery, least of all with your mi-sery. I swear to you that this being (who is other sery. I swear to you that this being (who is other far than what he seems) actually possesses the means of redeeming you from this hataful union."

"And of insuring my father's safety ?" "Yes! even that," said Ratcliffe, "if you plead his cause with him-yet how to obtain admittance to the Recluse !"

Kecuse: "Fear not that," said Miss Vere, suddenly recol-lecting the incident of the rose; "I remember he de-sired me to call upon him for aid in my extremity; and gave me this flower as a token. Fre it faded and gave me this flower as a token. Ere it faded away entirely, I would need, he said, his assistance : is it possible his words can have been aught but the

avings of insanity?" ""Doubt it not-fear it not-but above all," said \*\*Doubt it not-fear it not-but above all," said Ratcliffe, "let us lose no time-Are you at liberty, and anwatched ??" "I believe so," said Isabella; "but what would you have me to do ??" "Leave the castle instantly," said Ratcliffe, "and throw yourself at the feet of this extraordinary man, who in circumstances that seem to aroue the avtra-

throw yourself at the feet of this extraordinary man, who, in circumstances that seem to argue the extre-mity of the most contemptible poverty, possesses yet an almost absolute influence over your fate.—Guests and servants are deep in their carouse—the leaders withing in conclave on their treasonable schemes—my horse stands ready in the stable—I will saddle one for you, and meet you at the little garden-gate—Q, let no whet of my produce as field up average the product of the power of the produce as field up average. doubt of my prudence or fidelity prevent your taking the only step in your power to escape the dreadful fate which must attend the wife of Sir Frederick Langley !" "Mr. R

Langley !" "Mr. Ratcliffe," said Miss Vere, "you have al-ways been esteemed a man of honour and probity, and a drowning wretch will always catch at the fee-blest twig, -I will trust you-I will follow your ad-vice-I will meet you at the garden-gate." She bolted the outer-door of her apartment as soon as Mr. Ratcliffe left her, and descended to the garden be a separate stair of communication which onened

by a separate stair of communication which opened to her dressing-room. On the way she felt inclined to retract the consent she had so hastily given to a plan so hopeless and extravagant. But as she passed in her descent a private door which entered into the chapel from the back-stair, she heard the voice of the female-servants as they were employed in the task of cleaning it.

"Married 1 and to sae bad a man-Ewhow, sirs ! ony thing rather than that." "They are right-they are right," said Miss Vere,

"any thing rather than that !

She hurried to the garden. Mr. Ratcliffe was true to his appointment—the horses stood saddled at the

to his appointment—the horses stood saddled at the garden-gate, and in a few minutes they were advanc-ing rapidly towards the hut of the Solitary. While the ground was favourable, the speed of their journey was such as to prevent much communica-tion; but when a steep ascent compelled them to sacken their pace, a new cause of apprehension oc-curred to Miss Vere's mind. "Mr. Ratcliffe," she said, pulling up her horse's bride, "let us prosecute no further a journey, which bothing but the extreme 'agitation of my mind can vindicate my lowing undertaken—I am well aware that this man rasses among the vulgar as being pos-3 S 38

sessed of supernatural powers, and carrying on an in tercourse with beings of another world; but I would have you aware I am neither to be imposed on by such follies, nor, were I to believe in their existence, durst I, with my feelings of religion, apply to this

being in my distress." "I should have thought, Miss Vere," replied Rat-cliffs, "my character and habits of thinking were so cliffs, "my character and habits of thinking were so well known to you, that you might have held me exculpated from crediting in such absurdity." "But in what other mode," said Isabella, "can a being, so miserable himself in appearance, possess there of easisting me?"

being, so miserable himself in appearance, possess the power of assisting me?" "Miss Vere," said Ratcliffe, after a momentary pause, "I am bound by a solern oath of secrecy-You must, without further explanation, be satisfied with my pledged assurance, that he does possess the power, if you can inspire him with the will; and that, I doubt not, you will be able to do." "Mr. Ratcliffe," said Miss Vere, "you may your-self be mistaken; you ask an unlimited degree of confidence from me."

when you requested me to prevail on him to do a thing most abhorrent to his nature—to forgive an injury and remit a penalty—I stipulated that you should ask me no questions concerning the sources of my influence—You found no reason to distrust me then, do not distrust me now.

"But the extraordinary mode of life of this man," "But the extraordinary mode of life of this man," said Miss Vere; "his seclusion—his figure—the deepness of misanthropy which he is said to express in his language—Mr. Ratcliffe, what can I think of him if he really possesses the powers you ascribe to him?" him?

"This man, young lady, was bred a Catholic, a sect which affords a thousand instances of those who have retired from power and affluence to voluntary privations more strict even than this.

But he avows no religious motive," replied Miss Vere

Vere. "No," replied Ratcliffe; "disgust with the world has operated his retreat from it without assuming the veil of superstition. Thus far I may tell you-he was born to great wealth, which his parents designed should become greater by his union with a kinewoman, whom for that purpose they bred up in their own house. You have seen his figure; judge what the young lady must have thought of the lot to which she was destined—Yet, habituated to his apwhich she was destined it, hadrukted to his ap-pearance, she showed no reluctance, and the friends of \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the person whom I speak of, doubted not that the excess of his attachment, the various acqui-sitions of his mind, his many and amiable qualities, had overcome the natural horror which his destined bade survey hore on trating of the states of the bride must have entertained at an exterior so dreadfully inauspicious

fully inauspicious." "And did they judge truly ?" said Isabella. "You shall hear. He, at least, was fully aware of his own deficiency; the sense of it haunted him like a phantom. 'I am,' was his own expression to me,-I mean to a man whom he trusted,-'I am, in spite of what you would say, a poor miserable outcast, fitter to have been smothered in the cradle than to have been brought up to scare the world in which I crawl.' The person whom he sidtrassed in wain and several to person whom he addressed in vain endeavoured to impress him with the indifference to external form, impress him with the indifference to external form, which is the natural result of philosophy, or entreat him to recall the superiority of mental talents to the more attractive attributes that are merely personal. 'I hear you,' he would reply; but you peak the voice of cold-blooded stoicism, or, at least, of friendly par-tiality. But look at every book which we have read, those excepted of that abstract philosophy which feels no responsive voice in our matural feelings. Is not excepted form such as a least can be tolerated with no responsive voice in our natural feelings. Is not personal form, such as at least can be tolerated with-out horror and disgust, always represented as essen-tial to our ideas of a friend, far more a lover? Is not such a mis-shapen monster as I am, excluded, by the very fait of Nature, from her fairest enjoyments? What but my wealth prevents all—perhaps even Le-titia, or you—from shunning me as something foreign

to your nature, and more odious, by bearing that dis-orted resemblance to humanity which we observe in he animal tribes that are more hatcful to man be-cause they seem his caricature?"

You repeat the sentiments of a madman." said

"You repeat the sentiments of a madman," said Miss Vere. "No," replied her conductor, "unless a morbid and excessive sensibility on such a subject can be termed insanity. Yet I will not deny that this governing feeling and apprehension carried the person who en-tertained it, to lengths which indicated a deranged imagination. He appeared to think that it was ne-cessary for him, by exuberant, and not always well-chosen instances of liberality, sud even profusion, to unite himself to the human race, from which he con-ceived himself naturally dissevered. The bencfits which he bestowed, from a disposition naturally phi-lanthropical in an uncommon degree, were exaggeralanthropical in an uncommon derree, were exaggera-ted by the influence of the goading reflection, that more was necessary from him than from others,— lavishing his treasures as if to bribe mankind to re-ceive him into their class. It is a carcely necessary to say, that the bounty which flowed from a source so capricious was often abused, and his confidence fre-quently betrayed. These disappointments, which occur to all, more or less, and most to such as con-for benefits without just discrimination, his diseased fancy set down to the hatred and contempt excited by his personal deformity.—But I fatigue you, Miss Vere 7" lanthropical in an uncommon degree, were exaggeraere?

"No, by no means; I-I could not prevent my attention from wandering an instant; pray proceed."

He became at length," continued Ratcliffe, "the most ingenious self-tormentor of whom I have ever heard; the scoff of the rabble, and the sneer of the Beard; the scott of the rabble, and the sneer of the yet more brutal vulgar of his own rank, was to him agony and breaking on the wheel. He regarded the laugh of the common people whom he passed on the street, and the suppressed titter, or yet more offensive terror, of the young girls to whom he was introduced in company, as proofs of the true sense which the world entertained of him, as a prodigy unfit to be received entertained of him, as a prodigy unfit to be received among them on the usual terms of society, and as vindicating the wisdom of his purpose in withdrawing himself from among them. On the faith and since-rity of two persons alone, he scemed to rely implicitly —on that of his betrotted bride, and of a friend emi-nently gifted is personal accomplishments, who seemed, and indeed probably was, sincerely attached to him. He ought to have been so at least, for he was literally loaded with benefits by him whom you are now about to see. The percents of the subject of are now about to see. The parents of the subject of my story died within a short space of each other. Their death postponed the marriage, for which the day had been fixed. The lady did not seem greatly to mourn this delay,—perhaps that was not to have been expected; but she intimated no change of intention, when, after a decent interval, a second day was named for their union. The friend of whom I spoke was then a constant resident at the Hall. In an evil hour, at the earnest request and entreaty of this friend, hour, at the carnest request and entreaty of this friend, they joined a general party, where men of different politiced opinions were mingled, and where they drank deep. A quarrel ensued; the friend of the Recluse drow his sword with others, and was thrown down and disarmed by a more powerful antagonist. They fell in the struggle at the fect of the Recluse, who, maimed and truncated as his form appears, possesses, nevertheless, great strength, as well as violent pas-sions. He caught up a sword, pierced the heart of his friend's antagonist, was trud, and his life, with

his friend's antagonist, was trud, and his life, with difficulty, redeemed from justice at the expense of a year's close imprisonment, the punishment of man-laughter. The incident affected him most deeply, he more that the deceased was a man of excellent's character, and had sustained gross insult and injury ere he drew his sword. I think, from that moment, J observed—I beg pardon—The fits of morbid sensi-bility which had tormented this unfortunate gentle-man, were rendered henceforth more acute by re-norse, which has of all men, was least capable of having incurred, or of sustaining when it became his schappy lot. His paroxysms of agony could not be

concealed from the lady to whom he was betrokel; and it must be confessed they were of an alarming, and fearful nature. He conforted himself, that at the expiry of his imprisonment, he could form with the expiry of his imprisonment, he could form with his wife and friend a society, encircled by which he might dispense with more extensive communication with the world. He was deceived; before that tem clapsed, his friend and his betrothed bride were ma and wife. The effects of a shock so dreadful on a ardent temperament, a disposition shready sound by bitter remorse, and loosened by the indulgence of a gloomy imagination from the rest of mankind, I can which the vessel rode had suddenly parted, and he her abandoned to all the wild tury of the temper. He was placed under medical restraint. As a tem-porary measure this might have been justifiable; but his hard-hearted friend, who, in consequence of is marriage, was now his nearest ally, prolonged in confinement, in order to enjoy the management his immense estates. There was one who oved as all to the sufferer, an humble friend, but gratefaian feithful Bu uncessing avertion and temperateian faithful. By unceasing exertion, and repeated into-cation of justice, he at length succeeded in obtaining his patron's frondom, and reinstatement in the man-agement of his own property, to which was soon added that of his intended bride, who, having died without male issue, her estates rovered to him, as heir of entail. But freedom, and wealth, were unable to restore the equipoise of his mind; to the former his grief made him indifferent—the latter only served him as far as it afforded him the means of indal his strange and wayward fancy. He had renou the Catholic religion, but perhaps some of its doo morse and misanthropy now assumed, in appearance, morse and misanthropy now assumed, in appendix an unbounded authority. His life has since been that alternately of a pilgrim and a hermit, suffering the most severe-privations, not indeed in ascess drow tion, but in abhorrence of mankind. Yet so man's words and actions have been at such a wide difference, nor has any hypocritical wretch ever been more ingenious in assigning good motives for his vie setions, than this unfortunate in reconciling to but abstract principles of misanthropy, a conduct which flows from his natural generosity and kindness of foling "

feeling." "Still, Mr. Ratcliffe-still you describe the isome-sistencies of a madman."

"By no means," replied Ratcliffe. "That the imagination of this gentleman is disordered, I will " That the not pretend to dispute ; I have already told you that it who hoards his useless wealth, and the prodical squanders it, are all marked with a certain chai insanity. To criminals who are guilty of enorms squanters in the initials who are guilty or enormality when the temptation, to a sober mind, bears no year, when the temptation, to a sober mind, bears no year, or the probability of detection and punishment, the same observation are detected as a solution bassion, as well as a solution to be a solution of the same observation of the same o plies; and every violent passion, as well as e may be termed a short madness."

"This may be all good philosophy, Mr. Ratching answered Miss Vere; "but, excuse me, it by means emboldens me to visit, at this late hour, a m son whose extravagence of imagination you ye can only palliate." "Rather, then," said Ratcliffe, "receive my s

"Kather, then," said Katcline, "receive my see assurances, that you do not incur the alightest ger. But what I have been hitherto afraid to no tion for fear of alarming you, is, that now what are within sight of his retreat, for I can discout there the trailet I must be no for such as the trailet 71 are within sight of his retreat, for I can discout through the twilight, I must go no further with y you must proceed alone." "Alone 7--I dare not." "You must," continued Ratcliffe; "I will ren here and wait for you." "You will not, then, stir from the place, o

e

least, the utmost caution in stifting every expression of timidity. Remember that his predominant and most harassing apprehension arises from a conscious-ness of the hideousness of his appearance. Your path lies straight beside yon half-fallen willow; keep the left side of it; the marsh lies on the right. Fare-well for a time. Remember the evil you are threat-med with and her inverter the evil you are threatwell for a time. Remember the evil you are threat-ened with, and let it overcome at once your fears and scruples."

Mr. Ratcliffe," said Isabella, "farewell; if you "Mr. Katchine," said Isabelia, "farewell; if you have deceived one so unfortunate as myself, you have for ever forficited the fair character for probity and honour to which I have trusted." "On my life—on my soul," continued Ratcliffe, raising his voice as the distance between them in-creased, "you are safe—perfectly safe."

### CHAPTER XVI.

Twas time and griefs That framed him thus: Time, with his fairer hand, Offering the fortunes of his former days, The former man may make him.—Bring us to him, And chance it as it may. Old Play.

Twz sounds of Ratcliffe's voice had died on Isa-bella's ear; but as she frequently looked back, it was some encouragement to her to discern his form now darkening in the gloom. Ere, however, she went much further, she lost the object in the increasing shade. The last glimmer of the twilight placed her before the hut of the Solitary. She twice extended her hand to the door, and twice she withdrew it; and when she did at length make the effort, the knock did not equal in violence the throb of her own bosom. Her next effort was louder; her third was reiterated, for the fear of not obtaining the protection from which Ratcliffe promised so much, began to overpower the terrors of his presence from whom she was to request it. At length, as she still received no unswer, she repeatedly called upon the D warf by his resurned name, and requested him to answer and spen to her. Twz sounds of Ratcliffe's voice had died on Isa-

Assumed name, and requested him to answer and spen to her. "What miserable being is reduced," said the appalling voice of the Solitary, "to seek refuge here? Go hence; when the heath-fowl need shelter, they seek it not in the nest of the night-raven." "I come to you, father," said Isabella, "in my hour of adversity, even as you yourself commanded, when you promised your heart and your door should be open to my distress; but I fear"\_\_\_\_\_. "Ha!" said the Solitary, "then thou art Isabella Vere? Give me a token that thou art she." "I have brought you back the rose which you gave

"I have brought you back the rose which you gave me; it has not had time to finde ere the hard fate you

foretold has come upon me!" "And if thou hast thus redeemed thy pledge," said the Dwarf, "I will not forfeit mine. The heart and the door that are shut against every other earthly

The door that are shut against every other earthly being, shall be open to thes and to thy sorrows." She heard him move in his hut, and presently after-wards strike a light. One by one, bolt and bar were then withdrawn, the licart of Isabella, throbbing higher as these obstacles to their meeting were suc-cessively removed. The door opened, and the Soli-tary stood before her, his uncouth form and features illuminated by the iron lamp which he held in his hand. hand.

hand. "Enter, daughter of affliction," he said,—"enter the house of misery." She entered, and observed with a precaution which increased her trepidation, that the Recluse's first set after setting the lamp upon the table, was to replace the numerous bolts which secured the door of his hut. She shrunk as she heard the noise which accom-panied this ominous operation, yet remembered Ratelifie's cantion, and endeavoured to suppress all uppearance of apprehension. The light of the lamp was weak and uncertain; but the Solitary, without taking immediate notice of Isabella, otherwise than by motioning her to sit down on a small settle be-ande the fire-place, made haste to kindle some dry t

Miss Vere; "yet the distance is so great, you could not hear me were I to cry for assistance." "Fear nothing," said her guide; "or observe, at least, the utmost cation in stifling every expression and platters, were on one side of the fire; on the other bundles of dried herbs, and one or two wooden cups and platters, were on one side of the fire; on the other were placed some ordinary tools of held-labour, mingled with those used by mechanics. Where the bed should have been, there was a wooden frame, strewed with withered moss and ushes, the couch of the ascetic. The whole space of the cottaged id not exceed ten feet by six within the walls; and its only furniture, besides what we have mentioned, was a table and two stools formed of rough deals. Within these narrow precincts Isabella now found

Within these narrow precincts Isabella now found herself enclosed with a being, whose history had nothing to reassure her, and the fearful conformaherself enclosed with a being, whose history had nothing to reassure her, and the fearful conforma-tion of whose hideous countenance inspired an almost superstitious terror. He occupied the seat opposite to her, and dropping his huge and shaggy eychrows, over his piercing black eycs, gazed at her in silence, as if agitated by a variety of contending feelings. On the other side sate Isabella, pale as death, her long hair uncurled by the evening damps, and falling over her shoulders and breast, as the wet streamers droop from the mast when the storm has passed away, and left the vessel stranded on the bench. The Dwarf first broke the silence with the suden, abrupt, and alarming question, -- "Woman, what evil fate has brought the hither ?" "My father's danger, and your own command," she replied faintly, but firmly. "And you hope for aid from me?" "If you can bestow it," she replied, still in the same tone of mild submission. "And how should I possess that power ?" conti-nued the Dwarf, with a bitter sneer; "Is mine the form of a redresser of wrongs ? Is this the castle in which one powerful enough to be sued to by a fair suppliant is likely to hold his residence ? I but mock-ed thee, girl, when I said I would relieve thee." "Then must I depart, and face my fate as I best may!" "No !" said the Dwarf, rising and interoosing be-

may!" "No!" said the Dwarf, rising and interposing be-"No !" said the Dwarf, rising and interposing be-tween her and the door, and motioning to her sternly to resume her seat---" No ! you leave me not in this way; we must have further conference. Why should one being desire aid of another ? Why should not each be sufficient to itself? Look round you-I, the most despised and most decrepit on Nature's com-mon, have required sympathy and help from no one. These brones are of my own piling; these utensils I framed with my own hands; and with this"----and he laid his hand with a fierce smile on the long dag-er which he always wore beneath his correct and he laid his hand with a fierce smile on the long dag-ger which he always wore beneath his garment, and unsheathed it so far that the blade glimmered clear in the fire-light<sup>2-4</sup> With thia," he pursued, as he thrust. the weapon back into the scabbard, "I can, if neces-sary, defend the vital spark enclosed in this poor trunk, against the fairest and strongest that shall threaten me with injury." It was with difficulty Isabella refrained from screaming out aloid; but she did refrain. "This," continued the Recluse, "is the life of na-ture, solitary, self-sufficing, and independent. The wolf calls not the wolf to aid him in forming his den; and the vulture invites not another to assist her in

where the value of the wolf to ald him in forming his den; and the value invites not another to assist her in striking down her prey." "And when they are unable to procure themselves support," said Isabella, judiciously thinking that he would be most accessible to argument couched in his own metaphorical style, "what then is to befall them of the state o

his own metaphorical style, "what then is to befall them?" "Let them starve, die, and be forgotten; it is the common lot of humanity." "It is the lot of the wild tribes of nature," said Isabella, "but chiefly of those who are destined to support themselves by rapine, which brooks no part-per; but it is not the law of nature in general; even the lower orders have confederacies for mutual de-fence. But mankind-the race would perish did they cease to aid each other.-From the time that the mo-ther binds the child's head, ull the moment that some kind assistant wipes the death-damp from the brow of the dring, we cannot exist without mutual beb. of the dying, we cannot exist without mutual help. All, therefore, that need aid, have right to gak it of

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of were broken for ever, and that, in very truth, the whole race should perish? Wert thou not frightened?" "Misory," said Isabella, firmly, "is superior to

fear.

"Hast thou not heard it said in thy mortal world, that I have leagued myself with other powers, deform ed to the eye and malevolent to the human race as myself? Hast thou not heard this—And dost thou

seek my cell at middinght?" "The Being I worship supports me against such idle fears," said Isabella; but the increasing agitation of her bosom belied the affected courage which her

words expressed. "Ho! ho!", said the Dwarf, " thou vauntest thyself a philosopher? Yet, shouldst thou hot have thought of the danger of intrusting thyself, young and beautiful, in the power of one so spited against humanity, as to place his chief pleasure in defacing, destroying, and degrading her fairest works ?"

Isabella, nuch alarmed, continued to answer wish firmness, "Whatever injuries you may have sustained in the world, you are incapable of revenging them on

one who never wronged you, nor, wilfuilly, any other." "Ay, but maiden," he continued, his dark eyes flash-ing with an expression of malignity which communicated itself to his wild and distorted features, ' revenge is the hungry wolf, which asks only to tear flesh and lap blood. Think you the lamb's plea of

ftesh and lap blood. Think you the lamb's plea of innocence would be listened to by him?" "Man ?' said Isabella, rising, and expressing her-self with much dignity, "I fear not the horrible ideas with which you would impress me. I cast them from me with disdain. Be you mortal or fiend, you would not offer injury to one who sought you as a suppliant in her utmost need. You would not—you dirst not." "Thou say's truly, maiden," rejoined the Solitary; "I dare not—I would not. Begone to thy dwelling. Fear nothing with which they threaten thee. Thou heat asked my protection—thou shalt find it effectual."

Thou

Fear nothing with which they threaten thee. Thou hast asked my protection—thou shalt find it effectual." "But, father, this very night I have consented to wed the man that I abhor, or I must put the seal to any father's ruin." "This night?—at what hour?" , "Ere midnight," and twilight," said the Dwarf, "has already pass-ed away. But fear nothing, there is ample time to pro-tect thee." "And my father ?" continued Isabella in a sup-pliant tone.

pliant tone. "Thy father," replied the Dwarf, " has been, and is

my most bitter energy. But fear not; huy often, and is ave him. And now, begone; were I to keep thee longer by me, I might again fall into the stupid dreams concerning human worth from which I have been so fearfully awakened. But fear nothing-at the very foot of the altar I will redeem thee. Adieu,

the very foot of the altar I will redeem thee. Adieu, time presses, and I must act!" He led her to the door of the hut, which he opened for her departure. She remounted her horse, which had been feeding in the outer enclosure, and pressed him forward by the light of the moon, which was now rising, to the spot where she had left Ratcliffe. "Have you succeeded?" was his first enger question. "I have obtained promises from him to whom you sent me; but how can he possibly accomplish them?" "Thank God!" said Ratcliffe; "doubt not his power to fulfil his promise." At this molnent a shrill whistle was heard to re-

At this molnent a shrill whistle was heard to re-

"Hark !" said Ratcliffe, "he calls me—Miss Vere, cturn home, and leave unbolted the postern-door of the garden; to that which opens on the back-stairs baye a private key " the garden; to the line in the second second

A second whistle was heard, yet more shrill and prolonged than the first. "I come, I come," said Batchiffe ; and setting spurs

to his horse, rode over the heath in the direction of the Recluse's hut. Miss Vere returned to the castle, the metho of the animal on which she rode, and her

well apprehending their purpose, and kaving horse at large in a paddock near the guide, har to her own apartment, which she reached mide observation. She now unbolted her door, ad ra her bell for lights. Her father appeared ang wi

"He had been twice," he said, "listening at door during the two hours that had elapsed and

left her, and, not hearing her speak, had because prehensive that she was taken ill." "And now, my dear father," she said, "permit to claim the promise you so kindly gave; let the moments of freedom which 1 am to enjoy he mi

without interruption; and protract to the last without interruption; and protract to the last ment the respite which is allowed me." "'I will," said her father; "nor shall you be interrupted. But this disordered dress-this a evelled hair—do not let me find you thus who will be up again the continue for the low dress call on you again ; the sacrifice, to be beneficial a

"Must it be so ?" she replied; "then far not, " father! the victim shall be adorned."

### CHAPTER XVII.

### • This looks not like a nuptial.

THE chapel in the castle of Ellieslaw, desined be the scene of this ill-ormened union, was a built of much older date than the castle itsalf, hour i claimed considerable antiquity. Before the mas between England and Scotland had become a contween England and Scotland had become so mon and of such long duration, that the balan along both sides of the Border were chief durate to warlike purposes, there had been a small stike of monks at Ellieslaw, a dependency, is being antiquaries, on the rich Abbey of Jeberg. The possessions had long passed away under the charge arisen on the ruin of their cells and the had arisen on the ruin of their cells and the had arisen on the ruin of their cells of the chapel was included in its precincts.

cnapel was included in its precincts. The edifice, in its round arches and massive plan, the simplicity of which referred their date to viating been called the Saxon architecture, presend stal times a dark and sonibre appearance, ad had have frequently used as the cemetery of the family of feudal lords, as well as formerly of the massive her-thren. But it looked thoubly gloom by the flat of the few and smoky torches which were used to be lighten it on the present occasion and which appear lighten it on the present occasion and which wreat ing a glare of yellow light in their unneater van were surrounded beyond by a red and write has were surrounded beyond by a red and pupe that flected from their own smoke, and beyond that by a zone of darkness which magnified the rmat the chapel, while it rendered it impossible for the to ascertain its limits. Some injudicious orange adopted in haste for the occasion, rather added drearness of the scene. Old fragments of the torn from the walls of other apartments, had hastily and partially disposed around these chapel, and mingled inconsistently with scan and funeral emblems of the dead, which they where exhibited. On each side of the stear figure, in stone, of some grain hermit, or most figure, in stone, of some grain hermit, or most finde tim the odour of sanctity; he was repre-as recumbent, in his cowl and scepular, face turned upward as in the act of devices pendent. On the other side was a tomb, in the inan taste, composed of the most beautiful marble, and accounted a model of moder flected from their own smoke, and beyond that marble, and accounted a model of modern was erected to the memory of Isabella's mo late Mrs. Vere of Ellieslaw, who was reprein a dying posture, while a weeping chorub, w uverted, seemed in the act of extinguishing a lamp as emblematic of her speedy dissolution was, indeed, a masterpiece of art, but minute the rude vault to which it had been consigned. were surprised, and even scandalized, that Ell

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### CHAP. XVII.1

not remarkable for attention to his lady while alive, should erect after her death such a costly mausoleum in affected sorrow; others cleared him from the im-putation of hypocrisy, and averred that the monument had been constructed under the direction and at the sole expense of Mr. Ratcliffe.

Before these monuments the wedding guests were assembled. They were few in number; for many had left the castle to prepare for the ensuing political explosion, and Elliesiaw was, in the circumstances of the case, far from being desirous to extend invitaions further than to those near relations whose pre-sence the custom of the country rendered indispensa-ble. Next to the altar stood Sir Frederick Langley, dark, moody, and thoughtful, even beyond his wont, and near him, Mareschal, who was to play the part of bridesman, as it was called. The thoughtless hu-mour of this young gentleman, on which he never deigned to place the least restraint, added to the cloud which overhung the brow of the bridegroom. "The bride is not yet come out of her chamber," he whispered to Sir Frederick: "I trust that we must not have recourse to the violent expedients of the Romans which I read of at College. It would be hard upon my pretty cousin to be run away with twice in two days, though I know none better worth such a violent compliment." tions further than to those near relations whose pre-

Sir Frederick attempted to turn a deaf ear to this dis-

Sir Frederick attempted to turn a deaf ear to this dis-course, humming a tune, and looking another way, but Marcschal proceeded in the same wild manner. "This delay is hard upon Dr. Hobbler, who was disturbed to accelerate preparations for this joyful sweat when he had successfully extracted the cork of his third bottle. I hope you will keep him free of the ensure of his superiors, for I take it this is beyond canonical hours.—But here come Ellieslaw and my pretty cousin—prettier than ever, I think, were it not she seems so faint and so deadly pale—Hark ye, Sir Knight, if she says not vzs with right good-will, it shall be no wedding, for all that has come and gone yet."

shall be no wedding, for all that has come and gone yet." No wedding, sir?" returned Sir Frederick, in a bud whisper, the tone of which indicated that his angry feelings were suppressed with difficulty. "No-no marriage," replied Mareschal, "there's my hand and glove on't." Sir Frederick Langley took his hand, and as he wrung it hard, said in a lower whisper, "Mareschal, you shall answer this," and then flung his hand from him. "Thet I will readily do." said Mareschal "for

him. "That I will readily do," said Mareschal, "for never word escaped my lips that my hand was not ready to guarantee.—So, speak up, my pretty cousin; and tell me if it be your free will and unbiassed reso-lution to accept of this gallant knight for your lord and husband; for if you have the tenth part of a scruple upon the subject, fall back, fall edge, he shall not have you." Are you mad, Mr. Mareschal?" said Ellieslaw, who, having been this young man's guardian during is minority. often employed a tone of authority to

who, having been this young man's guardian during his minority, often employed a tone of authority to him. "Do you suppose I would drag my daughter to the foot of the alur, were it not her own choice?" "Tut, Ellieslaw," retorted the young gentleman, "never tell me of the contrary; her eyes are full of tars, and her checks are whiter than her white Bress.

I must insist, in the name of common humanity, that the ceremony be adjourned till to-morrow." "She shaft tell you herself, thou incorrigible inter-

meddlet in what concerns thee not, that it is her wish the ceremony should go on-Is it not, Isabella, my

the ceremony should go on—Is it not, Isabella, my dear??" "It ia," said Isabella, half fainting,—" since there is no help either in God or man." The first word alone was distinctly audible. Ma-reschai shrugged up his shoulders and stepped back. Ellisalaw led, or rather supported, his daughter to the altar. Sir Frederick moved forward and placed him-self by her side. The clergyman opened his prayer-book, and looked to Mr. Vere for the signal to com-mence the service.

mence the service. "Proceed," said the latter. But a voice, as if issuing from the tomb of his de-ersed wife, called in such loud and harsh accents Vor IL

as awakened every echo in the vaulted chapel. "Forhearl

All were mute and motionless, till a distant rustle, and the clash of swords, or something resembling it, was heard from the remote apartments. It ceased

"What new device is this?" said Sir Frederick, fiercely eyeing Eilieslaw and Mareschal with a glance of malignant suspicion

of malignant suspicion. "It can be but the frolic of some intemperate guest," said Ellieslaw, though greatly confounded; "we must make large allowances for the excess of this evening's festivity. Proceed with the service." Before the clergyman could obey, the same prohi-bition which they had before heard, was repeated from the same spot. The female strendants scream-d and different the charad it the cartieners hid they are the clergyman could be compared they we have a strendant scream-scream-

rong the same spot. The remate strendants scream-ed, and fied from the chapel; the genticmen laid their hands on their swords. Ere the first moment of sur-prise had passed by, the Dwarf stepped from behind the monument, and placed himself full in front of Mr. Vere. The effect of so strange and hideous an apparition in such a place and in such circumstances,

apparition in such a place and in such circumstances, appalled all present, but seemed to annihilate the Laird of Ellieslaw, who, dropping his daughter's arm, staggered against the nearest pillar, and, clasping it with his hands as if for support, laid his brow against the column. "Who is this fellow?" said Sir Frederick; "and what does he mean by this intrusion?" "It is one who comes to tell you," said the Dwarf, with the peculiar acrimony which usually marked his manner, "that, in marrying that young lady, you wed neither the heiress of Ellieslaw, nor of Mauley-Hall, nor of Polverton, nor of one furrow of land, unless she marries with ary consent; and to thee that consent shall never be given. Down-down on thy knees, and thank Heaven that thou art prevented from wedding qualities with which thou has no concern-portionless truth, virtue, and innocence.—And thou, base ingrate," he with which thou hast he concern—portionless truth, virtue, and innocence.—And thou, base ingrate," he continued, addressing himself to Ellieslaw, "what is thy wretched subterfuge now? Thou, who woulds sell thy daughter to relieve these from danger, as in famine thou woulds have slain and devoured her to preserve they own will life L-Au hids aby for a with the famine thou woulds have slain and devoured her to preserve thy own vile life !—Ay, hide thy face with thy hands; well mayst thou blush to look on him whose body thou didst consign to chains, his hand to guilt, and his soul to misery. Saved once more by the vir-tue of her who calls thee father, go hence, and may the pardon and benefits I confer on thee prove literal coals of fire, till thy brain is seared and scorched like mine " mine !

Ellieslaw left the chapel with a gesture of mute

Elitestaw left the chapet with a greature of many despair. "Follow him, Hubert Ratcliffe," said the Dwarf, "and inform him of his destiny. He will rejoice-for to breathe air and to handle gold is to him happiness." "I understand nothing of all this," said Sir Fre-derick Langley; "but we are here a body of gentle-men in arms and suthority for King James; and whether you really, sir, be that Sir Edward Mauley, who has been so long supposed dead in confinement, or whether you be an impostor assuming his name and title, we will use the freedom of detaining you, and title, we will use the freedom of detaining you, till your appearance here, at this moment, is better accounted for, we will have no spies among us--Seize on him, my friends."

Series on nim, my menas." But the domestics shrunk back in doubt and alarm Sir Frederick himself stepped forward towards the Recluse, as if to lay hands on his person, when his progress was suddenly stopped by the glittering point of a partisan, which the sturdy hand of Hobbie Elliot presented against his bosom.

presented against his bosom. "I'll gar daylight shine through ye, if ye offer to steer him " said the stout Borderer; "stand back, or I'll strike ye,through ! Naebody shall lay a finger on Elshie; he's a canny neighbourly man, aye ready to make a friend help; and, though ye may think him a lamiter, yet, grippie for grippie, friend, I'll wad a wether he'll make the bluid spin frae under your nails. He's a teugh carle, Elshie! he grips like a smith's vice."

"What has brought you here, Elliot?" said Mares-chal; "who called on you for interference?" "Troth, Mareschal-Wells." answered Hobbie, "J

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am just come here, wi' twenty or thretty mair o' us, in my an name and the King's-or Queen's, ca' they her ? and Canny Elshie's into the bargain, to keep the peace, and pay back some ill usage Ellieslaw has gien me. A bonny breakfast the loons gas me the ther morning, and him at the bottom on't; and trow ye I wasna ready to supper him up?-Ye needna lay your hands on your swords, gentlemen, the house is ours wi' little din ; for the doors were open, and there had been ower muckle punch amang your folk; we took their swords and pistols as easily as ye wad shiel peacoda."

Mareschal rushed out, and immediately re-entered the chapel. "By Heaven ! it is true, Sir Frederick ; the house

marcscrair rusneu out, and immediately re-entered the chapel. "By Heaven ! it is true, Sir Frederick ; the house is filled with armed men, and our dramken beasts are all disarmed.—Draw and let us fight our way." "Binna rush—binna rash," 'exclaimed Hobbie; "hear mea bit, hear mea bit. Wo mean yenae harm ; but, as ye are in arms for King James, as ye ca' him, and the prelates, we thought it right to keep up the aud neighbour war, and stand up for the t'other ane and the Kirk; but we'll no hurt a hair o' your heads, if ye like to gang hame quietly. And it will be your best way, for there's sure news come frae Loudoun, that him they ca' Bang, or Byng, or what is', has bang'd the French ships and the new king aff the coast however; sue ye had best bide content wi' auld Name for want of a better Queen." Ratcliffe, who at this moment entered, confirmed these accounts so unfavourable to the Jacobite in-terest. Sir Frederick almost instantly, and without taking leave of any one, left the castle with such of his attendants as were able to follow him. "And what will you do, Mr. Mareschal?" said Ratcliffe. "Why, faith," answered he, smiling, "I hardly know; nay epirit is too great, and my fortune too amali, for me to follow the example of the doughty bridegroom. It is not in my nature, and it is hardly worth my while." "Well, then, disperse your men, and remain quiet, and this will be overlooked, as there has been no overt act." "Hout sy," said Elliot, "just lat byganes be byganes, and a' friende again ; deil ane I bear malice

overt act." "Hout sy," said Elliot, "just lat byganes be byganes, and a' friends again ; deil ane I bear malice at but Westburnfist, and I hae gien him bath a het skin and a cauld aue. I hadna changed three blows of the broadsword wi' him before he hap the window of the broadsword wi' him before he lap the window into the castle-moat, and swattered through it like a wild-duck. He's a clever fallow, indeed! maun kilt awa wi' ae bunny lass in the morning, and another at night, less wadna serve him! but if he disna kilt himsell out o' the country, I'se kilt him wi' a tow, for the Castleton meeting's clean blawn ower; his friends wil! no countenance him."

friends will no countenance hun." During the general confusion, Isabella had thrown berself at the feet of her kinsman, Sir Edward Mau-ley, for so we must now call the Solitary, to express at once her gratitude, and to beseech forgiveness for her father. The eyes of all began to be fixed on them, as soon as their own agitation and the bustle of the interded the soon as their own agitation. attendants had somewhat abated. Miss Vere kneeled beside the tomb of her mother, to whose statue her features exhibited a marked resemblance. She held the hand of the Dwarf, which she kissed repeatedly and bathed with tears. He stood fixed and autoionless, excepting that his eyes glanced alter-nately on the marble figure and the living suppliant.

nately on the marble figure and the living suppliant. At length the large drops which gathered on his eye-lashes compelled him to draw his hand across them. "I hough," he said," that tears and I had done; but we shed them at our birth, and their spring dries not until we are in our graves. But no melting of the heart shall dissolve my resolution. I part here, at once, and for ever, with all of which the me-mory," (looking to the tomb,) " or the presence," (he pressed Isabella's hand,) " is dear to me.--Speak not to me I attempt not to thwart my determination I it will avail nothing; you will hear of and see this lump of deformity no more. To you I shall be dead ere I am actually in my grave, and you will think of me as a f a friend disencumbered from the toils and crimes oi existence."

### ICHAP. XVIIL

He kissed Isabella on the forehead, impr another kiss on the brow of the statue by which she knelt, and left the chapel followed by Ratcliffe Imbella, almost exhausted by the emotions of the day, was carried to her apartment by her women. More of the other guests dispersed, after having expandel endeavoured to impress on all who would listen to endeatoured to impress on all who would have them their disapprobation of the plots formed agains the government, or their regret for having engage in them. Hobbie Elliot assumed the command a the castle for the night, and mounted a regular gand He boasted not a hitle of the alacrity with which in He boasted not a little of the alacrity with which is friends and he had obeyed a hasty summons received from Elshie through the faithful Kateliffe. As it was a lucky charce, he said, that on that very ary they had got notice that Westburnflat did not inten-to keep his tryste at Castleton, but to hold then at defince; so that a considerable party had assemble at the Heugh-foot, with the intention of paring a visit to the robber's tower on the ensuing monant, and their course was easily directed to Elisative Castle Castle.

## CHAPTER XVIII.

### To close this strange eventful history . As You Like R.

On the next morning, Mr. Ratcliffe presented Miss Vere with a letter from her father, of which the fo-lowing is the tenor :--

My DEAREST CHILD, "The malice of a persecuting government will compel me, for my own safety, to retreat abroad, and to remain for some time in foreign parts. I de not ask you to accompany, or follow me; you will attend to my interest and your own more effectually by remaining where you are. It is unnecessary treater into a minute detail concerning the cause of the strange events which yesterday took place. I think I have reason to complain of the usage I have received from Sir Edward Mauley, who is your nearest has man by the mother's side; but as he has declared you his heir, and is to put you in immediate pos a large part of his fortune, I account it a full stor-ment. I am aware he has never forgiven the preim-ence which your mother gave to my addresse, m-stead of complying with the terms of a sort of family compact, which absurdly and tyrannically desined her to wed her deformed relative. The shock was even sufficient to unsettle his witk, (which, indeed, were never over-well arranged,) and I had, as the husband of his nearest kinewonnas and heir, the deli-cate task of taking care of his person and property, until he was reinstated in the management of the latter by those who, no doubt, thought they were doing him justice; although, if some parts of hus subsequent can be examined, it will appear that he ought, for his own sake, to have been left under the influence of a mild and salutary restraint. "In one particular, however, he showed a same of the ties of blood, as well as of his own frailty; for while he sequestered himself closely from the wind under various names and disguises, and inside me a large part of his fortune, I account it a full store ment. I am aware he has never forgiven the prefer

under various names and disguises, and instant spreading a report of his own death. (in which gratify him I willingly acquiesced.) he left at my gratily him i winingly acquiesced, he tert at any posal the rents of a great proportion of his sati and especially all those, which, having belonging your mother, reverted to him as a male field. Is he may have thought that he was acting with treme generosity, while, in the opinion of all im tial men, he will only be considered as having h led a natural obligation, seeing that, in justice i in strict law, you must be considered as the your mother, and I as your legal administrator. your mother, and I as your legal administrator. a stead, therefore, of considering mysalf as loaded v obligations to Sir Edward on this account, I did had reason to complain that these remittances only doled out to me at the pleasure of Mr. Rate who, moreover, exacted from me mortgages over paternal estate of Elliestaw for any sums with required as an extra advance; and thus may had to have insinuated himself into the absolute man me purpose of obtaining a complete command of my affairs, and acquiring the power of ruining me at his pleasure. I feel mysch? I must repeat, still tess bound by the alleged obligation. "About the autumn, of last year, as I undertand, either his own crazed imagination, or the accomplish-

ment of some such scheme as I have hinted, brought him down to this country. His alleged motive, it him down to this country. His alleged motive, it seems, was a desire of seems a monument which he had directed to be raised in the chapel over the tomb of your mother. Mr. Ratcliffe, who at this time had done me the honour to make my house his own, had the complaisance to introduce him secretly into the chapel. The consequence, as he informs me, was a frenzy of several hours, during which he fied into the neighbouring moors, in one of the wildest spots of which he chapes where he was accounted moved neighbouring moors, in one of the wildest spots of which he chose, when he was somewhat recovered, to fix his nansion, and set up for a sort of country empiric, a character which, even in his best days, he was fond of assuraing. It is remarkable, that, in-stead of informing me of these curcamstances, that I might have had the relative of my late-wife taken such care of as his calamitous condition required. Mr. Ratcliffe seems to have had guch culpable indulgence for his irregular plans as to promise and even swear secrecy concerning them. He visited Sir Edward often and assisted in the favaatic task he had taken after and assisted in the fastastic task he had taken upon him of constructing a hermitage. Nothing they appear to have dreaded more than a discovery of their intercourse.

appear to have dreaded more than a discovery of their intercourse. "The ground was open in every direction around, and a small subterranean cave, probably secularial, which their researches had detected near the great granite pillar, served to conceal Ratcliffe, when any one approached his master. I think you wilk be of opinion, my love, that this secrecy must have had some strong motive. It is also remarkable, that while I thought my unhappy friend was residing among the Monks of La Trape, he should have been actually living, for many months, in this bizarre dis-guise, within five miles of my house, and obtaining regular information of my most private movements, either by Ratcliffe, or through Westburnflat or others, whom he had the means to bribe to any extent. He makes it a crime against me that I endeavoured to establish your marriage with Sir Frederick. I acted for the best; bout if Sir Edward Mauley thought otherwise, why did he not step manfully forward, express his own purpose of becoming a party to the settlements, and take that interest which he is enti-tled to claim in you as heir to his great property?

express his own purpose of decoming a party to the settlements, and take that interest which he is enti-tled to claim in you as heir to his great property? "Even now, though your rash and eccentric rela-tion is somewhat tardy in announcing, his purpose, I am far from opposing my authority against his wishes, although the person he desires you to regard as your future husband be young Earmediff, the very last whom Mishould have thought likely to be accept-able to him, considering a certain fatal event. But I give my free and hearty consent, providing the settle-ments are drawn in such an irrevocable form as may secure my child from suffering by that state of de-pendance, and that sudder and canseless revocation of allowances, of which I have so much reason to complain. Of Sir Frederick Langley, I augur, you will hear no more. He is not likely to claim the hand of a dowerless maiden. I therefore commit you, my dear Isabella, to the wisdom of Providence and to your own prudence, begging you to lose no time in securing those advantages, which the fickleness of your kinsman has withdrawn from me to shower upon you. upon you.

Mr. Ratcliffe mentioned Sir Edward's intention "Mr. Ratchine memorian on Lawrence of the settle a considerable sum upon me yearly, for my maintenance in foreign parts; but this my heart is too nroud to accept from him. I told him I had a maintenance in foreign parts ; out this my near is too proud to accept from him. I told him I had a dear child, who, while in affluence herself, would never suffer me to be in poverty. I thought it right to intimate this to him retty roundly, that whatever increase be settled upon you, it may be calculated so as to cover this necessary and natural encumbrance. I shall willingly settle upon you the castle and manor of Ellicslaw to show my parental affection and dis-

ment and control of my property. Or, if all this interested zeal for promoting your settlement in life, seeming friendship was employed by Sir Edward for The annual interest of debts charged on the estate the purpose of obtaining a complete command of my somewhat exceeds the income, even after a reason-Botheven is the second since income, even after a reason-able rent has been put upon the mansion and mains. But as all the debts are in the person of Mr. Ratcliffe, as your kinsman's trustee, he will not be a trouble-some creditor. And here I must make you aware, that though I have to complain of Mr. Ratcliffe's conduct. to me personally, I, nevertheless, believe him a just and upright man, with whom you may safely consult . and upright man, with whom you may salely consult on your effairs, not to mention that to cherish his good opinion will be the best way to retain that of your kinsman. Remember me to Marchie-I hope he will not be troubled on account of late matters. I will write more fully from the Continent. Mean-while, I rest your loving father,

RICHARD VERE."

The above letter throws the only additional light The above letter torows the only additional lights which we have been able to procure upon the earlier part of our story. It was Hobbie's opinion, and may be that of most of our readers, that the Rechuse of. Mucklestane-Moor had but a kind of a gloaming, or twilight understanding; and that he had neither very clear yiews as to what he himself wanted, nor was apt to pursue his ends by the clearest and most direct means: so that to seek the clew of his conduct, was likened, by Hobbie, to looking for a straight path through a common, over which are a hundred devious tracks, but not one distinct line of

hundred devious tracks, but not one distinct me as read. When Isabella had perused the letter, her first inqui-ry was after her father. He had left the castle, she was informed, early in the morning, after a long in-terview with Mr. Ratcliffe, and was already far on his way to the next port, where he might expect to find shipping for the Continent. "Where was Sir Edward Mauley?" No one had seen the Dwarf since the eventfat scene of the preceding evening.

"Odd, if ony thing has beta'en puir Elshie," said Hobbie Ellibt, "I wad rather I were harried ower again.

again. He immediately rode to his dwelling, and the re-maining she-goat came bleating to meet him, for her milking time was long past. The Solitary was no-where to be seen; his door, contrary to wont, was open, his fire extinguished, and the whole hut was left in the state which it exhibited on Isabella's visit to him. It was pretty clear that the means of con-veyance which had brought the Dwarf to Ellieslaw on the preceding evening, had removed him from it to some other place of abode. Hobbie returned dis-consolate to the castle. "I am doubting we have lost Canny Elshie for gude

"You have indeed," said Ratcliffe, producing a paper, which he put into Hobbie's hands; "but read that, and you will perceive you have been no loser by having known him."

having known him." It was a short deed of gift, by which "Sir Edward Mauley, otherwise called Ellshender the Recluse, en-dowed Halbert or Hobbie Elliot, and Grace Arm-strong, in full property, with a considerable sum bor-rowed by Elliot from him." Hobbie's joy was mingled with feelings which brought tears down his rough cheeks. "It's a queer thing," he said; "but I canna joy in the gear, unless I kend the puir body was happy that gave it me."

the gear, unless I kend the puir body was happy that gave it me." "Next to enjoying happiness ourselves," said Rat-cliffe, "is the consciousness of having bestowed it on others. Had all my master's benefits been conferred like the present, what a different return would they have produced! But the indiscriminate profusios that would glut avarice, or supply prodigality, neither does good, nor is rewarded by gratitude. It is sow-ing the wind to reap the whirlwind." "And that wad be a light har'st," sant Hobbie; "but, wi' my young leddy's leave, I wad fain take down Elshie's skepe o' bees, and set them in Grace's bit flower yard at the Heugh-foot-they shall ne'er be smeekit by ony, o' huz. And the puir goat, she would be negleckit about a great toun like this; and

she could feed bonnily on our lily lea by the burn side, and the hounds wad ken her in a day's time, and never fash her, and Grace wad milk her ilka morning wi' her ain hand, for Elshie's sake; for though he was thrawn and cankered in his converse, he like t dumb creatures weel."

he like it dumb creatures weel." Hobbie's requests were readily granted, not with-out some wonder at the natural delicacy of feeing which pointed out to him this mode of displaying his gratitude. He was delighted when Ratcliffe informed him that his benefactor should not remain ignorant of the care which he took of his favourite. "And mind be sure and tell him that grannie and he tittles, and, abune a', Grace and mysell, are weel and thiving, and that it's a' his doing—that canna but please him, ane wad think." And Elliot and the family at Heugh-foot were, and continued to be, as fortunate and happy as his un-daunted honesty, tenderness, and gallantry, so well merited.

merited

merited. All bar between the marriage of Earnscliff and Isa-bella was now removed, and the settlements which Ratcliffe produced on the part of Sir Edward Mauley, might have satisfied the cupidity of Ellieslaw him-self. But Miss Vere and Ratcliffe thought it unne-cessary to mention to Earnscliff that one great mo-tive of Sir Edward, in thus loading the young pair with benefits, was to explate his having, many years before, shed the blood of his father in a hasty brawl. If it be true, as Ratcliffe asserted, that the Dwarf's extreme misanthropy seemed to relax somewhat, un-der the consciousness of having diffused happiness among so many, the recollection of this circumstance might probably be one of his chief motives for refu-sing obstinately ever to witness their state of con-tentment. tentment

Mareschal hunted, shot, and drank claret-tired of the country, went abroad, served three campaigns, came home, and married Lucy Ilderton. Years fied over the heads of Earnscliff and his wife, and found and left them contented and happy. The scheming ambition of Sir Frederick Langley en-moded him in the unfortunate incurrent on the Unfor-The scheming ambition of Sir Frederick Langley en-gaged him in the unfortunate insurrection of 17(5. He was made prisoner at Preston, in Lancashire, with the Earl of Derwentwater, and others. His de-fence, and the dying speech which he made at his execution, may be found in the State Trials. Mr. Vere, supplied by his daughter with an ample income, continued to reside abroad, engaged deeply in the affair of Law's bank during the regency of the Duke of Orleans, and was at one time supposed to be im-mensely rich. But, on the bursting of that famous bubble, he was so much chagrined at being again reduced to a moderate annuity, (although he saw thousands of his companions in misfortune absolutely starving,) that vexation of mind brought on a para-lytic stroke, of which he died, after lingering under the fall of Westburnflat fied from the wrath of Hob-bie Elliot, as his betters did from the pursuit of the

law. His patriotism urged him to serve his county abroad, while his reluctance to leave his naive ou pressed, him rather to remain in the belowd island, pressed him rather to remain in the belowd shad and collect purses, watches, and rings, on the high roads at home. Fortunately for him, the first im-pulse prevailed, and he joined the army under Mar-borouth; obtained a commission, to which he wa recommended by his services in collecting said is the commissariat; returned home after manyers, with some money, (how come by Hestern only know; --demolished the peel-house at Westburdh, an built, in its stead, a high narrow ensited, of im stories, with a chimney at each end-drank brack with the neighbours, whom, in his younger day to had plundered—died in his bed, and is recorder you his tombetone at Kirkwhistle, (still extant,) as im-ing played all the parts of a brave soldier, a discus

ing played all the parts of a brave solider, a durm neighbour, and a sincere Christian. Mr. Ratcliffe resided usually with the family s Ellieslaw, but regularly every spring and anomals absented himself for about a month. On the firs-tion and purpose of his periodical journey be remaind steadily ailent; but it was well understood hat he was then in attendance on his unfortunate atom At length, on his return from one of these visit, his compared and the statement of the statement. grave countenance, and deep mourning dras, in-nounced to the Elliealaw family that ther bachacto: nounced to the Eilleslaw family that therefetci: was no more. Sir Edward's death made wolding to their fortune, for he had divested himself of his property during his lifetime, and chieff in her favour. Ratcliffe, his sole confidant, diet at and old age, but without ever naming the place to which his master had finally retired, or the manner of her death, or the place of his burial. If was support that on all these particulars his patron had expand him attrict accrear: him strict secrecy. The sudden disappearance of Elshie from his cr.

The sudden disappearance of Elshie from his at treordinary hermitage corroborated the report whit the common people had spread concerning him. Many believed that, having ventured to say a consecrated building, contrary to his parton wit the Evil One, he had been bodily carried of white his return to his cottage; but most are of opinar that he only disappeared for a season, and commen to be seen from time to time among he hills. As retnining, according to custom, a more will real-lection of his wild and desperate language, the of the benevolent tendency of most of ha cross kein usually identified with the malignant demost like the Man of the Moors, whose feats were cased by Mrs. Elliot to her grandsons; and according, is generally represented as bewitching he show they lossening the impending wreath snow in preci-In every to Acc, that is to cast ther isms, we can loosening the impending wreath of sow to precip-tate its weight on such as take haler, during the storm, beneath the bank of a torent or under the shelter of a deep gien. In short, the relia mask dreaded and deprecated by the inhabituats of the pastoral country, are ascribed to the source of the BLACK DWARF.

END OF THE BLACK DWARF.

OLD MORTALITY.

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## INTRODUCTION TO OLD MORTALITY.

This remarkable person, called by the title of Old Mor-tality, was well known in Scutland about the end of the last estary. His real panne was Robert Paterson. He was a nature, i is said, of the parish of Closeburn, in Dumfres-shire, and probably a meson by profession—at least educated to the use of the chied. Whether family discensions, or the desp and en-thusiastic feeling of supposed duty, drove him to leave his dwell-ing, and adopt the singular mode of life in which he wanderell, like a palmer, through Scotland, is not known. It could not be poverty, however, which prompted his journoys, for he never accepted any thing beyond the hospitality which was willingly rendered him, and when that was not profired, he always had money enough to provide for his own humble wants. His por-sonal appearance, and favourite, or rather sole occapation, are accurately described in the preliminary cluspter of the follow-ing work.

socurately described in the preliminary chapter of the follow-ing work. It is about thirty years since, or more, that the author met this ringular person in the churchyhrd of Dunnottar, when predding a day or two with the lab learned and excellent clergyman, Mr. Walker, the minister of that parish, for the purpose of a close scamination of the ruine of the Castle of Dunnottar, and other subjects of antiquarian research in that sighbourhood. Old Mortality chanced to be at the same place, "the small business of his playmare, for the castle of Dun-sottar, though lying in the anti-evenanuing district of the Moarma, was, with the parish churchyard, celebrated for the sporesions sustained there by the Cameronians in the time of James II.

I am aught, to know if it is still in existence "-" He enseme of those who periabed in the Whig's Vauit at the castle ?" sud the minister; " for there are few southlanders besides lying in our churchyard, and one, it lunk, having monaments."-" Even sac-even ace," said the old Cameronian, for such are stile farmer. He then laid down his spade, cast on his cost, and lucarity offered to see the ministery out of the moss, if he should lose the rest of the day's darges. Mr. Walker was able to re-quite him amply, in his opinion, by recting the optical, which he remembered by heart. The old main was enchanted with inding the memory of his grandfather or great grandfather faithfully resorded amongst the names of brother sufferers; and is this way a written corp of the inscription. It was whilst I was listening to this story, and looking at the monument referred to, that I saw old Moriality engaged in his daily task of cleaning and repairing the ormaments and epitaphe and pushes and supperances and equipment were exactly as described in the Novel. I was very desirous to see some hing of a person so singular, and expected to have done so as he took up his quarters with the hospitable and likeral-spritted imminister. But though Mr. Walker in vite him up after dinner to partake of a glass of spirits and water, to which he was and took to be vory averse, y the would not ajeak frakly upon the subject of his occupation. He was in hid humour, and had, according to his phrame, on freedom for conversation with us. His spirit had been sorely voxed by hearing, in a certain

upon the subject of his occupation. He was in had humour, and had, according to his phrase, no freedom for conversation with us. His spirit had been sorely vaxed by hearing, in a certain Aberdonian kirk, the psatimody directed by a pitch-pipe, or some similar instrument, which was to Old Mortality the abomination of abominations. Perhaps, after all, he did not feel himself at case with his company; he might suspect the questions asked by a north-country ministre, and a young bar-riador to savour more of idle curiosity than profit. At any rate, in the pinnee of John Bungan, Old Mortality went on his way, and I saw him no more. The remarkable figure and occupation of this ancient pilgrim was recalled to my memory by an account transmitted by my friend Mf. Joseph Train, supervisor of excise at Duanfries, to whom I owe many obligations of a similar sature. From this besides some other circumstances, among which are those of the old mar's death I learned the particulars described in the lost. I am also informed, that the old palmer's family, is the third generation, survives, and i singht prepacted boots for talents and worth. While those shedts were passing through the press, I received the following communication from Mr. Train, whose undevia ing kindness had, during the intervals of laborious duty, col-locted its materials from an indubitable source. In the course of my periodical visits to the Clenkens, I have become intimately acquainted with Robert Patorson, a son af mind atored with information far above what could be expected and atored with information far above what could be expected and atored with information far above what could be expected and atored with information far above what could be expected and atored with information far above what could be expected and down to the present time. "Robert Patorson, alles Old Mortality, was the sno of Walter "Robert Patorson, alles Old Mortality, was whet sno of Hag-ginsha, in the pariah of Hawick, during pastif the firschalf of the eighteent century. Here Kl

ribles, in the perish of Hawter, during searly up into the contract the eighteenth century. Here Robert was born, in the memorable year 1715. "Being the youngest son of a numerous family, he, at an early-age, went to serve with an elder brother, named Francis, who rented, from Sir John Jardine of Applegarth, a small tract in Comcockle Moor, near Loch-maber. During his residence there, he became acquainted with Elizabetic Gray, daughtor of Robert Gray, gurdener to Sir John Jardine, whoe mit a alternation of the second seco

### INTRODUCTION TO OLD MORTALITY.

4 INTRODUCTION TO
5 Strategies of the Church of Rome. From this origonation of the religious enclusions of the church of Rome. From this origonation of the religious enclusions of the church of Rome. From this origonation of the religious enclusions of the church of Rome. From this origonation of the religious enclusions of the church of Rome. From this origonation of the religious enclusions of the church of Rome. From this origonation of the religious enclusions of the religious enclusion. The religious enclusion of the religious enclusion of the religious enclusion of the religious enclusion. The made for austerity and devotoon, in minister of the religious supporter. He made forquest journeys that old flowards to attend their conventicles, and occasionally, carried with him gravestones from his quarry at Gatelowhere. Old Mortality was not one of the religious devotoe, who attend their conventicles, and occasionally, carried with him graves the other standards that of providing for his offspring of the even, keep the other standards that of origonation of the religious devotoe, who attend their conventicles, and occasionally, there on the other standards that of the origonation of the religious whose dust had been for the set of the three of the the other standards the other standards the origonation of the the other standards that of the origonation of the the other standards that of the origonation of the the other standards the origonation of the theorem origonatis the theorem origonation

their religious isoats in the civil war, in the reign of Charles Bécond." "From the Calden, the labours of 'Old Mortality, in the course of time, spread over nearly all the Lowlands of Scotland. There are faw churchyards in Ayrshifte, Galloway, or Dumfries-alier, where the work of his chine is not yet to be seen. It is, easily distinguished from the work of any other artist by the primitive rudeness of the emblems of death, and of the inscrup-uons which adom the ill-formed blocks of his erection. This sake of repairing and errectung gravestones, practised without fee or reward, was the only ostensible employment of this sin-gular person for upwards of forty years. The door of every Cameronian's house was indeed open to him at all times when he chose to entry, and he was gladly received as an immute of liel family ; but he idi not invariably accept of these civilities, gs may be sten by the following account of his frugil expenses, found, amongst other little papers, some of which I have like-wise in my possesion,) in his pocket-book after his death. "Gatebares of Fiest, the Februery, 196.

"Gatchouse of Fleet, 4th February, 1798. BOBERT PATERSON debtor to MARGARET CHRYSTALE.

To drye Lodginge for seven weeks, To Four Auchlet of Ait Meal, To & Lippics of Potatoes, To Lenk Mouey at the time of Mr. Reid's Sacranient, To 3 Chappins of Yell with Sandy the Keel	1000 000 000	3. 4 3 1 6	d. 1 4 3 0	
man, t · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	0		
Received in part,	0	15 10	50	
Unpaid.	0	5	5	

"The house was stormed by a Captain Orchard or Urgahart, who was a is bamorist, als in the l still alive, popularly called by the name of Old keal or chalk with which farmers mark their

" Memorandium of the Funral Charges of Robert Paieren dyed at Bankhill on the 14th day of February, 180.

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To a Coffon,		12		
To a Coffon, To Munting for do.		1	8	
To a Shirt for him.			1	
To a pair of Cotton Stockings.	- Ó	ż	Ĵ.	
To Bread at the Founral,			÷.	
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Taken off him when dead,		i	ï	
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"The above account is authenticated by th		oť	the	4

coased. "My friead was prevented by indisposition from erms p to Bankhill to attend the funeral of his faith, which ire vory much, as he is not aware in what churchyad be w

costexd. "My friewd was prevented by indisposition from even per to Bankhill to attend the funeral of his fatter, which repl cerver nucles, as he is not aware to what chardpark he was "For the purposes of erecting a small monument to his there was the load chance of hoding out where Od Marnis there was the load chance of hoding out where Od Marnis there was the load chance of hoding out where Od Marnis there was the load chance of hoding out where Od Marnis there was the load chance of hoding out where Od Marnis there was the load chance of hoding out where Od Marnis the exercise the angeline decision of the mail phone. Of Marnis the seasion-book of any of the mail phone Od Marnis the seasion-book of any of the mail phone. Of Marnis the seasion-book of any of the mail phone the seasion-book of any of the mail phone. Of Marnis the seasion-book of any of the mail phone the seasion-book of any of the mail phone. "Od Montality had three coses. Robert, Walter, and but the former, as has been already mentioned, lives a horing the out of fortune, settled at Ballimore." "Od No himself is said to have loved an image have the out fortune, settled at Ballimore. "Did No himself is said to have loved an image have the following mendod to market is the dearwise the following mendod to market, is well at the following himse the following mendod to market, is well at the following himse the following mendod to market, is well at the following himse we are the following mendod to market, is well at the following himse we are the following mendod to market, is well at the following mendod to any the market and any as at one time following himse we are the out and distance. Some requisit which we are the following and seguithing to well at mendod to the out and the aexton of the parisit, we are the any the market and market are are are are the following and sequithing to well at mendod the m

## OLD MORTALITY.

### CHAPTER I. Preliminary Why seeks he with unwearied toil Through death's dim walks to urge his way, Reclaim his long-asserted spoil, And lead oblivion into day 7 LAN LANGHORNE.

" Most readers," says the Manuscript of Mr. Pattie-in, "must have wincessed with delight the joyous 2011 son, "must have witnessed with delight the joyons burst which attends the dismissing of a village school on a fine summer evening. The buoyant spirit of childhood, repressed with so much difficulty during the tedious hours of discipline, may then be seen to explode, as it were, in shout, and song, and frolic, as the little urchins join in groups on their play-ground, and arrange their matches of sport for the evening. But there is one individual who partakes of the relief afforded by the moment of dismussion, whose feelings are not a obvious to the eve of the spectator, or so afforded by the moment of dismission, whose feelings are not so obvious to the cye of the spectator, or so apt to receive his sympathy. I mean the teacher himself, who, stunned with the hum, and suffocated with the closeness of his school-room, has spent the whole day [himself against a host) in controlling petulance, exciting indifference to action, striving to enlighten stupidity, and labouring to soften obsti-nacy; and whose very powers of intellect have been contounded by hearing the same dull lesson repeated a hundred times by rote, and only varied by the various blunders of the reciters. Even the flowers of classic genius, with which his solitary fancy is most gratified, have been rendered degraded, in his imagi-nation, by their connexion with tears, with errors, and Odes of Horace are each inseparably allied in associa-tion with the sullet figure and mometonous recitation with purishment; so that the Eclogues of Virgil and Odes of Horace are each insequenably allied in associa-tion with the sullet figure and monotonous recitation of some blubbering school-boy. If to these mental distrements are added a delicate frame of body, and a mind armbitous of some higher distinction than that of being the tyrant of childhood, the reader may have some slight conception of the relief which a solitary walk, in the cool of a fine summer evening, affords to the head which has ached, and the norves which have been shattered, for so many hours, in plying the inksome task of public instruction. "To me these evening strolls have been the happiest hours of an unhappy life; and if any gentle reader shall hereafter find pleasure in perusing these lucubra-tions, I arm not unwilling he should know, that the plan of them has been usually traced in those mo-ments, when relief from toil and clamour, combined with the quiet scenery around me, has disposed my mind to the task of composition. "My chief haunt, in these hours of golden leisure, a the barks of the small stream, which, winding through a 'lone vale of green bracken, passes in front of the village school-house of Gandercleugh. For the part of unret, of such stragglers among my pupils as ish for trouts or miniows in the little brook, or seek ushes', and wild-flewers by its margin. But, beyond he space I have mentioned, the juvenile anglers do of, after sumset, voluntarily extend ther excursions. The cause is, that farther up the narrow valley, and in recease which seems scooped out of the side of he steep heating value, there is a deserted burnel-

ne cause is that farther up the narrow valley, and in recess which seems scoped out of the side of be steep heathy bank, there is a deserted burial-round, which the little cowards are fearful of pproaching in the wilight. To me, however, the lace has an inexpressible charm. It has been long be favourite termination of my walks, and, if my ind patron forgets not his promise, will (and pro-

bably at no very distant day) be my final resting-place after my mortal pilgrimage.<sup>4</sup> "It is a spot which possesses all the solemnity of feeling attached to a burial ground, without exciting those of a more unpleasing description. Having been very little used for many years, the few hillocks which rise above the level plain are covered with the same short velvet turf. The monuments, of which there are not above seven or eight, are half sunk in the ground, and overgrown with moss. No newly-erected tomb disturbs the sober serenity of our reflections by reminding grass forces upon our imagination the recollection, that it owes us dark luxuriance to the foul and fester-ing remnants of mortality which ferment beneath. The daisy which sprinkled the sod, and the harebell which hangs over it, derive their pure nourishment from the dew of heaven, and their growth impresses us with no degrading or disgusting recollections. Death has indeed been here, and its traces are before us; but they are softened and deprived of their horror by our distarce from the period when they have been first impressed. Those who sleep beneath are only connected with us by the reflection, that they have once been what we now are, and that, as their relics are now identified with their mother earth, ours shall once been what we now are, and that, as their relics are now identified with their mother earth, ours shall, at some future period, undergo the same transforma-

"Yet, although the moss has been collected on the most modern of these humble tombs during four generations of markind, the menory of some of these who sloep beneath them is still held in reverent remembrance. It is true, that, upon the largest, and, remembrance. It is true, that, upon the largest, and, to an antiquary, the most interesting monument of the group, which bears the effigies of a doughty knight in his hood of mail, with his shield hanging on his breast, the armorial becamps are defaced by time, and a few worn-out letters may be read at the pleasure of the decipherer, *Dns. Johan - - de Hamel, -- or Johan - - de Lamel - - And* it is also true, that of another tomb richly sculptured with an compared another tomb, richly sculptured with an ornamented cross, mitre, and pastoral staff, tradition can only cross, mitre, and pastoral stan, tradition can only aver, that a certain nameless bishop lies interred there. But upon other two stones which lie beside, may still be read in rude prose, and ruder rhyme, the history of those who sleep beheath them. They belong, we are assured by the epitaph, to the class of persecuted Presbyterians who afforded a melancholy subject for history in the times of Charles II. and his successor. In returning from the baule of Penland Hills a party of the insurgents had been attacked in this ghen by a small detachment of the King's troops, and three or four either killed in the skirmish, or shot after being made prisoners, as rebels taken with arms in their hands. The peasantry coptinued to attach to the tombe of those victims of prelacy an honour which they do not render to more splendid maisoleums; and, when they point them out to their sons, and narrate the fate of the sufferera, usually conclude, by exhoring them to be ready, should times call for it, to resist to the death in the cause of civil and religious liberty, like their brave forefathers. aver, that a certain nameless bishop lies interred there. forefathers

• Note, by Mr. Jedediah Cleishbotham. - That I kept my plight in this melancholy matter with my deceased and lamented friend, appeareth from a handsome head-stone erected at my proper clargers in this spot, bearing the name and calling of Peter Pattoson, with the date of his nativity and schulture : forether also with a testimony of his merits, attested by myself, as his superior and patron.-J. C.

\* James, Seventh King of Scotland of that name, and Secon according to the numeration of the Kings of England,-J. C.

"Although I am far from venerating the peculiar tenets asserted by those who call themselves the fol-lowers of those men, and whose intolerance and nar-row-minded bigotry are at least as conspictous as • their devotional zeal, yet it is without depreciating the memory of those sufferers, many of whom united the independent sentiments of a Hampden with the suffer-ing zeal of a Hooper or Latimer. On the other hand, it would be unjust to forzet that many even of those

ing zeal of a Hooper or Latimer. On the other hand, it would be unjust to forget, that many even of those who had been most active in crushing what they conceived the rebellious and solitious spirit of those unhappy wanderers, displayed themselves, when call-ed upon to 'suffer for their political and religious opinions, the same daring and devoted zeal, inctured, in their case, with chivalrous loyalty, as in the former with republican enthusiasm. It has often been re-marked of the Scottish character that the apublypy. marked of the Scottish character, that the stubbornness with which it is moulded shows most to advanness with which it is moulded shows most to advan-tage in adversity, when it seems akin to the native sycamore of their hills, which scorns to be biassed in its mode of growth even by the influence of the pre-vailing wind, but, shooting its branches with equal boldness in every direction, shows no weather-side to the storm, and may be broken, but can never be bended. It must be understood that I speak of my countrymen as they fall under my own observation. When in foreign countries, I have been informed that they are more docile. But it is time to return from this discussion

When in foreign countries, I have been informed that they are more docile. But it is time to return from this digression. The summer evening, as in a stroll, such as I have described, I approached this descried mansion of the dead, I was somewhat surprised to hear sounds distinct from those which usually soothe its solitude, the gentle chiding, namely, of the brock, and the sighing of the wind in the boughs of three gigantic ash-trees, which mark the cemetery. The clink of a hammer was, on this occasion, distinctly heard; and I entertained some alarm that a march-dike, long meditated by the two proprietors whose estates were divided by my favourite brock, was about to be drawn up the glen, in order to substi-tute its rectilinear deformity for the graceful wind-ing of the natural boundary. As I approached, I was agreeably undeceived. An old men was scated upon the monument of the slaughtered presbyte-rians, and busily employed in despening, with his chisel, the letters of the inscription, which, announ-cing, in scriptural language, the promised blessings of futurity to be the lot of the slaughtered presbyte-gray, usually worn by the elder peasants, with waist-coat and breeches of the same; and the whole suit, though still in decent repair, had obviously seen a train of long service. Strong clouted shoes, studded with hobnails, and gramoches or leggins, made of this black cloth, completed his equipment. Beside im, fed among the graves a large ol-fisiourney, whose extreme whiteness, as well as its profecting bones and hollow eyes, indicated its anti-qury. It was harnessed in the most simple manner, with a pair of branks, a hair tether, or halter, and a profecting bones and hollow eyes, indicated its anti-quity. It was harnessed in the most simple manner, with a pair of branks, a hair tether, or halter, and a sunk, or cushion of straw, instead of bridle and sad-dle. A canvass pouch hung around the neck of the animal, for the purpose, probably, of containing the rider's tools, and any thing else he might have occa-sion to carry with him. Athough I had never seen the old man before, yet from the singularity of his employment, and the style of his equipage, I had no ufficulty in recognising a religious timerunt whom I had often heard tafked of, and who was known in va-rious parts of Scotland by the title of Old Mortality. • I deem it fitting that the reader should be aporiged that this

Hous parts of Scotland by the title of Old Mortality. • I doem it fitting that the reader should be apprised that this ismitary boundary between the conterminuus heritable property of his bonour the Laird of Gasdercleugh, and his honour the Laird of Gusedin, was to have been in fashion an ager, or rather murus of uncommented granits, called by the vulgar a dry-stars dyk, surnounted, or coped, asplie stridl, i.e. with a sod-Larf. Truly their honours fell into discord concerning two toods of markhy ground, near the cove called the Bedral's Baild and the controverse, having some years bygone been removed from before the judges of the land, (with whom it abode long.) even unto the Grave City of London and the Assembly of the Woodes therein, is, as I may say, solve is pendente. - J C.

"Where this man was born, or what was his real name, I have never been able to learn; nor are the motives which made him desert his home, and adopt the erratic mode of life which he pursued, known is me axcept very generally. According to the belief of most people, he was a native of either the coarny of Dumfries or Galloway, and kneally descended from some of those champions of the Covenau, whose deeds and sufferings were his favourite theme. He is easit to have held, at one period of his life, a small moorland farm; but, whether from pecuaiary bases or domestic misfortune, he had long renounced tha and every other gainful calling. In the language of Scripture, he left his house, his home, and his ket, a period of nearly thirty years.

"During this long pilgriniage, the pions enthusian regulated his circuit so as annually to visit the grave of the unfortunate Covenanters, who sufficiently in sward, or by the executioner, during the regns of in two last monarchs of the Stewart line. These are most numerous in the western districts of Ar; Ga-loway, and Dumfries, but they are also to be found a other parts of Scotland, wherever the fugitives has fought, or fallen, or suffered by military or civil ex-cution. Their fombs are often apart from all human habitation. in the remote more and the state of the second sec tought, of lattice, of sources of manual from all housen habitation, in the remote moors and wilds to which the wanderers had field for concealment. Bat wher-ever they existed, Old Mortality was sure to visit them when his annual round brought them within his reach. In the most lonely recesses of the promtains, the moor-fowl shooter has been often supposed to find him busied in cleaning the moss from its gray stones, renewing with his chisel the half denot inscriptions, and repairing the enablemis of death with which these simple monuments are usually depend. Motives of the most sincere, though fancial dro tion, induced the old man to dedicate so many sen of existence to perform this tribute to the memory of the decensed warriors of the church. He consider himself as fulfilling a sacred duty, while reasing to the eyes of posterity the decaying emblane of the zeal and sufferings of their forefathers, and then 19 10 trimming, as it were, the beacon-light, which was a warm future generations to defend their religion even unto blood.

"In all his wanderings, the old pilgrin never seemed to need, or was known to accept, permany seemed to need, or was known to accept permany assistance. It is true, his wants were very few; for wherever he went, he found mandy quarters in the house of some Cameronian of his own seed, or al some other religious person. The hospitality which was reverentially paid to him he always acknow-ledged, by repairing the gravestones if there existed any) belonging to the family or ancestors of his host. As the wanderer was usually to be seen beat on this pious task within the precincts of some combry churchyard, or reclined on the solitary to base among the heath, disturbing the plover and the black-cock with the clink of his chise! and mallet, with im old white pony grazing by his side, he acquired form his converse among the dead, the popular appellation of Old Mortality. of Old Mortality.

The character of such a man could have in it is "The character of such a man could nave in a the connexion even with innocent gnyery. Yet, and those of his own religious persuasion, he is reput to have been cheerful. The descendants of per cutors, or those whom he supposed guilty of en-taining similar tenets, and the scoffers at religion whom he was sometimes assailed, he usually ten-the generation of vipers. Conversing with others was grave and sententious, not without a configuration severity. But he is and never to have been shared was grave and sententious, not without a entity severity. But he is said never to have been observed to give way to violent passion, excepting up and occasion, when a mischievons truant-boy define with a stone the ness of a cherub's face, which old man was engaged in retouching. I are in pro-ral a sparer of the rod, notwithstanding the and of Solomon, for which school-boys have little and of Solomon, for which school-boys have little and to thank his memory; but on this occasion I den it proper to show that I did not hate the child-in must return to the circumstances a then ding may interview with this interesting enthussast. "In accossing Old Mortality, I did not fail to pro-

respect to his years and his principles, beginning my address by a respectful apology for interrupting his labours. The old man intermitted the operation of the chisel, took off his spectacles and wiped them, then, replacing them on his nose, acknowledged my courtesy by a suitable return. Encouraged by his affacourtesy by a suitable return. Encouraged by ins affa-bility, I intruded upon him, some questions concerning the sufferers on whose monument he was now em-ployed. To talk of the exploits of the Covenanters was the delight, as to repair their monuments was the business, of his life. He was profuse in the commu-nication of all the minute information which he had collected concerning them their super of the mon collected concerning them, their wars, and their wan-derings. One would almost have supposed he must have been their contemporary, and have actually be-held the passages which he related, so much had he identified his feelings and opinions with theirs, and so much had his narratives the circumstantiality of an

much had his harran to be a subject of the said, in a tone of exultation, —'we are "'We' he said, in a tone of exultation, —'we are the only true whirs. Carnal men have assumed that triumphant appellation, following him whose king-dom is of this world. Which of them would sit su hours on a wet hill-side to hear a godly sermon? I trow an hour o't wad staw them. They are ne'er a to take upon trow an hour o't wad staw them. They are ne'er a hair better than them that shamena to take upon themsells the persecuting name of bludethirsty tories. Self-seekers all of them, strivers after wealth, power, and worldly ambition, and forgetters alike of what has been dree'd and done by the mighty men who stood in the gap in the great day of wrath. Nae won-der they dread the accomplishment of what was spoken by the mouth of the worthy Mr. Peden, (that precious servant of the Lord, none of whose words fell to the ground.) that the French monzies' sall rise as fast in the glens of Ayr, and the kenns of Gallo-way, as ever the Highlandmen did in 1677. And now they are gripping to the bow and to the spear, when they suld be mourning for a sinfu' land and a broken covenant. covenant

Soothing the old man by letting his peculiar opinions pass without contradiction, and anxious to opmions pass without contradiction, and alkous to prolong conversation, with so singular a character, I prevailed upon him to accept that hospitality, which Mr. Cleashbotham is always willing to extend to those who need it. In our way to the school-master's house, we called at the Wallace Inn, where I was pretty cer-tain I should find my patron about that hour of the evening. After a courteous interchange of civilities, evening. After a courteous interchange of civilities, Old Mortality was, with difficulty, prevailed upon to join his host in a single glass of liquor, and that on condition that he should be permitted to name the pledge, which he prefaced with a grace of about five minutes, and then, with bonnet doffed and eyes up-lifted, drank to the memory of those herces of the Kirk who had first uplifted her banner upon the montains. As no persuasion could prevail on him to ex-tend his conviviality to a second cup, my patron ac-companied him home, and accommodated him in the companied nim nome, and accommodated nim in the Prophet's Chamber, as it is his pleasure to call the closet which holds a spare bed, and which is fre-gently a place of retreat for the poor traveller.† "The next day I took leave of Old Mortality, who seemed affected by the unusual attention with which I had cultivated his acquintance and listened to his

I had cultivated his acquaintance and listened to his conversation. After he had mounted, not without difficulty, the old white pony, he took me by the hand and saic, 'The bleasing of our Master be with you, young man!' My hours are like the ears of the latter harvest, and your days are yet in the spring; and yet you may be gathered into the garmer of mor-hity before me, for the sickle of death cuts down the green as oft as the ripe, and there is a colour in

Probably monsteurs. It would seem that this was spoken using the apprehensions of invasion from France.-Publishers.

aring the appreciation of interior fracts. Teacher the second se

your check, that, like the bud of the rose, serveth oft to bide the worm of corruption. Wherefore labour as one who knoweth not when his master calleth. And if it be my lot to return to this village after ye are gane hame to your ain place, these auld withered hands will frame a stane of memorial, that your ame may not perish from among the people." "I thanked Old Mortality for his kind intentions m my behalf, and heaved a sigh, not; I think, of re-gret so much as of resignation, to think of the chance that I might soon require his good offices. But posing that my span of life may be abridged in youth he had over-estimated the period of his own pilgrim-age on eurth. It is now some years since he has been he had over-estimated the period of his own pilgrim-age on earth. It is now some years since he has been missed in all his usual haunts, while moss, lichen, and deer-hair, are fast covering those stones, we cleanse which had been the business of his life. About the be-ginning of this century he closed his mortal toils, being found on the highway near Lockerby, in Dumfries-shire, exhausted and just expiring. The old white pony, the companium of all his wanderings, was stand-our by the side of his duing meter. These was found ing by the side of his dying master. There was found about his person a sum of money sufficient for his decent interment, which serves to show that his death was in no ways hastened by violence or by want. The common people still regard his memory with great respect; and many are of opinion, that the stones which he repaired will not again require the assistance of the chisel. They even assert, that on the tombs where the manner of the martyrs' mur-der is recorded, their names have remained-indelibly legible since the death of Old Mortality, whils those of the persecutors, sculptured on the same monu-ments, have been entirely defaced. It is hardly neces-sary to say that this is a fond imagination, and that ing by the side of his dying master. There was found sary to say that this is a fond imagination, and that

sary to say that this is a fond imagination, and that since the time of the pious pilgrim, the monuments which were the objects of his care are hastening, like all earthly memorials, into ruin or decay. "My readers will of course understand, that in imbodying into one compressed narrative many of the anecdotes which I had the advantage of deriving from Old Mortality, I have been far from adopting , either his style, his opinions, or even his facts, so far as they appear to have been distorted by party preju-dice. I have endeavoured to correct or verify them from the most stuthentic sources of tradition, alforded by the representatives of either party.

from the most suthentic sources of tradition, alforded by the representatives of either party. "On the part of the Presbytenians, I have con-sulted such moorland farmers from the western dis-tricts, as, by the kindness of their landlords, or other-wise, have been able, during the late general change of property, to retain possession of the grazings on which their grandsizes fed their flocks and hards. I must own, that of late days, I have found this a lim-ited source of information. I have, therefore, called in the supplementary aid of those modest itinerants, whom the scrupulous civility of our ancestors de-nominated travelling merchants, but whom, of late, accommodating ourselves in this as in more material particulars, to the feelings and sentiments of our more particulars, to the feelings and sentiments of our more wealthy neighbours, we have learned to call pack-men or pedlars. To country weavers travelling in hoges to ggt rid of their winter web, but more espehopes to get rid of their winter web, but more espe-cially to tailors, who, from their sedentary profession, and the necessity, in our country, of exercising it by temporary residence in the families by whom they are employed, may be considered as possessing a complete register of rural traditions, I have been indebted for many illustrations of the narratives of Old Mortality, much in the taste and spirit of the original.

original. "I had more difficulty in finding materials for cor-recting the tone of partiality which evidently per-vaided those stores of traditional learning. in order that I might be enabled to present an unbiassed pio-ture of the manners of that unhappy period, and, at the same time, to do justice to the merits of both par-tives. But I have been enabled to qualify the marra-tives of Old Mortality and his Canteronian friends-by the proverts of more than one description of enby the reports of more than one descendant of an-cient and honourable families, who, themeelves de-cayed into the humble vale of life, yet look proudy back on the period when their ancestors fought and fell in behalf of the excled house of Stewart. I may

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In the second s

• O rake not up the ashes of our fathers i Implacable resentment was their crime, And grievous has the explation been."

### CHAPTER II.

Summon an hundred horse, by break of day, To wait our pleasure at the castle gates. Deuglas.

UNDER the reign of the last Stewarts, there was an anxious wish on the part of government to coun-teract, by every means in their power, the strict or puritanical spirit which had been the chief characteract, by every means in their power, the strict or puritanical spirit which had been the chief charac-teristic of the republican government, and to revive those feudal institutions which, united the vassal to the liege lord, and both to the, crown. Frequent musters and assemblies of the people, both for mili-tary. exarcise and for sports and pastimes, were appointed by authority. The interference, in the latter, case, was impolitic, to say the least; for, as usual on such occasions, the consciences which were at first only scrupious, became confirmed in their opinions, instead of giving way to the terrors of authority; and the youth of both sexes, to whom the pipe and tabor in England, or the bagpipe in Scot-iand, would have been in themselves an irresistible temptation, were enabled to set them at defiance, from the proud consciousness that they were, at the same time; resisting an act of council. To compel nen to dance and be merry by authority, has rarely succeeded even on board, of slave-ships, where it, was formerly sometimes attempted by way of inducing succeeded even on board of slave-snips, where it was formerly sometimes attempted by way of inducing the wretched captives to agitate their limbs and re-store the circulation, during the few minutes they were permitted to enjoy the fresh air upon deck. The rigour of the strict Calvinists increased, in proportion to the wishes of the government that it should be relaxed. A judaical observance of the Sabbath—a supercilious condemnation of all manly matimes and harmleas recreations as well as of Subbath—a supercilious condemnation of all manly prestimes and harmless recreations, at well as of the profane custom of promiscuous dancing, that is, of ment and women dancing together in the same ourty (for I believe they admitted that the exercise might be inoffensive if practised by the parties sepa-rately)—distinguishing those who professed a more than endinary share of sanctity, they discouraged, as far as lay in their power, even the ancient teap-

pen-schaus, as they were termed, when the fourdal array of the county was called out, and each crown-vassal was required to appear with such master of men and armour as he was bound to make by his fief, and that under high statutory penalties. The Covenanters were the more jealous of those assemblies, as the lord lieutenants and sheriffs under whom they were held had instructions from the government to spare no pains which might render them agreeable to the young men who were thus summoned together, upon whom the military exer-cise of the morphing, and the sports which usually closed the evening, might naturally be supposed to have a seductive effect.

closed the intrins, might naturally be supposed to have a seductive effect. The preachers and proselytes of the more rigid presbyterians laboured, therefore, by caution, remon-strance, and authority, to diminish the attendance upon these summonses, conscious that in doing so they leasened not only the apparent, but the actual strength of the government, by impeding the exten-sion of that esprit de corps which soon unites young men who are in the habit of meeting together for manly spott, or military exercise. They, therefore, exerted themselves earnestly to prevent attendance on these occasions by those who could find any pos-sible excuse for absence, and were especially severe upon such of their hearers as mere cunosity led to be spectators, or love of exercise to be partakers, of the array and the sports which took place. Such of the gentry as acceded to these doctrines were not always, however, in a situation to be ruled by them. The commands of the law were imperative; and the privy council, who administered the executive power in Scotland, were sevene in enforcing the statutory penalities against the crown-vassals who did not appear at the periodical wappen-schaw. The land-holders were compelled, therefore, to send their sons, tenants, and vassals to the rendezvous, to the num-ber of horses, men, and spears, at which they were soon as the formal inspection was over, the yoang men-at-arms were unable to resist the tempation of sharing in the sports which succeeded the matter, or to avoid listening to the prayers read in the churches on these occasions, and thus, in the opisharing in the sports which succeeded the master, or to avoid listening to the prayers read in the churches on these occasions, and thus, in the opi-nion of their repining parents, meddling with the accursed thing which is an abomination in the sight of the Lord.

of the Lord. The sheriff of the county of Lanark was holding the wappen-schaw of a wild district, called the Upper Ward of Clydesdale, on a haugh or level plain, hear to a royal borough, the name of which is no way essential to my story, on the morning of the 5th of May, 1679, when our narrative commences. When the musters had been made, and duly reported, the wour men as was used way users to mix in various the young men, as was usual, were to mix in various sports, of which the chief was to shoot at the popinjay, an ancient game formerly practized with arch-

sports, of which the chief was to shoot at the popin-jay, A an ancient game formerly practized with arcb-"Thé Featival of the Popinjay is still, I believe, practized at Maybole, in Ayrahire. The following passage in the history of the Somerville family, suggested the scenes in the text. The author of that curious manuscript thus celebrates his fa-diters demeanour at such an assombly. "I flaving now passed his infancie, in the text prear of his age, he was by his grandfather put to the grammar school, ther being them at the toune of Delserf a very able master that taught the grammar, and filted boyes for the colledge. Dureing his educating in this place, they had them a custome every your to solemnize the farst Sunday of May with deance-ing about a May-pole, freeing of ploose, and all gnanner of ra-chants in this pottin village, to furnish necessaries for the schollars porta, this youth resolves to provide himself else-where, so that he may appear with the bravest. In order to be schollars porta, this youth resolves to provide himself else-where, so that he may appear with the bravest. In order to booms of diverse colourns, a new hatt and gloves. Bat mo othing he bestowed him mooer more liberallis thas upper liber the schowes all the monoy that for along transbed with these commodities, but ane empty parse, he restarts and poten from his frienda, or had otherwarse; thus **Crusinsted** with these commodities, but ane empty parse, he restarts most-ing above eight mytes.) pattes on his cloaties is the accusted with these commodities, but ane empty parse, he restarts most-ing above eight mytes, patters on his cloaties and new hatt, fying with ribbones of all calloures; end in this consider, have and new hatt, due to the May pole was set to na and the costs-nitie of that day was to be kept. There first at the foot beat beet was chard, yarid, whore the May pole was set to an and the costs-nitie of that day was to be kept. There first at the foot beat here

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ery, but at this period with free-arms. This was the figure of a bird, dasked with purty-coloured furthers, so as to rescende a sopinity or pairot. It was suspended to a pole, and served for a mark, at which the compensore discharged their fueces and carbines in rotation, at the distance of aixiy or seventy paces. He whose ball brought down the mark, held the proud title of Captain of the Popinity for the available of the day, and was considered for the remainder of the day, and was usually escored in triumph to the most reputable changeescotted in triumph to the most reputation changes house in the neighbourhood, where the evening was closed with conviviality, conducted under his suspices, and, if he was able to estain it, at his expense. It will, of course, be supposed, that the indies of the country assembled to winness this gallant strife, those excepted who held the stricter tenets of puri-

there excepted who herefore have desined it chiminal to afford countenance to the profane gambols of the malignants. Landaus, barouches, or tilburies, there were none in those simple days. The lord liestenant of the county (a personage of ducal rank) alone pretended to the magnificence of a whoel-cartenant of the county (a personage of ducal rank) alone pretended to the magnificence of a whoel-car-riage, a thing cowrised with tarnished gilding and assipture, in shape like the vulgar picture of Noah's ark, dragged by eight long-tailed Flanders mares, bearing eight *sincides* and six *culsides*. The insides were their graces in person, two maids of honour, two children, a chapian stuffed into a sort of lateral recess, formed by a projection at the door of the vulsiele, and called, from its appearance, the boot, and an querry to his Grace ensooned in the cor-pesponding convenience on, the opposite side. A conchann and three postilions, who were short swords, and the wigs with three tails, had blunder-bow, conducted the equipage. On the foot-board, behind this moving mansion-house, stood, or rather large the teeth. The rest of the genity, men and women, old and young, were on horseback follewed by their servants; but the company, for the rea-sons already assigned, was rather select than nu-merous.

Near to the enormous leathern vehicle which we nevertempted to describe, vindicating her title to pre-sedence over the untitled gentry of the country, might we seen the sober palifyey of Lady Margaret Bellenden,

be seen the sober palifier of Lady Margaret Beilenden, bearing the evect and primitive form of Lady Marga-ret hereif, decked in those widow's weeds which the good lady had never laid aside, since the execution of her husband for his adherence to Montrose. Her grand-daughter, and only earthly care, the fair-haired Edith, who was generally allowed to be the pretriest lass in the Upper Ward, appeared beside her aged relative like Spring placed close to Winter. Her bleck Spanish jennet, which she managed with much strate, and langed, adde-adde-adde-adde-addeblack Spanish jennet, which she managed with much grace, her gay riding-dress, and laced side-saddle, had been anxiously prepared to set her forth to the best advantage. But the clustering profusion of rimgless, which, escaping from under her cap, were only confined by a green ribbon from wantoning over her shoulders; her cast of features, soft and feminine. Het not without a certain expression of playful arch-ress, which redeemed their sweetness from the sharge of insipidity, sometimes brought against idornation from the western youth than either the plexiton of her equipments or the figure of her walfrey. The attendance of these distinguished ledies

The attendance of these distinguished ladies was a ther inferior to their birth and fashion in those innes, as it consisted only of two ervants on horse-mack. The truth was, that the good old lady had con obliged to make all her domestic servants turn

bargeing, and dischargeing, he was so ready, and shots so near he marked, that he furre surpassed all his follow schollars, and example a toacher of that art to them before the thretteenth ear of his one age. And really, I have oftee admired his siterity in this, both at the excreming of his sewiders, and rheat for representations. I have gone to the gunning with him rheat was but a stripping myself; and abent that passetyme ras the exercise I delighted meet in, yet owild insver attaine any perfictions comparable to him. This days approximation of his field we comparable to him. This days approximation of his field we comparable to him. This days approximation of his field we contactuate of all the spectatores, the hypotheses of his follow condicuptes, and the second of the wheels him-wrents of what thits willings."

Vor. IL 3U

ent to complete the quete which her basery each? furnish for the nancter, and in which she would a for the universe have been found deficient. The o The of steward, who, in steel cap and jack-boots, led forth her array, had, as he said, sweated blood and water in his chorts to overcome the scruples and evasions in his clions to overcome the scrupies and evasions of the moorhand farmers, who ought to have furnish-ed men, horse, and harness, on these occasions. At last, their disputs came near to an open declaration of boerbities, the incensed episcopalism bestowing on the recusants the whole shunders of the commission, the recusants the whole shunders of the communication, and receiving from them, in return, the demunications of a Calvanistic excommunication. What wes to be done ? To punish the refractory tenants would have been casy smough. The privy council would readily have imposed fines and sent a twoop of heres to col-lect them. But this would have been calling the huntsman and hounds into the garden to kill the

numerical and increase to himself, "the carles have "For," said Harrison to himself, "the carles have kitle encugh gear at ony rate, and if I call in the zod-coats and take away what little they have, how is my worshipful lady to get her rents paide at Candlemas, which is but a difficult matter to bring round even in the base of times?"

the best of times?" So he armed the fowler, and falcomer, the footman, and the ploughman, at the home farm, with an old drunken cavaliering butler, who had served with the late Sir Richard nmer Montrose, and stunned the family nightly with his exploits at Kilsythe and Tip-permoor, and who was the only man in the party that had the smallest zeal for the work m hand. In permon, and who was the only man in the party that had the smallest zeal for the work m hand. In this manner, and by recruing one or two latiluidina-ran poschers and black-fishers, Mr. Harrison com-pleted the quota of men which fell to the share of Ledy Margaret Bellenden, as the rentrix of the barroy of Tilhetudlem and others. But when the sterward, an the morning of the eventful day, had mustered his troupe dorde before the iron gate of the tower, the mother of Cuddie Headings the ploughman ap-peared, loaded with the jack-boots, buff coat, and other accourtements which had been issued forth for theservice of the day, and laid them before the stew-rad ; demurely assuring him, that "whether it wors the colic, or a quaim of conscience, she couldna tak upon her to decide, but sure it was. Cuddie had been in seir straits s' night, and she couldna say he was muckle better this morning. The finger of Hesven," she said, " was in it, and her barm should gang on nae sic errands." Pains, penalties, and threats on disruisation for the purpose of verifying his state of body, could, or would, answer only by deer groans. Mause who had been an ancient domestic in the family, was a sort of favourite with Lady Margaret, and presumed accordingly. Lady Margaret had herself set forth, and her authority could not be appealed to. In this dilemma, the good genus of the old butter suggested an expedient. "He had seen mony a braw callmit, far less tham Guse Gibbie, fight brawly under Montrose. "What for no tak Guse Gibbie 7"

Guse Gibbie, fight brawly under Montrose. What for no tak Guse Gibbie ?"

for no tak Guse Gibble T. This was a half-witted lad, of very small stature, who had a kind of charge of the poultry under the old henwife; for in a Scottish family of that day there was a wonderful substitution of labour. This urchin being sent for from the stubble-field; was hasfily mufbeing sent for from the stubble-field, was hasfily muf-fied in the buff coat, and girded rather to than uside the sword of a full-grown man, his little legs plunged into jack-boots, and a seel cap put upon his head, which seemed from its size, as if it had been intended to extinguish him. Thus accoutred, he was hoisted, at his own earnest request, upon the quietest horse of the party; and, prompted and supported by old Gudyill the butler, as his front file, he passed muster tolerably enough; the sheriff not caring to examine too closely the recruits of so well-affected a personal Lady Margaret Bellenden. To the above cause it was owing that the personal retinue of Lady Margaret, on this eventual day

To the BOYS cause it was ownig that are periods retinue of Lady Margaret, on this eventful day amounted only to two lacqueys, with which diminish ed train she would, on any other occasion, have by mach schamed to appear in public. 'But, for the 49

TALES OF IN example of royalty, she was ready at any time to have a made the most unreserved personal secrifices. She had lost her husband and two promising sons in the civil wars of that unhappy period; but she had receiv-ed her reward, for, on his route through the west of Sasted at the Tower of Tillietudian; an incident which formed, from that moment, an important era-in the life of Lady Margaret, who seldom afterwards partook of that meal, either at home or abroad, with-suit detailing the whole circumstances of the royal yeas, not forgeting the salutation which his majesty conferred on each side of her face, though abe some-times omitted to notice that he bestowed the same favour on two buxom serving-wenches who appeared at her back, elevated for the day into the capacity of waiting gentlewomen. These instances of royal favour were decisive; and the life Margaret how a conferred or and

favour on two buxom serving-wenches who appeared at her back, elevated for the day into the capacity of "These instances of royal favour were decisive; and "I hady Margaret had not been a confirmed roy-alist already, from sense of high birth, influence of education, and hatred to the opposite party, through whom she had suffered stuch domestic calamity, the having given a breakfast to majesty, and received the royal salute in return, were honours enough of themselves to units her exclusively to the fortunes of themselves to units her exclusively to the fortunes of themselves to units her exclusively to the fortunes of themselves to units her exclusively to the fortunes of the Stewarts. These were now, in all appearance, is cale once more kick the beam. At present she enjoyed, in full extent, the military display of the force which stood ready to support the crown, and stifled, as well as she could, the mortification she fait at the unworthy desertion of her own retainers. Many civilities passed between her ladyship and the ropresentatives of sundry ancient loyal families who were upon the ground, by whom she was held in high revergnce; and not a young man of rank passed by them in the course of the muster, but he curred his body more erect in the saddle, and threw his hores upon its haunches, to display his own to be best advantage in the eyes of Miss Edith Bellen-den. But the young cavaliare, distinguished by high extend for the the display his aver addressed, most of which were little the worse for the stanton from Edith than the laws of courteey and dong-winded romances of Calorenede and Bouderi, the mirrors in which the youth of that age beighted to dress themselves, ere Folly had thrown her ballast overboard, and cut down her vessels of the first-rate, such as the romances of Calorenede has bodies to the mark it was, however, the decree of fate that Miss Bellenden abould not continue to ownee the same equanimity till the conclusion of the eyence the same equanimity till the conclusion of the eyence the s

### CHAPTER III.

# Horseman and horse confeet'd the bitter pang, And arms and warrior fell with hoavy clang. Phoneses of Hope.

WERNY the military evolutions had been gone through tolerably well, allowing for the awkward is a second time struck the popujay. All about through tolerably well, allowing for the awkward is a second time struck the popujay. All about the competitors were about to step forth for the game of the popujay already described. The mark of the popujay already described. The mark the mark was displayed, was raised amid the accla mations of the assembly; and even those who had eyed the evolutions of the feudal militia with a sort of malignant and sarcasic enser, from disinclination to the roya, cause in which they were professedly im-bodied, could not refrain from taking considerable in-greet in the strift which were professedly im-bodied, could not refrain from taking considerable in-greet to the strift which were professed the appearance of each competitor, as they advanced in

succession, discharged their pieces at the much and had their good or bad address rewarded by the imp-ter or applause of the spectators. But when a desire young man, dressed with great simplicity, re an young man, dressed with great simplicity, yet not without a certain air of pretension to elegance and gentility, approached the station with his fuses is his hand, his dark-green cloak thrown back over his shoulder, his laced ruff and feathered cap indicating a superior rank to the vulgar, there was a marmar at interest among the spectators, whether along the young adventurer, it was dificult to discourse

to discover. to discover. "Ewhow, airs, to see his father's son at the like of thas fearless follies!" was the ejaculation of the der and more rigid puritans, whose curiosity had so far overcome, their bigotry as to bring them to the play ground. But the generality viewed the strife less no rosely, and were contented to wish success to the son of a deceased presubyterian leader, without sincily examining the propriety of his being a competitor for the neise the prize. Their wishes were gratified. At the first di

Theil where were generated in the uncertainty of his piece the green advecturer struck the popular, being the first paipable hit of the day, though several balls had passed very near the mark. A load shout of applause ensued. But the success was not decisre, it being necessary that each who followed about have his chance, and that those who successed in hitting the mark, should renew the strist among themselves, till one displayed a decided superiority over the others. Two only of those who followed in order succeeded in hitting the popular, the first was a young man of low rank, heavily built, and, who kept his face muffied in his gray cloak; the second a gallant young cavalier, remarkable in a Lady Margaret and Miss Bellenden, and had let then with an ar of indifference, when Lady Margaretad asked whether there was no young man of isnit he two lads who had been successful. In half a minute, young Lord Evandale threw himself from his horse, borrowed a gun from a servant, and, as we have already noticed, hit the mark. Great was the interest excited by the renewal of the contest between the three candidates who had been Successful. In half a minute, young Lord Evandale threw himself from and lay 1 principles who had been fitther successful. The state equipage of the Duke was, with some dif-culty, put in motion, and approached more near to the scene of action. The riders, both male asf male, turned their horses' heads in the same dif-culty, put in motion, and approached more near to the scene of action. The riders, both male asf male, turned their horses' heads in the same dif-culty are supresed beat upon the issue of the rail of skill. It was the etiquette in the second costest, that the competitors should take, their turn of fing the of his piece the green adventurer struck the popular being the first palpable hit of the day, though stream

and all eyes were bent upon the issue of the trial d skill. It was the etiquette in the second costset, that the competitors should take their turn of sing after drawing lots. The first fail upon the young plebean, who, as he pook his stand, half-uncloaked his resin countenance, and said to the gallant in green. "Ye see, Mr. Henry, if it were ony other day, I could has wished to miss for your sake; but Jenry Demisson is looking at us, sea I maun do my best." He took his sim, and his bullet whistled past the mark so nearly, that the pendulous object at which a was directed was seen to shiper. Still, however, he had not hit it, and, with a downcast look, he with-drew himself from further competition, and hastened to disappear from the assembly, as if fearful of being recognised. The green chasseur next advanced, and from the outskirts of the assembly arose a cry of, "The good old cause for ever?" While the dignitaries bent ther brows at these es-ulting shouts of the disaffected, the young Lord Eva-ates and and an aistocratical part of the amisend attended his success, but still a subsequent trial at akill remained. The green markernan, as if determined to hears a cry of the shouts and congratulations of the well-affected and aristocratical part of the amisend attended his success, but still a subsequent trial at akill remained.

place from which he was to fire at a gallop, and, as be passed, threw up the reins, turned adeways upon his saddle, discharged, his carabine, and brought down the popinjay. Lord Evandals initiated his example, the popiniay. Lord Evandale initiated his example, although many around him said it was an innovation on the established practice, which he was not obliged to follow. But his skill was not so perfect, or his horse was not so well trained. The animal swerved at the moment his master fired, and the ball missed the popiniay. Those who had been surprised by the address of the green marksman were how equally pleased by his courtey. He disclaimed all ment from the last shot, and proposed to his antagonist that it should not be counted as a hit, and that they should renew the contest on foot.

"I would prefer horseback, if I had a horse as well bitted, and, probably, as well broken to the exercise, as yours," said the young Lord, addressing his anta-

gonist. "Will you do me the honour to use him for the next trial, on condition you will lend me yours ?" said the

trial, on condition you will lend me yours?" said the young gentleman. Lord Evandale was asharned to accept this cour-tesy, as conscious how much it would diminish the value of victory ; and yet, unable to suppress his wish to redeem his reputation as a marksman, he added, "that although he renounced all pretensions to the honour of the day," (which he said somewhat scorn-fully,) "yet, if the victor had no particular objection, he would willingly embrace his obliging offer, and change horses with him, for the purpose of trying a shot for love."

As he said so, he looked boldly towards Miss Bel-lenden, and tradition says, that the eyes of the young *tirailleur* travelled, though more covertly, in the same direction. "The young Lord's last trial was as unsuc-cessful as the former, and it was with difficulty that he preserved the tone of scormful indifference which he had hitherto assumed. But, conscious of the ridi-cule which attaches itself to the reseatthent of a los-The and infinition assumed. But, conscious of the full reals which attaches itself to the resentiment of a los-ing party, he returned to his antagonist the horse on which he had made his last unsuccessful attempt, and received back his own; giving, at the same time; thanks to his competitor, who, he said, had re-esta-blished his favourile horse in his good opinion, for he had been in great danger. of transferring to the poor mag the blame of an inferiority, which every one, as well as himself, must now be satisfied remained with the rider. Having made this speech in a tone in which mounted his horse and rode off the ground. As is the usual way of the world, the applause and attention even of those whose wishes had favoured Lord Evandale, were, upon his decisive discomfiture, transferred to his triumphant rival. "Who is he? what is his name?" ran from month to mouth among the gentry who were greeent, to few

"Who is be? what is his name?" ran from mouth to mouth among the gentry who were present, to few of whom he was personally known. His style and title having soon transpired, and being within that class whom a great man might notice without dero-gation, four of the Duke's friends, with the obedient start which poor Malvolio ascribes to his imaginary retinna, made out to lead the victor to his presence. As they conducted him in triumph through the crowd of spectators, and stufned him at the same time with or spectators, and stunned him at the same time with ther compliments on his success, he chanced to pass, or rather to be led, immediately in front of Lady Mar-garet and her grand-daughter. The Captam of the populay and Miss Bellenden coloured like crimson, as the latter returned, with embarrased courtesy, the low inclination which the victor made, even to the saddle-bow, in passing her. "Do you know that young person ?" said Lady Margaret ?

Margaret ? "I—I—have seen him, madam, at my uncle's, and —and elsewhere occasionally," stammered Miss Edith Bellenden.

"I hear them say around me," said Lady Margaret, "that the young spark is the nephew of old Miln-wood " wood

"The son of the late Colonel Morton of Milnwood, who commanded a regiment of horse with great cour-age at Dunbar and Inverkeithing," said a gentleman who sate on horseback beside Lady Margaret.

"Ay, and who, before that, fought for the Cove-nanters both at Marston Moor and Philiphaugh," said Lady Margaret, sighing as she pronounced the last fatal words, which her husband's death gave her such sad reason to remember. "Yoar ladyship's memory is just," said the gentle-man smiling, "but it were well all that were longot now."

now

now." "He ought to remember it Gilbertscleugh," return-ed Lady Margaret, " and dispense with intruding himself into the company of those to whom his name must bring unpleasing recollections." "You forget, my dear lady," said her nomenclator, "that the young gentleman comes here to discharge suit and service. In name of his uncle. I would every estate in the county sent on the appetter is fellow."

suit and service in name of his uncle. I would every estate in the country sent out as pretty a fellow." "His uncle, as well as his uncubile father, is a roundhead, I presume," said Lady Margaret, "He is ah old miser," said Gilbertscleugh, "with whom a bread piece would at any time weigh down-political opinions, and, therefore, although probably somewhat against the grain, he sends the young gra-thous in attend the number to as a round and the source grasomewhat against the graun, he sends the young gen-tleman to attend the muster to save pecuniary pains and penalties. As for the rest, I suppose the young-ster is happy enough to escape here for a day from the duiness of the old house at Milnwood, where he sees nobody but his hypochondriac uncle and the favourite housekeeper." "Do you know how many men and herse the lands of Milnwood are rated at ?" said the old lady, continu-ing her innuity.

ing her inquiry.

or main wood are rated at " said the old lady, continu-ing her inquiry. "Two horsemen with complete harness," answered Gilbertscleugh. "Our land," said Lady Margaret, drawing herself up with dignity, "has always furnished to the muster-eight men, couisn Gilbertscleugh, and often a volum-tary aid of thrice the number. I remember his sacred Majesty King Charles, when he took his disjune at Tillietudiem, was particular in inquirting". "I see the Duke's carriage in motion," said Gilberts-cleugh, partaking at the moment an alarma common to all Lady Margaret's friends, when she touched upon the topic of the royal visit at the family mansion, "I see the Duke's carriage in motion; I presume your ladyship will take your right of tank in leaving the field. May I be permitted to convoy your lady-ship and Miss Bellenden home?-Parites of the wild whigs have been abroad, and are said to insult and disarm the well-affected, who travel in small num-bers." bers

bers." "We thank you, cousin Gilbertscleugh," said Lady Margaret; "but as we shall have the escort of my own people, I trust we have less need than others to be troublesome to our friends. Will you have the goodness to, order Harrison to bring up our people somewhat more briskly; he rides them towards us as if he were leading a funeral procession."

The gentleman in attendance communicated his

The gentleman in attendance communicated his lady's orders to the junct signal second of the second second Honest Harrison had his own reasons for doubting the prudence of this command; but, once issued and received, there was a necessity for obeying it. He set off, therefore, at a hand-gallop, followed by the but-ler, in such a military stitute as became one who had served under Montrose, and with a look of defi-ance, rendered sterner and fiercer by the inspiring fumes of a gill of brandy, which he had snatched a moment to boilt to the king's health, and confusion to the Covenant, during the intervals of military duty. Unhappily this potent refreshment wiped away from the tablets of his memory the necessity of paying some attention to the distresses and difficulties of his. some attention to the distresses and difficulties of his, rear-file, Goose Gibbie. No sconer had the horses struck a canter, than Gibbie's slock-boots, which the poor boy's less were incapable of steadying, began to play alternately against the horse's flanks, and, being armed with long-rowelled spurs, overcame the pa-tience of the animal, which bounced and plunged, while poor Gibbie's entreaties for aid never reached the ears of the too heedless butter, being drowned partly in the concaye of the steel cap in which his head was immersed, and partly in the martial tune of the gallant Græmes, which Mr. Gudyill whistied, with all his power of lungs.

The upshot was, that the steed speedily took the matter into his own hands, and having gambolled hither and thither to the great amasement of all spectatora, set off at full speed towards the huge family-coach already described. Gibbic's pike, escaping from its sling, had fallen to a level direction across from its sling, had fallen to a level direction across his hands, which, I grieve to say, were seeking dis-honourable safety in as strong a grasp of the mane as their muscles could manage. His casque, too, had slipped completely over his face, so that he saw as lit-tle in front as he did in rear. Indeed, if he could, it would have availed him little in the circumstances; for his horse, as if in league with the disaffected, ran full nit towards the solerm equipage of the Duke, which the projecting lance threatened to perforate from window to window, at the risk of transfitting as many in its passage as the celebrated thrust of Or-lando, which, according to the Italian epic poet, broached as many Moors as a Frenchman spits frogs.

as many in its passage as the celebrated inits to Det, broached as many Moors as a Frenchman spits frogs. On beholding the bent of this misdirected career, a panic shout of mingled terror and wrath was set up by the whole equipage, insides and outsides, at once, which had the happy effect of averting the threatened misfortune. The capricious horse of Googe Gibble was terrified by the noise, and stumbling as he turned bort round, kicked and plunged violently as soon as he recovered. The jack-boots, the original cause of the disaster, maintaining the reputation they had acquired when worn by better cavaliers, answered every plunge by a fresh prick of the spurs, and, by their ponderous weight, kept their place in the stirrups. Not so Goose Gibble, who was fairly spurned out of those wide and ponderous greaves, and precipitated over the horse's head, to the infinite amusement of all the spectators. His lance and helmet had forsaken him in his fall, and, for the completion of his disgrace. Lady Margaret Bellenden, not perfectly aware that it was one of her warriors who was multish. As she had not been made acquainted with this metamorphosis, and could not even guess its cause, they much modified by the excuses and explanations of her steward and builer. She made a haety retreat homeward, extremely indignant at the shouts and langther of the company, and much disposed to vent her displeasure on the refractory agriculturist whose place Goose Gibble had so unhappily supplied. The greater part of the gentry now dispersed, the whimsi-cal misfortune which had befallen the gens d'armerie of Tillietudiem furnishing them with huge entertain-ment on their road homeward. The horsemen also, in little parties, as their road hy orgether, diverged from the place of rendezvous, excepting such as, hav-ine the date roit the gentry more higher were her

of Thierudiem numbring them with huge entertain-ment on their road homeward. The horsemen also, in little parties, as their road lay together, diverged from the place of rendezvous, excepting such as, hav-ing tried their dexterity at the populary, were, by ancient custom, obliged to partake of a grace-cup with their oaptain before their departure.

### CHAPTER IV.

At fairs he play'd before the spearmen, And gaily graithed in their gear then, Steel bonnets, pikes, and swords shone clear then As ony bead ;

Now wha sall play before the weir men. Since Habbie's deed! Elegy on Habbie Simp

THE cavalcade of horsemen on their road to the little borough-town were preceded by Niel Blane, the town-piper, mounted en lus white galloway, armed with his dirk and broadsword, and bearing a chanter streaming with as many ribbofts as would deck out six country belies for a fair or preaching. Niel, a clean, tight, well timbered, long-winded fellow, had gained the official situation of town-piper of-by his merit, with all the entoluments thereof; name-ly, the Piper's Croft, as it is still called, a field of about an acre in extent, five merks, and a new livery-coat of the town's colours, yearly; some hopes of a dollar upon the day of the election of magistrates, providing the provest were able and willing to afford such a

graunity ; and the privilege of paying, at all the manerable houses in the neighbourhood, an annual wast at spring-time, to rejoice their hearts with his music, a comfort his own with their ale and brandy, and to be from each a modicum of seed-corn.

In addition to these inestimable advantages, Nin's personal, or professional, accomplishments won the heart of a jelly widow, who then kept the principal change-house in the borough. Her former hubbad heart of a jelly widow, who then kept the practase change-house in the borough. Her former hushand having been a strict presbyterian, of such note that he usually went among his sect by the name of Gains the publican, many of the more rigid were scandaned by the profession of the successor whom his relict he chosen for a second helpmate. As the brows (w brewing) of the Howff retained, nervertheless, as unrivalled reputation, most of the old customers ca-tinued to give it a preference. The character of the hew landlord, indeed, was of that accommodising kind, which enabled him, by close attention to the helm to keep his liftle vessel pretty steady amid the contending tides of faction. He was a good-humosed, shrewd, selfish sort of fellow, indifferent aike to the secure the good-will of customers of every description. But his character, as well as the state of the country of the instructions which he issued to his daughter, as girl about eighteen, whom he was imiting in these cares which had beefor event of the instrucuntil about six months before our story comments when the honest woman had been carried to the yard.

yard. "Jenny," said Niel Blane, as the girl assisted disencumber him of his bagpipes, " this is the five of that ye are to take the place of your worthy motion attending to the public; a douce wornan she w civil to the customers, and had a good namew " and Tory, baith up the street and down the street, will be hard for you to fill her place, especially with thrang day as this; but Heeven's will remain be du ed.—Jenny, whatever Milnwood ca's for, he sum much had's, for he's the Captain o' the Popping, a suld custome many be supported; if he captain place ex.—Jenny, whatever Milnwood ca's for, he are maun hae't, for ho's the Captain o' the Popingr, aud customs mann be supported; if he cama per laving himsell, as I ken ho's keepit unce charting head, I'll find a way to shame it out o' he and The curate is playing at dice wi' Cornet Grain Be eident and avait to them baith—clergy and capt can gie an unco deal o' fash in that times, where's take an ill-will.—The dragoons will be crying for and they wunna want it, and mannan want in-dare unruly chields, but they pay ane some grain other. I, gat the humle-cow, that's the best in-byre, frae black Frank Inglis and Sageast Bothwa for ten pund Scots, and they drank cut the proce eving loons drave the cd? frae the genewice o' he moor, just because ahe gased to hear a field press as Sabish afternoon."

"Whisht ! ye ailly tawpie," said her father, " w naething to do how they come by the bestial the -be that atween them and their conneciences. -Take notice, Jenny, of that down, stor-carle that sits by the cheek o' the ingle, and t back on a' men. He looks like ane o' the l for I saw him start a wee when he saw the res and I jalouse he wad has liked to has ridden by and I jaluse he wad has liked to has ridden by, bash horse (it's a gude gelding) was over sair travalst behoved to stop whether he wad or no. Server cannily, Jenny, and wi kitle din, and dinna brans sodgers on him by spering ony questions at him ju let na him has a room to himsell, they wad sry were hiding him. —For yoursell Jenny, ye'll be can a' the folk, and take as head o' ony measure daffing the young latis may say type. Folk it hostler line maun put up wi' muckle. Your may rest her saul, could pit up wi' as muckle as more uncivil ye may gip me a cry—Aweel, —when the begins to get aboot the meal, they'll begins to about government and kirk and state, and then, Jan they are like to quarrel—let them be doing — and drouthy passion, and the mair they dispute, the ale they'll drink; but ye were best serve them w

ICHAP, IV.

### CRAP, IVI

"At no hand, Jenny; the redder gets are the warst "At no hand, Jenny; the redder gets are the warst lick in the fray. If the sodgers draw their swords, we'll cry on the corporal and the guard. If the country tolk tak, the tange and poker, ye'll cry on the balle and town-officers. But in nae event cry on me, for 1 and wears officers. But in nae event cry on me, for 1 and wears of doubling the bag of wind a' day, and an weared wi douding the bag of wind a day, and I am gan to eat my dinner quietly in the spence.— And, now I think on't, the Laird of Lickitup (that's aim that was the laird) was speering for sma' drink and a south terring—gie him a pu' be the aleeve, and wund into his lug I wad be blithe o' his company to Fina wi' from how may a gride weather one of the second The win we have a guide customer a mean a day, and wants neething but means to be a guide ane again -he likes drink as weel as e'er he did. And if ye ken my bur body o' our acquaintance that's blate for meant o' siller, and has far to gaing hame, ye meedaa mek to gie them a waught o' drink and a bannocke'll ne 'er miss't, and it looks creditable in a house its ours. And now, hinny, gang awa, and serve the fills, but first bring me my diamer, and twa chappins y yill and the mutchkin stoup o' brandy." Having thus devolved his whole cares on Jerny as

sime musister, Niel Blade and the *ci-desart* lard, me his patron, but now glad to be his trencher-com-parion, setsdown to enjoy themselves for the remain-ter of the evening, remote from the bustle of the pub-6.700m

All in Jenny's department was in full activity. The knights of the popinjay received anti required the mentionable entertainment of their captain, who, though its meased the cup himself, took, care it should go the spaced the cup hannesit, took care it should go sound with due celerity among the rest, who might bat have otherwise deemed themselves handsonely rested. Their numbers melted away by degrees, and mere at length diminished to four or five, who began is task of breaking up their party. At another table, at some distance, sat two of the dragoons, whom Niel Blanc had mentioned a severate of a private At some distance, sat two of the dragoona, whom Niel-Blame had mentioned, a sergeant and a private a the celebrated John Grahame of Claverhouse's regiment of Life-Guards. Even the non-commis-ioned officers and privates in these corps were not some deficers and privates in these corps were not some deficers and privates in these corps were not some deficers and privates in these corps were not some deficient of the French mousquestimes, seing regarded in the light of cadets, who perform at the duties of rank-and-file with the prospect of statisting commissions in case of distinguishing them-sives. eives.

Wany young men of good families were to be found theranks, a circumstance which added to the pride a self-consequence, of these troops. A remarkable nstance of this occurred in the person of the nonvas Francis Stewart, but he was universally known was Francis Stewart, but he was universally known with appellation of Both well, being imeally descendevents appellation of Both well, being ittneauty descend-tions the last earl of that name; not the inflamous over of the unfortunate Queen Mary, but Francis Newart, Earl of Bothwell, whose tarbulence and speated conspiracies embarrased the early part of the status of the set langth diad merits. speated conspiracies embarrassed the early part of mass Sixth's reign, and who at length disd in exile *i*-great powerty. The son of this Karl had sud to Marles I. for the restitution of part of his father's iffeited estates, but the grasp of the nobles to whom my had been allotted was too tenacious to be un-immed him, by intercepting a small pension which markes I. had allowed him, and he diod in the utmost pinged him, by intercepting a small pension which broad and in Britsin, and he diod in the utmost pingence. His son-after, having served as a soldier digence. His son-after, having served as a solder proad and in Britain, and passed through several **pressinues** of fortune, was fain to content himself isth the situation of a non-commissioned officer in se Life-Guards, although lineally descended from to royal family, the faiher of the forfeited Earl of stravel having been a natural son of James VI.\* beat: personal strength, and dexterity in the use of

"The interery of the relations and ambitions - Francis Stawart, C of Bothweil, makes a considerable figure in the reign of new U- of Scotland, and - First of England. After being re-andly - particulated a setue of transien, he was at the sith obligat attra abroad where he died in great missery. Gasal part of at patt of

bey in sever ken the difference." "But father," said Jenny, "if they come to loun-time will atter, as they did last time, suidan I cry on the other to loun-der ilk ther, as they did last time, suidan I cry on of the identiousness and ocurrestve disposition, which of the licentiousness and oppressive disposition, which the habit of acting as agents for government in levy-ing fines, exacting free quarters, and otherwise op-pressing, the Presbyterian recusants, had rendered too general among these soldiers. They were so to general among these soldiers. They were so nuch accustomed to such missions, that they con-ceived themselves at liberty to commit all manner of license with impunity, as if totally exempted from all law and authority, excepting the command of their officers. On such occasions Bothwell was usually the most forward.

the most forward. It is probable that Bothwell and his companions would not so long have remained quiet, but for re-spect to the presence of their. Cornet, who command-ed the small party quartered in the borough, and who was engaged in a game at dice with the curate of the place. But both of these being suddenly called from their annueement to speak with the chief magistrate upon some urgent business. Bothwell was not long of evincing his contempt for the rest of the company. "Is it not a strange thing, Halliday," he said to his commade, "to see a set of bumpkins at carousing here this whole evening, without having drank the king's health?" "They have drank the king's health," said Halli-day. "I heard that green kall-worm of a lad name his majesty's health."

"Did he ?" said Boshwell. "Then, Tom, we'll have them drink the Archbishof of St. Andrew's-health, and do it on their knees too." "So we will, by G-," said Halkday; " and he that refuses it, we'll have him to the guard-house, and teach him to ride the colt fooled of an acorn, with a brace of carabines at each foot to keep him steady." "Right, Tom," continued Bothwell; " and, to de all things in order, I'll begin with that sulky blue-bonnet in the ingle-nook." He rose accordingly, and taking

He rose accordingly, and taking his sheathed broadsword under his arm to support the insolence which he meditated, placed himself in front of the stranger noticed by Niel Blane, in his admonitions to his daughter, as being in all probability, one of the hill call content product with the stranger

"I make so bold as to request of your precision, beloved," said the trooper, in a tone of affected solembeloved," said the trooper, in a tone of affected solem-nity, and assuming the snuffle of a country preacher, "that you will arise from your seat, beloved, and, having bent your hams until your knees do rest upon the foor, beloved, that you will turn over this mea-sure (called by the profame a gill) of the comfortable creature, which the carnal denominate brandy, to the health and glorification of his Grace the Archbishop of St. Andrews, the worthy primate of all Scotland."

of St. Andrews, the worthy primate of all Scotland." his forfeited estate was bevrowed on Walter Scott, first Lord of Buccleuch, and on the first Earl of Rozburghe. Transes Stewarz, son of the forfeited Barl, obtained from the favour of Charles I. a decreet-arbitral, appointing the two noble-men, grantess of his failer's estatio, to restore the same, or make, some compensation for retaining it. The barooy of Crickton, with its beautiful esteld, was surrendered by the caracters of Francis, Earl of Buccleuch, but he retained the fus more esten-from writings in the author's possession, made an advantageous from writings in the author's possession, made an advantageous from writings in the author's possession, made an advantageous from writings in the author's possession, made an advantageous from writings in the author's possession, made an advantageous from beam, tenjoyed these, hor was any thirsy the richen, since they accrued to his creditors, and are now in the possess in the late war; as for the other brother John, who was Abbot of Coldingham, he also disponded all that beats, cand now has nothing, but lives on the chaity of his friends." Trances Blewart, who had been a thooper during the great civit War, seems to have received no preferment, after the Re-storetion, autient to his high birth though, in fact, this dosan to Charles IL. Captain Crichton, he friend of Dean Swift, who King's Life-Guards. At the same time this was no degrading condition; for Fountanhall records a duel fought between a Life-Guardsman, and an onffloer in the mitting because the latter had taken uson this the offer to retor or a late no dingent due was kilded in the recourds a duel fought between a Life-Guardsman and an onffloer in the mitting because the latter market. The character of Bothrwell essept in melation to the name, is

The character of Bothweil except in relation to the m miy ideal.

\*The Stappering State of the Scotz Stateamen for one hundred party by SirJohn Seaton Scotstarret. Eduburgh, 1784. P. 166. 49\*

All waited for the stranger's answer.—His features, austere even to ferocity, with a cast of eye, which, without being actually oblique, approached nearly to a squint, and which gave a very sinister expression to his countenance, joined to a frame, square, strong, and muscular, though something under the middle size, seemed to announce a man unlikely to under-stand rude jesting, or to receive insults with impanity. "And what is the consequence," said he, "if I should not be disposed to comply with your uneivil request?".

snould not be disposed to comply with your uncivil request?". "The consequence thereof, beloved," said Both-well, in the same tone of raillery, "will be, firstly, that I will tweak thy proboscis, or nose. "Secondly, beloved, that I will administer my fist to thy distorted visual, optics; and will conclude, beloved, with a practical application of the flat of my sword to the shoulders of the recusant." "Is it even so?" said the stranger; "then give me the cup;" and, taking it in his hand, he said, with a peculiar expression of vice and manner, "The Arch-bishop of St. Andrews, and the place he now wor-thily holds;-may each prelate in Scotland soon be as the Right Reverend James Sharpe!" "He has taken the test," said Halliday, exultingly. "But with a qualification," said Bothwell; "I don't understand, what the devil the crop-bared whig means."

"But with a qualification," said Bothwell; "I don't understand, what the devil the crop-bared whig means." "Come, gentlemen," said Morton, who became im-patient of their insolence, "we are here met as good subjects, and on a merry occasion; and we have a right to axpect we shall not be troubled with this sort of discussion." Bothwell was about to make a surly answer, but Hallday reminded him in a whisper, that there were strict injunctions that the soldiers should give no offence to the men who were sent out to the musters agreeably to the council's orders. So, after honour-ing Morton with a broad and fierce stare, he said, "Well, Mr. Popinjay, I shall not disturb your reign; I reckon it will be out by twelve at night.—Is it not an odd thing, Halliday," he continued, addressing his companion, "that they should make such a fuss about crasking off their birding-pieces at a mark which any woman or boy could hit at a day's practice? If Cap-tain Popinjay, now, or any of his troop, would try a bout, either with the broadsword, backsword, single rapier, or rapier and dagger, for a gold noble, the first-drawn blood, 'there would be some soul in it,—or, zounds, would the bumpkins but wreetle, or pitch the bar, or put the stone, or throw the axie-tree, if (touch-ing the end of Morton's sword econfully with his toe) they carry things about them that they are afraid odraw."

Moriton's patience and prudence now gave way entirely, and he was about to make a very angry an-swer to Bothwell's insolent observations, when the

swer to bothwell's inspect observations, when the stranger stepped forward. "This is my quarrel," he said, "and in the name of the good cause, I will see it out myself.-Hark thee, friend" (to Bothwell.) "wilt thou wrestle a fall with me?"

the, friend," (to Bothwell,) "wilt thou wrestle a tail with me?" "With my whole spirit, beloved," answered Both-well; "yea I will strive with thee, to the dowafall of one or both." "Then, as my trust is in Him that can help," re-torted his antagonist, "I will forthwith make thee an example to all such railing Rabshakehs." With that he dropped his coarse gray horseman's coat from his shoulders, and, extending his strong brawny arms with a look of determined resolution, he offered himself to one contest. The soldier was mothing abashed by the muscular frame, broad chest, he offered himself to the contest. The soldier was nothing abashed by the muscular frame, broad chest, square shoulders, and hardy look of his antagonist, but, whistling with great composure, unbuckled his belt, and laid aside his military coat. The company stood round them, anxious for the event. In the first struggle the trooper seemed to have some advantage, and also in the second, though nei-ther could be considered as decisive. But it was plain he had nut his whole attention to condensite forth.

be had put his whole strength too suddenly forth, against an antagonist possessed of great endurance, skill, vigour, and length of wind. In the third close, whe countryman lifted his opponent fairly from the

floor, and hurled him to the ground with such to lence, that he lay for an instant stunned and score-less. His comrade Halliday immediately dre bis sword; "You have killed my sergeant," he exclamat to the victorious wrestler, "and by all that is accel

you shall answer !!? "Stand back !" cried Morton and his companies, "it was all fair play; your comrade sought a fall and he has got it."

he has got it." "That is true enough," said Bothwell, as he swy rose; "put up your bibo, Tom. I did not that here was a crop-ear of them all could have laid the bar cap and feather in the King's Life Guards on the for of a rascally change-house. Hark ye, frieid, group your hand." The stranger held out his hand " promise you," said Bothwell, squeezing his find wy hard, "that the time will come when we shall not again, and try, this grame over in a more email manner." manner

manner. "And I'll promise you," said the strange, roun-ing the grasp with equal firmness, "that when w next meet, I will lay your head as low as it is you now, when you shall lack the power to in it of actin "

again." "Well, beloved," angwered Bothwell, "ithouber a whig, thou art a stout and a brave one and so god even to thee-Hadst best take thy ang form the Cornet makes the round; for, I promise the star star'd less suspicious-looking persons." The stranger seemed to think that the init was not to be neglected; he fhung down his reckning all going into the stable, saddled and brought out age-the house house now securited by rest in time.

going into the stable, saddled and brought of spor erful black horse, now recutized by rest indicate and turning to Mforton, observed, "I not use Milnwood, which I hear is your heme; will see me the advantage and protection of your compary "Certainly," said Morton; although they something of gloomy and relentless revery a lis math's manner from which his mind rooms.

someoning of groomy and receives series, man's manner from which his mind receives companions, after a courteous good-night we and went off in different threchong, some we them company for about a mile, until the ow off one by one, and the travellers were left about the forman and the day of the form <u>ت</u> ين

off one by one, and the travellers were left and The company had not long left the Horf, and Blane's public-house was called, when he manne and kettle-drums sounded. The trooper so use arms in the market-place at this uncreased mons, while, with faces of anxiety and censense. Gornet Grahame, a kinsman of Clavethors, addie Provost of the borough, followed by half a dem soldiers, and town-officers with halbers, entered and arguint differences in the intervention of the sound soldiers, and town-officers with halbers, entered and apartment of Niel Blane. "Guard, the doors !" were the first work which the Cornet spoke; "let no mas have the house. -So, Bothwell, how comes this! Dir you not here. "He was just going to buarters, so," soil has com-rade; "he has had a bad fall." "In a fray, I suppose?" said Grahame. "How have d nardenered door and Bodd Bland. "How have d nardenered door and Badd Bland."

"How have I neglected duty?" said Board mikily.

"You should have been at quarters, Sen "You should," replied the officer; "you have golden opportunity. Here are news onto the Archbishop of St. Andrews has been stranged foully assassing by a body of the refer who purpued and stranged to conside an who pursued and stopped his canize of the Muir, near the town of St. Andrews dragers out, and despatched him with their sword a dargers." daggers

All stood aghast at the intelligence. "Here are their descriptions," continued the net, pulling out a proclamation, "the revail thootsand merks is on each of their heads."

"The test, the test, and the qualification" Both well to Halliday, "I know the meaning" -Zounds, that we should not have stopt hand.

\* The general account of this act of sensitivity in the found in all histories of the period. A more particular live may be found in the words of one of the scient Russell, in the Appendix to Kirkton's History of the Q Scotland, published by Charles Kirkpatrick Samp, 4to, Edinburgh, 1917.

haired." "That is not my man," said Bothwell. "John Balfour, called Burley, aquiline nose, red-haired, five feet eight inches in height"—— "It is he—it is the very man," said Bothwell,— "skellies fearfully with one eye?" "Right," continued Grahame, "rode a strong black horse, taken from the primate at the time of the

horse, t

"The very man," exclaimed Bothwell, "and the very horse! he was in this room not a quarter of an hour since."

A few hasty inquiries tended still more to confirm the opinion, that the reserved and stern stranger was Ballour of Burley, the actual commander of the band of assassins, who, in the fury of misguided zeal, had murdered the primate, whom they acciden-tally met, as they were searching for another person against whom they bore ennity.\* In their excited imagination the casual rencounter had the appear-ance of a providential interference, and they put to death the archishop, with circumstances of great and cold-blooded cruelty, under the belief, that the Lord, as they expressed it, had delivered him into their handa,t "Horse, horse, and pursue, my lads!" exclaimed

"Horse, horse, and pursue, my lads !" exclaimed Cornet Grahame ; "the murdering dog's head is worth its weight in gold."

### CHAPTER V.

Arouse thee, youth I—it is no human call— God's church is leaguer'd—hasts to man the wall ; Hasts where the Redcreas banners wave on high, Eggeal of honour'd death, or victory i

### JAMES DUPP.

MORTON and his companion had attained some Morrow and his companion had attained some distance from the town before either of them ad-dressed the other. There was something, as we have obserred, repulsive in the manner of the stranger, which prevented Morton from opening the conversation, and he himself meemed to have no desire to talk, until, on a sudden, he abruptly de-manded, "What has your father's son to do with such profane nummeries as I find you this day en-escent in  $t^{\alpha}$ gaged in 7

"I do my duty as a subject, and pursue my hârm-less recreations according to my own pleasure," re-plied Morton, somewhat offended. "Is it your duty, think you, or that of any Chris-tian young man, to bear arms in their cause who

a Septtish Worthies. Svo. Leith, 1816. Page 522.

saddle our horses, Halliday.—Was there one of the men, Cornet, very stout and square made, double chested, thin in the flanks, hawk-nosed ?" "Stay, stay," said Cornet Grahame, "let me look haired." "That is not my man," said Bothwell. "John Balfour, called Burley, aquiline nose, red-haired, five feet eight inches in height"—" "It is the server man ?" said Bothwell. "John Balfour, called Burley, aquiline nose, red-haired, five feet eight inches in height"—" "It is the server man ?" said Bothwell.

thought proper to stand out against the government. I must remind you that you are unnecessarily using dangerous language in the presence of a mere stran-ger, and that the times do not render it safe for me to listen to it."

"Thou canst not help it, Henry Morton," said his companion; "thy master has his uses for thee, and when, he calls, thou must obey. Well wot I thou hast not heard the call of a true preacher, or thou hast not heard the call of a true preacher, or thou hast ere now been what thou wilt assuredly one day become

become." "We are of the presbyterian persuasion, like your-eelf," said Morton; for his uncle's family attended the ministry of one of those numerous presbyterian elergymen, who, complying with certain regulations, were licensed to presch without interruption from . the government. This *indulgence*, as it was called made a great schism among the presbyterians, and those who accepted of it were severely consured by the more rigid sectaries, whe refused the profiered terms. The stranger, therefore, answered with great diedain to Morton's profession of faith. "That is but an equivocation—a poor equivocation.

terms. The stranger, incretore, answered with great disdain to Morton's profession of faith. "That is but an equivocation—a poor equivocation. Ye listen on the Sabbath to a cold<sup>\*</sup> worldly, time-serving discourse, from one who forgets his high commission so much as to hold his apostleship by the favour of the courtiers and the false prelates, and ye call that hearing the word! Of all the baits with which the devil has fished for souls in these days of blood and darkness, that Black Irdulgence has been the most destructive. An awful dispensation it has been, a smiting of the shepherd, and a scattering of the sheep upon the mountains—an uplifting of one Christian banner against another, and a fighting of the wars of darkness with the swords of the children of light!" "My uncle," said Morton, "is of opinion, that we enjoy a reasonable freedom of conscience under the indulged clergyman, and I must necessarily be guided by his sentiments respecting the choice of a place of worship for his family."

(A)(9) a reasonable incention of conscience under indulged clergyman, and I must necessarily be guided by his sentiments respecting the choice of a place of worship for his family."
"Your uncle," said the horseman, "is one of those to whom the least lamb in his own folds at Milnwood is dearer than the whole Christian flock. He is one that could willingly bend down to the goldencalf of Bethel, and would have fished for the dust thereof when it was ground to powder and cast upon the waters. Thy father was a man of another stamp."
"My father," replied Morton, "was indeed a brave and gallant man. And you may have heard, ar, that he fought for that royal family in whose name I was this day carrying arms."
"Ay; and had he lived to see these days, he would have cursed the hour he ever drew sword in their cause. But more of this hereafter -I promise they full surely that thy hour will come, and then the works thon hast now heard will stick in thy bosom like barbed arrows. My road lies there."
He pointed towards a pase leading up into an wild extent of dreary and desolate hills; but as he was about to turn his horse's head into the rugged path, which led from the high-road in that direction, an old woman wrapped in a red clock, who was sitting by the cross-way, arose, and approaching him, said, in a mysterious tope of voice, "If ye be of our aim folk, gangna up the pass the night for your lives. There is a lion in the path, that is there. The curate of Brotherstane and tan soldiers has beset the base, to has the lives of ony of our puir wanderers that mong themselves ?" domanded the stranger. "How the presecuted folk drawn to any head among themselves ?" domanded the stranger. "About sirty or seventy horse and foot," said the old dame; "but, ewhow! they are puirly armed, and warse fanded wi'victual."

"Glod. will belp his own," said the horseman. "Which way shall I take to join them?" "It's a mere impossibility this night," said the woman, "the troopers keep sae strict a guard; and they say there's strange news come frae the east, they say there's strange news come frae the east, that makes them rage in their cruelty mair fierce than ever-Ye maun take shelter somegate for the night before ye get to the muira, and keep yoursell in biding till the gray o' the morning, and then you may find your way through the Drake Moss. When I heard the awfur throatenings o' the oppressors. I e'en took my cloak about me, and sate down by the wayside, to warn ony of our pur scattered remnant that chanced to come this gate, before they fell into the nets of the spoilers." "Have you a house near this?" said the stranger; "and can you give me hiding there?"

"Have you a house near this " such the stranger; "and can you give me hiding there?" "I have," suid the old woman, "a hut by the way-side, it may be a rails from hence; but four mer of Belial, called dragoons, are lodged therein, to spoil my household goods at their pleasure, because I will not wait upon the thowless, thriftless, fissenless ministry of that carnal man, John Halttext, the curate." curate.

Good night, good woman, and thanks for thy nsel," said the stranger, as he rode away. The blessings of the promise upon you," returned counsel,

counsel," said the stranger, as he rode away. "The blessings of the promise upon you," returned the old dame; "may Hc keep you that can keep you." "Amen," said the trayeller; "for where to hide my head this night, mortal skill cannot direct me." "I am very sorry for your distress," said Morton; "and had I a house or place of shelter that could be called my own, I almost think I would risk, the utanest rigour of the law rather than leave you in such a strait. But my uncle is so alarmed at the vane and constitue denounced by the laws against mains and penalties denounced by the laws against

panes and penalties denounced by the laws against such as comfort receive, or consort with intercom-muned persons, that he has strictly forbidden all of us to hold any intercourse with them." "It is no less than I expected," said the stranger; "nevertheless, I might be received without his know-ledge; -a barn, a hay-loft, a cart-shed, -any place where I could stretch me down, would be to my habits like a tabernacle of silver set about with planks of cedar.

I assure you," said Morton, much embarrassed, "1 assure you," said Morton, much embarrassed, "that I have not the means of receiving you at Miln-wood without my uncle's consent and knowledge; nor, if I could do so, would I think myself justifiable in engaging him unconsciously in a danger, which, most of all others, he fears and deprecates." "Well," asid the traveller, "I have but one word to say. Did you ever hear your father mantion Johns Balfour of Burley ?" "Hia assignt friend and comrade, who saved his

Ballour of Burley?" "His ancient friend and conarade, who saved his life, with almost the loss of his own, in the battle of Longmareton-Moor ?—Often, very often." "I am that Ballour," said his companion. "Yon-der stands thy uncle's house; I see the light among the trees. The avenger of blood is behind me, and my death certain unless I have refuge there. Now, make thy choice, young man; to shrink from the side of thy father's friend, like a thief in the night, and to leave him exposed to the bloody death from which he rescued thy father, or to expose thme uncle's worldly goods to such peril, as, in this per-verse generation, attends those who give a morsel of bread os a draught of cold water to a Christian man, when persching for lack of refreshment !"

Verse generation, another inter out of the another international and the second 
of deep regret, that he had never, in any man bers enabled to repay the assistance, which, on than one occasion; he had received from Burley.

to master morion's decision, the night-wind, as's swept along, brought from a distance the sales sound of a kettle-drum, which, seeming to approach nearer, intimated that a body of horse was mon their march towards them. To hasten Morton's decision, the night-wind,

"It must be Claverhouse with the rest of his reg ment. What can have occasioned this night-mare This be claveriouse with the rest of his new ment. What can have occasioned this night-meet If you go on, you fall into their hands—if you wan back towards the borough-town, you are in no less danger from Cornet Grahame's party.—The path to the hill is beset. I must shelter you at Milnwood, e expose you to instant death ;—but the punishment of the law shall fall upon myself, as in justice it should, not upon my uncle.—Follow me." Burley, who had awaited his resolution with gest composure, now followed him in silence. The house of Milnwood, built by the father of the present proprietor, was a decent mannion, suitable to the size of the estate, but, since the accession of this ownar, it had been suffered to go considerably into disropair. At some little distance from the beum stood the court of offices. Here Mortan paused. "I must leave you here for a little while," be whis-pered, "until I can provide a bed for you in the baues

"I care little for such delicacy," said Barley; "for thirty years this head has rested of tener on the surf or on the next gray stone, than upon eaks work or down. A draught of ale, a morsel of bread, tasy work or prayers, and to stretch me upon dry hay, were to me as good as a painted chamber and a prace's this. It occurred to Morton at the same moment, that to

attempt to introduce the fugitive within the host attempt to introduce the fugitive within the house, would materially increase the danger of detection. Accordingly, having struck a light with implements left in the stable for that putpose, and having fastened up their horses, he assigned Burley, for his the of repose, a wooden bed, placed in a loft half-fulf my, which an out-of-door domestic had occupied with dismissed by his uncle in one of those fits of paramo-ny which became more night from days to day in ny which became more rigid from day to day. In this untenanted loft Morton left his companies, which a caution so to shade his light that no refect might be seen from the window, and a prome of he would presently retarn with such refreshment he would presently retarn with sich ratio-immediate the might be able to procure at that late hour. This is indeed, was a subject on which he fait by no mediate confident, for the power of obtaining even the mortinary provisions depended entirely upon the mour in which he might happen to find he media sole confident, the old housekeeper. If she chance to be a-bed, which was very likely, or out of human which was not less so. Morten welk knew the case be at least problem the.

be at least problematical. Cursing in his heart the sordid passiment, while pervaded every part of his uncle's establishment, b gave, the usual gentle knock at the boltsd door, b which he was accustomed to seek admittance. a accident had detained him abroad beyond the and established hours of rest at the house of M wood. It was a sort of hesitating tap, which et wood. It was a sort of mentations the provided meets of transgression in its a sound, and seemed rather to policit than commu-attention. After it had been repeated again-again, the housekeeper, grunbling, betwitt hat wrapping her checked handkerchief round hard to normalize the cold his under some them to secure her from the cold air, paced across the passage, and repeated a careful "Wha's them at time o' night?" more than once before the num boits and bars, and catiously opened the door. "This is a fine time o' night, Mr. Henry" and d dome with the transmission of a model

old dame, with the tyrannic insolution of a speik favourite domestic ;- " a braw time o' night: a bonny, to disturb a peaceful house in, and to keep tons.out o' their beds waiting for you! Your we been in his maist three hours syme, and Roby o' the rheumatize, and he's to his bed too, and had to situp for ye mysell, for as sair a hoest as I Here sha coughed operor twice, in further eva of the garegious inconvenience: which the here tained.

than

"Much obliged to you, Alizon; and many kind make," "Heigh, sirs, sas fair-fashioned as we are! Mony ik ca'me Mistress Wilson, and Milnwood himsell Wanks." "Heigh, sirs, sas fair-flashioned as we are! Mony folk cs' me Mistress Wilson, and Milnwood himsell is the only ane about this town thinks o' ca'ing me Alison, and indeed he as aften says Mrs. Alison as

"Well, then, Mistress Alison," said Morton, "I really am sorry to have kept you up waiting till I came in.

And now that you are come in, Mr. Henry," said the cross old woman, "what for do you no tak up your candle and gang to your bed? and mind ye tinna let the candle sweal as ye gang alang the wainsoot parlour, and haud a' the house scouring to

wainseot parlour, and haud a' the house scouring to get out the grease again." "But, Alseon, I really must have something to eat, and a draught of ale, before I.go to bed." "Eat ?--and ale, Mr. Henry ?--My certie, ye're ill to serve! Do ye think we havena heard o' your grand popinjay wark yonder, and how ye bleszed away as muckle pouther as awad has shot a' the wild-fowl that we'll want at ween and Candlemas--and then gang-ing majoring to the piper's Howfi wi' a' the idle loons in the country, and sitting there birling, at your poor usole's cost, nas doubt, wi' a' the scaff and raft o' the water-side, till sun-down, and then coming hame and crying for ale, as if ye were maister and raft."

and crying for ale, as if ye were maister and mair " Bxtresmely. vescel, yet anxious, on account of his mappressed his. resentances if possible, Miorion suppressed his. resentances if possible Miorion and thirsty; " and as for the shouing at the popu-ing, I have heard you say you have been there yourself, Mira. Wilson-I wish you had come to look at us." " Ach, Maister Henry," said the old dame, "I wish ye binna beginning to learn the way of blawing in a woman's lug wi'a' your whilly-whi's -Aweel, sae ye dinna practise them bat'on and wivestike mo, the less matter. But tak heed o' the young queans, lad. -Popingu-ye think yoursell a braw fellow enow; and troth "(surveying him with the candle.)" there's rae fault to find wi' the outside, if the inside be con-forming. But I mind, when I was a gipy of a lassock, forming. But I mind, when I was a gilpy of a lassock, geeing the Duke, that was him that lost his head at London-folk said it wasne a very gude ane, but it was aye a sair loss to him, puir gentleman-Aweel, he Longon-wous said it wasne a very gude ane, but it was aye a sair loss to him, puir gentleman-Aweel, he wan' the popinjoy, for few cared to win it ower his Grace's head-weel, he had a comely presence, and when a' the gentles mounted to show their capera, his Grace was as near to me as I am to you; and he said to me, 'Tak tent o' yoursell, my bonny lassie, (these were his very words,) for my horse is not very chanty.'-And now, as ye say ye had sae little to cat or drink, I'll let you eee that I havena been sae un-mindfit' o' you; for I dinna think it's safe for young fight to gang to their bed on an empty stemach." To do Mrs. Wilson justice, her nocturnal harangues won such occasions not unfrequently terminated with this sage apophthegm, which always prefaced with this sage anophthegm, which always prefaced with this sage and low of power; for Mrs. Wilson was not, at the bottom, an ill-tempered woman, and sertainly lowed her old and young master (both of whom she tormented extremely) better than any one site on the world. She now eyed Mr. Henry, as

when she tormented extremely better than any one shear in the world. She now eyed Mr. Henry, as the called him, with great complacency, as he par-cock of her good cheer. "Muckle gude may it do ys, my boany man. I trevy ye dinna get sic a skirl-in-the-pai as that at Niel Blane's. His wife was a canny hody, and could dress things very weel for ane in her line o' basiness, but in oubit the daughter's a silly thing—an unco cockernony she had basked on her head at the kirk inst Senday. I am doubting that here will be news of al'thabrews. But my culd con's drawing the gith-ending hurry yoursel, my bonny man, iak mind show the putting out the candle, and there's a hops of als, and a glass of clow-gilleflower water; I dinna gis-illa bedy that; I keep it for a pain I has where is any-am stamably and if's better for yourlyoung, 2 V

tion, and requested her not to be alarmed if she heard the door opened, as she knew he must again, as usual, look to his horse, and arrange him for the night. Mrs. Wilson then retreated, and Morton, folding up his provisions, was about to hasten to his guest, when the nodding head of the old housekeeper was again thrust in at the door, with an admonition, to remember to take an account of his ways before he laid himself down to rest, and to pray for protec-tion during the hours of darkness.

Such were the manners of a certain class of do-mestics, once common in Scouland, and perhaps still to be found in some old manor-houses in its remote countics. They were fixtures in the family they belonged to; and as they never conceived the possibi-lity of such a thing as dismissal to be within the lity of such a thing as dismissal to be within the chances of their lives, they were, of course, sincerely attached to every member of it.\* On the other hand, when spoiled by the indulgance or indolence of their superiors, they were very spit to become ill-tempered, self-sufficient, and tyrannical; so much so, that a mistress or master would sometimes almost have wished to exchange their cross-grained fidelity.for the smooth and accommodating duplicity of a modern merial menial

### CHAPTER VI.

## Yes, this man's brow, like to a tragic leaf, Foreacting the nature of a tragic volume.

BEAMEMBELS. BEAMEMBELS at length rid of the housekeeper's presence, Morton made a collection of what he had reserved from the provisions set before him, and prepared to carry them to his concealed guest. He did not think it necessary to take a light, being perfectly acquainted with every turn of the road; and it was lucky he, did not do so, for he had hardly sterped beyond the threa-hold ere a heavy trampling of horses announced, that the body of cavalry, whose kattle-drumst they had before heard, were in the act of passing along the hirk-road which winds round the foot of the bark the bight road which wirds round the foot of the bank on which the house of Milnwood was placed. He heard the commanding officer distinctly give the word halt. A panse of silence followed, interrupted only by the coassional neighing or pawing of an impatient charger. "Whose house is this?" said a voice, in a tone of

authority and command.

authority and command. "Milnwood, if it like your honour," was the reply. "Is the owner well affected ?" said the inquirer. "He complies with the orders of government, and frequents an indulged minister," was the response. "Humi ay i indulged? a mere mask for treason, vely inspolitically allowed to those who are too great cowards to wear their principles berefated. Had we

very intpolitically allowed to those who are too great very intpolitically allowed to those who are too great cowards to wear their principles barefae ed. Had we not better send up a party and search the house, in case some of the bloody villains concerned in this henthenish butchery may be concerled in it?" Ree Morton coold recover from the alarm into which this proposal had thrown him, a third speaker rejoined, "I cannot think it at all necessary; Mini-wood is an infirm, hypochondriacold man, who never meddles with politics, and lowes his money-bags and bonds herter than any thing else in the world. His nephew, I heary was at the wappenschaw to-dwy, and its inc, and an alarm at this time of night might kill the poor old man." "A maculine retainer of this kind, having offended his man.

A marculine retainer of this kind, having offended his master extremely, was commanded to leave his acrycice instantly. 'In troth and that will not,' gamested the domestic : "ifyour honour dista kan when ye has a gude servant, i ken when I has a gude servant, i ken when I has a gude servant, i ken when I has a function of the same set and a service servant, i her a shall never a leave in the service service service in the service of a service in the service of a service in the service service service in the service 
1 Regimental music is never played at night. But whe was assure us that such was not the custom in Giarles the Schend time? Till arm well informed on this point, the kottled dam ball clash so; as adding seawthing to the picturesque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picturesque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picture sque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picture sque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picture sque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picture sque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picture sque effect of the single for the second seawthing to the picture second seaw the second seco a effett c

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"Well,' rejoined the leader, "if that be so, to search the house would be lost time, of which we have but little to throw away. Gentlemen of the Life-Guards, forward-March I" A few notes on the trumpet, mingled with the occasional boom of the kettle-drum, to mark the cadence, joined with the tramp of hoods and the class of arms, announced that the troop had resumed its march. The moon broke out as the leading files of the column attained a hill up which the road winded, and showed indistinctly the glittering of the steel caps; and the dark figures of the horses and riders might be imperfectly traced through the gloom. They continued to advance up the hill, and sweep over the top of it in such long succession, as intimated a con-siderable numerical force. When the last of them had disappeared, young Morton resumed his purpose of visiting his guest; Upon entering the place of refuge, he found him seated on his humble couch with a pocket Bible open in his hand, which he seemed to study with intense medita-tion. His broadsword, which he had unsheathed in the first alarm at the arrival of the dragoons, key maked across his knees, and the little taper that stood beside him upon the old chest, which served the pur-pose of a table, threw a partial and immerfect light spon those stern and harsh features, in which fero-city was rendered more solemn and dignified by a wild east of tragic entusiasm. His brow was that of one in whom some strong o'ermastering principle has overwhelmed all other passions and feelings, like the swell of a high spring-tide, when the usual cliffs and breakers vanish from the eye, and their existence is only indicated by the chafing foam of the waves that burst and wheel over them. He raised his head after Morton had contemplated him for about a mi-ture. "I perceive", sid Morton, looking at his sword, nuțe

after Morton had contemplated him for about a mi-unte. "I perceive," said Morton, looking at his sword, "that you heard the horsemen ride by ; their passage delayed me for some minutea." "I scarcely heeded them," said Balfour; "my hour is not yet come. That I shall one day fall into their hands, and be honourably associated with the saints whom they have slaughtered, I am full well aware. And I would, young man, that the hour were come; it should be as welcome to me as ever wedding to bridegroom. But if my Master has more work for me on earth, I must not do his 'abour grudgingty." "Eat and refresh yourself," said Morton; "to-mor-row your safety requires you should leave this place, in order to gain the hills, so soon as you can see to distinguish the track through the morassea." "Young man," returned Balfour, you are already weary of me, and would be yet more so, perchance, du you know the task upon which I have been lately put. And I wonder not that it should be so, for there are times when I am weary of myself. Think you not it is a sore trial for flesh and blood, to be called upon to execute the righteous judgments of heaven which me are went to the backed and conting the source of the sour sone processed."

called upon to execute the righteous judgments of heaven while we are yet in the body, and continue to retain that blinded sense and sympathy for carnal suffering, which makes our own fiesh thrill when we retain that blinded sense and sympathy for carnal suffering, which makes our own fiesh thrill when we strike a gash upon the body of another ? And think you, that when some prime tyrant has been removed from his place, that the instruments of his punish-ment can at all times look back on their share in his downfall with firm and unshaken nerves ? Must-they not sometimes even question the truth of that inspiration which they have felt and acted under ? Must they not sometimes doubt the origin of that strong impulse with which their prayers for havenly direction under difficulties have been inwardly an-swered and confirmed, and confuse, in their disturbed apprihensions, the responses of Truth itself with some strong delusion of the enemy?! "These are subjects, Mr. Balfour, on which I am ill qualified to converse with you," answered Morton; "but I own I should strongly doubt the origin of any inspiration which seemed to dictate a line of conduct contrary to those feelings of natural humanity, which Heaven has assigned to us as the general law of our Balfour seemed somewhat disturbed, and drew

Balfour seemed somewhat disturbed, and drew himself hastily up but immediately composed himself.

"Well,' rejoined the leader, "if that be so, to | and answered coolly, "It is that and you should think earch the house would be lost time, of which we so; you are yet in the duageon-house of the hay, a have but little to throw away. Gentlemen of the | pit darker than that into which Jeremiah was planged, even the dungeon of Malcaish the son of Hamerme-lech, where there was no water but mire. Yet is the lech, where there was no water out mire. It is to seal of the covenant upon your forehead, and the son of the righteous, who resisted to blood where the ban-ner was spread on the mountains, shall not be uterly lost, as one of the children of darkness. Two ye, that in this day of bitterness and calamity, solving is required at our hands but to keep the moral as a far as our carnal frailty will permit? Think ye or

is required at our hands but to keep the moral hav as far as our carnal frailty will permit? Think ye our concuests must be only over our corrupt and evisite-tions and passions? No; we are called upon, whe we have girded up our loins, to run the race bold, and when we have drawn the sword, we are explained to smite the ungodly, though he be our neighbor, and the man of power and crueity, though he west do our own kindred, and the friend of our own boses." "These are the sentiments," haid Morton, "that your enemies impute to you, and which palins, it they do not vindicate, the cruei measure which the council have directed against you. They affirm, that you call an inward light, rejecting the restraints of legal magistracy, of national law, and even of com-mon humanity, when in opposition to what you call the spirit within you." "They do us wrong," answered the Covennuter: "They do us wrong, "answered the Covennuter all law, both divine and civil, and who now persons us for adherence to the Solemn League and Cove nant between God and the kingdom of Seutad, is which all of them, save a few popish makemant, have sworn in former daya, and which day new burn in the market-places, and tread under ist in derison. When this Charles Stewart retared to these kingdoms, did the malignants bring him back f They had tred it with strong hand, but they failed. I trow. Could James Grahame of Monues, and highland caterans, have put hirm again in he juse of his father? I think their heads on the Westort to da another tale for many a long day. It was the workers of the glowing works we the righted carefuls, have but thin again in the weight of his father? I think their heads on the Weight workers of the glosious work—the reformers of it beauty of the tabernacle, that called him again to it high place from which his father fell. And what is been our reward? I nit he words of the prophet, 'in of health, and behold trouble—The snorting of it horses was, heard from Dán; the whole has trem bled at the sound of the neighing of his strong ones for they are come, and have derouned the hand and all that is in it.'" "Mr. Balfour," answered Morse, "I meither under take to subscribe to or refute your complaints again the government. I have endeavoured to ropy a de due to the comrade of my father, by giving you in ter in your distress, but you will excesse ms in versy. I will leave you to repose, and hearily w it were in my hower to render your comfution and comfortable."

comfortable.

comfortable." "But I shall see you, I trust, in the morning, depart 2-I am hot a man whose bowels years kindred and friends of this world. When I su hand to the plough, I entered into a covenast my worldly affections that I should not look be the things I left behind me. Yet the son of ancient comrade is to me as inite own, and I o behold him without the deep and firm belief i shall one day see him gird on his sword in the and precious cause for which his father fough bled." With a promise on Morton's past that bet

bied." With a promise on Morton's part that he we call the refugee when it was time for him to p his journey, they parted for the night. Morton retired to a few hours' rest; but him gination, disturbed by the events of the day, of permit him to enjoy sound repose. There blended vision of horror before hims, in which new friend seemed to be a principal actor. The form of Edith Bellenden also minggled in his weeping, and with dishevelied hair, and append call on him for comfort and assistance, which

had not in his power to render. He awoke from these unrefreeding slumbers with a feverish impulse, and a heart which foreboded disaster. There was fiready a tinge of dazzling lustre on the verge of the distant hills, and the dawn was abroad in all the

freshness of a summer morning. "I have slept too long," he exclaimed to himself, "and must now hasten to forward the journey of this

"and must now master to for ward the fourney of the unfortunate fugitive." He dressed himself as fast as possible, opened the door of the house with as little noise as he could, and door of the house with as little noise as he could, and hastened to the place of refuge occupied by the Cove-nanter. Morton entered on tiptoe, for the determined tone and manter, as well as the unusual language and sentiments of this singular individual, had struck him with a sensation approaching to awe. Balfour was still asleep. A ray of light streamed on his an-curtained couch, and showed to Morton the working of his harsh features, which seemed agitated by some strong internal cause of disturbance. He had not undressed. Both his arms were above the bed-cover, the right hand strongly clenched, and occasionally making that abortive attempt to strike which usually attends dreams of violence; the left was extended, and agitated from time to time, by a movement as if repuising some one. The perspiration stood on his hrow, "like bubbles in a late disturbed stream," and these, marks of emotion were accompanied with broken words which decaped from him at intervals-"Thou art taken, Judas-thou art taken. Cling not to my knees- eling not to my knees-hew him down! -A priest?-Ay, a priest of Baal, to be bound, and plain, even at the prook Kishon.-Fire-arms will not prevail against him-Strike-thrust with the cold iron-put him out of pain-put him out of opain, were it but for the sake of his gray hairs." Much alarred at the import of these arpressions, which seemed to burst from him even in sleep with the stern energy accompanying the perpetration of some act of violence, Morton shook his guest by the. should ari n order to awake him. The first words he uttered were, "Bear me where ye will, I will avouch the deed !" hastened to the place of refuge occupied by the Cove-

uttered were, the deed !"

the deed " His glance around having then fully awakened him, he at once assumed, all the stern and gloony composure of his ordinary mannes, and throwing himself on his knees, before speaking to Morton, poured forth an ejaculatory prayer for the suffering Church of Scotland, entreating that the blood of her murdered saints and martyrs might be precique in the sight of Heaven, and that the shield of the Alare signt or reaven, and that the stated of the Al-mighty might be spread over the scattered remnant, who, for His name's sake, were abiders in the wilder-ness. Venggance speedy and ample vengeance on the oppressors, was the concluding petition of his devotions, which he expressed aloud in strong and emphatic language, rendered more impressive by the Orac tailing of Scripture

emphatic language, removed more any and the state of Scripture. When he had finished his prayer he arose, and, taking Morton by the arm, they descended together to the stable, where the Wanderer (to give Burley a tille which was often conferred on his sect) began to the his horse ready to pursue his journey. When The which was often conterred on his sect) began to make his horse ready to pursue his journey. When the animal was saddled and bridled, Burley requested Morton to walk with him a gun-shot into the wood, and direct him to the right road for gaining the moors. Morton readily complied, and they walked for some time in silence under the shade of some fine difference of the shade of some fine the old trees, pursuing a sort of natural path, which, after passing through woodland for about half a mile, led into the bare and wild country which extends to the too of the hills.

There was little conversation between them, until at length Barley suddenly asked Morton, "Whether the words he had spoken over-night had borne fruit in his mind ?"

Morton answered, "That he remained of the same opinion which he had formerly held, and was deter-mined, at least as far and as long as possible, to unite the duties of a good Christian with those of a peace-fal subject."

"In other words," replied Burley, "you are desirous to sarve both God and Mammon-to be one day pro-tuning the truth with your lips, and the next day in

arms, at the command of carnal and tyrannic autho-rity, to shed the blood of those who for the truth have forsaken all things? Think ye," he continued, "to touch pitch and remain undefied? to mix in the "to touch pilch and remain undefiled? to mix in the ranks of malignants, papists, papa-prelatists, latitu-dinariáns, and scoffers; to partake of their sports, which are like the meat offered unto idols; to hold intercourse, perchance, with their daughters, as the soas of God with the daughters of men in the world before the flood—Think you, I say, to do all these things, and yet remain free from pollution? I say unto you, that all communication with the enemies of the Church is the accursed thing which God has-eth I Touch not—taste not—handle not! And grieve not, young man, as if you alone were called upon to subdue your carnal affections, and renounce the plea-sures which are a snare to your feet—I say to you, that the Son of David hath denounced no better lot on the whole generation of mankind."

that the Son of David hath denounced no better let on the whole generation of markind" "He then fnounted his horse, and, turning to Mor-ton, repeated the text of Scripture, "An heavy yoke was ordained for the sons of Adam from the day they go out of their mother's womb, till the day that they return to the mother of all things; from him who is clothed in blue silk and weareth a crown, trouble, and unquietness, rigour, strife, and fear of death in the time of rest." Having uttered these twords has set his horse in

Having uttered these words he set his horse in motion, and soon disappeared among the boughs of

Having uttered these words he set his horse in motion, and soon disappeared among the boughs of the forest. "Karewell, stern enthusiast," said Morton, looking after him; "in some moods of my mind; how dan-gerous would be the society of such a companion ! If I am unmoved by his zeal for abstract doctrines of faith, or rather for a peculiar mode of worship, (such was the purpert of his reflections.) can I be a man, and a 'Scotchman, and look with indifference on that persecution which has made wise men mad? Was not the cause of freedom, civil and religious, that for which my father fought; and shall I do well to remain inactive, or to take the part of, an oppressive government, if there should appear any rational pros-pect of redressing the insufferable wrongs to which my miserable countrymen are subjected ?--And yet, who shall warrant me that these people, rendered wild by persecution, would not, in the hour of vic-tory, be as cruel and as intolerant as those by whom they are now hunted down? What degree of mode-ration, of of mercy, can be expected from this Bur-ley, so distinguished as one of their principal cham-pions, and who seems even now to be reeking from some recent deed of violence, and to feel stings of remorse, which even his enthusiasm cannot altoge-ther stifle? I am weary of seeing nothing but vio-lence and fury around me-now assuming the maak of lawful authority, now taking that of religious zeal. I am sick of my country-of myself--of my depend-ent situation--of, my represed feeling-of these lence and fury around me-now assuming the mass: of lawful authority, now taking that of religious zeal. I am sick of my country-of myself-of my depend-ent situation-of my repressed fealings-of these woods-of that river-of that house-of all but-Edith, and she can never be mine! Why should I haunt her walks?-Why encourage my own delu-sion, and perhaps hers?-She can never be mime. Her grandmother's pride-the opposite principles of our families-my wretched state of dependence-a servant-all circumstances give the lie to the vain hope that we can ever be united. Why then protrast a delusion so painful? "But I am no slave," he said aloud, and drawing himself up to his full stature-" no slave, in one re-spect, surely. I can change my abode-my father's sword is mine, and Europe lies of my countrymen, who have filled it with the fame of their exploits. Per-haps some lucky chance may raise me to a rank with our Ruthvens, our Lesleya, our Monroes, the chosen Leaders of the famous Protestant champion, Gustavus Adolphus, or, if not, a soldier's life or a soldier's

Adolphus, or, if not, a soldier's life or a soldier grave

When he had formed this determination, he found himself near the door of his uncle's house, and re-solved to lose no time in making him acquainted with It.

<sup>• •</sup> Another glance of Edith's eye, another walk by Edith's side, and my resolution would melt away. I will take an irrevocable step, therefore, and then see heg for the last time."

In this mood he entered the wainscotted parlour, in which his uncle was already placed at his morning's perceshment, a huge plate of oatmeal porridge, with a corresponding allowance of butter-milk. The favour-ite housekeeper was in attendance, half standing, half resting on the back of a chair, in a posture betwirt freedom and respect. The old gentleman had been remarkably tall in his earlier days, an advantage which he now lost by stooping to such a degree, that which he now lost by stooping to such a degree, that at a meeting, where there was some dispute concern-ing the sort of arch which should be thrown over a considerable brook, a facetious neighbourproposed to offer Milawood a handsome sum for his curved back-bone, alleging that he would sell any thing that be-long to him. Splay feet of unusual size, long thin hands, garnished with nails which seldom felt the steel a winkled and nuckerst visces the learch of which corresponded with that of his person, together which corresponded with that of his person, together with a pair of little sharp bargain-making gray eyes, that seemed eternally looking out for their advantage, completed the highly unpromising exterior of Mr. Moriton of Milnwood. As it would have been very injudicious to have lodged a liberal or benevolent dis-position is such an unworthy cabinet, nature had anited his person with a mind exactly in conformity with it, that is to say, mean, selfish, and covetous. When this amiable personage was aware of the pre-sence of his nephew, he hastemed, hefore addressing him, to swallow the spoonful of porridge which he was in the act of conveying to his mouth, and, as it chanced to be scaling hot, the pain occasioned by its dessent down his throat and into his stomach, in-flamed the ill-humour with which he was already pre-pared to meet his kinsman.

pared to meet his kinsman.

""The deil take them that made them !" was his first ejaculation, apostrophizing his mess of porridge. "They'ro gude particle neugh." said Mrs. Wilson, "if ye wad but take time to sup them. I made them mysell; but if folk winna hae patience, they should get their thrapples causewayed." "Haud your peace, Alison ! I was speaking to my, nevoy.—How is this, sir ? And what sort o' scamp-ering gates are these o' going on ? Ve were not at hame last night till near midnight." "Thereabouts, sir, I believe," answered Morton, in am indifferent tone. The deil take them that made them !" was his

an indifferent tone.

"Thereabouts, si?-What sort of an answer is that, si? Why cause ye na hame when other folk left the grund ?"

"I suppose you know the reason very well, sir," aid Morton", "I had the fortune to be the best marksan of the day, and remained, as is usual, to give

**manner** of the day, and remnained, as is usual, to give **manne** little entertainment to the other young men." "The devily e did, sir! And ye come to tell me that **to may** face? You pretend to give entertainments, that **comma come** by a dimner except by sorning on a care-ful men links me? Bat if ye put me to charges, I'see work it out o' ye. I seens why ye shooldna haad the plaugh, now that the pleughman has left us; it wad

provide a second with ye should have the difference of the second with ye should have the second with ye should have the second difference of the

"I beg pardon for interrupting you, sin, but I have "I beg pardon for interrupting you, sin, but I have Bornad a acheme for inyesif, which will have the same effect of relieving you of the burden and charge at-teming my company." "My 3 Indeed ? a scheme o' yours? that must be a chury ane:" said the unele, with a very peculiar smear; "ist's hear about it, lad."

"It is said in two words, sir. I sntend to have this country, and serve abroad, as my father. did before these unhappy troubles broke out at home. His name will not be so entirely forgotten in the countries where he served, but that it will procure his non at least the opportunity of trying his fortune as a soldier." "Gude be gracious to us!" exclaimed the house keeper; "our young Mr. Harry gang abroad 1 ns, nal eh, na! that maun never be." Milnwood, entertaining no thought or purpose of

na: en, na: that main never be." Milawood, entertaining no thought or purpose of parting with his nephew, who was, moneover vay useful to him in many respects, was thunderstrand at this abrupt declaration of independence from a parson whose deforence to him had hitherto been unbunded.

whose densrence to him had futher to been unhanded He recovered himself, however, immediately. "And wha do yeu think is to give you the mean young man, for such a wild-goose chase? Not 1, am sure. I can hardly support you at hance. An am sure. I can hardly support you at hanne. In ye wad be marrying, I'ee warrant, as your fisher di store ye, too, and esching your uncle hanne a packo weans to be fighting and skirling through the house in my auld days, and to take wing and fibe af its yoursell, whenever they were asked to serve a use about the town?"

I have no thoughts of ever marrying." answered

"Henry. "Hear till him now !" said the honsekceper. "Ise a shame to hear a douce young lad speak in that way, since a' the warld kens that they man either many

since a' the warld kens that they mann either marry or do waur." "Haud your peace, Alison?" said her master; "and you, Harry." (he added more raidly.) "put the non-sense out o' your head--this comes o' letting ye gang a-sodgering for a day-mind ye has nae siller, 14d, for ony sit nonsense plans." "I beg your paredon, sir, my wants shall be vay few; and would you please to give me the gold chain, which the Margrave gave to my father after the battle of Lutzen" ----

Lutzen

"Mercy on us! the gowd chain ?" exclaimed his mach. "The chain of gowd !" re-echoed the housekeeper, both aghast with astonishment at the audacity of the

-"I will keep a few links," continued the young man, "to remaind me of him by whom it was wen, and the place where he won it," continued Morrow; "the rest shall furnish me the means of following the same career in which my father obtained that man of distinction.

of distinction." "Mercifu' powers i' exclaimed the governants, "my master wears it every Sunday?" "Sunday and Saturday," added old Miniwood, "whenever I put on my black vervet coat; and Wylie Mactricki is partly of opinion it's a king of heir-koon, that rather belangs to the head of the house than to the immediate descendant. It has three thousand links. I have commend them a thousand times. The links; I have counted them a thousand times. worth three hundred pounds sterling," 1A

"That is more then I want, sir; if you choose to worth three hundred pounds stering," "That is more than I want, sir; if you choose to give me the third part of thermoney, and five links of the chain, it will amply serve my purpose, and thereat will be some slight atonement for the appense and frouble I have put you to." "The laddles' in a creel ?" exclaimed his unde. "O, sirs, what will become o' the rigad' Minwest when I am dead and gane! He would fing the erdwn of Scodand ewa, if he hed it." "Hout, sir," said the old housekteper. "I man bis head over sair in neither; and, to be sure, safe he kas gane down to the Howfi, ye mann just the pay the lawing."

If it be not abune twa dollars, Alson," sail the old gentleman, very reluctantly. "I'll settle it mysell wi Niel Blane, the first tanef gang down to the clachan," said Alison, "chapter than your honour or Mr. Harry can do;" and then whispered to Henry, "Dinna ver him onry mar; I'll pay the lave out o' the butter siller, and mae mak words about it". Then proceeding aloud, "And you maunna speak of the young gentleman hearing." And you plengh; there's put doubter soller and hearing country will be glad to do that for a bire and a woup it acts them fat better than the line o' than."

"And then we'll has the dragoons on us," said Minwood, "for comforting and entertaining inter-communed rebels; a bony strait ye wad put us in !--But take your breakfast, Harry, and then lay by your new green coat, and put on your Raplocherray; it's a mair menafu' and thrifty dress, and a mair seemly ught, than thne dangling slops and ribands." Morton left the room, perceiving plainly that be had at present no chance of gaining his purpose, and, per-haps, not altogether displeased at the obstacles which seemed to present themselves to his leaving the neigh-pourhood of Tillietudlem. The housekeeper followed him into the next room, patting him on the back, and pidding him "be a gude, bairn, and pit by his braw things." things.

things." "And I'll loop down your hat, and lay by the band and riband," said the officious dame; "and ye maun bever, at no hand, speak o' leaving the land, or of selling the gowd chain, for your uncle has an unco pleasure in looking on you, and in counting the links of the chainzie; and ye ken auld folk canna last for ever; see the chain, and the lands, and a' will be your ain as day; and ye may marry ony leddy in the coun-try-side ye like, and keep a braw house at Milnwood, for there's enow o' means; and is not that worth waiting for, my dow?".

Waiting for, my dow 7 There was something in the latter part of the prog-nostic which sounded so agreeably in the ears of Mor-ton, that he shook the old dame cordially by the hand, and assured her he was much obliged by her good advice, and would weigh it carefully before he pro-ceeded to act upon his former resolution.

### CHAPTER VII.

From esventeen years till now, almost fourscore Here lived I, but now live here no more. At seventeen years many their fortunes seek, But at fourscore it is too tate a week.

### As You Like it.

As Yes Lies it. We must conduct our readers to the Tower of Til-fietudiem, to which Lady Margaret Bellenden had returned, in romantic phrase, malcontent and full of heaviness, at the unexpected, and, as she deemed it, indelible affront, which had been brought upon her digmity by the public miscarriage of Goose Gibbie. That unfortunate man-at-arms was forthwith com-manded to drive his feathered charge to the most memode parts of the common mkor, and on no account to awaken the grief or resentment of his lady, by appearing in her presence while the sense of the affront was yet recent.

sppearing in her presence while the sense of the arront was yet recent. The next proceeding of Lady Margaret was to hold a solernn coust of justice, to which Harrison and the butler were admitted, partly on the footing of wit-nesses, partly as assessors, to inquire into the recu-sancy of Cuddie Headrigg the ploughman, and the abetment which he had received from his mother-these being regarded as the original causes of the disaster which had befallen the chivalry of Tillietud-iern. The charce being fully made out and substan-**Gaster** which had befallen the chivalry of Tillietud-iem. The charge being fully made out and substan-tiated, Lady Margaret resolved to reprimand the calpritic in person, and, if she found them impenitent, to extend the censure into a sentence of expulsion from the barony. Miss Bellenden alone ventured to way any thing in behalf of the accused, but her counte-aance did not profit them as it might have done on any other occasion. For so soon as Edith had heard it ascertained that the unfortunate cavalier had not suffered in his person, h s disaster had affected her with an irresistible disposition to laugh, which, in spite of Lady Margaret's indignation, or rather irritated, as with an irresistible disposition to laugh, which, in spite of Lady Margaret's indignation, or rather irritated, as usual, by restraint, had broke out repeatedly on her return homeward, until her grandmother, in no shape imposed upon by the several fictitious causes which the young lady assumed for her ill-timed risibility, upbraided her in very bitter terms with being insensi-ble to the honour of her family. Miss Bellenden's intercession, therefore, had, on this occasion, little or cao chance to be listened to.

As if to evince the rigour of her disposition, Lady Margaret, on this solern occasion, exchanged the frory headed-cane with which she commonly walked, for an immonse gold-headed staff which had belonged Voz. 11.

"And then we'll have the dragoons on us," said to her father, the deceased Barl of Torwest, and filmwood, "for comforting and entertaining inter-twhich, like a sort of mace of office, she only made ød, and use of on occasions of special solemnity. Supported by this awful baton of command, Lady Margaret Bel-lenden entered the cottage of the delinquents. Supported

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There was an air of consciousness about old Mause, as she rose from her wicker chair in the chimney nook, not with the cordial alertness of visage which used, on other occasions, to express the honour she felt in the visit of her lady, but with a certain solemnity and embarraissment, like an accused party on his first appearance in presence of his judge, before whom he appearance in presence of his judge, before whom he is, nevertheless, determined to assert his innocence. Her arms were folded, her mouth primmed into an ex-pression of respect, mingled with obstinacy, her whole mind apparently bent up to the solemn interview. With her best curtsey to the ground, and a mute motion of reverence, Mause pointed to the chair, which, on former occasions. Lady Margaret (for the good lady was some what of a gossip) had deigned to occupy for half an hour sometimes at a time, hearing the news of the country and of the borough. But at present ker mistress was far too indignant for such condescansion. She rejected the mute invitation with a haughty wave She rejected the mute invitation with a haughty wave of her hand, and drawing herself up as she spoke, she uttered the following interrogatory in a tone calculated

uttered the following interrogatory in a tone calculated to overwhelm the culprit. "Is it true, Manse, as I am informed by Harrison, Gudyill, and others of my people, that you has taen'it upon you, contrary to the faith you owe to God and the king, and to me, your natural lady and mistress, to keep back your son frae the wappen-schaw, held by the order of the sheriff, and to return his armour and abulyiements at a moment when it was impossible to find a suitable delegate in his stead, whereby the arony of Tullietulem, baith in the person of its mis-tress and indwellers, has incurred sic a disgrace and dishonour as hasna befa'en the family since the days of Malcoim Canmore?" of Malcolm Canmore?

dishonour as hasna befa'en the family since the days of Malcoim Canmore?" Mause's habitual respect for her mistress was ex-treme; she hesitated, and one or two short coughs expressed the difficulty she had in defending herself. "I am sure-my leddy-hem, hem I-I am sure I am sorry-very sorry that ony cause of displeasme should has occurred-but my son's illness." "Dinna tell me of your son's illness, Manse! Had he been sincerely unweel, ye would hae been at the Tower by daylight to get something that would do him gude; there are few ailments that I havens medical recipes for, and that ye ken fu' weel." "O ay, my leddy ! I am sure ye hae wrought won-derful cures; the last thing ye sent Cuddie, when he had the batts, e'en wrought like a charm." "Why, then, woman, did ye not apply to me, if there was ony real need?-but there was mone, ye fuse-hearted vassal that ye are i'? "Your leddyship never ca'd me sic a word as that before. Ohon 1 that I sud live to be ca'd sac," she continued, bursting into tears, "and me a born scrvant o' the house o' Tillietudlem ! I am sure they belie baith cuddie and me sair, if they said he wadma fight ower the boots in blude for your leddyship and Miss Edita, and the auld Tower-ay suld he, and I would rather

the boots in blude for your leddyship and Miss Edith, and the auld Tower-ay suld he, and I would rather see him buried beneath it, than he suld gie way-but thir ridings and wappenschawings, my leddy, I hae nae broo o' them ava. I can find nae warrant for them whatsoever." "Nae warrant for them ?" cried the high-born dame. "Do ye na ken, woman, that ye are bound to be liege vassals in all hunting, hosting, watching, and warding, when lawfully summoned thereto in my name? Your service is not gratuitous. I row ye hae land for it.-Ye're kindly tenants; hae a cot-house, a kale-yard, and a cow's grass on the com-mon.-Few hae been brought forther ben, and ye field?" field ?

field ?" "Na, my leddy—na, my leddy, it's no that," ex claimed Mause, greatly emburrassed, "but ane canna serve twa maisters; and, if the truth maun e'en come out, there's Ane abune whase communds I maun obey before your leddyshir. A. I am eure I would put neither king's nor kaisar s, nor ony earthly creaters's, afore them." 50 50

TALES OF MY "How mean ye by that, ye and fulle woman ?-D'ye think that I order ony thing against conscience ?" "I dinna pretend to say that, my leddy, in regard o' your leddyship's conscience, which has been brought up, as it were, wi' prelatic principles; but ilka ane maun walk by the light o' their ain, and mine," said Mause, waxing bolder as the conference became animated, "tells me that I suld leave a'-cot, kale-yard, and cow's grass-and suffer a,' rather than that I or mine should put on harness in an unlawfu' cauee." "Unlawfu'f' exclaimed her mistress; "the cause to which you are called by your lawful leddy and mistress-by the command of the king-by the writ of the privy council-by the order of the lord-lieutenant-by the warrant of the sheriff?" "Ay, my leddy, nee doubt; but no to displeasure your leddyship, ye'll mind that there was ance a king in Scripture they ca' Nebuchadnezzar, and he set up a polden image in the plain o' Dure, as it might be in the haugh yonder by the water-side, where the array were warned to the dedication thereof, and of the cornet, flute, harp, sackbut, psaltery, and all misting, forby the treasurers, he counsellors, and the shariffs, were warned to the dedication thereof, and of the cornet, flute, harp, sackbut, psaltery, and all misting of music." "And what o' a' his ye fule wife? Or what had Nebuchadnezzar to do with the wapen-schaw of the

kinds of music." "And what o' a' this, ye fula wife? Or what had "And what o' a' this, ye fula wife? Or what had Nebuchadnezar to do with the wappen-schaw of the Upper Ward of Clydesdale ?" "Only just thus far, my leddy," continued Mause, firmly, "that prelacy is like the great golden image in the plain of Dura, and that as Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego, were bore out in refusing to bow down and worship, so neither shall Cuddy Headrigg, your leddyship's poor pleughman, at least wi' his auld mither's consent make murgeona or lenuy flections. leddyship's poor pleughman, at least wi his auid mither's consent, make murgeons or Jenny-flections, as they ca' them, in the house of the prelates and curates, nor gird him wi' armour to fight in their cause, either at the sound of kettle-drums, organs, bagpipes, or ony other kind of music whatever." Lady Margaret Bellenden heard this exposition of Scripture with the greatest possible indignation, as

well as surprise.

well as surprise. "I see which way the wind blaws," she exclaimed, after a pause of astonishment; "the evil spirit of the year sixteen hondred and forty-twa is at wark again as merrily as ever, and ilka auld wife in the chimley-neuck will be for knapping doctrine wi'd octors o' divinity and the godly fathers o' the church." "If your leadvable means the bisher and

neuck will be for knapping doctrine wi'doctors o' divinity and the godly fathers o' the church." "If your leddyship means the bishops and curates, I'm sure they has been but stepfathers to the Kirk o' Scotland. And, since your leddyship is pleased to speak o' parting wi'us, I am free to tell you a piece o' my mind in another article. Your leddyship and the steward has been pleased to propose that my son Cuddie suld work in the barn wi' a new-fangled machine\* for dighting the corn frae the chaft, thus impiously thwrting the will of Divine Providence, by raising wind for your leddyship's ain particular use by human art, instead of soliciting it by prayer, or waiting patiently for whatever dispensation of wind Providence was pleased to send upon the sheeling-hill. Now, my leddy"---"The woman would drive ony reasonable being daft !" said Lady Margaret; then resuming her tone 7 authority and indifference, she concluded, "Weel, Mause, I'll just end where I sud has begun-ye're ower learned and ower godly for me to dispute wi'; sae I have just this to say, -either Cuddie must attend musters when he's lawfully warned by the ground officer, or the sooner he and you fiit and quit my bounds the better : there's nae scarcity o' aud my wo

bounds the better: there's has scarcity of auid wives or ploughmen; but, if there were, I had rather that the rigs of Tillieudlem bare naething but windle-strace and sandy lavrocks t than that they were ploughed by rebels to the king." "Aweel, my leddy," said Mause, "I was born here, and thought to die where my father died; and

Probably something similar to the barr finners now used for winnowing corn, which were not, however, used in their present shape until about 1730. They were objected to by the more rigid sectaries on their first introduction, upon such rea-soning as that of hones. Mause in the text.

your leddyship has been a kind mistreas, I'll no'er deny that, and I'as ne'er cease to pray for you, and far Miss Edith, and that ye may be brought to see the error of your ways. But still"— "The error of my ways?" interrupted Lady Mar-garet, much incensed—"The error of say ways, ye uncivil woman?"

garet, much incensed.—"The error of say ways, ye uncivil woman ?" "Ou, ay, my leddy, we are blinded that live in this valley of tears and darkness, and has a' own mony errors, grit folks as weel as smaller out, as I suid any puir bennison will rest wi you and yours wherever I am. I will be was to hear o' your afficion, and biths to hear o' your prosperity, temporal and spiritual But I canna prefer the commands of an earth) mi-tress to those of a heavenly master, and sae I an e'a ready to suffer for rightcourses' sake." "It is very well," said Lady Margaret, turning he back in great displeasure; "ye ken my will, Mass, in the matter. I'll has nae whiggery in the barony di venticle in my very withdrawing room." 'Having said this, she departed, with an air of great dignity; and Mause, giving way to feelings which she had suppressed during the interview,—for she, hick he mistress, had her own feeling of pride,—now hifed up of yoice and wept aloud.

up her voice and wept aloud.

up her voice and wept sloud. Cuddis, whose malady, real or pretended, still de-tained him in bed, lay perdu during all this conference, anugly esconced within his boarded bedstead, and we-rified to death lest Lady Margaret, twhom he held in hereditary reverence, should have detected his pre-sence, and bestowed on him personally some of those bitter reproaches with which she loaded his mother. But as soon as he thought her ladyship fairly out of hearing the hoursed up in the test.

But as soon as he thought her ladyship him your of hearing, he bounced up in his nest. "The foul fa' ye, that I suld say sae," he cried out to his mother, "for a lang-tongued clavering with so my father, honest man, aye ca'd ye! Couldnay re let the leddy alane wi' your whiggery ? And I was en as great a gomeral to let ye persuade me to is sphere amang the blankets like a hurcheon, instead of gam to the wappen-schaw like other folk. Odd but i puts to the wappen-schaw like other folk. Odd but 1 ms a trick on ye, for I was out at the window-box yhan your auld back was furned, and awa down by to here baff at the popinjay, and I shot within two on?. I cheated the leddy for your clavers, but I wasa geni-to cheat my joe. But she may marry wha she has now; for I'm clean dung ower. This is a wan dividen than we got frae Mr. Gudvill when ye garrd me refuse to eat the plum-porridge on Yule-ev, so I' it were ony matter to God or man whether a plonghamm had suppit on minched pies or sour sources. "O, whisht, my barn, whisht," replied Manne; "thou kensna shout that things-It was forbidden meat, things dedicated to set days and holidaya, which are inhibited to the use of protestant Cham-tians."

tians.

"And now," continued her son, "ye has brow the leddy hersell on our hands !- An I could but the ieldy hersell on our hands !- An't could out gotten some decent class in, I wad has spanged of o' bed, and tauld her I wad ride where she line night or day, an she wad but leave us the free has and the yaird, that grew the best early kale in the hall country, and the cow's grass." "O wow! my winsome bairn, Cuddie," coating the old dame, "murmur not at the dispensation; never grudge suffering in the sude cause."

the old dame, "mursome bairn, Cuddie," continue the old dame, "murmur not at the dispensation never grudge suffering in the gude cause." "But what ken I if the cause is gude or no, miller rejoined Cuddie, "for a' ye bleeze out sae mak doctrine aboutit? It's clean beyond my compre-sion a'thegither. I see nae sae muckle different at ween the twa ways o't as a' the folk pretend. very true the curates read aye the same work of again; and if they be right words, what for mol-gude tale's no the waur o' being twice tauld, I and a body has aye the better chance to under it. Every body's no sae gleg at the optake as pro-yoursell, mither."

"O, my dear Cuddie, this is the sairest distant a'," said the anxious mother-"O, how after in  "Weel, mither," said Cuddie, interrupting her, "what need ye mak see muckle din about it? I hae sye dune whate'er ye bade me, and gaed to kirk whare'er ye likit on the Sundays, and fended weel for ye in the lika days besides. And that's what vexces me mair than a' the rest, when I think how I am to fund for ye now in thas brickle times. I am no clear fit I can pleap hour pleas but the Maine and Mucht

me mair than a' the rest, when I think how I am to find for ye now in the brickle times. I am no clear if I can pleugh ony place but the Mains and Muckle-whame, at least I never tried ony other grund, and it wadna come natural to me. And nas neighbouring heritors will daur to take us, after being turned aff thas bounds for non-enormity." "Non-conformity, hinnie." sighed Mause, "is the mame that thas warldly men gie us." "Weel, aweel-we'll has to gang to a far country, maybe twall or fifteen miles aff. I could be a dra-goon, nas doubt, for I can ride and play wi' the broadsword a bit, but ye wad be roaring about your blessing and your gray hairs." (Here Mause's ex-clamations. became extreme.) "Weel, weel, I but pocke o't; besides, ye're ower auld to be sitting cocked up on a baggage-waggon wi' Eppie Dumb-lane, the corporal's wife. Sae what's to come o' us I cenna weel see-I doubt I'll has to tak ghe bills wi' the wild whigs, as they ca' them, and then it will be my lot to be shot down like a mawkin at some disside, or to be sent to heaven wi' a Saint John-stone's tippit about my hause." "O, my bonnie Cuddie," said the zealous Mause, "forbear sic carnal, self-seeking language, whilk is just a misdoubting q' Providence-I have not see man, though somewhat warldly in his dealings, and combered abott earthly things, o'en like yoursell, my to?" "A weel," said Cuddie, after a little consideration, "A weel," said Cuddie, after a little consideration,

man, though somewhat warldly in his dealings, and combered about earthly things, e'en like yoursell, my jo " " Aweel," said Cuddie, after a little consideration, " I see but ae gate for't and that's a cauld coal to blaw at, mither. Howsamever, mither, ye hae some guess o' a wee bit kindness that's atween Miss Edith and young Mr. Henry Morton, that suld be ca'd young Milnwood, and that I hae whiles carried a bit hook, or maybe a bit letter, quietly atween them, and pade believe never to ken whait cam frac, though I hand brawly. There's whiles convenience in a body looking a wee stupid—and I have aften seen them walking at e'en on the little path by Dinclewood-burn; but naebody ever kend a word about it frae boost as our auld fore-hand ox, puir fallow, that fill ne'r work ony mair—I hope they'll be as kind to him that come ahint me as I hae been.—Birt, as I we saying, we'll awa down to Milnwood and tell Wr. Harry our distress. They want a pleughman, and the grund's no unlike our ain—I am sure Mr. Harry will stand my part, for he's a kind-hearted seudenan.—Til get but little penny-ke, for his uncle and hat's a' we'll ave the kind set of a drap hale. But we'll aye win a bit bread, and a drap hale. But we'll aye win a bit bread, and a drap hale. But we'll aye win a bit bread, and a drap hale. But we'll aye win a bit bread, and a drap hale. and a fire-side, and theking over our heads, and that's a' we'll want for a season.—Sae get up, mither, and sort your things to gang away; for since me it is that gang we maun. I wad like ill to wait till if. Harrison and auld Gudyill eam to pu us out by the lug and the horn." the lug and the horn."

## CHAPT/ER .VIII

The devil a puritan, or any thing else he is, but a time-serve Tweith Night.

It was evening when Mr. Henry Morton perceived an old woman, wratped in her tartan plaid, sup-ported by a stout, stuppid-looking fellow, in hoddin-gray, approach the House of Milnwood. Old Mause made her curtsey, but Caddie took the lead in adressing Morton. Indeed, he had previously stipu-ated with his mother that he was to manage matters in own way; for though he readily allowed he general inferiority of understanding, and flially sub-mitted to the guidance of his mother on most ordi-atry occasions, yet he said. "For getting a service, or getting forward in the warld, he could somegate for the wee pickle sonse he had gang muckle farther

than here, though she could crack like ony minister o' them a'." Accordingly, he thus opened the conversation with

Accordingly, he thus opened the conversation with young Morton: "A braw night this for the rye, your honour; the west park will be breering bravely this e'en." "I do not doubt it, Cuddie; but what can have brought your mother—this is your mother, is it not?" (Cuddie nodded.) "What can have brought your mother and you down the water so late ?? "Troth, stir, just what gars the abid wives trot— neahessity, stir—I'm meeking for service, stir." "For service, Cuddie, and at this time of the year? how comee that?" Manse could forbear no longer. Proved alike of

Mause could forbear no longer. Proud alike ot ber cause and her sufferings, she commenced with an affected humility of tone, "It has pleased Heaven, an it like your honour, to distinguish us by a visit-

about it.

Morion took the billet, and crimsoning up to the ears, between joy and surprise, read these words : "If you can serve these poor helpless people, you will oblige E. B."

for service, "rather than gang down about Hamuwu, or ony sic far country." "Well ; step into the kitchen, Cuddie, and I'll do

what I can for you." 'The negotiation was not without difficulties. Mor-

ton has first to bring over the housekeeper, who made a thousand objections, as usual, in order to have the pleasure of being besought and entreated; but, when she was gained over, it was comparatively easy to induce old Milnwood to accept of a servant, whose wages were to be in his own option. An outhouse was, therefore, assigned to Mause and her son for the time to be admitted to eat of the frugal fare pro-vided for the family, until their own establishment should be completed. As for Morton, he exhausted Cuddy such a present, under the name of aries, as might show his sense of the value of the recommenda-tion delivered to him. ton has first to bring over the housekeeper, who made

might show his sense of the value of the recommenda-tion delivered to him. "And now we're settled ance mair," said Cuddis to his mother, "and if we're no sae bien and com-fortable as we were up yonder, yet life's life ony gate, and we're wi' decent kirk-ganging folk o' your am persussion, mither; there will be nae quarrelling about

persuasion, mither; there will be nacquartening, assur-that." "my persuasion, hinnie!" said the too-enlight-ened Mause; "wae's me for thy blindness and theirs. O, Cuddie, they are but in the court of the Gentiles, and will ne'er win farther ben, I doubt; they are but little better than the prelatists themsells. They wait on the ministry of that blinded man, Peter Poundtext,

and a pressous teacher of the Word, out sow a back-aliding pastor, that has, for the sake of stipend and family maintenance, forsaken the strict path, and gane astray after the black Induigence. O, my son, had ye but profited by the gospel doctrines ye hae heard in the Glen of Beagonnar, frae the dear Richard Rumbleberry, that sweet youth, who suffered mar-tyrdom in the Grass-market, slove Candlemas! Did-as ye hear him say, that Erastianism was as bad as Prestants? Erastianism ?"

"Heard ever ony body the like o' this?" interrupted Coddie: "we'll be driven out o' house and ha' again afore we ken where to turn oursells. Week mither, the provide the second main of the second se nants. I'se e'en turn a single sodger mysell, or may a sergeant or a captain, if ye plague me the mair, and a sergeant or a captain, if ye pague me me man, and let Rumbleberry and you gang to the deil thegither. I ne'er gat ony gude by his doctrine, as ye ca't, but a sour fit,o' the batts wi' sitting amang the wat mose-bags for four hours at a yoking, and the leddy cured me wi's some hickery-pickery; mair by token, an she bad kend how I came by the disorder, she wadna bas been in sic a hurry to mend it.

Although groaning in spirit over the obdurate and Although growning in spirit over the obcurate and impenient state, as she thought it, of her son Cuddie, **Mane** darst neither args him farther on the topic, nor altogether neglect the warning he had given her. She knew the disposition of her deceased helpmate, whom this surviving pledge of their anion greatly resembled, and remembered, that although submitting implicitly and rememored, and autocogn submitting implicitly in most things to her boast of superior acuteness, he used on certain occasions, when driven to extremity, to be seized with fits of obstinacy, which neither semonstrance, flattery, nor threats, were capable of overpowering. Trembling, therefore, at the very pos-sibility of Guddie's fulfilling his threat, she put a guard over her tongue, and even when Poundtext was comever her tongue, and even when Poundtext was com-mended in her presence, as an able and fructifying preacher, she had the good sense to suppress the con-tradiction which thrilled upon her tongue, and to express her sectiments no otherwise than by deep groans, which the hearers charitably construed to flow from a vivid recollection of the more pathetic partie of his homilies. How long she could have represed her feelings it is difficult to say. An unexpected acci-dent relieved her from the necessity

dent relieved her from the necessity. The Laird of Milnwood kept up all old fashions which were connected with economy. It was, there-fore, still the custom in his house, as it had been universal in Scotland about fifty years before, that the domestics, after having placed the dinner on the table, sate down at the lower end of the board, and partook of the share which was assigned to them, in company of the share which was assigned to them, in company with their masters. On the day, therefore, after Cud-die's arrival, being the third from the opening of this marraive, old Robin, who was butler, valet-de-cham-bre, footman, gardener, and what not, in the house of Minwood, placed on the table an immense charger of broth, thickened with oatmeal and colewort, in which ocean of liquid was indistinctly discovered, by close other was two or three short placed an mutton sail. ocean of liquid was indistinctly discovered, by close observers, two or three short ribs of lean mutton sail-ing to and fro. Two huge baskets, one of bread made of barley and pense, and one of oat-cakes, flanked this standing dish. A large boiled salmon would now-a-days have indicated more liberal house-keeping ; but at that period salmon was caught in such plenty in the considerable rivers in Scotland, that instead of basing accounted a delicacy it was competing and being accounted a delicacy, it was generally applied Define accounter a centrary, it was generally applied to feed the servants, who are said sometimes to have stipulated that they should not be required to eat a food so luscious and surfeiting in its quality above five times a-week. The large black-jack, filled with very small beer of Miniwood's own brewing, was very small beer of failinwood's own brewing, was allowed to the company at discretion, as were the bannocks, cakes, and broth; but the mutton was reserved for the heads of the family, Mirs. Wilson meladed : and a measure of ale, somewhat deserving the name, was set apart in a silver tankard for their eminative use. (A hage kebbock, (a cheese, that is,

ack- | made with owe-mills mined with cow's militud a jar of salt butter, were in common to the o To enjoy this exquisite cheer, was placed up head of the table, the old Laird himself, with nephow on the one side, and the favoarie housing salt of course, sate old Robin, a measure nos salt of course, sate old Robin, a measure, hel-serving-man, rendered cross and cripple by tism, and a dirty drab of a housemaid, whose rendered callous to the daily exercitations wi Mrs. Wilson. A barn-man, a white-beaded or boy, with Cuddie the new ploughman and his a boy, with Cuddie the new ploughman and use completed the party. The other labourers be to the property resided in their even houses a least in this, that if their cheer was not more than that which we have described, they en-their fill, unwatched by the sharp, envous gr of Milnwood, which seemed to measure the g that each of his dependents swallowed, so die if their stranges of smalled ack poughful in its no if their glances attended each mouthful in its pa from the lips to the stomach. This close mp was unfavourable to Cuddie, who satisfies prejudic in his new master's opinion, by the calerity with which he caused the victual of pear before him. And ever and anon Ma turned his eyes from the huge feeder to ant a turned us eyes from the tuge leader to an glances upon his nephew, whose requires to an labour was the principal cause of but using ploughman, and who had been the direct manu-his huring this very corneronat. "Pay these wages, quoth a?" set Mawood to his self.—"Thou will cat in a week the must of manuf

thou canst work for in a month."

These disagreeable rumination a loud knocking at the outer-gate. It was a sal custom in Scotland, that, when the family en cuscom in Scotland, that, while me dinner, the outer gate of the convert, if a one, and if not, the door of the image slways shut and locked, and only gate of another of the image of the slow of received admittance at that time \* The Milnwood were therefore surplied and a numwood were therefore surprace, and we settled state of the times, something same earnest and repeated knocking with which who now assailed. Mirs. Wilson tan in per door, and, having reconneited these who alamorous for admittance, through some ear-time with which most Scottish dor ways

ture with which most Scottah dor-ways reacting nighted for the express purpose, at rearrant with her hands in great diamay, creating. The sec coats the red-coats?" "Bobin Ploughman—what c' hey ye! Barna man—Nerov Harry—open the door, open the door? exclaimed odd Milawood, matching up and alippo into his pocket the two or three siver spoors which the apper end of the table was generat those beneath the salt being of goodly hore. "We those beneath the salt being of goodly hore." ried !

ried ""
• The custom of keeping the door of a basis or shan ed during the time of dinn' the ball at the trans, and being anciently assembled in update several and supprise. But it was in many lowing is an example in the tiquette, of which the form in Dumfree stan. A considerable landed proprise, and elsermined his will, resolved previously to vie according to and decide which should be his to meetred. In decide, which which he shoul size is a barbelor, while the stand proprise of the interview. I all decide which should be his to meetred. I all decide which should be his to meetred. I all decide which should be his to meetred. I all decide which should be his to meetred. I assense, he first visited his ow, of the older decondant and representative of while he does door of the castle had been locked puested at but his clufe adhered to the ancertained. but his clufe adhered to the ancertained, a we heard his name, than, knewing well is no was covarded anow—his grace's backed in the man was received with the utmost at hos an and it is scarcely necessary to add, if upon and it is scarcely necessary to add, if upon and it is supponed which the adhered at the adhered the advection of the down at at the upon and and it is supponed which the each of a section and and it is supponed which the adhered at the answer was covarded an one account while the state at the one secting the diverse of the parameter is a but his clufe down in grace's backelow and and it is scarcely necessary to add, if upon and and it is supponed which the each of a section of the section of the down and the parameter is a been year. This happened which the the add of a section and the section of the down of the section of the and the section of the section of the section of the and the section of the section of the section of the and the section of the section of the section of the and the section of the section of the section of the addition of the section of the section of the section of the additit is section of the section of the addition of t

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"While the servants admitted the troopers, whose ouths and threats already indicated resentment at the delay they had been put to, Cuddie took the op-portunity to whisper to his mother, "Now, ye daft and carline, mak yoursell deaf-ye hae made us a' deafere now-and let me speak for ye. I wad like ill to get my neck raxed for an and wife's clashes, though ye be our mither."

"O, hinny, ah; i'se be sulent or thou sall come to III," was the corresponding whisper of Mause; "but bethink ye, my dear, them that deny the Word, the Word will deny"-

Her administration was cut short by the entrance of the Life-Guardsmen, a party of four troopers, com-manded by Bothwell

Institute is bounded, making a tremendous clatter upon the stone-floor with the non-shod heels of their large pack-boots, and the clash and clang of their long, heavy, basket-hilted broadswords. Milnwood and his sions of the system of exaction and plander carried on sisces of the system of exaction and plander carried on during these domiciliary visits. Henry Morton was discomposed with more special cause, for he remem-bend that he stood answerable to the laws for having hashoured Bartey. The widow Mause Heading, be-tween sear for her son's life and an overstrained and enthusiastic zeal, which reproached her for consent-ing even tactily to belie her religious sentiments, was for they knew not well, what. Cuddle alone, with the look of supreme indifference and estipidity which a Scottish pessant can at times assume as mask for look of supreme indifference and supporty when a Scottish peasant can at times assume as a mask for considerable shrawhaes and craft, continued to swal-low large spoonfuls of his broth, to command which he had drawn within his sphere the large vessel that contained it, and helped hunself, amid the confusion, to a sevenfold portion. "What is your pleasure here, gentlemen 7" said Milnwood, humbhing himself before the satellities of

power

We come in behalf of the king," answered Both-i; "why the devil did you keep us so long stand-

ing at the door ?" "We were at dinner," answered Milnwood, "and the door was locked, as is usual in landward towns\* the goor was locked, as is usual in landward towns? in this country. I am sure, gentlemen, if I had head ony servants of our gude king had atood at the door --But wad ye please to drink some abs-or some bran-dy-or a cup of canary sack, or claret wine?" making a panse between each offer as long as a singy bidder at an arction, who is loath to advance his effor a force of the loc. Invourite lat.

favourite lot. "Claret for me," said one fellow. "I like ale better," said another, "provided it is right juice of John Barleycorn." "Better never was malted," said Milnwood; "I can hardly say sae muckle for the claret. It's thin and cauld, gentlérmen." "Brandy will cure that," said a third fellow; "a

"Brandy will cure that," said a third fellow; "a gless of brandy to three glasses of wine prevents the curmuring in the stomach." "Brandy, ale, eack, and claret?—we'll try them all," said Bothwell, "and stick to that which is best. There's good eense in that, if the damn'dest whig in Scotland had said it." Hastily, yet with a reluctant quiver of his muscles, Milnwood lugged out two ponderous keys, and deli-vered them to the governante.

Milnwood lugged out two ponderous keys, and deli-vered them to the governants. "The housekeeper," said Bothwell, taking a seat, and throwing himself upon it, "is neither so young nor so handsome as to tempt a man to follow her to the gauntrees, and devil a one here is there worth sending in her place.—What's the?—meat?" (search-ing with a fork among the broth, and fishing up a cut-let of mutton)—"I think I could eat a bit—why, it's as toogh as if the devil's dam had hatches it." "If there is any thing better in the house, sit, said Milnwood, alarmed at these syniptoms of disappro-bation—

bation

'No, no," said Bothwell, "it's not worth while, I

 The Shots retain the use of the word town in its common, we bayon meaning, as a place of habitation. A mansion or ion house, though solitary, is called the more a dwelling situated in the sountry.
 S W A land part

must proceed to business. You attend Poundant the presbytemin parson, I understand, Mr. Morton Mr. Morton hastened to slide in a confession at on and

"By the indulgence of his gracious majesty and the government, for I wad do nothing out of law-I has nae objection whatever to the establishment of a mohas objection whatever to the establishment of a mo-derate episcopacy, but only that I am a country-bred man, and the ministers are a hamelier kind of folk, and I can follow their doptrine better; and, with reverence, sir, it's a mair frugal establishment for the country.

"Well, I care nothing about that," said Bothwell's "Well, I care nothing about that," said Bothwell's "they are indulged, and there's an end of it; but, for, my part, if I were to give the law, never a crop-ear d cur of the whole pack should bairk in a Scotch publit. However, I am to obey continands, "There comes the liquor; put it down, my good old lady." He decanted about out-half of a quart bottle of claret into a wooden qualph or bicker, and took it off at a draught. "You did your good wing it to the

at a draught. "You did your good wine injustice, my friend :--if" better than your brandy, though that's good too. Will you pledge me to the king's health ?" "With pleasure," said Milnwood, "in ale-but I' never drink claret, and keep only a very little for some honoured friends."

"Like me, I suppose" said Bothwell; and then, pushing the bottle to Henry, he said." Here young man, pledge you the king's health." Henry filled a moderate glass in silence, regardless' of the lints and pushes of his surds, which seemed to indicate that he ought to have followed his example.

of the mnits and pusces of mis more, which seemed a indicate that he ought to have followed his corangela-in preferring beer to wine. "Well" said Bothwell, "have ye all drank the thast?-What is that old wine about? Give her, agias, of brandy, she shall drink the king's health by? "If your honon: pleases," and Cuddie, with great, as deaf as Corra-linn; we canne mak her hear day nor door; but if your honour, pleases, I am ready to drink the king's health for her in as mony glasses, of brandy as ye think nesheesary." "I dare swear you are," and ward Bothwell; "yen drink the a fellow that would stick to brandy-hell thyself, man; all's free where'ar Loone.-Tou, hell the maid to a comfortable cun, though she's but a dirty jil neither. Fill round once more-Her's to our moble commander, Colonel Graham of Chaver-house I-What the davil is the old woman groaning iof? She looks as very a whig as ever sate on a hell; side-Do you remounce the Covenant, good woman?"

for? She looks as very a whig as ever sute on a hill, side—Do you remotunce the Covenant, good woman?" "Whilk Covenant is your henour meaning? Is is the Covenant of Works, or the Covenant, of Grace?" said Cuddie, interposing. "Any covenant; all covenants that ever were hatch, ed," answered the trooper. "Mither," cried Cuddie, affecting to speak as to a deaf person, "the gentleman wants to keen if ye will" renunce the Covenant of Works?" "With all my heart, Cuddie." said Mause, "and pray that my feet may be delivered from the spare.

thereof."

thereof." "Come," said Bothwell, "the old dame has come more frankly off than I expected. Another com round," and then we'll proceed to business,—You have all heard, I suppose, of the horrid and barbarons murder committed upon the person of the Arohophop of St. Andrews, by ten or eleven armod fanatics?" All started and looked at each other; at length Minwood himself answered, "They had heard of some such misfortinge, but were in hopes it had not been the."

"There is the relation published by **googaniment**, old gentleman; what do you think of 11?" "Think, sir? Wh-wh-whatswer the council please to think of it," stammered Milawood. "I desire to have

to think of it," stammered Milnwood. "I desire to have your opinion more explicitly, my-friend," said the dragoen, authoritatively. Milnwood's eyes hastily glanced through the paper-to pick out the strongest expressions of censure with which it abounded, in gleaning which he wap greatly aided by their being printed in italies. "I think it a bloody and execution-municy and 50°

panicide devised by hellish and implacable crusty-utterly abominable, and a scandal to the land." "Well said, old gentleman!" said the querist-"Here's to thee, and I wish you joy of your good prin-ciples. You owe me a cup of thanks for having taught uppes. I oulowe me a cup of thanks for having taught you them; nay, thou shalt pledge me in thine own sack—sour ale sits ill upon a loyal stomach.—Now comes your turn, young man; what think you of the matter in hand?"

I should have little objection to answer you," d Henry. "if I knew what right you had to put

"i should nave little objection to answer you," said Henry, "if I knew what right you had to put the question." "The Lord preserve us!" said the old house-keeper, "to ask the like o' that at a trooper, when a' folk ken they do whatever they like through the haill country wi' man and woman, beast and body."

country wi' man and woman, beast and body." The old gerileman exclaimed, in the same horror at his nephew's audacity, "Hold your peace, sir, or answer the gentleman discreetly. Do you mean to affront the king's authority in the person of a ser-geant of the Life-Guards?" "Silence, all of you!" exclaimed Bothwell, striking his hand fiercely on the table—"Silence every one of you, and hear me—You ask me for my right to examine you, sir, (to Henry); my cockade and my broadsword are my commission, and a better one than ever Old Noel gave. to his roundheads; ard if you want to know more about it, you may long at the you want to know more about it, you may look at the act of council empowering his maje " s officers and

sot of council empowering his majery s officers and soldiers to search for, examine, and appretend sus-picious persons; and, merefore, once more, I ask you your opinion of i.e. death of Archbishop Sharpe-it's a new touch-stone we have got for trying people's metal." Henry had, by this time, reflected upon the uscless risk to which he would expose the family by resisting the tyrannical power which was delegated to such rude hands; he therefore read the narrative over, and replied, composedly, "I have no hesitation to say, that the perpetrators of this assassination have committed, in my opinion, a rash and wicked action, which I regret the more, as I foresce it will be made the cause of proceedings against many who are both innocent of the deed, and as far from approving it as myself."

innocent of the deed, and as far from approving it as myself." While Henry thus expressed himself, Bothwell, who bent his eyes keenly upon him, seemed suddenly to recollect his features.

"Aha! my friend Captain Popinjay, I think I have seen you before, and in very suspicious company." "I saw you once," answered Henry, " in the pub-lic-house of the town of ---."

inc-house of the town of ------"" the pub-"And with whom did you leave that public-house, youngster?--Was it not with John Balfour of Burley, ene of the murdrers of the Archbishop?" "I did leave the house with the person you have named," answered Henry, "I scorn to deny it; but, so far from knowing him to be a murderer of the primate, I did not even know at the time that such a crime had been committed."

"Lord have mercy on me, I am ruined i-utterly ruined and undone?" exclaimed Milnwood. "That callant's tongue will rin the head aff his ain shoul-

callant's tongue will rin the head aff his ain shoul-ders, and waste my gudes to the very gray cloak on my back." "But you knew Burley," continued Bothwell, still addressing Henry, and regardless of his uncle's inter-ruption, "to be an intercommuned rebel and traitor, and you knew the prohibition to deal with such per-sons. You know, that, as a loval subject, you were prohibited to reset, supply or intercommune with this attainted traitor, to correspond with him by word, writ, or message, or to supply him with meat, drink, house, harbour, or victual, under the highest pains-you knew all this, and yet you broke the law." (Henry was silent.) "Where did you part from im?' continued Bothwell; "was it in the high-way, or did you give him harbourage in this very house?"

way, or and you got a sub-house?" 'In this house!" said his uncle; "he dared not for "In this house it is a choice of mine." "Daro he deny that he did so ?" said Bothwell. "As you charge it to me as a crime," said Henry, "you wil excuse my saying any thing that will erminate myself."

"O, the lands of Milnwood t- the boary has of Milnwood, that have been in the name of Mora twa hundred years ?' exclaimed his uncle; "thy up barking and fleeing, outfield and infield, have and bolms ?' holme

"No, sir," said Henry, "you shall not ester an my account. -- I own," he continued addressing lac-well, "I did give this man a night's logging, is but

"No, sir," said Henry, "you shall not eafer an my account. --I own," he continued addressing sch-well, "I did give this man a night's lodging, stam old military comrade of my father. But it was only without my uncle's knowledge, but contary, his express general orders. I trust, if my ender as considered as good against myself, it will brave weight in proving my uncle's innocence." A sum weight in proving my uncle's innocence. "A sum old Trojan, kudcr, I see to his guests than himed, for he gives us wine and drinks his own thin ab-tell me all you know about this Buley, whathe sid when you parted from him, where he wait, and where he is likely now to be found; and, d-a it, II wink as hard on your share of the baseness an " You will permit. There's a thousand metro a the murdering whigamore's head, an I could be light on the to myself and my friends, would command me to respect his secret, if, indeed, he had ruste ne with any." " So you refuse to give me an answer?" militabe

well. "I have none to give," returned Henry. "Perhaps I could teach you to find one by use to piece of lighted match betwirt your fingen, amount Bothwell.

Bothwell. "O, for pity's sake, sir," said old Alisca ust blar master, "gie them siller—it's siller they's exac-they'll murder Mr. Henry, and yoursell set!" Milnwood groaned in perplexity and bitanes of spirit, and, with a tone as if he was gring us ghost, exclaimed, "If twenty p-p-punds work make up this unharow matter"—

ghost, exclaimed, "If twenty p-p-punks wak make up this unhappy matter" "My master," insinuated Alison to the expent, "would gie twenty punds steriting" "Punds Scotch, ye b-h ?" interrupted Mawwol; for the agony of his avarice overcame alice his par-tanic precision and the habitual repect is eater tained for his housekeeper. "Punds sterling," insisted the housekeeps, "I ye wad hae the gudeness to look ower the last misson-duct; he's that dour ye might tag tim opiers, and ye wad ne'r get a word out o' him; and it wad is ye little gude, I'm sure, to burn his bonny finge-ends."

ye little gude, I'm sure, to burn he roam, inde ends." "Why," said Bothwell, hesitaing, "I don't hav -most of my cloth would have the mare, and ha off the prisoner too; but I bear a conscience, and i your master will stand to your offer, and eath ar a bond to produce his nephew, and it all in the home will take the test-coath, I do not know her -master ye please !" And then aside to her master burn the house about our lugs." Old Milnwood cast a rueful look mon his advise, and moved off, like a piece of Dutch clock-work is set at liberty his imprisoned angels in his dress gency. Meanwhile, Sergeant Bothwel bern a ye the test-coath with such a degree of solem reveat as might have heen expected, being just how do same which is used to this day in his majory set tom-house. tom-house.

tom-house. "You-what's your name, woman?" "Aliaon Wilson, sir." "You, Aliaon Wilson, solemnly swear, certified declare, that you judge it unlawful for subject, and pretext of reformation, or any other pretext what ever, to enter into Leagues and Covenants" three the components may interruted by a sub-

ever, to enter mio Leagues and Covenants Here the ceremony was interrupted by a sub between Cuddie and his mother, which, long of ducted in whispers, now became audible "Oh, whisht, mither, whisht! they're upon 1 cos

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## muning Oh ! which they'll agree weel encuch !

muning—Oh! whicht, and they'll agree weel encuch e'enow." "I will not whicht, Cuddis," replied his mother, "I will uplift my voice and spare not—I will con-found the man of sin, even the scarlet man, and through my voice shall Mr. Henry be freed from the net of the fowler." "She has her leg ower the harrows now," said Caddie, "stop her wha can—I see her cocked up behint a dragoon on her way to the Tolbooth—I find my ain legs tied below a horse's bely—Ay—she has just mustered up her sermon, and there—wi' that grame—out it comes, and we a' ruined, horse and foot!"

grane—out it comes, and we a runned, norse and foot? "And div ye think to come here," said Mause, her withered hand shaking in concert with her keen, though wrinkled visäge, animated by zealuss wrath, and emancipated, by the very mention of the test, from the restraints of her own pradence, and Cuddie's admoniton—"Div ye think to come here, wi'your soul-killing, saint-seducing, conscience-confounding oaths, and tests, and bands—your swares, and your traps, and your gins?—Surely it is in vain that a net is spread in the sight of any bird." "Eh ! what, good dame?" said the soldier. "Here's a whig's miracle, egad ! the old wife has got both her ears and tongue, and we are like to be driven deaf in our turn.—Go to, hold your peace, and remember whom you talk to ! Eh, sirs, ower weel may the sorrowing land ken what ye are. Malignant adhe-rents ye are to the prelates, foul props to a feeble and filthy cause, bloody beasts of prey, and burdens to

rents ye are to the prelates, foul props to a feeble and fithy cause, bloody beasts of prey, and burdens to the earth." "Upon my soul," said Bothwell, astonished as a mastiff-dog might be should a hen-particidge fly at him in defence of her young, "this is the finest lan-guage I ever heard! Can't you give us some more of it?" õfit

of it?' "Gie ye some mair o't?" said Mause, clearing her voice with a preliminary cough, "I will take up my testimony against you ance and again.—Philistines ye are, and Edomites—leopards are ye, and foxes— evening wolves, that gnaw not the bones till the morrow—wicked dogs, that compass about the cho-em\_thrusting kine, and rushing bulls of Resher....

evening woives, that gnaw hot the bones till the morrow-wicked dogs, that compass about the cho-sen-thrusting kine, and pushing bulls of Bashan--piercing serpents ye are, and allied baith in name and nature with the great Red Dragon: Revelations, twalfth chapter, third and fourth verses." Here the old lady stopped, apparently much more from lack of breah than of matter. "Curse the old hag!" said one of the dragoons, "gag her, and take her to head-quarters." "For shame, Andrews," said Bothwell; "remem-ber the good lady belongs to the fair sex, and uses only the privilege of her tongue.-But, hark ye, good woman, every bull of Bashan and Red Dragon will not be so civil as I am, or be contented to leave you to the charge of the constable and ducking-stool. In the meantime I must necessarily carry off this young man to head-quarters. I cannot answer to my commanding-officer to leave him in a house where I have heard so much treason and fanati-cism."

"See now, mither, what ye has dune," whispered "See now, mither, what ye has dune," whispered Cuddie; "there's the Philistines, as ye ca' them, are gaun to whirry awa' Mr. Henry; and a' wi' your nash-gab, deil be on't!" "Haud yere tongue, ye cowardly loon," said the mother, " and layna the wyte on me; if you and thae iaowless gluttons, that are sitting staring like cows jursting on clover, wad testify wi' your hands as I have testified wi' my tongue, they should never harle the precious young lad awa' to captivity." While this dialogue passed, the soldiers had already bond and secured their prisoner. Milm wood returned at this instant, and, alarmed at the preparations he beheld, hastened to profier to Bothwell, though with many a grievous groan, the purse of gold which he had been obliged to rummage out as ransom for his neghew. The trooper took the purse with an air of midifference, weighed it in his hand, chucked it up into the air, and caught it as it fell, then shook his head, and said, "There's many a merry night in this

nest of yellow boys, but d-n me if I dare venture for them-that old woman has spoken too loud, and before all the men too.-Hark ye, old gentleman," to Milnwood, "I must take your nephew to head-quar-Milnwood, "I must take your nephew to head-quar-ters, so I cannot, in conscience, keep more than is my due as civility-money;" then opening the purse, he gave a gold piece to each of the soldiers, and took three to himself. "Now," said he, "you have the comfort to know that your kinsman, young Captain Popinjay, will be carefully looked after and civility used; and the rest of the money I return to you." Milnwood eagerly extended his hand. "Only you know," said Bothwell, still playing with the purse, "that every landholder is answerable for the conformity and loyalty of his household, and that these fellows of mine are not obliged to be silent on the subject of the fine sermon we have had from that old purtan in the tartan plaid there; and I presume you are aware that the consequences of delation will be a heavy fine before the council."

"Good sergeant,—worthy captain !" exclaimed the terrified miser, "I am sure there is no person in my house, to my knowledge, would give cause of offence.

"Nay," answered Bothwell, "you shall hear her give her testimony, as she calls it, herself.—You fel-low," (to Cuddie,) "stand back, and let your mother speak her mind. I see she's primed and loaded again

give her tesumony, as suc cars is necessary to such as the power of the Cuddie," stand back, and let your mother speak her mind. I see she's primed and loaded again since her first discharge." "Lord I noble sit," said Cuddie, "an auld wife's tongue but a feckless matter to mak sic a fash about. Neither my father nor me ever minded muckle what our mither said." "Hold your peace, my lad, while you are well," said Bothwell; "I promise you I think you are slyer than you would like to be supposed.-Come, good dame, you see your master will not believe that you can give us so bright a testimony." Mause's zeal did not require this spur to set her again on full career. "Wo to the compliers and carnal self-seekers," she said, "that daub over and drown their consciences by complying with wicked exactions, and giving mammon of unrighteousness to the sons of Belia, that it may make their peace with them ! It is a sinful compliance, a base confederacy with the Enemy. It is mon or unrighteousness to the sons of Belial, that it may make their peace with them 1 It is a sinful com-pliance, a base confederacy with the Enemy. It is the evil that Menahem did in the sight of the Lord, when he gave a thousand talents to Pul, King of Assyria, that his hand might be with him; Second Kings, feifteen chapter, nineteen verse. It is the evil deed of Ahab, when he sont money to Tiglath-Pele-ser; see the saame Second Kings, saxteen and aught. And if it was accounted a backsliding even in godly Hezekiah, that he complied with Sennacheric, giving him money, and offering to bear that which was put upon him, (see the saame Second Kings, aughteen chapter, fourteen and feifteen verses,) even so it is with them that in this conturnacious and backsliding generation pays localities and fees, and cess and fines, to greedy and unrighteous publicans, and extor-tions and stipends to hireling curates, (dumb dogs which bark not, sleeping, lying down, loving to slum-ber,) and gives gifts to be helps and hires to our op-pressors and destroyers. They are all like the casters of a lot with them-like the preparing of a table for the troop, and the furnishing a drink offering to the number." "There's a fine sound of doctrine for you. Mr. Mor-

"There's a fine sound of doctrine for you, Mr. Mor-ton! How like you that?" said Bothwell; "or how do you think the Council will like it? I think we can carry the greatest part of it in our heads without a kyllevine pen and a pair of tableta, such as you bring to conventicles. She denies paying cess, I think, Andrews?

Andrews?" "Yes, by G--" said Andrews; "and she swore it was a sin to give a trooper a pot of ale, or ask hum to sit down to a table." "You hear," said Bothwell, addressing Milnwood; "but it's your own affair;" and he proffered back the purse with its diminished contents, with an air of indifference.

Milnwood, whose head seemed stunned by the accumulation of his misfortunes, extended his hand me"Are ye mad?" said his househooper, in a whis-per; "tell them to keep it;--they will keep it either by fair means or foul, and it's our only chance to make them quiet."

make them quiet." "I canna do it, Aile-I canna do it," said Miln-wood, in the bitterness of his heart. "I canna part wi' the siller I has counted sae often ower, to thas blackguards." "Then I maun do it mysell, Milnwood," asid the busckerst "for a so a so that here here here here."

"Then I mann do it mysell, Milnwood," asid the housekeeper, "or see a' gang wrang thegither.—My master, sir," she said, addressing Bothwell, "canna think o' taking baok ony thing at the hand of an honourable gentleman like you; he implores ye to pit up the siller, and he as kind to his nephew as ye can, and be favourable in reporting our dispositions to governiment, and let us tak nase wrang for the daft speeches of an suld juad." (here she turned fiercely upon Mause, to induge herself for the effort which it cost her to assume a mild demeanour to the sol-diers,) "a daft auld whig randy, that ne'er was in the speeches of the door-stane again an anes I had her out o't." "Ay, ay." whispered Cuddie to his nevert "stern

sell ne'er cross the door-stane again an anes I had her out o'L" "Ay, ay," whispered Cuddie to his parent, "e'en seel I kend we wad be put to our travels again whene'er ye suid get three words spoken to an end. I was sure that wad be the upshot o't mither." "Whisht, my bairn," said alse, "and dinna murmur at the cross-cross their door-stane! weel I wot I'll ne'er cross their door-stane. There's nae mark on their threshold for a signal that the destroying angel should pase by. They'll get a back-cast o' his hand yet, that think sae muckle o' the creature and sae little o' the Creator-case muckle o' warld's gear and see little o' a broken covenant-case muckle about these wheen pieces o' yellow muck, and sae little about their ain friend and kinsman, and eas little about their ain friend and kinsman, and eas little about their ain friend and kinsman, and eas little about their ain friend and kinsman, headings, hangings, dismemberings, chasings, catchings, hangings, dismemberings, and quarternings quick, hort he hundreds forced from their ain habitations to the deserts, mountains, mure, meases, mose-flows, and not here to read there the word like beaut to the deserts, mountains, muirs, mosses, moss-flows, and peat-hags, there to hear the word like bread esten in secret."

esten in secret." "She's at the Covenant new, sergeant, shall we met have her away?" said one of the soldiers. "You be d-d!" said Bothwell, ande to him; "cannot you see ahe's better where she is, so long as there is a respectable, sponsible, money-broking he-ritor, like Mir. Morton of Milnwood, who has the means of atoning her trespasses? Let the old mo-ther fly to raise another brood, she's toe tough to be made any thing of hereeff-Here," he cried, "one other round to Milnwood and his roof-tree, and to other round to Milnwood and his roof-tree, and to other next merry meeting with him I-which I think will not be far distant, if he keeps such a fanatical family." family

will not be far distant, if he keeps such a fanatical family." He then ordered the party to take their horses, and pressed the best in Mikewood's stable into the king's service to carry the prisoner. Mirs Wilson, with weeping eyes, made up a small parcel of neoce-saries for Henry's compelled journey, and as she bustled about, took an opportunity, unseen by the party, to slip into his hand a small sum of money. Bothwell and his troopers, in other respects, kept their prisoner, but contented themselves with leading his horse between a file of men. They then mounted, and marched off with much mirth and laughter among themselves, leaving the Milnwood family in great confusion. The old Laird himself, overpowerds of twenty pounds starting, did nothing the whole owening but rock himself backwards and forwards in his great leathern easy-chair, repeating outday of twenty pounds starting, did nothing the same ismentation, of "Ruined on a sides, mined on a' sides-harried and undone-harried and undone-body and gudes, body and gndes!" Mirs. Alison Wilson's grief was partly induked and he accompanied Mismes and Cuddie's expulsion from Miinwoca.

the acoustic Minwood.

"This back be in the graning cores of thest is yet tiest lad in Clydesdale this day mann be a sum and a 'for you and your defit wingony ?" "Gae wa'," replied Messes; "I row ye mynin the bonds of sin, and in the guil of imquity, organy your bonniest and best in the same of him the gue y a 'ye hac-I promise I has dune as madh in Mr. Harry as I wad do for my ain; for if Calls was found worthy to bear testimony in the Gau-market"----market"

And there's gade hepe o't," said Alison, "ulu

"And there's gade hope o't," seid Alison, "ube you and he change your courses." "--And if." continued Mause, disregarding the terruption, "the bloody Doegs and he fattering Ziphites were to seek to ensance me with a profie his remission upon ainfal compliance, I wad pre-vere, natheless, in lifting my testimony against poor prelacy, antinomianism, erastanism, laparaning sublaparinanism, and the sins and sance of the ima --I wad cry as a woman in labour against the blad Indulgence, that has been a stumbling-block to pe feasors--I wad uplift my voice as a powerfal preche dragging her off forcibly, "dinna deve the seath woman wi" your testimony i yo has preche const

uragging her off forcibly, "dinna deave the gade woman wi your testimony! ye has preached essent for eax days. Ye preached us out o' are cany the house and gude kale-yard, and out o' the size city refuge afore our hinder end was well had a s; and ye has preached Mr. Harry aws to the pinny and ye has preached twenty punds out o' the land pocket that he likes as ill to quit w?; and says my haud age. for as were whild a without mediant as pocket that he likes as ill to quit w?; and says my haud sac, for as wee while, without preading men a ladder and down a tow. Sac, come we, can awa; the family has had enough o'your taking b mind it for as while," So saying he dragged off Mause, the wea, "he timony—Covenant—malignants—mobiles," in thrilling upon her tongue, to make programs for instantly renewing their travals in quest of a weat

instantly renewing their travels not the second state of the second state of the second state of the second second second states and the second secon mair than half a gentlewoman by my man, it

### CHAPTER IX.

I am a son of Mars who have been is And show my cuts and scars whenever This here was for a wench, and that When welcoming the French at the

"Dow'r be too much cast down," aid Seman Bothwell to his prisoner as they journysien town the head-quarters; "you are a'smart prety is, well connected; the worst that will happen will strapping up for it, and that is many a hoast low's lot. I tell you fairly your life's within the gass of the law, unless you make achieved can.well afford it." "That vexes me more than the ret," and Ha "He parts with bia money with ramet; and Ha

"That verses me more than the rest," sad Has "The parts with his money with rest; and an had no concern whatever with my haves of the person shelter for a might, twich to Howen, it a cape a capital punishment, that the pensity matter a kind I could bear in my own person." "Why, perhaps," said Bechwell, "they will be pose to you to go into one of the South rest that are serving abroad. It's no bad line of an if your friends are active, and that are ar are an if your friends are active, and that are are an such a sentence is not the best thing that can be to me."

to ma

Why, then, you are no real whig sher all a

"I have hitherto meddled with no party of "I have hitherto meddled with no party of state," said Henry, "but have remained can home; and sometimes I have had senous have of joining one of our foreign regiments." "Have you?" replace Hothered; "way, I have

you for it; I have served in the Scotch French guards myself many a long day; it's the place for learning discipline, d-n me. They never mind what you do when you are off duty; but miss you the roll-call, and see how they'll arrange you-D-n me, if old Captain Montgomery didn't make me mount guard upon the arsenal in my steel-back and breast, plate-sleeves and head-piece, for six hours at once, mder so burning a sum, that gad I was baked like a surtle at Port Royale. I swore never to miss answer-mg hand of cards upon the drum-head-Ahl disci-line is a capital thing."

pline is a capital thing." "In other respects you liked the service?" said Morton.

"Par excellence," said Bothwell; "women, whe, and wassail, all to be had for little but the asking; and if you find it in your conscience to let a fat press hink he has some chance to convert you, gad he'll

hink he has some chance to convert you, gad he'll, help you to these comforts himself, just to gain a little ground in your good affection. Where will you find a **rop-eared** whig parson will be so civil ?" "Why, nowhere, I agree with you," said Henry; "Dat what was your chief duty ?" "To guard the king's person," said Bothwell, "to-look after the safety of Louis le Grand, my boy, and now and then to take a turn among the Huguenots protestants, that is.) And there we had fine scope; it brought my hand pretty well in for the service in this comfure. But come as you are to be a bar of this country. But come, as you are to be a bon ca-merado, as the Spaniards say, I must put you in cash with some of your old uncle's broad-pieces. This is cutter's law; we must not see a pretty fellow want, if we have cash ourselves."

if we have cash ourselver." Thus speaking, he pulled out his purse, took out iome of the contents, and offered them to Henry without counting them. Young Morton declined the favour; and, not judging it prudent to acquain the sergeant, notwithstanding his apparent generosity, that he was actually in possession of some money, he assured him he should have no difficulty in getting a supply from his nucle

assured nim me enough nave no dimetury in getting a supply from his uncle. "Well," said Bothwell, "in that case these yellow rascals must serve to ballast my purse a little longet. I always make it a rule never to quit the tavern (unless ordered on duty) while my purse is so weighty that I can chuck it over the signpost. When it is so light that the wind blows it back, then, boot and ddde must must be an order of the sign of the rule rule rule rule is not set.

so light that the wind blows it back, then, boot and mddle, —we must fall on some way of replenishing. —But what tower is that before us, rising so high spon the steep bank, out of the woods, that surround t on every side?" "It is the tower, of Tillietudlera," said one of the soldiers. "Old Lady Margaret Bellenden lives there. She's one of the best affected women in the country, and one that's a soldier's fired. When I was hurt by one of the d-d whig dogs that shot at me from whind a fauld-dike, I lay a month there, and would frand such another would to be in as good quarters

Tand such another wound to be in as good quarters gain." "If that be the case," said Bothwell, "I will pay ay respects to her as we pass, and request some encehrment for men and horses; I am as thirsty hready as if I had drunk nothing at Minwood. But is a good thing in these times," he continued, ad-ressing himself to Henry, "that the King's solder amot pass a house without getting a refreshment. a such houses as Tille-what d'ye call it? you are arved for love; in the houses of the avowed fanatics such houses and other suspicious persons, you are real treated from fear; so your thirst is always penched on some terms or other." "And you propose," said Henry, anxiously, to go pon that errand up to the tower yonder?"

▲ A Highland laird, whose peculiarities live still in the re-pliceties of his countrymen, used to regutate his residence in imburgh in the following manner: Every day he visited the Faster gate, as it is called, of the Canongate, over which is sti-meded a worken arch. Specie being them the general currency, a throw his parse over the gate, and as long set it was heavy mangh the thrown over, he continued his sound of pleasure after the Highlands. Query-How often would be have general this experiment at Tample Ent?

"To be sure I do," answered Bothwell. "How should I be able to report favourably to my officers of should I be able to report favourably to my omcers of the worthy lady's sound principles, utless I know the tagte of her sack, for sack she will produce—that I take for granted; it is the favourite consoler of your old dowager of quality, as small claret is the potation of your country laird." "Then, for heaven's sake," said Henry, "if you

are determined to go there, do not mention my name, or expose me to a family that I am acquainted with.

or expose use to a family that I am acquanted with. Let me be muffied up for the time in one of your sol-dier's cloaks, and only mention me generally as a pri-soner under your charge." "With all my heart," said Bothwell; "I promised to use you civilly, and I seorn to break my word.— Here, Andrews wrap a cloak round the prisoner, and do not mention his name, nor where we caught him, unleas you would have a trot on a barse of wood"" unless you would have a trot on a horse of wood.".

heas you would have a trot on a norse or wood. They were at this moment at an arched gateway, They were at this moment at an arched gateway, battlemented and flagged with turrets, one whereof was totally ruinous, excepting the lower story, which served as a cow-house to the passant, whose family inhabited the turret that remained entire. The gate had been broken down by Moak's soldiers during the civil war, and had never been replaced, therefore pas-sented no obstacle to Bothwell and his party. The avenue, very steep and narrow, and causewayed with large round stones, ascended the side of the precipi-tous bank in an oblique and zigzag course, now show-ing now hiding a view of the tower and its exterior bulwarks, which seemed to rise almost perpendicaing now inding aview of the tower and its exterior bulwarks, which seemed to rise almost perpendica-larly above their heads. The fragments of Gothic defences which it exhibited were upon such a scale of strength, as induced Bothwell to exclaim, "It's well this place is in homest and loyal hands. Eggad, if the enemy had it, a dozen of old whigamore wives with their distaffs might keep it against a troop of dra-goons, at least if they had half the spunk of the old girl we left at Minwood. Upon my life," he con-tinued, as they came in front of the large double, tower and its surrounding defences and flankers, "it is a superb place, founded, says the worn inscription over the gate-unless the remnant of my Latin has given me the slip—by Sir Ralph de Bellenden in 1380 — a respectable antiquity. I must groet the old lady with due honour, though it should put me to the labour of recalling some of the compliments that I used to dable in when I was wont to keep that art of company."

labour of recalling some of the compliments that are used to dabble in when I was wont to keep that are of company." As he thus communed with himself, the butler, who had reconsolited the soldiers from an arrow-sit in the wall, announced to his lady, that a com-"The punishment of ridig the wooden mare was, in the day of Chrise and logifier, due to do the verious and cruel modes of the first of the soldiers from an arrow-sit in the wall, announced to his lady, that a com-"The punishment of ridig the wooden mare was, in the day of Chrise and logifier, due to the verious and cruel modes of the first of the second recommender with a first of the second in the first of the second recommender with a first of the second in the first of the second recommender with a second the second recommender of the second recommender with the second recommender of the second recommender with a first of the second recommender of the second recommender with the second first of the mark of the second recommender of the second recommender of the second recommender of the second recommender of the first of the second recommender of the second recommender of the second recommender of the second recommender of the record that his Royal Highmess washed, cred, crowed, and second and had corps of twenty two boys, arrayed with paper care and had corps of twenty two boys, arrayed with paper care and had corps of twenty two boys, arrayed with paper care and had corps of twenty the second prince, to be prince of the second records from the sense. Which were the first or second records from the sense. The the second of the posel steed. The main fermanet, by did of septi-plication and mediation, escaped from the parsance, which were then for the discussion, escaped from the parsance, which were then the posel steed. The second from the parsance, which were then and mediation, escaped from the parsance, which were then and mediation, escaped from the parsance, which were then and the discuss and the second from the parsance which were then ano

30TALES OF MY LANDLORD.ICas. IXmanded party of dragoons, or, as he thought, Life<br/>fuer charge.<br/>"I am certain," said Gudvill, "and positive, that<br/>the sixth man is a prisoner; for his horse is led, and<br/>the two dragoons that are before have their carabined<br/>out of their budgets, and rested upon their thighs.<br/>I make the grate and let them be accommodated with what<br/>of the great Marquis."<br/>"King's soldiers?" said the lady; "probably in<br/>want of refreshment. Go, Gudvill, make them well<br/>provision and forage the tower can afford.—And<br/>stay, tell my geatlewoman to bring my black scart<br/>and menates. I will go down myself to recommended according to<br/>her orona, Lady Margaret, when they are doing so<br/>much respect in times when they are doing so mult<br/>or royal authority. And d'y chera, Gudvill, let Jenny<br/>bennison slip on her pearlings to walk before my<br/>ensisted men of fashion in Charles the Scording to<br/>the dissipated men of fashion in Charles the Scord<br/>the something of the ight and careless address of<br/>the dissipated men of fashion in Charles the Scord and<br/>ever mol and not at all savour of the awkward or<br/>ude manners of a non-commissioned officer of dra-<br/>spone. His language, as well as his manners, seemed<br/>the dissipated men of fashion in Charles the Scord of them well—and here and there was one<br/>would have entertained me as their brind, for I can donk my<br/>here so the momend in the tree women to walk bediore<br/>mice and me and the there worde to walk b the two dragoons that are before have their carabines out of their budgets, and rested upon their thighs. It was aye the way we guarded prisoners in the days of the great Marquis.". "King's soldiers?" said the lady; "probábly in want of refreshment. Go, Gudyill, make them wel-come, and let them be accommodated with what provision and forage the tower can afford.—And, stay, tell my geatlewoman to bring my black scarf and manteau. I will go down myself to receive them; one cannot show the King's Life Guards too much respect in times when they are doing so much for royal authority. And d'ye hear, Gudyill, let Jenny Dennison slip on her pearlings to walk behind; and bid my niece attend me instantly." "Fully accourted, and attended according to her

time, and did not at all savour of the awkward or rude manners of a non-commissioned officer of dra-goons. His language, as well as his manners, seemed also to be refined for the time and occasion; though the truth was, that, in the fluctuations of an adven-turious and profligate life, Bothwell had sometimes kept company much better suited to his ancestry than to his present situation of life. To the lady's request to know whether she could be of service to "them, he answered, with a suitable bow," "That as they had to march some miles farther that night, they would be much accommodated by permission to rest their horses for an hour before continuing their

they would be much accommodated by permission to rest their horses for an hour before continuing their "ourney," "With the greatest pleasure," answered Lady Mar-garet; "and I trust that my people will see that neither horse nor men want suitable refreshment." "We are all well aware, madam," continued Both-well, "that such has always been the reception, within the walls of Tillietudlem, of those who served the King."

well, "that such has always been the reception, within the walls of Tilletudlem, of those who served the King." "We have studied to discharge our duty faithfully and loyally on all occasions, sir," answered Lady Margaret, pleased with the compliment, "both to our monarchs and to their followers, particularly to their faithful soldiers. It is not long ago, and it pro-bably has not escaped the recollection of his sacred majesty, now on the throne, since he himself honoured my poor house with his presence, and breakfasted in a room in this castle. Mr. Sergeant, which my waiting-gentlewoman shall show you; we still call it the King's room." Bothwell had by this time dismounted his party, and committed the horses to the charge of one file, and the prisoner to that of another; so that he him-self was at liberty to continue the conversation which the lady had so condescendingly opened. "Since the King, my master, had the honour to experience your hospitality, I cannot wonder that it is extended to those that serve him, and whose prim-cipal merit is doing it with fidelity. And yet I have a meater relation to his majesty than this coarse red eoat would seem to indicate." "Not exactly, madam, to his household ?" "Not exactly, madam, to his household the rather of his *house*; how and the law and the house hold, but rather of his *house*; a connexion, through which I may

"you have belonged to his household ?" "Not exactly, madam, to his household, but rather o his house; a connexion through which I may laim kindred with most of the best families in Scot-and, not, I believe, exclusive of that of Tillietudlum." "Sir ?" said the old lady, drawing herself up with dignity at hearing what she conceived an imperti-ment jest, "I do not understand you." "I's but a foolish subject for one in my situation to talk of, madam," answered the trooper; "but you must nave heard of the history and musfortunes of not granditather Francis Stewart, to whom James L,

who, when better company was not to be take, would have made me his companion, since I can drink my three bottles of wine.—But I don't know how it is-between service and service among my kinsmen, I prefer that of my cousin Charles as the most credit-ble of them all, although the pay is but poor, and the hvery far from splendid."

ble of them all, although the pay is but poor, are are livery far from splendid." "It is a shame, it is a burning scandal? and Lady Margaret. "Why do you not apply to his most sacred majesty? he cannot but, be surprade to hear that a scion of his august family"......" "I beg your pardon, madam," interrupted the ser-geant, "I am but a blunt soldier, and I trast you will excuse me when I say, his most sacred majesty is more busy in grafting scions of his own, than with nourishing those which were planted by his grantli-ther's grandfather." "Well, Mr. Stewart," said Lady Margaret, "out thing you must promise me -remain at Tillictuden to-night; to-morrow I expect your commanding off these who would turn the world upside down. I wall speak to him on the subject of your scenty promotion and I am certain he feels too much, both what is due to the blood which is in your wins, and to the recease sacred majesty, not to make better provision for yo thar won have are received "

of a lady so highly distinguished as mysell by his mark sacred majesty, not to make better provision for you than you have yet received." "I am much obliged to your dedyship, and I car-tainly will remain here with my prisoner, since you request it, especially as it will be the earliest way a presenting him to Colonel Grahame, and obtaining his ultimate orders about the young goark." "Who is your prisoner, pray you ?" said Lady Mar-saret.

garet.

"A young fellow of rather the better class in d neighbourhood, who has been so incautious as to a

A young lendword rainer the detest class as to neighbourhood, who has been so incattious as to countenance to one of the murderers of the prim and to facilitate the dop's escape." "O, fie upon him !" said Lady Margaret; "I but too apt to forgive the injuries I have receive the hands of these rouges, though some of them. Stewart, are of a kind not like to be forgotten; those who would abet the perpetrators of so crud deliberate a homicide on a single man, an old a and a man of the Archbishop's sacred profession fie upon him ! If you wish to make him security title trouble to your people, I will cause Harman Gudyill, look for the key of our pit, or princed and geon. It has not been open since the week also victory of Kilsythe, when my poor Sir Arthur the den put twenty whigs into it; but it is not many two stories beneath ground, so it cannot be any some, especially as I rather believe there is some an opening to the outer ag."

"I beg your pardon, madam," answerd the ser-geant; "I dare say the dungeon is a most admirable one; but I have promised to be civil to the lad, and I will take care he is watched, so as to render secape impossible. I'll set those to look after him shall keep im as fast as if his legs were in the boots, or his fin-gers in the thumbikins." "Well, Mr. Stewart," rejoined the lady, "you best thow your own duty. I heartily wish you good even-ng, and commit you to the care of my steward, Har-ison. I would ask you to keep ourselves company, ut a -a - ""

"O, madam, it requires no apology; I am sensible "O, madam, it requires no apology; I am sensible he coarse red coat of King Charles II. does and ought o annihiste the privileges of the red blood of King

"Not with me, I do assure you, Mr. Stewart; you to me injustice if you think so. I will speak to your officer to-morrow; and I trust you shall soon find ourself in a rank where there shall be no anomalies o be reconciled." "I believe, madam," said Bothwell, "your good-iess will find itself deceived; but I am obliged to ou for your intention, and, at all events, I will have i merry night with Mr. Harrison." Lady Margaret took a ceremonious leave, with all he respect which she owed to royal blood, even when lowing in the veins of a sergeent of the Life-Guards; gain assuring Mr. Stewart, that whatever was in he Tower of Tilletudiem was heartily at his service and that of his attendants.

he Tower of Tillictudlem was heartily at his service and that of his attendants. Sergeant Bothwell did not fail to take the lady at her word, and readily forgot the height from which its family had descended, in a joyous carousal, dur-ng which Mr. Harrison exerted himself to produce the best wine in the cellar, and to excite his guest to be merry by that enducing example, which, in mat-ers of convivality, goes farther than precept. Old indust associated himself with a party so much to its taste, pretty much as Davy, in the Second Part of Henry the Fourth, mingles in the revels of his mas-er, Justice Shallow. He ran down to the cellar at the risk of breaking his neck, to ransack some pri-rate catacound, known, as he boasted, only to him-self, and which never either had, or abould, during his superintendence, render forth a bottle of its con-ents to any one but a real king's friend. "When the Dake dined here," said the butter, seat-ang himself at a distance from the table, being some-what overawed by Bothwell's genealogy, but yet uitching his seat half a yard nearer at every clause of his spech, "my leddy was importunate to have a bottle of that Burgundy,"--(here he advanced his seat a hitle,)-" but I dimma ken how it was, Mr. Stewart, I misdoubled him. I jaloused him, sir, no o be the friend to government he pretends: the fa-mity are not to inpon to. That and Duke James or y, boil, nor sup cauld." (With this witty observa-ion, he completed his first parallel, and commenced migrag after the manner of an experisenced engineer, or der to contune his approaches to the table.) Sae, sir, the faster my leddy eried 'Burgundy to his trace—the auld Burgundy—the choice Burgundy-hes mair did I say to mysell, Deil a drap gangs down is hause unleas I was mair sensible o' his principles; bet and claret may serve him. Na, na, gentlemen, s lang as I hae the trut o' butler in this house o' Ti-pardiem, I'll tak it upon me to see that nae dialoyal ' doubti' person is the better o' our binns. But when ergeant Bothwell did not fail to take the lady at

s lang as I has the trust o' butler in this house o' Til-stadlem, I'll tak it upon me to see that nas disloyal r doubtu' person is the better o' our binns. But when can find a true friend to the king and his cause, and moderate episcopecy; when I find a man, as I say, lat will stand by church and crown as I did mysell my master's life, and all through Montrose's time, think there's nasching in the cellar ower guds to be pared on him."

By this time be had completed a lodgement in the pdy of the place, or, in other words, advanced his an close to the table.

<sup>1</sup> And now, Mr. Francis Stewart of Bothwell, I Milnwood ave the honour to drink your gude health, and a manismon t've and much heak may ve have in rak- ther turn

ing this country clear o' whigs and roundheads, fana-tics and Covenanters." Bothwell, who, it may well be believed, had long ceased to be very acrosulous in point of accety, whish he regulated more by his convenience and station in: life than his ancestry, readily answered the butler's pledge, acknowledging, at the same time, the excel-lence of the wine; and Mr. Gudyill, thus adopted a regular member of the company, continued to farmish them with the means of mirth until an early hour in the next morning. the next morning.

#### CHAPTER X.

# Did I bet purpose to embark with these On the amouth surface of a mannar see, And would formake the skiff and make the shore When the winds whistle and the tempests root .....

When the winds whistle and the tempests roard Pron. When the winds whistle and the tempests roard of sergeant of dragoons, the conference which we have detailed in the preceding pages, has grand-daughter, partaking in a less degree her ladywhity's enthuliasm for all who were sprung of the blood-royal, did not honour Sergeant Bothwell with more attention than a single glance, which showed her a tall powerful person, and a set of hardy weatherbesten features, to which pride and dissipation had given an air where discontent mingled with the reckless gryety of desperation. The other soldiers officed still less to detach her consideration; but from the prisoner, muffied and disguised as he was, she found it impos-sible to withdraw her sycs. Y at she bland herself for indulging a curiceity which seemed obviously to give pain to him who was its object. "I wish," she said to Jenny Dennison, who was the immediate attendant on her person, "I wish we knew who that poor fallow is." "I was just thinking see mysell, Miss Edith," said the waiting woman, "but it canna be Cuddis Head-ring, because he's taller and no see stout." "I did source for whom we might have cause to interest ourselves." "I can sume learn wha be ia," said the enterprising Janny, "if the sodgers were anes settled and at lei-sure, for I ken ane o' them very west—the best-look-ing and the youngest o' them." "Na, Miss Edith, I am no see free o' my sequent

"I think you know all the idle young fellows about the country," answered her mistress. "Na, Miss Rdith, I am no sae free o' my acquaint-ance as that," answered the fille-de-chambre. "To be sure, folk canna help kenning the folk by head-mark that they see aye glowring and looking at them at kirk and market; but I ken few lads to speak to-unless it be them o' the family, and the three Stain-cons, and Tam Rand, and the young miller, and the five Howisons in Nethersheils, and lang Tam Gilry, and"......

"Pray cut short a list of exceptions which threed-"Pray cut short a list of exceptions which threed-ens to be a long one, and tell me how you come to know this young soldier," said Miss Bellenden. "Lord, Miss Edith, it's Tana Halliday, Trooper Tam, as they ca' him, that was wounded by the hill-folk at the conventicle at Outer-side Muir, and lay here while he was under cure. I can ask him ony thing, and Tam will no refuse to answer me, I'll be caution for him." "Try, then," said Miss Edith, "if you can find an opportunity to ask him the name of his prisoner, and come to my room and tell me what he says." Jenny Dennison proceeded on her errand, but soon returned with such a face of surprise and de-may as evinced a deep interest in the fate of the prisoner.

may as criment a series of the primoner. "What is the matter?" said Edith, anxioualy: 'does it prove to be Cuddie, after all, poer fellow ?: "Cuddie, Miss Edith? Na! it's nae Cuddia." Blubbered out the faithful fille-de-chambre, sensible of the pain which her news were about to inflict on her young mistress. "O dear, Miss Edith, it's young her young mistress. Milnwood himsell !"

Young Milnwood ?" exclaimed Edith, aghest in turn "it is impossible-totally impossible !---

Wis main assends the damperan indeled by i and has no connexion whateas with the refres people; and he himself has never interfored in

and has no connexion whatever with the refrestery geogle; and he hundelf has never interfered in this unlass, he has been standing up for some inveded ight." "O, my dear alies Edich," and her ettendent, "them are not days to sek what's right or what's yeang; if he ware as maccent as the new-bern infant, they would find some wey of making him guilty, if they liked; but Tam Hathiday says it will Fig gentlemen that killed that auld carle of an Arch-bishop." "His life !" axelaimed Edith, starting hestily up.

The gentlement that kind that hild carle of an Arch-bishop." "His life !" axolained Edith, starting hastily up, "d speaking with a hurned and transleus accent,— "they cannot—they shall not—I will speak for him— they shall not hurt him !" "O, my dear young leddy, think on your grand-mether; dank on the danger and the difficulty," added jenny; "for he's kept under elsee confinement till Clisurbuse ences up in the morning, and if he desus gie him full estimation. Then Halligey ergs ubere will be brief wash wi jum—Encel down-mak John Maderiar, that never understood a single quee-tions they pet till him, and see lost his life for lack of "generag." - Benzing

"Jeanny," asid the young lady, "if he should die, I wil die with him; there is no time to tak af danger or difficulty—I will put on a plass, and ship down with you to the place where they have bept him—I will throw myself at the fact of the septimed, and entreat him, as he has a soul to be

"Hon may be interest him, as he has a soul to be seven", unu entrest him, as he has a soul to be "ED, guide us?" interrupted the maid, "our young heddy at the fact o' Traoper Tam, and speaking to him about his soul, when the puir chield hardly keens whether file has ane or no, unless that he whiles swears by it-diat will never do; but what mann be mann be, and Fill never do; but what mann be mann be, and Fill never do; but what mann be mann be, and Fill never do; but what mann be mann be, and Fill never desert a true-love cause --And see, if ye maun see young Minwood, though I han nas gude it will do, but to make baith your hearts the sairs. I'll e'en tak the raket o', and try to manage Tam Halliday; but ye maun let me has my an gate and no speak se word-he's keep-ing guand o'er Minwood in the easter round of the tower." "Go, so, fatch me a plaid," baid Edith. " Let me but see him, and I will find same remody for his danger-Haste ye, Jenny, as ever ye hope to have good at my hands."

good at my hands." Journy hastened, and soon returned with a plaid, in which Edith matfield herself so as completely to actean har face, and in part to disguise her person. This was a mode of arranging the plaid very common mong the ladies of that century, and the grafter part of the ascessing one; so much se, indeed, that the venerable sages of the Kirk, conceiving that the mode gave tempting facilities for intrigue, directed more than one act of Assembly against this use of the manifie. But fashion, as usual, proved too strong fir subority, and while plaids continued to be worn, wassen of all ranks occasionally employed them as ourceded, Kdith, holding by her attendant's arm, fastened with trembling steps to the place of Mor-ton's confinement.

This was a small study or closet, in one of the warsts, opening upon a gallery in which the sestime was pacing to and fro i for Sergeant Bothwell, soupalous in observing his word, and perhaps touched with some compassion for the prisoner's youth and grated demeanour, had waved the indignity of putting his guard into the same apartment with him. Hulliday, therefore, with his carabine on his arm, walked up and down the gallery, occasionally sola-sing himself with a draught of ale, a huge flagoa of which stood upon the table at one end of the Consoliment of an individual, while in public or promis-ment of the second 
# pd by law, ( appartment, and at other fame burning the livity e refressory ( Bootish an,

# " Between Calut Johnstone and Tenny Dan Fill gar yo be fais to follow me."

Jenny Dennison cautioned her mistrons once a to let her take her own way.

to set ner take her own way. "I can manage the trooper weel enough," desaid, "for as rough as he is—I kan their nature weel; but ye maunas say a single word." She accordingly opened the door of the galley just as the semined had tamed his back from it, and using up the tune which he hummed, she sung m a capatish tone of rustic raillery.

"If I mese to follow a poor sodger lad, My friends wad be appry, my minois be an A laird, or a lord, they were fitter for me, face I'll source in this is follow then "-----

"A fair challenge, by Jove," cried the sentin turning round, "and from two at once; but if's easy to bang the soldier with his bandoleers," th taking up the song where the damsel had stort.

"To follow me re weel may be gied, A share of my suppor, a share of my had, To the sound of the drum to maps further [1] gar ye be fixed to follow we."

"Come, my pretty lass, and kins me f

ang,"" I should not have thought of that, Mr. Mallids "I should not have thought of that, Mr. Mallids answered Janny, with a look and tone expanse inst the necessary degues of contempt at the yange "and, I'se assure ye, ye'll has but little o' my o yang unless ye show gentler havings—It was hear that acts o' nonsense that brought me hav my fixed, and ye should think shame o' yournal "should ye." ny frita bould y

"White we have been and a series of the seri

" Kock into the draw

Janot, Jan Janot, Jan Thou yell see your bong My jon Ja

"So yp're no thinking to lot up in Mr. Hell Weel, weel; gude d'en to you-ye has seen the me, and o' this bonny die tep," said Jenny h between her finger and thumb a sploudid dollar, "Give him gold, give him gold," whispen 

"Give him gold, give him gold," whispened agitated young lady. "Bilter's d'en over gude for the like o' him," plied Johny, "that disna care for the blink o' a be lastic's co-and what's wan, he wad think there conthing mair in't than a kinewomen o' mine-certy! diller's no cae plenty wi' us, lot shame go Having addressed this advice esside to her man she reused her voice, and said, "My counsin w stay ony langor, Mr. Hellidey; sae, if yo please, e'en t'ye."

stay only langer, Mr. Halliday; ane, if ye picenes, e'ch t'ye." "Hait a bit, hait a bit," end the trooper; "m and parley, Jeany. If I let your knoweman epicet to my prisoper, you may, stay here and here company till also come out again, and then we be well pleaned you know." "The field he is my fast then," said former; ; think my kinewomen and me are grown to be guide name wi' pracking clavers wi' he this o' y your prisonar either, without comolody by us or play? Hisigh, heigh, and, to apply the difficult tween folk's promises and proving same i head him to oblige me in a thes, though it has in our this hanging, he wedsie heat the this has been be

"D-a Cindian" reported the drageen, "Maril be it hanged in good servent i have a sew him to-day at Minwood with his old paritanical b---- of a mether, and if I had thought I was to have had him cast is us dish. I would have brought him up at my horse's tai-we had law enough to bear us out." "Very weed, very weel-See if Cuddie winns has a lang shot at you are o' that days, if ye gar him tak the muir wi's as mony honest folk. He can hit a merk brawly; he was third at the populary and he's as true of his promise as of se and hand, though he disma mak sic a physical sectors acquaintance him to day at of a mother.

as true of his promise as of see and hand, though he disma mak sic a phrase about it as some acquaintance of yours-But it's a' ane to me-Come, cousin, we'll awa." "Stay, Jenny ; d--m me, if I hang fire more than smother when I have easid a thing," said the soldier, in a hesitating tone. "Where is the corganat?" "Druking and driving ower," quoth Jenny, "wi' he Steward and John Gudyill." "So are-hor as for another and where are normal.

be Steward and John Gudyill." "So, so —he's safe enough — and where are ny com-ales?" asked Halliday. "Biding the brown bowl wi'the fowler and the leoner, and some o' the serving folk." "Have they plenty of ale?" "Sex gallons, as gude as e'er was masked," said the staid. "Well, then, my pretty Jenny," said the releting method, "they are fast till the hour of relieving method.

It was continue to any arms y he was at her side, almost at her foot, preasing her unreasing hands, and loading her with a production of thanks and gra-uitade which would be herdly intelligible from the index which would be nevery interngible from the mare broken words, unless we could describe the tone, the resource, the empassioned and hurried indications of deep and tumulmous feeling, with which they were accompanied.

Were account intrinsions forming, with which they For two or three minutes, Edith stood as motion-less as the states of a saint which receives the adora-tion of a werahipper; and when she recovered herself sufficiently to withdraw her hands from Henry's grasp, she could at first of ally faintly articulate. "I have taken a strange step, Mr. Morton—a step," she consinued with messe coherence, as her ideas ar-ranged themselves in consequence of a strong effort, "that perhaps may expose me to censure in your eyes —But I have long permitted you to use the language of friendship—perhaps I might say more—too long to leave you when the world comes to have left you. How, or why, is this imprisonment I what can be done f can my uncle, who thinks so highly of you —ean your own kinsman, Milnwood, be of no use f are there means 3 and what is likely to be the events."

sheuld have come next. "Nothing short of my life, you would say 7" re-plied Morton, in a cahn, but melancholy tone; "I believe that will be entrely in the bosoms of my judges. My guards spoke of a possibility of exchang-ing the penalty for entry into foreign service. I thought I could have embraced the alternative; and yet, Miss Bellenden, since I have seen you once more, I feel that exile would be more galling than death." "And is it then true," said Edith, "that you have been so desperately rash as to entertain communica-tion with any of those cruel wretches who assassin ated the primate "?"

ated the primate ?" "I knew not even that such a crime had been committed," replied Morton, "when I gave unhap-pily a night's lodging and concealment to one of those rash and cruel men, the ancient friend and comrade rash and cruei men, the ancient mend and comrade of my father. But my ignorance will avail me little; for who, Miss Bellenden, save you, will believe it ? And, what is worke, I am at least uncertain whether, even if I had known the crime, I could have brought my mind, under all the circumstances, to refuse a temporary refuge to the fugitive." "And by whom," said Fdith, anxiously, "or under what authority, will the investigation of your conduct take place?"

"Under that of Colonel Grahame of Claverhouse, "Under that of Colonel Grahame of Claverhouse, I am given to understand," said Morton; "one of the military commission, to whom it has pleased our one of

the military commission, to whom it has pleased our long, our privy council, and our parliament, that used to be more tenacious of our liberties, to commit the sale charge of our goods and of our lives." "To Claverhouse?" said Bdith, faintly; "merciful Heaven, you are lost ere you are tired! He wrote to my grandmother that he was to be here to-morrow morning, on his noed to the head of the county, where some desperate men, animated by the presence of two or three of the actors in the primate's murder, are said to have assembled for the purpose of making a stand against the government. His expressions made me shudder, even when I could not guess that—that—a friend"—\_\_\_\_\_51

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"Do not be too much alarmed on my account, my dearest Edith," said Henry, as he supported her in his arms; "Claverhouse, though atern and releatless, is by all accounts, brave, fair, and honourable. I am a soldier's son, and will plead my cause like a soldier. He will perhaps listen more favourably to a blurr and unvarnished defence than a truckling and time-serv-ing judge might do. And, indeed, in a time when justice is, in all its branches, so completely corrupted, I would rather lose my life by open military violence, than be conjured out of it by the hocus-pocus of some arbitrary lawyer, who lends the knowledge he has of the statutes made for our protection, to wrest them to our destruction."

the statutes made for our protection, to wrest them to our destruction." "You are lost, if you are to plead your cause with Claverhouse "sighed Edith; "root and branchwork is the mildest of his expressions. The unhappy primate was his intimate friend and early patron. 'No excuse, no subterfuge,' said his letter, 'shall save either those connected with the deed, or such as have given them countenance and shelter, from the ample and bitter penalty of the law, until I shall have taken as many lives in vengreance of this atrocious murder, as the old man had gray hairs upon his venerable head.' There is neither ruth nor favour to be found with him."

nars upon mis venerable head.' There is neither ruth nor favour to be found with him." Jenny Dennison, who had hitherto remained ailent, now ventured, in the extremity of distress which the lovers fait, but for which they were unable to devise a remedy, to offer her own advice. "Wi your leddyship's pardon, Miss Edith, and young Mr. Morton'a, we maunna waste time. Let Milnwood take my plaid and gown; I'll slip thom aff in the dark corner, if he'll promise no to look about, and he may walk past Tam Halliday, who is halfblind with his ale, and I can tell him a canny way to get out o' the Tower, and your leddyship will gang guestly to your ain room, and I'll row mysell in his gray cloak, and pit on his hat, and play the prisoner till the coast's clear, and then I'll cry in Tam Halli-day, and gar him let me out." "Let you out ?" said Morton; "they'll make your life answer it." "Ne'er a bit." replied Jenny: "Tam daurna tell he let ony body in, for his ain sake: and I'll gar him find some other gate to account for the secape."

teh he het ony body in, for his ain sake: and I'll gar him find some other gate to account for the secape." "Will you, by G-7" said the sentinel, suddenly opening the door of the apartment; "if I am half blind, I am not deaf, and you should not plan an escape quite so loud, if you expect to go through with it. Come, come, Mrs. Janet-march, troop-quick time-trot, d-n me!-And you, madam kinswoman, -I won't ask your real name, though you were going to play me so rascally a trick,-but I must make a clear garrison; so beat a retreat, unless you would have me turn out the guard." "I hope," said Morton, very anxiously, "you will not mention this circumstance, my good friend, and trust to my honour to acknowledge your civility in keeping the secret. If you overheard our conversa-tion, you must have observed that we did not accept of, or enter into, the hasty proposal made by this good-natured girl." "Oh, devilish good natured, to be sure," said I Halliday. "As for the rest, I guess how it is, and I scorn to bear malice, or tell tales, as much as another; but no thanks to that little jilting devil, Jenny Deanison, who deserves a tight skelping for trying to lead an honest lad into a scrape, just be-cause he was so silly as to like her good-for-little chit face."

Jenny had no better means of justification than the last apology to which her sex trust, and usually not in vain; she pressed her handkerchief to her face, a vain; she pressed her handkercher to her hack, sobbed with great vehemence, and either wept, or managed, as Halliday might have said, to go through the motions wonderfully well. "And now," continued the soldier, somewhat mol-

"And now," containing well. "And now," continued the soldier, somewhat mol-miled. "if you have any thing to say, say it in two minutes, and let me see your backs turned; for if Bothwell take it into his drunken head to make the rounds half an hour too soon, it will be a black busi-ness to us all."

"Farewell, Edith," whispered Morton, assuming firmness he was far from possessing; "do not us here-leave me to my fate-it cannot be ben endurance since you are interested in it.-Good my good night -Do not remain here till you are dis vered."

nt. by Thus saying, he resigned her to her attendent, b whom she was quietly led and partly supported out a

"Every one has his taste, to be sure," and Hal-liday; "but d-n me if I would have vezed so sweet a gurl as that is, for all the whigs that ever sweet the Covenant."

When Edith had regained her spartment, she gave way to a burst of grief which alarmed Jenny Dem-son, who hastened to stiminister such scraps of co-solation as occurred to her.

solation as occurred to her. "Dinna ver yoursell see muckle, Miss Edith," and that faithful attendiatt; "wha kens what may ha pen to help young Milnwood? He's a brave ha and a bonny, and a gentleman of a good fostane, an they winna string the like o' him up as they di the puir whig bodies that they catch in the main like straps o' onions; maybe his uncle will speak, gude word for him—he's weel accurat wi's 'the resi-cost gentlemen."

gude word for him-he's weel acquerts wis a use arr-cost gentlemen." " s weel acquerts wis a use arr-recovering herself from the stupor into which she had sunk; "this is no time for despan, but for easy-tion. You must find some one to ride this very night to my uncle's with a letter." "To Charnwood, madam? It's unco late, and it's sax miles an' a bittock down the water; I down's we are find house the night, many appearing the

sax miles an' a bittock down the water; I down if we can find man and horse the night man especially as they has mounted a sentinel before the gata. Fur Cuddie! he's gane, pur fallow, that was have down aught in the warld I bade him, and ne'er ashes reason—an' I've had nas time to draw up wi' the new pleugh-lad yet; forby that, they say he's gam to be married to Meg Murdieson, ill-farr's same as he is." she is

"You must find some one to go, Jenny; is set death depend upon it." "I wad gang mysell, my leddy, for I could crease out at the window o' the pantry, and speel down by the suld yew-tree weel encugh—I has played that trick ere now. But the road's unco wild, and see

the suld yew-tree weel encugh-i has played this trick ere now. But the road's unco wild, and see mony red-coats about, forby the whigh, that are be muckle better (the young lads o' them) if they meet a fraim body their lane in the muins. I wachs a stand for the walk-I can walk ten miles by moon-sight weel encugh." "Is there no one you can think of that, for money or favour, would serve me so far T asked Edith, in great anziety. "I dinna ken," said Jenny, after a moment's con-sideration, "unless it be Guse Gibbie; and be'll maybe no ken the way, though it's no see difficult to be, if he keep the horse-road, and mind the turn at the Co-percleugh, and dinna drown himsell in the Whan or miss ony o' the kittle steps at the Pass o' Wal-wary, or be carried to the hills by the whigh, er be short the list of chances against Goose Gibbie's a arrival at the end of his pligrimage; "all risks and be run, unless you can find a better messenger.-

arrival at the end of his pilorimage; "all risks at be run, unless you can find a better messenger, bid the boy get ready, and get him out of the The as secretly as you can. If he meets any can him say he is carrying a letter to Major Ba den of Charnwood, but without mentioning a names."

names." "I upderstand, madam," said Jenny Denniss "I warrant the callant will do weel enough, and T the hen-wife will tak care o' the geome for a waid my mouth; and Til tell Gitbie your leddy said mak his peace wi' Lady Margaret, and we'll grin adolla?" a dollar.

"Two, if he does his errand well," said Edih. Jenny departed to rouse Goose Gibbie out at the slumbers, to which he was usually consigned at at down, or shortly after, he kceping the hours of the

birds under his charge. During her absence, Edith took her writing materials, and prepared against her return the following letter, superscribed. For the hands of Major Bellenden of Charnwood, my much honoured uncle, These :

"My dear Uncle—This will serve to inform you I um desirous to know how your gout is, as we did not see you at the wappen-schaw, which made both my prandmother and myself very uneasy. And if it will sermit you to travel, we shall be happy to see you at sur poor house to-morrow at the hour of breakfast, is Colonel Grahame of Claverhouse is to pass this may on his march and was weld willing't have your But poor nouse to-morrow at the hour of breakfast, us Colonel Grahame of Claverhouse is to pass this way on his march, and we would willingly have your userstance to receive and entertain a military man of uch distinction, who, probably, will not be much lesighted with the company of women. Also, my lear uncle, I pray you to let Mrs. Carefort, your sensekeeper, send me my double-trimmed paduasoy pith the hanging sleeves, which she will find in the hird drawer of the walnut press in the green room, which you are so kind as to call mine. Also, my dear mcle, I pray you to eend me the second volume of the Jrand Cyrus, as I have only read as far as the impri-onment of Philidaspes upon the seven hundredth ad thirty-third page; but, above all, I entreat you to some to us to-morrow before eight of the clock, which, as your pacing nag is so good, you may well do with-at trising before your usual hour. So, praying to God o preserve your health, I rest your dutiful and loving tiece, "EDTH BELLENDER."

"Postscriptum. A party of soldiers have last night rought your friend, young Mr. Henry Morton of filmwood, hither as a prisoner. I conclude you will thin wood, muler as a prisoner. I conclude you will be sorry for the young-gentleman, and, therefore, let you know this, in case you may think of speaking to Zolonel Grahame in his behalf. I have not men-ioned his name to my grandmother, knowing her rejudice against the family."

This epistle being duly sealed and delivered to lenny, that faithful confident hastened to put the same in the charge of Goose Gibbie, whom she found a readiness to start from the castle. She then gave neuron insection to put the neuron insection to put the readiness to start from the castle. She then gave ium various instructions touching the road, which the apprehended he was likely to matake, not having ravelled it above five or six times, and presessing only the same slender proportion of memory as of udgment. Lastly, she smuggied him out of the gar-ison through the pantry window into the branchy ew-tree which grew close beside it, and had the atisfaction to see him reach the bottom in safety, and take the right turn at the commencement of his ourney. She then returned to persuade her young nistress to go to bed, and to bull her to rest, if poss-iles, with assurances of Gibbie's success in his em-isasy, culd is, with whom the commission might iave been more safely reposed, was no longer within each of serving her.

each of serving her. More fortunate as a messenger than as a cavalier, t was Gibbie's good hap rather than his good ma-agement, which, after he had gone astray not oftener an nine times, and given his garments a taste of he variation of each bog, brock, and slough, between 'illistudlem and Charnwood, placed him about day-reak before the gate of Major Bellenden's mansion, aving completed a walk of tan miles (for the bit-peck, as usual, amounted to four) in little more than he same number of hours.

#### CHAPTER XL

At last comes the troop, by the word of command Drawn up in our court, where the Captain cries, Stand !

Swirt.

MAJOR BELLENDEN'S ancient valet, Gideon Pike, as a adjusted his master's clothes by his bédiside, pre-aratory to the worthy veteran's toilet, acquainted inn, as an applogy for disturbing him an hour eagler han his usual time of rising, that there was an xpress from Tillietudlem." From Tillietudlem ?" said the old gentleman,

rising hastily m his bed, and sitting bolt upright,-"Open the shuttera, Pike-I hope my aister-in-law is well-furl up the bed curtain.-What have we all here?" (glancing at Edith's note.) "The gout? why, she knows I have not had a fit since Candlemas.-The wappen-schaw? I told her a month since I was not to be there.-Paduasoy and hanging aleeves? why, hang the gipsy herself!-Grand Cyrus and Philipdastus?-Philip Devil I--is the wench gone erazy all at once? was it worth while to send an appress and wake me at five in the morning for all this trash?-But what says her postscriptum?-Mercy on us ?" he exclaimed on perusing it,-"Pike, saddle old Kilsythe instantly, and another horse for yourself."

"I hope nae ill news frae the Tower, air," said Pike, astonished at his master's sudden emotion, "Yes-no-yes-that is, I must meet Claverhouse

"Yes-no-yes-that is, I must meet Claverhouse there on some express business; so boot and saddle, Pike, as fast as you can. -O Lord ! what times are these!-the poor lad-my old cronie's son !- and the silly wench sticks it into her postscriptum, as she calls it, at the tail of all this trumpery about old gowns and new romances !" In a few minutes the good old officer was fully

equipped; and having mounted upon his arm gaunt charger as soberly as Mark Aniony himself could have done, he paced forth his way to the Tower of Tillietudlem.

On the road he formed the prudent resolution to say nothing to the old lady (whose dislike to presby-terians of all kinds he knew to be inveterate) of the quality and rank of the prisoner detained within her

quality and rank of the prisoner detained within her walls, but to try his own influence with Claverhouse to obtain Morcon's liberation. "Being so loyal as he is, he must do something for so old a cavalier as I am," said the veteran to him-self; "and if he is so good a sokiler as the world speaks of, why, he will be glad to serve an old sol-dier's son. I never knew a real soldier that was not a frank-hearted, honest fellow; and I think the exe-cution of the laws (though it's a pity they find it necessary to make them so severe) may be a thou-sand times better intrusted with them than with ped-ding lawyers and thick-skulled country gentermen." Such gere the ruminations of Major Miles Bellen-den, which were terminated by John Gudyill (net more than half-drunk) taking hold of his bridle, and assisting him to dismount in the rough-paved court

assisting him to dismount in the rough-paved court

of Tillietudiem. "Why, John," said the veteran, "what devil of a discupline is this you have been keeping? You have

pasty to the same area with the flagon, and said "Here were too good friends to be parted?" "I mind that weel, madam," said Mysie; " and if I had forgot, I have heard your leddyship often speak a naw torgot, I nave neard your issaysing offen speak about that grand morning sin' syne; bot I thought every thing was to be placed just as it was when his majesty. God bless hun, came into this room, looking mair like an angel than a man, if he hadna been sae black-a-vised."

mack-a-vised." "Then ye thought nonsense, Mysic; for in what-ever way his most sacred majesty ordered the position of the trenchers and flagona, that, as weel as his royal pleasure in greater matters, should be a law to his subjects, and shall ever be to those of the house of Tillietudiem."

"Weel, madam," said Mysic, making the altera-tions required, "it's easy mending the error; but if every thing is just to be as his majesty left it, there

every thing is just to be as his majesty left it, there should be an unco hole in the venison pasty." At this moment the door opened. "Who is that, John Gudyill ?" exclaimed the old lady. "I can speak to no one just now.—Is it you, my dear brother ?" she continued, in some surprise, as the Major entered; "this is a right early visit.". "Not more early than welcome, I hope," replied Major Bellenden, as he saluted the widow of his de-ceased brother; "but I heard by a note which Edith sent to Charnwood about some of her equipage and books, that you were to have Clayer'se here this morning, so I thought, like an old fire-lock as I am, that I should like to have a chat with this rising sol-dier. I caused Pike saddle Kilsythe, and here we both are."

"And most kindly welcome you are," said the old lady; "it is just what I should have prayed you to do, if I had thought there was time. You see I am busy in preparation. All is to be in the same order as, "better"

"The king breakfasted at Tillietudlem," said the "The king breakfasted at Tillietudlem," said the Major, who, like all Lady Margaret's friends, dreaded the commencement of that narrative, and was de-arous to cut it short,—"I remember it well; you know I was wailing on has majesty." "You were, brother," said Lady Margaret; "and perhaps yon can help me to remember the order of the entertainment." "Nay, good sooth," said the Major, "the damnable dianner that Noll gave us at Worcester a few days afterwards drove all your good cheer out of my me-mary.—But how's this ?—you have even the great Tharkey-esther elbow-chair, with the tapestry cush-ions, placed in state." "The throne, brother, if you please," said Lady Margaret, gravely.

Margaret, gravely. "Well, the throne be it, then," continued the Ma-jor. "Is that to be Claver'se's post in the attack

jor. "Is that to be Claver'se's post in the attain upon the pasty? "No, brother," said the lady; "as these cushions have been ence honoured by accommodating the per-mon of our most secred Menarch, they shall never, please dignified weight." "You should not then," said the old soldier, "put them in the way of an honest old cavalier, who has ridden tan miles before broakfast; for, to confess the inden tan miles before broakfast; for, to confess the inden tan miles before broakfast; for, to confess the inden tan be battlements of the warder's turred;" an swared the old lady, "looking out for the approach of our guests."

ef our quests." "Why, Pill go there too; and so abould you, Lady Margaret, as soon as you have your line of battle properly formed in the hall here. If a spretty thing, I can tell you, to see a regiment of heree upon the march."

Thus speaking, he offered his arm with an air of old-fashioned gallantry, which Lady Margaset ac-expted with such a courtesy of acknowledgment as ladies were wont to make in Holyroodhouse before the year 1642, which, for one while, drove both coar-tesses and courts out of fashion.

tesses and courts out of resmon. Upon the bartizan of the turnet, to which they accaded by many a winding passage and uncourts starcase, they found Edith, not in the attitude of a young lady who watches with fluttering curiosity the 8968

epproach of a emart regiment of dragoous, but y downcast, and owncing, by her countenance, t steep had not, during the preceding night, been companies of her pillow. The good old veseras hurt at her appearance, which, in the burry of per

hurt at her appearance, which, is the bury of prope-ration, her grandmother had omitted to noice. "What is come over you, you silly girl?" he said; "why, you look like an officer's wife when he opens the News-letter after an action, and experise to find her husband among the killed and wounded. But I know the reason-you will persist in reading has nonsensical romances, day and night, and wam-pering for distresses that never existed. Why, haw the devil can you believe that Artamines, or what d'ye call him, fought single-handed with a whole his tailon? One to three is as great odds as ever forth and wan, and I wave have d'ye call him, fought single-handed with a whole takion? One to three is as great odds as ever for and won, and I never knew any body that care take that, except old Corporal Raddlebanes, these d-d bocks put all pretty men's actions or countenance. I dare say you would think very is of Raddlebanes, if he were alongside of Artamis --I would have the fellows that wrise such against hearth the same of the fellows that wrise such against

More shame for them; they should have known More shame tor men; mey about new known better what they were writing about. For my part, I have not read a book these twenty years encost up Bible, The Whole Duty of Man, and, of late day, Turner's Pallas Armata, or Treatuse on the Ordenig of the Pike Exercise, and I don't like his discrime much neither. He wants to draw up the catalyn wings. Sure am I, if we had done so at Alayth instead of having our handful of house on the flanks, the first discharge would have sent them back smoog our Highlanders.—But I hear the kettle-drums."

our Highlanders.-But i near the kette-crums. All heads were now bent from the battements of the turret, which commanded a distant propert down the vale of the inver. The Towar of The-tudiem stood, or perhaps yet stands, mon the and of a very precipitous bank, formed by the junction of a considerable brook with the Clyder. There was ere tras a a consultation brock with the city of the state way narrow bridge of one steep arch, across the brock near its mouth, over which, and along the fost of the high and broken bank, winded the public read; and the fortalice, thus commanding both bridge and

and the fortunes of the control of which was neces-ble importance, the possession of which was neces-sary to secure the communication of the more and whiler districts of the country with those beneath, where the valley expands, and is more capable of cultivation. The view downwards is of a grand work and character ; but the level ground and gentle s near the river form cultivated fields of an irreg shape, interspersed with hedge row-trees and co the enclosures seeming to have been individ cleared out of the forest which surrounds them which occupies, in unbroken masses, the sterge clivities and more distant banks. The stress colour a clear and sparking brown, like the l the Cairngorn pebbles, rushes through this root region in bold sweeps and curves, partly visible

partly concealed by the trees which clothe its b \* As few, in the present age, are acquainted with the mous folios to which the age of Louis XIV, care rise, y only say, that they combine the deloces of the metar courtship with all the improbabilities of the uncerent Ry of Chivalry. Their character will be most easily learns Bollcau's Frannaite Suite, or Mrs. Lennox's Fermale Qu \* Sir James Turner was asoldier of fortune, bred in it wars. He was intrusted with a communisation to leve to the Dunfries and Galloway. In this capacity the vessel by so much by his exactions, that the people rose as him prisoner, and then proceeded in arms towards Mid-where they were defeated at Pentland Hills, in 1985, Bu treatise on the Military Art, Sir James Turner wreat other works; the most curious of which is his. Means other works; the most curious of which is his. Means other and Times, which has just been printed un charge of the Banantyne Clab. The Castle of Tilletudiem is imminery ; but the from its junction with the Clybo, use comething of the ter of the description in the text.

#### CHAR XIL!

With a providence, unknown in other parts of Scot-land, the peasants have, in most places, planted or-chards abound their cottages, and the general blossom of the apple-trees at this second of the spletters at this second of the spletters at this second of the spletters are unloved in pursuit of the the lower part of the view the appearance of a flower-blower part of the view the appearance of a flowergarden

Looking up the river, the character of the scene was varied considerably for the worse. A hilly, waste, and, uncultivated country approached close to the banks; the trees were few, and limited to the neigh-bourbood of the stream, and the rude moors swelled at a little distance into shapeless and heavy hills, which were again surnounted in their turn by a which were again surmounted in their turn by a range of lofty mountains, dimly seen on the horizon. Thus the tower commanded two prospects, the one richly cultivated and highly adorned, the other exhi-biting the monotonous and dreary character of a wild and inhospitable moor-land. The eyes of the spectators on the present occasion were attracted to the downward view, not alone by its superior beauty, but because the distant sounds of military music began to be heard from the public high-road which winded up the vale, and announced

Were attracted to the downard view, not alone by its superior beauty, but because the distant sounds of military music began to be heard from the public high-road which winded up the vale, and announced the approach of the expected body of cavalry. Their gimmering ranks were shortly afterwards seen in the distance, appearing and disappearing as the trees and the windings of the road permitted them to be visible, and distinguished chiefly by the flashes of light which their arms occasionally reflected 'against the sun. The train was long and imposing, for there were about two hundred: and fifty horse upon the march, and the glancing of the swords and waving of their banners, joined to the clang of their trumpets and kettle-drums, had at once a lively and awful effect upon the imagination. As they advanced still nearer and nearer, they could distinctly see the files of those chosen troops following each other in long succes-sion, completely equipped and superbly mounted. "It's a sight that makes me thirty years younger," sid the old cavalier; " and yet I do not much like the service that these poor fellows are to be engaged in. Although I had my share of the civil war, I can-not say I had ever so much real pleasure in that sort of service as when I was employed on the Continent, and we were hacking at fellows with foreign faces and outlandish dislect. If 's a hard thing to hear a hamely Scotch tongue cry quarter, and be obliged to cut him down just the same as if he called ent missiciarde.— So, there they come through the Netherwood haugh; upon my wond, fine-looking fellows, and capitally mounted.—He that is galloping from the rear of the columa must be Claver'se himself; -ay, he gets into the front as they crose the bridge, and now they will be with us in lass than five minutes. At the bridge beneath the tower the cavalry di-vided, and the greater part, moving up the left bank of the brook and crossing at a ford a little above, took the road of the Gizerge, as i two called, a large sc of fram-offices belongin period to intervine in as good order as the orgies of the preceding evening permitted. The gallant young cornet (a relation as well as namesake of Claverhouse, with whom the reader has been already made ac-quainted) lowered the standard amid the fanfare of quantee) lowered the standard and the tantare of the trumpets in homage to the rank of Lady Marga-ret and the charms of her grand-daughter, and the old walls echoed to the flourish of the instruments, and the stange and neigh of the chargers. Claverhouse himself alighted from a black horse,

s remarkable person united the seemingly inconsistant

stance which, joined to his spirit and fleetness, and to his being so frequently employed in pursuit of the presbyterian recusants, caused an opinion to prevail among them, that the steed had been presented to his rider by the great Enemy of Mankind, in order to assist him in persecuting the fugitive wanderers. When Claverhouse had paid his respects to the ladies with military politeness, had apologized for the trouble to which he was putting Lady Margaret's family, and had received the corresponding assurances that she could not think any thing an inconvenience which brought within the walls of Tillietudiem so distin-guished a soldier, and so loyal a servant of his sacred majesty; when, in short, all forms of hospitable and polite ritual had been duly complied with, the Coloner requested permission to receive the report of Bothwell, polite ritual had been duly compiled with, the Coloner requested permission to receive the report of Bothwell, who was now in attendance, and with whom he spoke apart for a few minutes. Major Bellenden took, that opportunity to say to his niece, without the hear-ing of her grandmother, "What a trifting foolish girl you are, Edith, to send me by express a letter cram-med with nonsense about books and gowns, and to slide the only thing I cared a marvedie about into the postscript !?

slide the only thing I cared a marvedie about into the postscript !? "I did not know," said Edith, hesitating very much, "whether it would be quite-quite proper for me to"--"I know what you would say--whether it would be right to take any interest in a presbyterian. But I know this lad's father well. He was a brave soldier; and, if he was once wrong, he was once right too. But must commend your caution. Edith, for having said nothing of this young gentleman's affair to your grandmother-you may rely on it I shall not-I will take an opportunity to speak to Claver'se. Come, my love, they are going to breakfast. Let us follow them."

#### CHAPTER XII.

Their breakfast so warm to be sure they did eat, A custom in travellers mighty discreet.

This breakfast of Lady Margaret Bellenden no mose resembled a modern dejaund, than the great stone-hall at Tilliesudiem could brook comparison with a modern drawing room. No tea, no coffee, no variety of rolls, but solid and substantial viands, --the princely ham, the knightly sirloin, the noble baron of beef, the princely venison pasty; while silver flagona, saved with difficulty from the claws of the Covenanters, now mantled, some with ale, some with mead, and some with generous wine of various qualities and de-scriptions. The appeties of the guests were in cor-respondence to the magnificence and solidity of the preparation -- no pidding -- no boy's play, but that steady and persevering exercise of the jaws which is best learned by early morning hours, and by occa-sional hard commons. sional hard commons.

Lady Margaret beheld with delight the cates which she had provided descending with such alacrity into the persons of her honoured guests, and had little occasion to exercise, with respect to any of the company saving Claverhouse himself, the compulsory urgency

saving Claverhouse himself, the compulsory urgency levalty to his primes, with a disregard of the rights of his fel-low-subjects. He was the unserupulous agoin of the Sootian Privy Council in executing the merciless severities of the go-vernment in Spotland during the reigns of Charles II. and James U, but he redeemed his character by the zeal with which he assorted the cause of the latter moment after the Revolution; the mittary skill with which he supported it at the battle of Killeerankie, and by his own death in the arms of victory. It is all by tradition, that he way very desirous to see, and be matter and by the supported it at the battle of Killeerankie, and by his own death in the arms of victory. It is all by tradition, that he way very desirous to see, and be the advanced age of one hundred years and upwards. The ap-ble matron, being a standh whig, was rether anywilling to ra-cive Claver'se, (as he was called from his title, but at length consented. After the usual compliments, the officer observed to the lady, that have size claver seen many strange of humanity, whe 'must in her time have seen many strange charges. Heat na, si'' weil Lady Ekplainstoum, 'the world is just to end with me as it began. When I was entering its, there was ane Knoz dearing us wi' his idears, and now I and stanging out, there is an echaver deaving us a' wi' his idears. "Claver agentifues, an common parlance, idle chat, the stouche pun dear readit to the segmentive of a lady of a hundred years add.

roundhead, Colonel Silas Morton." This spaceh produced a very different effect upon the hearen. Edith almost sumk from her seat with terror, while Claverhouse darted a glance of sarcas-tic trumph at Major Bellenden, which seemed to imply—"You see what are the principles of the young man you are pleading for." "It's a lie--it's a d--d lie of these rescally fans-tics," said the Major hastily. "I will answer for Henry Morton as I would for my even son. He is a lad of as good church-inficiens as any continents."

Henry Morion as I would for my ewn son. He is a lad of as good church-principles as any gentleman in the Life-Guards. I mean no offence to any one. He has gone to church service with me fifty unes, and F never heard him miss one of the responses in my life. Edith Bellenden can bear witness to it as well as I. He always read on the same Prayer-book with her, and could look out the lessons as well as the curate himself. Call him up; let him be heard for himself " himself."

"There can be no harm in that," said Claverhouse, "There can be no harm in that," said Claverhouse, "whether he be innocent or guilty.—Major Allan," he said, turning to the officer next in command, "take a guide, and lead the regiment forward to London-hill by the best and shortest road. Move steadily, and do not let the men blow the horses; Lord Evandale and I will overtake you in a quarter of an hour. Leave Bothwell with & party to bring up the prison--

ers." Allan bowed, and left the spartment, with all the officers, excepting Claverhouse and the young hoble-man. In a few minutes the sound of the military music and the clashing of hoofs announced that the horsemen were leaving the castle. The sounds were presently heard only at intervals, and soon died away

while Claverhouse endeavoured to soothe the terrors of Lady Margaret, and to reconcile the veteran Major to his opinion of Morton, Evandale, getting the better to his opinion of Morton, Evandale, getting the better

of Lady Margaret, and to reconcile the verter minipole to his opinion of Morton, Evandale, gotting the better of that conscious shyness which renders. an ingenu-ous youth diffident in approaching the object of his affections, drew near to Miss Bellenden, and accosted her in a tone of mingled respect and interest. "We are to leave you," he said taking her hand, which he pressed with much emotion—"ts leave you for a scene which is not without its dangers! Fare-well, dear Miss Bellenden, "let me say for the first, and perhaps the last time, dear Edith! We part in circumstances so singular as may excuse some so-leminity in bidding farewell to one, whom I have known so long, and whom I—respect so highly." The manner differing from the words, seemed to express a feeling much deeper and more agitating than was conveyed, in the phrase he made use of. It was not in woman to be utterly insensible to his mo-dest and deep-felt expression of tendernees. Although borne down by the misfortunes and imminent danger of the man she loved, Edith was touched by the hope-leas and reverential passion of the gallant youth, who

"Many," said Evandale, "are flocking to than already and they give out that they expect a strong body of the indulged presbyterians, headed by young Minwood, as they call him, the son of the famous old roundhead, Colonel Silas Morton." This speech produced a very different effect upon the bearers. Edith almost sunk from her seat with terror, while Claverhouse darted a glance of sarcas-tic truraph at Major Bellendes, which seemed to imply--"You see what are the principles of the young man you are pleading for." moment was too urgent for hesitation, or those explanations with which her reques otherwise have been qualified.

"I will but dispose of this young fellow," verhouse, from the other side of the hall, verhouse, from the other side of the hail, "a Lord Evandale—I am sorry to interrupt ag conversation—but then we must mount.—I why do not you bring up the prisoner ? and, let two files load their carabines." In these words, Edith conceived ahe h death-warrant of her lover. She instant through the restraint which had hitherto

silent

"My Lord Evandale," she said, " this tleman is a particular friend of my uncle terest must be great with your colonel. If it your intercession in his favour-it will en uncle a lasting obligation."

"You overrate my interest, Mise Belle Lord Evandale; "I have been often un such applications, when I have made d mere score of humanity."

"Yet try once again for my uncle's same." "And why not tor your own state Low are "Will you not allow me to think I am elited personally in this matter — Are you se different an old friend that you will not allow him even satisfaction of thinking that he is gatiying y . wishes?

"Surely-surely," replied Edith; "yos. will oblige me infinitely—I am interested in the young gente-man on my uncle's account—Lose no time, for Gente sake !

sate?" She became bolder and more urgent in her entry ties, for she heard the steps of the soldiers who were entering with their prisoner. "By heaven I then," said Evandale, "he shall not die, if I should die in his place I-But will not you," he said, resuming the hand, which in the hinry of har spirits she had not courage to wikdraw, "will not you grant me one suit, in return for my and in your service"

Bees and reversing passion of the gallant youth, who now took leave of her to rush into dangers of no or dinary description.
"I hope —I sincerely trust," she said, "there is no dangers of no or dinary description.
"I hope —I sincerely trust," she said, "there is no dangers of no or dinary description.
"A deep sight made her turn her head suddening the head well uttered the last word; and, as also a she had been oretheard by florton, who, tails will specify return to be what he must always to the dear and valued friend of all if this castle."
"Of all," he repeated, with a meancholy emphasis upon the word. "But beit so —whatever is near to close the sentence, she became instruction accordingly. Of our success I am not sangume. Our is dear and valued to me, and I value their approbation accordingly. Of our success I am not sangume. Our success I am not success I am success I am ont success I am on the prove as a set the trans as a death. This changer that there was between a success I am our success I am

and plainly observed the confusion which she could I no longer conceal.

"This," he said, after a moment's gloomy silence, "is, I believe, the young sentlemin who gained the prize at the shooting match." "I am not sure," hesitated Edith- "yet-I rather think not," scarce knowing what she replied. "It is he," said Evandale, decidedly; "I know him well. A victor," he cantinued, somewhat haughtily, "ought to have interested a fair spectator more deeply." deeply.

He then turned from Edith, and advancing towards the table at which Claverhouse fow placed himself, stood at a little distance, resting on his sheathed broadsword, a silent, but not an unconcerned spec-tator of that which passed.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

# Q, my. Lord, beware of jealousy !

To explain the deep effect which the few broken ages of the conversation we have detailed made passages of the conversation we have detailed make upon the unfortunate prisoner by whom they were overheard, it is necessary to say something of his previous state of mind, and of the origin of his ac-quaintance with Edith. Heary Morton was one of these gifted charac-ters, which poseess a force of talent unsuspected by the owner himself. He had inherited from his father

the owner himself. He had inherited from his father an underunted courage, and a firm and uncourpro-mining detectation of oppression, whether in poli-tics or religion. But his enthusiasm was unsulled by fanatic zeal, and unleavened by the sourcess of the puritanical spirit. From these his mind had been freed, partly by the active exertions of his own excellent understanding, partly by frequent and long visits at Major Bellenden's, where he had an oppor-tanity of meeting with many guests whose conver-sation taught hus, that goodness and worth were not limited to those of any single form of religious observace. ervance.

The base parsimony of his uncle had thrown many obstacles in the way of his education; but he had so far improved the opportunities which offered themselves, that his instructors as well as his friends themselves, that his instructors as well as his friends were surprised at his progress under such disad-vantages. Still, however, the current of his soul was frozen by a sense of dependence, of poverty, showe all, of an imperfact and limited education, These feelings impresed him with a diffidence and reserve which effectually concealed from all but very intimate friends, the extent of talent and the firmness of character, which we have stated him to be possessed of. The circumstances of the times-had added to this reserve an air of indecision and be possessed of. The circumstances of the times had added to this reserve an air of indecision and of indifference; for, being attached to neither of the factions which divided the kingdom, he passed for dull, insensible, and uninfluenced by the feeling of religion or of patinetism. No conclusion, how-ever, could be more unjust; and the reasons of the sourrely which he had hitherto professed had root in very different and most proiseworthy motives. His had formed few congenial ties with those who were the objects of persecution, and was disgusted alike by their narrow-minded and selfash party-spirit, their glosmy fanaticism, their abhorrent condem-nation of all elegant studies or innocent exercises and the envenemed rancour of their political hamation of all elegant studies or innocent exercises, and the envenement rancour of their political ha-tread. But his mind was still more revolued by the tywannical and oppressive conduct of the govern-ment, the misrule, locance, and brutality of the sol-diery, the executions on the scaffold, the slaugh-tigns : the open field, the free quarters and exac-tions imposed by military law, which placed the lives and fortunes to a free nonle on a law but Acients tions insposed by military law, which placed the lives and fortunes of a free people on a level with Asiatic layes. Condemming, therefore, each party as its excesses fell under his eyes, disgusted with the sight af eyils which he had no means of alleviating, and hereing alternate complaints and exuitations with which he could not sympathate, he would long ese this have left Scetland, had it not been for his attachvent to Edith Bellenden. Vol. II 3 Y

The earlier meetings of these young people had been at Chamwood, when Major Belleaden, who been at Charnwood, when Major Belleaden, whe was as free from suspicion on such occasions as Uncle Toby himself, had encouraged their keeping each other constant company, without entertaining any apprehension of the natural consequences. Love, as usual in such cases, bortwied the name of final-ship, used her language, and claimed her privileges. When Edith Bellenden was recalled to her mother's: castle, it was nationishing by what simpler and recurs eastle, it was astonishing by what singuiar and recur-ring accidents she often met young Martan in her sequestered walks, especially considering the distance. of their places of abode. Yet it somehow happened, that she never expressed the surprise which the fra-quency of these rencontres ought naturally to have. excited, and that their intercourse assumed gradually, a more delicate character, and their meetings began to wear the air of appointments. Booka, drawingra, letters, were exchanged between them, and every tri-fling commission, given or exceuted, gave rise to a, new correspondence. Love indeed was not yet mar-tioned between them by name, but each knew the situation of their own bosom, and could not but guess at that of the other. Unable to desist from an inter-course which possessed such charms for both, yet. castle, it was astonishing by what singular and recurat that of the other. Unable to dealst from an inter-course which possessed such charms for both, yet, trembling for its too probable consequences, it had, been continued without specific explanation unit, now, when fate appeared to have taken the conclusion into its own hands.

into its own hands. It followed, as a consequence of this state of things, as well as of the diffidence of Morton's disposition at: this special, that his confidence in Edith's return at his affection had its occasional cold fits. Hor situes tion was in every respect so superior to his own, here worth so eminent, her accomplishments somany, bes-face so beautiful, and her manners so bewitching, that he could not but entertain fears that some suitor more. he could not but entertain features that some suiter more favoured than himself by fortune, and more screep-able to Edith's family than he durst hope to be, might step in between him and the object of his affections. step in hetween him and the object of his affections. Common rumour had raised up such a rivel in Lord. Evandle, whom 'birth, fortune, connexions, and political principles, as well as his frequent visite at, Thilesudiam, and his attendance upon Lady Bellen, den and her nice at all public places, naturally point-ed out as a candidate for her favour. It frequently and inevitably happened, that engagements to which Lord Evandale was a party, interfered, with the meeting of the lovers, and Henry could not but mark that Edith either studiously avoided speaking of the young nobleman, or did so with obvious reserve and hear tation

tation. These symptoms, which, in fact, arose from the delicacy of her own feelings towards Morton himself, were misconstrued by his diffident temper, and the jealousy which they excited was fermented by the occasional observations of Jerny Dennison. This true-bred serving-damsel was, in her own person, a complete country coquette, and when she had no opportunity of teasing her own lovers, used to take the service of the s opportunity of teasing her own lovers, used to take some occasional opportunity to torment her young ladys. This arcse from no ll-will to Henry Morton, ,who, both on her mistress's account and his own-handsome form and countenance, stood high in hen easeem. But then Lord Evansale was also hand-some; he was liberal far beyond what Morton's, means could afford, and he was a lond, moreover, and, if Miss Edith Bellender, should accept his hand, sho would become a baron's lady, and, what was more, 'little Jenny Dennison, whom the awful housekeeper at 'little den huffied about at her pleasare, would be then Intil Jenny Dennison, whom the awful housekeeper as Tillistudiem hutica about at her pleasure, would be then Mrs. Dennison, Lady Evandale's own woman, or per-haps her ladyship's lady-in-waiting. The impariality of Jenny Dennison, therefore, did aot, like that of Mrs. Quickly, extend to a wish that both the handeone suitors could wed her young lady; for it must ba-sowned that the scale of her fegard was depressed as forwar of Lond Evandale, and her wishes in his favour look meny abapes extremely tarmaning to Mariana took many shapes extremely tormenting to Merton toos many suspen extremely outnessing to mortals a being now expressed as a finally castion, now as an article of intelligence, and anon se a merry jest, bus always tending to confirm the idea, that, scoper on laser, his-remarket intercourse with her young unitted units have a close, and that fourth. Bellesder, would

(2 TALES OF MI in spite of summer walks beneath the green wood tree, exchange of verses, of drawings and of books, and in becoming Lady Evendale. These hints coincided so exactly with the very point of his own suspicions and fears, that Morton was not long of feeling that jealousy which every ene has felt who has truly loved, but to which those are most liable whose love is crossed by the wint of friend's consent, or some other envious impediment of fortune. Edith herself, unwittingly, and in the generosity of her own frank nature, contributed to the error into which her lover was in danger of falling. Their conversation, once chanced to turn upon some late excesses committed by the soldiery on an occasion when it was said (inaccurately how-ever) that the party was commanded by Lovd Evan-dale. Edith, as true in friendship as in love, was somewhat hurt at the severe strictures which secaped from Morgon on this occasion, and which, perhapa, dale. Kdith, as true in friendship as in love, was somewhat hurt at the severe strictures which ascaped from Morton on this occasion, and which, perhaps, were not the less strongly expressed on account of their supposed rivalry. She entered into Lord Evan-dale's defence with such spirit as hurt Morton to the very soul, and afforded ne small delight to Jenny Dennison, the usual companion of their walks. Edith perceived her error, and endeavoured to remedy it; but the impression was not so easily erased, and it had no small effect in inducing her lover to form that-resolution of going abroad, which was disappointed in the manner we have already mentioned. The visit which he received from Edith during his confinement, the deep and devoted interest which she had expressed in his fate, ought of themselves to have dispelled his suspicions; yet, ingenious in tormenting himself, even this he thought might be imputed to anxious friendship, or, at most, to a temporaty par-tiality which would probably soon give way to circum-stances, the entreaties of her friends, the authority of Lady Margaret, and the assiduities of Lord Evan-dale. "And to what do Lowe it' he said "that I cannot

dale

dale. "And to what do I owe it," he said, "that I cannot stand up like a man, and plead my interest in her era I am thus cheated out of it?--to what, but to the all-pervading and accursed tyranny, which afflicts at once our bodies, souls, estates, and affections! And is it to one of the pensioned cut throats of this oppressive government that I must yield my pretensions to Rdith Bellenden 7-I will not, by Heaven :-It is a just punishment on me for being dead to public wrongs, that they have visited me with their injuries in a point where they can be least brooked or barne."

borne," As the As these stormy resolutions boiled in his bosom, and while he ran over the various kinds of insult and injury which he had sustained in his own cause and in that of his country, Both well entered the tower, followed by two dragoons, one of whom carried

followed by two dragoons, one of whom carried handcuffs. "You must follow me, young man," said he, "but first we must put you in trim." "In trim I" said Morton. "What do you mean?" "Why, we must put on these rough bracelets. I durst not-nay, d—n it, I durst do any thing—but I souid not for three hours' plunder of a stormed town-bring a whig before my Colonel without his being zoned. Come, come, young man, don't look sulky about it."

He advanced to put on the irons; but, seizing the eaken-seat upon which he had rested, Morton threat-eaked to thash out the brains of the first who should approach him.

"I could manage you in a moment, my youngster," wid Bothwell; " but I had rather you would strike mi quietly

sailquietly." Here indeed he spoke the truth, not from either ear or reluctance to adopt force, but because he dreaded the consequences of a noisy scuffle, through which it might probably be discovered that he had, contrary to express orders, suffered his prisoner to pass the night without being properly secured. "You had better be prudent," he continued, in a tone which he meant to be conciliatory, " and don't spoil your own sport. They say here in the castle that Lady Margaret's niece is immediately to marry car young Captain, Lord Evandale. I saw them

close together in the hall yonder, and I beard her ut him to intercede for your pardon. She looked to devilish handsome, and kind upon him, that on any soul—But what the devil's the matther with you } -You are as pale as a sheet-Will you have some handle with

-You are as pale as a sheet--Will you have some brandy?" "Miss Bellenden ask my life of Lord Evandes?" said the prisoner, faintly. "Ay, ay; there's no friend like the women-day interest carries all in court and camp-Come, you are reasonable now-Ay, I thought you would can yound."

round." Here he employed himself in putting on the in-ters, against which, Morton, thunderstruck by ha intelligence, no longer offered the least resistance. "My life begged of him, and by her **i-ay-sy**-set on the incos-my limbs shall not refuse to bear whit has entered into my very soul-My life begged by Edith, and begged et Evandsel?" "Ay, and he has power to grant it too," said Bob-well-"He can do more with the Colonel than any man in the regiment." And as he spoke, he and his next. lad the

And as he spoke, he and his party led their prisoner towards the hall. In passing behind the seat of Edith And as he spore, he and his party let user present towards the hall. In passing behind the samt of Edda, the unfortunaté prisoner heard enough as he con-ceived, of the broken expressions which passed between Edith and Lord Evandale, to confirm all that the soldier had told him. That memeat make a singular and instantaneous revolution in his character. The depth of despar to which his low and fortunes were reduced, the peril in which his low and fortunes were reduced, the peril in which his low and fortunes were reduced, the peril in which his low end fortunes were reduced, the peril is which his low end fortunes were reduced, the peril is which his low end fortunes were reduced, the peril is which his be every feeling for which he had hitherto field her a denomy every feeling for which he had hitherto field her a denomy been smothered, by passions more galls there been smothered, by passions more galls there on. His character was for the moment as effectively changed as the appearance of a villa, which, four being the abode of domestic quiet and happings in by the sudden intrusion of an armed force, converted into a formidable post of defence.

by the sudden intrusion of all article brice, convention into a formidable post of defence. We have already said that he cast upon Kdith as glance in which reproach was mingled with sorrow, as if to bid her farewell for ever; his next mation was to walk firmly to the table at which Colonal

"By what right is it, sir," said be firmly, and without waiting till he was questioned, - By what right is it that these soldiers have draging me from my family, and put fetters on the inste of a free

"By my commands," answered Clavehouse ; and "By my commands on you to be shent and I now lay my commands on you to be shent and

I now isy my commands on you to be silent and hear my questions." "I will not," replied Morton, in a determined tana while his boldness seemed to electrify all around han "I will know whether I am in lawful controly, and before a civil magnitrate, ere the charter of my com try shall be forfeited in my person." "A pretty springald this, upon my honour !" sail Claverhouse. "A pretty springald this, upon my honour !" sail

Claverhouse. "Are you mad?" said Major Bellenden to be young friend. "For God's sake, Henry Morron," b continued, in a tone between rebuke and entirely, "remember you are speaking to one of his majorit" officers high in the service." "It is for that yery reason, sr," returned Hing firmly, "that I desire to know what right he has detain me without a legal warrant. Were he a do officer of the law I should know my duty was ab-mission."

officer of the law I should know my duty was a mission." "Your friend, here," said Claverhouse to they rah, coolly, "is one of those acroublous grander who, like the madman in the play, will not is cravat without the warrant of Mr. Justice of do: but I will let him see, before we part do: but I will let him see, before we part as the mace of the Justiciary. So, wavier discussion, you will be pleased, young mat tell me directly when you saw Balsour of a sy."

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'As I know no right you have to ask such a ques-tion," replied Morton, "I decline replying to it." "You confessed to my sergeant," said Claverhouse, "that you saw and entertained him, knowing him to be an intercommuned traitor; why are you not so

be an intercommuned traitor; why are you not so frank with me?" "Because," replied the prisoner, I presume you are from education, taught to understand the rights upon which you seem disposed to trample; and I am who can assert the liberties of Scotland." "And these supposed rights you would vindicate with your sword, I presume?" said Colonel Grahame. "Were I armed as you, are, and we were alone apon a hill-side, you should not ask me the question twice."

twice." "It is quite enough," answered Claverhouse, caln.-ly; "your language corresponds with all I have beard of you;-but you are the son of a soldier, though a rebellious one, and you shall not die the death of a dog; I will save you that indignity." "Die in what manner I may," replied Morton, "I will die like the son of a brave man; and the igno-miny you mention shall remain with those who shed innocent blood." "Make your preace, then, with Heaven, in five."

Make your peace, then, with Heaven, in five nutes' space.—Bothwell, lead him down to the

miny you mention sum remain with those who since innocent blood." "Make your peace, then, with Heaven, in five minutes' space.—Bothwell, lead him down to the court-yard, and draw up your party." The appalling nature of this conversation, and of its result, struck the silence of horror into all but the speakers. But now those who stood round broke forth into clamour and expostulation. Old Lady Margaret, who, with all the prejudces of rank and party, had not laid aside the feelings of her sex, was loud in her intercession. "O, Cononel Grahame," she exclaimed, "spare his young blood ! Leave him to the law—do not repay my hospitality by shedding men's blood on the thres-hold of my doors!" "Colonel Grahame," said Major Bellenden, "you must answer this violence. Don't think, though I arm old and feckless, that my friend's son shall be murdered before my eyes with impunity. I can find friends that shall make you answer it." "Be satisfied, Major Bellenden, I will answer it," replied Claverhouse, totally unmoved; "and you, madam, might spare me the pain of resisting this passionate intercession for a traitor, when you con-sider the noble blood your own house has lost by such as he is." "Colonel Grahame," answered the lady, her aged frame trembling with anxiety, "I leave vengeance to God, who calls it his own. The shedding of this young man's blood will not call back the lives that were dear to me; and how can it comfort me to think that there has maybe been another widowed mother made childess, like myself, by a deed done at my very doorstane!" "Thus is stark mednesa," said Claverhouse; "I "must do my duty to church and state. Here are a thousand villains hard by in open rebellion, and you, make me to pardon a young fantic who is senough of himself to set a whole kingdom in a blaze! It cannot

ask me to pardon a young fanatic who is enough of himself to set a whole kingdom in a blaze! It cannot be-Remove him-Bothwell."

nimself to set a whole kingdom in a blaze! It cannot be—Remove him—Bothwell." She who was most interested in this dreadful deci-sion, had twice strove to speak, but her voice had totally failed her; her mind refused to suggest words, and her tongue to utter them. She now sprung up and attempted to rush forward, but her strength gave way, and she would have fallen flat upon the pave-ment had she not been caught by her attendant. "Help!" cried Jenny,—"Help, for God's sake! my young lady is dying." At this exclamation, Evandale, who, during the preceding part of the scene, had stood motionless learning upon his sword, now stepped forward, and said to his commanding-officer, "Colonel Grahame, before proceeding in this matter, will you speak a word with me in private?"

Claverhouse looked surprised, but instantly rose and withdrew with the young nobleman into a recess, where the following brief dialogue passed between

our family interest was of service to you last year in that affair in the privy-council, you considered your-self as laid under some obligation to us?" "Certainly, my dear Evandale," answered Claver-house, "I am not a man who forgets such debts-you will delight me by showing how I can evince my cratitude?"

you will delight me by showing how I can evince my gratitude?" "I will hold the debt cancelled," said Lord Evan-dale, "if you will spare this young man's life." "Evandale," replied Grahame, in great surprise, "you are mad—absolutely mad—what interest can you have in this young spawn of an old roundhead?— His father was positively the most dangerous man in all Scotland, cool, resolute, soldierly, and inflexible in his cursed principles. His son seems his very model; you cannot conceive the mischief he may do. I know mankind, Evandale—were he an insignificant, fana-tical, country booby, do you think I would have refused such a triffe as his life to Lady Margaret and this family? But this is a lad of fire, zeal, and edu-cation—and these knaves want but such a leader to direct their blind enthusiastic hardiness. I mention this, not as requising your request, but to make you this, not as refusing your request, but to make you fully aware of the possible consequences—I will never

direct their blind enthusiastic hardiness. I mention this, not as refusing your request, but to make you fully aware of the possible consequences—I will never evade a promise, or refuse to return an obligation—if you ask his life, he shall have it." "Keep him close prisoner," answered Evandale, "but do not be surprised if I persist in requesting you will not put him to death. I have most urgent reasons for what I ask." "Be it so then," replied Grahame;—"but young man, should you wish in your future life to rise to eminence in the service of your king and country, let it be your first task to subject to the public interest, and to the discharge of your duty, your private pas-sions, affections, and feelings. These are not times to sacrifice to the dotage of graybeards, or the tears of silly women, the measures of salutary severity which the dangers around compal us to adopt. And remem ber, that if I now yield this point, in compliance with your urgency, my present concession must exempt me foom future solicitations of the same nature." He then stepped forward to the table, and bent his eyes keenly on Morton, as if to observe what effect / the pause of awful suspense between death and life, which seemed to freeze the bystanders with horror, would produce upon the prisoner himself. Morton maintained a degree of firmnesa, which nothing but a mind that had nothing left upon earth to love or to hope, could have supporting at such a crisis. "You see him?" said Claverhouse, in a half whis-per to Lord Evandale; "he is tottering on the verge between time and eternity, a situation more appalling than the most hideous certainty; yet his is the only heart that keeps its usual time, the only nerves that are not quivering. Look at him well, Evandale—If that man shall ever come to heed an army of rebels, you will have much to answer for on account of this morning's work." He then said aloud. "Young man, your life is for the present safe, through the intercession of your firends—Remove him, Bothweil, and let him be properly gu

with the other prisoners." "If my life," said Morton, stung with the idea that he owed his respite to the intercession of a favourits rival, "If my life be granted at Lord Evandale's

The second part of the scene, had show during the scene in the scene, had show of the scene, had show during the scene, had stow 
Mentime, Claverhouse took his leave of Lady Margaret. But it was difficult for the good lady to

Torgeve his neglect of her intercession. "I have thought till now," she said, "that the Tower of Tillietudiem might have been a place of

I nave thought thin now, she said, "that the Tower of Tillietudiem might have been a place of succour to those that are ready to perish, even if they werens as deserving as they should have been -but I see auld fruit has little savour-our suffering and our sorvices have been of an ancient date." "They are never to be forgotten by me, let me assure your ladyship," said Claverhouse. "Nothing but what seemed my sacred duty could make me hesitate to grant a favour requested by you and the Major. Come, my good lady, let ma hear you say you have forgiven me, and, as I return to-night, I will bring a drove of two hundred whigs with me, and pardon fifty head of them for your sake." "I shall be happy to hear of your success, Colonel," said Major Bellenden; "but take an old soldier s more let me request to enter bail for young Morton." "We will settle that when I return," said Claver-Bouse, "Meanwhise be assured his life shall be safe." During this conversation, Evandale looked anx-

During this conversation, Evandale looked anz-nously around for Edith; but the presation of Jenny Dennison had occasioned her mistress being transported to her own apartment.

ported to her own apartment. Slowly and heavily he obsyred the impatient sum-genes of Claverhouse, who, after taking a courteous heave of Lady Margaret and the Major, had hastened to the court-yard. The prisoners with their guard ware already on their march, and the officers with their escort mounted and followed. All pressed for-ward to overtake the main body, as it was supposed they would come in aight of the enemy in a little more than two hours.

#### CHAPTER XIV.

My hounds may a' rin masteriess, My hawks may fly fras tree to tre My lord may grip my vassal lands, For there again mean 1 never be t

#### Old Rolls

My lord may grip my vasal leads, For there again mann i never be: Old Balled. We left Morton, along with three companions in captivity, travelling in the custody of a small body of soldiers, who formed the rear-guard of the column under the command of Claverhouse, and were imme-diately under the charge of Sergeant Bothweil. Their route lay towards the hills in which the insurgent preebytorians were reported to be in arms. They had not prosecuted their march a quarter of a mile ere Claverhouse and Evandale galloped past them, fol-lowed by their orderly-men, in order to take their proper places in the column which preceded them. No sconer were they past than Bothweil halted the body which he commanded, and disencumbered Mor-ton of his irons. "I gromised you should be civilly treated as far as rested with me.—Here, Corporal Inglis, let this gen-togsther at their pleasure, under their breath, but take care they are guarded by two files with loaded cara-lines. If they attempt an escape, blow their brains eut.—You cannot call that using you uncivilly." he continued, addressing himself to Morton, "it's the parson and the old woman, they are fittest company for gach other, d--n me; a single file may guard then well enough. If they speak a word of cant or fanatical nonsense, let them have a strauping with a soluder-beit. There's some hope of choking a silenced parson, if he is not slowed to hold forth, "Having made this arrangement, Bothwell placed himself at the head of the party, and Inglis, with six forward at a troi, with the purpose of overtaking the main body of the regiment.

who had been taken by Lora Evandale, remained | ings, was totally indifferent to the various are ments made for his secure custody, and even to the relief afforded him by his release from the isters. He ments mane for his secure custody, and even to the relies afforded him by his release from the fatters. He experienced that blank and waste of the heart which follows the hurricane of passion, and, no longer sep-ported by the pride and conscious rectitude which do-tated his answers to Claverhouse, he surveyed with deep dejection the glades through which he travilec, each turning of which had something to remind he of past happiness and disappointed love. The en-nence which they now ascended was that from which he used first and last to behold the ancient town when approaching or retiring from it; and, it is need lees to add, that there he was wont to pause, and gas with a lover's delight on the battlements, which is ing at a distance out of 'the lofty wood, indicated the dwelling of her, whom he either hoped soon to ment or had recently parted from. Instinctively he heaved a deep sigh. It was echoed by a loud groan from his companion in misfortune, whose eyes, moved, pe-chance, by similar reflections, had taken the same of the captive, was uttered in a tone more coarse that sentimental; it was, however, the expression of a be part of the captive, was uttered in a tone more coarse that sentimental; it was how so id countenance of Cab-die Headning, bearing a rueful expression, in which sorrow for his own lot was mixed with sympathy for the signify and so far corresponded with the sign of the captive, was uttered in a tone more coarse that sentimental; it coarse noted with signard for the signify and so far corresponded with the sign of the captive, was uttered in a tone more coarse that sorrow for his own lot was mixed with sympathy for the signify and so far corresponded with the sign of the captive, was the expression of the cidewast ploughman of the mains of Tillietudien; "is an unco thing that decent folk should be hand from the the sign of thers." "I am sorry to see you here, Cuddie," aid Mortes, who, even in his own distress, did not lose being for that of others. experienced that blank and waste of the heart which

that of others.

who, even in his own distress, did not loss being for that of others. "And sees am I, Mr. Henry," answerd Cakin, "baith for mysell and you; but neither of our scoren will do markle gude that I can see. To be sure, for me," continued the captive agriculturalist, neiving his heart by talking, though he well, knew it was be ittle purpose,..."to be sure, for my part, I has an right to be here ava, for I never did nor said a west against either king or curate; but my mather, put body, couldna haud the auld tongue o' har, and you mean baith pay for t, it's like." "Your mother is their prisoner likewise f" said libe-ton, hardly knowing what he said. "In troth is sha, riding ahint ye there like a bride, wi' that aud carle o' a minister that hey ca' Gabria Kettledrummle-Deil that he had been in the unside of a drum or a kettle either, for my share o' him 1 % see, we were nae soner chased out o' the doors o' Milnwood, and your uncle and the housekeeper bag ing them to and barring them ahint us, as if we had had the plague on our bodies, than I says to my mother, What are we to do neist? for every holes and or in the country will be stektit against un, now the ye hae affronted my auld leddy, and gar't the troop ers tak up young Milnwood. Sae she says to my minna cast doun, but gird yourseliup to the great the o' the day, and gie your testimony like a man upp the mount o' the Covenant." "And so I suppose you went to a conventick?" "Ye sail heer," continued Cuddie...-" Awed, i

said Morton.

said Morton. "Ye sall hear," continued Cuddie.—" Awed, kendna muckle better what to do, sae I e'en gaset wher her to an auld daft carline like hersell, and we some some water-broo and bannocks; and moay a we grace they said, and mony a psalm they sand, or to wad let me win to, for I was amaint famished with versation. Aweel, they had me up in the gray of son or nane, to a great gathering o' their olk at Mity-sikes; and there this chield, Gabriel Lord drummle, was blasting awa to them on the larger immediate the head of the party, and Inglia, with six fragoons, brought up the rear. The whole then set forward at a trot, with the purpose of overtaking the main body of the regiment. Morton, overwhelmed with a complication of feel-

#### CHAP. XIV.I

down the wind—He routed like a cow-in a fremd loaning.—Weel, thinks I, there's nae place in this country they ca' Roman Gilead—it will be some gate in the west muirlands; and or we win there I'll see to slip awa wi' this mither o' mine, for I winna rin my neck into a tether for ony Kettledrummle in the country side—Aweel," continued Cuddie, relieving himself by detailing his misfortunes, without being scrupilous concerning the degree of attention which his companion bestowed on his narrative, "just as I was wearying for the tail of the preaching, cam word that the dragoons were upon us.—Some ran, and was wearying for the tail of the preaching, can word that the dragoons were upon us.—Some ran, and some cried, Stand I and some cried, Down wi' the Philistines!—I was at my mither to get her awa sting and ling or the red-coats cam up, but I might as weel has tried to drive our auld fore-a-hand ox without the and hing of the red-coats cam up, but 1 might as weel has tried to drive our auld fore-a-hand ox without the goad-deil a step wad she budge. Weel, after a' the cheugh we were in was strait, and the mist cam fhick, and there was good hope the dragoons wad has missed us if we could has held our tongues; but, as if auld Kettledrummle himsell hedna made din enough to waken the very dead, they behoved a' to skirl up a pealm that ye wad has heard as far as Lanrick I---Aweel, to mak a lang tale short, up cam my young Lord Evandale, skelping as fast as his horse could trot, and twenty red-coats at his back. Twa or three thields wad needs fight, wi' the pistol and the whin-ger in the tae hand, and the Bible in the tother, and muckle shaith done, for Evandale as cried to scatter us, but to spare life." "And did you not resist ?" said Morton, who pro-bably felt, that, at, that moment, he himself would have encountered Lord Evandale on much slighter grounds.

grounds.

"Na, traiy," answered Cuddie, "I keepit aye before "Na, traiy," answered Cuddie, "I keepit aye before the auld woman, and cried for mercy to life and limb; but twa o' the red-coats cam up, and ane o' them was gaun to strike my mither wi' the side o' his broad-sword—So I got up my kebie at them, and said I wad gis them as gude. Weel, they turned on me, and clinked at me wi' their swords, and I gard'd my hand keep my head as weel as I could til Lord Evan-dale came up, and then I cried out I was a servant at Tillietuden—ye ken yoursell he was aye judged to hae a look after the young leddy—and he bade me fing down my kent, and see me and my mither yielded cursells prisoners. I'm thinking we wad hae been letten slip awa, but Kettledrummle was taen near us—for Andrew Wilson's neig that he was riding on had been a dragooner lang syne, and the sairer Ketus—for Andrew Wilson's naig that he was naing on had been a dragooner lang syne, and the sairer Ket-teledrommle spured to win awa, the readier the dour beast ran to the dragoons when he saw them draw up.—Aweel, when my mother and him forgathered, they set till the soldiers, and I think they gae them ther kale through the resk! Bastards o' the hare o' Babylon was the best words in their wame. Sae then the kin was in a bleeze again, and they brought us a' bross on wi' them to mak us an example, as they cat'."

The kilw was in a bleeze again, and they brought us a' three on wi'them, to mak us an example, as they ca't." "It is most infamous and intolerable oppression!" "It is most infamous and intolerable oppression!" suid Morton, half speaking to himself; "here is a poor peaceable fellow, whose only motive for joining the conventuele was a sense of filial piety, and he is chained up like a thief or murderer, and likely to die the death of one, but without the privilege of a formal trial, which our laws indulge to the worst malefactor! Even to witness such tyranny, and still more to suffer inder it, is enough to make the blood of the tamest alare boil within him." "To be sure," said Cuddie, hearing, and partly ardierstanding, what had broken from Morton, in resentment of his injuries, "it is no right to speak gwil o' dignities—my alld leddy aye said that, as nae foubt she had a gade right to do, being in a place gr digmity hersell; and troth I listened to her very patiently, for she aye ordered a dram, or a sowp kale, gr something to us, after she had gien us a hearing theomo sae muckle as a cup o' cauld water-do thae loards at Edinburgh gie us; and yet they are basding and brains and the sing most the state the shead ging and the sing a sud right no so the state the second sourd sat Edinburgh gie us; and yet they are basding mes-no sae muckie as a cup o' cauld water-do thais lords at Edinburgh gie us; and yet they are basding srid hanging amang us, and trailing us after that blackguard troopers, and taking our goods and gear as if we were outlaws. I canna say I tak it kind at their thands."

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"It would be very strange if you did," answered

"It would be very strange if you did," answered Morton, with suppressed emotion. "And what I like wars: o' a'," continued poor Guddie, "is that ranting red-coats coming amang the lasses, and taking awa our joes. I had a sam heart o' my ain when I passed the Main's down at "Silistudian this morning along and the Main's down at Tillietudlem this morning about partitch-time, and saw the reek comin' out at my ain lum-head, saw the reek comin' out' at my ain lum-head, and kend there was some ither body than my auld mither sitting by the ingle-side. But I think my heart was e'en sairer, when I saw that hellicat trooper, Tam Halliday, kissing Jenny Dennison afore my face. I wonder women can hae the impudence todo sic things; but they are a' for the red-coats. Whiles I hae thought o' being a trooper mysell, when I thought naething else wad gae down wi' Jenny-and yet I'll no blame her ower muckle neither, for maybe it was a' for my sake that she loot Tam touzle her tap-knots that gate." "For your sake?' said Morton. unable to refrain and

sake that she loot Tam toizle her tap-knots that gate." "For your eake?" said Morton, unable to refrain from taking some interest in a story which seemed to bear a singular coincidence with his own. "E'en see, Milnwood," replied Cuddie; "for the puir quean gat leeve to come near me wi' speaking the louh fair, (d-n him, that I suld say safe 1) and sae she bade me God speed, and she wanted to stap siller into my hand;—I'se warrant it was the tae half of her fee and bountith, for the wared the ither half on ninners and certificant to game to see us shoot yon der pinners and pearlings to gang to see us shoot yon day

pinners and pearings to gang to see us shoot yon day at the popiniay." "And did you take it, Cuddie?" said Morton. "Troth did I no, Milnwood; I was sic a fule as to fing it back to her-my heart was ower grit to be behadden to her, when I had seen that loon slaver-ing and kissing at her. But I was a great fule for my pains; it wad has dune my mither and me some guds, and she'll ware't a' on duds and how some."

There was here a deep and long pause. Cuddie was probably engaged in regretting the rejection of his mistress's bounty, and Henry Morton in consi-dering from what motives, or upon what conditionan. Miss Bellenden had succesded in procuring the inter-formance of Long Employed in force the succession of the successio

Miss Bellenden had successed in procuring the inter-ference of Lord Evandale in his favour. Was it not possesible, suggested his awakening hobes, that he had construed her influence over Lord Evandale hastily and unjustly? Ought he to censure her severely, if, submitting to dissimulation for his sake, she had permitted the young nobleman to entertain hopes which she had no intention to real-ize? Or what if she had appealed to the generosity which Lord Evandale was supposed to possess, and had enzaged his hongut to protect the aprene of a had engaged his honour to protect the person of a favoured rival?

Tavoured rival? Still, however, the words which he had overheard recurred ever and anon to his remembrance, with a pang which resembled the sting of an adder. "Nothing that she could refuse him I-was it pes-sible to make a more unlimited declaration of predi-lection? The language of affection has not, within the limits of maidenly delicacy, a stronger expression. She is lost to me wholly, and for ever; and nothing remains for me now, but vengeance for my own wrongs, and for those which are hourly inflicted on my country?

wrongs, and for those which are hourly inflicted on my country." Apparently, Cuddie, though with less refinement, was following out a similar train of ideas; for he suddenly asked Morton in a low whisper--"Wad there be ony ill in getting out o' the chield' hands an ase could compass it?" "None in the world," said Morton; "and if an opportunity occurs of doing so, depand on it I for ease will not let it alip."

will not let it alip." "I'm blytho to hear ye say eae," answeted Cuddia. "I'm blytho to hear ye say eae," answeted Cuddia. "I'm blat a puir silly fallow, but I canna think there wad be muckle ill in breaking out by strength o' hand, if ye could mak it ony thing feasible. I am the lad that will ne'er fear to lay on, if it were come to that; but our auld leddy wad hae ca'd that a remist-ing o' the king's authority." "I will resist any authority on earth," said Mor-ton, "that invades tyrannically my chartered rights as a freeman; and I am determined I will not be unjustly dragged to a jail. or perthans a gibbet if I can

unjustly dragged to a jail, or perhaps a gibbet, if I can possibly make my encape from these man either by address or force." 52

"Weel, that's just my mind too, are supposing we's has a feasible opportunity o' breaking foces. But then ye speak o' a charter; now these are things that only belang to the like o' you that are a gentle-man, and it mighth bear me through that am but a husbandmen." "The charter that I speak of," said Morton. "is

husbandman.". "The charter that I speak of," said Morton, "is common to the meanest Scotchman. It is that free-dom from stripes and bondage which was claimed, as you may read in Scripture, by the Apostle Paul himself, and which every man who is freeborn is called upon to defend, for his own sake and that of his countrymen." "Hegh, sirs ?" replied Cuddie, "it wad has been lang or my Leddy Margaret, or my mither either, wad has fund, out sic a wiselike doctrine in the Bible! The tame was ave graphing about giving tribute to

wad has fund out sic a wiselike doctrine in the Bible! The tane was aye graning about gring tribute to Casar, and the tither is as daft wi'her whiggery. I has been clean spoilt, just wi' listening to twa ble-thering auld wives; but if I could get a gentleman that wad let me tak on to be his servant, I am con-fident I wad be a clean contrary creature; and I hope your honour will think on what I am saying, if ye were ance fairly delivered out o' this house of bondage, and just take me to be your ain wally-de-shamble."

"My valet, Cuddie?" answered Morton; "alas! that would be sorry preferment, even if we were at liberty.

that would be sorry preferment, even if we were at liberty." "I ken what ye're thinking—that because I am landward-bred, I wad be bringing ye to disgrace afore folk; but ye maun ken I'm gay gleg at the up-tak; there was never ony thing dune wi' hand but I learned gay readily, 'septing reading, writing, and ciphering; but there's no the like o' me at the fit-ba', and I can play wi' the broadsword as weel as Cor-poral Inglis there. I hae broken his head or now, for as massy as he's riding ahint us.—And then ye'll no be gaun to stay in this country ?"—said he, stopping and interrupting himself. "Probably not." replied Morton. "Weel, I carena a boddle. Ye see I wad get my mither bestowed wi' her auld graning titte, auntie they wad neither burn her for a witch, or let her fail for fau't o' fude, or hang her up for an auld whig wife; for the provest, they say, is very regardfu' o' sic puir bodies. And then you and me wad gang and pouss our fortunes, like the folk i' the daft auld tales about Jock the Giant-killer and Valentine and Orson; and we wad oome back to merry Scotland, as the sang says, and I wad tak to the stilts again, and turn sic furs on the bonny rigs o' Milnwood holme, that it wad be worth a pint but to look at them." "I foar," said Morton, " there is very little chance, my good friend Cuddie, of our getting back to our old occupation."

"I fear," said Morton, "there is very little chance, my good friend Cuddie, of our getting back to our old occupation." "Hout, stir-hout, stir," replied Cuddie, "it's aye gude to keep up a hardy heart—as broken a ship's come to land.—But what's that I hear? never stir, if my auld mither isna at the preaching again! I ken the sough o' her texts, that sound just like the wind blawing through the spence; and there's Kettle-drummle setung to wark, too—Lordsake, if the sod-gers anes get angry, they'll murder them baith, and us for company !" "Their farther conversation was in fact interrupted by a blatant noise which rose behind them in which the voice of the preacher emitted, in unison with that of the old woman, tones like the grumble of a bas-soon combined with the screaking of a cracked fiddle. At first, the aged pair of sufferers had been contented to condole with each other in smothered expressions of complaint and indignation; but the sense of their injuries became more pungently aggravated as they "ommunicated with each other, and they became at iength unable to suppress their." "Wo, wo, and a threefold wo unto you, ye bloody and violent @ersecutors!" exclaimed the Reverend Glabriel Kettledrummle—"Wo, and threefold wo unto you, even to the breaking of seals, the blowing of trumpets, and the pouring forth of vials!" ""A "-ay--a" black cast to a' their ill-fa'ur'd faces, and the outside o' the loof to them at the last day !"

echoed the shrill counter-tenor of Mause, falling is like the second part of a catch. "I tell you," continued the divine, " that your rank-ings and your ridings—your neighings and your pranc-ings—your bloody, barbarous, and inhuman creates —your benumbing, deadening, and debanching the conscience of poor creatures by daths, soul-damang and solid contradication have and self-contradictory, have arisen from earth to Heaven like a foul and hideous outcry of perjury for hastening the wrath to come ------hash! hash hastening the wrath to comehugh !

"And I say," cried Mause, in the same ture, and nearly at the same time, "that wi this auld break o mine, and it's sair taen down wi' the asthmatics and

your carabines, nor your pistols, nor your brass swords, nor your horses, nor your saidles, brails surcingles, nose-bags, nor marringals, shall reast the arrows that are whetted and the bow has is bent against you !

"That shall they never, 1 trow," echoel Manage "castaways are they ilk ane o' them become of a struction, fit only to be flung into the fire when the have sweepit the fith out o' the Temple why

have sweepit the filth out o' the Temple — whips of small cords, knotted for the chastisement of these wha like their warkly gudes and gear better than the Cross or the Covenant, but when that wark's date, only meet to mak latchets to the deil's brogges." "Fiend hase me," said Cuddie, addressing hirzself to Morton, "if I dinna think our mither preaches as weel as the minister!—But it's a sair pity o' his heast, for it aye comes on just when he's at the beat o', and that lang routing he made air this morning, is sair again him too—Deil ah I care if he wad roar her danaba, and then he wad hee't a' to a many for himself.—I's again min too - Den an 1 care if he was row her called and then he was have 't a' to answer for himsell-it' lucky the road's rough, and the troopers are no taking muckle feat to what they say, wi'the rathing o' the horse's feet; but an we were anes on saft grund we'll hear news o' a' this." 11

Cuddie's conjectures were but too true. The w Cuddie's conjectures were but too true. The word of the prisoners had not been much attended to wild drowned by the clarg of horses' hoofs on a rough an stony road; but they now entered upon the mass lands, where the testimony of the two zealous cu lands, where the testimony of the two zealous cu lands, where the testimony of the two zealous cu lands, where the testimony of the two zealous cu lands, where the testimony of the two zealous cu twe lacked this saving accompaniment. And, at cordingly, no sconer had their steeds begun to two heath and green sward, and Gabriel Kettledrussus had again raised his voice with, "Also'I uplift an voice like that of a pelican in the wilderness" "And I mine," had issued from Hanse, "blue marmor on the house ton?"

sparrow on the house-tops."-When "Hollo, ho!" crie

When "Hollo, ho l" cried the corporal from rear; "rein up your tongues, the devil blister to or I'll clap's martingale on them." "I will not peace at the commands of the profit wild Gabriel

"I will not peace at the communication said Gabriel." Not I neither," said Mause, "for the badding off earthly potsherd, though it be painted as red as brick from the Tower of Babel, and ca' itsel and poral." "Halliday," cried the corporal, "hast got said gag about thee, man ?--We must stop their man before they talk us all dead." Ere any answer could be made, or any man

aten in consequence of the corporal's motion, a dra-pon galloped towards Sergeant Bothwell, who was subscarably a head of the party he commanded. A hearing the orders which the brought, Bothwell pstantly rode back to the head of his party, ordered hem to close their files, to mend their pace, and to nove with silence and precaution, as they would soon to in predence of the enemy.

#### CHAPTER XV.

Quantum is nobic, we've thought good To save the expense of Christian blood And try if we, by mediation . Of treaty and accommodation, Can end the genrel, and compose This bloody deal, without blows Down wa

This increased page of the party of horsemen scon ook away from their zealous captives the breath, if ot the inclination, necessary for holding forth. They ad now for more than a mile got firee of the wood-ands, whose booken glades had, for some time, ac-ompanied them after they had left the woods of Til-ietudlem. A few birches and oaks still featherpd i.e is arrow ravines, or occupied in dwarf-clusters the sollow planes of the moor. But these were gradually is appearing; and a wide and waste country lay be-bre them, swelling into bare hills of dark heath, inter-soted by deep gullies; being the passages by which orrents forced their course in winter, and during summer the disproportioned channels for diminuitye ivulets thet winded their puny way among heaps of indust his using the other that means by unmarket of the set of th ber than the eye could reach, without grandeur, withut "even the dignity of mountain wildness, yet triking, from the huge proportion which it seemed to

her than the eye could reach, without grandeur, with-ut even the dignity of mountain wikiness, yet triking, from the huge proportion which it seemed to sear to such more favoured spots of the country as were adapted to cultivation, and fitted for the suppert of man; and thereby impressing irresitility the mind of the spectator with a sense of the orminotence of nears of amelioration which man is capable of op-toning to the disadvantages of climate and soil. It is a remarkable effect of such extensive wastes, hat they impose an idea of solitude even upon those who travel through them in considerable number; jo much is the imagination affected by the dispropor-jon between the desert around and the party who are reversing it. Thus the members of a caravan of a housand souls may feel, in the deserts of Africa or irable, a sense of idaeliness unknown to the individual and cultivated country. It was not, therefore, without a peculiar feeling of motion, that Morton beheld, at the distance of about alf a mile, the body of the cavalry to which his ils. Their numbers, which appeared formidable when they crowded through narrow roads, and seemed ultiplied by appearing partially, and at different pints, among the trees, were now apparently dimin-hed by being exposed at once to view, and in a land-supe whose extent bore such immense proportion to is columns of hores and man, which, showing more is a drove of black cattle than a body of soldiers, rawled slowly along the face of the hill, their force at their numbers asseming the individual contemptible. "Surely," said Morton to himself, "a handful of solute men may defend any defile in these moun-sings and ere bere or of Clavethouse's column and gained the bere wells in the rowing sat their bravery is equal to their enthusiasm." While he made these reflections, the rapid move-ent of the horsemen who guarded him, soon tra-smed the grace which divided them from their com-minons; and ere the front of Claverbouse's column adisoners, had united himself, or nearity so, wit

and in others boggy, retarded the progress of the column, especially in the rear; for the passage of the celum, especially in the rear for the progress of the main body, in many instances, posched up the swamps through which they passed, and reindered them so deep, that the last of their followers were forced to leave the beaten path, and find safer passage where they could where they could.

swamps through which they passed, and reindered, them no deep, that the last of their followers were forced to leave the beaten path, and find safer passage where they could. On these occasions the distresses of the Reverend Gabriel Kettledrummle and of Mause Headrigg, were considerably augmented, as the brutal troopers, by whom they were guarded, compelled them, at all risks which such inexperienced riders were likely to incur, to leap their horese over drains and gullies, or to push them through morasses and swamps. "Through the help of the Lord I have iuppen ower a wall," cried poor Mause, cas her horse was by her rude attendants, brought up to leap the turf enclosurg of a descrited fold, in which feat her curch flew eff, leaving her gray tairs uncovered. "I am sunk in deep mire where there is no standing —I am come into deep waters where the foods over-flow me," exclaimed Kettledrummle, as the charger on which be was mounted plunged up to the caddle-girths in a *well Acad*, as the springs are called which supply the marshes, the sable streams beneath spout-ing over the face and parson of the captive preacher. These exclaimations excited shouts of laughter among their military attendants; but events scota-cocurred which rendered them all sufficiently serious. The leading files of the regiment had nearly attained two or three horsemen, speedily discovered to be a part of their own advanced guard, who had acted as a part of suppeared returning at full gallop, their horses much blown, and the men apperently in a disordered fight. They were followed upon the spur by five or six riders, well armed with sword and pistol, who halted upon the top of the hill, on observing the approach of the Line-Guards. One or two who had carabines dismounted, and, taking a leisurely and deliberate aim at the foremost rank of the regiment, discharged their pieces, by which two troopers were wounded, one severely. They than mounted their hores, and disappeared over the ridge of the hill, retreating with so much cobleses as evide

their captors.

their captors. The brow of the hill, on which the royal Life-Guards were now drawn un, sloped downwards (on the side opposite to that which they had ascended) with a gentle declivity, for more than a quarter of a mile, and presented ground, which, though unequal in some places, was not altogether unfavourable for the manœuvres of cavalry, until near the bottom, when the slope terminated in a marshy level, traversed through its whole length by what seemed either a natural guilty, or a deep artificial drain, the sides of which were broken by springs, trenches filled with water, out of which peats and turf had been dug, and here and there by some straggling thickets of alders which loved the moistness would, that they continued to live as bushes, although too much dwarfed by the pour soil and the stagnant bog-water to ascend into trees. Beyond this ditch, or guily, the ground arcee

tiffo a second heating swell, or rather hill, near to the foot of which, and as if with the object of defending the broken ground and ditch that covered their front, the body of insurgents appeared to be drawn up with the purpose of abding battle. Their infantry was divided into three lines. The

Their infantity was divided into three lines. The first, tolerably provided with fire-arms, were advanced almost close to the verge of the bog, so that their fire must necessarily annoy the royal cavalry as they descended the opposite hill, the whole front of which was exposed, and would probably be yet more fatal if they attempted to cross the moreas. Behind this first line was a body of pikemen, designed for their supbot in case the dragoons should force the passage of the marsh. In their rear was their third line, consist-ing of countrymen armed with weythes get straight on ing of countrymen armed with woythes set straight on poles, hay-forks, spits, clubs, goads, fish-spears, and such other postic implements as hasty resentment had converted into instruments of war. On each fank of the infantry, but a little backward from the bog, as if to allow themselves dry and sound ground whereon to act in case their enemies should force the pass, there was drawn up a small body of cavalay, who were, in general, but indifferently armed, and worse incanted, but full of seal for the cause, being chiefly either landholders of small property, or faritiers of the better class, whose means enabled them to serve on horseback. A few of those who had been engaged in driving back the advanced grant of the revealists, might Borseback. A leve of those who had been engaged in driving back the advanced guard of the royalists, might how be seen returning slowly towards their own squadroms. These were the only individuals of the maurgent army which seemed to be in motion. All this others stood firm and motionless, as the gray storge that lay scattered on the heath around them.

The total number of the insurgents might amount to about a thousand men; but of these there were To about a thousand men; but of these thare were scarce a handred cavalry, nor were the half of them even tolerably armed. The strength of their position, however, the sense of their having taken a desperate tup, the superiority of their numbers, but, above all, the stebour of their enthusiasm, were the means on which their leaders reckoned, for supplying the want of arms, equipage, and military discipline. On the side of the hill that rose above the array of how the but which destroy the ware the water

Battle which they had adopted, were seen the women and even the children, whom seal, opposed to perse-cution, had driven into the wilderness. They seemed eution, had driven into the wilderness. They seemed stationed there to be spectators of the engagement, by which their own fate, as well as that of their parents, susbands, and sons, was to be decided. Like the females of the ancient German tribes, the shrill cries which they raised, when they befield the glittering ranks of their enemy appear on the brow of the oppo-ing eminence, acted as an incentive to their relatives to fight to the last in defence of that which was dear-uest to them. Such exhortations seemed to have their what from rank to rank on the appearance of the sol-diers, intimated the resolution of the insurgents to fight to the utermeet. fight to the uttermost.

As the horsemen halted their lines on the ridge of the bill, their trampets and kettle-drums sounded a bold and warike flourish of menace and definace, that rang along the waste like the shrill summars of a destroying angel. The wanderers, in answer, anised their voices, and sent forth, in solemn modu-lation, the two first verses of the soventy-sixth Pasin, according to the metrical version of the Sebt-sish size :

"In Jutth's land God is well known, His hame's in Israel great : in Satem is his tabernacle, In Zice is his seat.

"There arrows of the bow he banke, The shield, the sword, the w.fr. More glorious thou than 'uills of prey, More excellent art far."

hout or rather a solemn acclamation, attended 

"Those thirt were stort of heart are apold'd, They shout their sizes outright :

## And none of these their builds. They were the men of much.

"When thy rebuke, O Jacob's God, Had forth against them past, Their liones and their charots both Were as a deep sleep cast."

There was another acclamation, which was far-lowed by the most profound silence. While these solenn sounds, accented by a those

sand voices, were prolonged amongst the waste kill, Claverhouse looked will great attention on ba-ground and on the order of battle which the va-derers had adopted, and in which they determined to

await the assault. "The churls," he said, "must have some old ma diers with them; it was no rustic that made choice of

"Burley is said to be with them for certain," as wered Lord Evandale, "and also Hackston of Ra-thillet, Paton of Meadowhead, Cleland, and some

thile, ration of meanowners, cleans, and som other men of military skill." "I jadged as much," said Claverhouse, "from the style in which these detached horsemen lengt the horses over the ditch, as they returned to their post tion. It was easy to see that there were a few round non. At was easy to see that there were a sew round-hedded troopers amongst them, the true **spawn of the** old Covenant. We must manage this **matter workf** as well as boldly. Evandale, let the officers come to this knofl."

He moved to a small moss-grown carry prob the resting-place of some Celtic chief of other in and the call of "Officers to the front," som bre er tin

and the call of "Onecrs to the front," soon pro-them around their commander. "I do not call you around me, gentlemen," a Claverhouse, "in the formal capacity of a coase war, for I will never turn over on others heraphe war, for 1 will never turn over on others thereast bilty which my rank imposes on myself. I det want the benefit of your opinions, reserving to myself as most men do when they ask advice, the therey at following my oyn.—What say you, Comet det hame ? Shall we attack these fellows who are be lowing yonder ? You are youngest and house, at therefore will speak first whether I will or no." "Then," said Cornet Grahame, "while I have the appear to carry the standard of the I is following

"Inen," said Cornet Graname, "while I have the honour to carry the standard of the Life-Guards," shall never, with my will, resteat before relation charge, in God's name and the King's I' "And what say you, Allan ?" continued Chave house, "for Evapdale is so modest, we shall nev get him to speak till you have said what you have

get him to speak till you have said what you have to say." "These fellows," said Major Alim, an old cavall officer of experience, "are three or four to eme-should not mind that much upon a far field, bet the are posted in a very formslable stendy, and the no inclination to quit it. I therefore think, wi deference to Cornet Grahame's ophica, that i should draw back to Tillistudies, scoupy the p between the hills and the open country, and sand giftee to Cornet Grahame's ophica, that i should draw back to Tillistudiesn, scoupy the p between the hills and the open country, and sand giftee to Cornet Grahame's ophica, that i we should cut them off from the Strath of Chyde, y we should cut them off from the Strath of Chyde, y we should cut them off from the Strath of Chyde, y we should the them to case out of their strong and give us battle on fair terms, ov if they teut here, we will enter the source out of their strong and give us battle on fair terms, ov if they teut there discless, bogs, and quaganire." "Palman may fight never the worse, "what they trong ground, when it is only held by a crow of a ing position of the source for worse, "what they for Allan, "for bisnouring both his fibre turd Paul them of old." "Their ness i poslmody," and the Cornet, " retain our Major of the rese of Dunhar."

them of old." "Their massl pealmody," said the Correct, " re-our Major of the race of Dunbar." "Had you been at that race, young man," re-Allan, " you would have wanted mothing to r you of it for the lengest day you have to have." "Hush, hush, gentlemen," said Chaverhaum, are untimely repartees.—I should like yager well, Major Allan, had our rescally pairold to will see daily pussised) brought us threely use the energy's manabers and possion. But invited

presented ourselves before them in line, the retreat of the Life-Guards would argue gross timidity, and be the general signal for insurrection throughout the west. In which case, so far from obtaining any as-uistance from my Lord Ross. I promise you I should have great apprehensions of his being cut off before we can join him, or heus. A retreat would have quite the same fatal effect upon the king's cause as the loss of a battle-and as to the difference of risk or of mafety it might make with respect to ourselves, that, am sure, no gentleman thinks a moment about. There must be some gorges or passes in the morass hrough which we can force our way; and, were we There must be some gorges or passes in the morans hrough which we can force our way; and, were we ife-Guards who supposes our squadrons, though so weak in numbers, are unable to trample into dust wice the number of these unpractised clowns.--What say you, my Lord Evandale " "Thumbly think," said Lord Evandale, "that go the lay how it will, it must be a bloody one; and that we hall loss many brave fellows, and probably be obliged o slaughter all, are Scotchmen and subjects of King "Rebels I rebels I and undeserving the name either Rebels I rebels I and undeserving the name either "Kotchmen or of subjects," said Claverhouse; but come, my lord, what does your opinion point at ?" "To enter into a treaty with these ignorant and nisked men," said the young nobleman. "A treaty! and with rebels having arms in their mander. "At least send a trumpet and flag of truee, sum-moning them the buy down their gorders and dis-

"At least send a trumpet and flag of truce, sum-mander. "At least send a trumpet and flag of truce, sum-moning them to lay down their weapons and dis-perse," said Lord Evandale, "upon promise of a free pardon—I have always heard, that had that been none before the battle of Pentland hills, much blood might have been saved." "Well," said Claverhouse, "and who the devil do wou think would carry a summons to these head-trong and desperate finatics? They acknowledge no laws of war. Their leaders, who have been all most active in the murder of the Archbishop of St. Andrews, fight with a rope round their necks, and are likely to kill the messenger, were it but to dip their followers in loyal blood, and to make them as imported by the off." Said Evandale, "if you will permit me. I have often risked my blood to spill that of others, let me do so now in order to save human ives."

"You shall not go on such an errand, my kord," taid Claverhouse; "your rank and situation render your safety of too much consequence to the country an an are when good principles are so rare.—Here's my brother's son Dick Grahame, who fears shot or steel as little as if the devil had given him armour of **woof** against it, as the fanatics say he has given to ins uncle.\* He shall take a flag of truce and a trum-

\* There was actually a young comet of the Life-Quards named renhame, and probably some relation of Claverhouse, slain in be skimstsh of Drunclog. In the old ballad on the Battle of betweel Bridge, Claverhouse is said to have continued the lengther of the fugitives in revenge of this gentleman's death.

<sup>'n</sup> Haud up your hand," then Monmouth said ! "Gie quarters to these men for ma;" But bloody Claver'se swore an oath, His kinsman's death avenged should be.

Area Kinsman's death avenged should be. The body of this young man was found sheckingly mangled for the battle, his eyes pulled out, and his features so much placed, that it was impossible to recognise him. The Tory refere say that this was done by the Whigs ; because, finding how name Sentame wrought in the young gentiemas's mack-joth, they took the corps for that of Clever'se himself. The ause of Cornet Grahame's body being time mangled. He had, ay they, refused his own dog any food on the moming of the att due to the with an deth, that he should have no break-set but apon the feels of the Whigs. The rareous animal, it are and threat.

There and threat. There is stories are presented to the reader, having it to the stories are presented to the reader, having it to the function of the stories are presented to the reader, having it to the stories of the stories are presented to the reader, having it to all of an innurgent finatics should mangie a body supposed to a that official charge is the same imanifer as everal per-terpreter is a four stories and the same imanifer as everal per-terpreter is a four stories are denoted the person the stories of four stories are the stories are to fixed on his own Vol. II 3 Z

pet, and ridedown to the edge of the morass to sum-mon them to lay down their arms and disperse." "With all my soul, Colonel," answered the Cornet ; " and I'll tie my cravat on a pike to serve for a white

"and I'll tie my cravat on a pixe to be ready a flag-flag-the rascals never saw such a pennon of Flan-ders lace in their tives before." "Colonel Grahame," said Evandale, while the young officer prepared for his expedition, "this young gentleman is your nephew and your apparent heir; for God's sake, permit me to go. It was my counsel, and I ought to stand the risk." "Were he my only son," said Claverhouse, "this is no cause and no time to spare him. I hope my pri-verte affections will never interfere with my public duty.

If Dick Grahame falls, the loss is chiefly mine; were your lordship to die, the King and country would be the sufferers.—Come, gentlemen, each to his post. If our summens is unfavourably received, we will im-stantly attack; and, as the old Scottish biazon has it, God shaw the right!"

#### CHAPTER XVL

With many a stout thwack and many a hang, Hard crab-tree and old iron rang.

CONNET REGRARD GRAMANE descended the hill, bearing in his hand the extempore flag of trace, and making his managed home keep time by bounds and curvets to the tune which he whistled. The tram-peter followed. Five or six horsemen, having some-thing the appearance of officers, detached themselves from each flank of the Presbyterian army, and, meet-ing in the centre, approached the ditch which divided the beller as mer as the process would remet ing in the centre, approached the ditch which divided the hollow as near as the morass would permit. Towards this group, but keeping the opposte side of the swamp, Cornet Grahame directed his hores, his motions being now the conspicuous object of attention to both armies; and, without disparage-ment to the courage of either, it is probable there was a general wish on both sides that this embasy might save the risks and bloedshed of the impending conflict

When he had arrived right opposite to those, who, by their advancing to receive his message, seemed to take upon themselves as the leaders of the eneany. Cornot Grahame commanded his trumpeter to sound a parley. The insurgents having no instrument of martial music wherewith to make the appropriate reply, one of their number called out with a load, strong voice, demanding to know why he approached their leaguer.

reply, one of their number canted out with a road strong voice, demanding to know why he approached their leaguer. "To summon you in the King's name, and in that of Golonel John Grahame of Claverhouse, specially commissioned by the right honourable Privy Counsel of Scotland," answered the Cornet, "to lay down your arms, and dismiss the followers whom ye have led into rebellion, contrary to the laws of God, of the King, and of the country." "Return to them that sent thee," said the insurgent leader, "and tell them that we are this day in arms for a broken Covenant and a persecuted Kirk ; tell them that we renounce the licentious and perjured Charles Stewart, whom you call king, even as be renounced the Govenant, after having once and again sworn to prosecute to the stimost of his power all the ends thereof, really, constantly, and sincerely, all the days of his life, having no enemies but the ene-mies of the Covenant, and no friends but itseriends. Whereas, far from koeping the cath he had called God and angels to witness; his first step, after his incoming into thesekingdome, was the fearful grasping at the percogative of the Alinighty, by that hideous Act of Supremacy, together with his expulsing, with-out summons, libel, or process of law, hundreds of famous failfrui preachers, thereby wringing the bread of life out of the mouth of hungry, poor creatures and forcibly cramming their throats with the lideess, sultiess, fosconless, lukewarm drammock of the four-teen false prelates, and their sycophantic, formal, cas-nel, songeledous oresture-ourates." master, selecting his body from scores that were lying arouse. 822

"I did not come to hear you preach," answered the officer, "but to know, in one word, if you will disperse yourselves, on condition of a free pardon to all but the murdeters of the late Archbishop of St. Andrews; or whether you will abide the attack of his majesty's forces, which will instantly advance mon you."

"In one worth, then," answered the spokesman, "In one word, then," answered the spokesman, "we are here with our swords on our thighs, as men that watch in the night. We will take one part and portion together, as brethren in righteousness. Whosever assails us in our good cause, his blood be on his own head. So return to them that sent thee, and God give them and thee a sight of the evil of your ways!" "Is not your name," said the Cornet, who began to

ef your ways!" "Is not your name," said the Cornet, who began to recollect having seen the person whom he was now speaking with, "John Balfour of Burley?" "And if it be," said the spokesman, "hast thou aught to say against it?" "Only" said the cornet, "that, as you are excluded from pardon in the name of the King and of my commanding officer, it is to these country people, and not to you, that I offer it; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you, that I offer if; and it is not with you, or such as you through their officers; and that if he presume to do otherwise, he forfeits his safe conduct."

While speaking these words, Burley unalung his carabine, and held it in readiness.

earabine, and held it in recediness. "I am not to be intimidated from the discharge of my duty by the menaces of a murderer," said Cornet Grahame.—"Hear me, good people; I pro-claim, in the name of the King and of my com-manding officer, full and free pardon to all, except-ing".— "I give thee fair warning," said Burley, presenting

hispiece.

still addressing the body of the insurgents—"to al to all

"Then the Lord grant grace to thy soul-amen !"

said Burley. With these words he fired, and Cornet Richard Grahame dropped from his horse. The shot was mortal. The unfortunate young gentleman had only strength to turn himself on the ground and mutter forth, "My poor mother!" when life forsook him in the effort. His startled horse fed back to the regiment at the gallop, as did his scarce less af-frighted attendant. "What have you done?" said one of B-limit

What have you done?" said one of Balfour's brother officers.

"My duty," said Balfour, firmly. "Is it not writ-ten, Thou shalt be zealous even to alaying? Let those, who dare, now venture to speak of truce or pardon !"

pardon P<sup>\*\*</sup> Claverhouse haw his nephew fall. He turned his eve on Evandale, while a transitory glance of inde-scribable emotion disturbed, for a second's space, the serenity of his features, and briefly said, "You see the event." "I will average him, or dis!" exclaimed Evan-dale; ard, putting his horse into motion, rode furi-ously down the hill, followed by his own troop, and that of the deceased Cornet, which broke down without orders; and, each striwing to be the fore-most to revenge their young officer, their ranks soon fell into confusion. These forces formed the first line of the royalists. It was in vain that Claverhouse exclarmed, "Hait! that! this rashness will undo suil was all that he could accomplish, by gallop-ing along the second line, entreating, commanding, ing along the second line, entreating, commanding, and even menacing the men with his sword, that he could restrain them from following an example so

contrapidos "Allan," he said, as soon as he had rendered the men in some degree more steady, "lead them slowly down the hill to support Lord Evandale, who is about

\* See Note, p. 48.

in a moment like this

"Lead ten file up the hollow to the right," continued his commanding officer, "and try every means to get through the bog; then form and charge the rebels in flank and rear, while they are encaged with us in front."

us in front." Bothwell made a signal of intelligence and de-dience, and moved off with his party at a rapid way. Meantime, the disaster which Claverbouxe had sp prehended, did not fail to take place. The troopen, who, with Lord Evandale, had rushed down apa the enemy, soon found their disorderly career inter-rupted by the impracticable character of the ground Some stuck fast in the morase as they attempted by struggle through, some recoiled from the atten and remained on the brink, others dispersed to a struggle through, some recoiled from the attenut and remained on the brink, others dispersed to set a more favourable place to pass the swamp. In is midst of this confusion, the first line of the enemy, di-which the foremost rank kiteli, the second stoped, and the third stood upright, poured in a close and destructive fire that empited at least a scone of sed-elles, and increased tenfold the disorder into which the horsemen had fallen. Lord, Evandale, in the meantime, at the head of a very few well-mounted men, had been able to clear the ditch, but was no sooner across than he was charged by the left body of this enemy's cavalry, who, encouraged by the small number of opponents that had made their way through the broken ground, set upon them with the mast fury, crying, "Wo, wo to the uncircumciaed Phile-tines! down with Dagon and all his adhermate" of his followers were killed, and he himself could not have escaped the same fate but for a heavy fire at vanced with the second line near to the disch, porms so effectually upon the enemy, that both how and foot for a moment began to shrink, and Lou Nara-dals, disengaged from his unequal combat, as inst-

foot for a moment began to shrink, and Losi long dals, disengaged from his unequal combat as in-effect his retrear through the morass. But notwith standing the loss they had sustained by Clarerhouse first fire, the insurgents became soon aware that the advantage of numbers and position were so decidely theirs, that, if they could but persuit in making a bein but resolute defence, the Life-Guards must nocessure but resolute defence, the Life-Guards must nocessure exhorting them to stand firm, and positing out how exhorting them to stand firm, and pointing out how efficacious their fire must be where both ince and horse were exposed to it; for the troopers, according to custom, fired without having dismounted. Claver-house, more than once, when he perceived his best men drooping by a fire which they could not effect ally return, made deeperate efforts to pass the bog as various points, and renew the battle on firm group joined to the natural difficulties of the pass, folded in attempts in every noint.

attempts in every point. "We must retreat," he said to Evandale, "tail Bothwell can effect a diversion in our favoar. Is meantime, draw the men out of fire, and heave a misher's behind these patches of alder-bushes to be the enemy in check."

misters being the energy in check." These directions being accompliahed, the appendix ance of Bothwell with his party was earnessly of pected. But Bothwell had his own disadvantaget struggle with. His detour to the right had the escaped the penetrating observation of Burley, made a corresponding movement with the left with of the mounted insurgents, so that when Bothwe after riding a considerable way up the valley, found the bog could be passed, though we some difficulty, he perceived he was still in frontion superior enemy. His daring character was in "Follow me, my lads i" he called to his mit "never let it be said that we turned our backs show these canting roundheads !" With that, as if inspired by the spirit of his same tors, he should, "Bothwell Bothwell ?" and the ing himself into the morase, he struggled through

at the head of his party, and attacked that of Burley with such fury, that he drove them back above a pis-tol-abot, killing three men with his own hand. Bur-ley, perceiving the consequences of a defeat on this point, and that his men, though more numerous were unequal to the regulars in using their arms and managing their horses, threw himself across Both-well's way, and attacked him hand to hand. Each of the combatants was considered as the champion of his respective party, and a result ensued more usual in romance than in real story. Their followers, on either side, instantly paused, and looked on as if the fate of the day were to be decided by the event of the combat between these two redoubted swords-men. The combatants themselves seemed of the same opinion; for, after two or three eager cuts and same opinion; for, after two or three eager cuts and

same opinion; for, after two or three eager cuts and pushes had been exchanged, they paused, as if by joint consent, to recover the breath which preceding exertions had exhausted, and to prepare for a duel in which each seemed conscious he had met his match. "You are the murdering villein, Burley," said Bothwell, griping his sword firmly, and setting his teeth close—"you escaped me once, but"—(he swore an oath too tremendous to be written down)—"thy head is worth its weight of silver, and it shall go home at my saddle-bow, or my saddle shall go home empty for me." "Yes," replied Burley, with stern and gloomy de-liberation, "I am that John Balfour, who promised to lay thy head where thou shouldst never lift it again; and God do so unto me, and more also, if I do not redeem my word !"

to isy iny near where inou shoulds hever in it again; and God do so unto me, and more also, if I do not redeem my word !" "Then a bed of heather, or a thousand merks!" "and Bothwell, striking at Burley with his full force. "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon !" answered Balfour, as he partied and returned the blow. There have seldom met two combatants more equally matched in strength of body, skill in the management of their wespons and horses, deter-mined courage, and unrelenting hostility. After ex-changing many desperate blows, each receiving and inflicting several wounds, though of no great con-sequence, they grappled together as if with the des-perate impatience of mortal hate, and Bothwell seizing his enemy by the shoulder-belt, while the grasp of Balfour was upon his own collar, they came headlong to the ground. The companions of Burley hastened to his assistance, but were repelled by the dragoons, and the battle became again general. But nothing ecould withdraw the attention of the combatants from each other, or induce them to unclose the deadly

to mis assistance, out were repeated by the dragoons, and the battle became sgain general. But nothing could withdraw the attention of the combatants from each other, or induce them to unclose the deadly clasp in which they rolled together on the ground, tearing, struggling, and foaming, with the inveteracy of thorough-bred bull-dogs. Several horses passed over them in the melée with-out their quitting hold of each other, until the sword-arm of Bothwell was broken by the kick of a charger. He then relinquished his grasp with a deep and sup-pressed groan, and both combatants started to their side, but his left griped to the place where his dagger hung; it had escaped from the sheath in the struggle, -- and, with a look of mingled rage and despair, he stood totally defenceless, as Balfour, with a laugh of savage joy, flourished his sword aloft, and then passed it through his adversary's body. Bothwell received the thrust without falling—it had only grazed on his ibs. He attempted no farther defence, but, looking at Burley with a grin of deadly hatred, he exclaimed —"Base pensant churl, thou hc t spilt the blood of a line of kings f" —"Die, wretch 1-die !" said Balfour redoubling the throst with beter aim; and, setting his foot on Both-with his sword.—"Die, bloodthirsty dog ! die as thou has t lived !--die, like the beasts that perish-hoping nothing-believing nothing—" And reasarse nothing, " said Bothwell, collecting the last effort of respiration to uitter these desparate words, and craim gas soon as they were spoke. To catch a stray horse by the bridle, throw himself upon it, and rush to the assistance of his followers, was, with Burley, the affair of a moment. And as the fall e' Bothwell hed given to the insurgents all

TALITY. 5:
The courage of which it had deprived its comrades, the issue of this partial contest did not remain long undecided. Several soldiers were slain, the rest driven back over the morass and dispersed, and the victorious Burley, with his party, crossed it in their turn, to direct against Claverhouse the very manœuve which he had instructed Bothwell to execute. He now put his troop in order, with the view of attacking the right wing of the royalists; and, sending news of his success to the main body, exhorted them, in the name of Heaven, to cross the marsh, and work out the glorious work of the Lord by a general attack upon the enemy. Meanwhile, Claverhouse, which had in some degree remedied the confusion occasioned by the first irregular and unsuccessful attack, and reduced the combat in front to a distant skirmish with fire-arms, chiefly maintained by some dismouthed troopers whom he had posted behind the cover of the shrubby copies of alders, which in some places covered the edge of the moras, and whose close, cool, and wellating that a diversion by Bothwell and his party might facilitate a general attack, was accosted by once for witness be was come from hard agrice. "What is the matter, Halliday?" said Claverhouse, while her own deficiency of numbers, —Claverhouse, while her with sits down," replied Halliday, " and many "" "Then the king," said Claverhouse, with his usual to be were writh in his regiment by name—" What is the matter, Halliday?" said Claverhouse, "What is the mark, Halliday?" said Claverhouse, with his usual pretty fellow with him."

devil incarnate that killed Bothweil," answered the terrified soldier. "Hush I hush!" said Claverhouse, putting his fin-ger on his lips," not a word to any one but me.— Lord Evandale, we must retreat. The fates will have it so. Draw together the men that are dispersed in the skirmishing work. Let Allan form the regi-ment, and do you two retreat up the hill in two bodies, each halting alternately as the other falls back. I'll keep the rogues in check with the rear-guard, making a stand and facing from time to time. They will be over the ditch presently, for I see their whole line in motion and preparing to cross; there-fore lose no time."

"Where is Bothwell with his party  $\mathscr{V}$  said Lord Evandale, astonished at the coolness of his commander

mander. "Fairly disposed of," said Claverhouse, in his ear "the king has lost a servant, and the devil has got one. But away to business, Evandele-ply your spurs and get the men together. Allan and you must keep them steady. This retreating is new work for us all; but our turn will come round ano-ther day."

ther day." Evandele and Allan betook themselves to their task; but ere they had arranged the regiment for task; but ere they had arranged the regiment for the purpose of retreating in two alternate bodies, a considerable number of the enemy had crossed the marsh. Claverhouse, who had retained immediately around his person a few of his most active and tried men, charged those who had crossed in person, while they were yet disordered by the broken ground. Some they killed, gathers they repulsed into the mo-rass, and checked the whole so as to enable the main body, now greafly diminished, as well as disbeart-ened by the loss they had sustained, to commence their retreat up the hill. But the enemy's van being soon reinforced and

their retreat up the hill. But the enemy's van being soon reinforced and supported, compelled Claverhouse to follow his troops. Never did man, however, better maintain the cha-racter of a soldier than he did that day. Conspicuous by his black horse and white feather, he was first in the repeated charges which he made at every favour-able opportunity, to arrest the progress of the pursuers, and to cover the retreat of his regiment. The object of aim to every one, he seemed as if he were impas-sive to their shot. The superstitious fanatics, whe

Many a whig that day loaded his musket with a dol-lar cut into slugs, in order that a silver bullet (such was their belief) might bring down the persecutor of the holy kirk, on whom lead had no power. "Try him with the cold steel," was the cry at every renewed charge—"powder is wasted on him. Ye might as weel shoot at the Auld Enemy himsell."\* But though this was loudly shouted, yet the awe on the insurgents' minds was such, that they gave way before Claverhouse as before a supernatural being, and few men ventured to cross swords with him. Still, however, he was fighting in retreat, and with all the disadvantages attending that movement. The soldiers behind him, as they beheld the increas-ing number of enemies who poured over the morass, became unsteady; and at every successive movebecame unsteady; and, at every successive move-ment, Major Allan and Lord Evandale found it more ment, Major Alian and Lord Evandale found it more and more difficult to bring them to halt and form line regularly, while, on the other hand, their mo-tions in the act of retreating became, by degrees much more rapid than was consistent with good order. As the retiring soldiers approached nearer to the top of the ridge, from which in so luckless an hour they had descended, the panic began to increase. Every one became impatient to place the brow of the bill between him and the continued fire of the retubill between him and the continued fire of the pur-vmers; nor could any individual think it reasonable that he should be the last in the retreat, and thus sacrifice his own safety for that of others. In this mood, several troopers set spurs to their horses and fled outright, and the others became so unsteady in their movements and formations, that their officers every moment feared they would follow the same example.

Amid this scene of blood and confusion, the tram-Amid this scene of blood and contusion, the train-plang of the horses, the groans of the wounded, the continued fire of the enemy, which fell in a succes-sion of unintermitted musketry, while lond shouts accompanied each builet which the fall of a trooper showed to have been successfully aimed-amid all accompanied each builet which the fail of a trooper showed to have been successfully aimed-amid all the terrors and disorders of such a scene, and when it was dubious how soon they might be totally de-scrud by their dispirited soldiery. Evandale could not forbear remarking the composure of his commanding officer. Not at Lady Margaret's breakfast-table that morning did his eye appear more lively, or his de-meanour more composed. He had closed up to Evandale for the purpose of giving some orders, and picking out a few men to reinforce his rear-guard. "If this bout lasts five minutes longer," he said, in a whisper, "our rogues will leave you, my lord, old Allan, and myself, the honour of fighting this battle with our own hands. I must do something to dis-perse the musketeers who armoy them so hard, or we shall be all shamed. Don't attempt to succour me if you see me go down, but keep at the head of your men; get off as you can, in God's name, and tell the 'in the belief of the Covenanter that their principal engels.

Medi ; get on as you can, in cou s name, and cen uso king and the council I died in my duty "" "The belief of the Covenanters that their principal enemies, and Chavehouse in particular, had obtained from the Devil a them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick rendered them proof against leaden builtet, led them to hick was very bloody, and by Mackay's third flee, "The battle was very bloody, and by Mackay's third flee, Chaverbouse fell, of whom historians give little account is built a resolation to rid the world of the own thin for it a siver built from he had before them off his own thin for it a siver built of a hold a before them off his own thin for it a siver built. "Ordenait note: a budget of s ludgreet on Persecture, party inte-met in Beoods." and be ready to object here, as formerly, "encerning Bishop Sharpe and Daiziel.— How can the Devil her in his own to mave life'? d.c. Without entering upon the thing in its reality, I shall only observe, 1st, That it is nei-ther in his owner or of his nature, to be a saviour of mon's liver; he is called Apollyon the destroyer. 3d, That even in set and be not site to give enchantment against one kind of taka flappe or Clavertous's liver, yet ateel and silver would doit; and for Daiziel, though he died not on the faild, he did net coups the arrows of the Ahmighty."-iddem.

So saying, and commanding about twenty stor men to follow him, he gave, with this small sody, a charge so desperate and unexpected, that he drow the foremost of the pursuers back to some distance. In the confusion of the assault he singled out Barley, and, desirous to strike terror into his followers, he dealt him so severe a blow on the bead, as cut through acht nim so severe a blow on the nesal, as ch unough his steel head-piece, and threw him from his borne, stunned for the moment, though unwounded. A wonderful thing it was afterwards thought, that one so powerful as Balfour should have sunk under the so powerful as Ballour should have sunk unser he blow of a man, to appearance so slightly make as Claverhouse; and the vulgar, of course, set down as supernatural aid the effect of that energy, which a determined spirit can give to a feebler arm. Claver house had, m this last charge, however, involved himself too deeply among the insurgents, and was fairly surrounded.

Lord Evandale saw the danger of his comm his body of dragoons being then halted, while h commanded by Allan was in the act of retream Regardless of Claverhouse's disinterested comman to the contrary, he ordered the party which he head to the contrary, he ordered the party which he head to charge down hill and extricate their Colonal Some advanced with him-most halted and stand uncertain-many ran away. With those who fol-lowed Evandale, he disengaged Claverhouse. His assistance just came in time, for a rustic had wound-ed his horse in a most ghastly manner by the blow of a scythe, and was about to repeat the stroke whan Lord Evandale cut him down. As they got out of the press, they looked round them. Altar's division having proved altogether unequal to halt them. Evan dale's troop was scattered and in total conference. "What is to be done, Colonel ?" suid Lord Evan-dale.

"What is to be done, Colonel ?" and Lord state dale. "We are the last men in the field, I think," and Claverhouse; "and when men fight as long as the would say, 'Devil take the hindmost,' when the would say, 'Devil take the hindmost,' when the me but twenty against a thousand.—Save yound would say, and rally as soon as you can.—Come, it lord, we must e'en ride for it."

So saying, he put spurs to his wounded horse; the generous animal, as if congcious that the in his rider depended on his exertions, pressed for with speed, unabated either by pain or loss of hi

bis rider depended on his accritions, pressed forward with speed, unabated either by pain or loss of hlock-"I appears, from the letter of Cherrehouse Alervarde epoten-that the horne on which he rade at Drumcley was not black but sorret. The author has been numled as to the colser by the many extraordinary traditions carrent is Scatiand concorning. Claverhouse's famous black charger, which was pecorally be leved to have been a gift to its rider from the Anshor of Evil who is suid to have peer formed the Caments spectrased, a hare up the Bran-Law, near the head of Moffat Water, where the di-ter and to have been a gift to its rider from the Anshor of Evil who is suid to have peer offormed the Caments spectrase, a hare up the Bran-Law, near the head of Moffat Water, where the di-esent is an precipitous, that no morely senthly horms would be its fest, or merely mortal rider could keep the and/de. There is a carious pesages in the testimony of John Disk, go of the suffering Presbyterians, in which the acthor, by down ing each of the persecutors, by their predomisant qualitane-passions, allows how little their best-lowed attributes us avail them in the great day of judgment. When he unitation in general, and for that steed in prutuality, which was killed Drumclog, in the memer decorbed in the test: "As for that bloodkinsty wretch, Chererhause, how the he to abelier himself (hat day? Is it possible the pixeld he is lorse, (a creature he has so much respect for, that he wad influx out the spint out of all the houses on the start and the this too, hough he were wore day that could estract the spint out of all the houses of the the twee as well the intended, he used how the sorting four and bein mineted, he used not dwam of exception. The start the townellem into his one, hough he were wore day that could estract the spint out of all the houses in the win do house them into his one, house the manifor, that all the townellem into his one, hough he were wore day the to shole the intended, he used hough he were wore day

"Mons est occiduus, angit qui celes (Nomine Loudunum) feess puteisque Quot scatet hic tellus, et aprico gras Else colleuts (ait,) puntesso milité d

A few officers and soldiers followed him, but in a serv irregular and tumultuary manner. The flight (see ) insurgents.
(a) the second 
#### CHAPTER XVIL

But see I through the fast fashing lightnings of war, What steed to the desert files frantic and far ?

Durnse the severe skirmish of which we have given the details, Morton, together with Cuddie and his mother, and the Reverend Gabriel Kettledrummle, ramained on the brow of the hill, near to the small cairn, or barrow, beside which Claverhouse had held his preliminary council of war, so that they had a commanding view of the action which took place in the bottom. They were guarded by Corporal Inglis and four soldiers, who, as may readily be supposed, were much more intent on watching the fluctuating fortunes of the helth, than in attending to what pasefortunes of the battle, than in attending to what pass

and four soldiers, who, as may readily be supposed, were much more intent on watching the fluctuating forumes of the battle, than in attending to what pass-ed among their prisoners. "If you lade stand to their tackle," said Cuddia, "we'll hae some chance of getting our necks out of the brecham again ; but I misdoubt them—they has ittle skeel of arms." "Much is not necessary, Cuddia," answered Mor-ton; "they have a strong position, and weapons in their hands, and are more than three times the number of their assailants. If they cannot fight for their free-dom now, they and theirs deserve to lose it for ever." "O, ars," exclaimed Mause, "here's a goodly spectacle indeed ! My spirit is like that of the bleased Elike, it burns within me—my bowels are as wine which lacketh vent—they are ready to burst like new hoties. O, that He may look after His ain people in this day of judgment and deliverance 1—An now, what ailest thou, precious Mr. Gabriel Kettledrummle' I say, what ailest thou, that wert a Nazarite purer than snow, whiter than milk, more roddy than subhm." smeaning, perhapa, supplices)—"I say, what all the now, that they are precised wither-ed like a dry postherd ? Surely it is time to be up and be doing, to ery loudly and to spare not, and to wrestle for the puir lads that are yonder tastifying with their ain blude and that of their ensmics." "This expostalation implied a reproach on Mr. Ket-thedrummle, who, though an absolute Boanerges, or son of thunder, in the pulpit, when the enemy were say, and indeed aufficiently contumacious, as we have seen, when in their power, had been struck dumb by the fing, shoute, and shreaks, which now arose from the valley, and—as many au honest man might have hear, in a situation where he could neither fight nor sportunity to preach the terrors of preebytery, as the courageous Mause had expected at his hand, or even to pray for the successful event of the battle. His prosent han his jealous respect for his reputation as a pure and powerful preacher of the stent. His pro

b may inward meditations and the wrest Turba felox, matres, pasri, humptanese puolts, Quans parta cargais Greenses disparsere tarma. Yenit et prime campo discodere cogit; Post hos et alice, cano provolvit inerti; At numerose cohors, campum dispersa per orname Circumfuse, ruit; turmasque, indarine captas, Aggreditar; viritus non bic, neo profait ensis Corriguero rugano, viriti and gramine tectis, Presipitata perit, fossis, para ultima, quorum Cormordes hussero luto, nessore rejecto; Tum rablose cohors, misseri nescis strates Invadit lacentatume viros: hie signifer, ehes i Trajectus globulo. Graemus, quo fortior alter, Inter Scotigenes fuerat, neo justicor ultus : Hunc manibus rayuere feris, faciency ultus : Hunc manibus rayuere feris, faciency ultus : Appere diffuso sporgenises sua carebro yur dux ipes fugs sub, numque exita trahobet Yunder clamore cohors fuesta, namese Condecias comper timidae, si vicerit menars. *Mas. Buluen Mohambas* 

wherewith I wrestle.-But of a verity the shooting of the formen doth begin to increase I peradventure. of the formen down pegin to increase, persurvations some pellet may attain unto us even here. Lo I wil, ensconce me behind the cairn, as behind a strong wall of defence." "He's but a coward body after a'," said Cuddia, who was himself by no means deficient in that sort

prisoners was corresponding to their approaching deliverance. "They has dune the job for anes," said Cuddie, "an they ne'er do't again." "They fiest—they fise!" exclaimed Mause, in ecstasy. "O, the truculent tyrants! they are riding; now as they never rode before. O, the false Egyp-uans—the proud Assyrians—the Philistines—the Moshites—the Edomites—the Ishmaelitus!—The Lord has brought sharp swords upon them, to make them food for the fowls of heaven and the beats of the field. See how the clouds roll, and the fire flashes ahint them, and goes forth before the chosen of the Edown the the pillar o' cloud and the pillar o' flame that led the people of Israel out o' the land ot Egypt! This is indeed a day of deliverance to the raghteous, a day of pouring out of wrath to the perse-

Egypt! Thus is indeed a day of deliverance to the righteous, a day of pouring out of wrath to the perse-cutors and the ungodly!" "Lord save us, mither," said Cuddie, "haud the clavering tongue o' ye, and lie down ahint the caira, like Kettledrummle, konest man! The whigamora bullets ken unco little discretion, and will just as same knock out the harns o' a psalm-singing auld wife as a swearing dragoon."

knock out the harns o'a psalm-singing all wife as swearing dragoon." "Fear naething for me, Cuddie," said the old damu, transported to ecstasy by the success of her party; "fear naething for me! I will stand, like Deborah, on she tap o' the cairn, and tak up my sang o' reproach against these men of Harosheth of the Gentlies, whose horse-hoofs are broken by their prancing." The enthusiastic old woman would, in fact, have

ane enrausiastic old woman would, in fact, have accomplished her purpose, of mounting on the cairs, and becoming, as she said, a sign and a banner ta the people, had not Cuddie, with more filial tender-ness than respect detained her by such force as his shackled arms would permit him to effert.

the road afore." Cuddie was not mistaken; for, when the main tide of fugitives passed at a little distance from the spot where they were stationed, the corporal and his party fired their carabines at random upon the advancing insurgents, and, abandoning all charge of their pr-soners, joined the retreat of their comrades. Morton and the old woman, whose hands were at liberty, lost no time in undoing the bonds of Cuddie and of the clergyman, both of whom had been secured by a cord tied round their arms above the elbows. By the time this was accomplished, the rear-guard of the dragoons, which still preserved some order, passed beneath the billock or rising ground which was sur-mounted by the cairn already repeatedly mentioned. They exhibited all the hurry and confusion apcident to a forced retreat, but still continued in a body. Claverhouse led the van, his naked sword deeply dred with blood, as were his face and clothes. His horse was all covered with gore, and now reeled with weakness. Lord Evandale, in not much better plight, brought up the rear, still exhorting the solderes to keep together and fear nothing. Several of the men were wounded, and one or two dropped from their horses as they surmounted the hill. Mause's zeal broke forth once more at this specta-ele, while she stood on the heath with her head un-overed, and her gray hairs streaming in the wind, no bad representation of a superannuated bacchante, or Thesselian witch in the agonice of incantation. She soon discovered Claverhouse at the head of the fugi-re party, and exclaimed with bitte trony. "Tarry, tarry, ye wha were aye ase blithe to be at the meet-ing of the saints, and wad ride every muir in Sect-land to find a conventicle! Wilt thou not tarry, now thou hast found ane 7. Wilt thou not tarry, now thou hast found ane 7. Wilt thou not tarry or one word mair? Wilt thou as bide the afternoon preach-ing 7-wase bettide ye?" she said, suddenly changing her tone, "and cut the houghs of the creature whase facetness ye trust in !-Sheugh-sheugh !-Cuddle was not mistaken; for, when the main tide of fugitives passed at a little distance from the spot

busy to attend to her remoaches, but hastened over the hill, anxious to get the remnant of his men out of gun-ahot, in hoges of again collecting the fugitives round his standard. But as the rear of his followers rode over the ridge, a shot struck Lord Evandale's horse, which instantly sunk down dead beneath him. Two of the whig horsemen, who were the foremost in the pursuit, hastened up with the purpose of killing him, for hitherto there had been no quarter given. Morton, on the other hand, rushed forward to save his life, if possible, in order at once to indulge his na-tural generosity, and to requite the obligation which Lord Evandale had conferred on him that morning, and under which circumstances had made him wince so acutely. Just as he had assisted Evandale, who was much wounded, to extricate himself from his dying horse, and to gain his feet, the two horsemen came up, and one of them exclaiming, "Have at the red-coated tyrant!" made a blow at the young noble-man, which Morton parried with difficulty, exclaim-ing to the rider, who was no other than Burley him-for the sake," he added, observing that Burley did not immediately recognise him, "of Henry Morton, who lately sheltered you." "Henry Morton ?" replied Burley, wiping his blood; brow with his bloodier hand; "did I not say that the son of Silas Morton would come forth out a the lurning - But for this booted apostle of prelacy,

he shall die the death !- We must smite them hip and thigh, even from the rising to the going down of the sun. It is our commission to slay them like Amelek, and utterly destroy all they have, and quare nother man nor woman, infant nor suckling; therefore, hin-der me not," he continued, endeavouring upon to cut down Lord Evandale, "for this work must not be wrought neglicently."

cut down Lord Evandale, "for this work must not be wrought negligently." "You must not, and you shall not, slay him, mare especially while incapable of defence," said Marea, planting himself before Lord Evandale so as to intr-cept any blow that should be aimed at him; "I own my life to him this morning—my life, which was es-dangered solely by my having sheltered you; and is shed his blood when he can offer no effectual remi-ance, were not only a cruelty abhorrent to God and man, but detestable ingratitude both to him and is me."

me." Burley paused.—"Thou art yet," he said, "in the court of the Gentiles, and I compassionate thy human bindness and frailty. Strong meat is not fit for babes, nor the mighty and grinding dispensation us-der which I draw my sword, for those whose hears are yet dwelling in huts of clay, whose footstaps are tangled in the mesh of mortal sympathies, and who clothe themselves in the right counses that is as fithy rags. But to gain a soul to the truth is better than to send one to Tophet; therefore I give quarter to this youth, providing the grant is confirmed by the general council of God's army, whom he hath this day blessed with so signal a deliverance.—Thou art unarmad— Abide my return here. I must yet pursue these man-ners, the Amalekites, and destroy them till they be utterly consumed from the face of the land, even from Havilah unto Shurd" Havilah unto Shund

Allow in recent likes and destroy them till they be utterly consumed from the face of the land, even from Havilah unto Shan?"
So saying, he set spurs to his horse, and continued to pursue the chase.
"Cuddie," said Morton, "for God's mka catch a horse as quickly as you can. I will not treat Lord Evendale's life with these obdurate mea.—Yoa are wounded, my lord.—Are you able to continues yet retreat?" he continued, addressing himself to his prisoner, who, half-stunned by the fall, was bet beginning to recover himself.
"I think so," replied Lord Evendele. "But is it possible?—Do I over my life to Mr. Morton ?"
"My interference would have been the same from common humanity," replied Mortou ; "to your lord-ship it was a sacred debt of gratitude."
Cuddie at this instant returned with a horse.
"God-sake, munt—munt, and ride like a floring havk, my lord," said the good-mstared follow, "for ne'er be in me, if they arena kiling every ans of the wounded and prisoners?"
"Stand off, good fellow, thy courtesy may cost the interest of floring the semined for a continued, addressing Heary, "this makes us more than even—rely on it, I will never forget your generative—Farewell."
He turned his forse, and rode swiftly away in the insurgents, who were in the front of the parent and Cuddie for having aided the encape of a Philip interest, who were in the front of the parent of the store and Cuddie for having aided the encape of a Philip interest and Cuddie for having aided the encape of a Philip interest and Cuddie for having aided the score form his transe if the insurgents, who now a woke from his transe if the insurgents, who now a woke from his transe if the insurgents, who were in the front of the parent?
"What way is he ond us to do?" cried Cuddie. This cacues would hardly have passed carrent; his to las a sword? Sudna ye has come form is transe if the insurgents, who now a woke from his transe if the insurgents, who now a woke from his t

of those blessed cays, when there was power and filescy, and convincing and converting of sinners, ind heart-cerecrises, and fellowships of saints, and a kentiful flowing forth of the spices of the garden of iden."

Men." "And this is my son Cuddie," exclaimed Mause, in ser turn, "the son of his father, Judden Headrigg, rha was a douce honest man, and of me Mause fiddlemas, an unworthy professor and follower of he pure gaspel, and ane o' your ain folk. Is it not written, 'Cut ye not off the tribe of the families of he Kohathites from among the Levites ? Numbers, ourth and aughteenth-O! sirs! dinna be standing user partiling with honest folk, when ye suid be fol-owing forth your victory with which Providence has decred ye."

owing forth your victory with which Providence has decad ye." This party having passed on, they were immedi-tely beset by another, to whom it was necessary to ive the same explanation. Kettledrummle, whose sar was much dissipated since the firing had ceased, gain took upon him to be intercessor, and grown old, as he felt his good word necessary for the pro-ection of his late fellow-captives, he laid claim to no mall ahare of the merit of the victory, appealing to Korton and Cuddie, whether the tide of battle had to turned while he prayed on the Mount of Jebovah-vissi, like Moses, that Israel might prevail over Ama-ek; but granting them, at the same time, the credit of holding up his hands when they wared heavy, as hose of the prophet were supported by Aaron and Hur. It seems probable that Kettledrummle allotted his part in the success to his companions in adver-rity, let they should be tempted to disclose his carnal self-seeking and falling away, in regarding too closely is own personal salety. These strong testimonies in favour of the liberated captives quickly flew abroad, with many exaggerations, among the victorious army, the reports on the subject were various; but it was inversally agreed, that young Morton of Milnwood, he son of the stout soldier of the Covenant, Silas forton, together with the precious Gabriel Kettle-trummle, and a singular devout Christian woman, whom many thought as good as himself at extracting whom many thought as good as himself at extracting a doctrine or a use, whether of terror or consolation, ad arrived to support the good old cause, with a rein-orcement of a hundred well-armed men from the Middle Ward.\*

Hiddle Ward.\*
• This affair, the oely one in which Claverhouse was defeated, or the insurgent Cameronians successful, was fought pretty such in the manner mentioned in the taxt. The Royalists load bout thirty or forty men, The commander of the Presbyte-ian, or rafter Covenanting party, was Mr. Robert Hamilton, of the honourable House of Preston, brother of Sir William familton, to whose title and estate be afterwards succeeded; at according to his bographer, Howie of Lochpoin, he never not possession of either, as he could not do so without schnew-signg the right of King William (an uncovenanted monarch) sche cover. Hamilton had beas pred by Birnet, while setter lived at Glasgow; his brother, Sir Thomas, baving married a sister of the in notions, he became a crack-brained at manners.

Submits, and use then account as been much scandalized at Submits." Surveral well-meaning persons have been much scandalized at semanner in which the victors are said tor have conducted semanner in which the prisoners at Drumelog. But he pri-ple of these poor fanzics, (I mean the high Kyins, or Came-malan party.) was to obtain not merely toleration for their harch, but the same supremacy which Prosbytery had ac-aired in Scotian ather the treaty of Rippon, betwirt Charles and his Socitian subjects, in 1844. The fact h, that they conceived themselves a chosen people, after a similar charge to show no quarter. The historian of the Insurrection of Bothwell makes the fol-wing explicit avowal of the principles on which their General pied :-

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#### CHAPTER XVIII.

#### When pulpit, dram ecclesiastic, Was been with first instead of a stick.

Rivel diameter

Was peak with first instead of a stick. It was best with first instead of a stick. It was best with first instead of a stick. It was a set of the parsuit, jaded and worn out with their un-wonted efforts, and the infantry assembled on the ground which they had won, fatigued with toil and hunger. Their success, however, was a cordial to every bosom, and seemed even to serve in the stead of food and refreatment. It was, indeed, much more brilliant than they durst have ventured to anticipate; for, with no great loss on their part, they had totally routed a regiment of picked men, commanded by the first officer in Scotland, and one whose very name had long been a terror to them. Their success seemed and violent surprise, so much had their taking up arms been a measure of desperation rather than of hope. Their meeting was also casual, and they had hastily arranged themselves under such commanders as were to any other qualities. It followed, from this state of disorganisation, that the whole arm speared at once to resolve itself into a general committee for consaidering what steps were to be taken in consequence of their success, and no opnion could be started so wild that it had not some favour-ers and advocates. Some proposed they should march some to London. Some were for sending a deputa-tion of their number to London to convert. Charles I. to a sense of the error of his ways; and others, less charitable, proposed either to call a new successor to the crown, or to declare Scotland a free republic. A free parliament of the nation, and a free republic and moderate of the error of his ways; and others, less charitable all complained of hardehip, and hun-ger, none took the encocessary measures to procure supplies. In abort, the camp of the covenanters, into he was the objects of the more sensible and moderate of the party in the mean while, a clamour arose among the soldiers for bread and other necessa-ries, and while all complained of hardehip. and hunger, none took the necessary measures to procure gar, none took the necessary measures to procure supplies. In short, the camp of the covenanters, even in the very moment of success, seemed about to dissolve like a rope of sand, from want of the original principles of combination and union. Burley, who had now returned from the pursuit, found his followers in this distracted state. With the

principles of combination and union. Burley, who had now returned from the pursuit, found his followers in this distracted state. With the Redised, their being is srms, and defauld at Butawill Brief, in form, by Williem Willow, list Schommeier in the period of Porglas. The reader who would authenticals the quotation, must set consett any other edition than that of 160°, for somehow or other the publisher of the last edition has omitted this remark-able part of the narrative. Brit Robert Hamilton himself fait peither, remores nor shame for having pat to death one of the prisoners after the balls with his own hand, which appear to have been a charge gainst him, by some whose fanaliticiam was less scalled than here. "A for that accussion they bring against me of killing that norm man (as they call him) at Dramolog. I may easily gnear that my accusers can be no other but some of the house of Saul or Shimel, or some such risen again to espouse that poor goole man (Saul) his quark against homes tham's giving him quarter, but it that poor man Agag, after the time's giving him quarter to kill that poor man Agag, after the time's giving him quarter house, one or to our therad, after the sing's giving him quarter to company in the standed on a some were deating if midst of a company in the last be Lord for it to thin day. There were from that without my knowledge got quarter, who were some that were with me, for my bast remembrance, it was hone at a John Nibel, that I feared the Lord would not honour as to do much more for him. I shall only agy this on act my face to him work, it never had, nor would ake, set to give as few." "The preceding parages is extracted from a long vindication of his own conduct, sent by fir Robert Hamilton, 7th December, end seeing that spirit and the site or dual to and the size and few." "The preceding parages is extracted from a long vindication of his own conduct, sent by fir Robert Hamilton, 7th December, end we fire."

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ready talent of one scanstormed to encounter exigen-cies, he proposed, that one hundred of the freshest research that the number of the restart of the rest to improve the providential success which they had to improve the providential success which they had obtained, by a word in season addressed to the army. He reckoned yery much, and not without reason, on this last expedient, as a means of engaging the atten-tion of the bulk of the insurgents, while he himself, and two or three of their leaders, held a private coun-cil of war, undisturbed by the discortiant opinions, or areaslast clearour of the general hode

cil of war, undisturbed by the discordant opinions, or senseless clamour, of the general body. Kettledrummle more than answered the expecta-tions of Burley. Two mortal hours did he preach at a breathing; and certainly no lungs, or doctrine, ex-cepting his own, could have kept up, for so long a time, the attention of men in such preservous circumcoping his own, could have kept up, for so iong a time, the stiention of men in such precentous circum-stances. But he possessed in perfection a sort of rade and familiar cloquence peculiar to the preachers of that period, which, though it would have been fas-tidiously, rejected by an audience which pollessed may portion of taste, was a cake of the right leaven for the palates of these whom he now addressed. His taxt was from the forty-ninth chapter of Isaiah, "Even the captives of the terrible shall be delivered : for i will contend with him that contendeth with these and I will seve thy children. "And I will feed them that oppress these with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own flesh; and they shall be drunken with their own flesh is not they shall be drunken with their own flesh with sweet wince i and all flesh shell know that I the Lord are thy Saveur and thy Redeemer, the Mighty One of Jacoh." The discourse which he promeunced upon this sub-ject was divided into fifteen heads, each of which was garmabed with seven uses of application, two of con-by W. Surget of Methven, as a contribution to the Bamatyne

. Smythe of Methven, as a contribution to the Banna The original is in the library of the Dake of Buckingh chouse, it may be observed, spells like a chambermais

#### "FOR THE BARLE OF LENLITHOOW.

#### COMMERANDER-IN-CHIEF OF RING CHARLES IL'S FORCES IN OF RENU \_\_\_\_\_\_

Construct LIDER-LIV-GLIEF OF RING CHARLES IL'S FORCHE IN BOTTAND.
Calcebor, A. M. C. S. C. STATAL, S. STATAL, S

" My sord, i am so wearned, a w. that I have wry

solation, two of terror, two declaring the ca backeliding and of wrath, and one announce promised and expected deliverance. The fit of his text he applied to his own deliverance a The fr of his text he applied to his own deliverance ans n of his companions; and took occasion to speak a fi words in praise of young Milnwood, of when, as of champion of the Covenant, he augusted great thing The second part he applied to the punishments whe were about to fall upon the persecuting government At times he was familiar and colloquial; now here a of a At times he was national and boisterous; -come par discourse might be called sublime, and och below burlesque. Occasionally he vindice DALLA OF tiegreat animation the right of every freeman to v God according to his own conscience ; and pr God according to his own conscience; and we he charged the guilt and misery of the people a awful negligence of their rulers, who had not failed to establish prospytery as the national reli-but had tolerated secturies of various descrips Presbyterians, Independents, Sociaians, and Gua all of whom Kettledrummle proposed, by one ar ing act, to expel from the land, and thus re-edi is integrity the beauty of the senctuary. He handled very pithily the doctrine of defensive and of resistance to Charles LL, observing, a instead of a nursing father to the Kirk, that men had been a nursing father to none but his own tards. Ho went at some length through the life conversation of that joyous gence, for partsof we tards. He want at some length inrough use is conversation of that joyous prince, fow parts of it must be owned, were qualified to stand the handling of so uncourtly an orator, who comfor hum the hard names of Jeroboam, Ornri, Ahab lum, Pekath, and every other evil momente m in the Chronicles, and concluded with a some cation of the Scripture, "Tophes is ordened to be for the Krao the normal to have be determined. yes, for the Kine its provided : he hash me and large; the pile thereof is fire and mu the breach of the Lord, like a stream of h doth kindle it."

doth kindle ut." Kattlednummle had no sooner ended his se and descended from the huge rock which had him for a pulpit, than his post was occupied by tor of a very different description. The reverse briel was advanced in years, soonewhat eag with a loud voice, a square face, and a set of and unanimated features, in which the bedy so more to needominate over the spirit that was i and unanimated features, in which the bedy entered more to predominate over the spirit that was seem in a sound divine. The youth who successed hims in exhoring this extraordinary convocation, Enhance Macbriar by name, was hardly twenty years old; ye his thin features already indicated, that a constitu-tion naturally heetic, was worn out by visils, by fasts by the rigour of imprisonment, and the faigue uncides to a fugitive life. Young as he was, he had best twice imprisoned for soveral months, and suffer many soverities, which gave him great influence wire those of his own sect. He threw his faded eyes ow the multitude and over the scene of battle; and light of triumph arcse in his glance, his pals yet stat ing features were coloured with a transient and heat blush of joy. He folded his hands, raised his face heaven, and seemed lost in mental prayer and thand giving ere he addressed the people. When he spa giving ere he addressed the people. When he his faint and broken voice seemed at first inad the assembly, the cagerness with which the car a therasembly, the cagerness with which the car a therad every word, as the famished Israelites collact the heavenly manna, had a corresponding effect of the preacher himself. His words became more fnct, his manner more earnest and energetic; seemed as if religious zeel was triumphing over be weakness and infirmity. His natural eloquence v not altogether untainted with the coarsences of sect; and yet, by the influence of a good na taste, it was freed from the grosser and more crous errors of his contemporaries; and the inn crous errors of his contemporaries; and the inner of Scripture, which, in their mouths, was some degraded by misapplication, gave, in Macbriar hortation, a rich and solemn effect, like that w is produced by the beams of the sun stream through the storied representation of sausts and tyre on the Gothic window of some ancient cashs He painted the desolation of the clauch, during

**Oran. XIX.]**Sets ordered of her distrosses, in the most affecting varing life of her infant amid the fountainless desert, like Jdada, under her palm-tee, mourning for the rehildren and refusing confort. But he chieft processes of her infant amid the fountainless desert, including the substantiation of her temple; like Acabel, weeping for her children and refusing confort. But he chieft processes with you pleading, watching, knocking, storm-palare reking from battle. He called on them to the man, and to persevere in the career which their vice. To urg arments are dyed—but not with the juice of the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood, if the king of the flood, it he blood of dotts of the desert on which ye stand are the stands first ings of the flood, the small cattle of ploughed field of the husbandman; this is not the sword of the lance, who were cruel and would show nerve, whose voice roared like the sea, who rode the lance, who were cruel and would show nerve, whose woice roared like the sea, who rode the lance, who were cruel and would show nerve, whose woice roared like the sea, who rode the lance, who were cruel and would show nerve, whose woice roared like the sea, who rode the lance, who were cruel and would show nerve, whose woice roared like the sea, who rode the lance, who were cruel and would show nerve, whose woice roared with torches, but ye be would play the part of Heeven's true suffice the would play the part of Heeven's true suffice the word, and the se rose into rough sublimity when addressing the men pet resking from battle. He called on them to remember the great things which God had done for them, and to persevere in the career which their vic-ory had opened. "Your garments are dyed—but not with the juice of the wine-press; your swords are filled with blood," he exclaimed, "but not with the blood of goats or lambs; the dust of the desert on which ye stand is made fat with gore, but not with the blood of bul-locks, for the Lord hath a sacrifice in Bozrah, and a great slaughter in the land of Idumea. These were not the firstings of the flock, the small cattle of burnt-offerings, whose bodies lie like dung on the ploughed field of the husbandman; this is for the savour of myrh, of frankincense, or of sweet herbs, that is steaming in your nostrils; but these bloody trunks are the carcasses of those who held the bow and the lance, who were cruel and would show no mercy, whose voice roared like the sea, who rode upon horses, every man in array as if to battle—they are the carcasses even of the mighty men of war that came against Jacob in the day of his deliverance, and the smoke is that of the devouring fires that have consumed them. And those wild hills that surround you are not a sanctuary planked with cord and plated with silver; nor are ye ministering priests at the altar, with censers and with torches; but ye bold in your hands the sword, and the bow, and the weapons of death. And yet verily, I say, unto you, that not whan the ancient Temple was in its first givry was there offered escrifice more acceptable than that which you have this day presented, giving to the glaughter the tyrant and the oppressor, with the rocks for your altars, and the sky for your valled sanctua-ry, and your ow myod swords for the instrumgents of secrifice. Leave not, therefore, the plough in the fur-row—urn not back from the path in which you have sensered like the famous worthes of old, whom God saised up for the glorifying of his name and the deli-verance of his afflicted p

Well is he ins day that shall barter his house for whelmet, and sell his garment for a sword, and cast in his lot with the children of the Covenant, even to the fulfilling of the promise; and wo, wo unto him in his lot with the children of the Covenant, even to the falfilling of the promise; and wo, wo unto him who, for carnal ends and self-seeking, shall with-hold himself from the great work, for the curse shall abide with him, even the bitter curse of Meroz, be-enses the carme not to the help of the Lord against the infighty. Up, then, and be doing; the blood of mar-tyrs, reaking upon scaffolds, is crying for vengeance; the bones of saints, which his whitening in the high-wars, are pleading for retribution; the groans of m-nocent captives from desolate isles of the sen, and from the dungcons of the tyrants' high places, cry for deliverance; the prayers of persected Christans, the terms; thermelves in dens and there is from the Vol. II 4 A

In at can berait us is out a brief and blocky passage to heaven." Balfour, and the other leaders, had not lost the time which was employed in these spiritual exercises. Watch-fires were lighted, sentinels were posted, and arrangements were made to refresh the army with such provisions as had been bastily collected from the nearest farm-houses and villages. The present necessity thus provided for, they turned their thoughts to the future. They had dispatched parties to spirated the news of their victory, and to obtain, either by force or favour, supplies of what they stood moet in need of. In this they had succeeded beyond their hopes, having at one village seized a small magazine of provisions, forage, and ammuniton, which and been provided for the royal forces. This success net only gave them relief at the time, but such hopes for the future, that whereas formerly some of their turn-ber had begun to slacken in their zeal, they now unanimously resolved to abide togsther in arms, and war. war.

And whatever may be thought of the extravagance or narrow-minded bigotry of many of their tenets, it is impossible to deny the praise of devoted courage to a few hundred peasants, who, without leaders, without money, without magazinca, without any fixed plan of action, and almost without arms, borne out only by their innate zeal, and a detestation of the oppres-sion of their rulers, ventured to declare open wir against an established government, supported by a regular army and the whole force of three kingdoms.

### CHAPTER XIX. Why, then, say an old man can do somewifat. Hary IV. Part II.

We must now return to the tower of Tilhetudlem. We must now return to the tower of Tilhetudlem, which the march of the Life-Gosends, on the morting of this eventful day, had left to silence and anxiety. The assurances of Lord Evendale had not succeeded in quelling the apprehensions of Edith. She knew him generous, and faithful to his words but it seemed too plain that he suspected the object of her inter-cession to be a successful rivel; and was it net ex-pecting from him an effort above human mature, in purpose that he new for the tower human mature, in suppose that he was to watch over Morton's safer and rescue him from all the dangors to which his state of imprisonment, and the suspicions which he state of imprisonment, and the suspicions which i had incurred, must repeatedly expore him? Si therefore resigned herself to the most heard-rends apprehensions, without admitting, and indeed altern 8 53

without listening to, the multifarious grounds of con-solation which Jenny Dennison brought forward, one after another, like a skilful general who charges with the several divisions of his troops in regular succession.

First, Jenny was morally positive that young Miln-wood would come to no harm-then, if he did, there was consolation in the reflection, that Lord Evan-

was consolation in the reflection, that Lord Evan-dale was the better and more appropriate match of the two-then, there was every chance of a battle, in which the said Lord Evandale might be killed, and there wad be nae mair fash about that job-then, if the whigs gat the better, Milnwood and Cuadie might come to the Castle, and carry off the beloved of their hearts by the strong hand. "For I forgot to tell ye, madam," continued the damsel, putting ther handkerchief to her eyes, "that puir Cuddie's in the hands of the Philistines as weel as young Milnwood, and he was brought here a pri-soner this morning, and I was fain to speak Tam Haliday fair, and fleech him, to let me near the puir creature; but Cuddie's use as thanktu' as he needed till has been neither," she added, and at the same time changed her tone, and briskly withdrew the handkerchief from her face; "so I will ne'er waste my een wi' greeting about the matter. There wad be ay enow o' young men left, if they were to hang the tae half o' them."

be aye enow o' young men left, if they were to hang the tae half o' them." The other inhabitants of the Castle were also in a state of dissatisfaction and anxiety. Lady Margaret thought that Colonel Grahame, in commanding an execution at the door of her house, and refusing to grant a reprieve at her request, had fallen short of the deference due to her rank, and had even encroached on her seignorial rights. "The Colonel," she said, "ought to have remem-bered, brother, that the barony of Tillistudlem has the baronial privilege of pit and gallows; and therefore, if the lad was to be executed on my cetate, (which I consider as an unhandsome thing, seeing it is in the possession of females, to whom such tragedies cannot be acceptable,) he ought, at common law, to have been delivered up to my balle, and justified at his sight." "Martial law, sister," answered Major Bellenden, "superfedes every other. But I must own I think Colonel Grahame rather deficient in attention to you and I am not over and above pre-eminently flattered by his granting to young Evandale (I suppose because he is a lord, and has interest with the privy-council) a request which he refused to so old a servant of the king as I am. But so long as the poor young fellow's life is saved, I can comfort myself with the fag-end of a ditty as old as myself." And therewithal, he hummed a stanza: "And what though winter will pinch severe

'And what though winter will pinch severe Through looks of gray and a cloak that's old ? Yet keep up thy heart, bold cavalier, For a cup of sock shall fence the cold.'

"I must be your guest their takes the code." "I must be your guest here to-day, sister. I wish to hear the issue of this gathering on Loudon-hill, though I cannot conceive their standing a body of horse apopunted like our guests this morning.— Woe's me, the time has been that I would have liked ill to have sate in biggit wa's waiting for the news of a skirmish to be fought within ten miles of me ! But, as the old song goes.

"For time will rest the brightest blade, And years will brack the strongest bow; Was ever wight so starkly made, But time and years would overthrow ?"

But time and years would overthrow ?" "We are well pleased you will stay, brother," said Lady Margaret; "I will take my old privilege to look after my household, whom this collation has thrown into some disorder, although it is uncivil to leave you along." "O, I hate ceremony as I hate a stumbling horse," replied the Major. "Besides, your person would be with me, and your mind with the cold meat and reversionary pastice.—Where is Edith ?" "Gone to her room a little evil-disposed, I am "informed, and laid down in her bed for a gliff," said her grandmother; "as soon as she wakee, she shall take some drops." "Pooh! pook! she's only sick of the soldiers,"

answered Major Bellenden. "She's not accumulation to see one acquaintance led out to be shot, and another marching off to actual service, with some chance of not finding his way back again. She would soon be used to it, if the civil war were to break out again."

"God forbid, brother !" said Lady Margaret. "Ay, Heaven forbid, as you say—and, in the mean time, I'll take a hit at trick-track with Har-

mean time, I'll take a hit at trick-track with Har-rison." "He has ridden out, sin" said Gudyill, " to uy i he can hear any tidings of the battle." "D-m the battle," said the Major; "it puts his family as much out of order as if there had never been such a thing if the country before and ys there was such a place as Kilsythe, John." "Ay, and as Tippermuit, your honour" replace Gudyill, "where I was his honour my late massive rear-rank man."

"And Alford, John," pursued the Major, "when I commanded the horse; and Innerlochy, where i was the Great Marquis's aid-de-camp; and And Earn, and Brig o' Dee."

Earn, and Brig o' Dee." "And Philiphaugh, your honour," said John. "Umph !" replied the Major; "the less, John, we say about that matter, the better." However, being once fairly embarked on the sub-ject of Montrose's campaigns, the Major and John Gudyill carried on the war so stourly, as for a con-siderable time to keep at bay the formidable enough called Time, with whom retured veterana, during the quiet close of a bustling life, usually wage an uncess-ine hoasility.

Called line, with which retries vectoring, the magnet quiet closes of a bustling life, usually wage an uncom-ing hostility. It has been frequently remarked, that the tidings of important events fly with a celenty almost beyond the general point, though inaccurate is details, pro-cede the certain intelligence; as if carried by the birds of the air. Such rumours anticipate the reality, not unlike to the "ahadows of coming events," which occupy the imagination of the Highland Seer. Har-not unlike to the "ahadows of coming events," which occupy the imagination of the Highland Seer. Har-rison, in his ride, encountered some such report ca-rison, in his ride, encountered some such report ca-rison, and his ride, encountered some such report to back to Tillietudlem in great dismay. He made it his first business to seek out the Major, and inter-rupted him in the midst of a proits account of the siege and storm of Dundee, with the ejaculation, "Heaven eend, Major, that we do mot see a siege of Tillietudlem before we are many days older ?" "How is that, Harrison?-what the devil do you "Troth, sir, there is strong and increasing beheff.

"How is that, Harrison?-what the devil do you mean ?" exclaimed the astonished veteran. "Troch, sir, there is strong and increasing belief that Claver'se is clean broken, some sy killed; that the soldiers are all dispersed, and that the rebets are hastoning this way, threatening death and deventa-tion to a that will not take the Covenant." "I will never believe that," said the Major start-ing on his feet-"I will never believe that the Lufe-Guards would retreat before rebets; --and yo willy need I say that," he continued, checking hum-self, "when I have seen such sights myself?-Sand out Pike, and one or two of the servants, for intal-gence, and let all the ween in the Castle and in the village that can be trasted take up arms. This but victualled and garrisoned, and it commands the pass between the high and low countries.-It's heady out prove may hold them play a bit, if it would but victualled and garrisoned, and it commands the pass between the high and low countries.-It's heady can get brought in, and be ready, if the new mo-confirmed, to knock down as many bullocks as we have selt for.-The well never goes dry.-Thus if we had but ammunition, we should do we enough." "The soldiers left some casks of ammunities g the Grange this morning, to bide their return, " and Harrison.-

Harrison. "Hasten,

"Hasten, then," said the Major, " and bring " into the Castle, with every pike, sword, pistol, arg that is within our reach; don't leave so much sat bodkin-Lucky that I was here !--I will speak a st sister instantly."

Lady Margaret Bellenden was astounded at in

#### CHAP. XIX.]

telligence as unexpected and so alarming. It had seemed to her that the imposing force which had that morning left her walls, was sufficient to have routed all the disaffected in Scotland, if collected in a body; and now her first reflection was upon the inadequacy of their own means of resistance, to an army strong enough to have defeated Claver-bouse and such select troops. "Woe's me! woe's me!" said she; "what will that we can do avail sure destruction on the house, and on the bairn Edith! for, God knows, I thinkna on my ain aud life."

his weige of war yet, here others a list with inter-hisence. "What news, Pike? Another Philiphaugh job, eh?" "Ay, ay," said Pike, composedly; "a total scatter-ing.—I thought this morning little gude would come of their newfangled gate of slinging their cara-bines" bines

Whom did you see ?--Who gave you the news ?" asked the Major.

"O, mair than half-a-dozen dragoon fellows that are a on the spur whilk to get first to Hamilton. They'll win the race, I warrant them, win the battle wha like "

"Continue your preparations, Harrison," said the "Continue your preparations, Harrison," said the alert veteran; "get your ammunition in, and the cattle killed. Send down to the borough-town for what meal you can gather. We must not lose an

cattle killed. Send down to the borough-town for what meal you can gather. We must not lose an instant.—Had not Edith and you, sister, better return to Charnwood, while we have the means of sending you there?" "No, brother," said Lady Margaret, looking very pale, but speaking with the greatest composure; "since the auld house is to be held out, I will take my chance in it. I have fied twice from it in my days, and I have aye found it desolate of its bravest and its bonniest when I returned; sae that I will o'en abide now, and end my pilgrimage in it." in it

"It may, on the whole, be the safest course both for Edith and you," said the Major; "for the whigs will rise all the way between this and Glasgow, and make your travelling there, or your dwelling at Charnwood, very unsafe." "So be it then," said Lady Margaret; "and, dear brother, as the nearest blood relation of my deceased husband, I deliver to you, by this symbol,"--(here she gave into his hand the venerable gold-headed staff of the deceased Earl of Torwood, —"the keeping and government and seneschalship of my Tower of Tillietudlem, and the appurtenances thereof, with full power to' kill, slay, and damage those who shall assail the same, as freely as I might do my-self. And I trust you will so defind it, as becomes a house in which his most sacred majesty has not dis-danced"----dained

"Pshaw! sister," interrupted the Major, "we have no time to speak about the king and his breakfast just DOW.

And, hastily leaving the room, he hurried, with all the alertness of a young man of twenty-five, to examine the state of his garrison, and superintend the measures which were necessary for frading

the measures which were necessary for the place. The Tower of Tillietudlem, having very thick walls, and very narrow windows, having also a very strong court-yard wall, with flanking turets on the only accessible side, and rising on the other from the very verge of a precipice, was fully capable of defence against any thing but a train of heavy artillerv

Famine or escalade was what the garrison had chiefly to fcar. For artillery, the top of the Tower was mounted with some antiquated wall-pieces, and small canons, which bore the old-fashioned names of culverins, sakers, demi-sakers, falcons, and falco-

nets. These, the Major, with the assistance of John Gudyill, caused to be scaled and loaded, and pointed them so as to command the road over the brow of the opposite hill by which the rebels must advance, causing, at the same time, two or three trees to be cut down, which would have impeded the effect of the artillery when it should be necessary to use it. With the trunks of these trees, and other materials, he the trunks of these to be constructed upon the wind-ing avenue which rose to the Tower along the high-road, taking care that each should command the other. The large gate of the court-yard he barrica-doed yet more strongly, leaving only a wicket open for the convenience of passage. What he had most to apprehend, was the alenderness of his garrison; for all the efforts of the steward were unable to get more than nine men under arms, himself and Gudyill included, so much more popular was the cause of the insurgents than that of the govern-ment. Major Bellenden, and his trusty servant pike, made the garrison eleven in number, of whom one half were old men. The round dozen might indeed have been made up, would Lady Margaret have arms. But she recoiled from the proposal, when moved by Gudyill, with such abhorrent recollection of the former achievements of that luckless cavalier, that she declared she would rather the Castle were directed barricades to be constructed upon the windthat she declared she would rather the Castle were lost than that he were to be enfolled in the defence of it. With eleven men, however, himself included, Major Bellenden determined to hold out the place to the uttermost

The arrangements for defence were not made with-The arrangements for defence were not made with-out the degree of fraces incidental to such occasions. Women shrieked, cattle bellowed, dogs howled, mea ran to and fro, cursing and swearing without inter-mission, the lumbering of the old guns backwards and forwards shook the battlements, the court re-sounded with the hasty gallop of messengers who went and returned upon errands of importance, and the din of warlike preparation was mingled with the rand of forward. sound of female laments.

Such a Babel of discord might have awakened the slumbers of the very dead, and, therefore, was not long ere it dispelled the abstracted ravenes of Edith Bellenden. She sent out Jenny, to bring her the cause of the turnult which shock the castle to its believed. She sent out senty, to bring he the cause of the turnult which shock the castle to its very basis; but Jenny, once engaged in the bustling tide, found so much to ask and to bear, that ahe for-got the state of anxious uncertainty in which she had left her young mistress. Having no pigeon to dismiss in pursuit of information when her ravan messenger had failed to return with it, Edith was compelled to venture in quest of it out of the ark of her own chamber into the deluge of confusion which overflowed the rest of the Castle. Six voices speak' ing at once, informed her, in reply to her first inquiry, that Claver se and all his men were killed, and that ten thonsand whigs were marching to besiege the castle, headed by John Balfour of Burley, young Milhwood, and Cuddse Headrigg. This strangs, association of persons seemed to infer the falschood of the whole story, and yet the general bustle in the Castle intimated that danger was certainly appre-hended. hended

Where is Lady Margaret ?" was Edith's second

"In her oratory," was the reply: a cell adjoining to the chapel, in which the good old lady was wont to spend the greater part of the days destined by the rules of the Episcopal Church to devotional observ-Tures of the Apiscopal Church to devotional observ-ances, as also the anniversaries, of those on which she had lost her busband and her children, and, finally, those hours, in which a deeper and more solemn address to Heaven was called for, by national or domestic calamity. "Where, then," said Edith, much alarmed, "is Major Bellenden?"

Major Bellenden 7" "On the battlements of the Tower madam, poins-ing the cannon," was the reply. To the battlements, therefore, she made her way, impeded by a thousand obstacles, and found the old gentleman in the midst of his natural military ele-ment, commanding, rebuking, encouraging, instruct.

z. and energining all the numerous duties of a good mor.

"In the name of God, what is the matter, uncle?" mclaimed Edith.

The matter, my love ?" answered the Major cool-"The matter, my love?" answered the Major cool-by, as, with spectcales on his nose, he examined the position of a gun—"The matter? Why,—raise her bareech a thought more, John Gudyill—the matter? Why, Claver'se is routed, my deor, and the whigs are coming down upon us in force, that's all the matter.

"Gracious powers !" said Edith, whose eye at that instant caught a glance of the road which ran up the river, " and yondar they come !" "Youder ? where ?" said the veteran; and, his

"Yonder? where?" said the veteran; and, his eyes taking the same direction, he beheld a large body of horsenen coming down the path. "Stand to your guns, my lade?' was the first exclamation; "we'll make them pay toll as they pass the heugh. -But stay, stay, these are certainly the Luie-Guards."

"O no, uncle, no," replied Edith; "see how dis-orderly they ride, and how ill (hey keep their ranks; these cannot be the fine soldiers who left us this morning."

"Ah, my dear girl?" enswered the Major, " you do not know the difference between men before a battle and after a defeat; buit the Life-Guards it is, for I see the red and blue and the King's colours. I am glad they have brought them off, however."

His opinion was confirmed as the troopers approached nearer, and finally halted on the road be-seath the Tower; while their commanding officer, having them to breathe and refresh their horses,

having them to breathe and refresh their horses, having them to breathe and refresh their horses, "It is Claverhouse, sure enough," said the Major; I am glad he has escaped, but he has lost his famous black horse. Let Lady Margaret know, John Gud-yill; order some refreshments; get oats for the soldiors' horses; and let us to the hall, Edith, to uncet him. I surmise we shall hear but indifferent news."

#### GHAPTER XX.

With careless gesture, mind unmoved On rade he north the plain, His seem in throng of fercest strift, When winner are the same.

CDLOWEL GRAMANS OF Claverhouse met the family, assembled in the hall of the Tower, with the same sensity and the same courtesy which had graced his manners in the morning. He had even had the com-positive to rectify in part the derangement of his dress, to wash the signs of battle from his face and hands,

and did not appear more disordered in his exterior than if returned from a morning ride. "I am grieved, Colonel Grahame," said the reve-send old lady, the tears trickling down her face, "deep-ber grieved " ly grieved

"And I am grieved, my dear Lady Margaret," re-plied Claverhouse, "that this misfortune may render your remaining at Tillieuxdiem dangerous for you, your remaining at Tillieutdiem dangerous for you, especially considering your recent hospitality to the limg's troops, and your well-known loyality. And I came here chiefly to request Miss Bellenden and you to accept my escort (if you will not scorn that of a poor runaway) to Glasgow, from whence I will see you safely sent either to Edinburgh or to Dunbarton Castle, as you shall think best." "I am much obliged to you, Colonel Grahame," Beplied Lady Margaret; "but my brother, Major Bel-enden, has taken on him the responsibility ef holding out this house against the rebels; and, please God, they shall never drive Margaret Bellenden from her ain hearth-stane while there's a brave man that says be can defend it."

The can defend it." "And will Major Bellenden undertake this?" sud Claverhouse hastly, a joyful light glancing from his dark eys as he tyrned it on the veteran,— "Yet why should I question it? it is of a piece with the rest of his life.—But have you the means, Ma-wer?"

"All, but esses and provisions, with which we an ill supplied," answered the Major. "As for men," said Claverhouse, "I will save yes a dozen or twenty fellows who will make good a breach against the devil. It will be of the unner a dozen or twenty active it will be of the breach against the deril. It will be of the service, if you can defend the place but a we would be relieved." k, and

service, if you can defend the place but a wak, and by that time you must surely be neckered." "I will make it good for that space, Colond," se-plied the Major, "with twenty-five good un and store of ammuniton, if we should gnaw the size of our choes for hunger; but I trust we shall git provisions from the country." "And, Colonel Grahame, if I might freesme au-quest," said Lady Margaret, "I would entuset the Sergeant Francis Stewart might command is surliaries whom you are so good as to add ut parition of our people; it may serve to legitimate noble birth."

"The sergeant's wars are ended, mad Grahame, in an unaltered tone, " and he p and he pow

Graname, in an unaltered tone, "and as low mo-no promotion that an earthly master can give." "Pardon me," said Major Bellendon, taking Ga-verhouse by the arm, and turning him sway from the ledies, "but I am anxious for my friends; I is a pa-have other and more important loss. I observe

have other and more important loss. I observe another officer carries your nephew's standard." "You are right, Major Bellenden," surveyed Cla-verhouse firmly; "my nephew is no mose. He has died in has duty, as became him." "Great God." exclaimed the Major, "how th-happy!-the handsome gallant, high-spirited youth?" "He was indeed all you say," answered Clave-house; "poor Richard was to me as an elder wa-house; "poor Richard was to me as an elder wa-house; board and you say." answered Clave-house; "poor Richard was to me as an elder wa-house; board was to me as an elder wa-house; board was to me as an elder was died in his duty, and I-I-Major Bellendes"-file wrung the Major's hand hard as he spake)-"I live to average him."

to average him." "Colonel Graffame," said the affectionate veter his eyes filling with tears, "I am glad to me yeeb this misfortune with such fortitude."

this misfortune with such fortinde." "I am not a selfish man," replied Claverhum, "though the world will tell you otherwise; I am at selfish either in my hopes or fears, my joys or sourses. I have not been severe for myself, or granning for ap-self, or ambitions for myself. The service of up master and the good of the country are what I have tried to aim at. I may, perhaps, have driven serving into cruelty, but I acted for the best; and now I will not yield to my own feelings a deper sympathy fam I have given to those of others." "I am astonished at your fortune under all the unpleasant circumstances of the safer," puryand the Major.

Major. "Yes," -1. will exult in my flight-I shall find a time to show that that they exult too early. This youth that has an stood betwikt a grasping kinsmar and my inheritant for you know that my marriage-bed is barrea; peace be with him! the country can better spars than your friend Lord Evandale, who, after behave very gallantly, has, I fear, also failen." "What a fatal day!" ejaculated the Major. . heard a report of this, but it was again contradist petuosity had occasioned the loss of this unbail field." "Notion, Major," said Grahame: "let the Major.

field." "Notico, Major," said Grahame; "let the officers bear the blame, if there be any; and is laurels flourish untarnished on the grave of the I do not, however, speak of Lord Evandale's as certain; but killed, ar prisoner, I fear he used Yet he was extricated from the turnuit the bar we spoke together. We were then on the par leaving the field with a rear-guard of scarce we men; the rest of the regiment were almost dimen-"They have, ralled again soon," such the looking from the window on the dragoons, way feeding their howes and refrashing themselves to the brook.

the brook. "Yes," answered Claverhouse, "my blacks

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#### Caus. XX.)

had little temptation either to desert, or to straggle and have temptation either to desert, or to strengthe farther than they were driven by their first panic. There is small friendship and scant courtesy between them and the boors of this country; every village they pass is likely to rise on them, and so the scoun-dress are driven back to their colours by a wholesong temps of circle site stars are but only and here and urers are anven back to their colours by a wholesoma terror of spits, pike-staves, hay-forks, and broom-sticks.—But now let us talk about your plans and wenns, and the means of corresponding with you. To tell you the truth, I doubt being able to make a long stand at Glasgow, even when I have joined my Lord Ross; for this transient and accidental success of the fanatics will raise the devil through all the western counties."

They then discussed Major Bellenden's means of defence, and settled a plan of correspondence, in case science, and settled a plan of correspondence, in case a general insurrection took place, as was to be ex-pected. Claverhouse renewed his offer to escort the indice to a place of safety; but, all things considered, Major Bellenden thought they would be in equal safety at Tillietudlem.

The Colonel then took a polite leave of Lady Mar-garet and Miss Bellenden, assuring them, that, though be was reluctantly obliged to leave them for the

present in dangerous circufnstances, yet his earliest means should be turned to the redemption of his character as a good knight and true, and that they might speedily rely on hearing from or seeing him. Full of doubt' and apprehension, Lady Margaret was little able to reply to a speech so much in unison with har usual expressions and feelings, but contented herself with bidding Claverhouse farewell, and that-ing him for the succours which he had promised to herself with bidding Claverhouse farewell, and thats-ing him for the succours which he had promised to herself with bidding Claverhouse for doing so, and could only hope that it had made a subject of some part of the long private communication which her uncle had held with Claverhouse. On this sub-isct, however, she was disappointed; for the old cavalier was so deeply immersed in the duies of his over office, that he had scare said a single word to Claverhouse, excepting upon military matters, and most probably would have been equally forgetful, had the fate of his own son, instead of his friend's, lain in "the balance. r the balance. -

Claverhouse now descended the bank on which the eastle is founded, in order to put his troops again in motion, and Major Bellenden accompanied him to receive the detachment who were to be left in the tower.

tower. "I shall leave Inglis with you," said Claverhouse, "for, as I am situated, I cannot spare an officer of rank; it is all we can do; by our joint efforts to keep the men together. But should any of our missing officers make their appearance, I authorize you to detain them; for my fellows can with difficulty be subjected to any other authority."

estim them; for my fellows can with difficulty be subjected to any other authority." His troops being now drawn up, he picked out six-teen men by name, and committed them to the com-mand of Corporal Inglis, whom he promoted to the rank of sergeant on the spot: "And hark ye gentlemen," was his concluding haratigue, "I leave you to defend the house of a lady, and under the command of her brother, Major Bel-lenden, a faithful servant to the king. You are to behave bravely, soberly, regularly, and obeliently, and each of you shall be handsomely rewarded on my return to relieve the garrison. In case of mutuy, cowardice, neglect of duty, or the slightest excees in the family, the provost-marshal and cord—you know I keep my word for good and evil." He touched his hat as he bade them farewell, and allook hands cordially with Major Bellenden. "Adiga," he said, "my stout-hearted old friend I Good luck he with you, and better times to us both."

provisions, and especially of meal, and to get know-iedge of the motions of the enemy. All the news he could collect on the second subject tended to prove that the insurgents meant to remain on the field of battle for that night. But they, also, had abroad their battle for that night. But they, they, have a abroad mear detachments and advanced guards to collect supplies, and great was the doubt and distress of those who received contrary orders, in the name of the King and in that of the Kirk; the one commanding them to send provisions to victual the Castle of Tillietud-lem, and the other enjoining them to forward supplies to the camp of the godly professors of true religion, now in arms for the cause of covenanted religion, now in arms for the cause of covenanted reformation, presently pitched at Drumclog, night so Loudon-hill. Each summons closed with a denun-citation of fire and sword if it was neglected; for nei-ther party could confide so far in the loyaity or zeal of those whom they addressed, as to hepe they would part with their property upon other terms. So that the poor people knew not what hand to turn themselves to; and, to say truth, there were some who turned themselves to more than one. "Thir kittle times will drive the wisest o' us daft,"

turned themselves to more than one. "Thirk sitle times will drive the wissest o' us daft." said Niel Blane, the prudent hest of the Howff; "but I'se aye keep a calm sough.—Jenny, what mest is in the grinel?" "Four bows o' aitmeel; twa bows o' bear, and twa bows o' pease." was Jenny's reply. "Aweel, hinny," continued Diel Blane, sighing deeply, "let Bauldy drive the peas and bear meal to the camp at Drumclog—he's a whig, and was the auld gudewije's pleughman—the mashlum bannocks will suit their muirland stamachs weel. He maun say it's the last unce o' meal in the house, or, if he scruples to tell a lie, (as it's no likely he will when it's for the. gude o' the house,) he may wait till Duncan Glen, the auld drucken trooper, drives up the aitmeal to Tillietudlem, wi' my duitit' service to my Leddy and the Major, and I haena as muckle left as will mak my parritch; and if Duncan manage right; I'll gre him a tass o' whisky shall mak the blue low come out at his mouth." out at his mouth."

him a tass o' whicky shall mak the blue low come out at his mouth." "And what are we to eat oursells then, father ;" asked Jenny, "when we has sent awa the haill meal in the ark and the girnel?" "We maun gar wheat-fleur serve us for a blink," said Niel, in a tone of resignation; "it's no that iff food, though far fnae being sae hearty or kindly to a Scotchman's stamach as the curvey aitmeal e; the Englishers live amaist upon't; but, to be sure, the pock-puddings ken nee better." While the prudent and peaceful endervoured, like Niel Blane, to make fair weather with both parties, those who had more public (or party) spirit began to take arms on all sides. The yoyalists in the country were not numerous, but were respectable from their fortune and influence, being chiefly landed proprietors of ancient descent, who, with their brothers, coasins, and dependents to the ninth generation, as well as their domestic servants, formed a sort of militia, capable of defending their own peel-houses against detached bodies of the insurgents, of reasing their demand of supplies, and intercepting those which were sent to the presbyterian camp by others. The news that the Tower of Tilitetudiem was to be defended against the insurgents, afforded great con-rage and support to these fended volunteers, who con-rage and support to these fended out was. in case it should become impossible for them to main-

tain the desultory war they were now about to make On the other hand, the towns, the villages, the farm-houses, the properties of small horitors, sent forth numerous recruits to the presolyterian interest. These ment had been the principal sufferers during the oppression of the time. Their minds were fretted, soured, and driven to desperation, by the various exactions and cruelties to which they had been sub-jected; and, although by no means united among themselves, either concerning the purpose of his formidable insurrection, or the means by which they immove means to be detained most of them considered forth numerous recruits to the presbyterian interest. "Adiag" he said, "my stout-hearted old friend I Good luck be with you, and better times to us both." The horsemen whom he commanded had been once more reduced to tolerable order by the exercises and driven to desperation, by the various source, and driven to desperation, by the various increations and crueities to which they had been sub-its as a door opened by Providence to obtain the it as a door opened by Providence to obtain the it as a door opened by Providence of botain the deprived, and to shake themesives free of a tyrann Source and to shake themaselves free of a tyrann Source and the shake themaselves free of a tyrann directed both against body and soul. Numbers of these men, therefore, took up arms; and, in the phrase of their time and party, prepared to cast in their lot with the victors of Loudon-hill.

#### CHAPTER XXL

Anomias. I do not like the man : He is a heathen, And speaks the language of Canasn truly. Tributers. You must await his colling, and the Of the good spirit. You did ill to upbaid him. The Ai and the coming

Ws return to Henry Morton, whom we left on the field of battle. He was sating, by one of the watch-fires, his portion of the provisions which had been distributed to the army, and musing deeply on that path which he was next to pursue, when Burley suddenly came up to him, accompanied by the young minister, whose exhortation after the victory had pro-

minister, whose exhortation after the victory had pro-duced such a powerful effect. "Hearry Morton," said Balfour abruptly, "the council of the army of the Covenant, confiding that the son of Silas Morton can never prove a lukewarm Laodicean, or an indifferent Gallio, in this great day, have nominated you to be a captain of their host, with the right of a vote in their council, and all authority fitting for an officer who is to command Christian men."

Christian men." "Mr. Balfour," replied Morton, without hesitation, "I feel this mark of confidence, and it is not surpri-sing that a natural sense of the injuries of my country, not to mention those I have sustained in my own person, should make me sufficiently willing to draw my sword for liberty and freedom of conscience. But I will own to you, that I must be better satisfied con-cerning the principles on which you bottom your cause ere I can agree to take a command amongst you." you.

"And can you doubt of our principles," answered Burley, "since we have stated them to be the reforma-tion both of church and state, the rebuilding of the decayed sanctuary, the gathering of the dispersed saints, and the destruction of the man of sin?" "I will own frankly, Mr. Balfour," replied Morton, "much of this sort of language, which, I observe, is so powerful with others, is entirely lost on me. It is oroper you should be aware of this before we com-muna further together." (The young clergyman here groaned deeply.) "I distress you, sir," said Mor-ton; "but, perhaps, it is because you will not hear me out. I revere the Scriptures as deeply as you or any Christian can do. I look into them with humble hope of extracting a rule of conduct and a law of salvation. But I expect to find this by an examina-tion of their general tenor, and of the spirit which they uniformly breathe, and not by wreating particular tion of their general tenor, and of the spint which usey uniformly breathe, and not by wresting particular passages from their context, or by the application of Scriptural phrases to circumstances and events with which they have often very slender relation." The young divine seemed shocked and thunder-struck with this declaration, and was about to re-

struck with this declaration, and was about to re-monstrate. "Hush, Ephraim !" said Burley, "remember he is but as a babe in swaddling clothes.—Listen to me, Morton. I will speak to thee in the worldly language of that carnal reason, which is, for the present, thy blind and imperfect guide. What is the object for which thou art content to draw thy sword? Is it not that the church and state should be reformed by the free voice of a free parliament, with such laws as aball hereafter prevent the excentive government shall hereafter prevent the executive government from spilling the blood, torturing and imprisoning the persons, exhausting the estates, and trampling upon the consciences of men, at their own wicked pl asure ?

pleasure?" "Most certainly," said Morton; "such I esteem negitimate causes of warfare, and for such I will fight while I can wield a sword." "Nay, buc," said Macbriar, "ye handle this matter , co tenderly; nor will my conscience permit me to fard or danb over the causes of divine wrath"— "Peace, Ephraim Macbriar!" again interrupted Rurlay.

Burley. "I will not peace," said the young man. "Is it

Y LANDLORD. [CHAP. XXL] not the cause of my Master who hath sent me? Is it not a profane and Erastian desuroying of his ar-thority, usurpation of his power, denial of his mame to place either King or Parliament in his place as the master and governor of his household, the addresses husband of his spouse ?" "You speak well," said Burley, dragging in side, "but not wisely ; your own ears have heard the addresses husband of his spouse ?" "You speak well," said Burley, dragging in side, "but not wisely ; your own ears have heard the addresses husband of his spouse ?" "You speak well," said Burley, dragging in side, "but not wisely ; your own ears have heard the addresses between them? Would ye now make a veil of sepanion between them? Would ye build a yrall with a-slaked mortar ?—if a fox go up, it will breach it." "I know," said the young clergyman, in rept, "that thou art, faithful, honest, and zaslow, even unto slaying ; but, believe me, this worldly craf, the temporizing with sin and with infirmity, is in itsi's carnal cunning and to a fleably arm. The sametin end must be wrought by sanchfied means." "I tell thee," answered Balfour, "thy zeal is the help of the Laodiceans and the Erastians; we met endure for a space the indulged in the mists of the council—the sons of Zeruiah are yet too strong for us."

Council-the bune to a summer of Machiner; "God can work deliverance by a few as well as by a maki-tude. The host of the faithful that was boken upon Pentiand-hills, paid but the fitting penalty of as-knowledging the carnal interest of that tyrast and oppressor, Charles Stewart." "Well, then," said Ballour, "thou knowest the ballow endowload that the adoption of the state of the second

healing resolution that the council have adopted -or make a comprehending declaration, that may sait the tender consciences of all who groan ander the yoke to net of our present oppressors. Return to the council if thou wilt, and get them to recall it, and sead forth one upon narrower grounds. But abde not here to hinder my gaining over this youth, when my soal travails for; his name alone will call forth handress to authous and to our banners."

"Do as thou wilt, then," said Machriar; "but I will not assist to mislead the youth, nor bring him into

will not assist to mislead the youth, nor bring him into jeopardy of life, unless upon such grounds as will as sure his sternal reward." The more artful Balfour then dismissed the un-patient preacher, and returned to his preasive. That we may be enabled to dispense with detailing at length the arguments by which he urged Morses to join the insurgents, we shall take this opportunity to give a brief sketch of the person by whem they were used, and the motives which he had for interesting himself so desply in the conversion of young Maxton.

Used, and the mouves which is an array and the mouves of young Martin to his cause. John Balfour of Kinloch, or Barley, for he is deal of that melancholy period, was a genteman of sum fortune, and of good family, in the county of F and had been a soldier from his youth upwards. I the younger part of his life he had been will us interaction, but had early laid aside open profession and embraced the strictest tenets of Calvania Unfortunately, habits of excess and interaptent and enterprising spirit, than the vices of revenge a ambition, which continued, notwithstanding has a gious professions, to exercise no small sway over mind. Daring in design, precipitate and violent execution, and going to the very extremity of the at the head of the presbyterian interest. To attain this eminence among the whigh, he he been active in attending their conventicles, and an

To attain this eminence among the whice, he leen active in attending their conventicles, and than once had commanded them when they again arms, and beaten off the foges sent to draw them. At length, the gratification of his over the enthusiasm, joined, as some say, with motives 20 who assessinated the Primete of Sociland, as the they had the for the sufferings of the presbyterians. Uviolent measures adopted by government to reveal this deed, not on the perpetators only, but enthusiasm of the religion to which they is the they be a solution of the religion to which they be the sufferings of the religion to which they be a solution of the sufferings of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering of the religion to which they be the suffering the s

**GRAF. XXL1 OLD MOR et together with long previous sufferings, without specific of deliverance, except by force of arms, occusioned the insurrection, which, as we have alrea-dy seen commenced by the defeat of Claverhouse in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of cloudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. But Burley, notwithstanding the share he had in the bloody skirmish of Loudon-hill. Sharpe. The more violent among them did, indeed, approve of this act as a deed of justice, executed upon a persecutor of God's church through the immediate impiration of the Deity; but the greater part of the prostyterians discovered the deed as a crime highly culpable, although they admitted, that the Arch-bishop's punishment had by no means exceeded his diserts. The insurgents differed in another main point, which has been already touched upon. The more warm and extravagant fanatics condemined, as guilty of a pusillaminous abandonment of the rights of the church, those preachers and congregations who were contented, in any manner, to exercise their reli-gion through the permission of the ruling government. This they said, was absolute Erastianism, or subjec-tion of the church of God to the regulations of an earthly government, and therefore but one degree bey defined party, so long as it was exercised with due regard to the laver were content to allow the king's tide of the throne, and in secular affairs to acknowledge his authority, so long as it was exercised with due regard to the laver ender shiped throne the length of isocorsions, who about not acknowledge the Sch** 

attached to the most violent of those tenets which we have noticed, saw nothing but ruin to the general cause, if they were insisted on during this criss, when unity was of so much consequence. Hence he disap-proved, as we have seen, of the honest, downright, and ardent zeal of Macbriar, and was extremely de-sirous to receive the assistance of the moderate party of presbyterians in the immediate overthrow of the government, with the hope of being hereafter able to dictate to them what should be substituted in its place. He was, on this account, particularly anxious to secure the accession of Henry Morton to the cause of the insurgents. The memory of his father was gene-rally esteemed among the presbyterians; and as few persons of any decent quality had joined the insur-genta, this young man's family and prospects were such as almost ensured his being chosen a leader. Through Morton's means, as being the son of his ancisnit comrade, Burley conceived he might exercise some influence over the more liberal part of the army, and ultimately, perhaps, ingratiate himself so far with them, as to be chosen commander-in-chief, which was the mark at which his ambition simed. He had, there-fore, without waiting ill any other person took up the subject, exaited to the council the alents and disposi-tion of Morton, and easily obtained his elevation to the subject, aratided to the council the alents and disposi-tion of Morton, and easily obtained his devation to the peinful rank of a leader in this dismited and undisci-plined army. The arguments by which Balfor presed Morton to

should be successful, seeing that the presbytery, being in that case triumphant, would need to make no such compromise with the government, and, consequently, with the abolition of the Indulgence all discussion of its legality would be at once ended. He insisted much and strongly upon the necessity of taking ad-vantage of this favourable crisis, upon the certainty of their being joined by the force of the whole western shires, and upon the gross guilt which those would incur, who, seeing the distress of the country, and the incureating tyranny with which it was governed, should, from fear or indifference, withhold their active aid from the good cause.

Should, from fear or indifference, withhold their active aid from the good cause. Morton wanted not these arguments to induce hims to join in any insurrection, which might appear to have a feasible prospect of freedom to the country. He doubted, indeed, greatly, whether the present attempt was likely to be supported by the strength sufficient to ensure success, or by the wisdom and liberality of spirit necessary to make a good use of the advantages that might be gained. Upon the whole, however, considering the wrongs he had personally endured, and those which he had seen daily inficted on his fellow-subjects; meditating also upon the pre-carious and dangerous situation in which he already stood with relation to the government, he conceived himself, in every point of view, called upon to join the

carlous and dangerous situation in which he already stood with relation to the government, he conceived himself, in every point of view, called upon to join the body of presbyterians already in arms. But while he expressed to Burley his acquiescence in the vote which had named him a leader among the insurgents, and a member of their council of war, it was not without a qualification. "I am willing," he said, "to contribute every thing within pu limited power to effect the emancipation of my country. But do not mistake me. I disapprove, in the utmost degree, of the action in which this raing seems to have originated; and no arguments should induce me to join it, if it is to be carried on by such measures as that with which it has commenced." Burley's blood rushed to his face, giving a ruddy and dark glow to his swarthy brow. "You mean," he said, in a voice which he designed should not betray any emotion—"You mean the death of James Sharpe?"

cause, if they were insisted on during this crass, when inity wave of so putch consequence. Hence he disep proved, as we have seen, of the honest, downright, and ardent zeal of Macbriar, and was extremely de-for methods and the immediate overthrow of the intexts to them what should be substituted in its place. He was, on this account, particularly anxious to secure the accession of Henry Mortor to the cause of the insurgents. The memory of this father was gene-rally esteemed among the presbyterians; and as few ancient comrade, Barley conceived he might extercise on the inductive due to the insuf-gent and the subsect of the subsect of the subsect of the subsect and the subsect of the subsect of the subsect of the subsect and the subsect of the subsect of the subsect of the subsect and the subsect of the subsect of the subsect of the subsect and the subsect of the subsect of the subsect of the subsect and were wenot as a leader. Through Morton's means, as being the son of his subsect, acalted to the council the talents and disposi-tion of Morton, an descally obtained his elsevitor to panion. Macbriar, were siftication, as soor as he had prevent who this danger pressot dow up the subject, acalted to the council the talents and disposi-tion of Morton, an descally obtained his elsevitor to panion. Macbriar, were sufficiently artitil and the prevent who had just left them; but he argued, that when the affairs of the nation were at such a desper rate crass, minute difference of opinion should not prevent who had just left them; but he argued, that when the affairs of the nation were at such a desper rate crass, minute difference of opinion should not prevent who he affairs of the nation were at such a desper rate crass, minute difference of opinion should not prevent who as all and where at such a desper rate crass, minute difference of opinion should not prevent who had just left them; but he argued, that prevent who had just left them; but he argued, that prevent who had just left them; but he argued, that prev

r warrant? Did not the Lord deliver him into our uds, when we looked out but for one of his inferior hands, when we looked out but for one of his inserior peols of persecution ? Did we not pray to be resolved how we should act, and was it not borne in on our brarts as if it had been written on them with the point of a diamond, 'Ye shall surely take him and stay him?'-Was not the tragedy full half an hour in acting ere the sacrifice was completed, and that in an open heath, and within the patrols of their garrisons-sind yet who interrupted the great work ?--What dog so much as bayed us during the pursuit, the taking, the slaying, and the dispersing? Then, who will say --who dare say, that a mightier arm than our's was not herein revealed?" "You deceive yourself, Mr. Balfour," said Morton; "such circumstances of facility of execution and escape have often attended the commission of the most enormous crimes.--But it is not mine to judge you. I have not forgotten that the jway was opened

you. I have not forgotten that the way was opened to the former liberation of Scotland by an act of vio-

inost enormous crimes.—But it is not mine to junge you. I have not forgotten that the way was opened to the former liberation of Scotland by an act of vio-lence which no man can justify,—the slaughter of Cumming by the hand of Kobert Bruce ; and, there-fore, condemning this action, as I do and must, I am not unwilling to suppose that you may have motives windicating it in your own eyes, though not in mine, of in those of sober reason. I only now mention it, because I desire you to understand, that I join a cause supported by men engaged in open war, which it is proposed to carry on according to the rules of civil-teed nations, without, in any respect, approving of the act of violence which gave immediate rise to it." Balfour bit his lip, and with difficulty suppressed a violent answer. He perceived, with disappointment, that, upon points of principle, his young brather-in-arms possessed a clearness of judgment, and a firm-piess of mind, which afforded but little hope of his being able to exert that degree of influence over him which he had expected to possess. After a moment's pause, however, he said, with coolness, "My conduct is open to men and angels. The deed was not done in a corner; I am here in arms to avow it, and care hot where, or by whom, I am called on to do so; whether in the council, the field of battle, the place of the visit is as a brother, come with me to the council, who are still sitting, to arrange the future march of the army, and the means of improving our victory." Morton arose and followed him in silence; not greatly delighted with his associate, and better satis-fied with the general justice of the cause which he had exponsed, than either with the measures or the mo-tives of many of those who were embarked in it.

#### CHAPTER XXII.

And look how many Grecian tents do stand Hollow upon this plain-so many hollow factions. Troilss and Cressie

Trotise and Creater. Trotise and Creater. Trotise and Creater. Trotise and Creater. Trotise and Creater. Trotise and Creater. Trotise and Creater. The field of battle, was a shepherd's jut; a mise-mble cottage, which, as the only enclosed spot within army had chosen for their council-house. Towards this spot Burley guided Morton, who was supposed as he approached it, at the multifarious confusion of sounds which issued from its precincts. The calm and anxious gravity which it might be supposed would have presided in councils held on such important subjects, and at a period so critical, seemed to have given place to discord wild, and loud uprose, which fell on the ear of their new ally as an evil augury of their future measures. As they approached the door, they found it open indeed, but choked up with the bodies and heads of countrymen, who, though no members of the council, fell no scruple in intruding themselves upon deliberations in which they were so demply interested. By exposulation, by threats, and even by some degree of violence, Burley, the stermess of whose character meint and a sort of superiority over these disorderly forces, compelled the intruders to retire, and introducing Morton late the cettage, later.

scoured the door behind them against input in curiosity. At a less aginating moment the year man might have been entertained with the singu seens of which he now found himself an animr and

man might have been entertained wath one engages seeme of which he now found himself an assist and a spectator. The precincits of the gloomy and ruinous hat were enlightened partly by some furze which bland on the hearth, the smoke whereof, having no legal west, eddied around, and formed over the heads of he assembled council a clouded canopy, as opage so their metaphysical theology, through which his stars through mist, were dimly seen to twinkle a iw blinking candles, or rather rushes dipped in tailer, the property of the poor owner of the cottage, which were stuck to the valls by patches of wort clay. The broken and dusky light showed many a countenase elated with spiritual pride, or rendered dark by fame enthusiasm; and some whose anxious, wandering and uncertain looks, showed they felt themselves were, indeed, a doubtful and dissumated bedy. The most active of their number were those conservate with Burkey in the death of the Primate, four or five of whom had found their way to Lesson with government.

together with other man of the same relations and uncompromising zeal, who had, in various way given desperate and unpardonable offence to the government. With them were mingled their preachers, me with had spurned at the indulgence offened by government and preferred assembling their flocks in the wider nees, to worshipping in temple built by human hash if their doing the latter should be construed to stand any right of the part of their rulers to interfere with the supremacy of the Kirk. The other class of com-sellors were such gentlemen of small fortune, and substantial farmers, as a sense of incolerable opper-sion had induced to take arms and join the insurgents. These also had their clergymen with them, and such divince, having many of them taken advantage of the indulgence, were prepared to resist the anexares of their more violent brethren, who proposed a decime passed over in silence in the first draught of the reason of their gathering in arms; but it had been started anew during Balfour's absence, and to his great vexation, he now found that both parts had optime toon in the fuel of the wanderen, being at the vari-out of the wanderen, being at the vari-out degrants in the council. It was the due of their gathering in arms; but it had been started anew during Balfour's absence, and to his great vexation, he now found that both parts had optime it seems, had see agrided himself with a broadswoard of presbytery in the field, was magfully defending ho own dogmata in the council. It was the din of the adherents, which, had saluted Miorton's seare of presbytery in the field, was magfully defending ho own dogmata in the resolut in during a solut the absort of adherents, which, had saluted Miorton's ensu-were men well gifted with words and hang, and out deept impresses with the importance of the sub-dist series of the which might have at subsolut is they battered each other without marery, at despiring the solut and historean in defence of his out doctrine, promapt in the recollection of texts what with

fell little short of that which might have attended actual bodily conflict. Burley, scandalized at the disunion implied in a wirulent strife of tongues, interposed between the putants, and, by some general remarks on the uni-sonableness of discord, a scothing sidress is it vanity of each party, and the exertion of the sather which his services in that day's victory entitled it assume, at length succession of the constraint the mo adjourn farther discussion of the constraint But although Kettledrummle and Poundtext with the for the time silenced, ther continued to say of other like two dogs, who, having been separated the astherity of their masters while fighting, but

structured, each because the chair of his owner, still satching each other's motions, and indicating, by accanional growis, by the erected bristles of the back ad ears, and by the red glance of the eye, that their issord is unappeased, and that they only wait the isso opportunity afforded by any general movement r commotion in the company, to fly once more at ach other a throats.

Balfour took advantage of the momentary pause p present to the council Mr. Henry Morion of Miln-rood, as one touched with a wense of the evils of the innes, and willing to peril goods and life in the pre-ious cause for which his father, the renowned Silas actus cause for which his lather, the renowined Silas forton, had given in his time a soul-stirring testi-sony. Morton was instantly received with the right and of fellowship by his ancient pastor, Poundtaxi, rid by those among the instructures the supported ne more moderate principles. The others muttered whething about Erastianism, and reminded each ther in whispers, that Silas Morton, once a stout and worthy servant of the Covenant, had been a wede block in the day when the resolutioners hed lad and worthy servant of the Covenant, had been a markelider in the day when the resolutioners had led be way in owning the authority of Charles Stewart, hereby making a gap whereat the present tyrant was forwards brought in, to the oppression both of Kirk and country. They attled, however, that, on this preat day of calling, they would not refuse society rith any who should put hand to the plough; and so forton was installed in his office of leader and coun-ellor, if not with the full approbation of his col-elagues, at least without any formal or avowed dis-sent. They proceeded, on Burley's motion, to divide umong themselves the command of the men who had seembled, and whose numbers were daily increasing. In this partition, the insurgents of Poundtext's parish and congregation were naturally placed under the In this parition, the insurgents of Poundtext's parish and congregation were naturally placed under the sommand of Morton; an arrangement mutually greeable to both parties, as he was recommended to heir confidence, as well by his personal qualities as us having been born among them. When this task was accom; ished, it became neces-sary to determing what use was to be made of their rictory. Morton's heart throbbed high when he heard he Tower of Tillietudlem named as one of the most he rower of the most to be seized upon. It command-

he Tower of Tillietudlem named as one of the most maportant positions to be seized upon. It command-id, as we have often noticed, the pass between the more wild and the more fertile country, and must fur-nish, it was plausibly urged, a strong-hold and place if rendeavous to the cavaliers and malignants of the listrict, supposing the insurgents were to march nward and leave it uninvested. This measure was particularly urged as necessary by Poundtext and insure of his immediate followers, whose habitations ind families might be exposed to great severities, if this strong place were permitted to remain in posses-tions of the revalusts.

ins strong place were permitted to remain in posses-non of the royalists. "I opine," said Poundtext,—for, like the other ivines of the period, he had no hesitation in offering is advice upon military matters of which he was wofoundly ignorant,—"I opine, that we should take and raze that stronghold of the woman Lady Margaret Bellenden, even though we should build a bott and in a compart arguing it is for the resci is i Margaret Bellenden, even though we should build a ort and raise a mount against it; for the race is a ubellous and a bloody race, and their hand has been neavy on the children of the Covenant, both in the borner and the latter times. Their hook hath been in our noses, and their bridle betwixt our jaws." "What are their means and men of defence?" said Burley. "The place is strong; but I cannot conceive hat two women can make it good against a host." "There is also," said Poundtert, "Harrison the neward, and John Gudyill, even the lady's chief bui-st, who boasteth himself a man of war from his goodh upward, and who spread the banner against he good cause with that man of Belial, James Gra-barne of Montrose." "Thatwil," returned Burley, scornfully. " a hotler "

tennie of Montrose." "Pahaw !" returned Burley, scornfully, "a butler !" "Also, there is that ancient malignant," replied Foundtext, "Miles Bellenden of Charnwood, whose made have been dipped in the blood of the saints." "If that," said Burley, "be Miles Bellenden, the brother of Sir Arthur, he is one whose sword will not turn back from battle; but he must now be stricken in years." Vol. II 4 B

"Three was word in the country ar I rock simp," said another of the council, "that so soon as they heatd of the victory which has been given to us, they caused shut the gates of the tower, and called in men, and collected ammunition. They were ever a flerce and a malignant house." "We will not; with my consent," said Burley, "engage in a siege which may consume time. We must rush forward, and follow our advantage by occupying Glasgow; for I do not fear that the troops we have this day beaten, even with the assistance of my Lord Ross's regiment, will judge it safe to awais our coming."

my Lord Ross s regiment, will judge it sale to aware our coming." "Howbeit," said Poundtext, "we may display a banner before the Tower, and blow a trumpet, and summon them to come forth. It may be that they will give over the place into our mercy, though they be a rebellious people. And we will summon the women to come forth of their stronghold, that is, be a rebellious people. And we will similar the women to come forth of their stronghold, that is, Lady Margarst Bellenden and her grand-daughts, and Jenny Denaison, which is a girl of an ensaring eye, and the other meids, and we will give them a safe conduct, and send them in peace to the city even to the town of Edinburgh. But John Gudyill, and Hugh Harrison, and Miles Bellenden, we will restrain with fetters of iron, even as they, in times bypast, have done to the martyred saints." "Who talks of safe condact and of peace/" said a shrill, broken, and overstrained voice, from the crows. "Peace, brother Habakuk," said Macbriar, in a soothing tone, to the speaker. "I will not hold my peace," reiterated the strange and unnatural voice i is this a time to speak of peace, when the earth quakes, and the mountains are rent, and the rivers are changed into blood, and the two-edged sword is drawn from the sheat to drink gore as if it were water, and devour flesh as the fire de-vours dry stubble?"

as in the web studies," and above mean at the new sector wave wours dry stubble?" While, he spoke thus, the orator struggled forward to the inner part of the circle, and presented to Mas-ton's wondering eyes a figure worthy of such a voice and such language. The rags of a dress which had once been black, added to the tattered fragments of a shepherd's plaid, composed a covering scarce fit for the purposes of decency, much less for those of warmits or comfort. A long beard, as white as snow; hung, down on his breast, and mingled with bushy, un-combed, grizzled hair, which hung in elf-locks around his wild and staring visage. The features seemed to be extenuated by panery and famine, until they hardly retained the likeness of a human aspect. The eyes, gray, wild, and wandering, evidently betokened a begray, wild, and wandering, evidently betokened a be-wildered imagination. He held in his band a rusty sword, clotted with blood, as were his long lean hands, which were garaished at the extremity with nails like cagle's claws.

In the name of Heaven! who is he ?" said Morton, in a whisper to Poundtext, surprised, abocked, and even startled, at this ghasily apparition, which looked more like the resurrection of some cannibal prices; or druid red from his human scorifice, than

Whot alks of peace and safe conduct? who will be started the unput of the block of divergence of the main of the same to be and the same to be and the text, in the same tone, "whom the enemy have long detained in captivity in forts and castles, until his un-derstanding hath departed from him, and, as I fear, an evil demon hath possessed him. Nevertheless, our violent brethren will have it, that he speaketh of the spirit, and that they fructify by his pouring forth." Here he was interrupted by Macklewrath, who cried in a voice that made the very beams of the roof quiver --"Who talks of peace and safe conduct? who speaks of mercy to the bloody house of the mains he stones; take the daughter and the mothers of the house and hurl them from the battlements of their trues, that the dogs may fatten on their blood as they house and hurl them from the battlements of their russ, that the dogs may fatten on their blood as they did on that of Jezabel, the spouse of Ahab, and that their carcasses may be dung to the face of the **sola**-even in the portion of their fathers i" "He speaks right," said more than one sullen voice from behind; " we will be honoused with little ser-vice in the great cause, if we already make fair weether with Heaven's encluse."

"This is utter abomination and daring impisty," said Morton, unable to contain his indignation.---"What blessing can you expect in a cause, in which you listen to the mingled ravings of madness and strenging." atrocity ?

atrocity ?" "Hush, young man !" said Kettledrummle, "and reserve thy censure for that for which thou canst ren-der a reason. It is not for thee to judge into what vessels the spirit may be poured." "We judge of the tree by the fruit," said Poundtext, "and allow not that to be of divine inspiration that contradicts the divine laws." "You forget brother Poundtext," and Machine

"You forget, brother Poundtext," said Macbriar, "that these are the latter days, when signs and won-ders shall be multiplied."

Pointext stood forward to reply; but, ere he could articulate a word, the insane preacher broke in with a scream that drowned all competition.

articulate a word, the insane preacher broks in with a scream that drowned all competition. "Who taiks of signs and wonders? Am not I Ha-bakkuk Mucklewrath, whose name is changed to Magor-Missabib, because I am made a terror unto anyself and unto all that are around me?—I heard it —When did I hear it?—Was it not in the Tower of the Bass, that overhangeth the wide wild see?—And it howled in the winds, and it reared in the billows, and it screamed, and it whistled, and it clanged, with the screams and the clang and the whistle of the esc-birds, as they floated, and flew, and dropped, and dived, on the bosoms of the waters. I saw it—Where did I see it?—Was it not from the high peaks of Dun-bertoft, when I looked westward upon the fertile land, and northward on the wild I see?—Dead corpses and wounded horses, the rushing together of batile, and garments rolled in blood.—What heard I? —The voice that cried, Slay, slay—smite—slay utterly is not your eye have pity I slay utterly, old and young, the maiden, the child, and the woman whose head is gray—Defile the house and fill the courts with the slain !" "We receive the command " arclaimed more than

young, the management head is gray—Defile the house and ...... the slain !" "We receive the command," exclaimed more than "We receive the command," exclaimed more than "Six days he hath not spoken  we receive the command," exclaimed more than one of the company. "Six days he hath not spoken nor breken bread, and now his tongue is unloosed :----We receive the command; as he hath said, so will we do."

Astonished, disgusted, and horror-struck, at what he had seen and heard, Morton turned away from the circle and left the cottage. He was followed by Bur-ley, who had his eye on his motions. "Whither are you going ?" said the latter, taking

him by the arm.

"Any where, -- I care not whither; but here I will abide no longer."

"Any where, --- i care not whither; but here i will abide no longer." "Art thou so soon weary, young man?" answered Burley. "Thy hand is but now put to the plough, and wouldst thou already abandon it? Is this thy adherence to the cause of thy father?" "No cause," replied Morton, indignantly-" no cause can prosper, so conducted. One party declares for the ravings of a bloodthirsty madman; another leader is an old scholastic pedant; a third"-he stop-ped, and his companion continued the sentence-" Is a desperate homicide, thou wouldst say, like John Bahfour of Burley?--I can bear thy misconstruction without resentment. Thou dost not consider, that it is not men of sober and self-seeking minds, who arise on these days of wrath to execute judgment and to ac-complish deliverance. Hadst thou but seen the ar-mise of England, during her Parliament of 1640, whose than the anabaptists of Munster, thou wouldst have

ranks were filled with sectaries and enthusiasts, wilder than the anabaptists of Munster, thou wouldst have had more cause to marvel; and yet these men were unconquered on the field, and their hands wrought marvellous things for file liberties of the land." "But their affairs," replied Morton, "were wisely conducted, and the violence of their zeal expended itself in their exhortations and sermons, without bringing divisions into their counsels, or cruelty into their conduct. I have often heard my father say so, and protest, that he wondered at nothing so much as the contrau between the extravagance of their reli-

gious tenets, and the wisdom and moderation wi which they conducted their civil and military a fairs. But our councils seem all one will choose

fairs. But our comments of the second one extravagant action. Hear me. I have a persuaded the wiser of our friends, that the co persuaded the where of our intends, that the com-lors are too numerous, and that we cannot eq-that the Midianites shall, by so large a number delivered into our handa. They have heartened my voice, and our assemblies will be shortly red within such a number as can consult and act together and in them thou shalt have a free voice, as well as in ordering our affairs of war, and protecting these a whom mercy should be shown—Art thou now saw

whom mercy should be shown—Art thou now saf-fied ?" "It will give me pleasure, doubtless," answerd Morton, "to be the means of softaning the borness of civil war; and I will not leave the post I have taken, unless I see measures adopted at which as conscience revolts. But to no bloody executoes after quarter asked, or slaughter without trial, will be d countenance respective, and we measures end countenance of sanction; and you may depart on my opposing them, with both heart and hand, as constantly and resolutely, if attempted by our own followers, as when they are the work of the mem'." enemy.

own followers, as when they are the work of the enemy." Balfour waved his hand impatiently. "Thou wilf find," he said, " that the stobbers and hard-hearted generation with whom we deal, must be chastised with scorpions ere their hearts be hum-bled, and ere they accept the punishment of their in-guity. The word is gone forth against them, 'I will bring a sword upon you that shall average the current of my Covenant.' But what is done shall be done gravely, and with discretion, like that of the worthy James Melvin, who executed judgment on the tytant and oppressor, Cardinal Beaton." "I own to you," replied Morton, " that I fed will more abhorrent at cold-blooded and premeditated crueity, than at that which is practised in the heat of zeal and resentment." "Thou art yet but a youth," replied Balfour, " and hast not learned how light in the balance are a few drops of blood in comparison to the weight and im-portance of this great national testimony. But he not afraid; thyself shall yote and judge in these mea-ters; it may be we shall see little cause to strive toge-ther anent them." With this concession Morton was compelled to be

ther anent them." With this concession Morton was compelled to be satisfied for the present; and Burley lefthin, advising him to lie down and get some rest, as the host would probably move in the morning. "And you," answered Morton, "do not you ge to rest also ?" "No," said Burley; 'my eyes must not yet know slumber. This is no work to be done highly; I have yet to perfect the choosing of the committee of less ers, and I will call you by times in the morning as be present at their consultation."

ers, and I will call you by times in the morning to b present at their consultation." He turned away, and left Morton to his repose. The place in which he found himself was not i adapted for the purpose, being a sheltered nock be neath a large rock, well protected from the prevails wind. A quantity of moss with which the greas was overspread, made a couch soft enough for on who had suffered so much hardship and anxiet Morton wrapped himself in the horgenan's clas which he had still retained, stretched himself on the reflections on the state of the country, and upon is own condition, ere he was relieved from them by den and sound slumber. and sound slumber.

and sound slumber. The rest of the army slept on the ground, disperse in groups, which choese their beds on the fields as the could best find shelter and convenience. A for-the principal leaders held waktenic conference with Burley on the state of their affairs, and some water men were appointed who kept themselves on the size by chanting pasime, or listening to the exercise of the more grifted of their number.

CHAP. XXIII.1

#### CHAPTER XXIIL

# Got with much ease-new merrily to horse. Heavy IV. Part L.

Wrrst the first peep of day Henry awoke, and found the faithful Cuddie standing beside him with a portmanteau in his hand.

"I hae been just putting your honour's things in readinces again ye were waking," said Cuddie, "as is my duty, seeing ye hae been sae gude as to tak me into your service."

my duty, seeing ye hae been sae gude as to tak me into your service." "I take you into my service, Cuddie ?" said Morton, "you must be dreaming." "No, na, stir," anawered Cuddie; "didna I say when I was tied on the horse yonder, that if ever ye gat loose I would be your servant, and ye didna say no ? and if that iena hiring, I kenna what is. Ye gae me nae arles, indeed, but ye had gien me eneugh before at Milnwood." "Well, Cuddie, if you insist on taking the chance of my unprosperous fortunes" "Ou ay, I'se warrant us a' prosper weel eneugh," answered Cuddie, cheeringly, "an anes my auld mi-ther was weel putten up. I hae begun the campaign-ing trade at an end that is easy eneugh to learn." "I laging, I suppose?" said Morton, "for how alse could you come by that portmanteau.?" "I wotna if it's pillaging, or how ye ca't," said Cuddie, "but it comes natural to a body, and it's a profinable trads. Our folk had tirled the dead dra-goons as bare as bawbees before we were loose armaist.—But when I saw the whigs a' weel yokit by the lugs to Kottledrummle and the other chield, I set off at the lang trot on my ain errand and your ho-nour's. Sae I took up the avke a wee bit, away to the amast.—But when I saw the whigs a weel yokit by the lugs to Ketiledrummle and the other chield, I set off at the lang trot on my ain errand and your ho-nour's. Sael took up the syke a wee bit, away to the right, where I saw the marks o' mony a horse-foot, and sure enough I cam to a place where there had been some clean leatherin', and a' the puir chields were lying there buskit wi' their clacs just as they had put them on that morning—naebody had found out that pose o' carcages—and wha suld be in the midst thereof (as my mither says) but our auld ac-quaintance, Sergeant Bothwell ?' "Ay, has that man fallen ?" said Morton. "Troth has he," answered Cuddie; " and his een were open and his brow bent, and his teeth clenched thegither, like the jaws of a trap for foumarts when the spring's doun—I was amaist feard to look at him; however, I thought to hae turn about wi' him, and sae I e'en riped his pouches, as he had dune mony an honester man's; and here's your ain siller again (or your uncle's, which is the same) that he got at Min-wood that unlucky night that made us a' sodgers the-gither." ""There can be no harm, Cuddie," said Morton, "in making use of this money, since we know how

wood that unlucky night that made us a' sodgers the gither."
"There can be no harm, Cuddie," said Morton, "in making use of this money, since we know how he came by it; but you must divide with me." "Bide a wee, bide a wee," said Cuddie. "Weel, and there's a bit ring he had hinging in a black rib-bon down on his breast. I am thinking it has been a ove-token, puir fallow--there's naebody sae rough put they has aye a kind heart to the lasses and there's i book wi'a wheen papers, and I got twa or three bid things, that I'll keep to mysell, forby." "Upon my word, you have made a very specessful bray for a beginner," said his new master. "Haena I e'en now ?" said Cuddie, with great ex-ditation. "I tauld ye I wasna that gooms stupid, if t cam to lifting things.--And forby, Thas gotten twa nabe horse. A leckless loon of a Straven weaver, that as left his loom and his bein house to sit skirling on i cauld hill-side, had catched twa dfagon naigs, and ie could neither gar them hup nor wind, sae he took gowd noble for them bauth-I suld has tried him wi' and the siller, but it's an unco ill place.to get change a-Ye'll find the siller's missing out o' Bothwell's urse." "You haye made a most excellent and useful pur-

1. Te in the user's missing out o bothwain's urse." "You have made a most excellent and useful purhase. Cuddie: but what is that portmanteau?" "The pockmantle?" answered Cuddie, "it was ord Evandale's yesterday, and it's yours the day. fand it a hint the bush o' broom youder-like dog us its day—Ye ken what the aud sang says,

\* Take turn about, mither, quo' Tam o' the Lina.'

"And, speaking o' that, I maun gang and see about my mither, pur auld body, if your honour hasna eary immediate commands." "But, Cuddie," said Morton, "I really cannot take these things from you without some recompense." "Hout fie, stir," answered Cuddie, "ye suid aye be taking,-for recompense, ye may think about that some other time-I hae seen gay weel to mysell wi' some things that fit me better. What could I do wi' Lord Evandale's braw claes ? Sergeant Bothwell's will serve me weel encugh." Not being able to prevail on the self-constituted and disinterested follower to accept of any u ing for himself out of these warlike spoils, Morton 1,-solved to take the first opportunity of returning Lord Fvan-

to take the first opportunity of returning Lora Evan-

to take the first opportunity of returning Lord Evan-dale's property, supposing him yet to be alive.' and, in the mean while, did not hestitate to avail hims-if ef Cuddie's prize, so far as to appropriate some changes of linen and other trifling articles amongst those of more value which the portmanteau contained. He then hastily looked over the papers which were found in Bothwell's pocket-book. These were of a miscellaneous description. The roll of his troop, with the names of those absent on furlough, memo-randums of tavern-bills, and lists of delinquents who might be made subjects of fine and persecution, first presented themselves, along with a copy of a warrant from the Privy Council to arrest certain persons of distinction therein named. In another pocket of the book were one or two commissions which Bothwell distinction therein named. In another pocket of the book were one or two commissions which Bothwell had held at different times, and certificates of his ser-vices abroad, in which his courage and military talents were highly praised. But the most remarka-ble paper was an accurate account of his genealogy, with reference to many documents for establishment of its authenticity; subjoined was a list of the ample possessions of the forfeited Earls of Bothwell, and a particular account of the proportions in which King James VI. had bestowed them on the courtiers and nobility by whose descendants they were at present actually possessed; beneath this list was written, in red letters, in the hand of the decased, Havd Inwre-ments, Which strongly painted the character and feel-ings of their deccased proprietor, were added some which showed him in a light greatly different from that in which we have fithe back the back in the the reader. reader.

reader. In a secret pocket of the book, which Morton did not discover without some trouble, were one or two letters, written in a beautiful female hand. They were dated about twenty years back, bore no address, and were subscribed only by initials. Without having time to peruse them accurately, Morton perceived that they contained the elegant yet fond expressions of female affection directed towards an object whose hasty, suspicious, and impatient temper, the writer seemed grently to complain. The ink of these manu-scripts had faded by time, and, notwithstanding the great care which had obviously been taken for their preservation, they were in one or two places chastd

great care which had obviously been taken for their preservation, they were in one or two places chains so as to be illegible. "It matters not," these words were written on the envelope of that which had suffered most, "I have them by heart." With these letters was a lock of hair wrapped in a copy of verses, written obviously with a feeling, which atored, in Morton's opinion, for the roughness of the poetry, and the conceits with which it abounded, according to the taste of the period:

Thy hue, dear pledge, is pure and bright, As in that well-remember'd night, When first thy mystic braid was woro, Aud first my Agnes whispor'd love. Since then how often hast thou press'd The torrid zone of this wild breast, Whose wrath and hate have sworn to dwell With the first sin which peopled hell; A breast whose blood's a troubled ocean, Each throb the exthquake's wild commotion t -0, if such elime thou canst endure, Yest news thy hee mastain'd and pure, Yest teep thy hee mastain'd and pure, Yest concest of reach ering thought Of the '5-rot realm had Agnes wrough't

. .

I had not wanter & wild and wide, With such an angel for my guide; Nor heaven nor earth could then reprov If she had lived, and lived to love me. Not them this world's wild joys had b Not then this world's wild joys had been To me one savage huming-scene, My sooi delight ling headlong race, And frante hurry of the chase, To start, pursue, and bring to bay, Rush in, drag down, and rend my prey, Then from the carcas turn away ; Mine ireful mood had sweetness tamed, And soothed each wound which pride inflam Yee, God and man might now approve me!

As he finished reading these lines, Morton could not forbear reflecting with compassion on the fate of this eingular and most unhappy being, who, it appeared, while in the lowest state of degradation, and almost of contempt, had his recollections continually

almost of contempt, had his recollections continually fixed on the high station to which his birth scened to entitle him; and, while plunged in grees licentious-ness, was in secret looking back with bitter remorse to the period of his youth, during which he had nou-rished a virtuous, though unfortunate attachment. "Alas! what are we," said Morton, "that our best and most praiseworthy feelings can be thus debased and deparaved—that honourable pride can sink into haughty and desperate indifference for general opinion, and the sorrow of blighted affection inhabit the same bosom which license, revenge, and rapine, have chosen for their citade! But it is the same through qut; the liberal principles of one man sink into cold ind unfeeling indifference, the religious zeal of an-ether huries him into frantic and savage enthusiasm. Qut resolutions, our passions, are like the waves of

and unice ing indifference, the rengious zeal of an-ether hurries him into frantic and savage enthusiasm. Our resolutions, our passions, are like the waves of the sea, and, without the aid of Him who formed the human breast, we cannot say to its ides, 'Thus far shall ye come, and no farther.'" While he thus moralized, 'he raised his eyes, 'and deserved that Burley stood before him.-" It is well, "Already awake?" said that leader-"It is well, and shows zeal to tread the path before you.--What papers are these?" he continued Morton gave him some brief account of Cuddie's successful marauding party, and handed him the pocket-book of Bothwell, with its contents. The Cameronian leader looked with some attention on public business; but when he came to the verses, he threw them from him with contempt. "I little thought," He said, "when by the blessing of God, Passed my sword three times through the body of that arch tool of crueity and persection, that a character so desperate and so dangerous could

body of that arch tool of cruelty and persecution, that a character so desperate and so dangerous could have stooped to an art as utifing as it is profame. But I see that Stan can blend the most different qualities in his well-beloved and chosen agents, and that the, same hand which can wield a club or a slanghter-weapon against the godly in the valley of destruction, can touch a tinkling lute, or a gittern, to soothe the ears of the dancing daughters of perdition in their Vanity Fair." "Your ideas of duty, then," said Morton, "exclude lowe of the fine arts, which have been supposed in "To me, young man," answered Burley, "and to those who think as I do, the pleasures of this world, under whatever name disguised, are vanity, as its grandeur and power are a snare. We have but one object on earth, and that is to build up the temple of the Lord." "I have heard my father observe," replied Morton, "that many who assumed power in the name of Heaven, were as severe in its exercise, and as uawill-ing to part with it, as if they had been solely moved by the motives of worldly ambition-But of this apother time. Have you succeeded in obtaining a pommittee of the council to be nominated?" "I have," answered Burley. "The number is lim-ited to six, of which you are one, and I come to call that a character so desperate and so dangerous could

of the Cameronians, were Burley, Minderiar, and Kettledrummle; and on that of the modenne party, Poundtext, Henry Morion, and a small proprietor, called the Laird of Langcale. Thus the two parises were equally balanced by their representatives in the committee of management, although it seemed hely that those of the most violent opinions were, as is usual in such cases, to possess and exert the grass degree of energy. Their debate, however, was ca-dected more like men of this world than could have been expected from their conduct on the preceden evening. After maturely considering their means and been aspected from their conduct on the precedur evening. After maturely considering their means and situation, and the probable increase of their numbers, they agreed that they would keep their position for that day, in order to refresh their man, and give tims to reinforcements to join them, and that, on the next imorning, they would direct their march towards Th-lietudlem, and summon that stronghold, as they ex-pressed it, of malignancy. If it was not surrendered to their summons, they resolved to try the effect of a brisk assault; and, should that miscarry, it was set-tled that they should leave a part of their number as blockade the place, and reduce it, if possible, by famine, while their main body should march forward to drive Claverhouse and Lord Ross from the town of Glasgow. Such was the determination of the to drive Claverhouse and Lord Koss from the seven of Glasgow. Such was the determination of the council of management; and thus Morton's first enterprise in active life was likely to be the statck of a castle belonging to the parent of his mistres, and defended by her relative, Major Bellemden, to whom he personally owed many obligations! He felt fally the embarrassment of his situation, yet consoled him-self with the reflection, that his newly-acquired power in the insurgent army would give him at all creater. in the insurgent army would give him, at all even the means of extending to the inmates of Tilleta the means of extending to the inmates of Tillstan-lem a protection which no other circumstance could have afforded them s and he was not without hope that he might be able to mediate such an accom-modation betwirt them and the presbytem any, as should secure them a safe neutrality dung the war which was about to ensue.

#### CHAPTER XXIV. There came a knight from the field of stain His steed was drench'd in blood and min.

POR AT.

Finar. We must now return to the fortness of Tilletudiem and its inhabitants. The morning being the first after the battle of Loudon-hill, had dawned upon in battlements, and the defenders had already resumed the labours by which they proposed to render the place tenable, when the watchman, who was placed in a high turvet, called the Warde's Tower, gave the signal that a horseman was approaching. As he came nearer, his dress indicated an officer of the Life Guards; and the slowness of his horse's pace, as well as the manner in which the rider stooped for the sadde-bow, plainly showed that he was aick or wounded. The wicket was instantly opened to pr-ceive him, and Lord Evandale rode into the con-yard, so reduced by loss of blood, that he was make blood, his regimentals soiled and torn, and his her matted and disordered, he resembled rather a spectre that a fis regimentals soiled and torn, and his her matted and disordered, he resembled rather a spectre than a human being. But their, next exclamation was that of joy at his ecaped. "Thank God?" exclamed Lady Margaret, "the plood thirsty inurderers who have cut off so many d the king's loyal servants?" "Thank God and toris that you are here and in safety! We have dreaded the worst. But you are wounded, and I fear we have little the uneans d assisting you." "My wounds are only sword-cuta," an sword the

Sommittes of the connect to be nominated " "I have," answered Burley. "The number is lim-ited to siz, of which you are one, and I come to call you to their deliberations." Morton accompanied him to a sequestered grass-plot; where their colleagues awaited them. In this colegation of authority, the two principal factions which divided the turnelmary army had each taken care to send these of their own number. On the part

#### CHAP. XXIV.

#### JEAP. XXIV.1

idded, addressing Lady Margaret-"permit me to hink and act as your son, my dear madam-as your rother, Edith !"

He pronounced the last part of the sentence with orme emphasis, as if he feared that the apprehension of his pretensions as a sutor might render his prof-ered services unacceptable to Miss Bellenden. She was not meansible to his delicacy, but there was no ime for exchange of sentiments.

ime for exchange of sentaments. "We are preparing for our defence," said the old ady with great dignity; "my brother has taken harge of our garnison, and by the grace of God, we vill give the rebels such a reception as they deserve." "How gladly," said Evandale, "would I share in he defence of the Castle! But in my present state, I

hould be but a burden to you, nay, something worse; or, the knowledge that an officer of the Life-Guards vas in the Castle would be sufficient to make these

br, the knowledge that an oncer of the Life-Guards vas in the Castle would be sufficient to make these ogues more desperately earnest to possess them-elves of it. If they find it defended only by the smily, they may possibly march on to Glasgow ather than hazard an assault." "And can you think so meanly of us, my lord," aid Edith, with the generous burst of feeling which voman so aften evinces, and which becomes her so well, ber voice faitering through eageness, and her we colouring with the noble warmth which dictated ger language—"Can you think so meanly of, your fiends, as that they would permit such considerations o interfere with their sheltering and protecting you it a moment when you are unable to defend yourself, and when the whole country is filled with the enemy ? is there a cottage in Scotland whose owners would permit a valued friend to leave it in such circum-fances? And can you think we will allow you to go from a castle which we hold to be strong enough for "a own defence?"

War own defence?" "Lord Evandale need never think of it," said Lady Wargaret. "I will dress his wounds myself; it is all Hargaret. "I will dress his wounds mysell; it is an in old wife is fit for in war time; but to quit the Castle of Tillietudiam when the sword of the enemy is drawn In Inscruction when the sword of the enemy is drawn to sky him,—the meanest trooper that ever wore the sing's cost oh his back should not do so, much less my young Lord Evandale.—Ours is not a house that pught to brook such dishonour. The tower of Tillie-tadlem has been too much distinguished by the visit of his most sacrea".—. of his most sacred

Here she was interrupted by the entrance of the Major.

Major. "We have taken a prisoner, my dear uncle," said Edith—" a wounded prisoner, and he wants to escarge hom us. You must help us to keep him by force." "Lord Evandale," exclaimed the veteran. " I am as much pleased as when I got my first com-missing at least." "I should have been slain, but for a friend of yours," "I should have been slain, but for a friend of yours,"

missing at least." "I should have been slain, but for a friend of yours," said Lord Evandale, speaking with some emotion, and bending his eyes on the ground, as if he wished to svoid seeing the impression that what he was about to say would make upon Miss Bellenden. "I was inhorsed and defanceless, and the sword raised to dispatch me, when young Mr. Morton, the prisoner for whom you interested yourself yesterday morning, interposed in the most generous manner, preserved my life, and furnished me with the means of escaping." As he ended the sentence, a painful curiosity over-came his first resolution; he raised his eyes to Edith's hace, and imagined he could read in the glow of her check and the sparkle of her eye, joy at hearing of her pover's safety and freedom, and triumph at his not maving been left last in the race of generosity. Such indeed, were her feelings; but thøy were also min-gled with admiration of the ready frankness witness to the ment of a favoured rival, and to bear witness to the ment of a favoured rival, and to acknowledge sn obligation which, in all probability, he would rather have owed to any other individual in the word. Major Bellenden, who would never have observed

Major Bellenden, who would never have observed the emotions of either party, even had they been much more markedly expressed, contented himself with say-ing, "Since Henry Morton has influence with these rescals. I am glad he has so exerted it; but I hope he will get clear of them as soon as he can. Indeed, I Vor. II.

cannot doubt it: I know his principles, and that he detests their cant and hypocrisy. I have heard bing laugh a thousand times at the pedantry of that old presbyterian scoundrel. Poundtext, who, after enjoy-ing the indulgence of the government for so many years, has now, upon the very first ruffle, shown him-self in his own proper colours, and set off, with three parts of his crop-eared congregation, to join the heat of the fanatics.—But how did you escape after leaving the field nw lord ??

of the fanatics.—But how did you escape after leaving the field, my lord?" "I rode for my life, as a recreant knight must," answered Lord Evandale, smiling..." I took the route where I thought I had least chance of meeting with any of the enemy, and I found shelter for several hours

any of the enemy, and Found Steller in Several Low--you will hardly guess where." "At Castle Bracklan, perhaps," said Lady Marga-ret, or in the house of some other loyal gentleman ? "No, madam." I was repulsed, under one mean that there are house of there

retex to another, from more than one house of that description, for fear of the enemy following my traces; but I found refuge in the cottage of a poonwidow, whose husband had been shot within these three

whose nuscana had been shot within these three three three three the song are at this very moment with the insurgents." "Indeed ?" said Lady Margaret Bellenden; "and was a fanatic woman capable of such generosity ?— but she disapproved, I suppose, of the tenets of her family ?" family ?

family ?" "Far from it, madam," continued the young noble-man; "she was in principle a rigid recusant, but aba saw my danger and distress, considered me as a fel-low-creature, and forgot that I was a cavalier and a soldier. She bound my wounds, and permitted me to rest upon her bed, concealed me from a party of the insurgents who were seeking for stragglers, supplied me with food, and did not suffer me to leave my place of refuge until she had learned that I had every oksace of getting to this tower without danger."

of returns the nad learned that I had every chance of getting to this tower without danger." "It was nobly done," said Miss Bellenden; " and I trust you will have an opportunity of rewarding her generosity."

"I am running up an arrear of obligation on all sides, Miss Bellenden, during these unfortunate occur-rences," replied Lord Evandule;. "but when I can attain the means of showing my gratitude, the will shall not be wanting."

rences," replied Lord Evandale, "but when I can attain the means of showing my gratitude, the will shall not be wanting."
All now joined in pressing Lord Evandale to raimment of Major Bellenden proved the most effectual. "Your presence in the Castle will be most useful in ot absolutely necessary, mylord, in order to maintain, by your authority, proper discipline among the fallows whom Claverhouse has left in garrison have, and who do not prove to be of the most orderly description of inmates; and, indeed, we have the Colonel's authority, for that very purpose, to detain any officer of his regiment who might pass this way."
"That," said Lord Evandale, "is an unanswerable argument, since it shows me that, my residence here may be useful, even in my present disabled state."
"For your wounds, my lord," said the Major, "if my sister, Lady Bellenden, will undertake to give bas shall dress a fiesh-wound with any of the incorporation of Barber-Surgeons. He had enough of practice in Montrose's time, for we had few regularity bed army chirurgeons, as you may well suppose.-You agree to stay with us, then?"
"May reasons for leaving the Castle, said Lord Evandale, Blancing a look towards Editn, "though they evidently seemed weighty, must needs give way to those which infer the power of serving you. May I presume, Major, to inquire into the means and plag of defonce which you have prepared 7 or can I attend you to examine the works?"
I did not escape Miss Bellenden, that Lord Evandale ended works fir a their works to become an onificer of our garison, you should begin by rendering him a bits apartment, that he may take some refreshmeat are be enters on military discussions."

I would not advise wine. John Sunetning very light. keeper make ready the charber of dais. Lord Evan-dale must lie down instantly. Pike will take off the dressings, and examine the state of the wounds." "These are melancholy preparations, madam," said Lord. Evandale, as he returned thanks to Lady Margaret, and was about to leave the hall, --"but I funst submit to your ladyship's directions; and I trust that your skill will soon make me a more able de-fender of your Castle than I am at present. You must render my body serviceable as soon as you can, for you have no use for my head while you have Ma-jor Bellenden." With these words he left the another.

"An excellent young man, and a modest," said the

Major.

"None of that conceit," said Lady Margaret, "that often makes young folk suppose they know better how their complaints should be treated than people that hear had surprogram.

how their complaints should be treated that proportion that have had experience." "And so generous and handsome a young noble-man," said Jenny Dennison, who had entered during the latter part of this conversation, and was now left alone with her mistress in the hall, the Major return-ing to his military cares, and Lady Margaret to her medical preparations.

medical preparations. Edith only answered these encomiums with a sigh; but, although silent, she felt and knew better than any one how much they were merited by the person on whom they were bestowed. Jenny, however, failed not to follow up her blow. "After a', its true that my lady says—there's nae trusting a presbyterian; they are a' faithless man-sworn louns. What wad has thought that young Milnwood and Cuddie Headhigg wad has taen on wi' these rebe block curred?"

thae rebel blackguards ?" "What do you mean by such improbable nonsense, Jenny ?" said her young mistress, very much displeased.

pleased. "I ken it's no pleasing for you to hear, madam," answered Jenny hardily; "and it's as little pleasant for me to tell; but as gude ye suld ken a' about sune as syne, for the haill Castle's ringing wi't." "Ringing with what, Jenny? Have you a mind to drive me mad?" answered Edith, impatiently. "Just that Henry Morton of Milnwood is out wi' the rebels, and ane o' their chief leaders." "It is a falsehood !" said Edith—" a most base calumny! and you are very bold to dare to repeat it to me. Henry Morton is incapable of such treachery to his king and country—such cruelty to me—to—to all the innocent and defenceless victims, I mean, who capable of it, in every sense."

all the innocent and defenceless victims, I mean, who must suffer in a civil war-I tell you he is utterly in-capable of it, in severy sense." "Dear! dear! Miss Edith," replied Jenny, still constant to her text, " they maun bebetter acquainted will a can tell processely what they're capable or no capable of. But there has been Trooper Tam, and biasphemous enemy of all that is noble,-the prese-tate and colleague of cut-throats and common stab-bers—the persecutor of all that is noble...the presse-tate and biasphemous enemy of all that is sacred. I will tear thim from my heart, if my his-blood should bers—the persecutor of all that is noble...the presse-tate and colleague of cut-throats and common stab-ers. The persecutor of all that is sacred. I will tear thim from my heart, if my his-blood should be in the effort!" She wiped her eyes, and rose hastily from the great chait, (or throne, as Lady Margaret used to call it) will tear thim from my heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should will tear thim from any heart, if my his-blood should chart, (or throne, as Lady Margaret used to call it) will a be o' blue minden at glove with foremost o' then, and hand and glove withe be frees her support on Edith, as abe paced the hall ep-ress her support on Edith, as abe paced the hall ep-"No, Jenny," said fed the sinstant." "Because Tam Halliday," answered the hand maider, and when he heard his lordship was in the "But ye leaned on me the other morning fine "But ye leaned on me the other morning fine "But ye leaned on me the other morning fine "But ye leaned on me the other morning fine "But ye leaned on me the other morning fine "But ye leaned on me the other morning fine "But ye leaned on me the other

Cuddie." "Poh, you silly girl," said Edith, assuming was courage, "it is all a trick of that fellow to tease ru? "Na madam, it canna be that, for John Guiph took the other dragoon (he's an auld hard-favourd man, I wotna his name) into the cellar and gee him a tass o' brandy to get the news out o' him, and he said just the same as Tam Halliday, word for word; and Mr. Gudyill was in sic a rage, that he tauld it ower again to us, and says the hail rebellion is owng to the nonsense o' my Leidy and the Major, and Lord Evandale, that begged off young Milnwood and fored, the country wad hae been quiet—and troth, I am muckle o' that opinion mysell." This last commentary Jenny added to her tale, in

am muckle o' that opinion mysell." This last commentary Jenny added to her nee, in resentment of her mistress's extreme and obstrate incredulity. She was instantly alarmed, however, by the effect which her news produced upon her yogng lady, an effect rendered doubly violent by the High-church principles and prejudices in which Miss Bel-lenden had been educated. Her complexic became as pale as a corpse, her respiration so difficult that is was on the point of altogether failing her, and her limbs so incapable of supporting her, that she sunk, rather than sat, down upon one of the sents in the hall and seemed on the eve of fainting. Jeany med cold water, burnt feathers, cutting of laces, and all other remedies usual in hysterical cases, but without any immediate effect.

water, purnt feathers, cutting of laces, and all other remedies usual in hysterical cases, but without any immediate effect. "God forgie me! what hae I done " suit the re-pentant fille-de-chambre. "I wish my tongue had been cutit out !-- Wha wad hae thought of bet taking on that way, and a' for a young lad ?-O, Miss Edith-dear Miss Edith, haud your heart up about it, if a may-be no true for a' that I hae said-O, I wish my mouth had been blistered! A' body tells me my tongue will do me a mischief some day. What if my Ledity comes? or the Major ?-and she's suiting in the throne, too, that nacebody has sate in since that weary morning the King was here !-O, what will I do ! O, what will become o' us ?" While Jenny Dennison thus lamented herself and her mistress. Edith alowly returned from the paroryma into which she had been thrown by this unexpected intelligence. "If he had been unfortunate," she said, "I never would have deserted here

intelligence. "If he had been unfortunate," she said, "I never would have deserted him. I never did so, even when there was danger and disgrace in pleading his cause. If he had died, I would have mourned him—if he had been unfaithful, I would have forgiven hum; but a rebel to his King,—a traitor to his country,—the smo-ciate and colleague of cut-throats and common stab-bers—the persecutor of all that is noble,—the prefer-ed and blasphemous enemy of all that is searced,—I will tear him from my heart, if my life-blood should ebb in the effort!"

nothing rashly. I will be aware of the reasons of his conduct—and then—cast him off for ever," was be firm and determined answer of her young lady. Overawed by a manner of which she could neither conceive the motive, nor estimate the merit, Jenne muttered between her teeth, "Odd, when the first fight's ower, Miss Edith taks it as easy as I do, and muckle about Cuddie Headrigg as she did about young Milnwood. Forby that, it's maybe as weel to has friend on baith sides; for, if the whigs should come to tak the Castle, as it's like they may, when there's sae little victual, and the dragoons wasting what's o't, ou in that case, Milnwood, and Cuddie wad has the upper Overawed by a manner of which she could neither conceive the motive, nor estimate the merit, Jenny muttered between her teeth, "Odd, when the first flight's ower, Miss Edith taks it as easy as I do, and muckle easier, and I'm sure I ne'er cared half sae muckle about Cuddie Headriggs as she did about young Minwood. Forby that, it's maybe as weel to has a friend on baith sides; for, if the whigs should come to tak the Castle, as it's like they may, when there's see little victual, and the dragoons wasting what's o't, ou, in that case, Milnwood and Cuddie wad hee the upper nand, and their freendship wad be worth siller—I was thinking see this morning or I heard the news."

With this consolitory reflection the damsel went about her usual occupations, leaving her mistress to school her mind as she best might, for eradicating the sentiments which she had hitherto entertained towards Henry Morton.

#### CHAPTER XXV.

Once more into the breach-dear friends, once more t Henry V.

Ow the evening of this day, all the information which they could procure led them to expect, that the insurgent army would be with early dawn on their march against Tillietudiem. Lord Evandal's wounds had been examined by Pike, who reported them in a very promising state. They were numerous, but none of any consequence; and the loss of blood, as much prepare the heard among for a low for a much of any consequence; and the loss of blood, as much perhaps as the boasted specific of Lady Margaret, had prevented any tendency to fever; so that, notwith-standing he felt some pain and great weakness, the patient maintained that he was able to creep about with the assistance of a stick. In these circum-stances he refused to be confined to his apartment, both that he might encourage the soldiers by his pre-near any surger tenue near any difficut to the plan sence, and suggest any necessary addition to the plan of defence, which the Major might be supposed to of defence, which the Major might be supposed to have arranged upon something of an antiquated fashion of warfare. Lord Evandale was well qualified to give advice on such subjects, having served, during his early youth, both in France and in the Low Com-tries. There was little or no occasion, however, for altering the preparations already made; and, except-ing on the article of provisions, there seemed no reason to fear for the defence of so strong a place against such assailants as those by whom it was threatened. With the neep of day. Lord Evandale and Major

It is a solution to the second sec

of the rebels.

of the rebels." "And considering the usage which he has received, and the suspicions under which he lies." said Lord Evandale, "what other course is open to him? For my own part, I should hardly know whether he deserved anost blame or pity." "Blame, my lord?—Pity?" choed the Major as-tonished at hearing such sentiments; "he would deserve to be harged, that's all; and, were he my own son, I should see him strung up with pleasuré—

King's, and when he commands, I draw it in mis cause." "I trust," replied the young lord, "you will not find me more backward than yoursell, though I heartily wish that the enemy were foreigners. It is however, no time to debate that matter, for yonder they come, and we must defend ourselves as well as we can." As Lord Evandele spoke, the van of the insurgants began to make their appearance on the road which crossed the top of the hill, and thence descended oppo-gite to the Tower. They did not, however, move downwards, as if aware that, in doing so, their columns would be exposed to the fire of the artillery of the piace. But their numbers, which at first seemed columns would be exposed to the fire of the artillery of the place. But their numbers, which at first seemed few, appeared presently so to deepen and concentrate themselves that, judging of the masses which occupied the soad behind the hill from the closeness of the front which they presented on the top of it, their force ap-peared very considerable. There was a pause of anx-iety on both sides; and, while the unsteady ranks of the Covenanters were agitated, as if by pressure behind, or uncertainty as to their next movement, their arms, picturesque from their variety, glanced in the morning sun, whose beams were reflected from a grove of pikes, muskets, halberds, and battle-axes. The armed mass occupied, for a few minutes, this fluctuating position, until three or four horsemen, who seemed to be leaders, advanced from the front, and occupied the position, until three or four horsemen, who esemed to be leaders, advanced from the front, and occupied the height a little nearer to the Castle. John Gudyill, who was not without some skill as an artilleryman, brought a gun to bear on this detached group. "I'll fice the falcon,"—(so, the small cannon was called,)—"I'll fice the falcon whene'er your honour gies command; my certie, she'll ruffle their feathers for them?"

gies comm for them !

The Major looked at Lord Evandale. "Stay a moment," said the young nobleman, "they send us a flag of truce."

send us a fing of ruce." In fact, one of the horsemen-at that moment dis-mounted, and, displaying a white cloth on a pike, moved forward towards the Tower, while the Major and Lord Evandale, descending from the battlement of the main fortness, advanced to meet him as far as the barricade, judging it unwise to admit him within the precincts which they designed to defend. At the same time that the ambassador set for the group of horsemen, as if they had anticipated in preparations of John Gudvill for their annoyance, withdrew from the advanced station which they had occupied, and fell back to the main body. The envoy of the Covenanters, to judge by his meine and manner, seemed fully imbued with that spiritual pride which distinguished his sect. His fea-tures were drawn up to a contemptuous primness

spiritual pride which distinguished his sect. His isa-tures were drawn up to a contemptuous primness, and his half-shut eyes seemed to scorn to loos upon the terrestrial objects around, while, at every solemp-stride, his toes were pointed outwards with an air that appeared to despise the ground on which they trode. Lord Evandale could not suppress a smile at this sin-

Lord Evandale could not suppress a smile at this sin-gular figure. "Did you ever," said he to Major Bellenden, "see such an absurd automaton ? One would swear it moves upon springe-Can it speak, think you ?" "O, ay," said the Major; "that seems to be one of my old acquaintance, a genuine puritan of the right pharisaical leaven...Stay-he coughs and hems; he is about to summon the Castle with the but-end of a sermon, instead of a parley on the trumpet."

The veteran, who in his day had had many an opportunity to become acquainted with the manners of these religionists, was not far mistaken in his

conjecture; only that, instead of a prose exordium, the Laird of Langcale-for it was no less a person-age-uplifted; with a Stentorian voice, a verse of the twenty-fourth Psalm :

"Ye gates lift up your heads 1 ye doors, Doors that do last for aye, Be lifted up"-----

"I told you so," said the Major to Evandale, and then presented himself at the entrance of the barricade, demanding to know for what purpose or intent he made that doleful noise, like a hog in a high wind,

To induct that to be a nog in a tug wild, beneath the gates of the Castle. "I chame," replied the ambassador, in a high and shrill wice, and without any of the usual saluta-tions or deferences,—"I come from the godly army tions or deferences.—" Frome from the godly army of the Solemn League and Covenant, to speak with two cernal malignants. William Maxwell, called Lord Evandale, and Miles Bellenden of Charnwood." "And what have you to say to Miles Bellenden and Lord Evandale?" answered the Major. "Are you the parties?" said the Laurd of Lang-eate, in the same sharp, conceited, disrespectful tone

of voice.

of voice. "Even sö, for fault of better," said the Major. "Then there is the public summons," said the envoy, putting a paper into Lord Evandale's Hand, "and there is a private letter for Miles Bellenden from a godly youth, who is honoured with leading a part of our host. Read them quickly, and God give you grace to fructify by the contents, though it is muckle to be doubted."

mackle to be doubted." The summons ran thus: "We, the named and constituted leaders of the gentlemen, ministers, and ethers, presently in arms for the cause of liberty and true religion, do warn and summon William Lord Evandale and Miles Bellenden of Charnwood, and others presently in arms, and keeping garrison in the Tower of Tillietuiden, to surrender the said Yower upon fair conditions of quarter, and license to descript with here and here the suit to depart with bag and baggage, otherwise to suf-far such extremity of fire and sword as belong by the laws of war to those who hold out an uniena-ble post. And so may God dafend his own good

Chose of the summons was signed by John Balfour of Barley, as quarter-master-general of the army of the Covenant, for himself, and in name of the other

The letter to Major Belleaden was from Henry Morton. It was qouched in the following language :

"I have taken a step, my venerable friend, which, among many painful consequences, will, I am afraid, indur your very decided desprobation. But I have taken my resolution in honeur and good faith, and with the full approval of my own conscience. I can no longer subjects trampled upon, our freedom violated, our persons insuited, and enr blood spilt, without just cause or legal trial. Providence, through the violence of the oppressors themselves, seems new to have opened a way of deliverance from this intole-rable tyranny, and I do not hold him deserving of the have and rights of a freeman, who, thinking as I do, shall withhold his arm from the cause of his coun-try. But God, who knows my heart, be my witness, that I do not charassed sufferers with whom I am now acting. My most carned and anxious dethe oppressed and harassed sufferers with whom I am now acting. My most earnest and anxious de-orie is, to see this unnatural war broaght to a speedy end, by the union of the good, which, and moderate of all parties, and a peace restored, which, without fujury to the King's constitutional rights, may sub-stitute the authority of equal laws to that of military violence, and, permitting to all mean to worship God according to their own conaciences, may subdue function efficiency by resson and mildness, in-served of driving it to frenze by persecution and inteead of driving it to frenzy by persecution and intoteranc

"With these sentiments, you may conceive with what pain I appear in arms before the house of your concrete relative, which we understand you propose is hold out against us. Permit me to press upon you the assurance, that such a success will only lead to

the efficient of blood - that, if repained in the am we are yet strong enough to invest the place, reduce it by hunger, being aware of your indiff reauce n by nunger, being aware of your indifferent proparations to sustain a protracted sizes. It would gneve me to the heart to think what would be the sufferings in such a case, and upon whom the would chiefly fall.

chiefly fail. "Do not suppose, my respected friend, that I would propose to you any terms which could compare the high and honourable character which yoa has a deservedly won, and so long borne. If the reput soldiers (to whom I will ensure a safe retreat) are the missed from the place, I trust no more will be reputed then counterable the place it trust no more will be reputed than your parole to remain neuter during this unbe contest; and I will take care that Lady Marga contest; and I will take care that Lady Margawi property, as well as yours, shall be duly respecting and no garrison intruded upon you. I could say much in favour of this proposal; but I fear, as I may in the present instance appear criminal in your eyes, gud arguments would lose their influence when coming from an unwelcome quarter. I will, therefore, bruk off with assuring you, that whatever your continuent to you can never be diminished or erased; and i would be the happiest moment of my life that shoul give 'me more effectual means than mere words to assure you of it. Therefore, although in the first moment of resentment, you may reject the proposal make to you fear never the sevent you fear resuming make to you, let not that prevent you form a the topic, if future events should render it not sole; for whenever, or howsoever, I can be of t vice to you, it will always afford the greatest sum tion to "Hurrar Montos."

Having read this long letter with the most marks indignation, Major Bellenden put it into the basis Lord Evandele.

A saving rout ins ong letter with the most main indignation, Major Bellenden put is into the hands "I would not, have believed this," he sail, " Henry Morton, if half mankind had swan if T ungrateful, rebellious traitor! rebellious is sold with and without even the pretext of enthusian, it warms the inver of such a crack-brained ion as friend the envoy thers. But I should have return bered he was a presbyterian—I ought to have be avare that I was narsing a wolf-cash, where d bolical nature would make him tear and sail at me on the first opportunity. Were Saint P on earth again, and a presbyterian, he would be rebel in three months—it is in the vary blood of them to recommend surrender; but, if our provisions fi and we receive no relief from Edinburgh or Ghangu think we ought to avail ourselves of this opposing, get the ladies, at least, asfe out of the Castia." "They will endure all, ere, they would remain the mo the flags in independently, "would remain them for relatives were it other wind accept the relatives were it other would accept them for relatives were it other would remain the mo they have gathered youder." Swered the Major indignantly; "I would remain the mo they have gathered you the set of have not a particular opinion of the hardmens of wards, them against these old walks. And let a send no more flage of trace, or we will hung up messenger, in retaining of the numbers of Cart

With this answer the ambassed or retarned by whom he had been sent. He had no reached the main body than a marmar wa reached the main body than a murmai was among the multitude, and there was raised in of their ranks an ample rol flag, the bords which were edged with blue. As the signal of and defiance spread out its large folds upon morning wind, the ancient banner of Lady in ret's family, together with the royal charge immediately hoisted on the walls of the Town, at the same time, a round of artillery was design spainst the foremost ranks of the insurgent which they sustained some loss. Their test stanty withdrew them to the shelter of the Town the hill. "I think," said John Guydill, while he basis!

"I think," said John Gaydill, while he benist a self in re-charging his guns, "they has fand the

con's neb a bit ower flard for them-It's no for naught that the hawk whistles."

But as he uttered these words, the ridge was once more crowded with the ranks of the enemy. A gene-ral discharge of their fire-arms was directed against The defanders upon the fire-arms was directed against the sincke, a column of picked men rushed down the road with determined courage, and, sustaining with firmness a heavy fire from the garrison, they forced their way, in spite of opposition, to the first barricade by which the avenue was dofonded. They were led on by Balfour in person, who displayed courage equal to his enthusiasm; and, in spite of every opposition, forced the barricade, killing and wounding several of the defenders, and compelling the rest to retreat to their second position. The precantions, however, of Major Bellenden rendered this success unavailing; for no seoner were the Covenanters in possession of for no seoner were the Covenanters in possession of

the post than a close and destructive fire was poured into it from the Castle, and from those stations which commanded it in the rear. Having no means of pro-tecting themselves from this fire, or of returning it tecting themselves from this fire, or of returning it with effect against men who were under cover of their barricades and defences, the Covenanters were obliged to retreat; but not until they had, with their axes, destroyed the stockade, so as to render it im-possible for the defenders to refocupy it. Balfour was the last man that retired. He even

Balfour was the last man that retred. He even remained for a short space almost alone, with an axe in his hand, labouring like a pioneer amid the storm of balls, many of which were specially aimed against him. The retreat of the party he commanded was not effected without heavy loss, and served as a se-vers lesson concerning the local advantages possessed by the garrison. The next attack of the Covenanters was made

The next attack of the Covenanters was made with more caution. A strong party of marksmen, (many of them conjections at the game of the popin-jay,) under the command of Henry Morton, glided through the woods where they afforded them the best shelter, and, avoiding the open road, endeavoured, by forcing their way through the bushes and trees, and up the rocks which surrounded it on either side, to gain a position, from which, without being exposed in an intolerable degree, they might annoy the flank. of the second barricade, while it was menaced in front by a second attack from Burley. The besieged saw the danger of this movement, and endeavoured to im-pede the approach of the markemen, by firing upon them at every point where they showed themselves. The assailants, on the other hand, displayed great coolness spirit, and judgment, in the magner in which they approached the defences. This was, in a great The next attack of the Covenanters was made

they approached the defences. This was, in a great measure, to be ascribed to the steady and adroit man-ner in which they were conducted by their youthful leader, who showed as much skill in protecting his own followers as spirit in annoying the enemy. He repeatedly enjoined his marksmen to direct their aim chiefly upon the red-coats, and to save the others engaged in the defence of the Castle; and, above all, to spare the life of the old Major, whose anxiety made him more than once appose himself in e manner, that, without such generosity on the part a manner, that, without such generosity on the part a manner, that, without such generosity on the part of the enemy, might have proved fatal. A dropping fire of musketry now glanced from every part of the precipitous mount on which the Castle was founded. From bush to bush-from crag to crag-from tree to tree, the marksmen continued to advance, availing themselves of branches and roots to against their as-cent, and contending at once with the disadvantages of the ground and the fire of the enemy. At length they got ap high on the securit that several of them of the ground and the fire of the enemy. At length they got so high on the ascent, that several of them possessed an opportunity of firing into the barricade against the defenders, who then lay exposed to their sum, and Burley, profiting by the confusion of the moment, moved forward to the attack in front. His onset was made with the same desperation and fury as before, and met with less resistance, the defenders being alarmed at the progress which the sharp-shoot-ers had made in turning the flank of their position. Determined to improve his advantage, Burley, with his are in his hand, pursued the party whom he had disloged even to the third and last barricade, and en-werd it along with them. Vot. II 4 C

"Kill, kill-down with the enemies of God and him people !- No quarter-The Castle is ours! were the crics by which he animated his friends; the mus undaunted of whom followed him close, whilst their others, with axes, spades, and other implementa,, threw up earth, cut down trees, hastily labouring to second barricade as might enable them to retain gov-session of it, in case the Castle was not carried bythis coup-de-main. Lord Evandale could no longer restrain his impa

tience. He charged with a few soldiers who had bee lience. He charged with a fow soldiers who had been kept in reserve in the court-yard of the Castle ; and, although his arm was in a sing encouraged them, -by voice and gesture, to assist their compenions who-were engaged with Burley. The combat now as-sumed an air of desperation. The narrow road was-crowded with the followers of Burley, who presselv forward to support their companions. The sedimers, animated by the voice and presence of Lord Evan-dale, fought with fury, their small numbers being in-some measure compensated by their greater skill, and by their possessing the upper ground, which they de-fended desperately with pikes and halberds, as well as with the Castle endeavoured to essist their : companions, whenever they could so level their guaser frinds. The skarp-shotters, dispersed around, werze frinds. The skarp-shotters, dispersed around, werze fring incessantly on each object that was expeed fing incessantly on each object the com-batants. In the midst of this seene of confasion, ax, singular accident had nearly given the beingens pea-tension of the fortress. kept in reserve in the court-yard of the Castle ; and ... session of the fortress.

angular accident had nearly given the besiegers pos-session of the fortress. Cuddie Headrigg, who had advanced among they marksmen, being well acquainted with every reck, and bush in the vicinity of the Casile, where he had-so often gathered nuts with Jenny Dennison; was enabled, by such local knowledge, to advance farthery, and with less danger, than most of his comparisons excepting some three or four who had followed him-close. Now Cuddie, though a brave enough fellowed upon the whole, was by no means fond of danger, either for its own sake, or for that of the glory whish attends it. Is his advance, therefore, he had not, as the phrase goes, taken the bull by the horms, or ad-vanced in front of the enemy's fire. On the contrary, he had edged gradually away from the scene of us-tion, and, turning his line of ascent rasher to the dery the Casile different from that before which the par-ties were engaged, and to which the defenders had given no attention, trusting to the scenes of the precipice. There was, however, on this point, a caser tain window belonging to a certain pantry, and comprecipice. There was, however, on this point, a cerv-tain window belonging to a certain pantry, and comp-municating with a certain yew-tree, which grew out: of a steep cleft of the rock, being the very pass shrough's which Goose Gibbie was smuggled out of the Cantle-in order to carry Edith's express to Charnwood, and : which had probably, in its day, been used for other contraband purposes. Cuddie, resting upon the but: of his gun, and looking up at this window, observed ' to one of his companions,--"There's a place I ken' weel; mony a time I has helped Jenny Demisson out o' the winnock, forby creeping in whiles mysell to goot come daffin, at e'en after the pleuch was loosed." "And what's to hinder us to creep in just now ?" said the other, who was a smart enterprising young."

fellow.

fellow. "There's no muckle to hinder us, an that were a'," answered Cuddis; "but what were we to do nesset?" "We'll take the Castle," cried the other; "heren-are five or six o'us, and a' the sedgers are engaged-at the gate." "Come awa wi'you, then," said Cuddie; "but.. mind, deil a finger ye meun lay on Lady Mangaret. or Miss Edith, or the aud Major, or, aboon a', one Jenny Denzeson, or ony body but the sodgers-contin and quarter amang them as ye like, I carena." "Ay, ay," said the other, "let us once in, and wave will make our ain terms with them a." Gingerly, and as if troading upon eggs, Cuddie be-gan-te-ascend the .vell-kaswa. pane, net .very watter. 54\*

TALES OF MY LANDLORD.

ingry; for, consides that as was something apprehen-sive of the reception he might meet with in the inside, his conscience insisted that he was making but a shabby requital for Lady Margaret's former favours The second on the might meet within the inside, his conscience insisted that he was making but a shabby requital for Lady Margaret's former favours and protection. He got up, however, into the yew-tree, followed by his companions, one after another. The window was small, and had been secured by stancheons of iron; but these had been long worn away by time, or forced out by the domestics to pos-mence. Entrance was therefore easy, providing there was no one in the pantry, a point which Cuddie en-perious step. While his companions, therefore, were arging and threatening him behind, and he was hesi-tating and stretching his neck to look into the apart-ment, his head became visible to Jenny Dennison, who had ensconced herself in said pantry as the affect place in which to wait the issue of the assault. So soon as this object of terror caught her eye, she set up a hysteric scream, flew to the adjacent kitchen, and, in the desperate agony of fear, seized on a pot of kail-brose which she herself had hung on the fire before the combat began, having promised to Tam Halliday to prepare his breakfast for him. Thus bur-demed, she returned to the window of the pantry, and still actiaming, "Murder I murder I-we are a har-ried and ravished--the Castle's taam-tak it amang ye if'she discharged the whole scalding contents of the pot, accompanied with a dismal yell, upon the person of the unfortunate Cuddie. However welcome the meas might have been, if Cuddie and it had be-come acquainted in a regular manner, the effects, as administered by Jenny, would probably have cured him of soldiering for ever, had he been looking up-mander is belower the steel cap and baff coat which for-mence; so that the steel cap and baff coat which for-mence; so that the steel cap and baff coat which for-mence; so that the steel cap and baff coat which for-menty belonged to Bergent Bothwell, being garments of an accellent endurance, protected his person against the greater part of the scalding brose. Enough, how-ever, reached him to annoy

the attack. As for Jenny, when she had thus conferred upon one admirer's outward man the viands which her fair hands had so lately been in the act of preparing for the stomach of another, she continued her song of alarm, running a cereaning division upon all those erimes, which the lawyers call the four pleas of the crown, namely, murder, fire, rape, and robbery. These hideous exclamations gave so much alarm, and cro-ated such confusion within the Castle, that Major Ballendein and Lord Evandale judged it best to draw off from the conflict without the gates, and, abandon-ing to the enemy all the exterior defonces of the ave-mus, confine themselves to the Castle itself, for fear.

our nom the connict without the gates, and, arandom-ing to the enemy all the acterior definces of the ave-nue, confine themselves to the Castle itself, for fear of its being surprised on some unguarded point. Their petrest was unnolested; for the panic of Cuddie and his companions had occasioned nearly as much con-fusion on the side of the besiegers, as the screams of Jenny had caused to the defenders. There was no attempt on either side to renew the action that day. The insurgents had suffered most severely; and, from the difficulty which they had ex-jectanced in carrying the barricadoed positions with-jout the precincts of the Castle, they could have but juits hope of storming the place itself. On the other hand, the situation of the besieged was dispiriting and floomy. In the skirmishing they had lost two or three men, and had several wounded; and though their loss was in proportion greatily less than that of the energy, who had left twenty men dead on the place, yet their gasel number could much worse spare it, while the desparate attacks of the opposite party plainly showed

I LARVILLUKU. [CRAF. XXV]. how serions the leaders were in the purpose of redec-ing the place, and how well scoondod by the zeal at their followers. But, especially, the garmon had to fear for hunger, in case blockade should be resorted to as the means of reducing them. The light's directions had been imperfectly obeyred in regrit to laying in provisions; and the dragoons, in spite of all warming and authority were likely to be wanted in using thom. It was, therefore, with a beavy burt, that Major Bellenden gave directions for gaming the window through which the Castle had so new been surprised, as well as all others which afferst to most remote facility for such an enterprise.

#### CHAPTER XXVL rt II

The special head of all the haid together. Binory IP For II True leaders of the presbytorian array had a series consultation upon the evening of the day in which they had made the strack on Tillieudiem. They could not but observe that their followers were dis-heartened by the loss which they had sustained, and which, as usual in such cases, had fallen upon the bravest and most forward. It was to be feared, that if they were suffered to exhaust their zeal and efforts in an object so secondary as the capture of this petty fort, their numbers would melt away by degree, and they would lose all the advantages arising out of the present unprepared state of the government. Morel by these arguments, it was agreed that the main bedy of the army should march against Glasgow, and dis-lodge the soldiers who were lying in that nown. The council nominated Henry Morton, with others to the main behind, for the purpose of block aling he Town of Tillieudiem. Morton testified the graute reput nance to this arrangement. "The head the strongest personal motives," he sid, "for desting to remain near Tillieudiem: add the

He had the strongest personal motives," be to use the strongest personal motives, be sub for desiring to remain near Tillietudies; sad i us management of the siege were committed to have, be had little doubt but that he would bring it to such an economic desired and the second secon accommodation, as, without being rigorous to the besieged, would fully answer the purpose of the be-

Burley readily guessed the cause of his young of league's reluctance to move with the army; for, in terested as he was in appreciating the characters with whom he had to deal, he had contrived, through the simplicity of Cuddie, and the enthuniasm of al Massa. woom ne nat to deal, he had contrived, throach the simplicity of Cuddle, and the enthusasm of old Mame, to get much information concerning Moriou's rela-tions with the family of Tillietudlem. He therefore took the advantage of Poundter's anisng to speak to business, as he said, for some short space of time, (which Burley rightly interpreted to mean an hour at the very least,) and seized that moment to withdraw Morton from the hearing of their colleagnes, and to hold the fallowing argument with him: "Thou art unwas, Henry Morton, to desire to mar-cised Philistine, or thy fueld for a Moabitish woman." "I neither understand your meaning, Mr. Ballon, nor relish your allusions," replied Morton, holg smattly, "and I know no reason you have to bing se gross a charge, or to use such uncivil language." "Confess, however, the truth," said Balloar, ow whom thou wouldst rather be watching like a mother of the Church of Scotland over the necks of her em-mise." "I you mean that I would willing a semication in the semication "I wom heat I would willing willing the semication."

"If you mean that I would willingly terminate hi war without any bloody victory, and that I am su anxious to do this than to sequire any personal fas or power, you may be," replied Morton, "period right." "And not wholly wrong " answered Burker T

right." "And not wholly wrong," answered Burley, " deeming that thou wouldst not exclude from so get ral a pacification thy friends in the garrison of The tudigm." "Certainly," replied Morton; "I am too set obliged to Major Bellenden not to wish to be of the

#### CEAP. XXVL1

vice to him, as far as the interest of the cause I have esponsed will permit. I never made a secret of my regard for him.

regars for him." "I am aware of that," said Burley; "but, if thou headst concealed it, I should, nevertheless, have found at thy riddle. Now hearken to my words. This Kiles Bellenden hath means to subject his garrison or a month.

or a month." "This is not the case," answered Morton; "we know is stores are hardly equal to a week's consumption." "Ay, but," continued Burley, "I have since had wroof, of the strongest nature, that such a report was pread in the garmson by that wily and gray-headed nationant, partly to prevail on the soldiers to submit o a dimmution of their daily food, partly to detain us refore the walls of his fortress until the sword abould

whethed to smite and destroy us." "And why was not the evidence of this laid be-ore the council of war?" said Morton. "To what purpose?" said Balforr. "Why need a widence Kattleformula Machine Dana the

"To what purpose?" said Balfour. "Why need we undeceive Kettledrummle, Macbriar, Poundtext, and Langcale, upon such a point? Thyself must own, hat whatever is told to them secapes to the host out if the mouth of the preschers at their next holding-orth. They are already discouraged by the thoughts of lying before the fort a week. What would be the onsequence were they ordered to prepare for the eaguer of a month?" "But why concease it than form

eaguer of a month?" "But why conceal it, then, from me? or why tell t me now ? and, above all, what proofs have you got if the fact?" continued Morton. "There are many proofs," replied Burley; and he rut into his hands a number of requisitions sent forth

put into his hands a number of requisitions sent forth by Major Bellenden, with receipts on the back to parious proprietors, for cattle, corn, meal, dc., to up the an amount, that the sum total seemed to ex-stude the possibility of the gardson being soon dis-ressed for provisions. But Burley did, not inform Morton of a fact which he himself knew full well, amely, that most of these provisions never reached he garnion, owing to the rapacity of the dragoons sent to collect them, who readily sold to one man what they took from another, and abused the Major's press for stores, pretty much as Sir John Falstaff did hat of the King for men. "And now," continued Balfour, observing that he

hat of the King for men. "And now," continued Balfour, observing that he ad made the desired impression, "I have only to say, that I concealed this from thee no longer than it was concealed from myself, for I have only precived here papers this morning; and I tell it unto thee now, hat thou mayest go on thy way rejoicing, and work he great work willingly at Glasgow, being assured hat no evil can befail thy friends in the malignant earty, since their fort is abundantly victualled, and I concets not numbers sufficient to do more against herm than to prevent their sallying forth." "And why," continued Mortón, who falt an inse-ressible reluctance to acquisece in Balfour's reason-ag-" why not permit me to remain in the command

reasoned relactance to sequeze in Fallour 3 reason-reg.-". why not permet me to remain in the command if this smaller party, and march forward yourself to Haagow? It is the more knooursele charge." "And therefore, young man," answered Burley, 'have I laboured that it should be committed to the

on of Silas Morton. I am waxing old, and this gray lead has, nad enough of honour where it could be on of Suas motion. I am waxing old, and this gray lead has, and enough of honour where it could be rathered by danger. I speak not of the frothy bubble which men call earthly isme, but the honour belong-ing to him that doth not the work negigently. But by career is yet to run. Thou hast to vindicate the ligh trust which has been bestowed on theo through ny assurance that it was dearly well-mented. At condon-hill thou wert a captive, and at the last securit it was thy part to fight under cover, whilst I do the more open and dangerous sattack; and, houldst thou now remain before these walls when nere is active service elsewhere, trust me, that men will say, that the con of Silas Morton hath fallen tway from the paths of his father." Stung by this last observation, to which, as a gentle-nant and solder, he could offer no suitable reply, if orton hastily acquiesced in the proposed arrange-ment. Y et he was unable to divest himself of certain beings of distrust which he involuntarily attached to the quarter from which he received this information.

"Mr. Balfom," he said, "let us distinctly under-stand each other. You have thought it worth your while to bestow particular attention upon my private affairs and personal attachments; be so good as to understand, that I am as constant to them as to my political principles. It is possible, that, during my absence, you may possess the power of soothing or of wounding those feelings. Be assured, that what-ever may be the consequences to the issue of our present adventure, my eternal gratitude, or my perso-vering resentment, will attend the line of conduct you may adopt on such an occasion; and, however young and inexperienced I am, Thave no doubt of finding friends to assist me in expressing my sentiments in either case."

"If there be a threat implied in that denunciation, replied Burley, coldly and haughtily, "it had better have been spared. I know how to value the regard of my friends, and despise, from my soul, the threats of my enemies. But I will not take occasion of of on my enemies. But I will not take occasion of of-fence. Whatever happens here in your absence shall be managed with as much deference to your wishes, as the duty I owe to a higher power can possibly permit."

With this qualified promise Morton was obliged to

which shall be made of it."

He therefore followed Balfour to the council, where they found Kettledrummle adding to his lastly a few words of practical application. When these were

The therefore toilowed Ballour to the contcil, where they found Kettledrummle adding to his *lastly* a few words of practical application. When these were expended, Morton testified his willingness to accom-pany theirmain body of the army, which was destined to drive the regular troops from Glasgow. His com-panions in command were named, and the whole received a strengthening exhortation from the preach-ers who were present. Next morning, at break of day, the insurgent army broke up from their encampment, and marched towards Glasgow. It is not our intention to detail at length incidents which may be found in the history of the period. It is sufficient to say, that Claverhouse and Lord Ross, learning the superior force which was directed against them, intrenched, or rather barricadoed themselves, in the centre of the city, where the town-house and old jail were situated, with the determination to stand the assault of the insurgents rither than to abandon phe capital of the west of Scotland. The presbyte-rians made their attack in two bodies, one of which penetrated into the city in the line of the College and Cathedral Church, while the other marched up the Gellowgate, or principal access from the south-east. Both divisions were ledby men of resolution, and be-haved with freat minit. But the adventages of milivanowgate, or principal access from the south-east. Both divisions were led by men of resolution, and be-haved with great spirit. But the advantages of mili-tary skill and situation were too great for their undis-ciplined valour.

Ciplinea valour. Rose and Claverhouse had carefully disposed par-ties of their soldiers in houses, at the heads of the streets, and in the entrances of closes, as they are called ues or their sources in nouses, at the heads of the streets, and in the entrances of closes, as they are called, or, lances, beside those who were entrenched behind' breast-works which reached across the streets. The assailants found their ranks thinned by a fire from invisible opponents, which they had no means of returning with effect. It was in vain that Morton and other leaders exposed their persons with the utmost gallantry, and endeavoured to bring their antagonists to a close action; their followers shrunk from them in every direction. And yet, though Heary Morton was one of the very last to reture, and exerted himself in bringing up the rear, maintaining order in the retreat, and checking every attermpt which the enemy made to improve the advantage they had gained by the repulse, he had still the motification to bear many of those in his ranks muttering to each other, that "this came of trusting to latitudinarian boys; and that, had honest, faithful Burley led the attack, as he did that of the barricades of Tillietud-lem, the issue would have been as different as might be."

be." It was with burning resentment that Morton heard

- these reflections thrown out by the very men who had soonest exhibited signs of discouragement. The unjust reproach, however, had the effect of firing his emula-tion, and making him sensible that, engaged as was in a perilous cause, it was absolutely necessary which, by universal consent, seemed to be dewived

"I have no retreat," he said to himself. "All shall allow-even Major Bellenden-even Edith-that in courage, at least, the rebel Morton was not inferior to his father."

The condition of the army after the repulse was so undisciplined, and in such disorganization, that the leaders thought it prudent to draw off some miles leaders thought it prudent to draw off some mules from the city to gain time for reducing them once more into such order as they were capable of adopt-ing. Recruits, in the mean while, came fast in, more moved by the extreme hardships of their own con-dition, and encouraged by the advantage obtained at Loudon-hill, than deterred by the last unfortunate enterprise. Many of these attached themselves par-ticularly to Morton's division. He had, however, the mortification to see that his unpopularity among the more intolerant part of the Covenanters increased the mortification to see that his uppopularity among the more intolerant part of the Covenanters increased rapidly. The prudence beyond his years, which he exhibited in impreving the discipline and arrange-ment of his followers, they termed a trusting in the arm of flesh, and his avowed tolerance for those of religious sentiments and observances different from his own, obtained him, most unjustly, the nickname of Gallio, who cared for none of those things. What was worse than these misconceptions, the mob of the insurgents, always loudest in applause of those who push political or religious opinions to extremity, and insurgents, always loudest in applause of those who push political or religious opinions to extremity, and disgusted with such as endeavour to reduce them to the yoke of discipline preferred avowedly the more zealous leaders, in whose ranks enthusiasm in the cause supplied the want of good order and military subjection, to the restraints, which Morton endea-youred to bring them under. In short, while bearing the principal burden of command, (for his colleagues willingly relinquished in his favour every thing that, was troublesome and obnoxious in the office of gene-ral.) Morton found himself without that authority, which alone could render his regulations effectual.\* Yet, notwithstanding these obstacles, he had, during the course of a few days, laboured so hard to introduce some degree of disciplina into the army, that he thought he might hazard a second attack upon Glasgow with every prospect of success. It cannot be doubted that Morton's anxiety to measure himself with Colonal Grahame of Claver-house, at whose hands he had sustained such injury, had its share in giving motive to his uncommon that he the Claverhouse disappointed his hopes; for, satafied with having the advantage in repulsing the first attack upon Glasgow, he determined that he would not, with the handful of troops under his com-mand, await a second assault from the insurgents, with more numerous and better disciplined tores

would not, with the handful of troops under his com-mand, await a second assault from the insurgents, with more numerous and better discoplined forces than had supported their first enterprise. He there-fore evacuated the place, and marched at the head of his troops towards Edinburgh. The insurgents of course entered Glasgow without resistance, and with-out Morton having the opportunity, which she so deeply coveted, of again encountering Glaverhouse personally. But, although he had not an opportunity of wiping away the disgrace which had befallen has division of the army of the Covenant, the retreat of Claverhouse, and the possession of Glasgow, tended greatly to shimate the insurgent army, and to increase

"These feuds which tore to pieces the little army of margents, tasked mergy on the point whether the king's interest er royal authority was to be ewned or not, and whether the party in arms were to be coptentid with a free exercise of their own religion, er insta upon the re-establishment of Presbytery in its improve anthonity, and with full power to predominate over all other forms of worship. The faw country gentlemen who poins the insurrection, with the most sensible part of the elegar, thought it best to limit their demands to what I might be possible to attain. But the party who utged these moderate rows were tarmed by the more zanious bigots, the Erastian party, men, nemely, who were wilking to place the church the sensible them 'a smare upon Mizgah, and a net spread upon "Most." See the Life of Eir Robert Hamilton in the Boottish Worthies, and his account of the Battle of Bothweil-bridge, meters.

which, by universal consent, seemed to be deve upon Henry Morton, and which he the more re upon rienty worken, and which he the more tang undertook, because his father had made him so-quainted with the theory of the military art, and because he plainly saw, that, unless he took the ungracious but absolutely necessary labour, it was vain to expect any other to engage in it. In the mean while, fortune appeared to farour the

In the mean while, fortune appeared to farour it enterprise of the insurgents more than the most a guine durst have expected. The Privy Council Scotland, astonished at the extent of resistance whi their arbitrary measures had provoked, seemed sta field with terror, and incapable of taking active as to subdue the resentment which these measures had excited. There were but vary few troops in Scotlas and these they drew towards Edinburgh, as it to is an army for the protection of the measurements. and array of the protection of the metropolis. feudal array of the crown vassals in the vasious co ties, was ordered to take the field, and render to T thes, was ordered to take the heid, and render to its King the military service due for their fields. But its summons was very slackly obeyed. The quarket was not generally popular along the gentry; and own these who were not unwilling themselves to have taken arms, were deterred by the repagnance of their wives, mothers, and sisters, to their engaging in such a cause.

a canse. Mean while, the inadequacy of the Scottish power ment to provide for their own defence, or to pet down a rebellion of which the commencement secured a triling, excited at the English court doubts at case a their capacity, and of the prudence of the available they had exerted against the oppressed parabytement It was, therefore, resolved to nominate to the com-main of the army of Scotland, the unfortune Daily of Menmouth, who had by marinage a great intense. large estate, and a numerous following, as it was called, in the southern parts of that kingdon. The called, in the southern parts of that kingdon. The subdue the insurgents in the field; while it was at pected that his mild temper, and the favourable do position which he showed to presbyterians in genera to the government. The Duke was, therefore, movers with a commission, containing high power for set thing the distracted affairs of Scotland, and dispatchs from London with strong succours to take the prime pal military command in that country. Mean while, the inadequacy of the Scottishy 

#### CHAPTER XXVIL

---- I am bound to Bothwell-ha

THERE was now a pause in the military n

THERE was now a-pause in the suilitary movine on both sides. The government seemed contasts prevent the rebels advancing towards the cap while the insurgents were infent upon augment and strengthening their forces. For this purp they established a sort of encompment in the pelonging to the ducal residence at Hamilton, a trical situation for receiving their recruits, and w they were secured from any sudden attack, by ha the Cilyde, a deep and rapid river, in front of their iton, which is only passable by a long and ma bridge, near the castle and village of Bothweld. Morton remained here for about a fortnight the attack on Glasgow, actively segagged in his interval. Ma had received more than one com nication from Burley, but they only stated, in gen that the Castle of Tillietudiem continued to hold Impatient of anyon this intention.—for he no reason why he should not assume a facement was taken by every one else in this disconderly e-rivate sflars of consequence. The proposal w no means approved of a the minitary conneal a insurgents were sufficiency conneal w



#### · CHAP. XXVIL)

his services to fear to lose them, and felt somewhat conscious of their own inability to supply his place. They could not however, pretend to dictate to him laws more rigid than they submitted to themselves, laws more rigid than they submitted to themselves, and he was suffered to depart on his journey without any direct objection being stated. The Reverend Mr. Poundtext took the same opportunity to pay a visit to his own residence in the neighbourhood of M.n.wood, and favoured Morton with his company on the jour-ney. As the country was chiefly friendly to their cause, and in possession of their detached parties, excepting here and there the stronghold of some old cavaliering Raron they travelled without any other cavaliering Baron, they travelled without any other attendant than the faithful Cuddie.

Lavanering baron, hey travened without any other attendant than the faithful Cuddie. It was near sunset when they reached Milnwood, where Poundtext bid adieu to his companions, and travelled forward aloge to his own manee, which was situated half a mile's march beyond Tillietudlem. When Morton was left alone to his own reflections, with what a complication of feelings did he review the woods, banks, and fields, that had been familiar to him I His character, as well as his habits, thoughts, and occupations, had been entirely changed within the space of little more than a fortnight, aud twenty days seemed to have done upon him the works of as many years. A mild, romantic, genile-tempered youth, bred up in dependence, and stooping patiently to the control of a sordid and tyrannical relation, had suddenly, by the rod, of oppression and the spur of injured feeling, been compelled to stand forth a leader of azmed men, was earnestly engaged in affairs of a injured feeling, been compelled to stand forth a leader of armed men, was carnestly engaged in affairs of a public nature, had friends to animate and enemies to contend with, and felt his individual fate bound up in that of a national insurrection and revolution. It seemed as if he had at once experienced a transition from the romantic dreams of youth to the labours and cares of active manhood. All that had formerly inte-rested him was obliterated from his memory, except-ing only his attachment to Edith; and even his love seemed to have assumed a character more manly and disinterested, as it had become mingled and contrast-ed with other duties and feelings. As he revolved the particulars of this sudden change, the circumstances in which it originated, and the possible consequences of his present career, the thrill of natural anxiety which passed along his mind was immediately ba-nished by a glow of generous and high-spirited confi-dence.

nment by a glow of generous and high-spirited confi-dence. "I shall fall-young," he said, "if fall I must, my motives misconstrued, and my actions condemned, by those whose approbation is dearest to me. But the sword of liberty and patriotism is in my, hand, and I will neither fall meanly nor unavenged. They may expose my body, and gibbet my limbs; but other days will come, when the sentence of infamy wilt recoil against those who may pronounce it. And that Hea-ven, whose name is so often profaned during this unnatural war, will bear witness to the purity of the motives by which I have been guided." Upon approaching Milnwood, Henry's knock upon the gate no longer intimated the conscious timidity of a straping who has been out of bounds, but the confi-dence of a man in full possession of his own rights, and master of his own actions, —bold, free, and de-cided. The door was cautiously opened by his old acquaintance, Mrs. Alison Wilson, who started back when she saw the steel cap and nodding plume of the martial visiter. "Where is my uncle, Alison?" said Morton, smiling at her alarm.

Where is my uncle, Alison ?" said Morton, smiling nt her alarm.

at her alarm. "Lordsske, Mr. Harry ! is this you?" returned the sld lady. "In troth, ye garr'd my heart loup to my yery mouth—But it canna be your ainsell, for ye look taller and mair manly-like than ye used to do." "It is, however, my own self," said Henry, sigh-ing and smiling at the same time: "I believe this dress may make me look taller, and these times, Ailie, make men out of boys."

make men out of boys." "Sad times indeed !" echoed the old woman : "and

Sat times indeed i echoed the oid woman; "and of that you suld be endangered wi'them ! but what can belp it ?--ye were ill eneugh guided, and, as I tell your uncle, if ye tread on a worm it will turn." "You were always my advocate, dike," said he, and the heusekeeper no longer resented the familiar

epithet; "and would let no one blame me but yourself, I atn aware of that.-Where is my uncle?" "In Edinburgh," replied Alison: "the honest man thought it was best to gang and sit by the chimley when the teck rase-a vex'd man he's been and a feared-but ye ken the Laird as well us I do." "I hope he has suffered nothing in health?" said

Henry.

"I nope he has suffered nothing in health ?" said Henry. "Nacthing to speak of," answered the housekceper, "nor in gudes neither-we, fended as weel as we could; and, though the troopers of Tillietudem took the red cow and suld Hackie, (ye'll mind them weel,) yet they sauld us a gude bargain o' four they were driving to the Castle." "Sold you a bargain ?" said Morton; "how do you mean ?" "Ou, they cam out to gather marts for the garn-son," answered the housekceper;" but they just fail to their auld trade, and rade through the country couping and selling a' that they gat, like sas mony west-country drovers. My certie, Major Bellenden twas larie of the least share o' what they lifted, though it was ta'en in his name." "Then," said Morton, hastily, "the garnison must be straitened for provisions?" "Streesed eneugh," replied Allie--" there's little donbt o' that." A light instantly glanced on Morton's mind.

doubt o'that." "I want of the second of the

attendant.

"Cuddie !" exclaimed Ailie; "what gart'd ye bring that ill-fa'ur'd, unlucky loon alang wi'ye? It was him and his randie mother began a' the mischief in this house.

this house." "replied Cuddie, "ye should forget and forgie, mistress. Mither's in Glasgow wi'her titte, and sall plague ye nae mair; and I'm the Captain's wallie now, and I keep him tighter in thack and rape than ever ye did ;-saw ye him ever sae weel put on .

"In troth and that's true," said the old house-keeper, looking with great complacency at her young master, whose mien she thought much improved by his dress. "I'm sure ye ne'er had a laced cravat like that when ye were at Milnwood; that's name o' my

that when your set of the set of

Lord Symmatic 7 answered the old lady, "Intra-him that the whigs are grain to hang the morn, as I hear say." "The whigs about to hang Lord Evandale?" said Morton, in the greatest surprise. "Ay' troth are they," said the housekeeper. "Yes-terday night he made a sally, as they ca't, (my mo-ther's name was Selly--I wonder they gie Christian folk's names to sic unchristian doings,)--but he made an outbreak to get provisions, and his men were dri-ven back and he was ta'en, an' the whig Captain Bal-four garr'd set up a gallows, and swore, (or said upon his conscience, for they winna swear,) that if the gar-rison was not gien ower the morn by daybreak, he would hing up the young lord, poor thing as high as Haman.-These are sair times "-but folk canna help them-sae do ye sit down and tak bread and cheese until better meat's made ready. Ye suldan hae kend a word about it, an I had thought it was to spoil your dinner, hinny." "Fed, or unfed," exclaimed Morton, "saddle the borses instantly, Cuddie. We must not rest until we get before the Castle." And, reasing all Alik's entreaties, they instantly

And, resisting all Ailie's entreaties, they instantry resumed their journey. Morton failed not to halt at the dwelling of Pound-text, and summon him to attend him to the camp.

That honest arrive had just resumed for an instant That nonest divide had just resumed for an instant his pacific habits, and was perusing an ancient theo-logical treatise, with a pipe in his mouth, and a small jug of ale beside him, to assist his digestion of the argument. It was with bitter ill-will that he relin-guished these comforts (which he called his studies) in order to recommence a hard ride upon a high trotargument. It was with bitter ill-will that he relin-guished these comforts (which he called his studies) in order to recommence a hard ride upon a high-troi-ting horse.—However, when he knew the matter in hand, he gave up, with a deep groan, the prospect of spending a quiet evening in his own little parlour; for he entirely agreed with Morton, that whatever interest Burley migh thave in rendering the breach be-tween the presbyterians and the government irrecon-eilable, by putting the young nobleman to death, it was by no means that of the moderate party to per-mit such an act of atrocity. And it is but doing jus-tice to Mr. Poundtext to add, that, like most of his own persuasion, he was decidedly adverse to any such acts of unnecessary violence; besides, that his own persuasion, he was decidedly adverse to any such acts of unnecessary violence; besides, that his own persuasion, he was decidedly adverse to any such acts of unnecessary violence; besides, that his own persuasion of Lord Even of clock at night at a small hamlet adjacent to the Castle at Tillietudiem, where Burley had established his head-quarters. They were challenged by the sentinel, who made his melancholy walk at the entrance of the hamlet, and admitted upon declaring their names and autho-rity in the army. Another soldier kept watch before a house, which they conjectured to be the place of Lord Evandale's confinement, for a gibbet of such great height as to be visible from the battlements of the Castle, was erected before it, in melancholy con-firmation of the trath of Mrs. Wilson's report. \* Morton: instantly demanded to speak, with Burley, and was directed to his quarters. They found him reading the Scriptures, with his arms lying beside him, as if ready for any sudden alarm. He starfed upon the entrance of his colleagues in office. "What has brought ye hither T' said Burley, hastily. "Is there bad news from the army?" "No," replied Burley, "hath delivered him there are measures adopted here in which the safety of the army is deeply c

your prisoner?" "The Lord," replied Burley, "hath delivered him into our hands."

"And you will avail yourself of that advantage, granted you by Heaven, to dishonour our cause in the eyes of all the world, by putting a prisoner to an igno-minious death ?"

eyes of all the word, by putting a prisoner to an igno-minious death ?" "If the house of Tillietudlem be not surrendered by daybreak," replied Burley, "God do so to me and more also, if he shall not die that death to which his leader and patron, John Grahame of Claverhouse, hath put so many of God's saints." "We are in arms," replied Morton, "to put down such cruelties, and not to imitate them, far less to avenge upon the innocent the acts of the guilty. By what law, can you justify the atrocity you would commit?" "If thou art ignorant of it," replied. Burley, "thy companion is well aware of the law which gave the men of Jericho to the sword of Joshua, the son.of Nun." "But we," artswered the divine, "live under a better dispensation, which instructeth us to return good for evil, and to pray for those who despitchily use us and persecute us."

"That is to say," said Burley, "that thou wilt join thy gray hairs to his green youth to controvert me in

"We are," rejoined Poundtext, "two of those to whom, jointly with thyself, authority is delegated over this host, and we will not permit thes to hurt a hair of the prisoner's head. It may please God to make

• no presence o next. It may presse tool to make \* The Cameronians had suffered persocution, but it was with-cat learning mercy. We are informed by Captain Crichton, that they had set up in their samp a huge gibbet, or gallows, having many hooks upon it, with a coil of new ropes [ring beside it, for the szcation of such royalists as they might make prison-are. Guild, in his Beliam Boliamilianum, describes this machine particularly.

him a means of healing these unhappy breaches a our Israel."

"I judged it would come to this," answerd Bar-ley, "when such as thou wert called into the wancil of the elders."

of the elders." "Such as I ?" answered Poindtext,—"And who am I, that you should name me with such son !-Have I not kept the flock of this sheep-fold from the wolves for thirty years ? Ay, even while thou, bin Balfour, wert fighting in the ranks of uncircumcism, a Philistine of hardened brow and bloody hand—Whe am I. sav'st thou ?"

Balfour, wert fighting in the ranks of uncircumcism, a Philistine of hardened brow and bloody hand-Wha am I, say at thou ?" "I will tell thee what thou art, since thou would so fain know," said Burley. "Thou art one of those who would reap where thou hast not sowed, and divide the spoil while others fight the battle-thou art one of those that follow the gospel for the loaves and for the fishes-that love their own manse betts than the Church of God, and that would rather draw their stipends under prelatists or heathens, than be a partaker with those noble spirits who have cast all behind them for the sake of the Cowmant." "And I will tell thee, John Balforg," returned Poundtext, deservedly incensed, "I will tell thee what thou art. Thou art one of thoes, for whose bloody and merciless disposition a reproach is fung upon the whole church of this suffering kingdom, and for whose violence and blood-guiltiness, it is to be feared, this fair attempt to recover our cird and rei-gious rights will never be homourd by Providence with the desired success." "Gentlemen," said Morton, "cease this irriting and unavailing recrimination ; and do yee, Mr. Ba-ffour, inform us, whether it is your purpose to ognose the liberation of Lord Evandale, which appears to es a profitable measure in the present positios of our affairs?" "You are here," answored Burley, "a two vaces

affairs?" "You are here," answored Burley, "at two veices against one; but you will not refuse to tary until the united council shall decide upon this matter?" "This," said Morton, "we would not decline, if we could trust the hands in whom we are to leave the prisoner.—But you know well," he added, looking sternly at Burley, "that you have already decever me in this matter."

sternly at Burley, "that you mave enterny" me in this matter." "Go to," said Burley, disdainfully,—"thou art an idle inconsaterate boy, who, for the black ere-brows of a silly gri, would barter thy own faith and bonoks, and the cause of God and of thy country." "Mr. Balfour," said Morton, laying his hand on his sword, "this language requires satisfaction." "And thou shalt have it, stripling, when and when thou darest," said Burley; "I plaght thee my goo

Not drives, said burry; I pant late my goc word on it." Poundtext, in his turn, interfered to remind them of the madness of quarrelling, and effected with difficulty a sort of sullen reconciliaton. "Concerning the prisoner," said Burley, "deal with him 'as ye think fit. I wash my hands hee from all consequences. He is my prisoner, made by my sword and spear, while you, Mr. Morea, were playing the adjutant at drills and parades, and you, Mr. Poundtext, were warping the Scriptures into Erastianism. Take him unto you, neverthe-less, and vispose of him as ye think meet. Ding-wall," he continued, calling a sort of aid-de-camp who slept in the next apartment, "let the gnard posted on the malignant Evandale give up the post to those whom Captain. Morton shall appoint to relieve them.—The prisoner," he said, again ad-dreasing Poundtext and Morton, "is now at you disposal, gentlemen. But remember, that for all they accounting." accounting.

accounting." So saying, he turned abruptly into an inner and ment, without bidding them good evening. His we visiters, after a moment's consideration, agnet would be prudent to ensure the prisoner's person safety, by placing over him an additional guard de-sen from their own parishioners. A band of the happened to be stationed in the hamlet, having the attached, for the time, to Burley's command, in other that the men might be gratified by remaining as the as possible near to their own homes. They were They were # general smart, active young fellows, and wars usually called by their companions, the Marksmen of Miln-wood. By Morton's desire, four of these lads readily undertook the task of sentinels, and he left with them Headrigg, on whose fidelity he could depend, with instructions to call him, if any thing remarkable hapnened.

pence. This arrangement being made, Morton and his col-league took possession, for the night of such quarters as the over-crowded and miserable hamlet could af-ford them. They did not, however, separate for repose till they had drawn up a memorial of the grievances of the moderate presbyterians; which was summed up with a request of free toleration for their religion in future, and that they should be permitted to attend gospel ordinances as dispensed by their own clergy-men, without oppression or molestation. Their peti-tion proceeded to require that a free parliament should be called for setting the affairs of church and state, and for redressing the injuries sustained by the sub-ject; and that all those who either now were, or had been, in arms, for obtaining these ends, should be in-demnified. Morton could not but strongly hope that these terms, which comprehended all that was want-ed, or wished for, by the moderate party among the insurgents, might, when thus cleared of the violence of fanaticism, find advocates even among the royal-ists, as claining only the ordinary rights of Scottish freemen. This arrangement being made, Morton and his col**a** 10

freemen. He had the more confidence of a favourable recep-cion, that the Duke of Mommouth, to whom Charles had intrusted the charge of subd.ing this rebellion, was a man of gentle, moderate, and accessible dispo-sition, well known to be favourable to the presbyte-sians, and invested by the king with full powers to take measures for quieting, the disturbances in Scot-land. It seemed to Morton, that all that was necessary for influencing him in their favour was to find a fit and sufficiently respectable channel of communication, and such assumed to be onsaid through the medium and sumcenuy respectable channel of communication, and such seemed to be opened through the medium of. Lord Evendele. He resolved, therefore, to visit the prisoner early in the morning, in order to sound his dispositions to undertake the task of mediator; but an accident happened which led him to anticipate his purpose.

#### CHAPTER XXVIII. a of Ger

MORTON had finished the revisal and the making out of a fair copy of the paper on which he and Pound-text had agreed to rest as a full statement of the greater part of the msurgents would be contented to lay down their arms; and he was about to betake himself to repose, when there was a knocking at the door of his spartment. "Enter," said Morton; and the round bullet-head of Cuddie Headrigg was thrust into the room. "Come in," said Morton, "and tell me what you want. Is there any alarm ?"

in," said Morton, there any alarm?"

"Na, stir; but I hae brought ane to speak wi you." "Who is that, Cuddie?" inquired Morton. "Ane o' your auld acquaintance." said Cuddie.

"Na, stir; but I hae brought ane to speak wi'you." "Who is that, Cuddie ?" inquired Morton. "Ane o' your auld acquaintance," said Cuddie; and opening the door more fully, he half led, half dragged in a woman, whose face was muffled in her plaid.—"Come, come, ye needna be sae bashfu' before and acquaintance, Jenny," said Cuddie, pulling down the veil, and discovering to his master the well-re-membered countenance of Jenny Dennison. "Tell his honour, now—there's a braw lass—tell him what re were wanting to say to Lord Evandale, mistres," "What was I wanting to say," answered Jenny, "to his honour himsell the other morning, when I risited him in captivity, ye muckle hash ?—D'ye think that folk dinna want to see their friends in adversity, ye dour crowdy-enter?" "This reply was made with Jenny's usual volubility; yut her voice quivered, her cheek was thin and pale, he tears stood in her eyes, her hand trembled, her manner was fluttend, and her whole presence bore marks of recent suffering and privation, as well as servous and hysterical sgitation.

"What is the matter, Jenny?" stid Morton, kindly. "You know how much I owe you in many respects, and can hardly make a request that I will not grant,

and can hardly make a request that I will not grant, if in my power." "Many thanks, Milnwood," said the weeping dam-sel; "but ye were aye a kind gentleman, though folk say ye hae become sair changed now." "What do they say of me " answered Morton. " A' body saya," replied Jenny, "that you and the whigs hae made a vow to ding King Charles aff the throne, and that neither he, nor his posteriors from generation to generation, shall sit upon it ony mair; and John Gudyill threeps ye're to gie a' the church organs to the pipers, and burn the Book o' Common-prayer by the hands of the common hangman, in revenge of the Covenant that was burnt when the king cam hame." "My friends at Tillietuslem judge too hastily and too ill of me," answered Morton. "I wish to have free exercise of my own religion, without insulting and other; and as to your family, I only desire an opportunity to show them I have the same friendship and kindness as ever."

"Blees your kind heart for saying see," said Jen-ny, bursting into a flood of tears; "and they aever needed kindness or friendship mair, for they are fam-ished for lack of food." "Good God !" replied Morton, "I have heard of

"Good God P' replied Morton, "I have heard of ecarcity, but not of famine! Is it possible?—Have the ladies and the Major"— "They has suffered like the lave o' us," replied Jea-my; "for they shared every bit and sup wi' the whole folk in the Castle—I'm sure my poor een see fifty volours wi' faintness, and my head's sae dixry wi' the minitigoes that I canna stand my lane." The thinness of the poor girl's check, and the sharpness of her features, bore witness to the truth of what she said. Morton was greatly shocked. "Sit down," he said, "for God's sake!" forcing her into the only chair the apartment afforded, while he immediate strode up and down the rdom in horror and

"Sit down," he said, "for God's sake!" forcing her into the only chair the apartment afforded, while he himself strode up and down the room in horror and impatience. "I knew not of this," he exclaimed in broken ejaculations,-"I could not know of it.-Cold-blooded, iron-hearted fanatic-deceitful villain b-Cuddie, fetch refreshmentsw-food-wine, if possible-whatever you can find." "Whisky is gude ensugh for her," mattered Cud-die; "ane wadna hae thought that gude meal was sae scant amang them, when the quean threw sao muckle gude kall-bross scalding het about my lugs." Faint and miserable as Jenny seemed to be, abs could not hear the allusion to her exploit during the storm of the Castle, without bursting into a laugh horror on the distress which must have been in the Castle, Morton repeated his commands to Headrigg in a peremptory manner; and when he had departed, endeavoured to scothe his visiter. "You come, I suppose, by the orders of your mis-tress, to visit Lord Evandale?-Tell me what she Jenny appeared to reflect a moment, and then said. "Your bonor is ace and a friend I must neave the

desires; to visit Loid Evaluate Ten inde what sub desires; to visit Loid Evaluate Ten inde what sub desires; the orders shall be inv law." Jenny appeared to reflect a moment, and then said, "Your honour is sae auld a friend, I must needs trust to you, and tell the truth." "Be assured Jenny," said Morton, observing that she hesitated, "that you will best serve your mistrees by dealing sincerely with me." "Weel, then, ye maun ken we're starving, as I said before, and have been mair days than ane; and the Major has sworn that he expects relief daily, and that he will not go ower the house to the enemy till we have eaten up his auld boots, —and they are unco thick in the soles, as ye may weel mind, forby being teugh in the upper-leather. The dragoons, again they think they will be forced to gie up at last, and they canna bide hunger weel, after the life they led at Fyrandale's teen, there's nae guiding them; and In The quarters for this while by-past; and since Lord Evandale's taen, there's not guiding them; and In glis says he'll gie up the garrison to the whigs, and the Major and the leddies into the bargain, if they will but let the troopers gang free themsells." "Scoundrels !" said Morton; "why do they not make terms for all in the Castle?"

"They are fear'd for denial o' quarter to themsells, having dune sae muckle mischief through the coun-try; and Burley has hanged and or twa o' them

aready—sate they want to draw their ain necks out of already—sate they want to draw their ain necks out of the cultar at hazard o' honest folk's." "And you were sent," continued Morton, "to carry to Lord Evandale the unpleasant news of the men's mutuny?"

"Just e'en sae," said Jenny; "Tam Halliday took the rue, and tauld me a' about it, and gat me out o' the Castle to tell Lord Evandale, if possibly I could

"But how can he help you?" said Morton; "he is

"Well-a-day, ay," answered the afflicted damsel; "Well-a-day, ay," answered the afflicted damsel; "bat maybe he could mak fair terms for us—or, may-be, he could gie us some good advice—or, maybe, he might send his orders to-the dragoons to be civil—

"Or, maybe," said Morton, "you were to try if it awere possible to set him at liberty?" "If it were sae," answered Jenny with spirit, "it wadna be the first time I has done my best to serve a "friend in cantivity."

wadna be the first time I hae done my best to serve a "friend in captivity." "True, Jenny." replied Morton, "I were most un-grateful to forget it. But here comes Cuddie with refreshments—I will go and do your errand to Lord Iswardie, while you take some food and wine." "It willna be arhits ye should ken," said Cuddie to his master, that this Jenny—this Mrs. Dennison, was twying to cuittle favour wir Tam Rand, the miller's man, to win into Lord Evandale's room without ony 'bedy kentun'. She wasna thinking, the gipsy, that I was at her etbow."

body kentin'. She wasna thinking, the gppsy, tast i "was at her elbow."
"And an unco fright ye gae me when ye cam ahint cand took a grip o' me," said Jenny, giving him a sly switch with her finger and her thumb—" if ye hadna been an auld acquaintance, ye dan gomeril".
Guddie, somewhat relenting, grinned a smile on his servid mistress, while Morton wrapped himself up in ibis cloak, took his sword under his arm, and wen: straight to the place of the young nobleman's confinement. He asked the santinels if any thing extraordinary had occurred.
"Nothing worth notice," they said, "excepting the lass that Cuddie took up, and two couriers that Captain Balfour had dispatched, one to the Reverend Ephraim Macbriar, another to Kettledrammle," both ef whom were beating the drum ecclesiastic in different towns between the position of Burley and the based-quarters of the main army near Hamilton.
"The purpose, I presume," said Morton, with an affour the messangers.
He is summoning a trumphant majority of the summoning the summoning the summoning the summoning the summoning the summer of the summoning the summoning the summoning the summoning the summoning the summer summer summer summer summoning the summer summ

He is summoning a triumphant majority of the souncil, thought Morton to himself, for the purpose of sanctioning whatever action of atrocity he may deter-

sanctioning whatever action of atrocity he may deter-mine upon, and thwarting opposition by authority. I must be speedy, or I shall lose my opportunity. When he entered the place of Lord Evandale's con-finement, he found him' ironed, and reclining on a flock bed in the wretched garret 'of a miserable cot-tage. He was either in a slumber, or in deep medita-tion, when Morton entered, and turned on him, when aroused, a countenance so much reduced by loss of sloed, want of sleep, and scarcity of food, that no one could have recognised in it the gallent soldier who had behaved with so much spirit at the skirmish of "Loudon-hill. He displayed some surprise at the sud-vien cartance of Morton."

As a matrance of Morton. "I am sorry to see you thus, my lord," said that

"I have beard you are an admirer of poetry," an-weed the prisoner; "in that case, Mr. Morton, you asy remember these lines,—

'Stone walls do not a prison make, Or iron bars a care: A free and quiet mind can take, These for a hermitage,'

But, were my imprisonment less endurable, I am given to expect to-morrow a total enfranchisement." "By death?" said Morton. "Surely," answered Lord Evandale: "I have no

other prospect. Your comrade, Burley, has already dipped his hand in the blood of men whose meanness of rank and obscurity of extraction might have saved them. I cannot boast such a shield from his ve

them. I cannot boast such a shield from his van-geance, and I expect to meet its extremity." "But Major Bellenden," said Morton, "may surran-der, in order to preserve your life." "Never, while there is one man to defend the bat-thement, and that man has one crust to eat. I know his gallant resolution, and grieved should I be if he changed it for my sake." Morton hastened to acquaint him with the mutary among the dragoons, and their resolution to surrender the Castle, and put the ladies of the family, as well es the Major, into the hands of the enemy. Lord Evandale seemed at first surprised, and something incredulous, but immediately afterwards deeply af-focted.

footed. "What is to be done?" he said-- "How is this mi fortune to be averted ?" "Hear me, my lotd," said Morton. "I believe y may not be unwilling to bear the olive branch between the time the King and that part of his subject "I believe you our master the King, and that part of his subjects which is now in arms, not from choice, but necessity." "You construe me but justly," said Lord Evandais; "but to what does this read ?"

"but to what does this sand?" "Permit me, my lord"—continued Moston. "J will set you at liberty upon parole; nay, you may re-turn to the Castle, and shall have a safe conduct fou the ladies, the Major, and all who leave it, on con-dition of its instant surrender. In contributing to bring this about, you will only submit to circemastan-ces; for, with a mutiny in the garrison, and wither provisions, it will be found impossible to defand the place twenty-four hours longer. These, therefore their fato. You and your followers shall have a free pass to Edimburgh, or wherever the Duke of Mon-mooth may be. In return for your liberty, we hope that you will recommend to the notice of his Grace, as Lieutenant-General of Scotland, this humble pen-tion and remonstrance, containing the grievance as house that containing the green and the second and the green and t arms.

Lord Evandade read over the paper with attention. "Mr. Morton," he said, "in my simple judgment, I see little objection that can be made to the measures int. Morton, "he said, "in my ample judgment, i see little objection that can be made to the measures here recommended; nay, farther, I believe, in many respects, they may meet the private sentiments at the Duke of Monmouth : and yet, to deal frankly with you, I have no hopes of their being granted, unlices, in the first place you were to lay down your arms." "The doing so," answered Morton, "would be vir-tually conceding that we had no right to take them up; and that, for one, I will never agree to." "Perhaps it is hardly to be expected you should," said Lord Evandale; "and yet on that point I am eertain the negotiations will be wrecked. I am wil-ling, however, having frankly told you my opinion, to do all in my power to bring about a reconciliation." "It is all we can wish or expect." replied Morton; "the issue is in God's hands, who disposes the hearts of princes.--You accept, then, the safe conduct?" "Certainly," answered Lord Evandale; "and til do not enlarge upon the obligation incurred by your having saved my life a second time, believe that I do not feel it the less." "And the garrison of Tillietudlem ?" said Moreon.

of feel it the less." "And the garrison of Tillietudlem?" said Morton "Shall be withdrawn as you propose," answeig e young nobleman. "I am sensible the Major wi "Shall be withdrawn as you propose," answard the young nobleman. "I am sensible the Major with be unable to bring the mutincers to reason; and I tremble to think of the consequences, should the takes and the brave old man be delivered up to this blogd-thirsty ruffian, Burley." "You are in that case free," said Morton. "Pre-pare to mount on horseback; a few men whom I can trust shall attend you till you are in safety from out parties."

my imprisonment less endurable, I am eet to-morrow a total enfranchisement." 1° said Morton. answered Lord Evandale; "I have no inder bolding the rein of a spare horse. Jenny, who

while she partook of her refreshment, had contrived to make up her breach with Cuddie, rode on the left hand of that valiant cavalier. The tramp of their horses was soon heard under the window of Lord Evandale's prison. Two men, whom he did not know, entered the apartment, disencumbered him of his fetters, and, conducting him down stairs, mounted him in the centre of the detachment. They set out at

him in the centre of the detachment. They set out at a round trot towards Tilletudiem. The moonlight was giving way to the dawn when they approached that ancient fortress, and its dark massive tower had just received the first pale colour-ing of the morning. The party halted at the Tower barrier, not venturing to approach nearor for fear of the fire of the place. Lord Evendale alone rode up to the gate, followed at a distance by Jenny Dennison. As they approached the gate, there was heard to arise in the covertyard a tumnit, which accorded ill with the quiet a symmer dawn. 'Creas and outpa the quiet estimates a summer dawn. Cries and oaths were heard, a pistol-shot or two were discharged, and every thing announced that the mutiny had broken out. At this crisis Lord Evendale arrived at the gate where Halliday was sentuel. On hearing Lord Evan-dals's voice, he instantly and gladly admitted him, and that nobleman arrived among the mutinous twoopers like a man dropped from the clouds. They

the property like a man dropped from the clouds. They ways in the act of putting their design into execution, of seizing the place into their own hands, and were about to disarm and overpower Major Bellenden and Harrison, and others of the Castle, who ware offering the best resistance in their power. The appearance of Lord Evandale changed the scene. He seized inglis by the collar, and, upbraid-ing him with his villany, ordered two of his com-rades to seize and bind him, assuring the others, that their only chance of impunity consisted in instant their only chance of the companies of the men into their ranks. They obeyed. He companies that the instant of discillane, joined to their persuasion that the au-thority of their officer, so holdly exerted, must be supported by some forces without the gate, induced them to submit.

emported by some forces without the gate, induced them to submit. "Take sway those arms," said Lord Evandale to the people of the Castle; "they shall not be restored until these men know better the use for which they are intrusted with them.—And now," he continued, addressing the mutineers, "begone!—Make the best use of your time, and of a truce of three hours, which the enemy are contented to allow you. Take the used to Edinburgh, and meet me at the House-of-Muir. I need not bid you beware of committing violence by the way; you will not, in your present condition, pro-voke regentment for your own sakes. Let your voke resentment for your own sakes. Let your punctuality show that you mean to atone for this morning's business

The disarmed soldiers shrunk in silence from the presence of their officer, and, leaving the Castle, took the road to the place of rendersvous, making such haste as was inspired by the fear of meeting with some detashed party of the insurgents, whom their present defenceless condition, and their former violence, might inspire with thoughts of revence, inglis, whom Evandale destined for punishment, re-mained in custody. Halliday was praised for his considuct, and assured of succeeding to the rank of the culprit. These arrangements being hastily made, Lord Evandale accested the Major, before whose syze the scene had second to pass like the change of a dream.

eyes the scene had seemed to pass like the change of a dream. "My dear Major, we must give up the place." "Is it even so ?" said Major Bellenden. "I was in hopes you had brought reinforcements and supplies." "Not a man-mot a pound of meal," answered Lord Evandale. "Yet I am blithe to see you," returned the honest Major ; "we were informed yesterday that these pealm-singing rascals had a plot on your hie, and I had mustered the scoundrelly dragoons ten minutes ago in order to heat up Burley's quarters and get you out of limbo, when the dog Inglis, instead of obeying ma, broke out into open mutiny.-But what is to be dong now ?" e now?

Lineve, myssif, no choice," suid Lord Evandale: Vol. II 4 D

"I am a prisoner, released on parole, and bound for Edinburgh. You and the ladies must take the same route. I have, by the favour of a friend, a safe conduct and horses for you and your retinue-for God's duct and norses for you and your retinue—ror word s sake make haste—you cannot propose to hold out with seven or eight men, and without provisions— Enough has been done for honour, and enough to render the defence of the highest consequence to go-vernment. More were needless, as well as desperate. The English troops are arrived at Edinburgh, and will and the seven destination of the seven of

The English troops are arrived at Edinburgh, and will speedily move upon Hamilton. The possession of Tilietudiem by the rebels will be but temporary." "If you think so, mylord," said the veteran, with a reluctant sigh,—"I know you only advise what is honourable—if, then, you really think the case inevi-table, I must submit; for the mutiny of these scoun-drels would render it impossible to man the walls.— Gudyill, let the women call up their mistresses, and all be ready to march—But if I could believe that my remaining in these dd wells, till I was starved to a mummy, could do the King's cause the least service, old Miles Bellenden would not leave them while thare was a spark of life in his body "

mummy, could do the King's cause the least service, old Miles Bellanden would not leave them while there was a spark of life in his body l" The ladies, already alarmed by the nutiny, now heard the detarmination of the Major, in which they readily acquiesced, though not without some greans and sighs on the part of Lady Margaret, which so-ferred, as usual, to the *déjount* of this Most Sacced Majesty in the balls which were now to be abandoned to robels. Hasty preparations were made for evanue-ting the Castle; and long ere the dawn was distinct enough for discovering objects with precision, the ladies, with Major Bellenden, Harrison, Gudyill, and the other domestics, were mounted on the led homes, and others which had been provided in the neighbour-hood, and proceeded towards the north, still escented by four of the insurgent horsemen. The rest of the party who had accompanied Lord Evandale from the hamlet, took, possession of the desried Castle, care-fully forbearing all outrage or acts of plunder. And when the sun arose, the scartest and blue colours of the Soctish Covenant floated from the Keep of Tillie-tudlem. tudlem

#### CHAPTER XXIX. And, to my breast, a bodkin in her hand

Thu cavalcade which left the Castle of Tillietadi halted for a few minutes at the small town of Bethhalted for a few initiates at the small fown of sear-well, after passing the outposts of the insurgents; to take some slight refreshments which their attendants had provided, and which were really necessary to persons who had enfiered considerably by want; of proper nourishment. They then pressed forward upon the read towards Edinburgh, amid the lights of the merit is the merit are an initial to be a set of the persons is the person to be a set of the person of the persons is mon the road towards Edinburgh, amid the lights of dawn which were now rising on the horizon. It might have been expected, during the course of the journey, that Lord Evandale would have been fre-quently by the side of Miss Edith Bellenden. Yet, after his first salutations had been exchanged, and every precaution solicitously adopted which could erver for her accommodation, he wole in the van of the party with Major Bellenden, and seemed to aban-don the charge of immediate attendance upon his lovely nices to one of the insurgent cavaliers, where aon use charge or immetipite attendance upon this lovely nices to one of the insurgent cavaliers, where dark military cloak, with the large flapped hat and Yeather, which drooped over his face, concested at ones his figure and his factures. They rode side by side in silence for more than two miles, when the stranger addressed Miss Bellenden in a tremulous

stranger addressed Miss Hellenden m a tremulous and suppressed voice. "Miss Bellenden," he said, "must have friends wherever she is known; even among those whose conduct she new disapproves. Is there any thing that such can do to show their respect for her, and their regret for her sufferings?" "Let them learn for their own sakes," replied Edith, "to move the learn for their own sakes, "here and there

Let them tearn for their own sakes," replied Kitth, "to venerate the laws, and to spare innocent blood. Let them return to their allegiance, and I can forgive them all that I have suffered, were it ten times more." "You think it impossible, then," rejoined the ca-valier, "for any one to serve in our ranks, having the, 55

"Not in the present instance, I plight you the word of a soldier," replied the horseman. "I have been taught candour from my birth," said

"Not in the present instance, I plight you the word of a soldier," replied the horseman.
"I have been taught candour from my birth," said Edith; 'and, if I am to speak at all. I must utter my real sentiments. God only can judge the heart—mea must estimate intentions by actions. Treabon, murder by the sword and by gibbet, the oppression of a private family such as ours, who were only in arms for the defence of the established government, and of our own property, are actions which must needs saily all that have accession to them, by whatsver specious terms they may be gilded over."
"The guilt of civil war," rejoined the horseman—" the miseries which it brings in its train, lie at the door of those who provoked it by illegal oppression, rather than of such as are driven to arms in order to assert their natural rights as freemen."
"That is assuming the question," replied Edith, "which ought to be proved. Each party contends that they are right in point of principle, and therefore the guilt must lie with them who first draw the sword; as, in an affray, law holds those to be the criminals who are the first to have recourse to violence."
"Alas!" said the horseman, "were our vindication to rest there, how easy would it be to show that we have suffered with a pationec which almost seemed beyond the power of humanity, are we were driven by oppression into open resistance !—But I perceive," he continued, sighing deeply, "that it is vain to plead before Mise Bellenden a cause which she has already prejudged, perhaps as much from the dislike of the presents as of the principles of the ensurgents; of their persons I know nothing—excepting in one solitary instance," said the horseman, "has influenced your opinion of the whole body?"
"Far from it," said Edith; "Thave stated with freedom my opinion of the principles of the insurgents; of their persons I know nothing—excepting in mark and the outpersons and to englight aprove thow and it, bas influenced out opinion of the who

As she thus spoke, she turned upon her companion a countenance, whose faded cheek attested the reality of her sufferings, even while it glowed with the tem-porary animation which accompanied her language. The horseman was not insensible to the appeal; he raised his hand to his brow with the sudden motion of ons who feels a page shoot along his brain, passed it hastily over his face, and then pulled the shadowing hat sull deeper on his forehead. The movement, and the feelings which it excited, did not escape Edith, nor did ehe remark them without emotion. "And yet," she said, "should the person of whom I speak seem te you too deeply affected by the hard opinion of-of-an early friend, say to him, that sin-gene regentance, is next to innocence;--that, though

openeou of of an early friend, say to him, that sin-cere repentance is next to innocence; --that though fallen from a height not easily recovered, and the author of much mischief, because gilded by his ex-ample, he may still atone in some measure for the evil-he has done."

he has done." "And in what manner ??" asked the cavalier, in the same suppressed, and almost choked voice. "By lending his efforts to restore the blessings of wasse to his distracted countrymen, and to induce the

weal of his country sincerely at heart, and conceiving deluded rebels to lay down their arms. By seven himself in the discharge of a patriotic duty'?' "It might be imprudent, while so absolutely in your power," replied Miss Bellenden, "to answer that question." "Not in the present instance I plicht mut the math the seven the thanks of this age, and an honoures remembrance in

Accomputating this get and an honourtes remembrance in thanks of this age, and an honourtes remembrance in the next." "And in such a peace," said her comparise, with a firm voice, "Miles Bellenden would not wh, I think, that the interests of the people were sarified unreservedly to those of the crown?" "I am but a girl," was the young lady's refr "and I scarce can speak on the subject without as-sumption. But, since I have gone so far, I will saw add, I would wish to see a peace which should ge rest to all parties, and secure the subjects from mi-tary rapine, which I detest as much as I do the mass now adopted to resist it." "Miss Bellenden," answared Henry Morton raising his face, and speaking in his natural tone, "the ge-son who has lost sich a highly-valued place in your esteem, has yet too much spirit to plead his cause as a criminal; and, conscious that he can no long claim a friend"s interest in your bosom, he would will silent under your hard censure, were it not that he silent under your hard censure, were it not that he can refer to the honoured testimony of Lord Syandak

can refer to the honoured testimony of Lord Srandak that his earnest wishes and most active ensuines and even now, directed to the accompliahiment of mich a peace as the most loyal cannot consure." He bowed with dignity to Miss Belenden, wha, though her language intimated that she well have to whom she had been speaking, probably had as expected that he would justify himself with on mach animation. She returned his salute, confused and a silence. Morton then rode forward to the heat of the

"Henry Morton !" exclaimed Majer Bellenden, prised at the sudden apparition. "The same," answered Mon

"The same," answered Morton; "who is sorry that he labours under the harsh construction of Major that he labours under the hards construction of Major Bellenden and his family. He commiss to we Lead Evandale," he continued, turning towards the year nobleman, and howing to him, "the charge of unde-ceiving his friends, both regarding the particulans of his conduct and the purity of his motives. Parewel, Major Bellenden-All happiness attend you and rours -May we meet again in happier and better times?" "Believe me," said Lord Evandale, "your confi-dence, Mr. Morton, is not misplaced; I will endu-vour to repay the great services I have received from you by doing my best to place your chafacter on its proper footing with Major Bellenden, and all whose esteem you value." "I expected no less from your asnerosity. my lord."

I expected no less from your generosity, my lord," mid Morton.

and Morton. He then called his followers, and rode off along the heath in the direction of Hamilton, their feathers waving and their steel caps glancing in the beams of the range sun. Cuddle Headrigg alone remained an instant behind his companions to take an affectional farewall of Jenny Dennison, who had contrived, ar-ing this short morning's ride, to re-establish her aff-ing this short morning's ride, to re-establish her affe-ing this short morning's ride, to re-establish her affe-ing this succeptible bosom. A straggling used two obscured, rather than concessed, their size-b-file as they halted their horses to bid affer. "Fare ye weel, Jenny," said Cuddie, with a but exertion of his lungs, intended perhaps to be a signer-"Ye'll think o' puir Cuddie sometimes—an has lad that lo'es ye, Jenny; ye'll think o' him now set then 1".

then ?" "Whiles-

at brose-time," answered the mali

"Whiles-at brose-tune," answered the manage damsel, unable either to suppress the repartee, of a arch smile which attended it. Cuddie took his revenge as rustic fovers are suf-and as Jenny probably expected, ---caught his manage round the neck, kissed her cheeks and ips issue master

master. "Deil's in the fallow," said Jenny, wiping star and adjusting her head-dress, "he has two spunk o' Tam Halliday, after a', —Couning, million coming—Lord have a care o' us, I trust the distor didfa see us?" "Jenny," said Lady Margaret, as the damed co

### CHAP. XXIX.1

to, "was not that young man who commanded the party the same that was captain of the popinjay, and who was afterwards prisoner at Tillietudiem on the

who was alterwards prisoner at l'illeducien on the morning Claverhouse came there?" Jenny, happy that the query had no reference to her own little matters, looked at her young mistress, to discover, if possible, whether it was her cue to speak truth or not. Not being able to catch any hint to guide her, she followed her instinct as a lady's maid,

guide her, she innoves an and lied. "I dinna believe it was him, my leddy," said Jenny, as confidently as if she had been saying her catechism; "he was a little black man, that." "You must have been blind, Jenny," said the Ma-jør: "Henry Morton is tall and fair, and that youth

jor: "Henry Morton is tall and fair, and that youth is the very man." "I had ither thing ado than be looking at him," said Jenny, tossing her head; "he may be as fair as a farthing candle, for me." "Is it not," said Lady Margaret, "a blessed escape which we have made, out of the hands of so desperate and bloodthirsty a fanatic?" "You are deceived, madam," said Lord Evandale; "Mr. Morton merits such a title from no one, but less from us. That I am now alive, and that you was how on your affe retreat to your firends. instead are how on your safe retreat to your friends, instead of being prisoners to a real fanatical homicide, is solely

of being prisoners to a real lanatical homicide, is solely and entirely owing to the prompt, active, and ener-getic humanity of this young gentleman." He then weht into a particular narrative of the events with which the reader is acquainted, dwelling upon the merits of Morton, and expatiating on the risk at which he had rendered them these important services, as if he had been a brother instead of a rival.

"I were worse than ungrateful," he said, ",were I alent on the merits of the man who has twice saved my life.'

"I would willingly think well of Henry Morton, my lord," replied Major Bellenden; "and I own he has behaved handsomely to your lordship and to us;

has behaved handsomely to your lordship and to us; but I cannot have the same allowances which it pleases your lordship to entertain for his present courses." "You are to consider," replied Lord Evandale, "that he has been partly forced upon them by neces-sity; and I must add, that his principles, though dif-fering in some degree from my own, are such as ought to command respect. Claverhouse, whose Knowledge of men is not to be disputed, spoke justly of him as to his extraordinary qualities, but with pre-judice, and harshly, concerning his principles and inotives."

talents"—— " "They were probably hidden, Major," replied the generous Lord Evandale, "even from himself, until oircumstances called them forth; and, if I have detected them, it was only because our intercourse and conversation turned on momentous and import-ant subjects. He is now labouring to bring this, rebellion to an end, and the terms he has proposed are so moderate, that they shall not want my hearty recom-mendation." mendation.

"And have you hopes," said Lady Margaret, "to accomplish a scheme so comprehensive?" "I should have, madam, were every whig as mode-rate as Morton, and every loyalist as disinterested as Major Bellenden. But such is the fanaticism and violent irritation of both parties, that I fear nothing will end this civil war save the edge of the sword." It may be readily supposed that Edith listened with the deepest interest to this conversation. While she regretted that she had expressed herself harshly and deastily to her lover, she felt a conscious and proud satisfaction that his character was, even in the judg-ment of his noble-minded rival, such as her own affection had once spoke it. "Civil feuds and domestic prejudices," she said, "may render it necessary for me to tear his remem-

brance from my heart; but it is no small relief to know assuredly, that it is worthy of the place it has so long retained there." While Edith was thus retracting her unjust resent-

ment, her lover arrived at the camp of the insurgenta, near Hamilton, which he found in considerable con-fusion. Certain advices had arrived that the royal detachment of the King's Guards, were about to take the field. Fame magnified their numbers and their high state of equipment and discipline, and spread abroad other circumstances, which dismayed the courage of the insurgents. What favour they might have expected from Monmouth, was likely to be inter-cepted by the influence of those associated with him

have expected from Monmouth, was likely to be inter-cepted by the influence of these associated with him in command. His lieutenant-general was the cele-brated General Thomas Dalzell, who, having prac-tised the art of war in the then barbarous country of Russia, was as much feared for his cruelty and indif-ference to human life and human sufferings, as res-pected for his steady loyalty and undaunted valour. This man was second in command to Monmouth, and the horse were commanded by Clevenhouse, burning with desire to revenge the death of his nephew, and his defeat at Drumclog. To these ac-counts was added the most formidable and terrific description of the train of strillery and the cavelry force with which the royal army took the field.\* Large bodies, composed of the Highland clans, having in language, religion, and manners, no con-nexion with the insurgents, had been summoned to join the royal army under their various chieffains ; and these Amorites, or Philistines, as the insurgents termed them, came like eagles to the slaughter. In fact, every person who could ride or rue at the King's command, was summoned to arms, apparently with the purpose of forfeiting and fining such men of pro-perty whom their principles might deter from joining the royal standard, though prudence prevented them from joining that of the insurgent Presbyterians. In short, every rumour tended to increase the apprehen-sion among the insurgent, that the King's sengeance had only been delayed in order that it might fall more certain and more heavy. Moriton endeavoured to fertify the minds of the

had only been delayed in order that it might fall more certain and more heavy. Morion andeavoured to fertify the minds of the common people by pointing out the probable exagge-ration of these reports, and by reminding them of the strength of their own situation, with an unfordable river in front, only passable by a long and narrow bridge. He called to their remembrance their victory over Claverhouse when their numbers were few, and then much worse disciplined and appointed for battle than now: a howed them that the ground on which than now; showed them that the ground on which they lay afforded, by its undulation, and the thickets which mitracted it, considerable protection against artillery, and even against cavalry, if stoutly defend-ed; and that their safety, in fact, depended on their own spirit and weaking. own spirit and resolution.

A Cameronian nuse was avakened from slumber on the doleful occasion, and gave the following account of the must of the royal forces, in poetry nearly as melancholy as the set ject :--

They marched east through Lithgow-town For to enlarge their forces : And sent for all the north-country To come, both foot and horses.

Montrose did come and Athole both, And with them many more; And all the Highland Amorites That had been there before.

The Lowdien Mallisha<sup>+</sup> they Came with their coats of blew; Five bundred men from London came, Clad in a reddish hue.

When they were assembled one and all. A full brigade were they : Like to a pack of hellish hounds, Rorsing after their prey.

When they were all provided well, In armour and amonition, Then thither wester did they come, Most cruel of intention.

The royalists celebrated their victory in stansas of sous. In rit. Specimens of both may be found in the curious celebration of Fugitive Scottish Poetry, principally of the Seventeen Contury, project for the Messra Laing, Edinburgh

† Lothian Militia.

But while Morton thus endeavoured to keep up the courage of the army at large, he availed himself of those discouraging rumours to endeavour to impress on the minds of the leaders the necessity of proposing to the government moderate terms of accommoda-tion, while they were still formidable as commanding an unbroken and numerous army. He pointed out to them, that, in the present humour of their followers, it could hardly be expected that they would enserge it could hardly be expected that they would engage. It could narray be expected that they would engage, with advantage, the well-appointed and regular force of the Duke of Monmouth; and that if they chanced, as was most likely, to be defeated and dispersed, the meurrection in which they had engaged, so far from being useful to the country, would be rendered the

meurection in which they had engaged, so far from being useful to the country, would be rendered the apology for oppressing it more severely. Preased by these arguments, and ficting it equally dangerous to remain together, or fo dismiss their forces, most of the leaders readily agreed, that if such terms could be obtained as had been transmitted to the Dake of Monmouth by the hands of Lord Evan-dale, the purpose for which they had taken up arms would be, in a great measure, accomplished. They then eatered into similar resolutions, and agreed to guarantee the petition and remonstrance which had been drawn up by Morton. On the contrary, there apparent consequence, who regarded every proposal of treaty which did not proceed on the basis of the Solemn League and Covenant of 1640, as utterly null famed their feelings among the multitude, who had little forenight, and nothing to lose, and persuaded many that the timid counsellors who recommended pease upon terms short of the dethronement of the royal family, and the declared independence of the ehurch with respect to the state, were cowardly labourers, who were about to withdraw their hands from the plough, and despicable trimmers, who sought only a specious pretext for deserting their benden from the plough, and despicable trimmers, who sought only a specious pretext for deserting their benden the stand cabins which served in the place of terms. These contradictory opinions were fiscely argued in each tent of the divisions into which the the the fulls and callins which served in the place of terts. Violence in language often led to open quar-rels and blows, and the divisions into which the army of sufferers was rent served as too plain a pre-sage of their future fate.

#### CHAPTER XXX.

## The curse of growing factions and divisions Still yex your councils !

Vanics Pres

THE prudence of Morton found sufficient occupa tion in stemming the furious current of these contend-ing parties, when, two days after his return to Hamiling parties, when, two days after his return to Hamil-ton, he was visited by his friend and colleague, the Reverend Mr. Poundtext, fying, as he presently found, from the face of John Balfour of Barley, whom he left not a little incensed at the share he had taken in the liberation of Lord Evandale. When the wor-thy divine had somewhat recruited his spirits, after the hurry and fatigue of his journey, he proceeded to give Morton an account of what had passed in the vicinity of Tillietudlem after the memorable morning of his denarture. of his departure.

of his departure. The night march of Morton had been accomplished with such dexterity, and the men were so faithful to their trust, that Burley received no intelligence of what had happened until the morning was far ad-vanced. His first inquiry was, whether Macbriar and Kettledrumnle had arrived, agreeably to the sum-mons which he had dispatched at midnight. Mac-briar had come, and Kettledrummle, though a heavy traveller, might, he was informed, be instantly ex-pected. Burley then dispatched a messenger to Mor-ton's quarters to gumon him to an immediate counpected. Burley then dispatched a messenger to Mor-ton's quarters to summon him to an immediate coun-cil. The messenger returned with asws that he had left the place. Poundtext was next summoned; but he thinking, as he said himself, that it was ill denling with fractious folk, had withdrawn to his own quict manse, preferring a dark ride, though he had been on horseback the whole preceding day, to a

renewal in the morning of a controvery with Bark, whose ferocity overawed him when mappened by the firmness of Morton. Burley's next inquiries was

the firmness of Morton. Burley's next infairies was directed after Lord Evandale; and graves his rage when he learned that he had been conved away over night by a party of the marksma of Min-wood, under the immediate command d Henry Morton himself. "The villain !" exclaimed Burley, address tim-self to Macbriar; "the base, mean-spring using self to Macbriar; "the base, mean-spring using set to curry favour for himself with the government hat set at liberty the prisoner taken by my own into hand, through means of whom. I have little during, the possession of the place of strength which into wrought us such trouble, might now have been into hands?" hande

"But is it not in our hands ?" said Macbrin, is ing up towards the Keep of the Castle; "and a not these the colours of the Covenant that fort we its walls?"

"A stratagem-a mere trick," said Burley, "at sult over our disappointment, intended to agen and embitter our spirits.

He was interrupted by the arrival of one of Man rate was interrupted by the arrival of one of Harry followers, sent to report to him the evaluator of the place, and its occupation by the insuger forces Burley was rather driven to fury than reconciled by the news of this success.

"I have watched," he said-"I have k I nave watched," he said—" i have bound have plotted—I have striven for the reduction of d place—I have forborne to seek to head entern of higher command and of higher honour-i b narrowed their outgoings, and cut of the sam and broken the staff of bread within ther with and broken the staff of bread within their wi and when the men were about to rick themati to my hand, that their sons might be beaden and their daughters a langthing stack to car we camp, cometh this youth, without a band on chin, and takes it on him to thrust his make in the harvest, and to rend the prer from the spell Surely the labourer is worthy of his him; where city, with its captures, should be given to him if wins it.?"

"Nay," said Macbriar, who was suprised at "Nay," said Macbriar, who was suprised at degree of agitation which Balfour displayed, "an not thyself because of the ungody. Heaven a use its own instruments; and who knows but youth"----

"Hush I hush I" said Barley; "do not diama "Hush I hush I" said Barley; "do not diama badest me beware of this painted sendence lacquered piece of cooper, that passed carrent we me for gold. It fares ill, even with the event, wh they neglect the guidance of such picos paston thou. But our carrent affections will missed we this ungrateful boy's father was miss ancient fur they must be so correct to the superstarts as the

They must be as earnest in their struggles as Ephraim Macbriar, that would shake themas clear of the clogs and chains of humanity." This compliment touched the preacher in the sensible part; and Burley deemed, therefore should find little difficulty in modeling his operat the support of his own views, more esp ially a agreed exactly in their high-strained opti

church government. "Let us instantly," he said, "go up to the R

"Let us instantly," he said, "go up to the Fer there is that among the neords in some for which, well used as I can use it, shall be worth we valiant leader and a hundred horsenee." "But will such be the fitting sids of the co-of the Covenant?" said the preacher. "We'l already among us too many who hunger after and silver and gold, wher than after the it is not by such that our deliverance shall be we out." ont.

"Thou errest," said Burley; "we must means, and these worldly men shall be our ments. At all events, the Moshitish woman despoiled of her inheritance, and neither the nant Evandale, nor the erastian Morton, sees yonder castle and lands, though they men

magnage the daughter thereof." So saying, he led the way to Tillietadiem, what seized upon the plate, and other valuables for the

of the army, ransacked the charter-room, and other receptacles for family papers, and treated with con-tempt the remonstrances of those who reminded him, that the terms granted to the garrison had guaranteed

Burley and Macbriar, having established themselves Burley and Macoriar, having established themselves in their new acquisition, were joined by Kettledrum-mle in the course of the day, and also by the Laird of Langcale, whom that active divine had contrived to seduce, as Poundtext termed it, from the pure light in which he had been brought up. Thus united, they sent to the said Poundtext an invitation, or rather a summons, to attend a council at Tillietudiem. He remembered, however, that the door had an irongrate, retreated to waver, that the door had an autograte, and the keep a dungeon, and resolved not to trust himself with his incensed colleagues. He therefore retreated, or rather fied, to Hamilton, with the tidings, that Burkey, Macbirg, and Keitledrummie, were com-ing, to Hamilton as soon as they could collect a body of Cameronians sufficient to overaws the rest of the

And ye see," concluded Poundtaxt, with a deep sigh, "that they will then possess a majority in the council; for Langcale, though he has always passed for one of the honest and rational party, cannot be saitably or precessed termes either fish, or ficah, or gude red-herring—whoever has the stronger party has Langcale." And ye see," concluded Poundtext, with a de

Thus concluded the heavy narrative of honest Poundtext, who sighed deeply, as he considered the danger in which he was placed betwirt unreason-able adversaries amongst themselves and the com-mon enemy from without. Morton exhorted him to a tenne 'tenner' tenner's and company informed him to more energy from without. Moreon externed him to gatence, temper, and composure; informed him of the good hope he had of negotiating for peace and indemnity through means of Lord Evandale, and meade out to him a very fair prospect that he should again return to his own parchment-bound Calvin, his environment of the second and bis program of institute of the second second second and the program of institute of the second secon evening pipe of tobacco, and his noggin of inspiring ale, providing always he would afford his effectual support and concurrence to the measures which he, Morton, had taken for a general pacification.\* Thus backed and comforted, Poundtext resolved magnaniously to await the coming of the Cameronians to the general rendezvou

Burley and his confederates, had drawn together a considerable body of these sectaries, amounting to a sundred horse and about fifteen hundred foot, clouded 1070 handred horse and about fifteen hundred foot, clouded and severe in aspect, morees and jealous in communi-oration, halphty of heart, and confident, as men who believed that the pale of salvation was open for them exclusively; while all other Christians, however slight wars the shades of difference of doctrine from their own, were in fact little better than outcasts or repro-bates. These men entered the presbyterian camp, rather as dubious and suspicious allies, or possibly antagonists, than as men who are heartily embarked in the same cause, and exposed to the same dangers, with their more moderate brethren in arms. Burley inside no private visits to his colleagues, and held no

made no private visits to his colleagues, and held no "The author does not, by any means, desire that Poundtaxt should be regarded as a just representation of the moderate Pre-shyberian, smong whom were many ministern whose courses were he to write the las anew, he would probably endeavour to give the character a higher turn. It is certain, however, that the Cameronians imputed to their apponents in opinion con-carting the Indulgence, or others of their strained and fanatical sectors. A simposf man not only to seek their owe safety, but is description as follows. The sector were safety, but is description as follows. The sector were safety, but is description as follows. The sector were safety, but is the fields and among the cothouses in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in the brank to the soft accurse in the fields and among the cothouses in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, these three had for the most part their matchines in Schland, there they had be when these three were together, their greatest work was suported match the finest and sharpest founded, and breathe have the present other their matchines in the house the and most have the south were the there and the term they came out to be southy, whatever other thins they had, they were careful the southy, whatever other thins they had, they were careful the southy, whatever other thins they had, they were careful have were the down, particlain the the down them, which have them these three other their matching to the contex careful the southy, whatever ther thins they had, they were careful ha

communication with them on the subject of the public affairs, otherwise than by sending a dry invitation to them to attend a meeting of the general council for that evening.

On the arrival of Morton and Poundtext at the place of assembly they found their brethren already seated. Slight greeting passed between them, and it sented. Slight greeting passed between them, and it was easy to see that no amicable confirence was intended by those who convoked the council. The first question was put by Macbriar, the sharp eager-ness of whose zeal urged him to the van on all occa-sions. He desired to know by whose authority the malignant, called Lord Evandale, had been freed from the doom of death, justly denounced against him. "By my authority and Mr. Morton's," replied. Poundtext; who, besides being anxious to give his companion a good opiaion of his courage, confided heartily in his support, and, moreover, had much less fast of encountering one of his own profession, and who confined himself to the weapons of theological controversy, in which Poundtext feared no man, than of entering into debate with the stern homicide Balfour. "And who, brother," said Kettledrumnle, "who

"The tenor of our commission," answered Pound-tert, "gives us suthority to bind and to loose. If Lord Evandale was justly doomed to die by the voice

A was so, toplet hortoethe fierce eye of Balfour —"'i was so; and what then ?—Are we to plange the nation in endless war, in order to pursue schemed which are equally wild, wicked, and unattainable?" "Hear him?" said Balfour; "he blasphemeith." "I is false," said Morton; "they blaspheme who pretend to expect miracles, and neglect the use of tha human means with which Providence has blessed them. I repeat it—Our avowed object is the re-estab-lishment of peace on fair and honourable terms of security to our religion and our liberty. We disclaim any desire to tyrannize over those of others." The debate would now have run fligher than ever, but they were interrupted by intelligence that the Duke of Monmouth had commenced his march to-wards the west, and was already advanced helf way from Edinburgh. This news silenced their divisions for the moment, and it was agreed that the next day

for the moment, and it was agreed that the next day should be held as a fast of general humiliation for the since of the land; that the Reverend Mr. Poundtaxt should preach to the army in the morning, and Ket-tledrummle in the afternoon; that neither should touch upon any topics of schiam or of division, but animate the soldiers to resist to the blood, like breth-ren in a good cause. This healing overture having been acred to the muderate party wantured incom ren in a good cause. This healing overture having been agreed to, the moderate party ventured upon another proposal, confiding that it wolvid have the sup-port of Larigcale, who looked extremely blank at the news which they had just received, and might be sup-posed reconverted to moderate measures. It was to be presumed, they said, that since the King had not intrusted the command of his forces upon the present occasion to any of their active oppressors, but, on the contrary, had employed a nobleman distinguished by on :he contrary, had employed a hobieman distinguished by gentleness of temper, and a disposition favourable to their cause, there must be some better intention enter tained towards them than they hall yet experienced They contended, that it was not only prudent but necessary to ascertain, from a communication with the Duke of Monmouth, whether he was not charged with some secret instructions in their favour. This would cault be begind by disputching an envoy to bis could only be learned by dispatching an envoy to his

"And who will undertake the task ?" said Burley, "And who will undertake to be openly resist-And who will undertake the task ??' said Burley, evaling a proposal too reasonable to be openly resist-ed--"Who will go up to their camp, knowing that John Grahame of Claverhouse hath sworn to hang up whomsoever we shall dispatch towards then, in revenge of the death of the young man his nephew ??' 55\*

active in opposing it; and it was agreed that Henry Morton should go to the camp of the Duke of Mon-Morton should go to the camp of the Duke of Mon-mouth, in order to discover upon what terms the insurgents would be admitted to treat with him. As soon as his errand was made known, several of the more moderate party joined in requesting him to make terms upon the footing of the petition intrusted to Lord Evandale's hands; for the approach of the King's ed by the high tone assumed by the Cameronians, which had so little to support it, excepting their own headlong zeal. With these instructions, and with Cuddie as his attendant, Morton set forth towards the royal camp, at all the risks which attend those who assume the office of mediator during the heat of civil discord.

White Assume the other of a measure taking the matter of civil discord. Morton had not proceeded six or seven miles, be-fore he perceived that he was on the point of falling in with the van of the royal forces; and, as he as-cended a height, saw all the roads in the neighbour-hood occupied by armed men marching in great order towards Bothwell-muir, an open common, on which they proposed to encamp for that evening, at the dis-tance of scarcely two miles from the Clyde, on the farther side of which river the army of the insurgents was encamped. He gave himself up to the first ad-yranced-guard of cavalry which he met, as bearer of a flag of truce, and communicated his desire to obtain access to the Duke of Monmouth. The non-commis-sioned officer who commanded the party made his report to his superior, and he again to another in still higher command, and both immediately rode to the spot where Morton was detained. spot where Morton was detained.

"You are but losing your time, my friend, and risk-ing your life, said one of them, addressing Morton; "the Duke of Monmouth will receive no terms from traitors with arms in their hands, and your cruellies have been such as to authorize retailation of every kind. Better trot your nag back and save his mettle to-day, that he may save your life to-morrow." "I cannot think," said Morton, "that even if the Duke of Monmouth should consider us as criminals, he would condemn so large a body of his fellow-sub-jects without even hearing what they have to plead for themselves. On my part 1 fear nothing. I am conscious of having consented to, or authorized, no cruelty, and the fear of suffering innocently for the crimes of others shall not deter me from executing my commission." "The two officers looked at each other. "I have an idea" asid the younder "the this is is

The two officers looked at each other. "I have an idea," said the younger, "that this is the young man of whom Lord Evandale spoke." "Is my Lord Evandale in the army?" said Mor-

ton. "He is not," replied the officer; "we left him at Edinburgh, too much indisposed to take the field.— Your name, sir, I presume, is Henry Morton?" "It is, sir," answered Morton.

Your name, sir, I presume is Henry Morton 7" "It is, sir," answered Morton. "We will not oppose your seeing the Duke, sir," said the officer, with more civility of manner; "but you may assure yourself it will be to no purpose; for, were his Grace disposed to favour your people, others are joined in commission with him who will hardly consent to his doing so." "I shall be sorry to find it thus," said Morton; "but my duty requires that I should persevere in my desire to have an interview with him." "Lumley," said the superior officer, "let the Duke know of Mr. Morton's arrival, and remind his Grace so that this is the person of whom Lord Evandale spoke so highly."

"Let that be no obstacle," said Morton; "Wwill bearer of your errand." "Let him 'go," said Balfour, apart to Macbriar; "Our councils will be well rid of his presence." The motion, therefore, received no contradiction even from those who were expected to have been most even from those who were expected to have been most The army was drawn out, and in the act of form-ing column for march, or attack. The Dake was in the centre, nearly a mile from the pisce where Ma-ton had passed the night. In riding wards the General, he had an opportunity of estimating the force which had been assembled for the supression of the hasty and ill-concerted insurrection. There were three or four regiments of English, the hover of Charles's army—there were the Scottak Life-Guards, burning with desire to revenge their is the assembled, and a harge body of cavalry, consisting partly of gentlemen-volunteers, partly of the test of the cown who did military duty for the fath Morton also observed several strong parties of High-landers drawn from the points nearest to the Lovian frontiers, a people, as already mentioned, particular landers drawn from the points nearest to the Lowind frontiers, a people, as already mentioned, particular obnoxious to the western whiga, and who hated at despised them in the same proportion. These we assembled under their chiefs, and made part of the formidable array. A complete train of field-ariling accompanied these troops; and the whole had as a so imposing, that it seemed nothing short of an actual miracle could prevent the ill-equipped, ill-modelid, and tumultuary army of the insurgents from being utterly destroyed. The officer who accompanied Moese ton endeavoured to gather from his looks the feelings with which this splendid and awful parade of minary force had impressed him. But, true to the came he had espoused, he laboured successfully to preven the anxiety which he fell from appearing in his cont-nance, and looked around him on the wahle draw as on a sight which he expected, and a which he way as on a sight which he expected, and so which he way indifferent.

You see the entertainment prepared for you," said

indifferent. "You see the entertainment prepared for yos," said the officers. "If I had no appetite for it," repard Mortos, "I should not have been accompanying you at this mo-ment. But I shall be better pleased with a more peaceful regale, for the sake of all paries." As they spoke thus, they approached the command-or-in-chief, who, surrounded by several officers, we seated upon a knoll commanding an erhensive pre-pect of the distant country, and from which could be easily discovered the windings of the majestic Clyda, and the distant country, and from which could be easily discovered the vindings of the majestic Clyda, and the distant country, and from which could be surveying the ground, with the purpose of directing at immediate attack. When Ceptain Lamiler, the officer who accompanied Morton, had whispered is be gether in whispers for a few minimes before Morte was permitted to advance, he had time to start for appearance of the persons with whom he was to wat It was impossible for any one to look upa the Duke of Monmouth without being captivated by be personal graces and accompliahments, of which by be corded—

corded-

"Whate'er he did was done with so much In him alone 'twas natural to please ; His motions all accompanied with grace, And Paradise was opticed in his face."

Yet to a strict observer, the manipheauty of a mouth's face was occasionally rendered less an by an air of vacillation and uncertainty, which a ed to imply hesistian and doubt at moments decisive resolution was most necessarily.

"I shall be sorry to find it thus," said Morton; "but my duty requires that I should persevere in my "Lumley," said the superior officer, "let the Duke know of Mr. Morton's arrival, and remind his Grace that this is the person of whom Lord Evandale spoke o highly." The officer returned with a message that the Gene-ral could not see Mr. Morton that evening, but would receive him by times in the ensuing morning. He was detained in a neighbouring cottage all night, but treated with civility, and every thing provided for his accomodation. Early on the next morning the offi-

ICHAP. XXX.

#### CHAP. XXX.1

and almost perfectly bald. His high and wrinkled forehead piercing gray eyes, and marked features, evinced age unbroken by infirmity, and stern resolu-tion unsoftened by humanity. Such is the outline, hewever feebly expressed, of the celebrated General Thomas Daizell,\* a man more feared and hated by the whig than even Claverhouse himself, and who executed the same violences against them out of a detestation of their persons, or perhaps an innate se-verity of temper, which Grabame only resorted to on political accounts, as the best means of intimidating the followers of presbytery, and of destroying that sect entirely.

sect entirely. ed likely to meet with, he advanced boldly towards them upon receiving a signal to that purpose, deter-mined that the cause of his country, and of those with whom he had taken up arms, should suffer nothing from being intrusted to him. Monmouth received him with the graceful courtesy which attend-ed even his slightest actions; Dalzell regarded him with a stern, gloomy, and impatient frown; and Cla-verhouse, with a sarceastic smile and inclination of his head, seemed to claim him as an old acquaint-arce.

his near, seemed to train the art of the second and and an art of the second and art of the second art

your Grace's hands ?

which my Lord Evandale has placed, I presume, in your Grace's hands?" "He has done so, sir," answered the Duke; "and I understand, from Lord Evandale, that Mr. Morton has behaved in these unhappy matters with much temperance and generosity, for which I have to re-quest his acceptance of my thanka." Here Morton observed Dalzel shake his head in-dignantly, and whisper something into Claverhouse's ear, who smiled in return, and elevated his sysbrows, but in a degree so slight as scarce to be perceptible. The Duke, taking the petition from his pocket, pro-ceeded, obviously struggling between the native gen-tleness of his own disposition, and perhaps his con-viction that the petitioners demanded no more than their rights, and the desire, on the other hand, of en-breing the king's authority, and complying with the sterner opinions of the colleagues in office, who had as advising him.

been assigned for the purpose of controlling as well as advising him. "There are, Mr. Morton, in this paper, proposels, as to the abstract propriety of which I must now waive delivering any opinion. Some of them appear to me reasonable and just; and, although I have no express instructions from the King upon the subject, yet I assure you, Mr. Morton, and I pledge my honour, that I will interpose in your behalf, and use my ut-most influence to procure you satisfaction from his Majesty. But you must distinctly understand, that I can only treat with supplicants, not with rebels; and as a preliminary to every act of favour on my side, I must insist upon your followers laying down, their arms and dispersing themselves."

In Chrichton's Memoirs, edited by Swift, where a particular account of this remarkable person's dress and habits is given, he is said never to have worn boots. The following account of his rencommiter with John Paton of Meadowhead, showed, that

his removanter with John Paton of Meadowhead, showed, that is removanter with John Paton of Meadowhead, showed, that in action at least he wore presty stout ones, unless the reader be inclined to believe in the truth of his having a charm, which "Baizell," says Paton's biographer, "advanced the whole left wing of his army on Colonel Wallace's right. Here Cap-tain Paton beliaved with great courage and gallanty. Dalesil, knowing him in the former war, advanced upon him himself, knowing him in the former war, advanced upon him himself, which is take him prisoner. Upon his approach, each pre-sented his pistol. On their first discharge, Captain Paton, per-sented his pistol. On their first discharge, Captain Paton, per-gent wis the cause, the having proof, put his hand in his pocket for some anall picces of silver he lind there for the pur-puse, and put one of them in the mean while, retired jeshind his eventain, who by that means was slain."

TALITY. 87 "To do so, my Lord Duke," replied Morton, un-dauntedly, "were to acknowledge ourselves the rebels that our enemies term us. Our swords are drawn for recovery of a birthright wrested from us; your Grace's moderation and good sense has admitted the general justice of our demand,—a demand which would never have been listened to had it not been accompanied with the sound of the trumpet. We cannot, therefore, and dare not, lay down our arms, even on your Grace's assurance of indemnity, unless it were accompanied with some reasonable prospect of the redress I the wrongs which we complain of." "Mr. Morton," replied the Duke, "you are young, but you must have seen enough of the world to per-ceive, that requests by no means dangerous or un-reasonable in themselves, may become so by the way in which they are pressed and supported." "We may reply, my lord," answered Morton, " that this disagreeable mode has not been resorted to until all others have failed." "Mr. Morton," said the Duke, "I must break this conference short. We are in readinees to commends the attack ; yst I will suspend it for an hour, until you can communicate my answer to the insurgents. If

conterence short. We are in readiness to commence the attack; yet I will suspend it for an hour, until you can communicate my answer to the insurgents. If they please to disperse their followers, lay down their arms, and send a peaceful deputation to me, I will consider myself bound in honour to do all I can to procure redress of their grevances; if not, let them stand on their guard and expect the consequences. —I think, gentlemen," he added, turning to his two colleagues, "this is the utmost length to which I can stretch my instructions in favour of these misguided persons ?" "By my faith," answered Dalzell, suddenly, " and it is a length to which my poor judgment durst not have stretched them, considering I had both the King and my conscience to a answer to ! But, doubt-less, your Grace knows more of the King's private mind than we, who have only the letter of our instructions to look to." Monmouth blushed deeply. "You hear," it e said, addressing Morton, "General Dalzell bannes. me for the length which I am disposed to go in your favour."

"General Dalzell's sentiments, my lord," replied "General Dalzell's sentiments, my lord," replied Motton, "are such as we expected from him; your ' replied "General Datzer's senuments, my town, town, Morton, "are such as we expected from him; your Grace's such as we were prepared to hope you might please to entertain. Indeed I cannot help adding; that, in the case of the absolute submission upon which you are pleased to insist, it might still remain something less than doubful how far, with such coursellors around the King, even your Grace's inter-cession might procure us effectual relief. But I will communicate to our leaders your Grace's answer to our supplication; and, since we cannot obtain peace, we must bid war welcome as well as we may."

our supplication ; and, since we cannot obtain peace, we must bid war welcome as well as we may." "Good morning, sir," said the Duke ; "I suspend the movements of attack for one hour, and for one hour only. If you have an answer to return within that space of time, L will receive it here, and earnes-ly entreat it may be such as to save the effusion of blood."

At this moment another smile of deep meaning passed between Dalzell and Claverhouse. The Duke observed it, and repeated ins words with great dignity. "Yes, gentlemen, I said I trusted the answer might be such as would save the effusion of blood.

I hope the sentiment neither needs your scorn, nor incurs your displeasure." Dalzell returned the Dake's frown with a stern

glance, but made no answer. Claverhouse, his ip just -curled with an ironical smile, bowed, and said, 'Is was not for him to judge the propriety of his Grace's sentiments.

sentiments." The Duke made a signal to Morton to withdraw. He obeyed; and, accompanied by his former escort, rode alowly through the army to return to the camp of the non-conformists. As he passed the fine corns at their head. That officer no sooner saw Morton, than he advanced and addressed him with perfect politeness of mariner. "I think this is not the first time I have seen Mr, Morton of Milnwood?"

" It is not Colonel Grahame's fault," said Morton,

"It is not Colone Graame's tail, "sud morron, smiling sternly, "that he or any one else should be now incommoded by my presence." "Allow me at least to say," replied Claverhouse, "that Mr. Morton's present situation authorizes the opinion I have entertained of him, and that my pro-ceedings at our last mosting only equared to my duit,"

" that Mr. Morion's present situation anthorizes the opinion I have entertained of him, and that my pro-ceedings at our last meeting only squared to my duty." "To reconcile your actions to your duty, and your duty to your conscience, is your business, Colonel Gashame, not mine," said Morton, justly offended at being thus, in a manner, required to approve of the sentance under which he had so marry suffered. "Nay, but stay an instant," said Claverhouse, "Evandale insists that I have some wrongs to acquit myself of in your instance. I trust I shall always make some difference between a high-minded gentle-man, who, though misguided, acts upon generous princeples, and the crazy fanatical clowns yonder, with the bloodthirsty assassing who head them. Therefore, if they do not disperse upon your return, let me pray you instantly come over to our army and surrender yourself, for, be assared, they cannot stand do this, be sure to inquire forma. Monmouth, strange-aait may seem, cannot protect you-Dalzell will not —I both can and will ; and I have promised to Rvan-date to do so if you will give me an opportunity." "I should owe Lord Evandale my thanks," an-swared Morton, coldly, "did not his scheme imply an opinion that I might be prevailed on to desert those with whom I am engaged. For you, Colonel Gra-hame, if you will houcur me with a different species of satisfaction, it is probable, that, in an hour's time, you will find me at the weet end of Bothwell Bridge with my sword in my hand." "That is a pretty lad, Lumley," said Claver-house," but still more se should you think better on my first proposal." "They then saluted and parted. "That is a pretty lad, Lumley," said Claverhouse, storeneing himself to the other offleer; "but he is a lost man-his blood be upon his head." "So saying, he addressed himself to the task of preparation for instant battle.

#### CHAPTER XXXI.

But, hark I the tent has changed its voice, There's peace and rest has langer. RUNK

The Lowdien Mallisha they Came with their coats of blew? Five hundred men from London cam Clad in a reddish hue.

#### Bothmell Lines

WHEN Morton had left the well-ordered outposts of the regular army, and arrived at those which were meintained by his own party, he could not but be peculiarly sensible of the difference of discipline, and peculiarly sensible of the difference of discipline, and entertain a proportional degree of fear for the conse-quences. The same discords which agitated the counsels of the insurgents, raged even among their meanest followers; and their picquets and patrols were more interested and occupied in disputing the true occasion and causes of wrath, and defining the true occasion and energy, than in looking out for and observing the motions of their enemies, though within there is the provided trumpeter of the provided trumpeter of the provided trumpeter. searing of the royal drums and trumpets.

There was a guard, however, of the insurgent army, posted at the long and narrow bridge of Bothwell, posted at the long and narrow bridge of Bothwell, over which the enemy must necessarily advance to the attack; but, like the others, they were divided and disheartened; and, entertaining the idea that they were posted on a desperate service, they even meditated withdrawing themselves to the main body. This would have been utter ruin; for, on the defence or lose of this pass the fortune of the day was most likely to depend. All beyond the bridge was a plain open field, excepting a few thickets of no great depth, and, consequently, was ground on which the undis-ciplined forces of the insurgents, deficient as they were in cavalry, and totally unprovided with artif-lary were altogether unlikely to withstand the shock of regular troops CHAR XXXI

Morton, therefore, viewed the pass carefully, and formed the hope, that by occupying two or three houses on the left bank of the river, with the coper and thickets of alders and hazels that lead its seide, and by blockading the passage itself, and shuting the gates of a portal, which, according to the old familion, was built on the central arch of the bridge of Both well in which according to the old families. well, it might be canity defended against a very up nor force. He issued directions accordingly, an commanded the parapets of the bridge, on the fa commanden the parapets of the bridge, on the in there side of the parapets of the bridge, on the in might afford no protection to the enemy when it should attempt the passage. Morion then can the party at this important post to be watchful upon their guard, and promised them a specify a strong reinforcement. He caused them to advant 7 80 strong reinforcement. He caused them to all year videtes beyond the river to watch the progress of enemy, which outposts he directed should be wi drawn to the deft bank as soon as they approache finally, he charged them to send regular informati-to the main body of all that they should obser Men under arms, and in a situation of danger, a usually sefficiently alert in appreciating the mari-their officient. Morton's intelligence and agent gained the confidence of these men, and with ben hope and heart than before, they began to fortif she position in the manner he recommonded, and set him depart with three loud cheers. Morton how galloped hastily towards the mai body of the insurgents, but was surprised and she the at the scene of confusion and charger and come ware of such essential consequence. Instead of bea

bited, at the moment when good order and come were of such essential consequence. Instead of he drawn up in line of battle, and listening to the co-mands of their officers, they were ensweing toget in a confused mass, that rolled and apiases in like the waves of the sea, while a themand samp spoke, or rather veciferated, and not a single our w found to listen. Scandalized at a sense entrem

spoke, or rather vecificated; and not a single car was found to listen. Scandalized at a sense escataer-dinary, Morton endeavoured to make his way haven the press to learn, and, if possible, to remove the cause of this so untimely disorder. While he is the engaged, we shall make the reader acqueinted with that which he was some time in discovering. The insurgents had proceeded to hold their day of humiliation, which, agreeably to the practice of the puritans during the earlier civil war, they considered as the most effectual mode of solving all difficulting, and weiving all discussions. It was usual to name an ordinary week-day for this purpose, but on this occasion the Sabbath itself was adopted, owing to the pressure of the time and the vicinity of the ensure. A temporary pulpit, or teat, was exceed in the anidle of the encampenent; which, according to the fixed arrangement, was first to be occupied by the Reve-rend Peter Poundent, to whom the post of homour was adsigned, as the eldest clargyman present. Bu as the worthy divine, with slow and stately step was advancing towards the rostrum which had bee prepared for him, he was prevented by the unexp peted apparition of Habakkuk Mucklewrath, th insane preacher, whose appearance had so main pectod apparation of rabakkuk matchewram, a insane preacher, whose appearance had so can startled Morton at the first council of the insurgen after their victory at Loudon-hill. It is not know whether he was acting under the influence and ins gation of the Cameronians, or whether he was more compelled by his own agitated inagination, and t compelled by his own sgitated imagination, and the temptation of a vacant pulpit before him besize to opportunity of exhoring so respectable a compar-tion. It is only certain that he took occasion by a forelock, sprung into the pulpit, cast his eyes with forelock, sprung into the pulpit, cast his eyes with round him, and, undismayed by the murnanes of many of the andience, opened the Bible, read for as his text from the thirteenth chapter of Deuter nomy, "Certain men, the children of Belial, are and out from among you, and have withdrawu the inte-biants of their city, saying, let us go and serve of goda, which you have not known;" and them raise at once into the midst of his subject. The harangue of Macklewrath was an with at

The harangue of Mackiewrath was as will a extravagant as his intrusion was unauthorized a untimely, but it was provokingly coherent, in an as it turand entirely upon the very subjects of demin of which it had been agreed to adjourn the eminin

tion until some more suitable oppertunity. Not a single topic did ha omit which had offence in it ; and, after charging the moderate party with hereay, with with God's enemies, he applied to Morton, by name, with God's enemies, he applied to Morton, by name, the charge that he had been one of those men of Belial, who, in the words of his text, had gone out from antongst them, to withdraw the inhabitants of bis city, and to go astray atter fales gods. To him, and all who followed him, or approved of his con-duct, Mucklewrith denounced fury and vengeance, and exhorted those who would hold themselves pure and undefiled to come up from the midst of them.

"Fear not," he said, "because of the neighing of porces, or the glittering of breast-plates. Seek not aid of the Egyptians, because of the enemy, though they may be numerous as locusts, and fibre as dragons. Their trust is not as our trust, nor their sock as our reack; how else shall a thousand fib before one, and two put ten thousand to the flight! I drasmed it in the visions of the night, and the voice said, 'Habak--kuk, take thy fan and purge the wheet from the chaff, that they be not both conburned with the fire of indig-mation and she lightning of fury.' Wherefore I say, take this Henry Morton-this wretched Achan, who hath brought the accursed thing among ye, and made himself brethren in the camp of the enemy-take him and stone hum with stones and therefore numbers. may be numerous as locusts, and fibrce as draguns. and stone hun with stones, and thereafter burn him

and stone hun with stones, and thereafter burn him, with fire, that the wrath may depart from the chil-dren of the Covenant. He hath not taken a Baby-bonish garment, but he hath sold the garment of righteousness to the woman of Babylon—he hath not taken two hundred shekels of fine siven, but he hath bartered the truth, which is more precious than she-taken two hundred shekels of fine siven, but he hath bartered the truth, which is more precious than she-taken two hundred shekels of fine siven, but he hath bartered the truth, which is more precious than she-taken two hundred shekels prought so unexpectedly against one of their most active commanders, the andience broke out into open tumult, south demand-ing that there should instantly be a new election of officers, into which office none should hereaffer be admitted who had, in their phráse, jouched of that which was accursed, or temporized more or less with the heresies and corruptions of the times. While such was the demand of the Cameronians, they vociferated loudly, that those who were not with them were amine them —they it was no time to relinquish the Was the defining or the cameronians, they vocuenties loudly, that those who were not with them Were against them,—that it was no time to relinquish the substantial part of the covenanted testimony of the Charch, if they expected a blessing on their arms and their cause; and that, in their eyes, a luke warm Pres-byterian was little beiter than a prelatist, an anti-

Byteman was little better than a prelatist, an anti-covernanter, and a Nullifidinn. The partice accused repelled the charge of criminal sompliance and defection from the truth with scorn and indignation, and charged their accusers with breach of faith, as well as with wrong-beaded and extra vagant zeal in introducing such divisions into an army, the joint strength of which could not, by the mean accurate indicates the state of the state and extra vagant zeal in introducing such divisions into an army, the joint strength of which could not, by the **their** enemies. Poundtext, and one or two others, made some faint efforts to stem the increasing fury. of the factious, exclaiming to those of the other party, in the words of the Patriarch,—"Let there be no strife, I pray thee, between me and thee, and between "thy herdsmen and my herdsmen, for we be breth-ren." No pacific overture could possibly obtain su-dience. It was in vain that even Burley himself, when he saw the discension proceed to such ruinous fengths, exerted his stern and deep voice, command-ring silence and obedience to discipline. The spirit of ing silect and obscience to discipline. The spirit of insubordination had gone forth, and it seemed as if the exhortation of Habakkuk Mucklewrath had com-The exportation of Habakkuk Mucklewrath had com-municated a part of his fenzy to all who heard him. The wiser, or more timid part of the assembly, were already withdrawing themselves from the field, and giving up their cause as lost. Others were moderat-ing a harmonious call, as they somewhat improperly termed it, to new officers, and dismissing those for-anerly chosen, and that with a unfult and clamour worthy of the deficiency of good sense and good order worthy of the deficiency of good sense and good order working on the verticency or good sense and good order inthe net called where or braver than the children of implied in the whole transaction. It was at this mo-tanent when Morion arrived in the field and joined the array, in total confusion, and on the point of dissolv-ing itself. His arrival occasioned loud exclamations this great day?'

of applause on the one side, and of inspreasion on the other. "Whas means this ruinous disorder at such a mo-ment?" he axclaimed to Burley, who, exhausted with ment?" he exclaimed to Burley, who, exhausted with his vain exertions to restore order, was now leaning

his van exertions to restore order, was now leaning on his sword, and regarding the confusion with an eye of resolute despair. "It means," he replied, "that God has delivered us into the hands of our enemies." "Not so," answered Morton, with a voice and ges-ture which compelled many to listen; "it is not God who deserts us, it is we who desert him, and disho-nour ourselves by disgracing and betraying the cause of freedom and religion.—Hear me," he exclaimed, springing to the pulpit which Mucklewrath had been compelled to evacuate by actual exhaustion..." I bring from the enemy an offer to treat, if you incline to lay down your arms. I can assure you the means of making an honourable defence, if you are of more many tempers. The time flies fast on. Let us remany tempors. The time first fast on. Let us re-solve either for peace or war; and let it not be said of us in future days, that six thousand Scottish men in arms had neither courage to stand their ground and arms had neither courage to stand their ground and fight it out, nor prudence to treat for pence, nor even the coward's wisdom to retreat in good time and wish safety. What signifies quarrelling on minute points of church-discipline, when the whole edifice is threat-ened with total destruction? O, remember, my brethren, that the last and worst evil which God brought upon the people whom he had ence chosen-the hast and worst punishment of their blindness and hardness of heart, was the bloody dissensions which rent asunder their city, even when the enemy were thundering at its gates!" Some of the audience testified their feeling of this exhortation, by load exclamations of applause; others by hooting, and exclamations of applause; others

rael

Morton, who beheld the columns of the enemy al-morton, who beheld the columns of the enemy al-ready beginning to appear on the right bank, and directing their march upon the bridge, raised his voice to its atmost pitch, and pointing at the same time with his hand, exclaimed,—"Silence your senseless clamours, yonder is the enemy! On maintaining the clamours, yonder is the enemy! On maintaining the bridge against him depend our lives, as well as our hope to reclaim our laws and liberties.—There shall at least one Scottishman die in their defence.—Let any one who loves his country follow me!" The multitude had turned their heads in the direc-tion to which he pointed. The sight of the glittering files of the English Foot-Guards, supported by seve-ral squadrons of horse, of the cannon which the artil-periors when he point a comment is planting against the

rai equatrons or norse, or the cannon which the arti-lerymen were busily engaged in planting against the bridge, of the plaided clans who seemed to earch for a ford, and of the long succession of troops which were destined to support the stack, silenced at once their clamorous uproat, and struck them with as much constarting as if it uncertainty appreciation. were destined to support the attack, silenced at once their clamorous uproar, and struck them with as much consternation as if it were an unexpected appartition, and not the very thing which they ought to have been looking out for. They gazed on each other, and on their leaders, with looks resembling those that mul-cate the weakness of a patient when exhausted by a fit of franzy. Yet when Morton, springing from the rostrum, directed his steps towards the bridge, he was followed by about a hundred of the young men who were particularly attached to his command. Burley turned to Macbriar-"Ephraim," he asid, "it is Providence points us the way, through the worldly wiedem of the latitudinarian youth.-Me that loves the light, let him follow Burley !" "Tarry," replied Macbriar+" it is not by Hesry Morton, or such as he, that our goings-out and our comings-in are to be meted; therefore tarry with us. I fear trenchery to the host from this nullifician Achan-Thou shalt not go with him. Theu art our clariots and our horsemen." "Hinder me mot," replied Burley; "he hath well so that all is lost, if the enemy win the bridge-therefore let me not. Shall the children of this gene-tration be called wiser or braver than the children of the sanctuary?-Array yourselves under your leaders-

Having thus moken, he hastily marched towards the bridge, and was followed by about two hundred, of the nost gallant and zealous of his party. There was a deep and disheartened pause when Morton and Burley departed. The commanders availed them-selves of it to display their lines in some sort of order, and exhorted those who were most exposed, to throw themselves upon their faces to avoid the cannonade which they might presently expect. The insurgents ceased to resist or to remonstrate; but the awe which had silenced their discords had dismayed their courage. They suffered themselves to be formed into ranks with I ner sufferer themselves to be formed into trans with the docility of a flock of sheep, but without possessing, for the time, more resolution or energy; for they ar-perienced a sinking of the heart, imposed by the sud-den and imminent approach of the danger which they den and imminent approach of the danger which they had neglected to provide against while it was yet dis-tant. They were, however, drawn out with some regularity; and as they still possessed the appearance of an army, their leaders had only to hope that some favourable circumstance would restore their spirits and conrage.

Kettledruminle, Poundtext, Machrier, and other preachers, busied themselves in their ranks, and pre-vailed on them to raise the psalm. But the supersti-tious among them observed, as an ill omen, that their song of praise and triumph sunk into "a quaver of consternation," and resembled rather a penitentiary stave sung on the scaffold of a condemmed criminal, than the bold strain which had resounded along the wild heath of Loudon-hill, in anticipation of that day's vistory. The melancholy melody soon received a rough accompaniment; the royal soldiers shouted, the Highlanders yelled, the cannon began to fire on one side, and the musketry on both, and the bridge of Bothwell, with the banks adjacent, were involved in wreaths of smelke.

### CHAPTER XXXII.

As ever ye saw the rain down fa', Or yet the arrow from the bow, She our Scots lads fell even down, And they lay slain on every knowe.

Old Ballad

The our focus is at full even down. And they by sists on every knows. Of Balled. Even Morton or Burley had reached the poet to be defended, the enemy had commenced an attack upon it with great spirit. The two regiments of Foot-Guards, formed into a close column, rushed forward to the river; one corps, deploying along the right bank, commenced a galling fire on the defenders of the pass, while the other pressed on to occupy the predict. The insurgents sustained the attack with great constancy and courage; and while part of their number returned the fire across the river, the rest maintained a discharge of musketry upon the further end of the bridge itself, and every avenue by which the soliciers endeavoured to approach it. The latter wiffered severely, but still gained ground, and the head of their column was already upon the bridge, when the arrival of Morton change of the scene; and his markament commencing upon the pass a fire as well send time trought up to the charge, and a second time the soliciers endeavoured to so of the side, and the issuitants to retire with much loss. They were a so-cond time trought up to the charge, and a second time trought his party into action. The fire was con-time requised with still greater loss, as Burley had now brought his party into action. The fire was con-time requised with the utmost vehamence on both sides, and the issue of the action seemed very dubious. Montouth, mounted on a superb white charger, might be discovered on the top of the right bank of the strong of his soldiers. By his orders, the cannon, which and hits to been employed in annoying the distant main body of the presbyterians, were now turned proved on the top of the right bank of the inver, or stationed in the houses already we not the defenders of the bridge. But these tremen-fous engines, beilt under cover, while the royalist, owned, tought under cover, while the royalist, been on the defenders of Morton, were entirely ex-tents of the precautions of Morton,

that the royal generals began to fear it might be the mately successful. While Monmouth type himself from his horse, and, rallying the Foot-Ouldia brought from his horse, and, rallying the Foot-Ouldia, brought

that the royal genterals began to fear it might be shi mately successful. While Monmouth they himself from his horse, and, rallying the Foot-Calling, brought them on to another close and desperse stack, he was warmly seconded by Dalzell, who, putus him-self at the head of a body of Lennox-Highmdorn rushed forward with their tremendous way of Loch-sloy.<sup>9</sup> The armunition of the desinders the bridge began to fail'st this important cruss; as-ages, commanding and imploring succurs and ap-plies, were in vain despetched, one after the other w the mained inactively drawn up on the open fields it the rear. Fear, consternation, and missule, had gen abroad among them, and while the post on which their safety depended required to be instantly and powerfully reinforced, there remained none either w command or to obey. As the fire of the defenders of the bridge began a alcocken, that of the assailants increased, and is in turn became more fatal. Animated by the example and exhortations of their generals, they obtained a footing upon the bridge itself, and began to remove the obsticle by which it was blockaded. The pa-tal-gate was proke open, the beams, trunks of tres, and other materials of the bearricade, pulled dows and thown into the river. This was not accompated without opposition. Morton and Burler fourts, and fire par-tal-gate was proke open, the bearricade, pulled dows and thout into the river. This was not accompated without opposition. Morton and Burler fourts, and fire and with their pikes, halberds, and partiesans, to ecoun-ter the bayonets of the Guards, and the headewords of the Highlanders. But those behind the leaders began to shrink from the unequal combat, and fir singly, or in parties of two or three, towards the main body, until the remainder wore, by the markweight of the hostile column as much as by ther weapons, fairly forced from the bridges. The passage bega wow open, the enemy began to pour over. But the bridge was long and narrow, which rendered the manavery alow as well as dangerous; and th slow as well as dangerous; and these who first passed had still to force the houses, from he wakow of which the Govenanters continued to firs. Bath and Morton were near each other at this critical me ment.

"There is yet time," said the former, "to bring down horse to attack them, ere they can get into or der; and, with the aid of God, we may thus regain the bridge—hasten then to bring them down, while i make the defence good with this old and weared body." body

body." Morton saw the importance of the advice, and, throwing himself on the horse which Caddie hold in readiness for him behind the thicket, galloped towards a body of cavalry which chanced to be composed en-urely of Cameronians. Ere he could speak his errand, or utter his orders, he was saluted by the execrations of the whole body. "He flies!" they exclaimed—" the cowardly trainer flies like a hart from the hunters, and hath left values Burley in the midst of the slaughter ?" "I do not fly," said Morton. "I come to lead yes to the stack. Advance boldy and we shall yet de well."

to the attack. Advance bookly and we shall yet well." "Follow him not !--Follow him not !'--such was the tumultaous exclamations which rescanded from the ranks..." he hath sold you to the sward of the enemy!" And while Morton argued, entreated, and com-manded in vain, the moment was lost in which the advance might have been useful; and the outlet from the bridge, with all its defences, being in complex possession of the enemy, Burley and his remaining followers were driven back upon the main body, is whom the spectacle of their hurried and harmased with they so much wanted. In the mean while, the forces of the King crossed formed in line of battle; while Claverhouse, who. Bu a hawk perched on a rock, and even g the time?

"This was the slogan or war-cry of the Mac Parlance, from a lake near the load of Loch Lumond, in the ce their ancigat possessions of the western backs of that be inland est.

nace on its prey, had watched the event of the acnence on its prey, had watched the event of the so-on from the opposite bank, now passed the bridge at a head of his cavalry, at full trot, and, leading them t squadrons through the intervals and round the maks of the royal infantry, formed them in line on a moor, and led them to the charge, advancing in put with one large body, while other two divisions restened the flanks of the Covenanters. Their de-red army was now in that situation when the slight-demonstration towards an attack was certain to bed army was now m that situation when the signi-bit demonstration towards an attack was certain to hapire panic. Their broken spirits and disheartened surage were unable to endure the charge of the ca-ulry, attended with all its terrible accompaniments if sight and sound;—the rush of the horses at full peed the shaking of the earth under their feet, the f sight and sound;---the rube of use house at ... peed, the shaking of the earth under their feet, the sencing, of the swords, the waving of the plumes, and the fierce shouts of the cavaliers. The front ranks andly attempted one ill-directed and disorderly fire, nd their rear were broken and flying in confusion ere is charge had been completed; and in less than five simutes the horsemen were mixed with them, cutting me hewing without mercy. The voice of Claver-puse was heard, even above the din of conflict; ex-mining to his soldiers-"Kill, kill--no quarter-is whom had shared the disgrace of Loudon-hill, re-pared no exhortations to vengeance as easy as it was omplete. Their swords drank deep of alaughter among thounresisting fugitives. Screams for quartermong the unreasting fugitives. Screams for quarter were only answered by the shouts with which the aurures accompanied their blows, and the whole field general scene of confused slaughter, light, and pursuit.

light, and pursuit. About twelve hundred of the insurgents who re-nained in a body a little apart from the rest, and out if the line of the charge of cavalry, threw down their urms and surrendered at discretion, upon the ap-roach of the Duke of Monmonth at the head of the nfantry. That mild-tempered nobleman instantly lidowed them the quarter which they prayed for; and, galloping about through the field, exerted him-sit as much to stop the slaughtar as he had done to btain the victory. While busied in this humane ask he met with General Dalzell, who was encou-aging the fierce Hichlanders and roval volunteers to

ask he met with General Dalzell, who was encou-aging the fierce Highlanders and royal volunteers to how their zeal for King and country, by quenching he finme of the rebellion with the blood of the rebels. "Sheathe your sword, I command you, General I" reclaimed the Duke, " and sound the retreat. Enough f blood has been shed; give quarter to the King's niaguided subjects." "I obey your grace," said the old man, wiping his loody sword and returning it to the scabbard; " but rarn you, at the same time, that enough has not eeen done to intimidate these desperate rebels. Has ot your Grace heard that Basil Olifant has collected sweral gentlemen and men of substance in the west, md is in the act of marching to join them?" "Basil Olifant?" said the Duke; "who or what the?"

he ?" "The next male heir to the last Earl of Torwood. "The next male heir to the last Earl of Torwood. le is disaffected to government from his claim to the trate being set aside in favour of Lady Margaret ellenden; and I suppose the hope of getting the heritance has set him in motion." "Be his motives what they will," replied Mon-outh," he must soon disperse his followers, for this my is too much broken to rally again. Therefore, are more, I command that the pursuit be stopped." "It is your Grace's province to command, and to a responsible for your commands," answered Dal-ll, as he gave reluctant orders for checking the pur-vit.

11

it. But the fiery and vindictive Grahame was already r out of hearing of the signal of retreat, and con-nued with his cavalry an unwearied and bloody ursuit, breaking, dispersing, and cutting to pieces all e insurgents whom they could come up with. Burley and Morion were both hurried off the field r the confaced tide of fugitives. They made some tempt to defend the streets of the town of Hamil-r . but while labouring to induce the furst to face.

n; but, while labouring to induce the fligs to face out and stand to their weapons, Burley received a illet which broke his sword-arm.

"May the hand be withered that shot the shot!" he exclaimed, as the sword which he was waving over his head fell powerless to his side. "I can fight no longer.

Then turning his horse's head, he retreated out of the confusion. Morton also now saw that the continu-ing his unavailing efforts to rally the fliers could only end in his own death or captivity, and, followed by the faithful Cuddie, he extricated hinself from the press, and, being well mounted, leaped his horse over one or two enclosures, and got into the open country. From the first hill which they gained in their flight, they looked back, and beheld the whole country covered with their figuitive companions, and with the pursuing dragoons, whose wild shouts and halloo, as they did execution on the groups whom they over-took, mingled with the groans and screams of their victims, rose shrilly up the hill. "It is impossible they can ever make head again," said Morton.

said Morton.

said Morton. "The head's tacp aff them, as clean as I wad bits it aff a sybo i" rejoined Cuddie. "Eh, Lord ! see how the broadswords are flashing ! war's a fearsome thing. They'll be canning that catches me at this wark again.—But, for God's sake, sir, let us mak for some strength !"

some strength "" Morton saw the necessity of following the advice of his trusty squire. They resumed a rapid pace, and continued it without intermission, directing their course towards the wild and mountainous country, where they thought it likely some part of the fugitives might draw together, for the sake sither of making defence, or of obtaining terms.

### CHAPTER XXXIIL

They require Of Heaven the hearts of Heas, breath of tigers, Yes and the fierconces too.

#### PLETCHER

**FLETCHER. EVENTING** had fallen; and, for the last two hours, they had seen none of their ill-fated companions, when Morton and his faithful attendant gained the moorland, and approached a large and solitary farm-house, situated in the entrance of a wild glen, far remote from any other habitation. "Our horses," said Morton, "will carry us no far-ther without rest or food, and we must try to obtain them here, if possible." So speaking, he led the way to the house. The plate had every appearance of being inhabited. There was smoke issuing from the chinney in a considera-

was smoke issuing from the chimney in a considera-ble volume, and the marks of recent hoofs were visi-ble around the door. They could even hear the mur-muring of human voices within the house. But all the lower windows were closely secured; and when the lower windows were closely secured ; and when they knocked at the door, no answer was returned. After vainly calling and entreating admittance, they withdrew to the stable, or shed, in order to accom-modate their horese, ere they used farther means of gaining admission. In this place they found ten or twelve horses, whose state of fatigue, as well as the military yet disordered appearance of their saddles and accourtements, plainly indicated that their owners mere foreiting insurents in their own fortunates

mutary yet ansoraered appearance of their saddles and accoutrements, plainly indicated that their owners were fugitive insurgents in their own circumstances. "This meeting bodes luck," said Cuddie; "and they hae walth o' beef, that's as thing certain, for here's a raw hide that has been about the hurdies o' a stot r.: thalf an hour syne--it's warm yet." Encouraged by these appearances, they returned again to the house, and, announcing themselves as men in the same predicament with the inmates, cla-moured loudly for admittance. "Whoever ye be," answered a stern voice from the window, after a long and obdurate silence, "disturb not those who mourn for the desolation and captivity of the land, and search out the causes of wrath and of defection, that the stumbling-blocks may be re-moved over which we have stumbled." "They are wild western whugs," said Cuddie, in a whisper to his master, "I ken by their language. "The 'i teident, and Burley's exclamation, are taken from the

\* This is cident, and Burley's exclamation, are taken from the 1 PROLES

Morton, however, again called to the party within, | and mainted on admittance; but, finding his entrea-ties still disregarded, he opened one of the lower windows, and pushing asunder the shuttera, which were but slightly secured, stepped into the large kitchen from which the voice had issened. Cuddie followed him, muttering betwixt his toeth, as he put his head within the window, "That he hoped there was nae scalding brose on the fire;" and master and servant both found themselves in company of ten or twelve armed men, seated around the fire, on which refresh-ments were preparing, and busied apparently in their devotions. lows, and pushing asunder the shutters, which were

In the gloomy countenances, illuminated by the fire-light, Morton had no difficulty in recognising several of those zealots who had most distinguished themselves by their intemperate opposition to all themselves by their intemperate opposition to all moderate measures, together with their noted pastor, the fanatical Ephraim MacOriar, and the maniac, Habakkuk Mucklewrath. The Cameronians neither stipret tongue nor hand to welcome their bretheren in misfortune, but continued to listen to the low mur-mured exercise of MacDriar, as he prayed that the Almighty would lift up his hand from his people, and not make an end in the day of his auger. That they were conscious of the presence of the intruders only appeared from the sullen and indignant glances which they shot at them, from tirue to time, as their eyes encountered. encountered.

they shot at them, from time to time, as their eyes encountered. Morton, finding into what unfriendly society he had unwittingly intruded, began to think of retreating; but, on turning his head; observed with some alarm, that two strong men had silently placed themselves beside the window, through which they had entered. One of these ominous sentinels, whispered to Cuddie, "Son of that precious woman, Mause Headngg, do not cast thy lot farther with this child of treachery and perdition—Pass on thy way, and tarry not, for the avenger of blood is behind thee." With this he pointed to the window, out of which Cuddie jumped without hesitation; for the intimation he had received plainly implied the personal danger he would otherwise incur. "Winnocks are no lucky wi' me," was his first peffection when he was in the open air; his next was upon the probable fate of his master. "They'll kill him, the murdering loons, and think they're doing a gude turn ! but I'se tak the back road for Hamilton, and see if I canna get some o' our ain folk to bring help in time of needeessity." So saying, Cuddie hastened to the stable, and take the best horse he could find instead of his own tired animal, he galloped off in the direction he pro-poed. The toine of his hurse's tread alaymed for a nime.

posed.

posed. The noise of his horse's tread alarmed for an in-stant the devotion of the fanatics. As it died in the distance, Macbriar brought his exercise to a conclu-sion, and his audience raised themselves from the stooping posture, and louring downward look, with which they had listened to it, and all fixed their eyes sternly on Henry Morton. "You bend strange countenances on me genile-

"You bend strange countenances on me genile-men," said he, addressing them. "I am totally igno-mant in what manner I can have deserved them." "Out upon thee! out upon thes!" exclaimed Muc-thewrath, starting up: "the word that thou hast sparned shall become a rock to crush and to bruise these; the spear which thou wouldst have broken shall pierce thy side; we have prayed, and wrestled, and petitioned for an offering to atone the sins of the congregation, and lo ! the very head of the offence is delivered into our hand. He hath burst in like a thief through the window; he is a ram caught in the thicket, whose blood shall be a drink-offering to re-deem vergeance from the church, and the place shall from henceforth be called Jehovah-Jirch, for the sacri-fice is provided. Up them, and bind the victim with eerds to the horns of the altar !"

There was a movement among the party; and deeply did Morton regret at that moment the incau-tious haste with which he had venuered into their company. He was armed only with his sword, for he had tert his piecols at the bow of his soddle; and, as the whigs ware all provided with fire-arms, there

was little or no chance of escaping from them by sistance. The interposition, however, of Maching

was little or no chance or compared, interview, of Machine sistances. The interposition, however, of Machine protected him for the moment. "Tarry yet a while, brethren—let us no use the sword rashly, lest the load of innoccent blooks heavy on us.—Come," he said, addressing himself a Mor-ton, "we will reckon with these ere we away the cause thou hast betrayed.—Hast thou not," been cause thou hast betrayed.—Hast thou not," been tinued, "made thy face as hard as finit symmite truth in all the assemblies of the host ?" "He has—he has," murmured the deep voices

"He hath ever urged peace with the malignant,"

said one.

said one. "And pleaded for the dark and dismal guilt of the Indulgence." said another. "And would have surrendered the bost into the hands of Monmouth," echoed a third; "and was the first to desert the honest and manfly Burley, while he yet resisted at the pass. I saw him on the most, with his horse bloody with spurring, long ere the firing had ceased at the bridge." "Gentlemen," said Morton, "if you mean to bur me down by clamour, and take my his withest bar-ing me, it is perhaps a thing in your power; but you will sin before God and man by the commission of such a mirder."

"I say, hear the youth," said Machar; "f Heaven knows our bowels have yearnes for his Heaven knows our bowels have -yearned to him, that he might he brought to see the truth, and east his gifts in its defence. But he is blanded by his our-nal knowledge, and has spurned the light when it blazed before him." Silence being obtained, Morton proceeded to asset the good faith which he had displayed in the treaty with Monmouth, and the active part he had borne in the automuth and the active part he had borne in

the subsequent action.

the subsequent action. "I may not, gentlemen," he said, "be fully able to go the lengths you desire, in assigning to toose of my own religion the means of tyrannizing overstars, we none shall go farther in asserting our own laved freedom. And I mass needs aver, that it had other bom of my mind in coursel, or disposed to stand by my side in battle, we should this evening, instead of bang a defeated and discordant remnant, have sheathed our weapons in a useful and honourship proce, of brandished them triumphantly after a decusive vic-tory."

our weapons in a useful and honourable proce, a brandished them triumphantly after a decisive vic-tory." "He hath spoken the word," said one of the assum-bly-" "he hath avowed his carnal self-seeking and Erastianism; let him die the death ?" "Peace yet again," said Macbrisr, "far I will ay him further, --Was it not by thy means that the ma-lignant Evandale twice escaped from death and cap-uivity? Was it not through these that likes Belbadan and his garrison of cut-throats were served from the edge of the sword ?" "I am proud to say, that you have spoken the said in both instances," replied Morton. "Lo! you ese," said Macbriar, "again has his sake of a Midianitish woman, one of the spower dis sake of a Midianitish woman, one of the spower di baited? Didst thou not do all this for the sake of Edith Bellenden?" "You are incapable," answered Morton, boldly, "of apprecipting my feelings to wards that young had" have but all that have done I would have done had the "Thou art a hardy rebel to the truth," and anothe dark-browy it main: " and didst thou not so act. the

never existed." "Thou art a hardy rebel to the truth," said another dark-brow'd man; "and didst thou not so act, that by conveying away the aged woman, Margaret Bul lenden, and her grand-daughter, thou migh test that the wise and godly project of John Ballour of Barley for bringing forth to battle Basil Olifant, who has agreed to take the field if he were insured possessing of these women's wordly endowments ?"

of these women's wordly endowments?" "I never heard of such a scheme," said Morus "and therefore I could not thwart it.—But does

and increase a could not inwart it.— But does a relixion permit, you to take such uncreditable a immoral modes of recruiting ?" "Pcace," said Macbriar, somewhat disconcessi; "it is not for the to instruct tender profession, are construe Covenant obligations. For the rest and

#### Date: XXXIII.1

have acknowledged enough of win and sorrowful de-fection, to draw down defeat on a host, were it as fection, to draw down densation a nost, were to so numerous as the sands on the sea-shore. And it is our judgment, that we are not free to let you pass from us safe and in life, succe Providence hath given you into our hands at the moment that we prayed with godly Joshua, saying, What shall we say when with godly Joshua, saying, 'What shall we say wh Israel turneth their backs before their enemies? Then camest thou, delivered to us as it, were by lot, Then camest thou, delivered to us as it were by lot, that thou mightest sustain the punlshment of one that hath wrought folly in Isracl. Therefore, mark my words. This is the Sabbath, and our hand shall not be on these to spill thy blood upon this day; but, when the twelch hour shall strike, it is a token that thy time on earth hath run! Wherefore improve thy gpan, for if flittelt fast away. --Seize on the prisoner, wethere, and take his weapon."

pan, for it filteth fast away.—Seize on the prisoner, interturen, and take his weapon." The command was so unexpectedly given, and so suddenly executed by those of the party who hat gradually closed behind and around Morton, that he was overpowered, disarmed, and a horse-girth passed round his arms, before he could offer any effectual resistance. When this was accomplished, a dead and stern allence took place. The fanatics ranged themselves around a large oken table, placing Mor-ton amongst them bound and helpless, in such a manner as to be opposite to the clock which was to strike his knell. Food was placed before them, of which they offered their intended victim a share; but, it will readily be believed, he had little appetite. When this was removed, the party resumed their devotions. Macbriar, whose fierce zeal did not perhaps exclude some feelings of doubt and compunction, began to expositulate in prayer, as if to wring from the Deity a sugnal that the blody sacrifice they proposed was an acceptable service. The eyes and ears of his hearers were anxiously strained, as if to gain some sight or spond which might be converted or wrested into a type of approbation, and ever and anon dark looks were turned on the dial-plate of the time-piece, to watch its progress towards the moment of execution. Morton's eye frequently took the same course, with

Moriton's eye frequently took the same course, with the sad reflection, that there appeared no possibility of his life being expanded beyond the narrow segment which the index had yet to travel on the circle until it arrived at the fatal hour. Faith in his religion, with arrived at the fatal hour. Faith in his religion, with a constant univielding principle of honour, and the sense of conscious innocence, enabled him to pass through this dreadfal interval with less agitation than he himself could have expected, had the situation been prophesied to him. Yet there was a want of that. eager and animating sense of right which sup-ported him in similar circumstances, when in the power of Claverhouse. Then he was conscious, that, shird the spectators were mony who were lamenting power of Claverhouse. Then he was conscious, that, and the spectators, were many who were lamenting his condition, and some who applauded his conduct. But now, among these pale-eyed and ferocious zea-lots, whose hardened brows were soon to be tent, not merely with indifference, but with triumph; upon his execution,—without a friend to speak a kindly word, or, give a look either of sympathy or encouragement, --awaiting till the sword destined to slay him crept out of the scenhead merdnelly, and onit word he strend out of the scabbard gradually, and as it were by strawont of the scabbard gradually, and as it were by straw-breadths, and condemned to drink the bitterness of death drop by drop,—it is no wonder that his feelings were less composed than they had been on any for-mer occasion of danger. His destined executioners, as he gazed around them, seemed to alter their forms and features, like spectres in a feverisk dream; their figures became larger, and their faces more disturbed; and an arctication prodominated over the and, as an excited imagination predominated over the realities which his eyes received, he could have thought himself surrounded rather by a band of demons than of human beings; the walls seemed to drop with blood, and the light tick of the clock thrilled on his ear with such loud, painful distinctness, as if each sound were the prick of a bodkin inflicted on the

**naked nerve** of the organ. It was with pain that he felt his mind wavering, while on the brink between this and the future world. When the strong effort to compose himself to devo-bornal exercises, and unequal, during that fearful strife of nature, to arrange his own-thoughts into suitable expressions he had, instinctively, recourse to the peti-Vot. II 56

tion for deliverance and for composure of spirit which is to be found in the Book of Common Prayer of the Church of England. Macbriar, whose family were of

Church of England. Macbriar, whose family were of that persuasion, instantly recognized the words, which the unfortunate prisoner pronounced half aloud. "There incked but this," he said, his pale check kinding with resentinent, "to root but my carned reluctance to see his blood spite. He is a prelatist, who has sought the camp under the disguise of an Erastian, and all, and more than all, that has been said of him must needs be verity. His blood be on his head, the deceiver !--let him go down to Tophet, with the ill-mumbled mass which he calls a prayer-book, in his right hand !? "I take up my song against him !" exclaimed the maniae. "As the sun went back on the dial tem

degrees for intimating the recovery of holy Hezekish, so shall it now go forward, that the wicked may be taken away from among the people, and the Covenant

taken away from among the people, and the Covenant established in its pinity." He sprang to a chair with an attitude of frenzy, in order to anticipate the fatal moment by putting the index forward; and several of the party began to make ready their slaughter weapons for immediate execution, when Mucklewrath's hand was arrested by one of his companions. "Hist!" he said—"I hear a distant noise." "It is the rushing of the brook over the "pebblea,"

said one. "It is the sough of the wind among the bracken," said enother.

said enother. "It is the galloping of horse," said Morton to him-self, his sense of hearing rendered acute by the dread-ful situation in which he stood; "God grant they may come as my deliverers!" The noise approached rapidly, and became more and more distinct: "It is horse," cried Macbriar. "Look out and descry who they are"

"It is horse," cried Macbriar. "Look out and descry who they are." "The enemy are upon us!" cried one who had opened the window, in obedience to his order. A thick trampling and loud voices were heard im-mediately round the house. Some rose to resist, and some to escape; the doors and windows were forced at once, and the red coats of the troopers appeared in the anartment.

at once, and the red coats of the moopers appeared in the apartment. "Have at the bloody rebels!—Remember Cornet Grahame!" was shouted on every side. The lights were struck down, but the dubious glare

The lights were struck down, but the duploug grame of the fire enabled them to continue the frag. Several pistol-shots were fired; the whig who stood next to Moriton received a shot as he was rising, stumbled against the prisoner, whom he bore down with his weight, and lay stretched above him a dying man. This accident probably saved Morton-from the dam-age he might otherwise have received in so close a struggle, where fire-arms were discharged and sword-blows given for mwards of five minutes.

struggie, where nre-arms were disclaringed and swote-blows given for upwards of five minutes. "Is the prisoner safe?" exclaimed the well-known voice of Claverhouse; "look about for him, and dis-patch the whig dog who is groening there." Both orders were executed. The groans of the

Both orders were executed. The groans of the wounded man were silenced by a thrust with a rapier, and Morton, disencumbered of his weight, was speedi-ly raised and in the arms of the faithful Cuddie, whe blubbered for joy when he found that the blood with, which his master was covered had not flowed from his own veins. A whisper in Morton's ear, while his trusty follower relieved him from his bonds, ex plained the secret of the very timely appearance of the

plained the secret of the very timely appearance of the soldiers. "I fell into Claverhouse's party when I was seek-ing for some o' our sin folk to help ye out o' the hands of the whigs, she being atween the deil and the deep sea, I e'en thought it best to bring him on wi' me, for he'll be wearied wi' felling folk the night, and the morn's a new day, and Lord Evandale awea ye a day in ha'arst; and Monmonth gies quarter, the dragoons tell me, for the asking. Bae hand up your heart, an' I'se warrant we'll do a' weel eneugh yet."\*

#### CHAPTER XXXIV.

# Sound, sound the clarion, fill the fife I To all the science world proclaim, One crowded hour of glorious life Is worth an age without a name.

When the desperate affray had ceased, Claver-house commanded his soldiers to remove the dead bodies, to refresh themselves and their horses, and prepare for passing the night at the farm-house, and for marching early in the ensuing morning. He then turned his attention to Morton, and there was polite-ness, and even kindness, in the manner in which he addressed him. "You would have saved yourself risk from both sides, Mr. Morton, if you had honoured my counsel yesterday morning with some attention; but I respect your motives. You are a prisoner-of-war at the disposal of the king and council, but you shall be treated with no incivility; and I will be satisfied with your parole that you will not attempt an escape." When Morton had passed his word to that effect, Claverhouse bowed civily, and, turning away from him, called for his sergeant-major. "How many prisoners, Halliday, and how many killed?"

"Three killed in the house, sir, two cut down in the court, and one in the garden—six in all; four prisoners."

"Armed or unarmed?" said Claverhouse. "Three of them armed to the teeth," answered alliday; "one without arms—he seems to be a Halliday ;,

Haliloay; "One without arms we seems to be a preacher." "Ay-the trumpeter to the long-ear'd rout, I sup-pose," replied Claverhouse, glancing slightly round upon his victims, "I will talk with him to-morrow. Take the other three down to the yard, draw out two files, and fire upon them; and, d'ye hear, make a memorandum in the orderly book of three rebels taken

Take the other three down to the yard, draw out two files, and fire upon them; and, d'ye hear, make a memorandum in the orderly book of three rebels taken Excise, to which he had been raised by active and resolute experiments in an inferior department. When employed as a supervisor on the coast of Galloway, at a time when the immu-nities of the lade of Man rendered smugging almost universal in that district, this gentleman had the fortane to offend highly is verial of the lades of Man rendered smugging almost universal in that district, this gentleman had the fortane to offend highly is verial of the leader of Man rendered smugging almost universal in the district, this gentleman had the fortane to offend highly is verial of the leader of the country. They surrounded him, with-et and one occasion, placed his life in popards. At one time in particular, as he was riding after sunset on a summer evening? here in that part of the country. They surrounded him, with-et violence, but in such a manner as to show that it would be happily. The officer dist not attempt opposition, but only atked leave to send a country lad to tell his wife and family that he should be delivered and received literally, as he was not charge the boy with this measure in the presence of the surge the boy with this measure in the presence of the surge the boy with the anterones from home, pospone at the heat rain an anticy and affection of his with. But if his meast and and the ecreting than the strict his with such after liss if the instructed and dispetched his more that might arise from the sharpness of the lad's observation, and the nearbal anticy and affection of his with gent and social heat firm the portal and received literally, as he was occasion the samglers expected, it was likking a meet of meast and heat is used to work at habid and the deriver is not for the manner of their ordinary hanner. He sat down at table such after lisselit with good humoor, and withholding founteend the heary last of receiving thein insolence as with m

in arms and shot, with the date and name of the place-Drumshinnel, I think, they call it -Look after the preacher fill to-morrow; as he was not unded, be ihe preacher fill to-morrow; as he was not under he must undergo a short examination. Or better, per-haps, take him before the Bayy Council; I thus they should relieve me of a shore of this disgusting trud-gery.—Let Mr. Morton be civilly used, and see that the men look well after their horses; and let wy groom wash Wildblood's shoulder with some vinege, the saddle has toucher him a little." All these various on ers.—for life and death, the so-curing of his prisoners, and the washing his charger's shoulder,—were given in the same unnoved and equa-ble voice, of which no accent or tone intimated thus the speaker considered one direction as of more im-portance than another.

the speaker considered one direction as of more im-portance than another. The Cameronians, so lately about to be the willing agents of a bloody execution, were now themselves to undergo it. They seemed prepared alike for either extremity, nor did any of them show the least sign of fear, when ordered to leave the room for the purpose of meeting instant death. Their severe enthusaam sustained them in that dreadful moment, and they departed with a firm look and in silence, excepting that one of them, as he left the apartment, looked Claverhouse full in the face, and pronounced, with a storn and steady voice,—"Mischief shall haunt the violent man!" to which Grahame only answered by a smile of contempt.

storn and steady voice.—" Bischiet snail usua, use violent man?" to which Grahame only answered by a smile of contempt. They had no sconer left the room than Claverbosse applied himself to some food, which one or two of his party had hastily provided, and invited Morton is for them both. Morton dechned eating; for the ad-den change of circumstances—the transition from the verge of the grave to a prospect of lie, had occa-sioned a dizy rovulsion in his whole system. And the same confused sensation was accompanied by a burning thirst, and he expressed his wrsh to drink. . "I will pledge you, with all my heart," said Claver-house; "for here is a black jack full of ale, and good it must be, if there be good in the country, for the whigs never miss to find it out.—My service to you, Mr. Morton," he said, filling one horn of ale for him-self, and handing another to his prisoner. Morton raised it to his head, and was just about to window, followed by a deep and hollow groan, re-peated twice or thrice, and more faint at each interval, announced the faite of the three men who had just left them. Morton shuddered, and set down the an-tasted cup.

announced the fate of the three men who had just left them. Morion shuddered, and set down the un-tasted cup. "You are but young in these matters, Mr. Morion" said Claverhouse, after he had very composedly finish-ed his draught; "and I do not think the worse of you as a young soldier for appearing to feel them acutely. But habit, duty, and necessity, reconcise men to every thing." "I trust," said Morion, "they will never reconcise me to such scenes as these." "You would hardly believe," said Claverhouse in reply, "that, in the beginning of my military carest, I had as much aversion to seeing blood spilt as ever man felt; it seemed to me to be wrung from my own heart; and yet, if you trust one of those whig fellows, he will tell you I drink a warm cup of it every mora-ing before I breakfast." But in truth, Mr. Morton, a bell tolls the hour but it is the death-note of some one or other; and why hesitate to shorten the span of others, or take over anxious care to prolong our own f the is a lottery—when the hour of mining that is worth thinking of in an event that must happen one day and the lot has fallen on those fellows who were b and the lot has fallen on those fellows who were b ind the solder leaves then ind mining the came, you were to die—it has struck, you are alive and safe, and the lot has fallen on those fellows who were b ind the solder leaves then ind him, kits worth thinking of in an event that must happen one day and may befall us oh any given moment—it is the long train of light that follows the sunken sun—day "The suttor is succetain whether this was ever mid of the bound the bother surrently reported of Stra Robat (2000)

\* The author is uncertain whether this was ever mid verhouse. But it was currently reported of Gir Robert ( of Lagg, another of the persources, that a cap of in his hard turged to clotted blood.

CRAP. XXXV.] OLD MOR maintenance of the series of the destinguishes the death of the brave or the ignoble. When I think of death, Mr. Morton, as a thing worth thinking of. is in the hope of pressing one day some well-fought and hard-won field of battle, and dying with the bout of victory in my ear that would be worth dying the more, it would be worth having lived for !! At the moment when Graham delivered these sen-theor of the apartment, stood upright before him, and presented the wild person and hideous features of the maniac so often mentioned. His face, where it was not covered with blood-streaks, was ghastly pale, for the hand of death was on him. He bent upon Cla-verhouse eyes, in which the gray light of insanity will twinkled, though just about to fit for eyer, and "Wilt thou truse in thy bow and the speer, in thy these and in thy banner 1. And shall not God visit dom and in thy courage, and in thy might 7. And shall not the Lord judge the 7.—Behold the princes, for whom thou hast sold thy soul to the destroyer, which be removed from their place, and banished to an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing, and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and an astionshment, and a hissing and a curse. And how, who hast partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and how the cu an astonishment, and a hissing, and a ciree. And thou, who has partaken of the wine-cup of fury, and hast been drunken and med because thereof, she wish of thy heart shall be granted to thy loss, and the hope of thme own pride shall destroy thee. I summon thee John Grahame, to appear before the tribunal of God, to answer for this innocent blood, and the seas besides which thou hast shed." He draw his right hand across his bleeding face, and held it up to heaven as he uttered these words, which he spoke very loud, and then added more faint-by, "How long, O Lord, holy and true, dost thou not judge and avenge the blood of thy saints!" As he uttered it le last word, he fell back wards with-out an attempt to save himself, and was a dead man ere his head to the floor. Morton was buch shocked at this extraordinary scene, and the prophecy of the dying man, which tai-lied so strangel; with the wish which Claverhouse and yeards when that wish scened to be accomplished.

ice is strangely with the wish which Claverhouse had just expressed; and he often thought of it after-wards when that wish seemed to be accomplished. Two of the dragoons who were in the apartment, hardened as they were, and accustomed to such scenes, showed great consternation at the sudden ap-parition, the event, and the words which preceded it. Claverhouse alone was unmoved. At the first instant of Mucklewrath's appearance, he had put his hand to his pistol, but on seeing the situation of the wounded wretch, he immediately withdrew it, and listened with great composure to his dying exclamation. When he dropped, Claverhouse asked in an uncon-cerned tone of voice—"How came the fellow here?— Sipeak, you staring fool" he added, addressing the mearest dragoon, "unless you would have me think you such a politon as to fear a dying man." The dragoon crossed himself, and replied with a faltering voice.—"That the dead fellow had escaped their noice when they removed the other bodies, as as chanced to have fallen where a cloak or two had been flung aside, and covered him." "Take him away now, then, you gaping idiot, and see that he does not bite you, to put an old proverb to shame.—This is a new incident, Mr. Morton, that dead men should rise and push us from our stools. I must see that my blackguards grind their swords sharper; they used not to do their works so slovenly. —But we have had a busy day; they are tired, and their blades blunted with their bloody work; and I suppose you, Mr. Morton, as well as I, are well dis-posed for a tew hours' repose." So saying, he yawned, and taking a candle which a soldier had placed ready, saluted Morton courteously, and walked to the apartment which had been pre-pared for him. Morton was also accemmodated, for the evening.

pared for him.

Morton was also accommodated, for the evening with a separate room. Being left alone, his first cupation was the returning thanks to Heaven for

deeming him from danger, even through the instru-mentality of those who essened his most dangerous ensures; he also prayed sincerely for the Divine as-sistance in guiding his course through times which held out so many dangers and so many errors. And having thus poured out his spirit in prayer before the Great Being who give it, he betook himself to the re-pose which he so much required.

#### CHAPTER XXXV.

The charge is prepared, the lawyers are a

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Begger's Open. Begger's Open. So deep was the slumber which succeeded the agi' tation and embarransment of the preceding day, that Morton hardly knew where he was when it was bro-ken by the tramp of horses, the hoarse voice of men, ken by the tramp of horses, the hoarse voice of men, he wild sound of the trampets blowing the rfweillé. The sergeant-major immediately afterwards came to summon him, which he did in a very respect-ful manner, saying the General (for Claverhouse now held that rank) hoped for the pleasure of his company upon the mod. In some similations an infimation is a held that rank) hoged for the pleasure of his company upon the road. In some situations an intimation is a command, and Morton considered that the present occasion was one of these. He waited upon Clavar-house as speedily as he could, found his own horse suddled for his use, and Cuddie in attendance. Both were deprived of their fire-arms, though they seemed, otherwise, rather to make part of the troop than of the prisoners; and Morton was permitted to retain his sword, the wearing which was, in those days, the distinguishing mark of a gentleman. Claverhouse seemed also to take pleasure in riding beside him, in conversing with him, and in confounding his ideas when he attempted to appreciate his real character. The gentleness and urbanity of that officer's general manners, the high and chivalrous sentiments of mili-tary devotion which he occasionally expressed, his deep and accurate insight into the human bosem, tary devotion which he occasionally expressed, his deep and accurate insight into the human bosom, demanded at once the approbation and the wonder of those who conversed with him; while, on the other hand, his cold indifference to military violence and cruelty seemed altogether inconsistent will the accial, and even admirable qualities which he displayed. Morton could not help, in his heart, contrasting hims with Ballour of Burley; and so deeply did the idea im-press him, that he dropped a hint of it as they rode together it agone distance from the troop.

press nim, that he dropped a nint of it as they rode together at some distance from the troop. "You are right," said Claverhouse, with a smiles "you are very right—we are both fanatics; but there is some distinction between the fanaticism of honour and that of dark and sullen superstition." "Yet you both shed blood without mercy or re-morae," said Morton, who could not suppress his fast-

moree," said Morton, who could not suppress his feel-ings. "Surely." said Claverbouse, with the same compo-sure; "but of what Mind ?-There is a difference, I trust, between the blood of learned and reverend pre-tletes and scholars, of gallant soldiers and noble gen-tlemen, and the red puddle that stagnates in the veins of psalm-singing mechanics, crack-brained dema-gogues, and sullen boors; - some distinction, in short, between spilling a fissk of generous wine, and dash-ing down a can full of base muddy ale ?" "Your distinction is too nice for my comprehen-sion." replied Morton. "God gives every spark of life-that of the peasant as well as of the prince; and those who destroy his work recklessly or causelessly must answer in either case. What right, for exam-ple, have I to General Grahame's protection now, more than when I first met him?"

more than when I first met him?

more than when I first met him?" "And narrowly escaped the consequences, you would say?" answered Claverhouse—"why, I will answer you frankly. Then I thought I had to de with the son of an old roundheaded rebel, and the nephew of a sordid presbyterian laird; now I know your points better, and there is that about you which I respect in an enemy as much as I like in a friend. I have learned a good deal concerning you since our first meeting, and I trust that you have found that iny construction of the information has not been un-favourable to you." favourable to you." "But yet," said Morton

"But yet," interrupted Grehene, taking up the word, "you would say you were the same when I first new you that you are now? True; but then, how could I know that? though, by the by, even my re-lactance to suspend your execution may show you how bidy your should be in my catumation."

"Do you expect. General," said Morton, "that I orght to be particularly grateful for such a mark of your esteem?"

ought to be particularly grateful for such a mark of your esteem?" "Poh! poh! you are critical," returned Claver-house. "I tell you'I thought you a different sort of person. Did you ever, read Froissart?" "No," was Morton's enswer. "I have half a mind," said Claverhouse, "to con-trive, you should have six months' imprisonment in ender to prosure you that pleasure. His chapters impoire me with more enthusiasm than even poetry theif. And the noble canon, with what true chival-rous feeling he confines his beautiful expressions of the start of the death of the gallant and high-bred knight, of whom it was a pity to see the fall, such mark he loyalty to his king, pure faith to his religion, herdihood towards his enerty, and fidelity to his lady. Seve !--Ah, benedicite ! how he will mourn over the fall of such a pearl of knighthood, be it on the side he' homens to favour, or on the other. But, truly, for sweeping from the face of the earth some few hun-fredes of rillain churks, who are born but to plough it, the high-bern and inquisitive historian has marvellous fittle grmpathy,-as little, or less, perhaps, than John drahane of Claverhouse."

fittle grmpathy.—as ittle, or iese, permaner some Grahame of Claverhouse." "There is one ploughman in your possession, Ge-mani, for whom, said Morton; "in despite of the con-tempt in which you hold a profession which some philosophers have considered as useful as that of a soldier, I would humbly request your favour." "You mean," said Claverhouse, looking at a me-moranium book, one Hatherick—Hedderick—or—or —Headrigg. Ay, Cuthhert, or Cuddie Heading—here I have hum. O, never foar him, if he will be but tractable. The ladles of Tillietudien made interest with me on his account some time ago. He is to marry their waiting-maid, I think. He will be allow-ed to slip off easy, unless his obstinacy spoils his good fortune."

'He has no ambition to be a martyr, I believe,"

said Morton. "'Tis the better for him," said Claverhouse, "But, besides, although the fellow had more to answer for, I should stand his friend, for the sake of the blan-dering gallantry which threw him into the midst of our ranks last night, when seeking assistance for you. I pever desert any man who trusts me with such im-plicit confidence. But, to deal sincerely with you, he has been long in our eye.—Here, Halliday; bring me tup the black book."

The sergeant, having committed to his commander this ominous record of the disaffected, which was arranged in alphabetical order, Olaverhouse, turning gver the leaves as he role on, began to read names as they occurred

over the leaves as he rode on, began to read names as "Gurablegumption, a minister, aged 60, indulged, clease, ily, and so forth-Pooh! pooh!-He-He-I maye him here-Heathercat; outlawed-a preacher -a zealous Camponian-keeps a conventicle among the Campeie hills-Tush !--O, here is Headrigg-Catheert; his mother a bitter puritan-himself a sun-ple fellow-like to be forward in action, but of no genius for plots-more for the hand than the head, and might be drawn to the right side but for his at-thechment to"--(Here Claverhouse looked at Mor-ton, and then shut the book and changed his tone.) "Faithful and true are words never thrown away upon me, Mr. Morten. You may depend on the young man's safety." young man's safety.

oes it not revolt a mind like yours," said Morton, to follow a system which is to be supported by such manute inquiries after obscure individuals?"

"You do not suppose we take the trouble?" "You do not suppose we take the trouble?" said the General, haughtly. "The curates, for their own makes, willingly collect all these materials for their own regulation in each parish; they know best the black sheep of the flock. I have had your piqure for three years?"

"Indeed ?" replied Marton., "Will yes favour see by imparting it ?" "Willingly," said Claverhouse; it can sprify little, for you cannot average yourself on the came, as you will probably leave Scotland for some time."

bill probably leave Scotland for some time." This was spoken in a mindifferent tone. Barton. felt an involuntary shudder at hearing words which implied a banishmen. From his native land; by are he answered, Claverflouse proceeded to read. "Hary Morton, son of Silas Morton, Colonel of hore-for the Scottish Parliament, nephew and apparent her d. Morton of Milawood—imperfectly educated, but with spirit beyond his years—excellent at all exercises— indifferent to forms of religion, but seems to incline to the presbyterian—has high-flown and damerous to the presbyterian—has high-flown and speech, and hovers between a latitudinarian and an enthusiast. Much admired and followed by the youth of his own sige—modest, quict, and unasuming in manner, bet want ?"

A horseman rode up as he spoke, and gave a letter. Claverhouse glanced it over, laughed sconnight, base him tell his master to send his prisoners to Kanburgh. for there was no answer; and, as the man urand back, said contemptionally to Morton—"Here is an ally of yours description of the pain of the set ally of yours descriptionary to morron- inter is an ally of yours description of the second friend Burley-Hear how he sets forth- *Dear Sir*, (I wonder when we were such inlumates), 'may it please your Excellence, to he sets forth—'Dear Sir,' (I wonder when we was such intimates)' may it please your Excellency to accept my humble congratulations on the victory— hum—bum—'blessed his Majesty's army. I prey van to understand I have my people under arms to take and intercept all fugitives, and have already several prisoners,' and so forth. Subscribed Basil Otifant— You know the fellow by name, I suppose?" "A relative of Lady Margaret Belleaden, "rejind Morton, "is he not?" "A vir regiled Carbame " and heir male of her

"A relative or Lang Morton, " is he not?". "Ay," replied Grahame, " and heir-male of her father's family, though a distant one and moreover a suitor to the fair Edith, though carded as an unworthy one; but, above all a botted admirer of the estate of Tillietudlem, and all thereunto be-longing."

longing." "He takes an ill mode of recommending himself" said Morton, suppressing his feetings, "to the family, at Tillietudian, by corresponding with our unhappy

stat Tillitetulien, by corresponding with our unhappy perty." "O, this proclous Basil will turn cat in pen with any man!" replied Claverhouse. "He was displeased with the government, because they would not over-turn in his fayour a settlement of the late Earl of Torwood, by which his lordship gave his own estate to his own daughter; he was displeased with Lady Margaret, because she avowed no desire for his all-ance, and with the pretty Edith, because she dhi not ike his tall ungainly person. So he held a close correspondence with Burley, and raised his followers with the purpose of helping him, providing alwers be needed no help, that is, if you had beat us yesterday. And now the rascal pretends he was all the whit proposing the King's service, and, for sught I know the council will receive his pretext for current con-for he knows how to make friends among therm con-g or hanged, whild this cunning scoundrel lies hid under the double cloak of loyalty, well-lined with the fox-far of hypocrisy."

the double cloak of loyalty, well-lined with the fox-far of hypocrisy." With conversation on this and other matters the beguiled the way, Claverhouse all the while speaking with great frankness to Morton, and treating he with great frankness to Morton, and treating he so that, however uncertain of his fate, the hours he parsed in the company of this remarkable man wat so much lightened by the varied play of his imagina-tion, and the depth of his knowledge of human makes that since the period of his becoming a prisoner war, which relieved him at once from the cares of the oubful and dangerous station among the insures. doubtful and dangerous station among the insurge and from the consequences of their suspicious rational ment, his house flowed on less anxiously theo at an

time since his having commenced notor in public life. He was now, with respect to his fortune, like a rider who has flung his reins on the horse's neck, and, while he abandoned himself to circumstances, was at least relieved from the task of attempting to direct them. In this mood he jothneyed on, the number of his companions being continually augmented by de-tached parties of horse who came in from every every of the country, bringing with them for the quarter of the country, bringing with them, for the most part, the unfortunate persons who had fallen into their power. At length they approached Edin-

"Our council," said Claverhouse, "being resolved, "Our council," said Claverhouse, "being resolved, I suppose, to testify by their present exultation the extent of their former terror, have decreed a kind of their former terror, have decreed a kind of their council, "said claverhouse, but as

extent of their former terror, have decreed a kind of triumphalentry to us victors and our captives; but as I do not quite approve the taste of it, I am willing to avoid my own part in the show, and, at the same time, to save you from yours." So saying, he gave up the command of the forces to Allan, (now a Lieutenani-colonel,) and, turning his horse into a by-lene, rode into the city privately, accompanied by Morton and two or three servants. When Claverhouse arrived at the quarters which he usually occupied in the Canongate, he assigned to his prisoner a small apartment, with an intima-tion, that his parole confined him to it for the pre-sent. sent

After about a quarter of an hour spent in selitary musing on the strange viciseitudes of his late life, the attention of Morton was summoned to the window musing on the strange vicissi tudes of his late life, the attention of Morton was summoned to the window by a great noise in the street beneath. Trumpets, drums, and kettle-drums, contended in noise with the abouts of a numerous rabble, and apprised him that the royal cavalry were passing in the triumphal atti-tude which Claverhonse had mentioned. The magis-trates of the city, attended by their guard of halberds, had met the victors with their welcome at the gate of the city, and now preceded them as a part of the procession. The next object was two heads borne upon pikes; and before each bloody head were carried the hands of the dismembered sufferers, which were, by the brutal mockery of those who bore them, often approached towards each other as if in the attitude of exhortation or prayer. These bloody trophics be-longed to two preachers who had fallen at Bothwell Bridge. After them came a cart led by the execu-tioner's assistant, in which were placed Macbriar, and other two prisoners, who seemed of the same profession. They were bareheaded in an air rather of trumph than dismay, and appeared in no respect moved either by the fate of their companions, of which the bloody evidences where carried before them, or by dread of their own approaching execution, which these preisoners, thus held up to public infa-rmy and derision, came a body of horse, brandishing their broadswords, and filling the wide street with acclamations, which were answered by the tumulti-ous outenes and shouts of the rabble, who, in every considerable town, are too happy in being permitted

acciantions, which were answered by the tamultu-ous outcries and shouts of the rable. who, in every considerable town, are too happy in being permitted to huzza for any thing whatever which calls them together. In the rear of these troopers came the main body of the prisoners, at the head of whom were some of their leaders, who were theated with every circumstance of inventive mockery and insult. So-veral were placed on horseback with their faces to the animal's tail; others were chained to lo g bars of iron, which they were obliged to support in their hands, like the galley-slaves in Spain when travelling to the port where they are to be put on shipboard. The heads of others who had fallen were borne in ritumph before the survivors, come on pikes and hal-ered persons labelled on the outside. Such were the bjects who headed the ghastly procession, who seem-xd as effectually doomed to death as if they wore the *andenitos* of the condemned heretics in an *auto-da-fe.*\* ous outcries and shouts of the rabble, who, in every fe.\*

David Hackston of Rathillet, who was wounded and made missner in the skirmiah of Air's Moss, in which the celebrated amerion fell, was, on entering Edinburgh, "by order of the Someti, received by the Magnutates at the Watergate, and set Vol. II. 4 F

Behind them came on the namelees growd to the number of several hundreds, some retaining under their misfortunes a sense of confidence in the cause for which they suffered captivity, and were about to for which they suffered captivity, and were about to give a still more bloody testimony; others seemed pale, dispirited, dejected, questioning in their own minds their prudence in espousing a cause which Providence seemed to have disowned, and looking about for some avenue through which they might es-cape from the consequences of their rashness. Others there were who seemed incapable of forming an opinion on the subject, or of entertaining either loop confidence, or fear, but who, foaming with thirst and fatigue, stumbled along like over-driven oxen, lost to every thing but their present sense of wretchedness, and without having any distinct idea whether they were led to the shambles or to the pasture. These unfortunate men were guarded on each hand by Were led to the shambles or to the pasture. These unfortunate men were guarded on each hand by troopers, and behind them came the main body of the cavairy; whose military music resounded back from the high houses on each side of the street, and min-gled with their own songs of jubilee and triumph, and the wild shouts of the rabble. Morton felt himself heart-sick while he gazed on the dismal spectice, and recorning in the block.

Morion feit immeet near-mus while he gazed on the dismail spectacle, and recognised in the bloody heads, and still more miserable and agonized features of the living sufferers, faces which had been familiar to him during the brief insurrection. He sunk down in a chair in a bewildered and stupified state, from

in a chair in a bewildered and stupified state, from which he was awakened by the voice of Cuddie. "Lord forgie us, sir!" said the poor fellow, his teeth chattering like a pair of nut-crackers, his hair erect like boar's bristles, and his face as pale as that of a corpse-"Lord forgie us, sir! we mean instandy gang before the Council!--O Lord, what made them send for a puir bodie like me, sae mony braw lords and gentles!--and there's my mither come on the lang tramp frae Glasgow to see to gar me testify, as she ca's it, that is to say, confess and be hanged; but deil tak me if they mak sic a guse of Cuddie, if I can do better. But here's Claverhouse himsell--the Lord preserve and forgie us, I say ancs mair!" "You must immediately attend the Council, Mr. Morton," said Claverhouse, who entered while Cud-die spoke, " and your servant must go with you. You need be under no apprehension for the consequences

all spoke, and your servant muss go with you. You need be under no apprehension for the consequences to yourself personally. But I warn you that you will see something that will give you much pain, and from which I would willingly have saved you, if I had possessed the power. My carriage waits us—shall

possessed the power. My carnage waits us—shall we go?" It will be readily supposed the Morton did not ven-ture to dispute this invitation powever unpleasant. He rose and accompanied Claverhouse. "I must apprise you," said the latter, as he led the way down stairs, "that you will get off cheap; and so will your servant, provided he can keep his tongue wier " quiet

Cuddie caught these last words to his exceeding

"Update categorie and the same instant, to see my being a fast of testing the same and provide the same instant. The same instant is a set of the same instant is a set of the same instant is a set of the same instant. The same instant is a see my being and a same instant is a see my being a same instant is a see my being a same instant is a see my being same in the same instant is a see my being same instant instant is a see my being same instant i

bled am I, a' in ane and the same instant, to see my bairn ganging to testify for the truth gloriously with his mouth in council, as he did with his weapon in the field." "Whisht, whisht, mither t" cried Cuddie impa-tiently. "Odd, ye daft wife, is this a time to speak o' that things? I tell ye I'll testify marching either as gate or another. I has spoken to Mr. Poundtext, and I'll tak the declaration, or whate'er they ca' it, and we're a' to win free off if we do that-he's gotten life for himsell and a' his fok, and that's a minister for my siller; I like thane o' your sermons that end in a psalm at the Grassmarket."\*

on a horse's bare back with his face to the tale, and the curse three laid on a goal of iron, and carried up the street, Mr. Ca-meron's head being on a halberd before them."

\* Then the place of public execution. 56\*

"O, Cuddie, man, laith wad I be they suld hurt ve," said old Mause, divided grievously between the safety of her son's soul and that of his body; "but mind, my bonny baim, ye hae battled for the faith, and dinna let the dread o' losing creature-comforts withdraw ye frae the gude fight." "Hout tout, mither," replied Cuddie, "I hae fought ''Hout tout, mither," replied Cuddie, "I hae fought

ve," said old Mause, divided grievously between the sefety of her son's soul and that of his body; "but mind, my bonny bairn, ye hae battled for the faith, and dinna let the dread o' losing creature-comforts withdraw ye frae the gude fight." "Hout tout, mither," replied Cuddie, "I hae fought e'en ower muckle already, and, to speak plain; I'm wearied o' the trade. I hae swaggered wi'a' thae arms, and muskets and pistols, buffcoats, and ban-doliers, lang eneugh, and I like the pleugh-paidle a hantle better. I ken naething suld gar a mas fight, (that's to say, when he's no angry,) by and out-taken the dread o' being hanged or killed if he turns back." "But, my dear Cuddie," continued the persevering Mause, "your bridal garment-Oh, hinny, dinna sully the marriage garment!" "Awa, awa, mither," replied Cuddie; "dinna ye see the folks waiting for me ?--Never fear me-I ken how to turn this far better than ye do-for ye're bleez-ing awa about marriage, and the job is how we are to win by hanging."

win by hanging.

So saying, he extricated himself out of his mother's embraces, and requested the soldiers who took him in charge to conduct him to the place of examination without delay. 'He had been alrestly preceded by Claverhouse and Morton.

#### CHAPTER XXXVL My native land, good night !

THE Privy Council of Scotland, in whom the prac-tice since the union of the crowns vested great judi-cial powers, as well as the general superintendence of the executive department, was met in the ancient dark Gothic room, adjoining to the House of Parlia-ment in Edinburgh, when General Grahame entered and took his place amongst the members at the coun-

and took mis place amongst the members at the coun-cil table. "You have brought us a leash of game to-day, Ge-neral," said a nobleman of high place amongst them. "Here is a craven to confess-a cock of the game to stand, at bay—and what shall I call the third, General?" "Without further metaphor, I will entreat your Grace to call him a person in whom I am specially interested," replied Claverhouse. "And a whig into the bargain?" said the noble-man, lolling out a tongue which was at all times too big for his mouth, and commodating his coarse fea-tures to a sneer, to what they seemed to be familiar. "Yes, please your Grace, a whig; as your Grace was in 1641," replied Claverhouse, with his usual ap-pearance of imperturbable civility. "He has you there, I think, my Lord Duke," said one of the Privy Councilors. "Ay, ay," returned the Duke, laughing, "there's no speaking to him since Drumclog—but come, bring in the prisoners—and do you, Mr. Clerk, read the record."

record." The clerk read forth a bond, in which General Gra-hame of Claverhouse and Lord Evandale entered themselves securities, that Henry Morton, younger of Milnwood, should go abroad and remain in foreign parts, until his Majesiy's pleasure was further known, in respect of the said Henry Morton's accession to the late rebellion, and that under penalty of life and limb to the said Henry Morton, and of ten thousand marks to each of his securities. marks to each of his securities.

marks to each of his securities. "Do you accept of the King's mercy upon these terms, Mr. Morton?" said the Duke of Lauderdale, who presided in the Council. "I have no other choice, my lord," replied Morton. "Then subscribe your name in the record." Morton did so without reply, conscious that, in the creumstances of his case, it was impossible for him to have escaped more ensily. Macbrar, who was at the same instant brought to the foot of the council-table, bound upon a chair, for his weakness prevented him from standing, beheld Morton in the act of what he accounted apostasy.

leap the ditch when another goes first." Cuddle was introduced unbound, but under the guard of two halberdiers, and placed beside line-briar at the foot of the table. The poor fellow cast pitcous look around him, in which were mingled as for the great men in. whose presence he stood, and compassion for his fellow-sufferers, with no small fee of the personal consequences which impended over himself. He made his clownish oberisances with a double portion of reverence, and then awasted the opening of the awful scene. "Were you at the battle of Bothwell Brigg?" was the first question which was thundered in his ears.

ears

ears. Guddie meditated a denial, but had sense enough, upon reflection, to discover that the truth would be no strong for him; so he replied, with true Caledonna indirectness of response, "Pill no say but it may be possible that I might has been there." "Answer directly, you knave yes, or no ?-Yes know you were there." "It's no for me to contradict your Lordship's Grace's honour," said Cuddie. "Once more, sir, were you there ?-yes, or no ?" said the Duke, impetiently. "Dear stir," again replied Cuddie, "how can ass mind proceesely where they has been a' the days o' ther kife ?"

life 7

"Speak out, you scoundrel," said General Dal-"Speak out, you scoundrel," said General Dal-zell, "or I'll dash your teeth out with my dudgeon-haft!-Do you think we can stand here all day to be turning and dodging with you, like greyhounds after a hare?" "A weel, then," and Childia "more mathematic

"Aweel, then," said Cuddie, "since nathing che will please ye, write down that I cannot deny but I

"Aweel, then," said Cuddie, "sance namung ca-will please ye, write down that I cannot deny but I was there," "Well, sir," said the Duke, "and do you think that the rising upon that occasion was rebellion or not?" "I'm no just free to gie my opinion, stir," said the eguitous captive, "on what might cost my neck; but I doubt it will be very little better." "Buter than what?" "Just than rebellion, as your honour ca's it," re-plied Cuddie. "Well, sir, that's speaking to the purpose," replied his Grace. "And are you content to accept of the King's pardon for your guilt as a rebel, and to keep the church, and pray for the King?" "Blithely, stir," answered the unscrupslous Cud-the ale's gude." "Egad," said the Duke, "this is a hearty cock.--What brought you into such a scrape, mine honest friend?" "Just ill example, stir," replied the prisoner, "and daft auld jaud of a ruther, wi' reverpere to your Grace's honour." "Wy, God-a-mercy, my friend," replied the Duke, "take care of bad advice another time; I think ye are not likely to commit treason on your own score-Maks bout his free seried. are not likely to commit treason on your own score-Make out his free pardon, and bring forward the rogs in the chair.

Macbriar was then moved forward to the post of

examination. "Were you at the battle of Bothwell Bridge?" was in like manner, demanded of him. "I was," answered the prisoner, in a bold and res-

lute tone. "Were you armed ?"

"I was not-I went in my calling as a preacher of

to have escaped more easily. Macbriar, who was at the same instant brought to the foot of the council-table, bound upon a chair, for his weakness prevente lism from standing, beheld Morton in the act of what the accounted apostary. "He hath summed his defection by owning the of hismaity. . -¢

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#### GRAP. XXXVI.]

God's word, to encourage them that drew the sword | andible, "Thou hast said, thy people shall be willing in His cause

In other words, to aid and abet the rebels ?" said

"In other worus, we are seen the Duke. "Thou hast spoken it," replied the prisoner. "Well, then," continued the interrogator, "let us wow if you saw John Balfour of Burley among the party?-I presume you know him?" replied Mac-briar; "he is a zelous and a sincere Christian." "And when and where did you last see this pious personage?" was the query which immediately fol-lowed.

"I am here to answer for myself," said Macbriar, "I am here to answer for myself," said Macbriar, in the same dauntless manner, " and not to endanger

"We shall know," said Dalzell, "how to make you

"We shall know," said Dalzell, "how to make you find your tongue." "If you can make him fancy himself m a conven-ucle," answered Lauderdale, "he will find it without you.—Come, laddie, speak while the play is good-you're too young to bear the burden will be laid on you else." "I defy you," retorted Macbriar. "This has not been the first of my imprisonments or of my suf-ferings; and, young as I may be, I have lived long enough to know how to die when I am called upon." "Ay, but there are some things which must go before an easy death, if you continue obstinate," said Lauderdale, and rung a small silver bell which was placed before him on the table. A dark crimison curtain, which covered a sort of

placed before him on the table. A dark crimson curtain, which covered a sort of niche, or Gothic recess in the wall, rose at the signal, and displayed the public executioner, a tall, grim, and hideous man, having an oaken table before him, on which lay thumb-crews, and an iron case, called the Scotish boot, used in those tyrannical days to torture accused persons. Morton, who was unprepared for this ghastly apparition, started when the curtain arose, but Macbriar's nerves were more firm. He gazed upon the horrible apparatus with much compo-sure; and if a touch of nature called the blood from bis cheek for a second, resolution sent it back to his brow with greater energy. "Do you know, who that man is?" said Lauderdale, in a low, stern voice, almost sinking into a whisper.

"Boyou know who that man is ?" said Lauderdale, in a low, stern voice, almost sinking into a whisper. "He is, I suppose," replied Macbriar, "the infa-mous executioner of your bloodthirsty commands upon the persons of God's people. He and you are equally beneath my regard; and, I bless God, I no more fear what he can inflict than what you can command. Flesh and blood may shrink under the sufferings you can doom me to, and poor frail nature may shed tears, or send forth cries; but I thust my soul is anchored firmly on the rock of ages." "Do your duy," said the Duke to the executioner. The fellow advanced, and asked, with a harsh and discordant voice, upon which of the prisoner's limbs he should first employ his engine. "Let him choose for himself," said the Duke; "I should like to oblige him in any thing that is reason-able."

anoud like to oblige him in any thing that is reasonable." "Since you leave it to me," said the prisoner, statching forth his right leg, "take the best-I wil-lingly bestow it in the cause for which I suffer."\* The executioner, with the help of his assistants, en-closed the leg and knee within the tight iron boot, or case, and then placing a wedge of the same metal between the knee and the edge of the same metal between the knee and the edge of the same metal between the knee and the edge of the same metal between the knee and the edge of the prisoner's chair, bared the prisoner's arm, and applied his thumb to the pulse in order to regulate the torture according to the strength of the patient. When these prepara-tions were made, the President of the Council re-peatel with the same stern voice the question, "When and, where did you last see John Balfour of Burley?" The prisoner as if imploring Divine strength, and mutt red a few words, of which the last were distinctly "Ti a was the reply actually made by James Mitchell when

<sup>4</sup> Ti is was the reply actually made by James Mitchell when subjec ed to the torture of the boot, for an attempt to assessin-ate Ar subjebop Sharps.

"in the day of thy power !" 'The Duke of Lauderdale glanced his eye around the council as if to collect their suffages, and, judg-the council as if to collect their suffages, and, judgthe council as if to collect their suffages, and, judg-ing from their mute signs, gave on his own part a not to the executioner, whose mallet instantly descrided on the wedge, and, forcing it between the knee and the iron boot, occasioned the most exquisite pain, as was evident from the flush which instantly tunk place on the brow and on the checks of the sufferer. The fellow then again mixed his weapon, and stoud prepared to give a second blow. "Will you yet as;" repeated the Duke of Lauder-dale, "where and when you last parted from Balfour of Burley ?"

"You have my answer," said the sufferer resolutely, and the second blow fell. The third and fourth suc-ceeded; but at the fifth, when a larger wedge had been introduced, the prisoner set up a scream of agony.

Morton. whose blood boiled within him at witnes ing such crueity, could bear no longer, and, al nough unarmed and himself in great danger, was springing forward, when Claverhouse, who observed his emo-tion withheld him by force, leying one hand on his arm and the other on his mouth, while he whispered, "For God's sple, think mouth while he whispered,

arm and the other on his mouth, while he whispered, "For God's sake, think where you are." This movement, fortunately for him, was observed by no other of the councillors, whose attention was engaged with the dreadful scene before them. "He is gone," said the surgeon—"he has fainted, my Lords, and human nature can endure no more." "Release him," said the Duke; and sdded, turning to Dalzell, "He will make an old proverb good, for he'll scarce ride to-day, though he has had his boots on. I suppose we must finish with him ?" "Ay, dispatch his sentence, and have done with him; we have plenty of drudgery behind." Strong waters and essences were busily employed to recall the senses of the unfortunate captive; and; when his first faint gasge intimated a return of sensa-

when his first faint gass intimated a return of sensa-tion, the Duke pronounced sentence of death upon him, as a traitor taken in the act of open rebellion, and adjudged him to be carried from the bar to the and adjudged him to be carried from the bar to the common place of execution, and there hanged by the neck; his head and hands to be stricken off after death, and disposed of according to the pleasure of the Council,\* and all and sundry his movable goods and gear escheat and inbrought to his Majesty's use. "Doomster," he continued, "repeat the sentence to the prisoner."

"Doomster," he continued, "repeat the sentence to the prisoner." The office of Doomster was in those days, and till a much later period, held by the executioner in com-mendam, with his ordinary functions.† The duty consisted in receing to the unhappy criminal the sen-tence of the law as pronounced by the judge, which acquired an additional and horrid emphasis from the recollection, that the hateful personage by whom its was uttered was to be the agent of the cruelties has denounced. Macbriar had scarce understood the pur-port of the words as first pronounced by the Lord Presi-dent of the Council; but he was sufficiently recovered to listen and to reply to the sentence when uttered by the harsh and odious voice of the ruffian who was to execute it, and at the last awful words, "And this I pronounce for doom," he answered boldly-"My Lords, I thank you for the only favour I looked for, or would accept at your hands, namely, that you have Lords, I thank you for the only favour I looked for, or would accept at your hands, namely, that you have sent the crushed and maimed carcass, which has this day sustained your cruelty, to this hasty end. It were indeed little to me whether I periah on the gallows or in the prison house; but if death, following close on what I have this day suffered, had found me in my cell of darkness and bondege, many might have lost the sight how a Christian man can suffer in the good

\* The pleasure of the Council respecting the relies of their victims was often as savage as the rest of their conduct. The heads of the preachers were frequently expaced on pikes be tween their two hands, the value duplayed as in the attitude of prayer. When the colebrated Riolard Cameron's lead was exponed in this manner, a spectator bore tostimony to it as that of one who had lived praying and preaching, and died yraying and factors.

ad fighting. If See a note on the subject of this office in the Heart of Jais-athian.

enume. For the rest, I forgive you, my Lords, for what you have appointed and I have sustained—And why should I not ?—Ye send me to a happy exchange —to the company of angels and the spirits of the just, for that of frail dust and ashes—Ye send me from darkness into day—from mortality to immortality— and, in a word, from earth to heaven !—If the thanks, therefore, and martifon of a duing man effin do your therefore, and pardon of a dying man cafin do you good, take them at my hand, and may your last mo-ments be as happy as mine!"

As he spoke thus, with a countenance radiant with joy and triumph, he was withdrawn by those who had brought him into the apartment, and executed within half an hour, dying with the same enthusias-tic firmness which his whole life had evinced.

tic firmness which his whole life had evinced. The council broke up, and Morton found himself again in the carriage with General Grahame. "Marvellous firmness and gallantry!" said Mor-ton, as he reflected upon Machnar's conduct; " what a pity it is that with such self-devotion and heroism should have been mingled the flercer features of his set !!"

"You mean," said Claverhouse, "his resolution to condemn you to death ?-To that he would have re-conciled himself by a single text; for example, 'And Phiness srose and executed judgment,' or something

Princes arose and executed judgment, or something to the same purpose.—But wot ye where you are now bound, Mr. Morton ?" "We are on the road to Leith, Pobserve," answered Morton. "Can I not be permitted to see my friends cee I leave my native land ?". "Your uncle," replied Grahame, "has been spoken to, and declines visiting you. The good gentleman is terrified, and not without some reason, that the more fructure memory producting in the target orime of your treason may extend itself over his lands and tenements—he sends you, however, his blessing, and a small sum of money. Lord Evandale con-tinues extremely indisposed. Major Bellenden is at Tillietudlem putting matters in order. The scoundrels tave made great havoc there with Lady Margaret's momiments of antiquity, and have descerated and destroyed what the good lady called the Throne of his most Sacred Majesty. Is there any one else whom you would wish to see?" Morton sighed deeply as he answered, "No-it would avail nothing.—But my preparations,—small as they are, some must be necessary." "They are all ready for you," said the General. "Lord Evandale has anticipated all you wish. Here is a packet from him with letters of recommendation orime of your treason may extend itself over his lands

"Lord Evandale has anticipated all you wish. Here is a packet from him with letters of recommendation for the court of the Stadtholder Prince of Orange, to which I have added one or two. I made my first campaigns under him, and first saw fire at the battle of Senell." There are also bills of exchange for your immediate wants, and more will be sent when you require it." Morton heard all this and received the parcel with an istounded and confused look, so sudden was the execution of the sentence of benishument. "And my servant?" he said.

• "And my servant?" he said. "He shall be taken care of, and replaced, if it be practicable, in the service of. Lady Margaret Bellen-dem, I think he will hardly neglect the parade of the foundal retainers, or go a whigging a second time.— But here we are upon the quay, and the boat waits you?" you

you." It was even as Claverhouse said. A boat waited for Captain Morton, with the trunks and bagaage belonging to his rank. Claverhouse shook him by the hand, and wished him good fortune, and a happy isturn to Scotland in queter times. "I shall never forget," he said, "the gallantry of your behaviour to my friend Evandale, in circum-stances when many men would have sought to rid him out of their way." Another friendly measure and they narted. As

Another friendly pressure, and they parted. As Morton descended the pier to get into the boat, a hand placed in his a letter folded up in very small space. He looked round. The person who gave it seemed much muffled up it he pressed his finger upon nis lip, and then disappeared among the crowd. The incident awakened Morton's curiosity; and when he

August 1674. Claverhouse greatly distinguished himself in this action, and was made Cantain.

found himself on beard of a vessel board for Rota dam, and saw a'l his companions of the wages bu making their own arrangements, he took to oppor-tunity to open the billet thus mysteriously thus topour him. It ran thus :- "Thy courage on the fail day when Israel fied before his enemies, hath, is orne when Israel fied before his enemies, hath, is onese measure, atoned for thy unhappy owning of the bas-tian interest. These are not days for Ephrain to strive with Israel.—I know thy heart is with the daughter of the stranger. But turn from that folks, for in exile, and in flight, and even is death itsel, shall my hand be heavy against that bloody and malignant house, and Providence hath given ine the means of meting unto them with their own measure of ruin and confiscation. The resistance of their stronghold was the mean cause of our being constrained stronghold was the main cause of our being scattered at Bothwell Bridge, and I have bound it upon my soul to visit it upon them. Wherefore, think of he no more, but join with our brethren in bausshings, no more, but join with our brethren in banishmens, whose hearts are still towards this miscrable land to save and to relieve her. There is an bonest remnant in Holland whose eyes are looking out for deliver-ance. Join thyself unto them like the true son of the stout and worthy Silas Morton, and thou wilt have good acceptance among them for his sake and for thine own working. Shoulds thou be found worthy again to labour in the vineyard, thou wilt at al times here of mu in-coming and out-comings here in our inagain to habour in the vineyard, those will at all times hear of my in-comings and out-goings, by inquiring after Quintin Mackell of Irongray, at the house of that singular Christian woman, Beesis Machare, new to the place called the Howff, where Niel Blane entertaineth guests. So much from him who hopes to heat again from thee in brotherhood, revising note that the place is the second second second second second second to heat again from the second second second second second the second second second second second second second second the second se to hear again from thee in brotherhood, reassing make blood, and striving against air. Mean while, pomme thyself in patience. Keep thy sword girded, and thy lamp burning, as one that wakes in the night; for He who shall judge the Mount of Essa, and shall make false professors as straw, and malignmus as subble, will come in the fourth watch with garments dyed in blood, and the house of Jacoff shall be for wool, and the house of Joseph for fire. I am he that hath will up to the ord hard hard here on the mither the written it, whose hand hath been on the mighty in the waste field."

This extraordinary letter was subscribed J. B. of B.; but the signature of these initials was not neces sary for pointing out to Morron that it could cause from no. other than Burley. Is gave him new occu-sion to admire the indomitable spirit of this man, who, with art equal to his courage and obstimacy, was even now endeavouring to re-establish the w of conspiracy which had been so lately torn to piece But he felt no sort of desire, in the present moment, to sustain a correspondence which must be periods, or to renew an association, which in go many ways had been nearly fatal to him. The threats which Burley held out against the family of Bellenden, it considered as a mere expression of his sphere a account of their defence of Tilliet adless; and nothing seemed less likely than that, at the very finomens, their party being victorious, their fugitive and d tressed adversary could exercise the least influence over their fortunes.

Morton, however, hesitated for an instant, whethe be should not send the Major or Lord Evandale in mation of Barloy's threats. Upon consideration, a thought he could not do so without betraying his can fidential correspondence; for to warn them, of h menaces would have served little purpose, unless had given them a clew to prevent them, by apa hending his person; while, by doing so, be cleaned should conimit an ungenerous breach of trust is a evil which seemed almost imaging Upon mature consideration, therefore, he tore d letter, having first made a memorandum of the nu and place where the writer was to be heard of a threw the fragments into the sea.

three the fragments into the sea. While Morton was thus employed the vessel unmoored, and the white sails swelled out being favourable north-west wind. The ship learner is side to the gale, and went roaring through the use leaving a long and rippling furrow to track her can be under the ship better the sail sailed but undersing ushable in the distance; the bills by the they were surrounded melted finally into the bills

#### GRAP. XXXVII.]

and Morton was separated for several years from the land of his nativity.

# CHAPTER XXXVIL

Whom does time gallop with a 1 As You Lits it. It is fortunate for tale-tellers that they are not tied down like the strict writers to the unities of time and place, but may conduct their personages to Athens and Thebes at their pleasure, and bring them back at their convenience. Time, to use Rosalind's simile, has hitherto paced with the hero of our tale; for, betwixt Morton's first appearance as a competitor for the popinjay, and his final departure for Holland, hardly two months elapsed. Years, however, glided away ere we find it possible to resume the thread of our narrative, and Time must be held to have galloped over the interval. Craving, therefore, the privilege of my cast, I entreat the reader's attention to the con-tinuation of the narrative, as it starts from a new era, geing the year immediately subsequent to the British Revolution

Scotland had just begun to repose from the convul-sion occasioned by a change of dynasty, and, through the prudent tolerance of King William, had narrowly escaped the horrors of a protracted civil war. Agriescaped the horrors of a protracted civil war. Agri-culture began to revive; and men, whose minds had been disturbed by the violent political concussions, and the general change of government in church and state, had begun to recover their ordinary temper, and The general charge of government in church and to give the usual attention to their own private affairs in lieu of discussing those of the public. The High-landers alone resisted the newly-established order of things, and were in arms in a considerable body un-der the Viscount of Dundee, whom our readers have hitherto known by the name of Grahame of Claver-house. But the usual state of the Highlands was so unruly, that their being more or less disturbed was not supposed greatly to affect the general tranquillity of the country, so long as their disorders were con-fined within their own frontiers. In the Lowlands, the Jacobites, now the undermost party, had ceased to expect any immediate advantage by open resist-ance, and were, in their turn, driven to hold private meetings, and form associations for mutual defence, which the government termed treason, while they cried out persecution. cried out persecution.

The triumphant whigs, while they re-established presbytery as the national religion, and assigned to the General Assemblies of the Kirk their natural influence, were very far from going the lengths which fluence, were very far from going the lengths which the Cameronians and more extravagant portion of the non-conformiste under Charles and James loudly demanded. They would lister to no proposal for re-establishing the Solemn League and Covenant; and those who had expected to find in King William a zealous Covenanted Monarch, were grievously disap-pointed when he intimated, with the phlegm peculiar to his country, his intention to tolerate all forms of religion which were consistent with the sefecty of the state. The principles of indulernes thus servered and religion which were consistent with the safety of the stats. The principles of indulgence thus espoused and gloried in by the government, gave great offence to the more violent party, who condemned them as dia-metrically contrary to Scripture; for which narrow-spirited doctrine they cited various texts, all, as it may well be suppressed, detached from their contaxt, and most of them derived from the charges given to the Jews in the Old Testament dispensation, to extipate idolaters out of the promised land. They also mur-mund highly against the influence assumed by secumured highly against the influence assumed by secular persons in exercising the rights to patronage, har persons in exercising the rights to partonage, which they termed, a rape upon the chasity of the Church. They censured and condemned as Erastian many of the measures, by which government after the Revolution showed an inclination to interfere with the management of the Church, and they positively refused to take the act of allegiance to King William and Queen Mary, until they should, on their part, have sworn to the Solemn League and Covenant, the Magna Charta, as they termed it, of the Presbyterian

Church. This party, therefore, remained grumbling and dis-satisfied, and made repeated declarations against de-

fections and causes of wrath, which, had they been presecuted as in the two former reigns, would have led to the same consequence of open rebellion. But as the mutmurers were allowed to hold their meeting uninterrupted, and to testify as much as they pleased against Socimanism. Erastianism, and all the comagainst Socimanism, Erastinnism, and all the com-pliances and defections of the time, their zeal, un-fanned by persecution, died gradually away, their numbers became diminished, and they sunk into the scattered remnant of serious, scrupulous, and harma-less enthusiasts, of whom Old Mortality, whose legends have allored the groundwork of my tale, may be taken as no bad representative. But in the the Cameronians continued a sect strong in number and veherent in their political opinions, whom go-vernment wished to discourage, while they prudently temporized with them. These men formed one vio-lent party in the state; and the Episcopalian and Ja-cobite interest, notwithstanding their ancient and national animosity, yet repeatedly endeavoured to intrigue among them, and avail themselves of their discontents, to obtain their assistance in recalling the Stewart family. The Revolutionary government, in the mean while, was supported by the great bulk of the Lowland interest, who were chieffy disposed to a moderate presbytery, and formed in a great measure stigmatized by the Gameronians, for having exercised that form of worship under the declaration of Indul-gence issued by Charles II. Such was the state of parties in Scotland immediately subsequent to the Revolution. and vehement in their political opinions, whom go Revolution

It was on a delightful summer evening, that a stran-ger, well mounted, and having the appearance of a military man of rank, rode down a winding descent ger, well mounted, and naving the appearance of a military man of rank, rode down a winding descess which terminated in view of the romantic ruins of Bothwell Castle and the river Clyde, which winds so beautifully between rocks and woods to sweep around the towers formerly built by Aymer de Valence. Bothwell Bridge was at a little distance, and also in sight. The opposite field, once the scene of slaughter and conflict, now lay as placid and quiet as the sur-face of a summer lake. The trees and bushes, which grew around in romantic variety of shede, were handly even to stir under the influence of the evening breeze. The very murnur of the river seemed to soften itself into unison with the stillness of the scene around. The path, through which the traveller descended, was occasionally shaded by detached trees of great size, and elsewhere by the hedges and bushes, four-ushing orchards, now laden with summer fruits. The nearest object of consequence was a farm-house, or, it might be, the shode of a small proprietos, situated on the side of a stany bank, which was co-

The nearest object of consequence was a farme-house, or, it might be, the abode of a small proprietor, situated on the side of a simple bank, which was co-vered by apple and pear-trees. At the foot of the path which led up to this modest, mansion was a small cottage, pretty much in the situation of a portune lodge, though obviously not designed for such a pup-pose. The hut seemed comfortable, and more neady arranged than is usual in Scotland. If had its little garden, where some fruit-trees and bushes were mis-gled with kitchen herbs; a cow and six sheep fed in a paddock hard by; the cock structed and crowed, and summoned his family around him before the door: a heap of brush vood and turf, neatly made up indi-cated that the water fuel was provided; and the time blue smoke which ascended from the straw-bund chinney, and winded slowly out from among the green trees, showed that the evening meal was in the sect of being made ready. To complete the little scene of rural peace and comfort, a girl of about five years old was fetching water in a pitcher from a beau-tiful fountain of the purest transparency, which bub-bled up at the foot of a decayrd old oak tree, about twenty yards from the end of the coitage. The stranger reined up his horse, and called to the little nymph, desiring to know the way to Fairy Knowe. The child set down her water-pitcher, hardig understanding what was axid to her, put ther far flazen hair apart on her brows, and opened her round blue opes with the wondering. "What's your wull 7 which is usually a peasant's first answer, if it case her

"I wish to know the way to Fairy-Knowe." "Mammie, mammie," exclaimed the little rustic, running towards the door of the hut, "come out and speak to the gentleman."

Her mother appeared, -- a handsome young country-woman, to whose features, originally sly and espisgle in expression, matrimony had given that decent ma-troniy sit which peculiarly marks the peasant's wile of Scotland. She had an infant in one arm, and with the other she smoothed down her apron, to which hung a chubby child of two years old. The elder hung a chubby child of two years old. The elder girl, whom the traveller had first seen, fell back be-hind her mother as soon as she appeared, and kept that station, occasionally peeping out to look at the stranger.

"What was your pleasure, sir?" said the woman, with an air of respectful breeding, not quite common in her rank of life, but without any thing resembling forwardness.

The stranger looked at her with great earnestness for a moment, and then replied, "I am seeking a place called Fairy-Knowe, and a man called Cuthbert Headrigg. You can probably direct me to him?" "It's my gudeman, sir," said the young woman, with a smile of welcome; "will you alight, sir, and come into our puir dwelling?-Cudde, Cudde, "de do come into our puir dwelling ?-Cuddie, Cuddie, ''- (a white-headed rogue of four years appeared at the door of the hut)--'' Rin awa, my bonny man, and tell your father a gentleman wants hun.-Or, stay-Jenny, ye'll hae mair sense-rin ye awa and tell him; he's down at the Four-acces Park.--Winna ye light down and bide a blink, sir ?-Or would ye take a mouthfu' o' bread and cheese, or a drink o' ale, till our gudeman comes ? It's gude ale, though I shouldna say sae that brews it; but ploughman-lade work hard, and mann hae something to keep their hearts abune by ordinar, sae I aye pit a gude gowpin o' maut to the browst.' browst

mann has something to keep their hearts abune by ordinar, see I aye pit a gude gowpin o' maut to the browst." As the stranger declined her courteous offers, Cud-dia, the reader's old acquaintance, made his appear-ance in person. His countenance still presented the sparkes, which indicated the craft so often found in the clouted shoe. He looked on the rider as on one whom the never had before seen; and, like his daugh-ter and wife, opened the conversation with the regu-lar query, "What's your wull wi' me, sir?" "I have a curiosity to ask some questions about this country," said the traveller, "and I was directed to you as an intelligent man who can answer them." "Nee doubt, sir," said Cuddie, after a moment's hesitation—"But I would first like to ken what sort of questions they are. I has had sase mony questions speered at me in my day, and in sic queer ways, that' if yow kend a', ye wadna 'wonder at my jalousing a' thing about them. My mother gar'd rule learn the Single Carritch, whilk was a great varj them I be-howed to learn about my godfathers and godmothers' to please the auld leddy; and whiles I jumbled them thegether and pleased nane o' them; and when I cam ato man's yesiate, cam another kind o' questioning in fashion, that I liked waur than Effectual Calling; and the 'did promise and vow' of the tane were yokit to have no the tother. Sae ye see, sir, I aye like to have questions asked befor I answer them." "You have nothing to apprehend frym mine, my good find, they only relate to the state of thecountry." "Country ?" replied Cuddie, 'on, the country so the Highlanda, they say, wi' a' the Donalda, and Duncana, and Dugalda, that ever wore bottomleas is reeks, driving about wi' him, to set things asteer setthed. But Mackay will pit him down, there's little doub o' that the light in the faring. Til be caution tor it."

for it

What makes you so positive of that, my friend ?"

"I heard it wikes you so positive of that, my friend ?" "I heard it wi' my ain lugs," answered Cuddie, "foretauld to hum by a man that had been three hours stane dead, and came back to this earth again post to tell him his mind. It was at a place they ca' Drumshinnel."

Y LANDLORD. [Char. XXIVE "Indeed ?" said the stranger; "I can handy be lieve you, my friend." "Ye might ask my mither, then, if the were in life," said Cuddie; "it was her explained a ' to m, for I thought the man had only been would. At ony rate, the spake of the casing out of the Buewarts by their very names, and the vengeance the was brewing for Claver'se, and his dragoons. There id the man Habakkuk Mucklewrath; his brain was wee ajee, but he was a brew preacher for a' that." "You seem," said the stranger, " to live in a th and peaceful country." "It's no to complean o', sir, an we get the can weel in," quoth Cuddie; "but if ye had seem the blas rinnin' as fast on the tap o' that brigg yonder asers the water ran below it, ye wad has thought it se bonnie a spectale." "You mean the battle some years since?-I we waiting upon Monmouth that morning, my ged the stranger.

waiting toon Monmoun trat. Investing a set of the action," and friend, and did see some part of the action," and the stranger. "Then ye saw a bonny stour," said Cadda. "that sall serve me for fighting a' the days o' my lik-judged ye wad be a trooper, by your red scaniel lace coat and your looped hat." "And which side were you upon, my friend f" coa-tinued the inquisitive stranger. "Ana, lad ? retorted Cuddie, with a knowing look, or what he designed for soch-" there's nae we in telling that, unless I kend wha was acking me." "I commend your prudence, but it is unnecessary." Know you acted on that occasion as servine to Henry Morton." "Ay !" said Cuddie, in surprise, "how came ye by thaj secret ?--No that I need care a bodle short if for the sun's on our side o' the sedge now. I wish my master were living to get a blak o't." "And what became of him ?" said the rider. "He was lost in the vessel gaan to that weary Holland-clean lost, and a' body periabed, and my poor master amang them. Neither mus nor muse was ever heard o' mair." Then Cuddie uttered a groan.

groan. "You had some regard for him, then ?" continue

"You had some regard for min, and the stranger. "How could I help it?—His face was made of a fiddle, as they say, for a body that looked os hom liked him. And a braw soldier he was. O, an yo had but seen him down at the brigg there, fleened about like a fleeing dragon to gar folk fight that had unco little will till t! There was he and that som whiggamore they ca'd Burley—if twa men coald has won a field, we wadna has gotten our skins paid that day."

that day." "You mention Burley-Do you know if he yet

"You mention Burley-Do you know a set ye lives?" "I kenna muckle about him. Folk say he was abroad, and our sufferers wad hold no communia-wi'him, because of his having murdered the arch-bishop. Sae he cam hame ten times dourse that ever, and broke aff wi' mony o' the presbytering and, at this last coming of the Prince of Orange, he would get near coming of the Prince of Orange, he and, at this last coming of the Prince of Orange, to could get mae countenance nor command for forst his desviliah temper, and he hasna been heard a since; only some folk say, that pride and anger he drivon him clean wad.". "And—and," said the traveller, after consideral hesitation,—"do you know any thing of Lord But dale?" "Div I ken ony thing o' Lord Evandels ?-Dir

"Div I ken ony thing o' Lord Evandale ?--Di "Div I ken ony young leddy up by yonder at a house, that's as gude as married to him?" said the rill "And are they not married, then ?" said the rill

"And are they not marned, then "" said the massily. "No; only what they ca' betrothed—me and wife were witnesses—it a no mony months by it was a lang courtabip—few folk kend the reason Jenny and mysell. But will ye ho light down down bide to see ye sitting up there, and the are casting up thick in the west over Glassow and maist skeily folk think that bodes rain." In fact, a deep black cloud had already surrain the astiring sun: a few large drops of rain & the

the setting sun; a few large drops of rain if with the murmurs of distant thunder were heard.

#### CRAP. XXXVIII.

"The deal's in this man," said Caddie to himself; "I wish he would either light aff or ride on, that he may quarter himsell in Hamilton or the shower

he may quarter interest of the safe may quarter interest of the safe motionless on his horse for two But the rider safe motionless on his horse for two or three moments after his last question, like one exhausted by some uncommon effort. At length, recovering himself, as if with a sudden and painful effort, he asked Cuddie, "if Lady Margaret Bellen-den still lived." "She does," replied Cuddie, "but in a very sma."

ertort, ne asked Cuddie, "if Lady Margaret Bellen-den still lived." "She doee," replied Cuddie, "but in a very sma? way. They hae been a sad changed family since that rough times began; they has suffered enough first and last-and to lose the auld Tower and a' the bonny barony and the holms that I has pleughed sae often, and the Mains, and my kale-yard, that I suld has gotten back again, and a' for naching, as a body may say, but just the want o' some hits of sheep-skin that were lost in the confusion of the taking of Tillietudlem." "I have heard something of this," said the stran-ger, deepening his voice, and averting his head. "I have some interest in the family, and would willingly help them if I could. Can you give me a bed in your house to -night, my friend?" "It's but a corner of a place, sh," said Cuddie, "but we'se try, rather than ye suid ride on in the rain and thunner; for, to be free wi'ye, sit, I think ye seem no that ower weel." "I ken we can gie ye a decent supper, sir," said Cuddie: "and we'll as a body raine some firm."

It will soon wear off." "I ken we can gie ye a decent supper, sir," said Crüdie; "and we'll see about a bed as weel as we can. We wad be laith a stranger suld lack what we have, though we are jimply provided for in beds ra-ther; for Jenny has see mony bairns, (God bless them and her; that troth I maun speak to Lord Evandale to gie us a bit eik, or outshot o' some sort, to the on-stead."

"I shall be easily accommodated," said the stranger, as he entered the house.

as ne entered the nouse. "And ye may rely on your naig being weel sorted," said Cuddie; "I ken weel what belangs to suppering a horse, and this is a very gude ane." Cuddle took the horse to the little cow-house, and called to his wife to attend in the mean while to the stranger's accommodation. The officer entered, and three whimself on a settle at some distance from the fire, carefully turning his back to the little lettle article wing." threw himself on a settle at some distance from the fire, carafally turning his back to the little lattice win-dow. Jenny, or Mirs. Headrigg, if the reader pleases, requested him to lay aside the cloak, belt, and flapped hat, which he wore upon his journey, but he excused himself under pretence of feeling cold; and, to divert the time till Cuddie's return, he entered into some chat with the children, carefully avoiding, during the inter-val, the inquisitive glances of his landlady.

# CHAPTER XXXVIII. What tragic team bedim the eye ! What deaths we suffer ere we diet Our broken friendships we deplore, And loves of youth that are no more

LOGAN.

Corbors soon returned, assuring the stranger, with a cheerful voice, "that the horse was properly sup-pered up, and that the gudewife should make a bed up for him at the house, mair purpose-like and comfort-able than the like o' them could gie him." "Are the family at the house?" said the stranger, with an interrupted and broken voice. "No, stir; they're awa wi' a' the servants—they keep only twa nows-days, and my gudewife there has the keys and the charge, though she's no a fee'd servant. She has been born and bred in the family, and has a' trust and management. If they were there, we behovedna to take sic freedom without their or-der; but when they are awa, they will be weel pleased we serve a stranger gentleman. Miss Bellenden wad help a' the hail warld, an her power were as gude as an unco respect for the gentry, and she's no ill to the poor bodies neither—And now, wife, what for are ye no getting fornit wi' the sowens?"

"Never mind, lad," rejoined Jenny, "ye sall has them in gude time; I ken weel that ye like your breas het

net." Cuddie fidgeted, and laughed with a peculiar ex-pression of intelligence at this repartee, which was followed by a dialogue of little consequence betwurt his wife and him, in which the stranger took no share. At length he-suddenly interrupted them by the ques-tion—"Can you tell me when Lord Evandale's mar-riage takes place?"

"Very soon, we expect," answered Jenny, before it was possible for her husband to reply; "it wad hae been ower afore now, but for the death o' auld Major Bellenden."

Was possible for her nussand to reply; "I wad mae been over afore now, but for the death o' auld Major Bellenden." "The excellent old man!" said the stranger; "I heard at Edinburgh he was no more—Was helong ill?" "He couldna be said to haud up his head after bis brother's wife and his nices were turned out o' their ain house; and he had himsell sair borrowing siller to stand the law—but it was in the latter end o' King James's days—and Basil Olifant, who claimed the castate, turned a papist to please the managers, and then naething was to be refused him; sae the law gaed again the leddies at last, after they had fought s weary sort o' years about it; and, as I said before, the Major ne'r held up his head again. And then cam the pitting awa o' the Stewart line; and, though he had but fitle reason to like them, he couldna brook that, and it clean broke the heart o' him, and creditors cam to Charnwood and cleaned out a' that was there ing voice, " an admirable man—that is, I have heard that he was so.—So the ladies were left without for-tune, as well as without a protector?" "They will neither want the tane nor the tother while Lord Evandale lives," said never man, as my aud gudemother used to say, since the days of the patriarch Jacob, served sae lang and sae sair for a wife as gude Lord Evandale has dune." "And why," said the stranger, with a voice that quivered with smotion, "why was he not sconer rewarded by the object of his attachment?" "There was the lawsit to be ended," said Jenny readily, "forby many other family arrangements."

rewarded by the object of his attachment?" "There was the lawsait to be ended," said Jenny readily, "forby many other family arrangements." "Na but," said Cuddie, "there was another rea-son forby; for the young leddy"— "Whisht, haud your tongue, and sup your sowens," said his wife; "I see the gentleman's far frae weel, and downa eat our coarse supper—I wad kill him a chicken in an instant."

Cuicken in an instant." "There is no occasion," said the stranger; "I shall want only a glass of water, and to be left alone." "You'll gie yoursell the trouble then to follow me," said Jenny, lighting a small lantern, "and I'll show you the way."

said Jenny, ignting a small lantern, "and I it snow you the way." Cuddie also proffered his assistance; but his wife-reminded him, "That the bairns would be left to fight thegither, and coup are anither into the fire, so that he remained to take charge of the menage. His wife led the way up a little winding path, which, after treading some thickets of sweethrer and hearmentle accidented to the heard done of a small

which, after treasing some thickets of sweetbrier and honeysuckle, conducted to the back-door of a small garden. Jenny undid the latch, and they passed through an old-fashioned flower-garden, with its clip-ped yew hedges and formal parternes, to a glass-samed door, which she opened with a master-key, and ligh-ing a candiawhich she placed upon a small work-table, asked parton for leaving him there for a few minutes, until she prepared his apartment. She did not exceed. fwa minutes in these preparations: but, when she until she prepared his apartment. She did not exceed. five minutes in these preparations; but, when she returned, was startled to find that the stranger had sunk forward with his head upon the table, in what she at first apprehended to be a swoon. As she ad-vanced to thum, however, she could discover by his short-drawn sobs that it was a paroxysm of mental agony. She prudently drew back until he raised his head, and then showing herself, without seeming to have observed his agitation, informed him, that his hed was prepared. The stranger gazed at her a mo-ment, as it to collect the sense of her words. She

superied them, and only bending his head, as an indi cation that he understood her, he entered the apartment, the door of which she pointed out to him. It was a small bedchamber, used, as she informed him, was a small bedchamber, used, as she informed him, by Lord Evandale when a guest at Fairy-Knowe, connecting, on one side, with a little china-cabinet which opened to the garden, and on the other, with a saloon, from which it was only separated by a thin wainscot partition. Having wished the stranger bet-ter health and good rest, Jenny descended as speedily as the could to her own mansion. "O, Cuddie ?" she exclaimed to her helpmate as she entered, "I doubt we're ruined folk !" "How can that be ? What's the matter wi'ye?" seturned the imperturbed Cuddie, who was one of these persons who do not easily take alarm at any thing.

these persons who are thing. "Wha d'ye think yon gentlemen is ?—O, that ever ye suld has asked him to light here!" exclaimed Jenny. "Why, wha the muckle deil d'ye say he is? There's, 'nae haw against harbouring and intercommunicating new," said Cuddig; "sae, whig or tory what need we

Why, wha the muckle deil d'ye say be is? There's name law against harbouring and intercommunicating new," said Cuddie; "sae, whig or tory what need we are whathe be?"

"Ay, but it's are will ding Lord Evandale's marinate ajee yet, if it's no the better looked to," said lenny; "it's Miase Edith's first joe, your an auld maister, Cuddie."
"The deil, woman !" exclaimed Cuddie, starting on, "trow ye that I am blind? I wad hak kend Mr. Harry Morton amang a hunder."
"Ay, but, Cuddie isd," replied Jenny, "though ye are no beind, ye are no sae notice-taking as I am."
"Weel, what for needs ye cast that up to me just on what did ye see about the man that was like our Maister Harry ?"
"I will tell ye," said Jenny; "I jaloused his keep-ing his face free us, and speaking wi' a madel-like voice, sae I e'en tried him wi' some tales o' leng spice, and when I spake o' the broek, ye ken, he didna just laugh—he's ower grave for that now-a-dity, -but he gae a gledge wi'his ee that I kend he took up what a sage, and I ne'er saw a man mair taen down wi' two love in my days—I might say man or woman—ouly imid how ill Miss Edith was when she first gat word that him and you (you muckle graceless loon) were coming against Tillevillam wi' the rebels.— But what's the matter wi' the man now?"
"Mat's the matter wi' me, indeed!" said Cuddie, and ye ments he had stripped himself of. "am I no gaun up this inst. to see my maister?"
"Mat's the matter wi' the man now?"."
"Mat's the matter wi' the man maistered by '''."
"Mate's the matter wi' the man maistered by '''."
"Mate's the matter wi' the max and maistered by '''."
"Mate's the matter wi' the man mas' taen down, wi'.''."
"Mat's the matter wi' the man now?"."
"Mat's the matter wi' the man now?"."
"Mat's the matter wi' the man mas' taen down withis into to bohn Tamson's man, and maistered by '''."
"Mate's the days o' my life?"
"Mate's did that k

"Hout both at," septicit Jenny, "yeben thean his to think leddies of their rank, wad set up house of auld Alile Wilson, when they're main over second is take favours frae Lord Evandale himsel. Na, m, they maun follow the camp, if she tak Marta." "That grad sort ill wi'the auld loddy, to be sure," said Coddie: "she wad hardly win over a lang by in the baggage-wain." "Then sic a flyting as there wad be between im, a 'about whig and tory," continued be between im, a' about whig and Cuddie, "the auld leddy's me kittle in that points." "And then, Cuddie," continued his belymate, we

kittle in that points." "And then, Cuddie," continued his belonnate, we had reserved her strongest argument to the last, "I this marriage wi'Lord Evandale is hroken off, what comes o' our an bit free house, and the kake yard, and the cow's grass 7-1 trow that baith us and her bonny bairns will be formed on the wide ward?" Here Jenny began to whimper—Cuddie writhen himself this way and that way, the very picture of indecision. At length be broke out, "Weel, wohns, canna ye tell us what we suid do, without a' this da about it?"

about if 7

"Just do naething at a'," said Jenny. Ne "Just do naching at a?" said Jenny. "New seem to ken ony thing about this gentleman, and so your life say a word that he suld has been here, or so at the house!—An I had kend, I wad has gen here my an bed, and alcepit in the byre or he had gane up by: but it canna be helpit now. The neist thing is is get him cannily awa the morn, and I judge hell bein nae hurry to come back again."

my ain bed, and alcept in the byre or he had gate up by: but it canna be helpit now. The mean that is a get him cannily awa the morn, and I judge he'll be in nae hurry to come back again." "My puir maister?" said Cuddie; " and maan I me speak to him, then ?" "For your life, no," said Jenny; "ye're no obliged to ken him : and I wadna hae, tauld ye, only I fonded ye wad ken him in the morning." "Aweel," said Cuddie, sighing heavily, "I'he are to pleugh the outfield then; for, if an no to apact." him, I wad rather be out o' the gate." "Yerry right, my dear himy," repled Jenny; "ano-body has better sense than you when ye cruck a hi wi' me over your affairs, but ye suld ne'erdo any then aff hand out o' your ain head." "Ane wad think if's true," guoth Caddie; 'sel hae aye had some carline or quoth Caddie; 'sel him gang their gate instead o' my ain. There was he ny mither," hecontinued, ashe undressed and turshed himself into bed—" then there was Leddy Mangure didna let me ca' my soul my ain—then my mither, and pu'ed me twa ways at anne, set gotten a wile," he murmured in contumentary is assuming her place beside her husband, ash e stowed the blankets around his person, "and meas like to tak the guiding o' me a' thegither." "And amna I the best guide ye ever.had in a' yer life ?" said Jenny, as she closed the conversation by assuming her place beside her husband, and ca-tinguishing the candle. Leaving this courfe to their repose, we have next to inform the reader, that, early on the mext morning two ladies on horseback, attended by their servana arrived at the house of Fairy-Knowe, whom, s Jenny's utter confusion, she instantly recognised se Miss Bellenden, and Lady Kmily Hamilton, a servana to rights?" said Jenny, confounded with like we

"Had I no better gang to the house to put this to rights?" said Jenny, confounded with this

to rights?" said Jenny, contounded with the expected apparition. "We want nothing but the pass-key," and if Bellenden; "Gudyill will open the windows of the little parlour." "The little parlour's locked, and the lock's spint" answered Jenny, who recollected the lock's spint"

"In the red parlour, then," said Miss Bellenies, or rode up to the front of the house, but by an append different from that through which Morron had conducted

conducted. All will be out, thought Jenny, unless I can, smuggled out of the house the back way. So saying, she sped on the bank in groat si and uncertainty.

**Chee. XXXVE:** OLD MORE "I had better has easy at also there was a stranger there," was her next natural reflection. "But there hay wad has been for asking him to breakfast. O, safe us! what will I do ?- And there's Gudyill walk again the series, too ?' she exclaimed internally on approaching the worket-" and I damra ging in the back way till he's aff the coast. O, sirs! what will become Of us?'' In this state of perplexity she approached the ci-des and the series of decoying him out of the garden. But John Gudyill's temper was not intuitive perception as to what was most likely to take those whom he conversed with; and, on the present occasion, all Jenny's efforts to remove him intuitive perception as to what was most likely to take those whom he conversed with; and, on the present occasion, all Jenny's efforts to remove him intuitive perception as to what was most likely to take those whom he conversed with; and, on the present occasion, all Jenny's efforts to remove him intuitive and, leaving all other things to the object to the florist during his residence at Fairy-Knowe, and, leaving all other things to the object at the florist during his residence at the propering all the which he had taken under his special protection, and which he propped, dug, and watered, prosing all the which upon their respec-tive ments to poor Jeany, who stood by him trem-hing, and almost erying, with anxiety, fear, and impationes.

patience. Fate seemed determined to win a match against Pate seemed determined to win a match against Fats seemed determined to win a match against leany this unfortunate morning. As soon as the ladies entered the house, they observed that the door of the little parlour, the very apartment put of which she was desirous of excluding them on account of its cantiguity to the room is which Morton alept, was pot only unlocked, but absolutely ajar. Miss Bellan-dan was too much engaged with her own immediate subjects of reflection to take much notice of the window-shutters, walked into the room along with her friend. "He is not yet come," she said. "What can your brother possibly mean 3—Why express so anxious a wish that we should meet him here? And wby not genre to Castle-Dinnan, as he proposed ? I own, my dear Emnily, that, even engaged as we are to each other, and with the sanction of your presence I do not seel that I have done quite right in induging ""Furandels was page corrigione" answered his

Lim." "Evandale was nover capricions." answered his "enters: "I am sure he will satisfy us with his rea-sens, and if hedges not, I will help you to seeld him." "What I chiefly fear," said Edith, "is his having engaged in some of the plots of his fluctuating and unhappy time. I know his heart is with that dread-fiel Claverhouse and his army, and I believe he would have joined them are now but for my uncle's death, which gave him so much additional trouble on our account. How singular that one so rational and so deeply sensible of the errors of the excited family, should be ready to risk all for their restora-tion." "What can I say ?" answered Lady Emily; "it is

tion ?" What can I say ?" answered Lady Emily : "it is spoint of honour with Evandale. Our family have always been loyal—he served long in the Guards— the Viacount of Dundee was his commander and his friend for years—he is looked on with an evil eye by many of his own relations, who set down his inac-tivity to the score of want of spirit. You must be aware, my dear Edith, how often family connexions, and early predilections, influence our actions more than abstract arguments. But I trust Evandale will cantinue quiet, though, to tell you truth, I believe you are the only one who can keep hifn so." "And how is it in my power?" said Miss Bellen-den.

den.

"You can furnish him with the Scriptural apology for not going forth with the host,—'he has married a wife, and therefore cannot come.'" "I have promised," said Edith, in a faint voice; "bat I trust I shall not be unged on the score of time."

"Not I, not I," mid the young lady, making her escape: "the hird person makes a silly toure on such occasions. When you want me for breakfast, I will be found in the willow-walk by the river." As she tripped out of the room, Lord Evandake en-tered—"Good-morrow, brother, and good-by still. beckfast-time." said the lively young lady; "I snet beckfast-time." said the lively young lady; "I snet disturbing her rest so early in the morning." As do saying, she left them together, without wait-ing a real.

his tidings. "True

"Tas much ?" and Edith, anticipating the rest of his tidings. "True—most true—he has fallen in the arms of victory, and not a man reaname of talents and influ-ence sufficient to fill up his loss in King Jamos's ser-vice. This, Edith, is ne time for tamporising with our duty. I have given directions to raise my follow-ers, and I muat take leave of you this evening." "Do not think of it my lord," answared Ediths 'your life is essential to your friends; do not throw it away in an adventure so rash. What can your single arm, and the few tenants or servants who might follow you, do against the force of almost all Scotland, the Highland clans only excepted?" "Listen to me, Edith," said Lord Evandale. "I am not so rash as you may suppose me, usr are my present motives of such light importance as to affect only those personally dependent on myself. The Life-Guards, with whom I served so long, although new-modelled and new-officered by the Prince of Orange, retain a predilection for the cause of thay rightiu master ; and" 4 (and here he whispered as if -" when my foot is known to be in the stirmp, two 

dale?

throne, no one could condemn more than Lord Evan-dele?" "Most true," replied Lord Evandale; "and as I resented, even during the plenitude of his power, his innovations on church and state, like a freedom sub-ject, I am determined I will assert his real rights, when he is in adversity, like a loyal one. Let cour-tiers and sycophants flatter power and desart mis-fortune; I will neither do the one nor the other." "And if you are determined to act what my feeble judgment must still term rashly, why give yourself the pein of this untimely meeting?" "Were it not anough to answer," said Lord Evap-dale, "that, ere rushing on battle, I wiehed to hid adieu to my betrothed bride --susely it is judging soldly of my feelings, and showing too planly the indifference of your own, to question my metus for a waynest so natural." "Bat why in this sleepen mylord T asid Edith - and why wash such peopler of the solution of my betrother of the solution of the s

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"Because," he replied, putting a letter into her hand, "I have yet another request, which I dare hardly profier, even when prefaced by those credentiala

In haste and terror Edith glanced over the letter,

In haste and terror Edith glanced over the letter, which was from her grandmother. "My dearest childe," such was its tenor in style and spelling, "I never more deeply regretted the reu-matizm, which disqualified me from riding on horse-back, than at this present writing, when I would most have wished to be where this paper will soon be that is at Fairy-Knowe, with my poor dear Wil-lie's only child. But it is the will of God I should not be with her, which I conclude to be the case, as much for the pain I now suffer, as because it hath now not given way either to carmomile poultices or to decoxion of wild mustard, wherewith I have often relieved others. Therefore, I must tell you, by writing instead of word of mouth, that, as my young Lord Evandale is called to the present campaign, both by his honour and his duy, he hath earnestly solicited me that the bonds of holy matrimony be knitted be-fore his departure to the wars between you and him, Evendale is called to the present campaign, both by his honour and his duy, he hath earnestly solicid me that the bonds of holy matrimony be knitted be-fore his departure to the wars between you and him, in implement of the indenture, formerly entered into for that efficik, whereuntill, as I see no raisonable ob-jerion, so I trust that you, who have been always a good and obedient childs, will not devize any which has less than raison. It is trew that the contrax of our house have heretofore been celebrated in a manner more befitting our Rank, and not in private, and with few witnesses, as a thing done in a corner. But it has been Heaven's own free-will, as well as those of the kingdom where we live, to take away from us our estate, and from the King his throne. Yet I trust He will yet restore the rightful heir to the throne, and turn his heart to the true Protestant Episcopal faith, which I havd the better right to ex-pect to see even with my old syze, as I have beheld the royal family when they were struggling as sorely with masterful usurpers and rebels as they are now; that is to say, when his most eacred Majesty, Charles the Second of happy memory, honcured our poor nouse of Tillistudiem, by taking his divines. "We will not abuse the reader's patience by quoting more of Lady Margaret's prolix epistle. Suffice it to say, that it closed by laying her commands on her marriage without loss of time. "I never thought till this instant," said Edith, drop-ping the letter from her hand, " that Lord Evandale would have acted ungenerously." "Ungenerously, Edith !" replied her lover. "And how can you apply such a term to my desire to call you mine, ere I part from you perhaps for ever?" "Uord Evandale ought to have remembered," said Edith, "that when his perseverance, and, I must add, a due sense of his merit and of the obligations we owed him, wrung from me a slow cornsent that I would one day comply with his wishes, I made it my endition that I haved her how cornsent that I

a due sense of his merit and of the obligations we owed him, wrung from me a slow consent that I would one day comply with his wishes, I made it my condition, that I should not be pressed to a hasty ac-compliahment of my promise; and now he avails himself of his interest with my only remaining rela-tive, to hurry me with precipitate and even indelicate importunity. There is more selfashness than genero-tive with due to hurry the selfashness than genero-

groe, to hurry me with precipitate and even indelocate importunity. There is more selfabness than genero-sity, my lord, in each eager and urgent solicitation." Lord Evandale, evidently much hurt, took two or three turns through the apartment ere he replied to this accusation; at length he spoke—"I should have escaped this painful charge, durst I at once have men-tioned to Miss Bellenden my principal reason for urging this request. It is one which she will probably desurse on her own secount but which ought to weigh urging this request. It is one which she will probably deepise on her own account, but which ought to weigh in battle must give my whole estate to my heirs of entail; my forfeiture as a traitor, by the usurping go-vernment, may vest it in the Prince of Orange, or some Dutch favourite. In either case, my venerable friend and betrothed bride must remain unprotected and in poverty. Vested with the rights and provisions of Lady Evandale. Edith will find, in the power of supporting her aged parent, some consolation for hav-ing condescended to share the titles and fortunes of some dues not pretend to be worthy of her."

Rdith was struck dumb by an argument which she had not expected, and was compelled to ecknowledge that Lord Evandele's suit was urged with delicacy as

mat Lord Evanuity is suit was univer with consideration. "And yet," she said, "Such is the waywurdness with which my heart reverse to former times, has I cannot" (she burst into tears) "suppress a dege of ominous reluctance at fulfilling my engagement you such a brief summons

such a brief summens." "We have already fully considered this painful sh-ject," said Lord Evandale; " and I hoped, my der Bdith, your own inquiries, as well as mine, had fully convinced you that these regrets were frushes." "Fruitess indeed " said Edith, with a deep sigh, which, as if by an unexpected echo, was repeated sum the adjoining apartment. Miss Beileaden started a the sound, and scarcely composed hersalf upon Lord Evandale's assurances, that she had heard but the echo of her own respiration." It sounded strangely distinct." she sait "end al

echo of her own respiration. "It sounded strangely distinct," she said, "and al-most omnous; but my feelings are so harassed that the slightest triffe agitates them." Lord Evandale eagerly attempted to soothe sor alarm, and reconcile her to a measure, which how-over hasty, appeared to him the only means by which he could secure her independence. He urged his dam is minute of the contract here ray and the day and and wer hast, alle social is to a the only means by which he could secure her independence. He urged ha class in virtue of the contract, her grandmother's wish and command, the propriety of insuring her confort and independence, and touched lightly on his own long attachment, which he had evinced by so many and such various services. These Edith felt the more the less they were insisted upon; and at length, as also oppose against so much generosity, she was complisd to rest upon the impossibility of having the ceremony place. But for all this Lord Evandale was prepared and the explained, with joyful alacrity, but the for-mer chaplain of his regiment was in attendance it be opposed of the score; and that Heading and his wife might be added to the his of witnessay if agreeable to Miss Bellenden. As to the place, he had chosen it on very purpose. The maringe was to cumstance which, had their union been public, mast in disguise very soon after it was solennined, a chore unat a secret, since Lord-Evandale, was to depart in disguise very soon after it was solennined, a chore unat a seeing altogether unaccountable, unless from the scale more and countable, unless from the scale of these motives and explained his arrange-ment, as being altogether unaccountable, unless from the scale and his bride, while be went in search of the other persons whose presence was necessary. When Lady Emily arrived, she found her friend is

When Lady Emily arrived, she found her friend is an agony of tears, of which she was at some loss to comprehend the reason, being one of those damage who think there is nothing either wonderful or terribe who think there is nothing either wonderni or vern in matrimony, and joining with most who knew is in thinking, that it could not be rendered pecalis alarming by Lord Evandale being the bridgerou Influenced by these feelings, she exhausted in a cossion all the usual arguments for courage, and the expressions of sympathy and condolence ord it conducted on the conducters. degroo The expressions of synthetic and conductive order rive employed on such occasions. But when Law Emily beheld her future sister-in-law deaf to all the ordinary topics of consolation-when she beheld us follow tast and without intermission down checks at pale as marble-when she feit that the hand what she presed in order to enforce her arguments the cold within her grasp, and lay, like that of a cap insensible and unresponsive to her carcance, her insensible and unresponsive to here carcance, here

ings of sympany gave way to mose or mart pros-petitish displeasure. "I must own," she said, "that I am something a loss to understand all this. Miss Bellemden. Miss have passed since you agreed to marry my brai and you have postponed the fulfilment of your gagement from one period to another, as if your connexion. I think I can answer for Lord Brain

#### CHAP. XXXVIII.]

"You are right, Lady Emily," said Edith, drying her eyes, and endeavouring to resume her natural manner, though still betrayed by her faltering voice and the paleness of her checks—"You are quite right -Lord Evandale merits such usage from noone, least But if in her whom he has honoured with his regard. But if i have given way, for the last time, to a suddan and irresistible burst of feeling, it is my consolation, Lady Emily, that your brother knows the cause; that Lady Emily, that your brother knows the cause; that I have hid nothing from him, and that he at least I have hid nothing from him, and that he at least wife undeserving of his affection. But still you are right, and I merit your censure for induking for a moment fruitless regret and painful remembrances. It shall be so no longer; my lot is cast with Evan-tale, and with him I am resolved to bear it. Nothing shall in future occur to excite his complaints, or the resentment of his relations; no idle recollections of ather drays shall intervene to prevent the zealous and other days shall intervene to prevent the zealous and

Her brother soon arrived with the chaplain ince. nce. Her brother soon arrived with the chaplain and Jenny Dennison, but strong and vigorous reme-lies were necessary ere they could recell Miss Bellen-len to sense and motion. Even then her language was wild and incoherent. "Press me no farther," she said to Lord Evandale; ' it cannot be-Heaven and earth-the living and the lead, have leagued themselves against this ill-owned

head, have readed themselves against this in-onlented inion. Take all I can give-my saterily regard-my levoted friendship. I will love you as a sister, and herve you as a bondswoman, but never speak to me more of marriage."

The astonishment of Lord Evandale may easily be

nad. Because your mistress seems much disposed nad. Because your mistress seems much disposed o jilt you, you quarrel with your sister who has been urguing in your cause, and had brought her to a quiet searing, when, all of a sudden, a man looked in at a window, whom her crazed sensibility mistook either or you or some one clee, and has treated us gratis with an excellent trage scene." "What window?" said Lord Evan-lale, in impatient displeasure. "Miss Bellenden is reconchle of trifling with me-mond yet what else

nd. Because your mistress seems much dispose o jilt you, you quarrel with your sister who has been varing, when, all of a sudden, a man looked in at a vindow, whom her crazed sensibility mistook either of you or some one else, and has treated us gratis with an excellent tragic scene." "What window ?" snid Lord Evan-tale, in impatient displeasure. "Miss Bellenden is neapoble of trifling with me;-and yet what else "Hush 1 hush !" snid Jeffw, whose interest lay articularly in shifting further inquiry; "for Hea-ren's sake, my lord, speak low, for my lady begins to eorer." Fdith was no sooner somewhat restored to her in extended, in a feeble voice, to be left lone with Lord Evandale. All retreated, Jenny with her usual air of officious simplicity, Lady Ennity worksoner had they left the apartment than Edits worksoner had they left the apartment than Edits works one had they left the apartment than Edits works, her next motion was to take his hand, in wyte of his surprised resistance, to har Mps; her no the works her active is surprised resistance, to har Mps; her next with kersative inder searce of the source of the sourc

last was to sink from her seat and to class his

knees. "Forgive me, my Lord!" she exclaimed—"For-give me — I must deal most untruly by you, and break a solemn engagement. You have my friend-break a solemn engagement. You have my friend-break a solemn engagement. -You have more ... you have my word and my faith-But, O, forgive me, for the fault is not mine-you have more in the fault is not mine-you a sin!

"You dream, my dearest Edith f' said Evandale, perplexed in the utmost degree,-"you let your imagi-nation beguile you; this is but some delusion of an

nation beguile you; this is but some delusion of an over-senattive mind; the person whom you preferred to me has been long in a better world, where your unavailing regret cannot follow him, or, if it could, would only diminish his happiness." "You are mistaken, Lord Evandale," said Edith, solemniv, "I am not a eleep-walker, or a madwo-man. No-I could not have believed from any one what I have seen. But, having seen him, I must believe mine own eves." believe mine own eyes.

Seen him ?-seen whom ?" asked Lord Evandale.

"Seen him? — seen whom?" asked Lord Evandals, in great anxiety. "Henry Morton," replied Edith, uttering these two words as if they were her last, and very nearly faint-ing when she had done so. "Miss Bellenden," said Lord Evandals, "you treat me like a fool or a child; if you repent your engage-ment to me," he continued, indignantly, "I am not a man to enforce it against your inclination; but deal with me as a man, and forbear this trifting." He was about to go on, when he perceived, from her quivering eye and pallid cheek, that nothing less than imposture was intended, and that by whatever means her imagination had been as impressed, it was really disturbed by unaffected and and terror. He changed his tone, and exerted all his eloquence in endeavouring to soothe and extract from her the se-cret cause of such terror. "I saw him?" she repeated — "I saw Henry Morton-stand at that window, and look into the spartment at

stand at that window, and look into the apartment at stand at that window, and look into the apartment at the moment I was on the point of abjuring him for ever. His face was darker, thinner, and paler than it was wont to be; his dress was a horseman's cloak, and hat looped down over his face; his expression was like that he wore on that dreadful morning when he was examined by Claverhouse at Tillietudlern. Ask your sister, ask Lady Emily, if she did not see him as well as I.—I know what has called him up— he came to upbraid me, that, while my heart was with him in the deep and dead sea. I was about to give my him in the deep and dead sea, I was shout to give my hand to another. My lord, it is ended between you and me—be the consequences what they will, she can-not marry, whose union disturbs the repose of the dead."\*

\* This incident is taken from a story in the History of Apparitions written by Daniel Defoe, under the assumed name of Morton. To abridge the narrative, we are under the necessity of omitting many of these particular circumstances which give the fictions of this most ingenious anthor such a lively air of truth.

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own proper right had altogether allayed her spirit of coquetry. She had made the best use of the first mo-ments of confusion hastily to remove all traces of any <text><text><text><text><text><text>

Ĩ. tending.

"He know him well," he said, "having bes so-peatedly guard upon him, and obliged to write down his marks of stature and visage in case of escape. And there were few faces like Mr. Morton's." But what should make him haunt the country where he was neither hanged nor shot, he, the said Halling, did not removing did not pretend to conceive. Lady Emily confessed she had seen the face of a

Lidy Emily contested and that seen the size of man at the window, but her evidence went no farther John Gudyill deponed *nil novil* is course. He has left his gardening to get his morning dram jass at the time when the apparition had taken place. Lady Emily's servant was waiting orders in the bicker and there uses not another being within a window

Emily's servant was waiting orders in the bicker, and there was not another being within a garter of a mile of the house. Lord Evandale returned perplexed and dissecting in the highest degree, at beholding a plan which he thought necessary not less for the protection of Edith in contingent circumstances, than for the us-surance of his own happiness, and which he had brought so very near perfection, thus brokes off with ut any angarent or rational carges. His however, Buttance of this own inspirition, thus broken of with out any apparent or rational cause. His knowledge of Edith's character set her beyond the supprices of covering any capticious change of determination by a pretended vision. But he would have set the appar-tion down to the influence of an overwarined imagina-tion, agitated by the circumstances in which we had so suddenly been placed, had it not been for the coan-ciding tostimony of Halliday, who had no reason for thinking of Morton more than any other person, and knew nothing of Miss Bellenden's vision when he of Morton more than any other person, and knew nothing of Miss Bellenden's vision when a long and so vainly sought after, and who was, will such good reason, supposed to be lost when the Vry-heid of Rotterdam went down with crew and passat-there was no longer any reason why he should ma neid of Kotterdam went down with crew and passes gers, should be alive and lurking in this country, what there was no longer any reason why he should m openly show himself, since the present governme favoured his party in politics. When Lord Evands reluctantly brought himself to communicate the doubts to the chapisin, in order to obtain his opnis he could only obtain a long tecture on demonstory, which, after quoting Delno, and Burthoog, and I L'Ancre, on the subjectif apparitions, together w sundry civilians and common lawyers on the name of testimony, the learned gentlemen expressed he Morton's spirit, the possibility of which he was, at divine, and a philosopher, neither fully prepared to mit or deny; or else, that the said Flenry Meet being still in *rerum natura*, had appeared in his per person that morning; or, finally, that some and descrito visus, or striking similitude of person deceived the eyes of Miss Bellenden and of The Halliday. Which of these was the most phy

pressed himself ready to die in the opinion that one of other of them had occasioned that morning's distarbance.

Lord Evandale soon had additional cause for dis-resaful anxiety. Miss Bellenden was declared to be dangerously ill.

dangeronaly ill. "I vill not leave this place," he exclaimed, "till she is pronounced to be in safety. I neither can nor ought to do so; for whatever may have been the immediate yccasion of her illness, I gave the first cause for it by my unhappy solicitation." He established himself, therefore, as a guest in the family, which the presence of his sister as well as of Lady Margaret Bellenden, (who, in despite of her "beumatism, caused herself to be transported thither when she heard of her grand-daughter's illness,) ren-lered a step equally natural and delicate. And thus he anxiously awaited, until, without injury to her heartin, Edith could sustain a final explanation ere his leparture on his expedition.

"She shall never," said the generous young man, "look on her engagement with me as the means of ettering her to a union, the idea of which seems almost to unhinge her understanding."

#### CHAPTER XXXIX.

Ab happy hills t ah, pleasing shades : Ah, fields beloved in vain ! Where once my careless childhood stray'd, A stranger yet to pain. Ode on a sistent propert of Eten Cath

It is not by corporal wants and infimities only that men of the most distinguished talents are le-relled, during their lifetime, with the common mass M mankind. There are periods of mental agitation when the firmest of mortals must be ranked with the weakest of his brethren; and when, in paying the general tax of humanity, his distresses are even aggrageneral tax of humanity, his distresses are even aggra-rated by feeling that he transgresses, in the indulgence of his grief, the rules of religion and philosophy, by which he endeavours in general to regulate his pas-sions and his actions. It was during such a paroxysm that the unfortunate Morton left Feiry-Knowe. To thow that his long-loved and still-beloved Edith, whose image had filled his mind for so many years, whose bridge has infect his finite for so that years, was on the point of marriage to his early rival, who had had claim to her heart by so many services as ardly left her a tille to refuse his addresses, bitter is the intelligence was, yet came not as an unexpected blow.

sected blow. During his residence abroad he had once written to Sdith. It was to bid her farewell for ever, and to sonjure her to forget him. He had requested her not o answer his letter, yet he half hoped, for many a lay, that she might transgress his injunction. The etter never reached her to whom it was addressed, and Morton, ignorant of its miscarriage, could anly o his own self-denying request. All that he had usard of their mutual relations since his return to brothand pareners thin to corner that he could anly Scotland, prepared him to expect that he could only sold and, prepared him to expect that he could only ook upon Miss Bellenden as the betrothed bride of ord Evandale; and, even if freed from the burden of obligation to the latter, it would still have been in-omaistent with Morton's generosity of disposition to omsistent with Morton's generosity of disposition to issurb their arrangements, by attempting the asser-ion of a claim, proscribed by absence, never sanc-ioned by the consent of friends, and barred by a bousand circumstances of difficulty. Why then did is seek the cottage which their broken fortunes had now rendered the retreat of Lady Margaret Bellenden rid her grand-daughter? He yielded, we are under he necessity of acknowledging, to the impulse of an sconsistent wish, which many might have felt in his ituation. ituation.

Accident apprized him, while travelling towards is native district, that the ladies, near whose man-ion he must necessarily pass, were absent; and sarning that Cuckie and his wile acted as their prin-pal domestics, he could not resist pausing at their stage, to learn, if possible, the real progress which ford Evandale had made in the affections of Miss kellenden—alas! no longer his Edith. This rash ex-

periment ended as we have related, and he perted from the house of Fairy-Knowe, conscious that he was still beloved by Edith, yet compelled, by faith and honour, to relinquish her for ever. With what feelings he must have listened to the dialogue between Lord Evandale and Edith, the greater part of which he involuntarily overheard, the reader must conceive, for we day not attempt to describe them. A humhe involuntarily overheard, the reader must concervey for we dare not attempt to describe them. A hun-dred times he was tempted to burst upon their inter-view, or to exclaim aloud-"Edith, I yet live !"---and as often the recollections of her plighted troth, and of the debt of gratitude which he owed Lord Evandals, (to whose influence with Claverhouse he justly sa-cribed his escape from torture and from death,) with-

the debt of gratitude which he owed Lord Evendale, (to whose influence with Claverhouse he justly ag-eribed his escape from torture and from death.) with-held him from a rashness which might indeed have involved all in further distress, but gave little prospect of forwarding his own happin as. He repressed forci-bly these selfish emotions, though with an agony which thriled his every nerve. "No, Edith !" was his internal oath, "never will L add a thorn to thy pillow--That which Heaven has ordained, let it be; and let me not add, by my selfish sorrowa, one atom's weight to the burden thou hast-to bear. I was dead to thee when thy resolution was adopted; and never-never shalt thou know that Henry Motton still lives!" As he formed this resolution, diffident of his own power to keep it, and seeking that firmness in flight which was every moment abaken by his continuing within hearing of Edith's voice, he heatily rushed from his apartment by the little closet and the sched door which led to the garden. But firmly as he though this resolution was fixed, he could not leave the spot where the last tones of a voice so beloved still vibrated on his ear, without endeavouring to awail himself of the opportunity which the parlour window afforded; to steal one last glance at the lovely speaker. It was in this attempt, made while Edith scenned to have her eyes unaltera-bly bent upon the ground, that Merton's presence bly bent upon the ground, that Merton's presence was detected by her raising them suddenly. So soon as her wild scream made this known to the unfortunate as ner wild scream made this known to the unfortunated object of a passion so constant, and which seened so ill-fated, he hurned from the place as if pursued by the furies. He passed Halliday in the garden without recognising, or even being sensible that he had seen him, threw himself on his horse, and, by a sort of instinct rather than recollection, took the first by-road in preference to the public route to Hamilton.

instanct rather than recollection, tool the mist by-road in preference to the public route to Hamilton. In all probability this prevented Lord Evanddle from learning that he was scually in existence; for the news that the Highlanders had obtained a desi-sive victory at Killieerankie, had occasioned an ac-curate look-out to be kcpt, by order of the Govern-ment, on all the passes, for fear of some commotion among the Lowiand Jacobites. They did not omit to post sentincle on Bothwell Bridge, and as these mean ind not seen any traveller pass westward in that direction, and as, besides, their comrades stationed in the village of Bothwell were equally positive became yet more imysterious in the judgment of Lord Evandale, who was finally inclined to settle in the belief, that the heated and disturbed imagination of Edith had summoned up the phantom sho stated her-self to have seen, and that Halliday had, in some sumaccountable manner, been infacted by the same

unaccountable manner, been infected by the same supersition. Mean while, the by-path which Morton pursued, with all the speed which his vigorous horse could exert, brought him in a very few seconds to the brink of the Clyde, at a spot marked with the feet of horses, who were conducted to it as a watering-place. The steed, urged as he was to the gallop, did not panse a single instant, but, threwing himself into the river was soon beyond his depth. The plunge which the animal made as his feet quitted the ground, with the feeling that the cold water rose above his sword-belt, were the first incidents which recalled Morton, whose movements had been hitherto mechanical, to the and the noble animal which he bestrode. A perfect master of all many exercises, the management of a 57° 57

horse in water was as familiar to him as when upon a mesdow. He directed the animal's course some-what down the stream towards a low plain, or holm, which seemed to promise an easy egress from the river. In the first and second attempt to get on shore, the horse was frustrated by the nature of the ground, and nearly fell backwards on his rider. The instifict of self-preservation seldom fails, even in the most desperate circumstances, to recall the human mind to some degree of equipoise, unless when alto-gether distracted by terror, and Morton was obliged to the danger in which he was placed for complete recovery of his self-possession. A third attempt, at a spot more carefully and judiciously selected, suc-oseded better than the former, and placed the horse and his rider in safety upon the farther and loft-hand bank of the Clyde. porse in water was as familiar to him as when upon

and his rider in safety upon the farther and laft-hand bank of the Clyde. "But whither," said Morton, in the bitterness of his heart, "am I now to direct my course? or rather, what does it signify to which point of the compase a wretch so forlorn betakes himsel? I would to God, could the wish be without a sin, that these dark "waters had flowed over me, and drowned my recol-lection of that which was, and that which is ?" The sense of impatience, which the disturbed state of his feelings had occasioned, scarcely had vented itself in these violant expressions are he was struct

of his feelings had occasioned, scarcely had vented itself in these violent expressions, ere he was struck with shame at having given way to such a paroxysm. Heremembered how signally the life which he now held so lightly in the bitterness of his disappointment, had been preserved through the almost incessant perils which had beset him since he entered upon his public career.

"I am a fool " he said, " and worse than a fool, to set light by that existence which Heaven has so set light by that existence which Heaven has so often preserved in the most marvellous manner. Something there yet remains for me in this world, were it only to bear my sorrows like a man, and to aid those who need my assistance. What have I seen,—what have I heard, but the very conclusion of that which I knew was to happen? They"—(he durst not utter their names even in soliloquy)—" they are embarassed and in difficulties. She is stripped of her inheritance, and he seens rushing on some dangerous career, with which, but for the low voice m which he spoke, I might have become acquainted. Are there no means to aid or to warn them?" As he condered upon this topic, forcibly withdraw-

As he pondered upon this topic, forcibly withdrawing his mind from his own disappointment, and com-pelling his attention to the affairs of Edith and her betrothed husband, the letter of Burley, long forgot-ten, suddenly rushed on his memory, like a ray of light darting through a mist.

"Their ruin must have been his work," was his internal conclusion. "If it can be repaired, it must internal conclusion. "If it can be repaired, it must be through his means, or by information obtained from him. I will search him out. Stern, crafty, and enthusiastic as he is, my plain and downright recti-tude of purpose has more than once prevailed with him. I will seek him out, at least; and who knows what influence the information I may acquire from him may have on the fortunes of those, whom I shall aever see more, and who will probably never learn that I am now suppressing my own gnef, to add, if possible, to their inappiness."

possible, to their inappiness." Animated by these hopes, though the foundation was but slight, he sought the nearest way to the high-road; and as all the tracks through the valley were known to him since he hunted through them in youth, he had no other difficulty than that of sur-mounting one or two enclosures, ere he found him-self on the road to the small burgh where the feast of the popinjay had been celebrated. He journeyed in a state of mind sad indeed and dejected, yet re-beved from its earlier and more intolerable state of anguish; for virtuous resolution and manly disintermounting one or two enclosures, ere he found hims self on the road to the small burgh where the feast of the popiniay had been celebrated. He journeyed in a state of unind sad indeed and dejected, yet re-seved from its earlier and more intolerable state of anguish; for virtuous resolution and manly disinter-setedness seldom fait to restore tranguility even where they cannot create happiness. He turned his thoughts with strong effort upon the means of dis-covering Burley and the chance there was of ex-uracting from him any knowledge which he might possess favourable to her in whose cause he inter ested himself and at length formed the resolution of guiding numself oy the circumstances in which he

might discover the object of his quest, trusting, that from Cuddie's account of a schism betwar Burle and his brethren of the presbyterian persusion, his

might discover the object of his quest, trasting, that, from Cuddie's account of a schiam betwart Burley and his brethren of the presbyterian persussion, he might find him less rancourously disposed searings Which he asserted himself to possess over he for-tunes, more favourably than heretofors. Noontide had passed away, when our traveler found himself in the neighbourhood of his deceased uncle's habitation of Milmwood. It rose among glades and groves that were chequered with a thos-sand early recollections of joy and sorrow, and mais upon Morton that mournful impression, soft and affecting, yet, withal, soothing, which the sensitive mind usually receives from a return to the haunits of childhood and early youth, after having experienced the vicissitudes and tempests of public life. A strong desire came upon him to visit the house itself. Old Alison, he thought, will not know me, more than the honest couple whom I saw yesterday. I may indulge my curiosity, and proceed on my por-ney, without her having any knowledge of my erist-ence. I think they said my uncle had bequesited to her my family mansion—well—be it so. I have enough to sorrow for, to enable me to dispense with lamenting such a disappointment as that; and yet methinks he has chosen an odd successor in my grunabling old dame, to a line of respectable, if not distinguished, ancestry. Let it be as it may, I will visit the old mansion at least once more. The house of Milmwood, even in its best day, had nothing cheerful about it, but its gloom appeared ao be doubled under the suspices of the old housekapper. Kvery thing, indeed, was in repair; there were are slates deficient upon the steep gray roof, and no panes broken in the narrow windows. But the grass in the court-yard looked as if the foot of man had not been there for years; the doors were carefully beked, and that which at must the abait on the sublea. Living sight or sound there was none, until shore there for years; the doors were carefully bekked, and that which it was furrowed when Moron le

an in under your beit for *Mistress* Wilson of Min-wood." "I beg pardon," said Morton, internally smiling at finding in old Ailie the same jealousy of disrespect which she used to exhibit upon former occasiona-"I beg pardon; I am but a stranger in this county, and have been so long abroad, that I have almost forgotten my own language." "Did we come frae foreign warts?" said Ailie.

"Did ye come frae foreign parts?" said Aike; "then maybe ye may hae heard of a young genus-man of this country that they ca' Henry Morton T "I have heard," said Morton, "of such a name m

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A stranger might have had some difficulty, not-withstanding the minuteness of the directions sup-slied by Alle, to pilot himself in safety through the fark labyrinth of passages that led from the back-loor to the little kitchen, but Henry was too well equainted with the navgation of these straits to zperience danger, either from the Scylla which triked on one ade in shape of a bucking-tub, or the Jharyddis which yawned on the other in the pre-undity of a winding cellar-stair. His only impedi-nent arcse from the snarling and vehement barking a small cocking spaniel, once his own property, set which, unlike to the faithful Argus, saw his mas-ar return from his wanderings without any symptom frecognition.

If a small cocking spaniel, once his own property, ist which, unlike to the faithful Argue, saw his mas-er return from his wanderings without any symptom if recognition. "The little dogs and all !" said Morton to himself, in being disowned by his former favourite. "I am to changed, that no breathing creature that I have inown and loved will now acknowledge ma." • At this moment he had reached the kitchen, and noon after the tread of Alison's high heels, and the sat of the crutch-handled cane, which served at once o prop and to guide her footsteps, were heard upon he stairs, an annuciation which continued for some ime ere she fairly reached the kitchen. Morion had, therefore, time to survey the slender response to be observed by a survey the slender inter in the house of his ancestors. The fire, though coals are plenty in that neighbourhood, was hus-mended with the closest attention to economy of use, and the amall pikin, in which was preparing the dinner of the old woman and her maid-of-al-work, a girl of twelve years old, intimated, by its hin and watery vapour, that Alie had not mended there there with her improved fortune. When she entered, the head which nodded with self-importance—the features in which an irritable eeviahnees, acquired by habit and indugence, strove with a temper naturally affectionate and good-na-ured—the coil-the apron—the blue checked gown, were all those of old Alies; but aced pinners, hastily ut on to meet the stranger, with some other trifling uticles of decoration, marked the difference between Hrs. Wilson, life-rentrix of Minwood, and the house-teeper of the late proprieto. • "What were ye pleased to want wf Mrs. Wilson, ir?—I am Mrs. Wilson," was her first address; for he five minutes' time which she had gained for the usines of the toilete, entitled her, she conceived, to usume the full merit of her illustrious name, and hus forth on her guest in unchastened galendour. Horton's sensations, confounded between the past and the present, fairly confused bim so much, that

thine forth on her guest in unchastened splendour. Morton's sensations, confounded between the past und the present, fairly confused bim so much, that ue would have had difficulty in answering her, even f he had known well what to say. But as he had not determined what character he was to adopt while concealing that which was properly his own, he had un additional reason for remaining silent. Mrs. Wil-ion, in perplexity, and with some apprehension, peneted her question. "What were ye pleased to want will me, sir? Ye wid ye kend Mr. Harry Morton ?" "Pardon me, madam," answered Henry; "it was if one Silas Morton I spoke."

The old woman's countenance fell.

"It was his father then ye kent o', the brother o' the ate Milnwood ?-Ye canna mind him abroad, I wad hink-he was come hame afore ye were born. I hought ye had brought me news of poor Maister Harry."

"It was from my father I learned to know Colonel Morton," said Henry; "of the son I know little or obthing; rurnour says he died abroad on his passage o Holland." "That's ower like to be true " said the old woman

to Holland." "That's ower like to be true," said the old woman with a sigh, "and mony a tear it's cost my auld een. His uncle, poor gentleman, just sough' dawa wi' it in is mouth. He had been gieing me preceze direc-ions anent the bread, and the wine, and the brandy, at his burial, and how often it was to be handed round the company, (for, dead or alive, he was a prudent, rugal, pains-taking man.) and then he said, said he, 'Alile,' (he nye ca'd une Alile, we were auld acquaint-ance,) 'Ailie, take ye care and haud the gear weel

thegither; for the name of Morton of Milnwood's game out like the last sough of an auld sang.' And sae he fell out o' ae dwam into another, and ne'er spak a word mair, unless it were something we cou'dna mak out, about a dipped candle being guds eneugh to see to dee wi'.--He cou'd ne'er bide to see a moulded ane, and there was ane, by ill luck, on the table."

table." While Mrs. Wilson was thus detailing the last mo-ments of the old miser, Morton was pressingly en-gaged in diverting the assiduous curiosity of the dog, which, recovered from his first surprise, and combin-ing former recollections, had, after much snuffing and exhmination, begun a course of capering and jumping upon the stranger which threatened every instant to betray him. At length, in the urgency of his impatience, Morton could not forbear exclaiming, in a tone of hasty impatience, "Down, Elphin, Down, sir!" sir ļ

sr!" "Ye ken our dog's name," said the old lady, struck with great and sudden surprise—"ye ken our dog's name, and it's no a common ane. And the creature kens you too," she continued, in a more agitated and ahriller tone—"God guide us! it's my ain bairn !" So saying, the poor old woman threw hereelf around Morton's neck, clung to him, kiesed him as if he head been actually her child, and wept for joy. There was no parrying the discovery, if he could have had the heart to attempt any further discuise. He returned the embrace with the most grateful warmth, and answered—

returned the embrace with the most grateful warmth, and answered--"I do indeed live, dear Ailie, to thank you for all your kindness, past and present, and to rejoice that there is at least one friend to welcome me to my na-tive country." "Friends." exclaimed Ailie, "yo'll hae mony friends-ye'll hae mony friends; for ye will hae gear, hinny-ye will hae gear. Heaven mak you a gude guide o'l. But, eh, sirs i'' she continued, pushing him back from her with her trembling hand and shm-velled arm and gaing in bie form set if to med at him back from her with her trembling hand and shn-velled arm, and gazing in his face as if to read, at more convenient distance, the ravages which sorrow rather than time had made on his face—"Eh, sirs! ye're sair altered, hinny; your face is turned pale, and your een are sunken, and your bonny red-and-white cheeks are turned a' dark and sun-burnt. O, weary on the wars! mony's the comely face they de-stroy.—And when cam ye here, hinny? And where hae ye been ?—And what hae ye been doing ?—And what for did ye na write to us ?—And how cam ye to pass yoursell for dead ?—And what for did ye come creepin' to your sin house as if ye had been an unco body, to gie poor auld Ailie sic a start ?" she con-cluded, smiling through her tears. It was some time ere Morton could overcome his own emotion so as to give the kind old woman the information which we shall communicate to our read-ers in the next Chapter.

ers in the next Chapter.

#### CHAPTER XL.

Aumerie that was, But that is gone for being Richard's friend ; And, madam, you must call him Ratland now. Richard II.

Reases II. The scene of explanation was hastily removed from the little kitchen to Mrs. Wilson's own matted room; the very same which she had occupied as housekeeper, and which she continued to retain. "If was," she said, "better secured against sifting winds than the hall, which she had found dangerous to her rheumatisms, and it was more fitting for her use than the late Milnwood's apartment, honest man, which garben r sad thoughts;" and as for the great oak parhour, it was never opened but to be aired, washed, and dusted, according to the invariable practice of the family, unless upon their most solemn festivals. In the matted room, therefore, they were settled, surfamily, unless upon their most solemn festivals. In the matted room, therefore, they were settled, sur-rounded by pickle-pots and conserves of all kinas, which the *ci-devant* housekeeper continued to com-pound, out of mere habit, although neither she herself. nor any one else, ever partook of the comfits which also so regularly prepared. Morton, adapting his narrative to the comprehen-

chose of div anditat, informed her briefly of the wreak of the vessel and the loss of all hands, excepting two or three common seamen, who had early secured the skift, and were just gutting off from the vessel when he aspend from the deck into their boat, and unexpectedpaper from the deck into their boat, and unexpected by, as well as contrary to their inclination, made him-self partner of their voyage and of their salety. Land-ed at Flushing, he was fortunate enough to meet with an old officer who had been in service with his father. By his advice, he shunned going immediately to the Hague, but forwarded his letters to the court of the Stadtholder.

Stadtholder. "Our Prince," said the veteran, "must as yet keep terms with his father-in-law, and with your King Charles; and to approach him in the character of a Scottish malcontent would render it impradent for in the distinguish you by his favour. Wait, there-Scottish malcontent would render it imprutent for nine to distinguish you by his favour. Wait, there-fore, his orders, without forcing yourself on his notice; observe the strictest prudence and retirement; assume for the present a different name; shun the company of the British exiles; and, depond upon it, you will not repent your prudence." The old friend of Siles Morton argued justly. After consider the time had alarned the Dring of Grange

The old friend of Silas Morton argued justly. After a considerable time had elapsed, the Prince of Orange, in a progress through the United States, came to the fewn where Morton, impatient at his situation and the incognito which he was obliged to observe, still continued, nevertheless, to be a resident. He had an hour of private interview assigned, in which the Prince expressed himself highly pleased with his intelligence, his prudence, and the liberal view which he seemed to take of the factions of his native coun-try, their motives and their purposes.

The second to take or the factions of his harve com-try, their motives and their purposes. "I would gladly," said William, "attach you to may own person, but that cannot be without giving offence in England. But I will do as much for you, as well out of respect for the sentiments you have expressed, aut or respect for the sentiments you have expressed, as for the recommendations you have brought me. Hare is a commission in a Swiss regiment at present in garrison in a distant province, where you will meet few or none of your countrymen. Continue to be Captain Melville, and let the name of Morton sleep all better days."

"Thus began my fortune," continued Morton; "Thus began my fortune," continued Morton; "and my services have, on various occasions, been distinguished by his Royal Highness, until the mo-ment that brought him to Britain as our political deliverer. His commands must excuse my silence to my few friends in Scouland; and I wonder not at the report of my death, considering the wreck of the ves-sel, and that I found no occasion to use the letters of exchange with which I was furnished by the liberality of some of them, a circumstance which must have confirmed the belief that I had perished." "But, dear hinny," asked Mrs. Wilson, "did ye find nae Scotch body at the Prince of Oranger's court that kend ye? I wad has thought Morton o' Minwood was kend a' through the country." "I was purposely engaged in distant service," said Morton, "until a period when few, without as deep and kind a motive of interest as yours, Alile, would have known the stripling Morton in Major-General Melville." Thus began my fortune," continued Morton;

Metville." "Malville was your mother's name," said Mrs. Wilson, "but Morton sounds far bonnier in my auld hugs. And when ye tak up the lairdship, ye maun tak the suld name and designation again." "I am like to be in no haste to do either the one or

"As other, Alie, for I have some reasons for the pro-sent to conceal my being alive from every one but you; and as for the lairdahip of Milnwood, it is in as good hands." "As such hawda, hinny!" re-schoed Ailie: "I'm

good hands." As gude hands, hinny!" re-schoed Ailie; "I'm hopefu'ye are no meaning mine? The rents and the lands are but a sair fash to me. And I'm ower failed to tak a helpmate, though Wylie Mactrickit the writer was very pressing, and spak very civilly; but I'm ower auld a cat to draw that strae before me. He canna whilliwhaw me as he's dune mony a ane. And then I thought aye ye wad come back, and I wad get ary pickle meal and my soup milk, and keep a' things that is used to do in your puir uncle's time, and i' wad be just pleasure enough for me to see ye have and guide the gear canny-Ye'll has learned

that in Halland, I've wearant, for they're sheifin i there, as I hear tell.—But yo'll be for knying rathe mair house than pair suid Mikawood that's gas and, indeed, I would approve o' your cating but ch meat maybe as aftern as three times a-weak-'s kee the wind out o' the stamack." "We will talk of all this another time," son the

"We will raik of all this another tips," son no ton, surprised at the generosity upon a large ma which mingled in Allie's thoughts and actions we habitual and sortid paramony, and at the old of trast between her love of saving and indifference self-acquisition. "You must know," he continue self-acquisition. "You must know," he continues "that I am in this country only for a few days of

"ust 1 am in this country only for a leveralize as some special business of importance to the govern-ment, and therefore, Ailie, not a word of having som me. At some other time I will acquaint you fully with my motives and intentions." "E'en be it sae, my jo," replied Ailie, "I can how a secret like my neighbours; and woel sold Mil-wood kend it, honest than, for he tauld me where he keep it his gear, and that's what maint folk like to have a private as possible way he ... But come are

wood kend it, honest man, for he tauld me where h keepit his gear, and that's what maint folk like to ha as private as possibly may be.-But come awa w me, hinny, till I show ye the oak-parlour how grand it's keepit, just as if ye had been expected hame swe day--I loot nashody sort it but my ain hands. I was a kind o' divertisement to me, though while the teer wan into my eq. and I said to my red, what made I fash wi' grates, and carpets, and carebions, and the muckle brass candlesticks, ony meir's for they's ne'sr come hame that aught it rightfully." With those words ske hauled him away to this sme tum canctorum, the scrubbing and cleaning where was her daily employment, as its high state of goal order constituted he very pride of her heart. As he followed her into the room, underwest a make for not "dighting his shune," which showed ther Aille had not relinquished har habits of anthorsy. On entering the oak-parlour, he could not but recolled the fosings of solemn awe with which, when a long, he had been affected at his occasional and rare ad-mitsion to an apartment, which he then supposed had not its equal save in the halls of princes. It may be had lost much of their influence over his much; that he is resolved their influence over his much; that the large brass andirons seemed diminished in sper-dour; that the green worsted tapestry speared me dour; that the green worsted tapestry appeared masterpiece of the Arras loom; and that the m masterpiece of the Arras loom; and that the roam looked, on the whole, dark, gloomy, and disconselan. Yet there were two objects, "The counterfest presen-ment of two brothers," which, dissimilar as these described by Hamlet, affected his mind with a variag of sensations. One full-length portrait represented his father, in complete armour, with a countenance indicating his masculine and determined characters and the other set forth his uncle, in velvet and hear cade, looking as if he were ashamed of his own finary, though entirely indebted for it to the liberality of the painter.

though entirely indebted for it to the liberality of the painter. "It was an idle fancy," Ailie said, "to drass the benest suld man in these expensive fal-lails that he ne'er wore in his isie, instead o' his dones Rayhch gray, and his band wi' the sarrow edging." In private, Morton could not help being much of he control, for any thing approaching to the dress of a gentionan sate as ill on the ungainly person of here-lative, as an open or generous expression would have done on his mean and money-making features. He now extricated himself from Ailie to vasi some of here-haunts in the neighbouring wood, while her own have incident no otherwise remarkable there as it cost he than the arrival of Henry Morton, might have each of the extravagance of killing and dressing it. To meal was acasoned by talk of old times, and by be plans which Aibe laid out for futurity, in which he assigned her young master all the prodential that of her old one, and planned out the destraint of the old some, and planned out the destraint Mortor let the old woman enjoy her day-dressing deferred, diff some fifter occurrent, the communication of such a good some of such plansmether deferred, diff some fifter occurrent, the communication of such a more and planned out the day-dressing it deferred, diff some fifter occurrent, the communication

#### Own XLD

# of his purpose again to yourn and spand his life upon the Continent.

the Continent. His next care was to lay aside his military dress, which he considered likely to render more difficult his researches after Burley. He exchanged it for a gray doublet and cloak, formerly his usual attire at minwood, and which Mrs. Wilson produced from a best of wainut-tree, wherein she had laid them aside, without forgetting carefully to brush and air them from time to time. Morton retained his sword and fine-arms, without which few persons travelled in these unsettled times. When he appeared in his new stire, Mrs. Wilson was first thankful "that they stire, Mrs. Wilson was first thankful "that they stire his sed eccently, since, though he was ne fat-tes, yet he looked mair manly than when he was hen free Milswood."

teen free Milawood." Next she enlarged on the advantage of saving old hothes to be what she called "beet-masters to the sew," and was far advanced in the history of a vel-rest cleak belonging to the late Milnwood, which had int been converted to a velvet doublet, and then into a pair of breeches, and appeared each time as good is new, when Morton interruited her account of its ransmagration to bid her good-by. He gave, indeed, a sufficient shock to her feelings, yy expressing the necessity he was under of proceed-es on his journey that evening.

y expressing the necessity he was under of proceed-ary on his journey that evening. "And where are ye gaun ?--And what wad ye do hat for ?--And whar wad ye aleep but in your ain iousa, after ye hae been see mony years frae hame ?" "I seel all the unkindness of it, Alle, but it must be so; and that was the reason that I attempted to inneeal myself from you so easily." "But what are ye gaun, then ?" said Alle, once more. "Saw e'er mortal een the like o' you, just to to be meent?" "I must go down," replied Morton. "to Niel Blane

bew the neist?" "I must go down," replied Morton, "to Nicl Blane he Piper's Howff; he can give me a bed, I suppose?" "A bed?—I'se warrant can he," replied Allie, "and paryee pay weel for't into the bargain. Laddie, I dare-ary ye hae lost your wits in the foreign parts, to parg and gie siller for a supper and a bed, and might use beith for naching, and thanks t'ye for accepting bean."

hem." "I assure you, Ailie," said Morton, desirous to si-mon her remonstrances, "that this is a business of the single statement of the second secon a account you, since send morron, desirous to si-sace her remonstrances, "that this is a business of great importance, in which I may be a great gainer, and countot possibly be a losser."

ind cannot possibly be a loser." "I be build a set of the set of t

Persevering in his desperate resolution, Morton took save of Aile, and mounted his horse to proceed to be little town, after exacting a solemn promise that he would conceal his return until she again saw or and from him.

I am not very extravagant, was his natural refleca can have voy extravegant, was in a main freme-ice, as he trotted slowly towards the town; but were slie and I to set up house together, as she proposes, I hank my profusion would break the good old crea-me's heart before a week were out.

# CHAPTER XLI.

You told me of ) 'T has been my e To purky with mine host. Long's Press

Memorow reached the borough town without meeting rith any remarkable adventure, and alighted at the stle inn. It had occurred to him more than once halle upon his journey, that his resumption of the reas which he had worn while a youth, although fa-ourable to his views in other respects, might render imore difficult for him to remain incognito. But a rwy years of campaigns and wandering had so hanged his appearance, that he had great confi-be traces of resolution and considerate thought, Von. II. 4 H fear on reached the borough town without meeting

none would recognize the raw and bashful stipling, who won the game of the popinjay. The only change was, that here and there some whig, whom he had-led to battle, might remember the Captain of the Milnwood Markamen; but the risk, if there was any, und not be considered contents. could not be guarded against. The Howfi seemed full and frequented as if pos-

The Howfi seemed full and frequented as if pos-sessed of all its old celebrity. The person and de-meanour of Niel Blane, more fat and less civil than of yore, intimated that he had increased as well in purse as in corpulence; for in Scotland a landlord's. complaisance for his guests decreases in exact pro-portion to his rise in the world. His daughter had acquired the air of a dexterous bar-maid, undisturbed acquired the air of a dexterous bar-maid, undisturbed by the circumstances of love and war, so apt to per-plex her in the exercise of here vocation. Both show-ed Morton the degree of attention which could have been expected by a stranger travelling without attend-ants, at a time when they were particularly the badges of distinction. He took upon himself exactly the character his appearance presented,—went to the stable and saw his horse accommodated,—then re-terned to the house, and, seating himself in the pub-lie room, (for to request one to himself, would, in these days, have been thought an overweening do gree of conceit.) he found himself in the very stat-ineat in which he had some years before cal-orated his vietory at the game of the popinjay, a jocular preferment which led to so many servus conseavences

quences. He felt himself, as may well be supposed, a much-changed man since that festivity; and yet, to look. around him, the groups assembled in the Howff seem-ed not dissemilar to those which the same scene had formerly presented. Two or three burghers husband-ed then "dribbles o' brandy;" two or three dragoons lounged over their muddy ale, and cursed the inactive. times that allowed them no better cheer. Their Cor-net did yet, index of allow of these functions. net did not, indeed, play at backgammon with the-curate in his cassock, but he drank a little modicum of aqua mirabilis with the gray-cloaked presbyterian minister. The scene was another, and yet the same. differing only in persons, but corresponding in general character. Let the tide of the world wax or wane as it will,

Let the tide of the world wax or wane as it will, Morton though, as he looked around him, enough, will be found to fill the places which chance renders, vacant; and, in the usual occupations and amuse-ments of life, human beings will succeed each other, as leaves upon the same tree, with the same indivi-dual difference and the same general resemblance. After pausing a few minutes, Morton, whose the perience had taught him the readiest mode of secu-estimation ordered a nit of cleart and set the

perience had taught him the readiest mode of secur-ing attention, ordered a pint of clarst, and, as the similing landlord appeared with the pewter measure. foaming freah from the tap, (for bottling wine was not then in fashion,) he asked him to sit down and take a share of the good cheer. This invitation was pacu-liarly acceptable to Niel Blane, who, if he did not positively expect it from every guest not provided with better company, yet received it from many, and was not a whit abashed or surprised at the summons. He eat down along with his guest in a secluded nonk percent company, yet received it from many, and was not a whit abashed or surprised at the summons. He sat down, along with his guest, in a secluded noak mean to chink by far the greater share of the iquos before them, he entered at length, as a part of his ex-pected functions, upon the news of the country,—the births, deaths, and marriages,—the change of proper-ity,—the downfall of old families, and the rise of new. But politics, now the fertile source of elongenese, mine host did not care to mingle in his theme; and it was only is answer to a question of Mortos, that he replied with an air of indifference, "Um ! ay ! we aye has sodgers amang us, mair or less. There's a wheen German horse down at Glasgow yonder; they ea' their commander Wittybody, or some sic name, though he's as grave and grewsome an auld Dutch-man as 'e'r I saw." "Wittenbold, pernaps ?" said Morton ; "an eld man, with gray hair and short black moustaches-peaks aldom ?" "And smokes for ever," replied Niel Blane. ""

is a sodger and a Dutchman; but if he were ten gene-rals, and as mony Wittybodies, he has nae skill in he pipes; he gar'd me stop in the middle of Torphi-cher's Rant, the best piece o' music that ever bag gae wind to.

"But these fellows," said Morton, glancing his eye towards the soldiers that were in the apartment, "are not of his corps ?"

"Na, na, these are Scotch dragoona," said mine "Na, na, these are Scotch dragoona," said mine host; "our ain auld caterpillars; these were Cla-ver'se's lads a while syne, and wad be again, maybe, if he had the lang ten in his band." "Is there not a report of his death ?" inquired

Is there not a report of his death ?' inquired

if he had the lang ten in his band." "Is there not a report of his death 7" inquired Morton. "Troth is there," said the landlord; "your honour is right-there is ic a flecing rumour; but, in my puir opinion, it's lang or the deil die. I wad hae the folks here look to themsells. If he makes an outbreak, he'll be doun frae the hielands or I could drink this glass-and whare are they then? A' thas hell-rakers o' dragoons wad be at his whistle in a moment. Nas doubt they're Willie's men e'en now, as they were James's a while syne-and reason good-they fight for their pay, what else has they to fight for? They hae neither lands nor houses, I trow. There's as gude thing o' the change, or the Revolution, as they ca' it,-folks may speak out afore thas birktes now, and nas fear o' being hauled awa to the guard-house, or having the thumikins screwed on your finger-ends, just as I wad drive the screw through a cork." "There was a little pause, when Morton, feeling con-fident in the progress he had made in mine host's familiarity, asked, though with the hesitation proper to one who puts a question on the answer to which rests something of importance,--" Whether Blane knew a woman in that neighbourhood, called Eliza-beth Maclure?" "Whether I ken Bessie Maclure?" an wored' the landlord, with a landlord's laugh-" How can I but ken my ain wife's-(haly be her rest I)--my ain wife's first gudeman's sister, Bessie Maclure? an honest wife she is, but sair she's been trystec, with misfor-times, -the loss o' twa decent lads o' sons, in the time o' the persecution, as they ca' it now-a-days; baring nane, and condemning nane. If there's an honest woman in the world, it's Bessie Maclure? And to lose her twa sons, as I was saying."-----" This woman keeps an inn, then ?" interrupted Morton. " A public, in a puir way," replied Blane, look---" An public, in a puir way," replied Blane, look--" A public, in a puir way," replied Blane, look-

"A public, in a puir way," replied Blane, look-ing round at his own superior accommodations— "a sour browst o' sma' ale that she sells to folk that are ower drouthy wi' travel to be ince; but maething to ca' a stirring trade or a thriving change-house."

"Can you get me a guide there?" said Morton. "Your honour will rest here a' the night?--ye'll hardly get accommodation at Bessie's," said Niel, whose regard for his deceased wife's relative by no means extended to sending company from his own house to hers.

house to hers. "There is a friend," answered Morton, "whom I am to meet with there, and I only called here to take stirrup-cup and inquire the way." "Your honour had better," answered the landlord, with the perseverance of his calling, "send some ane to warn your friend to come on here." "I tell you, landlord," answered Morton impa-tiently, "that will not serve my purpose; I must go straight to this woman Maclure's house, and I desire you to find me a guide." "Aweel, sir, ye'll choose for yoursell, to be sure," said Niel Blane, somewhat disconcerted; "but deil

sud Niel Blane, somewhat disconcerted; "but deil a guide ye'll need, if ye gue doun the water for twa mile or sae, as gin ye were bound for Milrwood-house, and then tak the first broken disjasked-look-ing road that makes for the hills-ye'll ken't by a broken ash-tree that stands at the side o' a burn 'wat where the roads meet; and then travel out the path-ye canna miss Widow Machure's public, for deil

another house or handd is on the rund for ten is Scots miles, and that's worth twenty Kagish. Is sorry your bonour would think o' game sur o' house the night. But my wife's gude user is decent woman, and it's no lost that a friend san " ann. In Reuto'-100 er 10 g

Morton accordingly paid his . reckoning and arted. The sunset of the summer day places parted. at the ash-tree, where the path led up towards moors.

"Here," he said to himself, "my misfortunes com-menced; for just here, when Burley and I were about menced; for just here, when Burley and I were now, to separate on the first night we ever met, he was alarmed by the intelligence, that the passes were secured by soldiers lying in wait for him. Beneath that very ash sate the old woman who apprized him of his danger. How strange that my whole fortmas should have become inseparably interwoven with that man's, without any thing more on my part, the the discharge of an ordinary duty of humanity the discharge of an ordinary duty of humanity! Would to Heaven it were possible I could find my, humble quiet and tranquillity of mind, upon the spot where I lost them !"

where I lost them I". Thus arranging his reflections betwirt epoch and thought, he turned his horse's head up the path. Evening lowered around him as he advanced up the narrow dell which had once been a wood bat was now a rayine divested of trees, unless, where a few, from their inaccessible situation on the edge tew, from their histocessions situation on the engine of precipitous banks, or clinging among rocks and huge stones, defied the invasion of men and of cattle, like the scattered tribes of a conquered country, driven like the scattered tribes of a conquered country, driver to take refuge in the barren strength of its moun-tains. These too, wested and decayed, second rather to exist than to flourish, and only served to indicate what the landscape had once been. But the stream brawled down among them in all its freshness and vivacity, giving the life and animation which a mountain rivulet alone can confer on the barest and most savage scanes, and which the inhabitants of such a country miss when gazing even upon the tranquil winding of a migestic stream through plains of fertility, and beside palaces of splendour. The track of the road followed the course of the brook, which was now visible, and now only to be distin which was now visible, and now only to be during guished by its brawling heard among the stones, a in the cleits of the rock, that occasionally interrupts

"Murmurer that thou art," said Morton, in the enthusiasm of his revene,—"why chafe with the rocks that stop thy course for a moment? There is a sea to receive the in its bosom; and there is a eternity for man when his fretful and hasty cours through the vale of time shall be ceased and over What the petty fuming is to the deep and vast bal-lows of a shoreless ocean, are our cares, bopes, fears, joys, and sorrows, to the objects which must occasp us through the awful and boundless succession a ages !

Thus moralizing, our traveller passed on till the dell opened, and the banks, receding from the broad left a little green vale, exhibiting a croft, or same field, on which some corn was growing, and a cot tage, whose walls were not above five feet high, an whose thatched roof, green with moisture, age, how leek, and grass, had in some places suffered dama from the encroachment of two cows, whose appet from the encroachment of two cows, whose appendix this appearance of verdure had diverted from their more legitimate pasture. An ill-spelt and worse-written inscription intimated to the traveller that he might here find refreshment for man and herrer —ho unacceptable intimation, rude as the hast ap-peared to be, considering the wild path he had tool in approaching it, and the high and waste mountains which rose in desolate dignity behind this buside weather asylum.

It must indeed have been, thought Morton, m see such spot as this, that Burley was likely to find a car genial confident.

As he approached, he observed the good day of the house herself, seated by the door; she h hitherto been concealed from him by a huge all

"Good evening, mother," said the traveller. "R name is Mistress Maclure "

- k

"Rizabeth Maclure, sir, a poor widow," was the

<sup>44</sup> Klizabeth Maclure, sir, a poor widow," was the reply.
<sup>45</sup> Can you lodge a stranger for a night?"
<sup>44</sup> I can, sir, if he will be pleased with the widow's cake and the widow's cruiza."
<sup>46</sup> I have been a soldier, good dame," answered Morron, "and nothing can come amiss to me in the way of entertainment."
<sup>46</sup> A sodger, sir?" said the old woman, with a sigh, "God earn! ye a better trade?"
<sup>47</sup> It is believed to be an honourable profession, my good dame. I hope you do not think the worse of me for having belonged to it."
<sup>47</sup> I judge no one, sir," replied the woman, " and your voice sounds like that of a civil gentleman; but I has witnessed sase muckle ill wi'sodgering in this puir land, that I am e'en content that I can see nae mair o't wi' these sightless organs."
<sup>46</sup> As she spoke thus, Morton observed that she was blind.

Nind

Wind. "Shall I not be troublesome to you, my good dame?" said he, compassionately; 'your infirmity ecems ill calculated for your profession." "Na, sir," answered the old woman; "I can gang about the house readily eneugh; and I has a bit iassis to help me, and the dragoon lads will look after your horse when they come hame fras their patrol, for a sma' matter; they are civiller now than lang syne."

syne." Upon these assurances, Morton alighted. "Peggy, my bonny brd," continued the hostess, addressing a little girl of twelve years old, who had by this time appeared, tak the gentleman's horse to the stable, and slack his girths, and tak aff the bridle, and shake down a lock o' hay before him, ill the dragcons come back.—Come this way, sir," she continued; "ye'll find my house clean, though it's a puir ane." puir ane.

Morton followed her into the cottage accordingly.

#### CHAPTER XLIL

Then out and spake the suld mother, And fast her tears did fa-"Ye wadna be warn'd, my son Johnie, Free the hunting to bide awa !"

Old Ballad

Old Belled. WHEN he entered the cottage, Morton perceived that the old hostess had spoken truth. The inside of the hut belied its outward appearance, and was neat, and even comfortable, especially the inner apartment, in which the hostess informed her guest that he was fo sup and sleep. Refreshments were placed before him, such as the little inn afforded; and, though he had small occasion for them, he accepted the offer, as the means of maintaining some discourse with the landlady. Notwithstanding her blindness, she was assiduous in her attendance, and seemed, by a sort of instinct, to find her way to what she wanted. "Have you no one but this pretty little girl to assist you in waiting on your guests?" was the natural question.

question.

"None, sir," replied his old hostess; "I dwell alone, like the widow of Zarephath. Few guests alone, like the widow of Zarephath. Few guests come to this puir place; and I hasna custom energh to hire servants. I had anes twa fine sons that lookit after a' thing—But God gives and takes away—His name be praised I" she continued, turning her clouded gyes towards Hasven—"I was ance better off, that is, warldly speaking, even since I lost them; but that was before this last change." "Indeed I" said Morton, " and yet you are a pres-byterian, my good mother?" "I am, str; praised be the light that showed me the tight way." replied the landlady. " Them I should have thought," continued the grest, "the Revolution would have brought you nothing but good." " If's sid the 6d woman, "it has brought the land gude, and freedom of worship to tender consciences, it's little matter what it has brought to a pur blind worm like me."

worm like me." "Still," replied Morton, "I cannot see how it could possibly injure you."

"It's a lang story, sir," answered his hostess, with sigh. "But as night, sax weeks or thereby afore "It's a tang story, sr, " answered us inverces was a sigh. "But as night, sax weeks or thereby afore Bothwell Briz, a young gentleman stopped at this puir cottage, stiff and bloody with wounds, pale and dune out wi' riding, and his horse sae weary he couldna drag as foot after the other, and his foes were close ahint him, and he was ane o' our enemies What could I do, sir ?-You that's a sodger will think me but a silly auld wife-but I fed him, and relieved him, and keepit him hidden till the pursuit was ower."

"And who," said Morton, "dares disapprove of your having done so ?" "I kenna," answered the blind woman.—"I gat

That murdered your two sons ?"

"That murdered my two sons?" "Ay, sir; though maybe ye'll gie their deaths another name—The tane fell wi' sword in hand, fighting for a broken national Covenant; the tother —O, they took him and shot him dead on the green before him mother's face!—My auld een dazzled when the shots were looten off, and, to my thought, they waxed weaker and weaker ever since that weary day —and sorrow, and heart-break, and tears that would not be dried, might help on the disorder. But, alas f betraying Lord Evandale's young blood to his ene-mies' sword wad ne'er has brought my Ninian and Johnie alive again." "Lord Evandale," said Morton, in suprise; "Was it Lord Evandale whose life you saved?"

"Lord Svandala," said motron, in surprise; vras it Lord Evandale whose life you saved ?" "In troth, even his," she replied. "And kind he was to me after, and gate me a cow and calf, malt, meal, and siller, and nane durst steer me when he was in power. But we live on an outside bit of Tillietudlem land, and the estate was sair plead be-meant add Marwart Bellandan and the present Thisetudiem iand, and the estate was sar pies'd be-tween Leddy Margaret Bellenden and the present. Laird, Basil Olifant, and Lord Evandale backed the auld leddy for love o' her daughter Miss Edith, as the country said, ane o' the best and bonniest lasses in Scotland. But they behaved to gie way, and Basil gat the Casile and land, and on the back o' that carne the Revolution, and what to turn coat faster than the laird? for he said he had been a true whig o' the time and turned papier only for fasting a the Came the Revolution, and wha to turn coat faster than the laird? for he said he had been a true whig a' the time, and turned papist only for fashion's sake. And then he got favour, and Lord Evandale's head was under water; for he was ower proud and manfu' to bend to every blast o' wind, though mony a ane may ken as weel as me, that be his ain principles as they might, he was nae ill friend to our folk when he could protect us, and far kinder than Basil Olifant, that aye keepit the cobble head down the stream. But he was set by and ill-looked on, and his word me'er asked; and then Basil, wha's a revengefu' man, set himsell to vex him in a 'shapes, and especially by oppressing and despoiling the auld blind widow. Bessie Machure, that saved Lord Evandale hears a word fraa me about the selling my kye for rent or e' er it was due, or the putting the dragoons on me when the country's quiet, or ony thing else that will vex him—I can bear my ain burden patiently, and warld's loss is the least part o't." Astonished and interested at this picture of patient, grateful, and high-minded resignation, Morton could not help bestowing an execration upon the poor-spi-rited rascal who had taken such a dastardiy course of vengennce. "Dinne curse him, sir," said the old woman; "I

rited rascal who had taken such a dastardly course of vengeance. "Dinna curse him, sir." said the old woman; "I have heard a good man say, that a curse was like a stone fitung up to the heavens, and maist like to return on the head that sent it. But if ye ken Lord Evan-dale, bid him look to himsell, for I hear strange words pass atween the sodgers that are lying here, and his name is often mentioned; and the tane o' them has been twice up at Tillietudiem. He's a kind of fa-vourite wi' the Laird, though he was in former times ane o' the mant cruel oppressors ever rade through a

try (out-taken Sergeant Bothwell)-they ca' him Inglia.

any thing of Quintin Mackell of Irongray?" "Do I know whom?" echoed the blind woman, in

a tone of great surprise and alarm. "Quinton Mackell of Irongray," repeated Morton ; "is there any thing so alarming in the sound of that name?

name : "Na, na," answered the woman with hesitation, but to hear him asked after by a stranger and a audger.-Gude protect us, what mischief is to come next !"

"None by my means, I assure you," said Morton; • the subject of my inquiry has nothing to fear from me, if, as I suppose, this Quintin Mackell is the same with John Bal—..."

"Do not mention his name," said the widow, press-ing his lips with har fingers. "I see you have his escret and his pass-word, and I'll be free wi'you. But, for God's sake, speak lound and low. In the mame of Heaven, I trust ye each him not to his hurt! --Ye said ye were a sodger?" "I taid truly; but one he has nothing to fear from. I commanded a party at Bothwell Bridge." "Indeed?" said the woman, "And verily there is something in your voice I can trust. Ye speak prompt and readily, and like an honest man." "I trust I am so," said Morton. "But nae displeasure to you, ar, in thas waefu' ismes," continued Mrs. Maclure, "the hand of bother is against prother, and he fears as mickle almaist frace this government, as e'er he did frae the auld persecutors." Do not mention his name," said the widow, pre-

persecutors." • "Indeed ?" said Morton, in a tone of inquiry; "I was not aware of that. But I am only just now

"Til tell ye," said the blind woman, first assuming an attitude of listening that showed how effectually her powers of collecting intelligence had been trans-Bured from the eye to the ear; for, instead of casting a glance of circumspection around, she stooped her face, and turned her head slowly around, in such a manner as to ensure that there was not the slightest sees, and turned her head slowly around, in such a manner as to ensure that there was not the slightest sound stirring in the neighbourhood, and then con-tinued: "I'll tell ye. Ye ken how he has laboured to ruise up again the Covenant, burned, broken, and buried in the hard hearts and selfish devices of this stubbern people. Now, when he went to Holland, far from the countenance and thanks of the great, and the comfortable fellowship of the godly, both whilk he was in right to expect, the Prince of Orange wad shew him no favour, and the ministers no godly communion. This was hard to bide for an e that had suffered and done mickle-ower mickle, it may be-but why suld I be a judge? He came back to me and to the auld place o' rainge that had often received him in his distresses, mair especially before the great day of victory at Drumclog, for I shall ne'er forget low he was bending hither of a' nights in the year on that e'ening after the play when young Min-weod wan the popinjay; but I warned him off for "What?" exclaimed Morton. "it was you that art

"What?" exclaimed Morton, "it was you that sat in your red cloak by the high-road, and told him there was a jion in the path ?"

<sup>6</sup> The decis of a man, or rather a mouster, of this came, are seconded upon the tombstone of one of these martyrs which it was Old Mortality's delight to repair. I do not remember the same of the murdered person, but the circumstances of the erime were so terrible to my childish imagination, that I am somthest the following copy of the Epitaph will be found nearly sorrest, although I have not seen the original for forty years at least.

This martyre was by Peter Inglis shot, By birth a tiger rather than a Scot : Who, that his heliak offspring might be mass, Cut off his head, then kick'd it o'er the green : Thus was the head which was to wour the coo A foot-bal, made by a profane dragoon.

dee's Letters, Captain Inglish, or Inglis, is sep atedly

"In the name of Heaven't what ap yo?" said the old woman, breaking off her narraive in estandin ment. "But be whay or may," she continued, n suming it with tranquility, "yo can ha naching waur o' me than that I has been willing to us of the a' fined and fine " life o' friend and foe.

life o' friend and foe." "I know no ill of you, Mrs. Minchure, and i near no ill by you-l only wished to show you that i now so much of this person's affairs, that I might be show jurtuisted with the rest. Proceed, if you pleas, "There is a strange command in your voice," shi the blind woman, "though its tenses are sweet. I have little mair to say. The Stewarts has been demond and William and Mary reign in their stead, but m mair word of the Covenant than if it were a dead be ter. They has taen the indulged clergy, and as Rub ter. They has taen be indulged clergy, and as Rub ter. They has taen the indulged clergy, and as to tian General Assembly of the ance pure and tra-phant Kirk of Scotland, even into their very at and bosoms. Our faithful champions o' the testing agree e'en waur wi' this than wi' the open tran and apoetasy of the persecting times, for some hardened and deadened, and the months of fast multitudes are crammed wi' fizenless bran instead the struct word in seasons and ring way have the sweet word in season; and mony an h 

"In short," said Morton, destrous to step a destru-sion which the good old woman, as enthus-series attached to her religious profession as to the damage humanity, might probably have indulged longry-" is short, you are not disposed to acqueese in this new government, and Burley is of the ease opinion?" "Many of our brethren, sir, are of belief we fought for the Covenant, and fasted, and prayed, and su-fered for that grand national league, and now we are fered for that grand national league, and now we are fitte nather to see nor hear tell of that which we suf-fered, and fought, and fasted, and prayed for. And anes it was thought something might be made by bringing back the aud family on a new bargain and a new bottom, as, after a', when King James weat awa, I understand the great quarrel of the English against him was in behalf of seven unhallowed we-lates; and sac, though as part of our paople were fac to ojon wi' the present model, and levied an armed regiment under the Yerl of Angus, yet our houses friend, and others that stude up for purity of dectume and freedom of conscience, were destrianed to hour the breath o' the Jacobius before they took part agains them, fearing to, fa' to the ground like a wall built with unslaked mortar, or from sitting between two stools." "They choose an odd guester." and Morton. " form stools

"They chose an odd quarter," suid Morton, " from which to ofpect freedom of conscience and purity of doctrine.'

"O, dear sir ?" said the landlady, "the natural de spring rises in the cast, but the spiritual day-qui may rise in, the north, for what we blinded name ken

And Burley went to the north to seek it 7" a

"Truly ay, sir; and he saw Claver'se himsell, "Truly ay, sir; and he saw Claver'se himsell, they ca' Dundes now." "What !! exclaimed Morton, in anaesement would have sworn that meeting, would have been

"What I" exclaimed morrion, in amagenee would have swort that meeting would have b last of one of their lives." "Na, na, sr; in troubled times, as I under said Mrs. Maclure, "there's sudden changes-gomery, and Ferguson, and meny one man the hing James's greatest face, are on has side nor ver se spake our friend fair, and sent him to c with Lord Evandale. But then there was a bra for Lord Evandale wadna look at, hear, or a È W him ; and now he's ance will and are wwarr, and for revengeagain Lord Kvandale, and will hear of ony thing but burn and slay—and O thas a passion ! they uncettle his musd, and give the l sair advantages." "The enemy ?" and Mortow: "What enemy de et B

sair advantages." "The enemy?" said Morton: "What enemy "What enemy? Are ye acquainted familia John Balfouro' Barley, and dinna kan that hely sair and frequent combat to**explain.agains.t** 

### Char, XLUII.

"One? Did ye ever see hum alone but the Bible was in his hand, and the drawn sword on his knee? did ge never sleep in the same room wi' him, and hear The new side of the trans swort on the kine f did bene never sleep in the same room wi'him, and hear bene stive in his dreame with the delineions of Satan? Q, yoken little o'him, if ye have seen him only in fair Grytight, for nace man can put the face upon his dole-ful visits and strifes that he can do. I have seen him, after sic a strife of agony, tremble, that an infant might have held him, while the hair on his brow was drapping as fast as ever my pur thatched roof did in

a beavy rain. A as she spoke. Morion began to recollect the appear-ance of Burley during his sized in the hay-loft at Mila-wood, the report of Cuddie that his senses had bewood, the rejort of Cuddie that his senses had be-come impaired, and some whispers current among the Camerorians, who boasted frequently of Burley's soul-exercises, and his strifes with the foul fiend; which several circumstances led him to conclude that this man himself was a victim to those delusions, though his mind, naturally scute and forcible, not only dis-gnised his superstition from those in whose opinion is might have discredited his judgment, but by exert-ing such a force as is said to be proper to those af-dicted with epilepsy, could postpone the fits which it occasioned until he was either freed from superinten-dence, or surrounded by such as held him more highly occasioned until he was either freed from superinten-dence, or surrounded by such as held him more highly om account of these visitations. It was natural to suppose, and could easily be inferred from the narra-tire of Mrs. Maclure, that disappointed ambition, wirecked hopes, and the downfall of the party which he had served with such desperate fidelity, were likely to segravate enthusiasm into temporary insanity. It was, indeed, no uncommon circumstance in those sift-gular times, that men like Sir Harry Vane, Harrison, Overton, and others, themselves alaves to the wildest and most enthusiastic dreams, could, when mingling with the world, conduct themselves not only will good sense in difficulties, and courage in dangers, but with the most acute segacity and detarmined valour. The subsequent part of Mrs. Maclure's information confirmed Morton in these impressions. "I a the gray of the morning," she said, "my little Paggy sell show ye the gate to him before the sodgers are up. But ye mean let his hour of danger, as he co'r stinge. Peggy will tell ye when to venture in. She kens his ways weal, for whiles she carries him nome little helps that he canna do without to sustain the." "And in what retreat then," said Morton, "has

hife." "And in what retreat then," said Morton, "has this unfortunate person found refuge?" "An awsome place," answered the blind woman, "as ever living creature took refuge in. They ca' it the Black Linn of Linklater—it's a doleful place; but he loves it abune a' others, because he has sae often been in safe hiding there; and it's my belief he pre-fers it to a tapestried chamber and a down bed. But yet aco't. I hae seen it mysell mony a day syne. I was a daft hempie lassie then, and little thought what was to come o't.—Wad ye choose ony thing, sir, ere ye betake yoursell to your rest, for ye maun sit wi'

was to come o't.--Wad ye choose ony thing, sir, ere ye betake yoursell to your rest, for ye maun stir wi' the first dawn o' the gray light "" "Nothing more, my good mother," said Morton; and they parted for the evening. Morton recommended himself to Heaven, threw

bimself on the bed, heard, between sleeping and wak-ing, the trampling of the dragoon horses at the riders' seturn from their patrol, and then slept soundly after such painful agitation.

#### CHAPTER XLIII.

The darksome cave they enter, where they found The accursed man, low sitting on the ground, Busing fall eadly in his sullen mind.

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As the morning began to appear on the mountains, a gentle knock was heard at the door of the humble apartment in which Morton slept, and a girlish treble youce asked him from without, 'If he wad please gang to the Linn or the folk raise 7" He arose upon the invitation, and dressing himself heartily, went forth and joined his little guide. The unsultain maid tript lightly before him, harongh the Ver. 11.

Ver. II.

gray haze, over hill and moor. It was a wild and yraned walk, unmarked by any regular or distinguisha-ble track, and keeping, upon the whole, the direction of the ascent of the brook, though without tracing its windings. The landscape, as they advanced, became waster and more wild, until nothing but heath and rock encembered the side of the velley. "Is the place still distant?" said Morton. "Nearly a mile off," answared the girl. "We'll be there belive."

there belive. "And do you often go this wild journey, my little

Linn,

"When grannic sends me wi' milk and meal to the inn," answered the child. "And are you not afraid to travel so wild a road alone?

"Hout ns, sir," replied the guide; nas living crea-ture wad touch sic a hit thing as I am, and grannie says we need never fear ony thing else when we are doing a gude turn." "Strong in innocence as in triple mail !" said Mor-toa to himself, and followed her steps in silence. They soon came to a decayed thicket, where brazz-bles and thorns supplied the room of the oak and burches of which it had once consisted. Here the guide turned short off the open heath, and, by a sheep-track, conducted Morton to the brook. A hoarse and which presented itself, yet it was not to be viewed without surprise and even terror. When he emerged from the devious path which conducted him through which presented itself, yet it was not to be viewed without surprise and even terror. When he emerged from the devious path which conducted him through the thicket, he found himself placed on a ledge of flat rock, projecting over one side of a chasm not legs than a hundred feet deep, where the dark mountain stream made a docided and rapid shoot over the pre-cipice, and was swallowed up by a deep, black, yawa-ing gulf. The eye in vain strove to see the bottom of the fall; it could eatch but one sheet of foarning uproar and sheer descent, until the view was ob-structed by the projecting crags which enclosed the bottom of the watefall, and hid from sight the dark pool which received its tortured waters; far beneath pool which received its fortured waters; is beneath, at the distance of perhaps a quarter of a mile, the eye caught the winding of the stream as it emerged into a more open course. But, for that distance, they were lost to sight as much as if a cavern had been arched over them; and indeed the steep and projecting ledges of rock through which they wound their way in dark-ness, were very nearly closing and over-roofing their cour

course. While Morton gazed at this scene of turnult, which seemed, by the surrounding thickets and the clefts into which the waters descended, to seek to hide itself from every eye, his little attendant, as ahe stood beside him on the platform of rock which com-manded the best view of the fail, pulled him by the sleeve, and said, in a tone which he could not hear without stooping his ear near the speaker, "Hear till him I Eht hear till him?" Morton listened more attentively, and out of the

Morton listened more attentively, and out of the Worton listened more attentively, and out of the very abyss into which the brook fell, and amidst the tamultuary sounds of the cataract, thought be could distinguish shouts, screams, and even articulate words, as if the tortured demon of the stream had been mingling his complaints with the roar of his broken waters.

broken waters. "This is the way," said the little girl; "follow ma, gin ye please, sir, but tak tent to your feet;" and, with the daring agility which custom had rendered easy, she vanished from the platform on which she stood, and, by notches and slight projections in the rock, scrambled down its face into the chasm which it overhung. Steady, bold, and active, Morton hesi tated not to follow her; but the necessary autantion to secure his hold and footing in a descent where both foot and hand were needful for security, pre-vented him from looking around him, till, having de-scended nigh twenty feet, and being sixty or seventy above the pool which received the fall, his guide made a nause, and he again found himself by her side in a abuve the pool which received the rail, his guide made a pause, and he again found himself by her side in a situation that appeared equally romanic and precar-ous. They were nearly opposite to the waterfall, and in point of level situated at about one-quarter's depth from the point of the cliff over which it taundemat. 58

and three-fourths of the height above the dark, deep, and restless pool which received its fall. Both these tremendous points, the first shoot, namely, of the yet unbroken stream, and the deep and sombre abyss into which it was emptied, were full before hum, as well as the whole continuous stream of billowy froth, which, dashing from the one, was eddying and boil-ing in the other. They were so near this grand phe-nomenon that they were covered with its spray, and well nigh deafened by the incessant roar. But cross-ing in the very front of the fall, and at scarce three yards' distance from the cataract, an old oak tree, flung across the chasm in a manner that seemed acci-dental, formed a bridge of fearfully narrow dimen-sions and uncertain footing. The upper end of the tree rested on the platform on which they stood—the lower or uprooted extremity extended behind a pro-jection on the opposite side, and was secured, Mor-ton's eye could not discover where. From behind the glancing in the waves of the falling water, and ting-ing them partially with crimson, had a strange pre-ternatural and sinister effect when contrasted with the beams of the rising sun, which glanced on the first broken waves of the fall, though even in its me-indian splendour could not gain the third of its fall depth. When he had looked around him for a mo-ment; the girl again pulled his sleeve, and pointing to the oak and the projecting point beyond it. (for hear-ing speech was now out of the question,) indicated that there lay bis farther passage. unbroken stream, and the deep and sombre abyss into which it was emptied, were full before hum, as

he well know that the persecuted presbyterians had in the preceding reigns sought refuge among dells in the preceding reigns sought refuge among dells and thickets, caves and cataracts, —in spots the most bxtraordinary and secluded—although he had heard of the champions of the Covenant, who had long abidden beside Dobs-linn on the wild heights of Pol-moodie, and others who have been concealed in the yet more terrific cavern called Creehope-linn, in the parish of Closeburn,\* yet his imagination had never exactly figured out the horrors of such a residence, and he was surprised how the strange and romantic scene which he now saw had remained concealed from him, while a curious investigator of such natural phenomena. But he readily conceived, that, lying in a remote and wild district, and being destined as a place of concealment to the persocuted preachers and professors of non-conformity, the secret of its exist-ence was carefully preserved by the few shepherds to whom it might be known. As, breaking from these meditations, he began to

As, breaking from these meditations, he began to

As, breaking from these meditations, he began to "The severity of precution often drove the sufforers to hide themselves in dens and caves of the earth, where they had not inly to grazgle with the real dangers of damp, darkness, and familes, but were called upon, in their disordered imaginations, to oppose the informal powers by whom such caveras were be-lieved to be haunted. A very romantic scene of rocks, thickets, and cascades, called Creehope Linn, on the scitze of Mr. Men-ted to be haunted. A very romantic scene of rocks, thickets, and cascades, called Creehope Linn, on the scitze of Mr. Men-ted to be haunted. A very romantic scene of rocks, thickets, and cascades, called Creehope Linn, on the scitze of Mr. Men-ted to be haunted. A very romantic scene of rocks, thickets, hemselves to the rage of their mortal enemics. Abother remarkable encounter betwirt the Foul Fiend and the champions of the Covenant, is preserved in cortain rude rhymes, not yet forgotten in Ethrick Forest. Two men, it is scid, by name Halbert Dobon and David Dun, constructed for themselves a place of refuge in a hidden ravine of a very savago of Moffat Water. Here, concealed from human fues, they wery character, by the side of a considerable waterful, near the head of Moffat Water. Here, concealed from human fues, they wery character, by the side of a considerable manifell, may the head of Moffat Water. Here, to fighten them, and disturb their the supernatural visitation, asselled their glostly visiter, buf-hides, in which sings the rolled down the cascade. The shape which he assumed was probably designed to excise the cupid-ty of the asselling the rolled down the cascade. The shape which the asselle the offed down the cascade. The shape which the asselle the offed down the cased.

## "Hab Dab and David Din, Dang the Deil ower Dabson's Linn."

The popular verses recording this feat, to which Burns scenar to have been indebted for some limits in his address to the Dail, may be found in the Minstreley of the Scottish Border, vol. ii. It cannot be matter of wonder to any one at all acquainted with human nature, that superstitled should have aggravated by it incorrue, the appreciensions to which mea of enthusiastic character were disposed by the gloomy hannts to which they had bod for relage.

(CMAR. ALITE. consider how he should traverse the doubtil and terrific bridge, which, skirted by the case and a transfered wet and slippery by its commant dristing traversed the chasm above sixty feet from the bot-tom of the fall, his guide, as if to give huncourage, tript over and back without the lesst huitation. Envying for a moment the little bare fee which caught a safer hold of the rugged side of the advitue he could pretend to with his heavy boots, liston nevertheless resolved to attempt the passage, us, fixing his eye firm on a stationary object on the due side, without allowing his head to become gidt, e his attention to be distracted by the flash, the isan, and the roar of the waters around him, he sing side, without allowing his head to become gidy, en-his attention to be distracted by the flash, the issu, and the roar of the waters around him, he stread steadily and safely along the uncertain bridge, and reached the mouth of a small cavern on the isrike side of the torrent. Here he paused; for a light, pa-ceeding from a fire of red-host charcoal, permand him to see the interior of the cave, and enabled is to contemplate the appearance of its inhabits, by whom he himself could not be so readily disma-guished, being concealed by the shadow of the red. What he observed would have by no means enco-raged a less determined man to proceed with the task which he had undertaken. Burley, only altered from what he had been far-merly by the addition of a gristly beard, sood in the midet of the cave, with his clasped Bible in one hand, and his drawn sword in the other. His figure, disaly ruddied by the light of the red charcoal, seemed the of a fiend in the lurid atmosphere of Pandemonian and his gestures and word, as far as they could by

or a neuron in the furne atmosphere or Publicanonal and his gestures and words, as far as they could be heard, seemed equally violent and irregular. Al alone, and in a place of almost unapproachable scienneard, seemed equally violent and irremiar. All alone and in a place of almost unapproachable sche sion, his demeanour was that of a man who scines for life and death with a mortal energy. "Hai that "there-there I" he exclaimed, accourgenzing each word with a thrust, urged with his whole force examt the impassible and empty air—" Did I not all the so f—I have resisted, and thou fleest fives me!— Coward as thou art—come in all they terrors—come with mine own evil deeds, which render thee most terrible of all—there is enough betwirt the boards of this book to rescue me!—What mutterest thos at gray hairs ?—It was well done to alay him—the more inpe the corn the readier for the sickle.—Art gone ?— Art gone ?—I have ever known thee but a coward— hai ha ! ha !" With these wild exclamations he sunk the point of his sword, and remained standing still in the same posture, like a maniac whose fit is over. "The dangerous time is by now?" said the liftle girl who had followed ; "it seldom issue boyond the time that he sun's ower the hill ye may gang in and speak wi'him now. I'll wait for you at the other side of the linn; he canna bide to see twa folk at anes." Slowly and cautionsly. and knowing consuments

Slowly and cautiously, and keeping constantly upon his guard, Morton presented himself to the view of his old associate in command.

"What comest thou again when thins bour is over ?" was his first exclamation, and four shing his sword aloft, his countenance assumed an expression

sword aloft, his countenance assumed an expression in which ghastly terror seemed mingled with its rage of a demoniac. "I am come, Mr. Belfour," said Morton, as a steady and composed tone, "to renew an acquaint-ance which has been broken off since the fight of Bothwell Bridge." As soon as Burley became aware that Morron we

As soon as Burley became aware that Morean was before him in person, —an idea which he caught with marvellous celerity, —he at once exerted that manuer-ship over his heated and enthusiastic imaginasing the power of enforcing which was a most striking part of his extraordinary character. He such is sword-point at once, and as he stole it composity into the scabbard, he muttered something of the damp and cold which sent an old soldier to his far tamp and cold which sent an old volder to nu ing exercise, to prevent his blood from chiling, done, he proceeded in the cold determined m which was peculiar to his ordinary discourse. "Thou hast tarried long, Henry Mortoon, and not come to the wintage before the twelfth her struck. Art thou yet willing to take the right

thrones or dynasties, but to the rule of Scripture, for their directions?" "I am surprised," said Morton, evading the direct answer to his question, "that you should have known me after so many years." "The features of those who ought to act with me are engraved on my heart," answered Burley; "and few but Silas Morton's son durst have followed me into this my castle of retreat. Sees thou that draw-bridge if Nature's own construction?" he added, pointing to the prostrate oak-tree—"one sputn of my foot, and it is overwhelmed in the abyse below, bid-ding foemen at the farther side stand at defiance, and leaving enemies on this at the mercy of one, who never yet met his equal in single fight." "Of such defences," said Morton, "I should have thought you would now have little need." "Little need?" said Burley impatient?—" What little need?" said Burley impatient?—" What little need or fugge—my cave of Adullam, and would not change its rude ribs of lime-stone rock for the fair chambers of the castle of the Earls of Tor-wood, with their broad bounds and barony. Thou, unless the fooliah fever-fit be over, mayst think dif-ferently."

rently."

Serendy." "It was of those very possessions I came to appek," said Morton; " and I doubt not to find Mr. Belfour the same rational and reflecting person which I knew him to be in times when zeal disumited brethren." "A y?" said Burley; " indeed 7—Is such truly your hope 4—wilt thou express it more plainly?" "In a word then," said Morton, "you have exer-cised, by means at which I can guess, a secret, but more prejudicial influence over the fortunes of Lady Margaret Rellenden and her grand-daughter, and in

most prejudicial influence over the fortunes of Lady Margaret Bellenden and her grand-daughter, and in favour of that base, oppressive spostate, Basil Olifant, whom the law, deceived by thy operations, has placed in possession of their lawful property." "Sayest thou?" said Balfour. "I do say so," replied Morton; "and face to face you will not depy what you have vouched by your handwriting."

And suppose I deny it not?" said Balfour, "and suppose that the isolances were found equal to per-suade me to retrace the steps I have taken on matured resolve, what will be thy meed? Dost thou still hope to possess the fair-haired girl, with her wide and rich inheritance?

inheritance 7" "I have no such hope," answered Morton calmly. "And for whom, then, hast thou ventured to do this great thing; to seek to rend the prey from the valiant, so bring forth food from the day of the ion, and to ex-fract sweetness from the maw of the idevourer-For whose sake hast thou undertaken to read this riddle, may be the second the second the read this riddle,

whose sake hast thou undertaken to read this riddle, recore bard than Sampeon's?" "For Lord Evandale's and that of his bride," replied Morton firmly. "Think better of mankind, Mr. Bal-four, and believe there are some who are willing to macrifice their happiness to that of others." "Then, as my soul liveth," replied Balfour, " thou art, to wear beerd, and back a horse, and draw a sword, the tamest and most gall-lees puppet that ever sustained injury unavenged. What I thou wouldst beep that accursed Evandale to the arms of the worman that thou lovest ?--thou wouldst endow them with wealth and with heritages, and thou think'st that there lives another man, offended even more deeply than thou, yet equally cold-livered and mean-spirited, crawling upon the face of the earth, and hast dared to suppose that one other to be John Bal-four." four 1

For my own feelings," said Morton composedly, "I am answersble to none but Heaven-To you, Mr. Balfour, I should suppose it of little consequence whether Basil Olifant or Lord Evandale possess these estates."

"Thou art deceived," said Burley; "both are indeed in outer darkness, and strangers to the light, as he whose eyes have never been opened to the day. But this Basil Olifant is a Nabal - a Demag-a base churl, whose wealth and power are at the disposal of hum

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of fellowship, and be one with those who look not to who can threaten to deprive him of them. He became thrones or dynastics, but to the rule of Scripture, for their directions?" "I am unmined?" and Manten and the transferred a panist to obtain procession who can threaten to deprive him of them. He became a professor because he was deprived of these lands of Tillictudem—he turned a papist to obtain possession of them—he called himself an Erastian, that he might not again lose them, and he will become what I list while I have in my power the document that may de-prive him of them. These lands are a bit between his jaws and a book in his nostrils, and the rein and the line are in my hands to guide them as I think meet; and his they shall therefore be, unless I had assurance of bestowing them on a sure and sincere friend. For and his they shall therefore be, unless I had assurances of bestowing them on a sure and sincere friend. But Lord Evendale is a malignant, of heart like flint, and brow like adamant; the goods of the world fall on him like leaves on the frost-bound earth, and unmoved he, will see them whirled off by the first wind. The heathen virtues of such as he are more dangerous to us than the sordid cupidity of those, who, governed by their interest, must follow where it leads, and whe, therefore, themselves the slaves of avarice, may be connelled to work in the vineyard, were it but to earn the larges of sin."

"This might have been all well some years ance," replied Morion ; " and I could understand your argu-ment, although I could never acquicsce in its justice. But at this crais it seems useless to you to persevere in keeping up an influence which can no longer be directed to a useful purpose. The land has peace, liberty, and freedom of conscience—and what would you more ?

"More ?" exclaimed Burley, again unsheathing his sword, with a vivacity which nearly made Morton start; "look at the notches upon that weapon; they

sworu, with a vivacity which nearly made Morton start; "look at the notches upon that weapon; they are three in number, are they not?" "The fragment of steel that parted from this first gap, rested on the skull of the perjured traitor, who first introduced Episcopacy into Scotland;--this se-cond notch was made in the rib-bone of an inpious villain, the boldest and bast soldier that upheld the prelatic cause at Drunclog;--this third was broken on the steal head-piece of the captain who defended the Chapel of Holyrood when the people rose at the Revolution. I cleft him to the teeth through steel and bone. It has done great deeds this little waspon, and each of these blows was a deliverance to the church. This sword," he suid, again sheathing it, "has yet more to do--to weed out this base and pestilential heresy of Erastianism-to vindicate the true liberty of the Kirk in her purity-to restore the Covenant in its glory,--then let it moulder and rust beside the bones of "the sword of Captain Joho Patos of Meadowhead, a Came-ronian fames for its mouter.

givery,---usen jet it moulder and rust beside the bones of its master."<sup>16</sup> "The sword of Captain John Paton of Meadowhead, a Cama-ronian famous for his personal provess, hore testimony to his evaritons in the cause of the Govenant, and was typical of the oppressions of the times. "This sword or short shabble" (acts-Magnetic testimes, "says Mr. How's of Loch Gola." Its was then by his progenitors" (meaning descendants, a rather in its edge; which made them afterwards observe, that there were just as many years in the time of the persoution as there were steps or broken pieces in the edge thereof."-*Excitat War-thes*, edit. 197, p. 419. The persecuted party, as their circumstances led to their plac-permitted to bear them, full naturally into enthusiastic creat-permitted to bear them, full naturally into enthusiastic creat-permitted to bear them, full naturally into enthusiastic creat-gity, and as they insegned, direct contestion with the powers of a farmed prophecy, seems to bave approached in their call it inspired prophecy, seems to have approached in their blood and confusion that "Pall-eyed prophets whisper fearful change."

" Pall-eyed prophets whisper fearful change."

"Pell-eyed prophets whisper fearful change." The celebrated Alexander Peden was haunted by the terrors of a French invasiou, and was often heart to exclaim. "On the Monzies, the French Monzies," (for Monnieurs, doubliess, "Now they run 1 How long will they run 1 Oh Lord, out their houghs, and stary their running !" He afterwards declared, that French blood would run thicker in the waters of Ayr and Lyde than ever did that of the Highlandmen. Upon another occa-sion, he said he had been made to see the French marching with blood of all ranks, up to the bridle roins, and that for a bursed, their armes through the length and breadth of the land in the blood of all ranks, up to the bridle roins, and that for a bursed, Gentrie a bursed covenant. Gabriel Scapie also prophesied. In passing by the hrouse of Kennure, to which workmen were making some additions, Me said, "Lade you are very basy enlarging and repairing that bouse, but it will be bursed like a clowdy May morning. Other instances might be added; but these are enough to show the eharacter of the people and times.

"Ton have neither men nor means, Mr. Balbar, to disturb the government as now actiled," argued Mor-tion; "the people are in general satisfied, excepting only the gentlemen of the Jecobic interest; and sur-by you would not join with those who would enly use you for their own purposes?" "It is they," answered Burley, "that sheuld serve ours. I went to the camp of the malignant Claver'se, as the future King of Israel sought the land of the Philistines; I arranged with him a rising, and, but for the villain Evandale, the Erastians ere now had been driven from the west-I could slay him," he added, with a vinductive scowl, "were he grasping the horns of the attr?" He then proceeded in a calmer tone: "I thou, son of mine ancient comrade, wert super on the artarr rise incent procession in a caumer tops: "If thou, son of mine ancient countrade, wert suitor for thyself to this Edith Bellenden, and wart willing to put thy hand to the great work with zeal equal to thy courage, think not I would prefer the friendship of Basil Ohiant to thine; thou shouldst then have the of Basil Ohiant to thine; thou shouldst then have the means that this document (he produced a parciment) affords, to place her in possession of the landst her fathers. This have I longed to say to these ever since I saw the fight the good fight so strongly at the fatal Bridge. The maiden loved these and thou her." Morton replied firmly, "I will not dissemble with you, Mr. Ballour, even to gain a good end. I came in hopes to persuade you to do a deed of justice to others, not to gain any selfish and of my own. I have fulled-I grives for your sake, more thas for the bese which others will sustain by your injustice." "You refuse my profier, then T said Burley, with imading eyes.

"You refuse my profier, then T said Burley, with bindling eyes. "I do," said Morton. "Would you be really, as you are desirous to be thought, a man of honour and conscience, you would, regardless of all other considerations, restore that perchange of all other deale, to be used for the advantage of the lawful beir."

"Somer shall it perish " said Balfour; and, cast-ing the deed into the heap of red charceal beside him, present it down with the heel of his boot. While it smoked, shrivelled, and crackled in the

while it smoked, entryelied, and crackied in the fames, Morton sprung forward to snatch it, and Burley eatching hold of him, a struggle ensued. Beth were strong men, but although Morton was much the more active and younger of the two, yet Balfour was the most powerful, and effectually pre-vented him from rescuing the deed until it was fairly roduced to a cinder. They then quitted hold of each other, and the enthusiast, rendered forcer by the contest, glared on Morton with an eye expressive of frantic revenge.

"Thou hast my secret," he exclaimed; "thou must be mine, or die !" "I contemn your threats," said Morton; "I pity way and heave new "

"I contemn your threats," said Morton; "I pity you, and leave you." But, as he turned to retire, Burley stept before him, pushed the oak-trunk from its resting place, and, as it fell thundering and crashing into the abyes beneath, drew his sword, and cried out, with a vorce that rivalled the roar of the cataract and the thurder of the falling eak,..." Now thou art at bay - fight.--yield, or die!" and standing in the mouth of the cavern, he flourished his naked sword. "I will not fight with the man that preserved my father's life." said Morton ;---'' have not yet learned to say the words, I yield; and my life I will rescue as I best can."

So speaking, and ere Balfour was aware of his pur-pose, he aprung past him, and exerting that youthful agility of which he possessed an uncommon share, esaped clear across the fearful chasm which divided eaped clear across the learnin chasm which divided the mouth of the cave from the projecting rock on the opposite side, and stood there safe and free from his incensed enemy. He immediately ascended the ravine, and, as he turned, saw Burley stand for an instant agnast with astonishment, and then, with the freshive of disappointed rage, rush into the interior of his covern.

It was not difficult for him to perceive that this unhappy man's mind had been so long agitated by desperate schence and sudden disappointments, that

it had lost its equipoint, his conduct a shade of k it had lost its emploist, and that there are his conduct a shade of lunacy, not the has from the vigour and craft with which be p from the vigour and craft with whice we person wild designs. Morton soon joined his grint, di been terrified by the fall of the oak. This is sented as accidental; and she assured him in that the inhabitant of the oave would imperi-inconvenience from it, being always provide meterials to construct another bridge.

The advantures of the morning were not y As they approached the hat, the istile girl exclamation of suprise at seeing her gran the girl m

exclamation of surprise at seeing her grandmed groping her way towards them, at a greater data from her home than she could have been suppo-capable of graveling. "O, air " said the old weman, when he he them approach, "gin e'er ye loved Lord Evand help now, or never I--God he praised that is hearing when he took my poor eye-sight I-Co this way-this way-And O' trend highly.-Pou hiany, gang soddle the grouteman's here, and him caanily shint the thoray shaw, and bide h there." 1.1 at ist a

She conducted him to a small window, dawn which, himself unobserved, he could see two 4 goons souted at their morning draught of als, s

geons seated at their morning draught of as, en conversing earneedly together. "The more I think of it," said the one, "below kke it, Inglis; Evandele was a good officer, and the solder's friend; and though we were pursished for the mutiny at Thiletudiem, yet, by —, Frank, yes and own he deserved it." "D\_\_\_\_\_ ease two, if I forgive him for it

"D\_\_\_\_\_ scine me, if I forgive him for s, though " replied the other; " and I think I can aim his skirts new." "Why, man, you should forget and forgive Batter take the start with him along with the reat, and join the ranting Highlanders. We have all est ling Jame's bread."

James's bread." "Thou art an ass; the start, as you call is, will never happen; the day's pat off. Halliday's sum a ghost, or Miss Bellenden's fallen sick of the pip, or some blasted nonsense or another; the thing will be hand be barrow and the fast bind that

some blasted nonsense or another; the thing we never keep two days longer, and the first bird is sings out will get the reward." "That's true, too," answered his coursede; " an will this fallow-this Basil Olifant, pay handsensely "Like a prime, man," said Inglis; "Evandsho he man on earth whom he hates worst, and he fan him, besides, about some law bushness, and were once rubbed out of the way, all, he thinks, will be hown."

""But shall we have warrants and force snearch?" "But shall we have warrants and force snearch?" said the other fellow. "Few people have will size against my lord, and we may find him with some effort our own fellows at his back." "Thou'rt a coveradly fool. Dick." returned India

Thou'rt a cowardly fool, Dick," returned in "Thou'rt a.cowardly fool, Dick." returned inging. "he is living quietly down at Fairy-Knowe to accur suspicion. Ohight is a magnetrate, and will have some of his own people that he can trust along win him. There are us two, and the Laird says he can get a desperate fighting whig fellow, called Quintin Mackell, that hes an old gradge at Evandals." "Well, well, you are my officer. you know," sair the private, with true military conscience, "-and if any hind is a say the same of any the same and if any

"Fill take the blame," said Inglis. "Come, and the other point of als, and let us to Tillisendlem. Has blind Bess! why, where the devil has the old ha

blind Bess I why, where the devil has the old and crept to ?" "Delay them as long as you can," whispered Mar-ton, as he thrust his purse into the hostens's hash; "all depends on gaining time." "Then, walking swiftly to the place where the ar held his horse rendy, "To Fairy-Knows?--me; also I could not protect them.--I must instantly to the gow. Wittenbold, the commandant there, will ar dily give me the suppest of a troup, and process the could not protect them.--I must instantly to the dily give me the suppest of a troup, and process the could not a l pass.-Come, Moorkopf," he spil a dressing his horse as he mounted hum,--"disour must try your breath and speed."

#### OLD MORTALITY.

## CHAPTER XLIV.

Yet could be not his closing eyes withdraw, Though less and less of Emily be saw ; So, speechees for a little space he lay, Then grasp'd the hand he held, and sigh'd his soul a way. Paismen and Arcia.

Then grasp'd the hand be held, and sigh'd his soil away. **Prevents and Artics**. Thus indisposition of Edith confined her to bed dur-ng the sweatful day on which she had received such in unexpected abock from the sudden apparition of Morton. Next morning, however, she was reported to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed to be so much better, that Lord Evandale resumed the forenoon, Lady Emily entered the spartment of Edith with a peculiar gravity of manner. Having beerved it would be a sad one for her, though it would relieve Mins Bellenden of an incumbrance-"M prother leaves us to day, Miss Bellenden." "Leaves us !" exclaimed Edith in surprise; " for is own house, I trust?" "I have reason to think he meditates a more dis-ant journey," answered Lady Emily; "he has little to detain him in this country." "Good Heaven !" exclaimed Edith, " why was I som to become the wreak of all that is manly and hoble! What can be done to stop him from running teadlong on run? I will come down instantly—Say hat I implore he will not depart until I speak with um." "I will be in vain, Miss Bellenden ; but I will ex-

jim.

"It will be in vain, Miss Bellenden; but I will ex-cute your commission;" and she left the room as ormally as she had entered it, and informed her bro-"I unit I may be There is and informed her bro-her, Miss Bellenden was so much recovered as to propose coming down stairs ere he went away. "I suppose," she added petishly, "the prospect of peing speedily released from our company has wrought is care on her shattered nerves." "Sister," said Lord Evandale, "you are unjust, if tot envious."

t core on her shattared nerves." "Sister," said Lord Evandale, "you are unjust, if tot ervious." "Unjust I may be, Evandale, but I should not have ireamt." glancing her eye at a mirror, "of being hought envious without better cause—But let us go o the old lady ; she is making a feast in the other oom, which might have dined all your troop when roo had one." Lord Evandale accompanied her in silence to the barlour, for he knew it was in vain to contend with her prepossessions and offended pride. They found he table covered with refreahments, arranged under the careful inspection of Lady Margaret. "You could hardly weel be said to breakfast this norning, my Lord Evandale, and ye maun e'en par-ake of a small collation before ye ride, such as this oor house, whose inmates are so much indebted to ou, can provide in their present circumstances. For ny ain part, I kke to see young folk take some refec-ion before they ride out upon their sports or their ffairs, and I said as much to his most Sacred Majesty rhen he breakfasted at Tilletudlem in the year of race sizeen hundred and fifty-one; and his most iscred Majesty was pleased to reply, drinking to my ealth at the same time in a flagon of Rhenish wine Lady Margaret, ye speak like a Highland oracle.' hese were his Majesty's very words; so that your yrdahip may judge whether I have not good authority o press young folk to partake of their vivers." It may be well supposed that much of the good sty's speech failed Lord Evandale's ears, which were hen etuployed in listening for the light step of Edith. is absence of mind on this occasion, however natu-al, cost him very dear. While Lady Margaret was laying the kind hostess, a part she delighted and ex-elled in, she was interrupted by John Gudyill, who, i the natural phrase for announcing an inferior to the instress of a family, said, "There was ane wanting o speak to her ledyahip." "Ane I what ane? Has he nes name? Ye speak s if l kopt a shop, and was to come at every body's inster.""

"I is the proof a shop, and was to come at every body's "Yes, he has a name," answered John, "but your xidyship likes ill to hear't." "What is it, you fool ?" "It's Calf-Gibbie, my leddy," said John, in a tone ther above the pitch of decorous respect, on which Voz. II. 4 I

TALITY. 1
he occasionally trespassed, confiding in his merit as an ancient servant of the family, and a fauhful follower of their humble fortumes—"It's Call-Gibbie, ar your leddyship will has't, that keeps Edie Henshaw's kye down yonder at the Brigg-end—that's him that was Gueso-Gibbie at Tilleutellem, and gaed to the wappinshaw, and that"——.
"Hold your peace, John," said the old lady, rising in dignity: "you are very insolent to think I wad speak wi'a person like that. Let him tell his business to you or Mrs. Headrigg."
"He'll no hear o' that, my leddy; he says, them that sent him bade him gie the thing to your leddyship's ain hand direct, or to Lord Evandale's, he wois na whilk. But, to say the truth, he's far frae fresh, and he's but an idiot an he were."
"Then turn him out," said Lady Margaret, "and tell him to come back to-morrow when he is sober. I suppose he comes to crave some benevolence, as an ancient follower o' the honse."
"Like eneugh, my leddy, for he's a' in rags, poor creature."

creature." Gudyill made another attempt to get at Gibbie's commission, which was indeed of the last importance, being a few lines from Morton to Lord Evandale, ac-quainting him with the danger in which he stood from the practices of Olifant, and exhorting him either to instant flight, or else to come to Glasgow and sur-render himself, where he could assure him of protec-tion. This billet, hastily written, he intrusted to Gibbie, whom he saw feeding his herd beside the bridge, and backed with a couple of dollars his desire that it might instantly be delivered into the hand to which it was addressed. But it was decreed that Goose-Gibbie's intermedia-tion. Whether as an emissary or as a man-at-arms.

which it was addressed. But it was addressed. But it was addressed. But it was addressed. But it was dereed that Goose-Gibbie's intermedia-tion, whether as an emissary or as a man-at-arms, should be unfortunate to the family of Tillietudlem. He unluckily tarried so long at the ale-house, to prove if his employer's coin was good, that, when he ap-peared at Fairy-Knowe, the little sense which nature had given him was effectually drowned in ale and brandy, and instead of asking for Lord Evandale, he demanded to speak with Lady Margaret, whose name was more familiar to his ear. Being refused admit-tance to her presence, he staggered away with the letter undelivered, perversely faithful to Morton's instructions in the only point in which it would have been well had he departed from them. A few minutes after he was gone, Edith entered the apartment. Lord Evandale and she met with mutual embarrassment, which Lady Margaret, who only knew in general that their union had been post-poned by her grand-daughter's indisposition, set down to the bashfulness of a bride and bridegroom, and, to place them at ease, began to talk to Lady Emily on indifferent topics. At this moment, Edith, with a countenance as pale as death, mutterd, rather than whispered, to Lord Evandale, a request to speak with him. He offered his arm, and supported her into the smal. anteroom, which as we have noticed before, opened from the parlour. He placed her in a chair, and, taking one himself, awaited the opening of the conversation. "I am distressed, my lord," were the first words

"I am distressed, my lord," were the first words she was able to articulate, and those with difficulty; "I scarce know what I would say, nor how to speak it."

it." "If I have any share in occasioning your uneasi-ness," said Lord Evandale mildly, "you will soon, Edith, be released from it." "You are determined then, my lord," she replied, "to run this desperate course with desperate men, in spite of your own better reason—in spite of your friends' entreaties—in spite of the almost inevitable run which yawns before you?" "Forgive me, Miss Belenden; even your solicitude on we account must not detain me when my honour

"Forgive me, Miss Bellenden; even your solicitude on my account must not detain me when my honour calls. My horses stand ready saddled, my servants are prepared, the signal for naing will be given so soon as I reach Klisyth-If it is my fate hat calls me, I will not shun meeting it. It will be something," he said, taking her hand, "to die deserving your com passion, since I cannot gain your love." "O, my lord, remain "said Edith, in a tone which

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went to his heart; "time may explain the strange circumstance which has shocked me so much; my agitated nerves may recover their tranquility. O, do not rush on death and ruin! remain to be our prop

and stay, and hope every thing from time?" "It is too late, Edith," answered Lord Evandals; "and I were most ungenerous could I practise on the warmth and kindliness of your feelings towards me. warmth and kindliness of your feelings towards me. I know you cannot love me; nervous distress, so strong as to conjure up the appearance of the dead or absent, indicates a predilection too powerful to give way to friendahip and gratitude alone. But were it otherwise, the die is now cast." As he spoke thus, Cuddie burst into the room, ter-ror and haste in his countenance. "O, my lord, hide yoursell ! they has beset the outlets o' the house,"

"They? Who?" said Lord Evandale. "They? Who?" said Lord Evandale. "A party of horse, headed by Basil Olifant," an-swered Cuddia. "O, hide yourself, my lord !" echoed Edith, in an

"O, hide yourself, my lord !" echoed Edith, in an agony of terror. "I will not, by Heaven !" answered Lord Evan-dale. "What right has the villain to assail me, or stop my passage? I will make my way, were he backed by a regiment; tell Haliday and Hunter to get out the horses—And now, farewall, Edith !" He clasped her in his arms, and kissed her tenderly; then, bursting from his sister, who, with Lady Mar-garet, endeavoured to detain him, rushed out and mounted his horse. mounted his horse.

mounted his horse. All was in confusion—the women shricked and hurried in consternation to the front windows of the house, from which they could see a small party of horsemen, of whom two only seemed soldiers. They were on the open ground before Cuddie's cottage, at the bottom of the descent from the house, and show-ed caution in approaching it, as if uncertain of the strength within. "He may escape, he may escape?" said Edith; O, would he but take the by-road ?" But Lord Exandale determined to face a dancer

O, would he but take the by-road?" But Lord Evandale, determined to face a danger which his high spirit undervalued, commanded his servants to follow him, and rode composedly down the avenne. Old Gudyill ran to arm himself, and Cuddie snatched down a gun which was kept for the protection of the house, and, although on foot, follow-ed Lord Evandale. It was in vain his wife, who had hurried up on the alarm, hung by his skirts, threaten-ing him with death by the sword or halter for med-dling with other folk's matters. "Haud your peace, ye b—," said Cuddie, "and that's braid Scotch, or I wotna what is; is it ither folk's matters to see Lord Evandale murdered before my face ?" and down the avenue he marched. But considering on the way that he composed the whole

my face?" and down the avenue he marched. But considering on the way that he composed the whole infantry, as John Gudyill had not appeared, he took his vantage ground behind the hedge, hammered his funt, cocked his piece, and, taking a long aim at Laird Basil, as he was called, stood prompt for action. As soon as Lord Evandale appeared, Olifant's party spread themselves a little, as if preparing to enclose him. Their leader stood fast, supported by three men, two of whom were dragoons, the third in dress and appearance a countryman, all well armed. But the strong figure stern features. and resolved manner of strong figure, stern features, and resolved manner of the third attendant, made him seem the most formi-dable of the party; and whoever had before seen him could have no difficulty in recognising Balfour of

"Follow me," said Lord Evandale to his servants, "Follow me," said Lord Evandale to his servants, "Follow me," said Lord Evandale to his servanta, "and if we are forcibly opposed, do as I do." He advanced at a hand gallop towards Olifant, and was in the act of demanding why he had thus beset the road, when Olifant called out, "Shoot the traitor I" and the whole four fired their carabines upon the un-fortunate nobleman. He recled in the saddle, ad-vanced his hand to the holster, and drew a pistol, but, unable to discharge.it, fell from his horse mortally wounded. His servants had presented their cara-bunes. Hunter fired at random; but Halliday, who was an intrepid fellow, took aim at Inglia, and ehot, him dead on the spot. At the same instant, a shot, from behind the hedge, still more effectually avenged

Lord Evandale, for the ball took place in the very midst of Basil Olifant's forehead, and stretched him lifelees on the ground. His followers, astembed at the execution done in so short a time, seemed ather disposed to stand inactive, when Burley, whose had was up with the contest, exclaimed, "Down with the Midianites!" and attacked Halliday sword in basi At this instant the clatter of horses' hoofs was head and a party of horse, rapidly advancing on the real from Glasgow, specared on the fattal field. They were foreign dragoons, led by the Dutch command-ant Wittenbold, accompanied by Morton and a eval magietrate. magistrate

magestrate. A hasty call to surrender, in the name of God and King William, was obeyed by all except Barley, whe turned his horse and attempted to escape. Several King William, was obeyed by all except Barley, whe turned his hores and attempted to cacape. Several soldiers pursued him by command of their officer, but being well mounted, only the two headmost seemed likely to gain on him. He turned deliberately twice, and discharging first one of his pistols, and then the pother, rid himself of the one pursuer by metally wounding him, and of the other by shooting his hores, and then continued his flight to Bothwell Bridge, where, for his misofuture, he found the gates shot and guarded. Turning from thence, he made for a place where, for his misofuture, he found the gates shot and guarded. Turning from thence, he made for a place where, the bulket from the pistols and carabines of his pursuers whizzing around him. Two balls took effect when he was past the middle of the stream, and he felt himself dangerously wounded. He reined his horse round in the midst of the iver, and retarned to-wards the bank he had left, waving his hand, as if with the purpose of intimating that he surreendered. The troopers ceased firing at him accordingly, and awaited his return, two of them rating a hitle way into the river to seize and disarm him. But it pre-sently appeared that his purpose was revenge, not safety. As he approached the two soldiers, he col-lected his remaining strength, and discharged a blow on the head of one, which tambled him from his horse. The other dragoon, a strong muscular man, had in the mean while laid hands on him. Burley, came headlong into the river, and were swept down the stream. Their course might be traced by the blood which bubbled up to the surface. They were twice seen to rise, the Dutchman striving to swin, and Burley clinging to him in a manaer that showed his desire that both should perish. Their corpees were taken out about a quarter of a male down the river. As Balfour's grasp could not have been un-clenched without cutting off his hands, both were thrown into a hasty grave, still marked by a rade stone, and a ruder epitaph." turned his horse and attempted to escape. Severa soldiers pursued him by command of their officer, but

" Gentle reader, I did request of mins honest friend Protedont, traveling merchant, known to many of this la his faithth and just dealings, as well is number and as as is small wares, to precure me on his next penegrant inta vicinaçe, a copy of the Epitanhion alluside to. As cording to his report, which i see no ground to dism runnels thus 4

Here lies ane mint to prelates marty, Being John Balloor, sometime of Barlay, Who stirred up to verogenose take, For Bolemn League and Covenant's make, Upon the Mague-Moor in Fife, Did tak James Sharps the apostate's life; By Dutchman's hande was hacked and shod, Then drowned in Clyde near this seam spet.

Thes drowned in Civic near this mean spei Ind, as well as his violent dealine in the means described entirely fictitous. He was wounded at Bothwell Bridge, wh he uttered the execution transferred to the text, set much union with his religious preisesions. He afterwards energy to Holland, where he found refuge, with other fugitives of H disturbed period. His biographer seems simple enough to ileve that he rose high in the Prince of Orange's favour, a observes, "That having still a desire to be averaged upon the who persecuted the Lord's cause and people in Stotland, if said he obtained liberty from the Prince for that perpose, died at sea before his rairwal in Sociand; whereby that dee was never accomplished, and so the land was never cleanaed the blood of them who had shed innocent blood, ancoughing the law of the Lord, Gen. iz. 6, "Where sheddaws means by max stall his blood shed.". Scottak Wirkles, p. 555. It was reserved for this historian to discover, that the mode perpetuating of factious quarrels, which is called in mean

I RAD determined to wave the task of a concluding chapter, leaving to the reader's imagination the ar-rangements which must necessarily take place after Lord Evandale's death. But as I was aware that precedents are wanting for a practice, which might be found convenient both to readers and compilers, I confess myself to have been in a considerable dilem-ma, when fortunately I was honoured with an invita-tion to drink tea with Miss Martha Buskbody, a young lady who has carried on the profession of mantua-making at Ganderscleugh and in the neighbourhood, with great success, for about forty years. Knowing I waited on her, and enlighten me by the experience which she must have acquired in reading through the whole stock of three circulating libraries, in Ganders-cleugh and the two next market-towns. When, with a palpitating heart, I appeared before her in the even

whole stock of three circulating libraries, in Ganders-cleugh and the two next market-towns. When, with a papitating heart, I appeared before her in the eve-ning, I found her much disposed to be complimentary. "I have not been more affected," said she, wiping the glasses of her spectacles, "by any novel, except-ing the Tale of Jemmy and Jenny Jessamy, which is indeed pathos itself; but your plan of omitting a for-mal conclusion will never do. You may be as har-rowing to our nerves as you will in the course of your story, but, unless you had the genius of the author of Julia de Roubigné, never let the end be altogether overclouded. Let us see a glimpse of sunshine in the last chapter; it is quite essential." "Nothing would be more easy for me, madam, than to comply with your injunctions; for, in truth, the parties in whom you have had the goodness to be interested, did live long and happily, and begot sons and daugulars." "It is particesary, sir," she said, with a slight nod of reprimand, "to be particular concerning their matrimonial comforts. But what is your objection to let us have, in a general way, a glimpse of their future felicity?" "Really, madam." said L. "you must be aware

let us have, in a general way, a glimpse of their future felicity?" "Really, madam," said I, "you must be aware, that every volume of a narrative turns less and less interesting as the author draws to a conclusion; just like your tea, which, though excellent hyson, is neces-sarily weaker and more insipid in the last cup. Now, as I think the one is by no means improved by the luscious lump of half-dissolved sugar usually found at the bottom of it, so I am of opinion that a history, growing ahready vapid, is but dully crutched up by a detail of circumstances which every reader must have anticipated, even though the author exhaust on them every flowery epide in language." every flowery epithet in the language." "This will not do, Mr. Pattieson," continued the

This will not do, Mr. rattleson, continued the times Reaction, were only adopted in consequence of the death of John Balfour, called Burley. The late Mr. Wenyss of Wenyse Hall, in Fifeshire, succeeded to Balfour's property in late times, and had several accounts, papers, articles of dress, &c. which belonged to the old homi-cular.

to papers, studies of dress, &c. Whith Derivery of the seems still to exist in Holland or Flanders; for in the Brussels papers of 28th July, 1868, Lieutenant-Colonel Belfour de Burleigh in named commandant of the troops of the Kang of the Netherlands in the West Indues.

**fmr. XLIV.] OLY MORTALITY.** 93 While the wool of this stern enthusiast fitted to its faw has also released. Morton had fung himself him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render him his horse upon perceiving his situation, to render his houses. This was done with all the care possible so the house. This was done with all the care possible but the clamorous grief of Lady Kimily was far ere conaccious even of the presence of Morton, sho the house yere not his presect of Morton sho the house yere not him his, presed them both site ionately, united them together, raised his face, and the render in the site of the presence of Morton show that the the the render in the site presention with the render him his presed them both site ionately, united them together, raised his face, and to very minute circumstances indee." "Well madar," I replied, "my materials are es ford Kenned him his, presed them both site of the render him his presed them both site of the render him the grave, until Lord Evandie to the held to have some site." "Well madar," I replied, "my materials are es ford Kenned him him presed them hoth site of the the normality by the site of the render him hims far hands in his presed them hoth site of the the normal for the render him high that hands in his presed the present of the render himself in their origin hish himself in the render deed, which was worth many a gill of brandy to him from the old buller, who, far different in disposition from Cuddie, was much more inclined to exaggerate than suppress his exploits of manhood. The blind from Cuddle, was much more inclined to exagerate than suppress his exploits of manhood. The blind widow was provided for in the most comfortable man-ner, as well as the little guide to the Linn; and"—— "But what is all this to the marriage—the mar-riage of the principal personages?" interrupted Miss Buskbody, impatiently tapping her snuff-box. "The marriage of Morton and Miss Bellenden was blowd for anyone in personage about wort into dom

The marriage of morth and must benched was delayed for several months, as both went into deep mourning on account of Lord Evandale's death. They were then wedded." "I hope, not without Lady Margaret's consent, sir ?" said my fair critic. "I love books which teach

a proper deference in young persons to their parents. In a novel the young people may fall in love without their countenance, because it is essential to the nether countenance, because it is essential to the ne-cessary intricacy of the story, but they must always have the benefit of their consent at last. Even old Delville received Cecilia, though the daughter of a man of low birth." "And even so. madam." replied I. "Lady Marga-

man of low birth." "And even so, madam," replied I, "Lady Marga-ret was prevailed on to countenance Morton, although the old Covenanter, his father, stuck sorely with her for some time. Edith was her only hope, and she wished to see her happy; Morton, or Melville Morton, as he was more generally called, stood so high in the as he was more generally called, stood so high in the reputation of the world, and was in every other re-spect such an eligible match, that she put her preju-dice aside, and consoled herself with the recollection, that marriage went by destiny, as was observed to her, she said, by his most Sacred Majesty. Charles the Second of happy memory, when she showed him the portrait of her grand-tather Fergus, third Earl of Torwood, the handsomest man of his time, and that of Countees Jane, his second lady, who had a hump-back and only one eye. This was his Majesty's ob-servation, she said, on one remarkable morning when he deigned to take his *disjune*"—— " Nay," said Miss Buskbody, again interrupting me, "if she brought such authority to countenance her acquiescing in a misalliance, there was no more to be said,—And what became of old Mrs. What's her name, the housekeeper ?"

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"Mrs. Wilson, madam ?" answered I; "she was "Mrs. Wilson, madam ?" answered I; " she was perhaps the happiest of the party; for once a-year, and not oftener, Mr. and Mrs. Melville Morton dined in the great wainscotted-chamber in solemn state, the hangings being all displayed, the carpet laid down, and the huge brass candlestick set on the table, stuck round with leaves of laurel. The preparing the room for this yearly festival employed her mind for six months before it came about, and the putting mattars to rights occupied old Al'son the other six, so that a single day of rejoicing found her business for all the year round."

to rights occupied old Al'son the other six, so that a single day of rejoicing found her business for all the vear round." "And Niel Blane?" said Miss Baskbody. "Lived to a good old age, drank ale and brandy with guests of all persuasions, played whig or jacobite tunes as best pleased his customera, and died worth as much money as married Jenny to a cock laird. I hope, ma'am, you have no other inquiries to make, for really"— "Goose-Gibbie, sir?" said my persevering friend; "Goose-Gibbie, whoee ministry was fraught with such consequences to the personages of the narra-tive?" "Consider, my dear Miss Buskbody,—(I beg pardon for the familiarity.)—but pray consider, even the me-mory of the renowned Scheherazade, that Empress of Tale-tellers, could not preserve every circumstance. I am not quite positive as to the fate of Goose-Gibbie, but am inclined to think him the same with one Gil-bert Dudden, alias Calf-Gibbie, who was whipped through Hamilton for stealing poultry." Miss Buskbody now placed her laft foot on the fender, crossed her right leg over her knee, lay back on the chair, and looked towards the cealing. When I observed her assume this contemplative mood, I

concluded abe was studying some farther cross-era-mination, and therefore took my hat and wined her a hasty good-night, ere the Demon of Critism had supplied her with any more queries. In like manner, gentie Reader, returning you my thanks for these-tience which has conducted you thus far, I take be liberty to withdraw myself from you for the presen

#### PERORATION.

Ir was mine earnest wish, most courteous Reader, that the "Tales of my Landlord" should have reached thine hands in one entire succession of tomes, or vothat the "Tales of my Landiord" should have reached thime hands in one entire succession of tomes, or vo-lumes. But as I sent some few more mannscript quires, containing the continuation of these most pleasing narratives, I was apprized, somewhat unce-remoniously, by my publisher, that he did not approve of novels (as he injuriously called these real histories) extending beyond four volumes, and, if I did not agree to the first four being published separately, he threatened to decline the article. (O, ignorance! as if the vernacular article of our mother Kangish were capable of declension i) Whereupon, somewhat moved by his remonstrances, and more by heavy charges for print and paper, which he stated to have been al-ready incurred, I have resolved that these four vo-lumes shall be the heralds or a vant-couriers of the Tales which are yet in my possession, nothing doubt-ing that they will be eagerly devoured and the remainder anxiously demanded, by the unanimous voice of a discerning public. I rest, esteemed Roader, thine as thou shalt construe me, <u>JEDENCH</u> CLEMENTER. *Gandercleugh, Nov.* 15, 1816.

Gandercleugh, Nov. 15, 1816.

#### THE END OF OLD MORTALITY.

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